JICA Expert Reports J2: EIA/EMP

- J2-1. Environmental Considerations Analysis: a Needs Analysis b ESC Analysis
- J2-2. REG Development Plan
- J2-3. List of EIA/EMP Taskforce Meeting Records (REG Authorization Process)
- J2-4. REG Monitoring Report

J2-1. Environmental Considerations Analysis: a Needs Analysis b ESC Analysis

J2-1. Environmental Considerations Analysis (a Needs Analysis)

PDM Means of Verification 1.4.1 JICA Expert Report (Needs Analysis)

This Report is based on the needs for EIA/EMP from the counter parts of this projects, which were expressed in the following occasions, as well as an rapid analyses for the needs by JICA Expert.

- Project Kick-off Meeting on 17th March at Meeting Hall, MPWT
- Needs Assessment related to EIA/EMP to each member of EIA/EMP of TF on 24 March

1. Needs (Expectations) for EIA/EMP Activities of the Project

1.1 Expectations in the Project Kick-off Meeting on 17th March at Meeting Hall, MPWT

It was expressed the following expectations for capacity development and enhancement for the Environmental and Social Office (ESO) of Department of Planning (DOP), MPWT such as;

- (1) Development of EIA/IEE report relative to road construction and maintenance sector, especially key elements in EIA/IEE report.
- (2) Preparing of Environmental and Social Screening Checklist and how to identify the issue relative to environment and social aspect
- (3) Preparing of Comprehensive EMP for road construction and maintenance
- (4) Key tools and/or methods for EIA/IEE associated to road work sector and physical environmental assessment.
- (5) Management skill of EIA/IEE work flow and procedure for EIA/IEE approval
- (6) Review on EIA/IEE report for improvement implementation and quality assurance of environmental quality
- (7) Perform an acceptable monitoring and inspecting the implementation of EMP
- (8) Prepare a highly quality report of monitoring and inspecting to be reported to MPWT management level
- (9) Design and prepare an acceptable and good report template for monitoring and inspecting of EMP implementation

Also, it was expressed the following expectations for capacity development and enhancement for the Project Management Unit (PMU),including actual EIA/EMP related tasks in International Cooperation Department, MPWT such as;

- (1) Providing comprehensive training on the Basic Environmental Procedure.
- (2) Developing the checklist or template of Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) preparation and RAP updated.
- (3) Preparing the proposal for EIA
- (4) Receiving more knowledge & experience in EIA & ROW implementation
- (5) Providing Capacity Building to provincial working group on RAP.

1.2 Needs Assessment related to EIA/EMP to each member of EIA/EMP of TF

It was conducted a rapid questionnaire survey for each main EIA.EMP Team member as needs assessment on 24 March. The main comments are as follows:

- (1) I hope the training will provide the important knowledge to implement on the field in the future.
- (2) I hope training will allow me to get the insight of this EIA, ROW and EMP, the application of EIA, ROW, and EMP in Japanese context. Last but not least, I hope I can apply this knowledge into my daily work.
- (3) I hope I can practice in real situation during seminar or workshop for EIA/EMP.
- (4) I hope the training will also provide the good practice of using air pollution, noise and vibration measurement equipment that in the future our team will be able to use those equipment for monitoring and inspection at the project site.
- (5) The training will provide key concepts and knowledge of EIA and EMP associated with road transportation project, and deliver the good practice of this associated assignment for our officials.
- (6) The training program should also cover knowledge of report preparation of monitoring and inspecting of EMP implementation as well as cover the main elements of the effective review of EIA/IEE report.

2. Rapid analyses for the needs by JICA Expert

For the above needs (expectations) from the relevant officials, it is address the following present situations and their capacity development training directions in terms of EIA/EMP collaboration activities among the EIA/EMP Team of TF of the Project and the JICA Expert, who is in charge of EIA/EMP.

2.1 Present Situations of the MPWT officials for EIA/EMP

(1) Reposes for the Needs (Expectations)

JICA Expert addressed the following main responses for the above needs:

- There are many expectations in particular technical knowledge for EIA/EMP for the project. It is admired for the needs from the C/P
- However, the range of the needs are very broad, some of the needs such as the above needs from PMU for item (2) and (4) are obviously out of this Project scope. This project does not deal with resettlement issues and RAP;
- In terms of preparation of EIA, it will be necessary to understand practical technical knowledge, including practical skills for sampling, impact forecast, etc.. It will be insufficient the time to learn, and the these practical knowledge in not necessary for the MPWT officials.

(2) Technical knowledges in terms of EIA/EMP

It was conducted a capacity assessment (CA) in terms of EIA/EMP activities, which includes basic four elements i) understandings of Environmental and Social Considerations Guidelines (JICA/WB), ii) understandings of EIA technical contents, iii) understandings of EMP technical contents, and iv) understandings of EIA Procedures in Cambodia, for each EIA/EMP Team of TF on 31 March.

Based on the CA results, most of the members are necessary to learn from basic knowledge/skill for all the above elements of the EIA/EMP.

On the other hand, this project for MPWT officials, who could only involve in parts of EIA process in Cambodia , due to tasks and authorities for EIA/EMP by the MOE.

(2) Capacity Development Training Basic Directions

JICA expert suggested that the following basic directions for capacity development for EIA/EMP will be effective and fruitful for the MPWT related officials:

The selected EIA/EMP Team member of TF of MPWT will conduct the following collaborative works between EIA/EMP Team member and the JICA Expert through weekly technical meetings, including rapid project site check:

- Technical Discussion Meeting for understandings of the main concepts of Environmental and Social Considerations Guidelines by JICA ,WB and the other donors;
- Formulation of the Road Environmental Guidelines (REG) for MPWT officials

The REG will be concise and practical EIA and EMP Process document with essential technical knowledge/methods for reviewing EIA/EMP in road sector in Cambodia.

J2-1. Environmental Considerations Analysis (b ESC Analysis)

PDM Means of Verification 1.1.1 JICA Expert Report (ESC Analyses)

This Report is described in terms of EIA and EMP Process, but not including resettlement issues, based on relevant documents and information collections in Cambodia.

1. World Bank EIA Process and Environmental Management Plan

1.1 World Bank EIA General Process

The standard social and environmental impact assessment process by World Bank (WB) is illustrated in Figure 1.1.

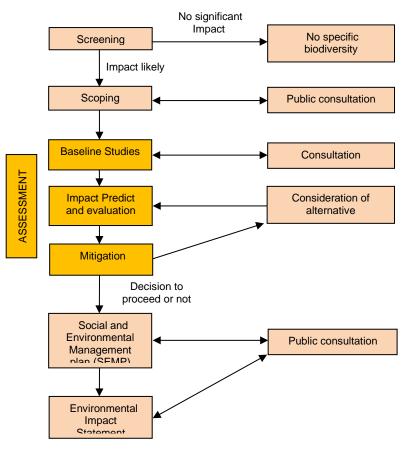


Figure 1.1 World Bank EIA General Process

1.2 WB's Social and Environmental Management Plan

Social and Environmental Management Plan (SEMP), it is used for World Bank Project as general Environmental Management Plan (EMP), defines resources, roles and responsibilities required to manage biodiversity impacts and implement mitigation measures.

The central elements of a SEMP should include a prioritized description of the activities planned to mitigate impacts, a time line and identification of resources to ensure the SEMP can be delivered, and a communication plan that indicates how progress in the implementation of the SEMP will be disclosed.

The SEMP should also define monitoring requirements to determine whether mitigation is successful. Although monitoring is often overlooked since it occurs once the project has been approved and is underway, it is important for providing evidence that the company (project owner) is achieving compliance and allowing for any necessary remedial measures to be put in place.

According to Environmental Management Plans and Environmental Assessment Sourcebook Update, 1999, World Bank, EMPs should include the following main contents:

- Summary of Impacts
- Description of mitigation measures:
- Description of monitoring program
- Institutional arrangements
- Legal enforceability
- Implementation schedule and reporting procedures
- Cost estimates

2. ADB EIA and EMP Process

2.1 ADB's environmental assessment process

ADB's Environment Policy requires that environmental considerations be incorporated into ADB operations. Environmental assessment is the primary administrative tool to integrate environmental considerations into decision-making of all types of development initiatives such as formulating policies, programs, and development plans.

Environment is considered at all stages of the ADB's business processes from country strategy and program development through Project Preparation Technical Assistance and Loan (PPTA/Loan) processing to completion and post evaluation (see Figure 2.1).

ADB requires the use of Country Environmental Analysis (CEA) to integrate environmental concerns at the programming level. In PPTA/Loan Preparation, all loans are subject to environmental categorization, impact assessment, safeguard compliance, and preparation of loan covenants. During loan implementation and supervision, ADB review missions are undertaken to review the progress on implementation of the mitigation and monitoring requirements outlined the environmental management plan. During project completion and project evaluation, reports are prepared to document the actual environmental impacts, the degree of implementation of the environmental management plan, and to evaluate the overall effectiveness of the EMP in reducing and preventing adverse environmental impacts.

Business Process	Key Stage	Environmental Assessment Requirements			
Country Strategy and Program	CSP	Country Environmental Analysis			
	Project Identification				
	Pre Design	Environmental Categorization Rapid Environmental Assessment			
PPTA/Loan Processing	Project Design	Environmental Assessment			
	Loan Processing	Safeguard Compliance			
		Formulation of Loan Covenants			
Loan Implementation and Supervision	Loan Inception	Review of Environmental			
	Mid-term Loan Review	Management Plan Implementation			
Project Completion and Evaluation	Project Completion Report	Review of Actual Impacts and Environmental Management			
	Post Evaluation Report	Plan Effectiveness			

Note: CSP means Country Strategy and Program

Figure 2.1 Environmental Requirements in ADB's Business Processes

2.2 ADB's EMP

An important objective of environmental assessment is to develop procedures and plans to ensure that the mitigation measures and monitoring requirements approved during the environmental compliance review will actually be carried out in subsequent stages of the project. As a result, ADB places strong emphasis on the preparation of EMPs during project processing and on setting out conditions and targets to be met during project implementation. The Terms of Reference (TOR) for an EIA thus require the Borrower or their consultants to prepare an EMP as a major output of the environmental assessment. Where appropriate, the key contents of EMPs are incorporated into the loan agreement, for implementation and monitoring by the Borrower.

ADB requires that an EMP be included as part of the EIAs and Initial Environmental Examinations (IEE)s. EMPs should include almost same main contents, which is described in the above section 1.2.

3. EIA and IEIA Process in Cambodia

The contents of EIA and Initial Environmental Impact Assessment (IEIA) general process in Cambodia is the same as the World Bank EIA General Process, which is illustrated in Figure 1.1. This report for EIA process in Cambodia is focused on reviewing parts of EIA Report and EMP.

3.1 EIA/IEIA review process

In reviewing and providing comment on IEIA or EIA Report shall be 30 working day counting from the date of official receipt of the Report. The meeting procedure consists of four stages for the Ministry and three stages for Provincial level.

Five stages for reviewing EIA/IEIA procedure for Ministry level as below:

	Table 3.1 Ministry of Environme	ent's Reviewing Stage
Stages	Ministry or Department	Review period (working day)
1	Professional officers of Department of EIA do	10
	field evaluation at the project site	10
2	Inter-concerned department (MoE)	5
3	Senior official of MoE	5
4	Inter-ministerial (NGOs, Stakeholders)	5
5	Approval of EIA by MOE	5

Three stages for reviewing EIA/IEIA process for Provincial Level as below:

Department of Environment of Provincial/municipality Table 3.2

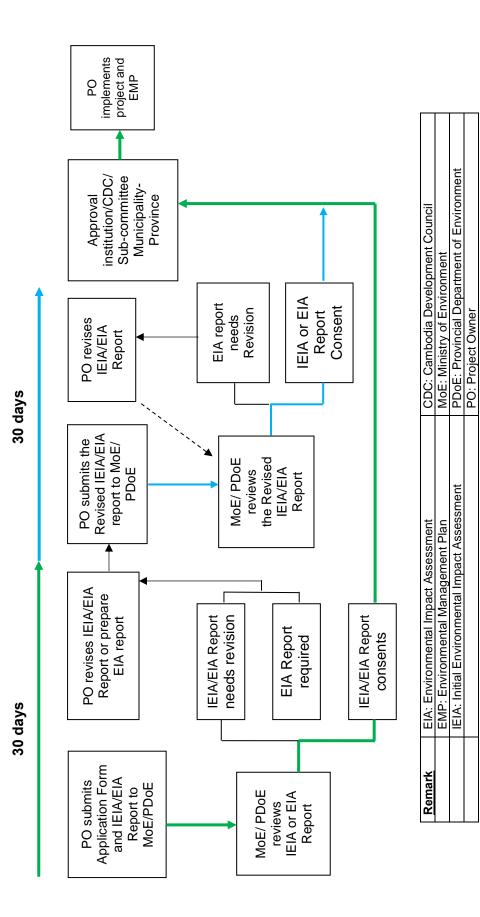
Stages	Ministry or Department	Monitoring and Review period (working day)
1	Provincial Department of Environment	15
2	Senior official of the Municipal-Provincial	5
3	Inter-Department of the Municipal and Province	5
4	PDoE (approved or revised)	5

For both stages on reviewing process in the case of Ministry of Environment or Municipal/provincial department of Environment provide comment to the project's owner to revision. Then, the Ministry of Environment or Municipal/provincial department of Environment makes revision within 30 days of working day after date of official receipt of the revised report (see detail Figure 3.1).

3.2 EMP in Cambodia

In this part, the project owner should have environmental fund and preparing a groups of staffs who have specialize, tools, methods and judgment on environmental issues by cooperation with Ministry-department and related institutes to mitigate negative impact from the project on environmental, socio-economic. The EMP in Cambodia should include the following main contents, according to the MOE in Cambodia.

- Summary of main negative environmental impacts and mitigation measures
- Training to be provided
- Monitoring schedule during project construction, operation and closure phases that project owner shall clarify as below:
 - Monitoring institutes
 - Parameters to be monitor -
 - -Monitoring method
 - -Environmental standards or any guidelines shall apply in monitoring stage
 - Schedule and cycle of monitoring and mitigation measures
 - -Assessing the possibility of supervision by the project owner
 - Preparation of quarterly reports to be sent to the Ministry of Environment and the -Ministry/Related Ministry.





EIA Process for Proposed Project Approved by Project Owner as Ministry and Institution in Cambodia Figure 3.1

4. Main Implementation Issues related to EIA and EMP

It could be addressed that present EIA process and EMP in Cambodia by donor's assistance projects have the following main implementation issues, based on this rapid findings:

4.1 ADB, World Bank, or JICA funding Project

(1) Environmental Monitoring Report should send to the MOE for the donors such as ADB or World Bank

The MOE will follow the EMP of EIA/IEIA after approval from inter-ministry meeting so all the projects should be submitted the EMP to the MOE for monitoring the EMP. The EMP will prepare by project owner for example, road construction project is owned by MPWT so the report is submitted by MPWT.

On the other hand, during the construction period the Contractor has its own environmental expert and responsible on environmental monitoring and preparing the Environmental Monitoring Report to the project owner (MPWT). The project owner also has its own environmental expert and responsible to monitor the field work and report to the MOE. After submission the Environmental Monitoring Report, the MOE will go to the project field to check and provide comments on the Environmental Monitoring Report from project owner (MPWT) before improving the monitoring report.

There are many players to prepare and review the Environmental Monitoring Report. Foe example, if the project owner doesn't submit the Environmental Monitoring Report to the MOE on time, the project owner will get complaint from the MOE.

(2) Submission of EIA/IEE Report in Khmer version for MOE (officials in Cambodia) and English version as referent for donors only.

The official language in Cambodia is Khmer so the English report is needed to be translated into Khmer Report and submit to the MOE. Because many officials need more time to understand the English report. On the other hand, the submission of Khmer report will take time for approval. There are the following past project examples:

- a. An EIA report need more than one year (study duration is one year) for final approval from the MOE.
- b. An IEIA report for final approval from the MOE is still need about one year
- (3) The majority of civil works contractors actually did not implement the mitigation measures

The EIA/IEIA includes the environmental impacts arising from the project during construction and operation. The civil works contract documents included environmental impact mitigation measures that contractors have to implement during construction. The majority of civil works contractors did not implement these mitigation measures fully, although some improvements were observed by recommendations of local consultants from project owner, ADB reviewer, as well other donor.

4.2 Chinese and Korean fund Project

At first, China and Korea has no own EIA/EMP guidelines for official development assistant projects. Therefore, EIA process of any development projects in Cambodia funded by China or Korea is necessary to follow the EIA process by MOE in Cambodia, which is illustrated in Figure 3.1.However, it is not clear that Chinese or Korean funded projects actually follow EIA process by MOE in Cambodia, as well as the World Bank EIA general process, which is illustrated in Figure 1.1.

Also, it is reported that Chinese or Korean funded project have the following implementation issues in terms of EIA/EMP process, based on relevant documents and information collections in Cambodia.

(1) Not realistic comments for the sampling numbers or methods

The MOE will review a TOR for EIA, which is described such as (i) sampling numbers of the study location; (ii) air quality method and sampling area; (iii)water quality method and sampling area; (iv) parameters of water quality and air quality; (v) samples sizes for social survey (vi) number of related department, NGOs and local

authorities for public consultation. However, the following unrealistic comments by the MOE will provide to the local consulting firms:

Example: "Road Construction Number 5 Project funded by Korean"

- In general we take three places for sampling but during meeting with DEIA of MoE, the DEIA comment on number of water sampling area as we should take in every main bridge due to there are many bridges along this road.
- For air quality DEIA comment that we should take where there is a plenty of resident as district center and market area which locate along the street
- For sample size of social survey we should take at least 10 % of total household and villages along road.

After approving TOR, MOE will issue the letter for field work for consulting firm.

(2) Approval on EIA/IEIA Report will take a long time

The Inter-ministry meeting and defend will comment on monitoring schedule, monitoring budget, and other main issue as well monitoring report from project owner/contractor should be submit on time.

- Monitoring schedule: In each phase of implementation should have clear schedule as every six for water quality sampling, two times of Air quality etc..
- Monitoring budge: the budget should follow the Ministry of Economic Finance (MEF)
- Monitoring report: the report should send to MOE every six month

J2-2. REG Development Plan

Revised on July 19, 2017

PDM Means of Verification 2.4.1 Road Environmental Guidelines (REG) Development Plan

1. Backgrounds of the development of REG

1.1 Implementation issues of MPWT for EIA/EMP process in Public Infrastructure Projects

MPWT staff, who are assigned for EIA/EMP involvement in Public Infrastructure Projects have authorized and actual duties for the involvement.

However, there are some implementation issues such as insufficient technical knowledge/skills for reviewing EIA/EMP through effective and integrated involvement by MPWT under cooperation with Ministry of Environment in Cambodia.

1.2 JICA CESoR Project

JICA CESoR Project has output 2 "*Capacity of MPWT officials on Environmental Considerations (EC) is enhanced through applying REG)*" The purpose of the Outputs 2 is to enhance capacities of the selected Task Force (TF) members of MPWT of this Project for EC (EIA and EMP) in Road Sector in Cambodia through collaborative activities of the selected TF members by assistances of the JICA Expert..

1.3 Purpose of Development of REG

For improving the above implementation issues of MPWT, a REG for MPWT staff will be developed through the following activities:

2. Planned Collaborative Activities and Overall Schedule

2.1 Understandings of Main Concepts on Environmental Social Considerations (ESC) by DPs (WB, ADB, and JICA)

The selected TF members could understand through an EIA/EMP related Technical Meeting on 6th April

2.2 Understandings of Implementation Issues of MPWT to involve EIA/EMP in Road Sector

- (1) Weekly EIA/EMP related Technical Meeting on 20th April
- (2) Presentation by a MPWT staff on 1st Technical Seminar on 4th May:

Presentation topic: Tasks (Duties) and the Implementation Issues of MPWT for EIA Road Sector

2.3 Confirmations of documentation level/authorizing, supporting for authorization of the REG

- (1) Confirmations of documentation level and the authorizing process of the REG during April to July
- (2) Supporting for authorizing by MPWT of the REG: during January to February, 2018

2.4 Concrete trainings and discussions for development of the REG

The selected TF members could develop the REG through the EIA/EMP related Technical Meetings from the end of April to the end of December 2017 through assistances by the JICA Expert.

2.5 Training in Japan and Third countries

The following are scheduled so that some of the selected TF members could get other EIA/EMP know-how.

(1) Training in Japan for the middle of June

ESC cases in Japan and East Asian Countries in Japan

(2) Training in Third countries (Myanmar) from 24th to 28th October, 2017

EIA Technical Assistance cases in Myanmar, Thailand's case

2.6 Presentation to disclose the draft REG on 2nd Technical Seminar

Activities		Year 2017						Year 2018				
Acuvilles	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan	Feb.	Mar.
2.1 Understandings of Main Concepts on Environmental Social Considerations (ESC)	-											
2.2 Understandings of Implementation Issues of MPWT to involve EIA/EMP in Road Sector	-	•										
2.3 Confirmation of documentation level/authorizing process, supporting for authorization of the REG	•			• ••					••	••••	•••	
2.4 Concrete trainings and discussions for development of the REG, revising the REG for authorization	•				•			L	ſ			
2.5 Training in Japan and third countries (Myanmar, Thailand)			1				1					
2.6 Presentation to disclose the Draft REG on 2 nd Technical Seminar												

Planned Development Schedule of the REG

Note: Actual stays in Cambodia of the JICA Expert until the end of March 2018 are i) from the end of March to the end of April, ii) the begging of July to the begging of August, iii) the middle of November to the end of December, 2017, and iv) the middle of January to the end of February 2018.

3. Drat Table of Contents (TOC) of the REG

The JICA Expert is considering the followings are draft Table of Contents (TOC) of the REG, which REG will be a practical guidelines and easy to understand with necessary technical knowledge/skills as the appendices, and easy to applying to actual public transportation projects in Cambodia.

Main Parts

- 1. Backgrounds
 - 1.1 Objectives, Users and Scope of the Guidelines
 - 1.2 Road Development Project Cycle and the EIA/EMP
- 2. Essential Related Laws/Guidelines of EIA/EMP for Road Sector in Cambodia
- 3. Present EIA Process/Steps and Involvement Phases by MPWT in Cambodia
- 4. Practical Involvement Methods by MPWT for EIA Process of Road Sector in Cambodia
- 4.1 EIA Report Review Phase (Inter-Ministerial Meeting, etc.)

4.2 Project Monitoring Phase

- (1) Reviewing (Verifying) Environmental Management Plan (EMP)
- (2) Reviewing (Verifying) Environmental Monitoring Plan (EMoP)
- (3) Reviewing (Verifying) Environmental Monitoring Report (EMoR)

Appendices

Appendix 1: Checklist for Reviewing EIA Report in Road SectorAppendix 2: Checklist for Reviewing EMP in Road SectorAppendix 3: Checklist for Reviewing EMOP in Road SectorAppendix 4: Checklist for Reviewing EMOR in Road SectorAppendix 5: Common Weakness and Good Practices in EIA Report/ReviewingReferencesReference 1: A Sample of Environmental Management Plan (EMP) in Road SectorReference 2: A Sample of Environmental Monitoring Plan (EMOP) in Road SectorReference 3: A Sample of Environmental Monitoring Report (EMOR) in Road Sector

Reference 5: A Sample of Environmental Monitoring Report (EMOR) in Roa Reference 4: A Sample of Environmental Monitoring Form in Road Sector

Reference 5: Essence of Environmental Sampling (Air, Water, Noise) Methods

Reference 6: Essence of Environmental Impacts Evaluation Methods in Road Sector

The above TOC of the REG will be revised through the discussions with the selected TF members.

J2-3. List of EIA/EMP Taskforce Meeting Records (REG Authorization Process)

J2-3. List of EIA/EMP Taskforce Meeting Records (REG Authorization Process)

EIA TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
85	• To conduct a short quiz to	• Result of the evaluation will be
1 st EIA-TF Meeting	understanding their technical	disclosed later
0	knowledge related to EIA and	• EIA taskforce meeting will be organized
Date: 31/03/2017	EMP	in all most every week till the end of
	 To discuss on Regular 	April
	Technical Meeting Schedule	
	by the end of April	
	• To present JICA	• Taskforce member are aware of
2 nd EIA-TF	Environmental and Social	• JICA Environmental and Social
Meeting	Consideration Guideline	Consideration Guideline
	And Questions and Answer	• And common items of JICA ESC
Date: 06/04/2017		guidelines and World Bank Safeguard
		Policy.
	• To present and discuss on draft	• EIA-TF members clarify the roles and
3 rd EIA-TF	tasks and implementation	responsibilities of Environmental and
Meeting	issues of MPWT for EIA road	Social Officer of DoP in relation with EIA
D / 20/04/2017	sector in Cambodia	• Mr. Vireak has been assigned to present
Date: 20/04/2017		the implementation issues of MPWT for
		EIA road sector in Cambodia in the 1st
		Seminar May 4th
	• To present and discuss on draft	• EIA-TF members and Advisor from
4 th EIA-TF Meeting	table of contents of Road	MoE have agreed primarily on title of
6	Environmental Guideline	the guidelines as "Road Environmental
Date: 26/04/2017		Guidelines" and Table of Content of the
		guidelines
	• To discuss on future schedule	• EIA-TF members are fine with the
5 th EIA-TF Meeting	for EIA/EMP team of TF	revised development schedule of the
	members' activities	REG. The revised draft version will be
Date: 14/July/2017	• To confirm on the draft table	finalized by middle of October 2017
	of contents of REG	• Table of Contents of REG has been
	• To inform and confirm	revised a little bit
	technical meeting schedule for	• EIA-TF meeting will be organized in
	July and August 2017 • To demonstrate how to use	every week till early of August 2017 • EIA-TF members are aware of noise
6 th EIA-TF Meeting	• To demonstrate how to use noise Measurement tool	measurement methods and involve in
0 EIA-IF Meeting	• To present on noise	the demonstration of noise measurement
Date: 20/July/2017	measurement methods	• Taskforce members agreed that the draft
Date: 20/July/2017	• To inform about revised REG	REG will be finalized in the middle of
	development schedule	December 2017
	• To discuss on how to reflect	• Involvement phases by MPWT for the
7 th EIA-TF Meeting	involvement phases by MPWT	REG has been clarified with EIA-TF
	for the REG	members
Date: 27/July/2017	• To overview on the 3rd	• EIT-TF members are aware of schedule,
-	country technical exchange	purpose, and numbers of participants
	with Myanmar	from Cambodia
	• To finalize the table of	• Table of Contents of REG has been
8 th EIA-TF Meeting	contents and schedule of draft	finalized by EIA-TF members and
	REG	Advisor from MoE
Date: 03/08/2017		

List of EIA/EMP- TF Meetings Records

EIA TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
	• To confirm draft contents of 3rd country technical exchange	 REG will be translated into Khmer version completely at the end of January before the 2nd JCC meeting EIA-TF members have to contribute to prepare the content of REG by October 20th EIA-TF members are aware of activities of 3rd country technical exchange in Myanmar clearly
9 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 14/09/2017	 To confirm Outline of Third Country Technical Exchange Program To summarize preparations 	 Outline of Third Country Technical Exchange Program in Myanmar has been confirmed with EIA-TF members Preparations and activities for the
	 and activities for the program To follow up the EIA-TF members' contribution to the REG 	 program has been summarized and agreed by the EIA-TF members EIA-TF members' contribution in term of preparing the content of REG is on going .
10 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 12/10/2017	 Presentation on Tasks and the Implementation Issues of MPWT for EIA Road Sector in Cambodia Confirming the logistic matters for the third country technical exchange Follow-up the progress of taskforce members' contribution to draft REG 	 There is a suggestion to shorten the presentation on the Tasks and the Implementation Issues of MPWT for EIA Road Sector in Cambodia due to time limited Logistic matters for the third country technical exchange in Myanmar has been informed and clarified clearly with EIA-TF members EIA-TF members have contributed continuously in term of preparing the content of REG
11 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 30/11/2017	 To discuss and finalize Chapter 1 and 2 of draft REG To get some opinions on important items in Chapter 3 of REG 	 EIA-TF members have commented on Chapter 1 and 2 of the REG to make the draft more comprehensive EIA-TF members also shared their thoughts that what items Chapter 3 should cover
12 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 11/12/2017	• To discuss and finalize Chapter 3 and 4 of draft REG	 EIA-TF members have commented on Chapter 3 and 4 of the REG to make the draft more comprehensive REG is applied only for road sector only
13 rd EIA-TF Meeting Date: 14/12/2017	• To discuss and finalize Appendices of draft REG	• Appendices of the draft REG has been commented that it should be more comprehensive and understandable for the users
14 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 20/12/2017	• To discuss and get general comments on draft REG	 EIA-TF members has shared their general comments on the draft REG, specifically chapter 1-3 Mr. Novida suggests to develop the REG for port and railway projects as well

15 ^b EIA-TF Meeting To discuss and get general comments on draft REG To get confirmation on presentation in the 2nd JCC meeting and Technical To confirm the request on railway and port sector Hab State State	EIA TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
• To get confirmation on presentation in the 2nd JCC meeting and To confirm the request on railway and port sector guideline "from guideline should be replaced by review tips, manual or guidelook • To confirm the request on railway and port sector "Mr. Ito will present the REG in the 2n JCC meeting. • Mr. Chay Ya confirmed to present the result of Third Technical Exchange Myanmar One of EIA-TF members will prese. REG details in the 3rd Technic Seminar • To discuss and get general comments on draft REG • To get confirmation on presentation in the 2nd JCC meeting and 3rd Seminar • Date: 26/01/2018 • To discuss and confirm on comments made by MoE on REG 17th EIA-TF • To discuss and confirm on comments made by MoE on REG 17th EIA-TF • To discuss and confirm on comments made by MoE on REG 17th EIA-TF • To discuss and confirm on comments made by MoE on REG 17th EIA-TF • To discuss and confirm on commental Guidebook*. But, the should be "Ro Environmental Guidebook*. But, the should be finalized by H Chankosal 17th EIA-TF • To follow up and discuss on draft Prakas for REG 18th EIA-TF • To follow up and discuss on draft Prakas for REG • To consider the candidate of road/bridge projects for applying REG • Taskforce members had discussed a revised the draft Prakas as attached separate file 18th EIA-TF • To follow up and discuss on draft Prakas as attached sesparate file • Taskforce mem			• EIA Department at MoE strongly
meeting and Technical · To confirm the request on railway and port sectorguidebook. To confirm the request on railway and port sector· Mr. Ito will present the REG in the 2 JCC meeting Mr. Chbay Ya confirmed to present i result of Third Technical Exchange Myanmar· Mr. Novida still suggests to have REG for railway and port sector. 16th EIA-TF Meeting· To discuss and get general comments on draft REG · To get confirmation on presentation in the 2nd JCC meeting and 3rd Seminar· EIA-TF members have shared their comments on the Chapter 4 and Appendices · Mr. Ito will present the REG in the 2 	Meeting		guideline "from guideline should be
Image: Instant and the sectorJCC meeting.Image: Image: Im	Date: 19/01/2018	meeting and Technical	guidebook
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applying REG in road/bridge project as	Date: 06/04/2018	road/bridge projects for	• The revised version of draft Prakas will be sent to Mr. Novida for his review before submitting to H.E. Nou
			• Taskforce members was informed about applying REG in road/bridge project as a pilot practice and the project can be identified through discussion with ICD, RID and DoP. The detail information

EIA TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
		will be discussed in next meeting.
19 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 22/05/2018	 To follow up and finalize draft Prakas for REG To identify existing project for applying REG 	 The draft Prakas and Preface were finalized as it is in separate file. The draft will be checked by Mr. Phallak before submitting to H.E. Nou Vaddhanak for his review. Taskforce members preferred to have two projects for applying REG: National Road No. 5 improvement project (Japanese Loan project) as the first priority to apply EMP part of REG and National Road No. 3 improvement
20 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 20/05/2018	• Acceptances from MPWT management staff for present MPWT's Projects for exercising or applying the	 Project (Chinese Loan project). Director of Planning Department (Mr. Novida) will also ask to Mr. Phalla that some of the involved staff of National Road No.5 could be assigned as one of
Date: 20/03/2018	 REG Candidate actual projects for exercising or applying the REG. 	 the EIA-TF members, if available. Because, if some of the involved staff of National Road No.5 could join the EI=TF members, the monitoring REG will be more fruitful and the staff could get any capacities for Environmental Management Plan. National Road No. 5 (South section) is chosen for applying REG
21 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 06/06/2018	 An Exercise of the EMP of the REG for South Section (Prek Kdam-Thlea Ma'am Section) of National Road No. 5 2. One-day Site Check in some parts of National Road No. 5 	 Taskforce member checked EIA report of NR No. 5 (South section) by using checklist of REG The objective of the Site Check is to confirm i) some sampling sites of air, noise, and water, etc., ii) to verify the EMP or EMoP of the EIA Report for South Section The objective of the Site Check is to confirm i) some sampling sites of air, noise, and water, etc., ii) to verify the EMP or EMoP of the EIA Report for South Section of National Road No.5.
22 th EIA-TF Meeting Date: 13/06/2018	 Review of an exercise of the EMP of the REG based on the EIA report of the South section of National Road No. 5 Main points of EIA/EMP Guidebook for Ports Development Project Plan and important check points of the one-day site check in the southern parts of the South section of NR- No.5 	 Cost estimates should be included the mitigation measure cost and the environmental monitoring cost. We hope that the EIA/EMP Guidebook of the Ports Development Project for MPWT could prepared under assistances from the JICA Team in the near future. Schedule and location to visit have been set

EIA TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
23 th EIA-TF	• Review of One-day Site Check	• Sampling Parameters for Each
Meeting	in some parts of South Section of National Road No. 5 • Climate Change Adaptation	Environmental Item (Air, Noise, Vibration, Water)
Date: 21/06/2018	Basic Approaches for Transportation Project	 Basic Measurement (Sampling) Methods of Each Environmental Item Basic Concepts of Climate Change Adaptation for Bridge/Road and Railway Examples of Adaptation Measures Development with Climate Change Adaptation for Bridge/Road/Railway Project
24 th EIA-TF	• Discussion of site check in	• Mr. Ito briefly explained the objectives
Meeting	Northern Parts Section of National Road No. 5	of trip i) to confirm some sampling sites of air, noise, vibration, and water, etc.,
Date: 13/09/2018		ii) to verify the EMP, and iii) to confirm the environmental impacts caused by the Project construction activities.
25 th EIA-TF	• Preparation of Site Check in	• Mr. Ito mentioned that each member
Meeting	Northern Parts Section of National Road No. 5	could check some monitoring points using the "Appendix 2 & Appendix 3:
Date: 17/09/2018		Checklist for Reviewing an EMP and EMoP for a Road Project" of the REG.
26 th EIA-TF	• Review of the Site Check in	• Each participant of the Site Check
Meeting	Northern Parts (Batttambang- Serei Saophoan) Section of	explained the results of the Site Check using the "Appendix 2 & Appendix 3:
Date: 28/09/2018	National Road No. 5	Checklist for Reviewing an EMP and EMoP for a Road Project" of the REG.Mr. Ito informed the Members that the REG is not authorized yet.
27 th EIA-TF	• Pre-Work for Join field visit to	• Mr. Ito explained that each member
Meeting Date: 04/12/2018	"Actual" Environmental and Social Considerations Monitoring of South Section	should review carefully "Important Confirmation Points for Verifying and Monitoring of REG through the Field
Date: 01/12/2010	(Prek Kdam-Thlea Ma'am	Visit for an Actual Environmental
	Section) of National Road No.	Monitoring in the South Section of
	5 • REG Authorization	NR_No.5" before the Field visit, which was provided in the time.
	KEG Autionzation	• The Senior Minister of MPWT agreed
		that the REG will be a Decision of MPWT.
28 th EIA-TF	• To present main Points of EIA	Taskforce members clarified some
Meeting	Guidebook for Railway	points on presentation on EIA
Date: 07/12/2018	Project for MPWT with Q&AFinal preparation/confirmation	guidebook for railway. • Taskforce members was informed
Date. 07/12/2018	for the Joint Field Visit on	clearly about field trip plan.
	13th Dec	• According to last short meeting results
		with Mr. Yamashita, who is very
		familiar with JICA Assistance Policies
		for Cambodia, the Ports or Railway EIA
		Guidebook Development for MPWT may difficult to apply as next JICA
		Assistance for EIA/EMP TF members.
		Assistance for EIA/EMP TF members.

EIA TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
29 th EIA-TF	• Review of the REG by the Site	• Mr. Ito pointed out for the REG
Meeting	Check in South Section of	monitoring referring to "Appendix 3:
	NR_No. 5 on 13th Dec	Checklist for Reviewing an EMoP for a
Date: 14/12/2018	Further Recommendations for	Road Project" of the REG" as follows
	REG Monitoring	• Mr. Ito mentioned that the following
	• Ideas of the Next JICA	items of the Checklists could be added
	Assistance Candidate	or be updated through further actual
	Components for EIA/EMP TF	uses of the REG for the other road
	members	development projects, although it could
		not be found any updates parts of the
		REG in this time.
30 th EIA-TF	Final Review of the REG	- JICA Project Team and TF members
Meeting	additional Site Check	discussed output of the Site Check with its
	• Closing TF meeting	reviewing, and
Date: 11/12/2019		• - They agreed TF closing

J2-4. REG Monitoring Report

PDM Means of Verification 2.5.1 JICA Expert Report (REG Monitoring Report)

This Report is described in terms of EIA and EMP Process, but not including resettlement issues, based on relevant documents and information collections in Cambodia.

1. Necessity and Objectives of REG Monitoring

1.1 Necessity of REG Monitoring

Main tasks of the MPWT officials related to EIA/EMP of the road development projects, are to review the EIA/EMP Report, including checking the environmental and social monitoring activities at the sites, which are proposed/identified by the EMP/Environmental Monitoring Plan (EMoP), and Environmental Monitoring Report (EMoR). The Project Owner is the MPWT.

In these situations, the Road Environmental Guidebook (REG) was prepared for the MPWT officials in February 2018. An attachment included a checklist for reviewing the EIA, the EMP, the EMoP, and the EMoR. And the REG was authorized as a MPWT's "Decision" in the end of July 2019, which will be a legal basis within MPWT as one of the outcomes of the CESCOR Project.

The REG was prepared through a series of the regular EIA/EMP technical meetings, which are initiated by the JICA Expert, among. the EIA/EMP TF members. The REG is also a first practical guidebook to review the EIA/EMP of the road development projects for the MPWT officials. The REG should be monitored through applying to actual road development projects, which are needed to any EIA/EMP related activities by the MPWT's officials.

These REG Monitoring activities are intended contribute to improve the necessary related technical knowledge and skills for the relevant MPWT's officials in terms of reviewing the EIA/EMP for the road development projects, \cdot

Also, the Checklists of the REG were prepared as flexible checklists taking into account for more applicable uses for the road development projects. Therefore, these Checklists in particular, should be monitored through the document review of the EIA/EMP Reports and rapid site checks related to the Environmental and Social Monitoring of the actual road development projects.

Through the above EIA/EMP related activities by the EIA/EMP TF members, the REG, in particular the Checklists could be considered any updates, if necessary, so that the REG will be more useful for the MPWT's related officials.

1.2 Objectives of REG Monitoring

The objectives of the REG Monitoring are:

- i) The MPWT's related officials could improve more important reviewing technical points of the EIA/EMP through applying the REG for actual road development projects
- ii) To consider any updates, if necessary, through the reviewing the EWEMP using the Checklists of the REG, so that the Checklists of the REG will be more useful for the MPWT's officials.

2. Actual REG Monitoring Activities

During the CESCOR Project, from the begging of June to the middle of December, 2018, the following REG monitoring activities were conducted through a series of the EIA/EMP TF Technical Meetings and the 4 times of the Site Checks on some points of the project site of the National Road No.5.

2.1 Selection of the Actual Road Development Project for the REG Monitoring

The EIA/EMP-TF members and the JICA Expert has the following candidate project ideas for the REG Monitoring:

1) National Road No.5 (NR No.5), Prek Kdam-Thlea Ma'am Section (South Section) Construction started on middle of May 2018: Japanese Loan Project

- 2) National Road No.5 (NR _ No.5), Batttambang-Serei Saophoan Section (North Section) Construction started on Feb. 2018: Japanese Loan Project
- 3) National Road No.3 Improvement Project, Construction already started: Chinese Loan Project
- 4) National Road No.4 Project, LIA will be done on Dec.2018: Chinese Loan Project
- 5) National Road No.6 Project, Construction already started: Chinese Loan Project
- 6) The Project for Urgent Replacement of Bridges in Flood-Prone Areas, Construction will be started on June 2018, Japanese Grant Aid Project

The above 3) to 6) projects are requested from EIA-TF members mainly for the site visit works. However, the REG monitoring is necessary to 'review each concrete EIA Report (including EMP parts) as the essential prerequisite. The above I) and 2) projects were publicized each EIA (including EMP parts) Report. Therefore, the above I) and 2) were decided as the REG Monitoring Projects.

2.2 Document Reviews of the EIA/EMP Report of the selected Road Development Projects

1) EIA/EMP Document Report Reviews of the South Section of NR_No. 5

The following REG Monitoring works were conducted mainly in the 21st EIAIEMP TF Meeting:

- Review the following EIA Report main items quickly using "Appendix 1: Checklist for Reviewing and EIA Report for a Road Project" of the REG
 - Executive Summary
 - Introduction
 - Methodologies
 - Project Description
 - Description of Existing Environment in the Project Area
 - Environmental Impacts and mitigation measure
 - Environmental Management Plan (EMP)
 - Conclusions and recommendations
- Review the EMP part items using "Appendix 2: Checklist for Reviewing and EMP for a Road Project" of the REG
 - Institutional Responsibilities
 - Project stage (pre-operation, operation and closure)
 - Possible negative environmental and socio-economic items and each impact
 - Proposed mitigation measures for each project activity
 - · Cost estimate and Schedule for conducting each mitigation measure
- Review the following important contents of the EMP using "Appendix 2: Checklist for Reviewing and EMP for a Road Project" of the REG
 - Each possible negative impact and the mitigation measures
 - "Key Questions" (7 Sentences) of the Appendix 2 of the REG

Main Discussions in the 21th EIA/EMP TF Meeting

<Question 1>

- In the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) Section (Chapter 7) of this EIA Report, there are combined Environmental Management Plan Description items and Environmental Monitoring Description item such as sampling parameters. On the other hand, the EMP section does not include each mitigation measure.
- < Reply 1>
- It is OK, the other Chapter (Chapter 5) of this EIA Report includes each mitigation measure description. Although, structures of EIA Report in Cambodia is regulated by an MoE's decree, the structure of description items of the EMP, EMoP, and Mitigation Measure are actually depended on each EIA report. But the any necessary items/contents have to be described in the EIA Report.

<Question 2>

- "Key question" of the No.4 is identified. How to consider and deal with any positive impacts by the Project?

< Reply 2>

- Do you have any ideas of positive impacts by the Project? I would say that Project will cause regional economy development through improvement of road network in the area. This is an example of the positive impacts.
- We should consider how to enhance for possible positive impacts as well. In my idea, for this positive impact, any planning for more comprehensive road network could be one of the enhancement measures. Anyway, we should consider not only negative impacts, but also positive impact.

2) Detailed EMP Report Document Review of the South Section of NR_ No. 5

The following REG Monitoring works were conducted mainly in the 22th EIA/EMP TF Meeting:

Review the following EMP detailed contents using "Appendix 2: Checklist for Reviewing and EMP for a Road Project" of the REG

- Possible negative environmental and socio-economic items and each impact
- Cost estimate and Schedule for conducting each mitigation measure

The EIA/EMP TF members mentioned the following main comments and the JICA Expert replied as follows:

Main Discussions in the 22nd EIA/EMP TF Meeting

<Comment 1>

- In terms of "3. Possible Negative Environmental and Socio-Economic Items and Each Impact "of the Appendix 2: Checklist for Reviewing an EMP for a Road Project of the REG, there are few detail descriptions in the EMP Section of the EIA Report for hydrology, vulnerable species (habitat), soil erosion, local violence, and traffic safety item. On the other hand, the some hydrology and species habitat ·items were described in the Section of the Environmental Impacts and Mitigation Measures and the Annex of the EIA Report, respectively.
- < Reply 1>
- Most of your comments were understandable and appropriate. When you review an EIA Report, I hope those kinds of the comments should be mentioned with the reasons and be submitted to the local environmental consultant or the Ministry of Environment (MoE).

<Comment 2>

- In terms of "5. Cost Estimate and Schedule for Conducting Each Mitigation Measure" of the Appendix 2: Checklist for Reviewing an EMP for a Road Project of the REG, the cost estimates should be included the mitigation measure cost and the environmental monitoring cost?
- < Reply 2>
- In the EIA. review phase or EMP preparation phase, the cost estimate is mainly for each necessary mitigation measure, but the overall cost estimate for total environmental monitoring should be included as the contingency cost, for example.
- Usually, each necessary mitigation measure cost could be get from the construction contractor or similar project owners. The total overall environmental monitoring cost is relatively easy to get from the Local Environmental Consultant.

In terms of the EIA (including EMP) Report Document Review of the North Section was conducted from the end of June to the end of September 2018 by the EIA/EMP TF members by themselves.

2.3 Site Checks the Environmental Monitorings, which were proposed by the EMP and EMoP

1) Site Check of Candidate Monitoring Points at a South Section of NR_No. 5 on 20th June, 2018

The specific objectives of this Site Check: are i) to confirm some sampling sites of air quality, noise/vibration, and water quality, which were identified as the baseline data of the EIA Report, which will be candidate of the future monitoring points, ii) to review the EMP/EMoP using Appendix 2 and Appendix 3 of the REG.

During the Site Check, the EIA/EMP TF members could mainly understand and review the following technical points:

- Sampling (Monitoring) Parameters and the Location of Each Environmental Item (Air, Noise/Vibration, Water Quality).
- Basic Sampling (Monitoring) Methods of Environmental Item (air quality, noise/vibration, water quality)



Photo1: Review a Noise Sampling Site



Photo2: Review an Water Sampling

2) Site Checks of Monitoring Activities at North Section of NR_No. 5 on 25th and 26th Sep., 2018

The specific objectives of the site check are i) to confirm some sampling sites of air quality, noise/vibration, and water quality, ii) to review the EMP/EMoP, and iii) to confirm the environmental impacts caused by the Project construction activities using Appendix 2 and Appendix 3 of the REG.

During the Site Checks, the EIA/EMP TF members could mainly understand and review the following technical points:

- Monitoring Parameters/Sites for Each Environmental Item (Air, Noise/Vibration, Water Quality)
- Overall contents of some possible negative environmental impacts and the mitigation measures, which were proposed in the EMP



Photo3: Dust Impacts along the Section



Photo4: Sprinkling at a Construction Site

3) Site Checks of the Monitoring Activities on the South Section of NR _No. 5 on 13th Dec., 2018

The specific objectives of the check are i) to confirm some monitoring sites of air quality, noise/vibration, and water quality, ii) to review the "EMP" and "EMoP", and iii) to observe some possible environmental and social negative impacts caused by the project construction activities, including a campsite.

During the Site Checks, the EIA/EMP TF members could mainly understand and review the following technical points:

- Monitoring Sites for Each Environmental Item (Air, Noise/Vibration, Water Quality)
- Water quality deterioration risks from candidate "Borrow Pit"
- Water quality contamination risks at a "Campsite", in particular, from improper maintenance of septic tank, and the other stockyards.
- Public health risk at a Campsite, caused by unfavorable workers living environments (sleeping places, etc.)



Photo5: Water deterioration risk at a Candidate Borrowing Pit



Photo6: Water deterioration risk at a Campsite (Septic Tank)

3. **REG Monitoring Results**

3.1 Overall REG Monitoring Results

Through the discussion with the EIA/EMP TF members in the 26th EIA/EMP TF Meeting on 28th Sep. 2018, it could be understood as follows as the overall REG monitoring results:

- The EMP and EMoP of the North Section of NR No. 5 were basically reasonable.
- Most of the items of Appendix 2 were basically applicable for the Section, except for the item of local violence/conflicts increasing
- In particular, item of air, water, noise, subsidence, and soil erosion were more applicable for the Section.
- We understood that cost estimate item for conducting each mitigation measure are also necessary for the EMP.

Through the discussion with the EIA/EMP TF members in the 29th EIA/EMP TF Meeting on 14th Dec. 2018, it could be understood as follows as the one of the REG monitoring results:

- The EMP and EMoP of the South Section of NR No. 5 were almost all reasonable.
- Most of the items of Appendix 3 were basically applicable for the South Section.
- The Appendix 3 was useful for the South Section. It could not be found any specific updates parts. Therefore, it is concluded that the REG, in particular, the Checklists of the "Appendix 2: Checklist for Reviewing and EMP for a Road Project", and "Appendix 3: Checklist for Reviewing and EMOP for a Road Project" of the REG were very useful for the EIA/EMP TF members, in order to review the EIA. EMP, and EMOP for the North Section and the South Section of the NR No.5.

It was not found that any further specific update parts of the above Checklists of the REG.

3.2 Further Recommendations

The followings could be proposed through the above REG Monitoring activities as the further recommendation:

1) Further Uses of the REG by MPWT officials related to EIA/EMP of the other road development projects

The following items of the Checklists could be added or be updated through further actual uses of the REG for the other road development projects, although it could not be found any updates parts of the REG in this time:

- Appendix 1: "7. Environmental Impacts and mitigation measure"
- Appendix 2: " 3. Possible negative environmental and socio-economic items and each impact"
- Appendix 2: "4. Proposed Mitigation Measures for each project activity":
- Appendix 3: "3. Monitoring Items and Parameters":

Based on the further reviewing the EIA. EMP, and EMoP of the road development project, more real and useful examples/facts for the above items should be accumulated within the MPWT,' and then, the Appendices could be more useful for the MPWT official.

2) Actual Monitoring or Uses of the Appendix 4: Checklists for Reviewing EMoR for any Actual Road Project

In this time, it could not be monitored the REG for reviewing the EMoR, When the MPWT get the real EMoR of the actual road development project, it is recommended that additional REG Monitoring should be done for the EMoR using the Appendix 4: Checklist for Reviewing an EMoR of the REG.

JICA Expert Reports J3: ROW Management

- J3-1: Social Considerations Analysis: Lessons Learned on ROW Management Based on the Land Management Framework in Cambodia and Other Countries
- J3-2: Development Plan of Draft RMS
- J3-3: List of ROW Management Taskforce Meeting Records RMG Authorization Process/ Draft RMS Development/ Draft RMG Preparation/ Draft RMS- TP Preparation/ Tentative RMM Preparation/ Tentative RMD Preparation
- J3-4: RMM and RMD
- J3-5: Budget Plan for RMS Implementation

J3-1: Social Considerations Analysis:

Lessons Learned on ROW Management Based on the Land Management Framework in Cambodia and Other Countries

Ministry of Public Works and Transport (MPWT), The Kingdom of Cambodia

Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

JICA EXPERT REPORT

OF THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

~Social Considerations Analysis: Lessons Learned on ROW Management Based on the Land Management Framework in Cambodia and Other Countries~

DECEMBER 2019

CTI Engineering International Co., Ltd. (CTII) Environment and Social Infrastructure Consultant Co., Ltd. (ESIC) Hanshin Expressway Company Limited (HEX)

SUMMARY

JICA Expert Report shows outputs of the following activity based on Output 1 of the Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia.

Output 1

Implementation framework for the project is strengthened based on past experiences and present situation on
ESC and ROW management
Activity
1.1 Analyze past projects, current tackling issues on EIA/EMP and ROW management in terms of ESC-GL
1.2 Collect and analyze information on land management framework of land management system in
Cambodia
1.3 Conduct institutional framework analysis for MPWT
1.4 Conduct a needs assessment for training and develop capacity enhancement plan and procurement plan

Chapter 1 Environmental Social Consideration (ESC) Analyses (based on Activity 1.1)

Currently, following issues are recognized as urgent tackling issues on Right of Way (ROW):

- ROW issues in Cambodia has been discussed as a part of resettlement issues, such as National Road No.1 Project, Tsubasa Bridge Project, and National Road No.5 Project under Japanese ODA Loan;
- MPWT commenced ROW management apart from resettlement as the road management authority. The activities include sign board for education of the people, staking ROW poles along the major national road, and public consultation meeting;
- MPWT/Government of Cambodia also issued legal documents such as ROW Sub-Decree, Srachor 007, etc. to establish clear ROW management. However, there are some important preconditions for ROW management, such as border between urban and non-urban area.
- Social environment around the ROW issues become complicated by land registration in private land side, re-encroachment of ROW after the road widening project, etc.
- It is required to review definition of ROW in Cambodia, and both political and practical way of management shall be discussed through CESCoR. During the discussion, inter-ministerial coordination with Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning, Construction (MLMUPC) and Local authorities are necessary in terms of land registration, construction restriction, and administrative measures at local level.

This CESCoR Project is expected any contribution for establishing a system for ROW management with guidelines, database, mapping, and training plan.

Chapter 2 ROW Management Analysis (based on Activity 1.2)

Definition of ROW was discussed as a basis for discussing ROW management. ROW in Cambodia has two aspects. One is the status of state land and another is the land for future road development. These definition and roles of ROW are confirmed by legal basis, national/international standards, and past activities on ROW in Cambodia. Finally, typical cross-section of existing road and ROW are displayed with tackling issues in the future.

Chapter 3 Institution Analysis (based on Activity 1.3)

Institutional analysis in this report focused on overall structure of integrated ROW management system including other governmental authorities beyond MPWT. According to the institutional analysis, there are observed several groups of relevant authorities described as below:

- O Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction
 - Land registration
 - Construction permits
 - Urban Planning
- **O** Ministry of Interior
 - · Demarcation of Urban and Non-Urban area for ROW management
- **O** Ministry of Economy and Finance
 - Budgetary support for ROW management
 - Involuntary Resettlement
- **O** Local Authorities
 - · Administrative implementation of ROW activities
 - Public awareness and consultation

JICA EXPERT REPORT

OF THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

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Chapter 1 Environmental Social Consideration (ESC) Analyses

This Chapter shows an output of the following activity based on Output 1 of the Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (hereinafter referred to as "the Project").

Output 1

Implementation framework for the project is strengthened based on past experiences and present situation on ESC and ROW management

Activity

1.1 Analyze past projects, current tackling issues on EIA/EMP and ROW management in terms of ESC-GL $\,$

Objectively Verifiable Indicator

1.1 Based on the JICA Guidelines for Environmental and Social Considerations (ESC-GL), lessons learned from past experiences are organized and current issues on ESC and ROW

This Chapter shows analysis on past projects related to ROA management in Cambodia. Most of the past experiences of ROW is emerged in the process of land acquisition and resettlement, especially in the road widening projects described as below;

1.1 Past Major Projects Related to ROW Issues in Cambodia

Past experiences and learnings on ROW management through practical projects in Cambodia are important to discuss effective measures in the future. ROW issues have been discussed mainly as a part of land acquisition and resettlement in Cambodia. Table 1.3 shows major road and bridge projects under ownership of MPWT and following outlines are based on websites of JICA and ADB.

	Project Name	Donor	Report				
1	National Road No.5 Improvement Project	JICA	RAP				
	(Battambang-Sri Sophorn Section)						
2	National Road No.5 Improvement Project (Prek Kdam	JICA	RAP				
	Bridge-Thlea M'am Section)						
3	National Road No.5 Improvement Project (Thlea	JICA	RAP				
	Ma'Am-Battambang Section and Sri Sophorn-Poipet						
	Section)						
4	Phnom Penh - Bavet Expressway Development Project	JICA	RAP				
5	The Construction of Second Mekong Bridge in	JICA	RAP				
	Cambodia						
6	National Road No.1 Improvement	JICA	RAP				
7	Greater Mekong Subregion: Phnom Penh to Ho Chi	ADB	RAP				
	Minh City Highway Project						
8	Primary Roads Restoration Project	ADB	Audit				

Table 1.1Major Projects Related to ROW Issues

1.1.1 National Road No.5 Improvement Project (Battambang-Sri Sophorn Section)

The objective of the Project is to increase the transportation capacity as well as to improve the logistics efficiency in the National Road No.5 which connects Phnom Penh Capital and Thai border, by improving the condition of existing road and constructing the new bypass, thereby contributing to economic development of Cambodia.



Project Owner	MPWT
Development	JICA (ODA Loan)
Partner	
Documentation	Resettlement Action Plan (RAP)
	https://www.jica.go.jp/english/our_work/social_environmental/id/asia/southeast/
	cambodia/c8h0vm000090vlmk-att/c8h0vm0000a58c16.pdf
Notes	- ROW for existing 1-digit national road (30m each from centerline)
	- Bypass as new alignment

1.1.2 National Road No.5 Improvement Project (Prek Kdam Bridge-Thlea M'am Section)

The objective of the Project is to increase the transportation capacity as well as to improve the logistics efficiency in the National Road No.5 which connects Phnon Penh Capital and Thai border, by improving the condition of existing road and constructing the new bypass, thereby contributing to economic development of Cambodia.



Project Owner	MPWT
Development Partner	JICA (ODA Loan)
Documentation	Resettlement Action Plan (RAP)
	https://libportal.jica.go.jp/library/Data/DocforEnvironment/RAP-RIP/
	SoutheastAsia/CambodiaNR51/RAP.pdf
Notes	- ROW for existing 1-digit national road (30m each from centerline)
	- Bypass as new alignment

1.1.3 National Road No.5 Improvement Project (Thlea Ma'Am-Battambang Section and Sri Sophorn-Poipet Section)

The objective of the Project is to increase the transportation capacity as well as to improve the logistics efficiency in the National Road No.5 which connects Phnon Penh Capital and Thai border, by improving the condition of existing road and constructing the new bypass, thereby contributing to economic development of Cambodia.



Project Owner	MPWT				
Development	JICA (ODA Loan)				
Partner					
Documentation	Resettlement Action Plan (RAP)				
	https://libportal.jica.go.jp/library/Data/DocforEnvironment/				
	RAP-RIP/SoutheastAsia/CambodiaNR51/RAPCambodiaRoadNo5.pdf				
Notes	- 2nd compensation for project affected households who once compensated by				
	ADB's past project (Prmary Roads Restoration) and still remain in the area of ROW				
	- ROW for existing 1-digit national road (30m each from centerline)				
	- Bypass as new alignment				

1.1.4 Phnom Penh - Bavet Expressway Development Project

The objective of the Project is to increase the transportation capacity as well as to improve logistics efficiency in the region from Phnom Penh to Bavet which connects Phnom Penh City and Vietnam border, by constructing expressway, thereby contributing to economic development of Cambodia and Greater Mekong Sub-region.



Project Owner	MPWT
Development Partner	JICA (ODA Loan)
Documentation	Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) *Not yet disclosed
Notes	- Most section will be newly declared ROW

1.1.5 The Construction of Second Mekong Bridge in Cambodia (TSUBASA Bridge)

The project aims to build a bridge over Mekong River at the ferry crossing point of Neak Loeung. The project have approximately 6km long cable-stay bridge, approach bridges, and approach roads that connects National Road No.1. The connection point between the eastern approach road and existing National Road No.1 was encroached again just after the construction.

Project Owner	MPWT
Development Partner	JICA (Grant Aid by Government of Japan)
Documentation	Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) *Not yet disclosed
Notes	- Most section will be newly declared ROW including approach roads and bridges

1.1.6 National Road No.1 Improvement (Phnom Penh – Neak Loeung)

The project mainly aims to rehabilitate National Road No.1. Because main construction is principally limited along existing national road, most impact areas are within set ROW. During the resettlement process, provisional road width (PRW) were introduced to minimize affected household comparing to all ROW clearance. The project was separated four stages and have been completed in 2017.



Project Owner	MPWT
Development Partner	JICA (Grant Aid by Government of Japan)
Documentation	Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) *Not yet disclosed
Notes	- ROW is different in section by section in Phnom Penh City
	- Most sections are updating of existing 1-digit national road with ROW of
	30m in both sides from centerline

1.1.7 Greater Mekong Sub-region: Phnom Penh to Ho Chi Minh City Highway Project

The project targeted a section of Neak Loeung and Bavet, the border town between Cambodia and Vietnam, of exiting National Road No.1. ROW was declared by Praks 06 (1999) during the discussion of the project and finally, ROW for the project followed the Praks, namely 30m from centerline in both side of the road. Because the project principally did not include road widening, most affected households were located within ROW along the existing road.



Project Owner	MPWT
Development Partner	ADB Loan
Documentation	Resettlement Action Plan (RAP)
Notes	- Most sections are updating of existing 1-digit national road with ROW of
	30m in both sides from centerline

1.1.8 Primary Roads Restoration Project

The project included rehabilitation of some sections of National Road No.5, 6, and 7. Based on the Prakas 06 (1999), different 1-digi notional roads have different width of ROW. For example, National Road No. 5 has ROW of 30m from its centerline in both sides, meanwhile National Road No.6 and 7 have ROW of 25m. ROW of 1-digit National was unified later by Sub-decree on ROW (2009). This



historical change caused uncertainty of definition and rights of land along ROW lines. Among the project, some sections in National Road No.5 is planned to rehabilitate again by Japanese ODA Loan. During the process, second time payment to people who remained to say within ROW were observed.

Project Owner	MPWT			
Development Partner	ADB Loan			
Documentation	Resettlement Action Plan (RAP)			
Notes	- Most sections are updating of existing 1-digit national road with ROW of			
	30m in both sides from centerline			
	- No permanent land acquisition (within ROW)			
	- 1,905 Households affected with 9,525 Persons			

1.2 Specific Issues of the Past Projects in Terms of ROW

1.2.1 Double Payment to same PAPs inside ROW

During the resettlement phase, people who has properties within ROW is not always relocated out of ROW and remain staying within ROW if the project affected areas are smaller/narrower than ROW. In such cases, project affected persons (PAPs) once received compensation/assistances but continued their encroachment within ROW. After several years of the resettlement, if another new projects come to the site, the compensated PAPs may be compensated again by the new project. This kind of practical instances have been observed in National Road No.5 Project and National Road No.1 Project where new approach roads from Tsubasa bridge caused second resettlement for the PAPs along the National Road No.1.

The outline of the case of National Road No.5 is described as below including Figure 1.4 and Table 1.4. Because of past inappropriate treatment on compensation and ROW management, entitlement matrix for the section became complicated structure as shown in that table.

- ✓ Properties excluding land within 12.5m (COI) were principally once compensated by ADB Projects, namely Primary Road and GMS Road, with cut-off-date
- ✓ Based on above principle, Cambodian side will not "Compensate" for the properties located within COI, however, will provide "Assistance" equivalent to compensation as well as other treatment, such as allowance for specific situations, resettlement site for landless cases, income restoration program for target groups, and etc.
- ✓ If there were specific grievance regarding properties within 12.5m, Cambodian side shall take consider the cases as same as properties located out of 12.5m.

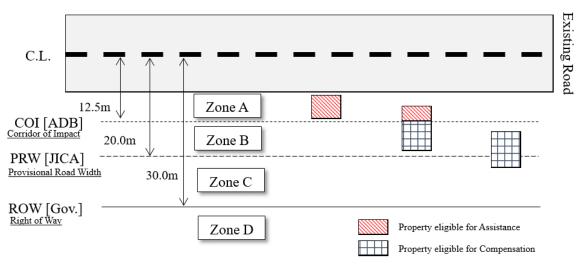


Figure 1.1 Image of Zoning of ROW, PRW, and COI

	Ordinal Compensation Policy				Special Assistance	
	Compensation		Allowance	Relocation	Assistance for past COI	
Zone	Land	Structure and other Property	(Transportation Disruption, Venerable, etc.)	Site for Landless Cases	Structures	Other properties such as fruit tree
Zone A	NO	NO			YES	YES
Zone B	NO	YES			No	No
Zone C	NO	YES	YES (1 time)	YES	No	No
Zone D	YES	YES			No	No

 Table 1.2
 Policy for Compensation / Assistance

Assistance for the past COI is based on setting unit price for each property within 12.5m. The price was based on minimum market price of replacement cost survey (RCS). See picture in case of structure as below;

House Type X: Compensation Unit Price is <u>40 USD/m²</u> (Average of sample survey of RCS, (1) 30USD, (2) 40USD, (3) 50USD) Assistance Unit Price is <u>30 USD/m²</u> (minimum price of RCS sample)

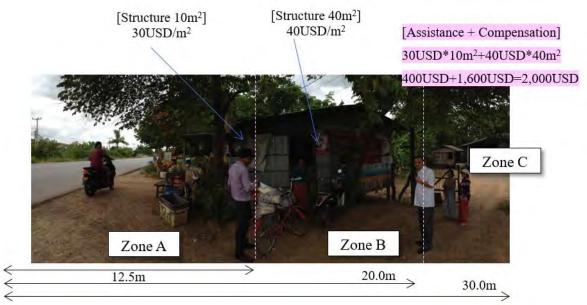


Figure 1.2 Cross-Section of ROW, PRW, and COI

1.2.2 Re-Encroachment of ROW just after construction completion

Due to insufficient management of state land, even the area within ROW just after construction can be encroached again by the people who once received compensation. It is very common along the National Road No.1 Phnom Penh – Neak Loeung section where Japanese Grant Aid improved the road. Another typical case was reported at the connection point of eastern approach road of Tsubasa Bridge and exiting National Road No.1 which was improved by ADB. Almost parallel with construction finalization process, people commenced rebuilding their house over road structures and encroach ROW land next to



improved road. Therefore, ROW management after improved road is also important.

1.2.3 Relocation out of ROW or Within ROW

When the specific project comes, RAP requires Project Affected Persons to setback until Corridor of Impact (COI) / Provisional Road Width (PRW) which usually within ROW. Therefore, people still can live within ROW even after administrative action, relocation, was implemented. This cause the problem of second compensation mentioned in former part. Once MPWT recommended people to setback until ROW line and pay compensation all structure within ROW even the project was not required all width of ROW in the National Road No.1 Project assisted by Japanese Government. However, the people did not relocate until ROW after receiving compensation and remain within ROW. In that case, jealousy between the people who promised to setback until ROW and people only get compensation until COI/PRW originally.

1.2.4 ROW in populous area and declaration by local government

Former Phnom Penh Municipality (MPP) decleared ROW as Deka independently from Prakas 06 (1999) just several months beofre the Praks. According to the Municipality declaration, for example, National Road No.1 close to Phnom Penh had ROW of different width described as below;

a) Land law (2001)

- Any person who, for no less than five years prior to the promulgation of this law, enjoyed peaceful, uncontested possession of immovable property that can lawfully be privately possessed, has the right to request a definitive title of ownership

- b) Prakas 06 (MEF, September 1999)
 - ROW of NR.1 is 30m

- Restricition of ROW is not applicable to the populous places

c) MPP's Deka (Phnom Penh Municipality, June 1999)

- Present ROW from Monivong Bridge to Chbar Ampeou Postal Building [Section I: 0+100 - 0+253]

- ROW of 15m or fence of pagoda from Postal Building to Niroad Pagoda [Section II: 0+253 - 1+300]

- ROW of 25m from Niroad Pagoda to boarder of Kandal Province and MPP [Section III: 1+300 -]

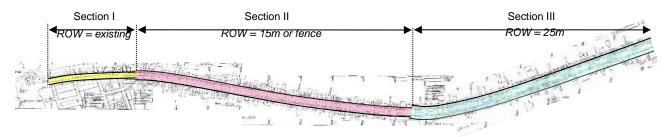


Figure 1.3 ROW declared by Municipality of Phnom Penh

National Road No.1 Project assisted by Japanese Government respect the MPP's declaration and consider entitlement matrix for land as Table 2-3.

Section	Width	Compensation			
Section	Vidin	Properties	Land		
Section I	existing road width - 25m	0	0		
Section II	existing road width - 15m	0	0		
Section II	15m - 25m	0	0		
Section III	0m - 25m	0	×		
Other section	Different in each section	0	×		

 Table 1.3
 Compensation Policy for National Road No.1

1.2.5 ROW for newly planned alignment

For the new alignment, such as bypass, access road to the bridge, and etc., projects only required minimum area for land purchasing. Therefore, ROW of new alignment is almost same as actual border between road pavement or end of structures and private land area. It is required to make clear the ROW line for these kinds of new alignment section for avoiding any misunderstandings of borders between public and private.

Chapter 2 ROW Management Analysis

This Chapter shows an output of the following activity based on Output 1 of the Project.

Output 1

Implementation framework for the project is strengthened based on past experiences and present situation on ESC and ROW management

Activity

1.2 Collect and analyze information on land management framework of land management system in Cambodia

Objectively Verifiable Indicator

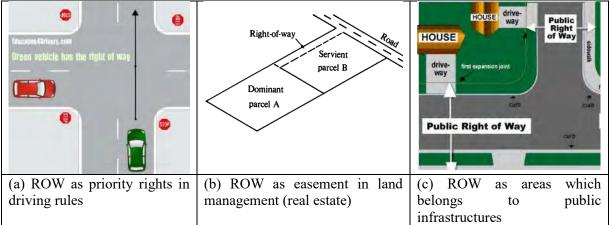
1.2 Based on the land management framework in Cambodia and other countries, lessons learned from past experiences on ROW management are organized and current issues are analyzed

This Chapter is described in terms of EIA and EMP Process, but not including resettlement issues, based on relevant documents and information collected in Cambodia.

2.1 Definition of ROW

2.1.1 Literal meaning

The word "Right of Way (ROW)" has complicated meaning in different situations, however, the usage of the word ROW might be classified into mainly three cases described as in Figure 2.1.



Reference: (a) http://linkdescargargratis.tk, (b) www.jackscamp.com, (c) http://www.urbanaillinois.us/ROW Permits

Figure 2.1 Different meanings of ROW

ROW used in many relevant legal documents of Cambodia, such as Land Law, Sub-Decree on ROW management, might be belonging to case (c) in above figures.

2.1.2 "ROW as existing boundary" or "ROW as future expansion plan"

ROW in terms of public infrastructure (the case (c) in above figures) has further classification of meanings in different situations. One is the boundary line (area) between infrastructure and public land, and another is the area belonging to infrastructure itself even the land is vacant without any facilities, such as pavement, slope, pedestrian, etc. In a case of Chester County, US, ROW is defined as a border between existing road edge with buffer area and the setback line for the future expansion is defined as "Ultimate ROW" describe in Figure 2.2.

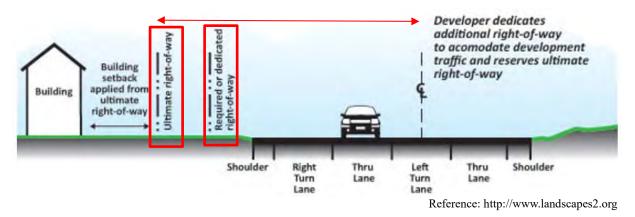


Figure 2.2 ROW and Ultimate ROW

2.2 Legal Basis of ROW in Cambodia

2.2.1 Legal framework

Relevant legal documents on ROW in Cambodia with selected key articles are shown in Annex 1. (1) Key points

- ✓ ROW is defined as one of the components of road infrastructure (Annex of Road Law)
- ✓ ROW called roadway reserved (e.g. Article 19 of Land Law)
- ✓ ROW is state property (Article 7, Sub-Decree of ROW)
- ✓ Land use within ROW with official permission forms are developed (Circular 007 and its forms)
- (2) Issues
- ✓ Difference between populous area (urban), where the ROW should be set separately from existing legal framework, and other areas.
- ✓ ROW was defined in Prakas 06 in 1999 and land ownership rights existed before the Prakas is unclear in some cases.
- ✓ ROW of new alignment, such as approach road of Tsubasa Bridge, bypass etc., is unclear

Table 2.1 shows ROW related articles in relevant legal documents in Cambodia.

Year	Legal Document	Signer	Major contents related to ROW
1992	Land Law	Prime	Article 1: All the land in Cambodia belongs to the
13OCT		Minister	State and shall be governed and protected in
			agreement by the State. The State does not
			recognize the land property right existing
			before 1979
			Article 5: Private right is not given in land reserved for
			roads construction and road maintenance
			Article 217: national roads can never be
			considered as a land lot, but are <u>all</u>
			considered as public property
1993	Constitution	Prime	Article 44: Only Khmer legal entities and citizens of
21SEP		Minister	Khmer nationality shall have the right to
			<u>own land</u> .
1999	No. 06 Prakas on	Prime	1. Not allow to possess an owner right of the
27SEP	the measurement	Minister	government land such as main national road right
	of illegal		of way and
			8. Designate the right of way for the road

Table 2.1Legal basis of ROW in Cambodia

	[
	occupant of land		 National Road (NR) with one digit number like NR 2,3,6,7 the ROW is 25 meters both sides from the centerline, except NR 1,4,5 the ROW is 30 meters from the centerline. National Road with two digit numbers like NR 11,22,64,78 the ROW is 25 meters from the centerline. Provincial Road is 20 meters from the centerline. Communal Road is 15 meters from the centerline.
2000 06APR	No. 961 Letter on Regarding the Implementation of Right of Way policy on National Roads, Provincial Roads, Communal Roads, and Railways in Cambodia	MEF Minister	MEF issued the letter to Governors of Phnom Penh City and other provinces to disseminate area of ROW regulated by No.06 Prakas (1999).To implement Prakas No. 06 Pr. K with high effectiveness, the Ministry of Economy and Finance would like to inform that the Government will not use National Budget to compensate for all the things on the ROW of Roads and Railways.
2001 30AUG revised in 2011 due to Civil Code	Land Law [NS/RKM/0801/14]	King, Prime Minister	 Article 15: Any property that is made available, either in its natural state or after development, for public use, such as <u>roads</u>, tracks, oxcart ways, pathways, gardens and public parks, and reserved land; Article 19: The penalties shall be doubled where any acquisition of land from the public properties causes damage or delay to works undertaken in the general interest, in particular any acquisition of <u>roadway</u> <u>reserves (=ROW)</u> Article 148 (Lawful cases): Land demarcation and ownership of property situated along public roads shall be determined by the competent authorities based on actual needs of common interests, especially based on the traffic needs
2007 (26 FEB)	No.02.SR Sarachor on Illegal State Land Occupation	Prime Minister	Administrative measures for illegal occupation on state land
2009 (23 Nov)	Sub Decree on Right of Way of National Road Channels and Railroads of the Kingdom of Cambodia [No.197 S.E]	Prime Minister	 Article 3: The scope of the Sub decree covers any <u>national roads with 1 (one) digit and 2 (two)</u> <u>digits</u> and railroads in the Kingdom of Cambodia Article 7: ROWs on national roads and railroads are the state properties in compliance with article 15 of the land law. Article 8: ROWs shall be determined to serve physical infrastructure development as follows: National road grade 1: Symbolized by a number with 1 (one) digit for the ROW located 30 (thirty) meters from both sides of the road;

			- National road grade 2: Symbolized by a
			number with 2 (two) digits for the ROW located 25 (twenty-five) meters from both sides of the road.
			ROWs on the above 2 (two) kinds of
			national roads which cross the capital or city
			of a province or an urban area will be
			determined separately on the ROWs on
			national roads of the capital and city of a
			province or an urban area.
			Article 10: The determination of the above <u>ROWs</u>
			shall be undertaken only once and remain
			the same in spite of further road
			<u>development.</u>
			Article 11: All line competent ministries-institutions shall not authorize any construction or
			cultivation along the ROWs on national
			roads and railroads
			Article 12: The Ministry of Public Work and
			Transports shall issue a Prakas or a
			notification to determine the use of the ROWs on national roads and railroads to
			serve the public and private interest such as
			burying optical cable network, pure water
			pipe, setting up electrical poles, optical
			poles, and billboard pole, and other uses
			related to national roads and railroads. The
			Ministry of Public Work and Transports
			shall conduct a study to display the illustration board on the determination of the
			illustration board on the determination of the ROWs on national roads and railroads
			instead of setting up ROW poles.
			Article 13: The state shall pay the compensation in
			compliance with the policy of new
			resettlement and in accordance with article
			148 of the law on land management to the
			lawful owner of the land which is
			re-determined as stipulated in article 8 and 9
			of the Sub decree for physical infrastructure
			development more than the determination
			prior to the Sub decree as well as in accordance with the law and regulations in
			force.
2010	No.03 SR.	Prime	2-Identification, Mapping and Classification of the
(31	SARACHOR	Minister	location of temporary constructions/buildings:
MAY)	(Circular) on		
	Solutions for		After recording the numbers of locations of temporary
	Temporary		constructions, state land working groups at cities and
	Constructions/Buil		districts/Khan level, working groups at
	dings on Illegally		communes/Sangkat level, community representatives
	Encroached State		of local people and civil societies must hold a joint
	Land in Capital,		meeting and discuss on the accuracy of each location
	Cities/Municipalitie s and Urban Areas		in order to input those locations into commune map which has big scale. State land working groups at cities
	s and Orban Aleas		and districts/Khan level, community representatives of
L		I	and districts islan is ver, community representatives of

			 local people, civil societies must identify each location based on the physical/real condition as below: Dangerous/harmful locations to residential people such as locations near dumping areas, on the road shoulder, near sewage, on the Right of Way (ROW), on railways, on flood dams, on embankment of rivers and streams, and on the terrace, etc. Locations of temporary constructions/buildings on the map must be marked by different technical colors or symbols based on the physical conditions as mentioned above. Importantly, that map must be recognized or approved by the thumbprints of state land working groups at cities and districts/Khan level, community representatives of local people, and civil societies. Besides using this map as solution discussion, authorizes should publicize it to local people in order to avoid any illegal state land encroachment in future
2014 (4 MAY)	Road Law [NS/RKM/0514/00 8]	Prime Minister	Article 12: Any construction on the land for road construction development, in particularly area for right of way which is permanently established shall be prohibited, except for the construction in some special projects such as of the equipment used in the national defense, security and in road management or road construction and construction for other public services which require the approval of the Royal Government in accordance with request of the competent authorities of road management. Right of way may be utilized for various temporary purposes without affecting the equipment and structures for safe road traffic. Article 14: In the construction of new roads, right of way and land for construction of important road infrastructures shall be set aside. Nonetheless, the construction of roads within towns, boreys (residential communities) and new development areas shall include the construction of roads for pedestrians, the handicapped and construction of other road infrastructures to assure safe traffic. The earmarked (reserved) right of way and land for construction of road infrastructures above shall be publicized and the draft plan for such right's right of way and land for construction of those road infrastructures shall be put forward to the Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction and the Ministry of Interior to cooperate in launching appropriate measures. Article 37: All competent authorities shall launch legal measures to prevent any destruction to the road infrastructures and encroachment on the right of way. Annex: 14- ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE referred to right of way, road construction, vehicle terminal, vehicle parking yard, parking lots, roadside service station and rest area. 15- RIGHT OF WAY referred to land strips along both

		sides of the middle point of road included seized of right of way, reserving for the management, developing and protection road to ensure traffic safety and used for another road infrastructure affair which determined in linear of right of way. 16- LINEAR OF RIGHT OF WAY referred to linear of right of way boundary that have distance limited from the middle point of road.
No 007 SR SK	MPWT	Sarachor strengthens implementation of past Law, Sub
Sarachor on	Minister	Decree and related document for protection from
Management and		illegal occupation and clarifies procedures for applying
ROW Use		use of ROW. The Sarachor has separated forms.
Strengthening		
Measures		
(National and		
Provincial Roads)		

2.2.2 Necessary legal/administrative pre-conditions regarding ROW management

ROW management system may not be completed by single system but with relevant legal and administrative systems described as below;

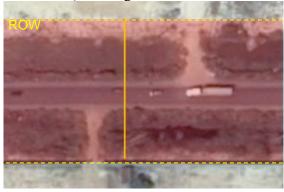
- (1) Land registration: Not yet completed (Land Law and its relevant legal documents)
- (2) Construction standard: Construction restriction from public road, etc. (Article 30, Sub-Decree No.86 on Construction Permit)
- (3) Land use plan: Not existed
- (4) Family register and management of illegal encroachment: Not perfect

2.2.3 Stopgap between legal definition and practical situation

ROW in Cambodia may stand for two different understandings in different background;

- (1) ROW as Road Plan: <u>reserving for future road construction</u> (<u>Future Plan</u> with permission of existing land use and restriction for construction) ---> Practical Situation in Cambodia
- (2) ROW as Road Area: constitutes <u>a part of road infrastructure</u> (<u>State Land</u> where any private land use and existing structures shall be cleared) ---> Legal Definition in Cambodia





(1) ROW as Road Plan in the future

n the future (2) ROW as State Land *red areas stand for practically managed land by authorities concerned as state property

Figure 2.3 Different Understandings of ROW

In case (1) of above figure, the area next to existing road in both side are the target of future clearance. In case (2), originally all width of ROW was belonging to national property and shall be protected new encroachment by continuous ROW management.

In Cambodia, understandings (1) and (2) in above figures had been mixed together for compromising actual situation and legal definition of ROW with unclear historical declaration process of ROW. Table 2.2 shows mixed elements of ROW in practical management.

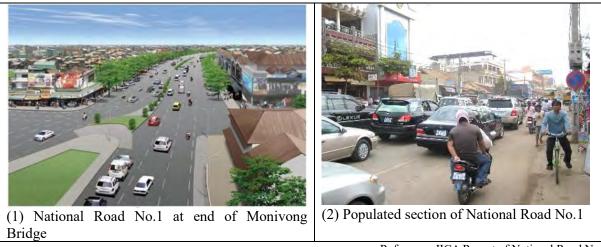
ROW as Future Plan	ROW as State Land
 Private land use and permanent structures within ROW is not eliminated by administrative measures in practice (except Resettlement Phase). Setback line due to resettlement is not ROW but Corridor of Impact (COI) which is set within ROW. Project Affected Households are not requested to setback beyond ROW. 	land within ROW when the land is acquired.

Table 2.2 Mixed elements of ROW in practice

2.3 Present Status of ROW in Cambodia

2.3.1 Urban (Populous) Area

ROW running through populous urban area is determined separately from existing legal documents such as Sub Decree on ROW Management. In case of the section of National Road No. 1 next to Monivong Bridge, once Phnom Penh City issued declaration which specified ROW of the section as present road edge (end of physical road structure). The image is shown in (1) of Figure 3.1 below. Populate area such as Provincial capital, town with local market, etc., are practically difficult to comply with fixed single ROW, such as 30 m distance from existing centerline (see (2) in the following figure).



Reference: JICA Report of Notional Road No. 1

Figure 2.4 Different Understandings of ROW

2.3.2 Road as dyke

Due to geographical conditions of Cambodia, some trunk roads have multi-function as dyke as flood prevention infrastructure. Some sections of National Road No. 1, No. 6, No. 8 have typical cross-section of pavement on land filling basement described as Figure 3.2.



Figure 2.5 Different Understandings of ROW

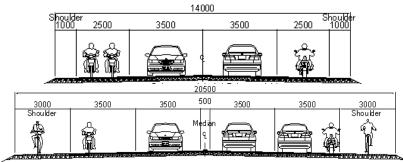
In such road sections, houses along the road have flood free structure of high-raised floor (see (1) of following figures) and people tend to come back to road edge for better living conditions and business opportunity (see (2) of following figures).



Figure 2.6 Typical dyke road

2.3.3 Road in flat land

Road in flat land does not require long slope, therefore, minimum width of existing road is not so wide described as Figure 3.2.



Reference: JICA Report of Notional Road No. 5

Figure 2.7 Typical road cross-sections

For example, ROW of 60 m can theoretically accommodate more than 4 vehicle lanes in flat land in case that road alignment is straight. Furthermore, the highest standard of Asian Highway, Primary classification, is defined with ROW of 50 m (see Table 2.3).

Highway	classification	Prima	ury (4 or	more la	ines)	Class	I (4 or n	nore la	nes)		Class II	(2 lanes)	С	lass III	(2 lane	s)
Terrain o	classification	L	R	М	S	L	R	M	S	L	R	M	S	L	R	M	S
Design s	Design seeped (km/h) 120 100 80 60		60	100	80	6	0	80	60	50	40	60	50	40	30		
Width (m)	Right of way	50		40			40			30(40)							
	Lane	5.75		3.50				3.5	50		3.00(3.25)						
	Shoulder	3.0	0	2.:	50	3.	00	2.5	50	2,	50	2	.00	1.5(2.0)	1.0	(1.5)
	Median strip	4.0	00	3.0	00	3.00		2.50	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		
Min. horizo	ontal curve (m)	520	350	210	115	350	210	11	5	210	115	80	50	115	80	50	30
Paveme	nt slope (%)		2	1.0	-		2	-			2				2	- 5	
Shoulde	er slope (%l		3 -	6			3 - (5			3-	6	_		3.	- 6	_
Туре о	f pavement	Aspl	nalt/ceme	ent conce	ete	Asph	alt/ceme	nt concr	ete	Asp	halt/cem	ent cond	rete	Dbl. t	oitumin	ous trea	tmen
Max. supe	relevation (%)	-	10	h	-	11	10	-			1	0	_		1	0	
Max. vert	ical grade (%)	4	5	6	7	4	5	6	7	4	5	6	7	4	5	6	7
Structure loa	ding (minimum)		HS20	-44	-	1	HS20-	44			HS2	0-44			HS2	0-44	

Table 2.3 Asian Highway Standard

Figure 3.5 shows examples of National Road No. 5 running through flat lowland area.



(1) National Road No.5 at a town area Figure 2.8 Typical road in flat land

2.3.4 Image of ROW with existing and planned road

Figure 3.6 shows several cross-sections with ROW. Most of the 1- Digit National Road is two lanes with relatively narrow width of pavement and/or road structure ((A) of Figure 3.6). Some National Roads, such as NR-5 will be extended to 4 lanes as described (B) of Figure 3.6. If a National Road is developed with more than 4 lanes with service roads, road width will be same as ROW length of 60 m, although required road width depends on shape of alignment.

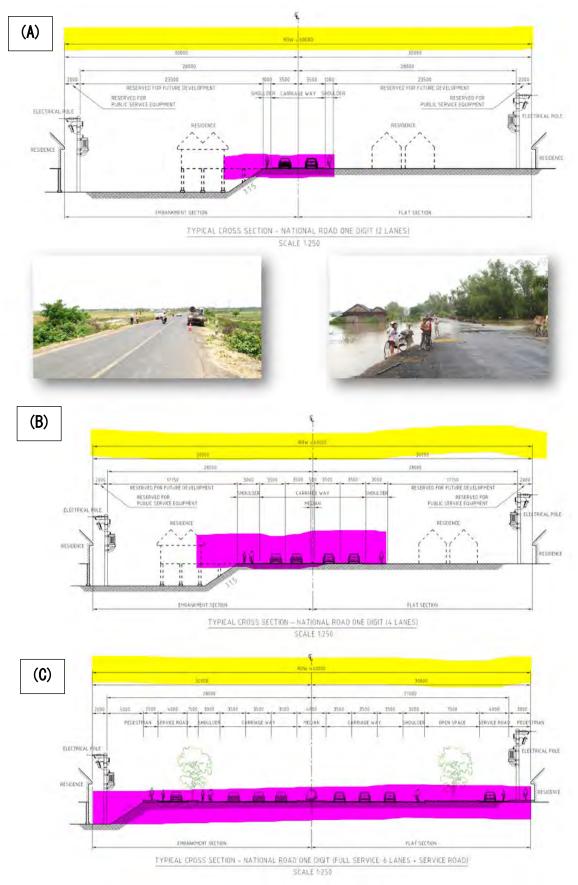


Figure 2.9 Image of ROW and road cross-section

2.4 ROW Management Guidelines (RMG)

2.4.1 Development Plan of draft RMG

ROW running through populous urban area is determined separately from existing legal documents



Figure 2.10 Timeline of development of RMG

Chapter 3 Institutional Analysis

This Chapter shows an output of the following activity based on Output 1 of the Project.

Output 1
Implementation framework for the project is strengthened based on past experiences and present
situation on ESC and ROW management
Activity
1.3 Conduct institutional framework analysis for MPWT
Objectively Verifiable Indicator
1.3 Institutional framework and responsibilities in MPWT are examined

3.1 Institutional responsibilities beyond MPWT

Because ROW management is cross-cutting issue, MPWT requires coordination and corroboration with relevant authorities. In addition, several activities which play important role for ROW management are not responsibility of MPWT. For example, land management belongs to Ministry of Lana Management, Urban Planning and Construction (MLMUPC) while local authorities take responsibility of administrative implementation in order to prevent illegal encroachment.

Figure 3.1 and Figure 3.2 shows institutional relations and their scope of responsibilities.

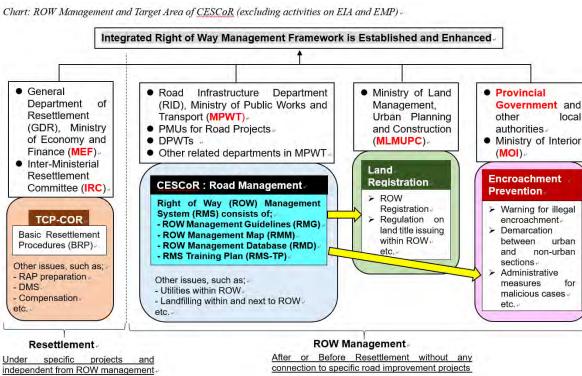


Figure 3.1 Relevant Authorities for ROW Management

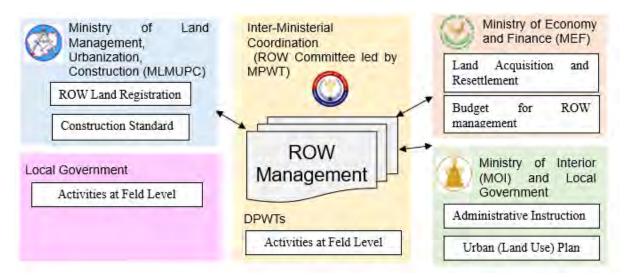


Figure 3.2 Image of Cooperation among ROW Related Authorities

Chapter 4 Recommendation for ROW Use in the Future

This Chapter shows an output of the following activity based on Output 1 of the Project.

Output I
Implementation framework for the project is strengthened based on past experiences and present
situation on ESC and ROW management
Activity
1.1 Analyze past projects, current tackling issues on EIA/EMP and ROW management in terms of
ESC-GL
Objectively Verifiable Indicator
1.1 Based on the JICA Guidelines for Environmental and Social Considerations (ESC-GL), lessons
learned from past experiences are organized and current issues on ESC and ROW

4.1 Procedures for ROW Usage

0 + 1

4.1.1 Infrastructure Development within ROW area

The ROW area is a state-owned land and is a public property of all the people, so the rules concerning the road area must be observed and used effectively. Local residents are subject to comply with the following matters. In addition, DPWT shall consider the following matters and manage the safety and maintenance of the ROW areas and provisional infrastructure development.

- Compliance matters
 - A) Local residents shall not change the form and nature of land without permission.
 - B) Local residents shall not block waterways in front of houses or premises. If a passage needs to be developed across the waterway, the applicant shall consult with the DPWT office and take appropriate measures.
 - C) DPWT shall, as necessary, make efforts to improve ROW area, when rainwater flows into the residential land from the ROW area, or when large water pools on rough grounds cause a significant disturbance to the lives of local residents. Such improvement measures include U-shaped ditches and backfill with crushed stones or soil.
 - D) Entrance passages for large-scale premises such as corporate offices, warehouses, cafeterias, GSs, factories, schools, temples, hospitals need to be developed with heavy asphalt or concrete. Temporary use permission needs to be issued after detailed discussions on the purpose of use, passing vehicle types, traffic volume. In case public facilities wish to use, a signboard may need to be installed for an indication which requires also a permission.

Items	Residents/Users	DPWT/MPWT	Remarks
Change of forms and nature of land	cannot change land forms	application from residents and monitor their	area should be regulated by
Waterways	or damage waterways		
Large-scale corporation, factory, warehouse, Gus Station, restaurant, hospital, school and so on	All activities within ROW area shall be applied and permitted by responsible authorities before construction.	After receiving an application, DPWT instructs numbers, sizes, and structures of entrance gates for such large-scale buildings based on traffic volume, types and weight of passing vehicles.	Necessary facilities are principally prepared by owner's expense.

 Table 4.1
 Compliance Matters Regarding Activities within ROW

4.1.2 Public Utilities within ROW Areas

In this section, the use of public facilities in the ROW area is explained.

(1) **Possible Public Facilities within ROW Area**

Table 4.2	Examples of Public Facilities within ROW
-----------	--

Major Items	Facilities, Purpose	Remarks	
Essential utilities Water supply Sewage/drainage		• Facilities will be switched to	
	Power supply (pole, cable, wires,	(semi) permanent permission,	
	steel tower)	when the national road is fully	
	Communication cables	developed according to the plan.	
Temporary use for public		• Water pipes, sewage culvert	
purposes by provinces and	for public institutions Temporary	construction materials, gravel,	
municipalities	buildings	sand, etc.	
		• Temporary office, removable	
		toilet.	
Temporary use for general			
construction by state,	and motorbike during government	other than MPWT, regional offices, may temporarily use for	
province and districts	province and districts building renovation		
	Materials, temporary storage for		
		unavoidable circumstances arise.	
	public hall renovation		
Other use for local	1 5 8	· · ·	
residents	bench, public restroom, bus stop		
	lane, disaster prevention storage	conditions are restored promptly	
		when national road construction	
		gets started.	

(2) Temporary Use by Public Utilities

In case no suitable land is available in the vicinity for public utilities, the private land must be used for a fee. Temporary use of state land for a public purpose is a public interest as this leads to cost reduction of costs, in other words, reduction of tax burden. Therefore, the use for a public purpose is commonly free of charge.

(3) Temporary Use by Other Government Offices

Not only MPWT and road related authorities but also other ministries and government offices may make use of ROW areas. In principle, the management of land during its use falls under the responsibility of the offices that uses the land.

The purpose of use, period and other details shall clearly be posted at the point of use so as not to cause suspicions from local residents. The area shall be fenced, or the entrance locked as safety measures. During the time of use, DPWT does not need to manage the area. This will reduce the workload of DPWT.

(4) Temporary Use Special Case and Points to be Noted (Private utilities/facilities in ROW)

The following are special temporary use cases that can be considered other than the cases described in the previous sections. The features and points to note are below.

1) Communication cable facilities of private Internet company

The cables and related facilities for communication network will be an important factor for the economic development of the whole country in the future. The communication cables will be infrastructure as important as the electric wires along the national roads. However, the main providers of such services are private and profit companies. The temporary use of ROW areas shall be therefore for a fee. Furthermore, when national road widening construction is commenced, its temporary use does not end, but shall be switched to a permanent payable use of road area as either overhead wire or underground buried cables.

2) Large advertising billboards and signboards for private companies with lighting equipment

Advertising billboards that are larger than those for ordinary stores or offices are often equipped with an electrically movable apparatus or a lightning system. The administrative bodies to issue a permission for use are not uniformly coordinated.

The timeframe for use shall be stated in the permission and prior to a permission, structures of installation, safety and preventive measures against collapse need to be checked as well as wiring conditions of the electric wires and apparatus.

Safety of the existing road is the priority. For future national road widening works, the records and survey documents shall be stored so that at the commencement of road widening works, the owners of billboards can easily be identified to notify its removal.

4.2 Methods of Soft Approach

4.2.1 Reference: Temporary use special case "Sales stalls for local products"

Sales stalls on the streets are simple commerce forms widely practiced in many areas, such as selling vegetables harvested in the morning on the day. They have also been occupying an ideal place for sale since long ago along the national road. Such places are typically highly unsafe roads sides without guardrails, and thus the risk of traffic accidents is very high.

Rather than eliminating such unauthorized street vendors, it would be also an idea to develop a safer mini market for smaller group units and temporary parking space for vehicles until the commencement of construction works. A concern may remain when they may wish to use the land for their business after the completion of the road, but such market developments can be an opportunity for the local residents to learn the meaning and a proper management of ROW area.

4.2.2 Temporary Use Permission of ROW

The ROW areas of national roads need to be centrally coordinated and developed. The office of ROW Management was set up in RID as a new office to administrate the management of ROW. Development of road construction has a timeline of 1) before, 2) during construction and 3) after development completion. MPWT shall take different types of actions at different stages of road development with respective focuses along the timeline. The focus timeline of ROW management is 1) before a road widening.

Use permissions for road related areas are generally classified into temporary use permission and permanent road use permission. The RMG guidelines explain about the temporary use permissions in the undeveloped ROW area. A temporary use permission shall end once the road widening works begin. However, public utilities notably such as electricity poles, water pipes and the like are switched to a permanent road use permission at a later stage if they continue to use the land within the road area after the road widening is completed to a full scale. Road data should be compiled in the road management database of MPWT and road ledger of DPWT in each responsible district.

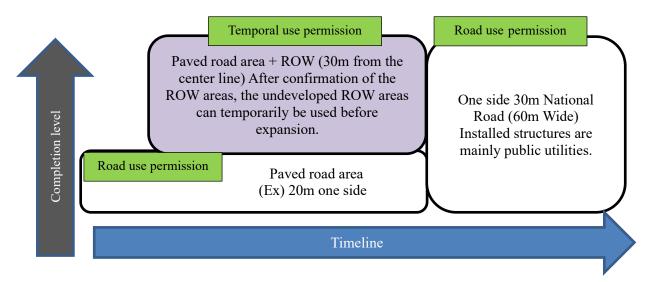


Figure 4.1 Temporal use and Road use permission

(1) Target area

The guidelines on temporary use permission are applied to the ROW area where widening works have not yet started, in other words, undeveloped ROW areas.

Temporary use in completed and used roads are matter of road use and is not covered by these guidelines.

(2) **Permit authority**

DPWTs manage the national roads including ROW areas. Applicants submit applications

for temporal use to DPWT in the respective districts. When MPWT consigns the road maintenance management to a province, municipality or city, the application can be submitted to the respective offices at the provincial, municipal or city authorities.

(3) Data management of temporary permission

DPWTs manage and update the ROW temporary use permission list for the national roads under jurisdiction. DPWT shall patrol the national roads for maintenance and control of illegal encroachments and update the ROW management database and the road ledger.

(4) Use permission for a fee and use permission for free

The reasons for the fee or free of charge are as follows:

• Why with fees?

Acquisition, maintenance, construction and management of ROW are carried out at the expense of the residents.

Fairness is a purpose to charge fees for use to those who profit from the use of the public land within ROW. As this also increases management costs of public property, the

management cost shall be partially shared by such users. In other words, part of the benefits received by users are repaid.

• Why without fees?

While national roads are not expanded, house constructions and economic activities are restricted outside the undeveloped ROW. This inconveniences the daily activities of residents.

Theoretically, a public administration must immediately proceed with development of ROW areas for example by constructing temporal community roads or drainage facilities and so forth. The residents endure inconveniences due to a delay of such governmental undertakings. Therefore, a permission must be granted for residential passages.

Temporary use with fees		Temporary use without fees	
- - -	Large space in front of shops Larger space in front of large premises such as factories, warehouse, GS for large vehicles Commercial advertising billboards and information billboards Short-term use for festivals, events, etc. by private companies Cable and pole installation by private internet company etc.		Passage to residential houses (maximum 3 m wide) Construction yard for residential houses Crops and orchards fields in rural areas Temporal use for storage or construction yard by public institutions Use for public infrastructure facilities (electric poles, wires, steel towers for high-voltage electric wires, gas water and sewage, communication cables, crossing waterways, drainage)
			etc.

 Table 4.3
 Temporary use permission examples with and without fees

(5) Permission for Temporary Land Use within ROW

In principal, MPWT must prohibit to use and rent land within ROW. However, MPWT can provide a permission for temporary land use with fee to Land owner who is neighboring with ROW. In case the land owner has submitted application for temporary land use and when there is an unavoidable situation.

However, the following cases can be provided a permission for temporary land use without fee.

- 1) The land owner, who set back and reconstructed the house to outside of ROW, uses temporary access road from Existing National Road.
- 2) Temporary construction yard for residential houses.
- 3) In case, Director of DPWT accepts for project progress and public benefit as unavoidable case. In addition, when the director of DPWT office provides a permission for temporary land use, the certificate of temporary land use permission should be issued.

(6) **Permission conditions**

The general conditions of the temporary ROW use permit are as follows:

- 1) Do not use the land for any other purposes than permitted or set up a building or solid structure. Changes of the permitted items need a prior application and to follow a proper procedure.
- 2) Do not transfer or lend permissions of use to other parties.
- 3) Land user who may cause damages to or receive complaints from a third party resulting from the use of the land, shall solve problems at their own cost.
- 4) Land users shall cooperate with the authorities if the authorities need to enter the ROW area during the period of use when required.
- 5) When the land user intends to terminate the land use due to the expiration of the period of use or an accident, s/he shall notify the authorities in advance and restore the land to the original condition at their own expense according to the instruction.
- 6) If the land user does not hand over the area of use after one week as of one day after the expiration of the use period, no objection is accepted even if the authorities claim a compulsory enforcement. The costs required for this shall be borne by the land user.

Special Provisions

The following permission conditions can be attached as special provisions tailored to various field conditions.

- Land user shall not have any objection to change the place of use or the use is discontinued even during the temporary use period due to the urgent construction of the authorities.
- 2) Land user shall be compelled to claim the property right for a temporal structure that the land user erected for use.
- Land users shall not make claims of the property rights of the harvested trees, cultivation rights, agricultural profits, etc. after the end of use of the fields and orchards.

(7) Temporal Use Fee

DPWT collects 2% of property tax value per square meter multiplying the square meters of the land for an annual temporal use fee (example). Use of aerial space shall be calculated two thirds of the land unit price, and one third in the case of underground use. The number of new or existing advertising billboards is immense, so it is appropriate to set a unit price per board. If it is a nonstandard size, the unit price can be calculated by its size. The fee for use shall be fairly set for ROW areas.

The fee for use is a lump sum payment when a temporary use permission is issued.

If the use period is less than a year, the fee will be charged monthly.

The fee for use shall be the revenue of DPWT in each district for maintenance and

management of national roads. The task is consigned to local authorities, such as district or prefecture, the income will be the revenue of respective authorities.

* Property tax (Property Tax or Tax on Immovable Property)

Concerned real estates are those with an evaluation value of 100 million Riel or more excluding farmlands. Use an evaluation rate of the real estate evaluation committee.

In addition, when the fixed property tax assessment rate is unknown, a method often applied is to use 2% of 70% of the standard land unit price in the concerned areas. The unit prices are reduced gradually as going away from the central areas to the suburban areas.

(8) Consultation with relevant authorities

DPWT fully consults with relevant authorities that have jurisdiction over public utilities and takes measures if necessary when the location where the land user applies are close to such facilities with facilities such as water and sewage pipes, utility poles, and electric wires.

If a signboard is installed in the upper part of the buried pipeline and around the utility pole, it will be a hindrance to maintenance. Permission cannot be issued also to the position to block the visibility of road signs and signals.

(9) Others and Administrative Disposal

If a temporary user deliberately violates the permission conditions, or change the forms and nature of the land without permission, and does not follow notices and guidance from the authorities, MPWT or DPWT shall carry out an administrative disposition and fines in accordance with the Road Act.

J3-2: Development Plan of Draft RMS

ROW Management System (RMS) Development Plan

1. Summary of the development of RMS

1.1 Purpose of Development of RMS

Right of Way (ROW) Management System (RMS) is established to achieve the following purpose;

- 1) To maintain/develop functionable road (Utilities layout, Land filling and etc.)
- 2) To prevent Illegal Encroachment in the future (Illegal Encroachment Prevention: IEP)
- 3) To conduct smooth resettlement
- 4) To register the ROW as State Land

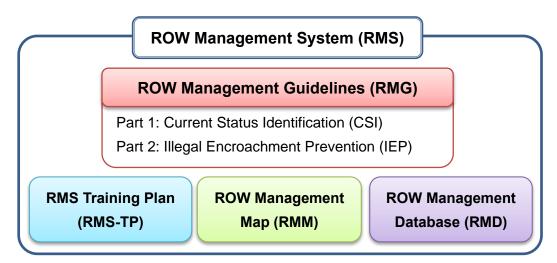
1.2 Policy of Development of RMS

In order to achieve above purpose, policy is shown as follow;

- 1) To prepare Standard Drawing
- 2) To identify the current status of encroachment (Current Status Identification: CSI)
- 3) To obtain charging usage on the land in ROW
- 4) To implement the future Project smoothly
- 5) To reduce government's expenses for resettlement

1.3 Contents of RMS

RMS consists ROW Management Guidelines (RMG) (refer to Current Status Identification (CSI) and Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP)), RMS Training Plan (RMS-TP), ROW Management Map (RMM) and ROW Management Database (RMD).



2. Planned Activities and Overall Schedule

In order to develop the RMS, activities of the project and overall schedule are as follow;

	Planned Activities and Overall Schedule of KMIS	crall schedule of KMS									
Arth attac of the arceivet	Year 2017	Year 2018			Ye	Year 2018	~				
	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 7	10 11 12	1 2 3	4 5	6 7	8 9	10	11	12	
3.1 Discuss Development Plan of draft RMS (consists of draft RMG, draft RMS-TP, tentative RMM, tentative RMD)											
3.2 Discuss documentation level of RMG and process of authorization											
3.3 Prepare draft RMG; Part 1: Current Status Identification (CSI) and Part 2: Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP)											
3.4 Prepare draft RMS-TP											
3.5 Prepare tentative RMM and tentative RMD											
3.6 Plan and conduct training in Japan and third countries	I	1	1			ł					
3.7 Modify draft RMG, RMS-TP, tentative RMM, and tentative RMD as finalized RMS										Ī	
4.1 Discuss the implementation plan of the pilot project by using draft RMS											
4.2 Discuss the framework of the Pilot Project Task Force (PTF)											
4.3 Implement the Pilot Project of CSI											
4.4 Implement the Pilot Project of IEP											
4.5 Conduct TOT based on draft RMS-TP											

Planned Activities and Overall Schedule of RMS

3. Drat Table of Contents (TOC) of the RMG

Draft Table of Contents (TOC) of the RMG, which is main contents of RMS, is considered as follows to be a practical guideline and easy to understand with necessary technical knowledge/skills as the appendices. The draft TOC of the RMG will be revised through the discussions with the TF members.

		Draft TOC of the RMG		
Part 0: Basic	e Policy			
	Back Ground			
0.2	Objective and	Policy on ROW Management		
		ation and Responsibilities		
	Definitions	I		
0.5	Legal Basis			
Part 1: Current Status Identification (CSI)				
		ement Map (RMM)		
	-	Concept of RMM		
		Survey Methodology		
		Mapping Methodology		
		Items Observed		
1.2	ROW Manage	ement Database (RMD)		
	-	Concept of RMD		
		(Data Processing, Storing, Sharing, Managing Acquired Data)		
	1.2.2	Database Structure		
	1.2.3	Update Rules		
Part 2: Illega	al Encroachme	ent Prevention (IEP)		
	Boundary Ma			
		ROW Pole Installation		
	2.1.2	Sign Board for Boundary Demarcation		
		Other Measures		
2.2	Monitoring an	d Public Enlightenment		
	-	Field Monitoring		
	2.2.2	Warning to New Encroachment		
		Dissemination		
2.3	Registration/P	ermission of Application for ROW Usage		
	2.3.1	Road Development Planning		
	2.3.2	Land Filling within and nearby ROW		
	2.3.3	Access to Road from Private Land		
	2.3.4	Public Utilities/Facilities in ROW		
	2.3.5	Private Utilities/Facilities in ROW		
Part 3: Budgetary Plan				
<u>Appendices</u>				
RM	S Training Plan	(RMS-TP)		
Pilo	t Project Report	(if necessary)		

J3-3: List of ROW Management Taskforce Meeting Records RMG Authorization Process/ Draft RMS Development/ Draft RMG Preparation/ Draft RMS- TP Preparation/ Tentative RMM Preparation/ Tentative RMD Preparation

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
1 st ROW TF Meeting	- Discuss and clarify the	- Conditions, and challenges of ROW
Date: 9 th May, 2017 Place: Public Infrastructure	concept, implementation and challenges of ROW Management; and - Set up the date and	 Management and illegal encroachment in Cambodia were discussed; Sever system to store database were requested in the meeting;
Department (PID) Meeting Room, MPWT	agenda for the 2 nd ROW TF Meeting.	 Cooperation from relevant ministries for the ROW Management were discussed; lesson learned on ROW Management from neighboring countries were discussed and considered; and drawing of ROW and condition of utilities installation inside ROW were discussed.
2 nd ROW TF Meeting Date: 7 th June, 2017 Place: Road Infrastructure Department (RID) Meeting Room, MPWT	 Discuss the construction permit presented by official from Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction (MLMUPC); Set up the 3rd ROW TF Meeting; and Conduct the Assessment 	 Legal document, procedures, challenges and solution on Construction permit were presented by MLMUPC's official and discussed actively among the Taskforce Members; and Assessment of capacity of Taskforce members were conducted.
3 rd ROW TF Meeting	for Taskforce Members. - Have better understanding	- Procedure on the expenditure for resettlement
Date: 26 th July, 2017 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	of "ROW Management Policy"; - Have better understanding of "Table of Contents (TOC)" on the "ROW Management Guideline (RMG)"; - Set up the 4 th Taskforce meeting; and - Understand the current capacity of TF members related to ROW Management.	 and fee regarding ROW Usages for utilities/facilities were confirmed and discussed; Main purposes for policy on ROW management were discussed and prioritized by TF members; Draft of TOC of RMG were explained; Realizing on ROW Management Map (RMM) and ROW Management Database (RMD) were discussed; and Additional self-evaluation on ROW management was conducted.
4 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 5 th September, 2017 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Clarify "ROW Management Policy" and "Table of Contents (TOC)" on the "ROW Management Guideline (RMG)"; Have better understanding of coordination with local authority by Kampong Speu DPWT; Have better understanding of "Boundary between Urban and Non-Urban"; and Set up the 5th ROW TF meeting. 	 "ROW Management Policy" and TOC of RMG were reviewed and confirmed again by the TF members; Cooperation between Local authority with DPWT on ROW management were explained by Director of Kampong Speu DPWT; Issues on illegal ROW Encroachment were also discussed; and Boundary between Urban and Non-urban is under preparation by the Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction (MLMUPC).

List of Right of Way (ROW) Management TF Meeting Records

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
5 th ROW TF Meeting	- Clarify the development	- Regarding the development of RMG,
	plan for ROW	discussion with TF members will be
Date: 9 th October,	Management Guideline	conducted chapter by chapter;
2017	(RMG);	- Pilot project to deal with real illegal
Place: RID Meeting	- Discuss the trial flight of	encroachment was discussed in the meeting;
Room, MPWT	Drone (Schedule and	- Draft drawing of ROW was also discussed.
	Flight Plan);	More revisions are needed with further
	- Have better understanding	discussions;
	for the concept of next	- Tentative schedule for trial flight of Drone and
	training in Japan; and	the preparation for the flight permission were
	- Set up the 6 th ROW TF	explained and discussed; and
	meeting.	- Draft agenda and schedule of next training in
6 th ROW TF Meeting	- Have training on using	Japan were explained. - Training was provided by Cam E.S Co., Ltd;
0 KOW IT Meeting	Total Station (Topcon) and	- Data processing and short field practice of
Date: 19 th October,	Drone; and	drone and Total Station were conducted;
2017	Dione, and	- Document process for drone flight permission
Place: RID Meeting	- Explain the basic	was followed-up; and
Room, Phnom Penh	knowledge on using drone	- It was agreed that TF members will join the
,	in ROW Management.	trial flight test with the project team.
7 th ROW TF Meeting	- Have trial flight of drone	- TF members have learned how to:
C C	at Kampong Speu Province	Prepare and assemble the component of the
Date: 15 th November,	with TF Members and	drone;
2017	DPWT; and	Plan the flight and configuration;
Place: Kampong Speu	- Conduct the data	Know how to start the flight;
Province and RID	processing at MPWT.	Monitor and control the drone during the
Meeting Room at		operation;
MPWT		Export the data/image to computer; and
		How to process the data and understand the
		quality requirement to meet the purpose of work.
8 th ROW TF Meeting	- Explain the CSI (Current	- Based on the explanation of CSI methods and
· ····································	Status Identification)	UAV Test Flight report, necessary CSI level is
Date: 23th November,	methods and UAV Test	polygon of building encroachment. If the field
2017	Flight report;	work to collect ground information will affect
Place: RID Meeting	- Explain the pilot project	the pilot project productivity, MPWT can
Room	works;	implement it afterward;
	- Discuss and prioritize the	- National Road No.5 was chosen as the site for
	Pilot Project Selection; and	Pilot Project;
	- Discuss the ROW TF	- National Road No. 1 was chosen as another
	members and Pilot Project	priority if National Road No.5 can be
	Member Selection.	completed a head schedule;
		- It was agreed that data from Pilot Project will
		be used by MWPT, then MPWT will transfer knowledge to DPWT; and
		- At least 2 staffs from the target provinces
		should be appointed by MPWT for the Pilot
		Project.
9 th ROW TF Meeting	- Verify the Table of	- It was agreed that MPWT official will get
, its in it interning	Content (TOC) of ROW	through each chapter of TOC of RMG again
Date: 19th December,	Management Guidelines	and will do presentation in the next ROW TF
2017	(RMG);	meeting;

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Discuss the preparation of Public Consultation Meeting (PCM); Share knowledge gained from Trial Flight of Drone by MPWT official; and Explain the pre-discussion results of the 3rd Country Technical Exchange on ROW Management in Thailand and Laos. 	 Purposes and preparation of PCM were discussed and confirmed; Knowledge gained from trial flight of drone was shared and discussed among the TF members; and Legal documents, situation of ROW management in Thailand and Laos were shared and discussed.
10 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 12 th January, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Update the Table of Content (TOC) of ROW Management Guidelines (RMG); and Update the ROW TF Members. 	 Table of Content of RMG were presented and updated by the TF members; and New members of ROW TF members were added. (For more details of the update of Table of Content of RMG, go to the minute of the meeting)
11 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 9 th February, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Discuss the Public Consultation Meeting (Case Study in Japan); and Discuss the ROW Management on National Road No. 1 at Section 4. 	 Case study in Japan on Public Consultation Meeting (PCM) arrangement was explained and discussed; Media, facilitator, and privacy are important during the PCM; Purposes of PCM which MPWT is going to organize were discussed; and Condition of ROW Management at National Road No.1 at Section 4 was discussed based on the site visit conducted by the project team.
12th ROW TF Meeting Date: 12th February, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Discuss and confirm the purpose of ROW Management System (RMS); Discuss the items to be collected and recorded for RMS; and Discuss the ROW Management Map (RMM) and Database (RMD). 	 Besides these purposes of RMS (Road Maintenance, ROW Management and Resettlement), MPWT will use data from RMS for the project formulation for the future works; and Items to be collected and recorded by RMS are shown in the list attached in the meeting memo.
13th ROW TF Meeting Date: 26th February, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Confirm the items to be collected and recorded for RMS; Discuss the ROW Management Database (RMD) requirement definition; and Confirm the kick-off meeting for the organization of PCM and Material. 	 TF member presented and confirmed the items to be collected and recorded for RMS (find the updated items in the meeting memo); Purposes of the usage of RMD and the capacity of DPWT and MPWT officials were discussed; and Tentative date of kick-off meting for PCM and material preparation will be discussed and finalized later.

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
14th ROW TF	- Discuss the progress for	-Kick-off meeting with Phnom Penh Capital
Meeting	Kick-off Meeting for	Hall will be held on 27th March from 15:00;
$\mathbf{D} \leftarrow 10.1 \mathbf{M} = 1$	PCM;	- Presentation on ROW management by Chbar
Date: 19th March, 2018	- Clarify the arrangement of PCM; and	Ampov District will be included in the PCM agenda; and
Place: RID Meeting	- Finalize the material	- Calendar to be provided during PCM cannot be
Room, MPWT	printing for PCM.	printed on time. Media list will be shared by
	printing for f civit	MPWT to Project to be selected.
15th ROW TF	- Inform TF members the	- PPCH agreed on the preparation of PCM and
Meeting	summarized results of	flight of drone to get the aerial image;
	Kick-off meeting with	- There will be another meeting with local
Date: 5th April, 2018	Phnom Penh Capital Hall	authority, Chbar Ampov District, on 10th
Place: RID Meeting	(PPCH);	April, to discuss the preparation of PCM;
Room, MPWT	- Clarify arrangement schedule and	- Date of PCM, venue and media will be confirmed again with District; and
	responsibilities for PCM;	- Material printings for PCM were finalized.
	and	Waterial printings for r etw were manzed.
	- Finalized the material	
	printing for PCM.	
16th ROW TF	- Review the Public	- Comments on PCM by JICA Expert: PCM was
Meeting	Consultation Meeting on	implemented well with good cooperation
D (20/1 A '1 2010	27th and 28th April;	between MPWT and local authorities;
Date: 30th April, 2018	- Discuss the Pilot Project Framework; and	 Recommendation on PCM by JICA Expert: Organizers should explain over of PCM to all
Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	- Clarify the requirement of	members and limit the time for remarks and
	ROW Management	presentations.
	System (RMS).	- Pilot Project Framework was explained and
	5 ()	discussed among the TF members; list of Pilot
		Project TF members will be submitted to
		project.
		- Requirements of ROW Management System
17th ROW TF	- Explain the Pilot Project	(RMS) were discussed and confirmed.The details of Pilot Project Plan and Current
Meeting	Plan; and	Status Identification (CSI) were explained and
wieeting	- Explain the Pilot Project	discussed among the TF members;
Date: 28th May, 2018	Task Force (PTF)	- PTF members were divided into three groups
Place: RID Meeting	activities and training.	(A, B and C) due to large number; and
Room, MPWT		- Project experts and TF members discuss the
		arrangement of Kick-off meeting for Pilot
	Classific the Dilet D	Project at Kampong Chhnang Province.
18th ROW TF Meeting	- Clarify the Pilot Project Implementation;	 JICA Expert reported the progress of the Pilot Project;
wiceting	- Discuss the Illegal	- About one-third of UAV survey has been
Date: 19th June, 2018	Encroachment Prevention	finished in Kampong Chhnang Province;
Place: RID Meeting	(IEP); and	- Some items on the field survey were discussed
Room, MPWT	- Set up the date for next	and confirmed in the meeting; and
	TF meeting.	- For the IEP, Public Consulting Meeting (PCM)
		is still considered as the effective approach.
19th ROW TF	Clarify the Dilat Draiget	For the responsibilities of MDWT and DDWT
Meeting	- Clarify the Pilot Project Implementation;	- For the responsibilities of MPWT and DPWT, MPWT will transfer knowledge and skills on
Date: 29th June, 2018	- Discuss the IEP	the UAV flight and field survey to all DPWT
2010 2010	Approaches; and	officials at the end of the project;
	· · pprouenes, unu	criterais at the end of the project,

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	- Set up the date for next TF Meeting.	 TF members will coordinate for the pre- discussion arrangement with other three DPWTs (Pursat, Battambang and Banteay Meanchey); The design of handy fan was discussed and revised; and For the IEP, project member presented the soft and hard approaches.
20th ROW TF Meeting Date: 9th July, 2018 Place: PID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Discuss the IEP approaches; Confirm some requests for National Budget; Discuss the revised Table of Contents of ROW Management Guidelines (RMG); Confirm the courtesy meeting to Pursat DPWT; Explain the Draft Outline of 2nd Third Country Technical Exchange; and Set up the next ROW TF Meeting. 	 TF member gave the presentation on the IEP approaches with some suggestion; Budget for IEP were discussed; Table of Contents will be revised again based on the discussion and activities of Pilot Projects; Courtesy to Pursat DPWT was set; and Draft schedule of 2nd Third Coutry Exchange was explained.
21st ROW TF Meeting Date: 16th July, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Explain the progress of the arrangement of Third Country Technical Exchange Program; Discuss the IEP Approaches; and Notify the Pilot Project of Current Status Identification (CSI). 	 The 2nd Third Country Technical Exchange consists of Seminar on ROW Management tentatively scheduled on 27th September 2018 and Country Visit to Laos and Thailand from 22nd to 26th October 2018; The guest speakers from Laos MPWT and Thailand DoH will be invited; and For IEP approaches, project team member explained the budget estimation for the hard measures.
22nd ROW TF Meeting Date: 17th August, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Discuss on the presentation for Technical Exchange Seminar on 27th September; and Discuss on some matters related to Pilot Project Activities. 	 TF member presented the draft presentation on legal framework, current situation and challenges for ROW Management in Cambodia; Other TF members and JICA project team will help to check and discuss the presentation again; IEP approaches will be applied to some sections of National Road No.1 as a part of Pilot Project; and Building survey team will distribute remaining handy fans to local people along National Road No.5.
23rd ROW TF Meeting Date: 31st August, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Discuss on IEP approaches for Pilot Project; and Discuss on Third Country Technical Seminar in details. 	 Project has proposed the National Road No.1 as a candidate for the application of IEP; however, Project has to consider one of JICA Loan Projects; Therefore, National Road No.5 is the candidate since Project is implementing the Pilot Project there;

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
		- For the Technical Exchange Seminar on ROW Management, TF members have already decided their responsibilities for the presentations.
24th ROW TF Meeting Date: 20th September, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Review the presentation from Thailand and Laos for Third Country Technical Exchange; and Discuss the CSI/IEP approaches for Pilot Project. 	 ROW TF members and JICA Project Team had reviewed and gone through the contents of the presentation material sent by Laos MPWT and Thailand DoH; and Project Team presented and explained the Format Data Entry Interface.
25th ROW TF Meeting Date: 25th September, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	- Confirm the presentation and logistic arrangement for the upcoming Seminar on ROW Management.	- All arrangements were confirmed.
26th ROW TF Meeting Date: 1st November, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Report the Third Country Technical Exchange in Laos and Thailand; and Discuss the CSI/IEP approaches for Pilot Project. 	 Throughout the meeting, the report on the third country technical exchange covered the comparison on Current Status of ROW Management in Cambodia, Laos and Thailand on four main points: (1) Legal Concept; (2) Project Fund/Social Support; (3) ROW Management and (4) Counter Measures/IEP; Report also importantly discussed the outputs/lesson-learnt and recommendations; Database experts from Cam Info Services presented the processof ROW Management Database (RMD) system with the explanation on characteristics of RMD, RMD System Overview, High Level Overview and Application Flow; and JICA Expert also presented the criteria to select the IEP priority areas.
27th ROW TF Meeting Date: 12th November, 2018 Place: RID Meeting Room, MPWT	 Inform the 5th Technical Seminar on 13th November, 2018 at Phnom Penh Hotel; and Discuss each presentation for the seminar. 	 Based on the discussion, there were some small changes or revision for each presentation; and The ROW TF members are ready for the tomorrow seminar. Other logistics were also confirmed.
28th ROW TF Meeting Date: 13th November, 2018 Place: Phnom Penh Hotel	 Present Hanshin Expressway ROW Management in Japan; and Discuss the CSI/IEP Approaches for Pilot Project. 	 Presentation by Hanshin Expressway covered the asset management and legal management; Based on this presentation, ROW TF members could understand the condition of ROW management in Japan; Throughout the discussion, ROW TF members; especially Pilot Project TF members agreed the classification of Areas to be applied IEP. The hard recommendations/measures were prioritized; and Installing ROW pole at Rural areas and Marking ROW line are the first priority.

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
29th ROW TF	- Discuss on new CSI	- TF members would like to ask UAV team to
Meeting	approaches for Pilot	take photos of ring road/bypass of Kampong
Date: 7th December,	Project; and	Chhnang City, Battambang City and Serey
2018	- Discuss on Plan for IEP	Sorphorn City;
Place: RID Meeting	Approaches for Pilot	- Project Team will confirm the definition of
Room, MPWT	Project.	Access Road and its definition on GIS
		Processing;
		- About budget allocation for ROW
		Management in 2019, ROW TF members will
		check with management level and DPWT; and
		- Discussion on Road Care App, because there is
		a request from MPWT to combine with
		Project Database.
30th ROW TF	- Discuss on new CSI	- CAM Info Service presented the RMD
Meeting	approaches for Pilot	development;
Date: 14th January,	Project; and	- ROW TF members commented and made some
2019	- Discuss on RMD	changes in the Databases;
Place: RID Meeting	Development.	- JICA Project Team presented the new pilot
Room, MPWT		project on area selection, major differences
		and GIS work-buildings;
		- ROW TF members suggested to add
		information of constructing year of structures
		in the survey for new CSI approaches; and
		- JICA Project Team added information on 3rd
		Training in Japan and IAIA in Australia.
31st ROW TF Meeting	- Discuss the procedure to	- Director of RID, Mr. Chhim Phalla, gave the
Date: 30th January,	establish the Inter-	opening remarks and emphasized that MPWT
2019	Ministerial Committee on	only is not enough to manage the ROW; we
Place: RID Meeting	ROW Management	need other ministries such as Ministry of Land
Room	through sharing the	Management, Urban Planning and
	presentation on the Pilot	Construction (MLMUPC) and Ministry of
	Project Progress for	Interior (MoI) to work together;
	ROW Management; and - Confirm the arrangement	- JICA Project Team members presented the
	of 3rd JCC meeting.	Progress of Pilot Project and ROW TF member presented Illegal Encroachment
	of sid JCC meeting.	Prevention (IEP) Approaches;
		- Based on the discussion, officials from
		MLMUPC and MoI agreed on this initiation to
		establish the inter-ministerial committee on
		ROW management; however, they concern
		about which level should Inter-committee
		stands and which ministries should involve.
		Moreover, which ministry or agency own the
		ROW;
		- It was a good discussion and hoped to have
		more discussion;
		- ROW TF member requested to the Project to
		take the aerial photos by drone from Prek
		Kdam bridge to ByPass in Kandal Province;
		and
		- JICA Project Team explained the agenda of
		3rd JCC meeting and each responsibility of
		ROW TF members on the presentation.

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
32nd ROW TF	- Discuss on new CSI	- JICA Project Team presented the new CSI
Meeting	approaches for Pilot	approaches;
Date: 8th February,	Project with DPWT.	- After the discussion about the role of
2019		implementation for CIS and IEP approaches
Place: RID Meeting		some items have been revised;
Room		- JICA Project Team also followed up the cost
		estimation for IEP approaches; and
		- JICA Project Team also requested to ROW TF
		members to share the drawings of installation
		items such as ROW Poles and Fence and
		candidates of contractor.
33rd ROW TF	- Discuss ROW	- CAM Info Service reported the progress of
Meeting	Management Database	RMD development;
Date: 27th February,	(RMD); and	- ROW TF members suggested to add the roads
2019	- Discuss on new CSI	network in Cambodia in Shapefile which will
Place: RID Meeting	approaches for Pilot	be officially asked to MPWT;
Room	Project.	- There were more requests from ROW TF
		members on the Database; and
		- JICA Project Team explained the upcoming
		activities such as Training of Trainer (TOT)
		schedule, the 6th Seminar on consultation of
		standard drawing and report of Training in
		Japan and the 3rd Third Country Technical
		Exchange Program in April.
34th ROW TF	- Discuss on IEP	- JICA Project Team confirmed and consulted
Meeting	approaches for Pilot	the schedule of TOT with ROW TF Members;
Date: 6th March, 2019	Project; and	- Numbers of ROW TF members who will
Place: RID Meeting	- Confirm the schedule of	attend the TOT were decided and schedule
Room	some events.	will be checked by ROW TF Members;
		- There were discussions on Hard Approaches of
		IEP. There were some revisions on the
		drawings of Hard structures for IEP; and
		- JICA Project team also presented and
		confirmed the standard drawings which will
		be presented in 6th Seminar.
35th ROW TF	- Confirm Seminar and TF	- JICA Project Team and ROW TF members
Meeting	meeting with DPWT on	confirmed the preparation of the 6th Seminar;
Date: 13th March,	15th March, 2019;	- JICA Project Team explained the purpose of
2019	- Discuss the IEP Hard	TOT and confirmed the schedule with TF
Place: RID Meeting	Approaches; and	members. Fully attending to all trainings for
Room	- Consult about IAIA	TOT of CSI is ideal;
	material review.	- JICA Project Team also explained the purpose
		of IEP consultation meeting the purpose of TF
		meeting with DPWT. The proposed schedule
		for IEP was set but will be confirmed during
		the 36th ROW TF again; - There were also the discussions on IEP Hard
		Approaches. ROW TF members made the
		comments on each drawing. Those drawings
		will be revised;
		- JICA Project Team also explained the papers,
		presentations material and poster for IAIA;
		and
		and

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
		- JICA Project Team and ROW TF members discussed and confirmed the budget for IEP.
36th ROW TF Meeting Date: 15th March, 2019 Place: SUNWAY Hotel, Phnom Penh	- Discuss the IEP Soft and Hard Approaches, especially the IEP Consultation Meeting.	 JICA Project Team briefly overviewed the discussion in the 28th ROW TF meeting; JICA Project Team explained the CSI and IEP Method, the new CSI method, confirmed the Soft Approaches and discussed the IEP Consultation Meeting Arrangement; and At the end of meeting, the arrangement and date of IEP consultation Meeting with Kampong Chhnang DPWT were confirmed.
37th ROW TF Meeting Date: 23rd April, 2019 Place: ICD Meeting Room	 Confirm the contents of Standard drawings; and Discuss the IEP Hard Approach. 	 JICA Project Team presented the IEP Approaches applied in the pilot Project and standard drawings; ROW TF Members suggested to relocate the existing open channel and utilities to right place according to the standard drawings; and ROW TF members also added that we can change concrete drainage to pipe drainage instead as it costs less than concrete one.
38th ROW TF Meeting Date: 28th May, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	- Discuss ROW Management Guidelines for Proper ROW Usage.	 JICA Project Team and ROW TF members discussed and confirmed the proper procedures of ROW Usages; JICA Project Team will draft or modify the forms for ROW permission; then ROW TF members can check; and JICA Project Team and ROW TF members also discuss the preparation process for budget plan of MPWT.
39th ROW TF Meeting Date: 07th June, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	- Discuss the ROW Management Database.	 Expert from Cam Info Service explained the progress of Web GIS and Tablet App development; and JICA Project Team also briefly explained on how to record data of each IEP Approaches.
40th ROW TF Meeting Date: 14th June, 2019 Place: PID Meeting Room	- Discuss the ROW Management Guidelines (ROW Usage and permission).	 JICA Project Team presented the Proper Usage of ROW including the facility maintenance and public facility within ROW Area, permission for temporary land use within ROW, temporary land use with and without fees, and outline of patrol work; ROW TF members and JICA Project Team discussed more on the validity of temporary use fee within ROW, the frequency of ROW patrol and routine maintenance and the management of the fee collection of private sign-board along national roads; and The ROW TF members will check and discuss more with the management team; then they can give their comments or share their concerns on this proper ROW usage.

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
41st ROW TF Meeting	- Inform about the	- Contractors from Professional Engineering
Date: 21st June, 2019	construction works on	Plus (PEP) company presented the scope of
Place: RID Meeting	IEP Hard Approaches.	works, methodology, heavy equipment which
Room		will be used at the site, and the construction
		team's responsibilities; and
		- ROW TF members, JICA Project Team and
		contractors had clarified some items. At the
		end, JICA Project Team has requested the
		contractors to submit the safety plan.
42nd ROW TF	- Discuss the Budget Plan	- JICA Project Team presented the budget plan
Meeting	for ROW Management	by focusing on Background of Resettlement
Date: 28th June, 2019	Next Year.	cost based on RAP report from MEF,
Place: RID Meeting		Advantages of ROW Management, ROW
Room		Management Cost (based on the cost of Pilot
		Project), Action Plan and comparison on the
		cost and Target Budget; and
		- the cost can be reduced if the field survey can
		be done by MPWT. This budget Plan can be
		updated if ROW TF members have any
	~	comments.
43rd ROW TF	- Continue the discussion	- JICA Project Team explained the revised
Meeting	on the Budget Plan for	budget plan based on the comment from the
Date: 05th July, 2019	ROW Management Next	previous ROW TF meeting;
Place: RID Meeting	Year.	- Followed the discussion after the presentation,
Room		the budget plan for ROW Management will be
		finalized;
		- JICA Project Team updated the condition of
		the Pilot Project. For the construction of IEP
		in front of the Chrey Bak primary school in Kampong Chhnang Province, in order to make
		sure that underground utilities are untouched,
		the size of new open drainage will be adjusted;
		and
		- At the end of this month, Project are going to
		organize the Training of Trainers. Then, ROW
		TF members will give the lectures to DPWT
		Officials on theory, CSI and IEP Procedures,
		and Database.
44th ROW TF	- Explain the draft agenda	- JICA Project Team had proposed the date (31st
Meeting	for Workshop on	JULY) of workshop and explained the draft
Date: 12th July, 2019	Training of Trainers	agenda for the workshop;
Place: RID Meeting	(ToT) for Future Practice	- ROW TF members agreed on the proposed
Room	of ROW Management	date and agenda;
	Methods.	- The Project will submit the letter to H.E. Nou
		Vaddhanak to ask for the coordination to
		invite the DPWTs' officials from Kandal,
		Kampong Chhnang, Pursat, Battambang and
		Bantey Meanchey Provinces; and
		- After this workshop, the Project hopes that
		MPWT will be able to organize the next
		workshops with other DPWTs by themselves.

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
45th ROW TF Meeting Date: 19th July, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Continue the discussion on the Budget Plan for ROW Management for next year; and Discuss on IEP Soft Approach (Patrol). 	 JICA Project Team presented the status of ROW pole installation at National Roads 1 and 2 digits. Based on this, IEP cost has been updated; ROW TF members requested the project to prepare the cost of ROW Hard Approaches for road cross-section near urban/city areas with the length of 1km; There were also some discussions on the IEP Soft Approach Patrol; and Besides these, Workshop on Training of Trainers will be held at SUNWAY Hotel. ROW TF members also confirmed their duties on the presentation.
46th ROW TF Meeting Date: 24th July, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Discuss on legal document related to ROW and Pilot Project Patrol; and Report and confirm the updated Budget Plan and Next schedule. 	 JICA Project Team explained the relevant document related to ROW-inside land Usage Permit and land filling and construction based on the legal document collected from resident in Chrey Bak Commune, Kampong Chhnang Province and from the attachment of Sarachor No.007 and explained the investigation sheet for the Pilot Project Patrol; JICA Project Team will confirm the flow of document related to ROW usage permit again after the Pilot Project Patrol; ROW TF members also can share the project other legal documents related to ROW Usage permit if they have; and JICA Project Team also presented the updated budget plan for ROW Management based on the comments from the previous ROW TF meeting.
47th ROW TF Meeting Date: 30th July, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Confirm the workshop (on July 31) in details (date, time, place, agenda, presenter, presentation, and demo); and Update the progress report of RMS App Development. 	 JICA Project Team and ROW TF members confirmed the preparation of Presentation materials, and field practice for Field Survey and Patrol; and JICA Project Team also explained the progress of RMS App. This RMS App will be also explained in the workshop by using the Tablets. The Tablets will be handover to MPWT; then MPWT can allocation to DPWTs along National Road No.5.
48th ROW TF Meeting Date: 8th August, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Report the summary of workshop for Practice of RMS on 31st July and discuss the next schedule; and Discuss the Pilot Project for Patrol at Chrey Bak Commune, Kampong Chhnang Province. 	 JICA Project Team followed up the meeting on Budget Plan for ROW Management; Assistant of Project presented the summarized results of workshop evaluation and test and some comments on the improvement of workshop arrangement; There were discussions on the next workshops arrangement; JICA Project Team and ROW TF members discussed the arrangement of Pilot Project Patrol; and

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
		 Project will organize the kick-off meeting at Kampong Chhnang DPWT on Pilot Project Patrol and submit the letter to H.E. Nou Vaddhanak to ask for his coordination.
49th ROW TF Meeting Date: 20th August, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	- Discuss on the Pilot Project IEP Survey (Patrol)	 JICA Project Team presented the Pilot Project for IEP Survey (Patrol); There were discussions on the ROW land use permission, types of temporary ROW Land Use, request letter to MPWT, and construction works on IEP at Pilot Project; and Confirmed the Kick-off meeting arrangement at Kampong Chhnang DPWT.
50th ROW TF Meeting Date: 6th September, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Report the evaluation results of two ToT workshops; and Inform the number of events till the end of the project. 	 JICA Project team presented the results of evaluation and comprehensive tests of the two ToT workshops; Next Taskforce meeting will be about the detailed discussion on suggestions from participants; and JICA Project Team reported the next events/activities till the end of project.
51st ROW TF Meeting Date: 17th September, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Inform and get confirmation on 3D image for ROW signboard; and Discuss the functions of ROW Management Database (RMD). 	 JICA Project team confirmed the location of 3D ROW signboards and explained the functions of RMD; ROW TF members requested to change the color of signboard to yellow and to develop the online ROW use registration; and there were more discussions on the RMD based on the comments and suggestions from workshop on 29th and 30th September.
52nd ROW TF Meeting Date: 26th September, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Confirm the following schedules (seminar at Pilot Project, etc); Confirm the preparation for the seminar on 2nd October, 2019; and Explain the draft ROW Management Guidelines (RMG). 	 JICA Project Team detailed the following schedules such as Seminar on 2nd Oct, Visiting Sihanouk Ville Province, completion of Pilot Project Construction, seminar at Pilot Project Site, final JCC and Seminar); JICA Project team also explained on the preparation of Seminar on 2nd Oct, 2019. ROW TF members agreed on the agenda and requested to invite the officials from General Directorate of Public Works; and Project Team also explained briefly the content of RMG and requested to ROW TF members to review it by 9th Oct, 2019.
53rd ROW TF Meeting Date: 3rd October, 2019 Place: RID Meeting	 Clarify comments and requests from Technical Seminar on 2nd October, 2019; Confirm the information collection at IEP Patrol; Confirm the following schedules (reviewing the RMG and Visiting the SHV); and 	 Project assistant presented the comments and requests from participants attending technical seminar; ROW TF members gave the correction and clarification accordingly; JICA Project Team presented and confirmed the information collection at IEP Patrol. ROW TF members requested to add more steps regarding the process for asking the temporary ROW Usage permission; and

ROW TF Meetings	Objectives	Results
	- Set up the next TF meeting.	- JICA Project team followed the reviewing the RMG and confirmed the participation for the site visit at SHV.
54 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 24 th October, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Confirm the basic policy for IEP Patrol; and Inform upcoming 4th JCC Meeting. 	 JICA project team informed the ROW TF members about the grant of UAV flight permission from SHV provincial office; JICA Project Team presented and confirmed the basic policy for IEP Patrol; confirmed the condition of outsourcing, delegation of flowchart, and number of patrols, and informed the upcoming 4th JCC meeting.
55 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 28 th October, 2019 Place: PID Meeting Room	- Update and discuss the arrangement of the 4 th JCC Meeting	 JICA Project Team confirmed the date and venue for the 4th JCC meeting and explained the agenda; and JICA Project Team and ROW TF members also confirmed the contents of the presentations and participation from other departments inside MPWT and other Ministries.
56 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 4 th November, 2019 Place: RID Meeting Room	 Inform the key points to be reported at the 4th JCC Meeting; and Confirm the comments on the construction of pilot project at Chrey Bak Primary School. 	 JICA Project Team gave the detailed information on the agenda of 4th JCC meeting; and There were discussions and confirmation on the comments on the construction of Pilot Project at Chrey Bak Primary School.
57 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 14 th November, 2019 Place: PID Meeting Room	- Update the Appendix Manuals of RMG; and - Inform the database.	 JICA Project Team explained the details of each appendix of RMG and requested to ROW TF members to review and check those appendices by 20th November, 2019; and JICA Project Team also requested to have detailed explanation on Database during the next TF meeting and confirmed the proposed date of final seminar.
58 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 25 th November, 2019 Place: PID Meeting Room	 Confirm the final draft of ROW Management Guidelines (RMG) Confirm training schedule for ROW Management Database (RMD); and Discuss the presentations for Final Seminar 	 JICA Project Team requested the reviewing of RMG to ROW TF members to review and they wull check it by 27th November, 2019; and ROW TF members discussed and commented to the agenda of final seminar and decided their charge.
59 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 2 nd December, 2019 Place: PID Meeting Room	- Training on RMD by database contractor	- ROW TF members were trained for the use and operation of RMD by its contractor.
60 th ROW TF Meeting Date: 9 th December, 2019 Place: PID Meeting Room	 Revie of final seminar Closing the ROW TF 	 JICA Project Team and ROW TF members discussed output of final seminar with its reviewing, and They agreed TF closing

J3-4: RMM and RMD

PDM Means of Verification 3.5.1 JICA Expert Report (RMM and RMD)

This section describes the outline of ROW Management Map and ROW Management Database that are produced in the project that incorporate lessons learnt from the pilot project. The physical devices and database server as well as other products are delivered to Ministry of Public Works and Transport in Cambodia.

1. Necessity and Objectives of Road Management Map and Road Management Database

1.1 The Framework of ROW Management System

The integrated road management needs a systematic approach based on the integrated and concerted fact-based information. The project mainly targets environment and social aspects of road management that entails management of Right of Way and EIA processes. The chart below outlines the overall framework of this project. MPWT does not have tools to gather information as to the current status and monitor the condition. This will help to manage right of way and for new road expansion and estimate the cost for resettlement. The map and database are provided as practical tools to manage the information within the central government.



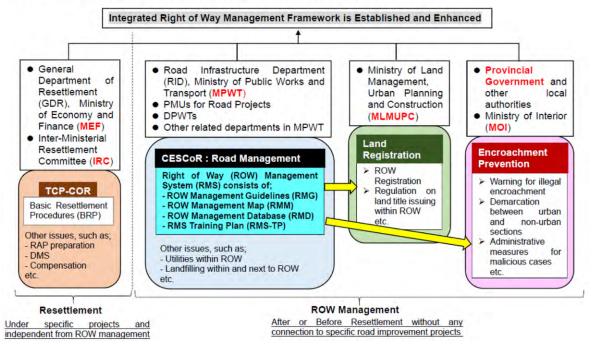


Figure 1-1 Integrated ROW Management Framework

1.2 Objectives of ROW Management Map and ROW Management Database

The objectives of the ROW Management Map (RMM) and ROW Management Database (RMD) are to:

- i) Visualize the location and current situation of the right of way on an updated map to record and monitor the situation by aerial photo, field survey and patrol
- ii) Use the collected information for a smooth implementation of ROW management such as considering countermeasures for illegal encroachment and development in case of road improvement project such as widening of existing road

2. Concept of RMM and RMD

Both Current Status Identification (CSI) and Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) activities are embedded in the system to develop RMM and RMD. The development of RMM and collection of baseline information into RMD are implemented by CSI activities. The baseline data is utilized for analysis of IEP approaches such as to classify potential, populated and non-dense areas by the density. Also, the latest situation of the encroachment will be updated to RMD by IEP approaches such as patrol by DPWT.

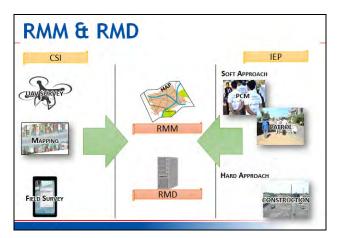


Figure 2-1 Activities concerned in the RMM and RMD

The roles and activities that are included in CSI and IEP are outlined in the following table. The responsible authorities are MPWT, DPWT and local authorities. RID & DPWT should understand roles and collaborate with each organization to collect basic information through the surveys.

CSI R	OLE				IEP	ROLE					
	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY		ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Lucal	MUMUPO	OTHE
KICKOFF	Arrangement	1	1		Classification		1				
MTG	Implementation	1	1	1		1) PCM	1	1	1		
	Flight permission	1	1	1	Raise	2) High school / University	1				1
UAV	Flight plan	1			awareness	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1	
SURVEY	UAV survey	1	1		Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
	Supervision (for outsourcing)	1			8	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
	Image processing	1			intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
OFFICE WORK	Mapping (data production)	1				1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
	FS permission	1	1	1	Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
FIELD	Field survey		1			3) Access road permit	1	1			1
SURVEY	Supervision	1				1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
GIS	data finalization	1			Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
0.5				1.1		3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			

Table 2-1 Activities and Division of Work

2.1 The System

The following illustration shows a whole working flow of the CSI system. The data collected from field surveys at the respective road sites are instantly uploaded to the database installed at MPWT and can be downloaded and edited. The information can be used for patrolling, planning and budgeting.

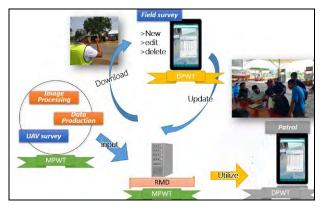


Figure 2-2 The System of Database for Current Status Identification (CSI)

The development structure of database system for RMM and RMD is constituted database server and network device as hardware and database system, WebGIS and TabletApp as software. The outline of each function is described as the below. And detailed functions and structures have been summarized with the manuals.

• Database Server, Network Device and Database System:

Linux based server machine and network device have been installed to MPWT for development of database system as hardware. Also, the structure of database system for RMM and RMD is consisted two (2) database platforms which are MySQL for storing information by relational database system and PostgreSQL to show exact location in the RMM based on Geographic Information System (GIS). The database server has stored all RMM data which is consisted ortho-image/aerial-photo by UAV survey, drawing of polygons and mapping of points by data processing of GIS software. Also, original data source of RMD can be modified such as change location, attitude and so on by GIS software as administration privilege. In addition, the RMD can manage user privilege such as to control the access by limited users.

• WebGIS (Map viewer and editor of browser):

The WebGIS has been developed by Java and PHP script to display the RMM at general webbrowser at MPWT by local network. The WebGIS has some functions which are to show the RMM, to edit the point for finalization and to analyze the result of survey for IEP approaches to connect with RMD. Also, some data source can be imported to RMD and exported for general report and data format such as Excel format via the functions of WebGIS and RMD.

• TabletApp (Data input tool and map viewer of tablet device):

The TabletApp has been developed by Java script for Android Device to browsing the RMM by online/offline. The TabletApp has some functions which are to show location map, to edit the point by field survey via connection with RMD.

About tentative method for developing RMM and RMD to be reached concrete system as above, the project tried using for data input at field survey by AvenzaMaps and data processing at office by QGIS and Excel following basic concept during pilot project. However, this tentative method has not been continued because of license limitation of AvenzaMaps and inefficient work between field and office.

• AvenzaMaps:

The AvemzaMaps is offline map viewer for smartphone and tablet devices. It can store geo-PDF as base-map and CSI points according on data input format into the device. Also, the points can be shown with the base-map, updated with attitude and exported to kml-format.

• Data processing by QGIS and Excel:

The data processing by QGIS and Excel is to convert data from kml-format to shp-file in order to utilize to RMD. After the field survey, technical officer of MPWT should receive updated CSI

points by kml-format from field survey and organize data format for RMD through converting from kml-format to shp-file and csv-format.

The work process of AvenzaMaps and data processing have been simplified and compiled into the process of TabletApp and WebGIS based on lessoned learned from pilot project. However basic

2.2 Current Status Identification (CSI)

Current Status Identification (CSI) focuses on data collection related to situation of right of way along national roads and provincial roads across the country in order to creating right of way management map and database as baseline for effective right of way management.

The purpose of CSI is to study on a current situation of right of way and developing a ROW current situation map to capture aerial photo by UAV survey and record encroachment within ROW as CSI point by field survey for a baseline so that appropriate measures can be applied for effective ROW management and illegal encroachment prevention.

The CSI work covers on all national roads under management of MPWT. A primary focus for the CSI is the 1-digit national roads of which information is to be compiled on a ROW management map. After the completion of the map for the 1-digit national roads, 2-digit national roads will be targeted.

Main contents of CSI are:

- 1) UAV survey
- 2) Data processing for base-map

3) Field survey to update CSI point



Figure 2-3 Steps of Current Status Identification (CSI)

2.2.1 Survey Application Device

The project introduced an application program which called TabletApp for a tablet device to show the base-map and edit CSI points. The officer who conduct a field survey can bring a tablet device to the field and record the data, which will be instantly sent to the central server at MPWT and stored in a database. The TabletApp can work both conditions for online and offline in case to face bad network condition at local area along national roads. In order to simplify data input at the field by the surveyor, the input and selection from several codes is applied on the TabletApp.





Figure 2-4 Application Interface on a device

Figure 2-5 Mapping interface on the device

ant ATT BOOK		90	a total a sub-har	Email a That a mail	00	D Contra
New	CSI Point		8	¢	New CSI Point	8
Commune	Bantop	y Neang	>			
National Road		NRS	>	Province	Banteay Meanchey	2
				District	Mangkai Barei	2
12.09246476063675, 104.7	007653007054			Commune	Eanloky Neang	>
001202010122				National Road	NRS	5
:CSI	je:	5				
CS CS	il Detail			12.092464760636	75, 104.7097653007954	e
Building Type	In	valid	-	CSI	e	
Hoor	In	valid		CSI Info	E-12-0	
Reised		No	Yes	Category	Buildings	~
Eave		No	Yes			
Gate		No	Yes	Type	Boilding	>

Figure 2-6 Data Input Interface on a device

2.2.2 Field Survey

1) Permission for Survey

A permission is needed before commencement of a field survey from a concerned authority.

2) Survey Team Arrangement

A suitable size of a survey team is consisted of four team members.

- Field Survey Leader: 1 person will be assigned to manage Field Survey Team from MPWT or DPWT.
- Field Surveyors: 3 persons for 1 team will be assigned to implement Field Survey from DPWT. The team could complete 100km within 3 months.

An arrangement of a team may vary depending on scale and priority of road improvement project.

2.2.3 Report and Data Analysis

After the field survey, MPWT should summarize collected information/data in order to consider a plan for IEP approaches such as to select priority along surveyed area. WebGIS has some functions which are Report, Data Analysis and Classification. The detail of each function is described as the below.

1) Report

Report functions have been provided as the following 3 types.

• **Individual Report:** The individual report of each encroachment will be produced by PDF in order to share from MPWT to DPWT as the result of field survey.

	នដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់ (IEP) លើការអនុញ្ញាតក្នុងការប្រើ ផ្លូវ (ទម្រង់ជាក្រដាស)
for Surveyor សម្រាប់អ្នកចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ	
Date, Time៖ កាលបរិច្ឆេទ និងពេលវេលា	Block No.៖ លេខប្លុក
	KPC091
Name of Surveyor៖ ឈ្មោះអ្នកចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ	Photo: រូបថត
	NH005_KPC091_0030_20180716141400.jpg
Position of Surveyorរតួនាទីអ្នកចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ	
	the man and a
Location Number/ID (Shown in the map)៖ លេខទីតាំង/លេខ ID (មាននៅលើផែនទី)	
NH005_KPC091_0030	
Type of Possession(Refer from CSI)៖ ប្រភេទនៃកម្មសិទ្ធិ (យោងលេខប្រើក្នុង CSI)	
1001 Residence	

Figure 2-7 Individual Report of CSI field survey

• **Summary Report:** The summary report by surveyor will be produced by PDF in order to share from MPWT to DPWT as the result of field survey.

An enter and and and											CSI Sur	rey Result					
SURVEYOR	1					Position]. 1	DATE		-			
iD Mark	Type(Cos	ie+Type	Eave	Gate	Raised	Raised Type	Floor	Building Type	Paved	with Drainage	Condition	Distance from Centerline	Photo1	Photo2	Photo3	Area(sqm	A) Status
10-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0	1073	and the				a int	-	mart	-	x	mater	ion	(active (areast phone))	GLIGHT (STRATE PARTY)	size grad policy	-	d upmaker
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	-	-	-	-	+	-		-	-	-	-		-		-	-	+
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Figure 2-8 Summary Report of CSI field survey

• **Filter:** The filter will sort by selected key items to display on WebGIS in order to explain and show current condition of encroachment to management level of MPWT.

No	ID Mark	Туре	e(Code+T	Eave	Gate	Raised	Paved	with Drainage	Distance	x				Form/Sala	pplication schor007(su idate)		Survey Date	Status	Action
1	NH005_KPC001_0123	1001	Residense	x	3	x	x	κ.	XXm	123.123	123.123	0	V/N	Y/N ····	Date	Mr. XXX	Date	Updated	
2					1.	-							-						
3	1											-							
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11																			
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13																			
14																-			
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Figure 2-9 Filter function on WebGIS

2) Data Analysis and Classification

The results of field survey are collected number and type of structures into RMD for planning of IEP approaches by classification. Basic data analysis as survey result including number of encroachment and classification is proceeded to classify by some criteria. The criteria for IEP approaches are classified by density of land use for structures, in other words density of population, for input into the database. A conceptual framework is planned as the following Table and Figure.

Especially to display on WebGIS, each block in the RMM will be shown several colors due to classification threshold has been set for RMD.

		Table 2-3 Classifications
Cla	assification	Condition of Classification
Criteria 1	Potential Area	There are over 50 points of Buildings, code: from 1000 to 1999, within a block. except "Criteria 2".
Criteria 2	Populated Area	There are over 40% of temporary shop and mobile shop, code: 1005 and 1014, within a block of "Criteria 1". Especially the percentage will be double if over 80 points of Building in the block.
Criteria 3	Potential Area	There are over 3 points of open area, code:2003, within a block. except "Criteria 1" and "Criteria 2".
Criteria 4	Non-Dense Area	Other as above

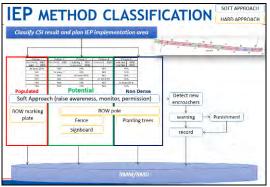


Figure 2-10 IEP Method Classification

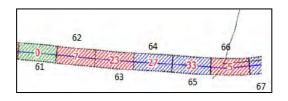


Figure 2-11 Display at RMM

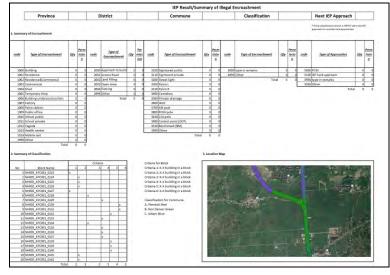


Figure 2-12 Activities concerned in the RMM and RMD

2.3 Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP)

2.3.1 Approaches

ROW management map is developed using the data collection activities from CSI. Based on densities of ROW encroachments pointed on the RMM, ROW areas shall be classified into populated, potential and non-dense areas. IEP shall be implemented properly according to classification of areas on ROW management map in order not to allow any illegal or inappropriate land uses in ROW.

IEP approaches aim to prevent new encroachment in the ROW and to regulate temporary use of ROW with permission so as to manage and maintain the land secured for road development.

Approaches are mainly divided into hard and soft approaches.

		lard A	ppr	oach								So	ft App	roaci			
New Road Design Installing Facilities					Permission and Registration			Monitoring and Intervention			Raising awareness						
Constructing sub-road as ROW boundary	Road from the edge of ROW boundary and keep empty space in the middle	Digging channels as ROW boundary	Pole	Signboard	Fence	Growing Tree	Highlighting color on tile	ROW marking plate	Access road permit	ROW registration	ROW use permit	Appealing to the court	Collaborating with local authorities	Regular patrol activities	Local governmental official	High school and university students	Local people

Table 2-4 Hard and Soft Approaches

According to Law on Road, MPWT is the road control authority in charge of construction, maintenance and management of all national roads in Cambodia. Also, Road Infrastructure Department (RID) of MPWT is a main actor in charge of ROW management of all national roads. Additionally, there are also other agencies/ministries involved in the ROW management such as Ministry of Interior, Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction and Ministry of Education, Youth and Sport. MPWT is responsible for coordination, implementation, maintenance of the necessary records on the ROW and expenditure management and preparation of budgetary provisions.

2.3.2 Roles and Division of Work

The roles and activities for hard and soft approaches are outlined in the following table. The responsible authorities are MPWT, DPWT, MLMUPC and local authorities. RID & DPWT should understand roles and collaborate with each organization to collect basic information through the surveys.

IEP	HARD APPRO	ACH	RU	JLE			IEP	SOFT APPROA	ACH	RU	LE		
	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MEMUPE	OTHER		ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MEMORE	OTHER
Classification		1					Classification		1				-
Raise	1) Citizen	1	1	1			Raise	1) Citizen	1	1	1		
awareness	2) High school / University	1				1	awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
(PCM)	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1		(PCM)	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1			Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
8	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1			8	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1	intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	1				1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1		Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
Registration	3) Access road permit	1	1			1	inclusion of	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1					1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1				Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1					3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			

Table 2-5 Activities and Division of Work

Raising awareness

Relevant organizations such as MPWT, DPWT and Local Authority should collaborate to provide "Consultation Meeting" to local people and relevant governments to ensure better understanding of ROW, and build good relationship

- Raising local people's awareness

- Raising relevant government officials' awareness
- Integrating ROW concept into school curriculum (To be Considered)

Monitoring and Intervention

MPWT and DPWT should collaborate to implement "Patrol" to collect the evidence from resident and to provide "Warning" for Illegal Encroachment.

- Patrol
- Administrative Guidance (To be Considered)

2.3.3 Update current status by patrol

When the implementation of "Patrol" by MPWT and/or DPWT, it should be utilized TabletApp to update/record current status, resident information and the evidence into RMD. Especially, permission document from other authorities should be taken by photo into the RMD. These patrol and information update are informative to consider proceeding law enforcement for illegal encroachment.

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National Road	8	as >		
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			44	IEP
12.193729088223645,	104.6610815085123	0	Frankt Frankt	
	IBP			
-Resistent mile-			Explanation by face to face	No Yes
anite:			Need next patrol?	No Yes
Identify owner	Invalid		Complete resettlement?	No Yes
Resident type	Involid	-	Resettlement reason	Invalid +
Photo	۵			
1000				
Gender	Invalid			
No. of Residence	0			
Age	No answe	n +		
Permission	No	Yes		

Figure 2-13 Data Input Interface for IEP

2.3.4 Report of IEP patrol

As the results of patrol, there are updated details of each CSI point such as resident information, building structure and so on into RMD. The results of patrol including number of encroachment and classification is the followings. The result will be shown by commune in the province. Also, the result can be produced Excel format from RMD in order to consider development plan such as rough estimation for resettlement cost. For further functions, original RMM/RMD would be edited by QGIS to produce the result of IEP approaches to make visualized RMM such as to make some colors to blocks which selected by priority area.

Also, Report functions of WebGIS following IEP patrol have been provided as the following 3 types.

• **Individual Report:** The individual report of each encroachment will be produced by PDF in order to share from MPWT to DPWT as the result of patrol.

្រាស់នីចំល	ion of ROW Land Use (Paper-based survey) នេនីដំណីត្ត វន្សសប្បាប់ ((EP) ដើមារអនុញាកក្នុងការប្រើ វិជ្ជ (ទម្រង់ដំហាក្រងាស)	ILP Survey format on Permission of ROW Land Use (Paper-based survey) ចម្រង់និបយយចស្រព្យោកការការមករមន្តរានដ៏ជំណីឆ្កី វេទាសម្នាល់ (រទូអ ដៅការអនុញាកក្លុងកោរប្រើ ទ្រោងដើមវាភ្នំ។ (ទម្រង់ជាច្នា/ទោស)
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Figure 2-14 Individual Report for IEP patrol

• **Summary Report:** After the patrol, MPWT should summarize collected information/data in order to consider a plan for IEP approaches such as to select priority along surveyed area. WebGIS equipped some functions which are Report and Data Analysis and Classification. The detail of each function is described as the below.

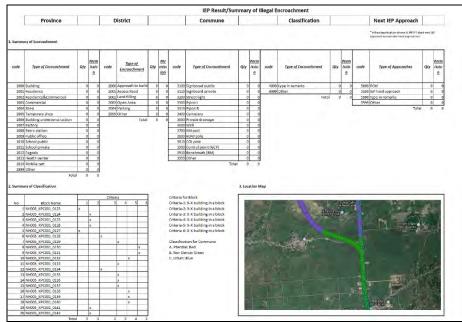


Figure 2-15 Summary report for the result of IEP patrol

• **Filter:** The filter will sort by selected key items to display on WebGIS in order to explain and show current condition of encroachment to management level of MPWT.

	ID Mark	Type(Code+T		Eave	Gate	Raised	Paved	with Drainage	Distance		sqm)	Current Permission	Receive Application Form/Salachor007(su bmissionedate)			Survey Date	Status	Action
		1001	besidense x	Y/N									Date	Mr. XXX		Updated		
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Figure 2-16 Filter function on WebGIS

J3-5: Budget Plan for RMS Implementation

Budget Plan for Right of Way Management

June 2019

1. BASIC POLICY

1.1 Background

Right of Way (ROW) management is very important to secure the national and road facilities and maintain the road function. However, ROW management is not adequate in Cambodia and illegal houses and structures are set in ROW area. Cambodian government plans the road widening construction on the national road (NR) and needs to compensate the land and some structure in ROW area.

Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) on the NR No.5 was prepared and shows that total resettlement cost in NR No.5 (South, Middle and North) is more than USD 20,000,000. And, Structure (remove) cost is estimated approx. USD 12,000,000 in total area.

Section	Length (km)	AHs	Total Cost	Cost/km	Cost/AHs
South	146.7	3,368	\$8,882,712		
Middle	174.8	2,422	\$6,888,815		
North	104.7	2,265	\$4,999,992		
Total	426.2	8,055	\$20,771,519		
Structure			\$11,993,000	\$28,000	\$1,500
remove			(57.7% of total cost)		

Table 1.1 Resettlement Cost based on RAP

Based on above resettlement cost, if Cambodian government implements the resettlement on the 1 digit NR which length is 2,254km, its structure remove cost is estimated more than USD 63,000,000 with the unit cost of NR No.5.

Case	Length	AHs	Cost
All 1 digit NR	2,254km	43,000 households	USD 63,426,000

In addition, illegal households have been increasing along NR in recent year. I case ROW management is not implemented adequately, illegal households keep increasing and resettlement cost also keep increasing when the road widening construction starts. Annual rate of illegal households rising is estimated 5 % according to counting on NR No. 5 in Kampong Chhnang Province from google map. In case this rate of 5% keeps, structure removing cost will be more than USD 100,000,000 higher in 20 years comparing with case of illegal households rising is not occurs.

Moreover, price level also keeps rising in Cambodia in recent year so that structure removing cost is estimated more than USD 107,000,000 higher in 20 years with considering the price rising rate of 1.6% (as of January 2019).

Table 1.3 Estimated Resettlement Cost considering to illegal households rising and price rising

Year	Base Year	3Y later	5Y later	10Y later	20Y later
Considering to Illegal households rising rate: Approx. 5%					
AHs	43,000	49,000	54,000	69,000	112,000

Year	Base Year	3Y later	5Y later	10Y later	20Y later
Cost	\$ 63,117,000	\$ 73,066,000	\$ 80,555,000	\$ 102,811,000	\$ 167,468,000
Difference from base year	-	\$ 9,949,000	\$ 17,438,000	\$ 39,694,000	\$ 104,351,000
Considering to Price rising rate: 1.6% / year					
Cost	\$ 63,117,000	\$ 74,235,000	\$ 81,844,000	\$ 104,456,000	\$ 170,147,000
Difference from base year	-	\$ 11,118,000	\$ 18,727,000	\$ 41,339,000	\$ 107,030,000

Therefore, much more cost for resettlement will be required in the future if ROW management is not changed so that adequate ROW management is required.

1.2 Purpose of the budget plan

Budget for the ROW management is prepared by Road Infrastructure Department (RID) in MPWT every year. However, the budget is not enough for the activities of ROW management and distribution of that cost is required for appropriate ROW management.

Budget plan for the ROW management was prepared for the following purpose.

- To classify the cost of appropriate ROW management
- To contribute the budget requirement for ROW management
- To secure the future budget for ROW management

1.3 Target Year

MPWT's budget is planned for the three (3) year period. (Actually, budget requirement in 2019 was for 3 years between 2020 and 2022.

Thus, budget plan aims the three year plan.

2. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

2.1 Output of the Project

Through the pilot project for ROW management, method of Current Status Identification (CSI) and Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) was inspected and secured.

(1) CSI

CSI focuses on data collection related to situation of right of way along national roads and provincial roads across the country in order to create right of way maps and database as baseline for effective right of way management. Main contents of CSI are UAV survey, field survey and office work. Detail information of each task is described in Table 1 1.

Main Implementation Items		Contents	
	1) Arrange for UAV Flight Permission	Arrange for the UAV flight by getting permission from DPWT as well as other local government and acquiring a UAV usage permit	
UAV Survey	2) Prepare for UAV Flight	Create UAV flight plan based on UAV survey manual and prepare necessary equipment related to UAV flight as well as a notice board to raise public awareness about ROW	
	3) Implement UAV Survey	Take aerial images by using UAV. In addition, during the UAV survey install the notice board so that passers can see the picture of activity related to ROW	
	4) Supervision	Audit time schedule and quality and take care safety control	
Field	1) Take Photos of Facilities	Take photos of facilities from the ground and count existing facilities which is difficult to identify the exact number of them.	
Survey	2) Update data on the tablets	Update data on the tablets	
	3) Survey other things	Survey other things based on items to be collected / recorded for RMS and discussions by taskforce	
Office	1) Data Processing (Ortho, GIS and DB)	Create the orthomosaic (Orhto) from aerial images and make raster data and attribute information on GIS. Also build up and update data base (DB).	
Work	2) Finalization	Finalize RMM after field survey are implemented	

	Table 2.1	Main	Contents	of CSI
--	-----------	------	----------	--------

(2) IEP

Following the results from Current Status Identification (CSI), Illegal Encroachment Prevention approaches (IEP) shall be implemented in order not to allow any illegal/inappropriate use lands in ROW.

The approaches have been classified into hard approaches and soft approaches for both existing project and project in future. Illegal encroachment prevention approaches are summarized as below:

	Approaches for IED				
			Approaches for IEP		
			Raising local people's awareness on ROW		
		Raising awareness (Education)	Integrating ROW concept into school curriculum (high-school student or university student)		
		Raising awareness (Educatior	Raising relevant governmental officials' awareness on ROW management		
÷	iches	ig and on	Promoting regular patrol activities to prevent ROW encroachment (Monitoring)		
g projec	Soft approaches	Monitoring and Control/ Intervention	Promoting collaborative works among local police, local authorities and DPWT (control or intervention)		
ting	ting Soft Co Int		Appealing to the court		
Activities for Existing project Soft approa		f for	Regarding application for construction permit should be done by public works office of DPWT and cadastral office of DLMUPC, not cadastral office alone.		
ities		ratic sior atio Usa	Building construction permit		
Activ		Registration / Permission of Application fc ROW Usage	Land filling permit		
		Re Pei RC	ROW registration		
		SS	Installing ROW poles (be long enough)		
		ilitie	Installing ROW signboards in each commune office		
	S	fac	Installing fence for COI/ROW in urban area		
	ache	lling	Growing tree as ROW boundary in rural area		
e Hard approaches		Installing facilities	Install Tile in different color on boundary belong Side walk (line boundary)		
	Iard	10	Digging channel as ROW boundary		
Activities for future nroiect	ι.L.i	New design/ constructio n	Road construction starts from the edge of ROW boundary and keeping empty space around central line		
for		00	Constructing sub-roads as ROW boundary		

Table 2.2 Main Contents of IEP

2.2 Advantage of ROW Management

Illegal occupation of state land makes implementation of resettlement procedure much more complicated and that management doesn't work effectively. And, as mentioned resettlement cost will be more higher in the future without adequate ROW management.

Adequate ROW management can

- minimize the resettlement cost
- > read to smooth project implementation related to the road construction without delay of land issue.

CSI and IEP activities contribute to prevent the illegal encroachment to the ROW on national road and to reduce the resettlement in the future. Each advantage of CSI and IEP is as follows.

■ CSI

· Data can be stocked and used as "Evidences" of current status on ROW boundary

- Patrol, Installation of ROW pole and Permission for temporary land use etc. can be controlled by CSI
- Accountability is established by showing maps

IEP

- Communication with residents can be established by PCM and Patrol etc.
- Encroachment can be prevented physically
- Road safety can be secured secondarily

3. BASIC COST OF ROW MANAGEMENT

3.1 CSI Cost

CSI activities use the drone and that drone is classified to three types, which are propeller type, purchased fixed wing type and leased fixed wing type. Labor man-month and cost for CSI activities are estimated as follows.

(1) Man-Month for CSI activities

Estimated man-month for each drone type is as follows. Man-month of propeller type UAV, FS and office work are actual value demonstrated in the Pilot Project and speed of fix wing UAV is estimated as 8km/day. Team of UAV is basically set as 2 persons for 1 team. Progress.

CSI task	MM/100km each Drone types			
	Propeller	Fixed wing (purchased)	Fixed wing (rental)	
UAV	2Man x 1.80Month	2Man x 0.57Month	Outsource: 2Man x 0.57Month	
FS	3Man x 3.13Month	3Man x 3.13Month	MPWT: 3Man x 3.13Month	
Office	2Man x 2.64Month	2Man x 1.32Month	MPWT: 2Man x 1.32Month	
Total	7Man x 2.61Month	7Man x 1.88Month	Outsource: 2Man x 0.57Month	
			MPWT: 5Man x 2.40Month	

Table 3.1 Man-Month per 100km progress for CSI

(2) Unit Cost

Progress speed, labor MM and unit cost for CSI are estimated as follows. Progress for 1 year of 2,100km equals to estimated progress with using fixed wing drone. Outsource means working implemented by the contractor in Cambodia in Pilot Project.

Drone type		Propeller	Fixed wing	Fixed wing
			(purchased)	(rental)
Progress for 1 year		2,100 km	2,100 km	2,100 km
Initial cost		\$ 100,000	\$ 82,000	\$ 62,000
Labor MM for 1	UAV	75.4MM	24.0MM	Outsource
year		(8 x 9.4)	(2 x 12.0)	
(staff x month)	FS	197.1MM	198.3MM	198.3MM
		(17 x 11.6)	(17 x 11.7)	(17 x 11.7)
	Office	110.6MM	55.6MM	55.6MM
		(10 x 11.1)	(5 x 11.1)	(5 x 11.1)
	Total	383.1MM	277.9MM	253.9MM
Outsource	Labor	\$ 310 / km	\$ 230 / km	\$ 280 / km
	Cost for	\$ 749,000	\$ 558,000	\$ 643,000
	progress	(\$360/km)	(\$260/km)	(\$300/km)

Table 3.2 Unit cost of CSI based on the Pilot Project

(3) Recommendation Type of Drone

Recommendation drone in ROW management used by MPWT is "Rental Fixed Wing Drone" according to following reasons.

- Drone working speed of fixed wing drone is much higher than propeller drone and it is enough to cover the area of 1 digit and 2 digit NR.
- · In case of rental drone, MPWT doesn't need to manage and maintain their equipment

- Initial cost of rental drone is cheaper than purchased drone
- MPWT's working can be reduced by outsource

3.2 IEP Cost

IEP activities are classified in 2 approaches, Soft and Hard. Soft approaches are Public awareness through the Public Consultation Meeting (PCM) and Patrol. Hard approaches are some construction work such as installation of ROW pole. Cost for these approaches is estimated according to the construction work by contractor in Cambodia.

Unit cost based on the actual cost in the Pilot Project is as follows.

	Approaches	Cost / km (both side)	Remarks
Soft	РСМ	\$ 2,000	1 times
	Patrol	\$ 10	1 time/week=50 times/year
Hard	ROW Pole	\$ 1,320	1 pole/100m
	Fence for encroachment prevention	\$ 55,080	
	ROW Signboard	\$ 779	1 board/2km
	ROW marking plate	\$ 2,640	1 plate/100m
	Fence for pedestrian prevention	\$ 80,520	
	Curb	\$ 64,300	
	Growing Tree	\$ 15,840	1 tree/10m

Table 3.3 Unit Cost for IEP approaches

4. ACTION PLAN

4.1 Overall Goal

Overall goal for the future ROW management is set as CSI and IEP are implemented on the all 1 digit and 2 digit NR which total length is 7,260km.

That cost is estimated more than USD 100,000,000. This cost is cheaper than rising cost for resettlement. In this overall goal, priority activities are CSI activities, PCM, Patrol on the all 1 digit and 2 digit NR and installation of new ROW Pole. ROW pole is not installed for 357km on 1 digit NR and for 2,318km on 2 digit NR yet, so that installation of ROW pole is also priority to identify the ROW boundary.

CSI: on the all 1digit & 2digit NR: <u>USD 917,000</u>

IEP: Priority area for ROW management: USD 100,000,000

<Priority Activities>

- > CSI on the all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 917,000
- > PCM for 50 places: <u>USD 100,000 for every year</u>
- > Patrol on all 1 digit & 2 digit NR: USD 73,000 for every year
- New ROW Pole on 1 digit & 2 digit NR (for 2,675km): USD 3,530,000
- > Other hard approaches is implemented in the national/international road project.

To achieve above overall goal, following three phases are set.

- CSI with rental fixed wing drone is implemented on the all 1 digit and 2 digit NR except NR No.5, which total length is 6,850km in 6 years.
- > PCM and Patrol is implemented on the all 1 digit and 2 digit NR which length is 7,260km.
- All ROW Pole is installed on 1 digit and 2 digit NR in 9 years

	1 st phase (1Y~3Y)	2 nd phase (4Y~6Y)	3 rd phase (7Y~9Y)
CSI	All 1 digit &	2 digit NR	Map update
РСМ	50 places/year	50 places/year	50 places/year
Patrol	All 1 digit & 2 digit NR	All 1 digit & 2 digit NR	All 1 digit & 2 digit NR
ROW Pole	for 150km	for 600km	for 1,925km

According to above 3 phases, total cost for each phase is as follows.

Item		1 st phase (1Y~3Y)	2 nd phase (4Y~6Y)	3 rd phase (7Y~9Y)				
CSI	Progress	3,427km	3,427km	-				
	Cost	\$462,000	\$455,000	\$231,000				
РСМ		\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000				

Table 4.1 Cost for 3 phase

Ite	em	1 st phase (1Y~3Y)	2 nd phase (4Y~6Y)	3 rd phase (7Y~9Y)				
Patrol		\$218,000	\$218,000	\$218,000				
ROW Pole	Progress	150km	600km	1,925km				
	Cost	\$198,000	\$792,000	\$2,541,000				
To	otal	\$1,179,000	\$1,766,000	\$3,291,000				

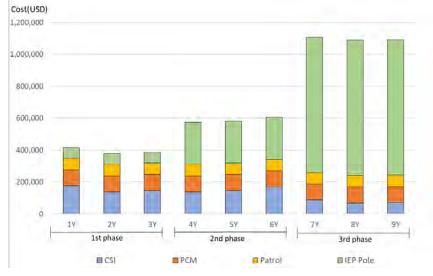


Figure 4.1 Cost for 3 phase

4.2 First Phase Target

1st Phase Target

- CSI: Half of all 1 digit & 2 digit NR: <u>USD 462,000</u>
- > PCM for 50 places: USD 100,000 for every year
- > Patrol on all 1 digit & 2 digit NR: USD 73,000 for every year
- New ROW Pole for 150km is installed: USD 198,000

Breakdown of the 1st phase (first 3 years) is as follows. Budget for 1 year is estimated as approx. USD 350,000 and 3 years total is around USD 1,000,000.

1	Approaches	1 st year	2 nd year	3 rd year	3 years total	Remarks
	Progress	1,142km	1,142km	1,142km	3,427km	Half of 1 & 2 digit NR
	UAV	\$111,600	\$109,000	\$111,400	\$332,000	(Outsource) 38.9MM
CSI	Office	\$35,300	\$4,400	\$4,400	\$44,100	90.3MM
	FS	\$30,200	\$25,900	\$30,200	\$86,300	321.7MM
	Total	\$177,000	\$139,000	\$146,000	\$462,000	

Table 4.2 First Phase Budget

1	Approaches	1 st year	2 nd year	3 rd year	3 years total	Remarks
	РСМ	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$300,000	50 places / year
IED	Patrol	\$72,600	\$72,600	\$72,600	\$217,800	All 1 & 2 digit NR
IEP	ROW Pole	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$198,000	For 150 km
	Total	\$239,000	\$239,000	\$239,000	\$717,000	
Total		\$416,000	\$378,000	\$385,000	\$1,179,000	

<u>JICA Expert Reports</u> J4: ROW Management-Pilot Project

- J4-1: Pilot Project Implementation Plan
- J4-2: PTF Activity Record
- J4-3: Training Records on Pilot Project

J4-1: Pilot Project Implementation Plan

Ministry of Public Works and Transport (MPWT), The Kingdom of Cambodia Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

EXPERT REPORT

OF THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

~Pilot Project Implementation Plan ~

MAY 2018

CTI Engineering International Co., Ltd. (CTII) Environment and Social Infrastructure Consultant Co., Ltd. (ESIC) Hanshin Expressway Company Limited (HEX)

JICA EXPERT REPORT

OF THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

 \sim Pilot Project Implementation Plan \sim

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Chapter 1 Summary of Pilot Project Implementation Plan

1.1 Purpose

Pilot Project Implementation Plan is established to achieve the following purpose;

- 1) To implement the Pilot Project of Current Status Identification (CSI) smoothly
- 2) To implement the Pilot Project of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) smoothly

1.2 Policy

In order to achieve the above purposes, policy is shown as follow;

- 1) To draft reference materials to consider what to be able to do for CSI and IEP
- 2) To be obvious the members and their role for the Pilot Project of CSI and IEP

1.3 Implementation Period

The Pilot Project will be carried out from late May 2018 until late August 2019

1.4 Target Area

The Pilot Project will be carried out along the National Road No. 5 as already approved in the Second Joint Coordinating Committee (2nd JCC) meeting in four Provinces (Kampong Chhnang, Pursat, Battambang and Banteay Meanchey)

CSI on the Pilot Project will commence from Start Point shown in Figure 1.1 in Kampong Chhnang.



Figure 1.1 Start Point of CSI on the Pilot Project

1.5 Main Work

Pilot Project is planned to implement the following main works of CSI. For IEP, what to implement as IEP will be discussed and decided on the way to proceed with CSI.

Item	Main W	ork	Remarks			
	Kick-off Meeting (Kick-off)	leeting (Kick-off)				
CSI	UAV Survey (UAV)					
CSI	Field Survey (FS)					
	Office Work (GIS)					
	Dissemination	PCM	Under review			
	Dissemination	Leaflet Distribution	Under review			
	Patrol	Under review				
IEP		Role Pole	Under review			
	Installment Structure	Sign Board	Under review			
		Fence	Under review			

Table 1-1 Main Work of Pilot Project

1.6 Pilot Project Schedule

Pilot Project Schedule is shown in Table 1-2.

 Table 1-2 Pilot Project Implementation Schedule (tentative)

Ye	ar					-		20		. 1 1	<u> </u>			1	-		T		-		-		-	<u> </u>		201	 ,					
Mo	onth	4	5		6		7	8		9		10		1	1	12	2	1		2		3		4		5	6	7		8		9
Sea	son	Dry-	seaso					iny Season						Dry-season																		
	Kick -off			AM	PON	GC		NAN PUI		AT	F	BAT	T/	AME	BAI	NG	BA	NT	ΈĄ	Y M	EA	NCE	IEY	r								
	UAV			KA	MPC	NG	CH			G SAT			Bź		AN	1BA		BAÌ	NTE	AY	ME		СН	EY						TO	T	
CS	FS				KA	MP	ONC) CH		PUR		Γ		BA	ΓT/	AME	BAN		BA	.NTI	EAY	Z MI	EA	NCI	HEY	ŕ		c	Tr v cor	aini 'ain vill ndu	er) be cte) ed
	GIS			KA		NG	CH			G SAT			Bź		AN	1BA			NTE	AY	ME	CAN	СН	EY						т Jı p. 2		
I E P	РСМ	IEP will be conducted from Nov, 2018 to Aug, 2019																														
								1	1	Ac	tual																					

1.7 Work Flow of Main work

Pilot Project is planned to implement based on the following work flow.

1.7.1 CSI

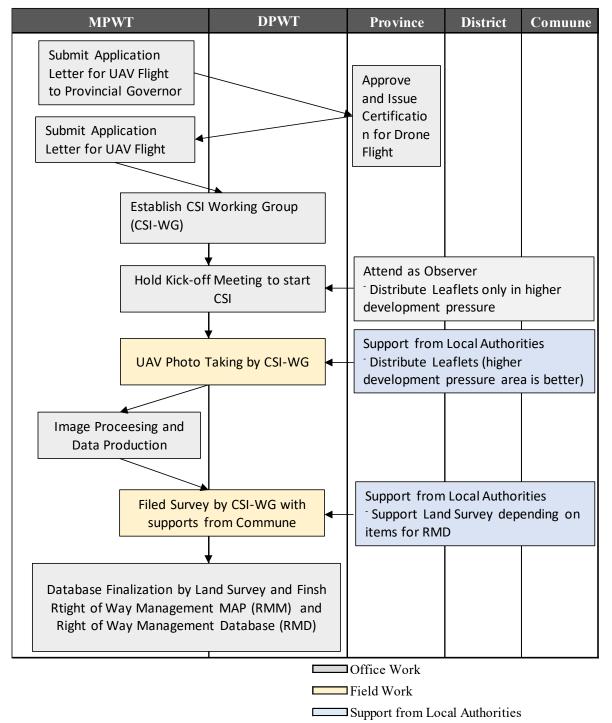
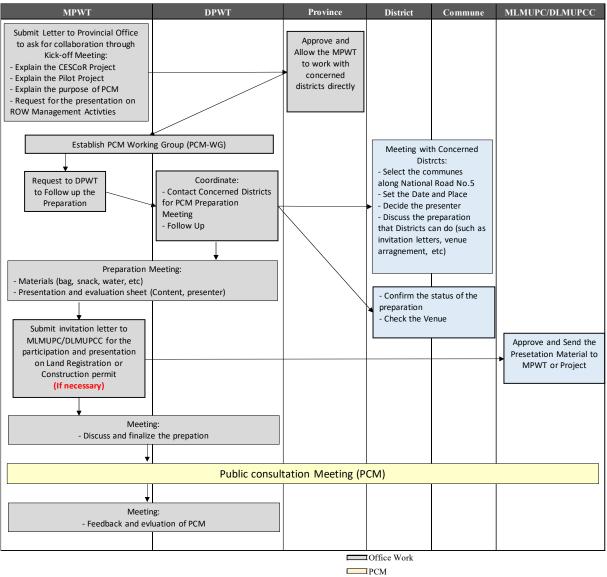


Figure 1.2 CSI Work Flow

1.7.2 IEP (PCM)



Collaboration with Local Authorities

Figure 1.3 PCM Work Flow

1.7.3 IEP (Patrol)

It is under review.

1.8 Output of Pilot Project

1.8.1 Documentation of Pilot Project Implementation Plan

Pilot Project Implementation Plan is documented. It will become reference materials for future CSI and IEP after this project ended.

1.8.2 Development of Draft RMM and RMD on Target Area

Draft RMM on target area will be created.

1.8.3 Documentation of Manuals for CSI and IEP

Manuals for CSI are drafted as the following. Through the pilot project, these manuals will be updated and finalized.

For IEP, manuals will be drafted during the pilot project.

Manual 1 CSI (CURRENT SITUATION IDENTIFICATION) WORK REGULATION (Draft) Manual 2 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY MANUAL (Draft) Manual 3 GROUND CONTROL POINT SURVEY MANUAL (Draft) Manual 4 IMAGE PROCESSING MANUAL (Draft) Manual 5 DATA PRODUCTION MANUAL (Draft) Manual 6 FIELD SURVEY MANUAL (Draft) Manual 7 DATA FINALIZATION MANUAL (Draft)

1.8.4 Consideration of Main Role for CSI implementation between MPWT, DPWT and Local Authorities

Main Role of CSI and IEP among MPWT, DPWT and Local Authorities are discussed and updated during the Pilot Project.

			MPWT	DPWT	Province	District	Commune
		1) Arrange for UAV Flight Permission	Х		X		
	UAV	2) Prepare for UAV Flight		Х			
	Survey	3) Implement UAV Survey		X			
		4) Supervision	Х				
C		1) Arrange for Field Survey Permission	Х				
s	Field	2) Record on the tablet		X			
Ι	Survey	3) Take photos from ground		Х			
		4) Supervision	Х				
	GIS	1) Data Processing (Orhto, GIS and Database)	Х				
	Kick Off	1) Arrange for Kick off meeting	Х	X			
	Meeting	2) Take place Kick off meeting	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
I E P		It's under view.					

Table 1-3 Image of Main Role for CSI implementation between MPWT and DPWT

1.9 PTF member

Pilot Project Task Force (PTF) members are shown in **Table 1-4**. PTF members belong to MPWT and DPWTs administer KAMPONG CHHNANG Province, PURSAT Province, BATTAMBANG Province, BANTEAY MEANCHEY Province.

1. Mr. You Dara, Deputy Director, RID 2. Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief, ROW Management Office, RID 3. Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Chief, Traffic Safety Office, RID 4. Mr. Khai Saray, Deputy Chief, ROW Management Office, RID 5. Mr. Hay Chandara, Deputy Chief, ROW Management Office, RID 6. Mr. Kain Theara, Officer, RID 7. Mr. Long Davuth, Officer, RID 8. Mr. Sok Chandy, Officer, RID 9. Mr. Sokun Piseth, Officer, RID 10. Mr. Sao Premarak, Technical Officer, RID 11. Mr. Keat Sarun, Officer, RID 12. Mr. Sok Ux, Deputy Director, Logistic Department 13. Mr. Sok Ly, Deputy Director, ICD 14. Mr. Von Sarom, Deputy Chief, Administrative Office, ICD 15. Mr. Peang Samoeun, Deputy Chief, Administrative Office, ICD 16. Mrs Sreng Sophea, Officer, Administrative Office, ICD 17. Mrs. Eam Runthearin, Deputy Chief, Regional Cooperation Office, ICD 18. Mr. Ang Menghor, Officer, Multilateral Cooperation Office, ICD 19. Mr. Chea Sophanith, Deputy Chief, Multilateral Cooperation Office, ICD 20. Mrs. Our Sokvasey, Deputy Chief, Multilateral Cooperation Office, ICD 21. Mr. Lor Vicheth, Deputy Chief, Multilateral Cooperation Office, ICD 22. Ms. Laing Sengkim, Officer, Multilateral Cooperation Office, ICD 23. Mrs. Our Sokvasey, Deputy Director, Public Order Office, DPWT	Table 1-4 F I F Melliber Task Force member (MPWT)							
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Table 1-4 PTF Member

1.10 Equipment List

Equipment is arranged as shown in **Table 1-5**.

Table 1-5 Equipment List								
Items	Specification	Qty	Remarks					
Current Status Identi	fication (CSI)							
UAV Survey								
UAV	Phantom 4 Pro	2						
Propellers	Phantom 4 model, 4 pieces /1 set	4						
Propellers Guard	Phantom 4 model, 4 pieces /1 set	2	A appropriate and Smann Donte for LLAN					
Battery	Phantom 4 model, No.PH4-5870mAh-15.2V	18	Accessories and Spare Parts for UAV					
Battery Charging Hub	Phantom 4 model	6						
Tablet	Samsung Galaxy Tab A	2	Controller for UAV					
Micro SD Card	Samsung Evo 64GB	2	Accessories for UAV					
Parasol		2	For Sunshine					
Laptop PC	Windows 10 64 bits	1	Processing Ortho Data at site					
Wind Speed Meter		2						
UAV Bag		2						
Field Survey								
Tablet	Samsung Galaxy Tab A	3	Update RMM at site					
Micro SD Card	Samsung Evo 64GB	3	Accessories for Field Survey					
Laser Distance Meter		3						
Office Work (Data p	rocessing)							
Software	Pix4D mapper, 1perpetual license	1	Processing Ortho Data (Aerial photo)					
Server PC	Linux	1	Database Construction					
Desktop PC	Windows 10 64 bits	1	UAV Data Processing for RMM at Office					
Illegal Encroachment	Prevention (IEP)*							
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Table 1-5 Equipment List

* Under review

Chapter 2 CSI Implementation Plan

2.1 Outline Contents

2.1.1 Outline Contents of CSI

Main Contents of CSI are UAV Survey, Field Survey and Office Work as shown in Table 2-1.

Main	Implementation Items	Contents								
	1) Arrange for UAV Flight	Arrange for the UAV Flight by getting Permission from DPWT as								
	Permission	well as other local government and acquiring a UAV Usage permit								
UAV Survey	2) Prepare for UAV Flight	Create UAV Flight Plan based on UAV SURVEY MANUAL and prepare necessary equipment related to UAV Flight as well as a Notice Board to raise public awareness about ROW								
		Take aerial images by using UAV. In addition, during the UAV								
	3) Implement UAV Survey	Survey install the notice board so that passers can see the picture of activity related to ROW								
	4) Supervision	Audit time schedule and quality and take care safety control								
	1) Take Photos of Facilities	Take photos of facilities from the ground and count existing facilities which is difficult to identify the exact number of them.								
Field Survey	2) Update data on the tablets	Update data on the tablets								
	3) Survey other things	Survey other things based on Items to be collected / recorded for RMS and discussions by TF								
Office Work	1) Data Processing (Ortho, GIS and DB)	Create the orthomosaic (Orhto) from aerial images and make raster data and attribute information on GIS. Also build up and update Data base (DB).								
	2) Finalization	Finalize RMM after field survey are implemented								

Table 2-1 Main	Contents	of CSI
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2.1.2 Dissemination During CSI

CSI work aims to identify current status, but it will be a more effective manner to implement some dissemination at the same time. This is because citizens see appearance of UAV Survey and Field Survey after they understood these surveys through the dissemination.

The pilot project is going to try to distribute some materials to the citizens as dissemination related to ROW and CSI activity.

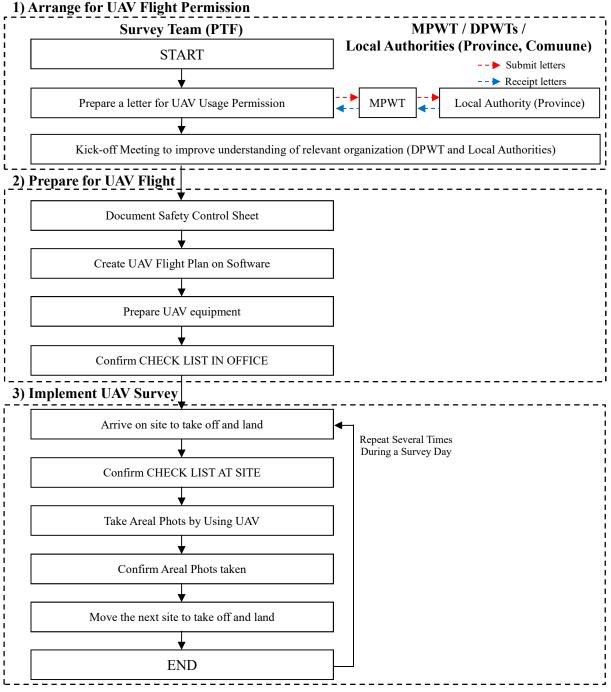
		Table 2-2 Outline Contents										
Dissemination				Timing	Place							
	Distribute citizens	materials	to	Before / during UAV Survey	High development pressure places such as communes nearby to a provincial capital (It assumes two communes in each province as of now)							

Table 2-2 Outline Contents

2.1.3 UAV Survey

UAV Survey will be implemented as the following, 1) Arrange for UAV Flight Permission, 2) Prepare for UAV Flight, 3) Implement UAV Survey

- 1) Arrange for UAV Flight Permission: Arrange for the UAV Flight by getting Permission from Local Authority (Province) and acquiring a UAV Usage permit.
- 2) Prepare for UAV Flight: Create UAV Flight Plan based on UAV SURVEY MANUAL and prepare necessary equipment related to UAV Flight as well as a Notice Board to raise public awareness about ROW.
- 3) Implement UAV Survey: Take Aerial Images by using UAV. In addition, during the UAV Survey install the notice board so that passers can see the picture of activity related to ROW.





2.1.4 Field Survey

Field Survey will be implemented as the following, 1) Take Photos of Facilities, 2) Update data on the tablets, 3) Survey other things

- 1) Take Photos of Facilities: Take photos of facilities from the ground and count existing facilities which is difficult to identify the exact number of them.
- 2) Update data on the tablets: Update data on the tablets. Field Survey will clarify the number and the kind of facilities we could not identify them only on the areal pictures.
- 3) Survey other things: Survey other things based on Items to be collected / recorded for RMS and discussions in TF meetings which will be discussed and decided on the way to do CSI.

2.1.5 Office Work (Data processing)

Field Survey will be implemented as the following, 1) Data Processing (Ortho, GIS and DB), 2) Finalization

- 1) Data Processing (Ortho, GIS and DB): Create the orthomosaic (Orhto) from aerial images and make raster data and attribute information on GIS. Also build up and update Data base (DB).
- 2) Finalization: Finalize RMM after field survey are implemented.

2.2 CSI Implementation Member

2.2.1 Implementation Member

Survey Implementation members on the Pilot Project is organized as the following Table.

No.	Title	Group	Main Role / Task (Refer to 2.2.2)			
1	Project Leader (PL)	Survey Administration	(1) Overall Management(2) Arrangement for UAV Survey, Building Survey			
2	UAV Leader (UAVL)	UAV Survey	(1) Management for UAV Survey Group(2) UAV Survey			
3	UAV Operator (UAVO)	Group	(1) UAV Survey(2) Assistance of UAV Survey			
4	Field Survey Leader (FS1)	Eigld Suggest	(1) Management for Office Work Crown			
5	Field Surveyor (FS2)	Field Survey Group	(1) Management for Office Work Group(2) Field Survey			
6	Field Surveyor (FS3)	Group				
7	GIS Operator (GIS)	Office Work Group	(1) Operation of GIS and Image Processing			

Table 2-3 CSI Implementation Member

* The number of members will be increased based on progress

Survey Administration

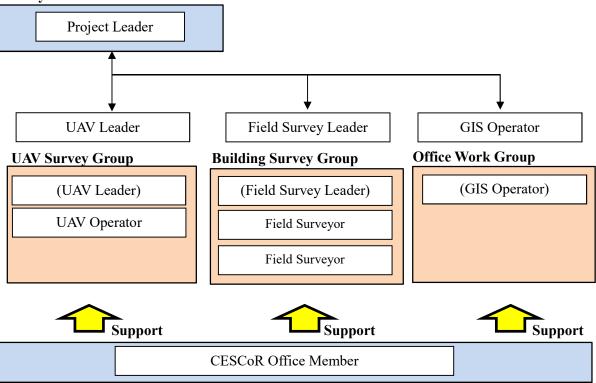


Figure 2.2 Organizational Structure

2.2.2 Main Role and Task for Each Member

- (1) Project Leader
- a) Overall Management
- 1) Conduct Overall Management of the Survey
- 2) Control Time Schedule for the Survey strictly
- 3) Communicate Densely and Properly with Relevant People and Organizations
- 4) Consider and Proceed Necessary Action related to the Survey
- b) Arrangement for UAV Survey, Field Survey and PTF activity
- 1) Instruct/Document for UAV Survey, Field Survey
- 2) Coordinate so that UAV Survey, Field Survey and Office Work can go smoothly
- 3) Coordinate so that PTF activity (refer to **Chapter 4**) can go smoothly

(2) UAV Leader

- a) Management for UAV Survey Group
- 1) Manage UAV Survey Group
- 2) Implement Safety Control for the UAV Survey (including Check List)
- 3) Communicate Densely and Properly with Relevant People and Organizations
- 4) Handle any trouble which causes UAV Survey
- 5) Take Necessary Action related to the UAV Survey

b) UAV Survey

- 1) Take Aerial Imagery by using UAV
- 2) Take Necessary Action related to UAV Operation

(3) UAV Operator

- a) UAV Survey
- 1) Take Aerial Imagery by using UAV
- 2) Take Necessary Action related to UAV Operation

b) Assistance of UAV Survey

- 1) Assist UAV Leader
- 2) Take necessary action on the instruction from UAV Survey

(4) Field Survey Leader (FS1)

a) Manage Field Survey Group

- 1) Manage UAV Survey Group
- 2) Implement Safety Control for the UAV Survey (including Check List)
- 3) Communicate Densely and Properly with Relevant People and Organizations
- 4) Handle any trouble which causes UAV Survey
- 5) Take Necessary Action related to the Field Survey

b) Field Survey

- 1) Take photos of facility from the Ground
- 2) Count Existing facility on the Ground and confirm the Number Matches One of RMM
- 3) Clarify the kind of facility
- 4) Take Necessary Action on the Instruction from Office Work Leader

(5) Field Surveyor (FS2)

a) Field Survey

- 1) Take photos of facility from the Ground
- 2) Count Existing facility on the Ground and confirm the Number Matches One of RMM
- 3) Clarify the kind of facility
- 4) Take Necessary Action on the Instruction from Office Work Leader

(6) Field Surveyor (FS3)

a) Field Survey

- 1) Take photos of facility from the Ground
- 2) Count Existing facility on the Ground and confirm the Number Matches One of RMM
- 3) Clarify the kind of facility
- 4) Take Necessary Action on the Instruction from Office Work Leader

(7) GIS Operator

a) Operation of GIS and Image Processing

- 1) Develop and update the Database
- 2) Operate Data Processing (including Ortho Image, GIS and Data base processing)
- 3) Count the building on the images

2.3 Calculation of UAV Survey time

2.3.1 Survey Length / Day

Survey Length / Day is calculated as the following.

Table 2-4 PREREQUISITE

No.	Items	Description	Parameter
1	Survey site risk	It becomes delayed due to some troubles such as Communication failure during flight. Also, Road curve may shorten flight distance.	0.8
2	Climate condition risk	Rain make flight interrupt. The parameter is assumed with the past rain days data. (for details to the following)	0.74
3	Unavailability factor	Holiday should be considered. The parameter is assumed with the date for holidays in 2018 (for details to the following)	0.64

Table 2-5PREREQUISITE

No.	Items	Parameter
2	Working hour	7 hours / day
3	Length / Flight	0.50 km / Flight
4	Flight Times / Day	9
5	The number of UAV	2*
6	Survey Length /Day (for details to the following)	1.7 km / Day
7	Survey Length /Month (30days for one month)	51.1km / Day

* One Survey party has two UAVs including Spare UAV for troubles. During the survey, the party use one UAV alternately.

2.3.2 CLIMATE CONDITION RISK

Climate Condition Risk									
Rain days		Days for 1 year		Rain Rate					
95	÷	365	=	0.26					
		Rain rate		Parameter					
1	_	0.26	=	0.74					

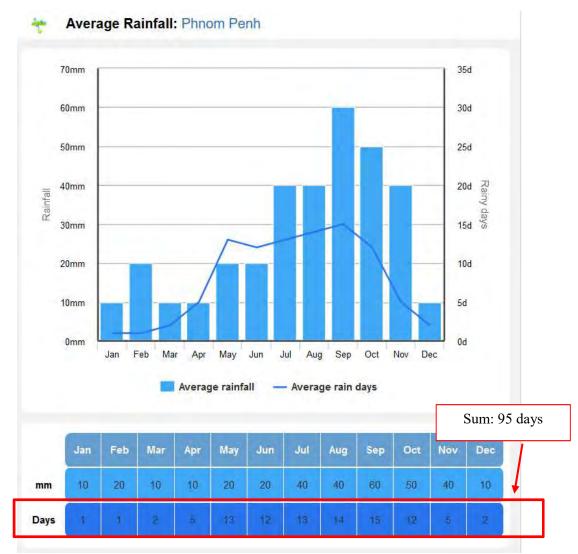


Figure 2.3 AVERAGE RAIN DAYS http://www.holiday-weather.com/phnom_penh/averages/

2.3.3 UNAVAILABILITY FACTOR

navailability factor				Days for 1 year		Sat.&Sun.days
2	÷	7	×	365	=	104
Sat.&Sun.days		Holidays		Duplicate date		Unavailabile days
104	+	33	-	7	=	130
	U	navailabile day	/S	Days for 1 year		Parameter
1	- (130	÷	365) =	0.64

Table 2-6 HOLIDAY LIST

No.	Date	Weekday	Holiday Name	No.	Date	Weekday	Holiday Name					
1	1-Jan	Monday	New Year	18	18-Jun	Monday	King's Mother's Birthday					
2	7-Jan	Sunday	Victory over Genocide Day	19	21-Jun	Thursday	June Solstice					
3	31-Jan	Wednesday	Meak Bochea Day	20	23-Sep	Sunday	September equinox					
4	8-Mar	Thursday	International Women Day	21	24-Sep	Monday	Constitutional Day					
5	20-Mar	Tuesday	March equinox	22	8-Oct	Monday	Pchum Ben Day (Day 1)					
6	14-Apr	Saturday	Khmer New Year Day (Day 1)	23	9-Oct	Tuesday	Pchum Ben Day (Day 2)					
7	15-Apr	Sunday	Khmer New Year Day (Day 2)	24	10-Oct	Wednesday	Pchum Ben Day (Day 3)					
8	16-Apr	Monday	Khmer New Year Day (Day 3)	25	15-Oct	Monday	Commemoration Day of King's Father					
9	29-Apr	Sunday	Visak Bochea Day	26	23-Oct	Tuesday	Paris Peace Agreement's Day					
10	1-May	Tuesday	Labour Day	27	29-Oct	Monday	King's Coronation Day					
11	3-May	Thursday	Royal Plowing Ceremony	28	9-Nov	Friday	Independence Day					
12	13-May	Sunday	Mother's Day	29	22-Nov	Thursday	Water Festival Ceremony (Day 1)					
13	13-May	Sunday	King's Birthday (Day 1)	30	23-Nov	Friday	Water Festival Ceremony (Day 2)					
14	14-May	Monday	King's Birthday (Day 2)	31	24-Nov	Saturday	Water Festival Ceremony (Day 3)					
15	15-May	Tuesday	King's Birthday (Day 3)	32	10-Dec	Monday	International Human Rights Day					
16	1-Jun	Friday	International Children Day	33	21-Dec	Friday	December Solstice					
17	17-Jun	Sunday	Father's Day									

Red: Duplicate days between Sat.&Sun. and Holiday

		Calculatio	n of Su	urvey Length	/ Mo	onth		
km/Flight		Flight time /Day	Т	he number of UAV		km/Day		
0.5	×	9	×	1	=	4.50		
km/Day		Survey Site Risk	Cli	mate condition Ris	k	Unavailability factor		km/Day
4.50	×	0.8	×	0.74	×	0.64	=	1.7
km/Day		Day / Month						km/Day
1.70	×	30					=	51.1

1 / 1 /

Forecasting Time to complete CSI KAMPONG CHHNANG km/Month Initial Time* Distance Travele Time** Month Round 93 ÷ 51.1 0.5 0.12 2.32 2.5 + + PURSAT Distance km/Month Travele Time** Month 88 51.1 0.23 1.95 2.0 • BATTAMBANG km/Month Travele Time** Distance Month 51.1 0.22 2.41 112 2.5 ÷ + BANTEAY MEANCHEY Distance km/Month Travele Time** Month 73 51.1 0.19 1.62 2.0 ÷ + All Month 2.5 $^+$ 2.0 2.5 + 2.0 = 9.0

* Initial time : Adding extra time for initial work

** Tavele time: Pursat takes 0.5day for one round trip to Phong Pheng.

 $\ast\ast$ Tavele time: Pursat takes 1day for one round trip to Phong Pheng.

** Tavele time: Battambang takes 1.5day for one round trip to Phong Pheng

** Tavele time: Banteay Meanchey takes 2day for one round trip to Phong Pheng

Travel Ti	me (da	y) Mor	nth Fr	requency for g	go-home	/ Month	ı	Travele	e Time**
0.	5	×	1.8	×	4	÷	30	=	0.12
1.	0	×	1.7	×	4	÷	30	=	0.23
1.	5	×	2.2	×	2	÷	30	=	0.22
2.	0	×	1.4	×	2	÷	30	=	0.19

2.4 Items to be collected / recorded for RMS

Items to be collected / recorded for RMS are shown in **Table 2-7** and **Table 2-8**. These items are discussed and updated during Pilot Project through TF meetings and PTF activities. At this point, Option1 Point + Attribute Information, Option2 Empty Land identification of Management and Option3 Preliminary Calculation for Compensation will be tried for right RMS.

RMD Items	Option1	Option2	Option3	No Need
Basic Condition				
Aerial photo	Х			
Administrative Boundary	Х			
Road Center Line	Х			
Sta. No. (normally is used in the road inventory)		Х		
Location of KM Post (existing KM on the map)		Х		
ROW Boundary	Х			
Location of ROW Boundary Pole		Х		
Location of COI Boundary Pole		Х		
Road Structure to be Maintain (Structure/ Drainage/ Slop/ Others)			х	
Structural Boundary of Road (Corridor of Impact)		Х		
Benchmark			X	
Land Condition				
Land Registration inside of ROW		Х		
Land Registration outside of ROW				Х
Topographic Character of the Road (Flat/ Embankment/ Retaining Wall and etc.)				Х
Condition of Land Use inside of ROW		Х		
Condition of Land Use outside/ vicinity of ROW				Х
Possibility of Future Development of the Land				Х
Location of Open Area	Х			
Access road to SEZ (Big factory, shopping mall, pagoda, school)	х			
Permanent Obstruct Articles (inside ROW)				
Building Location of existing structure on the map	Х			
Location of building/structure under construction		Х		
Location (STA.)		Х		
Location (Coordination)				Х
Photos taken at Ground Level		Х		
Year of Built				Х
Size: Area	Х			
Size: Floor Area (No. of Floor)			X	
Category: Resident/ Shop/ Factory / Storage/ Workshop/ Others)			х	
Structural Type: Concrete/ Brick/ Wood/ Others			Х	
Land Registration				Х
Building Permission (MLMUPC, Local Authority and etc.)				Х
Public parking		Х		
Permission/ Principal Agreement of Temporally Use in ROW		Х		

Table 2-7 Items to be collected / recorded for RMS (1/2)

	RMD Items	Option1	Option2	Option3	No Need
Owner/	Name of Owner and contact No.			X	
Residents	Name of Residents and contact No.			Х	
	No. of Household			Х	
	No. of Residents			Х	
	Residents Information (Occupation, Income and etc.)			Х	
Temporally S	tructures (inside ROW)				
Mobile Shop	Location (taking a photo)	Х			
	Type of Structure				Х
	Size				Х
	Name of Owner and contact No.				Х
	Registration and Permission				Х
Access	Location	Х			
Road/	Type of Structure		Х		
Embankment	Drainage Adoption		Х		
constructed	Size		Х		
by the User	Name of Owner and contact No.				Х
	Registration and Permission		х		
Other Structu					
Signboard	Location of Signboard	Х			
	Owner and contact number of Signboard		X		
	Size of Signboard		Х		
	Permission of Signboard		X		
Utilities	Location of Utility (Power supply, Wator)	Х			
	Location of Utility (Sewage infrastructure) by the User				
	Owner of Utility		Х		
	Size of Utility		X		
	Permission of Utility		X		
Illegal Encroa	Ichment Prevention Activities				
	Record of Public Consultation Meeting (PCM)		Х		
	Record of Patrol Activities		X		
	Record of Warning		X		
	Record of Installation Location of ROW Boundary				
	Pole		X		
	Record of Installation Location of COI Boundary Pole		Х		
	Record of Installation Location of ROW Signboard		Х		
	Record of Installation Location of Fence		Х		
	Record of Land Registration			Х	
	Record of Understanding of ROW Policy by Area/ Household		х		
	Record of Acceptance of Relocation by Area/ Household		Х		
Note) Sho	uld be reviewed and revised by RID after discussion o				

Table 2-8 Items to be collected / recorded for RMS (2/2)

Note) Should be reviewed and revised by RID after discussion of IEP

2.5 Safety Management

2.5.1 Emergency Contact

Surveyors in field always have Emergency Contact ready. Emergency Contact in Pilot Project is based on the same one in CESCoR project.

2.5.2 Check List

When operating UAV, UAV Operator will check the following Check List for safety.

Daily Work Repot-

UAV Leader (UAVL) must fill in this sheet DAILY, and submit to Project Leader (PL) in WEEKLY bases.

DATE	ø	•
PLACE (town or district)+	ø	1
WORK TIME @	~0	ę

Check list (FLIGHT MISSION BASES)										
No.+	10	20	3₽	4.0	5.0	6.0	7₽	80	9₽	100
Operator name@	ę	ę	ø	¢.	ę	ø	ę	ę	ę	ø
Mission name.	ø	ę	÷	ø	ø	ø	ø	÷	ę	47
Take-off& landing space (5m*5m) is secured with no obstacles.	ø	ø	ø	42	ø	P	÷	ø	ø	47
Micro SD card is set in drone, and camera/gimbal can rotate freely @		Q	ъ.	ę	ē	÷	ę	ą	ę	ø
Drone battery is full and firmly locked.		ø	. e	ø	ø	e.	÷	ø	ø	ø
Propellers and propeller protectors are properly equipped.	ø	e.	: 4	ę	e	e	4	ц.	ę	. Р .
Flight setting (speed, lap, altitude, angle) is properly set?	୍ଚ	ę	÷	ę	ę	e.	÷	÷	÷	ø
Flight area is visible from base.	ø	ę	.e	÷	ø	e.	ø	ø	e	÷
Take-off time₀	ę	e	.e	÷	e	e.	÷	e.	ę	ағ.
Landing time.	ø	ø	ø	ø	ø	e	ø	ø	ø	ø
Switch off Drone FIRST, and switch off controller NEXT+		P	e	ę	ø	e	÷	ę	e	ø
Copy images to laptop with mission name, and check image quality & quantity.	ą	ø	÷	ø	ø	e	¢	Q	ø	4

Note: do not keep UAV equipment or accessories under direct sun. Maintain room temperature by car air conditioner.

Figure 2.4 Check List (Flight Mission Bases)

Chapter 3 IEP Implementation Plan

3.1 Outline Contents

3.1.1 IEP Hard Approach

An Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) activities are planned to discuss with MPWT officers. The plan presented is shown below.

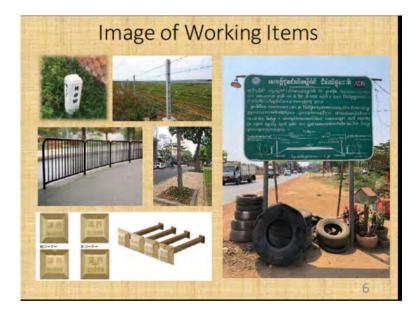
1) Working Items

IEP Soft and Hard Approaches are planned. The following working items are planned in Pilot Project.



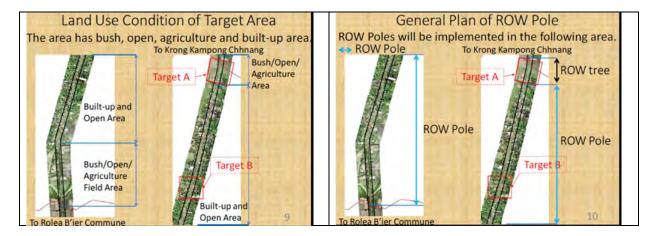
Activities for Future Project	Acti	vities for Existi	ng Project	
Hard	Approach		Soft Approach	
New Road Design	Installing Facilities	Permission and Registration	Monitoring and Intervention	Raising awareness
Digging channels as ROW boundary Road from the edge of ROW boundary and keep empty space in the middle Constructing sub-road as ROW boundary	ROW marking plate Highlighting color on tile Growing Tree Fence Signboard Pole	ROW use permit ROW registration Access road permit	Regular patrol activities Collaborating with local authorities Appealing to the court	Local people High school and university students Local governmental official

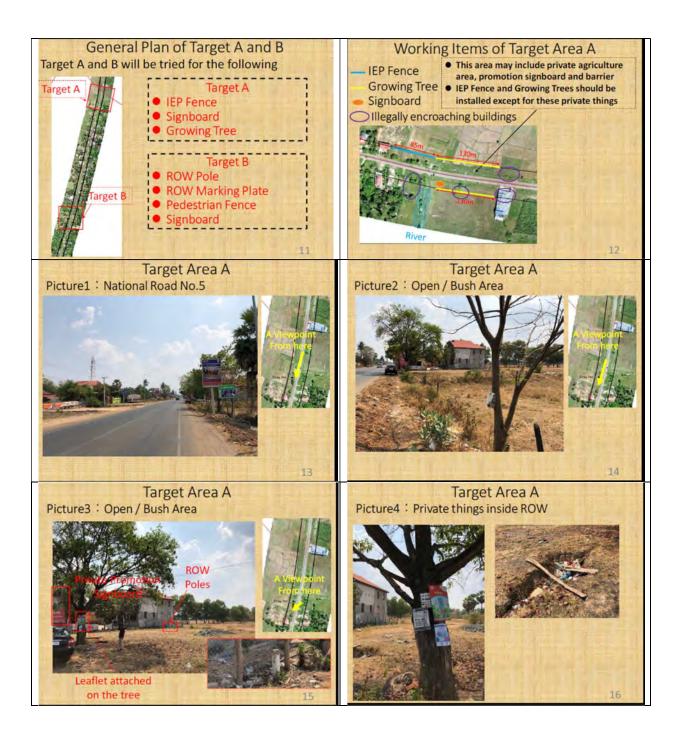
Figure 3.1 Activities for Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP)

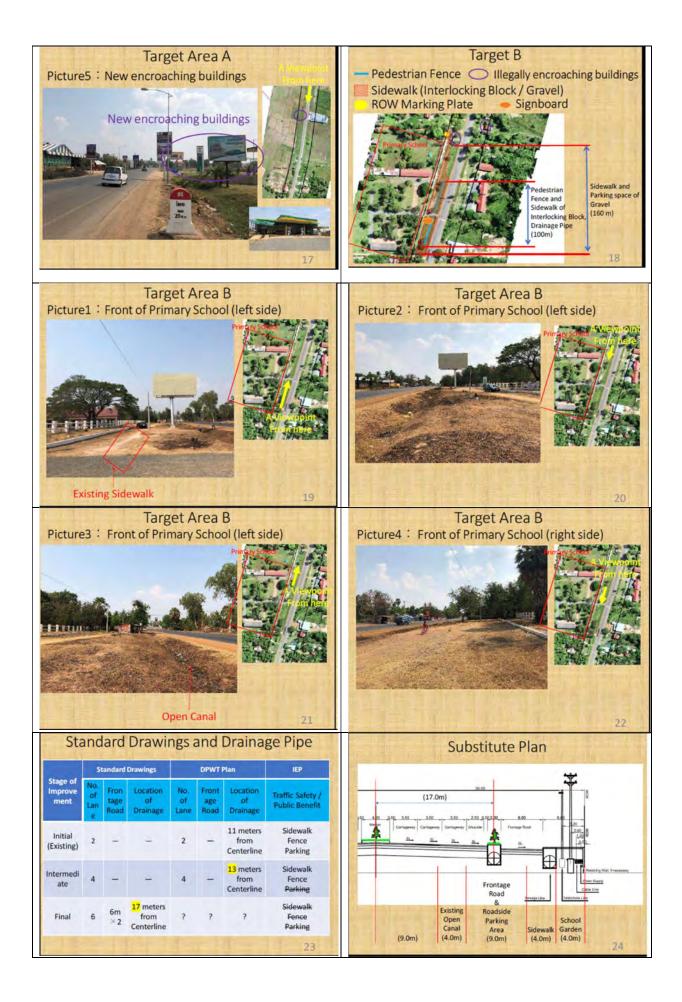


2) Target Area









3) Schedule

Activities schedule is planned as shown in the table below.

Table 3.1 Implementation Schedule

Schedule of IEP hard Approach IEP Hard Approaches in Pilot Project are planned as the following Table.				
ltem	Date			
Invitation to Contractor	12 th April 2019			
Signing of Contract	23 rd April 2019			
Kick-off Meeting	24 th April 2019			
Contractual maturity date	31st August 2019			
Note: Documentation and Report shall be prepared and conducted, after "Completion of Construction". Construction will end before 31st July 2019 26				

Chapter 4 PTF Activity

4.1 PTF Activity Policy

This Chapter shows PTF activity. Through PTF activity for CSI and IEP of the Pilot Project, PTF members improve understanding for the following:

- 1) They can build up tentative RMM and RMD with the project team
- 2) They can plan and implement IEP activity
- 3) They can create rational relationship with DPWT and Local Authority for CSI and IEP activity
- 4) They can consider what is the best for others related RMS

4.2 PTF Activity for CSI

Table 4-3 shows PTF Activity on CSI of Pilot Project. It is planned as the following policy:

- 1) PTF members from MPWT is grouped into three (Gr-A, Gr-B and Gr-C),
- 2) Each Group join CSI activity once a week
- 3) CSI activity has three sections (UAV, GIS and Field Survey)
- 4) Each section will be implemented on fixed day in a week to avoid confusion (refer to Table 4-1)
- 5) After the above activities ended, prepare for Kick-off meeting in the next province to start CSI
- 6) PTF members hold Kick-off meeting to improve understanding of relevant authorities including DPWT and Local Authorities so that CSI can proceed with no problems

Activity	Contents	PI		Day	Remarks		
Activity	Contents	MPWT	DPWT	Day	Remarks		
UAV	Talta A anial Ima ann ha asin a UAV	x	Х	Every			
Survey	Take Aerial Imagery by using UAV		Λ	Friday	Each Activity		
GIS	Process GIS, Ortho and DB before Field	X		Every	has two times		
015	Survey	Λ	-	Wednesday	in each		
Field	Take Photos of Facility from the Ground	X	Х	Every	Province		
Survey	Map necessary data on the tablet	Λ	Λ	Thursday			
Kick-off				Before			
	Kick-off meeting	Х	Х	the above	One time in each Province		
meeting				activity			

 Table 4-1 PTF Activity for CSI

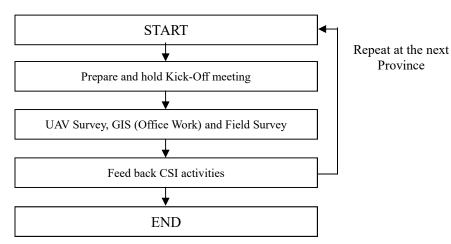


Figure 4.1 Overall schedule of PTF Activity for CSI

Table 4 2 Grouping of 1 11 members						
Position	Group A	Group B	Group C			
Group Leader	Group Leader Mr. Hay Chandara		Mr. Khuon Kompheak			
Members	Mr. Sok Chandy	Mr. Sao Pramarak	Mr. Penh Oddum			
Members	Mr. Kain Theara	Mr. Chhouk Sochea	Mr. Keat Sarun			
Members Mr. Preang Samoeun		Mr. Ob Socharidth	Mr. Lon Davuth			
Members	-	Mr. An Menghour	Ms. Oum Sokvasey			

Table 4-2 Grouping of PTF members

Table 4-3 Overall Schedule of CSI in Kampong Chhnang Province

	D (.	PTF			
No	Date		Event	Gr-A	Gr-B	Gr-C	DPWT
1	2018/5/29	Tue	UAV Survey starts				OJT: UA V
2	2018/5/30						OJT: UAV
3	2018/5/31			OJT: UAV			OJT: UAV
4	2018/6/1		off				
5	2018/6/2		off				
6	2018/6/3		off				-
7	2018/6/4						OJT: UAV
8	2018/6/5		Kick-off Meeting	Kick-off	Kick-off	Kick-off	OJT: UA V
9	2018/6/6						OJT: UAV
10	2018/6/7			OJT: GIS			OJT: UAV
11	2018/6/8				OJT: UAV		OJT: UAV
12	2018/6/9		off				
13	2018/6/10		off				
14	2018/6/11		FS office work				
15	2018/6/12						
16	2018/6/13			OJT: FS			OJT: FS
17	2018/6/14				OJT: GIS		
18	2018/6/15					OJT: UAV	OJT: UAV
19	2018/6/16		off			00110111	00110111
20	2018/6/17		off				
20	2018/6/18		off				
22	2018/6/19		011				
23	2018/6/20				OJT: FS		OJT: FS
24	2018/6/21				031.15	OJT: GIS	031.15
25	2018/6/22			OJT: UAV		0011.010	OJT: UAV
26	2018/6/23		off	051.0117			051.0111
27	2018/6/23		off				
28	2018/6/25						
29	2018/6/26						
30	2018/6/27					OJT: FS	OJT: FS
31	2018/6/28			OJT: GIS		001110	001110
32	2018/6/29				OJT: UAV		OJT: UAV
33	2018/6/30		off				
34	2018/7/1		off				
35	2018/7/2		FS office work				
36	2018/7/3						
37	2018/7/4			OJT: FS			OJT: FS
38	2018/7/5				OJT: GIS		
39	2018/7/6					OJT: UAV	OJT: UAV
40	2018/7/7		off				
41	2018/7/8		off				
42							
43	2018/7/10						
44					OJT: FS		OJT: FS
45	2018/7/12					OJT: GIS	
46	2018/7/12						OJT: UAV
47	2018/7/14		off				
48	2018/7/14		off				
49	2018/7/16						
50	2018/7/17						
51	2018/7/18					OJT: FS	OJT: FS
52	2018/7/19					001.10	301.10
53							
	2010///20	1.11	I	I			

4.3 PTF Activity for IEP

A diagram below describes an overview of activities for the soft approach.

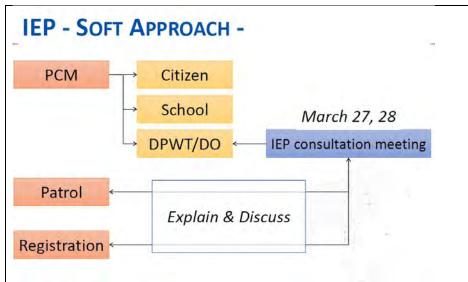


Figure 4.2 Approach diagram of PTF Activity for CSI

The public consultation meetings (PCM) were planned in the pilot project. The schedule is set as below.

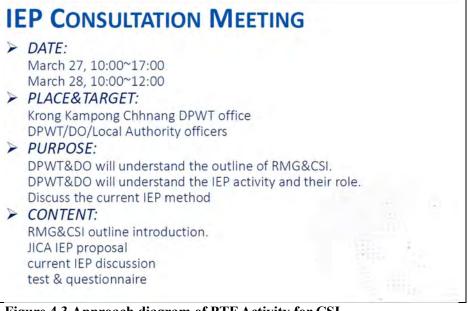


Figure 4.3 Approach diagram of PTF Activity for CSI

Invitations are planned to send to the following stakeholders.

	Table 4-4 Intended Stakenblders in Rampong Chinnang I Tovince						
	Organization	Intended Stakeholders					
1	DPWT	8 officials in KPC DPWT					
2	District Offices	Each official in 5 District Offices in KPC DPWT.					
3	Local Authority	Commune& 4~5village Head (from Chrey Bak) and police chief in the					
		commune, MLMUPC district office and provincial department					

Table 4-4 Intended Stakeholders in Kampong Chhnang Province

J4-2: PTF Activity Record





IEP CONSULTATION MEETING MEMO WITH DPWT

Date & Time:	27 th -28 th March 2019
Place	DPWT Kampong Chhnang Meeting Room
MPWT Attendees:	Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief of ROW Management Office, RID
DPWT Attendees:	H.E. Keo Pov, Director of DPWT Kampong Chhnang
	Mr. Leng Vesna, Officer of Public Order Office
	Mr. Khun Khemara, Officer of Technical Office
	Ms. Nin Nimol, Officer of DPWT Kampong Chhnang
	Mr. Eang Hour, Chief of Public Work Office, DPWT Kampng
	Chhnang
Local Authorities	Mr. Be Sarom, Deputy Governor of Kampong Chhnang City
Attendees:	Mr. Soum Vin, Governor of District
	Mr. Than Sarum, Deputy Governor of Boribor District
	Mr. Tang Bunnot, Chief of Chrey Bak Commune
	Mr. Mok Tim, Chief of Prey Koh Village
	Mr. Prak Theng, Deputy Chief of Toul Ksach Village
	Mr. Keo Yeum, Chief of Tnol Tmey Village
	Mr. Thok Phearom, Chief Office of Kampong Chhnang City
	Mr. Nern Sopheab, Deputy Chief of District Office
	Ms. Seng Sreynheb, Deputy Chief of Prey Puoch Village
	Ms. Mot Samet, Chief of Chrey Bak Village
	Mr. Khlot Vanna, Police Officer of Chrey Bak Village
	Mr. Chuon Channa, Deputy Governor of Samaki Mean Chey District
	Mr. Sorn Saman, Deputy Governor of Kampong Tralach District
	Mr. Saray Oum, Chief of General Affair Office
Project Team:	Mr. Watson, Mr. Ochi, Mr. Socheat, Mr. Sereyvuth, Ms. Sophy
Agenda / Discussion	 To discuss on IEP approaches for pilot project
Points:	 To confirm schedule of some events

Presentation and Discussion:

1- Presentation on CESCoR Project by Mr. Socheat

- Background
- Integrated ROW Management Framework

CTI Engineering	Environment and Social Infrastructure	Hanshin Expressway
International Co., Ltd. (CTII)	Consultant Co., Ltd. (ESIC)	Company Limited (HEX)
	Joint Venture	

1

Address: JICA Project Office, c/o International Cooperation Department, MPWT, Corner Norodom Blvd, Street 106, Phnom Penh, Tel: +855-(0)61 960 213





- Project Outputs
- Activities
- Pilot Project Overall and CSI
- CSI Roles
- IEP Roles
- TOT •

2- Presentation on Right of Way Management System in Cambodia by Mr. Samnang

- Outline of Pilot Project for RMS Development
 - 2.1 Target Area
 - 2.2 ROW in Cambodia
 - 2.3 Institutional Arrangement
- Methodology •
 - UAV Aerial Imagery
 - Image Processing and Data Production
 - Database, Field Survey and Data Finalization
 - -Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP)

3- Presentation on Daily Right of Way Management Activities by KPC DPWT officer

- Road Laws and Sub Decree
- Road Law Dissemination Activities
- ROW Management Activities

4- Presentation on Pilot Project IEP by Mr. Socheat

- Implementation of IEP
- Concept of IEP Classification
- Criteria for IEP Selection
- IEP Methods
- Plan for IEP Methods
- IEP Methods to Be Discussed •
- PCM
- Monitoring and Intervention
- Permission and Registration

5- Presentation on Overview of IEP Hard Approach in Pilot Project 2

-			
	CTI Engineering	Environment and Social Infrastructure	Hanshin Expressway
	International Co., Ltd. (CTII)	Consultant Co., Ltd. (ESIC)	Company Limited (HEX)
		loint Venture	

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- Working Items
- Target Area
- Schedule
- Criteria

Discussion:

Mr. Socheat: Who does the patrol? How many times do you do patrol per week? When the officers find the encroacher, how do you deal with the encroacher?

H.E. Pov (K. Chhnang DPWT Director): Technical officer and public order officer will do patrol at least two times per month and sometime three times per week through the road maintenance activities. When officers find the encroacher, first they will talk to encroacher. In case, talking or warning does not work with the encroacher. District officer will report to the provincial officer to ask for the intervention.

During the Annual Meeting of Province, deputy governor of district has suggested me to discuss with the provincial governor to arrange a special meeting to find measurement for managing ROW properly. However, because I have been busy with other events of the DPWT and Province, I have not yet started. I am planning to do it in the 2nd semester of this year.

Additionally, since 2014 I have requested to upper management level to establish the road inspector committee. Until now, my request has not been answered.

- **Chrey Bak Commune Chief:** We are happy hearing that JICA project will support us to prevent the ROW Encroachment. I am more grateful that my commune has been selected to be sample area to apply IEP approaches. I would like to confirm which roads that JICA project will apply IEP approaches. We have two roads (old national road about 2km or new bypass).
- **Project Team:** We are also happy hearing that commune chief is going to cooperate with us. Regarding the IEP application, we will work on old national Road/existing national road (2km) which is access to the Kampong Chhnang city. We will discuss in details for the IEP approaches in Chrey Bak commune later. Also, we will visit the site for the better understanding on the IEP approaches.

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Discussion about the encroachment of gas/fuel station:

Project Team: I found that there is new construction of fuel station (which was not exist last year when we did the drone flight); did the owner ask the permission from your office?

- **Chrey Bak Commune Chief:** Gas/Fuel station's owner asked permission directly to local authority (provincial level but we did not know which office); they did not inform or ask for the permission from us. During the construction, our official noticed that and reported to the upper levels. After that our official from DPWT and Department of Land Management, Urban Planning, Construction and Cadastral went to talk and explain to owner about this illegal encroachment. However, it did not work. Construction was completed with the agreement made between the owner and the provincial hall. Owner has agreed to move this station without any compensation for the future road widening project.
- **DPWT Director:** We went to explain and warn the encroacher about this illegal construction inside the ROW; however, they ignored us since the provincial hall already agreed. DPWT did not join or sign in the agreement between the gas station owner and provincial hall.
- Mr. Socheat: So far, what are the difficulties of ROW management for DPWT officials?
- **DO officer:** So far, we have many difficulties to deal with local people; especially encroachers. They often complain to us. The listed below statements are the concerns between the DO officer, local authorities and local people.
 - They said other people can do, why I cannot do.
 - They cannot do business if they move out from ROW boundary.
 - They said they will follow us, but at night they construct the soft building silently. (Steel structure is fast to be built just one or two days especially during the weekend. when patrolling officers know, the structure has been already finished).
 - Sometime they blame and use bad words to patrolling officers.
 - Some people have high social status, so they don't listen to patrolling officers.
 - They never ask permission form DPWT; they only ask permission from Provincial Governor, but local people not only build their house inside their land, but also fill the land inside the ROW.

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• They get approval from provincial office to build their house or fill their land, but they also fill land inside the ROW to access to their house without asking permission from DPWT officers.

Director of DPWT: So far, regarding the human resources we have competent officials (engineers); however, we are lacking the number of staffs. Each year we can get new staff only one person; while in some years four or five officials get retired. I hope the MPWT will increase the quota for the number of new staff. Moreover, we are lacking the budget to support the expenses on the transportation.

Director of DPWT: We have problems for the collaboration with relevant agencies or ministries. We are facing to deal with people due to the politics and living condition. Enforcing the law is the best solution.

Mr. Samnang (MPWT): ROW pole is the most effective based on the observation. However, with punishment and law enforcement, it will be better.



Meeting in DPWT Kampong Chhnang and site visit

***Site Visit to Check the location for IEP and PCM Arrangement on 28th March, 2019
1- Site Visit for IEP approach application



Place: Gas Station near K. Chhnang City in Chrey Bak Commune

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- Discuss the application to locate the encroaching building
 - Discuss the location to install the ROW Signboard



Place: Chrey Bak Primary School in Chrey Bak Commune

- Discuss the location of ROW signboard needed to be installed near the primary school



Place: Rolear B'ear District Office in Chrey Bak Commune

- Discuss the location of ROW signboard needed to be installed near the district office



Place: Near Chrey Bak Primary School in Chrey Bak Commune

- Discuss the location to install IEP hard

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approaches (installing fence, sidewalk, crossing mark, etc.) with MPWT and DPWT officials

*** Regarding the IEP hard approaches application, there will be further discussion because the DPWT has a plan or project to improve the existing road up to 4 lanes (2 lanes both sides). DPWT will share the drawing with the Project Team for the further study and discussion.

2- Public Consultation Meeting (PCM) Arrangement

- PCM with Local people (citizen)

Tentative Venue: Rolear B'ear District Meeting Hall

Proposed Date: April 20 or April 21, 2019

(Saturday or Sunday morning based on the availability of Electricity shift schedule)

Participant: Local People (100 people)

DPWT will confirm the schedule of electricity to the MPWT and Project Team. Project Team will submit the request letter to MPWT to ask for coordination and support for the PCM arrangement such as invitation letter (from MPWT to DPWT and DPWT to Local authorities and to citizen).



- PCM with Students

Tentative Venue: Meeting Hall of Rolear B'ear High School **Proposed Date:** April 24 or April 25, 2019

(Wednesday or Thursday morning based on the availability of Electricity shift schedule) **Participant:** High School Students and teachers (total is 100 persons)

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DPWT will confirm the schedule of electricity to the MPWT and Project Team. Project Team will submit the request letter to MPWT to ask for coordination and support for the PCM arrangement such as invitation letter (from MPWT to DPWT and DPWT to Local authorities and to director of High school).



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AGENDA

IEP Consultation Meeting on the Pilot Project for

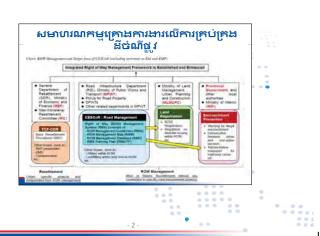
The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in Cambodia (CESCoR)

Kampong Chhnang,	27 th March 2019
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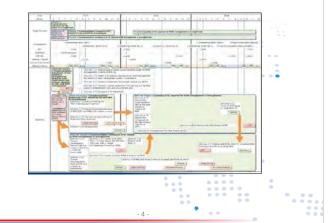
Time	Program
10:00-10:10	Opening Remarks of the Meeting
(10)	by Representative from RID/MPWT
10:10-11:00	Explanation of Overall of JICA project
(50)	by the Project Team member
11:00-11:10 (10)	Break
11:10-12:00	Explanation of Right Of Way Management System
(50)	by MPWT official
12:00-13:30 (90)	Lunch break
13:30-14:30	Explanation on Daily Activities on ROW Management
(60)	by Kampong Chhnang DPWT official
14:30-15:00 (30)	Break
15:00-17:00	Explanation and discussion on IEP Approaches
(120)	by the Project Team member

Kampong Chhnang, 28th March 2019

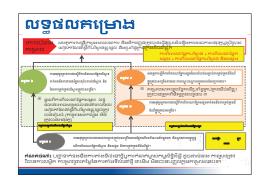
Time	Program
9:00-11:00 (60)	Joint Practice of Patrol @ Chrey Bak commune
11:00-11:30 (30)	Break
11:30-12:00 (60)	Questionnaire



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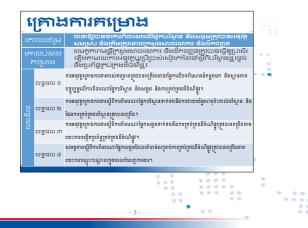
- កម្រោងកំបានចាប់ផ្តើមក្នុងខែមករា ឆ្នាំ២០១៧។
- តែកង្វះនៃក្រប់គ្រងដីចំណីផ្លូវបានបង្កឲ្យមានការកាន់កាប់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ ឧុលច្បាប់ និងធ្វើឲ្យមានការខាតបង់លើសំណងម្តងទៀតក្នុងការតាំង ទីលំនៅថ្មី ងាដើម។
- ផ្លូ វថ្នល់។ ិកម្រោងសហប្រកិបត្តិការបច្ចេកទេសរបស់ភ្នាក់ងារចៃកាដែលខ្លោតលើ បែបបរទមូលង្អាននៃការតាំងទីលំនៅថ្មីរវាងក្រសួងសេដ្ឋកិច្ច និង ហរិញវត្ថុ និងក្រសួងសាធារណការ និងដឹកដញ្ជូនត្រូវបានបញ្ចប់ដោយ ដោកជ័យក្នុងឆ្នាំ២០១២។
- ការពិចារណាលើបរិស្ថាន និងសង្គម មានសារ:សំខាន់សម្រាប់ការ អនុវត្តទៅដោយរលូន និងសមស្របសម្រាប់កម្រោងហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធ





កម្រោងពង្រីងសមត្ថភាពលើការពិចារណាផ្នែក បរិស្ថាន និងសង្គមក្នុងអង្គភាពប្រតិបត្តិលើ វិស័យផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា

កម្រោង CESCoR



សមត្ថភាពមន្ត្រីក្រសួងសាធារណការ និងដឹកងញ្ញនក្រូវបានធ្វើឲ្យ ប្រសើរឡើងតាមរយៈការអនុវត្តឬប្រើប្រាស់សៀវភៅណែនាំស្តីពី បរិស្ថនត្តរថ្នល់ និងប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងដ៏ចំណ័ត្តវ។

- 🕨 គោលបំណងគម្រោង:
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- កម្រោងទទួលបានការកាំទ្រថវិកាពីគ្នាក់ងារសហប្រតិបត្តិការ អន្តរជាតិដប៉ុន ដែលហៅកាត់ថា ចៃកា សម្រាប់រយៈពេល ៣ឆ្នាំ ចាប់ពីខែមករា ឆ្នាំ២០១៧ ដល់ខែជ្ញូ ឆ្នាំ ២០១៩។
- 🗅 រយះពេលអនុវត្តគម្រោង:
- ព័ត៌មានស្តីពីគម្រោង













សកម្មភាព

ការផ្តាស់ប្តូរូបឆ្នេកទេសនៅប្រទេសទី៣

លើកទី១ (ស្តីក៏ការវាយកម្លៃហេកុប៉ះពាល់បរិស្ថាន និងផែនការក្រប់ក្រងបរិស្ថាន)៖ ថ្ងៃទីវិធ៤ ដល់ថ្ងៃទីវិធ៨ ខែតុលា ២០១៧ ប្រទេសមិយ៉ាន់ហំ បញ្ហាបំ លើកទី៣ (ស្ថីកើតាក្រប់ក្រងដីចំណើន្ទ)៖ ថ្ងៃទីវិធាន ដល់ថ្ងៃទីវិធា៦ ខែតុលា ២០១៨ បញ្ចប់ លើកទី៣ (សកមមអន្តរដាកិស្តីពីការវាយកម្លៃហេតុប៉ះពាល់)៖ **ទ្រោងក្នុងខែមេសា ២០១**០



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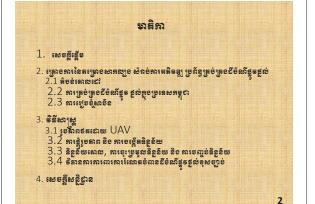


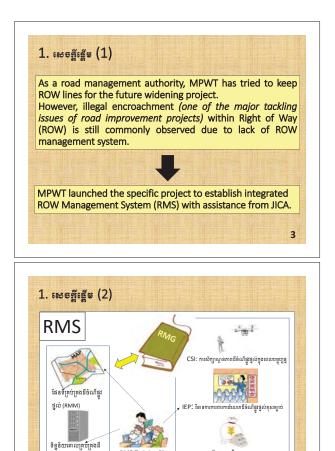




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,	3) ការអនុញ្ញាតឱ្យសាងសង់ផ្លូវចូល	×	х			х
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ការគ្រប់គ្រង	2) កំណត់ត្រាខែការត្រួតពិខិត្យ *	х	х			
	3) កំណត់ត្រានៃការអនុញ្ញាត	х	x			







ផែនការផវិតា

4

RMS-Training Plan



Cambodia ROW means state land along the road with fixed distances from the centerline of existing roads for the future development.					
Table 1 Definitions of ROW based on Legal Bases					
		ROW Di	mensions		
Road	level	Ministerial	Sub-Decree		
		Orders(×1)	(※2)		
1-digit Number	NR1, 4 and 5	30 m(※3)	30 m(※3)		
National Roads	Others	25 m(※3)	50 m(x;5)		
2-digits Number	National Roads	25 m(※3)	25 m(※3)		
Provincial roads		20 m(※3)	Prakas 06		
Commune Road		15m(※3)	Not specified		

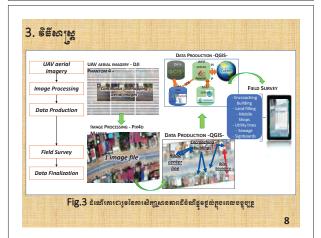
2. ເຮຼກອກເຮັດສະເພາອພາກພາຍ ພໍ່ຄບໍ່ການສື່ອຊູງ ບູດັລງຮູບ່ຮູວຊີບໍ່ພາຊີອຣູໜ່

2.3 ສາເເງຍຣູ່ເຄຍັຂ

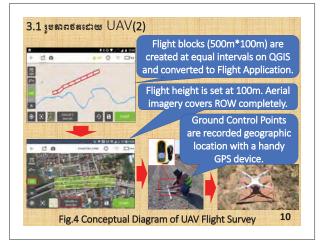
Roads Infrastructure Department (RID) in MPWT manages the road and ROW by creating the relevant legal regulations under duties and responsibilities stated in Sub-Degree No 14, 1998.

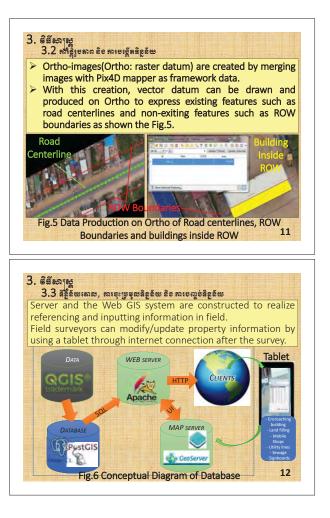
Provincial Department of Public Works and Transport (DPWT), a sub-national specialized unit under MPWT, follows all policies and legal documents prepared by MPWT, especially RID in case of ROW, within the domain of the department.

7



3.1 ອັນຄາຢສະເລ່າອະ UAV(1)						
on review of Propeller and Fixed-wing UAV with the perspective of operability, economy and efficiency.						
Table 2 Specification of UAV						
Item Propeller Fixed-wing						
Product	Approx. \$2,000	Approx. \$18,000				
Weight	1800g	800g				
Height	50~150m (※1)	75~1,000m				
Endurance	15min (※1)	50min				
Flight Speed	20km/h (※1)	80km/h				
Camera(% 2)	20MP, 4.38cm GSD	16.1MP, 3.5cm GSD				
Takeoff / Landing	3m*3m Space	10m*10m Space				
Flight Length	0.5~1.0km	7~10km				







កម្រោងសាកល្អង ការការពារការទន្ទ្រានីដីចំណី ផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

គម្រោងពង្រឹងសមត្ថភាពលើការពិចារណាផ្នែក បរិស្ថាន និងសង្គមក្លុងអង្គភាពប្រតិបត្តិលើវិស័ យផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា

١.

គំនិតគោល (CONCEPT)

- លទ្ធផលដែលទទួលបានពីការសិក្សាស្ថានភាពបច្ចប្បន្ន(CSI) គឺ ប្រើប្រាស់ជាវិធីសាស្ត្រសម្រាប់ការការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីដូវ ខុសច្បាប់។
- ការការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់កូរតែអនុវត្តក្នុង ខុសច្បាប់ ឬមិនសមស្របក្នុងដីចំណីផ្លូវ។

ការអនុវត្តវិធីសាស្ត្រការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

យល់ពីទិន្នន័យដែលបានរៀបចំក្នុងការសិក្សាស្ថានភាពបច្ចុប្បន្ន (CSI)

	CODE	ITEM						
CSI_P		1 Building		ROW	CSI_L		1dig_NH	
		2 Building Under construction	1001	building		6000	local road	_paved
	100		2002	filling concrete		7000	local road	unpaved
		4 Factory	4000	builtup area				
		5 Commercial		open area				
		6 Residencial		parking				
		7 Mobile cart						
		8 Temporary booth		wet land				
	100	9 Public	4040	rice field				
		0 Shed	4050	bush				
		1 Well	4060	Urban area				
	101	2 Cemetery	-		since the little	100 A	C. THERE	The second second
	101	3 School Public		A REAL PROPERTY A	A COLUMN		1.00	
	101	4 School Private		100 100 100	14.1		100	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
		5 Pagoda		1. 1. 1. 1.	Encre	paching	1.1	1 20.0
	200	1 Unpaved Access Road	14	States at 1		Idings		ALC: NOT BEEN
	200	2 Land filling		7 6 6	Dui	luings	100	THE TRUE I
	200	3 Sewage	1.0		44.1	A	1240	10.00
	200	4 Paved Access Road	12	CONTRACTOR OF STREET, STRE	and the second	Λ		
	300	1 KM post	100	Road	-			
	300	2 Pylon L	100	center line	_			
	300	3 Pylon R		center and	_			
	300	4 Street Light		ROW				1000
	300	5 Signboard public					100-21	4.3
	300	6 Signboard private		bounda	ry 🕈	1000	(P)	and the second second
	333	3 ROW pole	100	Ch. Sold Land Street, Sold Street, Sold Street, St	and the second	1000	100	1000
	399	9 GCP	100	The Party of the P	1. 1.1.0	A	1.00	
	400	1 Open area	1.7		10 10	3 2 4	1. 1.10	and the second
	400	2 Parking		States -	Contraction of the second	12 BR. 100	Contraction of the second	
		9 with Description		THE OWNER OF TAXABLE AND				

គំនិតគោលក្នុងការធ្វើចំណាត់ថ្នាក់ការពារការទន្ទ្រានដី ចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

- 🗕 បង្កើតចំណាត់ថ្នាក់ចំនួន ៣ប្រភេទអោយផ្អែកលើលក្ខខណ្ឌ ឬស្ថានភាពនៃ ការទទ្រានដាក់ស្តែង។
- (1)តំបន់ទីប្រជុំជន (2) តំបន់សក្តានុពល និង (3)តំបន់ដែលមានប្រជា ជនរស់នៅគឺច
- ចំណាក់ថ្នាក់តំបន់សម្រាប់ផែនការការពារការទន្ទ្រានដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់
 ធ្វើឡើងដោយផ្អែកលើចំនួននៃសំណង់ដែលបានទន្ទ្រាន។

ចំណាត់ថ្នាក់គិតជា ដួក (Block unit)

	-	
		the state of the state of the second second second second
Populated (Dense)	So many buildings exist in the ROW area.	
Potential (Semi-Dense)	Many buildings exist in the ROW area, but the majority of them are displaceable easily.	by GIS Application / Database Function Populated
Non Dense (Open, Few House)	Several buildings exist in the ROW area. The empty area dose not exist there.	Potenial Non Dense
•	•	-

-	្រូ (១។ កែមេតាក់ ទោះសម្រាប់ជ្រើសរើសការការការទន្ទោនដីជំណីផ្លូវខុសប្បាប់ ដើម្បីធ្វើជំណាក់ថ្នាក់ក់បន់អាទិ - បង្កើតលក្ខន្តិកៈសម្រាប់ជ្រើសរើសការការការទន្ទោនដីជំណីផ្លូវខុសប្បាប់ ដើម្បីធ្វើជំណាក់ថ្នាក់ក់បន់អាទិ - ច្រើសរើសក់បន់អាទិកាពសម្រាប់ការអនុវត្តវិជីសាស្រការពារការទន្ទោនដីជំណីផ្លូវខុសប្បាប់										
-	ជ្រើសរើស	ເຮັບຮ່ະຄ	ទិភាពសម្រ	าปหาเหล	វត្តវិជីសាស្ត្រ	าคารตารค	ារទន្ត្រានដ័	់ណ៍ដូ វខុ	សច្បាប់		
-	- ធ្វើផែនការ និងអនុវត្តវិធីសាស្ត្របញ្ឈលគ្នាទាំងវិធីសាស្ត្រទន់ និងរឹង។ ធ្វើកំណត់ក្រា និងបច្ចុប្បន្នភាពវិធី សាស្ត្រការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់ទៅក្នុងទិន្នន័យកោលសម្រាប់ការក្រប់ក្រងដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ										
-	ពិចារណា	និងអភិវ) សម្រាប់ទិន្	ន្ទន័យកោ	លក្នុងក្រប់	ក្រុងនីចំព	រា័ដ្ឋវ		_
	Crite	ria 1	Crite	ria 2	Crite	ria 3	Crite	ria 4	Criter	ria 5	
	open area	4001	filing_unpaved	2001	building	1001	mobile shop	1007	wet land	4030	
	bush	4050			builtup area	4000			rice field	4040	
	At leas	At least 30% N/A		N/	N/A		N/A		A	I	
	N	N/A At least 1		N/A		N/A		N/A		1	
	N	/A	N	/A	At least 60%		N/A		N/A		Î.
	N	/A	N	/A	N/A		at least 60		N/A		1
	N	/A	N	/A	N/A		N/A		At least 60%		Î.
	N	/a Hi	gh N	/A	N/	A Mi	ddle N/A		LIQIW		1
ard pproa hes	ROW Pole, Fence, Signboard		ROW Pole	2	ROW Pole, ROW Marking Plate		ROW Pole, ROW Marking Plate, Guard Fence		Growing Tree		1

លក្ខន្តិកៈសម្រាប់ជ្រើសរើសការការពារការទន្ទ្រានដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវខុស ច្បាប់ ដើម្បីវៀបចំផែនការកម្រោងសាកល្បងសម្រាប់ការពារការទន្ទ្រានដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

គ្រោងការសម្រាប់វិធីសាស្ត្រការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

🖕 ចំនុចសម្រាប់ការពិភាក្សា

1.6

ពិព

អ្នក

អ្នកចូលរួម

Ha Ap

ក្រុមការងារពិចារណាលើ៖

សកម្មភាពសម្រ គម្រោងនាអនា	ទាប់ គត	សកម្មកាពសម្រាប់គរម្រាងដែលមានស្រាប់												
	វិធីស	ស្ត្រេរឹង							វិធីរ	សាត្រ្	រទន់			
ប្លង់ផ្លូវថ្មី			រតម្លើ	រុងបរ	ក្វោរ	ា និ	ារអនុទ្ វការចុ	ព្វាត បញ្ណី	ការ អ	ត្រតពិ និឯកា ន្តរាគា	និត្យ រេ មន័		លីករ យេល់	ម្ចេស់ ដើង
ការសាងសង់ផ្លូវចាប់ពីក្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវដោយទុកដី ចំបារនាំកណ្ដាល ការសាងសង់ផ្លូវលោបជាក្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ	្ត្រី ការដឹកប្រឡាយជាព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ	ឆ្នាំងស្លាកសញ្ញាដ៏ចំណ័ផ្លូវ ហង្កាលដ៏ចំណ័ផ្លូវ	104	ការដាំងើមឈើ	ះដ្ឋារទទាល់ទ្រងចរបង្ហះ នាងក្រឡាពណ៍សម្រាប់សំគាល់ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ	ការអនុញ្ញា គសាង សង់ឆ្នាំធ្វល សាគសំគាល់មេដំអីធំណីរវ	ការចុះបញ្ហីដីចំណីផ្លូវ	ការអនុញ្ញាតប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ	បណ្ដឹងទៅតុលាការ	ការសហការជាមួយអាជ្ញាធរមួលដ្ឋាន	សកម្មភាពធុះល្បាតទៀងទាត់	មន្ត្រីមូលដ្ឋាន	សិស្សូវិទ្យាល័យ និងសាកលវិទ្យាល័យ	ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ

វិធីសាស្ត្រការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់ ដែលត្រូវពិភាក្សា

🗅 ប្រភេទវិជីសាស្ត្រទន់

ការលើកកម្ពស់ការយល់ដឹង ការប្រជុំពិគ្រោះពិភាក្សាជាសាជារណៈ ដែលនឹងគ្រូវរៀបចំ

គោលដៅ: ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ និងសិស្សានុសិស្ស គោលចំណង: ចង្កើនការយល់ដឹងស្តីពីដីចំណីផ្លូវ ច្បាប់នៃការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ និងចង្កើនទំនាក់ទំនងជាមួយប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ

ការត្រតពិនិត្យ និងការអន្តរាគមន៍

ការចុះល្បាត និងការណែនាំផ្នែករដ្ឋបាលគួរតែអនុវត្ត កេចុះស្បាក ចងកោះគោនថាឆ្នាំកម្ពុជលិចក្លាតាមេចុក្ត គោលដៅ៖ មន្រីមន្ទីរសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន មន្រីស្រក និងអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន គោលបំណង៖ ការិបារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់ ការិងារដែលមានប្រសិទ្ធិភាពជាមួយ

ផែនទីស្តីពីករក្រប់គ្រងដ៏ធំណីផ្លូវ រក្សាកំណត់ត្រជាមួយទិន្នន័យគោលសម្រាប់ការគ្រប់គ្រងដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ ការអនុញ្ញាត និងការចុះបញ្ណិ៍

ការចុះបញ្ណ៍ និងការអនុញ្ញាតលើការប្រើប្រាស់ដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ គឺចាំបាច់ គោលដៅ៖ មន្រ្ទីមន្ទីរសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន មន្រ្ទីស្រុក និងអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន គោលបំណង៖ ឯកសាររដ្ឋបាល និងកំណត់ត្រាភស្តតាង

ការលើកកម្ពស់ការយល់ដឹង

ប្រហែល ៥០នាក់ គឺល្អ

ការប្រងុំពិគ្រោះយោបល់សាធារណៈដាមួយប្រដាពលរដ្ឋ វិធីវ

វិធីសាស្ត្រ		ការលើកកម្ពស់ការយល់ដឹងរបស់ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋស្តីពីដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ
ពិពណ៌នា		អាចធ្វើទៅបានតាមរយះការរៀបចំកិច្ចប្រជុំពិគ្រោះយោបល់ជាសាធារណៈ យុទ្ធនាការផ្សព្វផ្សាយជាដើម
អ្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ		ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ មេឃុំ និងមេភូមិ (ក្រសួងមហាផ្ទៃ)
ចំណាយ (ទាប និងខ្ព	រុស់)	ចំណាយទាប
	ក្រ កា បើ កា នេ	នើ: សួង និងមន្ទីរសាធារណការ និងដីកងញ្ញន និងទទួលខុសត្រូវក្នុង រវៀបចំកិច្ចប្រងុំពិគ្រោះយោបល់វាសាធារណៈ ដូចខាងក្រោមរ មកម្រោងការងារចៃកា និងង្កល់វាឯកសារកំរូ និងផួយគាំទ្រ សិនដាចាំបាច់ រប្រជុំ ពិគ្រោះយោបល់វាសាធារណៈវាមួយប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ ថ្ងៃសាទិត្យ ទី២១ ខែមេសា ២០១៩
ទីតាំង	តើកន្លែង	ណាដែលសមស្រប?

បើសិនច្រើនជាង ៥០នាក់ នឹងបែកចែងជា២ក្រុម៖ ព្រឹក និងថ្ងៃ

ការលើកកម្ពស់ការយល់ឌីង

	ការលើកកម្ពស់ការយល់ដឹងរបស់និស្សិត ឫសិស្សស្តិពីដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ
ពិពណ៌នា	 គំនិតគោលស្តីពីដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ គួរតែបញ្ចូលក្នុងកម្មវិធីសិក្សារបស់វិទ្យាល័យ ដែលជាផ្នែកនៃសុវត្ថិភាពផ្លូវថ្នល់
	-មៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលាស្តីពីសុវត្ថិភាពផ្លូវថ្នល់ និងដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវសម្រាប់និស្សិតមហាវិទ្យាល័យ
	−ជាប្រធានបទសម្រាប់ការពិភាក្សាវវាងសិស្សាខុសិស្សក្នុងកម្មវិធីទូរទស្សន៍
អ្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ	សិស្សវិទ្យាល័យ ប្រនិស្សិតមហាវិទ្យាល័យ (ក្រសួងអប់រំ យុវជន និងកីឡា)
	នំណាយទាប
ېرې سېر	ង និងមន្ទីរសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ញន និងទទួលខុសត្រូវក្នុងការរៀបបំ ប្រជុំពឺក្រោះយោបល់ថាសាធារណៈ ដូចខាងក្រោមរ គម្រោងការងារចៃកា និងផ្តល់ផាងកសារករ្យ និងដួយគាំទ្របើសិនដាចាំបាប់
ការប្រ	ប្រជុំ ពិគ្រោះយោបល់ជាសាធារណៈជាមួយប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ ថ្ងូជន្ម ទី២២ ខែមេសា ២០១៩ (កន្លះថ្ងៃ)
ទីតាំង វិទ្យាល័យ ឫក៍សា	កលវិទ្យាល័យ?
អ្នកចូលរួម សិស្សានុសិស្សទាំវ	ងអស់។ តើមានចំនួនប៉ុន្មាននាក់?

ការលើកកម្ពស់ការយល់ឌីង

កិច្ចប្រងុំពិភាក្សាស្តីពីការការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

វិធីសាស្ត្រ	ការលើកកម្ពស់ការយល់ដឹងរបស់មន្ត្រីស្តីពីការគ្រប់គ្រងដីចំណីផ្លូវ
ពិពណ៌នា	−មៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលាស្តីពីការគ្រប់គ្រងដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវសម្រាប់អាជ្ញាធរ និងភ្នាក់ងារដែលពាក់ព័ន្ធ
	−ក្នុងកិច្ចប្រជុំប្រចាំខែនៅថ្នាក់ស្រុក ឫឃុំ ស្ថានភាពដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវគួរតែបញ្ចូលក្នុងរបៀបវារៈប្រជុំ ដើម្បី
	រំលឹកដល់អាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋានពីការទទួលខុសត្រូវរបស់គាត់។
អ្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ	អាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន មន្ត្រីសុរិយាដ៏ស្រុក (ក្រសួងមហាផ្ទៃ និងក្រសួងរៀបចំដែនដ៏ នគរូបនីយកម្ម និង
	សំណង់)
ចំណាយ (ទាប និងខ្ពស់)	ចំណាយទាប
	សំនើ: គើមានមតិយោបល់បន្ថែមលើវិធីសាស្ត្ររៀបចំ កាលវិភាគ និងមាគិក

ការត្រួតពិនិត្យ និងការអន្តរាគមន៍

🗖 ការរប្បាត	
វិធីសាស្ត្រ	ការលើកកម្ពស់សកម្មភាពល្បាតទៀងទាត់ដើម្បីការពារការទន្ទ្រានដី ចំណីផ្លូវ
ពិពណ៌នា	 មន្ត្រីមន្ទី៖ ដូមត្រើកវិជាលើយសាធរណាកាស្រុក ចុះល្បាតការទទ្រ្តានដ៏ចំណ័ន្ធវ ដែលជាផ្នែកក្នុងសកម្មភាពថែទាំន្នវ មើសវិនជាកាយើញការទទ្រ្តានដ៏ចំណ័ន្ធវ មន្ត្រីក្រោយការទៅរកច្នានារបូលដ្ឋានឲ្យចាត់វិធានការបន្ត មើសវិនជាកញ្ចុនទៅខមានវិតានការបន្តខ្ញុំដំរូលពេលការ និងដឹក៩ញូខត្រូវវាយការទៅក្រសួងសាធរណាការ និងដឹក៩ញូខ ឲ្យចាត់វិតានការបន្តខ្ញុំនូស
អ្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ	មន្ត្រីមន្ទីរ និងមន្ត្រីការិយាល័យសាធារណការស្រុក (ក្រសួងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន)
ចំណាយ (ទាប និងខ្ពស់)	ចំណាយទាប
6	



ស់នើ: ថ្ងៃស្អែក យើងនឹងទៅឃុំជ្រៃជាក់ និងអនុវត្តការល្បាត ជាឧទាហរណ៍៖ កែជាដំបូង យើងអាចមើលវីដេអូសិន៖

ការត្រួតពិនិត្យ និងការអន្តរាគមន៍

🗖 កិច្ចសហការ	
វិធីសាស្ត្រ	ការលើកកម្ពស់កិច្ចសហការរវាងប៉ូលីស និងអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន និងមន្ទីរសាធារណ ការ និងដឹកជញ្ជូន
ពិពណ៌នា	បន្ទាប់ពីបានទទួលព័ត៌មានពីមន្ត្រីមន្ទីរសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន អាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាននឹងសហការជាមួយប៉ូលីសមូលដ្ឋាន
	និងមន្ត្រីមន្ទីរសើម្បីនិយាយជាមួយអ្នកទន្ទ្រានដើម្បីបញ្ចប់ការទទ្រ្ទាន។
	បើសិនជាមិនអាចដោះស្រាយបាន អាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាននឹងចេញសំបុត្រព្រមានដល់អ្នកដែលទទ្រានដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ។
អ្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ	មន្ទីរ (ក្រសួងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន) និងអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន និងចុំលីស (ក្រសួងមហាផ្ទៃ)
ចំណាយ (ទាប និងខ្ពស់)	<u>ร</u> ้ณาพราช



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ស់នើ:
កើបច្ឆប្បន្នអ្នកធ្វើកិច្ចសហការតាមរបៀបណា?
កើវាអាចទៅរួចទេ?
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ការត្រួតពិនិត្យ និងការអន្តរាគមន៍

🗖 តុលាការ

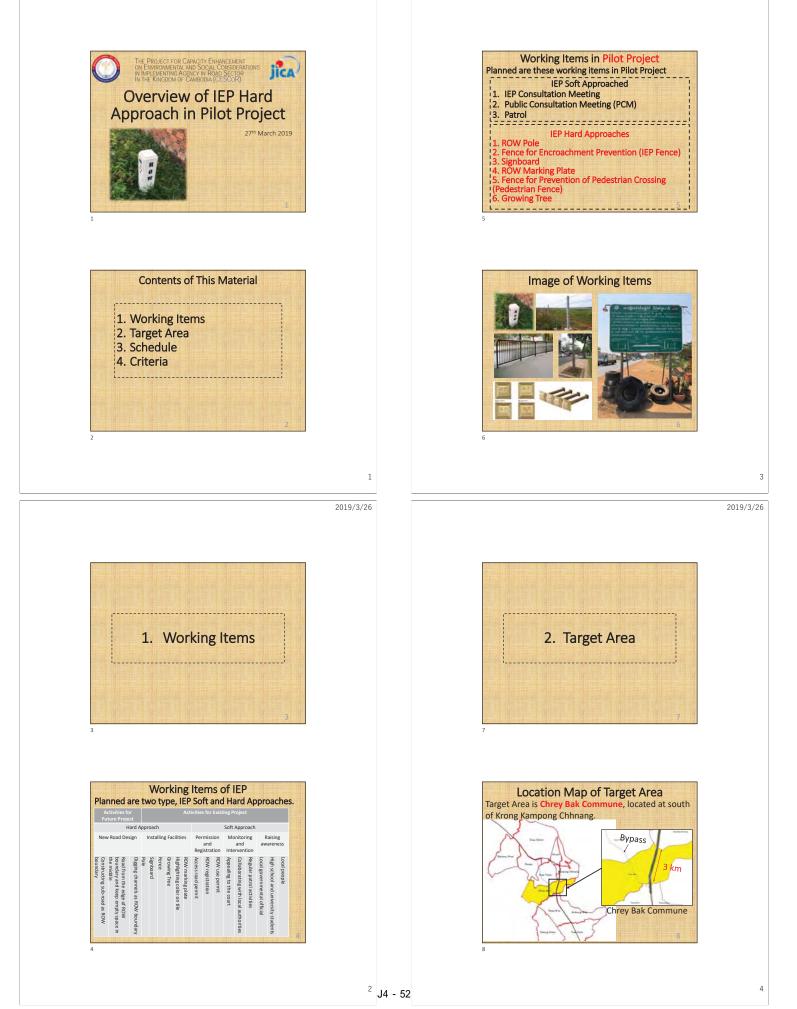
វិធីសាស្ត្រ	បណ្តឹងទៅតុលាការ
ពិពណ៌នា	មើសិនជាបញ្ហាមិនអាចដោះស្រាយបាន ការពិន័យផ្នែករដ្ឋបាល ឬសកម្មភាពជាក់លាក់ ណាមួយនឹងដាក់ជាបណ្តីងទៅតុលាការ
អ្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ	មខ្លីរ (ក្រសួងសាធារណការ ខិងដឹកជញ្ចូខ) ខិងអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាខ ខិងប៉ូលីស (ក្រសួរ មហាផ្ទៃ)
ចំណាយ (ទាប និងខ្ពស់)	ចំណាយតិច
សំរេ. កើរ	ទី: មានទីកិរិធីច្បាប់ដែរឬទេ?

ការអនុញ្ញាត និងការចុះបញ្ជី

ការអនុញ្ញាត	
វិធីសាស្ត្រ	ការអនុញ្ញាតប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ
ពិពណ៌នា	ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋអាចស្នើសមការអនុញ្ញាត បើសិនជាគាត់ចង់ប្រើប្រាស់ដីនៅក្នុងដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវជាប ណ្តោះអាសន្ន ឬក៍ក្រុមហ៊ុនឯកជនចង់តម្លើងបរិក្ខារ
អ្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ	មន្ទីរ (ក្រសួងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន) និងអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន (ក្រសួងមហាផ្ទៃ)
ចំណាយ (ទាប និងខ្ពស់)	ចំណាយតិច
18	ទើ: អែាចទៅរួចដែរប្សទេ? រំអ្នកណាជាអ្នកផ្តល់សិទ្ធសាងសង់?

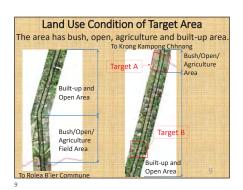
⇒ការអនុញ្ញាត រិធីសាស្ត្រ	ការអនុញ្ញាតសាងសង់ផ្លូវចូល						
ពិពណ៌នា	ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋអាចស្នើសុំការអនុញ្ញាត បើសិនជាគាត់ចង់ចាក់បំពេញដីដើម្បីសង់ផ្លូវចូល						
អ្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ	មឌ្ទីរសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចុន (ក្រសួងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចុន)						
ចំណាយ (ទាប និងខ្ពស់							
	ស់នើ: កើអាជទៅរួចដែរឬទេ? កើដ្នកណាជាអ្នកថ្តល់សិទ្ធសាងសង់?						
ការត្រតព័	និត្យ និងការអនុរាគមន៍						
	និត្យ និងការអន្តរាគមន៍						
ការចុះបញ្ញី ^{ធំសាស្ត្រ}	ការចុះបញ្ចីដីចំណីផ្លូវ						
្ធការចុះបញ្ញី ធំសាស្ត្រ រិតណិនា							
ការចុះបញ្ញី ផែសាស្ត្រ តំតណំនា ម្នកពាក់ព័ន្ធ	ការចុះបញ្ណិដីចំណិន្ត្រវ និចំណីផ្លូវចុះបញ្ណិជាចូនវិតអោយក្រសួងរៀបចំដែនដី ឧត្តបន័យកម្ម និងសំណង់ ក្រសួងរៀបចំដែនដី ឧត្តបន័យកម្ម និងសំណង់						
ការទ្រុះ បញ្ញី ការចុះបញ្ញី តែសាស្ត្រ តំពណ៌នា ផ្នពពាក់ព័ន្ធ ចំណាយ (ទាប និងខ្ពស់	ការចុះបញ្ណិដីចំណិន្ត្រវ និចំណីផ្លូវចុះបញ្ណិជាចូនវិតអោយក្រសួងរៀបចំដែនដី ឧត្តបន័យកម្ម និងសំណង់ ក្រសួងរៀបចំដែនដី ឧត្តបន័យកម្ម និងសំណង់						

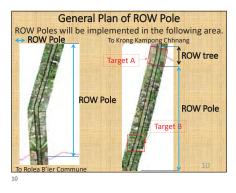




2019/3/26

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2019/3/26

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2019/3/26

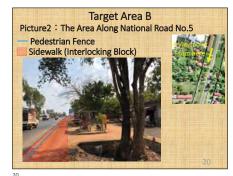




2019/3/26

9







Target Area B Picture4 : Unnamed Road (Earth Road) ROW Marking Plate

11

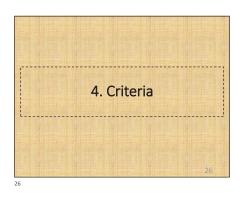
2019/3/26





2019/3/26

Item	Date
Invitation to Contractor	3 rd April 2019
Signing of Contract	9 th April 2019
Kick-off Meeting	10 th April 2019
Construction starts	22 nd April 2019
Contractual maturity date	31 st July 2019
Please kindly let us adjust kick- public relevant officials and the commence the construction we	Contractor to



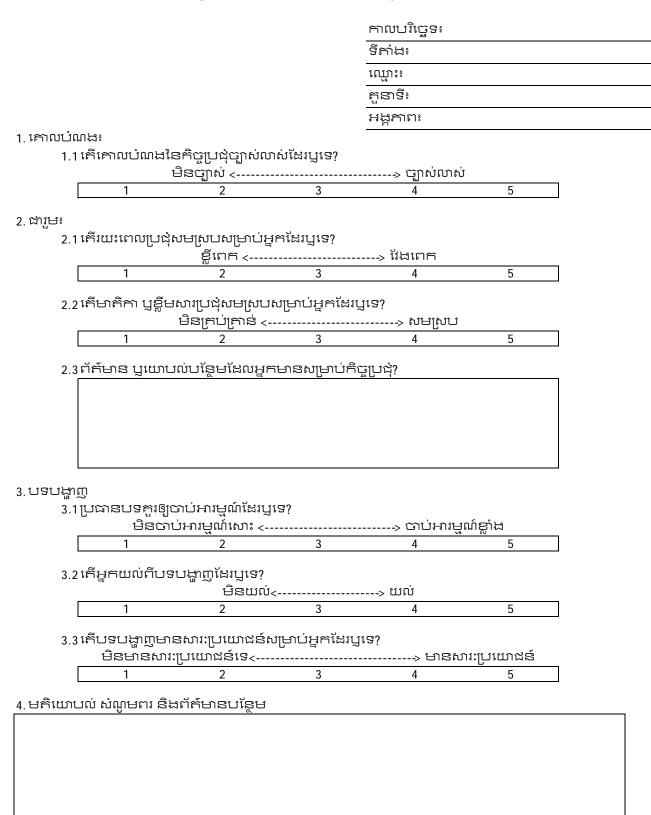
13

2019/3/26

Crite	rin 1	Crite	rin 2	Criter	rin 2	Crite	rin 4	Criter	ria 6
open area	4001	filling_	2001	building	1001	Temporary 1000		wet land	4030
bush	4050	unpaved	2001	builtup area	4000	Booth	Booth		4040
At leas	it 30%	N	A	N	A	N	A	N/A	
N	A	At least 1		N/A		N∕A		N/A	
N	A	N	A	At leas	it 60%	N	A	N/A	
N	A	N	A	N	Ά	at lea	st 60	N/A	
N	A	N	A	N	A	N	A	At least 60%	
N	A	N	A	N	A	N	A	N/A	
	Hi	gh		Middle			Low		

			IEP Hard	Approad	:h		
Criteria	ROW Poles	IEP Fence	Signboard	Marking ROW plate	Pedestrian Fence	Growing tree	
1		•	•	maan			Target A
2	•						Treesto
3							Target B
5			2			•	
6	•	Sonar		Sale al		Stands-	
	0						ea. But, In Pilo can't be

បញ្ជីសំនួរសម្រាប់កិច្ចប្រជុំពិភាក្សាស្តីពីការការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់ ថ្ងៃទី ២៧ និងទី២៨ ខែមិនា ឆ្នាំ២០១៩





កិច្ចប្រជុំពិគ្រោះយោបល់ជាសាធារណៈ ស្តីពី ការលើកកម្ពស់សមត្ថភាពយល់ដឹងស្តីពីការ ប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ

គម្រោងស្តីពីការពង្រឹងសមត្ថភាពលើការពិចារណាផ្នែក បរិស្ថាន និងសង្គមក្នុងអង្គភាព ប្រតិបត្តិលើវិស័យផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា (CESCOR)



សាលប្រជុំស្រុករលាប្អៀរ ខេត្តកំពង់ឆ្នាំង ថ្ងៃសៅរ៍ ទី២០ ខែមេសា ឆ្នាំ២០១៩



FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT: OFFICE +855(0)61-960-213

របៀបវារ:

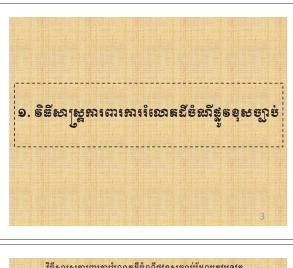
កិច្ចប្រជុំពិគ្រោះយោបល់ជាសាធារណ:

ស្តីពីការលើកកម្ពស់សមត្ថភាពយល់ដឹងលើការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ និងសកម្មភាពរបស់គម្រោងស្តីពីការពង្រឹងសមត្ថភាពលើការពិចារណាផ្នែក បរិស្ថាន និង សង្គមក្នុងអង្គភាពប្រតិបត្តិលើវិស័យផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា (CESCoR)

ម៉ោង	កម្មវិធី
08:00 - 08:30	ចុះឈ្មោះចូលរួម
08:30 - 08:40	សុន្ធរកថាបើកកម្មវិធី
	ប្រធាននាយកដ្ឋានហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធផ្លូវថ្នល់ ក្រសូងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន
08:40 - 08:45	ការពន្យល់ពីកម្មវិធី និងបញ្ចីសំនូរ
	មន្ត្រី ក្រសូងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ជូន
08:45 - 09:00	ការពន្យល់ពីច្បាប់ បទបញ្ញាត្តិ មុខងារ និងការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ
	ប្រធានការិយាល័យដីចំណីផ្លូវ ក្រស្ទងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន
09:00 - 09:10	ការពន្យល់ពីសកម្មភាពរបស់អាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋានក្នុងការគ្រប់គ្រងដីចំណីផ្លូវ
	មន្ត្រីបច្ចេកទេស មន្ទីរសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ជូនខេត្តកំពង់ឆ្នាំង
09:10 - 09:20	ការពន្យល់ពីសកម្មភាពការពារការទន្រ្ទានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់
	សមាជិកក្រុមគម្រោងចៃកា '
09:20 - 09:40	វគ្គសំនូវ និងចម្លើយ
09:40 - 09:50	វគ្គបំពេញបញ្ជីសំនូវ
09:50 - 10:05	វគ្គប្រគល់លិខិតបញ្ជាក់ការចូលរួម
	សាលាឃុំជ្រៃបាក់
10:05 - 10:10	សុន្ធរកឋាបិទកម្មវិធី
	មន្ត្រី ក្រសូងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ជូន
10:10 - 10:20	ថតរូបអនុស្សាវរីយ៍

សាលប្រជុំស្រុករលាប្អៀរ ថ្ងៃសៅរ៍ ទី២០ ខែមេសា ឆ្នាំ២០១៩









ម្រនោនទំនិសាស្ត្រនន់ កិច្ចប្រជុំពិគ្រោះយោបល់ជាសាធារណៈ

ការប្រជុំពិក្រោះពិភាគក្សាដាសាធារណៈ ដែលនឹងក្រុករៀបដាំ គោលនៅ. ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ សិស្សានុសិស្ស និងទន្លើគាត់ព័ន្ធ អាលប៉ណន: បង្កើនការដល់ដឹងស៊ីន៍ដ៏ធំណីផ្ទូ និងច្បាប់ ព្រមទាំងបង្កើនទំនាក់ទំនងជាមួយប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ

ការត្រតពិនិត្យ និងការអន្តរាគមន៍

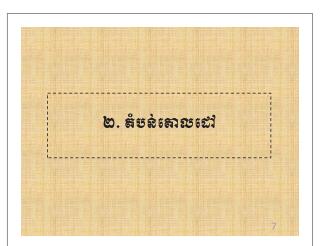
ការចុះល្បាត និងការណែនាំផ្ទៃកុរដ្ឋលាលក្លូរតែអនុវត្ត កោបដោះ មន្ត្រីមន្ទីលោការណាកា និងដឹកជញ្ជូន មន្ត្រីស្រាត និងអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន ភោលដលាង៖ ការពារការទន្ទ្រានដ៏ទំណីផ្ទះសុចក្លាប់ ការជាដើរលមានប្រសិទ្ធិភាពជាមួយ ផែនទីស្តីពីការត្រប់គ្រងដ៏ទំណីផ្ទះ រក្សាកំណត់ក្រោជាមួយទិន្នន័យគោលសម្រាប់ការគ្រប់ក្រុងដ៏ទំណីផ្ទះ

ការអនុញ្ញាត និងការចុះបញ្លី

ការចុះបញ្ណី និងការអនុញ្ញាតលើការប្រើប្រាស់ដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ គឺចាំបាច់

កោលដៅ៖ មន្ត្រីមន្ទីរសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ជូន មន្ត្រីស្រុក និងអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន គោលបំណង៖ ឯកសាររដ្ឋបាល និងកំណត់ត្រាកសុក្តាង





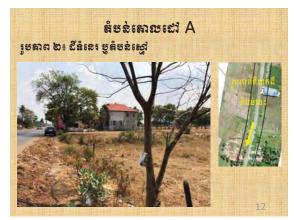


J4 - 59



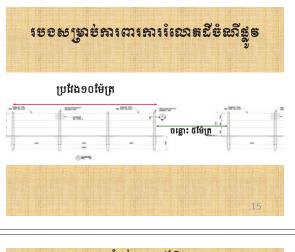


918









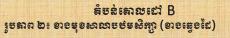


J4 - 60

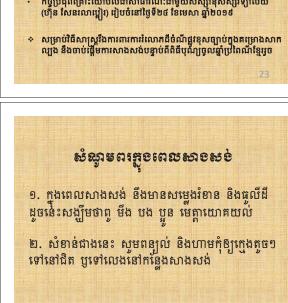










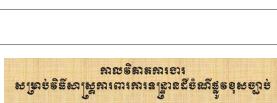


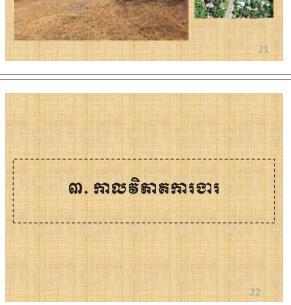
24

- កិច្ចប្រជុំពិគ្រោះយោបល់ជាសាធារណៈជាមួយសិស្សានុសិស្សវិទ្យាល័យ (ហ៊ិន សែនរលាប្អៀវ) រៀបចំនៅថ្ងៃទី២៥ ខែមេសា ឆ្នាំ២០១៩ .

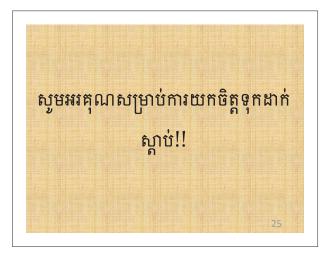
- កិច្ចប្រជុំតិគ្រោះរយាបល់ជាសាធារណះជាមួយប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ (ឃុំជ្រៃបាក់) រៀបចំនៅថ្ងៃទី២០ ខែមេសា ឆ្នាំ២០១៩

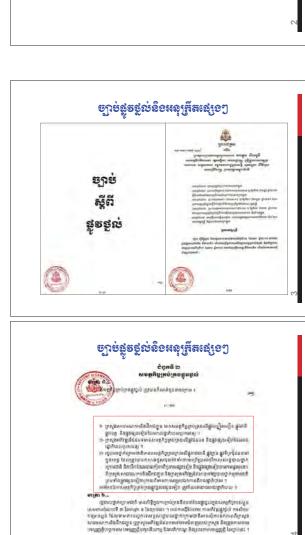
🔹 កាលវិភាគការងារសម្រាប់វិធីសាស្ត្រទន់ក្នុងគម្រោងសាកល្បងមានដូចជា៖

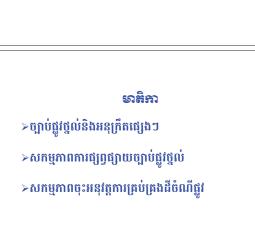












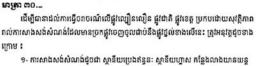


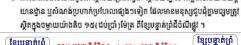
ត្រសូចសាឆាលោភារនិចដឹកខញ្ហន

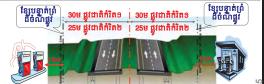
ទទួំសេឆាលេភានេិចដឹក៩ញូន ខេត្តកំពច់ឆ្នាំច

មធមច្ឆាញដោយ លោក អៀច ហ៊ុរ រូមធានភារិយាល័យសាធារណភារ

ຍຸວຍສູ່ຮູ້ຮູ້ໝໍລິອະເລງສົສເສງອງ











ຍຸງາວສູ່ອອູ່ໜໍລິອະເຈຸເກີສແສ່ເອງ

ការពង្រឹងការក្រប់គ្រងនិងការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ៖ ដើម្បីគ្រប់គ្រង ការពារ និងថែរក្សាដីចំណីផ្លូវឱ្យបាន ម៉ឺងចំតេំ ព្រមទាំងការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវឱ្យបានត្រឹមគ្រូវ ស្រតោមច្បាប់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ អនុក្រឹត្យ បទបញ្ហា និង លិខិតបទម្លាំនគតិយត្តថាតាត់ផ្លូវនិងការចេញប័ណ្ណកម្មឱ្យបើលិខិតកាល់ជាមួលបានផ្លែងលិខិតអនុញ្ញាត សាងសង់ត្រូវអនុវត្តតាមចំណុចទី១ ទី២ និងចំណុចទី៣ មក្រភាពា០ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពីផ្លូវថ្នល់៖ – ការសាងសង់សំណង់ដូចជា ស្ថាឌីយប្រេងឥទ្ធនេះ ស្ថានីយហ្គាស កន្លែងលាងបានយន្ត យនដ្ឋាន ឬសំណង់ដូចហាក់ប្រើសារផ្សេងខេត្តតាមពេលទីអនុវាហ្ម – ការសាងសង់សំណង់ដូចជា ស្ថាឌីយប្រេងឥទ្ធនេះ ស្ថានីយហ្គាស កន្លែងលាងបានយន្ត យនដ្ឋាន តិច ១៨(ដល់ប្រាំ)ស៊ែត ពីខ្សែបន្ទាក់ប្រៃដីចំណីផ្លូវ។ – ការសាងសង់ដែរសាលាពល់ជាសក ហាត់ទីនាក់ខេត្តទេ ន៍ពីសនយោភ បាងឃោលសេ បន្តីពេល G-

- - តថ ១៩(លេប្រា)រមត្រ ពនៀបគ្នាព្រៃដែលរដ្ឋរ។ ការសាងសង់មជ្ឈមណ្ឌលពាណិដ្ឋកម្ម លហ្កីឱឬរ៉ុងទី ទីលានប្រកួត ដោងមហាស្រព មន្ទីពេទ្យ គ្រឹះស្ថានសិក្សា ការរៀបចំផ្សារ ផ្សាណាត់ ពិតរំណ៍ទំនិញ ឬកិច្ចការផ្សេងទៀត ដែលមានមនុស្ស ផ្ទបជុំគ្នាច្រើនត្រូវស្ថិតក្នុងចទូរយល់រងតិចបំផុត៥០(ហាសិប)ម៉ែត្រពីខ្សែបន្ទាត់ព្រំដ៏បំណីផ្លូវផ្តល់។
- ៤.២ អាជ្ញាធរមូលម្អាននិងរដ្ឋបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោមជាតិ ភូមិ ឃុំ ស្រុក ខេត្ត សូមធ្វើការហាមឃាត់ និងចូលរួមផ្ដល់ កិច្ចសហការ និងអន្តរាគមន៍ទប់ស្កាត់ការរំលោកចូលទន្ត្រានកាន់កាប់ដី ឬការប្រើប្រាស់ពីចំណីរដ្ឋវនុស ច្បាប់ដូចក្នុងចំណុចទី១ និងចំណុចទី២ខាងលើ។
 - ព្រមធ្មួចក្នុងចណ្តចទី១ និងចំណុចទី២ខាងលើ។ ក្នុងករណីទីតាំងនៃបណ្តាញផ្លូវទាំងឲ្យរាយណាដែលគណៈកម្មការអន្តរក្រសួងដោះស្រាយផលប៉ះ ពាល់បានដោះស្រាយទូទាត់សំណងដូចហើយនិងមានការសាងសង់ផ្លូវពួចរាល់ អាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន និង រដ្ឋបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោមដាតិសូមបាមឃាត់ និងទប់ស្កាត់លើការទម្រានកាន់កាប់ និងប្រើប្រាស់ដោយ ខុសច្បាប់ដាថ្មី។
 - ទួលឲ្យចោយថ្នូវ ក្នុងការណ៍ដែលមានការកាន់កាប់ សាងសង់ និងច្រើប្រាស់ពីមុនថ្ងៃដែលច្បាប់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ប៉ុលជាជាមាន (ថ្ងៃទី០៤ ខែឧសភា ឆ្នាំ២០១៤) សូមអាត្ថាធម្មលផ្ទាន និងធ្វេបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោមថាតិផ្ទុយក្សាន្ត ស្ថានភាពដដែលដោយទប់ស្កាត់ការតាំងទីលំនៅប្រព្រំប្រាស់បន្ថែមជាយ៉ាលោកគ្មានការអនុញ្ញាត។ ប្រូវប៉ុន្តាកាងយទិនឲ្យមានការទីភ្នាលកំនិងខិតត្រូវទទួលស្គាល់លិខិតទីគ្នាលក់ឬការផ្ទេរណ្ណោះ។



ಟ ಕತ್ತಕಾಗಪ್ಪದ್ರ ಪ್ರೂ ಅಲ್ಪಾ ಕೆ ಪ್ಲಿ ಕ ಪ್ಲ ಕ ಪ್ರ





ಕು ಕತ್ತ ನಾಗತ್ರದ್ರ ಪ್ರಾಲಕ್ಷ ಶಕ್ಷ ಮ សកម្មភាពចុះផ្សព្វផ្សាយការគ្រប់គ្រងគឺចំណីផ្លូវ នៅសាលាស្រុកទឹកផុស ឆ្នាំ២០១៨

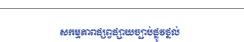


ಟ ಕತ್ತಕಾಗ ಪ್ರದೃಷ್ಛ ಮಾಲ್ಪಾ ಕೆ ಪ್ಲೆ ಕ ಪ್ಲ ಕ ಪ សកម្មភាពចុះផ្សព្វផ្សាយការគ្រប់គ្រងដីចំណីផ្លូវ នៅសាលាស្រកបរិបូរណ៍ ឆ្នាំ២០១៨



















សកម្មតាពអនុចត្តការក្រេចក្រួចដ៏ចំណីដូវ សកម្មភាពចុះពិនិត្យការវិលោភគីចំណីដូវ នៅ ស្រុកទឹកផុស ឆ្នាំ២០១៨





ដូចម្តេចដែលចៅថា ដ៏ចំណីដូចថ្នល់និចភាះច្រើន្ទ្រស់ដ៏ចំណីដូទ?

1.<u>ដីចំណីផ្វវថ្នល់</u>

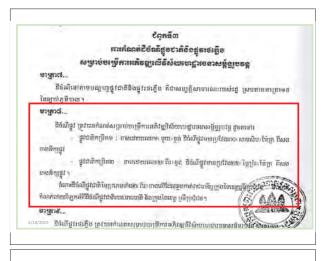
សំដៅដល់ដំំំនៅសងខាងខ្សែបន្ទាត់ផ្ទិតនៃផ្ទុវថ្នល់ ព្រមទាំងទំហំ ចំណីផ្ទូវថ្នល់ទុកបំរុងសម្រាប់ការគ្រប់គ្រង់ ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ និងការ ការពារផ្ទូវថ្នល់ ធានាសុវត្ថិភាពចរាចរណ៍ និងសម្រាប់ការប្រើប្រាស់ បំរើឲ្យការងារហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធរូបវ័ន្តផ្សេងៗទៀត ដែលបានកំណត់ ដោយខ្សែបន្ទាត់ព្រំដីចំណីផ្ទូវ។

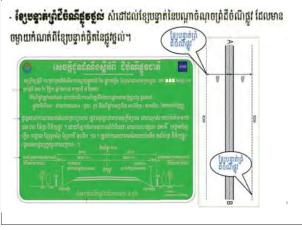
ដូចម្តេចដែលចៅ៩ា ដីចំណិន្តតទួលនិចការច្រើទ្រាស់ដីចំណិន្តត?(ត)

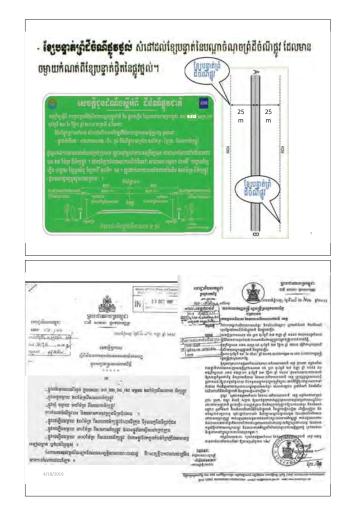
 <u>ដី០ំណីផ្លូវថ្នល់</u> គឺជាដីរបស់រដ្ឋ ដែលគ្រប់ត្រងដោយសមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់ត្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ មានដូចជា៖

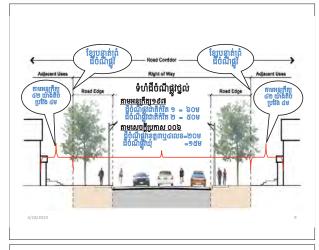
- <u>ក្រសួងសាណាការ និងដឹកជញ្ជូន</u>៖ គ្រប់គ្រងលើផ្ទូវល្បឿនលឿន, ផ្ទូវជាតិ ផ្ទូវខេត្ត និងផ្ទូវផ្សេងទៀតដែលរាជរដ្ឋាភិបាលប្រគល់ឲ្យ។
- <u>ក្រស្នំជ័រអកិវឌ្ឍន៍ជនបទ៖</u> គ្រប់គ្រងលើផ្លូវជនបទ និងផ្លូវផ្សេងទៀតដែលរាជរដ្ឋាភិ បាលច្រតល់ឲ្យ។
- រដ្ឋបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោមជាតិ៖ គ្រប់គ្រងលើផ្ទូវក្នុងរាជធានី, ផ្ទូវក្រុង៍, ផ្ទូវទីប្រជុំជននានា ដែលបានកសាងជួសជុលថែទាំដោយប្រើច្រាស់ថវិការបស់រដ្ឋបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោម ជាតិ និងថវិកាដែលបានរៀបចំចាត់ចែងដោយរដ្ឋបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោមជាតិ និងផ្ទូវ ទាំងឡាយណាដែលបានផ្ទេរមុខងារពីក្រសួងទាំងពីរទាងលើ ព្រមទាំងផ្ទូវផ្សេង ទៀតក្រោយពីមានការសម្រេចឯកភាពពីរាជរដ្ឋាភិបាលប្រគល់ឲ្យ។











3. <u>ការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្ទូវថ្នល់</u>

- ដី០ំណីផ្លូវអាចប្រើប្រាស់បានសម្រាប់គោលបំណងផ្សេង៍១ជាលក្ខណៈបណ្តោះអាសន្ន ដោយមិនត្រូវធ្វើឲ្យប៉ះតាល់ដល់បរិក្ខាឬសំណង់ផ្សេង៍១សម្រាប់សុវត្ថិកាបចរាចរណ៍ឡើយ។

តោមមាត្រាទ៤ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពី ផ្លូវថ្នល់)

ដូចម្តេចដែលចោខា ចិញ្ចើមផ្លូច និចភារច្រើន្ទ្រាស់ចិញ្ចើមផ្លូច?

- <u>ខិញ្ជិមផ្លូវ</u> សំដៅដល់ផ្នែកសងខាងនៃទ្រងផ្លូវក្នុងទីប្រជុំជន ដែលរៀបចំទុក សម្រាប់ថ្មើរជើងធ្វើដំណើរ ដាំដើមឈើ និងតំម្លើងឬកប់បរិក្ខារបម្រើផលប្រយោជន៍ សាធារណៈ។
- <u>ខិញ្ចឹមផ្លូវឬផ្លូវប្មើរដើង</u> ត្រូវប្រើប្រាស់សម្រាប់តែគោលបំណងក្នុងការធ្វើ ចរាចរណ៍ដោយថ្មើរដើង។
- <u>ចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវឬផ្លូវឬើរជើង</u>អាចយកទៅប្រើប្រាស់សម្រាប់គោលបំណងផ្សេងទៀត បានស្របទៅតាមបញ្ញត្តិនៃមាត្រា៤៨នៃច្បាប់ផ្លូវថ្នល់។
- មិនត្រូវអនុវត្តសកម្មភាពដូចទាជក្រោម៖
 - ចំតរថយន្តឬយានជំនិះមិនត្រឹមត្រូវតាមដងផ្លូវ ចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវ និងផ្លូវសម្រាប់ប្មើជើងទុសពីទីតាំង កំណត់។
 - សាងសង់របារកាត់ទទីងផ្លូវ ឬទូលបន្ថយល្បឿន ឬវត្ថុប្រហាក់ប្រហាក់ប្រហែលពីលើផ្លូវថ្នល់
 ដោយគ្មានការអនុញ្ញត្ថភ័
 - ធ្វើសកម្មិភាពផ្សេង៍ទៀតផ្ទុយនឹងច្បាប់ផ្ទុវថ្នល់។

4/18/20

ಕಿಜಾರಿಕ್ಷಾಂಪೆಕೆಜಾಹ್ವಕ (ಕ್ಷೋಕಿಷ್ಟಾಹೆಆಟ್ಟಿಕೆಇಗೆ)



២- ការសាងសងមជ្ឈមណ្ឌលពាណិជ្ជកម្ម ពហុកីឡដ្ឋាន ទីលានប្រភួត រោងមហោស្រពមន្ទ័រ

ពេទ្យ គ្រឹះស្ថានសិក្សា ការរៀបចំផ្សារ ផ្សារណាត់ ពិសំណ៍ទំនិញ ឬកិច្ចការផ្សេងទៀតដែល

ដើម្បីជានាដល់ការធ្វើចរាចរណ៍លើផ្លូវល្បឿនលឿន ផ្លូវជាតិ ផ្លូវខេត្ត ប្រកបដោយសុវត្ថិភាព

១- ការសាងសង់សំណង់ដូចជា ស្ថានីយប្រេងឥទ្ធនៈ ស្ថានីយហ្គាស កន្លែងលាងយានយន្ត

យានដ្ឋាន ឬសំណង់ប្រហាក់ប្រហែលផ្សេងៗទៀត ដែលមានមនុស្សជួបជុំគ្នាមធ្យមត្រូវ

30ម ផ្លូវជាតិកំរិត១

25ម ផ្លូវជាតិកំរិត២ 20ម ផ្លូវខេត្ត ៣ឬ៤លេខ ខ្សែបន្ទាត់ ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ

រាល់ការសាងសង់សំណង់ដែលមានច្រកផ្លូវចេញចូលជាប់នឹងផ្លូវថ្នល់ខាងលើនេះ ត្រូវអនុវត្តដូចខាង

ស្ថិតក្នុងចម្ងាយយ៉ាងតិច ១៥(ដប់ប្រាំ)ម៉ែត្រ ពីខ្សែបន្ទាត់ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ ។

30ម ផ្លូវជាតិកំរិត១

ផ័វជាតិកំរិត២

មាត្រា៣០ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពីផ្លូវថ្នល់

ក្រោម ៖

ខ្សែបន្ទាត់ ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ

អ្នកធ្វើកិច្ចការសាធារណតារដ្ថចជា ការចោះបង្គោលខ្សែភ្លើង ការដាក់លុ ឬកិច្ចការលំបាច់អ្វី មួយបន្ថែមក្នុង តុផ្លូវ ទ្រុងផ្លូវ ជាយផ្លូវ តែមផ្លូវ និងដីនៅសល់នៃដីចំណីផ្លូវ ត្រូវស្នើសុំការអនុញ្ញាតពី សមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ។



មាត្រា៣២ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពីផ្លូវថ្នល់

ការជីកកប់ ការជីកគាស់ ការបោះខ្ទង ឬសកម្មភាពផ្សេងទៀតសម្រាប់បម្រើការងារអាជីវកម្ម ដែលអាចបង្កឲ្យខ្ទួលខាតនិងប៉ះពាល់តុផ្លូវ ទ្រូងផ្លូវ ជាយ ឬចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវ ដីចំណីផ្លូវ និងការដំឡើងឆ្នាំង ផ្សាយពាណិជ្ជកម្ម ឬការលើកតាំងបង្ហាញប៉ាណូរផ្សងៗ នៅតាមដងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ឬដីចំណីផ្លូវ ត្រូវមានការ អនុញ្ញាតជាលាយលក្ខណ៍អក្សាពីសមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់ត្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ។ អ្នកអនុវត្តការងារ ត្រូវបាត់ណែនការសណ្ដាប់ ធ្នាប់ សម្រួលចរាចរណ៍ ការពារនឹងឧបទ្ធវហេតុផ្សេង១ដែលកើតមានឡើងជាយថាហេតុ ការពារបរិស្ថាន ឲ្យបានត្រឹមត្រូវ និងត្រូវគោរពតាមការណែនាំរបស់សមត្ថកិច្ចជំនាញ ។

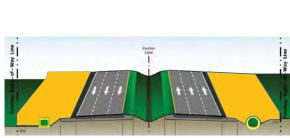
អ្នកអនុវត្តការងារដូចមានចែងក្នុងកហ៊ខណ្ឌខាងលើ បន្ទាប់ពីបញ្ចប់ការងាររបស់ខ្លួន ត្រូវបានា ប្រក្រតីភាពផ្លូវថ្នល់ឲ្យមានស្ថានភាពដូចដើមវិញ ។

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មួយការអ្នកគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ។ ស្ត្រីលែបទ និងនីតិវិធីនៃការស្នើសុំតារអនុញ្ញាត ត្រូវកំណត់ដោយប្រកាសអនុក្រេសួងវាងរដ្ឋមន្ត្រី សម្តាស់គេជាពាការ និងដឹកជំពូន និងរដ្ឋមន្ត្រីក្រសួងអភិវន្តន្រជំនបទ ។

បុគ្គលដែលមានបំណងចាក់ដី ឬធ្វើអ្វីមួយលើដីចំណីផ្លូវ សម្រាប់ធ្វើផ្លូវចេញចូលគេហដ្ឋាន ក្រុម ហ៊ុន ពេងចក្រ សហក្រាស ឬករ័ន្លងផ្សេង១ជាប់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ ត្រូវដាក់ពាក្យស្នើសុំការអនុញ្ញាតជាលាយលក្ខណ៍ អក្សរទៅសមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ឬអ្នកគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ហើយអាចអនុវត្តការងាររបស់ខ្លួនបាន ក្រោយពេលទទួលបានលិខិតអនុញ្ញាតជាផ្លូវការ និងត្រូវគោរពតាមការណែនាំរបស់សមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់គ្រង

មាត្រា៣៦ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពីផ្លូវថ្នល់



(ការវាយតម្លៃសិក្ខាសាលា)

មតិយោបល់របស់អ្នកមានសារសំខាន់ក្នុងការធ្វើឲ្យប្រសើរឡើងការរៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលាលើកក្រោយ។ សូមមេត្តាចំណាយពេល២ទៅ៣នាទីក្នុងការផ្តល់មតិយោបល់ដល់ក្រុមការងាររៀបចំ។

1. បទបង្ហាញទី១ៈ ច្បាប់ បទបញ្ញាត្តិ មុខងារ និងការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ

1.1 តើប្រធានបទស្តីពីដីចំណីផ្លូវ គួរឲ្យចាប់អារម្មណ៏ឬទេ?

មិនចាប់អារម្មណ៍ មិនដឹង ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លះ ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លាំង		0	
	មិនចាប់អារម្មណ៍	HSHAL	ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លាំង

1.2 ក្រោយពីបានស្តាប់បទបង្ហាញ និងកិច្ចពិភាក្សា តើអ្នកយល់ដឹងពីដីចំណីផ្លូវកម្រឹតណាដែរ?

			9
អត់យល់	យល់មិនច្បាស់	យល់ខ្លះ	យល់ច្បាស់

1.3. តើអ្នកនឹងចូលរួមថែរក្សាដីចំណីផ្លូវដោយមិនរំលោភបំពានដីចំណីផ្លូវដែរឬទេ?

4	0 0	U		
	មិនចូលរូម	i	មិនដឹង	ចូលរូម

ហេតុអ្វី

- 2. បទបង្ហាញទី២ៈ ការពន្យល់ពីសកម្មភាពរបស់អាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋានក្នុងការគ្រប់គ្រងដីចំណីផ្លូវ
 - 2.1 តើប្រធានបទស្តីសកម្មភាពរបស់អាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋានក្នុងការគ្រប់គ្រងដីចំណីផ្លូវ គួរឲ្យចាប់ អារម្មណ៍ដែរឫទេ?

មិនចាប់អារម្មណ៍	ទំ ទួក។	ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លះ	ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លាំង

2.2 ក្រោយពីបានស្តាប់បទបង្ហាញ និងកិច្ចពិភាក្សា តើអ្នកយល់ដឹងពីសកម្មភាពក្នុងការគ្រប់គ្រង ដីចំណីផ្លូវបានកម្រឹតណាដែរ?

	អត់យល់	យល់មិនច្បាស់	យល់ខ្លះ	យល់ច្បាស់
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- 3. បទបង្ហាញទី៣ៈ ការពន្យល់ពីសកម្មភាពការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់
 - 3.1 តើប្រធានបទស្តីសកម្មភាពការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់ គូរឲ្យចាប់អារម្មណ៍ដែរ ឫទេ?

មិនចាប់អារម្មណ៍ មិនដឹង	ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លះ	ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លាំង
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3.2 ក្រោយពីបានស្តាប់បទបង្ហាញ និងកិច្ចពិភាក្សា តើអ្នកយល់ដឹងពីសកម្មភាពការពារការ ទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់ បានកម្រឹតណាដែរ?

អត់យល់	យល់មិនច្បាស់	យល់ខ្លះ	យល់ច្បាស់

4. ការរៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលា

4.1 តើសិក្ខាសាលារៀបចំបានល្អទេ?

មិនល្អ មិនដឹង ល្អ

3.2 រយៈពេលនៃការរៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលា

ខ្លីពេក	ល្មម	វែងពេក
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5. ប្រសិនបើមានមតិយោបល់បន្ថែម ស្ងមមេត្តារៀបរាប់ខាងក្រោម

ស្ងូមអរគុណ សូមប្រគល់ក្រដាសនេះទៅឲ្យក្រុមអ្នករៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលានៅពេលបញ្ចប់ ។



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



Date: 20th April, 2019 Time: 8:00am-10:30am Location: at Rolear B'ear District Meeting Hall, Kampong Chhnang Province Topic: Public Consultation Meeting (PCM) on Public Raising Awareness on Right of Way

Attendance List

No	Name	Sex	Position	Institutes	Phone
			MPWT		
1	Chea Samnang	М	Chief Office	ROW Management Office, RID, MPWT	
	E	PWT	Kampong Chhna	ing Province	
2	Chhay Leaphea	М	Deputy Director	Kampong Chhnang DPWT	
3	Ouk Sophea	М	Deputy Office Chief	DPWT	
4	Lau Brostith	М	Official	DPWT	
5	Mey Channang	М	District Official	DPWT	
6	Ai Arng	М	Technical Official	DPWT	
7	Khut Khemera	М	Technical Official	DPWT	
8	Noeun Sopheap	М	District Official	DPWT	
9	Ros Ratana	М	Chief of Administration Office	DPWT	
10	Nin Nimol	F	Public Works District Official	DPWT	
11	Keo Vit	М	Office Chief	DPWT	
12	Doun Sokly	М	Official	-	
	Loo	al Au	thorities: Distric	Level Officals	
13	Aok Sopheary	F	Deputy District Governor	-	
Local Authorities: Commune Level Officials					
14	Kheum Chham	М	1 st Assistant to Commune Chief	Banteay Preal Commune	
15	Our Srean	М	Community security guard	Commune level	
16	Tun Im	М	Commune Chief	-	
17	Chea Nom	М	Commune Council	Svay Chrum Commune	



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18	Mey Channang	М	Commune Official	-	
19	Men Saroeun	М	Commune Council	Rolea Baear Commune	
	Loc	al Au	thorities: Village		
20	In Orl	М	Village Chief	Torb Tbaeng Village	
21	Srev Sarun	М	Village Chief	Stok Kabas Village	
22	Oum Sophat	М	Village Chief	Chheur Neak Village	
23	Leng Heng	М	Village Chief	Andong Russei Village	
24	Mout Tam	М	Vice Village Chief	Trapaing Korpeur Village	
25	Som Huy	М	Village Chief	Trapaing Korpeur Village	
26	Thab Tharith	М	Village Chief	Phum Thmey Village	
27	Som Heurn	М	Village Chief	Toul Ksach Village	
28	Sao Yet	М	Vice Village Chief	Prey Pouch Village	
29	Rous Sarat	М	Village Chief	Plov Kor Village	
30	Khoun Sothorn	М	Village Chief	Trapeang Sbov Village	
31	Hun Sat	М	Village Chief	Tro Cherng Village	
32	Pel Sareth	М	Village Chief	Trapeang Anchanh Village	
33	Nheam Savoeun	М	Vice Village Chief	Chen Village	
34	Keo Saroun	F	Village Chief	-	
35	But Chantrea	F	Village Member	Spok Reach Village	-
36	Kok Herng	М	Vice Village Chief	Kork Sdav Village	
37	Horng Chek	М	Vice Village Chief	Knong Village	-
38	Ju Pon	М	Village Chief	Trapeang Kor Village	
39	Pot So	М	Village Chief	Trapeang Ompel Village	
40	Mork Them	М	Village Chief	Prey Koh Village	
41	Nerm Sarith	М	Village Chief	Preal Village	
42	Siv Khorn	М	Village Chief	Kdey Tnot Village	
43	Toum Samuen	М	Vice Village Chief	DunTomPor Village	



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



44	Ei Bunly	М	Vice Village Chief	Tmor Reab Village	
45	Mom Chanmab	М	Village Member	Krang Prosvay Village	
46	Preang Vuthy	М	Vice Village Chief	Ou Sandan Village	
47	Soun Sovan	М	Village Chief	Trapeang On Village	
48	Him Pha	М	Village Chief	Bompong Pnek Village	
49	Chan Kimhak	М	Village Chief	Preah Ream Reangsey Village	
50	Chhim Sarom	F	Vice Village Chief	Chomka Khlei Village	
51	Chea Soksan	М	Vice Village Chief	Thnol Tmey Village	
52	Chim Thol	М	Village Chief	Tuek Ho Village	
53	Sun Sarom	F	Village Chief	Snhet Village	
54	Seng Preil	М	Village Chief	Andoung Keo Village	
55	Kim Sok	М	Village Member	Ah Laeng Village	
56	Chhim Sat	М	Village Chief	-	
57	Sman Pleu	М	Village Focal Person	-	
58	Aai Ong	М	Official	-	
59	Nueb Eang	М	Village Chief	Trouk Lech Village	
60	Nou Chamroeun	М	Village Chief	Thnong Kambot Village	
61	Tob Chhan	М	Village Chief	Trea Tbong Village	
62	Baung Thy	М	Village Chief	Prek Rang Village	
63	Om Sophala	М	Village Member	Prey Leak Neang Village	
64	Phuong Phai	М	Village Chief	Ja Tmey Village	
65	Soun Yon	М	Vice Village Chief	Andoung Chros Village	
66	Meas Hong	М	Village Chief	Krous Village	
67	Kong Mithona	М	Village Chief	-	
68	Oun Sophal	М	Vice Village Chief	Ou Roung Village	
69	Vou Sreyroth	F	Village Member	-	
70	Loeung Savorn	М	Village Chief	Toub Srov Village	
71	So Sambath	М	Vice Village	Chanloh Ren Village	



THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)

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			Chief		
72	Chan Leng	М	-	Tomnob Ti Mouy Village	
73	Thai Samorn	М	Village Chief	Chamkar Tamoa Village	
74	Non Pheb	М	Village Chief	Chea Rov	-
75	Rous Mol	F	Village Chief	Trapeang Phdam Village	
76	Ouk Sanith	М	Vice Village Chief	Ou Leach Village	-
77	Doung Bunthan	М	Village Chief	Tbeng Village	
78	Chun Bunly	М	Village Chief	Traok Kaet Village	
79	Pov Tharin	М	Village Chief	Prey Morn Village	
80	Teng Sophat	М	Village Member	-	
81	Chhit Vanthon	М	Village Chief	Svay Chrum Tmey Village	
82	Vong Soeun	М	Village Chief	Plov Veay Village	-
83	Chum Kungkea	М	Village Chief	Tmey Village	
84	Mey Bai	М	Vice Village Chief	-	
85	Tit Phan	М	Village Chief	Khvit Village	
86	Meas Soeun	М	Village Chief	Phnom Touch Village	
87	Pen Han	М	Village Chief	-	
88	Srong Hin	М	Village Chief 0	Ou Kandal Village	
89	Chea Song	М	Village Chief	Ou Kamnob Village	
90	Mout Samet	М	Village Chief	-	
91	Khoem Sern	М	Village Chief Traok Kandal Village		
92	Touch Ka	М	Vice Village Chief	-	
93	Hok Sarun	М	Village Chief	-	
94	Khoun Sokhom	F	-	Tomnob Ti Mouy Andoung Snay Village	
95	Tob Phan	М	Village Chief	Svay Chrum Chas Village	
96	Kong Chandeth	М	-	Ou Sandan Tmey Village	
97	Sok Sambun	М	-	Prek Sala Village	
98	Sok Veasna	F	Vice Village Chief	Tmey Village	

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The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



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99	Kaet Sophat	М	Vice Village Chief	Ou Tanes Village	
100	Tit Chantha	F	Village Chief	Andoung Snay Village	
		-	village ciller	Dombok Korkos	
101	Sok Prin	М	-	Village	
102	Khouy Khi	М	-	Tomnob Ti Mouy Brasvib	
		1	Citizen	DIASVID	
103	Rin Sopha	F	Citizen	Stok Kabab Village	
104	Mom Chheurn	М	Citizen	-	
105	Bi Van	М	Citizen	-	
106	Touch Sovan	М	Citizen	-	
107	Mom Chanthol	М	Citizen	Krang Prosvay Village	-
108	Kao Chanmom	F	Citizen	-	-
109	El Kimchhouk	М	Citizen	-	-
110	Sao Chhin	М	Citizen	-	
111	Seng Kimleang	F	Citizen	-	
112	Hour Bunhong	М	Citizen	-	
113	Soung Samna	М	Citizen	-	
114	Keang Sereybot	М	Citizen	-	-
115	Oul Saman	М	Citizen	-	-
116	Phal Sovichea	М	Citizen	-	
			JICA Project Te	eam	
117	TSUCHIDA Takayuki	М	Team Leader	CESCoR Project	
118	Masaki OCHI	М	Project Member	CESCoR Project	
119	Ches Sophy	F	Assistant	CESCoR Project	
120	Penh Socheat	М	Assistant	CESCoR Project	
121	Bun Sereyvuth	М	Assistant	CESCoR Project	

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Residence
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Meeting
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Sample of Form

1. 1st Presentation: Law,	1. 1st Presentation: Law, Regulation, Function and Utilization of Right of Way (ROW)				
		1-No Interest	2-Don't Know	3-Less Interest	4-Much Interest
	1.1 Topics were interesting.				
		1-Don't Understand	2-Not Clearly Understand	3-Partially Understand	4-Fully Understand
	1.2 After presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it?				
		1-Not Participate	2-Don't Know	3-Participate	
	1.3 Are you going to maintain the ROW by not illegally encroaching the ROW?				
	why?				
.14	<u>Reason:</u>				
- 73					
2. 2nd Presentation:	Activities of Local Authority on ROW Management				
					A hAuch latawat

2. 2nd Presentation:	Activities of Local Authority on ROW Management				
		1-No Interest	2-Don't Know	3-Less Interest	4-Much Interest
	2.1 Topics were interesting.				
		1-Don't Understand	2-Not Clearly Understand	3-Partially Understand	4-Fully Understand
	2.2 After presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it?				
	-				
3. 3rd Presentation:	Illegal Encroachment Prevention Activities				

	4-Much Interest	
	3-Less Interest	
	2-Don't Know	
	1-No Interest	
S		
Illegal Encroachment Prevention Activities		3.1 Topics were interesting.
ntation:		

3.2 After presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it?				
4. PCM Organization				
	a-Not Good	b-Don't Know	c-Good	
4.1 Seminar was nicely organized.				
	a-Too Short	b-Just Right	c-Too Long	
4.2 The time for PCM was				
5. If you any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: <u>Comments</u>				

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4-Fully Understand

3-Partially Understand

2-Not Clearly Understand

1-Don't Understand

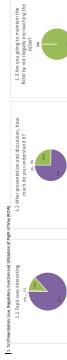
No			Q1		Q	2	Q	1	Q	4	Q5
	1.1	1.2	1.3	Reason	2.1	2.2	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	
C01	4	4	3	1	4	4	3	3	3	2	1
C02	4	3	3		4	3	4	3	3	2	
C03	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4		2	
C04	4	3	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C05	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C06	4	4	3		4	4	4	4	3	2	
C07	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C08	4	4	3		4	4	4	4	3	2	
C09	4	4	3		4	4	4	4	3	2	
C10	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	1	1
C11	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C12 C13	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C13 C14	4	4	3	1	3	4	4	4	3	2	1 1
C14 C15	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C16	4	- 3	3	1	4	3	4	3	3	2	1
C17	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C18	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C19	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3		
C20	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C21	4	4	3			4		3			
C22	4	4	3		4	3	4	3	3	2	
C23	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C24	3	3	3		3		4		1	2	
C25	4	3	3		4	3	4	3	3	2	
C26	3	4	3		3	3	4	3	3	3	
C27	3		3			3	3	4	3	2	
C28	4	4	3		3	4	4	4	3		
C29	3	3	3		4	3	4		1	2	
C30	3	3	3		3	4	4	3 4	3	2	1
C31 C32	4	4	3	1	4	4	3	4	3	2	1
C32 C33	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	5	۷	1
C34	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3		1
C35	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C36	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C37	4	3	3	1	4	4	4		_		
C38		4		1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C39	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C40	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C41	4	4	3	1	4	4					
C42		4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C43	4	3	3	1	4	3	3	3	3	2	
C44	4	4	3		4	4	4	4	3	2	
C45			3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C46	3	-	3	1	4	3	3	4	3	2	
C47	4	3	3	1		4	4		3	2	1
C48	3		3	1	4	3	3	4	3	2	
C49 C50	3	4	3	1	4	3	3	4	3	2	
C50 C51	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	3	3	2	
C51 C52	4	3	3	1	4	3	4	3	3	2	
C52	4	4	3	1	4	3	4	4	3	1	1
C54	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C55	7	4	3	1		3	4	4	3	2	1
C56	4	+	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
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20190420_PCM Residence Evaluation at Kampong Chhnang

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C58 C59	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	3	3	2	
C59 C60	4	3	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
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C66	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
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C68	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
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C79	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C80	4	4	3	-	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C81	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C82	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	4	3	2	
C83	3	3	3		3	3	3	4	3	2	
C84	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3		
C85	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
C86	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3		1
C87	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C88	4	4	3	1	3	4	4	4	3	2	
C89	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	
C90	4	3	3	1	3	4	4	4	3	2	1
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C93	4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
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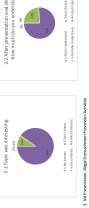
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1. You have any superfactomments, plane lettly there with use at below. Mundler of Comments.				

Summary of PCM Residence Evaluation (On 20th April 2019) Total=96 out of 121 Only text Commune, Kampong Chinarg Province











3.1 Topic was intere





1-No insrest
 2-0 on't know
 3-Less interest
 4-Much interest



5. If you!

Not Good
 b D on t

¹ - Please go to disseminate the laws to all people living along NR No.5 in Kampong Chhnang Province (4).
- Some people do not listen to the advice from local a uthories regarding the usage of ROW. They like illegally construct the buildings inside the
ROW because they are afraid of losing their land or because they have lived there for long times or because they bought that land with high price;
- Most of the seminans could help people understand the laws;
- Request to have such kind of this meeting or training:
- We together will maintain the ROW;
- Request to MPWT to build or clear the land up to ROW boundary for all National Road 1 or 2 or 3 digits;
- Request to MPWT to respect the law together;
- Should disseminate to every local people;
- Have a good arrangement;
- This PCM on ROW today is very good;
- Wider road and better service lead to poverty and traffic accident reduction;
- Please have such a meeting again with people if there is any future development plan on ROW usage (3);
- The essence/presentation from this PCM made the management level, village level and people get the better understanding:
- Want to have better roads then i need to attend;
- We all need to protect the ROW (of river, pond, stream), mountain and land of school and pagoda and public land that other people want to
encoach (2);
- We will protect ROW without letting anyone encroaching (2):
- What should we do if after this meeting people are still encoraching?;
-1 would to thank Government for making this country with good security, and good view, quality, development. Wish you all best for this new
year;
-After listening to the presentation, I feelreleved and hope that we can reduce the traffic accidents and have good standard for road expansion;
- After listening to the presentation, i could understand some and I missed some information;
- Thank you director of DPWT for good presentation on ROW, I could understand better;
- Thanks local authorities for building roads (for rural roads) but not other roads;
- Based on my idea, we should punish illegal encroachers;
- Thanks for organizing this PCM to disseminate the laws on ROW (2); and
- After listening to the presentation, I could undertand better and I am willing to share this to other people.

of 72 Reasons: [why are you going to maintain ROW?]

- raffic accidents (2):
 - and shout illus

 - DW so there is no ill

ment, and sub-nation old traffic accident (8)

- uring drving (2); - ROW before some uns an analysis and environment is - ROW befores to state and is managed by APWV, APV - Maintain and Protect ROW for future development - Reduce traffic accident, drive safer, there orders in sy - Keep ROW for road expansion; it is easy to see peek - Luws should be promoted from ministry levels to co.
 - r community will support the ROW activities (2) protect ROW without encroaching, follow the L
- nd sub-decrees in order to avoid
- Louidescional development, bette RVV (sion) is kept for road development, bette culturescional development, bette constructional development, and a constructional development, a constructional development development, a constructional development, a constructional development development, a constructional development development, a constructional development, a constructional development, a constructional development deve

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THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)



PCM with Residence Memo at Kampong Chhnang Province

Date & Time :	20 th April 2019 from 8:00am to 10:30am
Place	Rolear B'ear District Meeting Hall, Kampong Chhnang Province
MPWT Attendees :	Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief of ROW Management Office, RID
DPWT Attendees:	- Mr. Chhay Leaphea, Duputy Director of Kampong Chhnang DPWT;
	- Mr. Ouk Sophea, Deputy Office Chief;
	- Mr. Lau Brostith, Official of DPWT;
	- Mr. Mey Channag, District Official of DPWT;
	- Mr. Ai Arng, Official of DPWT;
	- Mr. Kut Khemera, Technical Official of DPWT;
	- Mr. Noeun Sopheap, District Official of DPWT;
	- Mr. Ros Ratana, Chief of Administration Office of DPWT; and
	- Ms. Nin Nimol, District Official of DPWT.
Local Authorities	- Local Authorities (89 persons) and local citizen (16 persons)
(village and	
commune Chiefs)	
and Residence:	
Project Team :	Dr. Tsuchida, Mr. Ochi, Mr. Socheat, Mr. Sereyvuth, Ms. Sophy
Agenda /	 To disseminate the Laws and legal documents on ROW;
Discussion Points	 To explain the ROW Management Activities by DPWT;
:	 To explain the IEP approaches in Pilot Project Area.

Opening Remarks by Mr. Chea Samnang:

- Firstly, on behalf of MPWT, thanks JICA Project Team for supporting this PCM organization;
- MPWT has responsibilities in developing and rehabilitating infrastructures such as road, port, railways and highways in order to ensure the National Development;
- Because all officials of MPWT including DPWTs and sub-national administration, we have got many achievements so far;
- However, there are also the increase of number of vehicles and also the number of illegally encroached building inside of ROW;
- These lead to the loss of national budget and time, road damage and traffic accidents.

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- Then today we are organizing the Public Consultation Meeting on ROW Management in order to raise awareness to local people to better understand the ROW.

1st Presentation on Law, Regulation, and activities on ROW Management by Mr. Samnang, chief of ROW Office:

- What is ROW and ROW usage base on the Road Law?
- What is Sidewalk and sidewalk usage based on the Road Law?
- Explain the drawing of road cross section to show the ROW boundary and how to install utilities inside the ROW.
- Explain the principal on Land-filling inside the ROW (both sides)

2nd Presentation on ROW Activities Management by Kampong Chhnang DPWT by Mr. Kut Khemera, Official of Technical Office:

- Law on Road and other Sub-decrees;
- Other Activities on Road Law Dissemination; and
- Activities on ROW Management.

3rd Presentation on Overview of IEP Approaches in Pilot Project by Mr. Penh Socheat, JICA Project Team:

- IEP Approaches;
- Target Areas; and
- Schedule

Discussion:

Q1 (**Citizen**): I have faced problem with the flood at my house due to the overflow of rainfall from road to my house. 2 years ago, there was a pond at the upstream. But it was filled up with the small culvert installed. After that, when there is much rain, that small culvert cannot release the water from the road in time. Therefore, my house is flooded by the rainfall due to lower elevation compared to road elevation and neighboring houses' elevation. I have complained to village chief but no solution. Can you help me for that I have suffered from this situation for 2 years?

A1 (from Mr. Samnang): I understood your problem and situation; however, we are sorry we are organizing the meeting today in order to disseminate the law on ROW management. We are not technical officials. What we can help you as well as our people is to respect and follow the law in order to avoid future misunderstanding and problem. We should listen to our technical officials and follow the design advised by our technical officials.

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Q2 (**Citizen**): After receiving the compensation, the building owners should remove their structures within 30days. Then I would like to know how far or what is the new distance we should build new structure or fence from ROW? For example, at one secondary school, one building was destroyed due to the illegal encroachment inside the ROW. So, how many meters from ROW we should build new building or fence?

A2 (from Mr. Samnang): I think this issue is related to National Road No.5 Project; but I can share answer here based on the Law. After receiving the compensation and removing the encroached buildings, you can build new structure anytime but you should make sure that it is not inside the ROW. A bit further from ROW boundary is better for your safety. For the case of secondary school, at least 4m or 5m from ROW boundary to build new fence for students' safety.

Q3 (Citizen): one poor family bought one piece of land for a long time ago (before the road constructed), and now the government needs the land and ask that family to move out of ROW for the road construction by providing compensation and new house at new location. However, the land owner does not agree to those compensation, what should that family do?

A3 (From Mr. Samnang): Actually, the government can use the expropriation law to ask for the land for the national development (road construction or expansion) with the compensation. If the people do not agree, there is a case of negotiation. If the negotiation still does not work, the government will strictly use the law to get the agreement from the owner.

Closing Remarks by Mr. Chea Samnang:

- Thanks to your cooperation, our PCM was successfully completed;
- As informed in the presentation, Chrey Bak Commune has been selected for the implementation of IEP approaches, then we need your cooperation; and
- Chrey Bak commune will become good sample on ROW Management for the country; I hope you will cooperate with us.

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THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)





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THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)



Memo of PCM with Students at Kampong Chhnang Province

Date & Time:	24 th April 2019 from 9:00am to 10:30am	
Place	Bun Rany Hun Sen Rolear B'ear Highschool, Kampong Chhnang	
	Province	
MPWT Attendees:	Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief of ROW Management Office, RID	
DPWT Attendees:	- Mr. Ouk Sophea, Deputy Office Chief; DPWT	
	- Mr. Keo Vit, Chief of Office; DPWT	
	- Mr. Eang Huor, Chief of Office; DPWT	
	- Mr. Dun Sokly, Deputy Chief of Office; DPWT	
	- Mr. Sok Chanveasna, Deputy Chief of Office; DPWT	
	- Mr. Lau Brostith, Official; DPWT	
	- Mr. Ai Arng, Official; DPWT	
	- Mr. Kut Khemera, Technical Official; DPWT	
	- Ms. Nin Nimol, District Official; DPWT	
	- Mr. Heang Sophal, Offiical; DPWT	
	- Mr. LengVeasna, Official; DPWT	
	- Ms. Trasom Sopheaneath, Official; DPWT	
	- Ms. Keo Monorom, Official; DPWT	
	- Ms. Say Somutha, Offiical; DPWT	
Students and	- Students (84 persons), and Teacher (5)	
Teachers	- 28 Male, 61 Female	
Project Team:	Mr. Akihiro, Ms. Sophy Mr. Socheat, and Mr. Sereyvuth,	
Agenda /	 To disseminate the Laws and legal documents on ROW; 	
Discussion Points:		

Opening speech

Director of Highschool:

Cambodia is a developing country, so it needs a lot of infrastructure development. Road plays very important role in developing economy of the country. Thus, we need more human resources who has knowledge and skills in road development and management. Encroaching right of way is associated with increasing number of traffic jam and traffic accident. I hope that students and teachers will pay attention on today workshop on right of way and share the knowledge with your communities.

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The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



Mr. Samnang:

MPWT organized some workshops on Right of Way and traffic safety at national and sub-national levels at some provinces including Kompong Chhnang Province. In addition, through JICA project we have organized some public consultation workshops to promoting understanding of local people and local authorities living along national road. In May 2018, MPWT, Phnom Penh Municipality and JICA project organized public consultation meeting at Chhbar Ampov Khan (district) at National Road 1. Last weekend, we just organized Public Consultation Meeting on Right of Way for residents and local authorities living in Chhrey Bak Commune in Kompong Chhnang Province, there were about 100 participants attending the meeting. Today event aim to promote awareness of high school students and teachers at Bun Rany Hun Sen Rolear Bier high school on right of way with expected number of 100 participants. We expect and hope that after today workshop students and teachers will understand what is right of way, length of right of way for each roads and share knowledge with your family, neighbors and communities.

Presentation:

Presentation on Law, Regulation, and activities on ROW Management by Mr. Samnang,

- What is ROW and ROW usage base on the Road Law?
- What is Sidewalk and sidewalk usage based on the Road Law?

- Explain the drawing of road cross section to show the ROW boundary and how to install utilities inside the ROW.

- Explain the principal on Land-filling inside the ROW (both sides)

Question and Answer:

<u>Teacher (Participant)</u>: What are differences between Highway and National Road? <u>Mr. Samnang (Presenter)</u>: Size of highway and national road are the same. The difference between highway and national road is that we don't allow local people living and selling goods along highway and they construct roadside station or resting area for traveler instead.

<u>Mr. Samnang</u>: asked students with three questions as below and he give some small gifts to those who can answer correctly:

- 1. Why does Japanese road improvement project for national road 5 construct bypass road instead of expanding on existing road in Kompong Chhnang city?
- 2. Could you please tell me which roads are under management of Ministry of Public Work and Transport?
- 3. Could you please tell me the length of right of way for each types of roads under management of Ministry of Public Work and Transport.

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THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)



Closing Remarks by Mr. Chea Samnang:

- Expressing thankfulness to Director and Teachers at Bun Rany Hun Sen Rolear B'ear -Highschool for their good collaboration, our PCM could not be smoothly completed without this good collaboration;
- Requesting students and teachers to share their knowledge about ROW with their relatives, friends and communities to involving in ROW prevention for future smooth road improvement as well as to ensure traffic safety along the national road.



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របៀបវារ:

កិច្ចប្រជុំពិគ្រោះយោបល់ជាសាធារណ:

ស្តីពីការលើកកម្ពស់សមត្ថភាពយល់ដឹងលើការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវដល់សិស្សានុសិស្ស

វិទ្យាល័យ ប៊ុន វ៉ានី ហ៊ុន សែន រលាប្អៀរ ថ្ងៃពុធ ទី២៤ ខែមេសា ឆ្នាំ២០១៩

ម៉ោង	កម្មវិធី
09:00 - 09:20	ចុះឈ្មោះចូលរូម
	សុន្ទរភថាបើកកម្មវិធី
09:20 – 09:30	លោក នាយកវិទ្យាល័យ ប៊ុន រ៉ានី ហ៊ុន សែន រលាប្អៀរ
	ការពន្យល់ពីច្បាប់ បទបញ្ញាត្តិ មុខងារ និងការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ
09:30 – 10:00	ប្រធានការិយាល័យដីចំណីផ្លូវ ក្រស្ងងសាធារណការ និងដឹកជញ្ចូន
	សុន្ទរកថាបិទកម្មវិធី
10:00 - 10:10	មន្ត្រីពីនាយកដ្ឋានហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធផ្លូវថ្នល់ ក្រសួងសាធារណការ និង
	ដឹកជញ្ជូន
10:10 - 10:20	វគ្គប្រគល់លិខិតបញ្ហាក់ការចូលរួម
10:20 - 10:30	ថតរូបអនុស្សាវរីយ៍



ដូចម្តេចដែលចៅថា ដ៏ចំណីដូចថ្នល់និចភាះច្រើន្ទ្រស់ដ៏ចំណីដូទ?

1.<u>ដីចំណីផ្លូវថ្នល់</u>

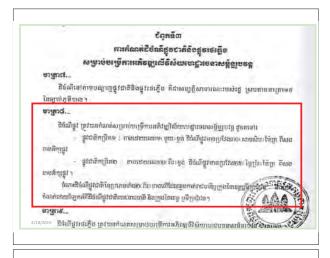
សំដៅដល់ដំំំនៅសងខាងខ្សែបន្ទាត់ផ្ទិតនៃផ្ទុវថ្នល់ ព្រមទាំងទំហំ ចំណីផ្ទូវថ្នល់ទុកបំរុងសម្រាប់ការគ្រប់គ្រង់ ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ និងការ ការពារផ្ទូវថ្នល់ ធានាសុវត្ថិភាពចរាចរណ៍ និងសម្រាប់ការប្រើប្រាស់ បំរើឲ្យការងារហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធរូបវ័ន្តផ្សេងៗទៀត ដែលបានកំណត់ ដោយខ្សែបន្ទាត់ព្រំដីចំណីផ្ទូវ។

ដូចម្តេចដែលចៅ៩ា ដីចំណិន្តតទួលនិចការច្រើទ្រាស់ដីចំណិន្តត?(ត)

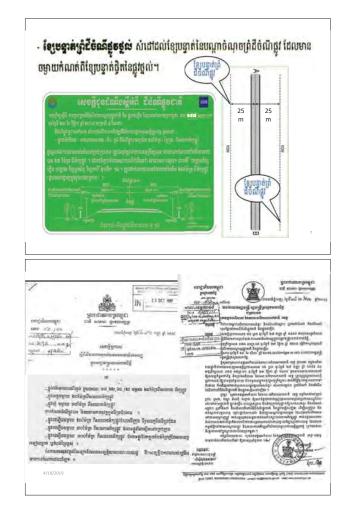
 <u>ដី០ំណីផ្លូវថ្នល់</u> គឺជាដីរបស់រដ្ឋ ដែលគ្រប់ត្រងដោយសមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់ត្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ មានដូចជា៖

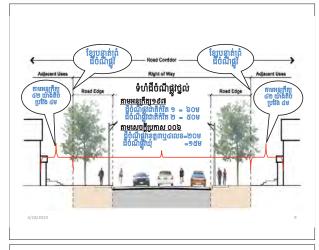
- <u>ក្រសួងសាណាការ និងដឹកជញ្ជូន</u>៖ គ្រប់គ្រងលើផ្ទូវល្បឿនលឿន, ផ្ទូវជាតិ ផ្ទូវខេត្ត និងផ្ទូវផ្សេងទៀតដែលរាជរដ្ឋាភិបាលប្រគល់ឲ្យ។
- <u>ក្រសួំឯអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ជនបទ៖</u> គ្រប់គ្រងលើផ្ទូវជនបទ និងផ្ទូវផ្សេងទៀតដែលរាជរដ្ឋាភិ បាលប្រគល់ឲ្យ។
- រដ្ឋបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោមជាតិ៖ គ្រប់គ្រងលើផ្ទូវក្នុងរាជធានី, ផ្ទូវក្រុង៍, ផ្ទូវទីប្រជុំជននានា ដែលបានកសាងជួសជុលថែទាំដោយប្រើប្រាស់ថវិការបស់រដ្ឋបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោម ជាតិ និងថវិកាដែលបានរៀបចំចាត់ចែងដោយរដ្ឋបាលថ្នាក់ក្រោមជាតិ និងផ្ទូវ ទាំងឡាយណាដែលបានផ្ទេរមុខងារពីក្រសួងទាំងពីរទាងលើ ព្រមទាំងផ្ទូវផ្សេង ទៀតក្រោយពីមានការសម្រេចឯកភាពពីរាជរដ្ឋាភិបាលប្រគល់ឲ្យ។











3. <u>ការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្ទូវថ្នល់</u>

- កល់ការសាងសង់លើដីសម្រាប់អភិវឌ្ឍហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធផ្លូវថ្នល់ ជាពិសេសលើដី ۶ ចំណីផ្លូវជាលក្ខណៈអចិន្ត្រៃយ៍ត្រូវបានហាមឃាត់។ លើកលៃងតែការសាងសង់ក្នុង គម្រោងចាំបាច់មួយចំនួនដូចជាបរិក្ខារបម្រើឲ្យវិស័យការពារជាតិ សន្តិសុ១ជាតិ បរិក្ខារបម្រើឲ្យការត្រប់ត្រជ៍ ឬការសាជសជ័ផ្ទូវនិជបរិក្ខាសំណង់សេវាសាជារណៈ ផ្ សេឯៗទៀត ដោយត្រូវស្នើសុំការឯកភាពជាគោលការណ៍ពីរាជរដ្ឋាភិបាល តាមរយ: សមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់។
- ដីចំណីផ្លូវអាចប្រើប្រាស់បានសម្រាប់គោលបំណងផ្សេងៗជាលក្ខណៈបណ្ដោះអាសន្ន ដោយមិនត្រូវធ្វើឲ្យប៉ះពាល់ដល់បរិក្ខាឬសំណង់ផ្សេងៗសម្រាប់សុវត្ថិកាបចរាចរណ៍ឡើយ។

(តាមមាត្រាឲ៤ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពី ផ្លូវថ្នល់)

ដូចម្តេចដែលហៅថា ចិញ្ចើមដូត និចការច្រើន្ទ្រាស់ចិញ្ចើមដូទ?

- <u>ចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវ</u>សំដៅដល់ផ្នែកសង៍ខាងនៃទ្រង់ផ្លូវក្នុងទីប្រជុំជន ដែលរៀបចំទុក សម្រាប់ថ្មីរជើងធ្វើដំណើរ ដាំដើមឈើ និងតំម្ងើងឬកប់បរិក្ខារបម្រើផលប្រយោជន៍ សាជាវណៈ។
- <u>ចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវឬផ្លូវថ្មើរជើង</u> ត្រូវប្រើប្រាស់សម្រាប់តែគោលបំណងក្នុងការធ្វើ ចរាចរណ៍ដោយថ្មើរជើង។
- <u>ចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវឬផ្លូវថ្មើរជើង</u>អាចយកទៅប្រើប្រាស់សម្រាប់គោលបំណងផ្សេងទៀត បានស្របទៅតាមបញ្ញត្តិនៃមាត្រា៤៨នៃច្បាប់ផ្លូវថ្នល់។
- > <u>មិនត្រូវអនុវត្តសកម្មភាពដូចខាងក្រោម</u>៖
 - ចំតរថយន្តឬយានជំនិះមិនត្រឹមត្រូវតាមដងផ្លូវ ចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវ និងផ្លូវសម្រាប់ថ្មើជើងខុសពីទីតាំង កំណត់។
 - សាងសង់របារកាត់ទទឹងផ្ទូវ ឬទួលបន្ថយល្បឿន ឬវត្ថុប្រហាក់ប្រហាក់ប្រហែលពីលើផ្ទូវថ្នល់ ដោយគ្មានការអនុញ្ញាត្ត
 - ធ្វើសកម្មិភាពផ្សេង៍ទៀតផ្ទុយនឹងច្បាប់ផ្ទុវថ្នល់។

ಕಿಜಾರಿಕ್ಷಾಂಬೆಕೆಜಾಷ್ಟ್ರಕ (ಗ್ರೋಕಿಷ್ಟಾಹೆಆಗ್ರೀವನ)



25ម ផ្លូវជាតិកំរិត២ 20ម ផ្តរីខេត្ត ៣ឬ(ខេត្ត ៣ឬ៤លេខ

30ម ផ្លូវជាតិកំរិត១

មាត្រា៣០ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពីផ្លូវថ្នល់

ក្រោម ៖

ខ្សែបន្ទាត់ ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ

បន្ទាត់ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវថ្នល់ ។

់ខ្សែបន្ទាត់ ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ

ដើម្បីជានាដល់ការធ្វើចរាចរណ៍លើផ្លូវល្បឿនលឿន ផ្លូវជាតិ ផ្លូវខេត្ត ប្រកបដោយសុវត្ថិភាព

១- ការសាងសង់សំណង់ដូចជា ស្ថានីយប្រេងឥទ្ធនៈ ស្ថានីយហ្គាស កន្លែងលាងយានយន្ត

យានដ្ឋាន ឬសំណង់ប្រហាក់ប្រហែលផ្សេងៗទៀត ដែលមានមនុស្សជួបជុំគ្នាមធ្យមត្រូវ

30ម ផ្លូវជាតិកំរិត១

25ម ផ្ទុំវជាតិកំរិត២ នត្ត ៣ឬ៤លេខ ខ្សែបន្ទាត់ ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ

ខ្សែបន្ទាត់ ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ

រាល់ការសាងសង់សំណង់ដែលមានច្រកផ្លូវចេញចូលជាប់នឹងផ្លូវថ្នល់ខាងលើនេះ ត្រូវអនុវត្តដូចខាង

ស្ថិតក្នុងចម្ងាយយ៉ាងតិច ១៥(ដប់ប្រាំ)ម៉ែត្រ ពីខ្សែបន្ទាត់ព្រំដីចំណីផ្លូវ ។

២- ការសាងសងមជ្ឈមណ្ឌលពាណិជ្ជកម្ម ពហុកីឡដ្ឋាន ទីលានប្រភួត រោងមហោស្រពមន្ទ័រ

ពេទ្យ គ្រឹះស្ថានសិក្សា ការរៀបចំផ្សារ ផ្សារណាត់ ពិសំណ៍ទំនិញ ឬកិច្ចការផ្សេងទៀតដែល

មានមនុស្សជួបជុំគ្នាច្រើន ត្រូវស្ថិតក្នុងចម្ងាយយ៉ាងតិចចំផុត៥០(ហាសិប)ម៉ែត្រ ពីខ្សែ

30ម ផ្លូវជាតិកំរិត១

25ម ផ្លុំវជាតិកំរិត២

30ម ផ្លូវជាតិកំរិត១

ផ័វជាតិកំរិត២

អ្នកធ្វើកិច្ចការសាធារណតារដូចជា ការបោះបង្គោលខ្សែត្រើង ការដាក់លូ ឬកិច្ចការចាំបាច់អ្វី មួយបន្ថែមក្នុង កូផ្លូវ ទ្រុងផ្លូវ ជាយផ្លូវ តែមផ្លូវ និងដីនៅសល់នៃដីចំណីផ្លូវ ត្រូវស្នើសុំការអនុញ្ញាតពី សមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ។



មាត្រា៣២ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពីផ្លូវថ្នល់

ការជីកកប់ ការជីកគាស់ ការចោះខ្វង ឬសកម្មភាពផ្សេងទៀតសម្រាប់បម្រើការងារអាជីវកម្ម ដែលអាចបង្កឲ្យខូចខាតនិងប៉ះពាល់ក្មផ្លូវ ទ្រូងផ្លូវ ជាយ ឬចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវ ដីចំណីផ្លូវ និងការដំឡើងផ្ទាំង ផ្សាយពាណិជ្ជកម្ម ឬការលើកតាំងបង្ហាញប៉ាណុដៀង១ នៅតាមដងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ឬដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ ត្រូវមានការ អនុញ្ញាតជាលាយលក្ខណ៍អក្សរពីសមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ។ អ្នកអនុវត្ថភារងារ ត្រូវចាត់វិបានការសណ្ដាប់ ធ្នាប់ សម្រួលចាចរណ៍ ការពារនឹងឧបទ្ទវហេតុផ្សេង១ដែលកើតមានឡើងជាយថាហេតុ ការពារបរិស្ថាន ឲ្យបានត្រឹមត្រូវ និងត្រូវគោរពតាមការណែនាំបេសសមត្ថកិច្ចជំនាញ ។

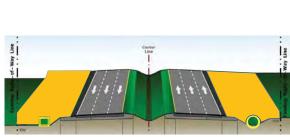
អ្នកអនុវត្តការងារដូចមានចែងក្នុងកថាខណ្ឌខាងលើ បន្ទាប់ពីបញ្ចប់ការងាររបស់ខ្លួន ត្រូវជានា ប្រក្រតិភាពផ្លូវថ្នល់ឲ្យមានស្ថានភាពដូចដើមវិញ ។

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មួយការអ្នកគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ។ ស្ត្រីលែបទ និងនីតិវិធីនៃការស្នើសុំតារអនុញ្ញាត ត្រូវកំណត់ដោយប្រកាសអនុក្រេសួងវាងរដ្ឋមន្ត្រី សម្តាស់គេជាពាការ និងដឹកជំពូន និងរដ្ឋមន្ត្រីក្រសួងអភិវន្តន្រជំនបទ ។

បុគ្គលដែលមានបំណងចាក់ដី ឬធ្វើអ្វីមួយលើដីចំណីផ្លូវ សម្រាប់ធ្វើផ្លូវចេញចូលគេហដ្ឋាន ក្រុម ហ៊ុន ពងចក្រ សហក្រាស ឬកន្លែងផ្សេង១ជាប់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ ត្រូវដាក់ពាក្យស្នើសុំការអនុញ្ញាតជាលាយលក្ខណ៍ អក្សរទៅសមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ឬអ្នកគ្រប់គ្រងផ្លូវថ្នល់ ហើយអាចអនុវត្តការងាររបស់ខ្លួនបាន ក្រោយពេលទទួលបានលិខិតអនុញ្ញាតជាផ្លូវការ និងត្រូវគោរពតាមការណែនាំរបស់សមត្ថកិច្ចគ្រប់គ្រង

មាត្រា៣៦ នៃច្បាប់ស្តីពីផ្លូវថ្នល់



(ការវាយតម្លៃសិក្ខាសាលា)

មតិយោបល់របស់អ្នកមានសារសំខាន់ក្នុងការធ្វើឲ្យប្រសើរឡើងការរៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលាលើកក្រោយ។ សូមមេត្តាចំណាយពេល២ទៅ៣នាទីក្នុងការផ្តល់មតិយោបល់ដល់ក្រុមការងាររៀបចំ។

1. បទបង្ហាញទី១ៈ ច្បាប់ បទបញ្ញាត្តិ មុខងារ និងការប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ

1.1 តើប្រធានបទស្តីពីដីចំណីផ្លូវ គួរឲ្យចាប់អារម្មណ៏ឬទេ?

មិនចាប់អារម្មណ៍ មិនដឹង ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លះ ចាប់អារម្មណ៍ខ្លាំង

1.2 ក្រោយពីបានស្តាប់បទបង្ហាញ និងកិច្ចពិភាក្សា តើអ្នកយល់ដឹងពីដីចំណីផ្លូវកម្រឹតណាដែរ?

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អត់យល់ យល់មិនច្បាស់ យល់ខ្លះ	យល់ច្បាស់

1.3. តើអ្នកនឹងចូលរួមថែរក្សាដីចំណីផ្លូវដោយមិនរំលោភបំពានដីចំណីផ្លូវដែរឬទេ?

	Ũ	Ŭ
មិនចូលរូម	មិនដឹង	ច្ចលរ្ទម

ហេតុអ្វី

2. ការរៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលា

2.1 តើសិក្ខាសាលារៀបចំបានល្អទេ?

មិនល្អ មិនដឹង	ល្អ
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3.2 រយៈពេលនៃការរៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលា

ខ្លីពេក	ល្មម	វែងពេក
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3. ប្រសិនបើមានមតិយោបល់បន្ថែម សូមមេត្តារៀបរាប់ខាងក្រោម

ស្ងមអរគុណ សូមប្រគល់ក្រដាសនេះទៅឲ្យក្រុមអ្នករៀបចំសិក្ខាសាលានៅពេលបញ្ចប់ ។



THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)



Date: 24th April, 2019 Time: 9:00am-10:30am Location: Bun Rany Hun Sen Rolear B'ear High School, Kampong Chhnang Province Topic: Public Consultation Meeting (PCM) on Public Raising Awareness on Right of Way

Attendance List

No	Name	Sex	Position	Institutes	Phone
			MPWT		
1 Chea Samnang		М	Chief Office	ROW Management Office, RID, MPWT	
	I	DPWT	Kampong Chhnar	ng Province	
2	Chhay Leaphea	М	Deputy Director	Kampong Chhnang DPWT	
3	Keo Vit	М	Chief Office	DPWT	
4	Eang Hour	М	Chief Office	DPWT	
5	Don Sokly	М	Deputy Head of Office	Technical Office, DPWT	
6	Sok Chanvesna	М	Deputy Head of Office	Drainage Office, DPWT	
7	Leng Vesna	М	Official	DPWT	
8	Ouk Sophea	М	Official	DPWT	
9	Heang Sophal	М	Official	DPWT	
10	Lor Prostith	М	Official	DPWT	
11	Nin Nimol	F	Official	DPWT	
12	Ai Ong	М	Contract Officer	DPWT	
13	Trasom Sophineath	F	Contract Officer	DPWT	
14	Keo Monorom	F	Contract Officer	DPWT	
15	Say Somotha	F	Contract Officer	DPWT	
		Sch	ool Director and T	'eachers	
16	Sao Sambath	М	Deputy School Director	Rolear B'ear High School	-
17	Soeng Sarith	М	Teacher	-	-
18	Long Makara	М	Teacher	-	-
19	Hem Phonnaroth	F	Teacher	-	-
20	Som Chanthy	F	Teacher	-	-



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Imperementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



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			Student		
21	Aou Lima	F	Student	Rolear B'ear High School	-
22	Horn Sreynich	F	Student	-	-
23	Morn Veha	М	Student	-	-
24	Chim Phanny	F	Student	-	-
25	On Sreyneang	F	Student	-	-
26	Vin Vita	М	Student	-	-
27	Phon Ariya	F	Student	-	-
28	Morn Tola	F	Student	-	-
29	Hou Sreynet	F	Student	-	-
30	Brem Alody	F	Student	-	-
31	Heng Sreyla	F	Student	-	-
32	Phon Sophoeun	F	Student	-	-
33	Saeb Sreyroth	F	Student	-	-
34	Phon Channa	F	Student	-	-
35	Than Sreynou	F	Student	-	-
36	Eng Sreynin	F	Student	-	-
37	Leng Sreynich	F	Student	-	-
38	Ly Fariya	F	Student	-	-
39	San Sreynit	F	Student	-	-
40	Rin Channa	F	Student	-	-
41	Ly Chavariyah	F	Student	-	-
42	Oeun Sophea	F	Student	-	-
43	Heng Phanha	F	Student	-	-
44	Siem Timhour	М	Student	-	-
45	Roeun Sreykhouch	F	Student	-	-
46	Song Sreyroth	F	Student	-	-
47	Yong Sreyleab	F	Student	-	-
48	Chhoeun Sokuntheary	F	Student	-	-
49	Von Solai	F	Student	-	-
50	Touch Sakana	F	Student	-	-
51	Chhay Meansa	F	Student	-	-



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



52	Chan Chamreun	М	Student	-	-
53	Phat Sokchamreun	М	Student	-	-
54	Khiev Somen	М	Student	-	-
55	Soem Rottna	М	Student	-	-
56	Soth Virak	М	Student	-	-
57	Aou Lima	F	Student	-	-
58	Vong Narot	М	Student	-	-
59	Son Naren	F	Student	-	-
60	An Sreylin	F	Student	-	-
61	Pov Kakada	F	Student	-	-
62	Pha Sreyloeum	F	Student	-	-
63	Sous Visal	М	Student	-	-
64	Ro Sokun	М	Student	-	-
65	Chon Saoron	М	Student	-	-
66	Run Sokunthea	М	Student	-	-
67	Sea Reaklin	F	Student	-	-
68	Khi Sokleab	F	Student	-	-
69	Sai Chanthou	F	Student	-	-
70	Soem Vicheka	F	Student	-	-
71	Yong Rattana	F	Student		
72	Chhom Kimseak	F	Student	-	-
73	Aok Mlis	F	Student	-	-
74	Yon Siyat	F	Student	-	-
75	Sok Sethary	F	Student	-	-
76	Chor Savy	F	Student	-	-
77	Chan Sorithy	М	Student	-	-
78	Min Hanafy	М	Student	-	-
79	Om Raksmey	М	Student	-	-
80	An Thoden	М	Student	-	-
81	Oul Phikan	М	Student	-	-
82	Voeun Theara	F	Student	-	-
83	Prom Sarun	F	Student	-	-

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THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)



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84	phal Lychiv	М	Student	-	
85	Ei Aomara	F	Student	-	-
86	Phon Leakena	F	Student	-	-
87	Keo Monyroth	F	Student	-	-
88	Ban Chan eng	F	Student	-	-
89	Bich Morokot	F	Student	-	-
90	Om Sreynoch	F	Student	-	-
91	Vin Rottana	М	Student	-	-
92	Seng Makara	М	Student	-	-
93	Sien Piti	М	Student	-	
94	Chroeun Sreynich	F	Student	-	-
95	Hoeun Thavvy	F	Student	-	-
96	Kim Sreyeab	F	Student	-	-
97	Bich Pisal	М	Student	-	-
98	Sun Soknat	М	Student	-	-
99	Long Lon	F	Student	-	-
100	Khim Sophoan	F	Student	-	-
101	Voeun Sreypich	F	Student	-	-
102	Hea Sophin	М	Student	-	-
103	Sos Muslim	М	Student	-	-
104	Yan Ying	М	Student	-	-
105	Hin Sothea	М	Student	-	-
			JICA Project Tea	am	
106	TSUCHIDA Takayuki	М	Team Leader	CESCoR Project	
107	Masaki OCHI	М	Team Member	CESCoR Project	
108	Ches Sophy	F	Assistant	CESCoR Project	
109	Penh Socheat	М	Assistant	CESCoR Project	
110	Bun Sereyvuth	М	Assistant	CESCoR Project	

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Sample of Form

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pic were interesting. pic were interesting. pic presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? pic presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? pic presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? pic presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? pic presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? pic presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? pic presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? pic presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? pic pic pic pic pic pic pic pic pic pic		1-No Interest	2-Don't Know	3-Less Interest	4-Much Interest
Inderstand 2-Not Clearly 3-Partially ter presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? Understand Understand ter presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? Understand S-Partially ter presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? Understand S-Partially ter presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? Understand S-Partially ter presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? 2-Don't Know S-Participate ter presentation the ROW by not illegally encroaching the ROW? 2-Don't Know S-Participate Image: S-Don't Know about 2-Don't Know 2-Don't Know 3-Participate Image: S-Don't Know I	1.1 Topics were interesting.				
ter presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? er presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it? 1-Not Participate 2-Don't Know e you going to maintain the ROW by not illegally encroaching the ROW? 1-Not Participate 2-Don't Know		1-Don't Understand	2-Not Clearly Understand	3-Partially Understand	4-Fully Understar
e you going to maintain the ROW by not illegally encroaching the ROW?	1.2 After presentation and discussion, how much do you understand it?				
1.3 Are you going to maintain the ROW by not illegally encroaching the ROW? why? Reason:		1-Not Participate	2-Don't Know	3-Participate	
why? Reason:	1.3 Are you going to maintain the ROW by not illegally encroaching the ROW?				
<u>Reason:</u>	why?				
	<u>Reason:</u>				

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2. PCM Organization				
	a-Not Good	b-Don't Know	c-Good	
2.1 Seminar was nicely organized.				
	a-Too Short	b-Just Right	c-Too Long	
2.2 The time for PCM was				
3. If you any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:				
Comments				

No			Q	1	Q	2	Q3
	1.1	1.2	1.3	Reason	2.1	2.2	
S01	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
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S07	4	4	3		3	2	
S08	4	4	3		3	2	
S09	4	4	3		3	2	
S10	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S11	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
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S13	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S14	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S15	3	3	3	1	3	2	
S16	3		3	1	3	2	
S17	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
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S19	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S20	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S21	3	3	3	1	3	2	
S22	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S23	3	3	3	1	3	2	1
S24	3	3	3	1	3	2	1
S25	3	4	3	1	3	2	
S26	4	3	3	1	3	2	
S27 S28	3	3	3	1	3	2	
S28 S29	3	3	3	1	3	2	
S29 S30	3	3	3	1	3	2	
S30 S31	3	3	3	1	3	2	1
S31 S32	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S33	4	3	3	1	3	2	
S34	4	4	3	1	3	2	
S35	3	3	3	1	3	2	1
S36	3	3	3	1	3	2	<u>1</u>
S37	3	3	3	1	3	2	1
S38	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S39	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S40	3	3	3	1	3	2	1
S41	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S42	4	3	3	1	3	2	
S43	4	4	3	1	3	2	
S44	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S45	4	4	3	1	3	2	
S46	4	3	3	1	3	2	
S47	4	4	3	1	3	2	1
S48	3	3	3		3	2	1
S49	3	3	3		3	2	1
S50	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S51	4	3	3	1	3	2	
S52	4	4	3	1	3	2	1
S53	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S54	4	3	3	1	3	2	
S55	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S56	4	3	3	1	3	2	

20190424_PCM Students Evaluation at Kampong Chhnang

S57	4	3	3	1	3	2	
S58	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S58 S59	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S60	4	4	3	1	3	2	<u>+</u>
S61	4	4	3	1	3	2	1
S62	4	4	3	1	3	2	<u>+</u>
S63	4	4	3	1	3	2	
563 S64	4	3	3		3	2	
564 S65	4	4	3		3	2	
	4	4			3	2	
S66			3				
S67	4	4	3		3	2	1
S68	4	4	3	1	3	2	1
S69	4	4	3		3	2	
S70	4	3	3		3	2	
S71	3	3	3	1	3	2	
S72	3	4	3	1	3	2	1
S73	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S74	4	4	3	1	3	2	1
S75	3	2	3	1	3	2	1
S76	3	2	3	1	3	2	1
S77	4	4	3	1	3	2	1
S78	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S79	4	4	3		3	2	1
S80	4		3	1	3	2	
S81	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S82	4	3	3	1	3	2	
S83	4	4	3	1	3	2	
S84	4	3	3		3	2	
S85	4	3	3		3	2	
S86	4	4	3	1	3	2	
S87	4	2	3	1	3	2	
S88	4	4	3	1	3	2	1
S89	3	3	3	1	3	2	
S90	3	4	3	1	3	1	
S91	3	3	3	1	3	2	
S92	4	4	3	1	3	2	
S93	4	4	3		3	2	1
S94	4	3	3		3	2	
S95	4	3	3		3	2	
S96	4	3	3	1	3	2	1
S97	4	4	3	1	3	2	
1	0	0	0	76	0	1	45
2	0	3	0		0	96	
3	24	62	97		97	0	
4	73	30	57		57	0	
-	15	50					

Summary of PCM Student Evaluation (On 24th April 2019 at Kampong Chhnang)

					lotal
 Topic was inter esting. 	0	0	24	73	60
1.2 After presentation and discussion, how much can you understand it?	0	e	62	8	35
1.3 Are you going to maintain the ROW by not illegally encroaching the ROW?	0	0	97		97
If Yes, why? Number of Reasons or Comments	76				92
Per centage					
	1-No Inerest	2-Don't Know	1-No inerest 2-Don't Know 3-Less Interest Much Interest	Much Interest	
1.1 Topic was interesting.	960	%0	25%	75%	
	1-Don't Understan st Clearly Unders Partially Understaully Understand	ot Clearly Unders	Partially Understa	ully Understand	
 After presentation and discussion, how much can you understand it? 	%0	3%	65%	3Z%	
	1-Not Participate 2-Don't Know 3-Participate	2-Don't Know	3-Participate		
1.3 Are you going to maintain the ROW by not illegally encroaching the ROW?	960	%0	100%		
If Yes, why? Number of Reasons or Comments	Error				

. PCM Organization				Total
PCM was nicely organized.	0	0	97	
2.2 The time for PCM was	1	96	0	
Per centage				
	a-Not Good	b-Don't Know	C-Good	
PCM was nicely organized.	90	0% 0% 100%	100%	
	a-Too Short	a-Too Short b-Just Right	c-Too long	
2.2 The time for PCM was	1%	%66	50%	

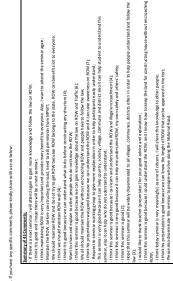
97

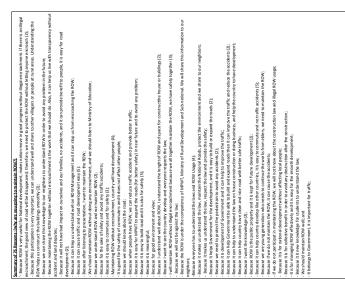
If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with use as t Number of Comments:

Summary of PCM Students Evaluation (On 24th April 2019) Total= 97 out of 110 Note: Kampong Chinang Province









DATE:	2018/05/31
PLACE:	Kampong Chhnang
TIME:	08:00~12:00
OBSERVER:	Masaki OCHI, James WATSON, Socheat Penh, Khemera Douk
OBJECT:	UAV operation training

ACTIVITY:

Explanation of the objective of UAV operation, which is to collect aerial image for the current status identification. The AOI (Area Of Interest) = aerial photography area is 50m both sides from the road center line, and 500m length along the road. Due to the battery capacity of the UAV. Also there was explanation of flight planning, auto flight and safety procedure to follow. After each auto flight, the PTF members had a chance to operate the UAV manually to experience how the UAV moves and understand its' features.



DATE:	2018/06/07
PLACE:	RID meeting room, MPWT, Phnom Penh
TIME:	14:00~17:00
OBSERVER:	James K. WATSON, Socheat Penh, Khemera Douk, Mut Samon
OBJECT:	GIS training

ACTIVITY:

Explanation of the objective of the feature and basic knowledge of GIS (Geo-spatial Information System) and the data.

GIS is a software which can view, overlay and analyze geo-spatial data. The data is basically categorized as Raster data (pixel base image data) and Vector data (coordinate base point, line and polygon data).

Basic operation of GIS and data processing operation was explained to the PTF members by a "Hands on training" with their own laptops.

We have used the Cambodian Administration boundary data to change visualization and label the attribute information. Also used the national road data to process UAV flight blocks, by processing tools such as Qchainage, split line at point, buffer.



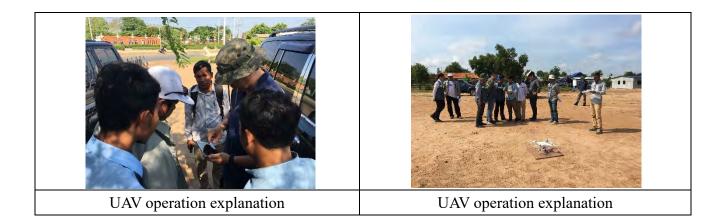
GIS training

GIS training

DATE:	2018/06/08
PLACE:	Kampong Chhnang
TIME:	08:00~12:00
OBSERVER:	Masaki OCHI, James K. WATSON, Khemera Douk
OBJECT:	UAV operation training

ACTIVITY:

Explanation of the objective of UAV operation, which is to collect aerial image for the current status identification. The AOI (Area Of Interest) = aerial photography area is 50m both sides from the road center line, and 500m length along the road. Due to the battery capacity of the UAV. Also there was explanation of flight planning, auto flight and safety procedure to follow. After each auto flight, the PTF members had a chance to operate the UAV manually to experience how the UAV moves and understand its' features.



DATE:	2018/06/12
PLACE:	Kampong Chhnang
TIME:	08:00~12:00
OBSERVER:	James K. WATSON
OBJECT:	Field Survey training

ACTIVITY:

Explanation of the objective of Field Survey and a "Hands on" experience of the work has been made.

The field survey is a ground truth verification work, of the GIS data created in the prior work. The work includes verification of the data, adding new ground features to the map, and taking ground photos as evidence.

Every ground feature will be given a code (such as residential building is 1006), and the type of encroachment will be categorized with a branch code (if the residential bldg. has a eave the code will be 1006-2).

In this activity, the PTF members made some comments as follows:

> Signboard should be recorded with ground photo. Small private signboards' are un-necessary.

>Access road should be recorded with ground photo for discussion. We can decide in future.

>Well and Cemetery should be added as a feature to be recorded.



Field survey explanation

Field survey explanation

DATE:	2018/06/15
PLACE:	Kampong Chhnang
TIME:	08:30~12:30
OBSERVER:	James WATSON and Socheat Penh
OBJECT:	UAV operation training

ACTIVITY:

Explanation of the objective of UAV operation, which is to collect aerial image for the current status identification. The AOI (Area of Interest) = aerial photography area is 50m both sides from the road center line, and 500m length along the road. Due to the battery capacity of the UAV. Also there was explanation of flight planning, auto flight and safety procedure to follow. After each auto flight, the PTF members had a chance to operate the UAV manually to experience how the UAV moves and understand its' features.

UAV survey team suggested to have a bag for UAV battery.



UAV operation explanation

UAV practice

J4-3: Training Records on Pilot Project





WORKSHOP FOR PRACTICE OF ROW MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

DISCUSSION MEMO

Date & Time :	July 31, 2019 from 9:00am – 12:00pm		
Place	SUNWAY Hotel, Phnom Penh		
Attendees :	Mr. Thou Samnang, Deputy Director General, General Directorate of		
	Techniques, MPWT		
	Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director, RID/MPWT		
	Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief of ROW Office, RID/MPWT		
	Mr. Hay Chandara, Deputy Chief of ROW Office, RID MPWT		
	Ms. Oum Sokvasey, Deputy Chief Officer, ICD/MPWT		
	Ms. Eam Sokchea, Deputy Chief of Environment and Public Service		
	Office, PID/MPWT		
	And Other MPWT officials and DPWT officials		
	(see the attendant list in this memo)		
Project Team :	Dr. Tsuchida, Mr. Kumagai, Mr. Watson, Mr. Kiyota, Ms. Sophy, Mr.		
	Socheat, Mr. Luch, Mr. Sereyvuth and Mr. Samon		
Agenda /	- To train the DPWTs' Officials on ROW management System through		
Discussion	the presentations from ROW TF members (MPWT's Officials);		
Points :	- To conduct the field practice for field survey and patrol.		

1- Opening Remark by Mr. Thou Samnang, Deputy Director General of Techniques, MPWT

2- Presentation on outline of ROW Management Methods by Mr. Chea Samnang

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Opinion 1 from Deputy Director of Kandal DPWT:

We have known that ROW is a hot issue. Each province has difficulties to deal with it. It is very hard for Kandal DPWT because Kandal surrounds the Phnom Penh city and has many National Roads such as No.1, 2, 3, 4,5, 6, etc. Also, Kandal has many belt roads from Phnom Penh city. If we use drone to capture the situation of ROW in Kandal province. You will see that ROW is full of buildings. Although we have a Master Plan classifying the type of land, it is still difficult to manage. Right now, we have many hotels from Chinese Investment. They use heavy equipment destroying the embarkment of ROW. When we complain to them, they said that they have brought a lot of investment to this province, we should cooperate with them. On another hand, we have worked also

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with local authorities to deal with illegal encroachment of ROW and land filling which its elevation is higher than the road's; but local authorities cannot touch the local people due to the impact on the election.

3- Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI) by Mr. Kaing Theara

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Opinion 1 from Mr. Thou Samnang (Chairman):

MPWT has the data of 360° Video of roads and buildings (including the GPS and central line). I am not sure if these data can be used with the database of project.

- Opinion 2 from Mr. Kompheak:

Regarding the determination of center lines (existing one), I hope the DPWT will cooperate with MPWT to determine the central lines in order to avoid any bad impact on the people living on road; specially when central line moves to only side of road.

- Opinion 3 from Deputy Director of Kandal DPWT:

DPWT does not have the data of the existing center lines. I think MPWT should have all of these data because MPWT has data of foreign projects.

We should have special sub-decree to mention the clear length of ROW in the city and outside the city. Local people don't know the law. They always say why the people in the city or urban areas can build the houses very close to the road; and they living in the rural areas need to build houses far from the road.

Additionally, we should have a law to fine or punish the illegal ROW users (I am not sure if we already have such kind of law).

- Opinion 4 from Mr. Chea Samnang:

We understand that DPWT has difficulties; we at this level also have difficulties. Talking about issuing the special sub-decree is too far from our competence. Most of projects have solved the compensation only inside the COI.

For our workshop today is only to make us aware of current situation, and illegal encroachment prevention. Based on these, we can make a report to our higher-ranking people.

- Opinion 5 from Mr. Thou Samnang (Chairman):

ROW is a hot issue and we have lost a lot of budget due to road damage. DPWT can prepare report and submit to MPWT. Only verbal complaint, MPWT does not know your effort. With the report, MPWT can be aware of this and will try to solve.

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- Opinion 6 from Mr. Chea Samnang:

Actually, Kandal DPWT already submitted the report to MPWT. In the report, DPWT asked for the lawyer to solve the problem. MPWT already took this case.

- Question 1 from Kampong Chhnang DPWT:

Does the map include the record of compensation? So far, we have compensation only inside the COI (20m from central line). How about the another 10m, why there is no compensation?

- Answer 1 by Mr. Kaing Theara:

Regarding the compensation works, it is under MEF. Our work is only to capture the current status. Then, we can use it to compare the situation in the future.

4- Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches by Mr. Khai Saray:

Comments, Questions and Answers: None

5- Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan by Mr. Chea Samnang

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Question 1 from Deputy Director of Kandal DPWT:

It is hard to do regular Patrol because we do not have enough budget. Then, still new houses are inside the ROW. What is the process of Patrol? For the mapping, after we clear the COI then people start to come back. Do we have any committee to stop them?

- Answer 1 from Mr. Chea Samnang:

Our project has prepared the ROW Management Guidelines (RMG), within this year so we can use. The patrol process is also mentioned in the RMG. Of course, patrol requires a lot of money. In case of AZ company which took after the National Road No.4. They spent about 1.5million USD per year for patrol. If we propose such kind of among to higher level, I am sure this proposal will be rejected. My presentation here hopefully can reduce the compensation cost in the future.

For Mapping, we create it mainly for the management works; not for compensation. However, it is a good evidence to report to MEF to prepare the budget for resettlement and to our local authorities to take action to prevent the illegal encroachment.

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THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)





****Afternoon session:**

1- Comprehensive Test:

2- Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP) by JICA Team (Cam Info Service Company):

Question and Answer:

Participant: Can we know distance between	"Current Location" and "target CSI point"?
--	--

- **JICA Team:** There is a measurement tool that we can estimate appreciate distance between "Current Location" and "target CSI point".
- Participant: Can surveyor upload photo into the application?
- **JICA Team:** Application does not allow surveyor to upload photo into the application, the photo can be captured through Camera build-in application only.
- **Participant:** Coordination system of captured photo is same with coordination of "Current Location", it is not coordination system of CSI point, right?
- **JICA Team:** No, it is not. Coordination system of captured photo is same with coordination of CSI point.
- Participant: Can we track or get direction between our current location and CSI point?
- **JICA Team:** We don't have function to track or get direction between our current location and CSI point.
- **Participant:** As the application can work offline, how can captured photo contain coordination system?

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- JICA Team: Captured photo has information of coordination system when we turn on GPS on tablet.
- Participant: Why are there 4 times patrol in "IEP" tap? Is it possible to have more than 4 times patrol?
- JICA Team: We will discuss with JICA team to clarify on this matter.
- 3- Field Practice for Field Survey and Patrol at MPWT South Gate:







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		Attendance I	list	
No	Name	Position	Department/Ministry	Phone
	I	MPWT-RI	D	
1	Mr. Thou Samnang	Deputy Director General	General Directorate of Techniques, MPWT	
2	Mr. Khuon Kompheak	Deputy Director	RID/MPWT	
3	Mr. Chea Samnang	Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
4	Mr. Hay Chandara	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
5	Mr. Khai Saray	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
6	Mr. Sokun Piseth	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
7	Mr. Chak Borith	Chief Officer	RID/MPWT	
8	Mr. Kaing Theara	Officer	RID/MPWT	
9	Mr. Sao Premarak	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
10	Mr. Manh Vutha	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
11	Mr. Song Kimheng	Officer	RID/MPWT	
12	Mr. Sok Chandy	Officer	RID/MPWT	
13	Mr. Sour Keasithising	Officer	RID/MPWT	
	1	MPWT-PI	D	
14	Ms. Eam Sokchea	Deputy Chief of Office	PID/MPWT	

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15	Mr. Kong Youreth	Chief Officer	PID/MPWT	
16	Mr Oeng Kimhak	Deputy Chief Officer	PID/MPWT	
	I	MPWT-ICD		
17	Ms. Oum Sokvasey	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT	
18	Mr. Peang Samoeun	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT	
	1	DPWT-Kandal Pro	vince	
19	Mr. On Raksmey	Deputy Director	DPWT	
20	Mr. Duong Vannak	Deputy Officer	DPWT	
	1	DPWT-Battambang F	rovince	
21	Mr. Eap Visoth	Deputy Director	DPWT	
22	Mr. San Sereisith	Chief Officer	DPWT	
	1	DPWT-Banteay Meanch	ey Province	
23	Mr. Chea Dararith	Officer	DPWT	
24	Mr. Kim Sovannchetra	Officer	DPWT	
25	Mr. Ou Sinith	Officer	DPWT	
		DPWT-Kampong Chhhna	ng Province	
26	Mr. Chhay Leaphea	Deputy Director	DPWT	
27	Mr. Ieng Huo	Chief of Public Works Office	DPWT	
28	Mr. Khut Khemra	Officer	DPWT	
29	Mr. Leng Ratha	Officer	DPWT	
	1	DPWT-Pursat Pro	vince	
30	Mr. Sy Sereyvath	Officer	DPWT	

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31	Mr. Kang Kimchhun	Chief of Office	DPWT	
32	Mr. Bun Soupheng	Officer	DPWT	
		Others		
33	Ms. Kheng Chanchoronay	Student (intern at MPWT)	ITC	
34	Ms. Sreang Sreymom	Student (intern at MPWT)	ITC	
35	Mr. Hean Kongheng	Student (intern at MPWT)	ITC	
	1	Cam Info Se	rvice	
36	Mr. Sous Thidet	App developer	CIS	
37	Mr. Sun Socheat	App Developer	CIS	
38	Mr. Chek Sophal	App Developer	CIS	
	1	JICA Project Tean	1_CESCoR	
39	Dr. Tsuchida Takayuki	Team Leader	JICA Project Team	
40	Mr. Kumagai Takahiro	Project Coordinator	JICA Project Team	
41	Mr. Kiyota Daisaku		JICA Project Team	
42	Mr. James Kazumori WATSON		JICA Project Team	
43	Mr. Watanabe			
44	Ms. Ches Sophy	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team	
45	Mr. Penh Socheat	Technical Assistant	JICA Project Team	
46	Mr. Bun Sereyvuth	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team	
47	Mr. Mut Samon	Assistant	JICA Project Team	
	1	8		

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THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)

Assistant



48 Mr. Preah Loch

JICA Project Team

Team

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WORKSHOP FOR PRACTICE OF ROW MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN CAMBODIA (CESCOR)

31ST JULY, 2019

SUNWAY HOTEL, PHNOM PENH





FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT: OFFICE +855(0)61-960-213

AGENDA

Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in Cambodia (CESCoR)

SUNWAY Hotel, Phnom Penh, 31st July 2019

Target Participants: DPWTs in Kandal, Kampong Chhnang, Pursat, Battambang and Banteay Meanchey

Time	Program	Content
08:30-08:45	Registration	
08:45-08:50	Cambodian National Anthem	
08:50-08:55	Opening Remarks H.E. NOU Vaddhanak, Director General of General Directorate of Techniques, MPWT	
08:55-09:25	Presentation on Outline for ROW Management Methods Mr. CHEA Samnang, Office Chief of ROW, RID, MPWT	 Legal Framework, Structure of CSI (RMD, RMM, UAV and Field survey), Structure of IEP (Hard and Soft Approaches)
09:25-10:10	Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI) Mr. KAING Theara, Official, RID, MPWT	 Outline of Field Survey Detailed Procedure for Field survey Data collection and utilization by survey result (data analysis)
10:10-10:25	Coffee Break	
10:25-11:10	Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches Mr. KHAI Saray, Deputy Office Chief of ROW, RID, MPWT	 Type of IEP approaches (Soft and Hard approach including typical cross section for future development) Procedure for Soft Approaches such as Conduct PCM, Patrol and Provide ROW usage permission
11:10-11:40	Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan Mr. CHEA Samnang, Office Chief of ROW, RID, MPWT	 Priority Activities (CSI, PCM and ROW Pole Installation) Future Development Plan
11:40-11:55	Q&A Session	
11:55-12:00	Closing Remarks H.E. NOU Vaddhanak, Director General of General Directorate of Techniques, MPWT	
12:00-13:30	Luncheon	
13:30-14:00	Comprehension Test for Participants	
14:00-14:30	Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP) JICA Project Team	 Procedures for Field Survey Procedures for Patrol How to use Tablet App for Field survey and Patrol
14:30-15:00	Result of Comprehension Test	
15:00-16:30	Field Practice for Field Survey and Patrol at MPWT South Gate, JICA Project Team	

Note: All Presentations will be English, verbal speech in Khmer

CESCOR PROJECT INTRODUCTION

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia

Table of Contents

- CESCoR Project Introduction
- ROW Management
- Pilot Project

CESCOR PROJECT INTRODUCTION

PROJECT OUTPUTS

Project Period:

- The project has been funded from JICA committed for the period from Jan. 2017 to Dec. 2019.
- Project Goal:

Environmental and Social Consideration (ESC) in road sector is implemented properly by MPWT.

Project Purpose:

Capacity of MPWT officials on ESC is enhanced through applying Road Environmental Guidelines (REG) and Road Management System (RMS).

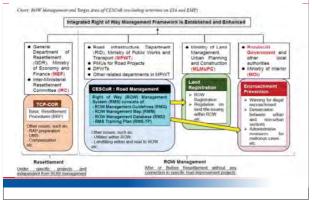
PROJECT OUTLINE

Ov	erall Goal	ESC in road sector is implemented properly by MPWT.
	Project Purpose	Capacity of MPWT officials on ESC is enhanced through applying \ensuremath{REG} and \ensuremath{RMS}
	Output 1	Implementation framework for the project is strengthened based on past experiences and present situation on ESC and ROW management.
Outputs	Output 2	Implementation framework of EC related to EIA and EMP is strengthened.
ıts	<u>Output 3</u>	Implementation framework of SC related to ROW management is strengthened by establishing RMS
	Output 4	Capacity of SC required for ROW management is strengthened through OJT.
Note		ad Environment Guideline, <mark>RMS:</mark> ROW Management System, <mark>EIA:</mark> Iental Impact Assessment, EMP: Environmental Management Plan

OUTLINE

Output 3:	Implementation framework of SC related to ROW management is strengthened by establishing RMS
PURPOSE:	Capacity of Social Considerations (SC) required for ROW management is strengthened as a component of CESCoR Project, funded by JICA
ACTIVITY:	 Create RMG (ROW Management Guideline) Create RMM/RMD as a result of Pilot Project Create RMS-TP and Capacity building training to MPWT and DPWT
METHOD:	Specify a area to implement a pilot project to study the feasibility of the system. The system will be applied to
TARGET AREA:	NR5 has been selected for the rapid development. Target Area along National Road No.5 in four Provinces: 1) KAMPONG CHHNANG Province 2) PURSAT Province 3) BATTAMBANG Province 4) BANTEAY MEANCHEY Province

INTEGRATED ROW MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK



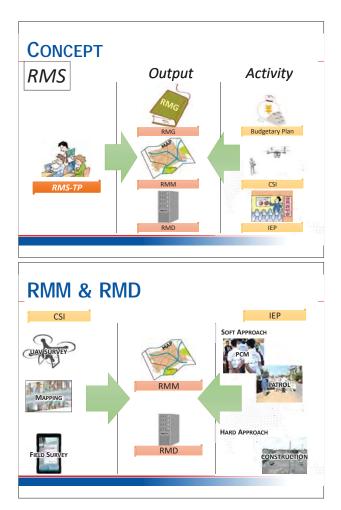
ROW MANAGEMENT

LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR RIGHT OF WAY(ROW)

Cambodia ROW means state land along the road with fixed distances from the centerline of existing roads for the future development.

		ROW Di	mensions
Road	level	Ministerial	Sub-Decree
		Orders(※1)	(※2)
1-digit Number	NR1, 4 and 5	30 m(※3)	30 m(※3)
National Roads	Others	25 m(※3)	50 m(%5)
2-digits Number	National Roads	25 m(※3)	25 m(※3)
Provincial roads		20 m(※3)	Not specified
Commune Roads		15m(※3)	Not specified
※1 Ministerial Orders N ※2 Sub-Decree No.197,		om the centerline	H _L ill _L '

RMS overall Right Of Way Management System RMG - overall Right Of Way Management System BMM/RMD - guideline for CSI&IEP BMM: ROW Management Map, and; - guideline for CSI&IEP BMM: ROW Management Database - CSI: Current Status Identification UAV Survey, GIS mapping, Field Survey to create Map - IEP: Illegal Encroachment Prevention BARD: ROWS - Soft Approach (PCM, Patrol, registration) BARS-TP: RMS Training Plan - training curriculum & manuals to create RMM/RMD

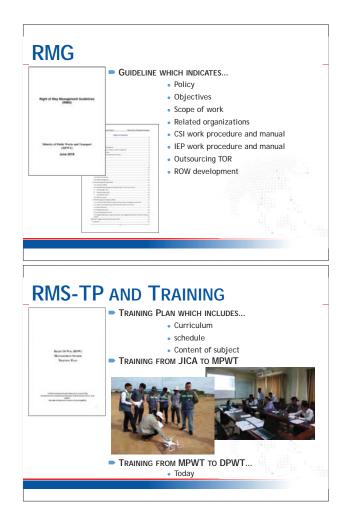


CSI ROLE

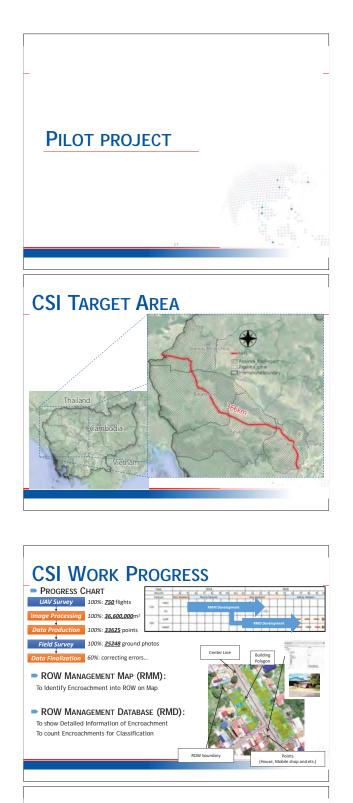
	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY
KICKOFF	Arrangement	1	1	
MTG	Implementation	1	1	1
	Flight permission	1	1	1
UAV	Flight plan	1		
SURVEY	UAV survey	1	1	
	Supervision (for outsourcing)	1		
055105 110001	Image processing	1		
OFFICE WORK	Mapping (data production)	1		
	FS permission	1	1	1
FIELD SURVEY	Field survey		1	
5011121	Supervision	1		
GIS	data finalization	1		
				194

IEP ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHER
Classification		1				
	1) PCM	1	1	1		
Raise awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
awareness	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
negotie	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			



J4 - 114

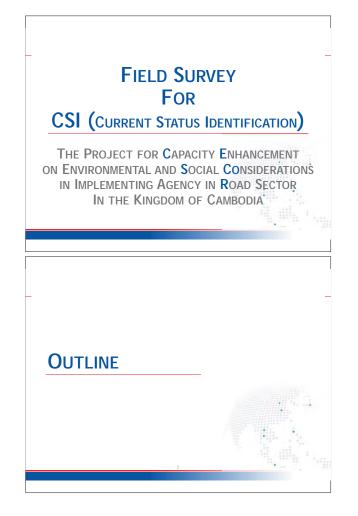


IEP TARGET AREA









GENERAL

- <u>Current Status Identification (CSI)</u> focuses on <u>data collection</u> related to situation of <u>right of way</u> along national roads and provincial roads across the country in order to <u>creating right of way maps</u> and database <u>as baseline</u> for <u>effective right of way management</u>.
- The purpose of CSI is to study on a <u>current situation</u> of ROW management and developing a ROW current situation map as a baseline so that <u>appropriate measures</u> can be applied for <u>effective</u> <u>ROW management</u> and <u>encroachment prevention</u>.
- The CSI work covers on <u>all national roads</u> under management of MPWT. A primary focus for the CSI is <u>1-digit national roads</u> of which information is to be compiled on a ROW management map. After the completion of the map for the 1-digit national roads, 2-digit national roads will be targeted.

ORGANIZATION

- Main contents of CSI are:
- 1) UAV survey,
- 2) data processing and

3) field survey, which is consisted data processing for Map and preparing survey sheet.

RID & DPWT should understand roles and collaborate with each organization to collect basic information through the surveys.

CSI WORK CONTENTS



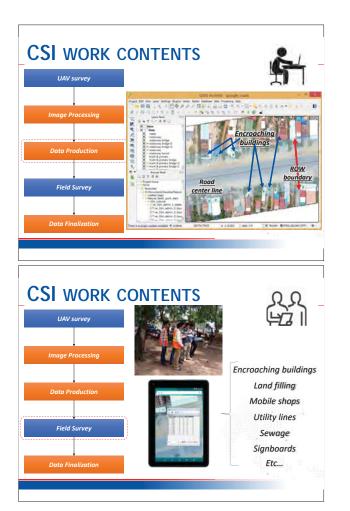
 To explain the work purpose, content and schedule to the local authorities.

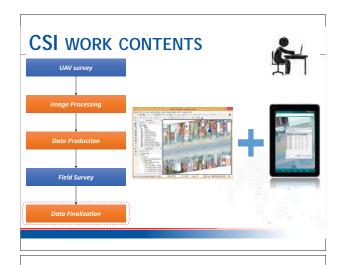






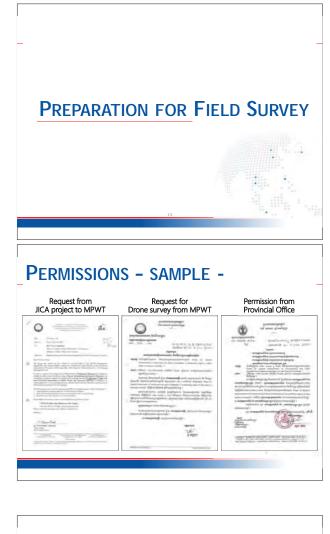






CSI ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY
KICKOFF	Arrangement	1	1	
MTG	Implementation	1	1	1
	Flight permission	1	1	1
UAV	Flight plan	1		
SURVEY	UAV survey	1	1	
	Supervision (for outsourcing)	1		Support
	Image processing	1		
OFFICE WORK	Mapping (data production)	1		
	FS permission	1	1	1
FIELD SURVEY	Field survey		1	
5011121	Supervision	1		
GIS	data finalization	1		
				194 av 194 av 194

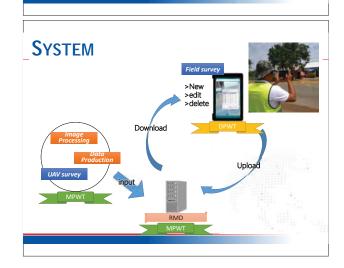


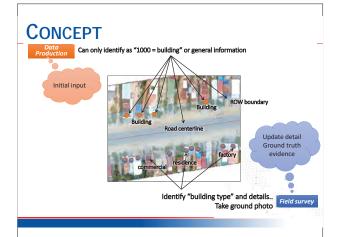
SURVEY TEAM ARRANGEMENT

About team arrangement for Field Survey, the assumption has been considered based on the result of pilot project.

- Field Survey Leader: 1 person will be assigned to manage Field Survey Team from MPWT or DPWT.
- Field Surveyors: 3 persons for 1 team will be assigned to implement Field Survey from DPWT. The team could complete 100km within 3 months.
- Team arrangement could be considered depend on scale and priority of road improvement project.

100kr





CSI DATA COLLECTION LIST

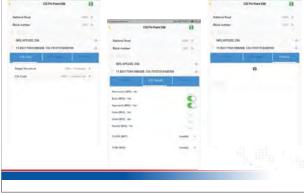
CSI po	oint data code li	st	
1000	Building	_	
С	SI line & area lata code list		
6000	NO LISE		
6100	1st digit NR		
6110	1st digit NR Bypass		
6200	2nd digit NR		
6210	2nd digit NR Bypass		
6300	3rd digit NR		
6310	3rd digit NR Bypass		
6999	other		
8000	NO USE		
	Flight block		
8002	Station block		
8003	ROW boundary		
	COI boundary		
	Commune boundary		
	Province boundary		
	International boundary		
8999	other		

CSI point data code list

001 Residence	3100 Signborad public
002 Residence&Commercial	3110 Signboard private
003 Commercial	3200 Street light
004 Shed	3300 Pylon L
005 Temporary shop	3310 Pylon R
006 Building underconstruction	3400 Cemetery
1007 Factory	3500 Private drainage
1008 Petro station	3600 Well
1009 Public office	3700 KM post
1010 School public	3800 ROW pole
1011 School private	3810 COI pole
1012 Pagoda	3900 Control point (GCP)
1013 Health center	3910 Benchmark (BM)
1014 Mobile cart	3999 Other
1999 Other	4000 type in remarks
2000 Approach to building	4999 Other
2001 Access Road	5000 PCM
2002 Land filling	5100 IEP hard approach
2003 Open Area	5900 type in remarks
2004 Parking	5999 Other
2999 Other	the second of the



DATA COLLECTION





IEP

(ILLEGAL ENCROACHMENT PREVENTION) APPROACHES

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia



GENERAL

- ROW management map is developed using the data collection activities from CSI. Based on <u>densities</u> of ROW encroachments pointed on the ROW map, ROW areas shall be <u>classified</u> into <u>populated</u>, <u>potential and non-dense</u> areas. IEP shall be implemented properly <u>according to classification</u> of areas on ROW management map in order <u>not to allow</u> any <u>illegal or inappropriate land uses</u> in ROW.
- IEP approaches aim to <u>prevent new encroachment</u> in the ROW and to regulate temporary use of ROW with permission so as to <u>manage and</u> <u>maintain the land</u> secured for <u>road development</u>.

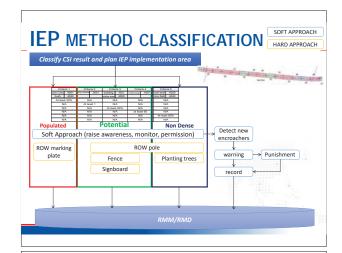
ORGANIZATION

According to Law on Road, MPWT is the road control authority in charge of <u>construction</u>, <u>maintenance and management</u> of all <u>national</u> <u>roads in Cambodia</u>. Also, <u>Road Infrastructure Department (RID)</u> of MPWT is a <u>main actor in charge</u> of <u>ROW management</u> of all national roads. Additionally, there are also <u>other agencies/ministries involved</u> in the ROW management such as <u>Ministry</u> of Interior, <u>Ministry</u> of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction and Ministry of Education, Youth and Sport. MPWT is responsible for <u>coordination</u>, <u>implementation</u>, <u>maintenance</u> of the necessary records on the ROW and expenditure management and <u>preparation of budgetary</u> <u>provisions</u>.



SOFT & HARD APPROACH

	Road Desi	gn		Insta	alling	g Fac	ilitie	c .	Des								
Const								3		miss and istra			lonitori and tervent		а	Raising warene	
me middle Constructing sub-road as ROW boundary	Road from the edge of ROW boundary and keep empty space in the middle	Digging channels as ROW boundary	Pole	Signboard	Fence	Growing Tree	Highlighting color on tile	ROW marking plate	Access road permit	ROW registration	ROW use permit	Appealing to the court	Collaborating with local authorities	Regular patrol activities	Local governmental official	High school and university students	Local people



IEP SOFT APPROACH







IEP SOFT APPROACH ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHER
Classification		1				
Raise	1) Citizen	1	1	1		
awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
(PCM)	3) Local government office	1	1	1	~	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	~		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	~		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			
					C4	

SOFT APPROACH-1

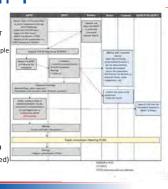
Raising awareness

Relevant organizations such as MPWT, DPWT and Local Authority should collaborate to provide "Consultation Meeting" to local people and relevant governments to ensure better understanding of ROW, and build good relationship

- Raising local people's awareness

- Raising relevant government officials' awareness

- Integrating ROW concept into school curriculum (To be Considered)



SOFT APPROACH-2

Monitoring and Intervention

MPWT and DPWT should collaborate to implement "Patrol" to collect the evidence from resident and to provide "Warning" for Illegal Encroachment.

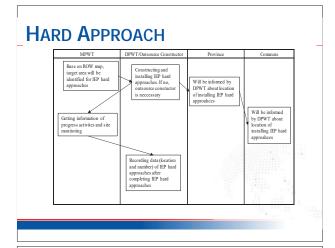
- Patrol

- Administrative Guidance (To be Considered)

0	Prepare Patrol Plan
	Provide Device to implement Patrol to DPWT
	Receive result of Patrol result
	Confirm result of Patrol
	Store patrol result to RMD
-	

IEP HARD APPROACH ROLE

	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHE	
Classification		1				
Raise	1) Citizen	1	1	1		
awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
(PCM)	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
negistration	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			



ផលវិជ្ជមាន និងផលអវិជ្ជមាន នៃការរំលោភដីចំណីផ្លូវ

ສຸ໙ອິຽຍາຣ ໄລກາເອີລຳເໝກຊີອໍໝີສູຮ

-កាត់បន្ថយការចំណាយរបស់ រដ្ឋាភិបាលទៅលើការដោះស្រាយផលប៉ះពាល់នៅ ពេលអភិវឌ្ឍផ្លូវ

-ងាយស្រួលក្នុងការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍បរិក្ខាផ្លូវផ្សេងៗដូចជា ល្វ ផ្លាកសញ្ញាចរាចរណ៍

-កាត់បន្ថយជំលោះរវាងរដ្ឋ និងប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ

-កាត់បន្ថយគ្រោះថ្នាក់ចរាចរ (គ្មានអ្នក់រស់នៅកៀកផ្លូវ, អ្នកបើកបរមើលឃើញស្ថាន ភាពផ្លូវច្បាស់)

-ធ្វើឲ្យផ្លូវប្រើប្រាស់បានយូរ មិនងាយខ្ទច (ដោយសារមានគ្មានការចាក់ដីខ្ពស់ដាងផ្លូវ មានប្រព័ន្ធរំដោះទឹកចេញពីផ្លូវគ្រប់គ្រាន់)

-ផ្លូវមានសោភណ្ឌភាព

ផលវិជ្ជមាន និងផលអវិជ្ជមាន នៃការរំលោភដីចំណីផ្លូវ

ផលអទិត្ថមាន ខែការរំលោកដីចំណីដូទ

-រដ្ឋចំណាយច្រើនទៅលើការដោះស្រាយផលប៉ះពាល់ គម្រោងពង្រីកផ្លូវ

-ធ្វើឲ្យផ្លូវឆាប់ខ្វួច (ដោយសារការរស់នៅជាប់ផ្លូវ, ចាត់ដីខ្ពស់ជាងផ្លូវ) -រួមចំណែក បង្ហូរគ្រោះថ្នាក់ចរចា ដោយសារការចូលមករស់នៅក្នុងដីចំណីផ្លូវជាឧប ស័ត្តធ្វើឲ្យអ្នកបើកបរមើលមិនច្បាស់ -ផ្លូវគ្មានសោភណ្ឌភាព

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION! អរគុណសម្រាប់ការយកចិត្តទុកដាក់ស្តាប់

ROW MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY AND PLAN

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia

Contents

- Priority Activities
- Future Development Plan

PRIORITY ACTIVITIES

Advantages of ROW Management

- Illegal occupation of state land makes implementation of resettlement procedure much more complicated and that management doesn't work effectively.
- And, resettlement cost will be higher in the future without adequate ROW management.
- Adequate ROW management can • Minimize the resettlement cost,
 - lead to smooth project implementation related to the road construction without delay of land issue.
- CSI and IEP activities contribute to prevent the illegal encroachment to the ROW on national road and to reduce the resettlement in the future.

Estimation Cost for ROW Management

Total length of all 1digit & 2digit National Road: 8,055km

<Priority Activities>

- CSI on the all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 917,000
- PCM for 50 places: USD 100,000 for every year
- Patrol on all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 73,000 for every year
- New ROW Pole on 1digit &2digit NR (for 2,675km): USD 3,530,000
- Other Hard approaches is implemented in the national/international road project.

	1 st phase (1Y~3Y)	2 nd phase (4Y~6Y)	3 rd phase (7Y~9Y)
CSI	All 1digit 8	Map update	
PCM	50 places/year	50 places/year	50 places/year
Patrol	All 1digit & 2digit NR	All 1digit & 2digit NR	All 1digit & 2digit NR
ROW Pole	for 150km	for 600km	for 1,925km

First Phase Target for 3years

- CSI: Half of all 1digit & 2digit NR(3,472km): USD 462,000
- PCM for 50 places (2time in each province): USD 300,000
- Patrol on all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 73,000
- New ROW Pole for 150km is installed: USD 198,000

Ap	proaches	1st year	2 nd year	3 rd year	3 years total	Remarks
	Progress	1,142km	1,142km	1,142km	3,427km	Half of 1 & 2 digit NR
	UAV	\$111,600	\$109,000	\$111,400	\$332,000	(Outsource) 38.9MM
CSI	Office	\$35,300	\$4,400	\$4,400	\$44,100	90.3MM
	FS	\$30,200	\$25,900	\$30,200	\$86,300	321.7MM
	Total	\$177,000	\$139,000	\$146,000	\$462,000	
	PCM	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$300,000	50 places / year
	Patrol	\$72,600	\$72,600	\$72,600	\$217,800	All 1 & 2 digit NR
IEP	ROW Pole	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$198,000	For 150 km
	Total	\$239,000	\$239,000	\$239,000	\$717,000	
Total		\$416,000	\$378,000	\$385,000	\$1,179,000	







The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



Date: 31st July 2019 Time: 8:30am-16:00pm Location: at SUNWAY Hotel, Phnom Penh at MPWT South Gate Topic: The Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System

No	Name	Position	Department/Ministry	Phone
		MPWT-R	D	
1	Mr. Thou Samnang	Deputy Director General	General Directorate of Techniques, MPWT	
2	Mr. Khuon Kompheak	Deputy Director	RID/MPWT	
3	Mr. Chea Samnang	Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
4	Mr. Hay Chandara	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
5	Mr. Khai Saray	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
6	Mr. Sokun Piseth	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
7	Mr. Chak Borith	Chief Officer	RID/MPWT	
8	Mr. Kaing Theara	Officer	RID/MPWT	
9	Mr. Sao Premarak	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
10	Mr. Manh Vutha	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
11	Mr. Song Kimheng	Officer	RID/MPWT	
12	Mr. Sok Chandy	Officer	RID/MPWT	
13	Mr. Sour Keasithising	Officer	RID/MPWT	
		MPWT-P	D	
14	Ms. Eam Sokchea	Deputy Chief of Office	PID/MPWT	
15	Mr. Kong Youreth	Chief Officer	PID/MPWT	
16	Mr Oeng Kimhak	Deputy Chief Officer	PID/MPWT	
		MPWT-IC	CD	
17	Ms. Oum Sokvasey	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT	
18	Mr. Peang Samoeun	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT	
		DPWT-Kandal I	Province	
19	Mr. On Raksmey	Deputy Director	DPWT	
20	Mr. Duong Vannak	Deputy Officer	DPWT	
		DPWT-Battamban	g Province	



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



3

45	Mr. Penh Socheat	Technical Assistant	JICA Project Team	
46	Mr. Bun Sereyvuth	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team	
47	Mr. Mut Samon	Assistant	JICA Project Team	
48	Mr. Preah Loch	Assistant	JICA Project Team	

		E PROJECT FOR CAPACITY VIRONMENTAL AND SOCIA MPLEMENTING AGENCY IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBO	NL CONSIDERATIONS	jica)
21	Mr. Eap Visoth	Deputy Director	DPWT	
22	Mr. San Sereisith	Chief Officer	DPWT	
		DPWT-Banteay Meano	hey Province	
23	Mr. Chea Dararith	Officer	DPWT	
24	Mr. Kim Sovannchetra	Officer	DPWT	
25	Mr. Ou Sinith	Officer	DPWT	
	1	DPWT-Kampong Chhh	nang Province	
26	Mr. Chhay Leaphea	Deputy Director	DPWT	
27	Mr. Ieng Huo	Chief of Public Works Office	DPWT	
28	Mr. Khut Khemra	Officer	DPWT	
29	Mr. Leng Ratha	Officer	DPWT	
		DPWT-Pursat P	rovince	
30	Mr. Sy Sereyvath	Officer	DPWT	
31	Mr. Kang Kimchhun	Chief of Office	DPWT	
32	Mr. Bun Soupheng	Officer	DPWT	
		Others		
33	Ms. Kheng Chanchoronay	Student (intern at MPWT)	ITC	
34	Ms. Sreang Sreymom	Student (intern at MPWT)	ITC	
35	Mr. Hean Kongheng	Student (intern at MPWT)	ITC	
	1	Cam Info Ser		1
36	Mr. Sous Thidet	App developer	CIS	
37	Mr. Sun Socheat	App Developer	CIS	
38	Mr. Chek Sophal	App Developer	CIS	
		JICA Project Team	_CESCoR	1
39	Dr. Tsuchida Takayuki	Team Leader	JICA Project Team	
40	Mr. Kumagai Takahiro	Project Coordinator	JICA Project Team	
41	Mr. Kiyota Daisaku		JICA Project Team	_
42	Mr. James Kazumori WATSON		JICA Project Team	
43	Mr. Watanabe			
44	Ms. Ches Sophy	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team	





WORKSHOP FOR PRACTICE OF ROW MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

DISCUSSION MEMO

Date & Time :	August 29 th , 2019 from 8:30am to 4:00pm			
Place	PHNOM PENH Hotel, Phnom Penh			
Attendees :	H.E. Nou Vaddhanak, Under Secretary of State, MPWT			
	Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director, RID/MPWT			
	Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief of ROW Office, RID/MPWT			
	Mr. Hay Chandara, Deputy Chief of ROW Office, RID MPWT			
	Mr. Sok Ly, Deputy Director, ICD/MPWT			
	Ms. Eam Sokchea, Deputy Chief of Environment and Public Service			
	Office, PID/MPWT			
	And Other MPWT officials and DPWT officials from Kampong Cham,			
	Kampong Thom, Siem Reap and Oddor Meanchey			
	(see the attendant list in this memo)			
Project Team :	Mr. Yamashita, Mr. Kumagai, Ms. Nomura, Ms. Sophy, Mr. Socheat,			
	Mr. Luch, Mr. Sereyvuth and Mr. Samon			
Agenda /	- To train the DPWTs' Officials on ROW management System through			
Discussion	the presentations from ROW TF members (MPWT's Officials);			
Points :	- To conduct the field practice for field survey and patrol.			

1- Opening Remark by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak, Under Secretary of State, MPWT

2- Presentation on outline of ROW Management Methods by Mr. Chea Samnang

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Question 1 from H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

Thank you for your good presentation. For the drone flight, I understood that we submitted the letter to ask the permission. However, I have wondered if we have ever received the reply from the local authority?

- Answer 1 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

Mostly we received the reply and got the permission from local authorities orally. However, we did receive the official reply by letter from one local authority. We will show the letter in the next presentation.

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- Comment 1 by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

From this project, we have studied to get experiences and knowledge as tool to implement the ROW Management in Future. However, who will implement the ROW management? We know that General Directorate of Public Works manages the Public Works and road construction but based on Prakas, only Road Infrastructure Department has ROW office. Importantly, we need to learn and upgrade the knowledge first; especially the DWPT officials. We need to modify the role to implement the ROW management; although the budget for ROW is under the General Directorate of Public Works.

- Comment 2 by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

I would like to kindly remind the DPWT officials that based on the Sub-decree, some provincial roads had been upgraded to National Road 2-digits. Therefore, the ROW is 25m from the central line both sides. Regarding this, we should have data on original central line (GPS) because some roads have been expanded only one side; then without original or existing central line, people will confuse and it causes the trouble during the resettlement. To solve these problems, we need to register the ROW with the Hard Title.

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Thank you for your good presentation. I have understood that this project has studied the National Road No.5. It would be great if the project can continue to National Road No.6. On another hand, I would like to ask the question on ROW Management. How do we define the ROW in urban area? We don't have data on the boundary between the urban and non-urban areas.

- Answer 2 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

This project will finish at the end of this year. There is no extension to another National Road. However, DPWT can request for the National Budget to implement the ROW Management. MPWT can support because we have ideas. For the definition of non-urban areas, we also do not know.

- Added by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

MPWT submitted letters to Ministry of Interior (MoI) and Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction to give us the clear definition and boundary between urban and nonurban areas. However, until now we have not yet received any clear answer. We cannot stop the expansion of urban areas. Therefore, in order to prevent the illegal encroachment, we need to apply our own mechanism. Our solution is to install the ROW poles at the rural areas first before the urban areas get expanded. We hope that installing ROW poles can prevent the encroachment. Gov't have spent a lot of money on Resettlement. In some cases, Gov't decided to build the Bypass

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because the resettlement cost is too high. During the ROW Pole installation, we need to take photos as evidence; when people encroach the ROW, we can use the photos as evidence to show them.

- Question 3 from H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

Regarding the IEP at Chrey Bak. I want to know whether there is the side drainage and outlet or not.

- Answer 3 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

We are going to build the side drainage and use the existing outlet.

- Comment 3 by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

We need to consider about the outlet even we have drainage. If we do not have outlet, we need to dig the pond or reservoir to store water from drainage. Regarding this matter, I would like to request that with the road distance of 1km or 2km, there should be one outlet or reservoir to store water released from the roads. Also, we need to encourage and explain the people not to fill land with higher elevation that the roads' elevation.

3- Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI) by Mr. Khoun Kompheak:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Question 1 from H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

Thank you for your good presentation. I would like to know whether photos taken by drone on the map have correct GPS or not. Can we open it like Avenza and it will show us the exact location at the field? And each photo has the summarized information or not if we click on that Pin Point?

- Answer 1 by Mr. Kompheak:

Yes, we can open it like Avenza with the location. It might be a bit bias of the location; however, we can find the exact location. Each Pin Point or photo has the data or information.

- Comment 1 by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

Based on the photo shown in the presentation, I think it is the urban areas because it is very crowded. Then, I do not think it is correct to offset the ROW 30m both sides.

- Question 2 from Siem Reap DPWT:

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What kind of drone did you use? How did you set the height for flight and GCP?

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- Answer 2 by Mr. Kompheak:

We used the Phantom 4 Drone. The height for the flight was 100m. We did check the wind condition with wind meter. For the GCP we set by using handy GPS. In order to avoid the error, we overlapped the photos for 80% with the angle of 90 degree.

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This CSI and database are like the inventory source. We can use this data for other purposes (not only for ROW). We can use it to count the bridges, make drawing, or design the location for traffic safety, etc. Therefore, DPWTs' officials need to learn from this workshop. Although it is just the pilot project, we need to update ourselves. We can use the National Budget to implement these activities by ourselves.

4- Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches by Mr. Kaing Theara:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Comment 1 by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

For the Monitoring and Patrol, can we do it by flying the drone to capture the visual image? We keep those photos as evidences. We can fly the drone again after 1 or 2years to compare. If we find the encroachment, we can go to that place directly.

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For the permission on ROW usage based on Article No. 36 in Road Law, the procedure to use ROW is set by Joint Prakas between Ministry of Public Works and Transport and Ministry of Rural Development. However, so far, we have not yet prepared this Joint Prakas. Can we (General Directorate of Public Works or our ROW TF members) do anything on this administrative works? We need to develop technical typical standard drawing (Cross section) on road utilities with detailed design then others (DPWTs and Private Construction Company) can learn.

- Comment 3 by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

In Thailand, they construct the road from the edge of ROW. But for us, due to limited budget, we build the road from the middle space. Then, the free space has been encroached; so, it is difficult to solve and manage ROW. However, we have to make sure that those encroaching structures are just the soft or temporary structures.

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5- Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan by Mr. Hay Chandara:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Comment by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

For the last slide, the length of National Road No.1 is 162km from Kbal Thnol to Bavet only. The full length of National Road No.1 (168km) is from Wat Phnom. So, please add the clear note for this. Same thing goes for the National Road No. 48.



6- Closing Remark by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak

**Afternoon session:

1- Comprehensive Test:

2- Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP) by JICA Team (Mr. Bun SereyVuth):

Question and Answer:

- Q1 from DPWT: in the Tablet, there are 1st Patrol, 2nd Patrol, etc. Can we check the history of our patrol?

- **A1:** Yes, we can check the history of previous patrol. This App can work offline at the site. Data will be automatically updated with internet connection. For each patrol, we can record and take photos up to 3 photos.

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- **Q2 from DPWT:** You said each function can take photos up to 3 times, but actually for IEP function, only one photo can be taken. CSI can do it up to 3 photos.

- A2: Thank you for your comment. We will check and consider about it. Actually, because of the limited database space, we limit the number of photos.

- Q3 from DPWT: For the function on Next Patrol, why the options are only up to 30 days? How about more than 30 days?

- A3: 1st, DPWT can request to MPWT to change the date or add more function. 2nd: you can take note on the paper, take photo; then upload in the Tablet.

- Q4 from DPWT: Why there is no Khmer Version?

- A4: Yes, we will have Khmer Version. Now, we have only English version for testing and asking for any comment for improvement.

- Q5 from MPWT-ICD: For Next Patrol, can the App Sort the date for the Next Patrol? For Example, next patrol on the same date, we will have 5 locations to go, Can the App show those 5 locations?

- A5: That is good idea. We will discuss with our ROW TF members and JICA team on this matter.

- **Q6 from DPWT:** Can the App summarize the patrol as report? Can we know the length of encroachment (from central line) from the App?

- A6: If DPWT has the form as report, you can share us. Then, we will consider about this in the App. We have set all the information such as Name of structure's owner, type of structure, patrol date, but didn't think of the length of encroachment from central line or from COI.

- Q7 from DPWT: There are format for Patrol 1 and Patrol 2, how about the Patrol 3 and 4?

- A7: The format of Patrol 3 and Patrol 4 are same as Patrol 1 and 2. We have not yet finished developing the App. This workshop is to share the information and ask for the comment.

- **Q8 from DPWT:** For Patrol information, can we add more people of patrol group such as local authority?

- **A8:** Actually, we have another form to record the surveyor names, date and interviewee. You can take photo from that form and upload to App as evidence. There is a form in App and another form on Paper. Sometimes, it is difficult to input the data in App, so you can input on the paper, take the photo and upload to the App.

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3- Practice for Field Survey and Patrol at Phnom Penh Hotel: Demonstration by DPWTs' officials on using the Tablet:



- **Comments from App user:** App is easy to use but I think in reality, local people don't cooperate well because they are busy with their business. They just say that they will move out when gov't needs the land.

- **Replies from Mr. Samnang:** I know it is difficult to deal with local people. We need the art of speaking. We should not say directly to them that they encroach the ROW but it is better telling them that we come to collect the information on ROW usage. Before we go to meet the people, we need to inform the authority first.

If during the patrol, you find the construction is on-going. Sure, you can ask them if they already got the permission. If no permission, you can explain and ask them to stop the construction. Or take further action to report to local authority.

- Comments from App user: Has the project applied this App on National Road No.5?

- **Replies from JICA Team:** For CSI, from the beginning we used only paper with Tablet to take photo. Then, we used Avanza. That's why we have workshop to transfer the knowledge and to get comment to update the App.

- Comments from Mr. Samnang: The demo we did mainly focused on IEP. For CSI, there is no interview. But we have permission to take photo of building and fly the drone.

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WORKSHOP FOR PRACTICE OF ROW MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN CAMBODIA (CESCOR)

29TH AUGUST, 2019

PHNOM PENH HOTEL, PHNOM PENH





FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT: OFFICE +855(0)61-960-213

AGENDA

Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in Cambodia (CESCoR)

PHNOM PENH Hotel, Phnom Penh, 29th August 2019

Target Participants: DPWTs in Kampong Cham, Kampong Thom, Siem Reap, Oddor Meanchey and Preah Vihear

Time	Program	Content
08:30-08:45	Registration	
08:45-08:50	Cambodian National Anthem	
08:50-08:55	Opening Remarks H.E. NOU Vaddhanak, Under Secretary of State, MPWT	
08:55-09:25	Presentation on Outline for ROW Management Methods Mr. CHEA Samnang, Office Chief of ROW, RID, MPWT	 Legal Framework, Structure of CSI (RMD, RMM, UAV and Field survey), Structure of IEP (Hard and Soft Approaches)
09:25-10:10	Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI) Mr. KHOUN Kompheak, Deputy Director of RID, MPWT	 Outline of Field Survey Detailed Procedure for Field survey Data collection and utilization by survey result (data analysis)
10:10-10:25	Coffee Break	
10:25-11:10	Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches Mr. KAING Theara, Official, RID, MPWT	 Type of IEP approaches (Soft and Hard approach including typical cross section for future development) Procedure for Soft Approaches such as Conduct PCM, Patrol and Provide ROW usage permission
11:10-11:40	Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan Mr. HAY Chandara, Deputy Office Chief of ROW, RID, MPWT	 Priority Activities (CSI, PCM and ROW Pole Installation) Future Development Plan
11:40-11:55	Q&A Session	
11:55-12:00	Closing Remarks H.E. NOU Vaddhanak, Under Secretary of State, MPWT	
12:00-13:30	Luncheon	
13:30-14:00	Comprehension Test for Participants	
14:00-14:30	Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP) JICA Project Team	 Procedures for Field Survey Procedures for Patrol How to use Tablet App for Field survey and Patrol
14:30-15:00	Result of Comprehension Test	
15:00-16:30	Field Practice for Field Survey and Patrol at PHNOM PENH Hotel , JICA Project Team	

Note: All Presentations will be English, verbal speech in Khmer



THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)



WORKSHOP FOR PRACTICE OF ROW MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

DISCUSSION MEMO

Date & Time:	August 29 th , 2019 from 8:30am to 4:00pm		
Place	PHNOM PENH Hotel, Phnom Penh		
Attendees:	H.E. Nou Vaddhanak, Under Secretary of State, MPWT		
	Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director, RID/MPWT		
	Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief of ROW Office, RID/MPWT		
	Mr. Hay Chandara, Deputy Chief of ROW Office, RID MPWT		
	Mr. Sok Ly, Deputy Director, ICD/MPWT		
	Ms. Eam Sokchea, Deputy Chief of Environment and Public Service		
	Office, PID/MPWT		
	And Other MPWT officials and DPWT officials from Kampong Cham,		
	Kampong Thom, Siem Reap and Oddor Meanchey		
	(see the attendant list in this memo)		
Project Team:	Mr. Yamashita, Mr. Kumagai, Ms. Nomura, Ms. Sophy, Mr. Socheat,		
	Mr. Luch, Mr. Sereyvuth and Mr. Samon		
Agenda /	- To train the DPWTs' Officials on ROW management System through		
Discussion	the presentations from ROW TF members (MPWT's Officials);		
Points:	- To conduct the field practice for field survey and patrol.		

1- Opening Remark by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak, Under Secretary of State, MPWT

2- Presentation on outline of ROW Management Methods by Mr. Chea Samnang

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Question 1 from H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

Thank you for your good presentation. For the drone flight, I understood that we submitted the letter to ask the permission. However, I have wondered if we have ever received the reply from the local authority?

- Answer 1 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

Mostly we received the reply and got the permission from local authorities orally. However, we did receive the official reply by letter from one local authority. We will show the letter in the next presentation.

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- Comment 1 by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

From this project, we have studied to get experiences and knowledge as tool to implement the ROW Management in Future. However, who will implement the ROW management? We know that General Directorate of Public Works manages the Public Works and road construction but based on Prakas, only Road Infrastructure Department has ROW office. Importantly, we need to learn and upgrade the knowledge first; especially the DWPT officials. We need to modify the role to implement the ROW management; although the budget for ROW is under the General Directorate of Public Works.

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This project will finish at the end of this year. There is no extension to another National Road. However, DPWT can request for the National Budget to implement the ROW Management. MPWT can support because we have ideas. For the definition of non-urban areas, we also do not know.

- Added by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

MPWT submitted letters to Ministry of Interior (MoI) and Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction to give us the clear definition and boundary between urban and non-urban areas. However, until now we have not yet received any clear answer. We cannot stop the expansion of urban areas. Therefore, in order to prevent the illegal encroachment, we need to apply our own mechanism. Our solution is to install the ROW poles at the rural areas first before the urban areas get expanded. We hope that installing ROW poles can prevent the encroachment. Gov't have spent a lot of money on Resettlement. In some cases, Gov't decided to build the Bypass because the resettlement

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- Question 3 from H.E. Nou Vaddhanak:

Regarding the IEP at Chrey Bak. I want to know whether there is the side drainage and outlet or not.

- Answer 3 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

We are going to build the side drainage and use the existing outlet.

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Based on the photo shown in the presentation, I think it is the urban areas because it is very crowded. Then, I do not think it is correct to offset the ROW 30m both sides.

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What kind of drone did you use? How did you set the height for flight and GCP?

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Comments, Questions and Answers:

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For the Monitoring and Patrol, can we do it by flying the drone to capture the visual image? We keep those photos as evidences. We can fly the drone again after 1 or 2years to compare. If we find the encroachment, we can go to that place directly.

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5- Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan by Mr. Hay Chandara:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

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For the last slide, the length of National Road No.1 is 162km from Kbal Thnol to Bavet only. The full length of National Road No.1 (168km) is from Wat Phnom. So, please add the clear note for this. Same thing goes for the National Road No. 48.



6- Closing Remark by H.E. Nou Vaddhanak

****Afternoon session:**

1- Comprehensive Test:

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Question and Answer:

- Q1 from DPWT: in the Tablet, there are 1st Patrol, 2nd Patrol, etc. Can we check the history of our patrol?

- A1: Yes, we can check the history of previous patrol. This App can work offline at the site. Data will be automatically updated with internet connection. For each patrol, we can record and take photos up to 3 photos.

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- Q2 from DPWT: You said each function can take photos up to 3 times, but actually for IEP function, only one photo can be taken. CSI can do it up to 3 photos.

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- A6: If DPWT has the form as report, you can share us. Then, we will consider about this in the App. We have set all the information such as Name of structure's owner, type of structure, patrol date, but didn't think of the length of encroachment from central line or from COI.

- Q7 from DPWT: There are format for Patrol 1 and Patrol 2, how about the Patrol 3 and 4?

- A7: The format of Patrol 3 and Patrol 4 are same as Patrol 1 and 2. We have not yet finished developing the App. This workshop is to share the information and ask for the comment.

- **Q8 from DPWT:** For Patrol information, can we add more people of patrol group such as local authority?

- A8: Actually, we have another form to record the surveyor names, date and interviewee. You can take photo from that form and upload to App as evidence. There is a form in App and another form on Paper. Sometimes, it is difficult to input the data in App, so you can input on the paper, take the photo and upload to the App.

3- Practice for Field Survey and Patrol at Phnom Penh Hotel:

CTI Engineering	Environment and Social Infrastructure	Hanshin Expressway		
International Co., Ltd. (CTII)	Consultant Co., Ltd. (ESIC)	Company Limited (HEX)		
	Joint Venture			
Address: JICA Project Office, c/o International Cooperation Department, MPWT, Corner Norodom Blvd,				

6



THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)



Demonstration by DPWTs' officials on using the Tablet:



- **Comments from App user:** App is easy to use but I think in reality, local people don't cooperate well because they are busy with their business. They just say that they will move out when gov't needs the land.

- **Replies from Mr. Samnang:** I know it is difficult to deal with local people. We need the art of speaking. We should not say directly to them that they encroach the ROW but it is better telling them that we come to collect the information on ROW usage. Before we go to meet the people, we need to inform the authority first.

If during the patrol, you find the construction is on-going. Sure, you can ask them if they already got the permission. If no permission, you can explain and ask them to stop the construction. Or take further action to report to local authority.

- Comments from App user: Has the project applied this App on National Road No.5?

- **Replies from JICA Team:** For CSI, from the beginning we used only paper with Tablet to take photo. Then, we used Avanza. That's why we have workshop to transfer the knowledge and to get comment to update the App.

- Comments from Mr. Samnang: The demo we did mainly focused on IEP. For CSI, there is no interview. But we have permission to take photo of building and fly the drone.

CTI Engineering	Environment and Social Infrastructure	Hanshin Expressway
International Co., Ltd. (CTII)	Consultant Co., Ltd. (ESIC)	Company Limited (HEX)
	Joint Venture	
Addross: IICA Project Office c/o Ir	tornational Cooporation Dopartment MP	WT Corpor Norodom Blvd

7



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



Date: 29th August 2019 Time: 8:30am-16:00pm Location: at Phnom Penh Hotel Topic: The Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System

	Attendance List					
No	Name	Position	Department/Ministry	Phone		
MPWT-RID						
1	H.E. Nou Vaddhanak	Under Secretary of State	MPWT			
2	Mr. Khuon Kompheak	Deputy Director	RID/MPWT			
3	Mr. Chea Samnang	Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT			
4	Mr. Hay Chandara	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT			
5	Mr. Khai Saray	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT			
6	Mr. Sokun Piseth	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT			
7	Mr. Kaing Theara	Officer	RID/MPWT			
8	Mr. Nob Keilarith	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT			
9	Mr. Sao Premarak	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT			
10	Ms. Chhai Chariya	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT			
11	Ms. Thou Saovary	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT			
		MPWT-P	ID			
12	Mr. Kong Youreth	Chief Officer	PID/MPWT			
13	Mr. Phat Vanthy	Chief Officer	PID/MPWT			
14	Ms. Eam Sokchea	Deputy Chief of Office	PID/MPWT			
		MPWT-IC	CD			
15	Mr. Sok Ly	Deputy Director	ICD/MPWT			
16	Mr. Peang Samoeun	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT			
17	Ms. Oum Sokvasey	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT			
18	Mr. An Menghour	Officer	ICD/MPWT			
		DPWT-Kampong Cl	nam Province			
19	Mr. Sao Pharith	Chief of Public Works Office	MPWT			

1



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



20	Mr. Sen Sopheak	Deputy Chief of Technical Office	MPWT		
21	Mr. Chea Sovan	Deputy Chief of Technical Office	MPWT		
		DPWT-Kampong Tl	hom Province		
22	Mr. Houy Pouthearith	Deputy Chief of Technical Office	DPWT		
23	Mr. Kouern Molika	Officer	DPWT		
24	Mr. Heng Karona	Officer	DPWT		
	DPWT-Siem Reap Province				
25	Mr. Tan Kimang	Chief of Order Office	DPWT		
26	Mr. Nhel Poutnin	Officer of Order Office	DPWT		
		DPWT-Oddar Mean	chey Province		
27	Mr. Hoeun Sengtin	Officer	DPWT		
28	Mr. Jen Ranakroth	Officer	DPWT		
29	Mr. Louem Raksmey	Chief Officer	DPWT		
30	Mr. Kouy Vibol	Officer	DPWT		
		Others			
31	Ms. Lim Sopokhem	Assistant Professor	Waseda University		
		JICA Project Tear	n_CESCoR		
32	Mr. Akira Yamashita	Team Leader	JICA Project Team		
33	Mr. Kumagai Takahiro	Project Coordinator	JICA Project Team		
34	Ms. Sakiko Nomura	Intern	JICA Project Team		
35	Ms. Ches Sophy	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team		
36	Mr. Penh Socheat	Technical Assistant	JICA Project Team		
37	Mr. Bun Sereyvuth	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team		
38	Mr. Mut Samon	Assistant	JICA Project Team		
39	Mr. Preah Loch	Assistant	JICA Project Team		

CESCOR PROJECT INTRODUCTION

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia

Table of Contents

- CESCoR Project Introduction
- ROW Management
- Pilot Project

CESCOR PROJECT INTRODUCTION

PROJECT OUTPUTS

Project Period:

- The project has been funded from JICA committed for the period from Jan. 2017 to Dec. 2019.
- Project Goal:

Environmental and Social Consideration (ESC) in road sector is implemented properly by MPWT.

Project Purpose:

Capacity of MPWT officials on ESC is enhanced through applying Road Environmental Guidelines (REG) and Road Management System (RMS).

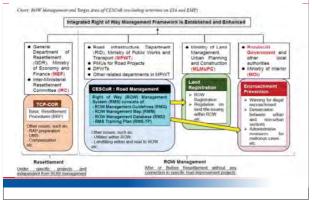
PROJECT OUTLINE

Ov	erall Goal	ESC in road sector is implemented properly by MPWT.
	Project Purpose	Capacity of MPWT officials on ESC is enhanced through applying \ensuremath{REG} and \ensuremath{RMS}
	Output 1	Implementation framework for the project is strengthened based on past experiences and present situation on ESC and ROW management.
Outputs	Output 2	Implementation framework of EC related to EIA and EMP is strengthened.
ıts	<u>Output 3</u>	Implementation framework of SC related to ROW management is strengthened by establishing RMS
	Output 4	Capacity of SC required for ROW management is strengthened through OJT.
Note		ad Environment Guideline, <mark>RMS:</mark> ROW Management System, <mark>EIA:</mark> Iental Impact Assessment, EMP: Environmental Management Plan

OUTLINE

Output 3:	Implementation framework of SC related to ROW management is strengthened by establishing RMS
PURPOSE:	Capacity of Social Considerations (SC) required for ROW management is strengthened as a component of CESCoR Project, funded by JICA
ACTIVITY:	 Create RMG (ROW Management Guideline) Create RMM/RMD as a result of Pilot Project Create RMS-TP and Capacity building training to MPWT and DPWT
METHOD:	Specify a area to implement a pilot project to study the feasibility of the system. The system will be applied to
TARGET AREA:	NR5 has been selected for the rapid development. Target Area along National Road No.5 in four Provinces: 1) KAMPONG CHHNANG Province 2) PURSAT Province 3) BATTAMBANG Province 4) BANTEAY MEANCHEY Province

INTEGRATED ROW MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK



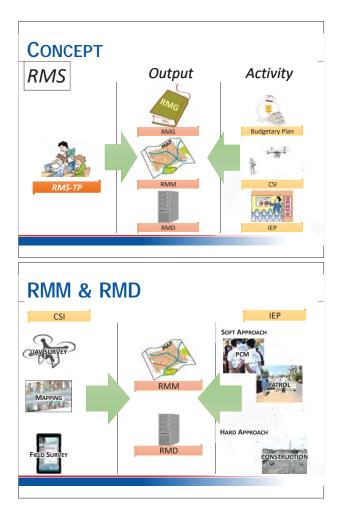
ROW MANAGEMENT

LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR RIGHT OF WAY(ROW)

Cambodia ROW means state land along the road with fixed distances from the centerline of existing roads for the future development.

		ROW Di	mensions			
Road	level	Ministerial	Sub-Decree			
		Orders(※1)	(※2)			
1-digit Number	NR1, 4 and 5	30 m(※3)	30 m(※3)			
National Roads	Others	25 m(※3)	50 m(%5)			
2-digits Number	National Roads	25 m(※3)	25 m(※3)			
Provincial roads		20 m(※3)	Not specified			
Commune Roads		15m(※3)	Not specified			
	*1 Ministerial Orders No. 06, 1999, *2 Sub-Decree No.197, 2009,					

RMS overall Right Of Way Management System RMG - overall Right Of Way Management System BMM/RMD - guideline for CSI&IEP BMM: ROW Management Map, and; - guideline for CSI&IEP BMM: ROW Management Database - CSI: Current Status Identification UAV Survey, GIS mapping, Field Survey to create Map - IEP: Illegal Encroachment Prevention Hard Approach (construction) > Soft Approach (PCM, Patrol, registration) BMS-TP: RMS Training Plan - training curriculum & manuals to create RMM/RMD

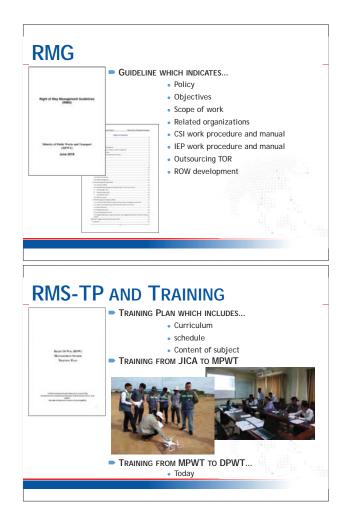


CSI ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY
KICKOFF	Arrangement	1	1	
MTG	Implementation	1	1	1
	Flight permission	1	1	1
JAV	Flight plan	1		
SURVEY	UAV survey	1	1	
	Supervision (for outsourcing)	1		
	Image processing	1		
OFFICE WORK	Mapping (data production)	1		
	FS permission	1	1	✓
FIELD SURVEY	Field survey		1	
	Supervision	1		
GIS	data finalization	1		
				184 <u>- 1</u> 86 - 18

IEP ROLE

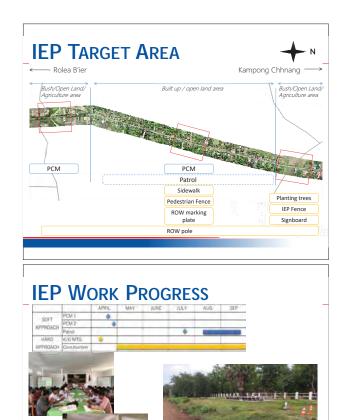
	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHE
Classification		1				
	1) PCM	1	1	1		
Raise awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
awareness	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
Negistratio.	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			
					C4	



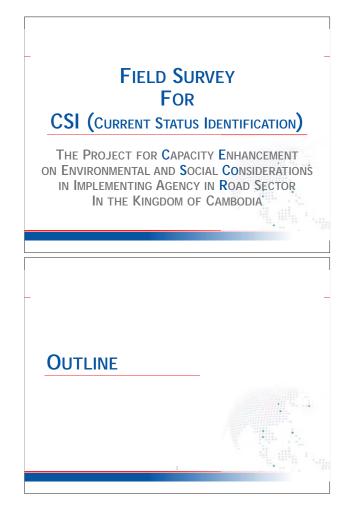


IEP TARGET AREA









GENERAL

- <u>Current Status Identification (CSI)</u> focuses on <u>data collection</u> related to situation of <u>right of way</u> along national roads and provincial roads across the country in order to <u>creating right of way maps</u> and database <u>as baseline</u> for <u>effective right of way management</u>.
- The purpose of CSI is to study on a <u>current situation</u> of ROW management and developing a ROW current situation map as a baseline so that <u>appropriate measures</u> can be applied for <u>effective</u> <u>ROW management</u> and <u>encroachment prevention</u>.
- The CSI work covers on <u>all national roads</u> under management of MPWT. A primary focus for the CSI is <u>1-digit national roads</u> of which information is to be compiled on a ROW management map. After the completion of the map for the 1-digit national roads, 2-digit national roads will be targeted.

ORGANIZATION

- Main contents of CSI are:
- 1) UAV survey,
- 2) data processing and

3) field survey, which is consisted data processing for Map and preparing survey sheet.

RID & DPWT should understand roles and collaborate with each organization to collect basic information through the surveys.

CSI WORK CONTENTS



To explain the work purpose, content and schedule to the local authorities.

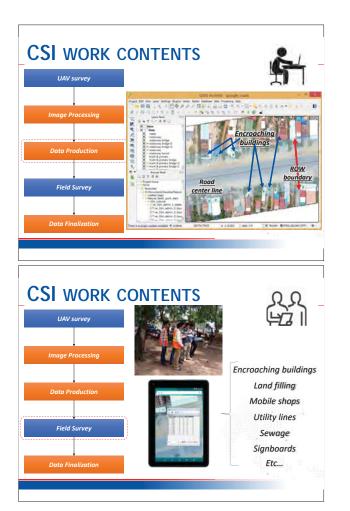


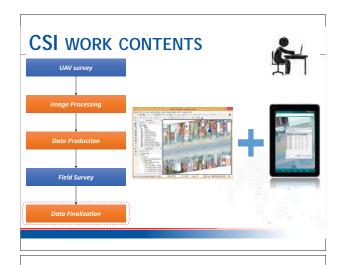






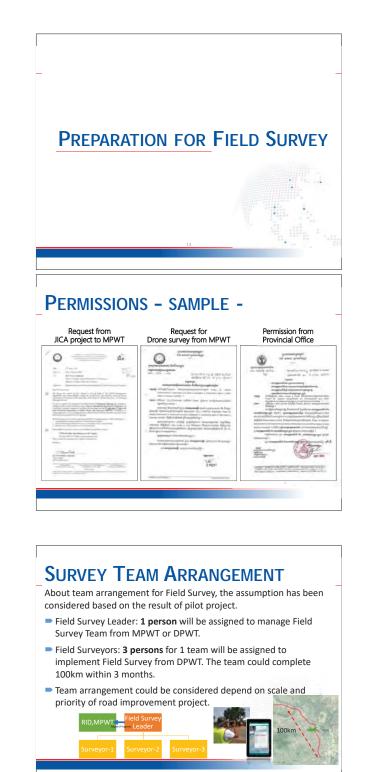
With coordinates

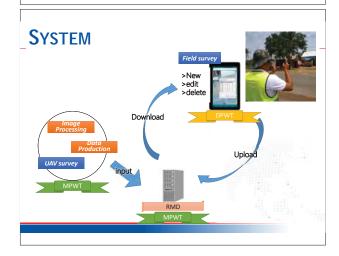


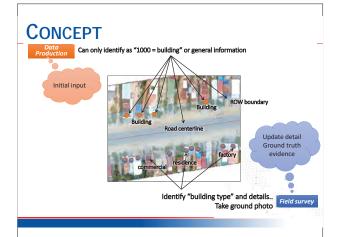


CSI ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY
KICKOFF	Arrangement	1	1	
MTG	Implementation	1	1	1
	Flight permission	1	1	1
UAV SURVEY	Flight plan	1		
SURVEY	UAV survey	1	1	
	Supervision (for outsourcing)	1		Support
	Image processing	1		
OFFICE WORK	Mapping (data production)	1		
	FS permission	1	1	1
FIELD SURVEY	Field survey		1	
JOINTEI	Supervision	1		
GIS	data finalization	1		
				194







CSI DATA COLLECTION LIST

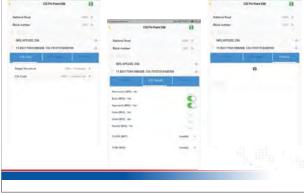
Data Production	
CSI point data code list	
1000 Building]
CSI line & area data code list	
KOODINO LISE	
6100 1st digit NR	
6110 1st digit NR Bypass	
6200 2nd digit NR	
6210 2nd digit NR Bypass	
6300 3rd digit NR	
6310 3rd digit NR Bypass	
6999 other	
8000 NO USE	
8001 Flight block	
8002 Station block	
8003 ROW boundary	
8004 COI boundary	
8500 Commune boundary	
8510 Province boundary	
8511 International boundary	
8999 other	

Field Survey CSI point data code list

001 Residence	3100 Signborad public
002Residence&Commercial	3110 Signboard private
003 Commercial	3200 Street light
004 Shed	3300 Pylon L
006 Temporary shop	3310 Pylon R
006 Building underconstruction	3400 Cemetery
007 Factory	3500 Private drainage
008 Petro station	3600 Well
009 Public office	3700 KM post
010 School public	3800 ROW pole
011 School private	3810 COI pole
012 Pagoda	3900 Control point (GCP)
013 Health center	3910 Benchmark (BM)
014 Mobile cart	3999 Other
999 Other	4000 type in remarks
000 Approach to building	4999 Other
001 Access Road	5000 PCM
002 Land filling	5100 IEP hard approach
003 Open Area	5900 type in remarks
004 Parking	5999 Other
999 Other	NU 1995 121 11.



DATA COLLECTION





IEP

(ILLEGAL ENCROACHMENT PREVENTION) APPROACHES

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia



GENERAL

- ROW management map is developed using the data collection activities from CSI. Based on <u>densities</u> of ROW encroachments pointed on the ROW map, ROW areas shall be <u>classified</u> into <u>populated</u>, <u>potential and non-dense</u> areas. IEP shall be implemented properly <u>according to classification</u> of areas on ROW management map in order <u>not to allow</u> any <u>illegal or inappropriate land uses</u> in ROW.
- IEP approaches aim to <u>prevent new encroachment</u> in the ROW and to regulate temporary use of ROW with permission so as to <u>manage and</u> <u>maintain the land</u> secured for <u>road development</u>.

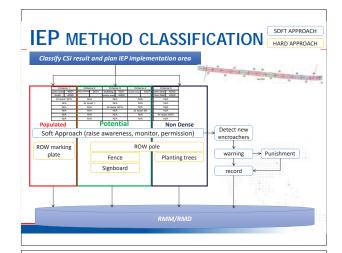
ORGANIZATION

According to Law on Road, MPWT is the road control authority in charge of <u>construction</u>, <u>maintenance and management</u> of all <u>national</u> <u>roads in Cambodia</u>. Also, <u>Road Infrastructure Department (RID)</u> of MPWT is a <u>main actor in charge</u> of <u>ROW management</u> of all national roads. Additionally, there are also <u>other agencies/ministries involved</u> in the ROW management such as <u>Ministry</u> of Interior, <u>Ministry</u> of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction and Ministry of Education, Youth and Sport. MPWT is responsible for <u>coordination</u>, <u>implementation</u>, <u>maintenance</u> of the necessary records on the ROW and expenditure management and <u>preparation of budgetary</u> <u>provisions</u>.



SOFT & HARD APPROACH

Hard A New Road Design			Insta	alling	g Fac	ilitie	s		miss and istra			Ionitor and tervent	Ū	a	Raising warene		
Constructing sub-road as ROW boundary	Road from the edge of ROW boundary and keep empty space in the middle	Digging channels as ROW boundary	Pole	Signboard	Fence	Growing Tree	Highlighting color on tile	ROW marking plate	Access road permit	ROW registration	ROW use permit	Appealing to the court	Collaborating with local authorities	Regular patrol activities	Local governmental official	High school and university students	Local people



IEP SOFT APPROACH







IEP SOFT APPROACH ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHER
Classification		1				
Raise	1) Citizen	1	1	1		
awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
(PCM)	3) Local government office	1	1	1	~	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	~		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	~		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			
					C4	

SOFT APPROACH-1

Raising awareness

Relevant organizations such as MPWT, DPWT and Local Authority should collaborate to provide "Consultation Meeting" to local people and relevant governments to ensure better understanding of ROW, and build good relationship

- Raising local people's awareness

- Raising relevant government officials' awareness

- Integrating ROW concept into school curriculum (To be Considered)



SOFT APPROACH-2

Monitoring and Intervention

MPWT and DPWT should collaborate to implement "Patrol" to collect the evidence from resident and to provide "Warning" for Illegal Encroachment.

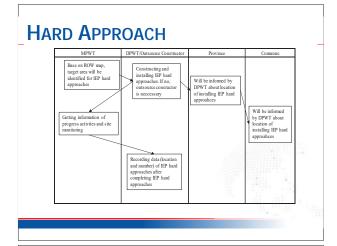
- Patrol

- Administrative Guidance (To be Considered)

to	Prepare Patrol
,	Plan
	Provide Device Receive Device for
	Patrol to DPWT
	implement Patrol
_	
	Receive result of Submit patrol result
	Confirm result of
	Patrol
	Store patrol result to RMD

IEP HARD APPROACH ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHE
Classification		1				
Raise	1) Citizen	1	1	1		
awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
(PCM)	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1	
Monitoring &	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
negistration	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			
					C4	



ផលវិជ្ជមាន និងផលអវិជ្ជមាន នៃការរំលោភដីចំណីផ្លូវ

ສຸ໙ອິຽຍາຣ ໄລກາເອີຣຳເໝາສຊີອໍໝີສູຮ

-កាត់បន្ថយការចំណាយរបស់ រដ្ឋាភិបាលទៅលើការដោះស្រាយផលប៉ះពាល់នៅ ពេលអភិវឌ្ឍផ្លូវ

-ងាយស្រួលក្នុងការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍បរិក្ខាផ្លូវផ្សេងៗដូចជា ល្វ ផ្លាកសញ្ញាចរាចរណ៍

-កាត់បន្ថយជំលោះរវាងរដ្ឋ និងប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ

-កាត់បន្ថយគ្រោះថ្នាក់ចរាចរ (គ្មានអ្នក់រស់នៅភៀកផ្លូវ, អ្នកបើកបរមើលឃើញស្ថាន ភាពផ្លូវច្បាស់)

-ធ្វើឲ្យផ្លូវប្រើប្រាស់បានយូរ មិនងាយខ្ទច (ដោយសារមានគ្មានការចាក់ដីខ្ពស់ដាងផ្លូវ មានប្រព័ន្ធរំដោះទឹកចេញពីផ្លូវគ្រប់គ្រាន់)

-ផ្លូវមានសោភណ្ឌភាព

ផលវិជ្ជមាន និងផលអវិជ្ជមាន នៃការរំលោភដីចំណីផ្លូវ

ផលអទិត្ថមាន ខែការរំលោកដីចំណីដូទ

-រដ្ឋចំណាយច្រើនទៅលើការដោះស្រាយផលប៉ះពាល់ គម្រោងពង្រីកផ្លូវ

-ធ្វើឲ្យផ្លូវឆាប់ខ្វួច (ដោយសារការរស់នៅជាប់ផ្លូវ, ចាត់ដីខ្ពស់ជាងផ្លូវ) -រួមចំណែក បង្ហូរគ្រោះថ្នាក់ចរចា ដោយសារការចូលមករស់នៅក្នុងដីចំណីផ្លូវជាឧប ស័ត្តធ្វើឲ្យអ្នកបើកបរមើលមិនច្បាស់ -ផ្លូវគ្មានសោភណ្ឌភាព

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION! អរគុណសម្រាប់ការយកចិត្តទុកដាក់ស្តាប់

ROW MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY AND PLAN

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia

Contents

- Priority Activities
- Future Development Plan

PRIORITY ACTIVITIES

Advantages of ROW Management

- Illegal occupation of state land makes implementation of resettlement procedure much more complicated and that management doesn't work effectively.
- And, resettlement cost will be higher in the future without adequate ROW management.
- Adequate ROW management can • Minimize the resettlement cost,
 - lead to smooth project implementation related to the road construction without delay of land issue.
- CSI and IEP activities contribute to prevent the illegal encroachment to the ROW on national road and to reduce the resettlement in the future.

Estimation Cost for ROW Management

Total length of all 1digit & 2digit National Road: 8,055km

<Priority Activities>

- CSI on the all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 917,000
- PCM for 50 places: USD 100,000 for every year
- Patrol on all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 73,000 for every year
- New ROW Pole on 1digit &2digit NR (for 2,675km): USD 3,530,000
- Other Hard approaches is implemented in the national/international road project.

	1st phase (1Y~3Y)	2 nd phase (4Y~6Y)	3 rd phase (7Y~9Y)
CSI	All 1digit 8	2digit NR	Map update
PCM	50 places/year	50 places/year	50 places/year
Patrol	All 1digit & 2digit NR	All 1digit & 2digit NR	All 1digit & 2digit NR
ROW Pole	for 150km	for 600km	for 1,925km

First Phase Target for 3years

- CSI: Half of all 1digit & 2digit NR(3,472km): USD 462,000
- PCM for 50 places (2time in each province): USD 300,000
- Patrol on all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 73,000
- New ROW Pole for 150km is installed: USD 198,000

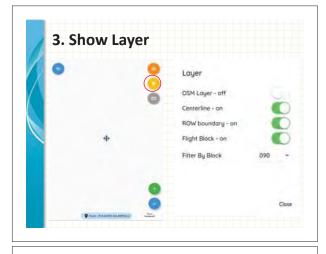
Ap	proaches	1st year	2 nd year	3 rd year	3 years total	Remarks
	Progress	1,142km	1,142km	1,142km	3,427km	Half of 1 & 2 digit NR
	UAV	\$111,600	\$109,000	\$111,400	\$332,000	(Outsource) 38.9MM
CSI	Office	\$35,300	\$4,400	\$4,400	\$44,100	90.3MM
	FS	\$30,200	\$25,900	\$30,200	\$86,300	321.7MM
	Total	\$177,000	\$139,000	\$146,000	\$462,000	
	PCM	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$300,000	50 places / year
	Patrol	\$72,600	\$72,600	\$72,600	\$217,800	All 1 & 2 digit NR
IEP	ROW Pole	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$198,000	For 150 km
	Total	\$239,000	\$239,000	\$239,000	\$717,000	
Total		\$416,000	\$378,000	\$385,000	\$1,179,000	

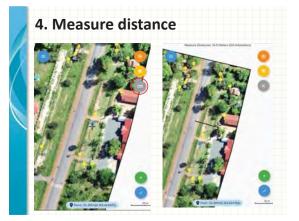














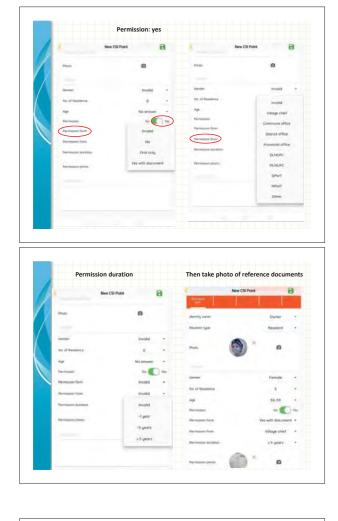






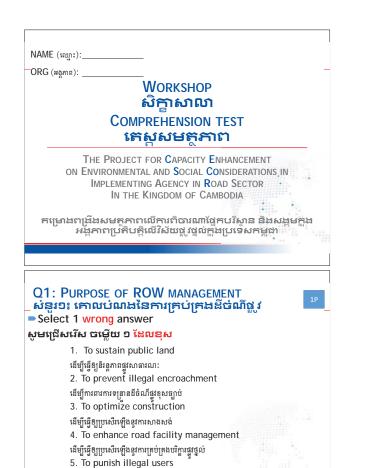












O2: FULL TITLE OF RMS COMPONENT សំនួរ២៖ ចំណងជើងពេញនៃសមាធាគុ RMS

ដើម្បីពិន័យ និងដាក់ទោសអ្នកដែលប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

Write the full name of each abbreviation សូមសរសេរពាក្យពេញនៃពាក្យកាត់ខាងក្រោម (ជាអង់គ្លេស ឬខ្មែរ)

- 1. RMS:
- 2. RMG:
- 3. CSI:
- 4. IEP:
- 5. RMM:
- 6. RMD:

O3: PURPOSE OF CSI _សំនួរពាះ គោលបំណងនៃការកំណត់ស្ថានភាពបច្ចុប្បន្ន Select 1 wrong answer សូមជ្រើសរើស ចម្លើយ ១ ដែលខុស

- 1. To identify current situation
- ដើម្បីកំណត់ស្ថានភាពបច្ចុប្បន្ន
- 2. To create Right Of Way Management Map
- ដើម្បីបង្កើតផែនទីគ្រប់គ្រងដីចំណីផ្លូវ
- 3. To create baseline for IEP classification
- ដើម្បីកំណត់គោលការណ៍មូលដ្ឋាន (Baseline) សម្រាប់ការធ្វើចំណត់ថ្នាក់

វិធីសាស្រការពារការទន្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

4. To construct sustainable infrastructure ដើម្បីសាងសង់ហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធដែលមាននិរន្តភាព

សំនូរ៤៖ តួនា	R EACH ACTIVITY IN CSI ទើសម្រាប់សកម្មភាពនិមួយៗក្នុងការងារ()S orrect authority for DPWT role សូមគូស [√] សម្រ		រុត្រីម	ត្រូវស	ម្រាប់ម
	пем (рил 9	MPWT ក្រសួង	DPWT	មន្ទ័រ	LOCAL A អាថ្លាព
KICKOFF MTG	Arrangement ការរៀបចំ	1]	1	
កិច្ចប្រជុំចាប់ផ្តើម)	Implementation ការអនុវត្ត	1	1	1	

· 240 1 m /				- C.	
	Flight permission ការអនុញ្ញាតក្នុងការបង្ហោះង្រួន	1	[1	1
UAV SURVEY	Flight plan ផែឧការបង្ហោះដ្រូន	1	[1	
(mរស្រាវជ្រាវ UAV)	UAV survey ការស្រាវជ្រាវដោយបង្ហោះដ្រូន	1	[1	
	Supervision (for outsourcing) ការគ្រប់គ្រង (ធនធានពីខាងក្រៅ)	1	[1	
OFFICE WORK	Image processing ដំណើរការផ្តុំរូបភាព	1	[1	
(mathamiliunល័យ)	Mapping (data production) ការធ្វើផែនទី (ផលិតផលទិន្នខ័យ)	1	I]	
FIELD	FS permission ការអនុញ្ញាតក្នុងការចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ	1	[1	1
SURVEY	Field survey ការងារចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ		[1	
(ការងារចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ)	Supervision ការគ្រប់គ្រង	1	[1	
GIS	data finalization ការបញ្ចប់ទិន្ន្នន័យ	1	1	1	

Q5: PURPOSE OF IEP សំនូរ៥៖ គោលបំណងនៃវិធីសាស្ត្រការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណ័ថ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

K

Select 1 wrong answer

- សូមជ្រើសរើស ចម្លើយ ១ ដែលខុស
 - 1. To select most suitable area for bridge construction
 - ដើម្បីជ្រើសរើសតំបន់ដែលសមស្របបំផុតសម្រាប់ការសាងសង់ស្ពាន
 - 2. To classify population inside Right Of Way
 - ដើម្បីធ្វើចំណាត់ថ្នាក់ចំនួនប្រជាជនដែលរស់នៅក្នុងដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ
 - 3. To prevent new encroachment
 - ដើម្បីការពារការទទ្រ្ទានថ្មី១ចូលក្នុងដីចំណីផ្លូវ
 - 4. To manage and maintain public land
 - ដើម្បីគ្រប់គ្រង និងថែទាំដីសាធារណ:

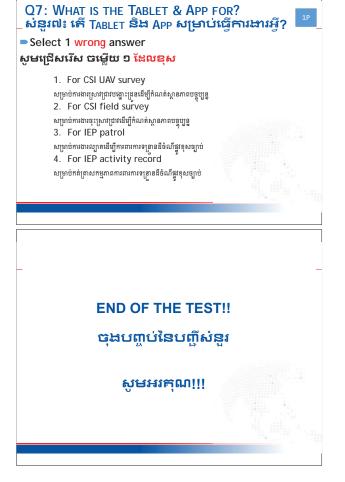
Q6: ROLE FOR EACH ACTIVITY IN IEP _ ରାହ୍ୟରା ଖିଷାର୍ଥିକାର୍ଥ୍ୟ କର୍ମ୍ବାର୍ଥ୍ୟ ଅନୁଖ୍ୟାମାନାବାହ୍ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରଅନ୍ସିପର୍ଯ୍ୟୁ ଥେବାପୁର୍ଦ୍ଦ (ମଧ୍ୟ କ୍ଷର) ■ Fill [√] for correct authority for DPWT role

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHER
Classification		1	[]			
	1) PCM	1	[]	1		
Raise awareness	2) High school / University	1	[]			1
awareness	3) Local government office	1	[]	1	~	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	[]	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		[]	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	[]	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	[]	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	[]	1	1	
Registration	3) Access road permit	1	[]			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	[]			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	[]			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	[]			

Q6: ROLE FOR EACH ACTIVITY IN IEP

សំនូវ៦រ តួនាទីសម្រាប់សកម្មភាពនិមួយៗក្នុងការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណ័ព្លវខុសច្បាប់ (ភាសខ្មែរ) សូមកូស [√] សម្រាប់សមត្ថកិច្ចក្រឹមត្រូវសម្រាប់មន្ទីរ

	ប្រភេទ	ក្រសួង	មន្ទីរ	អាថ្លាធរ	ក្រសួងដែនដី	ផ្សេង១
ចំណាត់ថ្នាក់		1	[]			
ការលើកកំពស់ការ	1) ຕໍ່ຫຼຸງບໍລິ່າທາະແມນໜ່	1	[]	1		
ការលេកការលការ យល់នឹង	2)វិទ្យាល័យ/មហាវិទ្យាល័យ	1	[]]			1
01010	3) ការិយាល័យរង្ហាភិបាលមូលង្ហាន	1	[]]	1	1	
	1) ការល្បាតទៀងទាត់	1	[]	1		
ការត្រួតពិខិត្យ ខិង សមានស្រី	2) សហការជាមួយអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន		[]	1		
ការអន្តរាគមខ៍	3) បណ្ដឹងទៅគុណការ	1	[]]	1		1
orrame åkor	1) ការអនុញ្ញាតប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ	1	[]]	1		
ការអខុញ្ញាត និងការ ចុះបញ្ជី	2) ការចុះបញ្ដីដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវ	1	[]	1	1	
1 40	3) ការអនុញ្ញាតសាងសង់ផ្លូវចូលលំនៅដ្ឋាន	1	[]]			1
	1) កំណត់ត្រាពីកម្មវិធីលើកកំពស់ការយល់នឹង	1	[]]			
ការគ្រប់គ្រង	2) កំណត់ត្រាពីការត្រួតពិខិត្យ	1	[]			
	3) កំណត់ត្រាពីការអនុញ្ញាត	1	[]			





The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



Date: 29th August 2019 Time: 8:30am-16:00pm Location: at Phnom Penh Hotel Topic: The Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System

		Attendance I	List	
No	Name	Position	Department/Ministry	Phone
		MPWT-R	ID	
1	H.E. Nou Vaddhanak	Under Secretary of State	MPWT	
2	Mr. Khuon Kompheak	Deputy Director	RID/MPWT	
3	Mr. Chea Samnang	Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
4	Mr. Hay Chandara	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
5	Mr. Khai Saray	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
6	Mr. Sokun Piseth	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
7	Mr. Kaing Theara	Officer	RID/MPWT	
8	Mr. Nob Keilarith	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
9	Mr. Sao Premarak	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
10	Ms. Chhai Chariya	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
11	Ms. Thou Saovary	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
		MPWT-PI	D	
12	Mr. Kong Youreth	Chief Officer	PID/MPWT	
13	Mr. Phat Vanthy	Chief Officer	PID/MPWT	
14	Ms. Eam Sokchea	Deputy Chief of Office	PID/MPWT	
		MPWT-IC	CD	
15	Mr. Sok Ly	Deputy Director	ICD/MPWT	
16	Mr. Peang Samoeun	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT	
17	Ms. Oum Sokvasey	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT	
18	Mr. An Menghour	Officer	ICD/MPWT	
		DPWT-Kampong Ch	am Province	
19	Mr. Sao Pharith	Chief of Public Works Office	MPWT	
20	Mr. Sen Sopheak	Deputy Chief of	MPWT	



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



		Technical Office		
21	Mr. Chea Sovan	Deputy Chief of Technical Office	MPWT	
		DPWT-Kampong Th	nom Province	
22	Mr. Houy Pouthearith	Deputy Chief of Technical Office	DPWT	
23	Mr. Kouern Molika	Officer	DPWT	
24	Mr. Heng Karona	Officer	DPWT	
		DPWT-Siem Reaj	p Province	
25	Mr. Tan Kimang	Chief of Order Office	DPWT	
26	Mr. Nhel Poutnin	Officer of Order Office	DPWT	
		DPWT-Oddar Mean	chey Province	
27	Mr. Hoeun Sengtin	Officer	DPWT	
28	Mr. Jen Ranakroth	Officer	DPWT	
29	Mr. Louem Raksmey	Chief Officer	DPWT	
30	Mr. Kouy Vibol	Officer	DPWT	
		Others		
31	Ms. Lim Sopokhem	Assistant Professor	Waseda University	
		JICA Project Tean	n_CESCoR	
32	Mr. Akira Yamashita	Team Leader	JICA Project Team	
33	Mr. Kumagai Takahiro	Project Coordinator	JICA Project Team	
34	Ms. Sakiko Nomura	Intern	JICA Project Team	
35	Ms. Ches Sophy	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team	
36	Mr. Penh Socheat	Technical Assistant	JICA Project Team	
37	Mr. Bun Sereyvuth	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team	
38	Mr. Mut Samon	Assistant	JICA Project Team	
39	Mr. Preah Loch	Assistant	JICA Project Team	

Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System	Date: 29th August 2019 at PHNOM PENH Hotel
Workshop	Date: 29th

Correction of Comprehensive Test (with TF Members)

Total (score) 20/20	20	16.5	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	18	19	18	16.5	17	19	13.5
Q7 (1p): What is the Tablet and App for?	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	T	1	1	Ļ	0	T	T	1
Q6 (4p): Correct authority for DPWT Role	4	3.5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3.5	3	4	3.5
Q5 (1p): Purpose of IEP	1	1	T	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Q4 (6p): Correct authority for DPWT	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	5	ъ	5	5	9	S
Q3 (1p): Purpose of CSI	1	0	Ţ	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	T	T	I	0
Q2 (6p): Full name of each abbreviat ion	9	S	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	ю
Q1 (1p): Purpse of ROW Manage ment	1	1	T	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Organization	MPWT-ICD	MPWT-ICD	MPWT-ICD	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-PID	MPWT-PID	MPWT-PID	DPWT-Siem Reap	DPWT-Siem Reap	DPWT-Kampong Cham	DPWT-Kampong Cham
Participants	Mr. Sok Ly	Mr. Peang Samoeun	Mr. An Menghour	Mr. Khai Saray	Mr. Chea Samnang	Mr. Khoun Kompheak	Mr. Hay Chandara	Mr. Nop Keilarith	Mr. Sao Premarak	Ms. Thou Saovry	Ms. Chen Ranak Rath	Ms. Chhay Chakriya	Mr. Kong Youreth	Ms. Eam Sokchea	Mr. Phat Vanthy	Mr. Nhil Putheavin	Mr. Tann Kimorn	Mr. Pha Sovann	Mr. Sao Pharith
öz	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

19	18	20	20	18	16	19						
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	(Q7)	Ratio of	correct	answer	(%)	77.78
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	(Q6)	Ratio of	correct	answer	(%)	81.48
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	(Q5)	Ratio of	correct	answer	(%)	88.89
6	9	9	9	9	5	9	(Q4)	Ratio of	correct	answer	(%)	74.07
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	(Q3)	Ratio of	correct	answer	(%)	74.07
6	4	9	9	9	9	9	(Q2)	Ratio of	correct	answer	(%)	85.19
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	(Q1)	Ratio of	correct	answer	(%)	62.96
DPWT-Kampong Cham	DPWT-Kampong Thom	DPWT-Kampong Thom	DPWT-Kampong Thom	DPWT-Oddor Meanchey	DPWT-Oddor Meanchey	DPWT-Oddor Meanchey						
Mr. Sen Sopheak	Ms. Koeun Molika	Mr. Huy Puthearith	Mr. Heng Kakrona	Mr. Kov Vibol	Mr. Heurn Sengtin	Mr. Loeum Reaksmey						
20	21	22	23	24	25	26						

Conclusion:

Almost of the participants got the good scores for the test. Based on the Ratio of Correct Answer, Q1 is difficult for the participants.

Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System Date: 29th August 2019 at PHNOM PENH Hotel Correction of Comprehensive Test (Without TF Members)

	Participants	Organization	Q1 (1p): Purpse of ROW Managem ent	Q2 (6p): Full name of each abbreviati on	Q3 (1p): Purpose of CSI	Q4 (6p): Correct authority for DPWT	Q5 (1p): Purpose of IEP	Q6 (4p): Correct authority for DPWT Role	Q7 (1p): What is the Tablet and App for?	Total (score) 20/20
Mr. Sok Ly		MPWT-ICD	1	9	1	9	1	4	T.	20
Mr. Nop Keilarith	ırith	MPWT-RID	1	9	1	9	1	4	1	20
Ms. Thou Saovry	yrry	MPWT-RID	1	9	0	9	1	4	1	19
Ms. Chen Ranak Rath	inak Rath	MPWT-RID	τ	9	0	9	T	4	T	19
Ms. Chhay Chakriya	Chakriya	MPWT-RID	1	9	0	6	1	4	1	19
Mr. Phat Vanthy	nthy	MPWT-PID	0	6	1	5	1	4	1	18
Mr. Nhil Putheavin	theavin	DPWT-Siem Reap	0	9	1	5	1	3.5	0	16.5
Mr. Tann Kimorn	morn	DPWT-Siem Reap	0	6	1	5	1	3	1	17
Mr. Pha Sovann	ann	DPWT-Kampong Cham	0	6	1	6	1	4	1	19
Mr. Sao Pharith	arith	DPWT-Kampong Cham	0	3	0	5	1	3.5	Ч	13.5

19	18	20	20	18	16	19
0	1	1	1	1	0	1
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1	0	1
6	6	6	6	9	5	9
1	1	1	1	0	1	1
6	4	9	6	9	9	9
1	1	1	1	0	0	0
DPWT-Kampong Cham	DPWT-Kampong Thom	DPWT-Kampong Thom	DPWT-Kampong Thom	DPWT-Oddor Meanchey	DPWT-Oddor Meanchey	DPWT-Oddor Meanchey
11 Mr. Sen Sopheak	Ms. Koeun Molika	Mr. Huy Puthearith	Mr. Heng Kakrona	Mr. Kov Vibol	Mr. Heurn Sengtin	Mr. Loeum Reaksmey
11	12	13	14	15	16	17

(Q7) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)
(Q1) Ratio (Q2) Ratio (Q3) Ratio (Q4) Ratio (Q5) Ratio (Q6) Ratio (Q7) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%) answer (%) answer (%) answer (%) answer (%) answer (%)
(Q5) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)
(Q4) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)
(Q3) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)
(Q2) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)
(Q1) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)

51.85	
51.85	
59.26	
44.44	
44.44	
55.56	
33.33	

Without TF Members' scores added, the ratio of correct answer of each question is low ranging from 33.33% to 59.26%. The Q1 seems very difficult to all participants. The reason is that it was

the first time for all DPWTs' officials from these provinces (Kampong Cham, Kampong Thom, Siem Reap and Oddor Meanchey) to learn about the CESCOR project as well as the CSI and IEP.

Conclusion:

Sample of Form	Workshop Evaluation (Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System)	Strongly Agree 1 2	m	Strongly Disagree 4 5
1. Presentation or	 Presentation on Outline for ROW Management Methods Topics were interesting. Materials distributed were useful. Materials distributed were clear and easy to understand. The presentations were clear and easy to understand. H f you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: <u>Comments</u> 			
2. Presentation or	2. Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI)			
3. Presentation or	 3. Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches 3.1 Topics were interesting. 3.2 Materials distributed were useful. 3.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 3.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: <u>Comments</u> 			
4. Presentation or	 A. Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan A.1 Topics were interesting. A.2 Materials distributed were useful. A.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. A.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: <u>Comments</u> 			
5. Presentation or	5. Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP)			

5.1 Topics were interesting. 5.2 Materials distributed were useful.	
5.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	
5.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	
<u>Comments</u>	
5. Workshop Organization	
6.1 The workshop met my expectations.	
6.2 Workshop was nicely organized.	
6.3 Interpretation for workshop was clear to understand.	
6.4 The time for each presentation was	
6.5 The time for discussion was	
7. Overall, how do you rate the Workshop?	
3. What aspects of workshop can be improved for the next one?	
<u>Comments</u>	
If you any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	
<u>Comments</u>	

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Management System
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Summary of

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	Strongly Agree 1 2	Agree 2	m	Strongly 4	Strongly Disagree 4 5	
1. Presentation on Outline for ROW Management Methods	Ţ	6	Ţ	~	c	Total 25
т.т торкъ were interesting. 1.2 Materials distributed were useful.	10	11 ^{بر}	- 4	+ 0	0 0	25 25
1.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	8	12	4	1	0	25
1.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:						£
	56%	36%	4%	4%	%0	
1.2 Materials distributed were useful.	40%	44%	16%	%0	%0	
1.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	32%	48%	16%	4%	%0	
1.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	%0	%0	%0	%0	0%	
	Strongly Agree	Agree		Strongly	Strongly Disagree	
	Ч	2	m	4	ъ	
2. Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI)						Total
	14	7	ŝ	0	1	25
2.2 Materials distributed were useful.	8	13	ŝ	0	1	25
2.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	10	6	ς	2	1	25
2.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:						ſ
	56%	28%	12%	%0	4%	
2.2 Materials distributed were useful.	32%	52%	12%	%0	4%	
2.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	40%	36%	12%	8%	4%	
2.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	

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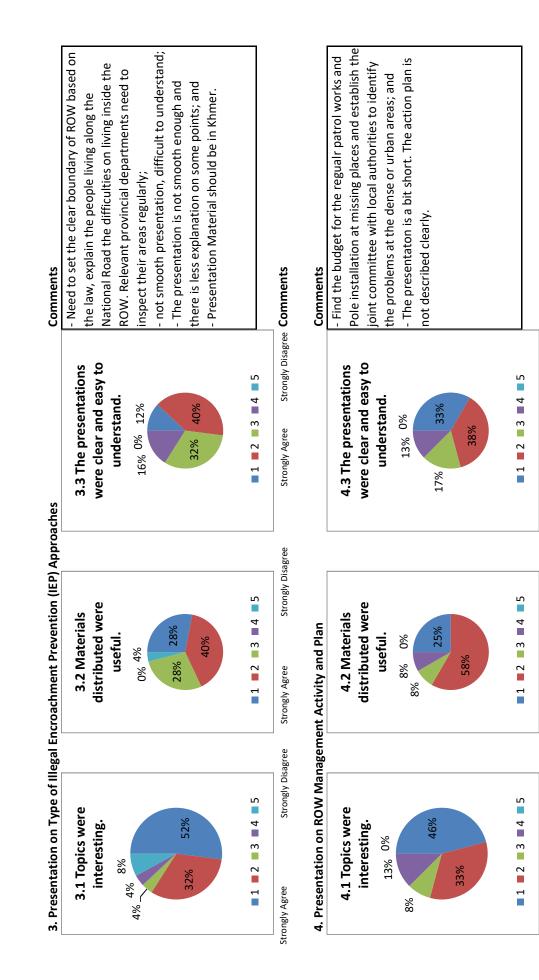
	Strongly Agree 1 2	Agree 2	ς	Strongly Disagree 4 5	lisagree 5	
 3. Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches 3.1 Topics were interesting. 3.2 Materials distributed were useful. 3.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 3.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: 	13 7 3	8 10	1 / 8	104	0 1 7	Total 25 25 25 4
Percentage 3.1 Topics were interesting. 3.2 Materials distributed were useful. 3.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 3.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	52% 28% 12%	32% 40% 0%	4% 28% 32% 0%	4% 0% 16%	8% 4% 0%	
	Strongly Agree 1 2	Agree 2	m	Strongly Disagree 4 5	iisagree 5	
 4. Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan 4.1 Topics were interesting. 4.2 Materials distributed were useful. 4.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 4.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: 	11 6 8	9 14 8	004	m 7 m	000	Total 24 24 24 2
Percentage 4.1 Topics were interesting. 4.2 Materials distributed were useful. 4.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 4.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	46% 25% 33%	33% 58% 38% 0%	8% 8% 17% 0%	13% 8% 0%	%0 %0 0%	

	Strongly Agree	Agree		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	
	1	2	ŝ	4	ю	
5. Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP)						Total
5.1 Topics were interesting.	13	7	Ч	Ч	1	23
5.2 Materials distributed were useful.	9	10	9	0	1	23
5.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	ъ	6	8	Ч	0	23
5.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:						0
Percentage						
5.1 Topics were interesting.	57%	30%	4%	4%	4%	
5.2 Materials distributed were useful.	26%	43%	26%	%0	4%	
5.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	22%	39%	35%	4%	%0	
5.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	error	error	error	error	error	
6. Workshop Organization						Total

Workshop Organization						Total
6.1 The workshop met my expectations.	6	13	2	1	0	25
6.2 Workshop was nicely organized.	11	6	4	1	0	25
6.3 Interpretation for seminar was cleear to understand.	7	10	ъ	2	0	24
6.4 The time for reach presentation was	Ч	24	0			25
6.5 The time for discussion was	9	19	0			25
Percentage						
6.1 The workshop met my expectations.	36%	52%	8%	4%	%0	
6.2 Workshop was nicely organized.	44%	36%	16%	4%	%0	
6.3 Interpretation for seminar was cleear to understand.	29%	42%	21%	8%	%0	
6.4 The time for reach presentation was	4%	%96	%0			
6.5 The time for discussion was	24%	76%	%0			

	Excellent			>	Very Poor	
	1	2	ŝ	4	ъ	Total
7. Overall, how do you rate the workshop?	5	19	1			25
Percentage						
7. Overall, how do you rate the workshop?	20%	76%	4%	%0	0%	
8. What aspects of workshop can be improved for the next one?	9					
9. If you have any specific comments:	ъ					

WT: 18	DPWT: 12	ners: 1	eam: 8		Comments - ROW management works have been implemented based on the techiques but there is lack of law enforcement. Need to apply the law on the local authority who are careless on the illegal ROW encroachment; - The presentation is not smooth which makes the participants are hard to ctach up the presentation; and - Presentation material should be in Khmer To study the CSI, need the collaboration from local authorties in order to avoid the repeated problems that have no solution; - Want to have the training on Drone Flight to all officials at all DPWTs; and - Presentation Material should be in Khmer.	
Date: 29th August 2019 Darticipants: "WT:	Time: 8:00-16:00 DF	Venue: PHNOM PENH Hotel Meeting Buthers:	Project Team:		sentations ind easy to itand. ^{32%} ^{32%} ³ = 4 = 5 ³ = 4 = 5 ³ = 4 = 5 ³ = 4 = 5 ³ = 4 = 5	Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree
Practice of ROW Management System				JW Management Methods	1.2 Material distributed we useful. 16% 0% 0% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 4	Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree
ummary of Evaluation: Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System				1. Presentation on Outline for ROW Management Methods	1.1 Topics were interesting. 4% 4% 0% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56	Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree



Strongly Disagree Comments

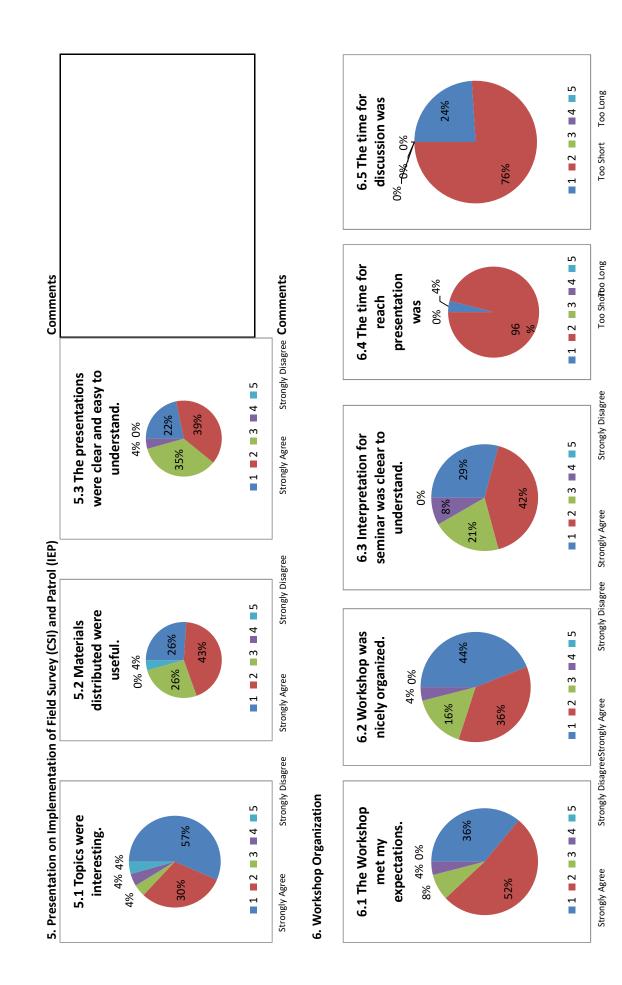
Strongly Agree

Strongly Disagree

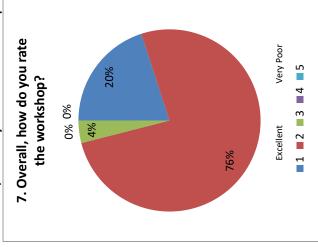
Strongly Agree

Strongly Disagree

Strongly Agree



7. Overall, how do you rate the workshop?



8. What aspects of workshop can be improved for the next one 9. If you have any specific comments:

Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP);
Implementation of Field Survey and Patrol (IEP) and IEP;
No need to improve; acceptable;
Need to carefully control the time for each section;
The documents should be translated into Khmers; and
Presentation materials, opening or closing remakrs and coordination (MC) should be in Khmers.

should check the weather forcast to avoid the raining day;
Document and lesson from this ROW Workshop is good but how about the implementation? Can you do it?;
request to have this kind of knowledge transfer to all relevant institutes to widen the knowledge on ROW;
Next workshop should be prepared for making better understanding and implementation; and
In the App (Tablet), can we set the Alert Notification for patrol schedule on 2nd, 3rd or 4th Patrol? It can help the official to check the patrol schedule.





WORKSHOP FOR PRACTICE OF ROW MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

DISCUSSION MEMO

Date & Time :	August 30 th , 2019 from 8:30am to 4:00pm		
Place	PHNOM PENH Hotel, Phnom Penh		
Attendees :	Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director, RID/MPWT		
	Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief of ROW Office, RID/MPWT		
	Mr. Hay Chandara, Deputy Chief of ROW Office, RID MPWT		
	Ms. Eam Sokchea, Deputy Chief of Environment and Public Service		
	Office, PID/MPWT		
	And Other MPWT officials and DPWT officials from Kampong Speu,		
	Koh Kong, Takeo, Kep, Kampot and Preah Vihear		
	(see the attendant list in this memo)		
Project Team :	Mr. Yamashita, Mr. Kumagai, Ms. Nomura, Ms. Sophy, Mr. Socheat,		
	Mr. Luch, Mr. Sereyvuth and Mr. Samon		
Agenda /	- To train the DPWTs' Officials on ROW management System through		
Discussion	the presentations from ROW TF members (MPWT's Officials);		
Points :	- To conduct the field practice for field survey and patrol.		

1- Opening Remark by Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director of RID, MPWT

2- Presentation on outline of ROW Management Methods by Mr. Chea Samnang

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Question 1 from Mr. Kompheak:

based on the Order No.6 and Sub-decree No.197, there were updated or upgraded Provincial Roads to National Road 2-digits. So, the length of ROW moved from 20m both sides to 25m both sides. Are there any problems or complaints from people?

- Answer 1 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

We do have problem with people after some roads have been upgraded because some people have the hard title. It is difficult to solve since we have only the law on the update on the road but no solution. I think Takeo DPWT can share us their experiences.

- Added by Takeo DPWT:

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For National Road No.2, we just install the ROW Poles. So far, we have no serious problem. However, we have some problems on National Road No.23 (before it was the provincial road with ROW length of 20m). To solve this misunderstanding, our officials have tried to explain the people that the road was upgraded and we explained them that we do not ask them to re-locate. We just install the ROW pole to set new boundary.

- Question 2 from Takeo DPWT:

Can you share any guidelines on Patrol for temporary building?

- Answer 2 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

Actually, this project has prepared the Guidelines on ROW Management; including the Patrol as well. Based on this Guidelines, All DPWTs will follow. Besides the guidelines, we will have form, Tablets for Patrol. DPWT can share information and store in Database in MPWT.

- Question 3 from Kep DPWT:

Resettlement along National Road No.33 was already done for 15m from the central line. However, people come to encroach by building the temporary structures within another 10m from the boundary of 15m. Can you share any solution or recommendation to solve this problem?

- Answer 3 by Mr. Chea Samnang: Did you report to the provincial office or local authority?

- Replies from Kep DPWT: Yes, we did report but no solution.

- **Replies from Mr. Samnang:** That is the problem because the provincial office and local authority ignore this matter. We are just DPWT officials, we have only right to explain the people but no right to pull-down the structure.

- Added by Mr. Kompheak: The compensation for 15m was for only within the COI (Corridor of Impact) because of the limited budget. We need to explain the people; especially the local authority to understand this matter. Because we lack of information sharing, we have organized the PCM to explain the people and local authority to understand the condition of ROW management.

- Question 4 from DPWT:

Because of the economic growth, some areas become crowded. Then, the ROW in urban areas is only 15m both sides from Central line. Related to this, I would like to ask whether we have any legal or official document to define the urban and non-urban areas.

- Answer 4 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

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DPWT works closely with Provincial Department of Land Management, Urban Planning, Construction and Cadastral (PDLMUPCC). You need to ask them to show you the legal document proving the length of ROW in urban and non-urban areas. How can they say that this is the urban area! If it is really urban area. We need more space for Road due to the number of cars and other road utilities based on the technical standard.

- Replies added by Mr. Kompheak and Mr. Saray:

MPWT has submitted letter to MoI to ask about the definition of urban and non-urban areas. However, we have not yet received any clear answer. So, as Mr. Samnang already explained based on the technical standard, urban areas should need more space for road construction and utilities.

3- Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI) by Mr. Khai Saray:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Question 1 from DPWT:

Based on the Drone flight with the offset of 30m both sides, then there was field survey, so I think there might be some errors with the distance?

- Answer 1 by Mr. Saray:

In order to correct the coordinate, we use GCP (2 GCPs for one flight) and process the image.

- Added by Mr. Hay Chandara:

CSI is just the inventory on ROW but the flight of each photo has the Geometric information. We corrected the coordinate with GPS from GCP then during the image processing, we overlapped the photos for 80%. Then, we have only very small bias/error in our data. Additionally, we conducted the field survey to update our CSI data. In the next presentation, we will explain the Field Survey for the Patrol (IEP) to update the information.

- Added by Mr. Kompheak:

What we have is the base map as evidence to deal with illegal encroachment. Moreover, based on this, we can drafty estimate the resettlement cost. We need to update this database with the help from our DPWT.

- Added by Mr. Saray:

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If CSI and IEP can be implemented, we can smoothly manage ROW with the cooperation from DPWTs.

4- Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches by Mr. Kaing Theara:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Added from Mr. Kompheak: There are two types of IEP: Soft and hard approaches. These two approaches should be implemented together. CESCoR Project mainly implements the soft approaches. However, project also applies the hard approaches (IEP) at Chrey Bak as the sample. If we have our own budget, we can follow this model at other places.

- Added by Mr. Kompheak: Explained again on the IEP Method Classification. Do you have other ideas to add?

- **Replies from Mr. Samnang:** I think when we talk about the prevention, we always say we do not have money. But we always have money for the resettlement. Actually, if we can prevent the encroachment, we can save a lot of money. For example, if we apply IEP fence, we can get (1) good safety for people; and (2) no resettlement cost.

- Added by DPWT: For IEP Fence, I would like to raise the case from one Farm. That farm grew the bamboo tree as boundary of ROW because it is cheap than installing the fence. However, after some times, those bamboo trees block the access roads to other people's houses. So, I think growing Tree is better.

- Added by Mr. Samnang: I think growing bamboo tree is better (it is cheap and people can benefit from the bamboo tree). However, we need to be flexible based on the location.

5- Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan by Mr. Hay Chandara:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- **Comment from Socheat:** I would like to take the chance to reply to our participants who raised the question about the ROW management plan. This presentation explained the Budget Plan for ROW Management for the future.

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- **Comment from Mr. Samnang:** Our DPWT can prepare the proposal to ask for Budget on ROW management for 1st year, 2nd year or 5th year. Our MPWT also has 3-year moving plan. The project can implement CSI and IEP only for National Road No.5. And this workshop is to transfer knowledge from MPWT and DPWT. Then, we need to work in the future.



6- Closing Remark by Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director of RID, MPWT

**Afternoon session:

1- Comprehensive Test:

2- Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP) by JICA Team (Mr. Bun SereyVuth):

Question and Answer:

After presentation, there is a practice on desk of participants. Participants need to add update CSI point, add new CSI point and Update CSI Point (IEP). Assistants assist the participants directly.

- Q1: For the new point, who will approve those points?

- A1: the updated points will be approved by Server in MPWT, they will check the photo, point and the code before approval.

- Q2: Will the photo size be reduced after we upload it to the system?

- A2: No, the original size will be kept. The quality and size of photo depends on the device. The App can work offline; so, it is okay with the internet connection, the photo and data will be automatically uploaded.

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- Q3: The information will be stored in Tablet during offline. So, how can we send the data to server when we have an internet connection?

- A3: With the internet connection, there will be button "update or upload" then we can click on it. All data will be sent and checked by server in MPWT.

- Q4: There is no App in the Play Store. So, if we have an available app on Smart Phone (some smart phone has better function than Tablet). If MPWT can share us the ID and Password, we can use on our smart phone.

- A4 from Mr. Kompheak: Actually, MPWT can share the ID and Password to DPWT with the requested numbers. So, we can know who will use the App or update the information. Therefore, those who have ID and Password will be responsible for any action.

- **Replies added by Mr. Socheat:** Additionally, even you can use on your smart phone, the MPWT allows you to access only to specific Block.

- Q5: can we connect to Desktop or transfer data from Tablet to Desktop? Because it is easy to check or make report.

- **A5:** We cannot transfer data to personal computer. After we upload or update, the data will be stored in Database. If you want to check the data, you just can log-in and check data. If you transfer data to personal desktop, you can see only the number no specific information. Regarding this matter, we have never thought of it. However, MPWT can allow the scope of access to database to DPWT based on the discussion.

- **Replies added by Mr. Samnang:** We have also proposed to developers to have function to get the report from Database. As we discussed yesterday, we also want to know the distance of encroachment from central line. We also want to get this information for making report. From database, we can know the size of building although it is not really exact but it can help the draft estimation for the resettlement.

3- Practice for Field Survey and Patrol at Phnom Penh Hotel:

- Demonstration on IEP (Patrol) by using Tablet by Mr. Socheat and Mr. Vuth.

- Then, explained another form (IEP_Patrol) by Mr. Socheat.

- Added by Mr. Kompheak: Tablet can store the data for long time, Paper is difficult to be found if the person in charge has gone. However, we still need the paper works to support our works. Based on the RMD and Guidelines that we will have, we will apply to all DPWTs. We need your ideas to improve our system and guidelines.

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- Added by Mr. Chea Samnang: This workshop is also kind of training. All the works explained here will become your works (DPWT). So, if you can share your works, it will be good and proper for your works.

- **Question from DPWT:** CSI recorded the encroaching buildings, how about the advertising signboard? To install the big signboard, need to get the approval from Provincial hall. So, what kind of signboard approved by DPWT?

- Answer by Mr. Chea Samnang: Based on the law, all signboards on National Roads need the approval from MPWT or DPWT but Provincial Office now takes this work because we have not yet had the Joint Prakas on ROW Usage. However, if the signboards on roads in city are under the local authority's permission.

- Question from DPWT: So, on the Tablet, can we add another option for "small signboard" such beer signboards etc.?

- Answer by Mr. Chea Samnang: We can add on the Paper Form but not to server. It is difficult. Or DPWT can request to provincial hall to remove those beer advertising signboards.

- Question from DPWT: For the IEP ROW Permission, people never ask to DPWT; also, we do not have any form. People always get oral permission from local authority. But no one check the technical works during the construction.

- Answer from Mr. Chea Samnang: DPWT needs to talk with local authority to follow the road law and follow the technical works.



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WORKSHOP FOR PRACTICE OF ROW MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN CAMBODIA (CESCOR)

30[™] AUGUST, 2019

PHNOM PENH HOTEL, PHNOM PENH





FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT: OFFICE +855(0)61-960-213

AGENDA

Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in Cambodia (CESCoR)

PHNOM PENH Hotel, Phnom Penh, 30th August 2019

Target Participants: DPWTs in Kampong Speu, Takeo, Kampot, Kep, Sihanoukville and Koh Kong

Time	Program	Content
08:30-08:45	Registration	
08:45-08:50	Cambodian National Anthem	
08:50-08:55	Opening Remarks Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director, RID, MPWT	
08:55-09:25	Presentation on Outline for ROW Management Methods Mr. CHEA Samnang, Office Chief of ROW, RID, MPWT	 Legal Framework, Structure of CSI (RMD, RMM, UAV and Field survey), Structure of IEP (Hard and Soft Approaches)
09:25-10:10	Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI) Mr. KHAI Saray, Deputy Office Chief of ROW, RID, MPWT	 Outline of Field Survey Detailed Procedure for Field survey Data collection and utilization by survey result (data analysis)
10:10-10:25	Coffee Break	
10:25-11:10	Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches Mr. KAING Theara, Official, RID, MPWT	 Type of IEP approaches (Soft and Hard approach including typical cross section for future development) Procedure for Soft Approaches such as Conduct PCM, Patrol and Provide ROW usage permission
11:10-11:40	Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan Mr. HAY Chandara, Deputy Office Chief of ROW, RID, MPWT	 Priority Activities (CSI, PCM and ROW Pole Installation) Future Development Plan
11:40-11:55	Q&A Session	
11:55-12:00	Closing Remarks Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director, RID, MPWT	
12:00-13:30	Luncheon	
13:30-14:00	Comprehension Test for Participants	
14:00-14:30	Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP) JICA Project Team	 Procedures for Field Survey Procedures for Patrol How to use Tablet App for Field survey and Patrol
14:30-15:00	Result of Comprehension Test	
15:00-16:30	Field Practice for Field Survey and Patrol at PHNOM PENH Hotel , JICA Project Team	

Note: All Presentations will be English, verbal speech in Khmer



THE PROJECT FOR CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS IN IMPLEMENTING AGENCY IN ROAD SECTOR IN THE KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA (CESCOR)



WORKSHOP FOR PRACTICE OF ROW MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

DISCUSSION MEMO

Date & Time:	August 30 th , 2019 from 8:30am to 4:00pm	
Place	PHNOM PENH Hotel, Phnom Penh	
Attendees:	Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director, RID/MPWT	
	Mr. Chea Samnang, Chief of ROW Office, RID/MPWT	
	Mr. Hay Chandara, Deputy Chief of ROW Office, RID MPWT	
	Ms. Eam Sokchea, Deputy Chief of Environment and Public Service	
	Office, PID/MPWT	
	And Other MPWT officials and DPWT officials from Kampong Speu,	
	Koh Kong, Takeo, Kep, Kampot and Preah Vihear	
	(see the attendant list in this memo)	
Project Team:	Mr. Yamashita, Mr. Kumagai, Ms. Nomura, Ms. Sophy, Mr. Socheat,	
	Mr. Luch, Mr. Sereyvuth and Mr. Samon	
Agenda /	- To train the DPWTs' Officials on ROW management System through	
Discussion	the presentations from ROW TF members (MPWT's Officials);	
Points:	- To conduct the field practice for field survey and patrol.	

1- Opening Remark by Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director of RID, MPWT

2- Presentation on outline of ROW Management Methods by Mr. Chea Samnang

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Question 1 from Mr. Kompheak:

based on the Order No.6 and Sub-decree No.197, there were updated or upgraded Provincial Roads to National Road 2-digits. So, the length of ROW moved from 20m both sides to 25m both sides. Are there any problems or complaints from people?

- Answer 1 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

We do have problem with people after some roads have been upgraded because some people have the hard title. It is difficult to solve since we have only the law on the update on the road but no solution. I think Takeo DPWT can share us their experiences.

- Added by Takeo DPWT:

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For National Road No.2, we just install the ROW Poles. So far, we have no serious problem. However, we have some problems on National Road No.23 (before it was the provincial road with ROW length of 20m). To solve this misunderstanding, our officials have tried to explain the people that the road was upgraded and we explained them that we do not ask them to re-locate. We just install the ROW pole to set new boundary.

- Question 2 from Takeo DPWT:

Can you share any guidelines on Patrol for temporary building?

- Answer 2 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

Actually, this project has prepared the Guidelines on ROW Management; including the Patrol as well. Based on this Guidelines, All DPWTs will follow. Besides the guidelines, we will have form, Tablets for Patrol. DPWT can share information and store in Database in MPWT.

- Question 3 from Kep DPWT:

Resettlement along National Road No.33 was already done for 15m from the central line. However, people come to encroach by building the temporary structures within another 10m from the boundary of 15m. Can you share any solution or recommendation to solve this problem?

- Answer 3 by Mr. Chea Samnang: Did you report to the provincial office or local authority?

- Replies from Kep DPWT: Yes, we did report but no solution.

- **Replies from Mr. Samnang:** That is the problem because the provincial office and local authority ignore this matter. We are just DPWT officials, we have only right to explain the people but no right to pull-down the structure.

- Added by Mr. Kompheak: The compensation for 15m was for only within the COI (Corridor of Impact) because of the limited budget. We need to explain the people; especially the local authority to understand this matter. Because we lack of information sharing, we have organized the PCM to explain the people and local authority to understand the condition of ROW management.

- Question 4 from DPWT:

Because of the economic growth, some areas become crowded. Then, the ROW in urban areas is only 15m both sides from Central line. Related to this, I would like to ask whether we have any legal or official document to define the urban and non-urban areas.

- Answer 4 by Mr. Chea Samnang:

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DPWT works closely with Provincial Department of Land Management, Urban Planning, Construction and Cadastral (PDLMUPCC). You need to ask them to show you the legal document proving the length of ROW in urban and non-urban areas. How can they say that this is the urban area! If it is really urban area. We need more space for Road due to the number of cars and other road utilities based on the technical standard.

- Replies added by Mr. Kompheak and Mr. Saray:

MPWT has submitted letter to MoI to ask about the definition of urban and non-urban areas. However, we have not yet received any clear answer. So, as Mr. Samnang already explained based on the technical standard, urban areas should need more space for road construction and utilities.

3- Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI) by Mr. Khai Saray:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Question 1 from DPWT:

Based on the Drone flight with the offset of 30m both sides, then there was field survey, so I think there might be some errors with the distance?

- Answer 1 by Mr. Saray:

In order to correct the coordinate, we use GCP (2 GCPs for one flight) and process the image.

- Added by Mr. Hay Chandara:

CSI is just the inventory on ROW but the flight of each photo has the Geometric information. We corrected the coordinate with GPS from GCP then during the image processing, we overlapped the photos for 80%. Then, we have only very small bias/error in our data. Additionally, we conducted the field survey to update our CSI data. In the next presentation, we will explain the Field Survey for the Patrol (IEP) to update the information.

- Added by Mr. Kompheak:

What we have is the base map as evidence to deal with illegal encroachment. Moreover, based on this, we can drafty estimate the resettlement cost. We need to update this database with the help from our DPWT.

- Added by Mr. Saray:

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If CSI and IEP can be implemented, we can smoothly manage ROW with the cooperation from DPWTs.

4- Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches by Mr. Kaing Theara:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- Added from Mr. Kompheak: There are two types of IEP: Soft and hard approaches. These two approaches should be implemented together. CESCoR Project mainly implements the soft approaches. However, project also applies the hard approaches (IEP) at Chrey Bak as the sample. If we have our own budget, we can follow this model at other places.

- Added by Mr. Kompheak: Explained again on the IEP Method Classification. Do you have other ideas to add?

- **Replies from Mr. Samnang:** I think when we talk about the prevention, we always say we do not have money. But we always have money for the resettlement. Actually, if we can prevent the encroachment, we can save a lot of money. For example, if we apply IEP fence, we can get (1) good safety for people; and (2) no resettlement cost.

- Added by DPWT: For IEP Fence, I would like to raise the case from one Farm. That farm grew the bamboo tree as boundary of ROW because it is cheap than installing the fence. However, after some times, those bamboo trees block the access roads to other people's houses. So, I think growing Tree is better.

- Added by Mr. Samnang: I think growing bamboo tree is better (it is cheap and people can benefit from the bamboo tree). However, we need to be flexible based on the location.

5- Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan by Mr. Hay Chandara:

Comments, Questions and Answers:

- **Comment from Socheat:** I would like to take the chance to reply to our participants who raised the question about the ROW management plan. This presentation explained the Budget Plan for ROW Management for the future.

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- **Comment from Mr. Samnang:** Our DPWT can prepare the proposal to ask for Budget on ROW management for 1st year, 2nd year or 5th year. Our MPWT also has 3-year moving plan. The project can implement CSI and IEP only for National Road No.5. And this workshop is to transfer knowledge from MPWT and DPWT. Then, we need to work in the future.



6- Closing Remark by Mr. Khoun Kompheak, Deputy Director of RID, MPWT

**Afternoon session:

1- Comprehensive Test:

2- Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP) by JICA Team (Mr. Bun SereyVuth):

Question and Answer:

After presentation, there is a practice on desk of participants. Participants need to add update CSI point, add new CSI point and Update CSI Point (IEP). Assistants assist the participants directly.

- Q1: For the new point, who will approve those points?

- A1: the updated points will be approved by Server in MPWT, they will check the photo, point and the code before approval.

- Q2: Will the photo size be reduced after we upload it to the system?

- A2: No, the original size will be kept. The quality and size of photo depends on the device. The App can work offline; so, it is okay with the internet connection, the photo and data will be automatically uploaded.

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- Q3: The information will be stored in Tablet during offline. So, how can we send the data to server when we have an internet connection?

- A3: With the internet connection, there will be button "update or upload" then we can click on it. All data will be sent and checked by server in MPWT.

- Q4: There is no App in the Play Store. So, if we have an available app on Smart Phone (some smart phone has better function than Tablet). If MPWT can share us the ID and Password, we can use on our smart phone.

- A4 from Mr. Kompheak: Actually, MPWT can share the ID and Password to DPWT with the requested numbers. So, we can know who will use the App or update the information. Therefore, those who have ID and Password will be responsible for any action.

- **Replies added by Mr. Socheat:** Additionally, even you can use on your smart phone, the MPWT allows you to access only to specific Block.

- Q5: can we connect to Desktop or transfer data from Tablet to Desktop? Because it is easy to check or make report.

- A5: We cannot transfer data to personal computer. After we upload or update, the data will be stored in Database. If you want to check the data, you just can log-in and check data. If you transfer data to personal desktop, you can see only the number no specific information. Regarding this matter, we have never thought of it. However, MPWT can allow the scope of access to database to DPWT based on the discussion.

- **Replies added by Mr. Samnang:** We have also proposed to developers to have function to get the report from Database. As we discussed yesterday, we also want to know the distance of encroachment from central line. We also want to get this information for making report. From database, we can know the size of building although it is not really exact but it can help the draft estimation for the resettlement.

3- Practice for Field Survey and Patrol at Phnom Penh Hotel:

- Demonstration on IEP (Patrol) by using Tablet by Mr. Socheat and Mr. Vuth.

- Then, explained another form (IEP_Patrol) by Mr. Socheat.

- Added by Mr. Kompheak: Tablet can store the data for long time, Paper is difficult to be found if the person in charge has gone. However, we still need the paper works to support our works. Based on the RMD and Guidelines that we will have, we will apply to all DPWTs. We need your ideas to improve our system and guidelines.

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- Added by Mr. Chea Samnang: This workshop is also kind of training. All the works explained here will become your works (DPWT). So, if you can share your works, it will be good and proper for your works.

- **Question from DPWT:** CSI recorded the encroaching buildings, how about the advertising signboard? To install the big signboard, need to get the approval from Provincial hall. So, what kind of signboard approved by DPWT?

- Answer by Mr. Chea Samnang: Based on the law, all signboards on National Roads need the approval from MPWT or DPWT but Provincial Office now takes this work because we have not yet had the Joint Prakas on ROW Usage. However, if the signboards on roads in city are under the local authority's permission.

- Question from DPWT: So, on the Tablet, can we add another option for "small signboard" such beer signboards etc.?

- Answer by Mr. Chea Samnang: We can add on the Paper Form but not to server. It is difficult. Or DPWT can request to provincial hall to remove those beer advertising signboards.

- Question from DPWT: For the IEP ROW Permission, people never ask to DPWT; also, we do not have any form. People always get oral permission from local authority. But no one check the technical works during the construction.

- Answer from Mr. Chea Samnang: DPWT needs to talk with local authority to follow the road law and follow the technical works.



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The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



Date: 30th August 2019 Time: 8:30am-16:00pm Location: at Phnom Penh Hotel Topic: The Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System

		Attendance	List	
No	Name	Position	Department/Ministry	Phone
		MPWT-R	ID	
1	Mr. Khuon Kompheak	Deputy Director	RID/MPWT	
2	Mr. Chea Samnang	Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
3	Mr. Hay Chandara	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
4	Mr. Khai Saray	Deputy Chief of ROW Office	RID/MPWT	
5	Mr. Sokun Piseth	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
6	Mr. Kaing Theara	Officer	RID/MPWT	
7	Mr. Nob Keilarith	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
8	Mr. Sao Premarak	Deputy Chief of Office	RID/MPWT	
9	Ms. Touch Kimsan	Officer	RID/MPWT	
		MPWT-P	ID	
10	Ms. Eam Sokchea	Deputy Chief of Office	PID/MPWT	
11	Mr. Yeam Vesna	Officer	PID/MPWT	
		MPWT-IC	CD	
12	Mr. Peang Samoeun	Chief Officer	ICD/MPWT	
	·,	DPWT-Kampong Sj	oeu Province	
13	Mr. Reth Ratanak	Deputy Chief of Office	MPWT	
14	Mr. Rueng Narot	Officer	MPWT	
15	Mr. Chan Virak	Officer	MPWT	
	·	DPWT-Takeo I	Province	
16	Mr. Chhim Chanchhaya	Deputy Chief of Order Office	DPWT	
17	Mr. Oum Chanthong	Chief of Technical Office	DPWT	
18	Mr. Chea Hong	Deputy Director	DPWT	
		DPWT-Kampot	Province	



The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCOR)



19	Mr. Lim Tara	Deputy Chief of Office	DPWT	
20	Mr. Yi Hokleang	Officer	DPWT	
21	Mr. Kong Raksmey	Officer	DPWT	
		DPWT-Kep P	rovince	
22	Mr. Lim Chatong	Chief Officer	DPWT	
23	Mr. Din Virak	Chief of Technical Office	DPWT	
24	Mr. To Tara	Technical Officer	DPWT	
		DPWT-Koh Kon	g Province	
25	Mr. Tay Chhaiya	Officer	DPWT	
26	Mr. Kheng Seiha	Officer	DPWT	
27	Mr. Va Vantith	Officer	DPWT	
		DPWT-Preah Vihe	ear Province	
28	Mr. Ry Sotheary	Deputy Chief of Office	DPWT	
		JICA Project Tear	n_CESCoR	
29	Mr. Akira Yamashita	Team Leader	JICA Project Team	
30	Mr. Kumagai Takahiro	Project Coordinator	JICA Project Team	
31	Ms. Sakiko Nomura	Intern	JICA Project Team	
32	Ms. Ches Sophy	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team	
33	Mr. Penh Socheat	Technical Assistant	JICA Project Team	
34	Mr. Bun Sereyvuth	Project Assistant	JICA Project Team	
35	Mr. Mut Samon	Assistant	JICA Project Team	
36	Mr. Preah Loch	Assistant	JICA Project Team	

CESCOR PROJECT INTRODUCTION

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia

Table of Contents

- CESCoR Project Introduction
- ROW Management
- Pilot Project

CESCOR PROJECT INTRODUCTION

PROJECT OUTPUTS

Project Period:

- The project has been funded from JICA committed for the period from Jan. 2017 to Dec. 2019.
- Project Goal:

Environmental and Social Consideration (ESC) in road sector is implemented properly by MPWT.

Project Purpose:

Capacity of MPWT officials on ESC is enhanced through applying Road Environmental Guidelines (REG) and Road Management System (RMS).

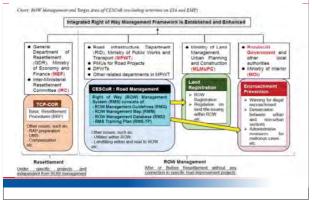
PROJECT OUTLINE

Ov	erall Goal	ESC in road sector is implemented properly by MPWT.
	Project Purpose	Capacity of MPWT officials on ESC is enhanced through applying \ensuremath{REG} and \ensuremath{RMS}
	Output 1	Implementation framework for the project is strengthened based on past experiences and present situation on ESC and ROW management.
Outputs	Output 2	Implementation framework of EC related to EIA and EMP is strengthened.
ıts	<u>Output 3</u>	Implementation framework of SC related to ROW management is strengthened by establishing RMS
	Output 4	Capacity of SC required for ROW management is strengthened through OJT.
Note		ad Environment Guideline, <mark>RMS:</mark> ROW Management System, <mark>EIA:</mark> Iental Impact Assessment, EMP: Environmental Management Plan

OUTLINE

Output 3:	Implementation framework of SC related to ROW management is strengthened by establishing RMS
PURPOSE:	Capacity of Social Considerations (SC) required for ROW management is strengthened as a component of CESCoR Project, funded by JICA
ACTIVITY:	 Create RMG (ROW Management Guideline) Create RMM/RMD as a result of Pilot Project Create RMS-TP and Capacity building training to MPWT and DPWT
METHOD:	Specify a area to implement a pilot project to study the feasibility of the system. The system will be applied to
TARGET AREA:	NR5 has been selected for the rapid development. Target Area along National Road No.5 in four Provinces: 1) KAMPONG CHHNANG Province 2) PURSAT Province 3) BATTAMBANG Province 4) BANTEAY MEANCHEY Province

INTEGRATED ROW MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK



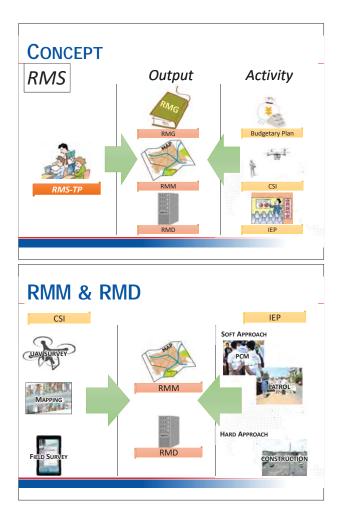
ROW MANAGEMENT

LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR RIGHT OF WAY(ROW)

Cambodia ROW means state land along the road with fixed distances from the centerline of existing roads for the future development.

		ROW Dimensions				
Road	level	Ministerial	Sub-Decree			
		Orders(※1)	(※2)			
1-digit Number	NR1, 4 and 5	30 m(※3)	30 m(※3)			
National Roads	Others	25 m(※3)	50 m(%5)			
2-digits Number	National Roads	25 m(※3)	25 m(※3)			
Provincial roads		20 m(※3)	Not specified			
Commune Roads		15m(※3)	Not specified			
※1 Ministerial Orders N ※2 Sub-Decree No.197,		om the centerline	H _L ill _L '			

RMS overall Right Of Way Management System RMG - overall Right Of Way Management System BMS - guideline for CSI&IEP BMM: ROW Management Map, and; - guideline for CSI&IEP BMM: ROW Management Database - CSI: Current Status Identification UAV Survey, GIS mapping, Field Survey to create Map - IEP: Illegal Encroachment Prevention - Hard Approach (construction) - Soft Approach (PCM, Patrol, registration) - RMS-TP: RMS Training Plan - training curriculum & manuals to create RMM/RMD

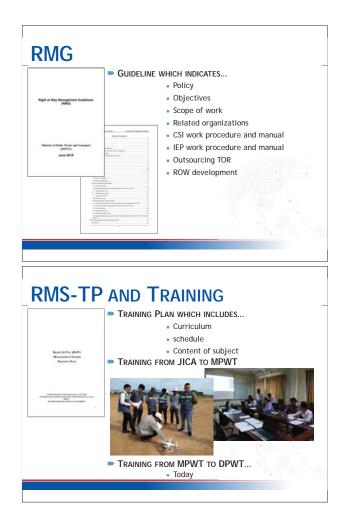


CSI ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY
KICKOFF	Arrangement	1	1	
MTG	Implementation	1	1	1
	Flight permission	1	1	1
UAV SURVEY	Flight plan	1		
	UAV survey	1	1	
	Supervision (for outsourcing)	1		
	Image processing	1		
OFFICE WORK	Mapping (data production)	1		
FIELD SURVEY	FS permission	1	1	1
	Field survey		1	
	Supervision	1		
GIS	data finalization	1		
				194 <u>- 1</u> 97 - 19

IEP ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHE
Classification		1				
	1) PCM	1	1	1		
Raise awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
awareness	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
Negistratio.	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			
					C.4. (1977)	

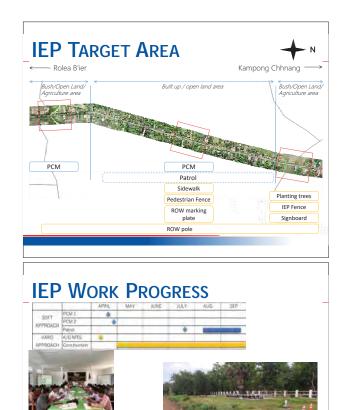


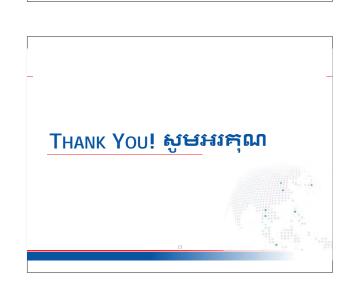
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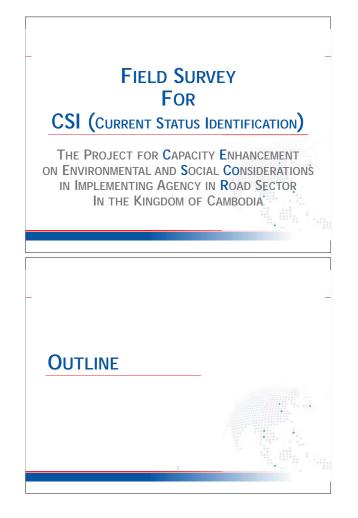


IEP TARGET AREA









GENERAL

- <u>Current Status Identification (CSI)</u> focuses on <u>data collection</u> related to situation of right of way along national roads and provincial roads across the country in order to creating right of way maps and database as baseline for effective right of way management.
- The purpose of CSI is to study on a <u>current situation</u> of ROW management and developing a ROW current situation map as a baseline so that appropriate measures can be applied for effective ROW management and encroachment prevention.
- The CSI work covers on <u>all national roads</u> under management of MPWT. A primary focus for the CSI is <u>1-digit national roads</u> of which information is to be compiled on a ROW management map. After the completion of the map for the 1-digit national roads, 2-digit national roads will be targeted.

ORGANIZATION

- Main contents of CSI are:
- 1) UAV survey,
- 2) data processing and

3) field survey, which is consisted data processing for Map and preparing survey sheet.

RID & DPWT should understand roles and collaborate with each organization to collect basic information through the surveys.

CSI WORK CONTENTS



UAV survey

Field Surv

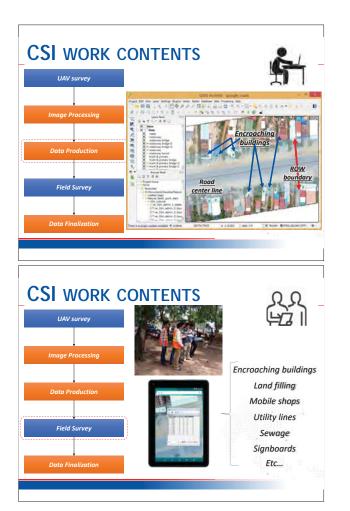
To explain the work purpose, content and schedule to the local authorities.

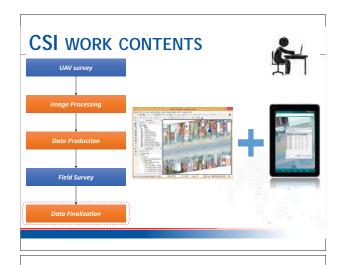






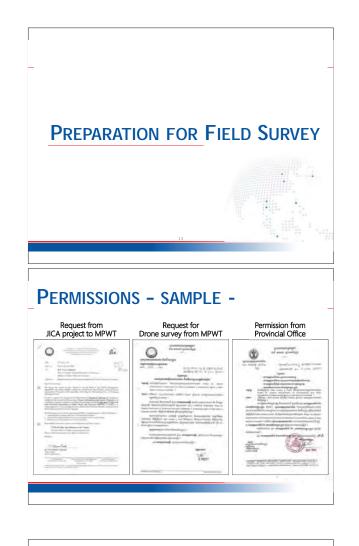






CSI ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY
KICKOFF	Arrangement	1	1	
MTG	Implementation	1	1	1
	Flight permission	1	1	1
UAV SURVEY	Flight plan	1		
	UAV survey	1	1	
	Supervision (for outsourcing)	1		Support
	Image processing	1		
OFFICE WORK	Mapping (data production)	1		
	FS permission	1	1	1
FIELD SURVEY	Field survey		1	
	Supervision	1		
GIS	data finalization	1		
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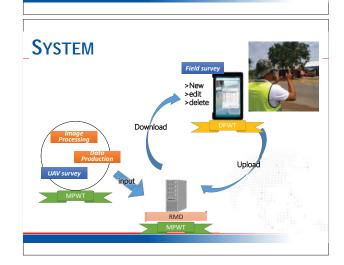


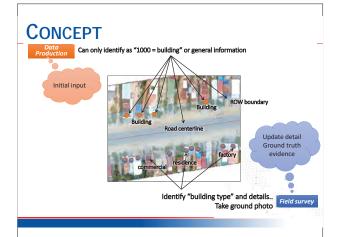
SURVEY TEAM ARRANGEMENT

About team arrangement for Field Survey, the assumption has been considered based on the result of pilot project.

- Field Survey Leader: 1 person will be assigned to manage Field Survey Team from MPWT or DPWT.
- Field Surveyors: 3 persons for 1 team will be assigned to implement Field Survey from DPWT. The team could complete 100km within 3 months.
- Team arrangement could be considered depend on scale and priority of road improvement project.

100kr





CSI DATA COLLECTION LIST

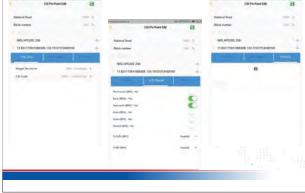
Data Production	
CSI point data code list	
1000 Building]
CSI line & area data code list	
KOODINO LISE	
6100 1st digit NR	
6110 1st digit NR Bypass	
6200 2nd digit NR	
6210 2nd digit NR Bypass	
6300 3rd digit NR	
6310 3rd digit NR Bypass	
6999 other	
8000 NO USE	
8001 Flight block	
8002 Station block	
8003 ROW boundary	
8004 COI boundary	
8500 Commune boundary	
8510 Province boundary	
8511 International boundary	
8999 other	

Field Survey CSI point data code list

Sciencercial 3	
300 Direct 3 300 Partory 3 3000 Duffig underconstruction 3 3000 Partory 12 3000 Partory 3 3000 Partory 3 3000 Partory 3 311 Directory 3 312 Mathematic conter 3 312 Directory 4 312 Directory 4 312 Director	10 Signboard private
WD Tempory shap 2 WD Tempory shap 2 WD Textury to 3 WD Textury to 4 WD Textury to 4 WD Textury to 4	100 Street light
0000 Building underconstruction 3 0017 Factory 9 0007 Factory 9 0008 Public office 3 0008 Public office 3 0011 School public 3 0111 School public office 3 0112 Pagotán 9 0114 School public 3 0124 Pagotán 9 0134 School public 3 0134 School public 4 0004 Access Rad 9	100 Pylon L
000° schoy 30 000° schoy station 3 000° schoy station 3 010° schoy public 3 011° School public 3 012° school public 3 013° school public 3 014° Mobile cart 3 000° approximation building 4 0000° Access Read 9 000° Access Read 9	110 Pylon R
0000 Petro station 9 0000 Public office 3 0010 Public office 3 011 School public 3 011 School public 3 011 School public 3 011 School public 3 012 Headle center 3 959 Other 4 0000 Approach to building 4 9000 Access Road 5	00 Cemetery
1009 Public office 3 1010 School public 3 1011 School public 3 1012 Pagoda 9 1013 Model Cart 3 1014 Mobile cart 3 1015 Model Cart 3 1016 Mobile cart 3 1017 Mobile cart 3 1018 Mobile cart 3 1020 Approach to building 4 0000 Access Red 5	i00 Private drainage
1010 School public 3 1011 School private 3 1012 Pagoda 9 1013 Hohol private 3 1014 Mobile cart 3 1999 Other 4 2000 Approach to building 4 2000 Approach to Building 4	i00 Well
1011 School private 3 1012 Pagdola 3 1013 Health center 3 1014 Mobile cent 3 1015 Cont 3 1014 Mobile cent 3 1015 Other 4 2000 Approach to building 4 2000 Access Road 5	'00 KM post
1012 Pagoda 3 1013 Health center 3 1014 Mobile cart 3 1999 Other 4 2000 Approach to building 4 2001 Access Road 5	100 ROW pole
1013 Health center 3 1014 Mobile cart 3 1999 Other 4 2000 Approach to building 4 001 Access Road 5	110 COI pole
1014 Mobile cart 3 1999 Other 4 2000 Approach to building 4 2001 Access Road 5	00 Control point (GCP)
1999 Other 4 2000 Approach to building 4 2001 Access Road 5	110 Benchmark (BM)
2000 Approach to building 4 2001 Access Road 5	199 Other
2001 Access Road 5	100 type in remarks
	199 Other
2002 Land filling 5	IO0 PCM
	00 IEP hard approach
2003 Open Area 5	00 type in remarks
2004 Parking 5	199 Other
2999 Other	1 44 11 V.



DATA COLLECTION





IEP

(ILLEGAL ENCROACHMENT PREVENTION) APPROACHES

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia



GENERAL

- ROW management map is developed using the data collection activities from CSI. Based on <u>densities</u> of ROW encroachments pointed on the ROW map, ROW areas shall be <u>classified</u> into <u>populated</u>, <u>potential and non-dense</u> areas. IEP shall be implemented properly <u>according to classification</u> of areas on ROW management map in order <u>not to allow</u> any <u>illegal or inappropriate land uses</u> in ROW.
- IEP approaches aim to <u>prevent new encroachment</u> in the ROW and to regulate temporary use of ROW with permission so as to <u>manage and</u> <u>maintain the land</u> secured for <u>road development</u>.

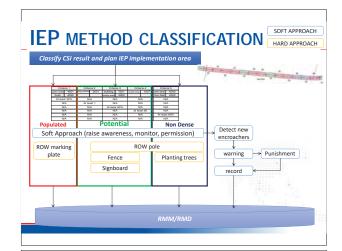
ORGANIZATION

According to Law on Road, MPWT is the road control authority in charge of <u>construction</u>, <u>maintenance and management</u> of all <u>national</u> <u>roads in Cambodia</u>. Also, <u>Road Infrastructure Department (RID)</u> of MPWT is a <u>main actor in charge</u> of <u>ROW management</u> of all national roads. Additionally, there are also <u>other agencies/ministries involved</u> in the ROW management such as <u>Ministry</u> of Interior, <u>Ministry</u> of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction and <u>Ministry</u> of Education, Youth and Sport. MPWT is responsible for <u>coordination</u>, <u>implementation</u>, <u>maintenance</u> of the necessary records on the ROW and expenditure management and <u>preparation of budgetary</u> <u>provisions</u>.



SOFT & HARD APPROACH

New	v Road Des	Hard A				g Fac	ilitie	S		miss and istra		N	oft App Ionitor and tervent	ing		Raising warene	
Constructing sub-road as ROW boundary	Road from the edge of ROW boundary and keep empty space in the middle	Digging channels as ROW boundary	Pole	Signboard	Fence	Growing Tree	Highlighting color on tile	ROW marking plate	Access road permit	ROW registration	ROW use permit	Appealing to the court	Collaborating with local authorities	Regular patrol activities	Local governmental official	High school and university students	Local people



IEP SOFT APPROACH







IEP SOFT APPROACH ROLE

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHER
Classification		1				
Raise	1) Citizen	1	1	1		
awareness	2) High school / University	1				1
(PCM)	3) Local government office	1	1	1	~	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			
					C4	

SOFT APPROACH-1

Raising awareness

Relevant organizations such as MPWT, DPWT and Local Authority should collaborate to provide "Consultation Meeting" to local people and relevant governments to ensure better understanding of ROW, and build good relationship

- Raising local people's awareness

- Raising relevant government officials' awareness

- Integrating ROW concept into school curriculum (To be Considered)



SOFT APPROACH-2

Monitoring and Intervention

MPWT and DPWT should collaborate to implement "Patrol" to collect the evidence from resident and to provide "Warning" for Illegal Encroachment.

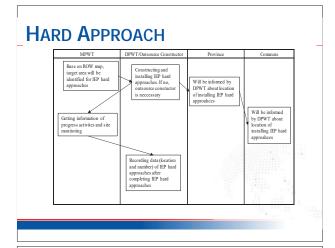
- Patrol

- Administrative Guidance (To be Considered)

to	Prepare Patrol Plan
	Provide Device to implement Patrol to DPWT
	implement Patrol
	Receive result of Patrol Confirm result of Store patrol result to BMD
-	

IEP HARD APPROACH ROLE

ITEM		MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHE
Classification		1				
Raise awareness (PCM)	1) Citizen	1	1	1		
	2) High school / University	1				1
	3) Local government office	1	1	1	1	
Monitoring & intervention	1) Regular patrol	1	1	1		
	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		1	1		
	3) Appealing to court	1	1	1		1
Permission & Registration	1) ROW permit	1	1	1		
	2) ROW registration	1	1	1	1	
	3) Access road permit	1	1			1
Supervision	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	1			
	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	1			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	1			



ផលវិជ្ជមាន និងផលអវិជ្ជមាន នៃការរំលោភដីចំណីផ្លូវ

ສຸ໙ອິຽຍາຣ ໄລກາເອີລຳເໝກຊີອໍໝີສູຮ

-កាត់បន្ថយការចំណាយរបស់ រដ្ឋាភិបាលទៅលើការដោះស្រាយផលប៉ះពាល់នៅ ពេលអភិវឌ្ឍផ្លូវ

-ងាយស្រួលក្នុងការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍បរិក្ខាផ្លូវផ្សេងៗដូចជា ល្វ ផ្លាកសញ្ញាចរាចរណ៍

-កាត់បន្ថយជំលោះរវាងរដ្ឋ និងប្រជាពលរដ្ឋ

-កាត់បន្ថយគ្រោះថ្នាក់ចរាចរ (គ្មានអ្នក់រស់នៅកៀកផ្លូវ, អ្នកបើកបរមើលឃើញស្ថាន ភាពផ្លូវច្បាស់)

-ធ្វើឲ្យផ្លូវប្រើប្រាស់បានយូរ មិនងាយខ្ទច (ដោយសារមានគ្មានការចាក់ដីខ្ពស់ដាងផ្លូវ មានប្រព័ន្ធរំដោះទឹកចេញពីផ្លូវគ្រប់គ្រាន់)

-ផ្លូវមានសោភណ្ឌភាព

ផលវិជ្ជមាន និងផលអវិជ្ជមាន នៃការរំលោភដីចំណីផ្លូវ

ផលអទិត្ថមាន ខែការរំលោកដីចំណីដូទ

-រដ្ឋចំណាយច្រើនទៅលើការដោះស្រាយផលប៉ះពាល់ គម្រោងពង្រីកផ្លូវ

-ធ្វើឲ្យផ្លូវឆាប់ខ្វួច (ដោយសារការរស់នៅជាប់ផ្លូវ, ចាត់ដីខ្ពស់ជាងផ្លូវ) -រួមចំណែក បង្ហូរគ្រោះថ្នាក់ចរចា ដោយសារការចូលមករស់នៅក្នុងដីចំណីផ្លូវជាឧប ស័ត្តធ្វើឲ្យអ្នកបើកបរមើលមិនច្បាស់ -ផ្លូវគ្មានសោភណ្ឌភាព



ROW MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY AND PLAN

The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerations in Implementing Agency in Road Sector In the Kingdom of Cambodia

Contents

- Priority Activities
- Future Development Plan

PRIORITY ACTIVITIES

Advantages of ROW Management

- Illegal occupation of state land makes implementation of resettlement procedure much more complicated and that management doesn't work effectively.
- And, resettlement cost will be higher in the future without adequate ROW management.
- Adequate ROW management can • Minimize the resettlement cost,
 - lead to smooth project implementation related to the road construction without delay of land issue.
- CSI and IEP activities contribute to prevent the illegal encroachment to the ROW on national road and to reduce the resettlement in the future.

Estimation Cost for ROW Management

Total length of all 1digit & 2digit National Road: 8,055km

<Priority Activities>

- CSI on the all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 917,000
- PCM for 50 places: USD 100,000 for every year
- Patrol on all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 73,000 for every year
- New ROW Pole on 1digit &2digit NR (for 2,675km): USD 3,530,000
- Other Hard approaches is implemented in the national/international road project.

	1 st phase (1Y~3Y)	2 nd phase (4Y~6Y)	3 rd phase (7Y~9Y)
CSI	All 1digit 8	& 2digit NR	Map update
PCM	50 places/year	50 places/year	50 places/year
Patrol	All 1digit & 2digit NR	All 1digit & 2digit NR	All 1digit & 2digit NR
ROW Pole	for 150km	for 600km	for 1,925km

First Phase Target for 3years

- CSI: Half of all 1digit & 2digit NR(3,472km): USD 462,000
- PCM for 50 places (2time in each province): USD 300,000
- Patrol on all 1digit & 2digit NR: USD 73,000
- New ROW Pole for 150km is installed: USD 198,000

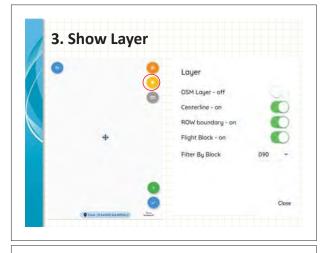
Ap	proaches	1st year	2 nd year	3 rd year	3 years total	Remarks
	Progress	1,142km	1,142km	1,142km	3,427km	Half of 1 & 2 digit NR
	UAV	\$111,600	\$109,000	\$111,400	\$332,000	(Outsource) 38.9MM
CSI	Office	\$35,300	\$4,400	\$4,400	\$44,100	90.3MM
	FS	\$30,200	\$25,900	\$30,200	\$86,300	321.7MM
	Total	\$177,000	\$139,000	\$146,000	\$462,000	
	PCM	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$300,000	50 places / year
	Patrol	\$72,600	\$72,600	\$72,600	\$217,800	All 1 & 2 digit NR
IEP	ROW Pole	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$198,000	For 150 km
	Total	\$239,000	\$239,000	\$239,000	\$717,000	
Total		\$416,000	\$378,000	\$385,000	\$1,179,000	

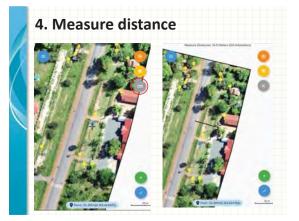














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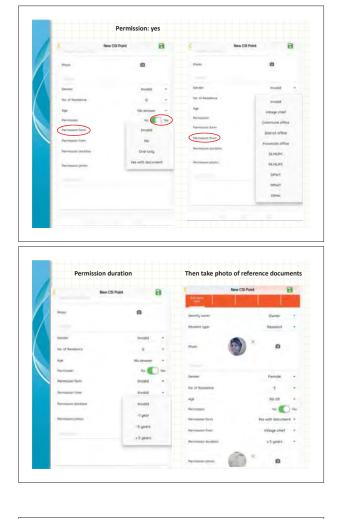
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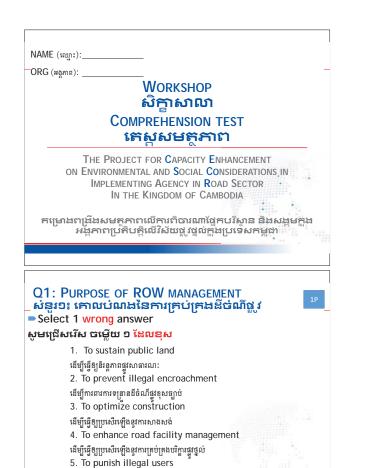
30-29 30-39 80-49 30-29 Over 10

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Q2: FULL TITLE OF RMS COMPONENT សំនួរ២៖ ចំណងជើងពេញនៃសមាធាតុ RMS

ដើម្បីពិន័យ និងដាក់ទោសអ្នកដែលប្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

Write the full name of each abbreviation សូមសរសេរពាក្យពេញនៃពាក្យកាត់ខាងក្រោម (ជាអង់គ្លេស ឬខ្មែរ)

- 1. RMS:
- 2. RMG:
- 3. CSI:
- 4. IEP:
- 5. RMM:
- 6. RMD:

Q3: PURPOSE OF CSI សំនួរ៣៖ គោលបំណងនៃការកំណត់ស្ថានភាពបច្ចុប្បន្ន Select 1 wrong answer សូមជ្រើសរើស ចម្លើយ ១ <mark>ដែលខុស</mark>

- 1. To identify current situation
- ដើម្បីកំណត់ស្ថានភាពបច្ចុប្បន្ន
- 2. To create Right Of Way Management Map
- ដើម្បីបង្កើតផែនទីគ្រប់គ្រងដីចំណីផ្លូវ
- 3. To create baseline for IEP classification
- ដើម្បីកំណត់គោលការណ៍មូលដ្ឋាន (Baseline) សម្រាប់ការធ្វើចំណត់ថ្នាក់

វិធីសាស្រការពារការទន្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

4. To construct sustainable infrastructure ដើម្បីសាងសង់ហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធដែលមាននិរន្តភាព

សំនូរ៤៖ តួន	R EACH ACTIVITY IN CSI <mark>1ទីសម្រាប់សកម្មភាពនិមួយៗក្លុងការងារ</mark> CSi sorrect authority for DPWT role សូមគូស [√] សម្រ		រ្តគ្រីមគ្រូវស	ម្រាប់មន្ទីរ
	пем (рат 9	MPWT ក្រសួង	DPWT មន្ទ័រ	LOCAL AUTI អាជ្ញាធរម្ភវ
KICKOFF MTG	Arrangement ការរៀបចំ	~	[]	
(កិច្ចប្រជុំចាប់ផ្តើម)	Implementation ការអនុវត្ត	1	[]]	1
	Flight permission ការអនុញ្ញាតក្នុងការបង្ហោះដ្រូន	1	[]	1
LIAV	Fliend Street Stre			

(កិច្ចប្រជុំទាប់ផ្តើម)	Implementation ការអនុវត្ត	~	[]	1
	Flight permission ការអនុញ្ញាតក្នុងការបង្ខោះង្រួន	1	[]	✓
UAV SURVEY	Flight plan ផែនការបង្ហោះត្រូន	1	[]	
(mappanappana (MAV)	UAV survey ការស្រាវជ្រាវដោយបង្ហោះង្គ្រខ	1	[]	
	Supervision (for outsourcing) ការគ្រប់គ្រង (ធនធានពីខាងក្រៅ)	~	[]	
OFFICE WORK	Image processing ដំណើរការផ្តុំរូបភាព	1	[]	
(ការងារនាវិងាល័យ)	Mapping (data production) ការធ្វើវែនទី (ផលិតផលទិន្នខ័យ)	1	[]	
FIELD	FS permission ការអនុញ្ញាតក្នុងការចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ	~	[]	✓
SURVEY	Field survey ការងារចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ		[]	
(ការងារចុះស្រាវជ្រាវ)	Supervision ការគ្រប់គ្រង	~	[]	
GIS	data finalization ការបញ្ចប់ទិន្នន័យ	1	[]	

Q5: PURPOSE OF IEP ស់នួរ៥៖ គោលបំណងនៃវិធីសាស្ត្រការពារការទន្ទ្រានដីចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់

Select 1 wrong answer

- សូមជ្រើសរើស ចម្លើយ ១ <mark>ដែលខ</mark>ុស
 - 1. To select most suitable area for bridge construction
 - ដើម្បីជ្រើសរើសតំបន់ដែលសមស្របបំផុតសម្រាប់ការសាងសង់ស្ពាន
 - 2. To classify population inside Right Of Way
 - ដើម្បីធ្វើចំណាត់ថ្នាក់ចំនួនប្រជាជនដែលរស់នៅក្នុងដីចំណីផ្លូវ
 - 3. To prevent new encroachment
 - ដើម្បីការពារការទន្ទ្រានថ្មីៗចូលក្នុងដីចំណីផ្លូវ
 - 4. To manage and maintain public land
 - ដើម្បីគ្រប់គ្រង និងថែទាំដីសាធារណៈ

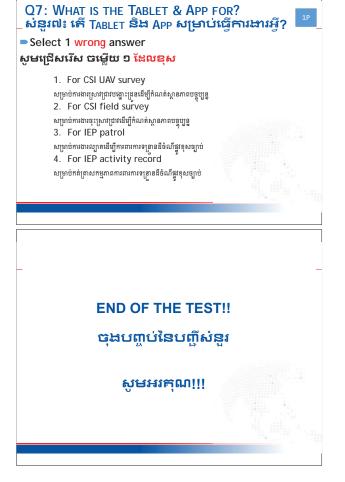
Q6: ROLE FOR EACH ACTIVITY IN IEP វីចំណីផ្លូ វខសច្បាប់ (អង់គ្លេស ■ Fill [√] for correct authority for DPWT role

	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Authority	MLMUPC	OTHER
Classification		1	[]			
	1) PCM	1	[]	1		
Raise awareness	2) High school / University	1	[]			1
awareness	3) Local government office	1	[]	1	1	
Monitoring	1) Regular patrol	1	[]	1		
&	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		[]	1		
intervention	3) Appealing to court	1	[]	1		1
	1) ROW permit	1	[]	1		
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	[]	1	1	
negistration	3) Access road permit	1	[]			1
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	[]			
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	[]			
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	[]			

Q6: ROLE FOR EACH ACTIVITY IN IEP

សំនួរ៦៖ កូនាទីសម្រាប់សកម្មភាពនិមួយៗក្នុងការពារការទន្ទ្រានដ៏ចំណីផ្លូវខុសច្បាប់ (ភាសាខ្មែរ) > សមកស [√] សម្រាប់សមត្ថកិច្ចក្រឹមគ្រូវសម្រាប់មន្ទីរ

	ប្រភេទ	ក្រសួង	មន្ទ័រ	អាថ្លាធរ	ក្រសួងដែនពី	ផ្សេងៗ
ចំណាត់ថ្នាក់		1	[]			
ការលើកកំពស់ការ	1) កិច្ចប្រជុំតំក្រោះយោបល់	1	[]	1		
ការលោកកាលការ យល់នឹង	2)វិទ្យាល័យ/មហាវិទ្យាល័យ	1	[]			1
	3) ៣វិយាល័យរង្ហាកិបាលមូលង្ខាន	1	[]	1	1	
ការត្រួតពិខិត្យ ខិង	1) ការល្បាតទៀងទាត់	1	[]]	1		
ការត្រួតជនត្បូ ខជ ការអន្តរាគមន៍	2) សហការជាមួយអាជ្ញាធរមូលដ្ឋាន		[]]	1		
IIIIII BIIII DD	3) បណ្ដឹងទៅគុណការ	1	[]	1		1
owanne âkou	1) ការអនុញ្ញាតច្រើប្រាស់ដីចំណីផ្លូវ	1	[]]	1		
ការអខុញ្ញាត និងការ ចុះបញ្ជី	2) ការចុះបញ្ណីដីចំណីផ្លូវ	1	[]	1	1	
1 10	3) ការអនុញ្ញាគសាងសង់ផ្លូវចូលលំនៅដ្ឋាន	1	[]]			1
	1) កំណត់ត្រាពីកម្មវិធីលើកកំពស់ការយល់ដឹង	1	[]]			
ការគ្រប់គ្រង	2) កំណត់ត្រាពីការត្រួតពិនិត្យ	1	[]			
	3) កំណត់ត្រាពីការអនុញ្ញាត	1	[]			



Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System Date: 30th August 2019 at PHNOM PENH Hotel Correction of Comprehensive Test (with TF Members)

Total (score) 20/20	19	17.5	13	10.5	12	20	16.5	19	19.5	16	18.5	13.5	15	11.5	13.5	6.5	14	15.5	16.5	19	20	20	20	
Q7 (1p): What is the Tablet and App for?	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	-
Q6 (4p): Correct authority for DPWT Role	4	3.5	1	1.5	2	4	3.5	4	3.5	2	3.5	3.5	2	2.5	3.5	1.5	8	3.5	3.5	4	4	4	4	V
Q5 (1p): Purpose of IEP	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Q4 (6p): Correct authority for DPWT	6	4	2	3	3	9	5	9	9	4	9	1	4	2	2	1	4	4	9	6	6	9	6	و
Q3 (1p): Purpose of CSI	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	-
Q2 (6p): Full name of each abbreviatio n	6	9	9	2	4	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	3	5	5	5	6	6	9	9	و
Q1 (1p): Purpse of ROW Manageme nt	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Organization	MPWT	DIA-TW9M	DPWT-Kep	DPWT-Kep	DPWT-Kep	DPWT-Kampot	DPWT-Kampot	DPWT-Kampot	DPWT-Kampot	DPWT-Takeo	DPWT-Takeo	DPWT-Koh Kong	DPWT-Koh Kong	DPWT-Koh Kong	DPWT-Preah Vihear	DPWT-Kampong Speu	DPWT-Kampong Speu	DPWT-Kampong Speu	MPWT-ICD	MPWT-ICD	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPWT-RID	MPM/T-RID
Participants	Mr. Yem Veasna	Ms. Touch Kimsan	Mr. Lin Thea Tong	Mr. To Dara	Mr. Din Virak	Mr. Yi Hokleang	Mr. Lim Dara	Mr. Chhim Chan Chhaya	Mr. Kong Rasmey	Mr. Chea Hong	Mr. Oum Chanthorng	Mr. Tay Chhaya	Mr. Kheng Seiha	Mr. Va Vantith	Mr. Ry Sotheary	Mr. Chan Virak	Mr. Roeurng Naroth	Mr. Reth Ratanak	Mr. Peang Samoeun	Mr. An Menghour	Mr. Khai Saray	Mr. Chea Samnang	Mr. Khoun Kompheak	Mr Haw Chandara
NO.	1	2	٤	4	5	9	۲	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	V C

20	18	19					
	1	1	(Q7) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)	70.37
	4	4	(Q6) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)	40.74
	0	1	(Q2) Ratio (Q3) Ratio (Q4) Ratio (Q5) Ratio (Q6) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)	88.89
	9	5	(Q4) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)	48.15
-1	1	1	(Q3) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)	74.07
	9	6	(Q2) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%)	77.78
	0	1	(Q1) Ratio	of	correct	answer (%) answer (%) answer (%) answer (%) answer (%) answer (%)	77.78
		MPWT-PID					
	26 Mr. Kong Youreth	27 Ms. Eam Sokchea					
C7	26	27					

Conclusion:

Almost of the participants got the good scores for the test. Based on the Ratio of Correct Answer, documents during the test, based on the observation. They selected answers based on what they The reason of low ratio of correction answer for Q4 and Q6 is the participants did not check the Q4 and Q6 are very difficult for the participants.

had remembered from the presentation.

Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System Date: 30th August 2019 at PHNOM PENH Hotel Correction of Comprehensive Test (without TF Members)

Total (score) 20/20	19	17.5	13	10.5	12	20	16.5	19	19.5	16	18.5
Q7 (1p): What is the Tablet and App for?	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
Q6 (4p): Correct authority for DPWT Role	4	3.5	T	1.5	2	4	3.5	4	3.5	2	3.5
Q5 (1p): Purpose of IEP	τ	τ	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Q4 (6p): Correct authority for DPWT	9	4	2	£	£	9	5	9	6	4	9
Q3 (1p): Purpose of CSI	T	T	τ	T	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
Q2 (6p): Full name of each abbreviatio n	9	9	9	2	4	9	9	9	6	6	9
Q1 (1p): Purpse of ROW Manageme nt	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
Organization	TWAM	QI4-TW4M	DPWT-Kep	DPWT-Kep	DPWT-Kep	DPWT-Kampot	DPWT-Kampot	DPWT-Kampot	DPWT-Kampot	DPWT-Takeo	DPWT-Takeo
Participants	Mr. Yem Veasna	Ms. Touch Kimsan	Mr. Lin Thea Tong	Mr. To Dara	Mr. Din Virak	Mr. Yi Hokleang	Mr. Lim Dara	Mr. Chhim Chan Chhaya	Mr. Kong Rasmey	Mr. Chea Hong	Mr. Oum Chanthorng
No.	T	2	£	4	ß	9	٢	8	6	10	11

12	Mr. Tay Chhaya	DPWT-Koh Kong	1	9	0	1	1	3.5	1	13.5
	13 Mr. Kheng Seiha	DPWT-Koh Kong	0	9	1	4	1	2	1	15
	14 Mr. Va Vantith	DPWT-Koh Kong	0	9	0	2	0	2.5	1	11.5
	Mr. Ry Sotheary	DPWT-Preah Vihear	0	9	1	2	1	3.5	0	13.5
16	Mr. Chan Virak	DPWT-Kampong Speu	1	£	0	1	0	1.5	0	6.5
	Mr. Roeurng Naroth	DPWT-Kampong Speu	1	5	0	4	1	3	0	14
18	Mr. Reth Ratanak	DPWT-Kampong Speu	1	5	1	4	1	3.5	0	15.5

(Q7) Ratio	orrect	answer (%)
(Q6) Ratio	orrect	answer (%)
(Q5) Ratio	orrect	answer (%)
(Q4) Ratio	orrect	answer (%)
(Q3) Ratio	orrect	answer (%)
(Q2) Ratio	orcorrect	ınswer (%) answer (%) answer (%) answer (%)
(Q1) Ratio	orrect	answer (%)

from 11.11% to 48.15%. There can be 2 reasons (1): it was the first time for all DPWTs' officials from	Without TF members' score added, the ratio of correct answer of each question is very low ranging
	from 11.11% to 48.15%. There can be 2 reasons (1): it was the first time for all DPWTs' officials from

44.44

11.11

59.26

18.52

44.44

48.15

48.15

CESCOR project as well as the CSI and IEP; (2) they did not check the document during the test. Q4 and Q6 seem very difficult to all participants becuase it is memory-based (without checking the

Conclusion:

Sample of Form	Workshop Evaluation (Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System)	Strongly Agree 1 2 3	Strongly Disagree 4 5
1. Presentation or	 Presentation on Outline for ROW Management Methods Topics were interesting. Materials distributed were useful. The presentations were clear and easy to understand. H fyou have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: <u>Comments</u> 		
2. Presentation or	 Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI) 1.1 Topics were interesting. 2.1 Materials distributed were useful. 2.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 2.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: <u>Comments</u> 		
3. Presentation or	 3. Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches 3.1 Topics were interesting. 3.2 Materials distributed were useful. 3.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 3.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: <u>Comments</u> 		
4. Presentation or	 4. Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan 4.1 Topics were interesting. 4.2 Materials distributed were useful. 4.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 4.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below: <u>Comments</u> 		
5. Presentation or	5. Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP) 5.1 Topics were interesting. 5.2 Materials distributed were useful.		

5.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	erstand.
5.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly	comments, please kindly share with us as below:
<u>Comments</u>	
6. Workshop Organization	
6.1 The workshop met my expectations.	
6.2 Workshop was nicely organized.	
6.3 Interpretation for workshop was clear to understand.	erstand.
6.4 The time for each presentation was	
6.5 The time for discussion was	
7. Overall, how do you rate the Workshop?	
8. What aspects of workshop can be improved for the next one?	
<u>Comments</u>	
9. If you any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	

Comments

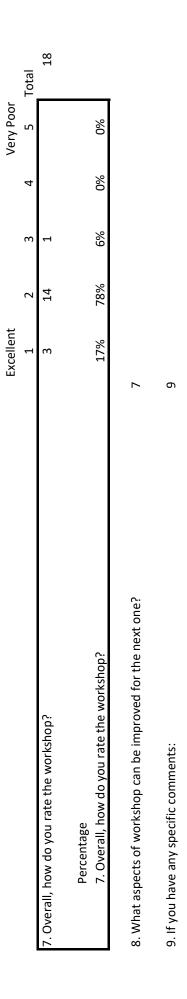
Summary of Workshop Evaluation (Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System)

	Strongly Agree	Agree		Strongly	Strongly Disagree	
	1	2	ŝ	4	ъ	
1. Presentation on Outline for ROW Management Methods						Total
1.1 Topics were interesting.	80	~	0	2	0	18
1.2 Materials distributed were useful.	ы	∞	4	-	0	18
1.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	4	∞	9	0	0	18
1.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:						4
Percentage						
1.1 Topics were interesting.	44%	44%	%0	11%	%0	
1.2 Materials distributed were useful.	28%	44%	22%	%9	%0	
1.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	22%	44%	33%	%0	%0	
1.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	%0	%0	%0	%0	0%	
	Strongly Agree	Agree		Strongly	Strongly Disagree	
	ц	2	m	4	ъ	
2. Presentation on Field Survey for Current Status Identification (CSI)						Total
2.1 Topics were interesting.	Ŋ	11	1	Ч	0	18
2.2 Materials distributed were useful.	ε	11	£	Ч	0	18
2.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	£	7	7	Ч	0	18
2.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:						0
Percentage						
2.1 Topics were interesting.	28%	61%	%9	%9	%0	
2.2 Materials distributed were useful.	17%	61%	17%	6%	%0	
2.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	17%	39%	39%	%9	%0	
2.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	error	error	error	error	error	

	Strongly Agree	Agree		Strongly	Strongly Disagree	
	1	2	ß	4	Ŋ	
3. Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches						Total
3.1 Topics were interesting.	9	10	2	0	0	18
3.2 Materials distributed were useful.	4	∞	4	2	0	18
3.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	£	∞	7	0	0	18
3.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:						1
Percentage						
3.1 Topics were interesting.	33%	56%	11%	%0	%0	
3.2 Materials distributed were useful.	22%	44%	22%	11%	%0	
3.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	17%	44%	39%	%0	%0	
3.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	
	Strongly Agree	Дагее		Strongly	Strongly Disagree	
	1	<u>م</u>	'n	4.9.000	о 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	I	I))	
4. Presentation on ROW Management Activity and Plan						Total
4.1 Topics were interesting.	8	7	1	2	0	18
4.2 Materials distributed were useful.	4	∞	9	0	0	18
4.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	ε	10	ŋ	0	0	18
4.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:						Ч
Percentage						
4.1 Topics were interesting.	44%	39%	%9	11%	%0	
4.2 Materials distributed were useful.	22%	44%	33%	%0	%0	
4.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	17%	56%	28%	%0	%0	
4.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	%0	%0	%0	%0	0%	

	Strongly Agree	gree		Strongly Disagree	ee.
	1	2	3	4 5	
5. Presentation on Implementation of Field Survey (CSI) and Patrol (IEP)					Total
	S	7	9	0	18
	2	13	ŝ	0	18
5.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	2	∞	ß	1 2	18
5.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:					
	28%	39%	33%	%0 %0	
	11%	72%	17%	%0 %0	
5.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	11%	44%	28%	6% 11%	
5.4 If you have any specific comments, please kindly share with us as below:	error	error	error	error error	

6. Workshop Organization						Total
6.1 The workshop met my expectations.	7	8	2	1	0	
6.2 Workshop was nicely organized.	8	Ŋ	ъ	0	0	
6.3 Interpretation for seminar was cleear to understand.	ъ	9	9	0	0	
6.4 The time for reach presentation was	1	16	Ч			
6.5 The time for discussion was	m	15	0			
Percentage						
6.1 The workshop met my expectations.	39%	44%	11%	%9	%0	
6.2 Workshop was nicely organized.	44%	28%	28%	%0	%0	
6.3 Interpretation for seminar was cleear to understand.	29%	35%	35%	%0	%0	
6.4 The time for reach presentation was	8%	89%	%9			
6.5 The time for discussion was	17%	83%	%0			



Participants:MPWT:12DPWT:16Meeting RoomOthers:0Project Team:8	Comments Please provide the material in Khmer so it is easy to read and understand; Please provide clear guidelines/document specifying the law and sub-decrees; If possible, should build the canals along the roads for better road condition and ROW encroachment prevention; and Reduce the resettlement cost during the development. 	Comments		
Date: 30th August 2019 Time: 8:00-16:00 Venue: PHNOM PENH Hotel Meeting Room	1.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 0% 0% 33% 22% 44%	gly Agree Str	2.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand. 6% 0% 17% 39% 39%	Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree
Summary of Evaluation: Workshop for Practice of ROW Management System	1.2 Materials distributed were useful. 6% 0% 44%	Strongly Agree St	2.2 Materials distributed were useful. 17% 6% 0% 17% 61% 13% 4 5	ree Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree
Summary of Evaluation: Workshop fo	1.1 Topics were interesting. 1.2 Materials distributed were useful. 0% 11% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree 2. Presentation on Field Survey fo	2.1 Topics were interesting.	Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree

Comments - Without clear definition and boundary between urban and non-urban areas and lack of legal document, the and non-urban areas and lack of legal document, the implementation on ROW management is very difficult. -7%	4 = 5	Strongly Disagree Comments
3.3 The presentations were clear and easy to understand.	1 2 3 4	Strongly Agree 4.3 The present were clear and o understand 28% 56%
3. Presentation on Type of Illegal Encroachment Prevention (IEP) Approaches 3.1 Topics were interesting. 11% 0% 11% 0% 11% 0% 22% 22% 44%	1 2 3 4 5	Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree ent Activity and Plan 4.2 Materials distributed were useful. 0% 0% 44% 44% 1 = 2 = 3 = 4 = 5
of Illegal Er		Strongly Disagree
3. Presentation on Type of 3.1 Topics were interesting. 11% 0% 56% 33%	1 2 3 4 5	Stongly Agree Stongly Agree Stongly Agree Stongly Agree 4. Tropics were 4.1 Topics were 4.2 Materials 11% 0% 0% 0% 6% 44% 39% 23% 21 - 2 3 - 4

Strongly Disagree Comments

Strongly Agree

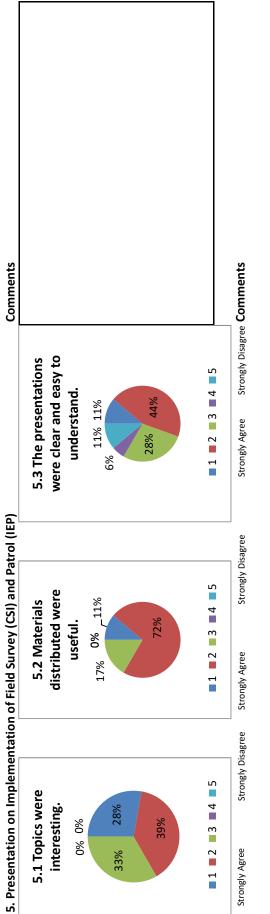
Strongly Disagree

Strongly Agree

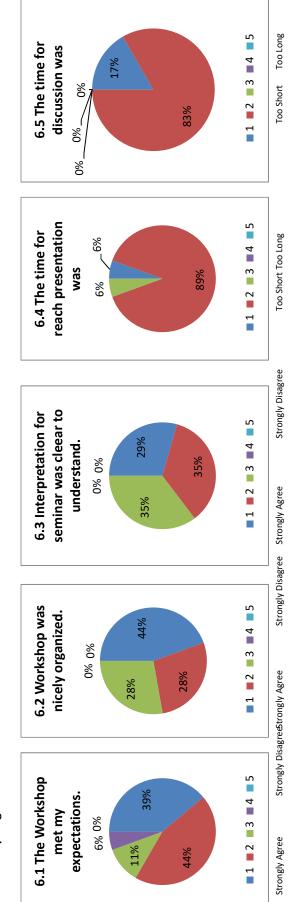
Strongly Disagree

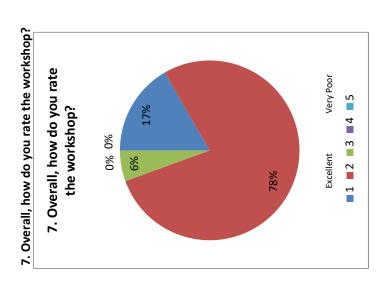
Strongly Agree

J4 - 221









8. What aspects of workshop can be improved for the next one 9. If you have any specific comments: Comments

preparation od the presentation material that should be Give training on Drone Flight and Photo Processing; The improvement for the next workshop is the n Khmer and English;

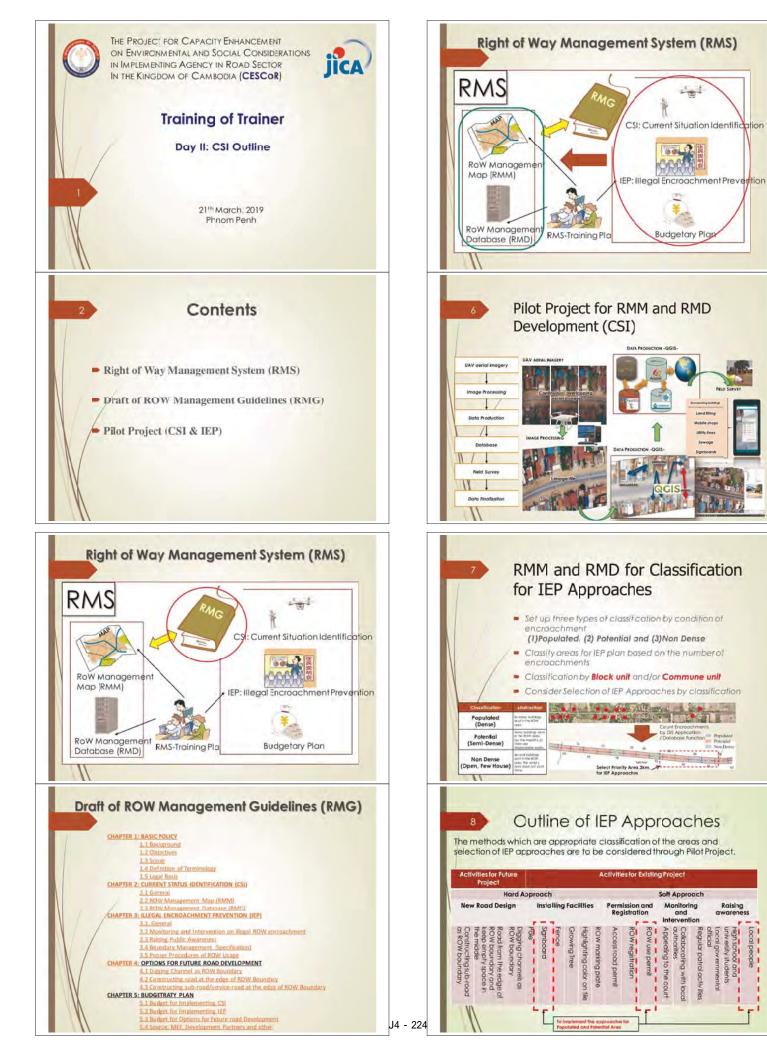
Presentation material should be translated into Khmer; For the next workshop, please improve or update the Please explain one software or any App in detail that make sure trainees can use them and apply to the job; Interested in the workshop and gain knowledge; and App RMD System because it has not yet functioned properly during the presentation and demo; Would like to have more participants.

- Workshop (1) improve knowledge on ROW; (2) **Comments** - Provide the real practice to DPWT;
- Enhance Capacity; and (3) Easy to understand the presentation of the workshop;

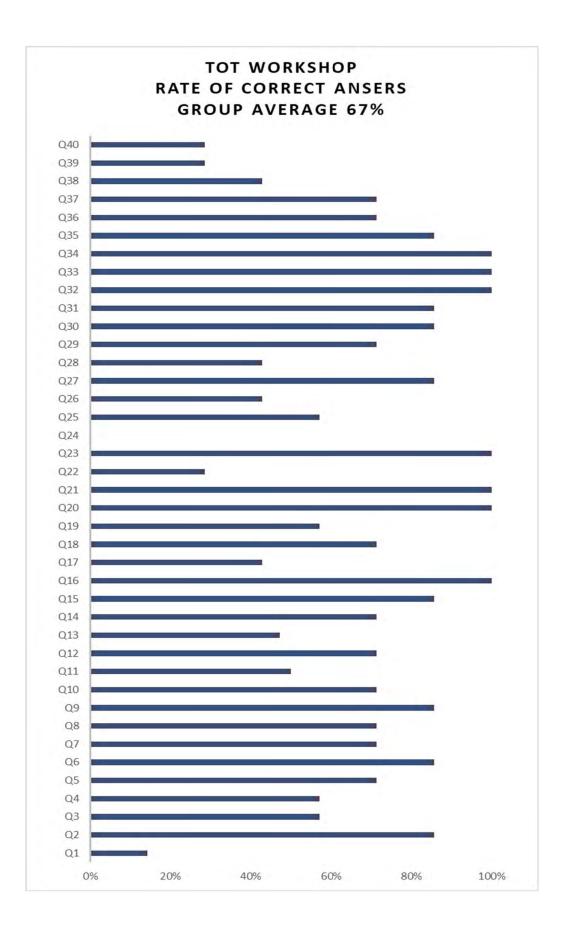
understand the ROW management System. Would System; establish the study group, strengthen the law, disseminate or provide the training on Drone opportunities to learn from JICA because it is very useful for ROW management, road infrastructure information on the update of ROW Management - Want to get such kind of this opportunity very often to learn and share experiences; Share all like to have such kind of workshop again next flight for ROW management; provide more - This workshop is good because be able to protection, and saving on Gov't expense; time;

- Want to have the trainings everyday then DPWT officials will be able to practice and get new knowledge;

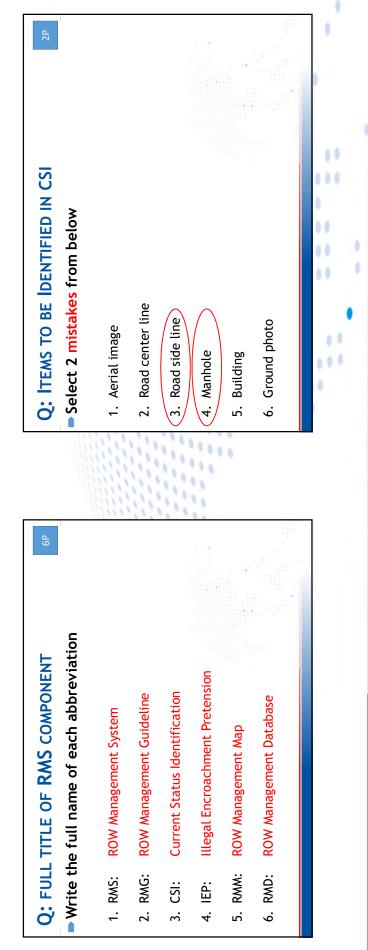
workshop is good and very useful. Hope that the - Please create the group in the Telegram, it is easy for DPWT officials to ask any question; - After learning from the presentation, this





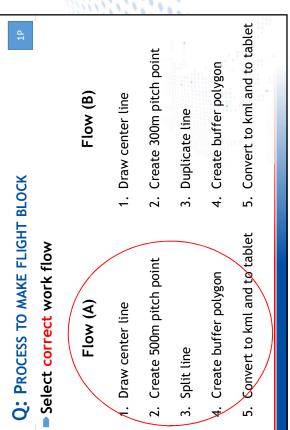






PASCO

Q: WORK FLOW TO IMPLEMENT CSI	MENT CSI	Q: Rol	Q: ROLE FOR EACH ACTIVITY IN CSI	_	4P
Select the correct work flow (A) or (B)	flow (A) or (B)	Fill [V]	Fill [√] for correct authority		
Flow (A)	Flow (B)		ITEM	DPWT	Local Authority
	~		1) Arrange UAV flight permission	[]	[/]
Aerial Photography	1. Aerial Photography		2) Prepare UAV flight plan	[/]	[]
			3) Implement UAV survey	[>]	[]
2. Image Processing	2. GIS mapping		4) Supervision	[]	[]
		GIS	1) Data processing (image, GIS data)	[>]	[]
3 GIS manning	3 Image Processing		1) Arrange FS permission	[]	[/]
Sundapin cip in		Field Survey	2) Implement FS	[/]	[]
A Field Survey	4 Field Survey		3) Supervision	[]	[]
		GIS	1) Data finalization	[>]	[]
5. Data Finalization	5. Data Finalization				
O: PROCESS TO MAKE FLIGHT BLOCK	HT BLOCK	O: UAV	O: UAV FLIGHT SETTINGS		5P

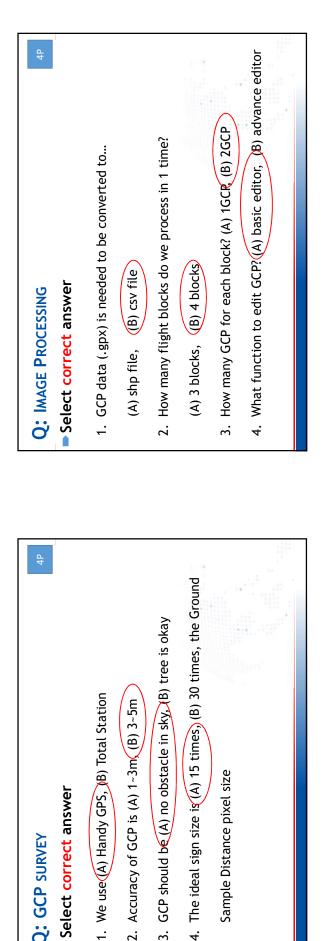




...

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PASCO



3. GCP should be (A) no obstacle in sky. (B) tree is okay

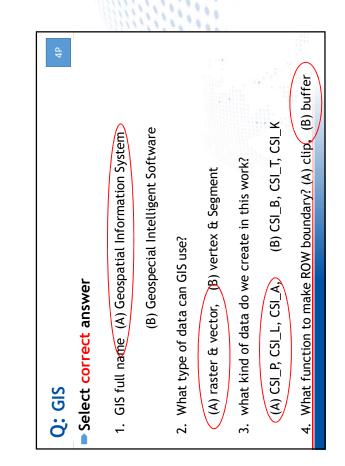
Sample Distance pixel size

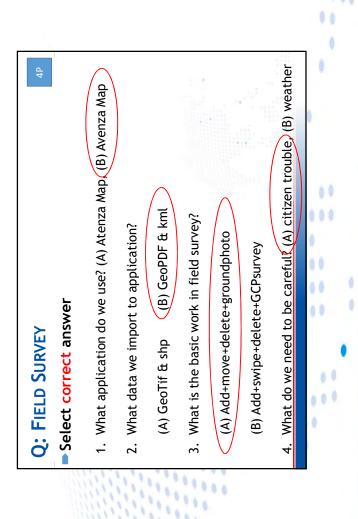
1. We use (A) Handy GPS, B) Total Station

Select correct answer

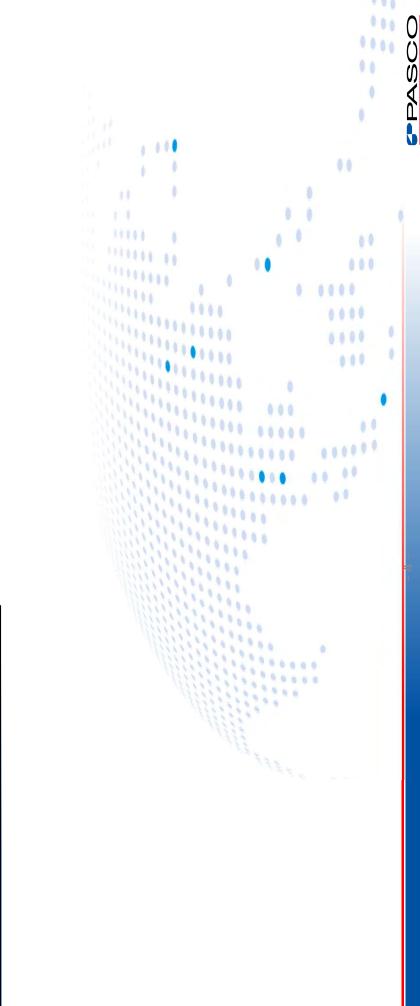
Q: GCP SURVEY

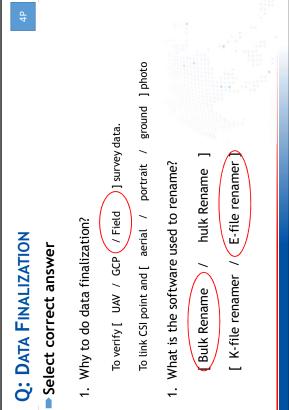
2. Accuracy of GCP is (A) 1~3m (B) 3~5m





PASCO





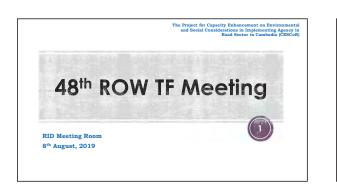


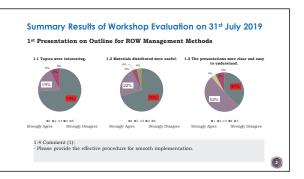
The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Environmental and Social Considerationsin Implementing Agency in Road Sector in the Kingdom of Cambodia (CESCoR)

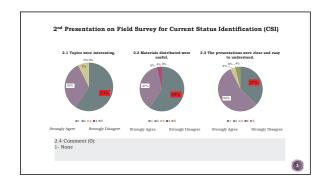


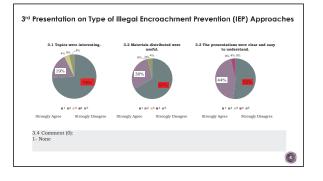
Attendant List for Training and Trainer

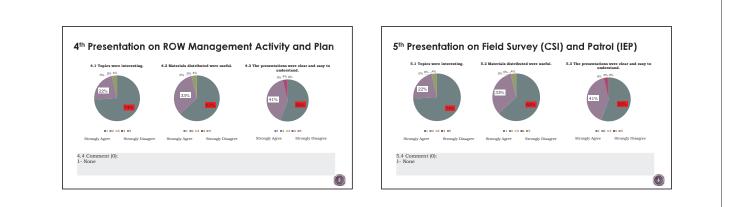
NAMETITELOFFICEDef $\frac{3/18}{MOn}$ $3/21$ $3/21$ $3/21$ $3/21$ $4/1$ $4/3$ $4/4$ $4/4$ $1/10$ An MenghourOfficer111 $\frac{1}{MOn}$ Titel1 $\frac{1}{MOn}$ \frac											11	
TITEL OFFICE Poin Thu Fri Mon Wed Thu Mon					3/18	3/21	3/22	4/1	4/3	4/4	4.19	NA
rr Officer ICD Not. Claiming UAX survey Teied survey Elied survey Public survey rrg Chief ROW RID Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. rrg Chief ROW RID Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. rrg Orfficer RID Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. rrg Deputy Chief RID Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. rr Deputy Chief RID Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. r Deputy Chief RID Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. r IDeputy Chief RID Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. r IDeputy Chief RID Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. Mon. <thm< th=""><th>NAME</th><th>TITEL</th><th>OFFICE</th><th>DEP</th><th>Mon</th><th>Thu</th><th>Fri</th><th>Mon</th><th>Wed</th><th>Thu</th><th>Tue</th><th>Fri</th></thm<>	NAME	TITEL	OFFICE	DEP	Mon	Thu	Fri	Mon	Wed	Thu	Tue	Fri
Irr Officer ICD <					Discussion	RMG, CSI, planning		Image processing	GIS	Field survey	Discussion	Doter Finalita h
IngChiefROWRIDMRIDMMMMM1Oeputy ChiefPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPID1Deputy ChiefPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPID1Deputy ChiefNNRIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPID1Deputy ChiefNNRIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPIDPID1DeputyROWRIDPID	n Menghour	Officer		ICD		How -	they	tim	they -	A BAR	- Land	
InOfficerINRIDMethMethMethMethMethMethMeth 2 Deputy Chief 1 <t< td=""><td>HEA Samnang</td><td>Chief</td><td>ROW</td><td>RID</td><td>al a</td><td></td><td>5</td><td>M</td><td>IN</td><td></td><td>(</td><td></td></t<>	HEA Samnang	Chief	ROW	RID	al a		5	M	IN		(
Piputy Chief PID PMBAAL PMBAAL <td>am Bunthorn</td> <td>Officer</td> <td></td> <td>RID</td> <td></td> <td>(</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Lough</td> <td>Chiller</td> <td>Cann</td> <td></td>	am Bunthorn	Officer		RID		(Lough	Chiller	Cann	
rateDeputy ChiefROWRIDMAC<	am Sochea	Deputy Chief		PID	Aller	Clar	C Ball	Jog Contract	1	Mart	Cleel	Collan
a Staff It Model Model<	AY Chandara	Deputy Chief	ROW	RID	Her	Her		CAR	SOF	Hold	(teles	- Cold
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ofthStaffRIDRIDevChiefICD	HAY Saray	Deputy	ROW	RID	1				5			
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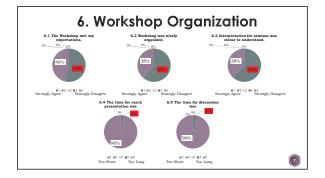


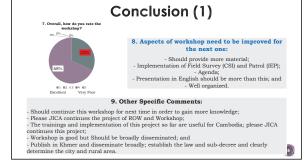




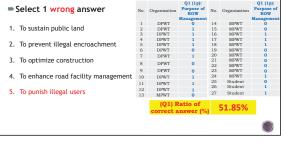




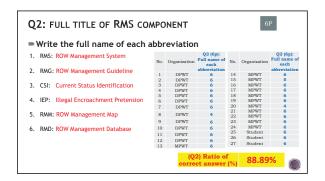


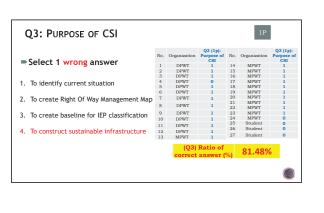




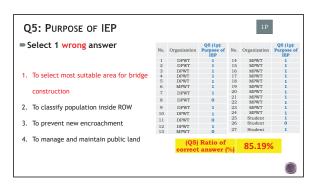


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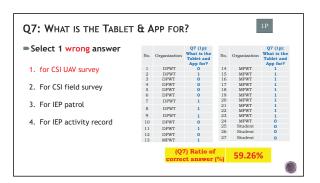




	[√] for co			-			Q4 (6p):			Q4 (6p):
	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY	No.	Organization	Correct authority for	No.	Organization	Correct authority for
KICKOF	Arrangement	~	[√]			DPWT	DPWT			DPWT
F	Implementation	~	171	1	2	DPWT	6	14	MPWT	4
MTG	implementation	~	(*)	~	3	DPWI		15	MPWT	6
	Flight permission	~	171	1	4	DPWT		10	MPWT	6
				•	5	DPWT	6	18	MPWT	6
UAV	Flight plan	~	1 1		6	DPWT	6	19	MPWT	6
SURVEY	UAV survey	~	1/1		7	DPWT	6	20	MPWT	5
SURVEI	OAv survey	~	1 • 1				-	21	MPWT	6
	Supervision (for	~			8	DPWT	6	22	MPWT	6
	outsourcing)	~			9	DPWT	6	23	MPWT	6
	Image processing	~	1 1		10	DPWT	6	24	MPWT	6
OFFICE		~	1 1		11	DPWT	6	25	Student	6
WORK	Mapping (data	~				DPWT	-	26	Student	6
	production)	~	1 1		12		6	27	Student	4
	FS permission	~	171	1	13	MPWT	6			
FIELD	Field survey		1Z1			(Q4) F	atio of nswer (%)		85.19%	4

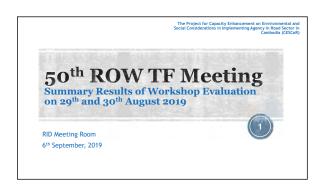


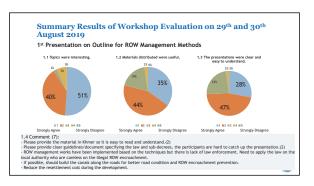
	<pre>[√] for corre</pre>	_							Q6 (4p):			Q6 (4p):
	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	Local Author ity	MLMUP C	OTHE R	No.	Organization	Correct authority for DPWT Role	No.	Organization	Correct authority for DPWT Role
Classification		~	1 1				1	DPWT	4	14	MPWT	3.5
							2	DPWT	4	15	MPWT	4
	1) PCM	~	[√]	~			3	DPWT	4	16	MPWT	- 4
Raise	2) High school / University	1	1 1			~	4	DPWT	4	17	MPWT	4
awareness	, , , , , , , , , , , ,						5	DPWT	4	18	MPWT	3
	3) Local government office	~	1.51	~	~		6	DPWT	4	19	MPWT	4
	1) Regular patrol	1	171	1			7	DPWT	3.5	20	MPWT	3
	,						8	DPWT	4	22	MPWT	
Monitoring &	2) Collaborating w/ local authorities		171	1						23	MPWT	- 1
intervention	authorities						9	DPWT	4	24	MPWT	- 1
	3) Appealing to court	1	171	1		~	10	DPWT	4	25	Student	
	1) ROW permit	1	171	1			11	DPWT	4	26	Student	4
	1) ROW permit		1.41	~			12	DPWT		27	Student	3
Permission & Registration	2) ROW registration	1	171	1	~		13	MPWT	2			
registration												
	3) Access road permit	1	141			~		(06) R	atio of			
	1) Record of "raising	1	171								81.48	20/
	awareness"		151					correct a	nswer (261	01.40	0/0
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	171						1	-		
	-,		1.6.1									\cap

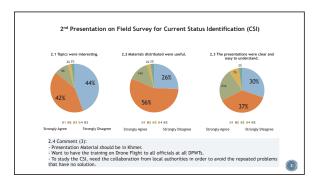


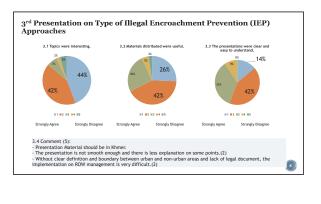
Conc	lusior	า (2)				
(Q1) Ratio of prrect answer (%)	(Q2) Ratio of correct answer (%)	(Q3) Ratio of correct answer (%)	(Q4) Ratio of correct answer (%)		(Q6) Ratio of correct answer (%)	
51.85	88.89	81.48	85.19	85.19	81.48	59.26
	the participat	them could r	not do well fo: nts got confu	r Q1 and Q7 . used with the	questions. Pa	articipants

Overall Conclusion	
For the NEXT Workshops:	
> Material and Presentation should be in Khmer for better understanding;	
> Presenters should be rotated among the ROW TF members or MPWT officials;	
> For the smooth presentation, Presenters should prepare or check the material in advance; and	
\succ We need to provide the clear instruction or explanation on each question for the test and on the evaluation sheet for the next Workshop.	
	18



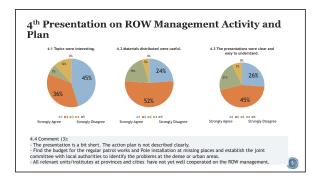


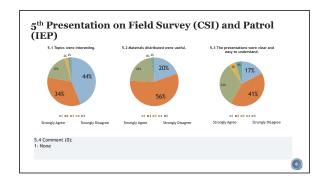


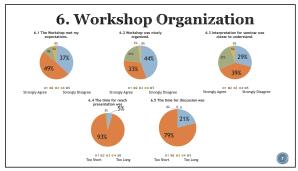


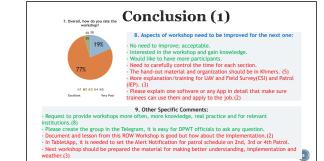


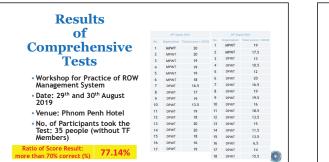
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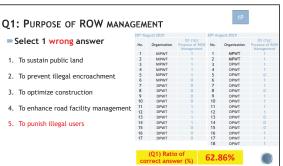


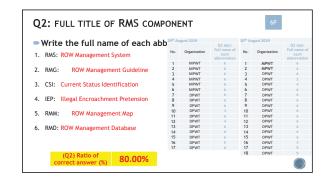


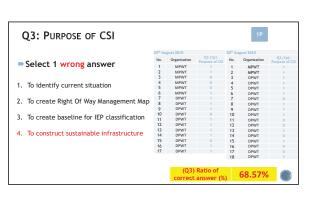








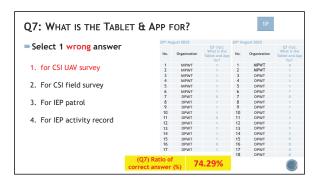




					29n A	ugust 2019		30m A	ugust 2019	
	ITEM	MPWT	DPWT	LOCAL AUTHORITY	No.	Organization	Q4 (6p): Correct authority for DPWT	No.	Organization	Q4 (6p): Correct authority f
KICKOFF	Arrangement	~	[√]		1	MPWT	6	1	MPWT	6
MTG	Implementation	1	171	1	2	MPWT	6	2	MPWT	- 4
		•			3	MPWT	6	3	DPWT	2
	Flight permission	1	[¥]	1	4	MPWT	6	- 4	DPWT	3
UAV	Flight plan	1	r 1		5	MPWT	6	5	DPWT	3
	r ugite pian		1 1		6	MPWT	5	6	DPWT	6
SURVEY	UAV survey	~	[1]		7	DPWT	5	7	DPWT	5
	Supervision (for				9	DPWT		9	DPWT	6
	outsourcing)	~	[]		10	DPWT	5	10	DPWT	4
	Image processing				11	DPWT	6	11	DPWT	6
OFFICE	image processing	~	1 1		12	DPWT	6	12	DPWT	1
WORK	Mapping (data	1	r 1		13	DPWT	6	13	DPWT	- 4
	production)		1 1		14	DPWT	6	14	DPWT	2
	FS permission	1	171	1	15	DPWT	6	15	DPWT	2
FIFI D					16	DPWT	5	16	DPWT	1
SURVEY	Field survey		[1]		17	DPWT	6	17	DPWT	- 4
	Supervision	1						18	DPWT	- 4

Select 1 wrong answer					30 th August 2019			
3	No.	Organization	Q5 (1p): Purpose of IEP	No. Organizatio		Q5 (1p): Purpose of I		
	1	MPWT	1	1	MPWT	Purpose of II		
	2	MPWT	1	2	MPWT			
	3	MPWT	1	3	DPWT	1		
1. To select most suitable area for bridge	4	MPWT	1	4	DPWT	4		
1. To select most suitable area for bridge		MPWT	1	5	DPWT	1		
	6	MPWT	1	6	DPWT	1		
construction	7	DPWT	1	7	DPWT	1		
construction		DPWT	1	8	DPWT	1		
	9	DPWT	1	9	DPWT	1		
To classify population inside ROW	10	DPWT	1	10	DPWT	1		
 to classify population inside ROW 	11	DPWT	1	11	DPWT	1		
	12	DPWT	1	12	DPWT	1		
To prevent new encroachment	13	DPWT	1	13	DPWT	1		
5. To prevene new enerodenmene		DPWT	1	14	DPWT	0		
	15	DPWT	1	15	DPWT	1		
To manage and maintain public land	16	DPWT	0	16	DPWT	0		
	17	DPWT	1	17	DPWT	1		
				18	DPWT	1		
			Ratio of answer (%		91.43%			

	[] for correct a	autho	ritv f	tor D	PWT	role	29th /	August 2019		30 th .	August 2019	
ITEM		MPWT	DPWT	Local Authori	HEALIPC	OTHER	No.	lo. Organization	Q6 (4p): Correct authority for DPWT Role	No.	Organization	Q6 (4p): Correct authority fi DPWT Role
							1	MPWT	4	1	MPWT	- 4
Classification		1					2	MPWT	4	2	MPWT	3.5
Classification		· ·	r 1				3	MPWT	- 4	3	DPWT	1
Raise	1) PCM.	1	[7]	1			4	MPWT	4	-4	DPWT	1.5
	2) High school / University	1	T 1			1	5	MPWT	- 4	5	DPWT	2
awareness	3) Local government office	1	121	1	1		6	MPWT	4	6	DPWT	4
							7	DPWT	3.5	7	DPWT	3.5
	1) Regular patrol	1	1.51	1			9	DPWT	3	9	DPWT	3.5
Monitoring &	2) Collaborating w/ local		171	1			10	DPWT	3.5	10	DPWT	3.5
intervention	authorities						11	DPWT	4	11	DPWT	3.5
	3) Appealing to court	1	171	1		1	12	DPWT	4	12	DPWT	3.5
	1) ROW permit	1	171	1			13	DPWT	4	13	DPWT	2
Permission 8							14	DPWT	4	14	DPWT	2,5
Registration	2) ROW registration	1	141	1	1		15	DPWT	4	15	DPWT	3.5
	3) Access road permit	1	171			1	16	DPWT	4	16	DPWT	1.5
							17	DPWT	4	17	DPWT	3
	1) Record of "raising awareness"	1	141							18	DPWT	3.5
Supervision	2) Record of "Monitoring"	1	(7)				_					
	3) Record of "Permission"	1	(\mathbf{z})				c	(Q6) Ra prrect an		4	<mark>18.57</mark> %	6 D



(Q1) Ratio of	(O2) Ratio of	(O3) Ratio of	(O4) Ratio of	(Q5) Ratio of	(O6) Ratio of	(07) Ratio of
correct answer (%)	correct answer (%)	correct answer (%)	correct answer (%)	correct answer (%)	correct answer (%)	correct answer (%)
62.86	80.00	68.57	48,57	91.43	48.57	74.29
		Res	ults on 31 st July 2	019		
51.85	88.89	81.48	85.19	85.19	81.48	59.26
could not do Based on the fully unders	e participants well for Q4 and observation b tood role and ovince from tai	nd Q6. etween previo responsibility	ous Workshop, v related ROW	the participan Management	ts from DPWT	have not

Overall Conclusion

For the NEXT Workshops:

- > Material and Presentation should be in Khmer for better understanding;
- > Presenters will be rotated among the ROW TF members or MPWT officials;
- For the smooth presentation, Presenters should prepare or check the material in advance;
 Contents of workshop should be considered for better understanding; and,

and, >Invitation of relevant organization should be considered to spread the knowledge in future.