# Appendix 3.6 -5

Presentation (CRS)

### PROJECT FOR REVIEW OF THE STUDY FOR MARITIME TRAFFIC SAFETY DEVELOPMENT PLAN (JICA MASTER PLAN)

## COASTAL RADIO STATION (SROP)



## TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR THE ADDITIONAL WORK

#### Terms of Reference for the additional work

#### Scope of the Additional Work

 There are three components in the additional work (support for arrangement of an establishment plan), namely:

Component 1: Aids to Navigation and VTS, including "Ships Routeing"

Component 2: Coastal Radio Station

Component 3: Vessels for Aids to Navigation

- The goal of the additional work is for NAVIGASI to be able to draft a necessary Master Plan for the future with a view up to 2040 in the above 3 areas using the data collected and analyzed by DISNAV. Thus, the focus of the additional work is on the technical transfer of the necessary knowledge and skills in formulating draft Master Plans in the above 3 areas through advisory services from consultants. Cooperation between NAVIGASI and DISNAV for this purpose will be also strengthened.
- The consultants will guide the whole process including the setting up meetings and provide advices and supports such as policy inputs, advices in guidelines, advices in data compilation and analysis, suggestions of necessary questionnaires, formats, diagrams, charts, etc.
- Local Consultants will assist in coordination for setting up meetings, documentation, data compilation, interpretation in the meetings, and translation of documents. They will be selected by the Consultants following JICA's regulations on the procurement.
- As a deliverable of the technical transfer activities, the Master Plan as described above will be formulated in each component jointly. The consultants will compile them and submit them which will be added to the Draft Final Report (2) and final report. This Master Plan should be elaborated and completed as NAVIGASI's own Master Plan by NAVIGASI themselves after the due internal process.
- Charts and descriptions which NAVIGASI expects to be included in the Master Plan for each component will be summarized after the discussion between NAVIGASI and the

#### **Outlines of the Necessary Activities**

 Preparation of necessary documents such as Policy, Guideline, and Questionnaire by NAVIGASI with assistance of the Consultants

The Consultants will provide the templates of the following three documents. NAVIGASI will formulate the following documents officially for DISNAV with the advices and supports from the consultants,:

- The Policy for fundamental approach in making the Master Plan. The Consultants will guide the points of consideration for preparing the Policy using its template.
- The Guideline for planning and installing aids to navigation in accordance with international standards and in taking into account regional characteristics.
- The format document including Questionnaires for collecting the draft Establishment Plan of DISNAV in line with the Policy and the Guideline and for necessary information in planning the plan.

ASIH

NAVIGASI with the support from consultants will identify the necessary data and agree with the consultants on the means of data collection through the discussion. In order to facilitate the discussion, the Consultants will provide the draft list of the necessary data as a suggestion for discussions to be built upon. The format of the Questionnaires for collecting those necessary data will be also agreed and developed legistry.

The format of the Establishment Plan which will be used by DISNAV in Activity 4 below "Preparation of the Draft Establishment Plan" will be also agreed and developed jointly.

#### 2. Guidance to DISNAV by NAVIGASI and Consultants

- NAVIGASI will issue a letter with the Director's signature and deliver above Policy, Guidelines, Questionnaires, including Formats to all the DISNAV.
- NAVIGASI will organize online guidance sessions with all DISNAVs using above documents
- Consultants will provide technical advices in the discussion especially in the Q&A sessions.
- 3. Data collection by each DISNAV with supports from Consultants
- DISNAV, with the technical support from the Consultants, collect all necessary data using Questionnaire in line with the Policy and the Guidelines.
- Consultants will facilitate the discussion for consultation as a help desk (onlinebase) for the work going smoothly.
- Examples of necessary data anticipated are:

Component 1: Nautical chart around the requested aid (Nautical chart with existing aids to navigation indicated), Access map to the requested locations (route, means of access), chart of each port, maritime information, AIS, typical ship route, hearings from maritime stakeholders

Component 2: Data from CRS, Operating Log (Communication record) Operational hours, The total time (number of times) of received signals, The total time (number of times) of transmitted signals, Record of equipment trouble for estimating work load of each buoy tender, Operation statistics]
Logbook (Navigation record) [Calculation of the workload to be
done by vessels] interval of lighthouse keeper's shift, Itinerary
(distance) for the transportation, Itinerary (distance) for the
replacement of buoys, Type of vessels necessary

Component 3: Information about buoy base and vessels, etc. which are necessary

- Above necessary data will be derived from the concept of the documents in the Activity 1 above.
- Method for completing the format documents and Questionnaires will be discussed through the online meetings among the Consultants, NAVIGASI and each DISNAY, as needed.
- Preparation of the Draft Establishment Plan by each DISNAV with the support from Consultants
- The draft Establishment pian from DISNAV is a request to NAVIGASI regarding the DISNAV's needs in establishing Aids to Navigation System in their jurisdiction, and to improve the CRS and Vessels for AtoN.
- Component 1: The Establishment Plan from DISNAV will be the basis for installing visual aids to navigation, setting up VTS stations and considering Ships Routeing, and will be included in the short and/or long term Master Plan based on the policy, budget, etc.
- Component 2: The draft Establishment Plan from DISNAV related to CRS will be basis for considering the modernization of GMDSs and the operation of stations from now on, namely consolidation of stations, and will be reference information on planning the new system. The results of the consideration based on the information will be reflected in the Master Plan.
- Component 3: The draft Establishment Plan from DISNAV related to Vessels for AtON Will be basis for considering the renovation including scrap and build and relocation of a vessel that suits the workload. The results of the consideration based on the information will be reflected in the Maker Plan.



- DISNAV, with the support from the Consultants, compiles and analyzes collected data, select the priorities, and prepare a draft Establishment plan in accordance with the Policy and the Guideline, and submit it to NAVIGASI.
- Local Consultants will also assist DISNAV in data compilation.
- 5. Formulation of the draft Master Plan by NAVIGASI and Consultants
- With the technical advices and supports from the consultants, NAVIGASI will aggregate all the Establishment Plans from DISNAVs.
- Local Consultants will also assist NAVIGASI in aggregating the Establishment Plans from DISNAVs.
- Through above process, NAVIGASI and the Consultants will determine the order of implementation of all Establishment Plans from DISNAV. The Consultants will provide the points to be considered in determining the order of implementation.
- The hearings will be considered to gather public comments as necessary.
- By reflecting public comments and order of implementation, aggregated Establishment Plans will be elaborated and formulated as a draft Master Plan by NAVIGASI and the Consultants. The consultants will compile and submit the first draft and added to the Draft Final Report (2) and final report.

MSH

### **BACKGROUND:**

- Jumlah SDM operator dan teknisi di SROP yang terus menurun jumlahnya dan tidak sebanding dengan jumlah rekrutmen untuk SDM yang baru.
- 2. Coverage/cakupan SROP yang overlap/ tumpang tindih satu sama lain.
- 3. Sistem SROP di Indonesia saat ini mengadopsi sistem lama yang perlu untuk disesuaikan dengan sistem yang mampu menjadi solusi dalam masalah operasional SROP.
- Modernisasi GMDSS oleh IMO menjadi suatu tuntutan ke depan untuk dapat diadopsi dalam master plan SROP.
- Tidak terdapatnya MP untuk SROP menjadikan Disnav mengajukan usulan SROP baru berdasarkan KM 30 yang mana kondisinya sangat jauh berbeda dengan kebutuhan saat ini.
- 6. Belum adanya suatu kajian yang komprehensif dalam pendirian SROP.

### **MEASURE**

#### **OUTPUT:**

- Keterbatasan SDM dapat teratasi dengan ekspektasi hanya menggunakan 50% dari SDM yang ada saat ini dengan kualitas operator yang tetap handal.
- 2. Konsolidasi sistem 157 SROP yang telah terbangun saat ini dengan ekspektasi output
  - a. SROP HF menjadi 5 Stasiun
  - b. SROP MF menjadi 31 Stasiun
  - c. SROP VHF konsolidasi kurang lebih 80%
- 3. Modernisasi GMDSS dengan memasukkan unsur NAVDAT, VDES dan LTE dalam MP.
- 4. Sebagai acuan dan salah satu komponen utama dalam revisi KM 30 tahun 2006 terkait dengan SROP.

# Inovasi dan pembentukan kembali Stasiun Radio Pantai (SROP)

Tujuan utama
Untuk meninjau dan mencapai
Operasi yang efisien dan efektif

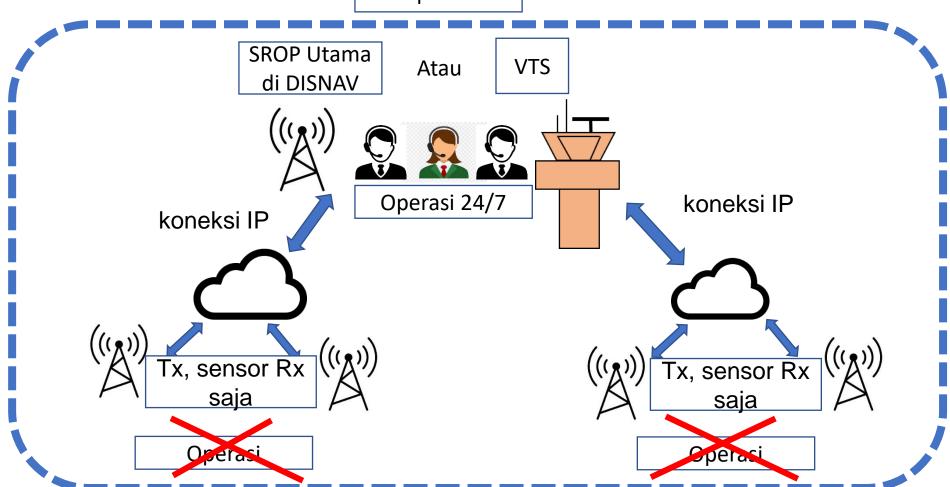


Konsolidasi operasi di 157 stasiun di bawah setiap DISNAV atau VTS untuk memusatkan

Kelas		Stasiun	Fungsi	GMDSS	Area Layanan	Jam Operasi	Porsi
1		11		0	A1, A2, A3	24	7%
2		7	Layanan Maritim bergerak termasuk	0	A1, A2, A3	16-24	4%
3	А	42	layanan telepon umum, stasiun tidak bergerak	0	A1, A2	12-16	240/
3	В	7	<b>3</b>	0	A1, A2	12-16	31%
4	А	64	Layanan Maritim	0	A1, A2	0.10	<b>57</b> 0/
4	В	26	bergerak dan/atau stasiun tidak bergerak	Х	A1	8-12	57%
Jumlah		157					

### Rencana konsolidasi

Setiap DISNAV



### **Alur Pedoman**

Situasi operasional saat ini dalam berbagai komunikasi

Ditugaskan SDM di setiap stasiun

Fasilitas di setiap stasiun

Tujuan dan isi operasi di setiap SROP



- Setiap frekuensi
- Setiap komunikasi
- Setiap lokasi SROP

Penataan ulang SDM yang efisien di setiap SROP

- Operator radio
- Teknisi
- Admin dan lainnya

# Formulir pelaporan

- 1. Buku catatan yang diekstraksi dalam durasi tertentu dari setiap stasiun (sampel dikumpulkan sebagian)
- 2. Master sheet SDM operator, teknisi, staf admin di setiap stasiun di bawah masing-masing DISNAV
- 3. Lembar induk untuk melengkapi fasilitas di setiap stasiun (sebagian dikumpulkan dalam kuesioner sebelumnya)
- 4. Informasi penganggaran di setiap DISNAV selama 3 tahun terakhir

# Informasi dasar dengan fasilitas

DISNAV Tarakan

#### Informasi dasar

Nama lengkap SROP	Alamat	Garis Lintang	Garis bujur	Ketinggia n (AMSL)	•		jumlah staf	Kelas	Pengamata	Jam operasional harian
Tarakan <b>CONTON</b>	Jl. Yos Sudarso No.6 Tarakan Kalimantan Utara	03° 17′ 20"N	117°35' 25"BT		,	srop.tarakan@y ahoo.com	12	III	A1, A2	24
Nunukan										
Tg. selor										
Tg Redep										

	PONTOH			1	MF/HF							
Pemancar/Penerima/Pemancar				Unit kontrol				Antena dan pengumpan				
Nama model	Pabrikan	jumlah	Tahun terpasang	Kondisi	Nama model	jumlah	Tahun terpasang	Kondisi	Nama model	Tahun terpasang	Kondisi	Tinggi antena
TU6360/TU6260 (500W)	Sailor	2	2015	Baik	CU6301	2	2015	Baik	KABEL	1972	Baik	20

	VHF											
	Pe	mancar				Antena dan p						
Nama model	Pabrikan	jumlah	Tahun terpasang	Kondisi	Nama model	Tahun terpasang	Kondisi	Tinggi antena	Nama model	Pabrikan		
CY51218 (35W)	Sailor	3	2015	Baik	SHAKESPEARE	2015	Baik	20	BS500	Kongsberg		

# lembar induk SDM

DISNAV	Tg Priok
Nama Stasiun	panjang
Kelas	IIIA
Jam operasional harian	12

#### daftar SDM

dariai ODIII		_													1					
Nama lengkap	nomor identitas	Jenis Ke- lamin			Kel	lompok	usia				Tugas Peke	erjaan				Pengalam	nan kerja	Tempat asal	Anggota keluarga	Gaji bulanan
		F/M			Per	16 Jun	i 2022		Opera	ator radio	Tel	knisi	Administrasi	tugas lainnya	Memiliki sertifikat jika ada	Tahun (Tugas saat ini)	Tahun (tugas lainnya)	Pilihan	Pilihan	Rp
			21-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51~ Lisensi umum	Lisensi terbatas	Sertifikat	Non Sertifikat								
Akmad Sukrom	850414230893	М				X				X						15	3	Cilacap	Istri dan 4 anak	8.700.000
CONTOU					L															
CUNIUH					L															
																	_			

DISNAV	Belawan	Belawan	
Nama Stasiun	Belawan	Belawan	
Kelas	l		O.s
Jam Operasional Harian	24	24	



#### Daftar SDM

	Daitai SDIVI						Ke	lompok	Umur				Penugasa	an Pekerjaan		Pengalaman Kerja
No	Nama Lengkap	NIP	Tanggal Lahir	Umur per tahun 2022			Per tan	ggal 16	Juni 202	22		Operat	or Radio	Tek	nisi	Tahun (Penugasan
					21-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51~	Lisensi Umum	Lisensi Terbatas	Sertifikat	Non Sertifikat	saat ini)
1	Maswahyudi	19670305 198903 1 002	1967	55							Х	X				33
2	Anang Suhartono	19641119 198403 1 002	1964	58							Χ	X				38
3	Lilik Usnanto	19650523 198910 1 001	1965	57							Χ	X				33
4	Marupa Sitohang	19690512 199103 1 003	1969	53							Χ	X				31
5	Karianto	19660303 198903 1 001	1966	56							Χ	X				33
6	Leo Lupini Gultom	19651213 199103 1 002	1965	57							Χ	X				31
7	Refni Handayani	19790202 200812 2 002	1979	43					Χ			X				14
8	Maulidina Ulfah	19820127 200803 2 001	1982	40				X				X				14
9	Jumi 'in	19691010 199803 1 002	1969	53							Χ			Χ		24
10	Anggie Andhika	19770630 201012 1 001	1977	45					Χ			Х				11
11	Satria Pribadi	19841229 200312 1 005	1984	38				Χ				Х				18
12	Hidayat	19831121 200212 1 002	1983	39				X						Χ		19
13	Irwan Hengki Sukma	19840712 200712 1 001	1984	38				X						X		15
14	Daniel Tobias	19840312 201012 1 004	1984	38				Χ				Х				11
15	Nelly Simanjuntak	19751123 200604 2 001	1975	47						X		Х				16
16	Muslim	19780714 200604 1 001	1978	44					Χ			Х				16
17	Kahairul Fuad	19730819 199303 1 001	1973	49						Х						29
18	Taufik Hidayat	19841120 200712 1 001	1984	38				Х				Х				11
19	Lismayani Siregar	19820125 200812 2 001	1982	40				Х				Х				13
20	Fernado Sitohang	19841006 200604 1 002	1984	38				Х				Х				16
21	Ardilah Effendi	19861001 200712 1 001	1986	36				Х						Х		14
22	Hotman Herianto	19820623 201012 1 004	1982	40				Х				Х				11
23	Agus Afero	19720817 200604 1 001	1972	50						Х		Х				16
24	Rifahmi	19830801 201012 1 002	1983	39				Х						Х		11
25	Adrian Willys	19841018 200212 1 003	1984	38				Х				Х				19
			Rata-rata	45 16								20		5		

Rata-rata 45.16

20

5

				Kel	lompok Ur	mur				Penugasa	ın Pekerjaan	
	Umur per tahun			Per tan	ggal 16 Ju	ıni 2022			Operato	or Radio	Te	eknisi
	2032	21-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51~	Lisensi Umum	Lisensi Terbatas	Sertifikat	Non Sertifikat
1	53						х		Х			
2	50					Х			Х			
3	55						Х		Х			
4	48					Х			X			
5	49					X					X	
6	48					X					X	
7	48					x			X			
8	57							Х	X			
9	54						Х		X			
10	59							X				
11	48					Х			X			
12	50					X			X			
13	48					x			X			
14	46					X					X	
15	50					Х			Х			
16	49					Х					Х	
17	48					Х			X			

50.59

# Rincian penganggaran

DISNAV	Tg Priok	4
Jumlah stasiun	5	7101
	6	04.

Penganggaran (tahunan)

nama SROP	Anggaran yang dialokasikan Rp		Pendapatan penerimaan bukan pajak Rp			
CONTON		Gaji staf	Pemeliharaan	Pembelian	Biaya operasional	Layanan Telegram
Jakarta TOH						
panjang						
Cirebon						
Bengkulu						
Cigading						

# pengumpulan data internet

DISNAV	Tg Priok
Jumlah stasiun	5
	CIII.

#### Data Internet/3G/4G/LTE

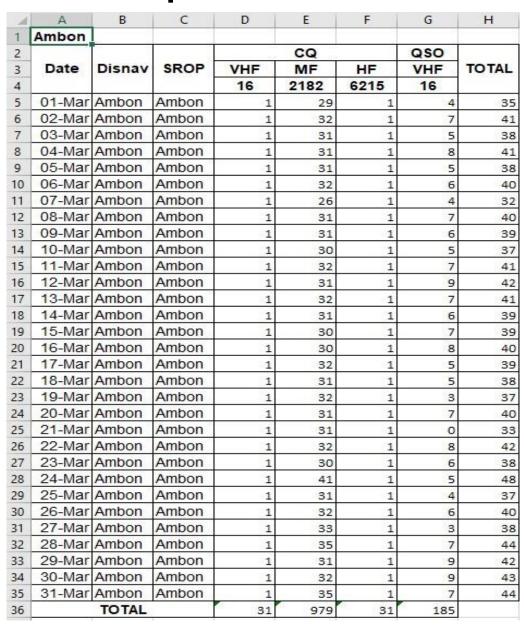
nama SROP	Jaringan yang tersedia	Jenis					Hasil tes kecepatan (PING) Mb/s		
CONTOH	Pemberi	Kabel		GSM					
CONTOR		Serat optik	Logam (ADSL)	3G	4G	LTE	Unduh	Mengunggah	
<mark>Jakarta</mark>	Telekomsel				X		11.88	28.18	

## Analisis isi buku catatan operasi

TANGGAL : OI MA	Uraian Berhubungan		Frekwensi		Stasiun Berhubungan	Waktu		
Berhubungan			TX	Panggilan	Stasiun Bernubungan	Jam Menit		
MIL A	STH CH STIST T.LIET HIL		2192	Pk€	AMBOWA PADIO	tvo .	00	
	STOY T. LIST MIL		8215 CH 16/73			co		
						00		
	213 HIT					100 - 03		
	SID MIL		2182	٠		30 - 35		
	SIBY T.LIST MIL		13	٠	A FITTE	00	01	
	SID HIL	2182	2181			00-03		
	SID MIL	2182	2182	•	MILL	30 -33		
	CLASE		13	-		00	02	
	SP MIL		2182			00-013		
	SID MIL		2192	٠	•	301 - 33		
	SPHIL		2182			cn -03	OB .	
	STOY T-LIST MIL		8			30		
	3D HIL		2182		•	30 - 33		
	नाम प्र		2182			co.co		
	CL /STOY T.LIST MIL		8/4		•	30		
	SP MIL		2182		-	30 - 35		
	STET T. LIST MIL		13			m	05	
	JD MIL		2192			cc -cs		
	3D 4'r		2192			30 -33		

Rasio konten operasi bulanan per setiap frekuensi Di setiap SROP

Model: B:-18A



Contoh Kutipan bulan	Contoh Kutipan bulan Maret 2022 selama selama 31 hari		Komunikasi harian							
Disnav	SROP	CQ				QSO				
		VHF	MF	HF	Total	VHF	HF	Total		
		16	2182	All channel		Seluruh Channe		nnel		
1Ambon	Ambon	1	32	1	34	6	_	6		
2Banjarmasin	Banjarmasin	-	-	3	3	-	0	0		
3Banjarmasin	Kumani	_	0	-	0	1	-	1		
4Belawan	Pangkalan Susu	1	_	1	2	0	_	0		
5Belawan	Tg Balai	-	-	8	8	-	2	2		
6Belawan	Kuala Langsa	-	-	4	4	-	-	-		
7Bitung	Bitung	0	-	2	2	0	1	1		
8Cilacap	Cilacap	10	-	6	16	1	0	2		
9Dumai	Dumai	2	2	13	17	-	0	0		
10Kendari	Kendari	1	4	1	6	0	1	1		
11 Kendari	Kolaka	3	-	3	6	1	4	5		
12Kupang	Kupang	-	-	-	-	4	-	4		
13Palembang	Palembang	-	3	10	13	-	-	-		
14 Palembang	Tg Pandan	7	-	6	13	2	-	2		
15 Palembang	Pg Balam	2	-	2	4	6	-	6		
16Semarang	Jepara	3	-	6	8	2	-	2		
17 Semarang	Pekalongan	1	-	11	12	0	-	0		
18Semarang	Semarang	-	-	16	16	-	0	0		
19Tg Pinang	Batu Ampar	-	-	-	-	2	-	2		
20 Tg Pinang	Dabo Singkep	-	-	-	-	5	-	5		
21 Tg Pinang	Sei Kolak Kijang	-	-	-	-	5	-	5		
22 Tg Pinang	Tarenpa	-	-	-	-	2	-	2		
23 Tg Pinang	Tg Pinang	-	-	-	-	14	-	14		
24 Tg Pinang	Tg Uban	-	-	-	-	2	-	2		
25 Tual	Saumlaki	-	-	8	8	-	2	2		
26 Tual	Tual	-	0	23	23	-	2	2		
		1.17	1.58	4.78	7.53	2.06	0.47	2.53		

### Alur studi

### **Analisis**

Menangani situasi operasi yang sebenarnya



Alokasi SDM yang diperlukan untuk operasi

### Keluaran

SDM yang efisien dan efektif dialokasikan untuk operasi



Seluruh konsolidasi SROP

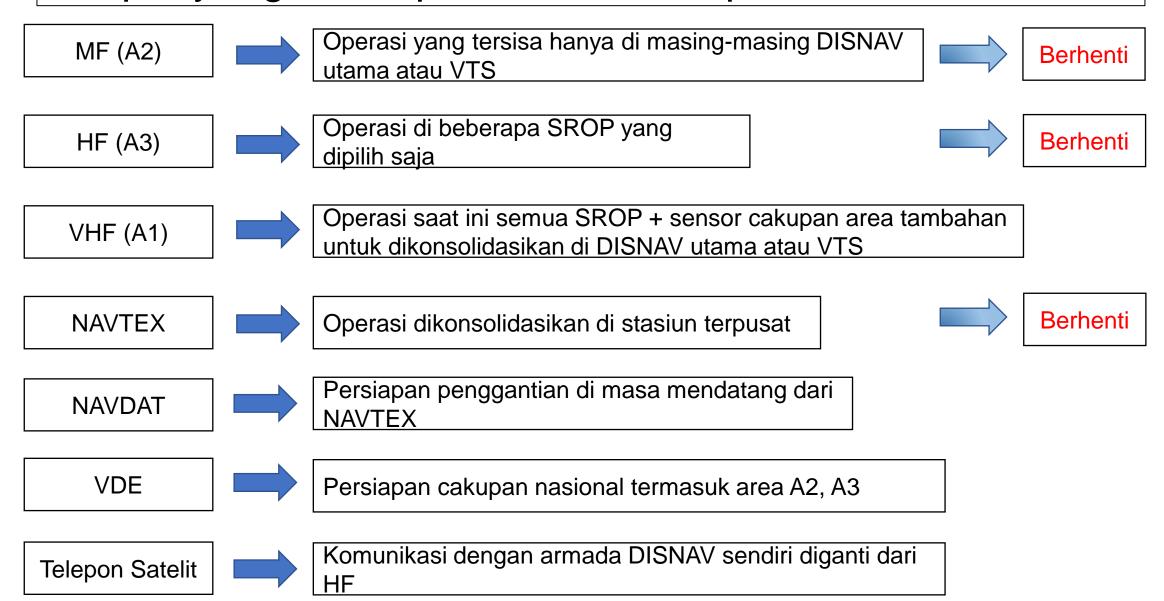
Estimasi penganggaran

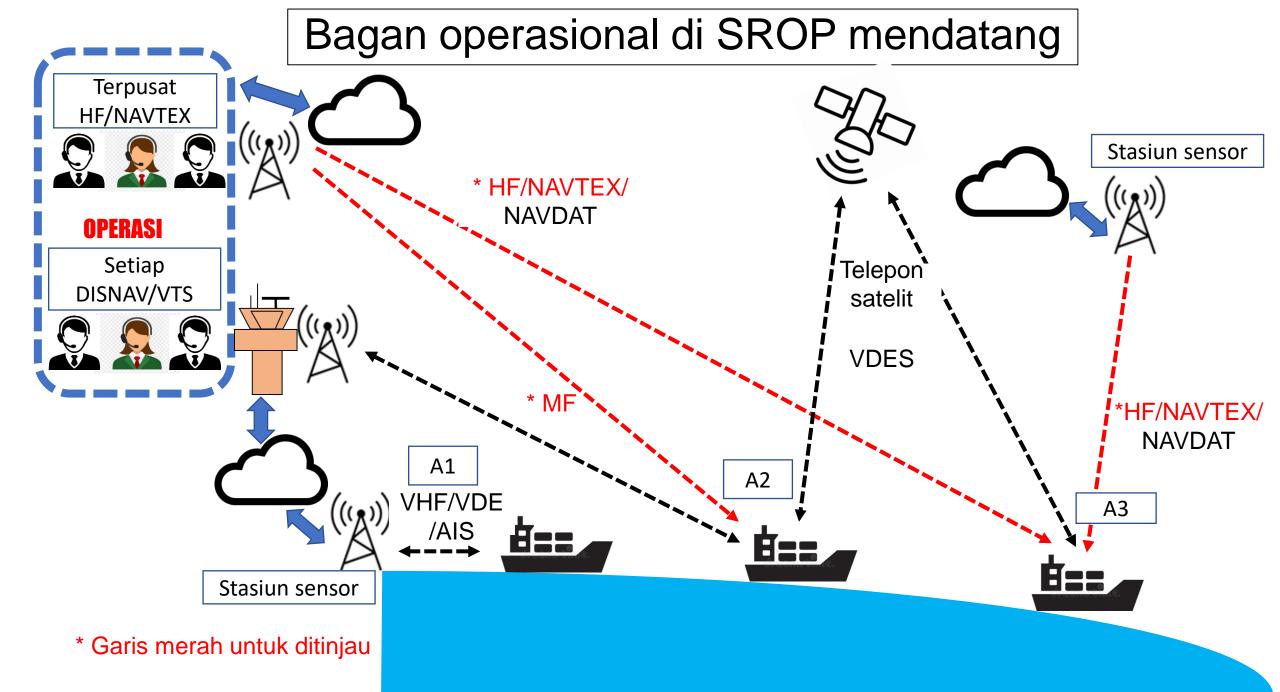
Sebelum



Setelah

### Output yang diharapkan untuk setiap metode komunikasi





### VDE(S) (Pertukaran Data VHF)

Suara, Data teks dapat ditukar dalam rentang VHF

Penyedia layanan data untuk mendapatkan pendapatan bukan pajak



**VDES** 









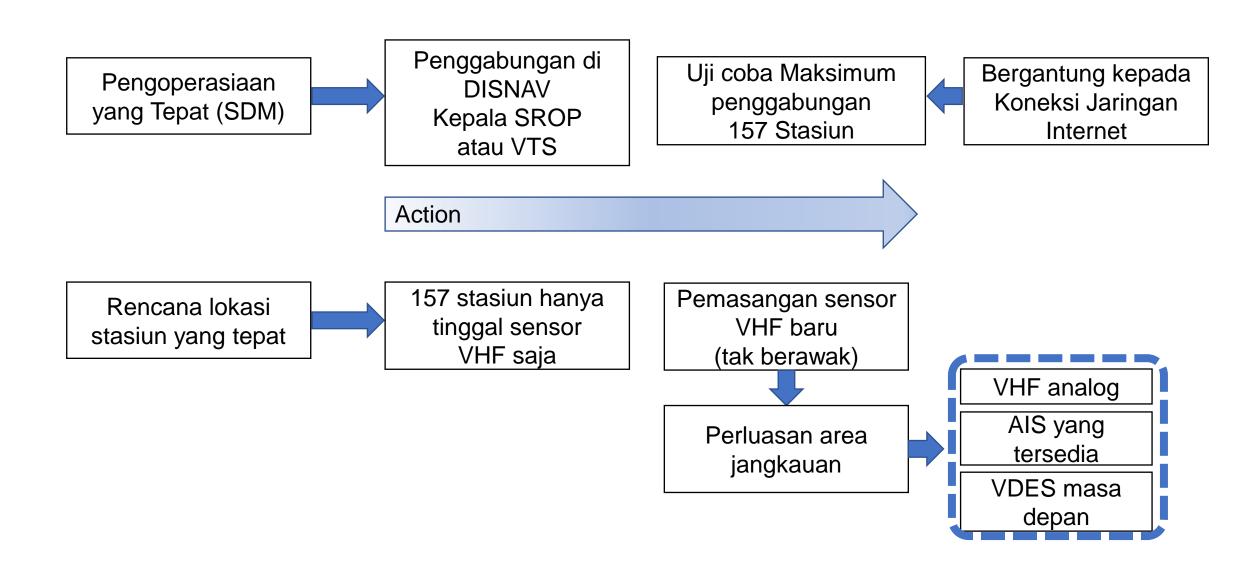
## KM Wakashio keadaan Marabahaya di Mauritius 2020

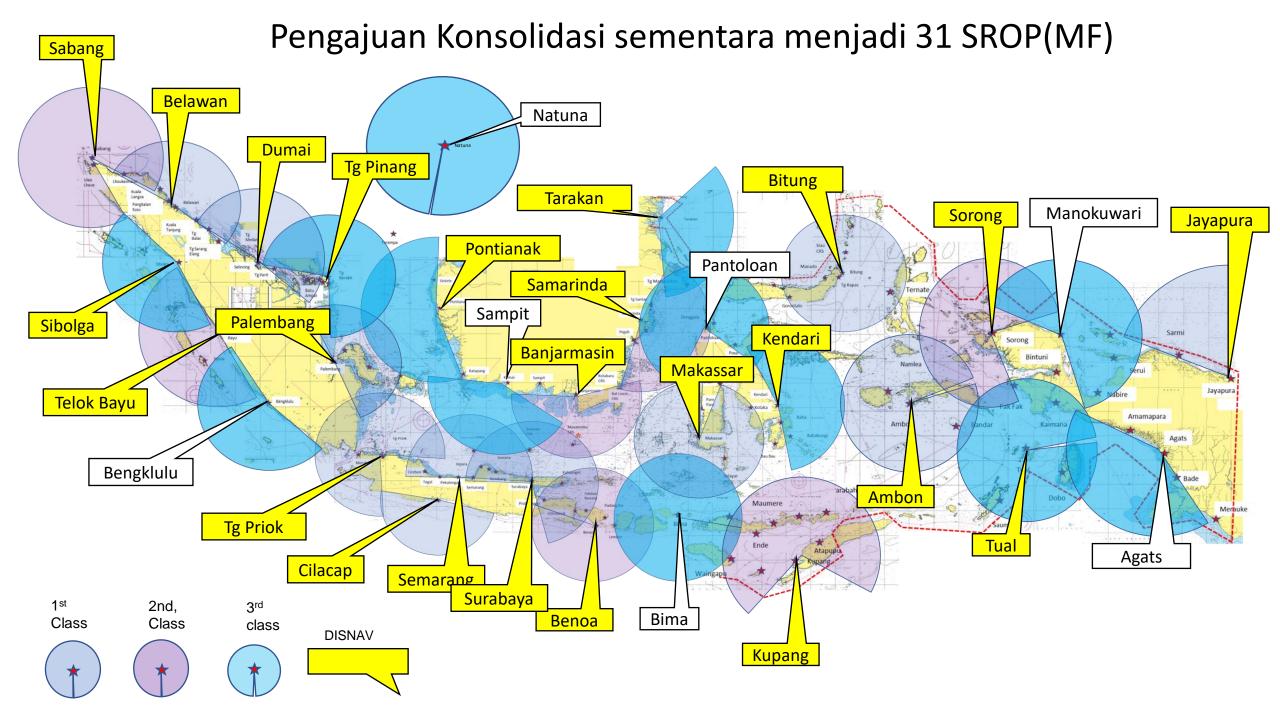


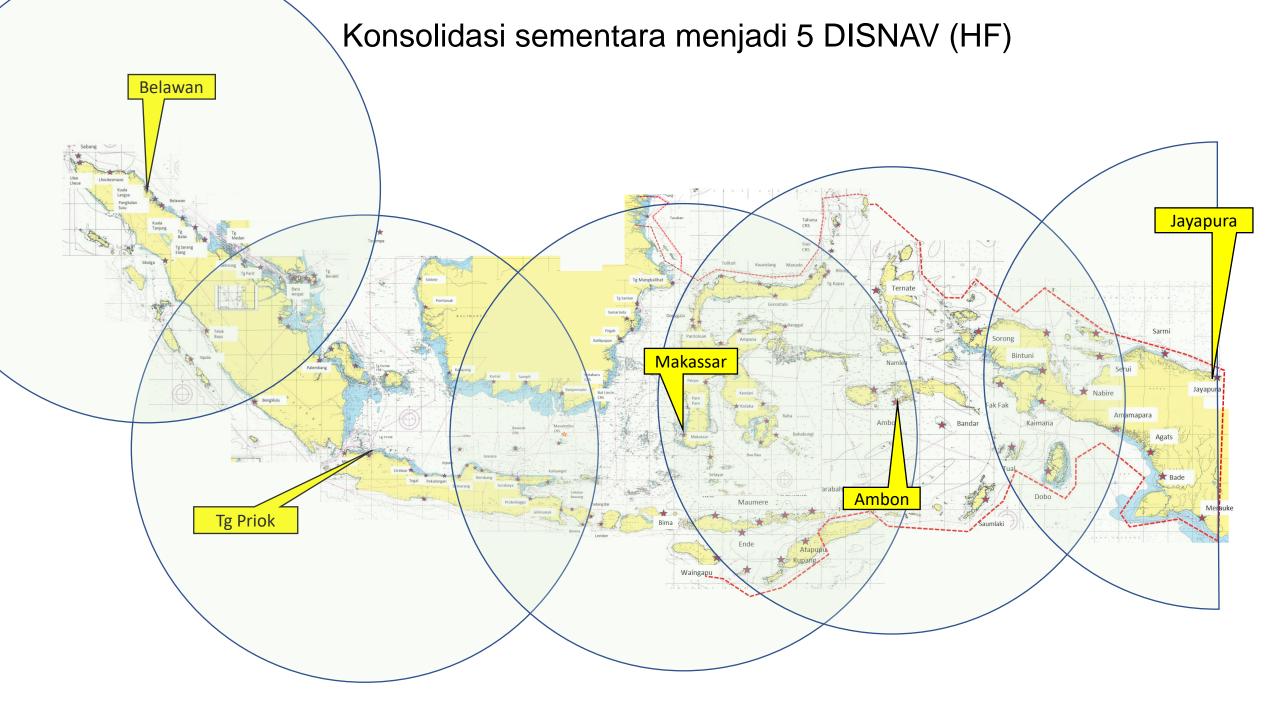




# Output yang Diharapkan (Rekomendasi)







#### Konsolidasi Sementara dari 157 SROP (VHF) dioperasikan di 25 DISNAV atau VTS Sabang Belawan Dumai Tg Pinang Bitung **Tarakan** Sorong Jayapura Pontianak Samarinda Sibolga Kendari Banjarmasin Makassar Telok Bayu Ambon Tg Priok Tual Cilacap Semarang Surabaya Benoa Kupang

Konsolidasi 157 SROP + Menara suar pilihan mencakup area A1 Sabang (Bergantung pada koneksi internet) Belawan Dumai Tg Pinang Bitung **Tarakan** Sorong Jayapura Pontianak Samarinda Sibolga Kendari Banjarmasin Makassar Telok Bayu Tg Priok Tual Cilacap Semarang Surabaya Benoa Kupang

# Terima Kasih

Thank you very much

ありがとうございました

# Appendix 3.6 -6

Presentation (Vessels for AtoN)

# Policy for appropriate management of Navigation Vessels

Navigation Vessels are assigned to the District Navigation Authority (Disnav) to install, operate and maintain navigation signs (AtoN).

Existing Navigation Vessels face many challenges, including many aging vessels, a shortage of seafarers due to the aging of skilled seafarers, and huge fuel costs.

Therefore, by investigating and examining the vessels and crew in detail, we will make a plan to allocate appropriate vessels to each Disnav so that the AtoN managed by each Disnav can be appropriately managed and operated.

- (1) Actual work and workload of Navigation Vessels
  In recent years, in the AtoN, the utilization of semiconductors for the light source and solar cells for the power supply enables unmanned lighthouses, less frequency of transportation of fuel for power generation, less replacement of storage batteries for buoys, and less maintenance and inspection work. Since the amount of work for Navigation Vessels in the past has changed, the amount of work for each vessel shall be calculated to study and analyze content for each managed service sea area.
- (2) Handling and activity survey of Navigation Vessels Clarify the activity / maintenance / waiting rate of each vessel.
- (3) Handling of Navigation Vessels and examination of work capacity Clarification of daily operation capacity of each vessel (buoy replacement, underwater inspection work, AtoN maintenance inspection work, etc.)

(4) Examination of current issues

Collecting requests for Navigation Vessels from each Disnav and clarifying the challenges they face

(5) It is necessary to grasp the current situation and situation of the AtoN (SBNP) group accurately and in detail.

We will update the information as soon as possible due to lack of knowledge about internal meetings between the Nautical Ship Group and the AtoN (SBNP) Group, such as changes to the current status of AtoN (introduction of new technologies such as LED and solar power supply). Information and knowledge about how to manage and operate AtoN is important information for investigating and determining ship operation plans.

## Guide Line

- 1. Collect and examine the monthly work contents of each ship and output the annual work amount. (3 years)
- (1) Buoy Tender
- a. Replacing the buoy
- b. Underwater survey of buoys
- c. Buoy repair
- d. AtoN maintenance
- e. Transportation of supplies required for AtoN
- f. Operations other than the purpose of AtoN

- (2) Aids Tender
- a. AtoN maintenance and inspection
- b. Transportation of the lighthouse keeper
- c. Transportation of fuel for generators
- d. Battery replacement
- e. Transportation of supplies required for AtoN
- f. Operations other than the purpose of AtoN
- (3) Inspection vessel
- a. Transportation of AtoN maintenance inspectors
- b. Transportation of AtoN maintenance supervisors
- c. Operations other than the purpose of AtoN

### 2. Collection of basic data

Collect the following basic data:

- a. Buoy replacement cycle (complete replacement, partial replacement)
- b. Cardinal number exchanged in one voyage
- c. Buoy maintenance site (base, vessels)
- d. Types and numbers of AtoNs accessed by vessels
- e. AtoN Patrol Cycle
- f. Details of AtoN maintenance and the period required for maintenance
- g. AtoN traveling group
- h. Distance from ship base and travel time
- i. Crew training content and training period

# 3. Examination of annual operation results (past 3 years)

Create a monthly operation record table and process the annual operation record.

- a. Number of days of activity per year (including action content)
- b. Annual maintenance days (dock)
- c. Annual maintenance days (crew)
- d. Number of rest days per year

※The reason for 3 years is to average the cases where there is a special year due to an accident or other reasons.

# 4. Extraction of issues faced by DISNAV

a. Past repairs and contents of the navigation vessels

b. Navigation Vessels failures at this time

c. Crew technical capabilities

d. Other problems, etc.

5. Create mastersheets for each Disnav staff in the sailors, engineers, buoy base technicians, and other categories related to Navigation Vessels.

a. Career

b. Age group (20-25 years old, 25-30 years old, 30-35 years old, 35-40 years old, 45-50 years old, 50-55 years old, 55 years old  $\sim$ )

c. Previous work history

d. License, certificate

# 6. Budget allocation for each DISNAV

a. Ship maintenance costs

b. Subscription items and budget

c. Fuel cost

d. New vessels to be purchased

e. Other running costs

# 7. Collection of survey results

a. Aggregation of survey results

b. Analysis of survey results

# 8. Creation of development plan (draft)

Create a development plan (draft) for disposal and replacement of aging vessels based on the amount of work and issues that Disnav has.



Inquire and adjust opinions to Disnav

# 9. Completion of development plan / notification to Disnay.

Work with Disnav to complete development plan



Notify Disnav

# Appendix 3.9 -1

Minutes for 6th JCC

### Minutes of 6th JCC

1 Name of Meeting 6th Meeting of JCC Project for Review of the Study for

Maritime Traffic Safety System Development Plan

2 Date March 02, 2023 09:30 ~ 15:00 (WIT)

3 Meeting Style Meeting and Seminar (Webcast)
 4 Venue Milenium Hotel – Mutiara Room
 5 Participant Appendix 1 (Participant's List)
 6 Subject Appendix 2 (Meeting Agenda)

7 Moderated by Mr. Nanditya Darma Wardhana, NAVIGASI

8 Note:

 The meeting was opened by Director of Navigation Mr. Budi Mantoro, Capt. M.SI., M.Mar.

He took the opportunity to extend his sincere appreciation and gratitude to Government of Japan for their excellent support to Government of Indonesia in particular Directorate General of Sea Transportation to enhance maritime traffic safety and security in Indonesia waters. A good cooperation between the government of Indonesia and the government of Japan has made the project to review of the study for maritime traffic safety system development plan available.

He also highlighted that the new master plan is very important for Indonesia government as an umbrella to develop some projects or activities in maritime safety, security and marine environmental protection comprises of Vessel Traffic Services, Aids to Navigation, Ship Routing, Coastal Radio Station and Navigation Vessel. It shall consider some aspects at least developing guideline and policy, optimizing human resources and modernization infrastructure.

He also hoped for the development of Human Resources capabilities by means of Human Resources Training.

Finally, he looked forward that JICA could continue to support the government of Indonesia to enhance maritime safety and security in Indonesia in the future.

- 2) Overview of the draft report by the representative of each component:
  - Component-1 AtoN, VTS and Ship Routing by Mr. Yoku SANTO
  - Component-2 Coastal Radio Station by Mr. Goro TSUKAKOSHI
  - Component-3 Navigation Vessel by Mr. Hajime KOGA
- 3) Question and Answer (Free discussion)
  - Mr. Ison Hendrasto, Deputy Director of Sea Lane and Passage Arrangement

He thanked JICA and JANA for carrying out a review of the Navigation Master Plan. According to the presentation from JANA, the method for determining the needs of ATON, which has been conducted this time, was by collecting Questionnaires and compiling their results. And then, a hearing will be conducted, and based on its results, a feasibility study will be performed for the implementation plan.

The question is whether the method used by JANA this time will also be implemented in Japan, because we, the Directorate of Navigation, determine the amount needed for ATON by identifying the channels, especially the inlet to the port, so that we can determine its adequacy. For information, in Indonesia there are 636 port entry channels, while we only have 106 port entry channels, so there are a minimum of 520 channels.

### (Ans.) by SANTO, JANA

In Japan, the necessity and appropriateness of the establishment of ATON is fundamentally considered based on user's requests, which are gotten from such as a hearing session, a petition and a safety commission. If there are nearly 500 channels remaining which have already been nominated in your country, the first step is to conduct a hearing at those ports and listen to the users' requests. A hearing session is an important process in developing an establishment plan of ATON.

### 2. Response from Mr. Raymond, DISNAV Tanjung Priok:

Mr. Raymond explained that Indonesia is:

- The largest archipelagic country in the world
- Member of International Maritime Community
- Acceleration of Industry and economic development.

So, the following things are needed:

- a. Ships Routing
- b. Aids to Navigation
- c. CRS and VTS
- d. Manning and Capacity Building
- e. Navigation Vessel
- f. And Financing Strategy.

Can the things that he described above become a FOCUS in the preparation of this Navigation Master Plan so that they become the basis for making regulations and policies for the future leadership?

### 3. Mr. Ketut Aries, DISNAV Benoa:

He greatly appreciated the results of JANA's study regarding the consolidation of the Coastal Radio Station (CRS) and Vessel Traffic Service (VTS) which would reduce HR requirements by 60%.

At this time in Indonesia in general data communication networks are not evenly distributed as a whole, especially in remote areas, what are the strategies to overcome the limitations of data communication in remote areas.

At this time there are several class 4 CRS that have MF/HF devices while in carrying out their duties Class 4 CRS do not serve MF/HF communication, the question is if the CRS is consolidated how will the existing equipment be? Will it be used as a spare if in the future there is damage to the main device?

At this time the CRS officer also doubles as an officer who collects Non-Tax State Revenue, is there any study related to the collection of Non-Tax State Revenue considering that CRS will be unmanned later.

### (Ans.) by SANTO, JANA

As dealing with the existing equipment in consolidating the stations, they will most likely be replaced by new ones because many of those are to be past their useful life.

### (Ans.) by Goro Tsukakoshi, JANA

As to current Non-Tax State Revenue collection and billing work, CRS consolidation does not mean to cease operation in each class 4 station. Operation including non-tax revenue such as telegram service is still carried on at DISNAV Head CRS or VTS. All the operation will be centralized and remotely continued to follow up in each unmanned sensor station even after consolidation.

### 4) Remarks by Mr. Yukimatu, JCG

He appreciated the cooperation of JANA and DGST to conveyed the masterplan report and he thinks the draft submitted in this meeting have reflected the current situation and issues of maritime traffic system in Indonesia. He hoped the report will be effectively utilized.

### 5) Remarks by Mr. Nakagawa, JICA Tokyo

He expressed his sincere appreciation for support and cooperation to complete the project for almost four years by DGST and related organizations, both in Indonesia and Japan. He was glad to have fruitful discussion of the result of the study. These days navigation system in maritime are changing due to digital technology such as GPS, so he believed that now is the right time to review the last masterplan for maritime system which was formulated nearly twenty years ago. Both Indonesia and Japan are maritime country and the sea is vital in the people life and economy. He believed this project can contribute to the economic and social development of Indonesia.

### 6) Closing comment by Mr. Nanditya, NAVIGASI

Indonesia hopes that further cooperation and support by Government of Japan, such as to realize the plan for capacity building of a VTS instructor and for a CRS consolidation project which have been proposed in this masterplan.

7) Seminar by Mr. T. Takimoto

Question by Mr. Fhatan, NAVIGASI

- Actual contents of service extendable in Indonesia
- Establishment of land infrastructure (land station)
- Demonstration of VDES

(Ans.) by Mr. Takimoto

A demonstration system would be available by the end of 2023 or 2024. Sustainable necessary cooperation work about VDES could be proposed to NAVIGASI accordingly.

Capt. BUDI MANTORO, M.Si, M.Mar.
Director, Directorate of Navigation
Directorate General of Sea Transportation
Ministry of Transportation
The Republic of Indonesia

HONZU Shigeo Senior Representative JICA Indonesia

<sup>\*</sup> Pictures of 6th JCC & Seminar are attached on the next pages.

### **Picture of 6th JCC & Seminar**





**Opening Ceremony** 

Moderator (Mr. Nanditya)



Opening remarks by Director of NAVIGASI







Briefing on each component (AtoN, CRS, AtoN Vessel)





Question from participants

Interpreter

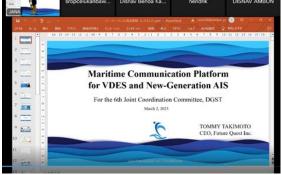


Remarks by JCG

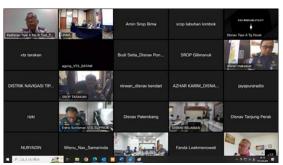


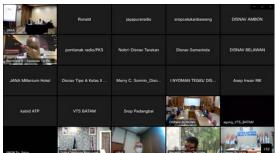
Remarks by JICA, Tokyo





Seminar by Mr. Takimoto





On-line participants (105 at its peak)

### Participants of 6th JCC Meeting and Seminar

DGST JICA / JST

1 F			No	Name	Title/Section
.	Budi Mantoro	Director of NAVIGASI, DGST	1	Shigeo Honzu	Senior Representative, JICA Indonesia
2 1	Indra Santosa	Deputy Director for Maritime Telecommunication - Directorate of Navigation	2	Naoya Kuboshima	Project Formulation Adviser, JICA Indonesia
3 N		Deputy Director for Technical Planning of Navigation - Directorate of Navigation	3	Syunsuke Yukimatu	Officer, Maritime Traffic Department, JCG
4 Is	lson Hendrasto	Deputy Director for Hip Routing and Passage Arrangement of Navigation - Directorate of Navigation	4	Tomoki Takimoto	CEO, Future Quest, Inc.
5 I	Fathan M.	Staff of Deputy Director for Maritime Telecommunication	5	Yoku Santo	JST, JANA
6 F	Rizki Cahyadi	Staff of Deputy Director for Maritime Telecommunication	6	Goro Tukakoshi	JST, JANA
7	Ms. Heny	Staff of Directorate of Navigation	7	Hajime Koga	JST, JANA
8 Z	Zahara Staff of Directorate of Navigation			Dhana Mulyana	Local staff, JANA
9 A	rthur Staff of Deputy Director for Maritime Telecommunication		9	Ms. Apsari Amanda P	Local staff, JANA
10 N	M. Arifin	Staff of Deputy Director for Maritime Telecommunication	10	Brigantono Tomo	Local Consultant, Tomo & Son
11 [	Dofito	Staff of Deputy Director for Maritime Telecommunication	11	Andre	Local Consultant, Tomo & Son
12 N	Ms. Andriany	Planning Bureau for Ministry of Transportation	12	Ms. Shadrinna	Local Consultant, Tomo & Son
13 S	Shandri	Staff of Directorate of Navigation	13	Arman	Interpreter
14 T	Tony Rafiq	Staff of Deputy Director for Maritime Telecommunication	14	Ms. Lina	Interpreter
15 N	Malik Aziz	Staff of Directorate of Navigation	15		
16 F	Ryan	Staff of Directorate of Navigation	16		
17			17		
	0 11 5 77	JCC : 105			
(	On-line Participant	Seminar : 69			

### Program of the Meeting

on

# The Six Joint Coordination Committee and the Seminar

The Project for Review of the Study for Maritime Traffic Safety System Development Plan (Date / Venue : March 2, 2023 / Milenium Hotel, Jakarta)

1.	Opening Remarks by Director of Navigation	0900 - 0915
2.	Briefing on the Overview of the Draft Report for the Phase-2 Activities by JANA	0915 - 1030
3.	(Coffee Break)	1030 - 1045
4.	Q & A, Free Discussion	1045 - 1115
5.	Remarks by Mr. Yukimatu, JCG	1115 - 1130
6.	Remarks by Mr. Nakagawa, JICA	1130 – 1145
7.	(Buffet Lunch)	1145 – 1300
8.	Seminar (Presentation by Mr. T. Takimoto)(Title : Maritime Communication Platform)	1300 - 1400

\* The Session and the Seminar will be webcast (Web-Broadcast) with "Webex".

Join from the meeting link

https://jana.webex.com/jana-en/j.php?MTID=ma199a01db9f8c2df4e99f65ffaad1541

Meeting number (access code): 2517 679 0986 Meeting password: cpFwhVp4U74

### Seminar : By Mr. Takimoto



### Maritime Communication Platform for VDES and Next-Generation AIS

CoastalLink is a digital platform which enables all ships and ports to share their location and other information and to communicate with each other.

**VDES** (VHF Data Exchange System) is a new maritime communication standard introduced by the International Association of Marine Aids to Navigation and Lighthouse Authorities (IALA) and the International Telecommunication Union (ITU), and it is known as the next generation AIS.

Currently, some countries are developing **VDES Relay Communication Satellite** with additional messaging and data exchange capacity, and dedicated satellite constellations are scheduled to be launched in 2023.

Source: "FutureQuest HP"

# Appendix 3.9 -2

Presentation (AtoN)



## Directorate General of Sea Transportation Ministry of Transportation Republic of Indonesia

# The 6th Meeting of JCC

# The Project for Review of the Study For Maritime Traffic Safety System Development Plan

March 2, 2023

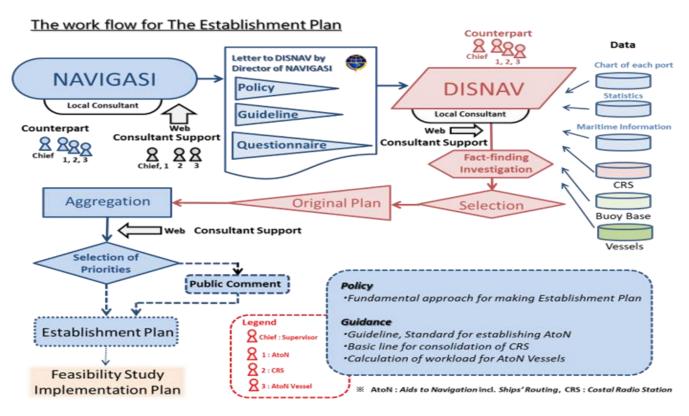


Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

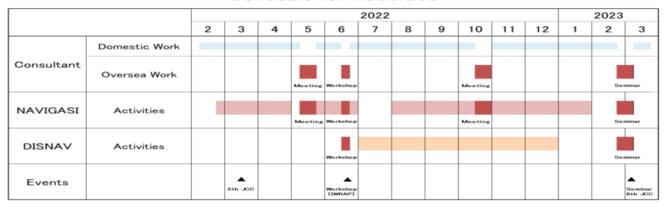


Japan Aids to Navigation Association (JANA)

# Outline of Activities



#### Schedule for Activities



# Preparation of Establishment Plan

> Component 1: Aids to Navigation and VTS, including Ship Routing



> Component 2 : Coastal Radio Station



> Component 3: Vessels for Aids to Navigation

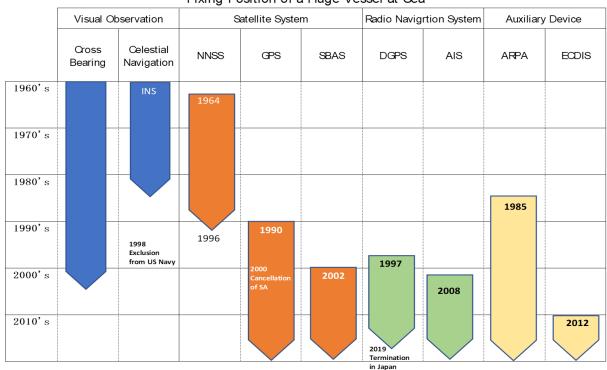


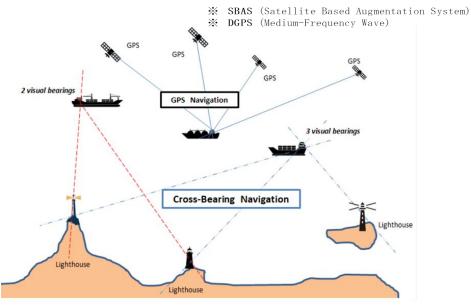
# **Component 1**

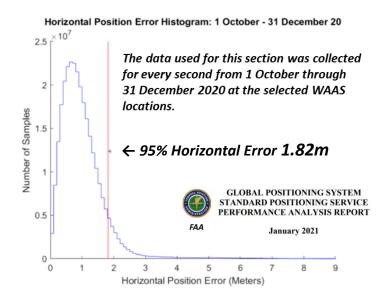
Aids to Navigation and VTS, including "Ships Routing"

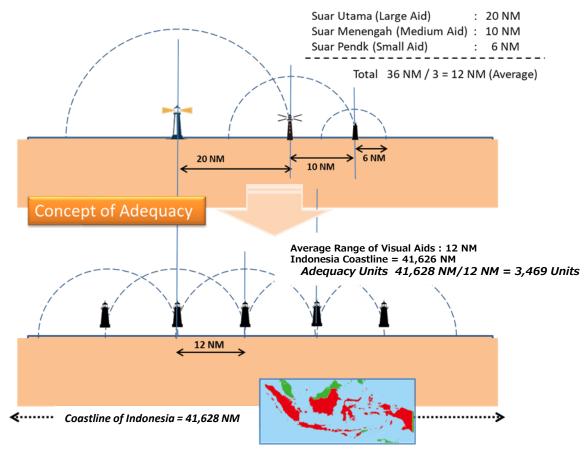


### Fixing Position of a Huge Vessel at Sea







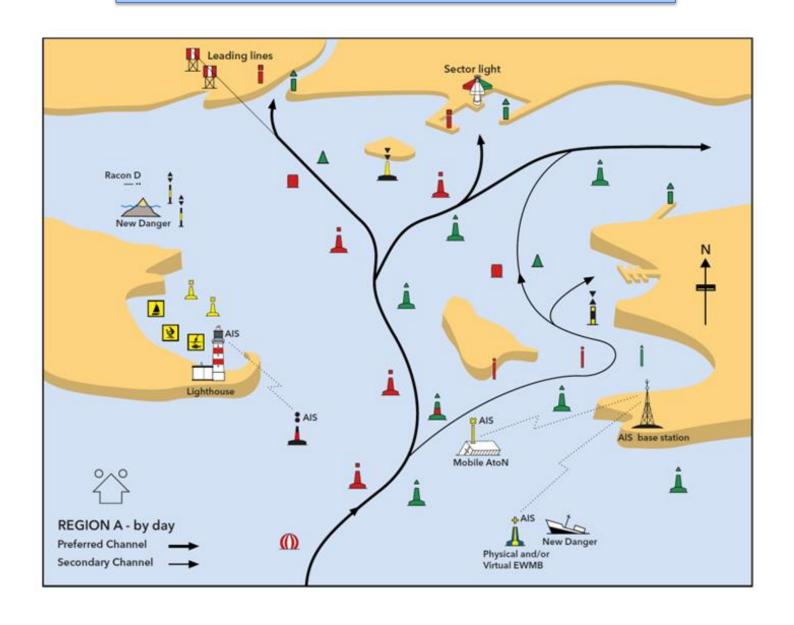


Development/E	stablishment	2002	201	6	2019			
State	us	Existing	Five-Year Plan	Existing	Five-Year Plan	Existing		
Lighthouse		235	286	282	306	284		
Light Beacon	DGST	1,168	1,756	1,557	2,281	1,877		
Light beacon	Non-DGST	437		743		843		
Tota	al	1,840	(2,042)	2,582	(2,587)	3,004		
Adequa	су (%)	53 %	_	74 %		87 %		

Caluculated Adequacy Number of SBNP

3,469 Units / 41,628 Mile, as of 2015

# **IALA Maritime Buoyage System**



### **Policy of Establishment Plan for providing Aids to Navigation**

### a. Eliminating unlit bays and harbors

Navigation at night is very dangerous to approach a coastal area and / or a harbor without marine lighted aids to navigation, even though with the advantage of local knowledge.

### b. Transformation into a port where vessels can enter more safely

Regional ports are expected to increase in vessel traffic progressively, and further safety of their navigation must be ensured.

In order to mitigate navigation risks caused by in traffic volume, it is necessary to properly and more effectively arrange marine aids to assist navigators with determining their position, a safe course and to warn them of dangers and obstructions.

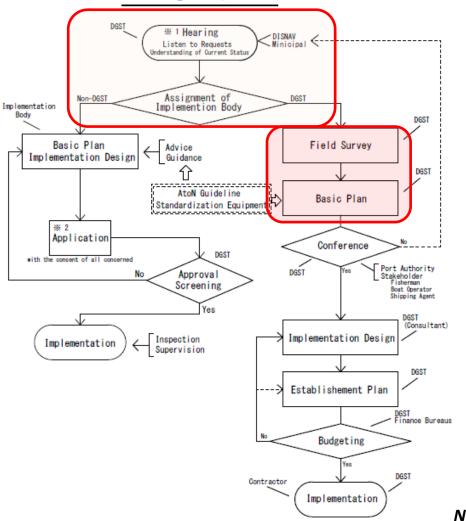
# c. A goal is the port that vessels can navigate safely and efficiently at any time

For the prosperity of the region and the nation, it goes without saying that safe and stable marine traffic is secured, but for further prosperity a port that is always open is required.

To achieve this goal, it is indispensable to establish aids to navigation suitable for the purpose and to provide appropriate and reliable maritime information.

### Maritime Traffic Safety Measures - establishing Process

### Existing Port/Harbor



\*\* Hearing
Listen to Requests
Understanding of Current Status

DISNAV Municipal

### ¾¹ Hearing will be held once a year at DISNAV

### Hearing Survey on the Wants and Needs for AtoN

- 1 Preparation
  - a Collection of information
  - b Planning of Survey
- 2 Prior consultations
  - a Contact with stakeholders
- 3 Hearing Survey
  - a Stakeholder Hearing held in sites
  - b Site Investigation
  - c Collection of data
- 4 Compilation of Hearing results
  - a Wants and Needs
  - b Data
- 5 Preparation of Report

### **Stakeholders**

Sailor

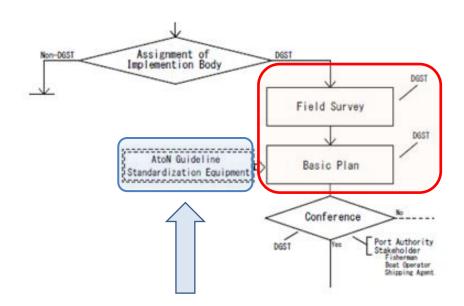
**DGST** 

- Fisher
- Marine engaged person
- Maritime Administration

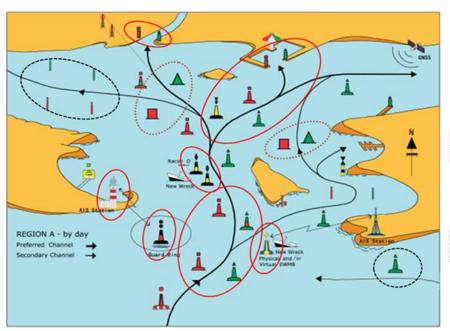
### Information

- Marine Accidents
- Volume of Traffic
- Development of Port
- Marine Chart

Assignment of Implementation Body DGST



**Explanatory Figure** for Classification of significance for the installation



- Landfalls
- Primary routes

### Category 1 Vital

- Dangers

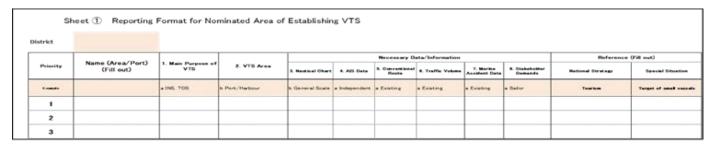
### Category 2 **Important**

- Secondary routes · Supplemental marks of primary routes
- Category 3 Necessary
- · Helpful/useful to navigation

### Feasibility Study & Implementation Design

- 1 Preparation
  - a Collection of information
  - b Planning of Investigation
- 2 Prior consultation
  - a Contact with related parties
- 3 Site survey
  - a Hearing of user's opinion
  - b Collection of data
  - c Selection of AtoN
  - d Field validation
- 4 Designing
  - a Decide on specification
  - b Risk Management
    - (Identification, Analysis, Assessment)
- 5 Estimation of Cost
- 6 Preparation of Report

# Questionnaires Sheet -1, -2



Name or District	Sea Area	/ Port													
	(Name)														
						List of Exisiting/Pla	inned V	TS							
		Sheet (2)						0.0000							
		Location of Center (Full out)				Type of VTS				3 Facilitie	es (Number)				Legal Basis
Nafarronea Number	T Represe	Name of VTS	Pos	Hon	2 VTS Area	Purpose (Muliple Answers)	Operation	Racer	AIS	осто	Metanorological Instrument	Sylve	Trachortical Signal	Other (fill dut)	Regulation/La
Giran Co		-101-6 0-413	Longititude	Latitude	2 VIS Area		Center	Add to	1000	4415	Intervene	15,877			(Fill out)
Example	a Existing	ABCD	01-27-45.005	125-34-00.25E	t Part/Harbour	Inti. TOS, NAS, Servellance, Allest Service	-11	2	2	2	8	2	1.	7	
	b Planning	GHDKL.	00-56-06.335	133-10-45.106	a Countel Waters	DNI, NAS, Servelones	4	3	2	1	2	3	0		
1		1	1												
2															
3								1							
							_			_	_				

### **Drop Down List**

1.14	oin Dumana of VTS			
1.10	ain Purpose of VTS a INS, TOS	INS (Information Service), TOS (Traffic Organisation/Management S	ervice)	$\neg$
2	b INS, TOS, NAS	NAS (Navigation Assistance Service)	0.0.00	$\dashv$
3	c INS, NAS		2. VT	S Area
4	d INS		1	a Cosstal Waters
5	e TOS		2	b Port/Harbour
6	f NAS		3	c Inland Water (River)
7	g Surveillance	Coastal Surveillance and Maritime Security	3. Na	utical Chart
8	h Allied Service	Pilotage, Immigration, Customs, Coast Guard	1	a Big Scale
5. Co	onventional Route		2	b General Scale
1	a Existing	Ragulated route, Traditional lane, Habitual course	3	c None
2	b None			
			4. AIS	S Data
6. Tr	affic Volume		- 1	a Independent
1	a Existing	Number of Vessels in each veseels type	2	b Internet
2	b None		3	c None

1	la Indep

ı	1	a Independent	Stand-alone, VTS
	2	b Internet	Marinetraffic.com
ı	3	c None	

Scale: 1/15000, 1/50,000

Scale: 1 / 250000 Ocean Seamap, Google Map

#### 8. Stakeholder Demands

1	a Sailor	Navigator, Seaman, Pilot
2	b Fisherman	
3	c Marine Person	People who is engaged in marine activities, business.
4	d Sailor, Fisherman	
5	e Sailor, Marine Person	
6	f None	

#### 7. Marine Accident Data

1	a Existing	Number of accidents in each type of accident
2	b None	

# **Questionnaires Sheet -3**

#### Sheet (3) Reporting Format for Planned AtoN

Name of Sea Area / Port District Chart No (Name)

### List of Planned Aids to Navigation

		Location			Aid			Cabi	itory				Type	of Marks			Remarks	
wince			ition		1								.,,,-				110110110	
ber	Name of AtoN	Longtitude	Letitude	Type (*1)	Spec	Specification (*2)		a Area (*3)	Significance (*4)	Latera	(*5)	Can	dinal (*6)	Special (*7)		Light Color (*8)	Popular nam	
nple	ABCDEF 0	0-25-45.00N	130-23-55.00E	Lighted Beacon	Short e	range Light	Harbor/Por	rt (Restricted area)	Category 2 (Important)	Port		Not App	licable (n/a)	Special Mark	s (Quarantine Area)	Red		
												No	Type of	Marke		Items		
												140	Type of	1 Idi Ka	Special Ma		Zana\	
					No	Catego	bry		Items			ı				-		
	_						Offshore waters				<u> </u>	ı			Special Marks (Quarantine Area			
rop Down List 🖳 🗀 🗀								Coastal w	aters		<u> </u>	l			Special Marks (Anchorage)			
No Name of Aid Items						Sea Area	(*3)	Congested	d area		1	7	Specia	1 (*7)	Special Ma	rks (Wreck	Marking)	
No	Name of Aid	Liththous						Harbor/Po	ort (Restricted a	rea)	1	ľ	эреста	. ( //	Transition	Mark		
							1		ters (River)		1				Safe Water	Mark		
	-	Breakwat						Imana wa	iters (itirer)		J	ı			Approach I	Mark		
		Harbor Li			No	Cate	egory		Items		1	ı			Not Applica			
		Lighted B					-	Cateo	ory 1 (Vital)		1	=						
		Lighted B			A	4 Significance					ł	No	Type	of Mark	cs	Items		
1	Type (*1)	Leading Lihgts Sector Lihgt			"	Sigilii	rearree		Category 3 (Necessary)						White			
							Category 3 (Necessar)			ry)	J		O Liebt Color (		Red			
		Beacon (Unlighted)			No	Type of Marks Items					1	8 Light Color (*8) Yellow				,		
		Buoy (Un			110	Type or	TOI TO	Starboard			1				Green			
		Landmark						0.00.00.0			-	$\Box$			Green			
_		AtoN AIS			١.		(+ F)		Port			Cutegor				Shape		
No	Name of Aid		Items		5	Lateral	(*5)		hannel of Starboar	đ				1-	1 Single red cylinds	er Scand		
			fall Light					Preferred C	hannel of Port		Н.			1	2 Single green cylin	nder (can)		
			-range Light		$\Box$			Not Applica	iot Applicable (n/a)			I LATERAL MAR		1	3 Single green con-	e, point upwards		
			um-range Lic		No	Type	of Mari	lve	Items		1 🗀			1	4 Single red cone, :	point upwards		
2	Specification (	_	t-range Light		140	туре	or relati				-			2-	1 2 black cones, or	e above the other,	pointing upward	
-			nel Light					North	1		Ι,	CAR	DINAL MARKS	2	2 2 black cones, or	e above the other,	base to base	
			ing Lihats					East			1   ,	-			3 2 black cones, or	e above the other.	points downward	
			Aids (Mediu	m-range)	6	Cardi	nal (*6	5) Sout	h					2	4 2 black cones, or	e above the other.	point to point	
_		Radio	Aids (medic	irrange)				West			3	ISOI	ATED DANGE	R MAJOKS 2	2 black spheres,	one above the othe	,	
							Not A		1 4	SAF	E WATER MARK	KS 4	Single red sphere	,				

### Status of Reply to Questionnaire for Aton

### As of December 12, 2022

						Questioni							
NO	AREA	CLASS	SHEET 1	SHEET 2	SHEET 3	DATA	мо	AREA	CLASS	SHEET 1	SMEET 2	SHEET 3	DATA
1	Sabang (1)	Coss II	Nominated Aleja VTS * (31/10)	Existing Planned VTS 1(2010)	Played AbN (3110)	Sing Routing Report	14	Kupang (14)	Coss E		Existing AssN+(D811)		
2	Belavan (2)	Coss I		Existing Planned VTS			15	Banjarmashin (15)	Coss E	Nominated Area VTS	Existing AtoN & Existing Planned VTS		
3	Sibolga (3)	Coss ≡	-			Report of existing AtoN (0111) Master Plan Novigas (3 bodgs (0111))	Г						Charl / Cata - Toffic Lone to enter Fort of Torokon (2710)
4	Teluk Bayur (4)	Coss I		Existing Ato N 1(21111)	Planed AsiN 1(2)11()		16	Tarakan (16)	Closes III	Nominated Alea VTS * (2910)	Existing Planned \175 1 (29 10)		- Establishment Plan VTS Center Torskand Censor SheTg, Base, Pulau Buryu (27 10)  - Trafic Volume 2022 (27 10)  - Lat of Manne Accident (28 10)
5	Tg. Pinang (5)	Coss I	Nomiroled Aleo VTS	Existing Planned VTS & Existing ABN *Existing AtoN (1811)	Playmed AtoN		17	Samarinda (17)	Coss I	Noninsed Area AssN 5 Noninsed Area VTS 11(2510)	Existing AtoN Existing & Planned VTS	Parred AssN	Osef / Osta - Naskol Osef (2910)
6	Dumai (6)	Coss I	Nominated Area AtoN & Nominated Area VTS	Existing AtoN & Existing Planned VTS	Planned AtoN		18	Makassar (18)	Coss I	Nominated Area AtoN	Existing VTS * (25/10)	Plamed ApN * Plamed AtoN (2510)	
7	Palembang (7)	Coss I		Existing Planned VTS			19	Kendari(19)	Coss II		Existing Planned VTS		
	Pontianak (8)	Coss ≡	Nominated Area AtoN & Nominated Area VTS	Existing Plamed VTS			20	Bitung (24)	Coss I		Existing AtoN * (1212)		
9	Tg. Priok (9)	Coss I	Nominated Area AtoN S Nominated Area VTS	Existing AtoN & Existing Planned VTS	Planned AtoN		21	Ambon (21)	Coss I	Noninoted Avec VTS	Existing Planned VTS & Existing AtoN * (2010)		
10	Cilecap (10)	Coss Ⅲ	Nominated Area AtoN	Existing AtoN *Existing AtoN (27:10)	Planned AtoN (NL) Planned AtoN (27:10)		22	Sorong (22)	Cites I		Existing Flowed VTS		
11	Semarang (11)	Coss II	-	Existing Planned VTS	-	Ship Routing Kohnun Crossing Roue, Legon Boph Shoding Roue, Kohnun Jose Roue, Basing Roue, Themato Chart (Jepon, Kendol, Pakalongar, Remborg, Semorang)	25	Jayapura (23)	Coss E		Existing AtoN * (1611)	Planned AlbN*(1611)	Naulosi Chae (9911) Naulosi Chae with Alb/N position (1611)
						(21 11) (Charl 7. Tempii: Penetopar Alur To Pakis 2021	24	Merauke (24)	Coss II				
12	Surabaya (12)	Coss I	Noninted Area Ast N (2710)	Existing Planned VTS		8 Tem dik Plemetopon Alur Taddan 2021 9 Penetopon Alur 8 com 2022 standor RKM 10 Penetopon Alur K sibut 2022 standor RKM	z	Tual (25)	Coss II	Nominaled Area AtoN	Porred VTS		-
13	Benoa (13)	Coss II	Noninsed Area AtoN * (5811)	Existing AtaN & Existing Planned VTS	Planned AtoN * (3611)	(Char) Allar Labukan Lombok Allar Fambi Jaman dan Sekeh Allar Pementang Allar Sanosian							

Alw Sanpalan Neukol Chat (Existing AloN & Planned AloN) (1811)

### Summary Table for Planned AtoN requested by DISNAV

December 12, 2022

		Number of	Number of	Pla	inned Atol	N
No	DISNAV	Nominated Area	Planned AtoN	Lighthouse	Lighted Beacon	Lighted Buoy
1	Sabang	2	4	2	2	
2	Belawan	0	0			
3	Sibolga	0	0			
4	Teluk Bayur	2	3		3	
5	Tg. Pinang	3				
6	Dumai	3	7		7	
7	Palembang	0	0			
8	Pontianak	1				
9	Tg. Priok	2	7		7	
10	Cilacap	2	2		2	
11	Semarang	2	8		4	4
12	Surabaya	1				

					December	12,2022
		Number of	Number of	Pla	nned Atol	N
No	DISNAV	Nominated Area	Planned AtoN	Lighthouse	Lighted Beacon	Lighted Buoy
13	Benoa	6	15		15	
14	Kupang	0	0			
15	Banjarmashin	0	0			
16	Tarakan	0	0			
17	Samarinda	2	10		3	7
18	Makassar	3	8			8
19	Kendari	0	0			
20	Bitung	0	0			
21	Ambon	2	4	4		
22	Sorong	0	0			
23	Jayapura	5	21	1	12	8
24	Merauke	0	0			
25	Tual	0	0			
	Total	36	89	7	55	27

				Table of E	stablish	ment Pla	n fo	or A	tol	N					(1/9)	_		
No.	DISNAV	Nominated	Planned	Item				In	nple	ementation (	AtoN)				eference			
140.	DISNAV	Area	AtoN	item	2024	2025	_	026		2027	2028	Subs	equent Veartil 2		ererence			
				Hearing Survey									Ох2			7		
				Feasibly Study	Oa			Oa				<u> </u>		Pulau Ache	Slumat			
1	Sabang (II)	2	4	lm plementation Design														
				Construction		OL				OL	OLB x2							
				Budget	IDR 830.M	IDR3,000.M	IDF	₹830.	М	IDR 3,000.M	IDR 1 ,750.N	4	IDR 490.M	11	OR 9,900 M			
				Hearing Survey	0			0			0		Ox2					
	Belawan(I)			Feasibly Study														
2		0	0	lm plementation Design			ļ		t									
				Construction			Г						Table of E	stablish	ment Pla			
				Budget	IDR 245.M			No.		DISNAV	Nominated Area	Planned AtoN	Item		1	1	ementation (	(AtoN)
				Hearing Survey	0								Hearing Survey	2024	2025	2026	2027 O	2028
				Feasibly Study									Feasibly Study	Oa				
3	Sibolga (Ⅲ)	0	0	Im plementation Design			-	4	Tel	luk Bayur ( I )	2	3	Im plem entation D esign					
				Construction									Construction		OLB	OLB x2		
				Budget	IDR 245.M								Budget	IDR 830.M	IDR 1,000.M	IDR 1,500.M	IDR 245.M	
		L	<u> </u>	_									Hearing Survey	0		0		0
														٥.				

_			č	Aton		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Subsequent Year til 2040	
_					Hearing Survey				0		Ox2	
		1			Feasibly Study	Oa						
	4	Teluk Bayur ( I )	2	3	Im plem entation D esign							
					Construction		OLB	OLB x2				
_					Budget	IDR 830.M	IDR 1,000.M	IDR 1,500.M	IDR 245.M		IDR 490.M	IDR 4,065.M
					Hearing Survey	0		0		0	Ox2	
		Tg. Pinang ( <sup>I</sup> )			Feasibly Study	Ob						
	5		3		Im plem entation D esign							
					Construction							
					Budget	IDR 915.M		IDR 245.M		IDR 245.M	IDR 490.M	IDR 1,895.M
					Hearing Survey			0		0	Ox2	
				7	Feasibly Study	Oa						
	6	Dumai (I)	3		Im plem entation D esign							
					Construction		OLB x2	OLB x2	OLB x2	ОЦВ		
					Budget	IDR 830.M	IDR 1,500.M	IDR 1,745.M	IDR 1,500.M	IDR 1,245.M	IDR 490.M	IDR 7,310.M

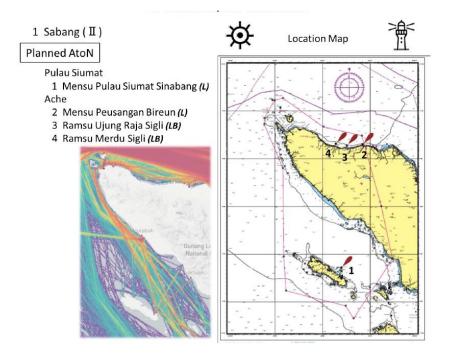
(2/9)

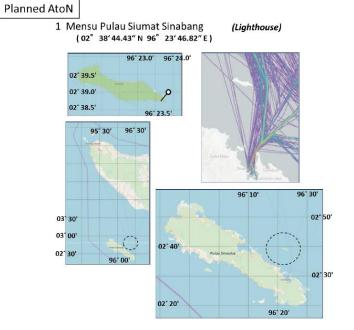
Reference

### 1-A Summary Table for Planned AtoN

### 1 DISNAV Sabang

No	Area	No	Name	Loc	ation	Туре	Reference (Purpose)	
		NO	Name	Latitude	Longitude	Туре		
1	Pulau Siumat	1	Mensu Pulau Siumat Sinabang	02°38' 44.43" N	096°23' 46.82" E	Lighthouse	Long-range Light	
		1	Mensu Peusangan Bireun	05°16' 25.16" N	096°51' 6.29" E	Lighthouse	Long-range Light	
2	Aceh	2	Ramsu Ujung Raja Sigli	05°14' 15.68" N	096°27' 55.20" E	Lighted Beacon	Middle-range Light	
		3	Ramsu Merdu Sigli	05°15' 43.10" N	096°15' 33.09" E	Lighted Beacon	Middle-range Light	





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No.	DISNAV	Nominated	Planned	Item		Reference						
INO.	DISNAV	Area	AtoN	item	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Subsequent Year til 2040		
				Hearing Survey						Ox2		
		2		Feasibly Study	Oa		Oa				Pulau Slumat Ache	
1	Sabang ( II )		4	Implementation Design								
				Construction		OL		OL	OLB x2			
				Budget	IDR 830.M	IDI? 3,000.M	IDP 830.M	IDR 3,000.M	IDR 1,750.M	IDR 490.M	IDR 9,900.M	

### Feasibility Study & Implementation Design

- 1 Preparation
  - a Collection of information
  - b Planning of Investigation
- 2 Prior consultation
  - a Contact with related parties
- 3 Site survey
  - a Hearing of user's opinion
  - b Collection of data
  - c Selection of AtoN
  - d Field validation
- 4 Designing
  - a Decide on specification
  - b Risk Management (Identification, Analysis, Assessment)
- 5 Estimation of Cost
- 6 Preparation of Report



Detail design Specifications Drawings



Contract Construction

#### 1-A Summary Table for Planned AtoN

#### 6 DISNAV Dumai

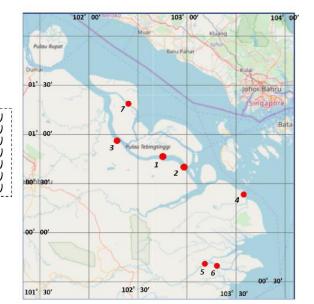
								P	lanned Ato	οN					Reference (Purpose)		
No		Are	a	No		Name	>			Locatio			Тур	e			
									Latitude		Longitude						
1	1 Pulau Tebingtinggi		1	Ramsu	Selat Pa	njang 1	00° 45' 25.46" N		" N 10	102° 47' 43.52" E		Strait		Restricted area			
			2	Ramus	Ramus Selat Panjang 2			40' 33.80'	" N 10	102° 58' 06.62" E		Strait	Strait R		stricted area		
2	2 Pulau Pandang			3	Ramsu	Tg. Buto	on	00°	55' 56.03'	" N 10	102° 18' 08.46" E		Strait	Strait Ha		rbor	
	2 Fulau Fandang		7	Ramsu	Selat Pa	adang	01°	" N 10	)2° :	22' 23.15" E Strait			Restricted area				
	Sungai Guntung		4	Ramsu	Ramsu Sungai Guntung		00° 22' 38.79" N		" N 10	103° 36' 25.46" E		Strait	Re		stricted area		
3	Sungai Inc			5	Ramsu Sungai Indagiri 1		00° 18' 09.22" S		"S 10	103° 12' 41.68" E		Strait		Restricted area			
							Hearing Sur	rvey				0		0		Ox2	
	6 Dumai(I						Feasibly St	udy	Oa								
			Dumai(I)		3	7	Implementa Design										
							Construction			OLB	x2	OLB x2	OLB x2	OLE	В		

IDR 830.M

Planned AtoN

- 1 Ramsu Selat Panjang
- 2 Ramsu Selat Panjang
- 3 Ramsu Tg. Buton
- 4 Ramsu Sungai Guntung
- 5 Ramsu Sungai Indagiri
- 6 Ramsu Sungai Indagiri
- 7 Ramsu Selat Padang

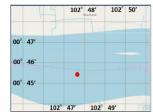
1 (00°45′25.46" N 102°47′43.52" E) 2 (00°40′33.80" N 102°58′06.62" E) 3 (00°55′56.03" N 102°18′08.46" E) 4 (00°22′38.79" N 103°36′25.46" E) 5 (00°18′09.22" S 103°12′41.68" E) 6 (00°19′53.64" S 103°18′44.40" E) 7 (01°19′58.61" N 102°22′23.15" E)



Budget

### Planned AtoN



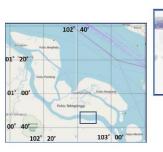


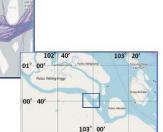
IDR 1,500.M IDR 1,745.M IDR 1,500.M IDR 1,245.M

#### 2 Ramsu Selat Panjang (00°40′33.80″N 102°58′06.62″E)

IDR 490.M







IDR 7,310.M

	5 Tg. Pinang ( I ) 3		Hearing Survey	0	0	0	Ox2		
				Feasibly Study	Ob				
5			Implementation Design						
				Construction					
				Budget	IDR 915.M	IDR 245.M	IDR 245.M	IDR 490.M	IDR 1,895.M

#### 1-B Outline Map of Planned AtoN

#### 5 Tg. Pinang (I)

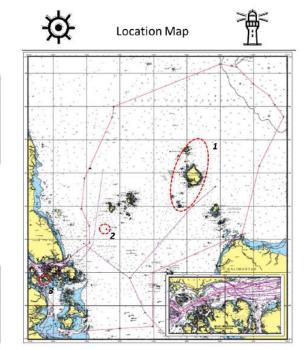
#### Planned AtoN (Nominated Area)

- 1 Pelabuhan Selat Lampa
- 2 Rambu Suar Malang Biru
- 3 Rambu Suar Menvil

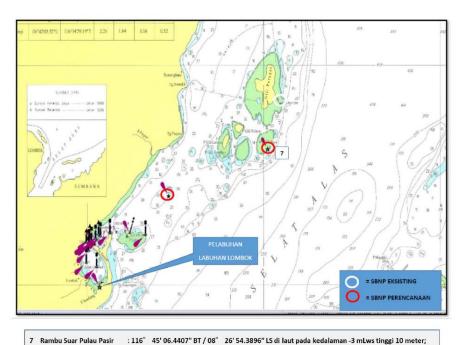
1-A Summary Table for Planned AtoN

#### 5 DISNAV Tg. Pinang

				Planned Ato	N			
No	Area	No	Name	Loc	cation	Туре	Reference (Purpose)	- //
		INU	Ivanie	Latitude	Longitude	Туре		
1	Pelabuhan Selat Lampa					Harbor/Port	Pelabuhan Pengumpul	
2	Rambu Suar Malang Biru					Offshore Water	Tanda Pulau Terdepan	
3	Rambu Suar Menvil					Offshore Water		Safam City



_	T										, · · · ,									
No.	DISNAV	Nominated	Planned	ltem -			Imple	ementation	(AtoN)		Reference									
<b>110</b> .	DIONAV	Area	AtoN	nom	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Subsequent Year til 20	I									
				Hearing Survey	0		0		0	Ox2										
				Feasibly Study																
2	Belawan(I)	0	0	Implementation Design																
				Construction																
				Budget	IDR 245.M		IDR 245.M		IDR 245.M	IDR 490.M	IDR 1,225.M									
				Hearing Survey	0		0		0	Ox2										
				Feasibly Study																
3	Sibolga (Ⅲ) 0	0	0	Implementation Design																
													0	Construction			Hearing Su	rvey on the	Wants and	l Needs for AtoN
				Budget	IDR 245.M		1 Pre	IDR 1,225.M												
	Eviotin	a Port	/Horbor				a b	•												
	EXISTI	ng Port/	narbor					or consultat	-											
		1 Hearing ten to Request	. DI	SNAV				Contact wi		ders										
	Underst	anding of Current	Status	ilotper C				ring Surve		ald in sites										
		<u>, ×</u>	_					Site Investi	_	ield in sites										
	Assignment of Implemention Body  DGST  DGST							Collection	-											
								npilation of	Hearing re											
	an n Design Guidance Field Survey							Wants and Data	Needs		Accidents									
	AtoN Guideline Desir Rice							paration of	Papart		e of Traffic									
	Stan	Basic Plan		L	3 110	paradon or	Керогі	• Develo • Marine	pment of Port Chart											





Marine Accident (2021~2022)

Tarakan VTS
 Planned Sensor St. for VTS

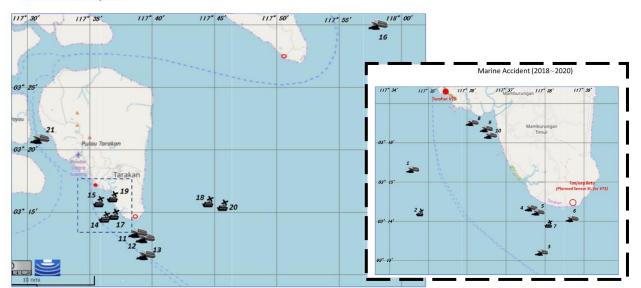


Table of Budget Plan for AtoN											
No.	DISNAV	Nominated	Planned			Implement	ation Cost (AtoN)			Total	
	5,5,0,0	Area	AtoN	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Subsequent Year til 2040	rotar	
1	Sabang (II)	2	4	IDR 830.00M	IDR 3,000.00M	IDR 830.00M	IDR 3,000.00M	IDR 1,750.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 9,900.00M	
2	Belawan (I)	0	0	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
3	Sibolga (Ⅲ)	0	0	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
4	Teluk Bayur ( I )	2	3	IDR 830.00M	IDR 1,000.00M	IDR 1,500.00M	IDR 245.00M		IDR 490.00M	IDR 4,065.00M	
5	Tg. Pinang (I)	3		IDR 915.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,895.00M	
6	Dumai (I)	3	7	IDR 830.00M	IDR 1,500.00M	IDR 1,745.00M	IDR 1,500.00M	IDR 1,245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 7,310.00M	
7	Palembang (I)	0	0	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
8	Pontianak (Ⅲ)	1				IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 980.00M	
9	Tg. Priok (I)	2	7	IDR 830.00M	IDR 3,670.00M	IDR 2,425.00M	IDR 1,000.00M	IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 8,660.00M	
10	Cilacap (Ⅲ)	2	2	IDR 830.00M	IDR 1,000.00M	IDR 1,245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 3,810.00M	
11	Semarang(II)	2	8	IDR 830.00M	IDR 4,830.00M	IDR 3,245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 9,640.00M	
12	Surabaya ( I )	1				IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 980.00M	
13	Benoa (II)	6	15	IDR 830.00M	IDR 3,830.00M	IDR 4,580.00M	IDR 3,245.00M	IDR 2,250.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 15,225.00M	
14	Kupang (II)	0	o	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
15	Banjarmashin (II)	o	o	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
16	Tarakan (Ⅲ)	0	o		IDR 245.00M	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
17	Samarinda (I)	2	10	IDR 830.00M	IDR 2,250.00M	IDR 3,830.00M	IDR 2,495.00M		IDR 490.00M	IDR 9,895.00M	
18	Makassar(I)	3	8	IDR 830.00M	IDR 1,830.00M	IDR 4,830.00M	IDR 2,250.00M	IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 10,475.00M	
19	Kendari (Ⅲ)	0	o			IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 980.00M	
20	Bitung (I)	0	0	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
21	Ambon (I)	2	4	IDR 670.00M	IDR 425.00M	IDR 3,670.00M	IDR 2,825.00M	IDR 3,000.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 11,080.00M	
22	Sorong (I)	0	0	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
23	Jayapura (II)	5	21	IDR 830.00M	IDR 3,330.00M	IDR 3,830.00M	IDR 3,000.00M	IDR 3,245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 14,725.00M	
24	Merauke (Ⅲ)	0	o	IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 1,225.00M	
25	Tual (Ⅲ)	0	О			IDR 245.00M		IDR 245.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 980.00M	
	Total	36	89	IDR 11,845.00M	IDR 26,910.00M	IDR 35,160.00M	IDR 19,560.00M	IDR 15,900.00M	IDR 12,250.00M	IDR 121,625.00M	

#### Table of Establishment Plan for AtoN

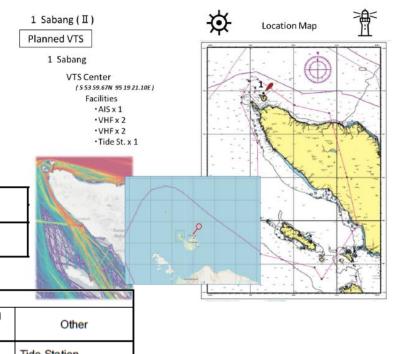
Ī,	No.	DISNAV		ated Planned AtoN	Item			Implement	tation Cost (AtoN)			Total											
ľ	¥0.	DISTRAC	Area		Rem	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Subsequent Year til 2040	rotai											
ſ			36		Hearing Survey	IDR 2,205M	IDR 490M	IDR 4,410M	IDR 980M	IDR 4,900M	IDR 12,250M	IDR 25,235M											
١				6 89	Feasibly Study	IDR 9,640M	IDR 3,990M	IDR 4,820M				IDR 18,450M											
١	1	DISNAV (1-25)			89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	Implementation Design		IDR 180M	IDR 180M	IDR 180M		
١							Construction		IDR 22,250M	IDR 25,750M	IDR 18,400M	IDR 11,000M		IDR 77,400M									
L					Budget	IDR 11,845M	IDR 26,910M	IDR 35,160M	IDR 19,560M	IDR 15,900M	IDR 12,250M	IDR 121,625M											

#### Summary Table for Planned VTS requested by DISNAV

Aso	f Decemb	ber:	12,	2022
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No	DISNAV	Number of Nominated Area	Number of Planned VTS
1	Sabang	1	1
2	Belawan	0	0
3	Sibolga	0	0
4	Teluk Bayur	0	0
5	Tg. Pinang	13	3
6	Dumai	0	0
7	Palembang	0	0
8	Pontianak	2	
9	Tg. Priok	1	1
10	Cilacap	0	0
11	Semarang	0	0
12	Surabaya	0	0

No	DISNAV	Number of Nominated Area	Number of Planned VTS
13	Benoa	0	0
14	Kupang	0	0
15	Banjarmashin	0	0
16	Tarakan	1	1
17	Samarinda	2	3
18	Makassar	0	0
19	Kendari	1	1
20	Bitung	0	0
21	Ambon	1	1
22	Sorong	0	0
23	Jayapura	0	0
24	Merauke	0	0
25	Tual	3	3
	Total	25	14



#### 1-A Summary Table for Planned VTS

#### 1 DISNAV Sabang

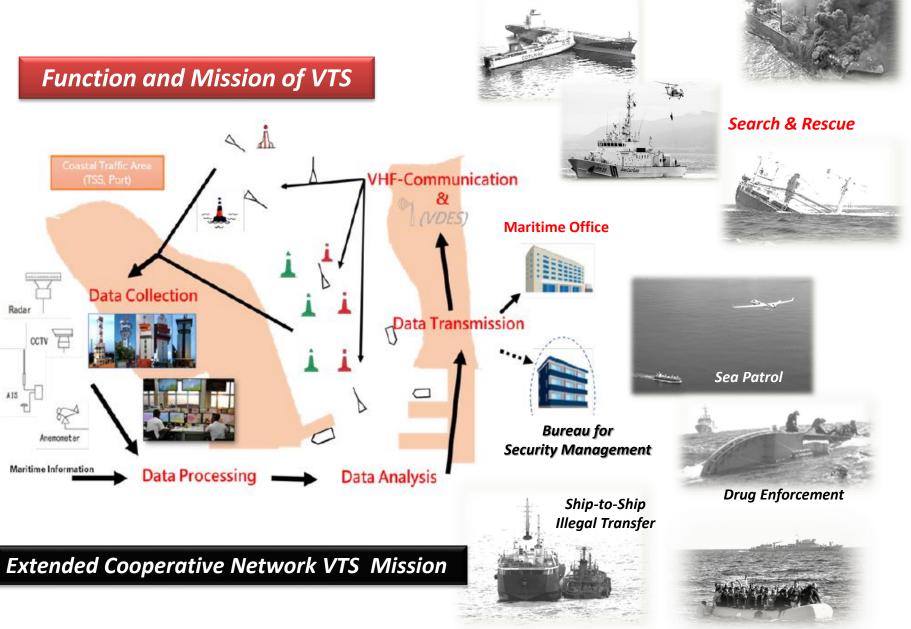
No	Name (Place)	Type	Loca	Other	
140	Name (Flace)	Туре	Latitude	Longitude	Other
1	Sabang VTS	Port/Harbor	5°53' 59.67" N	95°19' 21.10" E	

				Facilities			PARTY MANAGEMENT
Operation Center	Radar	AIS	ссту	Meteorological Instrument	VHF	Traffic/Tidal Signal	Other
1	0	1	0	0	2		Tide Station

#### Table of Establishment Plan for VTS

(1/9)

No.	DISNAV	AV Nominated Planned VTS	Planned VTS	Item			Implen	nentation (VTS	<del>3</del> )		Reference
140.	DIONAV	Area		Rem	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Subsequent Year til 2040	
Г			Hearing Survey				0		Ox2		
				Feasibly Study	Ob						
1	Sabang (II)	1	1	Implementation Design		0					
				Construction			O 1, 2	O 3, 4, 5	0		⊚:Training
				Budget	IDR 670,00M	IDR 180.00M	IDR 6,000.00M	IDR 16,545.00M	IDR 710.00M	IDR 490.00M	IDR 24,595.00M



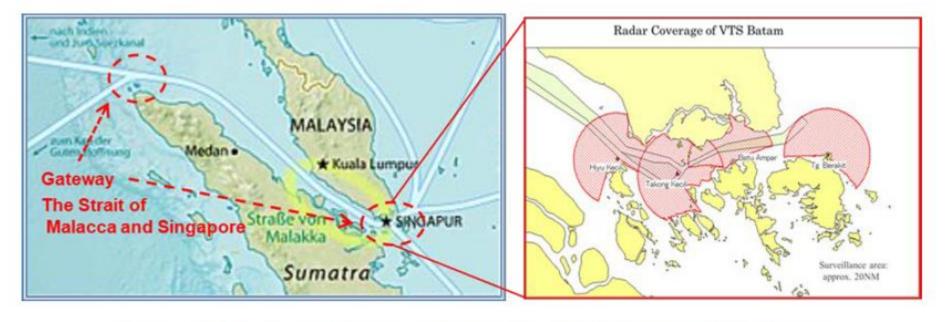


Figure 7.2.4 -2: Gateways of the Straits of Malacca and Singapore

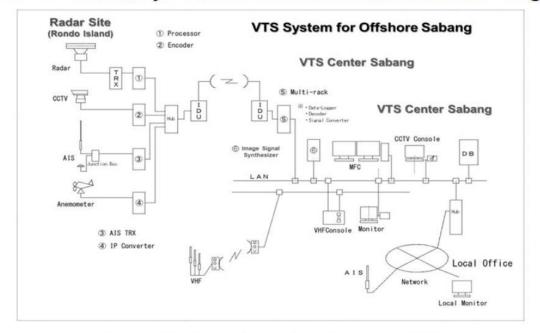


Figure 7.2.4 -3: Fundamental Configuration of VTS

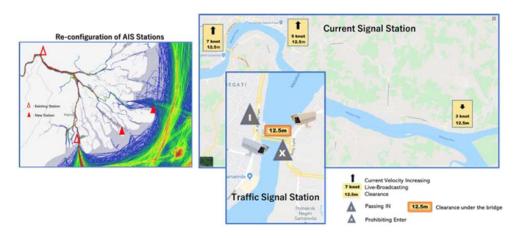


Figure 7.2.4 -8: Layout of New AIS Station and Signal Station

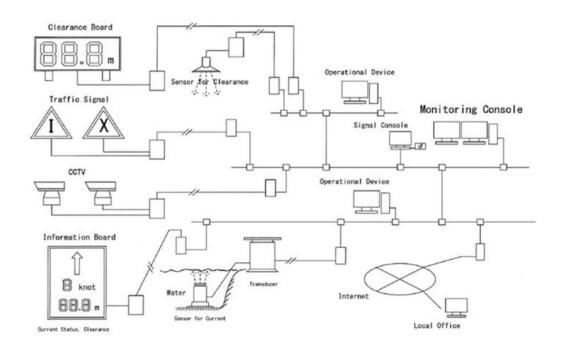


Figure 7.2.4 -9: System Configuration of New Information System







Figure 7.3.4 -1: Marine Safety System for Small Craft

#### Development of Capacity Building

#### \* Setting up the Management Group

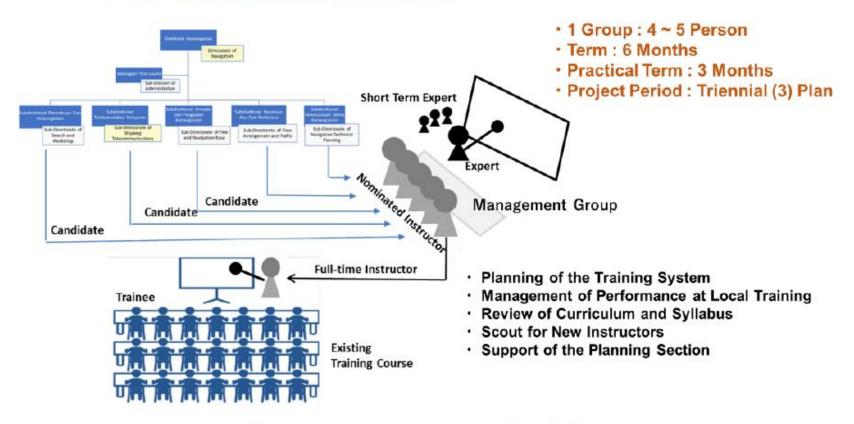
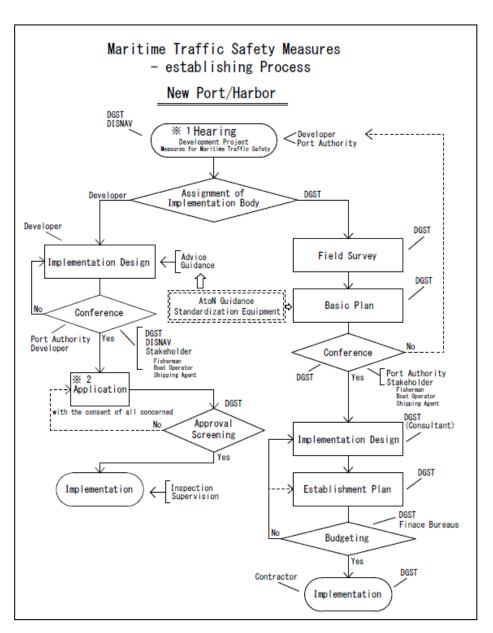
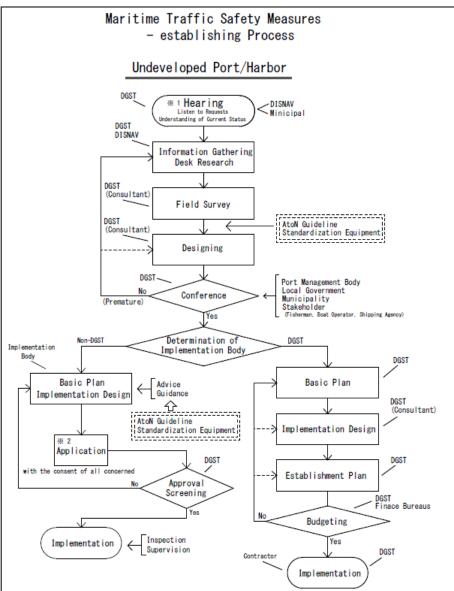
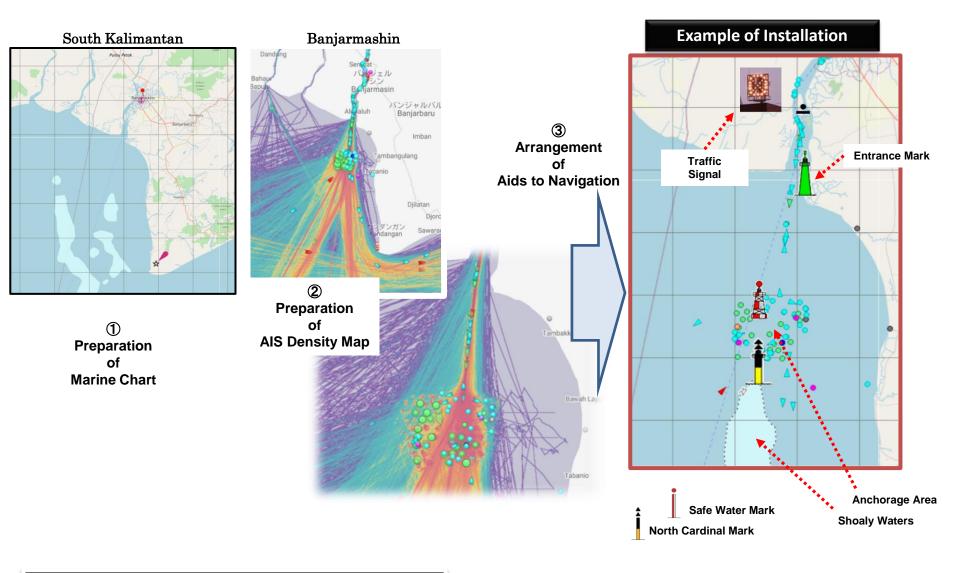


Figure 7.3.1 1) -1 : Image of Training







**Selection of Area** → **Gather of data** 

Chart → AIS Density Map → Planning

# Appendix 3.9 -3

Presentation (CRS)



# The Project for Review of the Study for Maritime Traffic Safety System Development Plan Report (Phase-2)

Component 2 Coastal Radio Station (CRS)

2<sup>nd</sup> Mar 2023



Japan Aids to Navigation Association (JANA)

#### Main policy

- Maintaining CRS services to cover whole Indonesian water is the kind of mandatory measure to provide navigational safety, security and marine environmental protection of all the beneficiaries of stakeholders.
- Public service provider of CRS has to take care of those beneficiaries without any break, without any blind spot and without any downgraded service level.
- Nothing of distress case happened until today does not mean nothing happened on tomorrow. This is the main objectives for navigational safety service to sustain to provide without any break. This is kind of insurance for service provider (DGST) and beneficiary of user (vessel operator).

# If efficient traffic control failed



Grounding & oil spill Mauritius 2020





Collision airport access bridge, Osaka, Japan 2018

## Methodology of analysis data to output

- Logbook analysis (extracted 38 CRS)
- 2. Basic information of all station in each DISNAV
- 3. Human relation (SDM) in each DISNAV
- 4. Budget analysis
- 5. Internet connectivity in each station
- 6. Radio equipment installed all incoming vessels



Reality of current operation (HR & others against facilities)



Realistic & ideal solution for next decades

# Logbook analysis (extracted 38 CRS only)

	CQ/To all ships only											
VHF MF HF Total VHF MF HF												
Мо	nthly tota	I count (ave	rage)		Daily a	verage						
46.32	50.62	129.00	225.93	1.49	1.63	4.16	7.29					

QSO with ship						
VHF	HF	Total	VHF	HF	Total	
Monthly total count (average)			Daily average			
58.26	10.53	68.79	1.88	0.34	2.22	

Times/day

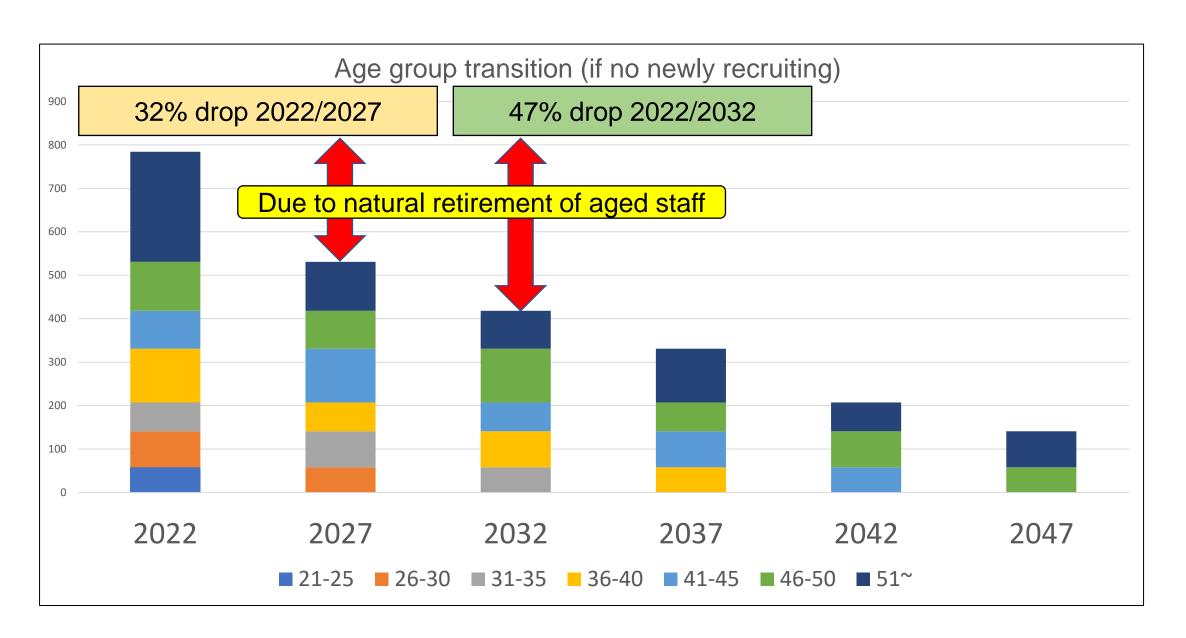
(unit=numbers of call/communication)

Times/day

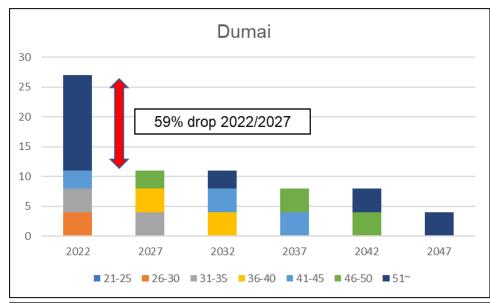
### SDM analysis

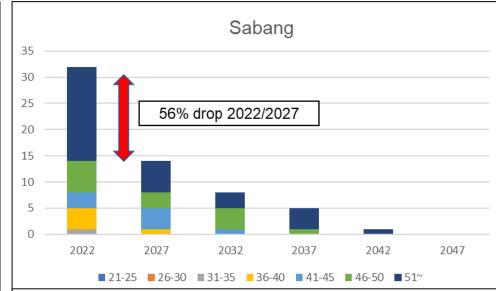
- All SDM of CRS in 25 DISNAV
- Age group in each DISNAV
- 3. Age transition in next few decades
- 4. Single, Double, Triple operator station
- Technician in each DISNAV
- 6. Place of origin for staff

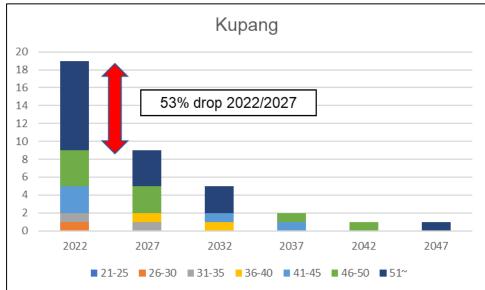
# Age group transition in each DISNAV

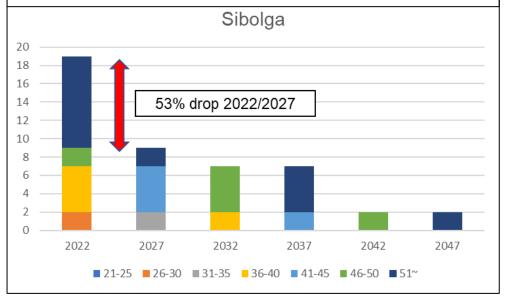


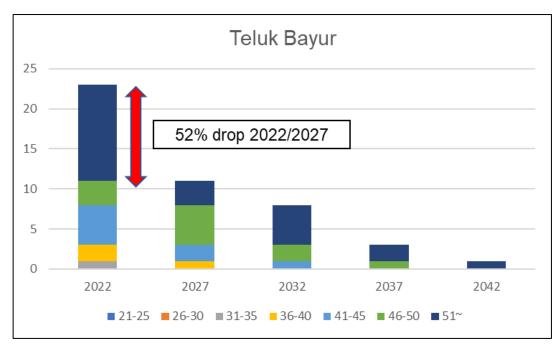
# Worst 8 DISNAV in next 5 years

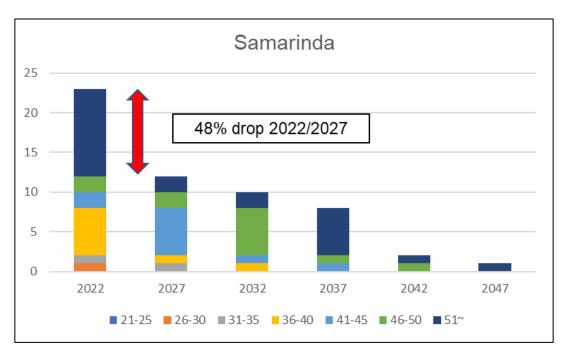


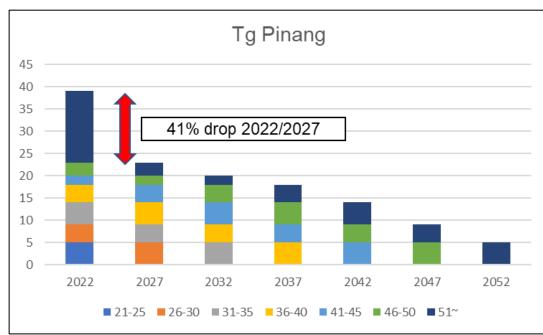


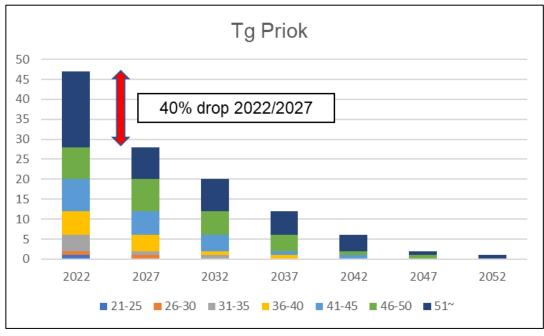












# Technician allocation in each DISNAV

DISNAV	Technician	Ave age	Both Operator/Technician
Sabang	8	46.8	5
Belawan	4	44.0	4
Sibolga	1	55.0	0
Dumai	7	45.6	7
Tg Pinang	1	53.0	1
Teluk Bayur	7	50.4	0
Palembang	1	55.0	0
Tg priok	6	39.5	0
Semarang	6	47.9	1
Cilacap	4	48.5	3
Surabaya	3	50.5	3
Benoa	4	48.5	1
Kupang	3	46.0	2
Pontianak	1	50.0	0
Banjarmasin	3	51.0	2
Samarinda	2	46.0	0
Tarakan	3	45.8	3
Makassar	5	53.1	0
Kendari	2	54.0	2
Bitung	2	43.0	1
Ambon	5	45.5	0
Tual	1	43.0	0
Sorong	6	37.0	4
Jayapura	4	49.3	0
Merauke	4	37.5	4
Total	93	46.0	43

# Place of origin (same province) in each DISNAV (answered only)

DISNAV	Total SDM	Same origin (province)	Portion
Cilacap	24	19	79%
Jayapura	21	14	67%
Tarakan	18	18	100%
Bitung	49	45	92%
Tg Pinang	11	6	55%
Sorong	32	31	97%
Surabaya	20	20	100%
Ambon	36	28	78%
Pontianak	20	19	95%
Semarang	42	41	98%
Palembang	13	11	85%
Merauke	17	17	100%
Banjarmasin	25	24	96%
Total	328	293	<mark>89%</mark>

# Employment in each DISNAV

DISNAV	Fullti	Fulltime		
Sabang	32	100%	0	0%
Belawan	35	100%	0	0%
Sibolga	17	74%	6	26%
Dumai	30	73%	11	27%
Tg Pinang	38	72%	15	28%
Teluk Bayur	37	88%	5	12%
Palembang	13	100%	0	0%
Tg Priok	47	46%	55	54%
Semarang	36	60%	24	40%
Cilacap	19	79%	5	21%
Surabaya	29	78%	8	22%
Benoa	28	61%	18	39%
Kupang	19	100%	0	0%
Pontianak	12	60%	8	40%
Banjarmasin	25	100%	0	0%
Samarinda	23	66%	12	34%
Tarakan	18	69%	8	31%
Makassar	29	100%	0	0%
Kendari	17	37%	29	63%
Bitung	35	56%	28	44%
Ambon	36	72%	14	28%
Tual	12	100%	0	0%
Sorong	15	44%	19	56%
Jayapura Sayapura	21	68%	10	32%
Merauke	17	100%	0	0%

640

70%

275

30%

G.total

## Summarized SDM against operation

Reduce total SDM

Very limited numbers of communication in each CRS

No communication means no distress case?

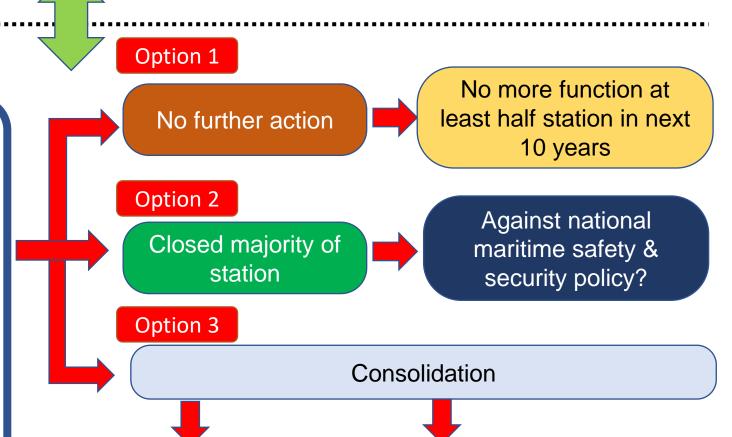
Not enough SDM in all DISNAV

Depends on senior operator critically

Depends on single/two/three operator only to manage half of CRS

Depends on aged and very limited numbers of technician for maintenance

Depends on majority of local employment /no flexibility to relocate

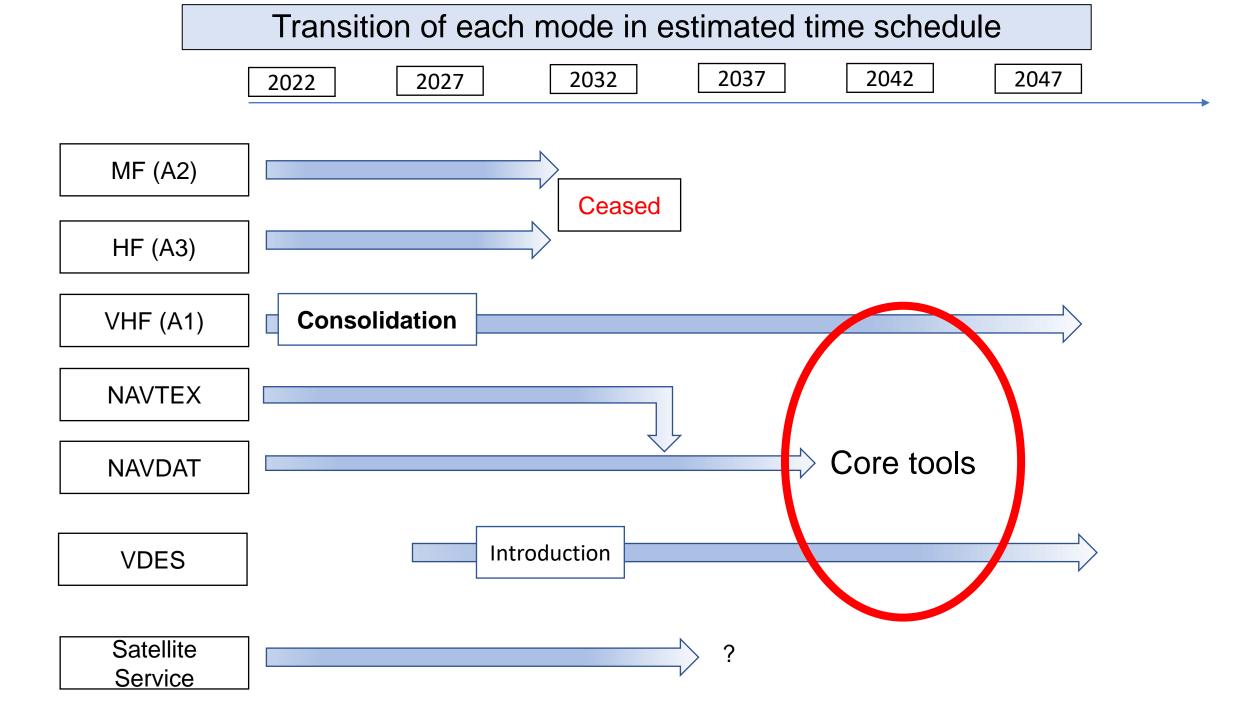


Efficient & economical operation

remotely

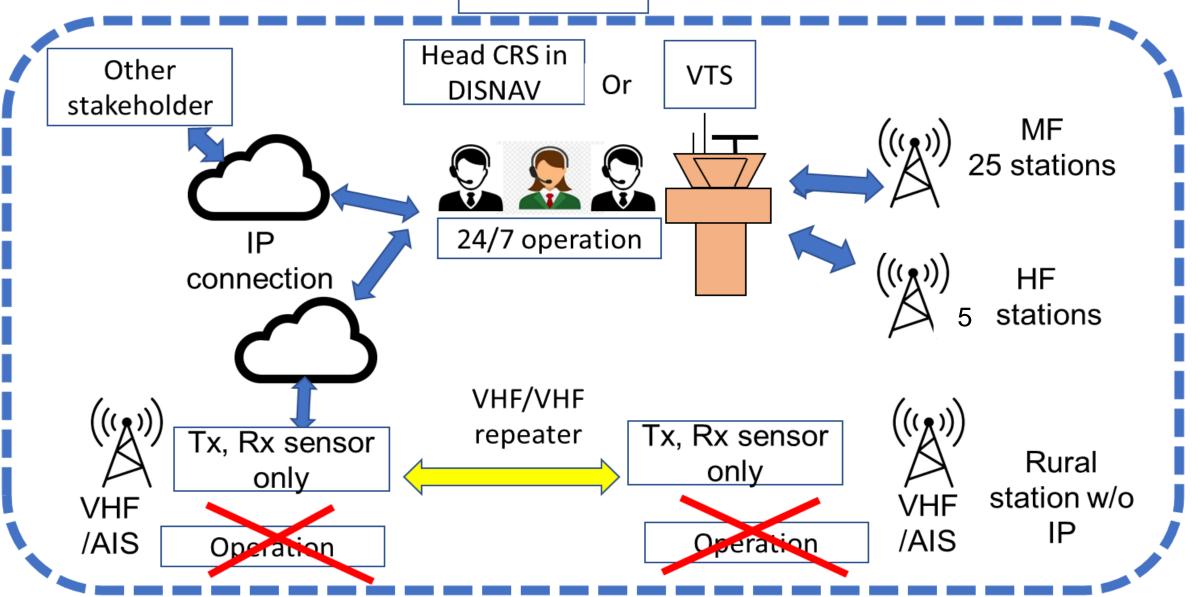
# Internet availability

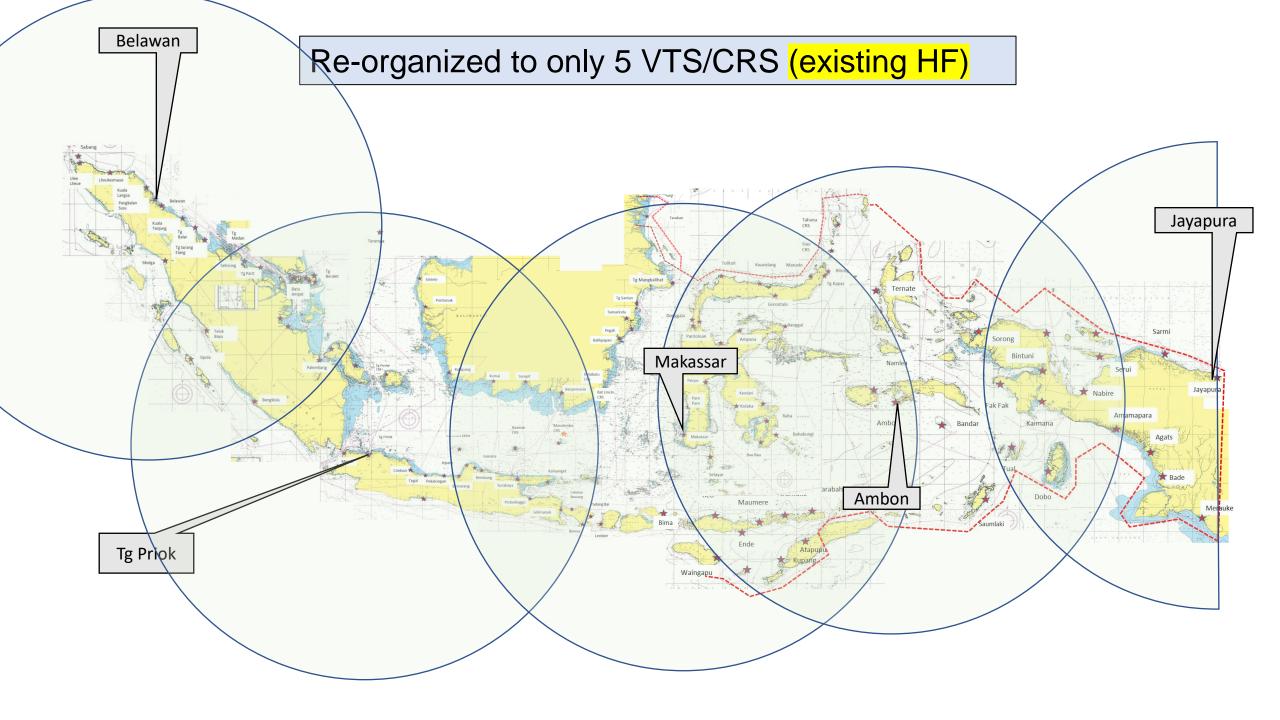
DISNAV	Total CRS	Fibber optic	ADSL	4G	LTE	N.A.	
Sabang	9	5		4			
Belawan	7	6		1			
Sibolga	7	3	1	2		1	P Tello
Dumai	8	8					
Tg Pinang	10	10					
Teluk Bayur	4	2		1		1	Sikakap
Palembang	7	6		1			
Tg Priok	5	5					
Semarang	7	6			1		
Cilacap	2	1				1	Pacitan
Surabaya	11	9	1		1		
Benoa	8	8					
Kupang	9	9					
Pontianak	3	3					
Banjarmasin	4	3				1	Kumai
Samarinda	3	3					
Tarakan	4	4					
Makassar	5	5					
Kendari	6	5		1			
Bitung	14	14					
Ambon	7	7					
Tual	4	2		2			
Sorong	6	6					
Jayapura	5	5					
Merauke	3	1			2		
Total	158	136	2	12	4	4	

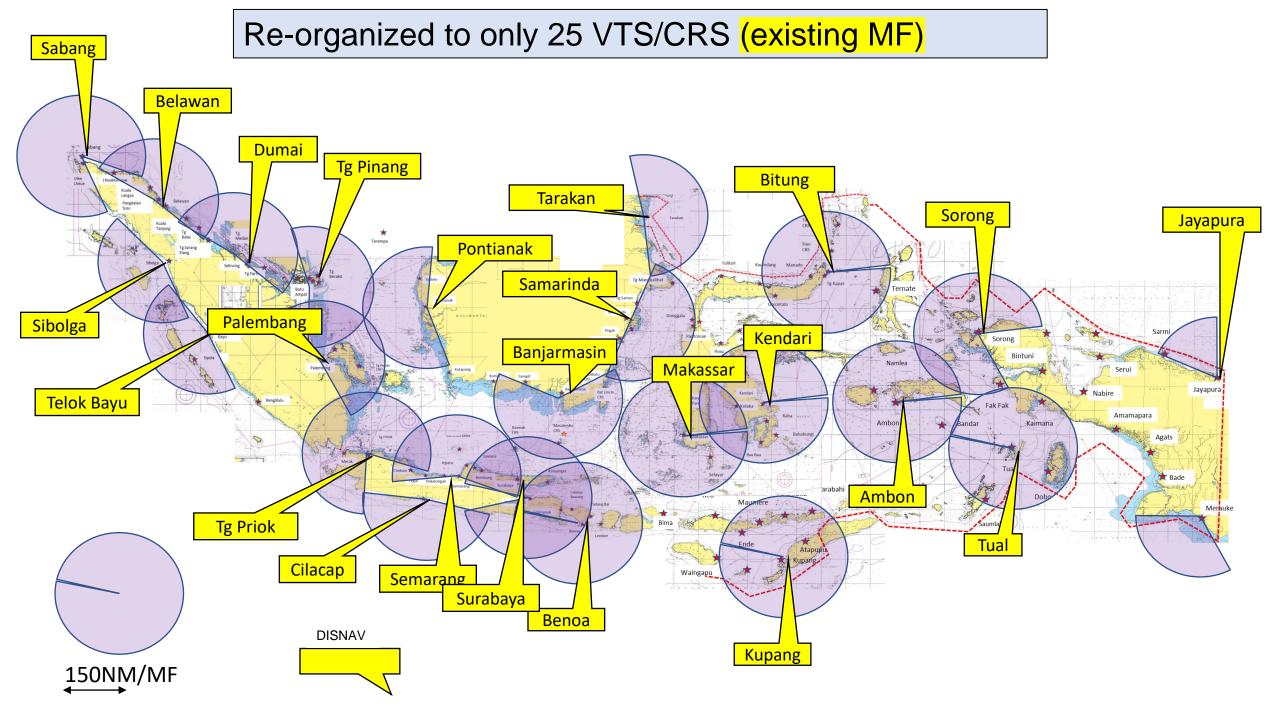


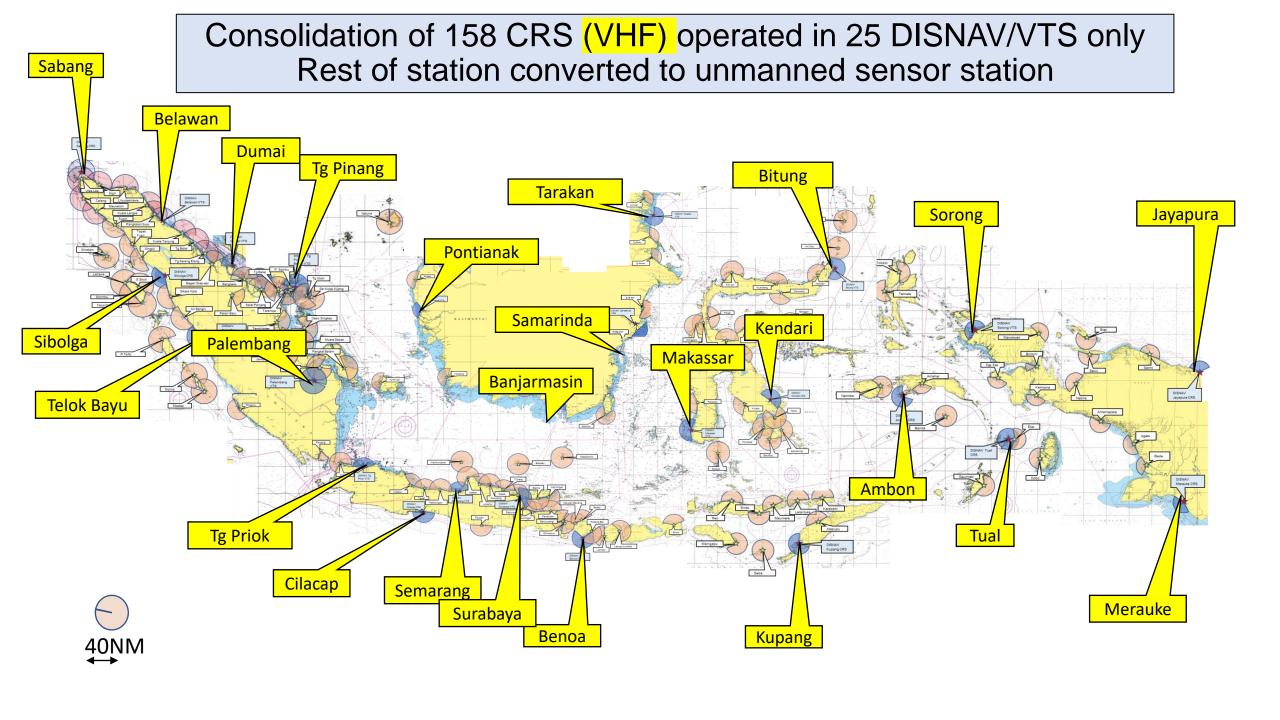
### Basic function of consolidation

**Each DISNAV** 



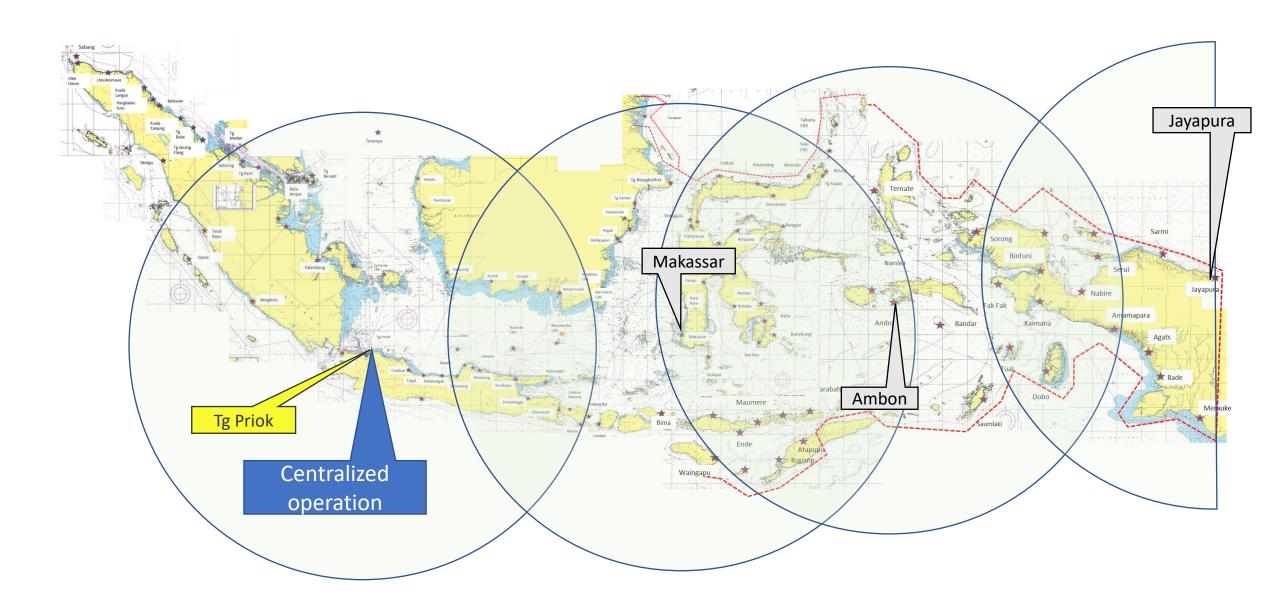


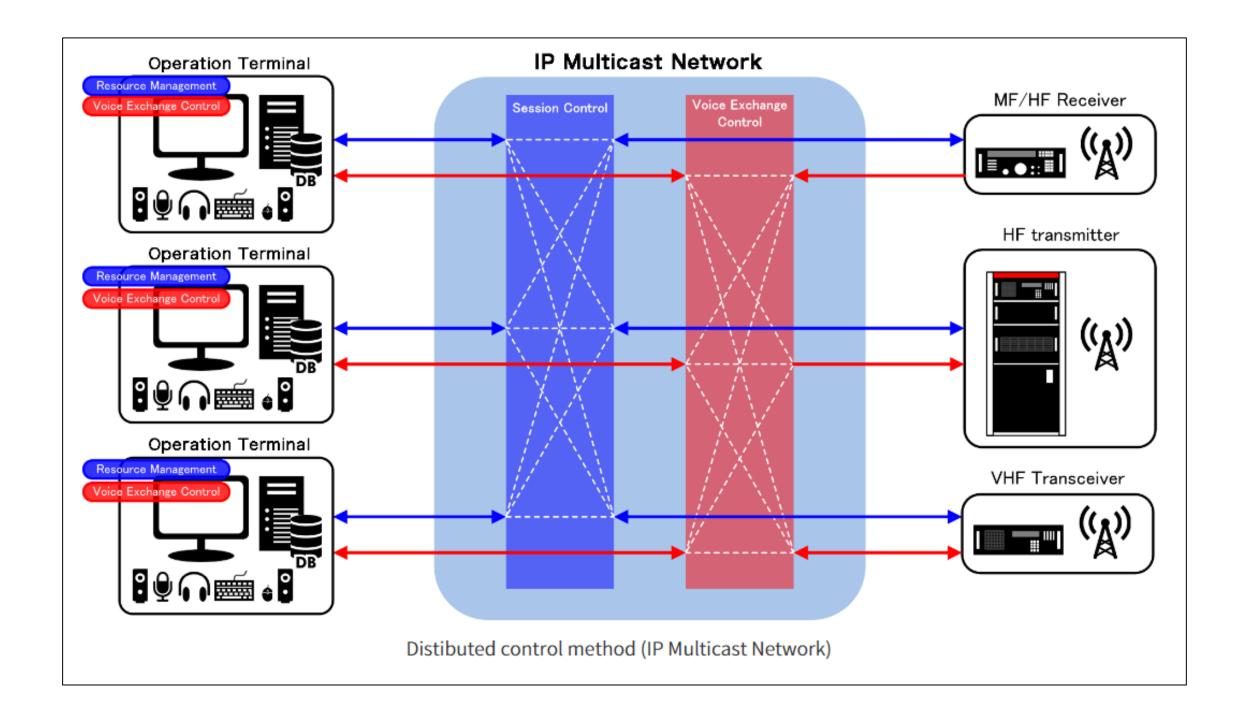




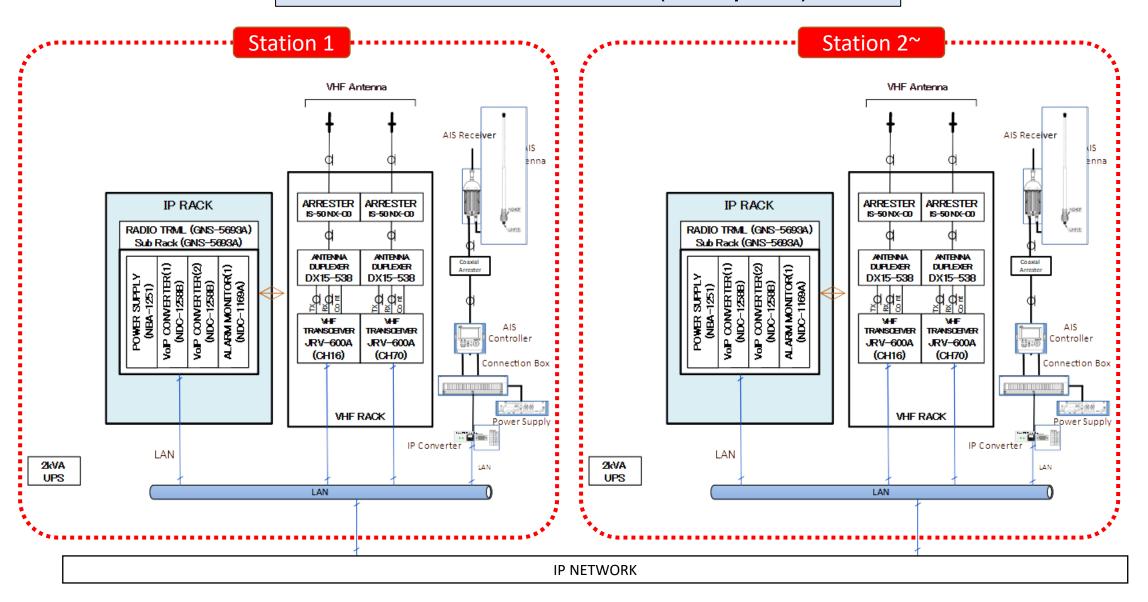
#### Additional selected lighthouse to install VHF repeater to extend coverage Sabang \* Subject to VHF repeater Belawan range or 4G connectivity Dumai Tg Pinang **Bitung Tarakan** Sorong Jayapura **Pontianak** Samarinda Kendari **Palembang** Sibolga Banjarmasin Telok Bayu Ambon Tg Priok Tual Cilacap Semarang Merauke Surabaya Benoa Kupang **SBNP**

# NAVTEX consolidated operation in Jakarta to control remotely others

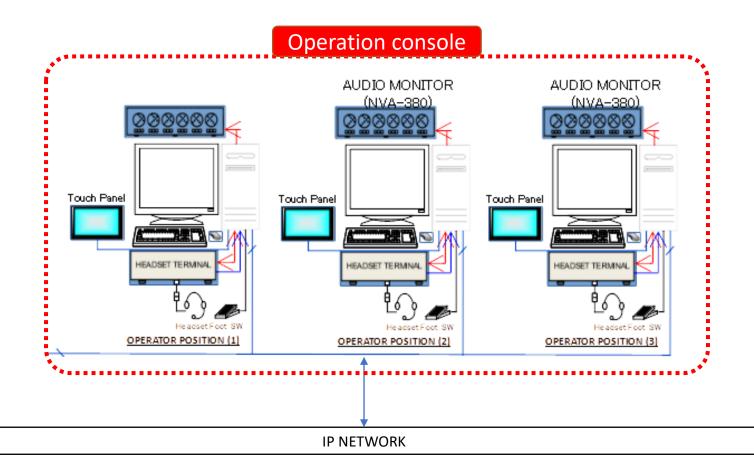




### Each sensor station (multiplied)



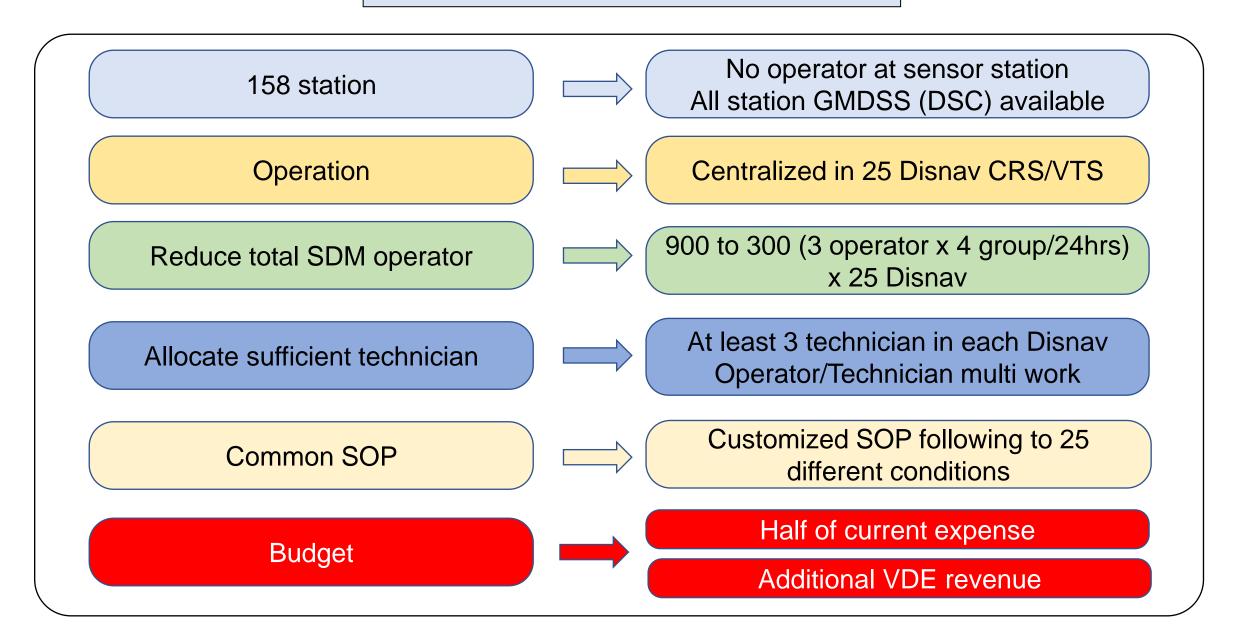
### Consolidated operation center without TX/RX



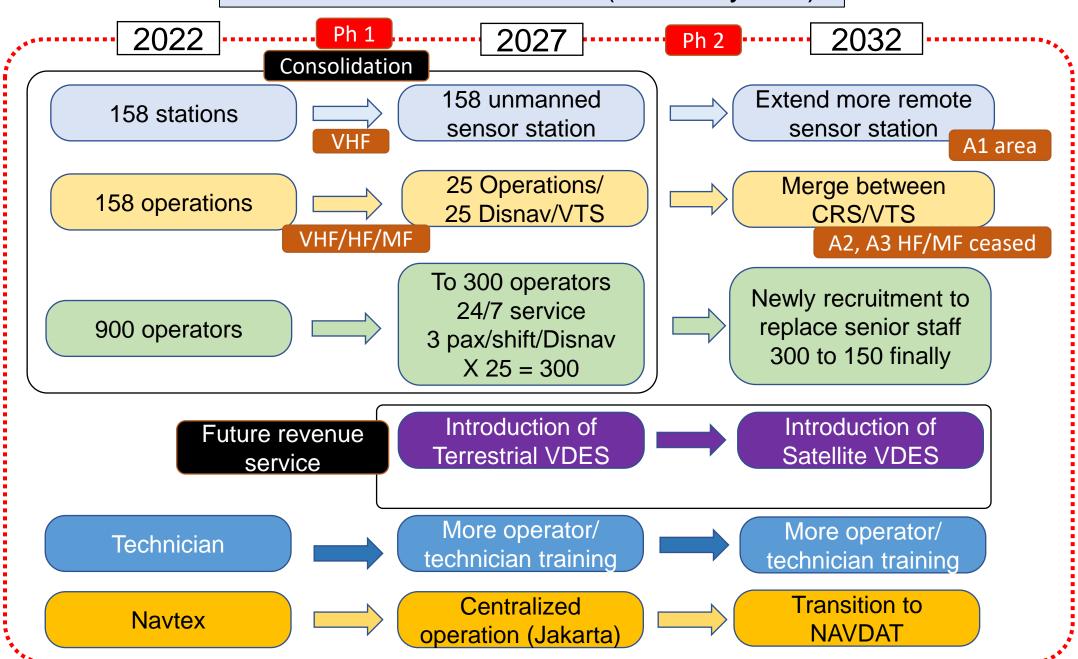
### Objectives

- 1. This is the first and last chance for all CRS to consolidate drastically including possibility of merge with VTS. If not take this opportunity, at least half of station would be non functionable within next 10 years.
- 2. DGST has the only authorized competent agency to own complete coastal navigational facilities including CRS, SBNP, VTS which is able to cover most of national coastal line. Only DGST enables to be a Navigational Public Service Provider to follow any kinds of maritime information to provide to all stake holders.
- 3. Annual 600,000 ship call consisting 90% domestic and 10% international vessels are the potential demand (beneficiary) of public service provided by CRS, VTS, SBNP. Those service qualities and quantities shall not be downgraded from current level so long DGST as the public service provider.

### Action plan (next 5 years)



### Estimated time schedule (next 10 years)



### Cost Estimation -1- (Approx of example)

### 1) Overall expenses in 25 DISNAV total estimated by extract numbers

Unit: Million IDR	2021	2020	2019
Wages	65,893	79,267	79,936
Maintenance	8,216	5,279	8,365
Running expenses	5,868	5,672	6,860
Sub total	79,977	90,219	95,161

### 2) Overall estimated cost of consolidation system 158 sensors + 25 operation

Unit: Million IDR	Unit cost	Qty	Total
Sensor stations	2,500	158	395,000
Operation centre	5,000	25	125,000
System maintenance 5 years	Need to evalu	ate the	52,000
Gross total	details just exan	ple only	572,000

Annual depreciation of new investment		
(22yrs)		28,000

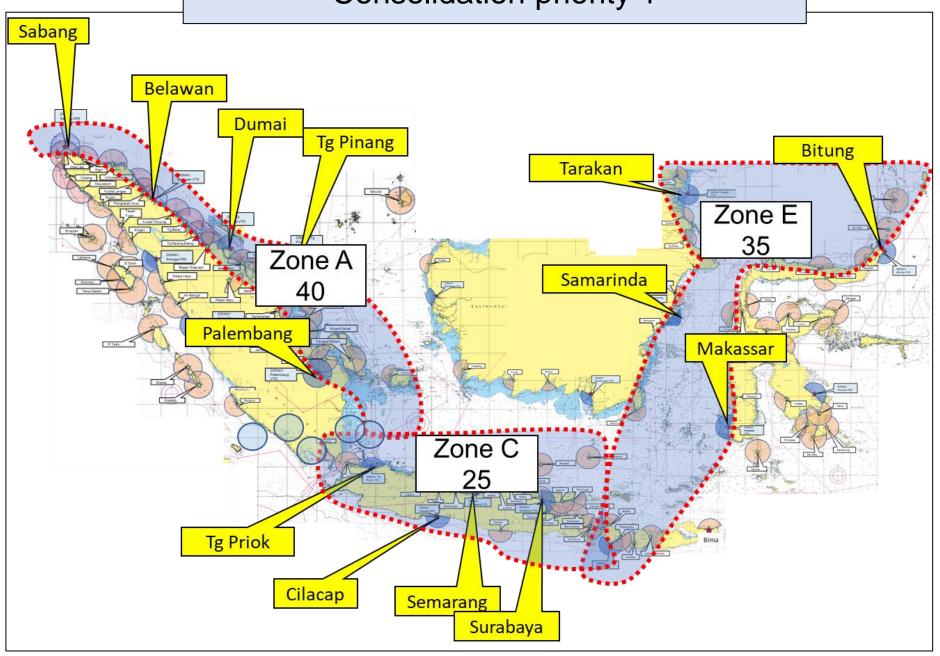
#### Second phase: CRS/VTS zoning consolidation Sabang Belawan Dumai Tg Pinang Bitung **Tarakan** Sorong Jayapura Zone E Pontianak Zone B Zone A Samarinda 40 Zone D Kendari Sibolga Palembang Banjarmasin Makassa r Telok Bayu Zone C Zone F Tg Priok Tual Cilacap Semarang Merauke Surabaya Benoa Kupang

Re-organize VTS/CRS up to 6 key stations

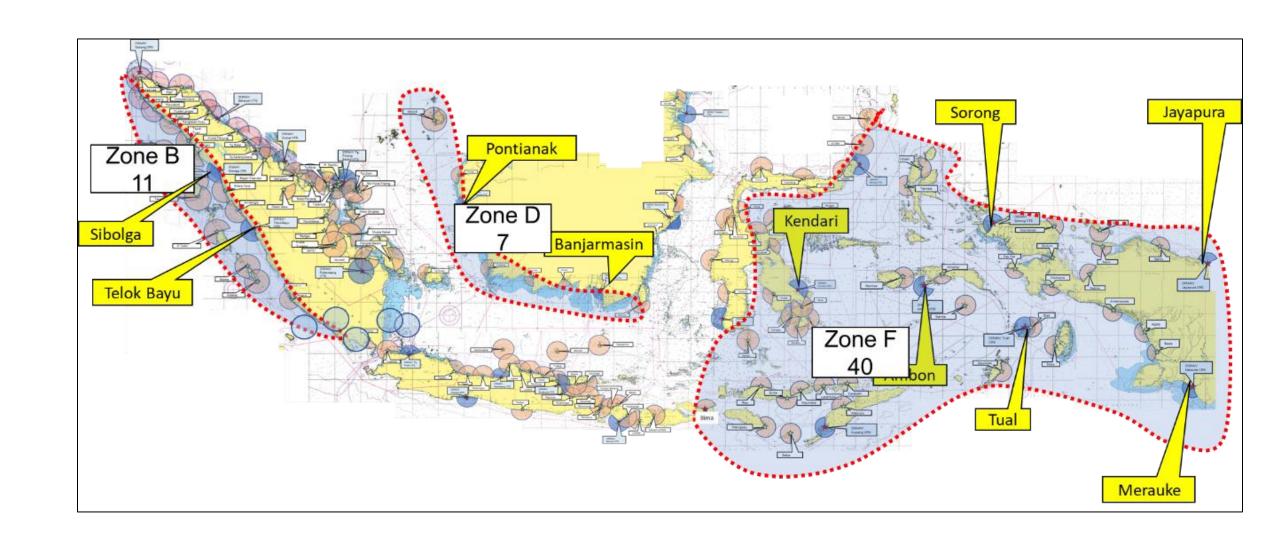
### 2020 statistic Ship call and handling cargo

Zone	Area		DISNAV	2020 statist	ics total	2020 statistic	s total
		Nos	name	Ship call	Portion	Cargo GT	Portion
A	Sumatra Riau	5	Sabang, Belawan, Dumai, Tg Pinang, Palembang	237,023	<mark>37.0%</mark>	112,832,487	10.1%
В	Sumatra West	2	Sibolga, Teluk Bayur	12,247	1.9%	17,545,568	1.6%
С	Jawa	4	Jakarta, Semarang, Surabaya, Cilacap	73,226	<mark>11.4%</mark>	289,414,778	<mark>26.0%</mark>
D	Kalimantan East	2	Pontianak, Banjarmasin	66,088	10.3%	290,259,910	26.1%
E	Bali-Sulawesi West	5	Benoa, Makassar, Samarinda, Tarakan, Bitung	124,651	<mark>19.4%</mark>	337,546,963	30.3%
F	Sulawesi East-East Indonesia	7	Kupang, Ambon, Tual, Kendari, Sorong, Merauke, Jayapura	127,852	19.9%	66,535,233	6.0%
G.tot al		25		641,087	100.0%	1,114,134,939	100.0%

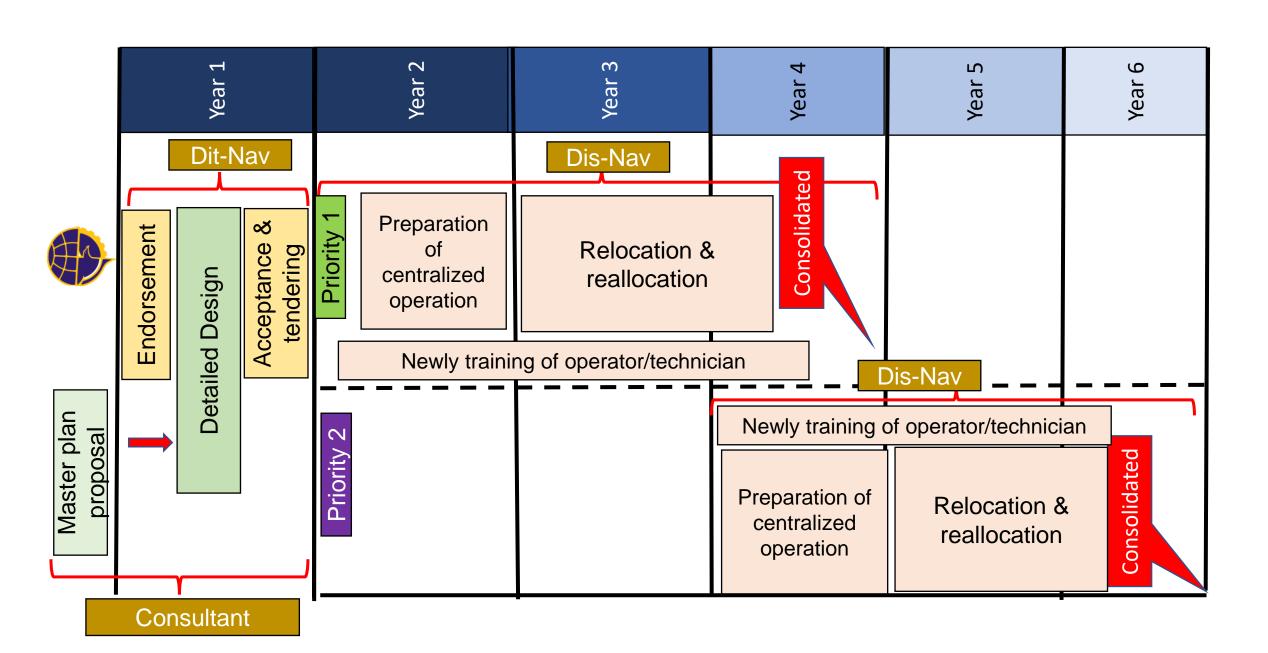
### Consolidation priority 1



### Consolidation priority 2



Zone	Area	DISNAV	Target CRS	Approx cost
		Nos	Consolidated	Million IDR
Priority 1				
А	Sumatra- Riau	5	40	125,000
С	Jawa	4	25	82,500
Е	Bali-Sulawesi West	5	35	112,500
S.Total		14	100	320,000
Overall cost				
Priority 2				
В	Sumatra West	2	11	37,500
D	Kalimantan East	2	7	27,500
F	Sulawesi East-East Indonesia	7	40	135,000
S.Total		11	58	200,000
Overall cost				
Nex 5 years				
maintenance cost			158	52,000
(10%)				
G.Total				572,000



### Final conclusion (Repeat and remind)

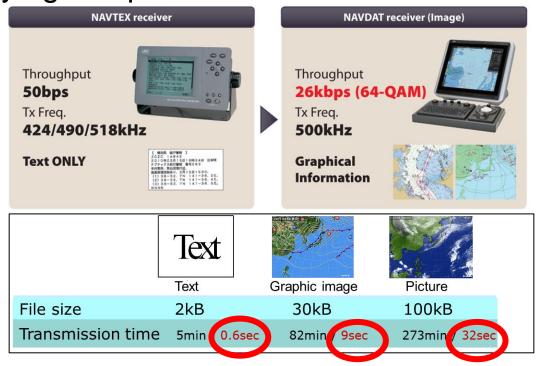
- This is the first and last chance for all CRS to consolidate drastically.
- CRS is still needed to cover whole nation without blind spot/break.
- Watching/monitor any distress case is kind of Insurance to prepare all-time.
- CRS facilities located in whole nation is very useful resources of DGST as Public Service Provider.
- Future communication mode of VDES is being prepared to introduce in next generation.

### Introduction of NAVDAT

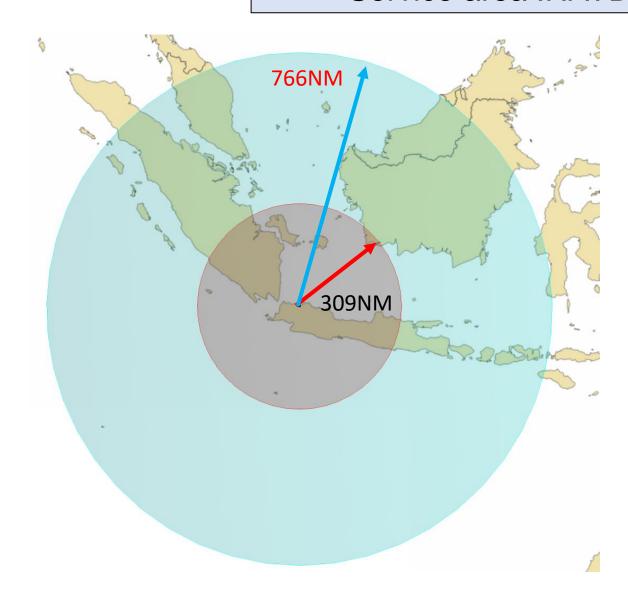
- NAVDAT (NAVigational DATa)
  - Digital Navigational data system with advanced NAVTEX functionality
  - Anticipation of adaptation of the GMDSS
- Launch in the market by year 2024 under development of prototype
  - Current MF 5kw transmitter for NAVTEX is cable to upgrade to NAVDAT transmitter with modifying few part contents



NAVDAT transmitter (prototype)



### Service area :NAVDAT vs NAVTEX



#### Simulation Condition for NAVDAT and NAVTEX

	NAVDAT	NAVTEX
Frequency[kHz]	500	518
Modulation	64QAM	FSK

<sup>\*</sup>The communication range may be narrowed depending on the season.

## Thank you very much

Terima Kasih

有難うございました (Arigato gozaimashita)



# Appendix 3.9 -4

Presentation (Vessel)



# The Project for Review of the Study for

Maritime Traffic Safety System Development Plan Report (Phase 2)

Component 3 Vessels for Aids to Navigation Japan

March 2, 2023



Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)



Japan Aids to Navigation Association (JANA)

### Policy

Vessels for Aids to Navigation are assigned to the District office of Navigation (DISNAV) to install, operate and maintain Aids to Navigation (AtoN).

### Challenges to face

- Many old vessels
- Shortage of skilled crew members
- · Huge fuel costs, etc.

By investigating and studying the vessels and crew in detail, we will make a plan to assign appropriate vessels to each Disnav in order to properly manage and operate the AtoN managed by each Disnav.

## Collection of basic data

- a. Built year (ship age)
- b. Business content
- c. Docking interval, docking days
- d. Type and number of AtoNs accessed by Navigation Vessels
- e. Buoy replacement cycle (complete replacement, partial replacement)
- f. AtoN Patrol Cycle
- g. AtoN maintenance content and time required for maintenance
- h. Details of past repairs and current failures
- i. Crew training content and training period
- j. Technical skills of the crew, etc.

English	Bahasa inggris	Japanese				n i	T 17			
jurisdiction	yurisdiksi	発気	3	13	_		1 1		8 8	
DIŚNAV	DISNAV	DISNAV		Benoa					ĺ	
class	kelas	クラス		1			1			
Ship name	Nama kapal	船名	KN	Nusa Per	iida		1 10			
Ship type	Jenis kapal	船梯	- 000	KIP			1			
base	basis	<b>芯地</b>	17	Benoa			1 3		6 8	
Year of built	Tahun dibangun	妹清年	88	2017		0 8	£ 8		0. 9	
Ship age	usia kapal	<b>船器 (2022)</b>	-	3			1		1	
Dock interval and duration	Interval dan durasi dok	ドックの間関及び 開閉	Interval :	1 year		Period:	25 day			
Power supply while the base is moored	Catu daya saat pangkalan ditambatkan	並地停迫中の電源	Gér	nerator Eng	gine	9	5 A			
How to communicate with the base during the voyage	Bagaimana berkomunikasi dengan pangkalan selama perjalanan	航海中の茶地との 通信方法	Mobile Phone							
Work contents	(si pekerjaan	章称六次	New installatio n of buoy	Replacin g the buoy	Underwat er survey of buoys	Buoy repair	AtoN maintena nce	Transport ation of supplies required for AtoN	Operation s other than the purpose of AtoN	
For operations other than the purpose of AloN (Specifically described)	Untuk operasi selain tujuan AtoN (Secara khusus dijelaskan)	AtoNU(外の作業の 場合 (具体的に配載)	Making of navigatio n video							
Training contents of sectorers	lsi pelatihan pelaut	<b>船員の勤練内容</b>	Emergen cy escape training	Fire extinguis hing training						
Training frequency	Frekuers i pelatihan	B (40 所)(2	Once every six months	Once a year						
Number of AtoN	Jumlah AtoN yang	船舶により管理す	Light House	Light Beacon	Light Buoy Pelampu	Unlighted Buoy Pelampu				
managed using the vossel	dikelola menggunakan Rapal	SAIONの数	Mercu Suar	Suar Cahaya	ng Rangan	ng Tanpa Cahaya				
No. of the last of	i wower	k	- 4		10				0	
Please III in the followin		Carlo and Santon								_
Past repairs	Perbaikan sebelumnya	過去の格器	57							
Repair details	Detail perbalkan	排制内容	97							
Current failure location	Lokas) kegagalan saat ini	規則点の障害無所	Engine							
Failure content	Konton kegagalan	障害内容	Vibration	occurs wh	en the engi	ne is fully o	operated.			
Crew technical skills	Keterampilan teknis kru	卓組員の技術力	Those with years.	h qualificat	Bons (voyag	(e. engine)	are sched	uled to reti	re in the ne	et five
Other issues	Masalah lain	その他の問題	9							
opinion	pendapat	87.	200							

Buoy Tender						
Number of AtoN	Jumlah AtoN yang	i i	Light House	Light Beacon	Light Buoy	Unlighted Buoy
managed using the vessel	dikelola menggunakan	船舶により管理す GAIONの数	Mercu Suar	Suar Cahaya	Pelampung Ringan	Pelampung Tanpa Cahaya
140 COS	kapal		0		0 10	
Regular replacement of	Penggantian pelampung	ブイの支援交換	Nothing		Yes	
buoys Buoy replacement cycle	secara teratur Siklus penggantian pelampung	ブイの交換サイク ル			4 years	
Criteria for exchange	Kriteria pertukaran	交換の判断基準	Check by pulling it up on the ship once a year.		,	
process	proses	处理	If there is a problem, replace it. Paint the buoy and put it back.		Replace one set of buoys (including iron chains, sinkers, etc.) Maintain and store the salvaged items	
Number of Buoys that can be loaded on the Vessel (including Mooring chain and Sinker, etc.)	Jumlah Pelampung yang dapat dimuat di Kapal (termasuk rantai Mooring dan Sinker, dil.)	Vesselに機能でき るBuoyの数(終 級、沈接合む)	Light Buoy 1 unit		Light Buoy I unit	
Number of buoys to be exchanged in one voyage	Jumlah pelampung yang akan ditukar dalam satu perjalanan	1回の航海で交換す 名ブイの数	1 unit		1 unit	
Buoy maintenance location	Lokasi perawatan pelampung	プイの製価場所	On board the Vessels		Buoy base	
Aids tender						
Number of AtoN	Jumlah AtoN yang	Contract Contract Contract	Light House	Light Beacon	Light Buoy	Unlighted Buoy
managed using the vessel	dikelola menggunakan	船舶により管理す SANONの数	Mercu Suar	Suar Cahaya	Pelampung Ringan	Pelampung Tanpa Cahaya
*********	kapal	Q	5		7 10	
AtoN patrol cycle	Siklus patroli AtoN	AloNの必須以前	3 months	3 months	3 months	3 months
Maintenance details	Detail perawatan	メンテナンス内容	Voltage, current, connection status, device operation, etc.	Voltage, current, connection status, device operation, etc.	Check voltage, current, connection status, device operation, installation location, etc.	Appearance check, installation location, etc
Average time required for maintenance	Rata-rata waktu yang dibutuhkan untuk pemeliharaan	メンテナンスに必 要な平均時間	1 hour	1 hour	30 minutes	20 minutes
		1	-			

# Annual operation performance

Aggregation of annual operation performance

- a. Annual activity days (including activity content)
- b. Maintenance days per year (docking)

\*Initially, it was planned to aggregate and average data for the three years from 2019 to 2021, but in 2020 and 2021, due to fuel cost budget cuts, actions were restricted and planned actions were not possible. In a meeting with NAVIGASI, it was necessary to consider geographical conditions, and was advised to use the vessel route pattern of each DISNAV.

When we requested the vessel route pattern for each DISNAV, we were presented with the vessel route pattern for 3 DISNAVs.

When I asked for the number of days of behavior in these patterns, only DISNAV Semarang could be confirmed.

Therefore, we aggregated the number of action days from the 2019 "Vessel Voyage Monthly", which was not affected by the fuel cost reduction.

# Navigation vessels operating rate

Operating rate(%)=operation days  $\div$  (365- docking days)  $\times$  100

- Occupancy rate is the number of active days divided by the annual number of active days
- Action days are the number of days that Navigation Vessels operated for business purposes.

When summarizing from execution actions, actions such as temporary standby and search & rescue due to bad weather that cannot be predicted at the time of planning are included.

When summarizing from the action plan, it is necessary to consider that unforeseen actions are not included at the planning stage.

				Navigation Vessel						
DISNAV	Class	Type of Vessel	Class	Name of Vessel	Year of Built	Age as of 2023	Annual operating rate	Opera ting rate total		
Pontianak	ш	KBP	I	KN ALNILAM	2008	15	14	2		
FUILTAIIAK	ш	KPP	Ш	KN PENGIKI	2016	7	12			
Cilacap	Ш	KIP	I	KN PRAJAPATI	1971	52	11	1		
		KIP	I	KN KUMBA	1972	51	27	2		
Comarana	п	KBP	Ш	KN SUAR-011	1980	43	34			
Semarang	ш	KBP	Ш	KN B-126	1961	62	39	9		
		KPP	Ш	KN KARIMUN JAWA	2016	7	22			
		KIP	I	KN BIMASAKTI UTAMA	2008	15	16	3		
Curabaya	I		KIF	I	KN MASALEMBO	2017	6	18	3	
Surabaya		1	1	KBP	Ш	KN SUAR-003	1971	52	16	3
		KPP	Ш	KN AE-029	1971	52	21	٥		
Benoa	п	π	KIP	I	KN NUSA PENIDA	2017	6	21	2	
Denoa		KBP	I	KN MIZAN	1996	27	12	1		
		KIP	I	KN KUNYIT	2017	6	11	1		
Doniormosin		KBP	I	KN ALTAIR	1999	24	7			
Banjarmasin	П	KBP	I	KN SUAR-003	1971	52	2			
		KBP	I	KN AE-032	1971	52	0			
Tarakan	ш	KIP	I	KN MARATUA	2017	6	23	2		
Tarakan	ш	KPP	Ш	KN SARANG ALOE	2010	13	11	1		
		KIP	I	KN MITHUNA	1975	48	23	4		
Camarinda	1	KIF	I	KN MIANG BESAR	2017	6	24	4		
Samarinda	I	KBP	Ш	KN SUAR-010	1975	48	32	5		
		KPP	Ш	KN MARAPAS	1999	24	20	9		
Merauke	Ш	KBP	I	KN MERPATI	1997	26	12	1		

From the operating rate of the actual action.

- a. Since DISNAV Pontianak has an operating rate of 26%, it is believed that one KN ALNILAM will be able to carry out the work. b. DISNAV Semarang has 3 vessels, 2 KBPs and 1 KIP, with a utilization rate of 95%, so KN SUAR11 is scheduled to be scrapped, resulting in a 2-vessel system. However, since KN B-126 has been built for 62 years, it seems that a replacement ship is urgently needed from a safety point of view. c. DISNAV Surabaya's KIP Buoy Tender has a two-vessel system, but if we look only at the utilization rate, two ships are 34%, so it
- d. DISNAV Samarinda has two vessels for both Buoy Tender and Aids Tender, but since the two vessels have an operating rate of 47% and 52%, respectively, it seems possible to carry out the work with one vessel.

seems possible to carry out the work with

one.

Tipe of Vessel	Class	Name of Vessel	Docking days	Operatio n days per years	Day of Operatio n	Annua operating rate	Operatin grate total
KIP	1	KN KUMBA	49	365	194	62	62
KBP	III	KN SUAR11	30	365	88	27	
KBP	111	KN B126	30	365	89	27	90
KPP	III	KN KARIMUN JAV	30	365	118	36	

From the operating rate of the action plan

The operating rate will be 62% for Buoy Tender KN KUMBA and 90% for the remaining three Vessel.

KN SUAR11 is scheduled to be scrapped and will be a two-vessel system, but it seems that the remaining two vessels will be able to carry out the work.

However, KN B-126 is 62 years old, so a replacement vessel is urgently needed from a safety standpoint.

In addition, although the operating rate was calculated from the annual action plan, it is necessary to consider that the number of annual operating days does not include actions that cannot be predicted at the planning stage.

Example: Temporary standby due to bad weather during patrol Action by Search & Rescue

### Points to consider when creating an establishment plan

- 1) Annual operating rate
- If there are vessels of the same type among Vessels for Aids to Navigation belonging to DISNAV, consider the sum of the operating rates of the same vessels type.
- 2) Vessel age

The service life of a vessel is generally said to be 20 years for steel vessels.

- 3) Status of installed equipment
- Condition of cranes and other equipment necessary for operations, as well as engines, radar, and other equipment necessary for navigation.
- 4) Technical skills of the crew

The following technical capabilities are required.

- a. Engine-related technical capabilities that can respond in the event of an engine failure
- b. Ability to navigate safely to the nearest port without navigational instruments if navigational instruments become unavailable.
  - c. Effective and efficient maintenance capability
    In order to acquire these skills, education at a specialized training institution is necessary.
- 5) Special characteristics of sea areas
  Selection of Vessel considering the peculiarities of the sea area

# Promotion of the Vessels for Aids to Navigation Establishment Plan

- 1) Early scrapping of aging Vessels
- Vessels over 40 years old are scrapped for safety reasons.
- At that time, DISNAV, which owns multiple vessels, will consider whether the remaining vessels can carry out the work and determine the necessity of alternative vessels.
- The fact that there are many affiliated ships means that the maintenance cost that can be used for one ship is small, and only half-finished maintenance can be performed.
- 2) Improving technical skills of crew members
- According to a report from DISNAV, training of young crew members is necessary as most ships will retire within five years (some within a year).
- Acquisition of qualifications is of the utmost importance, and it is necessary to have the crew obtain nautical, engineering or communications qualifications.
- In addition to qualifications, reliable maintenance of each facility and equipment by the person in charge of navigation, organization or communication will maintain the function of the ship appropriately.
- In order to improve such skills, it is necessary to educate at a specialized institution, and it seems possible by taking turns educating the crew members who will be scrapped.

- 3) Hybrid Navigation Vessels When building new Navigation Vessels, it is possible to bring the crew of a scrapped ship onboard by making a large Navigation Vessels that is a hybrid of a buoy tender and an AIDS tender.
- 4) Early acquisition of route patterns and action plans for Navigation Vessels

Obtain the route pattern and action plan of the current Navigation Vessels to understand the number of action days per year.

In the future, it will be important to obtain early plans for changes to Navigation Vessels' operations, such as the establishment of AtoN. If you get it early, it will be possible to deal with large-scale changes.

# Appendix 3.9 -5

Presentation (Seminar)

# **Maritime Communication Platform for VDES and New-Generation AIS**

For the 6th Joint Coordination Committee, DGST

March 2, 2023



TOMMY TAKIMOTO CEO, Future Quest Inc.

### Transforming the Maritime Landscape: The Impact of VDES



- Streamlining of administrative services for ports, routes, and sea areas by VDES
- Enablement of port and route adaptation for future MASS (autonomous ships) integration through VDES

To achieve this:

## **Executive Summary**



- 1. Transition from hardware ownership (radio equipment) to centralized-service (SaaS) usage
- 2. Digitization of operations and data by leveraging the knowledge and manuals held by human staff, specifically:
  - Adaptation to VDES by port stations
  - Adaptation of current maritime administrative services to new information systems
  - Development of IT professionals with maritime expertise

### **Maritime Communication SaaS**



What is Maritime SaaS?

"A communication service that can be used through the web without owning a radio."

### **CEO Profile**



## Tommy TAKIMOTO

**2021** Founded Future Quest Inc.

2018 Withdrawal from Ph. D Program (Maritime Sciences),

after completing the required credits, Kobe University

2017 Assistant Professor, Kagawa University

2014 Research Fellow (Ocean Policy), The Sasakawa Peace Foundation

2012 MS (Sociology), Kyushu University

2010 BA (Maritime Science), Kobe University



## **Company Profile**



Company Name Future Quest Inc.

CEO Tomoki TAKIMOTO

Foundation: January 2021

Location Fukuoka, Japan

Business: Maritime Communication Platform

Web https://futurequest.jp/en/

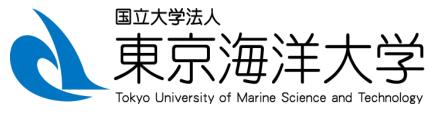
Contact (email): office@futurequest.jp

Our respected supporters, cooperators, and partners









#### "One Ocean" - Bringing All Maritime Communications Together



VDES — IP Interconnection A "Maritime Communications Provider" Between Ports and Vessels

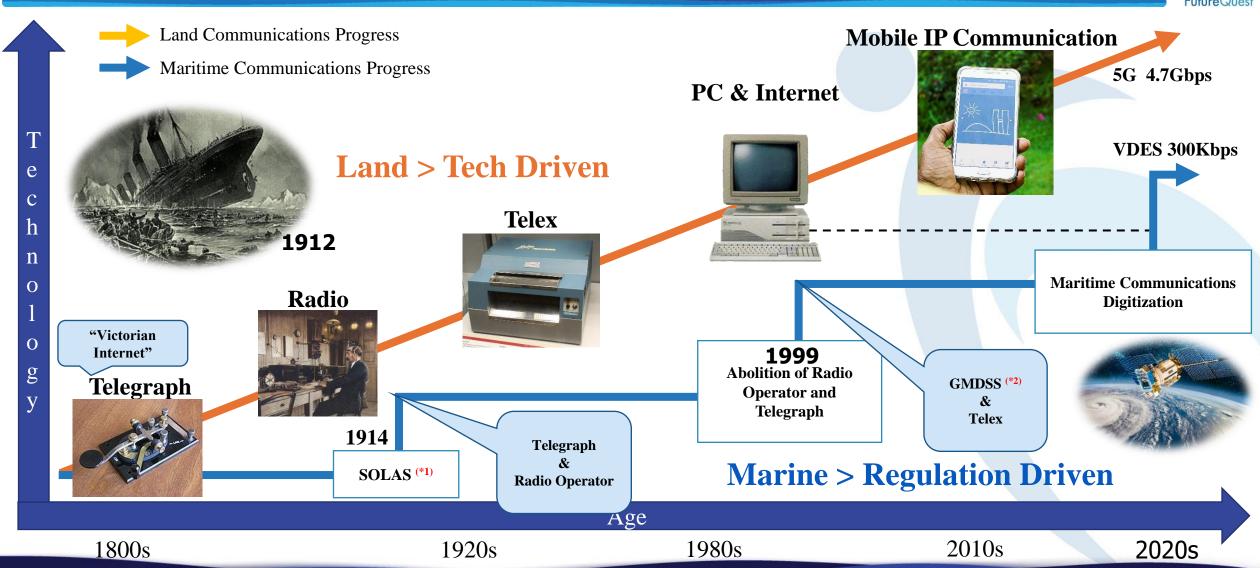


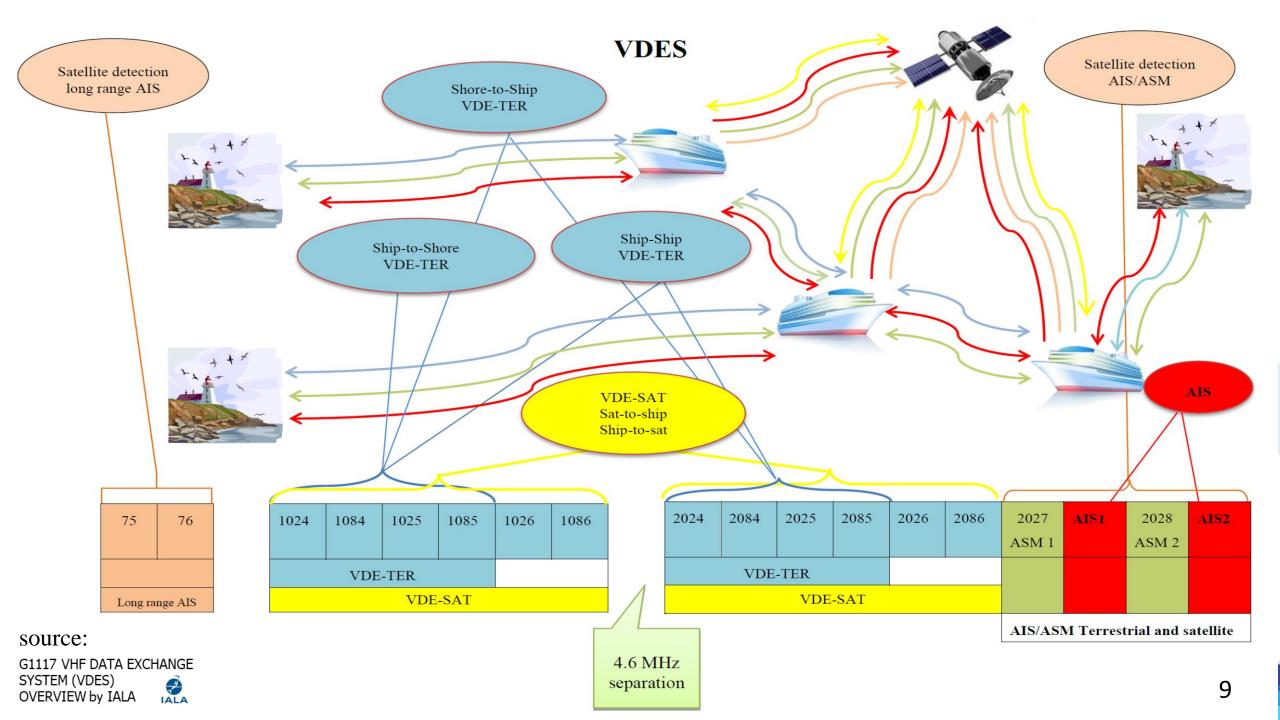


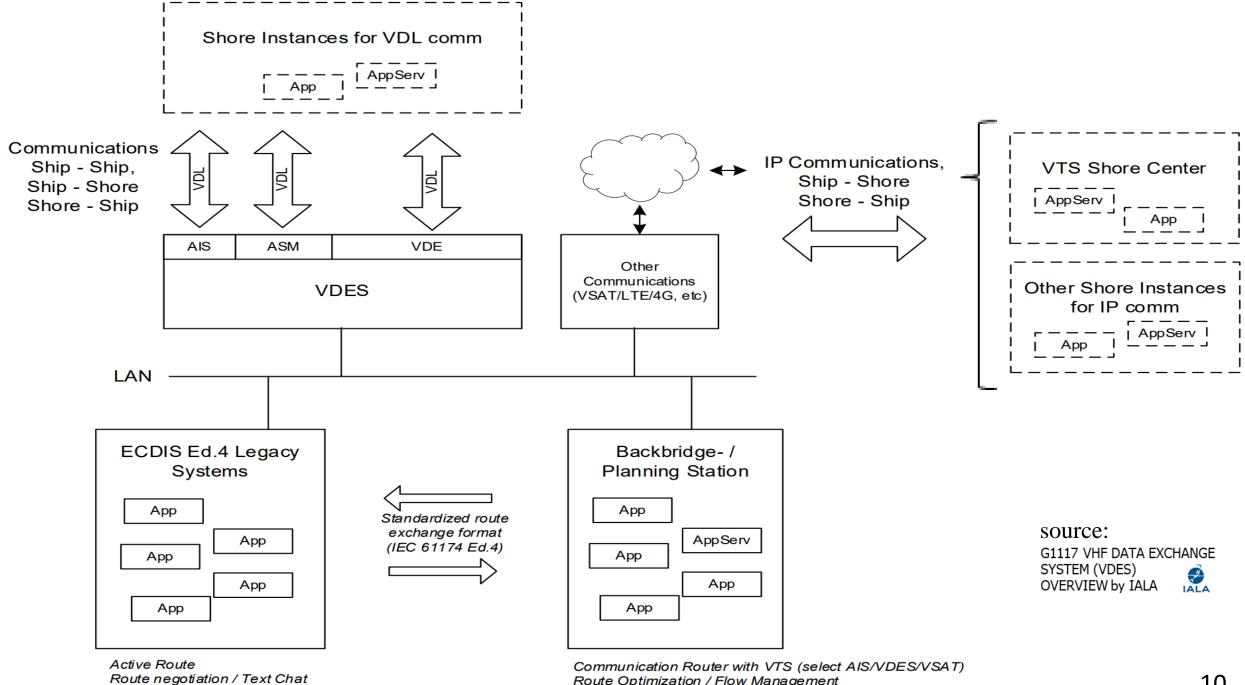
# History of Maritime Communication

#### Linear vs. Staged in Communication Evolution







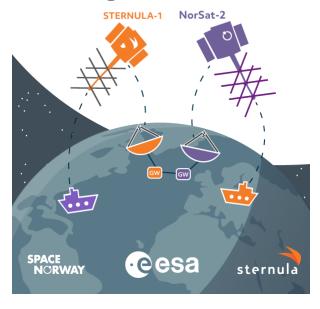


Route Optimization / Flow Management Handling VDES messages (e.g. MSP, etc)

#### **VDES** Business Entities



#### MaSSha Sharing VDES Networks







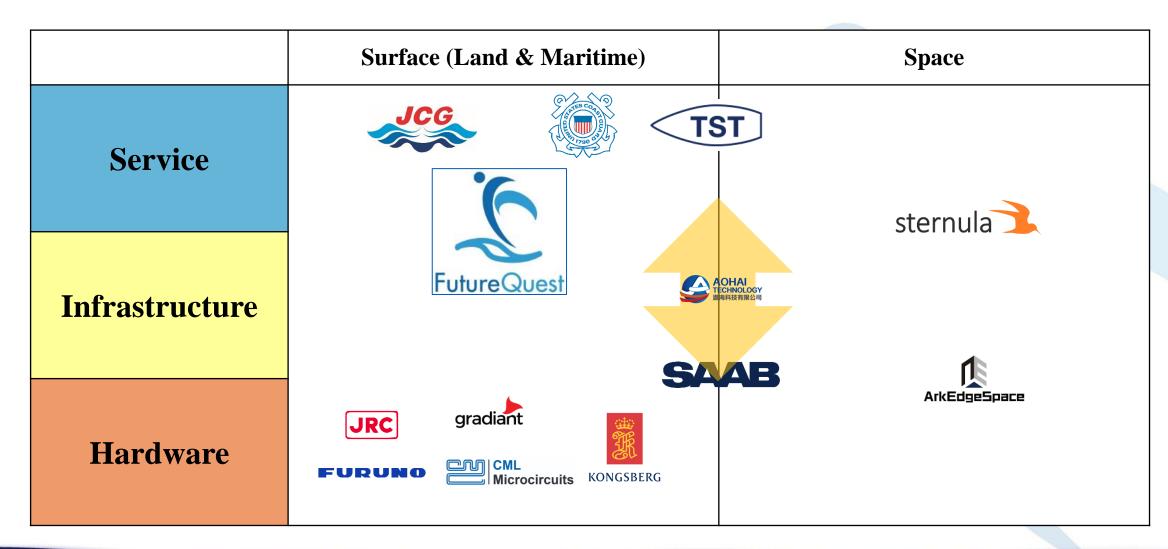




Source: Sternula, AOHAI Technology, USCG

#### **VDES Business Entities**





### IT Perspective

#### **Evolution Case of VDES**

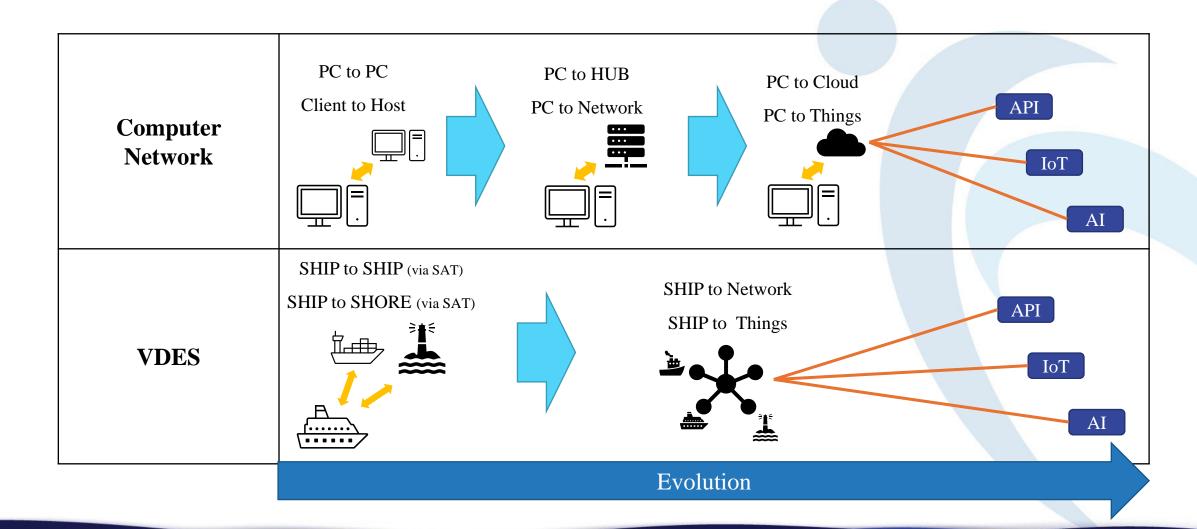


VDES evolves in pace with IT technologies or even faster.

WHY? and HOW?

#### **Evolutions: VDES vs PC**





#### Radio to IP Network















Personal Computer

Operating System

X as a Service

**Evolution** 











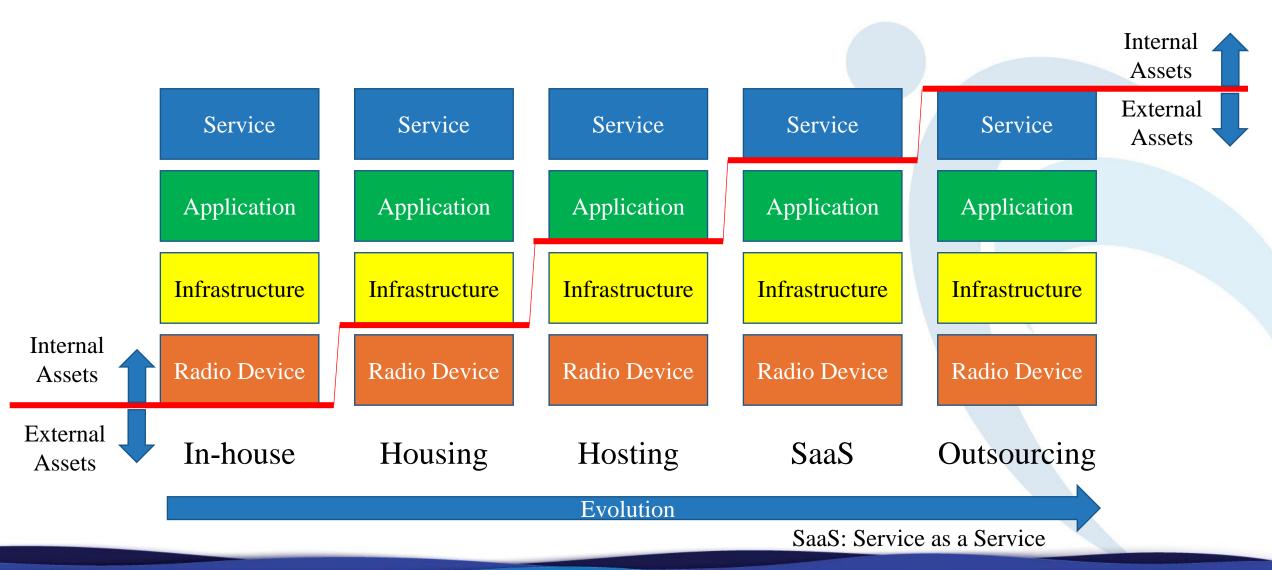
VHF Radio

**VDES** Radio

**Evolution** 

#### **Outsourcing and SaaS**





#### **Integration with New Technologies**







**Terminal Devices** 



AI





MASS (\*1), USV (\*2), Robot

### Benefits and Requirements

#### **Benefits**



- Accommodation of diverse work styles
- Improvement of work efficiency
- Leading to cost reduction
- Being a measure for business continuity planning (BCP)
- Storage and utilization of data

#### **Costs and Requirements**



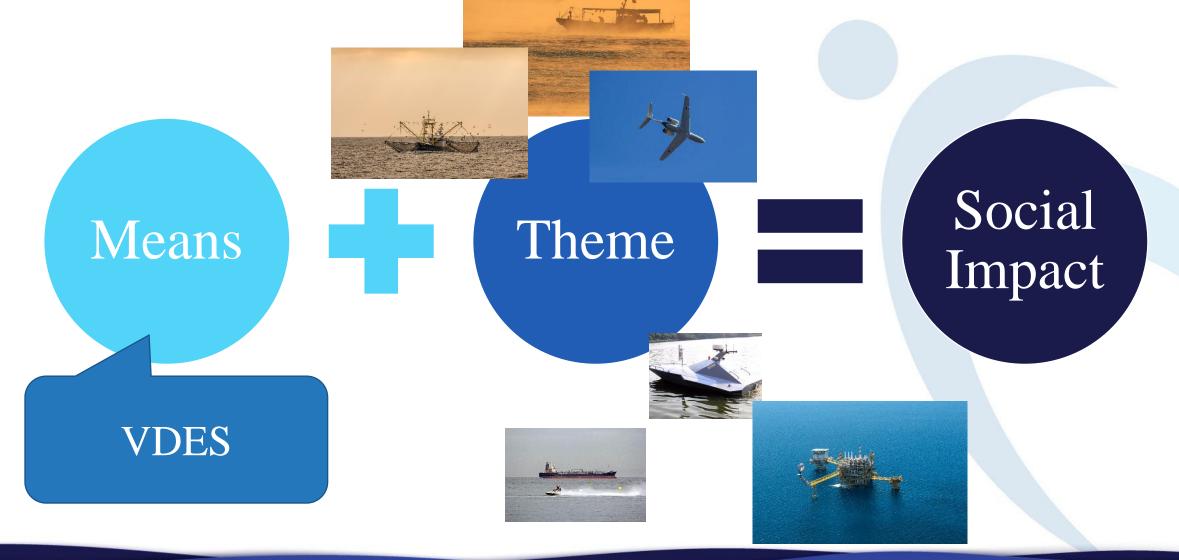
- Incurrence of implementation and running costs
- Necessity of security measures
- Obtaining understanding from government and industry required
- Securing IT experts/personnel requited
- Ensuring international quality required



### The Future is Now

**Opportunities** 

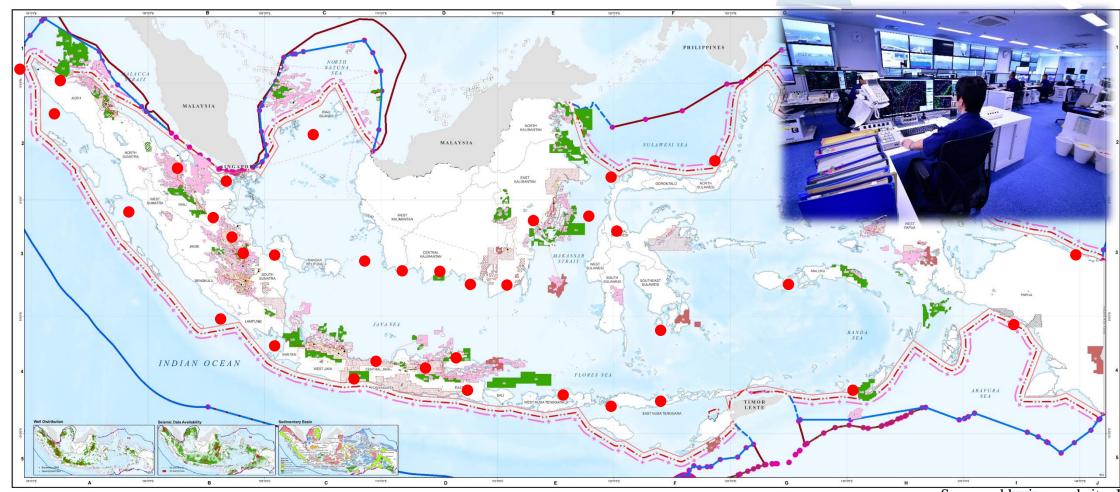




#### Cloud Radio System: The Smart Ocean Governance



#### Central Management Center



Radio Site

Source: skkmigas website, JRC website

#### Augmented Reality in Navigation: The Smart Lighthouse



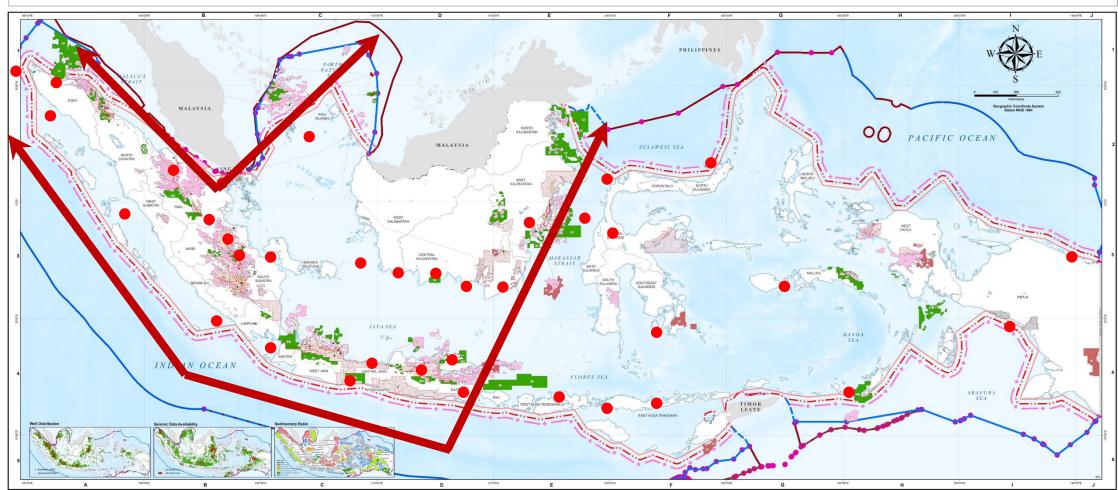


Source: Malacca Strait Council

#### Automation in Transportation: The Smart Sea Lane



#### INDONESIA OIL & GAS WORKING AREA MAP - STATUS JANUARY 2023



Radio Site

Source: skkmigas website, JRC website

### Conclusion

#### VDES and the Role of IT and Maritime Administrative Experts



- Port stations (operated by DGST) required to respond to VDES as part of the international trend
- VDES expected to undergo similar evolution and usage to IT

#### <RECOMMENDATION>

- Installing VDES Equipment for International Compliance at Port Stations
- Optimizing VDES Benefits in Maritime Services through Software and Automation
- Necessity of IT/Maritime Adm. Experts for Efficient System Design and Development



## Terima kasih banyak



