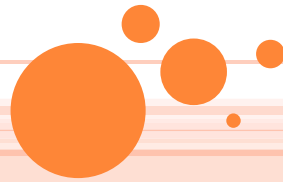


2017年2月13日
第二回 TWG (インテリムワークショップ)

THE PROJECT FOR MASTER PLAN STUDY
ON NATIONAL POWER DEVELOPMENT
IN
THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA
TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP (TWG)
WORKSHOP

13th February 2017
JICA Study team



CONTENTS

1. Outline of the Study
2. Contents of the Study
3. Power Supply flow
4. Master Plan Formulation
5. Schedule of the Study

1. OUTLINE OF THE STUDY

Item	Description
Objectives	Formulation of National Power System Development for 25 years Technical Transfer to the counterparts of Nigeria
Target Facility	Electric Power generation facilities and power system facilities of not less than 66/33kV substation facilities and transmission system owned by TCN
Implementation Agency	Federal Ministry of Power, Works and Housing
Scope of Work	Formulation of National Power System Development including power demand forecast, power generation development, power system development and investment plan

2. CONTENTS OF THE STUDY-1

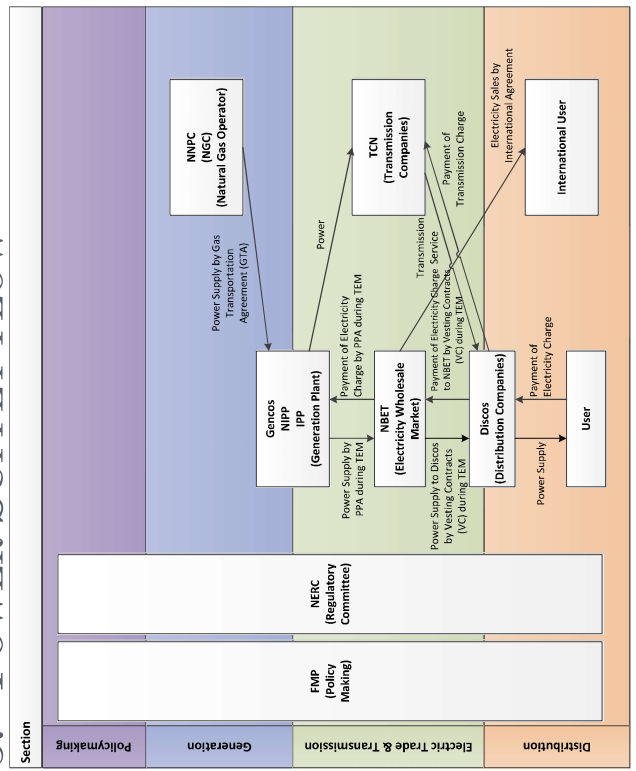
Contents	Outline
1. Review of the Power Sector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Review of organizational and legal framework, legislation, power tariff and other policy related to the Power Sector ■ Review and analysis of the current power supply situation ■ Review of the existing power supply facilities
2. Primary Energy Analysis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Review of energy policy, energy supply and demand, and organizational structure ■ Review of primary energy as a domestic production ■ Outlook of the primary energy supply and demand
3. Power Demand Forecast	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Review of method for power demand forecast ■ Formulation of power demand forecast ■ Power demand forecasting up to 2040
4. Study of optimization of power development plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data collection of the existing power plants ■ Data collection and analysis of planned new / expansion plan for power plants ■ Study of optimization of power development plan
5. Formulation of Power System Development Plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data collection of the existing power system ■ Data collection and analysis of planned new / expansion plan for transmission and substation facilities ■ Coordination with "Development of Power System Master Plan" ■ Study of power system development plan

2. CONTENTS OF THE STUDY-2

Contents	Outline
6. Environmental social considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data collection of organizational structure and regulation framework for environmental social considerations Data collection and analysis of prioritized projects Implementation of SEA
7. Formulation of Master Plan on National Power System Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Formulation of optimization of power development plan Formulation of Power System Development Plan Long-term investment plan and economic evaluation Marshaling of the formulation of Master Plan on National Power System Development
8. Policy Recommendation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recommendation of organizational and legal framework, legislation, power tariff and other policy related to the Power Sector shall be made in order to realize the master plan.
9. Technical Transfer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The master plan shall be formulated in collaboration work between the study team and the Nigerian counterparts. Classroom training, actual data and software to formulate the master plan shall be utilized in the workshop. How to Update Master Plan
10. Counterpart program in Japan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In order to make the master plan public widely and exchange information and opinions, seminar shall be hold in Japan. Introduction of Power sector policy or institutional framework in Japan and facility tour

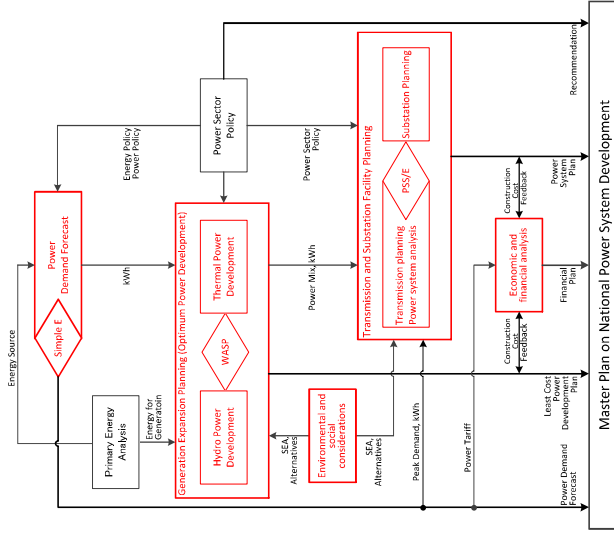
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3. POWER SUPPLY FLOW



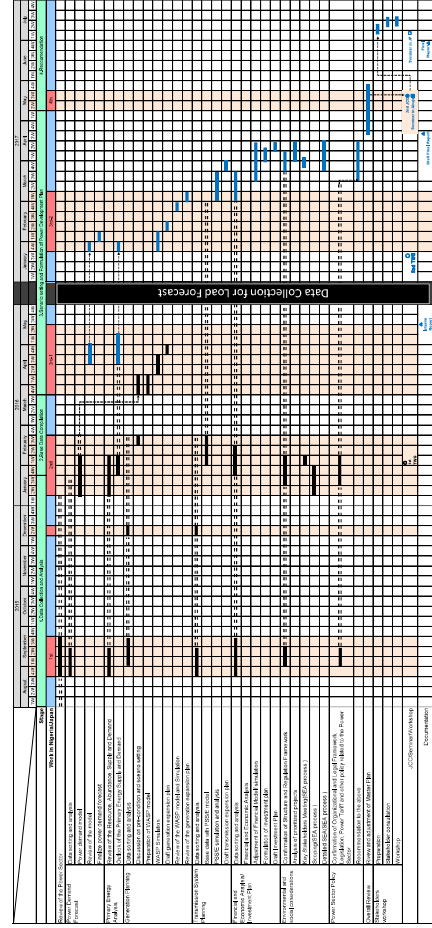
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4. MASTER PLAN FORMULATION



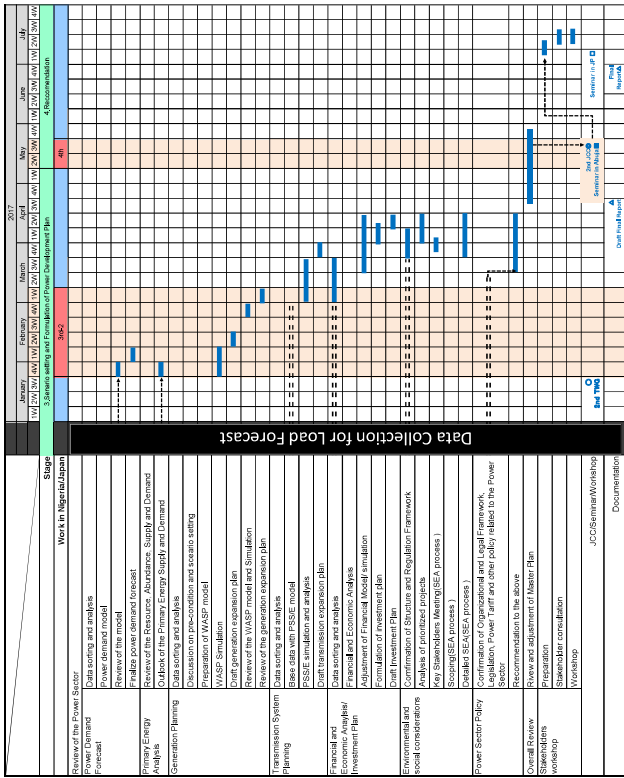
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5. SCHEDULE OF THE STUDY-1



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5. SCHEDULE OF THE STUDY-2



1 MASTER PLAN STUDY ON NATIONAL POWER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

TWG on Power Demand Forecasts

Feb 2017

Contents

1. Preconditions on Power Demand Forecasts(P02)
2. Country Wide Power Demand Forecasts (P05)
3. Region wise power demand forecasts (P09)
4. Peak demand by GDP Scenario (P14)
5. Update power demand forecasts(P15)

2 1. Preconditions on Power demand forecasts

1.1 Discussing Social Economic conditions

Nigerian C/P
FM of Power, Works & Housing
TCN & NCC

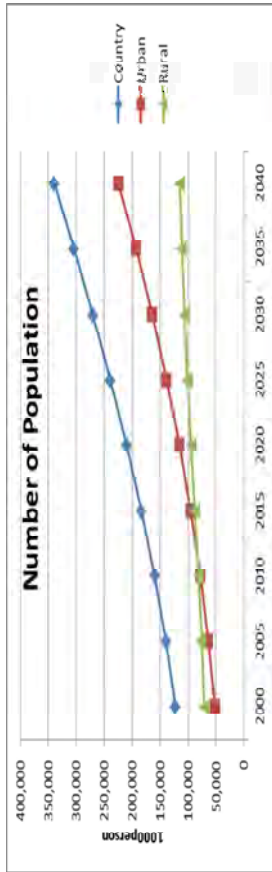
JICA
Study Team

	Ministry and Authority	Visited Date
TCN	Transmission Company of Nigeria	19th Jan 2016
REA	Rural Electrification Authority	19th Jan 2016
ECN	Energy Commission of Nigeria	20th Jan 2016
NBS	National Bureau of Statistics	20th Jan 2016
MBNP (NPC)	Ministry of Budget and National planning	21st Jan 2016
NNPC	Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation	21st Jan 2016
NERC	Nigerian Electricity Regulatory Commission	27th Jan 2016
NBET	Nigeria Bulk Electricity Trade	29th Jan 2016

Thank you for your attention

1.2 Population & GDP Forecasts

3



Source: United Nations : World Population Prospects 2012 Division

< GDP growth rate >

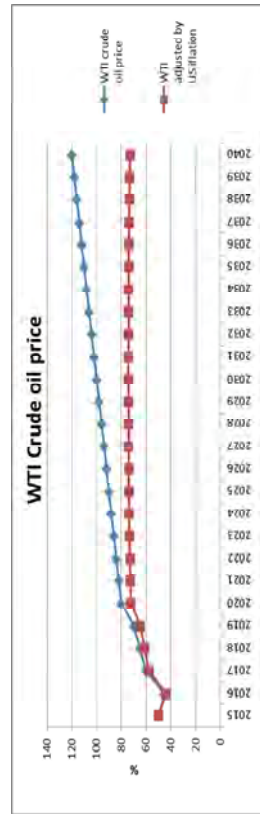
Scenario of GDP	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040
Base GDP	4.3 %	6.5 %	6.5 %	6.5 %	6.5 %
High GDP	4.3 %	8.0 %	8.0 %	8.0 %	8.0 %
Low GDP	4.3 %	5.0 %	5.0 %	5.0 %	5.0 %

Reference: FMBNP, Vision 20 2020 and IMF studies

1.3 Crude oil price outlook

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Organization	Publication	Latest version
International Energy Agency (IEA)	World Energy Outlook (WEO)	2016 version
Energy Information Agency (EIA, USA)	International Energy Outlook	2016 version
The Institute of Energy Economics, Japan(IEEJ)	Asia/ World Energy Outlook	2016 version

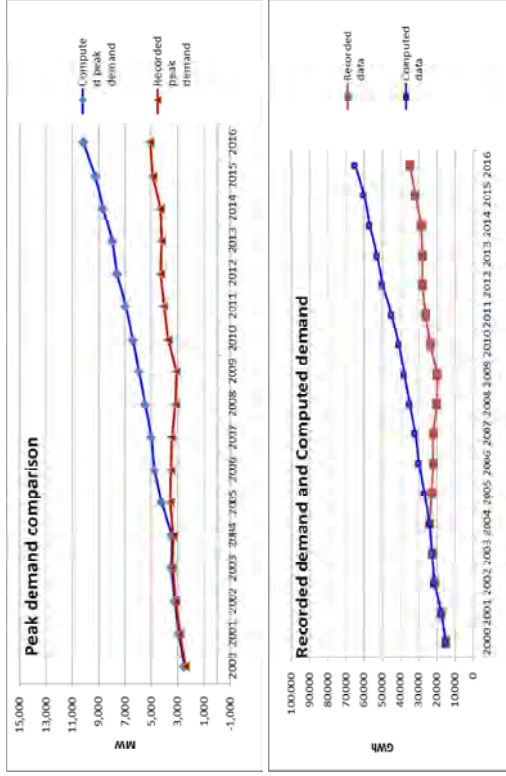


- Source: Actual data from BP statistics.
- Recent data from The Institute of Energy Economics, Japan
- Brent oil price is nearly same to WTI price. (Brent = WTI + \$2/bbl)

2. Country Wide Power Demand Forecasts

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2.1 Recorded demand and Computed demand



Recorded demand means "With constrain demand" and computed demand is "Without constrain demand".

2.2 Computed and Recorded demand Forecasts

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	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Computed						
On grid	9,240	14,070	22,810	35,310	47,140	60,040
Off grid power	160	1,400	3,150	4,340	5,950	8,190
On + Off grid	9,390	15,470	25,960	39,650	53,090	68,230
Export	260	330	500	710	890	1,060
Country power	9,660	15,800	26,460	40,360	53,990	69,290
Recorded						
On grid	4,880	9,140	21,670	35,310	47,140	60,040
Off grid power	160	1,400	3,150	4,340	5,950	8,190
On + Off grid	5,040	10,540	24,820	39,650	53,090	68,230
Export	260	330	500	710	890	1,060
Country power	5,300	10,870	25,320	40,360	53,980	69,290

Note: Off grid demand connected to TCN is increased with real GDP growth rate.
Note: Export is estimated by Elasticity to TCN demand growth rate, the elasticity is 0.7

%

Computed demand	Unit	2015/10	2020/15	2025/20	2030/25	2035/30	2040/35	2040/15
Energy Demand	%	8.4	7.0	10.2	9.1	6.0	5.0	7.4
Peak demand	%	7.6	8.8	10.2	9.1	6.0	5.0	7.8
Recorded demand	Unit	2015/10	2020/15	2025/20	2030/25	2035/30	2040/35	2040/15
Energy Demand	%	5.3	12.8	18.8	10.3	6.0	5.0	10.4
Peak demand	%	5.6	13.4	18.8	10.3	6.0	5.0	10.6

3. Region wise power demand forecasts
3.1 Regional survey results in 2016

9

NAME OF DISCO	Unit	C DISCO LOAD DEMAND FROM 2016 FIELD MEASUREMENT	D HISTORIC 33kV PEAK LOAD COLLECTED IN 2016	E DISCO ESTIMATE ON-GRID SUPPRESSED LOAD	F DISCO ESTIMATED OFF-GRID SUPPRESSED (POTENTIAL) LOAD	G Potential demand On grid in 2016	H Potential demand On + Off in Future
AEDC	MW	762	577	270	381	1,033	1,414
BEDC	MW	1,223	777	163	221	1,386	1,607
EEDC	MW	1,027	803	380	287	1,406	1,694
IBEDC	MW	1,286	1,119	184	280	1,470	1,749
IKEDC+EKEDC	MW	2,566	1,834	683	716	3,249	3,965
JEDC	MW	399	416	44	143	443	586
KAEDCO	MW	602	632	93	342	695	1,037
KEDCO	MW	708	514	187	224	895	1,119
PHEDC	MW	948	885	130	230	1,078	1,308
YOLA	MW	280	305	35	365	315	679
TOTAL	MW	9,801	7,861	2,169	3,188	11,969	15,157
Coincident rate 90%	MW	8,821	7,075	1,952	2,869	10,772	13,641

Source: The survey is conducted by TCN and Fichtner

10

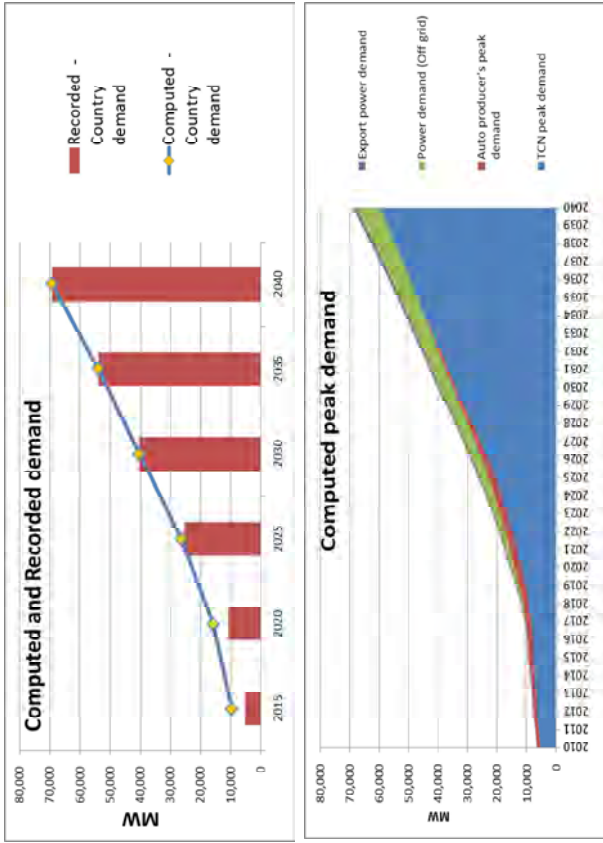
3.2 DISCO wise electrification rate & electrified population

Electrification rate	2014	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Abuja	54	57	76	100	100	100	100
Benin	80	82	90	100	100	100	100
Enugu	71	73	86	100	100	100	100
Ibadan	80	81	90	100	100	100	100
Ikeja+EKO	99	99	100	100	100	100	100
Jos	40	42	56	75	100	100	100
Kaduna	41	44	58	76	100	100	100
Kano	36	38	49	62	79	100	100
Port Harcour	61	64	80	100	100	100	100
Yola	30	32	42	56	75	100	100
Total	57	59	71	85	95	100	100
Electrified Population	5,041	5,484	8,331	12,632	14,441	16,463	18,711
Abuja	13,632	14,337	18,387	23,473	27,000	30,966	35,332
Benin	14,207	14,978	19,530	25,378	28,127	31,069	34,240
Enugu	15,612	16,420	21,059	26,902	30,928	35,437	40,449
Ibadan	11,549	11,895	13,765	15,861	18,234	20,841	23,704
Ikeja+EKO	8,943	9,737	14,858	22,608	34,319	38,943	44,017
Jos	8,352	9,257	13,869	20,715	30,866	34,856	39,222
Kaduna	9,160	9,894	14,499	21,168	30,828	34,753	40,892
Kano	10,803	11,647	16,910	24,431	28,065	32,148	36,653
Port Harcour	4,497	4,885	7,361	11,072	16,582	24,793	27,750
Yola	101,977	108,533	148,568	204,242	259,390	310,270	350,969

- Current electrification rate is 57% and almost 100% in 2030
- Some DISCOs are 100% up to 2025, and some are 100% in 2030
- Kano and Yola are 100% in 2035

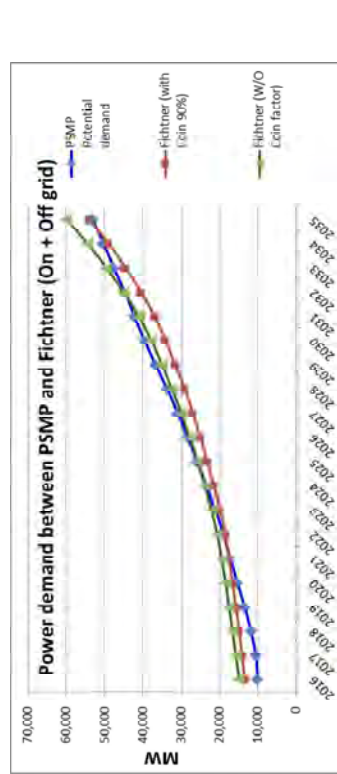
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2.3 Comparison Computed and Recorded demand



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2.4 Load demand comparison of Fichtner study and PSMP



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2025	2030	2035
PSMP Potential demand	9,822	10,496	11,770	13,506	15,469	25,964	39,650	53,093
Fichtner (with Coin 90%)	13,442	14,171	14,938	15,748	16,601	23,185	34,128	54,000
Fichtner (W/O Coin factor)	14,936	15,745	16,598	17,498	18,445	25,761	37,920	60,000

Source: PSMP = Power Demand Forecasting Model by PSMP
Fichtner : Regional Survey implemented by TCN and Fichtner

3.3 DISCO wise peak demand

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Unit: MW

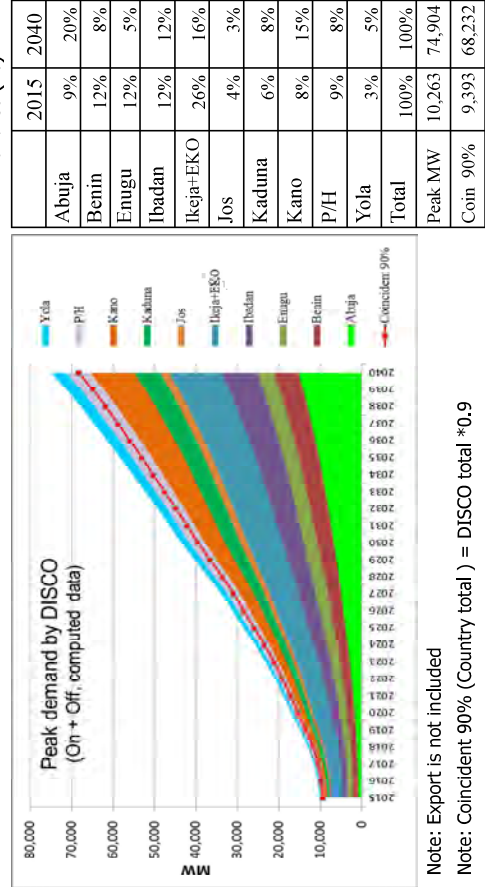
	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2040/15
Computed data							
On + Off	885	1,779	3,987	6,806	10,327	15,308	12.1
Abuja	1,189	1,811	3,928	4,871	5,904	6,662	6.6
Benin	1,206	1,786	3,276	3,668	4,062	4,500	5.0
Enugu	1,266	2,106	3,470	5,144	6,754	8,676	8.0
Ibadan	2,786	4,363	6,155	8,500	10,433	12,562	6.2
Ikeja+EKO	380	618	1,045	1,703	2,149	2,722	7.2
Jos	596	1,056	2,045	3,764	4,898	6,249	9.9
Kaduna	767	1,412	4,792	7,813	10,620	11,111	11.1
Kano	924	1,527	2,690	3,790	4,736	5,792	7.6
P/H	270	574	1,107	1,870	2,906	3,582	10.9
Yola	10,263	17,032	28,537	43,574	58,331	74,904	8.3
Total	9,393	15,469	25,964	39,650	53,093	68,232	8.3
Country							
Recorded data							
Abuja	468	1,215	3,807	6,806	10,327	15,308	15.0
Benin	628	1,211	2,677	3,928	4,871	5,904	9.4
Enugu	657	1,205	2,500	3,276	3,668	4,062	7.7
Ibadan	666	1,412	3,310	5,144	6,754	8,676	10.8
Ikeja+EKO	1,472	2,946	5,883	8,500	10,433	12,562	9.0
Jos	201	424	1,000	1,703	2,149	2,722	10.0
Kaduna	315	739	1,960	3,764	4,898	6,249	12.7
Kano	405	952	2,495	4,792	7,813	10,620	14.0
P/H	488	1,028	2,567	3,790	4,736	5,792	10.4
Yola	143	429	1,070	1,870	2,906	3,582	13.8
Total	5,422	11,561	27,270	43,574	58,331	74,904	11.1
Country	4,880	10,545	24,824	39,650	53,093	68,232	11.1

Source: Study team estimation

3.4 Peak demand shares by DISCO

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Shares (%)



Note: Export is not included

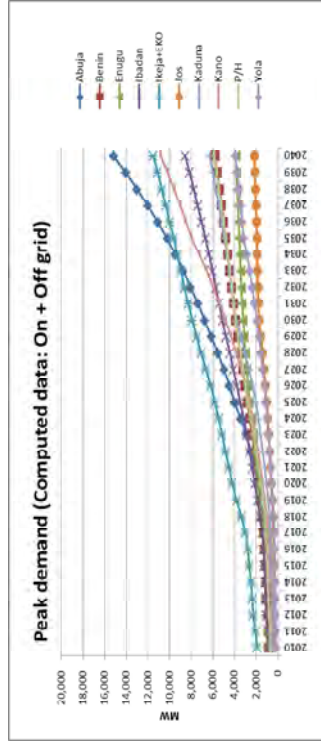
Note: Coincident 90% (Country total) = DISCO total * 0.9

3.5 Computed growth rate of On+Off grid

13

%

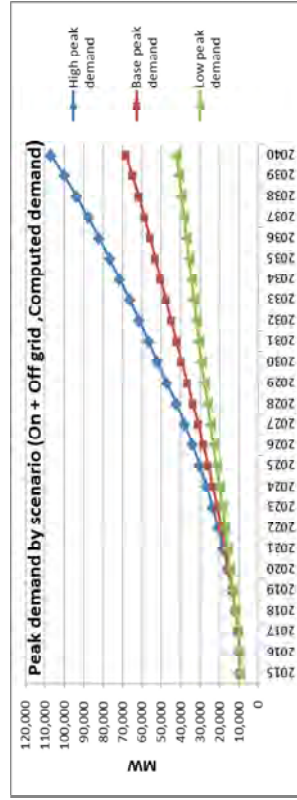
	2020/15	2025/20	2030/25	2035/30	2040/35	2040/15
Abuja	15.0	17.5	11.3	8.7	8.2	12.1
Benin	8.8	9.2	7.0	4.4	3.9	6.6
Enugu	8.2	7.9	4.6	2.3	2.1	5.0
Ibadan	10.8	10.5	8.2	5.6	5.1	8.0
Ikeja+EKO	9.4	7.1	6.7	4.2	3.8	6.2
Jos	10.2	11.1	10.3	2.5	2.2	7.2
Kaduna	12.1	14.1	13.0	5.4	5.0	9.9
Kano	13.0	13.1	12.9	10.3	6.3	11.1
P/H	10.6	12.0	7.1	4.6	4.1	7.6
Yola	16.3	14.0	11.1	9.2	6.0	10.9
Total	10.7	10.9	8.8	6.0	5.1	8.3
Coincident 90%	10.5	10.9	8.8	6.0	5.1	8.3



4. Peak demand by GDP Scenario

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4.1 Peak demand (On + Off) by Scenario



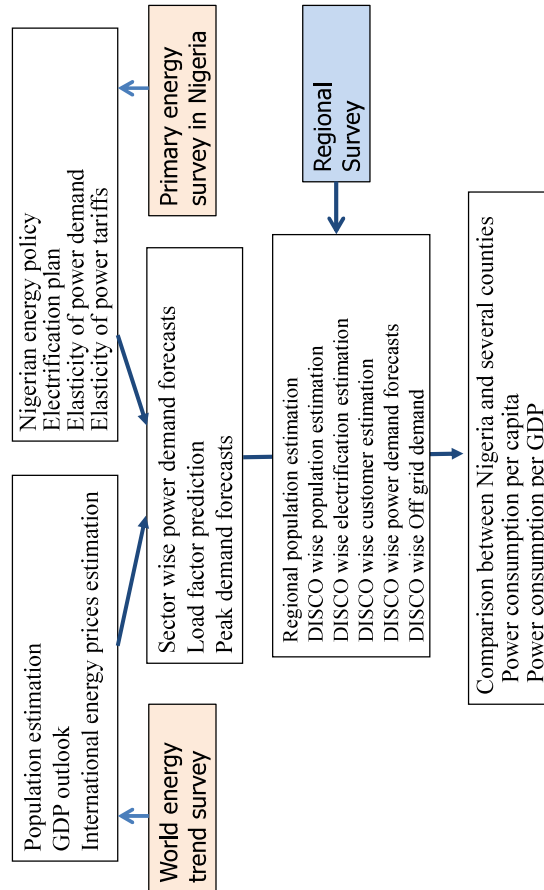
Note: Export is not included

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	40/15
High peak	9,393	9,822	10,501	11,784	13,534	15,921	30,236	52,098	76,748	107,015	10.2
Base peak	9,393	9,822	10,496	11,770	13,506	15,469	25,964	39,650	53,093	68,232	8.3
Low peak	9,393	9,820	10,486	11,739	13,184	14,685	21,784	29,437	35,758	42,330	6.2

5. Update power demand forecasts

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5.1 Procedures of Power demand forecasts



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5.2 Social and economic forecasts

Update items	Authorities
Population forecasts	NPopC, NBS
GDP outlook	NPC, NBS
Exchange rate	NPC, MOF, CBN
Inflation rate	NPC, MOF, CBN
Crude oil Price	MPR, NNPC
Power tariff	NERC

NPopC: National Population Committee

MPR: Ministry of Petroleum Resources

5.3 Power demand forecasts

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Update items	Authorities
Residential sector	TCN, NERC, ECN
Commercial sector	TCN, NERC, ECN
Public and Street sector	TCN, NERC, ECN
Transmission loss (T- loss)	TCN, NERC, ECN
Total power demands	TCN, NERC, ECN
Peak demand	TCN, ECN
Generation	TCN, ECN
Required capacity	TCN, ECN
Export	TCN, ECN
Off grid power demand	REA, TCN

5.4 DISCO wise power demand

Update items	Authorities
Regional Survey	TCN ,DISCOS
Sectoral customers	TCN ,DISCOS
Sectoral power demand	TCN ,DISCOS
On + Off grid power demand	TCN ,DISCOS

5.5 Task force image

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Task force	Authorities	Conductors
Social economic forecasts	NPC, MOF, NPopC, NBS, CBN	FMP
Energy supply conditions	ECN, MPR, NNPC	
Power demand forecasts	TCN, NERC	
DISCO power demand forecasts	TCN , DISCOs	
Off grid plans	REA , TCN	

Note: NPopC: National Population Commission

DISCOs: 11 DISCOs

THE PROJECT
FOR
MASTER PLAN STUDY ON NATIONAL POWER SYSTEM
DEVELOPMENT
IN
THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

Methodology and procedure of updating
Generation Expansion Plan

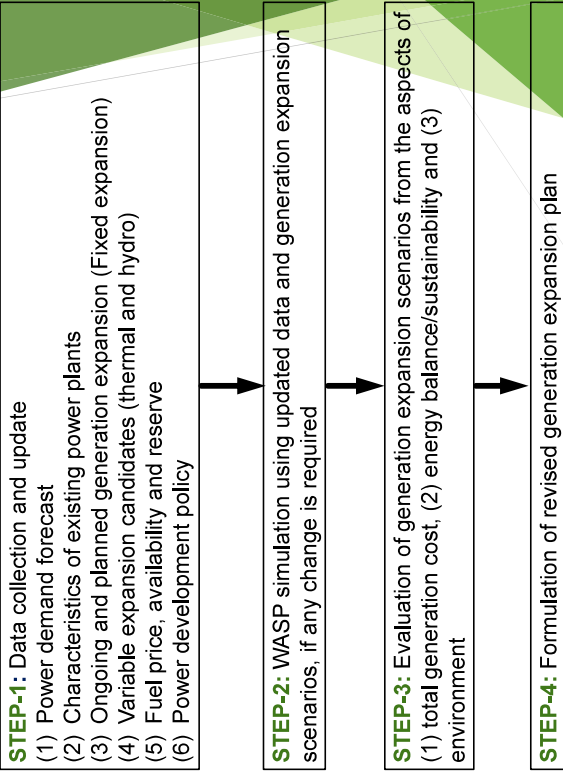
February 2017

Technical Working Group

1. Introduction

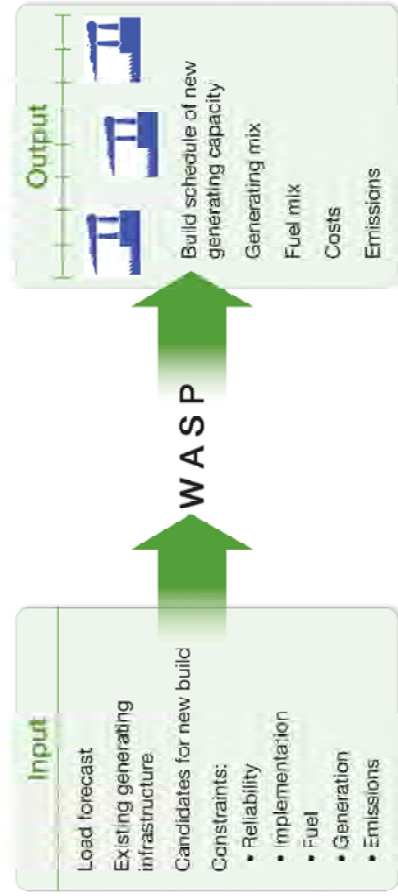
- ▶ This manual covers the process and methodology of updating the generation expansion plan of National Power System Development (Master Plan).
- ▶ The least cost generation expansion plans will be formulated through simulation using WASP software. For details of WASP software, its manual can be referred and the description of how to use WASP is not included in this manual.
- ▶ Federal Ministry of Power, Works and Housing (FMPWH) is responsible for updating the generation expansion plan in cooperation with related agencies such as Nigerian Electricity Regulatory Commission (NERC), Transmission Company of Nigeria (TCN), Energy Commission of Nigeria (ECN), Nigeria Bulk Electricity Trading Plc (NBET), Gas Aggregation Company of Nigeria (GACN), Nigeria Gas Company (NGC), etc.

2. Flow of updating generation expansion plan



[Reference] What is WASP?

WASP Wien Automatic System Planning Package



Source: IAEA (Aug.2009) "Tools and Methodologies for Energy System Planning and Nuclear Energy System Assessments"

2.4 Variable expansion candidates (1) Thermal power plants

- ▶ Variable expansion candidates for thermal power plants as shown in the following table will be updated if any other or different type of plants are applicable.

Plant type	Capacity	Efficiency	Cost	Plant life
Simple cycle gas turbine	100MW class	30.8%	\$980/kW	30 years
	200MW class	34.7%	\$680/kW	30 years
Combined cycle	300MW class	51.4%	\$980/kW	30 years
	500MW class	54.0%	\$941/kW	30 years
	1,000MW class	55.1%	\$842/kW	30 years
Coal fired conventional	300MW class	40.7%	\$2,500/kW	40 years
	700MW class	42.1%	\$2,000/kW	40 years
	1,000MW class	43.0%	\$2,000/kW	40 years

2.4 Variable expansion candidates (2) Hydro power plants

- ▶ Potential hydro sites which are identified through a study named "Screening for Hydropower Options with Associated Water Resources Development in the Niger Basin" assisted by the World Bank and conducted by Tractebel Engineering was used for the Project. Out of 64 sites identified by the WB study, 20 to 30 sites which have high ranking scores and large capacity were selected for hydro candidates for the Project.

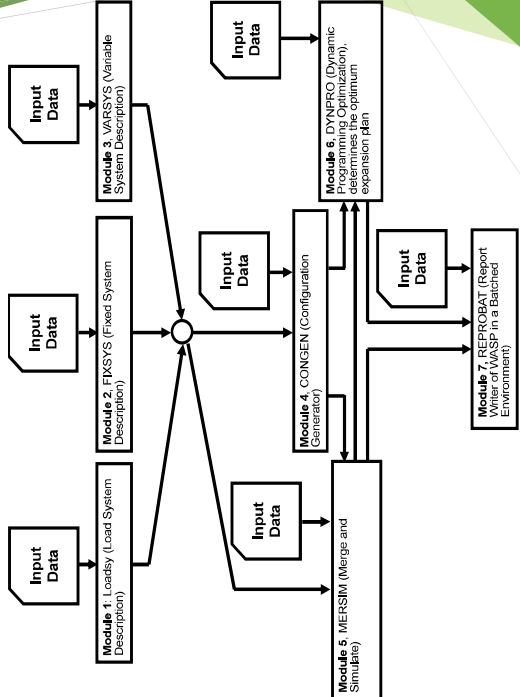
Hydro-Data	Site ID	Name	Capacity (MW)												Total Capacity (MW)	Efficiency (%)	Cost (\$/kW)	Plant Life (Years)
			10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120				
1	10001	10001	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
2	10002	10002	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
3	10003	10003	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
4	10004	10004	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
5	10005	10005	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
6	10006	10006	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
7	10007	10007	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
8	10008	10008	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
9	10009	10009	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
10	10010	10010	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
11	10011	10011	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
12	10012	10012	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
13	10013	10013	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
14	10014	10014	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
15	10015	10015	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
16	10016	10016	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
17	10017	10017	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
18	10018	10018	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
19	10019	10019	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40
20	10020	10020	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	100	40.0	2500	40

2.5 Fuel price, availability and reserve 2.6 Power development policy

- ▶ Gas price, gas allocation to power generation and natural gas reserve will be updated by GACN and NGC.
- ▶ Any change in power development policy such as the promotion of renewable energy, coal fired power and nuclear power shall be incorporated into the revision of power development plan.

3. WASP simulation

- ▶ Updated data will be used for WASP simulation to obtain the revised least cost generation expansion plan.



Function of WASP modules

- ▶ Module 1: Loady (Load System Description), processes information describing period peak loads and load duration curves for the power system over the study period.
- ▶ Module 2: FIXSYS (Fixed System Description), processes information describing the existing generation system and any predetermined additions or retirements, as well as information on any constraints imposed by the user on environmental emissions, fuel availability or electricity generation by some plants.
- ▶ Module 3: VARSYS (Variable System Description), processes information describing the various generating plants which are to be considered as candidates for expanding the generation system.
- ▶ Module 4: CONGEN (Configuration Generator), calculates all possible year-to-year combinations of expansion candidate additions which satisfy certain input constraints and which in combination with the fixed system can satisfy the loads. CONGEN also calculates the basic economic loading order of the combined list of FIXSYS and VARSYS plants.
- ▶ Module 5: MERSIM (Merge and Simulate), considers all configurations put forward by CONGEN and uses probabilistic simulation of system operation to calculate the associated production costs, energy-not-served and system reliability for each configuration. In the process, any limitations imposed on some groups of plants for their environmental emissions, fuel availability or electricity generation are also taken into account. The dispatching of plants is determined in such a way that plant availability, maintenance requirement, spinning reserve requirements and all the group-limitations are satisfied with minimum cost. MERSIM can also be used to simulate the system operation for the best solution provided by the current DYNPRO run and in this mode of operation is called REMERSIM.
- ▶ Module 6: DYNPRO (Dynamic Programming Optimization), determines the optimum expansion plan based on previously derived operating costs along with input information on capital costs, energy-not-served cost and economic parameters and reliability criteria.
- ▶ Module 7: REPROBAT (Report Writer of WASP in a Batched Environment), writes a report summarizing the total or partial results for the optimum or near optimum power system expansion plan and for fixed expansion schedules.

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4. Update of generation expansion plan

4.1 Evaluation of generation expansion scenarios

- ▶ Generation expansion scenarios as shown in the following table will be compared and evaluated from the aspects of cost (total generation cost), energy balance (sustainability and security of energy resources) and environment (amount of emission). If necessary, generation expansion scenarios will be modified or added.

	Capacity Share			Evaluation	
	Gas	Coal	Hydro and Renewable	Cost	Energy Balance Environ ment
Scenario-1 (Conservative)	70%	10%	20%		
Scenario-2 (More coal)	60%	20%	20%		
Scenario-3 (No coal)	75%	0%	25%		

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4.2 Formulation of revised generation expansion plan

- ▶ The revised WASP simulation results indicate the updated least cost generation expansion plan. However, variable expansion candidates for thermal power plants do not have the information on their location and connection points to the grid.
- ▶ Therefore, they need to be allocated to specific projects which are included in IPP queue lists so that all the sites for expansion candidates are identified. This is necessary for power system analysis which follows the generation expansion plan.

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MASTER PLAN STUDY ON NATIONAL POWER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

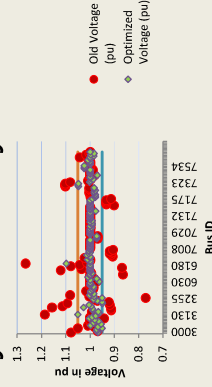
TWG on Transmission System Analysis

Feb 2017

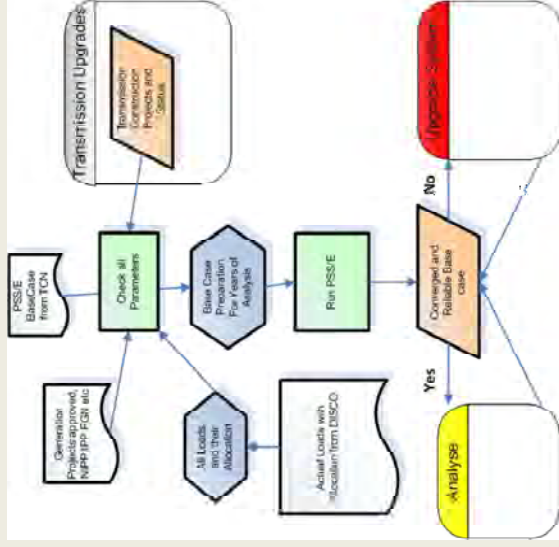
By Engr. Nazif Abdulkadir
Sudipto Bhowmik

Overview

- Long term planning study
- Analysis consists of Steady state analysis
 - i. Powerflow
 - ii. Contingency analysis
 - iii. Reactive Study
- Cost based analysis and alternative Voltage Levels



Overall Process flowchart

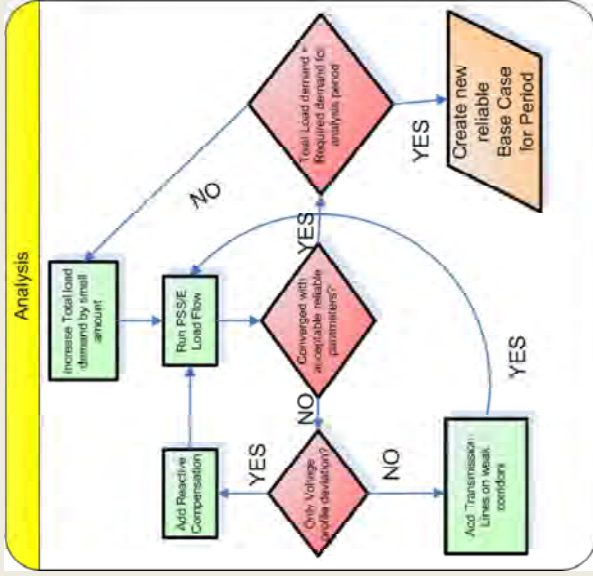


Transmission System update procedure

Creation of starting year Base case

- Run preliminary power flow
- Check values and parameters
- **Transmission Upgrades**
 - Include the transmission upgrades scheduled by TCN and NIPP till year end for the year of analysis
 - Take into account risks such as legal or financial for calculating actual date of completion
 - Include the locations and type of conductor or transformers in the base case
- **Generation Upgrades**
 - Amount and location of new Generation for the year of analysis
 - Include all technical and financial constraints as risks for completion of the final online status of the generation
 - Include the assumption that generation will participate in regulation by 10% of available capacity
- **Load Upgrades**
 - Amount and location of new Load for the year of analysis
 - Use the actual data collected from the DISCOS and their estimated load increase
 - Proportional load allocation to be included at all load buses

Analysis Process



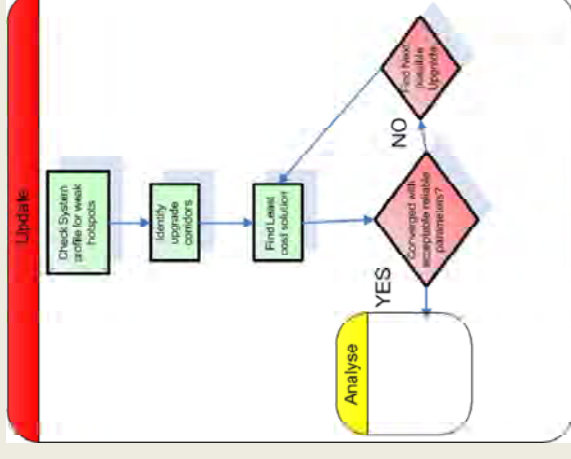
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Technical Analysis procedure:

- **Incremental increase in Load at all buses**
 - Run power flow for convergence
 - Check results for indication of voltage or convergence failure
- **Voltage profile analysis**
 - Check values of voltages at all buses and ensure they fall within limits
 - Adjust by adding reactive compensation
- **Steady state convergence analysis**
 - Check flows and whether they fall within limits of lines and transformer ratings
 - Adjust by adding transmission lines and or upgrading transformers

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Upgrading of System



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Upgrade system procedure:

- **Include scheduled system upgrades**
 - Include transmission upgrades
 - Include transformer upgrades
 - Include substation upgrades
- **Incremental system upgrades**
 - For convergence create set of transmission upgrades based on weak corridors
 - Create viable sets based on incremental mitigation by including the upgrades
- **Cost analysis**
 - Perform cost based analysis of all set of viable transmission upgrades
 - Check viability of different technology such as higher voltages

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