6. ステアリングコミッティ資料(2017年10月26日)

The Project on Improvement of Chennai Port Operation (Phase II)

Steering Committee 12th Dispatch

26 October 2017 JICA Study Team

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Steering Committee

I. Outline of the Technical Assistance Phase II

1. Objectives of the Project "Phase II"

- To enhance the efficiency of the operation of Chennai port by reducing container movement lead times through following up the activities taken in Technical Assistance Phase I and entrenching congestion alleviation measures to the counterpart (ChPT)
- To examine the validity and effectiveness of possible port infrastructure projects (including IT related projects) for modernizing port operation

2. Dispatched Schedule

Number of Dispatch	Schedule completed
First (Ninth) Dispatch	Sunday, 12 th February – Saturday, 11 th March, 2017
Second (Tenth) Dispatch	Sunday, 23 rd April – Saturday, 20 th May, 2017
Third (Eleventh) Dispatch	Sunday, 23 rd July — Saturday, 19 th Aug., 2017
Fourth (Twelfth Dispatch)	Tuesday, 10 th Oct. – Tuesday, 31 Oct., 2017

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2. Contents of the Project "Phase II"

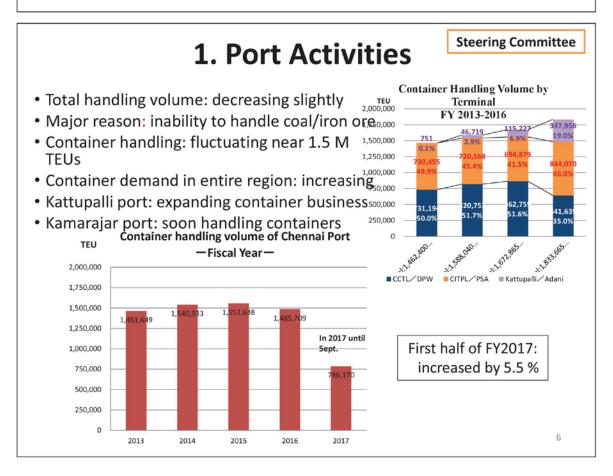
(1) Follow-up of Previous Measures for Improvement of Port Operation

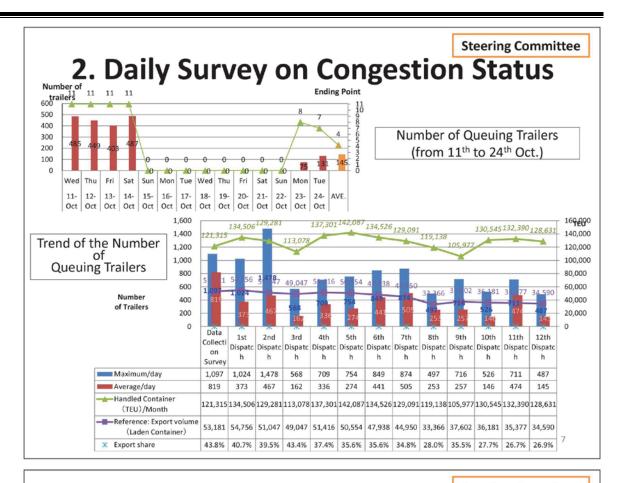
The Study Team will follow-up the several surveys and activities conducted during Phase I for further improvement of port operation.

(2) Modernization of Port Operation through Soft and Hard Measures

The Team will continue to promote operational improvement through utilization of an IT system and development/improvement of port facilities.

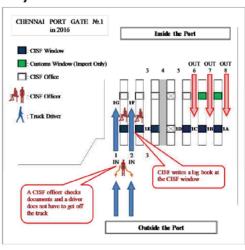
II. Follow-up of Previous Measures for Improvement of Port Operation

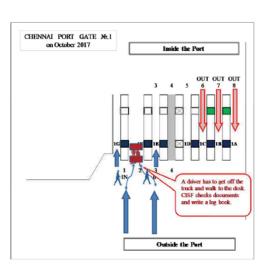




3. Status inside the Port

1) Port Gate No.1

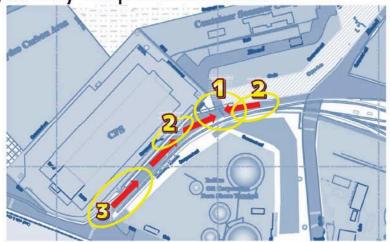




- Inefficient reception procedure was still observed
- The survey on the gate processing time is being conducted

4. Status inside the Port

2) X-Ray Inspection Area



- 1. Trailers enter from both directions
- 2. Some trailers parked at the entrance of the X-Ray Inspection Area
- 3. Trailer queue for X-Ray Inspection disrupted the export flow

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4. Status inside the Port

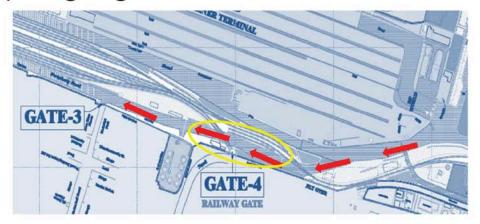
3) Import (Empty) Trailer flow for DPW



- 1. Empty trailer flow overflows and reaches Port Gate No.1
- 2. Trailer flow towards DPW East Gate merged
- 3. Empty Trailer flow is not properly aligned overall

4. Status inside the Port

4) Outgoing trailer flow



 Many trailers parked on the main line of the traffic flow which disrupted normal traffic.

Traffic control persons need to be allocated

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5. Waiting Areas for Terminals

Purpose of Introducing Waiting Areas

- To alleviate the traffic congestion outside the Port
- To secure road safety including regular vehicles
- To eliminate street parking inside the Port
- Each Waiting Area has a capacity of about 100 trailers

Basic Configuration of a Waiting Area

Import / Export	Usage	Lane width	# of passing lanes	Capacity (# of trailers)
Export	For trailers ready for gate reception	4m	0	40
	For trailers waiting for the documents or CY open date	4m	1	40
	Over dimension cargo	6m		20
Import (Empty)	For trailers ready for gate reception	4m	0	40
	For trailers waiting for the documents or CY open date	4m	1	60

5. Waiting Areas for Terminals - the case of Kattupalli Port -

- A waiting area with a capacity of 80 90 trailers is set up before the terminal gate.
- Document checks and other procedures are conducted here. This reduces the time spent at the terminal gate.

• In future, the port will construct an additional waiting area with a capacity of 200-300 more trailers.

• Kamarajar port also has a plan to develop a waiting area for trailers and has



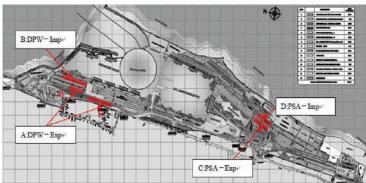
reserved an 8 acre area of land for that purpose.



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5. Waiting Areas for Terminals

Candidate Locations for Waiting Areas

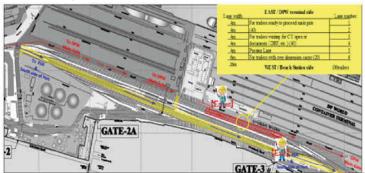


- A: for carrying-in export containers to DPW terminal Two options: A1 and A2
- B: for picking-up import containers from DPW terminal
- C: for carrying-in export containers to PSA terminal
- D: for picking-up import containers from PSA terminal

Each waiting area shall have a capacity of about 100 trailers.

5. Waiting Areas for Terminals

Waiting Area for Export Containers for DPW Terminal



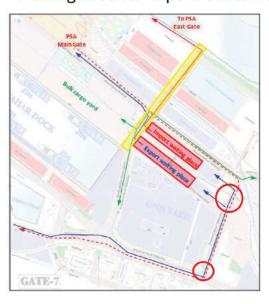
Allocation of traffic control persons at the Waiting Areas

- A traffic control person shall be allocated at the entrance and exit of each waiting area.
- The traffic control persons shall instruct trailer drivers and control trailer's
 movement such as entry, waiting and exit in accordance with the operation rules
 of lanes and the operation rules of the waiting area.
- A traffic control person allocated at the entrance of the waiting area shall control trailer flow in accordance with the following operation rules.

Operation rules in the waiting areas have been prepared by the Team.

5. Waiting Areas for Terminals

Waiting Area for Export Containers for PSA Terminal



The access route for trailers is changed due to the establishment of the waiting areas.

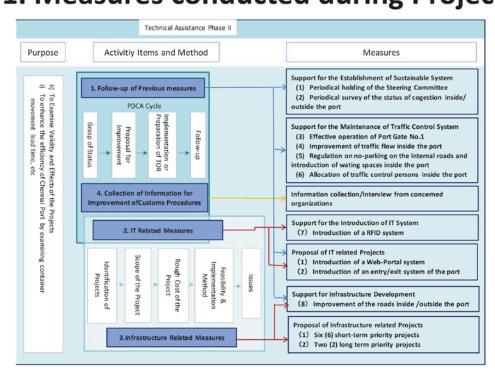
All the trailers for PSA go to the end of ONB area and turn left along the Radio Road and then proceed to the Waiting Areas.

When exiting to go to PSA East ingate trailers, trailers first turn right onto the eastern coastal road, passing in front of the warehouses

III. Outcome (Evaluation) and Challenges of the Project

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1. Measures conducted during Project II



2. Evaluation

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(1) Periodical holding of the Steering Committee (S/C)

S/C should be held periodically to promote the improvement of port operation.

(2) Periodical survey of the status of congestion

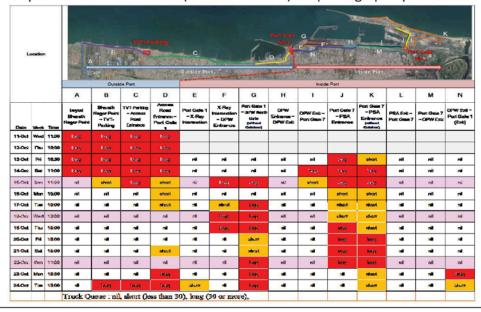
Item	Measure	Evaluation	Challenge
Traffic control at Manali junction	Traffic control by traffic police	Not sufficient	To secure traffic flow responding to congestion status
Setting of blocks for trailer lanes	Securing dedicated lanes for trailers	Sufficient	
Utilization of TVT-Parking	Waiting area for drivers without proper documents	Not utilized	To consider the utilization and to develop running rules
Adjustment of traffic flow by traffic police	/ Prohibition of parking at intersections, narrow section of roads, residential areas, etc. / Instructions to drivers who do not move forward despite there being space in front	Not sufficient	/ To introduce means for traffic police to communicate with each other / Strict enforcement of the no parking regulation / Continuous patrol and warnings to drivers
Improvement and widening of access Roads	Development of dedicated lanes for trailer along the access roads	In progress	Work needs to be completed as soon as possible
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2. Evaluation

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Changes of Congestion Points inside and outside the Port

- Starting point of congestion: No.1 (IN) & (OUT), DPW IN gate during the Phase I
- Starting point of congestion: PSA (IN), No.1 (IN) during the Phase II
- New points: Dedicated route (section G and K) for picking up import containers.



2. Evaluation

Steering Committee

(3) Efficient operation at Port Gate No.1

ChPT has to introduce a system which enables personnel to grasp any changes in operational procedure in order to solve issues generated by these changes.

(4) Improvement of traffic flow inside the Port

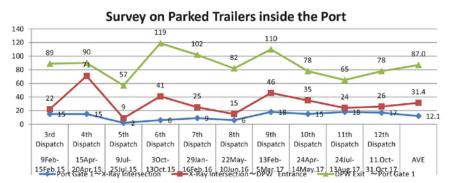
Area	Issues	Countermeasures		
North side	Import trailers for X-Ray inspection have to cross another trailer flow at the intersection near the inspection area	To implement a new X-Ray inspection area dedicated for import containers along the traffic flow of import trailers		
	Two empty trailer flows towards DPW merge	To unify empty trailer flow so that empty trailers coming from PSA join the flow at Port Gate No.1		
Central	Too many types of truck and vehicle flow are mixed on a narrow road	To implement realignment/ development of internal roads		
South side	The access road for coastal cargoes is occupied by empty trailers towards PSA East Gate	To establish a new waiting area for empty trailers and change the empty trailer flow accordingly		
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2. Evaluation

Steering Committee

(5) On-street parking ban inside the Port and establishment of a new Waiting Area

Many parked trailers are observed on the main road. They may be obstacles to securing a normal trailer traffic flow. Measures such as no parking rules should be introduced to reduce the number of parked trailers.



(6) Allocation of traffic control persons

Traffic control persons continue to be allocated.

Places where traffic control persons are to be allocated must be continuously examined and re-evaluated.

2. Evaluation

Steering Committee

(7) Introduction of RFID system

- The RFID system could simplify the entry/exit procedure at Port gates and terminal gates.
- Neither the container terminals nor ChPT utilize the RFID system.
- Both terminals should link their Terminal Operating System (TOS) with the RFID system for improving terminal gate efficiency.
- How to use the RFID data should be examined based on the demonstration trial of the Web Portal System

(8) Improvement of road infrastructure inside/outside the Port

Road improvements and enhancement have to be continuously conducted inside/outside the Port.

Comprehensive, coordinated and sustained efforts using the measures introduced above are required to solve congestion issues.

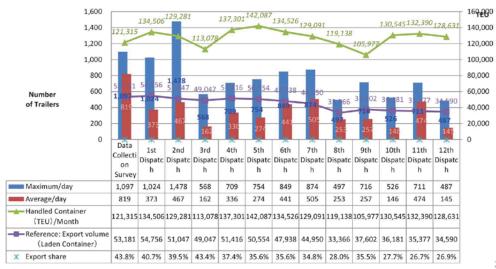
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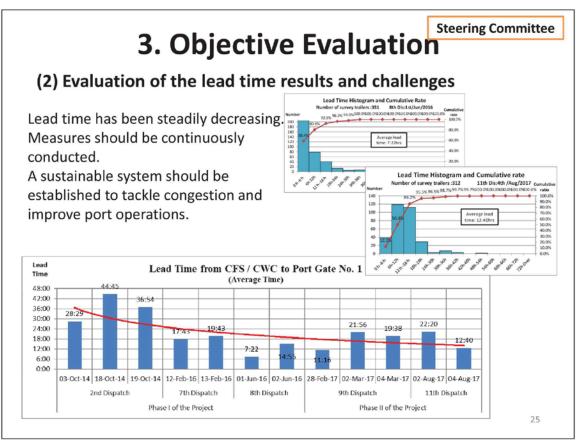
3. Objective Evaluation

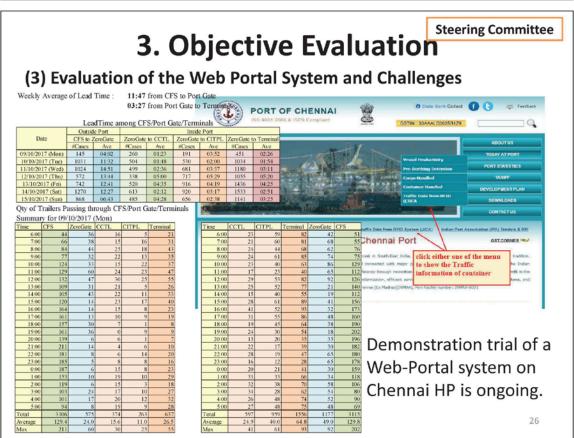
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(1) Evaluation of measures for congestion alleviation and challenges

Many port users feel that the congestion status of Chennai port has significantly improved. However, traffic congestion still exists outside the port. Sustained efforts in collaboration with all stakeholders are required.







3. Objective Evaluation Steering Committee

(3) Evaluation of the Web Portal System and Challenges

Further usage of data collected by RFID system must be examined

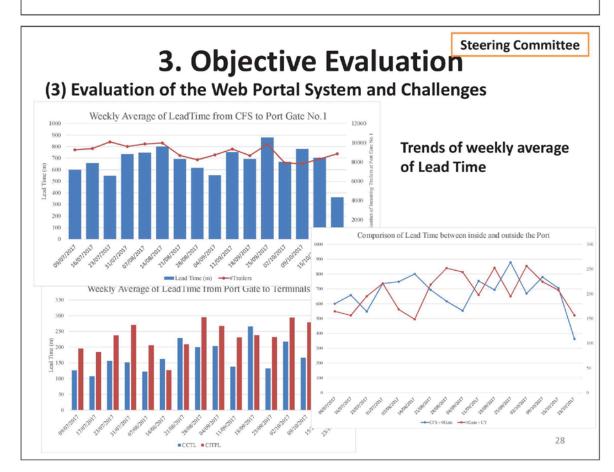
- Weekly Average of Lead Time for KPI on traffic congestion
- Trends of weekly average of Lead Time, Histogram of Lead Time, etc.

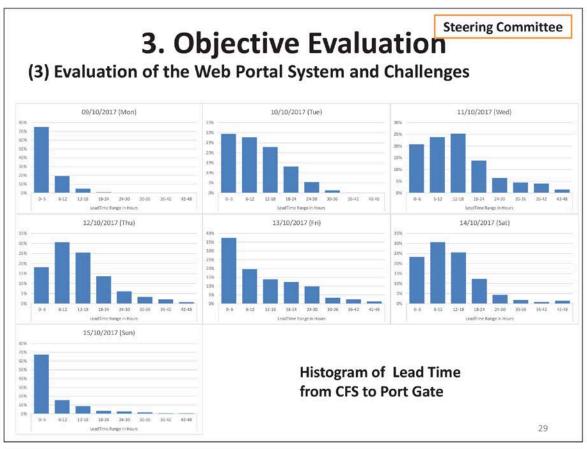
Weekly Average of Lead Time: 11:47 from CFS to Port Gate

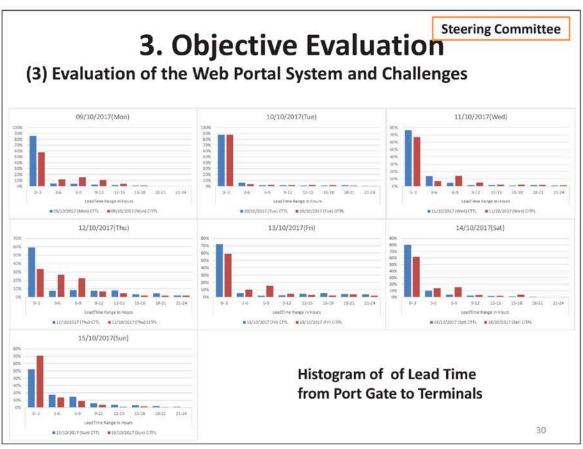
03:27 from Port Gate to Terminals

LeadTime among CFS/Port Gate/Terminals

	Outsid	atside Port Inside Port						
Date	CFS to ZeroGate		ZeroGate to CCTL		ZeroGate to CITPL		ZeroGate to Terminal	
	#Cases	Ave	#Cases	Ave	#Cases	Ave	#Cases	Ave
09/10/2017 (Mon)	145	04:02	260	01:23	191	03:52	451	02:26
10/10/2017 (Tue)	1031	11:32	504	01:48	530	02:00	1034	01:54
11/10/2017 (Wed)	1024	14:51	499	02:36	681	03:37	1180	03:11
12/10/2017 (Thu)	572	13:44	338	05:00	717	05:29	1055	05:20
13/10/2017 (Fri)	742	12:41	520	04:35	916	04:19	1436	04:25
14/10/2017 (Sat)	1270	12:27	613	02:12	920	03:17	1533	02:51
15/10/2017 (Sun)	868	06:43	485	04:28	656	02:38	1141	03:25







4. For Establishment of Sustainable System

- · Congestion phenomenon: very complicated issue
- Congestion: difficult to solve in a day
- Organizations concerned and stakeholders: need sustained efforts and sustainable systems

 Introduction of PDCA (plan-do-check-act) cycle and information sharing among stakeholders



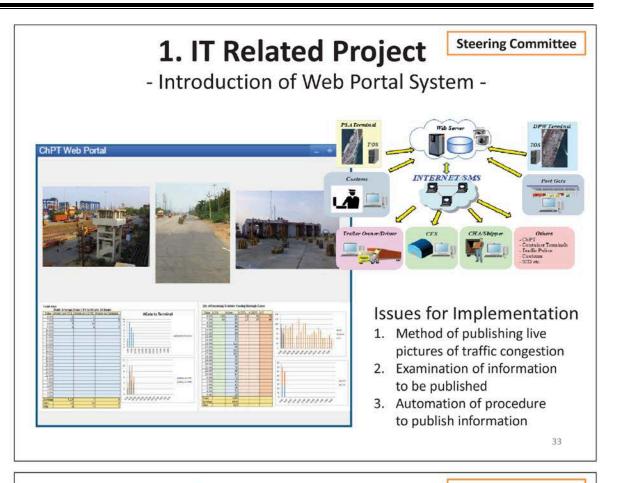
TOR (Prepared by the Team)

- 1. Running Rules for the Committee for Improvement of Port Operation and Management
- 2. Running Rules for the Working Group for Sustainable Operation of Entry/Exit Control
- 3. Operation Rules in the Waiting Areas for Trailers
- 4. Operation Rules for Trailer Entry Process at Terminal In- Gate
- 5. General Rules for Port Users on Use of Port

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IV. Modernization of Port Operation through Soft and Hard Measures



1. IT Related Project

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- Introduction of RFID based Harbor Entry Pass System -



Issues for Implementation

 Examination and evaluation of the operational procedure

2. Challenges in IT Utilization

- 1) Examination of the leading examples
 - The applied technology
 - The development process and its schedule
 - Operational procedure
 - Development organization, etc.
- 2) Establishing a sustainable system
 - ChPT itself must develop a sustainable system which supports the operation of the system continuously.

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3. Priority Projects (Infrastructure)



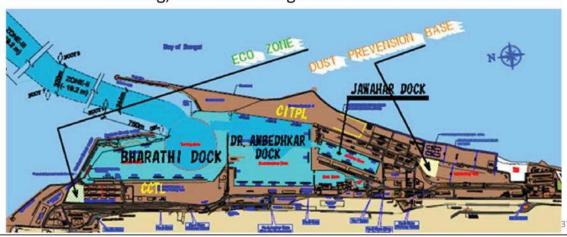
+ Project for improvement of the environment inside the port (F)

4. Improvement of Environment

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The team proposes the following two measures

- i) Eco Zone: An area where greenery is promoted in a planned and intensive manner
- ii) Dust Prevention Base: An area where certain functions are installed in order to prevent the generation of dust from cargo handling, and where cargo such as stones are stored.



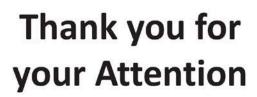




ii) Dust Prevention Zone

 In order to clean roads and aprons, a maintenance vehicle that draws dust and another one that sprinkles water are deployed.









JICA Study Team

Steering Committee

MES My #多港边頭株式会社

koyama@ocdi.or.jp fukazawa@mes.co.jp h-kimoto@hakatakou-futo.co.jp suzuki-t@ocdi.or.jp oshikawa@ocdi.or.jp