2.2 KAP study in the school-based survey and the hospital-based survey.

Two hundred eighty four (284) questionnaires, which were self-administrated, were collected on the parents survey. Similarly, one hundred forty three (143) questionnaires were collected from the postnatal women by interviewing. Followings are data and results of the surveys of those two groups.

2.2.1 Results and discussion

2.2.1.1 General information:

1. Mothers' age:

	Parents group	Postnatal group	
Age group	Frequency	Frequency	
15-19	Õ	17 (11.9%)	
20-24	0	61 (42.7%)	
25-29	4 (1.4%)	37 (25.9%)	
30-34	82 (28.9%)	20 (14.0%)	
35-39	107 (36.7%)	17 (4.9%)	
40-44	50 (17.6%)	1 (0.7%)	
45-49	23 (8.1%)	0	
50-54	12 (4.2%)	0	
55+	3 (1.1%)	0	
		(100.0%)	

[No answer 2] [No answer 0]

2. Mothers' educational level:

	Parents gro	up	Postnatal gro	up
Primary	46	(17.2%)	31	(22.0%)
Secondary	166	(62.2%)	95	(67.4%)
College/Higher	55	(20.6%)	15_	(10.6%)
		(100.0%)		(100.0%)
	No answer	17]	[No answer	2]

3. Mother's occupation/working organization:

Par	ents gro	oup	Postnatal group		
Government	116	(63.4%)	32	(35.2%)	
Company/Shop	57	(31.1%)	32	(32.2%)	
Retired	5	(2.7%)	0		
Housewife	2	(1.1%)	0		
International organization	2	(1.1%)	0		
Economist	1	(0.5%)	0		
Stock raising	0		3	(3.3%)	
Shop/business	0		2	(2.2%)	
Teacher	0		3	(3.3%)	
Student	0		20	(22.0%)	

	Doctor	0		1	(1.1%)
		(100.0%)		(100.0%)	
	[No answer	ì01]		[No answer	52]
. F	ather's age group:				
		Parents grou	ир	Postnatal gre	oup
	Age group	Frequency	•	Frequency	-
	15-19	0		5	(3.5%)
	20-24	0		39	(27.3%)
	25-29	2	(0.8%)	52	(36.4%)
	30-34	39	(16.4%)	25	(17.5%)
	35-39	94	(39.5%)	11	(7.7%)
	40-44	46	(19.3%)	2	(1.4%)
	45-49	26	(10.9%)	0	` ,
	50-54	17	(7.1%)	0	
	55 +	14	(5.9%)	0	
		······································	(100.0%)		(100.0%)
	No answer	47]	(100.070)	[No answer	12]
	La va anna vi an			Ç- · · · · · · · ·	-4
F	athers' educational level	_			
		Parents grou	บท	Postnatal gr	αμο
	•	_	-	•	-
	Primary	51	(20.6%)	28 (21.19	%)
	Secondary	51 107	(20.6%) (43.1%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6°	%) %)
		51	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3°	%) %) <u>%)</u>
	Secondary	51 107 90	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6°	%) %) <u>%)</u> 0%)
	Secondary	51 107	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3°	%) %) <u>%)</u>
F	Secondary	51 107 90 [No answer	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6°	%) %) <u>%)</u> 0%)
F	Secondary College/Higher	51 107 90 [No answer	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36]	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6°	%) %) <u>%)</u> 0%) 10]
F	Secondary College/Higher	51 107 90 [No answer corganization:	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36]	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer	%) %) <u>%)</u> 0%) 10]
F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working	51 107 90 [No answer corganization: Parents grow	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36]	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer	%) %) %) 2%) 0%) 10] oup
. F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government	51 107 90 [No answer organization: Parents grow	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer Postnatal gr 31	%) %) %) %) 0%) 10] oup (37.3%)
. F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company	51 107 90 [No answer corganization: Parents grown 95 60	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17	%) %) %) %) 0%) 10] oup (37.3%)
F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company Retired	51 107 90 [No answer corganization: Parents grow 95 60 10	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%) (6.0%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17 0	%) %) %) %) 0%) 10] oup (37.3%)
F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company Retired Unemployed	51 107 90 [No answer corganization: Parents grow 95 60 10 3	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%) (6.0%)	28 (21.19 78 (58.69 27 (20.39 (100.6) [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17 0 0	%) %) %) 0%) 10] oup (37.3%) (20.5%)
F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company Retired Unemployed Teacher	51 107 90 [No answer corganization: Parents grow 95 60 10 3 0	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%) (6.0%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17 0 0 4	%) %) %) %) 10] oup (37.3%) (20.5%)
. F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company Retired Unemployed Teacher Student Stock raising	51 107 90 [No answer corganization: Parents grow 95 60 10 3 0	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%) (6.0%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17 0 0 4 14	%) %) %) %) 0%) 10] oup (37.3%) (20.5%) (4.8%) (16.9%) (4.8%)
. F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company Retired Unemployed Teacher Student	51 107 90 [No answer corganization: Parents grow 95 60 10 3 0 0	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%) (6.0%)	28 (21.19 78 (58.69 27 (20.39 (100.6) [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17 0 0 4 14 4	%) %) %) %) 0%) 10] oup (37.3%) (20.5%) (4.8%) (16.9%) (4.8%) (7.2%)
. F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company Retired Unemployed Teacher Student Stock raising Engineer	51 107 90 [No answer corganization: Parents grow 95 60 10 3 0 0 0	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%) (6.0%)	28 (21.19 78 (58.69 27 (20.39 (100.6) [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17 0 0 4 14 4 6	%) %) %) %) %) 10] oup (37.3%) (20.5%) (4.8%) (16.9%) (4.8%) (7.2%) (6.0%)
. F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company Retired Unemployed Teacher Student Stock raising Engineer Business/shop	51 107 90 [No answer gorganization: Parents grow 95 60 10 3 0 0 0	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%) (6.0%) (1.8%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17 0 0 4 14 4 6 5	%) %) %) %) %) 10] oup (37.3%) (20.5%) (4.8%) (16.9%) (4.8%) (7.2%) (6.0%) (2.4%)
. F	Secondary College/Higher athers' occupation/working Government Company Retired Unemployed Teacher Student Stock raising Engineer Business/shop	51 107 90 [No answer gorganization: Parents grow 95 60 10 3 0 0 0	(20.6%) (43.1%) (36.3%) (100.0%) 36] up (56.5%) (35.7%) (6.0%)	28 (21.1° 78 (58.6° 27 (20.3° (100.6° [No answer Postnatal gr 31 17 0 0 4 14 4 6 5	%) %) %) %) 0%) 10] oup (37.3%) (20.5%) (4.8%) (16.9%) (4.8%) (7.2%) (6.0%)

7. Answerers: Parents group only

 Mother
 142 (65.1%)

 Father
 72 (33.0%)

 Others
 4 (1.8%)

 (100.0%)

[No answer 66]

8. Average number of household members:

Parents group

Total numbers of adults:

735 (average: 2.59 adults/household)

Total numbers of children: 815 (average: 2.87 children/household)

Postnatal group

Total numbers of adults:

338 (average: 2.36 adults/household)

Total numbers of children: 256 (average: 1.79 children/household)

2.2.1.2 Knowledge, attitude, and practice study results

Q 1. Have you heard of IDD?

	Parents group		(n=284)	Postnatal group		(n=143)	
YES	273	(96.1%)		YES	139	(97.2%)	
NO	7	(2.5%)		NO	3	(2.1%)	
No answer	4	(1.4%)		No answer	1	(0,7%)	
		(100.0%)				(100.0%)	

Q 2. When have you heard of it?

	Pare	ents group	Postnatal group
1976	2	(0.7%)	0 .
1981	1	(0.4%)	0
1982	2	(0.7%)	0
1985	1	(0.4%)	0
1986	2	(0.7%)	0
1990	2	(0.7%)	1 (0.7%)
1991	2	(0.7%)	0

1992	6	(2.2%)	1	(0.7%)
1993	21	(7.7%)	6	(4.3%)
1994	48	(17.6%)	73	(52.5%)
1995	100	(36.6%)	51	(36.7%)
1996	19	(7.0%)	6	(4.3%)
No answered	34	(24.5%)	1	(0.7%)
		(100.0%)		(100.0%)

Q 3. How have you heard of IDD?

	Parents group	(n=273)	Postnatal grou	up (n=139)
TV	247 (9	0.5%)	135	(97.1%)
Radio	142 (5	2.0%)	102	(73.4%)
Newspaper	141 (5	1.6%)	60	(43.2%)
Medical personne	1 71 (2	6.0%)	31	(22.3%)
Written materials	62 (2	2.7%)	60	(43.2%)
Family membe	r 42 (1	5.4%)	8	(5.7%)
Teacher	35 (1	2.8%)	1	(0.7%)
Friend	31 (1	1.4%)	4	(2.9%)
Others	6 (2	.2%)	0	

Comment: More than 95 % of the respondents have heard of IDD and the people mainly received information about IDD from mass media such as TV program, radio program, and newspapers. This fact might be caused by high possession rate of such media property among them. Moreover, they mainly received the information in 1994 and 1995.

From Q 4 to Q 8 are answered by those who have heard of IDD.

Q 4. Do IDD cause of goiter?

	Parei	nts group	(n=273)	Postr	iatal gr	oup (n=139)
YES	261	(95.6%)		YES	137	(98.6%)
NO	0			NO	0	
No answer	12	(4.4%)		No answer	2	(1.4%)
		(100.0%)				(100.0%)

Q 5. Do IDD cause of growth failure?

		nts group	(n=273)	Postnatal gr	oup	(n=139)	
YES	242	(88.6%)		YES	134	(96.4%)	
NO	0			NO	4	(2.9%)	
No answer	31	(11.4%)		No answer	1_	(0.7%)	
		(100.0%)				(100.0%)	

Q 6. Do IDD cause of mental retardation?

	Parents group		(n=273)	Postnatal group	(n=139)		
YES	226	(92.8%)		YES	122	(87.8%)	
NO	0			NO	16	(11.5%)	
No answer	47	(17.2%)		No answer	1	(0.7%)	
		(100.0%)				(100.0%)	

Q 7. Do IDD cause of hair loss?

	Paren	ts group	(n=273)	Postnatal gr	roup	(n=139)
YES	93	(43.9%)		YES	60	(46.5%)
NO	119	(38.1%)		МО	69	(53.5%)
No answer	61	(22,3%)	- MIL - 17 - 18 d - 10 - 17 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18	No answer	0	
		(100.0%)				(100.0%)

Q 8. Do IDD cause of deafness?

	Parei	nts group	(n=273)	Postnatal gro	oup	(n=139)
YES	148	(54.2%)		YES	60	(43.2%)
NO	91	(33.3%)		NO	70	(50.4%)
No answer	34	(24.5%)		No answer	9	(6.4%)
		(100.0%)				(100.0%)

Comment: While high correct rates about goiter, growth failure, and mental retardation are marked, the respondents are not sure about the symptoms of hair loss (wrong) and deafness (right) of IDD. This result might be derived from the contents of the campaign on IDD symptoms.

Q 9. Have you heard of iodized salt?

	Parents group		n=284	Postnatal gr	Postnatal group n=143		
YES	260	(91.5%)		YES	140	(97.9%)	
NO	4	(1.4%)		NO	2	(1.4%)	
No answer	16	(5,6%)		No answer	11_	(0.7%)	
		(100.0%)			*	(100.0%)	

From Q 10 to Q 15 were answered by those who had heard of iodized salt. Q 10. When have you heard of iodized salt?

	Pare	ents group n=260	Postna	tal group	n=140
1985	1	(0.4%)	0		
1986	2	(0.8%)	0		
1988	1	(0.4%)	0		
1991	2	(0.8%)	0		
1992	3	(1.1%)	1	(0.7%)	
1993	0		3	(2.1%)	

		(100.0%)			(100.0%)	
No answer	59	(22.7%)	No answer	0		
1996	31	(11.9%)		16	(11.4%)	
1995	101	(38.8%)		71	(50.7%)	
1994	60	(23.1%)		49	(35.0%)	

Q 11. How have you heard of iodized salt?

	Parents group	n=260	Postnatal group n=	140
TV	221	(81.0%)	131 (93.6	%)
Radio	125	(45.8%)	101 (72.1	%)
Newspaper	122	(44.7%)	58 (41.4)	%)
Medical personne	i 65	(34.8%)	20 (14.3)	%)
Written materials	61	(22.3%)	60 (42.9	%)
Family membe	r 38	(13.9%)	4 (2.9%	(o)
Friend	34	(12.5%)	3 (2.1%	6)
Teacher	27	(9.9%)	0	
Others	3	(1.1%)	0	
No answer	2	(0.6%)	3 (2.1%	6)

Comment: Similarly to the results about IDD, many of them have heard of iodized salt and have information from mass media in 1994 and 1995. The postnatal women have heard of iodized salt significantly better than the parents group (p <0.05). However, it is interesting that the postnatal group who should have had opportunities to consult with medical personnel more than the parents answered they heard of iodized salt from medical staff less than the parents group. It might implies that obstetricians have less attention about iodized salt because they have not taken any seminar or training about the issue.

Q 12. Have you used iodized salt?

	Pare	nts grou	ıp n=284	Postnat	al group	n=143	,
YES	271	(95.4	%)	YES	137	(95.	8%)
NO	. 4	(1.4%	5)	NO	3	(2.1	%)
(Rea	sons:			1	(Reasons:		
	Not ava	iilable at	market or shop	1		1	
	Expensi	ive		2		1	
	Heard i	t is not g	good	1		1)
No answer		9	(3.2%)	No ans	wer	3	(2.1%)
		(100.	0%)			(100).0%)

Q 13. Do you currently use iodized salt?

	Parer	its group	n=271	Postnata	ıl group	n=137	
YES	243	(89.7%)		YES	132	(96.4%)	•
NO	19	(7.0%)		NO	5	(3.6%)	
No answer	9	(3.3%)		No answ	er 0	(0.0%)	
		(100.0%)				(100.0%)	

 Among 23 answerers who answered they had used iodized salt but not any more, their reasons and those frequencies are:

Expensive 5
Taste was not good 4
Another salt is available 3
It was quickly consumed 1
Salt from Omno-Gobi contained iodine 1
Doctor said it was not good 1
Others (including no answer) 7

Comment: Although there is no difference between the two groups in the usage of iodized salt, current user rate of iodized salt is statistically higher in the postnatal women (p<0.05).

Along with high knowledge rate of iodized salt, the postnatal group were well motivated to use iodized salt.

Q 14. How long have you used iodized salt?

	Parents grou	p n=243	Postnatal gro	up n=133
48 months	1	(0.4%)	1	(0.8%)
41 months	1	(0.4%)	0 .	
37 months	2	(0.8%)	2	(1.5%)
36 months	11	(4.5%)	1	(0.8%)
35 months	1	(0.4%)	3	(2.3%)
34 months	3	(1.2%)	0	
33 months	0		2 .	(1.5%)
31 months	2	(0.8%)	1	(0.8%)
30 months	3	(1.2%)	9	(6.8%)
27 months	1	(0.4%)	1	(0.8%)
26 months	0		2	(1.5%)
25 months	2	(0.8%)	4	(3.0%)
24 months	46	(18.9%)	24	(18.0%)
23 months	2	(0.8%)	0	
22 months	4	(1.7%)	0	
21 months	2	(0.8%)	5	(3.8%)
20 months	3	(1.2%)	2	(1.5%)
19 months	1	(0.4%)	1	(0.8%)
18 months	15	(6.2%)	10	(7.5%)
17 months	1	(0.4%)	0	(0.0%)
16 months	3	(1.2%)	1	(0.8%)
15 months	2	(0.8%)	0	

14 months	9	(3.7%)	0		
13 months	1	(0.4%)	0		
12 months	75	(30.9%)	41	(30.8%)) ·
11 months	2	(0.8%)	0		
10 months	4	(1.7%)	1	(0.8%)	
9 months	2	(0.8%)	3	(2.3%)	
8 months	2	(0.8%)	1	(0.8%)	
7 months	5	(2.1%)	1	(0.8%)	
6 months	10	(4.1%)	11	(8.3%)	
5 months	6	(2.5%)	1	(0.8%)	
4 months	6	(2.5%)	· 1	(0.8%)	
3 months	7	(2.9%)	1	(0.8%)	
2 months	2	(0.8%)	1	(0.8%)	
1 month	4	(1.7%)	0		
	(100.	.0%)		(100.0%	%)
Average	16.5 (mo	nths)	Avera	age	17.9 (months)
SD	9.15 (mc	onths)	SD		9.02 (months)
Median	12 (mo	nths)	Medi	an	18 (months)

Q 15. Weight of salt that they buy.

(243 families)

	Parents group	Postnatal group
Range:	0.25 - 1.0 kg.	Range: 0.15 - 1.0 kg.

(133 families)

Q 16. The prices of salt they buy.

Parents group

Postnatal group

Range: 100 Tg/0.5 kg - 350 Tg/1.0 kg

Range: 110 Tg/0.5 kg - 350 Tg/1.0 kg

Q 17. Individual daily salt consumption

Assumptions:

- 1) An adult and a child have consume the same amount of salt.
- 2) Meal number that each family member has at home is the same.
- 3) All measured salt was consumed by the family members only.

Limitation:

1) Calculation does not take difference of sex, age, and guest numbers into account.

Parents group		n=245 families	Postnatal g	roup	n=127 families
0.1-1.9 g	2	(0.8%)	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2.0-2.9 g	9	(3.6%)	0		
3.0~3.9 g	4	(1.6%)	0		
4.0-4.9 g	19	(7.7%)	3	(2.4%)	
5.0-5.9 g	26	(10.5%)	0		
6.0 - 6.9 g	28	(11.3%)	2	(1.6%)	
7.0-7.9 g	5	(2.0%)	· I	(0.8%)	
8.0-8.9 g	38	(15.4%)	12	(9.6%)	
9.0-9.9 g	13	(5.3%)	1	(0.8%)	
10.0-11.9 g	31	(12.6%)	20	(16.0%)	•
12.0-13.9 g	31	(12.6%)	7	(5.6%)	
14.0-15.9 g	4	(1.6%)	4	(3.2%)	
16.0-17.9 g	18	(7.3%)	23	(18.4%))
18.0-19.9 g	1	(0.4%)	1	(0.8%)	

20.0 + g 18 (7.3%) 51 (40.8) (100.0%)

Average: 10.07 g/day/person Average: 17.89 g/day/person

Range: 1.3 g/day/person - 41.7 g/day/person Range: 4.0 g/day/person - 44.4 g/day/person

Comment: Because of the assumptions and the limitation, the above results provide us a rough picture about individual daily salt intake. Since having guests is commonly observed in Mongolia, actual salt intake is probably less than the calculated figures. Similarly, adults may consume more than the average amount and children may consume less.

Although actual salt consumption amount would be slightly different from the above figures, the differences between the two groups can be discussed. The difference in individual daily salt consumption between the two group is highly significant (Z=9.23, p<0.001). In the condition that the result is not led by difference of survey methods: self-administered and interviewed, it could be said that the postnatal women's families have consumed more salt than the parents families. We can assume that they might have a misconception about iodized salt: that is, they perceive that iodized salt should be taken more than non-pregnant period in order to prevent or treat IDD. Further research is required on this issue.

Q 18. Is there family member who has goiter?

	Paren	ts group	n=284	Postnatal group	n=143	
YES	88 fam	ilies (3	31.0%)	YES	9 families	(6.3%)
Вг	eakdown (pers	son):		Breakdown	(persons):	
	Adult/Male	13		Adult/Male	0	
	Adult/Female	62		Adult/Female	29	
•	Child/Male	35/460	(7.6%)	Child/Male	0/122	
(Child/Female	67/464	(14.4%)	Child/Female	5/125 (4.0%)	
		177	persons	3	4 persons	

Comment: Female has higher goiter rate than male and this is similar to other studies' results.

Meanwhile, the postnatal group has lower rate of goiter than the parents group, a reason might be the former is a younger group and has younger children whose goiter can not be easily detected.

Q 19. Have your family member received iodized oil?

	Parents group (n=284)		Postnatal group (n=143)		
YES	34	(12.0%)	YES	10	(7.0%)
NO	233	(82.0%)	NO	128	(89.5%)
No answer	17	(6.0%)	No ans	wer 5	(3,5%)
		(100.0%)	2		(100.0%)

• Among those who answered their family member had received iodized oil, the members are:

	Parents group	Postnatal group
Adult	42 persons	8 persons
Child	54 persons	2 persons

• Times they have received iodized oil are:

Parents group		Postnatal grou		
1996	5	1996	4	
1995	10	1995	5	
1994	1			

• Frequencies they have received iodized oil are:

Parents group		Postnatal group	atal group	
4 times	2	12 times	1	
3 times	4	3 times	1	
2 times	12	2 times	4	
1 time	13	1 time	3	
Every 6 months	1			
Many times	1			

• Organizations/facilities which provided iodized oil are:

Parents group		Postnatal group	
Hospital	14	Family doctor 9)
Doctor	4		
Health Center	3		
School	3		
Chemistry	1		
Office	1		
МОН	1		
Shop	1		

Comment: Iodized oil intervention has not been conducted so frequently in Ulaanbaatar.

2.3 Household survey

2.3.1 Purpose

- To estimate daily salt consumption of adult/child with household salt weight measurement.
- To assess housewives' attitude and practice toward iodized salt usage.

2.3.2 Target areas and sample size, inclusion criteria, survey period, and procedure.

- Randomly chosen districts (sub districts) were as follows;

Sukhbaatar district: 1st, 5th, 11th.

Bayanzhukh district: 12th, 13th, 15th, 16th.

Songino Khairhan district: 1st, 10th.

Bayangol district: 3rd, 4th, 6th.

Khan Uul district: 19th, 120,000th.

Chingeltei district: 2nd, 5th, 6th, 40,000th.

- Household which has at least a married woman of reproductive age (15 to 45 years of age) is included to the survey. Interviewee should be a housewife who is responsible to prepare food at home.

- Period: First visit December 3 (Tuesday) - 5 (Thursday), 1996.

Second visit December 16 (Monday) - 18 (Wednesday), 1996.

- Interviewers were trained prior to the survey. The questionnaire is attached in Appendix 7. The interviewers started to ask housewives according to the questionnaire after getting acceptance to participate the survey from them. After completion of answering to the questionnaire, each housewife was asked to use exclusively an given weighted package of iodized salt until the second visit. A brochure about IDD and iodized salt was given to each participant. At the second visit (two weeks later) the weight of the used salt package was weighted.

- Surveyed households totaled 266 at the first visit. Among of those, and 264 were completed the second visit.

2.3.3 Results

2.3.3.1 General information of the respondents

- Range and mean of adult number per household

Range: 1 to 10 adults / household

Mean: 3.4 adults / household

Mode: 2 adults / household

- Range and mean of children number per household

Range: 1 to 10 children / household

Mean: 1.6 children / household

Mode: 2 children / household

- Answerers' age distribution

Age group	Number	Percentage
15-19	1	0.4
20-24	27	10.2
25-29	35	13.2
30-34	59	22.2
35-39	52	19.5
40 +	92	34.6

100.0

2.3.3.2 Knowledge, attitude, and practice (KAP) results

Q 1. Have you ever heard of iodine deficiency disorders?

(n= 264)		
YES	256	(97.0%)
NO	7	(2.7%)
Not answer	1	(0.4%)
		(100.0%)

Q 2. Have you ever heard of iodized salt?

(n= 264)		
YES	261	(98.9%)
NO	2	(0.8%)
Not answer	1	(0.4%)
		(100.0%)

Comment: Among those people, IDD and iodized salt are well known and have used iodized salt as similar as the parents groups and the postnatal group.

Q 3. What kind of salt do you use?

(n= 264)		
Ordinary salt	30	(11.4%)
Iodize salt	182	(68.9%)
Mixed	51	(19.3%)
Not answer	1	(0.4%)
		(100.0%)

Comment: The number of those who use iodized salt exclusively and those who use it with ordinary salt makes up 88.2 per cent of the total. This figure is similar to that of the parents group and significantly lower than the postnatal one (p<0.05).

Q 4. Is there any in your family with thyroid enlargement (banbae)?

(n=264)			
YES		55	(22.7%)
	Break down:		
	Adult/Male		0
•	Adult/Female		52
	Male/10-14		2
	Female/10-14		8

Q 5. Have you had any salt preserved food which is prepared at home?

(n=264)	
YES	90 (34.1%)
NO	173 (65.5%)
No answer	1 (0.4%)
	(100.0%)

Among 90 families, how often they had salt preserved food is:

Break down	n:		
	Every day	35	(38.9%)
	Two to three times a week	12	(13.3%)
	Once a week	21	(23.3%)
	Once a month	21	(23.3%)
			(100.0%)

Q 6. What do you think of the taste of iodized salt?

(n= 264)		
Same as ordinary salt	144	(54.4%)
Not good	106	(40.2%)
No answer	14	(5.3%)
		(100.0%)

Discussion: As a further analysis, in iodized salt non-users, who had not used iodized salt prior to the study, 11 out of 27 (40.7%) answered that the taste was not good, while 95 out of 129 iodized salt users answered that the taste was not good. There is no significant difference between perception of two groups ($\chi^2 = 0.05$, df=1). Two out of five did not favor the iodized salt taste regardless of their experience about iodized salt prior to the study.

· Q 7. Will you buy iodized salt if it costs more than ordinary salt?

(n= 264)		
YES	223	(84.5%)
NO	40	(15.1%)
No answer	1_	(0.4%)
		(100.0%)

Discussion: Willingness to buy expensive salt between iodized salt users and non-users was compared by chi-square statistic test, and the result is that the iodized salt non-users were less likely to buy expensive salt.

[2 x 2 table

I	Have used before	Used as a first time
Will to buy	212	21
Will not to buy	22	8
$\chi^2 = 8.43$ (df=1, p<0	.01)]	

Q 8. Do you think you used more amount of iodized salt than ordinary salt?

(n= 264)		
YES	147	(55.7%)
NO	111	(42.0%)
No answer	6	(2.3%)
		(100.0%)

2.3.3.3 Individual daily salt consumption results

As it was mentioned at the survey procedure, approximately one kilo gram of iodized salt was given to each household at the first visit and consumed weight was measured at the second visit. Household members are categorized to five: adult (older than 14 years old) /male (abbreviated as A/M), adult/female (A/F), child/10-14 years of age (C/10-14), child/5-9 years of age (C/5-9), and child/0-4 years of age (C/0-4). However, children of 0 to 6 months were excluded because it can be considered they are milk-fed and weaning practice has not started yet.

The salt consumption was calculated by utilizing several information that were collected at

the two visits. Information pieces are: 1) each family member's age, sex, estimated proportion of food intake by assigned "1.0" to a member who eat the most, numbers of meals that he/she has at home a day, 2) survey period: days between the first and the second of visiting, 3) total meal frequencies of house guests classified by the five categories during the period of the survey.

The salt consumption calculation is done by household-wise, then, the results are as follows.

n= 262 families

Salt (grams	s) A/M	A/F	C/10-14	C/5-9	C/0-4
n	242	259	114	141	75
36.0-36.9	1				
29.0-29.9	1				
28.0-28.9	1				
27.0-27.9	3				
26.0-26.9	1				
25.0-25.9	1				
24.0-24.9	2	2	2		
23.0-23.9	2				
22.0-22.9	2		1		
21.0-21.9	4				
20.0-20.9	3	1			
19.0-19.9	4	3			
18.0-18.9	8	1	1		
17.0-17.9	8	2			
16.0-16.9	15	3	1		
15.0-15.9	13			2	1
14.0-14.9	9	4	3		
13.0-13.9	14	7	4	1	1
12.0-12.9	13	15	4	2	
11.0-11.9	15	11	5	3	1
10.0-10.9	22	17	10	4	

9.0-9.922	14	9	13		
8.0-8.920	35	8	9	2	
7.0-7.921	32	24	10	4	
6.0-6.911	31	13	18	5	
5.0-5.97	28	11	18	8	
4.0-4.96	19	7	22	15	
3.0-3.92	15	5	21	14	
2.0-2.91	9	6	11	10	
1.0-1.9				6	12
0.9-0.1	V			1	2
Average	12.44	8.33	8.42	5.97	4.28
SD	5.41	3.74	4,03	2.90	2.72
Median	11.63	7,80	7.75	5,545	3.98

Aggregated average of family-wise salt intake

Mean = 8.92, SD = 3.44

Average numbers of meals that he/she has at home a day are:

Adult/Male	2.42 times/day
Adult/Female	2.39 times/day
Child/10-14	2.80 times /day
Child/5-9	2.53 times /day
Child/0-4	2.41 times /day

Roughly, most of the cases, adults and children have meals at home and they dine out once in a couple of days.

Summary of findings and discussion

- 1) The majority have heard of IDD and iodized salt. They mainly received the information through mass media in 1994 and 1995. As symptoms of IDD, goiter, growth failure, and mental retardation are well known, however, deafness are obscurely recognized. A half of the respondents answered incorrectly hair loss was a symptom of IDD.
- More than 95 per cent of the respondents voluntarily used iodized salt and over 90 per cent of the respondents have continually used (exclusively or occasionally). The postnatal women are more active in using the salt. The proportion of iodized salt usage is higher in the postnatal group (96.4%) than other two groups: the parents group (89.7%) and the household one (88.2%). They are likely to consume more salt than the parents group. Moreover, a half of the respondent pointed out they consumed more amount when they used iodized salt. Since high salt intake is unfavorable not only to pregnant women but to any age group, it is recommended that people should be informed that iodized salt can provides adequate iodine with normal amount of salt intake.
- 3) Two out of five of the household survey respondents answered iodized salt did not taste good. This result was observed similarly between the iodized salt users and the non users. Since taste is not different between two kinds of salt, correct information about the taste should be disseminated.
- Approximately 90 per cent of the household survey respondents answered they would buy iodized salt even if it costs more than ordinary salt. Although all of them were informed about IDD and effect of iodized salt after the first visit, the iodized salt non-users seemed less likely to buy iodized salt to compare with the users. Thus, official commitments to decrease the price difference of two kinds of salt should be considered as well as implementation of public health education to change the non-users' attitude and practice.
- Daily salt consumption at home was 12.44 gram for adult male, 8.33 gram for adult female, 8.42 gram for children of 10-14 years of age, 5.97 gram for children of 5-9 years of age, and 4.28 gram for children of 0-4 years of age (excluding 0 to 6 months). Based on average iodate

concentration among 225 salt samples and an assumption that 30 % of iodine is lost during cooking, daily intake of iodine for each category is 482 μ g, 323 μ g, 327 μ g, 232 μ g, and 166 μ g, respectively. These figures satisfy adequate intake for each category according to the Recommended Daily Allowance in the U.S. In addition to those, they are assumed to take more salt by dining out once in a couple of days and by having some salt-preserved food and manufactory-made food.

Appendix 1

Survey Members

Dr. D. Battumur Adviser for Nutrition Program, Ministry of Health and Social

Welfare

Dr. M. Oyunbileg Director, National Nutrtion Research Center

Dr. D. Oyunchimeg Survey leader, National Nutrition Research Center

Dr. S. Hisigdelger Survey coordinator, National Nutrition Research Center

Dr. T. Igari Consultant, University of Tokyo

Ms. C. Yamada Consultant, University of Tokyo

Dr. A. Erdenebat The Center of Health of the District Sukhbaatar

Dr. Tsh. Boditsetseg Clinical hospital No. 1

Dr. M. Dolijinjav The Center of Health of the District Khan-Uul

Dr. S. Tuvshinzaya Endocronologist

Dr. T. Ariumtsetseg Pediatritian

Mr. C. Erdene Medical student, Medical University

Ms. X. Bolormaa Medical student, Medical University

Ms. Ts. Gerel Medical Student, Medical Unviersity

Ms. M. Amjaa Laboratry technician, National Nutrition Researcg Center

Ms. B. Tungazag Laboratry technician, National Nutrition Researcg Center

Ms. S. Unursaihan Chemist, National Nutrition Researcg Center

Ms. Zambaga Nutritionist, National Nutrition Researcg Center

Ms. B. Tsogzolmaa Nutritionist, National Nutrition Researcg Center

Ms. B. Enkhtungalag Nutritionist, National Nutrition Researcg Center

Ms. Z. Ariunbileg Nutritionist, National Nutrition Researcg Center

Ms. D. Uranchimeg Chemist, National Center for Hygiene, Epidemiology and

Microbiology

Ms. O. Enkhtuya Midwife

Ms. T. Oyun-Erdene Teacher

Ms. D. Oyunbileg Houseperson

Ms. N. Taivanjargal Houseperson

Mr. M. Munkhbaatar Student, Institute of Education

Mr. B. Bayarbat Driver

Appendix 2

Schedule for the school-based survey

1996

Date	10 AM		2 PM	
Nov. 27 (Tu)	N/A		Sukhbaatar	No. 1
	N/A		Sukhbaatar	No.2
Nov. 28 (Th)	Chingeltei	No. 3	Songino	No. 83
	Sukhbaatar	No. 31	Bayangal	No. 20
Nov. 29 (F)	Sukhbaatar	No. 16	Sukhbaatar	No. 4
	Chingeltei	No. 49	Sukhbaatar	No. 58
Nov. 30 (Sa)	Bayangol	No. 22	Bayangol	No. 13
	Bayangol	No.51	Bayangol	No. 54
Dec. 2 (M)	Chingeltei	No. 5	Chingeltei	No. 39
	Khan uul	. No. 52	Chingeltei	No. 72
Dec. 3 (Tu)	Songino	No. 65	Songino	No. 19
	Songino	No. 12	Songino	No. 36
Dec. 4 (W)	Bayanzurkh	No. 33	Bayanzurkh	No. 97
	Bayanzurkh	No. 53	Bayanzurkh	No.14
Dec. 5 (Th)	Bayanzurkh	No.8	Khan Uul	No.32
	Khan Uul	No.34	Khan Uul	No.75

Appendix 3

Сургуулиин хүүхдиин бүртгэлийн хуудас
Бүртгэлийн хуудасны дугаар: С
Овог нэр:
Төрсөн он сар өдөр: 198оныр сарын өдөр Судалгаа хийсэн он сар өдөр: 1996 оныр
сарынөдөр Хүйс: Эр/Эм Хаяг:
Бамбайн хэмжээ: 0. 1. 2
Эхограмм: x ₁ mm,x ₂ mm, y ₁ mm. y ₂ mm z ₁ mm, z ₂ mm
Өндөр: см
Жин: кг
Бугалганы тойрог: см
Тэмпэглэл:

Хүүхдээ эмчид үзүүлсэн гэр бүрд зориулсан санал асуулга

Япон Улсын Тохиогийн Их Сургуулийн Анагаах Ухааны Факулитет нь Монгол Улсын Засгийн Газартай хамтран 1996 оны 11-12-р сард Иод Дутлын Эмгэгийн тухайн судалгаа явуулж байна. Танай хүүхэд сургуульдаа эмчид үзүүлсэн юм. Энэхүү санал асуулгаар нь та болон танай гэрийнхний тухай асуух болио. Судалгаанаас гарсан үр цүнг зөвхөн нийлбэр дүнгээр нь нийтлэх болно. Мэдээллийг хүн бүрчлэн нийтлэхгүй тул Та бүхэнээс үнэн зөв хариулахыг хүсч байна. Энэхүү санал асуулганд эцэг эх буюу гэрийнхний аль нэг том хүн хариулна уу. Уг бичгийг хүүхэд тань гэртээ авчирсэн өдрөөс 3 хоногийн дотор хүүхдээрээ сургуульд нь хүргүүлнэ үү. Мөн танайд хэрэглэж буй давснаас бага зэрэг өгч явуулна уу. Тодорхой бус зүйлийг багш буюу Хоол Судлалын Товөөс асууж лавлана уу.

Хүүхдийн бүртгэлэ	ийн дугаар			
Овог				
Аавын				
Овог		·		
Hac				
Ажил				
Боловсрол	бүрэн бу	с дүнд, бүрэн	дунд, Дээд боловсролтой	
Ээжийн				
Овог	деН) ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Hac				
Ажил				
Боловсрол	бүрэн бу	с дүнш, бүрэн	дунц, Дээд боловеролтой	
Хаяг, Оршин суух	газар			
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Энэхүү санал асуул			игаа вэ :	1
Аав нь,	Ээж нь,	Бусаці		,
Танай хүүхдийн	•			
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хоёрдахь нь				
гуравдахь нь				
дөрөвдэх нь				
тавдахь нь				
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Өрхийн ам бүлийн	тоо	насанд хүрсэ	ы	
-		дсхүүх		

Асуулт 1. Та Иод Дутлын Эмгэгийн тухай урьц нь дуулсан уу? Дуулсан. Дуулаагүй. Хэрэв дуулсан бол Асуулт 2--11-д хариулна уу. Дуулаагүй бол Асуулт 12--17-д хариулна yy. Асуулт 2_Хэзээ, Яаж Иод Дутлын Эмгэгийн тухай дуулсан вэ? 1) Xэзээ? жил сарын өмнө 2) Яаж? (Оногдох бүх зүйлүүлйг тэмлэглэнэ үү.) а. Зурагтаар б. Радиогоор в. Сонин, хэвлэлээр г. Зарлал ухуулгаар д. Эмч, эмнэлгийн ажилтанаас е. Гэрийнхнээс Хэнээс вэ? ё. Найз нөхөд, таньдаг хүнээс ж. Сургуулийн багшаас з. Бусад () Асуулт 3. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь бамбайн булчирхайн томролт (бахлуур)-ын учир шалтгаан мөн үү? Мен. Биш. Асуулт 4. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь хүүхдийн биз бяндарын өсөнтийн гажигднын шалтгаан мөн үү? Мөн. Биш. Асуулт 5. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь оюун ухааны хомсдлын учир шалтгаан мөн үү? Мен. Асуулт 6. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь толгой халзан болох учир шалтгаан мөн үү? Мен. Биш. Асуулт 7. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь дүлий хэлгүйн учир шалтгаан мөн үү? Мен. Биш.

Дорхи асуултанд тэмдэглэх буюу бичээд хариулна уу?

Асуулт 8. Иоджуулсан давсны тухай урьд нь дуулсан уу?	
Дуулсан. Дуулаагүй.	
Хэрэв дуулаагүй бол Асуулт 8-г алгасч Асуулт 9-д хариулна уу.	
Дуулсан хүн хэзээ яаж дуулсан вэ?	
1) Хэзээ? жил сарын өмнө	
2) Яаж ? (Оногдох бүх зүйлүүдийг тэмдэглэгэ)	
а. Зурагтаар	
б. Радиогоор	
в. Сонин, хэвлэлээр	
г. Зарлал ухуулгаар	
д. Эмч, эмнэлгийн ажилтанаас	
е. Гэрийнхиэээс Хэнээс вэ ?	
ё. Найз нөхөд, таньдаг хүнээс	
ж. Сургуулийн багшаас	
э. Бусад ()
Асуулт 9. Танайд Иоджуулсан давсыг хэрэглэж үзсэн үү?	
Үэсэн. Үзээгүй.	
Үзсэн хүн нь	
1) Хэр удаан хэрэглэсэн вэ? жил сар	
2) Одоо ч хэрэглэж байна уу?	
Хэрэглэж байна. Больес	NI.
Яагаад больсон вэ?	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	· ·
3) Нэг ууттай Иоджуулсан давс хичнээн граммын жинтэй вэ?	
тод тох дол (4	
5) Танайд сард хичнээн граммын давс хэрэглэдэг вэ?	
Үзээгүй хүн нь	
1) Яагад хэрэглэж үзээгүй юм вэ ?	
а. Дэлгүүр, хүнсний захаар харагдахгүй.	
б. Жирийн давснаас үнэтэй байна.	
в. Амт нь сайн биш гэж дуулсан.	
г. Бусад ()
2) Та нэг удаад хичнээн граммын давс худалдаж авдаг вэ?	
79 төр нь ямар үнэтэй вэ?	
4) Танайд сард хичнээн граммын давс хэрэглэдэг вэ?	
5) Ойрхон Иоджуулсан давс зарч байвал та худалдаж авах уу?	
Э) Оирхон Лоджуулсан давс зарч оайвал та худалдаж авах уу : Авпа. Авахгүй.	
amin aman in	

Асуулт 10. Танайд бамбайн бах.	лууртай хүн бий юү ?
Бий.	Үгүй.
Тапайд бамбайн бах	лууртай хэдэн хүн байна ээ ?
Насанд хүрсэ	н эр хүн
	н эм хүн
Насанд хүрээ	гүй эр хүүхэд
	дехүүх ме йүл
Асуулт 11. Танайд Иодтой тос ((капсул)-г ууж байсан хүн бий юү ?
Бий.	Үгүй.
Хэрэв байвал	
Хэдэн хүн байна вэ?	Насанд хүрсэн
	дсхүүХ
Хэзээ ууж байсан вэ?	199оныр сарт
Хэдэн удаа уусан вэ?	удаа
Хаанаас авсан вэ?	
Асуулт 1217-г зөвхөн Асуулт Асуулт 12. Та Иоджуулсан даво Дуулсан.	1-д «Дуулаагүй» гэж хариулсан хүн л хариулна уу. сны тухай урьд нь дуулсан уу ? Дуулаагүй.
Дуулсан бол 1), 2) асуултанд ха хариулна уу.	ариулна уу. Хэрэв дуулаагүй бол 3), 4), 5) асуултанд
1) Хэзээ дуулсан вэ?	жил сарын өмнө.
	ү. ү
а. Зурагтаар	
б. Радиогоор	
в. Сонин, хэвлэлээ	ep
г. Зарлал ухуулга	•
д. Эмч, эмнэлгийн	-
е. Гэрийнхнээс	Хэнээс вэ?
ё. Найз нөхөд, тан	
ж. Сургуулийн ба	
з. Бусац ()

 Танайд Иоджуулсан давсыг хэ Үзсэн. 	рэглэж үзсэн үү ? Үзээгүй.	
-	вэ? жил на уу? эглэж байна. Больсон. яагаад больсон вэ?	
а йстену дамк ан деТ (1	сан давс хичнээн граммын ж дүөл граммын давс хэрэглэдэг вэ '	à t
4) Тэр нь ямар үнэтэй вэ?	имын давс худалдаж авдаг вэ тогрог жын давс хэрэглэцэг вэ ?	
Насанд хүрсэ Насанд хүрсэ Насанд хүрээ	тууртай хүн бий юү? Үгүй. лууртай хэдэн хүн байна вэ? н эр хүн н эм хүн гүй эр хүүхэд гүй эм хүүхэд	
Асуулт 14. Танайд Иодтой тос(п		i 10y ?
Бий. Хэрэв байвал Хэдэн хүн байна вэ? Хэзээ ууж байсан вэ? Хэдэн удаа уусан вэ? Хаанаас авсан вэ?	Үгүй. Насанд хүрсэн Хүүхэд 199 оны -р сард удаа	
Асуулт 15. Хэрэв Иоджуулсан гэвэл та Иоджуулсан давсыг хэр		дчлан сэргийлэхэд үр ашигтай Хэрэглэхгүй.

Асуулт 16. Хэрэв Иоджуулсан давс танай хүүхдийн сургуулийн хичээлийн дүнгээ онд болгоход нэмэр болно гэвэл та Иоджуулсан давсыг хэрэглэх үү?

Хэрэглэнэ.

Хэрэглэхгүй.

Асуулт 17. Хэрэв Иоджуулсан давс танайхаас ойрхонд олдвол та худалдаж авах уу?
Авна. Авахгүй

Иоджуулсан давс нь энгийн давснаас үнэтэй ч гэсэн авах уу? Авна. Авахгүй

Их баярлалаа. Энэхүү судалгааг доорх байгууллагууд хамтран явуулж байна.

Монгол Улсын Засгийн Газар Эрүүл Мэнд, Нийгмийн Хамгаалалын Яам Хоол Судлалын Төв Япон Улсын Токиогийн Их Сургуулийн Анагаах Ухааны Факулитетийн Олон Улсын Эрүүл Мэндийн Төлөвлөлт Судлалын Тэнхим

Questionnaire to parents of the children who have got the examination.

This study is conducted under collaboration of the Ministry of Health and Welfare, the National Nutrition Research Center, Mongolia, and The University of Tokyo, Japan, in order to assess iodine deficiency disorders situation in Mongolia. Your child will be/have been examined at the school. This questionnaire asks about you and your family. Only aggregate data will be published and your individual data will never leased to the public.

Please the child's father or mother answers to the questionnaire, if both is not available, any adult in the child's family might answer. Please get your child brought the questionnaire and salt that is used at your home to the school within three days. If you have any questions about this survey, please feel free to ask to the teacher or to us.

We highly appreciate your cooperation to the study.

Please answer following questions by making circles and writing your answers.

Child's ID Number:	(should be written by surveyor)
Child's name:	
Child's birthday: 198,	
Child's age:YearsMonths	
Survey date: Nov./Dec.,(Day),	1996
Name of child's father:	
Age:	
Occupation:	
Final educational level: Primary,	Secondary, Higher/College
Name of child's mother:	
Age:	
Occupation:	
Final educational level: Primary,	Secondary, Higher/College
Address:	
Who is answering the questionnaires:	Father Mother Other

Write abou	at your childre	n:				
	First child	Male / Femal	e	Age	····	year/months
	Second	Male / Female	e	Age		year/months
	Third	Male / Female	•	Age		year/months
	Fourth	Male / Female	9	Age		year/months
	Fifth	Male / Female	•	Age		year/months
(if you hav	e more than fi	ve children, ple	ease list up	all of t	hem at the	below space with
the same f	ormat)					
Number of	family whom	you live with:	Adults		_	
			CL:13			

Please answer following questions by making a circle or writing your answer

Q 1. I	Have you heard of iodine deficiency disorders?	YES	NO
	YES, please answer from Q 2 to Q 11. No, please answer from Q 12 to Q 15.		
Q 2.	When and how have you heard of it? 1) When: 199, (Month). 2) How (please mark all items which are applicable): a. TV program. b. Radio program.		
	 c. Newspapers. d. By written materials such as a flibanner. e. Through medical personnel. f. Through your family: who? g. Through friends or neighbors. h. Through school teacher. i. Others: 		
Q 3.	Do iodine deficiency disorders cause thyroid enlargement?	YES	NO
Q 4.	Do iodine deficiency disorders cause growth failure?	YES	NO
Q 5.	Do iodine deficiency disorders cause mental retardation?	YES	ИО
Q 6.	Do iodine deficiency disorders cause hair loss?	YES	МО
Q 7.	Do iodine deficiency disorders cause deafness?	YES	NO
	Have you heard of iodized salt? YES please skip the following questions of Q 8. and go to Q 9. when and how have you heard of it? 1) When: 199,(month).	NO	

				a.	I A brogram	l. ,		
				b.	Radio progr	am.		
				c,	Newspapers	3.		
				d.	By written	materials such	n as a flier, a	poster, or a
					banner.			
				e.	Through me	edical personne	l.	
				f.	Through yo	ur family: wh	.0?	
				g.	Through fri	ends or neighbo	ors.	
				h.	Through sc	hool teacher.		
				i.	Others:			
Q 9. If YF	es.	Have you	used i	odizeo	l salt in your	home?	YES NO	
11 11	1)	How lon	o have	י ווחש ב	uged it?	month	3	
	2)		_	-		YES	NO	
	_,	If No,						
	3)		-	eight.	of a packet of	the salt that ye	ou buy ?	
	0,	Kilogran			or a packet or	Sile State Vince y		
	4)			a it c	ost?			
	5)					consume in a m	nonth?	Kilo.
If N	•	11011 1111		400.	s four laminy			
11 11	•	Why?	a.	Not	available at r	narket or shop.		
	Τ)	TTIY :	b.			ive than ordina	rv galt	
			о. С.			was not good.	ry Gazo.	
			d.			rite your answ	or)	
			u.	Oth	ers. (r rease w	The your answ		
	2)	Whatia	ho mo	iaht a	fa packet of	the ealt that we	u buy?	Kilo
	3)			-	est?		a bay.	
	3) 4)						onth?	Kilo
	Ŧ)	110% 1110	on san	does	your raminy c	onsume in a m	011011.	
Q 10	١	Is there a	nvona	who	hae thurnid a	nlärgement in y	rour family?	
Q IC	,.	YES		10	nas vayrora er	murgement mr		
		If YES,	who i	s he/s	he, or who ar	e they? : Mark	circles for each.	
				l Adu	ılt/Male:			
			2	2 Adu	ılt/Female: _			
			3	3 Chi	ld/Male:			

-	ave you	u or your	family e	ver receiv	ved ora	al iodized	oil?	YES	NO
•		•	t all na	mes who	have :	received.	such as	mvself	the second
	-/							,,	_
		,							
	2)	When: 1	.99 ,			(month	1)		
	3)			s?:					
	4)	Which or	ganizat	ion gave i	t to th	em?:			
Please ans		-	•	-	awere		_		
•	-	u heard o				YES	NO		
If YES, ple									
If NO, plea	ase an	swer 4), 8	5), and (3).					
TEXTED.									
If YES,	1) W	hen: 199	a			(Month)			
	•	low:		program		(IVIOIICII).			
	2) 11	OW.		adio prog					
				ewapaper					
						rials sucl	h as a	flier, a p	oster, or a
				nner.					
			e. T	hrough m	edical	personne	l.		
			f T	hrough yo	our fai	nily: wh	10?		
			g. T	hrough fr	iends	or neighb	ors.		
			h T	hrough so	chool t	eacher.			
			i. C	thers:					
3) Ha	ive you us	ed iodiz	ed salt at	your :	home?		YES	NO
]	If Yes, ple	ase ans	wer i), ii),	, iii), iv	/), and v).			
	i)	How lor	g have	you used	it?		mont	hs	
	ii)	Do you	current	ly use it?		YES	NO		
		If No,	why:						
	iii)	What	is the	weight	of a	packet o	f the	salt that	t you buy?
F	۲ilo.								

4 Child/Female: _____

		iv)	How much	does it cost?		
		ii)	How much d	lo your family cons	ume the salt in a month?	Kilo.
If NO,						
	4)	How	much is the	weight of a salt pad	ckage that you buy?	Kilo.
	5)	How	much does i	t cost?		
	6)	How	much salt do	oes your family con	sume in a month?	Kilo
Q 13.	Is	there a	anyone who l	nas thyroid enlarge	ment in your family?	
		YES			·	
]	f YES	, who is he/s	he, or who are they	·?	
			1	Adult/Child	Male/Female	
			2	Adult/Child		
			3	Adult/Child	•	
			4	Adult/Child	Male/Female	
			5	Adult/Child	Male/Female	
Q 14.	Ha	ive you	ı or your fam	ily ever received or	ral iodized oil? YES	NO
]	If YES	,			
		1)	Who ?(ple	ease name them al	l, such as myself, the fir	est daughter,
		an	te):			
		2)	When?:	Williams		
		3)				
		4)			them?	
		ŕ		J		
Q 15.	D	aily ir	take of iod	ized salt prevents	iodine deficiency disord	ders such as
		=			l retardation, growth fail	
					are you going to buy iodi	
		YES	NO		•	
	I	f NO, ¹	Why?:			
			<u> </u>			
	Ιf	YES,	are you go	ing to buy it even	it is more expensive t	han ordinary
		sal	t?		•	YES NO

Thank you for your cooperation.

Торсон эхчүүлэд зориулсан санал асуулга

Энэхүү санан асуулгыг Япон Улсын Токиогийн Их Сургууль болон Монгон Улсын Засгийн Газраас 1996 оны 11-12-р сард Иод Дуглын Эмгэгийн судлах судалгаа болгон хэрэгжүүлэж буй. Судалгаанаас гарсан үр дүнг зөвхөн нийлбэр дүнгээр нь нийглэх болно. Мэлгэллийн хүн бүрчлэн нийтлэхгүй тул Та бүхэйгэс үнэн зөв хариулахын хүсч байна.

Бүрттэлийн дугаар					
Овог	дсН				
Нас					
Ажил					
Боловерол	бүрэн бу	с дупи.	бүрэн душт,	- Дээд боловеролч	йoʻ
Хаяг, Оршин суух г	азар				
Тапай похрийн					
Овог	Нэр.				
mac					
Ажил					
Боловерол	оүрэн оу	е дупд.	оурган душт.	W.rat conouchor	LLON
Амаржсан өдөр - 1	996 оныр сарі	ан _і одо	p		
Тапай хүүхдийн			,		
ан мот ийилмвх	хүү, охин	нас	. сартай		
хоёриахь нь	хүү, охип	нас	сартай	•	
гуравлахь нь	хүү , охин	нас	сартай		
доровирх нь	хүү, охин	пас	, сартай		
тавиахь нь	хүү, охин	Hac	_ сартай		
(Тапаас илүү хүүхэ	เขางห์ ด็อห์เหล่ม Mon a)	илханаар	бичитэ үү.)		
			1.3		
	e week and the second s			and the same of th	
				¥	
Өрхийн ам бүнийн	тоо	пасанд	х үрсэн		
	* · ·	хүүхэн			
State of			•	4	•
Судансан одор					
Сулпаанийн пор					

Тус бүрийн асуултанд тэмдэглэх буюу бичээд хариулла уу. Асуулт 1. Хээээ, Яаж Иод Дутлын Эмгэгийн тухай дуулсан вэ? 1) Xэзээ?жил сарын өмпө 2) Яаж? (Оногдох бүх зүйлүүдийг тэмдэглэнэ үү.) а. Зурагтаар б. Радиогоор в. Сонии, хэвлэлээр г. Зарлал ухуулгаар д. Эмч, эмнэлгийн ажилтанаас с. Гэрийнхиээс ё. Найз нөхөд, таньдаг хүнээс ж. Сургуулийн багшаас з. Бусад (Асуулт 2. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь бамбай булчирхайн томролт (бахлуур)-ын учир шалтгаан мөн үү? Мен. Биш. Асуулт 3. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь хүүхдийн бие бялдарын өсөлтийн гажигшлын шалтгаан мөн үү? Мөн. Биш. Асуулт 4. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь оюун ухааны хомсдлын учир шалтгаан мөн үү? Биш. Асуулт 5. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь толгой халзан болох учир шантгаан мон үү? Биш. Мен. Асуулт б. Иод Дутлын Эмгэг нь дүлий хэлгүйн учир шалтгаан мөн үү? Мөн. Биш. Асуулт 7. Иоджуулсан давсны тухай урьц нь дуулсан уу? Дуулсан. Дуулаагүй. Дуулаагүй хүн доорх 3 асуулт болон Асуулт 9, 10-т хариулла уу. 1) Та нэг удаад хичнээн граммын давс худалдаж авдаг вэ? 2) Тэр нь ямар үнэтэй вэ? төгрөг 3) Танайд сард хичнээн граммын давс хэрэглэдэг вэ?

Энэ хуудас нь Иод Дутлын Эмгэгийн тухай урьд нь дуулсан хүнд зориулсан санал асуулга

Уссов долу Иолиминали порода и			Mitaine vabilitium 17	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Хээээ яаж Иоджуулсан давсны	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
•		сарын өмн	. ө	
2) Яаж? (Оногдох бүх зүй	TIMET TRUTY	ייי (.אף פווכתיוכ	•	
а. Зурагтаар				
б. Радиогоор			, -	
в. Сонин, хэвлэлээр				
г. Зарлал ухуулгаар	T011000			
д. Эмч, эмнэлгийн ажил		0	7	
е. Гэрийнхнээс		ээс вэ ?	*****	
с. Найз нөхөд, таньдаг х	эссиү.			
ж. Сургуулийн багшаас)
з. Бусад (,
Асуулт 8. Танайд Иоджуулсан д	מפרוד צייטירנוי	אי אינטניטע אי ?		
	хэээгүй.	aw Ageon AA :		
1 3C3n.	1 3331 YM.		r -	
Үэсэн хүн нь				
1) Хэр удаан хэрэглэсэн вэ?		лиж	cap	
2) Одоо ч хэрэглэж байна уу		. ,	•	
z) once thopshism extra		эглэж байна.	Больсон.	
Яагаад больсон вэ?		J. IIJMI OWLIA	200000	
3) Нэг ууттай Иоджуулсан д				
4) Тэр нь ямар үнэтэй вэ?				
5) Танайд сард хичнээн грам				
э) танаиц сард хичнээн грамг	MBUI Habe AJP.	ייי י כם וכחכונופ		
Үзээгүй хүн шь				
і йүлесеү жейледех двагаК (1	юм вэ?			
а. Дэлгүүр, хүнсний зах		∵ й.		
б. Жирийн давснаас үнэ		****		
в. Амт нь сайн биш гэж		* 1*	•	
г. Бусад (• •)
2) Та нэг удаад хичнээн грам	імын давс худ	алдаж авдаг вэ	?	
3) Тэр нь ямар үнэтэй вэ?	_			
4) Танайд сард хичнээн грам				
·, 2				

Асуулт 9. Танайд бамбайн бах	слууртай хүн бий юү ?
Бий.	Үгүй.
Танайд бамбайн бах	лууртай хэдэн хүн байна вэ?
Насанд хүр	сэн эр хүн
	сэн эм хүн
Насанд хүрэ	ээгүй эр хүүхэд
Насанд хүр:	ээгүй эм хүүхэд
Асуулт 10. Танайд Иодтой то Бий.	с (капсүл)-ыг ууж байсан хүн бий юү ? Үгүй.
Хэрэв байвал	
Хэдэн хүн байна вэ?	Насанд хүрсэн
Хэзээ ууж байсан вэ?	199оныр сард
Хэдэн удаа уусан вэ?	удаа

Их баярлалаа.

Энэхүү судалгааг доорх байгууллагууд хамтран явуулж байна.

Монгол Улсын Засгийн Газар Эрүүл Мэнд, Нийгмийн Хамгаалалын Яам Хоол Судлалын Төв Япон Улсын Токиогийн Их Сургуулийн Анагаах Ухааны Факулитетийн Олон Улсын Эрүүл Мэндийн Төлөвлөлт Судлалын Тэнхим

Төрсөн эхчүүдэд зориулсан санал асуулга

Энэхүү санал асуулгыг Япон Улсын Токиогийн Их Сургууль болон Монгол Улсын Засгийн Газраас 1996 оны 11-12-р сард Иод Дутлын Эмгэгийг судцах судалгаа болгон хэрэгжүүлэж буй. Судалгаанаас гарсан үр дүнг зовхон дийлбэр дүнгээр нь нийтлэх болно. Мэдхэллийг хүн бүрчлэн нийтлэхгүй тул Та бүхэнхэс үнэн зөв хариулахыг хүсч байна.

Овог.	Нэр		
Hac		,	
ижА		*******	
Боловерол	бүрэн бус дунд,	бү р эн дунд,	Дээд боловеролтой
Хаяг, Оршин суух	•		.*
			······································
Тапай похрийп			
•	Нэр		
Hac	•		
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Боловерол	бүрэн бус дунд.	бүрэн дунд,	Дээд боловсролтой
Амаржсан өдөр	1996 оныр сарынол	юр	
Тапай хүүхдийн			
хамгийн том нь	хүү, охин пас	сартай	
хоёрдахь нь	хүү, охин нас		
гуравдахь нь	хүү, охин нас	,	
доровдох нь	хүү, охин пас		
тавдахь нь	хүү, охин нас	сартай	
(Таваас илүү хүүх	эцгэхинцы ном гыймых ана	ар бичнэ үү.)	
			•
Өрхийн ам бүлий.	и тоо насан	д хүрсэн	
		ж	
<u> Үүнийг бөглөх хэ</u>	роттуй,		
Улаанбаатар			
Сум	,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

	эжил, алба		

Энэ хуудас нь Иод Дутлын Эмгэгийн тухай урьд нь дуулаагүй хүнд зориулсан санал асуулга юм.
Асуулт 1. Та Иоджуулсан давсны тухай урьд нь дуулсан уу? Дуулсан. Дуулаагүй.
Дуулсан бол 1), 2) асуултанд хариулпа уу. Хэрэв дуулаагүй бол 3), 4), 5) асуултанд хариулна уу. Дараа нь бүх хүн асуулт 2 6-нд хариулпа уу.
1) Хэзээ дуулсан вэ? жил сарын өмнө. Яаж? (Оногдох бүх зүйлүүдийг тэмдэглэнэ үү.) а. Зурагтаар б. Радиогоор в. Сонин, хэвлэлээр г. Зарлал ухуулгаар д. Эмч, эмнэлгийн ажилтанаас е. Гэрийнхнээс Хэнээс вэ? ж. Сургуулийн багшаас
э. Бусад () 2) Танайд Иоджуулсан давсыг хэрэглэж үзсэн үү?
Үзсэн. Үзээгүй.
Үзсэн хүн нь а), б), в), г), д) -д хариулна уу. Хэрэв үзээгүй бол 3), 4), 5) -д хариулна уу. а) Хир удаан хэрэглэсэн вэ? жил сар б) Одоо ч хэрэглэж байна уу? Хэрэглэж байна. Больсон. Хэрэв больсон бол яагаад больсон вэ?
в) Нэг ууттай Иоджуулсан давс хичнээн граммын жингэй вэ? г) Тэр нь ямар үнэтэй вэ? дөгрөг д) Танайд сард хичнээн граммын давс хэрэглэдэг вэ?
Хэрэв дуулаагүй бол 3) Та нэг удаад хичнээн граммын давс худалдаж авдаг вэ? 4) Тэр нь ямар үнэтэй вэ? төгрөг 5) Танайд сард хичнээн граммын давс хэрэглэдэг вэ?

Асуулт 2. Танайд бамбайн бахлууртай хүн бий юү? Бий. Танайд бамбайн бахлууртай хэдэн хүн байна вэ? Насанд хүрсэн эр хүн Насанд хүрсэн эм хүн Насанд хүрээгүй эр хүүхэд Насанд хүрээгүй ме йүгсөдүх дикаан Асуулт 3. Танайд Иодтой тос (капсул)-г ууж байсан хүн бий юү? Бий. Үгүй. Хэрэв байвал Хэдэн хүн байна вэ? Насанд хүрсэн дехүүХ Хэзээ ууж байсан вэ? 199 оны-p cap Хэдэн удаа уусан вэ? удаа Хаанаас авсан во? Асуулт 4. Хэрэв Иоджуулсан давс бамбайн бахнуураас урьдчлан сэргийнэхэл үр ашигтай гэвэл та Иоджуулсан давсыг хэрэглэх үү? Хэрэглэхгүй. Хэрэглэнэ. Асуулт 5. Хэрэв Иоджуулсан давс хэрэглэвэл танай хүүхдийн сурлага дээшлэхэд нэмэр болно гэвэл та Иоджуулсан давсыг хэрэглэх үү? .cווכוניוכקכX Хэрэглэхгүй. Асуулт 6. Хэрэв Иоджуулсан давс танайхаас ойрхонд олдвол та худалдаж авах уу? Авна. Авахгүй. Иоджуулсан давс нь энгийн давснаас үнэтэй ч гэсэн авах уу? Авна. Авахгүй

Их баярлалаа.

Энэхүү судалгааг доорх байгууллагууд хамтран явуулж байна.

Монгол Улсын Засгийн Газар Эрүүл Мэнд, Нийгмийн Хамгаалалын Яам Хоол Судлалын Төв Япон Улсын Токиогийн Их Сургуулийн Анагаах Ухааны Факулитетийн Олон Улсын Эрүүл Мэнцийн Тоновлолт Суцланын Тэнхим

Questionnaire for postnatal women

This study is conducted under collaboration of the Ministry of Health and Welfare, the National Nutrition Research Center, Mongolia, and The University of Tokyo, Japan, in order to assess iodine deficiency disorders situation in Mongolia. Only aggregate data will be published and your individual data will never leased to the public. We highly appreciate your cooperation to the study.

ID Number	: <u>M</u>						
Name:							
Age:	<u></u>						
Occupation	·						
Final educe	ational level:	Primary, Se	condary, H	igher/C	ollege.		
Address: _		,					
Husband's	name:			·			
Husband's	age:						
Husband's	occupation:_						
Final educa	ational level:	Primary, S	econdary, l	Higher/	College.		
Date of the	delivery: D	ec , 199	6				
Your child:	ren:						
	First child	Male / Female	;	Age		year/months	
	Second	Male / Femal	е	Age		year/months	
	Third	Male / Female	e	Age		year/months	
	Fourth	Male / Femal	e	Age		year/months	
	Fifth	Male / Femal	e	Age		year/months	
(if you hav	e more than	five children, pl	ease list up	all of	them at tl	he below space w	/ith
the same fo	ormat)						
Number of	family whom	you live with:	Adults			•	
			Children				
Survey da	ate: Dec	(Day)、	1996				

This set of sheets is for those who answer they have heard of iodine deficiency disorders.

Please answer following questions by making a circle or writing your answer

Q 1.	When and how have you heard of	iodine deficiency disorders	?	
	1) When: 199,	(Month)		
	2) How (please mark all item	s which are applicable):		
	a. TV progra	am.		
	b. Radio pro	gram.		
	c. Newspap	ers.		
	d. By writte	n materials such as a flie	r, a po	ster, or a
	banner.			
	e. Through n	nedical personnel.		
	f. Through y	our family: who?		
	g. Through f	riends or neighbors.		
	h. Through s	chool teacher.		
	i. Others:		-	
Q 2.	Do iodine deficiency disorders ca	use thyroid enlargement?	YES	NO
Q 3.	Do iodine deficiency disorders ca	use growth failure?	YES	ИО
Q 4.	Do iodine deficiency disorders ca	use mental retardation?	YES	NO
Q 5.	Do iodine deficiency disorders ca	use hair loss?	YES	МО
Q 6.	Do iodine deficiency disorders ca	use deafness?	YES	МО
Q 7.	Have you heard of iodized salt?		YES	МО
If No, 1	please answer following three ques	stions and Q9. Q10.		
	1) What is the weight of a salt	package which you buy?:		Kilo
	2) How much does it cost?			
	3) How much salt does your fa	mily consume in a month?_		Kilo.

If YES, please answer all of following questions.

		nave you nea n. 199	(month).
			k all items which are applicable):
_	a) 110 4 4	a.	TV program.
		b.	Radio program.
		c.	Newspapers.
		d.	By written materials such as a flier, a poster, or
		u.	banner,
		e.	Through medical personnel.
		f.	Through your family: who?
		g.	Through friends or neighbors.
		h.	Through school teacher.
		i.	Others:
			-
8.	Have yo	u used iodize	d salt in your home? YES NO
If YE	ES,		
1)	How lo	ng have you	used it?months
2)	Do you	ı currently us	se it? YES NO
	If	no, why:	
3)	What	is the weight	of a salt packet that you buy? Kilogram
4)		nuch does it o	
5)	How n	nuch salt does	s your family consume in a month?Kilo.
TCAT	^		
If N	U, Why?	o Mot	available at market or shop.
1)	** 11y :		more expensive than ordinary salt.
			and that taste was not good.
			ers: (Please write your answer)
2)	What is		of a salt package that you buy?Kilo.
3)		uch does it co	
4)			your family consume in a month?Kilo.
•			-
9.	Is there	anyone who	has thyroid enlargement in your family?
	YES	Ŋ	10
If Y	ES, who	is he/she, or	are they?: Mark circles for each.
	1	Adult/Child	Male/Female

	3	Adult/Child	Ma	le/Female					
	4	Adult/Child	Ma	le/Female					
Q 10.	Have yo	ou or your fam	ily ever	received or	ral iod	ized oil?	YES	ои в	
	11 123,	Who(name	all of t	them who	have	received.	such as	mvself.	the
	,	t son, uncle):							
	2)	When: 199_			(me	onth)			
	3)	How many to	-						
	4)	Which orga	nization	provided t	o then	a?:			

Male/Female

Thank you for your cooperation.

2 Adult/Child

This set of sheets is for those who answer they have not heard of iodine deficiency disorders.

Please answer following questions by making a circle or writing your answer.

		you hear				ES	ИО		
If YES,	pleas	e answer	1), 2), az	ıd 3), then	go to Q.2.	IfNO), please	answer 4	4), 5), and
6), then	go to	Q.2.							
If YES,		_							
	1)		199		(Mor	nth).			
	2)	How:	a.	TV progra	m.				
			b.	Radio pro	gram.				
			c.	Newspape	ers.				
			d.	By writte	n materials	s.sucl	h as a f	lier, a po	eter, or a
				banner.					
			e.	Through 1	nedical pers	зоппе	1.		
			f.	Through y	your family	: wh	10?	 	
			g.	Through i	friends or ne	eighb	ors.		
			h.	Through s	school teach	ıer.			
			i.	Others:					
	3)) Have yo	ou used	iodized sal	t in your ho	me?	YES	ИО	
		If YE	ES, plea	se answer i) to v), and i	if NO	, please	answer ii	i) to v).
		i)	How	long have y	ou used it?			Month	9
		ii)) Do yo	ou currentl	y use it?		YES	МО	
				If NO, wh	y:				
		iii	i) What	is the weig	ht of a salt	packe	et that y	ou buy?	
				Kilogram					
		iv) How	much does	it cost?				
		v)	How	much salt	does family	consi	ıme in a	month?	
				Kil	.ogram.				
If NO,									
·	4)	What is t	he weig	ht of a salt	package the	at yọi	ı buy?: ˌ	P	تناه.
	5)								
	•								

	6) How much salt does your family consume in a month?	Kilo <u>.</u>
Q 2.	Is there anyone who has thyroid enlargement in your family?	
	YES NO	
	If YES, who is he/she or are they? (please write number)	
	1 Adult/Male:	
	2 Adult/Female:	
	3 Child/Male:	
	4 Child/Female:	
Q 3.	Have you or your family ever received oral iodized oil? YES If YES,	NO
	1) Who ?(please name them all, e.g.) myself, the second uncle):	daughter,
	2) When?:	
	3) How many times?:	_
	4) Which organization provided it to them?	
Q 4.	Daily intake of iodized salt prevents iodine deficiency disorders thyroid enlargement, congenital mental retardation, growth failure,	
	If the iodized salt is available at your place, are you going to buy iod	
	salt? YES	
If	IO, Why?:	
If	TES, are you going to buy it even it is more expensive than ordinary s	

Thank you for your cooperation.

Appendix 6

Гөрсөн эхчүүдийн бүтгэлийн хуудас
Эхийн бүртгэлийн дугаар: М
Овог нэр:
Hac:
Хаяг:
Бамбайн хэмжээ: 0. 1. 2 Эхограмм: х₁mm.х₂mm, у₁mm. у₂mm z₁mm. z₂mm
Хүүхдийн бүртгэлийн дугаар: <u>М</u> — <u>В</u> Хүйс: Эр/Эм Амаржсан он сар өдөр:1996 оны 12—р сарын_ өдөр Судалгааны өдөр: 1996 оны 12—р сарынөдөр
Өндөр: см Жин: гр
Толгойны тойрогны хэмжээ: см

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APPENDIX 7

Гэр бүлийн судалгааны анхны уулзалтын санал асуулгын хуудас

үртгэлийн хуудасны дугаар:
Овог нэр:
(аяг:
′тасны Дугаар: (шаардлагатай бол):
Судалгаа хийх он сар өдөр: Анхных 1996 оны 12—р сарын
Дараагийнх (товлох) 1996 оны 12—р сарын

Гэр бүлийн гишүүдийн талаархи мэдээлэл: Асуулт 1 ба 2:

- Гэр бүлийнхээ бүх гишүүдийн нэрс, хүйс, нас болон эрхэлж буй ажил
- Асуулт 1: Танай гэр бүлийнхэн өчигдөр гэртээ хоол хийж идэцгээсэн үү?(— буюу + тэмдэглэнэ үү)
- Асуулт 2: Танай гэр бүлийн хамгийн ахмад эрэгтэй хүн (гэрийн эзэн)—ий идэх хоолыг 1.0 гэж тооцвол бусад гишүүдийнх хэдэн хувьтай вэ?

# Нэр	Хүйс	Hac	Ажил	Асуулт 1 Өглөөний Хоол	Өдрийн Хоол	Оройны Хоол	A 2
1	Эр/Эм	ж/с					
2	Эр/Эм	Ж/С			•		
3	Эр/Эм	жис					
4	Эр/Эм	жис					
5	Эр/Эм	жис					
6	Эр/Эм	жс					
7	Эр/Эм	жс					
8	Эр/Эм	жис					
	Эр/Эм	ж/с					•
	Эр/Эм	жис					
9 10							

A 3	Та урьд өмнө нь Иод Дутлын Эмгэгийн талаар сонсож байсан у	y?	ТИЙМ	ҮГҮЙ
A 4	Та иоджуулсан давсны талаар сонссон уу?		ТИЙМ	ΥΓΥЙ
A 5	Та ямар давс хэрэглэдэг вэ?	Жирийн	И	оджуулсан
A 6	Танай гэр бүлийнхнээс бамбайтай хүн бий юу?	ТИЙК	4	ҮГҮЙ
	Хэрэв ТИЙМ бол хэн бэ?			
A 7	Танайд гэрээр бэлтгэсэн давсалсан хоолны зүйл бий юу?		МЙИТ	ҮГҮЙ
	Хэрэв ТИЙМ бол хэчнээн хэмжээгээр хэрэглэдэг вэ? 1). Өдөрт нэг удаа 2). Долоо хоногт нэг удаа 3). Долоо хоногт 2—3 удаа 4). Сард нэг удаа			

Санал асуулга авсан:

Хоёрдахь уулзалтын санал асуулга

	ігааны он сар өдөр: 1996 оны 12—р сарын 2—р сарыннээс —ний өдөр	(Анхны судалгаан	ы он сар өдөр: Анх	кны болон хоёрдахь уулзал	тын хоорон
A 1.	Анхны уулзалтаас хойш та зөвхөн иоджуулсан давс х	эрэглэсэн үү?	ТИЙМ	ҮГҮЙ	
	Хэрэв ҮГҮЙ бол яагаад?				
	Хэрэв хэрэглэсэн бол:				
	Иоджуулсан давсаны жин: гр				
	Хэрэглэсэн хэмжээ: гр				
A 2.	Иоджуулсан давсыг та юу гэж үздэг вэ?: Амт: Жирийн давстай адил Адил бус				
	Иоджуулсан давс жирийн давснаас үнэтэй байвал та	худалдаж авах уу?	ТИЙМ	ҮГҮЙ	
A 3.	Танай гэр бүлийн гишүүд өчигдөр гэртээ хийсэн хоол	идсэн үү? (— буюу +	гээр тэмдэглэнэ	γγ.	
# Нэр	Өглөө Өдөр Орс	ой Бусад			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9					

А 4. Иоджуулсан давсыг хоол, хүнсэндээ хэрэглэхдээ жирийн давснаас илүү их ордог гэж та үздэг үү? ТИЙМ ҮГҮЙ

А 5. Анхны уулзалтаас хойш танайд зочид ирсэн үү?

ТИЙМ

ΥΓΥЙ

Хэрэв ТИЙМ бол хэчнээн зочид хэдэн удаа хоол идсэн бэ? (— буюу + тэмдэглэнэ үү)

	Өглөөний хоол	Өдрийн хоол	Оройн хоол
Том хүн (Эр)			
Том хүн (Эм)			
Хүүхэд 0—4			·
5—9			
10—14			

Санал асуулга авсан:

Зочдын хоолны бүртгэлийн хуудас (өдөр тус бүрээр)

Бүртгэлийн дугаар: <u>U -</u>
Овог нэр:

Өглөөний хоол				Өглөөний хоол Өдрийн хоол						Оройн хоол										
Том хүн (Эр)																				
Том хүн (Эм)																				
Хүүхэд 0—4																				
5—9																				
10—14																				

Санал асуулга авсан:

Questionnaire for household survey

ID number: U	
Family name:	
Address:	
Tel. Number (if applicable):	
Survey dates: First Dec, 1996	
Second(Appointment) Dec, 1996	
n 1 1 1 1 1 1 01 100	

Family members' information, Q1, and Q2:

- List up all family members' first name, sex, age, and occupation.
- Q1: Did your family members have home-cooked dish yesterday?
- Q2: Let's make the food amount that the husband (or male adult) eats as 1.0, then how can others be made?

#	First name	Sex	Age	Occupation	Q1 BF	LCH	DIN	Q2
1		M/F	Y/M					
2		M/F	Y/M					
3		M/F	Υ/M					
4		M/F	Y/M					
5		M/F	Y/M					
6		M/F	Υ/M					
7		M/F	Y/M					
8		M/F	Y/M					
9		M/F	Y/M	•				

Q 3. Have you ever heard of Iodine Deficiency Disorders? YES NO Q 4. Have you ever heard of iodized salt? YES NO Q 5. What kind of salt do you use? Ordinary salt Iodized salt Q 6. Is there any in your family with thyroid enlargement (banbae)? YES NO If YES, who?: Q 7. Have you had any salt preserved food which is prepared at home? YES NO If YES, how often do your family have it? 1) Once a day.

Interviewed by:

Once a week

Once a month.

Two to three tiems a week,

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Second visit questionnaire

Survey date: Dec, 1996								
Q 1.	Have you used only iodized salt since the first visit? YES					NO		
	If NO, why?:							
	If YES, the surveyor should measure the package.							
	Weight of iodized salt (first visit): g							
	Weight of iodized salt (second visit):g							
	Consumed amount	·	g					
Q 2.	What do you think of iodi:	zed salt?:	,					
	Taste: Same as ordinar	y salt	Bad					
	Will you buy iodized sa	lt if it cos	sta more	than or	linary salt?		YES	NO
Q 3.	Do you think you used mo	re iodize	d salt th	an ordin	ary salt?		YES	ИО
Q 4.	Did your family members have home-cooked dish yesterday? (Check with O or X)							
#	First name	В	L	S	Others			
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								

ı		
8		
9		
10		
Q 5.	How many	guests (adults and children) and how many meals have you served between the first visit and the second visit?
	Adult	Male:
		Female:
		Child 0-4 y:
		Child 5-9 y:
		Child 10-14 y:

Interviewed by:

モンゴル、ウランバートルにおけるヨード欠乏症(IDD)調杏報告

妥約:

1.背景

モンゴル政府は1995年以来IDDを国内から一掃する計画を開始した。モンゴル政府の要請を受け、国際協力事業団(JICA)は東大医学部国際保健計画学教室の協力を得て、モンゴルのIDD対策に対しプロジェクト技術協力方式による協力の開始を決定した。今回、両国の協力を進め、また政府部内、あるいは専門家内部にみられるIDDの存在に懐疑的な勢力を説得することを目的として、モンゴル保健・社会保障省は東大医学部国際保健計画学教室と共にモンゴル国内のIDDに関する調査を行った。

これまで、厳格な意味でのIDD投学調査はなかったが、モンゴルにはIDDが存在すると予想できる理由が存在する。

- 1.モンゴルは海から隔絶した国で、IDDが発生しやすい。
- 2.これまで不十分ではあるが、行われた調査で、調査対象(婦人と学童)の29%に甲状腺腫を認めた。
- 3.モンゴルの周辺諸国(カザフスタン、キルギスタン、中国の内モンゴル)でIDDが証明された。

2.調査目的:

- IDD対策の協力を進めるための現状調査
 - 1.ウランバートル市のIDDの存在を明らかにする。
 - 2.ウランバートル市のヨード化塩普及の度合いを調べる。
 - 3.ウランパートル市民のIDDやヨード化塩に対するKAPを調べる。
 - 4.ウランバートル市民の食塩使用量を調べる。(これは食塩内添加ヨード量決定の資料とする。)

3.調査内容

1. I D D 有病率を明らかにするための学校調査

市内の小学校から無作為に30校を選び、その各校について10~11歳の学童40人を無作為に抽出した。 (4年生から1クラスを選択した。)

2. I D D 有病率を明らかにするための産院調査

市内の4つの産院(市内の分娩はすべて4つの産院でなされ、家庭分娩の習慣はない)で9日間に生まれた新生児とその母親を対象とした。サンブルは新生児129名、母親142名であった。

3.家庭調査

無作為に抽出した266戸の家庭を対象に、ヨード塩に対するKAPを調べるとともに、 $1K_R$ の食塩を供与して2週間後にそのの消費量を測定した。

4.結果

- 1.高率に甲状腺腫率をみとめた(学重49%、母親43%)。エコーグラムを用いた検査でも甲状腺容積は 平均的に腫大していた。
- 2.学童の家庭から集めた食塩の73%は充分量のヨードを添加ざれていた。検体の中には過剰にヨードを含む食塩もあった。

- 3.95%以上の住民がIDDを知っており、またヨード化塩を使用していた。この結果から政府とUNIC EFによるヨード化塩の普及対策は極めて順調に進行しており、およそ1年でヨード化塩は市内に普及した。しかし、一部住民にはヨード化塩の価格の高さやその味の思さ(誤解)を訴える者もあった。
- 4.学童の尿中ヨード排泄量の中間値は最低需要量(100 μg/L)を越えていた。これはIDDがもはや市内には常在しないことを意味する。しかし、その排泄量の分布を見ると低い量から高い量まで広がっており、しかも2極化していた(図1)。尿サンブルの40%は必要量以下であった。この結果は、かつてはたしかにウランパートル市内にIDDは存在していたが、ヨード化塩の普及により、駆逐されつつあることを意味する。

産院の母親では、尿中ヨード排泄量の中間値は学童より低く、最低需要量を辛うじてクリアーした。産 院で分娩した母親には市郊外から米た者も含まれており、その点から、市郊外では依然としてIDDが 存在する可能性がある。

- 5.学童の甲状腺機能(TSH、freeT4)は正常範囲内であった。しかし、新生児のTSHは日本の新生児と比べて2倍高く、従ってIDDは産まれてくる子供のために征服されなければならない所題である。
- 6.市民の1日食塩消費量は10g前後であり、これは当初保健省が予想した価より高かった。従って、食塩 添加ヨード量には再検討が必要である。

4.結果を踏まえた勧告

- 1.本調金の結果(高い甲状腺腫率)から推測すると、市内にもクレチン症の範疇にはいるような重度の精神、身体発達遅滞を伴った子供達がいるはずである。このような子供達は家庭でかばわれ、社会的に認知が困難であることがある。(知恵遅れの子供を集めた施設などを対象とした)より精細な調査と、そのような子供への社会的ケアを勧める。
- 2.ウランパートル市郊外、および地方のIDDの現状はまだ分からない。今回行ったような調査法を用いてさらに全国調査を行うべきである。
- 3.食塩に添加するヨード量は30ppmを勧める。また過剰に添加されないように監視するべきである。製塩 施設に対してはヨード量測定の実験機材を供与し、ヨード化塩の品質管理に指導と規制が必要である。
- 4.次の課題は国内のヨード化塩普及対策である。しかし、モンゴルのように広い国土に人口密度の低い国では、その対策は首都ほど容易とは思えない。このままの垂直的計画(上から下へ施策を広げていく)は多額の費用を要する。その意味からIDDを一掃する計画の成功には地域住民を巻き込んでいくことが鍵となる。地域準医師(フェルチャー)や教師、ラマ教の僧侶を用いていくことは、このような政策を進める上で考慮するべきである。
- 5.ヨード塩摂取を勧めることは決して塩分摂取を推賞することではない。本調査の結果によると、健康増進のために余分にヨード化塩を取った方が良いと考えている人もある。このような誤解がないがどうか、更に調査すると共に、今後、ヨード化塩摂取の広報は全体的な栄養教育の一環としてなされるべきである。

最後に、モンゴルと日本の協力により、IDD一掃の努力が進められ、近い将来、中国やロシアなど近隣諸 国に先駆けてモンゴルが達成することが出来るであろう。

本調査が両国の協力を促すことにいささかでも寄与できたとすれば幸いである。

図1. 尿中ヨード排泄量で分けた学童の人数分布

Number of schoolchilren classified by their urinary iodine excretion

