

**The Project for
Improvement of Road Technology
in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar**

**Soil Investigation Report
(PP-I)**

December 2013

**Japan International Cooperation Agency
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**PUBLIC WORKS
MINISTRY OF CONSTRUCTION**

**REPORT
ON
SOIL INVESTIGATION
FOR
ROAD IMPROVEMENT ALONG
PYAPON – KYONKADUN – DAWNYEIN – AMAR,
PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
UNION OF MYANMAR**

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Submitted by-



SARAMAYRI – FUJI CO., LTD



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**REPORT ON
SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR
ROAD IMPROVEMENT ALONG
PYAPON – KYONKADUN – DAWNYEIN – AMAR ROAD**

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Geotechnical investigation is essential to determine substratum of ground where to do proper design required structure of building. The soil investigation is essential for construction of infrastructures because the stability of those structures mainly depends on foundation sub soil stability. The Public Work is trying to improve the road along Pyapone to Amar. Saramari - Fuji Co., Ltd. is assigned to conduct soil investigation works near Dawnyeин Village.

1.1 Objective of Project

The soil investigation conducted during this project phase intends to –

- To evaluate the long term stability of existing road condition
- To identify the thickness and extension of sub stratum around proposed structures
- To evaluate the physical and mechanical properties of soil strata lying proposed area
- To recognized the soil design parameter for foundation work and soil improvement work.

1.2 Scope of Work

The scope of investigation works includes three portion; field investigation work, laboratory testing and report preparation. The field investigation work includes soil boring, Standard Penetration Test (SPT) and field density test. There are two boring points and the depth of borehole is 30m. Standard penetration tests were performed in all the boreholes of designated locations in comply with ASTM Standard. Two soil field density tests are carried out along the road. The collected disturbed and undisturbed soil samples from the boreholes were tested at Saramayri – Fuji Co., Ltd. Laboratory.

(1) Field Works

Boring is carried out by TOHO-D1 drilling machines.

- Boring in soil
- Standard Penetration Test
- Soil sampling
- Water level measuring
- Field density testing

(2) Laboratory Test

- Physical and mechanical property test of soil

(3) Reports

1. Geotechnical Assessment Report



All the field investigation works were carried out in accordance with ASTM Code of Standard and the units are applied Metric System.

1.3 Project Location

The project area is located along Pyapon – Amar Road, near Dawneyin Village, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region. The location of project area is indicated as figure (1-1) and detail location of project site.



Figure - 1.1 Location Map of Project Area

1.4 Project Duration and Personnel

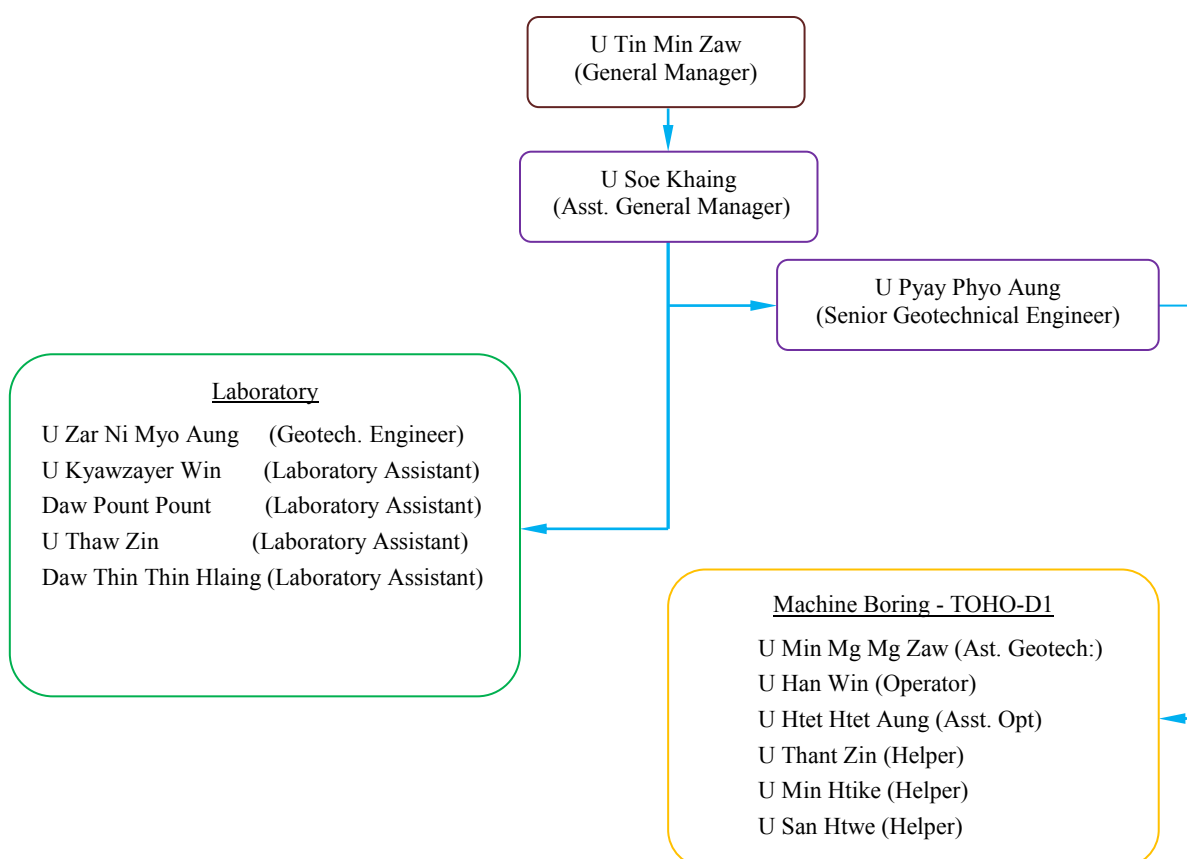
The investigation works was started from 23rd October, 2013 and completed two Boreholes on 27th October, 2013.

The executed detailed actual working schedule is illustrated in table (1-1) respectively, indicating the organization chart of personnel of the operation and their responsibilities, including list of geotechnical engineers, drilling crews for one boring machine, technicians and the entire person involved in this operation.



Table - 1.1 Actual Working Schedule of Geotechnical Investigation Work

No.	Description	October-2013										November-2013						December-2013										
		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	~	28	29	30	1	2	3	4	~	25	26	27
1	Preparation																											
2	Mobilization																											
3	Field Investigation																											
4	Field Density Test																											
5	De-mobilization																											
6	Laboratory Testing																											
7	Report Preparation																											
8	Final Report Submission																											



Flow Chart - 1.1 Organization Chart of Responsible Person



1.5 Equipment Applied in the Project

1.5.1 Boring Equipments

The boring equipment, TOHO-D-1 was applied in the soil investigation work of project area, to study general condition of soil layers under planned area for future construction. The specification and the type of boring equipment were presented in following table.

Table - 1.2 Specification of Boring Equipment

<i>Parts of Equipment</i>	<i>Particulars</i>
Brand of Boring machine	TOHO- “D-1”
Boring Type	Rotary
Feeding Type	Hydraulic Feed Type
Drilling Capacity	150m
Spindle Stroke	400mm
Spindle Inner Dia.	43mm
Hoisting Speed	10~59m/min
Weight	476kgf
Oil Pump Delivery Capacity	19 l/min
Oil Pump Working Pressure	45~70kgf/cm ²
Attached Water Pump Type	Toho “BG-3B”
Discharge Capacity	54 l/min
Working Pressure	15 kgf/cm ²
Engine	Yamar Engine 110
Power	11.0 HP



Photo - 1-7 TOHO D-1 Drilling Machine



1.5.2 Laboratory Instruments

The principal instrument applied for soil laboratory tests are as shown in the following table.

Table - 1.3 Applied Laboratory Instruments

Instrument Name	Manufacturer and Type
1. Electric Balance	SARTORIUS 1404B (MP8-1)
2. Atterberg's Limit Test Apparatus	MARUI 1115013
3. Test Sieve	TOKYO SAITAMA (JIS Z 8801)
4. Unconfined Compressive test Apparatus	MARYI 19047 (Automatic recording type)
5. Direct Shear Test (CU or UU)	YF – STZ JY – 6
6. Consolidation Test	YF – WG – 1B



Photo - 1.1 Laboratory Instruments for Physical Properties Tests



2.0 SITE CHARACTERIZATION

2.1 Topography

As the project area located at the delta region of Ayeyarwaddy Region, flat lying flood plain feature is dominated. Very low relief levee are observed near river or creek. In general the topography of the project area is flat with very thick soil deposit.

The typical drainage pattern is braded channel. The channels are meandering and it show old age state of river.



Photo - 2.1 Topographic feature of the project area

2.2 Regional Geologic Setting

The Ayeyarwaddy Delta is mainly composed of interfacies of flood plain deposit and marine deposit. Silt and clay is flood plain deposit and sand is marine deposit. In project area, the flood plain deposit covers the whole area and thicker than 30 m. The ayeyarwaddy delta is located between Western fold belt and Central Burma Basin. The bed rock is difficult to estimate, because the deposits are very thick in this region. There are two active fault which run more than 100 km away from project area; the Sagaing Fault and the Andaman Trust.

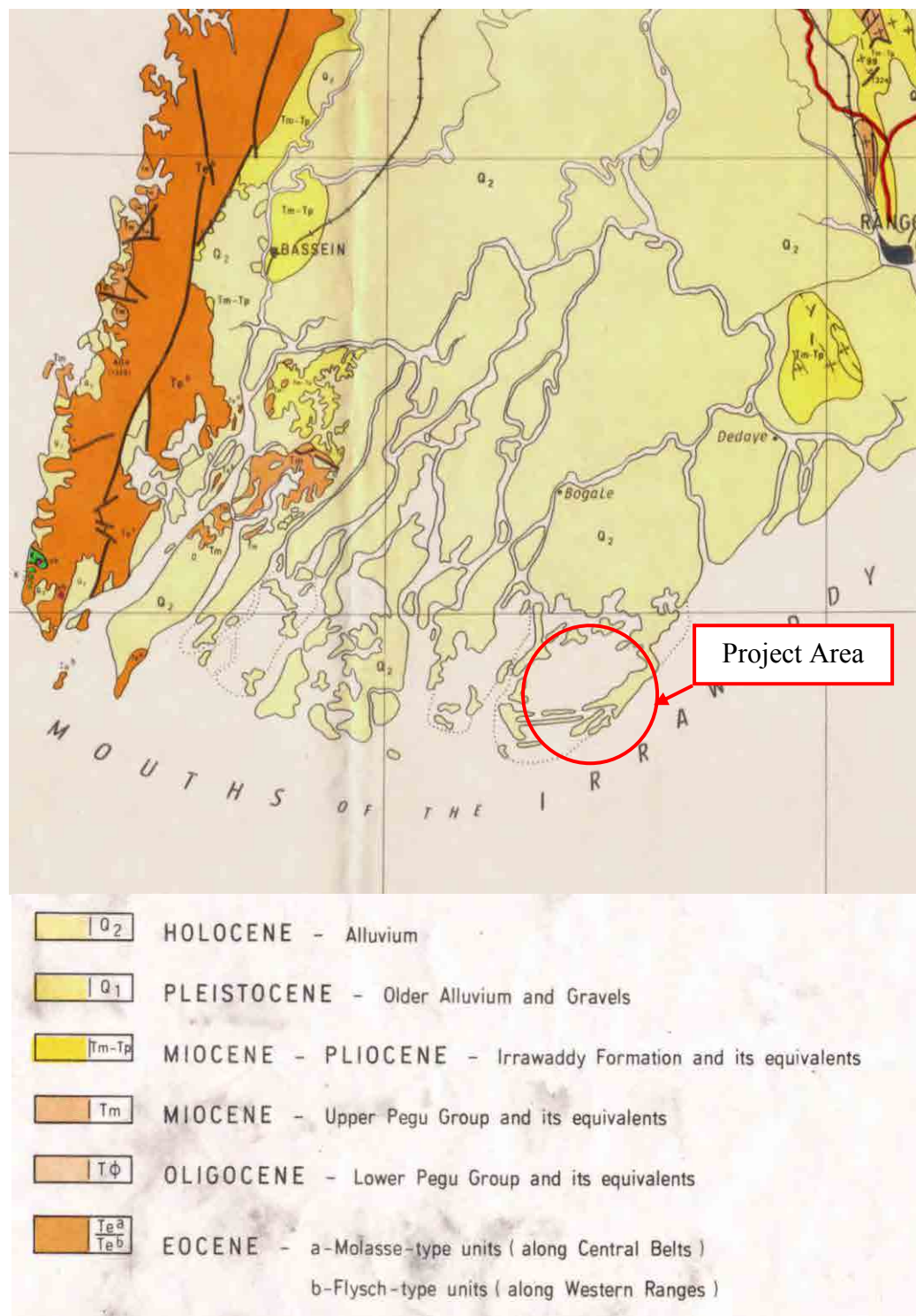


Figure - 2.1 Regional Geological Map of Project Area

2.3 Natural Vegetation and Landuse

The natural vegetation grows along the channels. The natural vegetation is tidal plants, mostly are bushes and small trees. The land almost covers with paddy fields, and residential area is sparsely located where the good accessible area.



3.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

3.1 Investigation Works

The objective of the present investigation is to identify the general stratification of the ground and the nature of the soil. Two boring points were planned to investigate by the client's requirement. The field investigation included soil boring with the performing of the test associated with Standard Penetration Test (SPT), disturbed soil sampling, Undisturbed soil sampling and water level measuring. In addition field density test is carried out in test pit of 0.5m depth at selected area. Total boring length is 60 m and the total quantity of investigation work is listed in Table – 3.1.

Table - 3.1 : Total Quantity of Boring Work

No.	BH. No.	Soil drilling (m)			Standard penetration test (No.s)	Undisturbed sampling (No.s)	Water level measure	Water sample (No.s)
		Diameter (ø)		Sub- total				
		115 mm	64 mm					
1	BH-1	3	27	30	27	3	1	-
2	BH-2	3	27	30	27	3	1	
Total		6	54	60	54	6	2	-

3.2 Location of Boring Points

The locations of investigation points of boring points were designated by Client. The first point is located near Myogone Village and another one is located north of Dawnyein Village. The boring point is shown in Table-3.2.

Table - 3.2 : The Location of Boring Points

Borehole	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	Zone	Elevation (m)
BH-01	777313	1763141	46P	99.917
BH-02	778178	1761613	46P	99.772
SF	777312	1763142	46P	100.000



Photo - 3.1 Temporary Bench Mark (SF) near BH-01



3.3 Boring Works

In boring, rotary direct circulation method is appropriately applied using metal crown bits attached to casings of 115mm and metal crown bits of Ø 64 mm in diameter setting with single core tube are properly applied depending on soil condition to drilling process. The drilling machines are operated by setting on the stage with maintaining horizontal level of drilling machine and vertical position of drilling direction while drilling on field investigation works. Boring and SPT testing in all the points are operated from drilling stage maintaining the stability of boring machine. In the way of direct circulation of drilling fluid, water and betonies slurry was inevitably utilized to control the circulation of the sludge. The schematic diagram of boring equipment is shown in following Figure – 3.1.

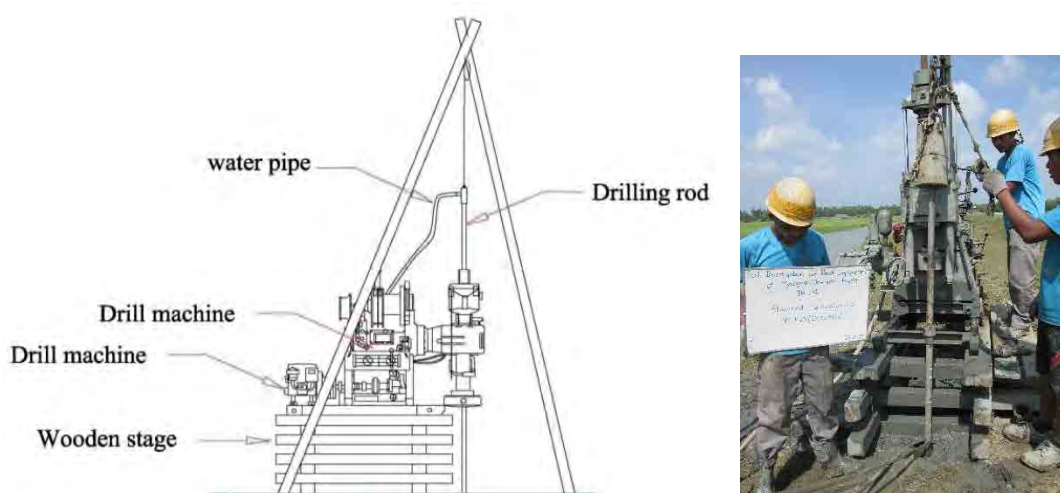


Figure - 3.1 : Schematic View of Drilling Machine setting

3.4 Standard Penetration Test (SPT)

The standard penetration test was done in accordance with (*American Society of Testing and Material; ASTM*) *Standard D1586*. The test was performed using a split barrel sampler (50mm diameter) connected to the end of boring rods. The sampler was driven into the soil by means of a 63.4 kg (140 lbs) hammer falling freely through the height of 76 cm on to the anvil attached to the rod. The sampler is driven 450 mm into the soil. SPT N value is recorded for each 150 mm penetration of the sampling tube. In this case, seating drive of 150mm is first reached and the blow count for the seating drive is not applied because the bottom of the hole may be apart from natural condition at a certain extent. The resistance, N-value, is taken as number of blow for the penetration of test drive of next 300 mm. When 50 blows are reached before the full penetration 300 mm, no other blows are applied but final penetration is recorded. At the conclusion of the test, the retained soil sample is extracted and stored in plastic bag for further analysis. In which, Figure – 3.2 indicates the procedure and apparatus of standard penetration test. The distribution of N-value for each stratum is summarized in Graph - 3.1.



Photo - 3.2 : View of Standard Penetration Test and SPT Sample

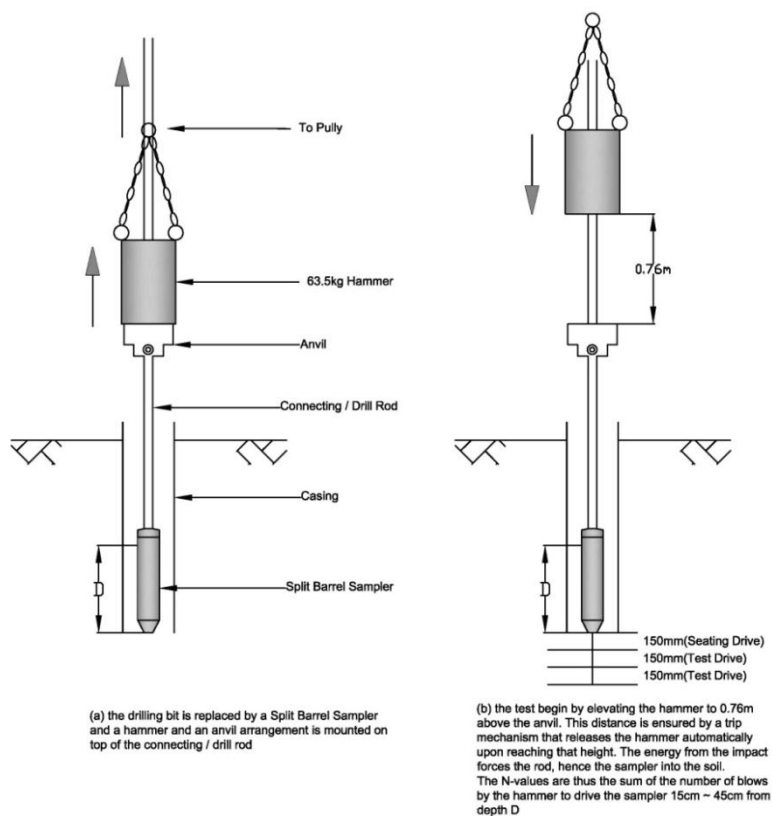
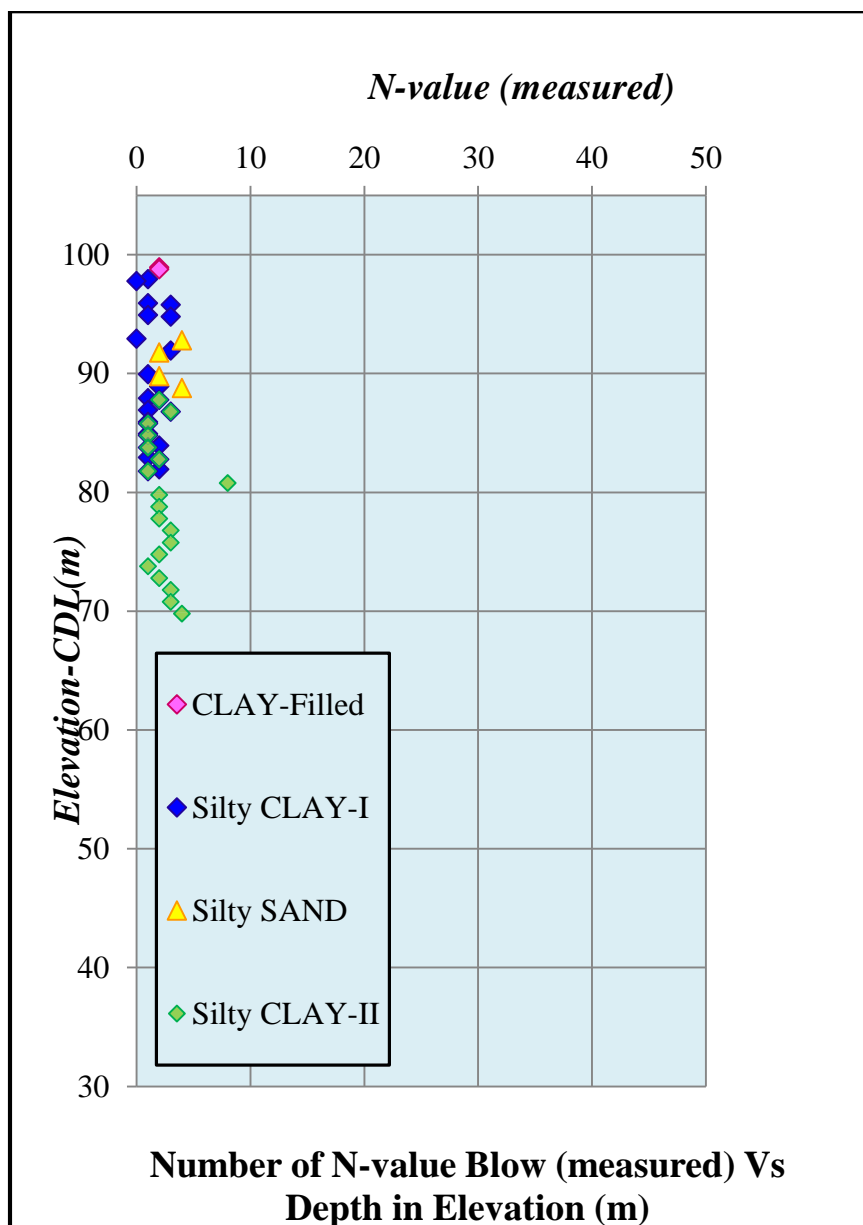


Figure - 3.2 : Procedure and Apparatus of Standard Penetration Test



Graph - 3.1 : Number of N-Value (measured) vs Depth in elevation level relationship

Table - 3.3 : The List of SPT N value in Specific Soil Layer

Soil Name	SPT – N			
	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Represented N
Clay (Filled)	2	2	2	2
Silty Clay 1	0	3	1	1
Silty Sand	2	4	3	3
Silty Clay 2	1	8	2	2



Table - 3.4 : Comparison for SPT in different standards

Items to be Compared			JIS A 1219 (1995)	ASTM D 1586-84 (1992)	BS 1377 Test 19 (1990)
Testing Equipment	Rod	Length Less than 15m	JIS Rod (Outer diameter 40.5/42mm)	A Rod (Outer Diameter 41.2mm,Inner Diameter 28.5mm)	AW Rod (Outer Diameter 41.3mm, Mass 5.7kg/m)
		Length More than 15m		Recommend to use more rigid rod.	BW Rod or centerizer in every 3 m shall be installed with of AW Rod.
		Bend		-	-
	Sampler	Outer Diameter	51mm	50.8±1.3mm	50±0.15mm
		Inner Diameter	35mm	35.0mm	35±0.15mm
		Total Length	810mm	482~812mm (Sampler head is not included)	685mm
		Angle of Shoe edge	19°47'	16~23°	17°15'
		Thickness of Shoe edge	1.15mm	2.54mm	1.6mm
		Drain Hole	4 Hole	Ø9.2mm×2 holes	Ø13.0mm x 4 holes
		Ball Value	-	Hole Ø22.2mm, Ball : Ø25mm	Hole: Ø22.3mm, Ball: Ø25mm
	Hammer	Mass	63.5 kg	63.5±1.0kg	65kg
		Drop	75 cm	76±2.5cm	76cm
Anvil		h:60mm D:75mm	-	-	
Remarks on Testing Borehole	Applicable Diameter of Borehole		65~150mm	56~162mm	-
	Water Level in Borehole		Pay attention not to disturb the soil below the bottom of the hole	Ground water level shall be kept above the water table when the SPT is carried out under water table.	Ground water level shall be kept above the water table when the SPT is carried out under water table.
	Drilling Bit Type			Water jet type bit shall not be used.	Water jet type bit shall not be used.
	Appropriateness for Drilling by Sampler			Sampler with water jet shall not be used for drilling.	-
	Points to note when casing pipes are used			Casing Pipe shall not be below than bottom of hole.	Casing Pipe shall not be below than bottom of hole. Clearance between casing pipe and core tube shall be more than 10% of inner area of casing pipe section.
	Gushed water and water loss			Pump pressure during drilling shall be recorded if water loss is found.	Pay attention on gushing and water loss.
Penetration Test	Penetration	Seating Drive	15cm	15cm	15cm
		Test Drive	30cm	30cm	30cm
		Finishing Drive	0~5cm	-	-
	Maximum blow Counts		50 blows for Test Drive	100 times including seating drive	50 times excluding seating drive.
	Record of blow counts	Blow Counts during test Drive	Total penetration for Test Drive. However, in case penetration per blow is less than 2 cm, blow counts every 10 cm. Shall be recorded.	Blow counts in every 15cm penetration including seating drive.	Blows counts in every 7.5cm penetration for test drive.
		In Case 30cm penetration cannot be achieved.	penetration for 50 blow counts	Blow counts equivalent blow counts for last 30cm penetration including seating drive.	Penetration for 50 blow counts in Test blow.
Way to drop the hammer		Free drop	Full Automatic or semi automatic drop system or Cone pulley (Pulley Diameter : 150~200mm, number of wind of rope : Less than 2-1/4)	Recommend the free drop. Pay attention on friction between winch and rope.	
Applicable	Soil Types for the Test		All kinds of soils	All kinds of Soils	Mainly for Sandy Soil.
	Application for gravel and sandy gravel layer		-	-	Test shall be done by replacing the shoe to cone with 60° of edge angle.
	Testing Interval in deep		Generally 1.0m interval is adapted but not prescribed in the standard.	-	-



3.5 Filed Density Test

The sand cone method is applied for filed density test for existing embankment. The pit was excavated up to 0.5 m depth for conducting field density test. Two points near boreholes are carried out for field density test. The test was conducted according to *ASTM D 1556 – 00; Standard test method for density and unit weight of soil in place by the sand-cone method*.

The test is carried out as following method. Firstly, a test hole is hand excavated in soil to be tested and all the material from the hole is saved in a container. The hole is filled with free flowing sand of known density, and the volume is determined. The in-place wet density of the soil is determined by dividing the wet mass of removed material by the volume of the hole. The water content of the material from the hole is determined and the dry mass of material and the in-place dry density are calculated using the wet mass of the soil, the water content and the volume of the hole. The detail test result is indicated in Appendix-B. The table 3.5 indicates the summary of field density test result.

Table - 3.5 : Summary of Field Density Test Result

Location	Moisture Content	Bulk Density	Dry Density
	(%)	kN/m ³	kN/m ³
Start Point (near BH-01)	30.40	17.06	13.04
End Point (near BH-02)	31.50	18.24	11.18



Photo - 3.3 : View of Carrying out Filed Density Test

3.6 Characteristics of Soil Strata Relying on Field Test

There has been carried out two boreholes which is maximum depth of 60 m with the performance of Standard Penetration Tests. In this operation, total four numbers of different layers have been recognized. The soil layers are classified in accordance with their physical properties and/or their relative density. The boring logs are attached at Appendix-A. The four different layers observed in project area are described from top to bottom as follows.

1. Clay (Filled Material)
2. Silty Clay 1
3. Silty Sand



4. Silty Clay 2

Clay (Filled Material)

As the soil investigation is carried out on the unpaved road, the filled layer is firstly observed. The filling material is almost composed of clay. It is soft, mottled brown and gray, wet to moist, low to medium plastic clay with traced of wood fragments. The thickness is 2m.



Silty Clay 1

Silty Clay 1 layer is observed in both BH-01 and BH-02. The thickness of silty clay in BH-01 is about 17 m. In BH-02, two layers of silty clay 1 is observed. The silty sand layer is interbedded between upper and lower layer. The upper layer is 5m thick whereas the lower layer is about 7m thick. It is very soft to soft, gray, wet to moist, low to medium plastic silty clay with organic matter. It is flood plain deposit and some lamination of sand layers are observed among the silty clay layer.



Silty Sand

This layer is found only in borehole BH-02. It is interbedded within Silty Clay 1 layer. The thickness about 5 meter. It is very loose, gray, moist, fine grained silty sand with clay patches.





Silty Clay 2

The silty clay 2 layer is observed in both BH-01 and BH-02. The thickness is difficult to estimate, because the borehole is terminated at that layer. It is very soft to firm, gray, moist, low to medium plastic silty clay with traces of fine sand and mica mineral. It differs from Clay 1 in its consistency.





4.0 LABORATORY TEST

There has two number of investigations boring points, total 54 numbers of standard penetration tests (disturbed samples) and 6 numbers of undisturbed sample (thin wall piston sample) were collected in this field investigation at project site. The undisturbed samples and some selected numbers of disturbed samples were sent to office laboratory to test for physical property tests, as well as mechanical property tests. The total quantities and results of laboratory tests carried out are listed in the table, below and detail laboratory results are expressed in Appendix - C. The entire tests were carried out in accordance with (*American Society of Testing and Material; ASTM*).

The physical properties tests include the following items.

- Natural Moisture Content Test
- Specific Gravity Test
- Particle Size Analysis Test
 - Grain Size Distribution Test
 - Hydrometer Test
- Atterberg's Limits Test
 - Liquid Limit Test
 - Plastic Limit Test

The mechanical properties tests consist of –

- Unconfined Compression Test
- Direct Shear Test
- One Dimensional Consolidation Test

Total quantity of laboratory tests are described in Table – 4.1 and summary of laboratory test results for each borehole are illustrated in Table – 4.2.

Table - 4.1 : Total Quantity of Laboratory Tests

Bore Hole	Physical Properties Test						Engineering Properties Test			Chemical Test
	Natural Moisture Content Test	Specific Gravity Test	Particle Size Analysis Test		Atterberg's Limit Test		Unconfined Compression Test	Consolidation Test	Direct Shear Test (UU)	Water Quality Test
			Sieve Analysis Test	Hydrometer Analysis Test	Liquid Limit Test	Plastic Limit Test				
BH-01	9	9	9	9	9	9	3	3	2	1
BH-02	9	9	9	9	9	9	3	3	2	1
Total	18	18	18	18	18	18	6	6	4	2



Table - 4.2 : Summary of Laboratory Test Result

BH.No	Sample No.	Depth		Soil Type	Water Content	Specific Gravity	Grain Size Distribution				Atterberg's Limit			Bulk Density	Direct Shear Test			One Dimensional Consolidation Test			Compression Test	
		CL - (m)	EL _i (m)		W (%)	Gs	Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	LL (%)	PL (%)	FI (%)	ρ g/m ³	C _{uv} kN/m ²	ϕ_{uv} Degree	e _o	Py kN/m ²	Cc	qu kN/m ²	ε_v (%)	
BH-01	P-1	1.00	98.92	CH	43.45	2.776	-	0.25	57.35	42.40	69.50	26.66	42.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	T-1	3.00	96.92	ML	48.89	2.736	-	16.90	58.80	24.30	48.27	30.36	17.91	1.738	34.32	16.96	1.56	111.21	0.64	33.78	466	
	T-2	6.00	93.917	CL(er)ML	44.40	2.741	-	20.4	76.26	21.70	36.10	23.52	12.58	1.738			1.34	37.76	0.31	37.27	694	
	T-3	9.00	90.92	CH	55.45	2.748	-	1.05	48.95	50.00	59.80	23.98	35.82	1.708	6.28	35.75	1.32	254.38	0.35	48.15	486	
	P-9	12.00	87.92	CH	48.23	2.742	-	1.85	58.45	39.70	50.07	22.23	27.84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	P-13	16.00	83.92	CL	37.52	2.742	-	18.88	52.13	29.00	43.30	19.53	23.77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	P-18	21.00	78.92	CH	49.99	2.759	-	1.98	48.73	49.30	62.44	23.68	38.76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	P-23	26.00	73.92	SC	30.79	2.745	-	51.32	30.58	18.10	35.72	18.94	16.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
P-26	29.00	70.92	CL	41.01	2.755	-	13.38	52.63	34.00	49.07	21.00	28.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
BH-02	P-1	1.00	98.77	CH	43.07	2.806	-	0.72	60.58	38.70	68.28	25.65	42.63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	T-1	3.00	96.77	CH	54.89	2.747	-	1.53	54.68	43.80	65.70	27.53	38.17	1.677	11.67	12.24	1.81	58.84	0.75	32.31	790	
	T-2	6.00	93.77	CH	54.39	2.756	-	0.92	53.08	46.00	68.20	26.90	41.30	1.708			1.51	223.49	0.46	48.64	370	
	T-3	9.00	90.77	MEH	60.57	2.699	-	1.95	58.45	39.60	75.34	39.11	36.23	1.587	19.81	8.53	1.52	102.97	0.57	63.55	719	
	P-10	13.00	86.77	CL	41.47	2.748	-	68.5	62.05	31.1	45.3	22.35	22.95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	P-13	16.00	83.77	CH	48.40	2.760	-	10.75	57.45	31.80	50.78	22.53	28.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	P-16	19.00	80.77	CL	34.13	2.726	-	35.54	52.06	1.24	32.18	22.28	9.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	P-20	23.00	76.77	CL	36.60	2.747	-	19.48	48.48	32.10	48.20	21.33	26.87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	P-25	28.00	71.77	CH	40.98	2.763	-	10.18	58.73	31.10	57.92	24.28	33.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	



4.1 Index Property of Soil

Physical property tests are done for investigation. The detail laboratory test results are illustrated in Appendix – C.

4.1.1 Natural Moisture Content Test

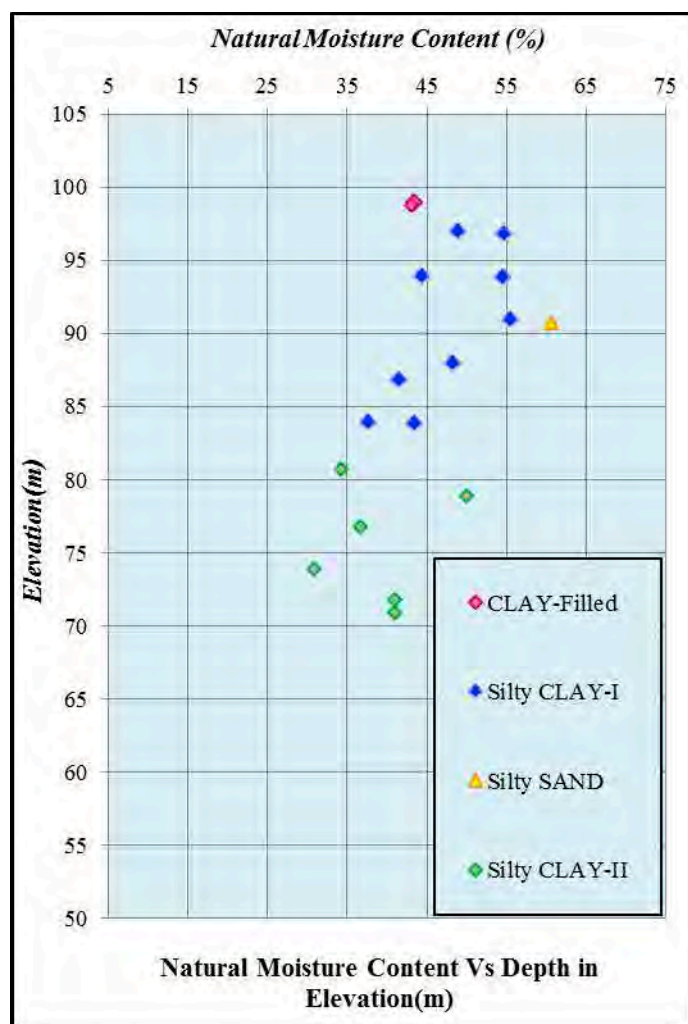
18 numbers of natural moisture content tests have been carried out on soil samples for required four different soil layers at our laboratory in accordance with ASTM Standard. The table-4.3 illustrates the summary of natural moisture content in each soil layers. The photograph of testing natural moisture content is shown in Photo-4.1 and the variation of water content with depth in elevation can be seen in Graph-4.1. The detail laboratory test results are illustrated in Appendix – C.



Photo - 4.1 Natural Moisture Content Test

Table - 4.3 Summary of Natural Moisture Content of Test Results

No.	Soil Type	Natural Water Content (%)	
		Range	Average
1	Clay (filled)	43.10 ~ 43.50	43.30
2	Silty Clay 1	37.50 ~ 55.50	47.60
3	Silty Sand	60.57	60.57
4	Silty Clay 2	30.80 ~ 50.00	38.90



Graph - 4.1 : Natural moisture content (%) vs Depth in elevation level relationship

4.1.2 Specific Gravity Test

The specific gravity tests in this project were carried out in accordance with ASTM Standard at office laboratory. There have been (18) numbers of specific gravity tests. The table - 4.4 illustrates the summary of specific gravity for each soil layers. The photograph of testing specific gravity is shown in Photo-4.2, and the relationship between specific gravity and depth in elevation of each soil layer is shown in Graph-4.2. The detail test results were described in Appendix-C.

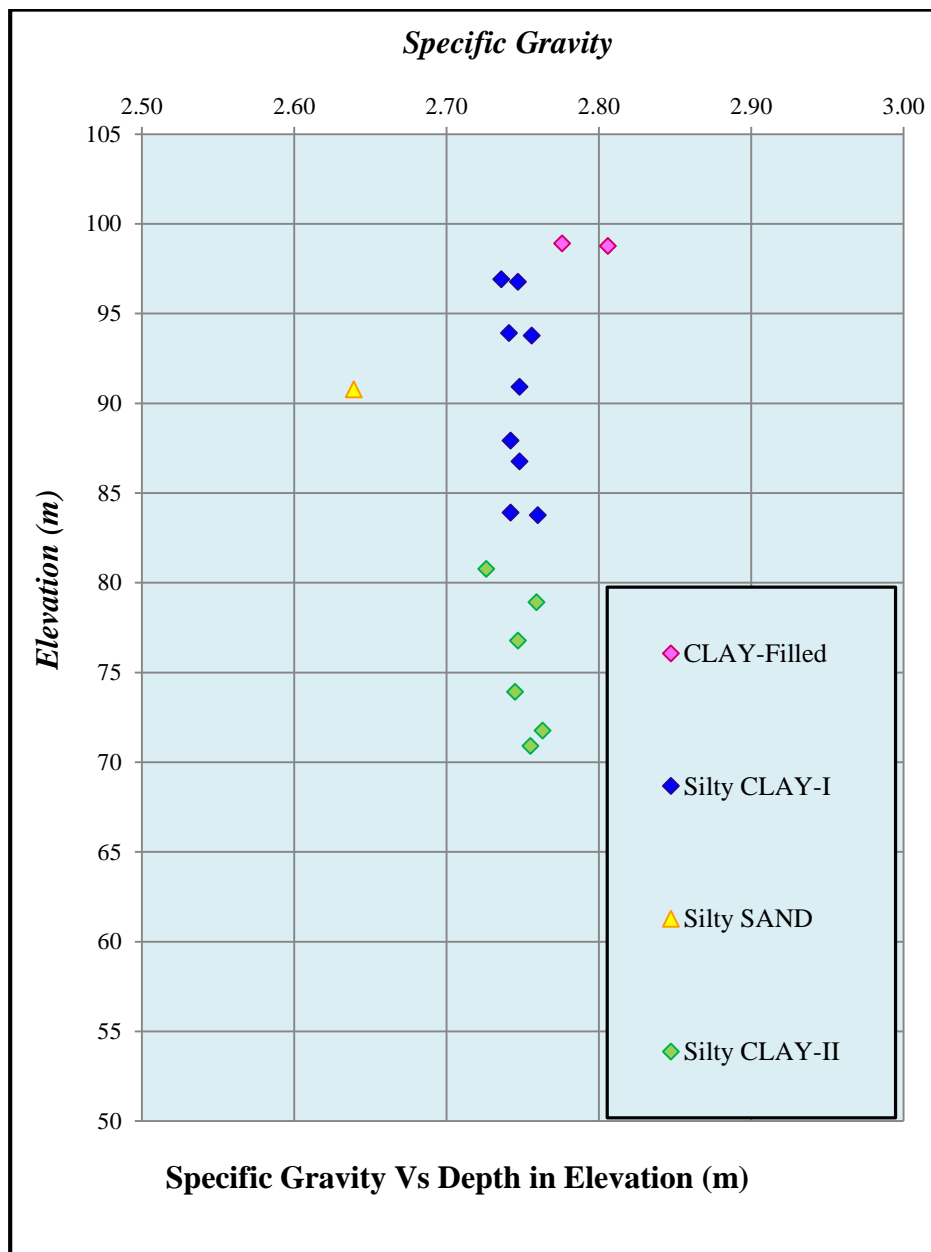


Photo - 4.2 Specific Gravity Test



Table - 4.4 Summary of Specific Gravity Test Results

No.	Soil Type	Specific Gravity	
		Range	Average
1	Clay (filled)	2.776 ~ 2.806	2.791
2	Silty Clay 1	2.736 ~ 2.760	2.747
3	Silty Sand	2.639	2.639
4	Silty Clay 2	2.726 ~ 2.763	2.749



Graph - 4.2 : Specific Gravity vs Depth in elevation level relationship



4.1.3 Atterberg's Limit Test

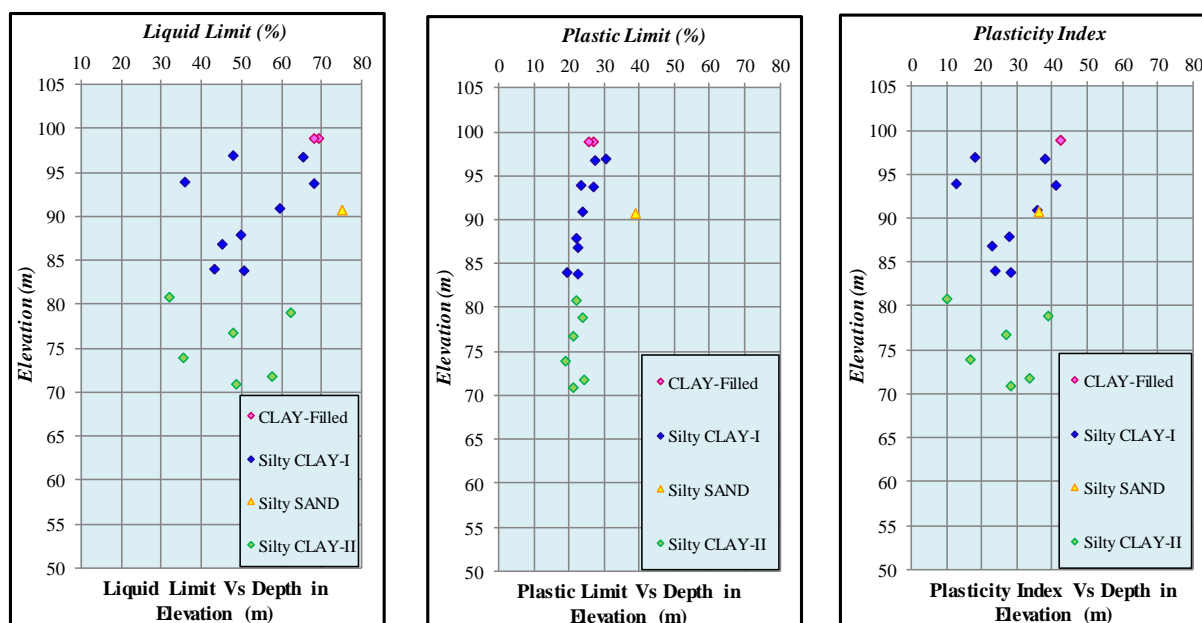
The Atterberg's Limit tests were made on (18) numbers for liquid limit tests and (18) numbers for plastic limit tests of specimens from disturb and undisturbed samples by ASTM Standard at office laboratory. The summary of Atterberg's Limit Test result is shown in Table - 4.5. Graph-4.3 illustrate the Plastic Limit, Liquid Limit and Plasticity Index of each soil layer versus depth in elevation and Graph-4.4 shows condition of soil in project area by ranges in plasticity chart. The photograph of testing is shown in Photo-4.3. The details of test results were shown in Appendix – D.



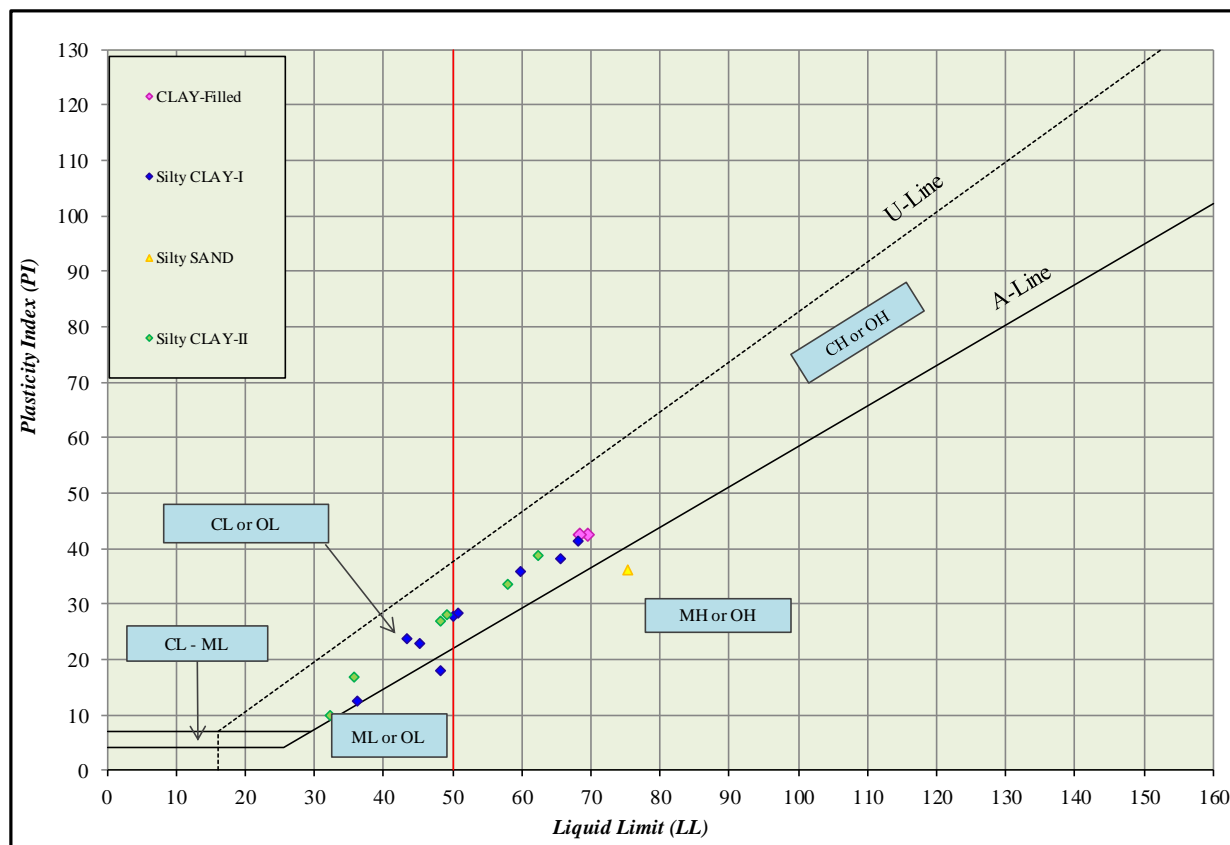
Photo - 4.3 Atterberg's Limit Test

Table - 4.5 Summary of Atterberg's Limit Test Result

Atterberg's Limit Test	Soil Type		Liquid Limit (LL)	Plastic Limit (PL)	Plasticity Index (PI)
	Clay (filled)	Range	68.28 ~ 69.50	25.65 ~ 26.86	42.63 ~ 42.64
		Average	68.89	26.26	42.64
	Silty Clay 1	Range	36.10 ~ 68.20	19.53 ~ 30.36	12.58 ~ 41.30
		Average	51.90	24.33	27.62
	Silty Sand	Range	75.34	39.11	36.23
		Average	75.34	39.11	36.23
	Silty Clay 2	Range	32.20 ~ 64.40	18.94 ~ 24.28	9.90 ~ 38.76
		Average	47.60	21.92	25.67



Graph - 4.3 Plastic Limit, Liquid Limit and Plasticity Index vs Depth in Elevation (m)



Graph - 4.4 Condition of Atterberg's Limit Test Results



4.1.4 Grain Size Analysis Test

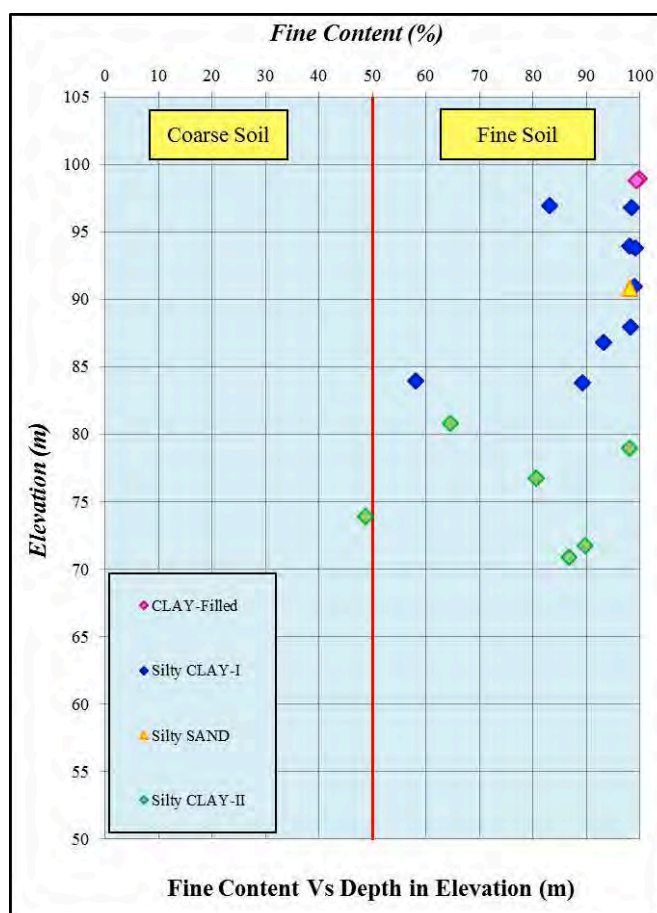
Soil classifications or grain size distribution test were done by ASTM Standard. In this project, (18) numbers of sieve analysis tests including (18) numbers of hydrometer tests were carried out in laboratory of Saramayri-Fuji Co., Ltd. Grain size analysis testing and hydrometer testing are shown in Photo- 4.4 and 4.5. Graph-4.5 is illustrated the grain size distribution of each soil layer versus depth in elevation. The details of grain size analysis test results were shown in Appendix-C.



Photo - 4.4 Grain Size Distribution Test



Photo - 4.5 Hydrometer Test



Graph - 4.5 Fine Content vs Depth in Elevation (m)



4.2 Mechanical Properties of Soil

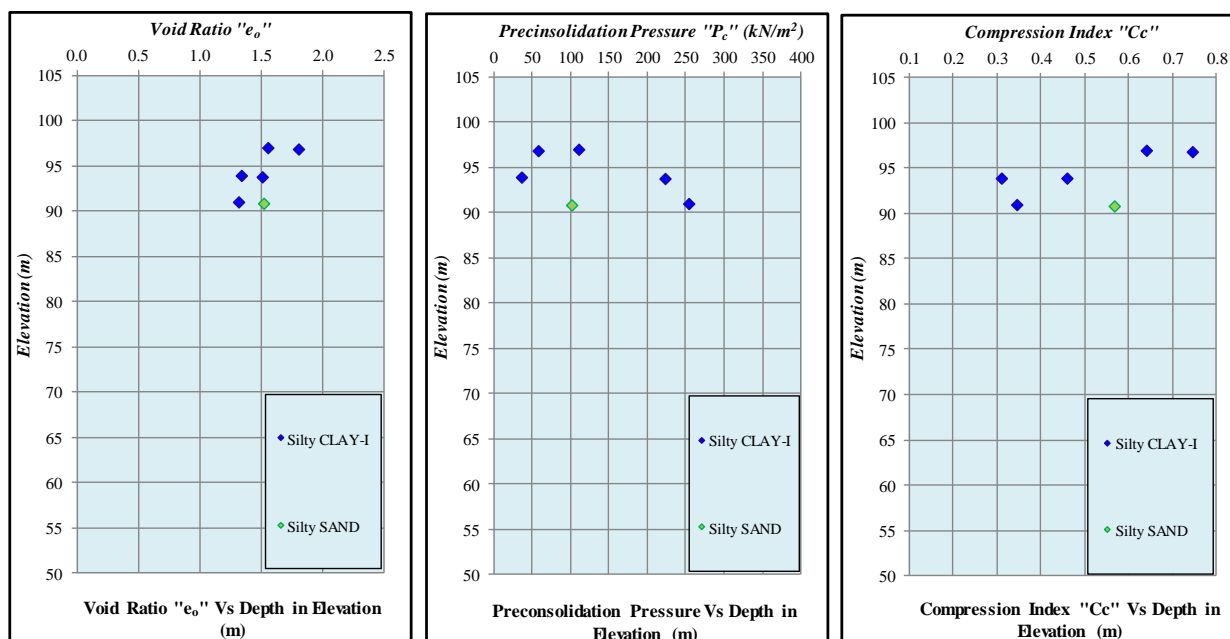
In order to get the mechanical or engineering properties of soils, three kinds of test were carried out; one dimensional consolidation test, unconfined compressive strength test and direct shear test. All mechanical tests were carried out in office laboratory.

4.2.1 One Dimensional Consolidation Test

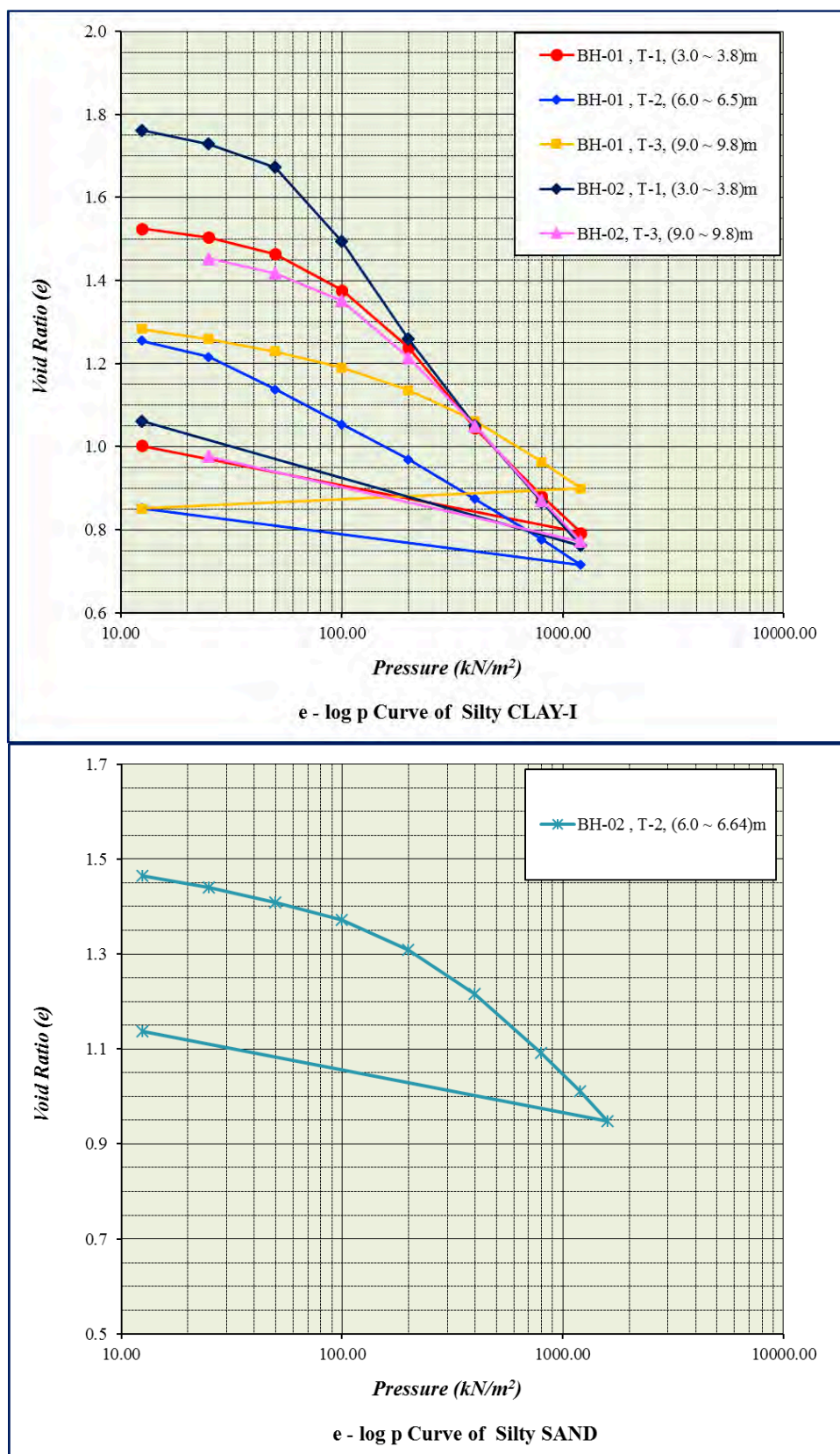
The one dimensional consolidation tests were carried out in undisturbed samples taken from Silty Clay 1 layer and Silty Sand layer. There are (4) numbers of tests were carried out in accordance with ASTM Standard. Table 4.6 summarized some results of one dimensional consolidation tests such as initial void ratio (e_0), Pre-consolidation Pressure (P_c) and compression index (C_c). Graph-4.6 indicate the relationship between (e_0), (P_c) and (C_c) versus their depth in elevation at investigation area. Moreover, Graph-4.7 show the e -log- P curve results from one dimensional consolidation tests of soil from the investigation area, and Graph-4.8 shows the relationship between coefficients of consolidation (C_v) versus pressure of that soil.

Table - 4.6 Summary of One Dimensional Consolidation Test Results.

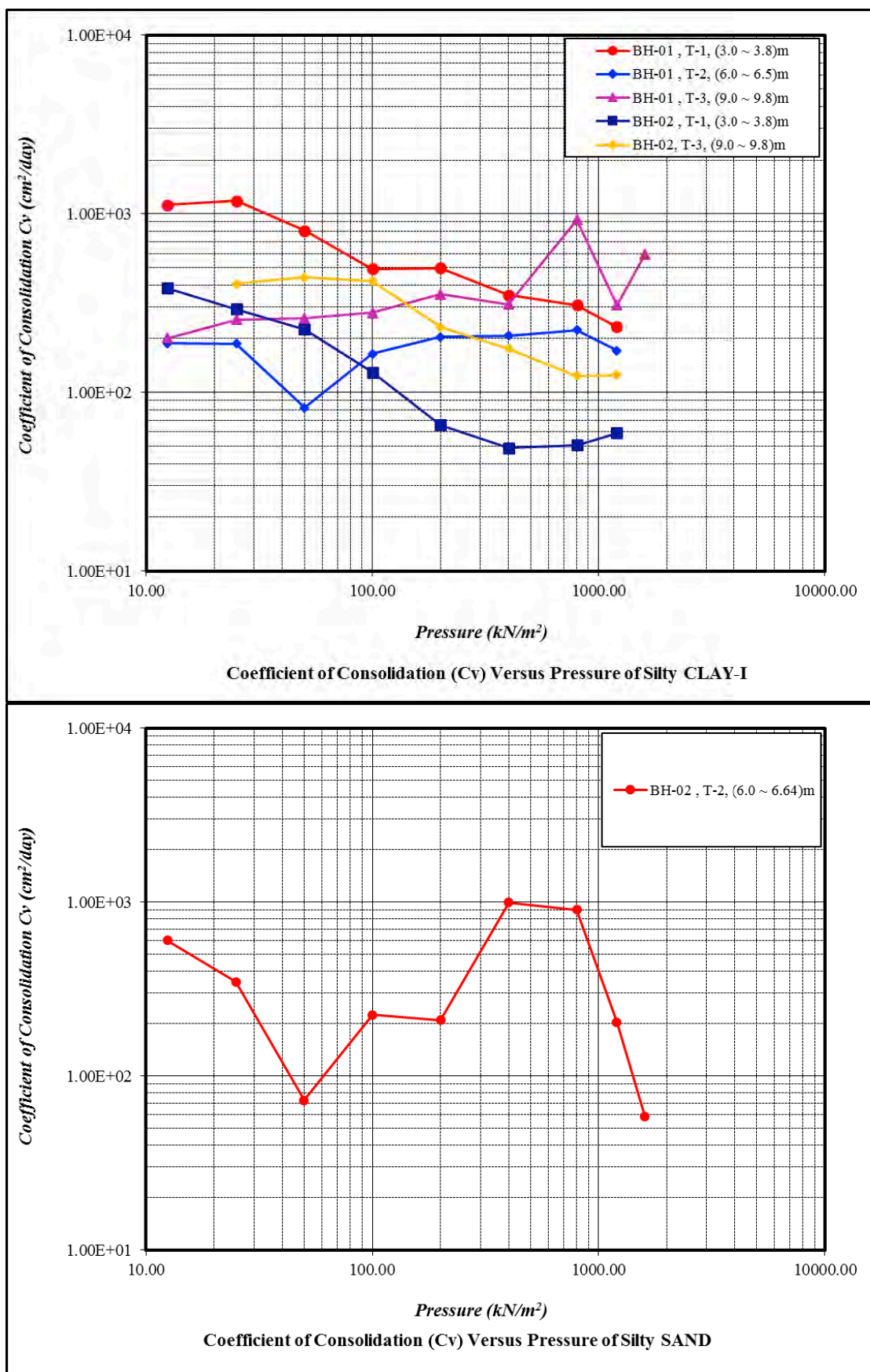
No.	Soil Type	Initial Void Ratio (e_0)		Consolidation Yield Stress P_c (kN/m ²)		Compression Index (C_c)	
		Range	Average	Range	Average	Range	Average
1	Silty Clay 1	1.32 ~ 1.81	1.508	37.76 ~ 254.58	137.18	0.31 ~ 0.74	0.50
2	Silty Sand	1.520	1.520	102.97	102.97	0.57	0.57



Graph - 4.6 Void Ratio, Pre-consolidation Pressure and Compression Index vs Depth in Elevation (m)



Graph - 4.7 e – log p Curve of Silty Clay 1 and Silty Sand



Graph - 4.8 Coefficient of Consolidation (C_v) versus Pressure of Silty Clay 1 and Silty Sand



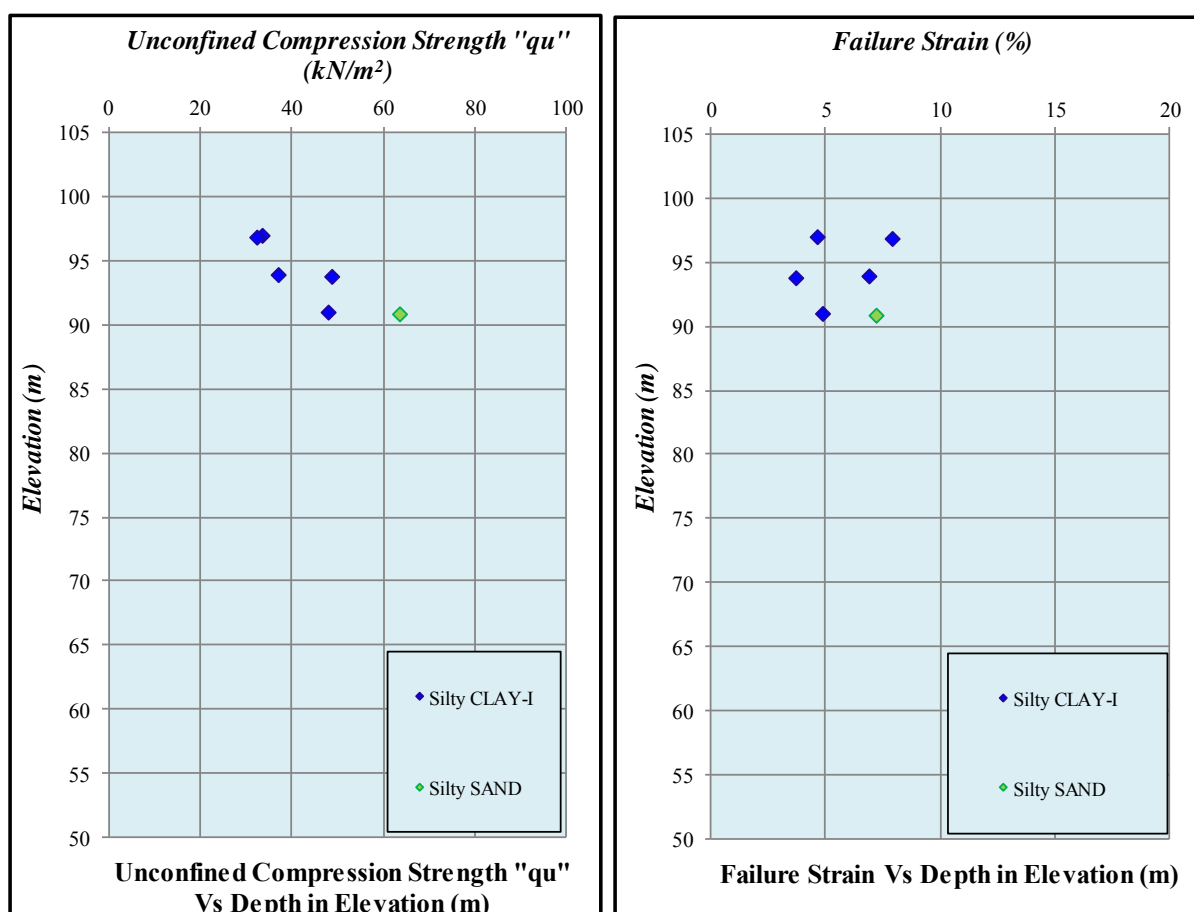
4.2.2 Unconfined Compressive Strength Test

The total (6) numbers of undisturbed sample from the project area were carried out for unconfined compression test at office laboratory in accordance with ASTM Standard. Summary of unconfined compression test results are described in Table – 4.7.

The relationship between the unconfined compressive strength and failure strain vs depth in elevation is presented in Graph-4.9.

Table - 4.7 Summary of Unconfined Compressive Strength Test Results

No.	Soil Type	Compression Strength (kN/m ²)		Failure Strain (%)	
		Range	Average	Range	Average
1	Silty Clay 1	32.31 ~ 48.64	40.03	3.70 ~ 7.90	5.61
2	Silty Sand	63.55	63.55	7.19	7.19



Graph - 4.9 Unconfined Compressive Strength and Failure Strain vs Depth in Elevation (m)



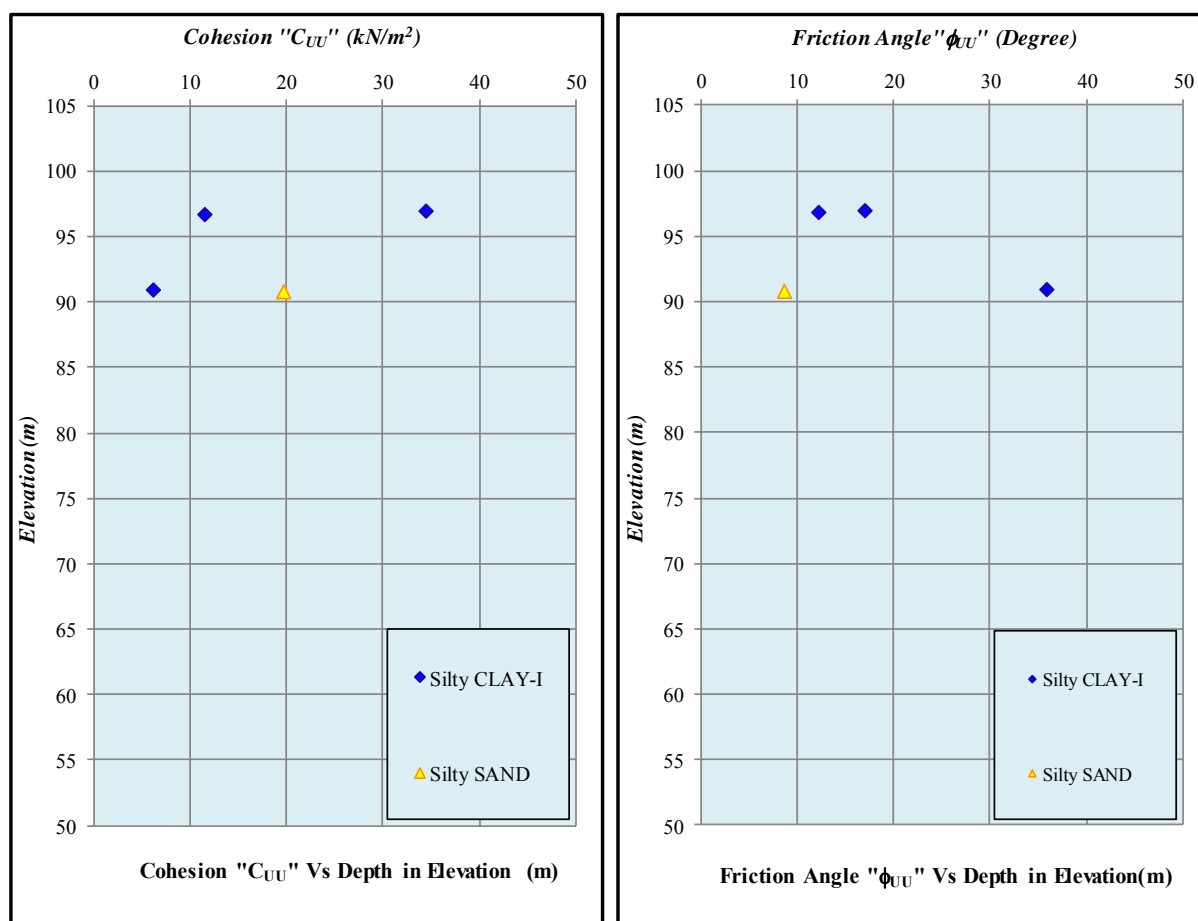
4.2.3 Direct Shear Test

The direct shear tests were carried out from (4) numbers of undisturbed samples by undisturbed piston sampler from Silty Clay 1 and Silty Sand layers of unequal consistency. There are total (4) numbers of direct shear (UU) tests from ten boreholes were carried out in accordance with ASTM Standard. Table 4.8 indicates the summary of direct shear test results.

Graph-4.10 indicate the relationship between cohesion (C) and phi angle (ϕ) versus their depth in elevation at investigation area.

Table - 4.8 Summary of Direct Shear Test Results

No.	Soil Type	Cohesion C_{UU} (kN/m^2)		Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} (degree)	
		Range	Average	Range	Average
1	Silty Clay 1	6.28 ~ 34.52	17.49	12.24 ~ 35.75	21.65
2	Silty Sand	19.81	19.81	8.51	8.53



Graph - 4.10 Cohesion " C_{uu} " and Friction Angle " ϕ_{uu} " vs Depth in Elevation (m)



4.3 Standard Proctor Compaction Test

The bulk sample from test pits are collected for standard proctor compaction test. The standard proctor compaction test is carried out according to ASTM standard. The soil sample is collected at filled material of existing embankment. The following table indicates the maximum dry density and optimum moisture content of embankment material.

Table - 4.9 Summary of Standard Proctor Test Results

Location	Maximum dry density	Optimum moisture content
	(t/m ³)	(%)
Start Point (near BH-01)	1.586	22.00
End Point (near BH-02)	1.666	19.00

4.4 Water Quality Test

Water sampling is carried out by using water delivery sampler made of stainless steel with an outer diameter of 50 mm and length of 1 meter. On the day prior to sampling after completion of the drilling works, the borehole was flushed with water to be able to remove the remnants left at the bottom of the borehole, and left overnight. And then, in the morning of the next day water sample was taken before withdrawal casing pipes.

Water samples from all investigated holes of the project area have been sent to ISO Tech laboratory and then tested in order to inspect pH value, Sulphate and Chloride contents. All of the test items are listed below as-

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1) pH value | 11) Carbonate (NaCO ₃) |
| 2) Color (true) | 12) Chloride (as CL) |
| 3) Turbidity | 13) Sodium chloride (as NaCL) |
| 4) Conductivity | 14) Bicarbonate (HCO ₃) |
| 5) Total hardness | 15) Sulphate (as SO ₄) |
| 6) Total alkalinity | 16) Total solids |
| 7) Phenolphthalein alkalinity | 17) Suspended solids |
| 8) Calcium hardness | 18) Dissolved solids |
| 9) Iron | |
| 10) Magnesium hardness | |

The result of water quality test is attached in Appendix – D



5.0 GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

The geotechnical assessment report is prepared for choosing suitable foundation design for proposed building and infra structures, evaluating adverse effects of ground response to loading of structures during and after construction, and recognized the potential hazards to the proposed structures. In order to evaluate above mentioned factors, the relevant geotechnical design parameter such as cohesion (C), angle of internal friction (ϕ), modulus of elasticity (E) and poison ratio (ν) have to be evaluated primarily. Moreover, the dry unit weight and saturated unit weight of soil and ground material should be evaluated.

5.1 Geotechnical Design Parameters

The geotechnical parameters can be directly evaluated from many ways such as field in situ testing, laboratory testing and so on. Some of the design parameters cannot be evaluated directly neither from field tests nor laboratory tests due to the unfavorable of nature of deposit or investigation methods. However, some parameters would be derived from the other instrumental testing of past events and some mechanical and physical properties obtained from field and laboratory tests. For evaluating the stability of ground, the shear strength parameters are significant. The geotechnical design parameters required for foundation design analysis are listed as below-

C_u	Cohesion of soil (kN/m^2)
ϕ	Friction angle of soil (angle of internal friction in degree)
γ_d	Dry unit weight of soil (kN/m^3)
γ_w	Saturated unit weight of soil (kN/m^3)
γ'	Effective unit weight of soil below water table (kN/m^3)

a) Dry Unit Weight of Soil (γ_d)

The dry soil defines as the soil located above the water table. The dry unit weight of soil can be evaluated from the field density test. However, field density test cannot be carried out. Hence the unit weight of dry soil can be derived from the unit weight of saturated soil using the following equation-

$$\gamma_d = \gamma_{\text{sat}} / (1+w)$$

Where -	γ_d	= unit weight of dry soil (kN/m^3)
	γ_{sat}	= unit weigh of saturated soil (kN/m^3)
	w	= natural moisture content (%)

The natural moisture content (w) can be resulted from the laboratory tests (of collected Disturbed Samples).

b) Saturated Unit Weight of Soil (γ_{sat})

The saturated soil defines as the soil located below the water table. The saturated unit weight of soil can be evaluated directly from the field density test or equation.-



$$\gamma_{\text{sat}} = (G_s \gamma_w + e \gamma_w) / (1 + e)$$

Where- γ_{sat} = saturated unit weight of soil (kN/m³)
 γ_w = saturated unit weight of water (kN/m³)
 G_s = specific gravity of soil
 e = void ratio of soil ($e = wG_s$ for saturated soil)

The G_s and w can be resulted from laboratory tests of collected “Disturbed Samples”.

The unit weight of soil can be also taken from the determination of bulk density of soil from undisturbed sample.

c) Effective Unit Weight of Soil (γ')

The effective unit weight of soil under water table can be evaluated from the equation-

$$\gamma' = \gamma_{\text{sat}} - \gamma_w$$

Where- γ' = effective unit weight of soil (kN/m³)
 γ_{sat} = saturated unit weight of soil (kN/m³)
 γ_w = unit weight of water (kN/m³)

The unit weight of water in SI unit is 9.8 kN/m³ (or) 10 kN/m³.

In this report, the unit of soil can also be referred from the recommended design parameters by *Japan Highway Cooperation (J.H.C)*, see table 5.1.

d) Cohesion (C_u)

The cohesive strength also known as undrained shear strength of cohesive soil is normally evaluated from the unconfined compression test. The cohesive strength C_u can be derived from -

$$C_u = q_u / 2$$

Where- C_u = cohesive strength (kN/m²)
 q_u = unconfined compressive strength (kN/m²)

However, the undrained cohesive strength can also be determined from direct shear test of undisturbed sample and remolded samples.

For granular soil, as the undisturbed sample cannot be easily collected, the cohesive strength can be reliably derived from SPT N-value, or referred from previous experiences; i.e. from Table 5.1. In case of cohesive strength derived from SPT N value the following equation is used-

$$C_u = 20N/3 \text{ (kN/m}^2\text{)}$$



e) Friction angle (ϕ)

The friction angle of the granular soil can be directly evaluated from the SPT N-value. The friction angle of such deposits can be also evaluated from equation and the recommended design parameters by *Japan Highway Cooperation (J.H.C)* (See Table 5.1). In case of granular soil, the friction angle of soil can be derived from following equation.

$$\phi = \sqrt{20N} + 15$$

The friction angle for cohesive soil can be also determined from direct shear test.

f) Modulus of Elasticity (E)

The modulus of elasticity of soil can be derived from the SPT N-value. In general, the modulus of elasticity of soil can be evaluated by multiplying SPT N-value. The modulus of elasticity of soil for granular soil is evaluated from the equation -

$$E = 700N \text{ (KN/m}^2\text{)}$$

However the modulus of elasticity of cohesive soil can be derived from undrained cohesive strength; in following equation-

$$E = 100C_u,$$

g) Poisson's Ratio (ν')

The poisson's ratio is the ratio of axial strain versus lateral strain. In this report poisson's ratio of the soil can be estimated from experts' options described in following table.

Table - 5.1 Typical Values of Poisson's Ratio

No	Type of Soil	ν'
1	Saturated clay	0.4 ~ 0.5
2	Unsaturated or sandy clay	0.2 ~ 0.4
3	Sand: $\phi = 40^\circ$	0.2
4	Sand: $\phi = 20^\circ$	0.5

The table 5.3 indicates the geotechnical design parameters evaluated from various method for the road improvement project.



Table - 5.2 Recommended Soil Parameter by J.H.C

Soil Type		Condition of Soil		Bulk Density γ_t (tf/m^3)	Internal Friction Angle ϕ ($^\circ$)	Cohesion Cu (tf/m^2)	Remarks (Soil Name)
Fill Material	Gravel Gravelly Sand	Compacted one.		2.0	40	0	(GW), (GP)
	Sand	Compacted one.	Well graded one.	2.0	35	0	(SW), (SP)
			Poor graded one.	1.9	30	0	
	Silty Sand Clayey Sand	Compacted one.		1.9	25	Less than 3	(SM), (SC)
	Silt, Clay	Compacted one.		1.8	15	Less than 5	(ML), (CL) (MH), (CH)
	Kanto Loam	Compacted one.		1.4	20	Less than 1	(VH)
Natural Ground	Gravel	Dense or Well graded one.		2.0	40	0	(GW), (GP)
		Not dense and Poorly graded one.		1.8	35	0	
	Gravelly Sand	Dense one.		2.1	40	0	(GW), (GP)
		Not dense one.		1.9	35	0	
	Sand	Dense or Well graded one.		2.0	35	0	(SW), (SP)
		Not dense and Poorly graded one.		1.8	30	0	
	Silty Sand Clayey Sand	Dense one.		1.9	30	Less than 3	(SM), (SC)
		Not dense one.		1.7	25	0	
	Sandy Silt Sandy Clay	Stiff one.		1.8	25	Less than 5	(ML), (CL)
		Firm one.		1.7	20	Less than 3	
		Soft one.		1.6	15	Less than 1.5	
	Silt Clay	Stiff one.		1.7	20	Less than 5	(CH), (MH), (ML)
		Firm one.		1.6	15	Less than 3	
		Soft one.		1.4	10	Less than 1.5	
	Kanto Loam	---		1.4	5	Less than 3	(VH)



Table - 5.3 Geotechnical design parameters from various derivation methods

No	Soil Name	N-Value	Cohesion Cu			Friction angle			Bulk Density (kN/m³)				Modulus of Elasticity (kN/m²)
		(Average)	kN/m²			(degree)			Lab Test		by JHC		
		N	SPT	Lab	by JHC	SPT	Lab	by JHC	γ _d	γ _{sat}	γ _d	γ _{sat}	
1	Clay (filled)	2	13	N/A	<50	0	N/A	15	12.1	17.7	N/A	18.0	1300
2	Silty Clay 1	1	6	20	<15	0	0	10	10.6	16.5	N/A	14.0	600
3	Silty Sand	3	0	32	0	22	9	15	9.7	15.6	N/A	17.0	2100
4	Silty Clay 2	3	20	N/A	<15	0	0	10	13.1	18.2	N/A	14.0	2000

Remark : The bulk density for Clay (filled) layer is estimated from field density test

Table - 5.4 Recommended geotechnical design parameters

No.	Soil Name	N-Value	Cohesion	Friction angle	Bulk Density			Modulus of Elasticity (kN/m ²)	Poisson's Ratio
		(Average)	Cu	ϕ	(kN/m ³)				
		N	kN/m ²	(degree)	γ _d	γ _{sat}	γ'		υ
1	Clay (filled)	2	10	0	12	17	7	1300	0.4
2	Silty Clay 1	1	5	0	10	16	6	600	0.4
3	Silty Sand	3	0	20	9	15	5	2100	0.5
4	Silty Clay 2	3	20	0	13	18	8	2000	0.4



6.0 CONCLUSION

6.1 Ground Condition

As the project area is located on the deltaic region of Ayeyarwaddy River near off shore, the quaternary deposit is mainly dominated. In project area, the marine deposit is underlain by fluvial deposit. As the river and marine dynamism is still progress on the area, the erosion, sedimentation process is still progressed on.

According to investigation result, the clayey soil is dominated the whole area. Among them the sandy soil interbedded. The clayey soil are very soft to soft in consistency while the sandy soil is very loose in density. The drilling work is carried out up to 30 m from ground surface. It is observed that the soil in an area is soft for foundation works for road and other infrastructures construction. The succession of soil layer from top to bottom are –

1. Clay (filled material)
2. Silty Clay 1
3. Silty Sand
4. Silty Clay 2

The ground water table is detected very shallow about 1 m from embankment. It is regarded that the groundwater is fully saturated during rainy season. Moreover, the road will be fully inundated during rain storm and high tide.

6.2 Foundation Work

The foundation work for road, bridge and building construction should not be done without ground improvement work, because the ground is too soft to rest for heavy or light load structures. Moreover, the ground is mainly composed of saturated soft clay. Therefore, the consolidation settlement will occur when the load is applied to that soil layer. As the permeability of the soil is very low, the dewatering work is not difficult for excavation work.

6.3 Seismicity of the Area

According to Seismic Zone Map of Myanmar, the project area is belonged to Zone II, moderate zone, where the modified Mercalli scale classes is 7, and peak ground acceleration is 0.15g. Although the ground material is very soft in consistency and shallow groundwater table, the liquefaction potential is very low, because the whole area is made up of cohesive soil and low peak ground acceleration.

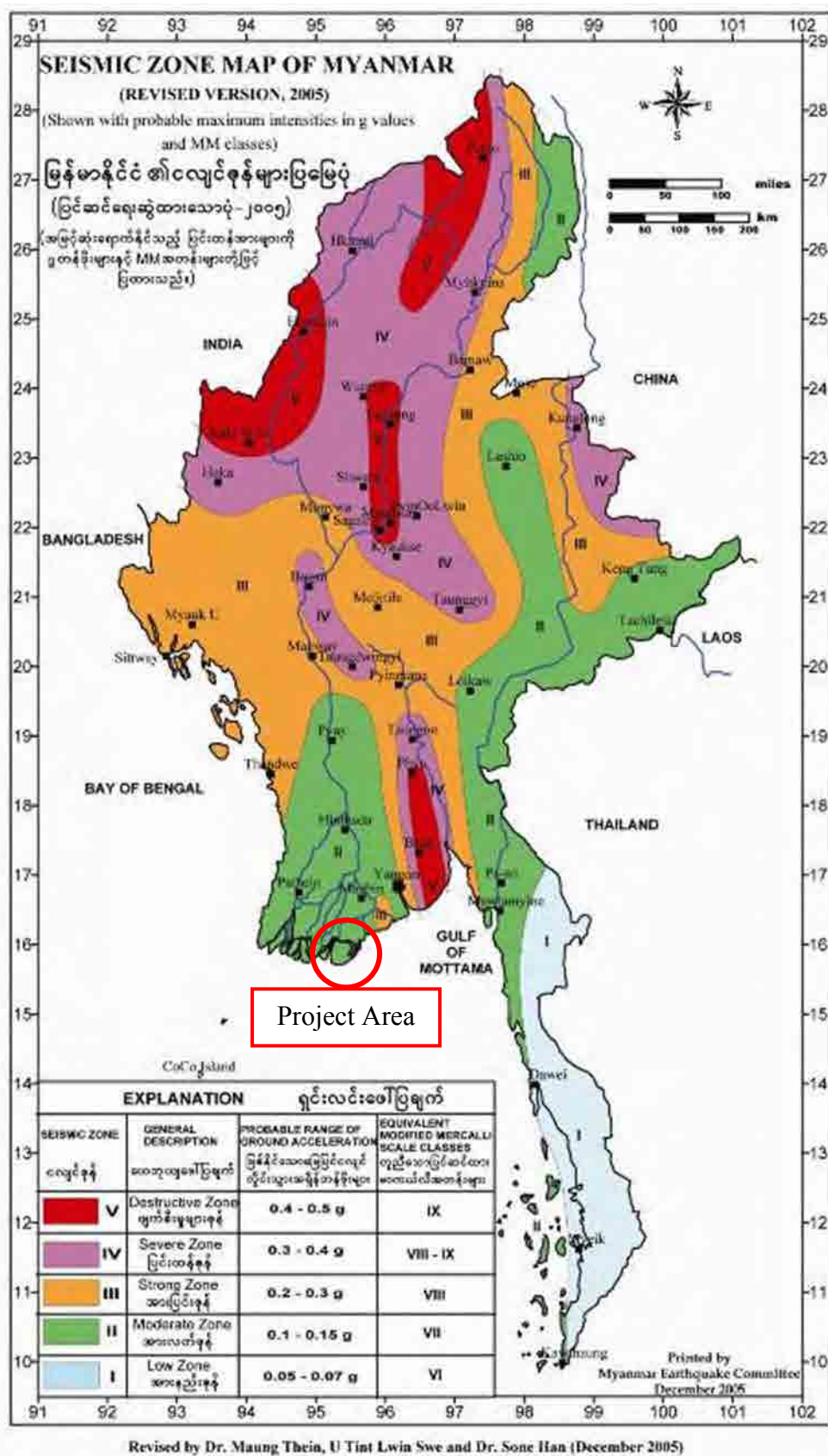


Figure - 6.1 Earthquake zoning map of Myanmar



Table - 6.1 The Level of Probable Damage and Destruction

Zone	MM Class	Probable Damage	Examples of Damage
V	IX	Major damage	Considerable damage in specially designed structures Major damage in good RC buildings
IV	VIII-IX	Considerable damage	Considerable damage in good RC buildings Major damage in ordinary brick buildings
III	VII	Moderate damage	Moderate damage in good RC buildings Considerable damage in ordinary brick buildings
II	VII	Minor damage	Minor damage in good RC buildings Moderate damage in ordinary brick buildings
I	VI	Slight damage	Minor damage in ordinary brick buildings

APPENDICES

APPENDIX “A”

BORING LOGS

BORE HOLE No. BH-01

BORING LOG

Job No. 2013-032

Sheet No. 1 OF 1

PROJECT NAME : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project

BORING EQUIPMENT : TOHO " D1 "

DATE : 26.10.2013 To 27.10.2013

LOCATION : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeayawaddy Region

BORING METHOD : Rotary Direct Circulation

CLIENT

GROUND LEVEL : 99.917m

ORIENTATION : Vertical

ORIENTAL CONSULTANT

COORDINATE : E 777313.000 ; N 1763141.000

DEPTH : 30.00m

GROUND WATER LEVEL : 1.00m

SCALE (m)	ELEVATION (m)	DEPTH GL - (m)	THICKNESS (m)	DIAGRAM	COLOUR	RELATIVE DENSITY (or) CONSISTENCY	SOIL NAME	SOIL DESCRIPTION	DATE & DEPTH (m)	CASING (DEPTH (m) & DIAMETER (mm))	WATER DEPTH (m)	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST TEST METHOD (ASTM)						SAMPLING					SCALE (m)
												DEPTH GL - (m)	N-Value (Blows / 30cm)	CURVE OF BLOW	SAMPLE (Type & No.)	DEPTH GL - (m)	TCR (%)	SCR (%)	RQD (%)				
																				N-Value (Blows / 30cm)			
1					mottled brown and gray	Soft	CLAY	Soft, mottled brown and gray, moist, medium plasticity, CLAY, with trace of decayed wood fragments				1.00	2/30					P-1	1.00				1
2	97.917	2.00	2.00				Filled materials	Filled materials				2.00	1/30					P-2	1.50				2
3										3.00		3.00	1/30					T-1	2.50				3
4					gray	Very soft to soft	Silty CLAY-I	Very soft to soft, gray, wet to moist, low to medium plasticity, Silty CLAY				4.00	1/30					P-3	3.00				4
5								Fine sand and mica minerals are observed as trace in this layer				5.00	1/30					P-4	3.80				5
6								GL-(8.00~8.50)m and (11.0~11.50)m; organic matter are observed as traces				6.00	1/30					T-2	4.50				6
7												7.00	0/30					P-5	5.00				7
8												8.00	3/30					P-6	6.50				8
9												9.00	1/30					T-3	7.50				9
10												10.00	1/30					P-7	8.00				10
11												11.00	2/30					P-8	8.50				11
12												12.00	1/30					P-9	9.00				12
13												13.00	1/30					P-10	9.80				13
14												14.00	1/30					P-11	10.00				14
15												15.00	1/30					P-12	10.50				15
16												16.00	2/30					P-13	11.00				16
17												17.00	1/30					P-14	11.50				17
18												18.00	2/30					P-15	12.00				18
19	80.917	19.00	17.00									19.00	4/30					P-16	12.50				19
20					gray	Very soft to firm	Silty CLAY-II	Very soft to firm, gray, moist, low to medium plasticity, Silty CLAY		26.10.13		20.00	2/30					P-17	13.00				20
21								Fine sand and mica minerals are observed as traces in each layer				21.00	3/30					P-18	14.00				21
22												22.00	3/30					P-19	14.50				22
23												23.00	3/30					P-20	15.00				23
24								GL-(26.00~26.50)m and (27.00~27.50)m; Silty SAND layer are observed as intercalated layer				24.00	2/30					P-21	16.00				24
25												25.00	2/30					P-22	16.50				25
26												26.00	6/30					P-23	17.00				26
27												27.00	4/30					P-24	17.50				27
28												28.00	1/30					P-25	18.00				28
29												29.00	2/45					P-26	18.50				29
30	69.417	30.50	11.50					This borehole is terminated at 30.00m, after confirmation		27.10.13		30.00	2/30					P-27	19.00				30
31												31.00								20.00			31

NOTES

Relative density description

Consistency description

Sample key

Planner structure

Discontinuities

Remarks

Ref : Terzaghi et al., 1996

App 3

[illegible]

APPENDIX “B”

FIELD DENSITY TEST RESULTS

DENSITY OF SOIL IN PLACE BY SAND - CONE METHOD (1)

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement Date 31.10.13
of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanma
 Location Near Myogone Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region Operator T H & K H A
 Point No. & Depth: Start Point (GL- 0.50 m) Apparatus No. 3

1.Determination of volume of apparatus

Test No.		1	2	3	4	5
Mass of apparatus with water	m_2 g	6856	6856	6856		
Mass of apparatus	m_1 g	2528	2528	2528		
Mass of water in apparatus	$m_2 - m_1$ g	4328	4328	4328		
Water temperature	t °C	29	29	29		
Volume of water of 1g at t °C	K cm ³ /g	1.00405	1.00405	1.00405		
Volume of apparatus ⁽¹⁾	V_1 cm ³	4346	4346	4346		
Mean value		$V_1 = 4346$ cm ³				

2.Determination of bulk density of sand for test

Test No.		1	2	3	4	5
Mass of apparatus with sand	m_3 g	8520	8522	8520		
Mass of apparatus	m_1 g	2528	2528	2528		
Mass of sand in apparatus	$m_4 = m_3 - m_1$ g	5992	5994	5992		
Bulk density of sand for testing ⁽²⁾	ρ_s g/cm ³	1.379	1.379	1.379		
Mean value		$\rho_s = 1.379$ g/cm ³				

3.Determination of mass of sand required to fill the funnel

Test No.		1	2	3	4	5
Mass of apparatus and sand	m_3 g	8508	8516	8508		
Mass of apparatus and remaining sand	m_5 g	7044	7050	7042		
Mass of sand required to fill funnel	$m_6 = m_3 - m_5$ g	1464	1466	1466		
Mean value		$m_s = 1465$ g				

Remarks:

Density Check by 2000cm³ Container

Mass of apparatus and sand 8504 g
 Mass of apparatus and remaining sand 4280 g
 Mass of sand required to fill funnel 1465 g
 Volume of container 2000 cm³
 Bulk density of sand for testing 1.380 g/cm³

(1) $V_1 = K (m_2 - m_1) \text{ cm}^3$

(2) $\rho_s = m_4 / V_1 \text{ g/cm}^3$

DENSITY OF SOIL IN PLACED BY SAND - CONE METHOD (2)

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar Date 31.10.13

Location Near Myogone Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region Operator T H & K H A

Point No. & Depth: Start Point (GL- 0.5 m)

Apparatus No. 3 Soil name Silty clay Weather cloudy
Bulk density of sand $\rho_s =$ 1.379 g/cm³ Mass of sand required to fill the funnel $m_6 =$ 1465 g

Test hole No.	No.	T-1	No.	T-2	No.	T-3	No.
Container No.	-		-		-		
Mass (removed soil + container) g	-		-		-		
Mass of container g	-		-		-		
Mass of removed soil m_r g	2710		2580		2464		
Dry mass of removed soil $m_o = \frac{100 m_r}{w+100}$ g	2074		1995		1877		
Max. grain size mm	2		2		2		
Mass of apparatus with sand m_3 g	7528		7528		7528		
Mass of apparatus with remaining sand m_8 g	3998		4074		3954		
Mass of sand in hole & funnel $m_9 = m_3 - m_8$ g	3530		3454		3574		
Mass of sand in test hole $m_{10} = m_9 - m_6$ g	2065		1989		2109		
Volume of test hole $v_o = \frac{m_{10}}{\rho_s}$ cm ³	1497.2		1442.1		1529.1		
Bulk density $\rho_t = \frac{m_r}{v_o}$ g /cm ³	1.81		1.79		1.61		
Dry density $\rho_d = \frac{m_o}{v_o}$ g /cm ³	1.39		1.38		1.23		

Sketch of testing point										Moisture content	No.	BD-21	No.	M-1	No.	CB-37	No.
											m_a g	199.83	m_a g	181.09	m_a g	194.11	m_a g
											m_b g	159.11	m_b g	147.49	m_b g	155.73	m_b g
											m_c g	27.21	m_c g	32.64	m_c g	33.06	m_c g
											w %	30.87	w %	29.26	w %	31.29	w %
											No.	E-131	No.	C-5	No.	E-140	No.
											m_a g	198.54	m_a g	206.69	m_a g	202.33	m_a g
											m_b g	162.18	m_b g	165.42	m_b g	163.72	m_b g
											m_c g	42.83	m_c g	24.72	m_c g	40.19	m_c g
											w %	30.47	w %	29.33	w %	31.26	w %
										Mean	w = 30.668 %	Mean	w = 29.294 %	Mean	w = 31.3 %	Mean	w = %

Sketch of test hole										Mean value	Moisture content		w =	30.4	%
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		Bulk density		$\rho_t =$	1.74	g/cm ³
											Dry density		$\rho_d =$	1.33	g/cm ³
											Max. Grain size		2 mm		
											Method of moisture content test		Oven drying		

Remarks:

DENSITY OF SOIL IN PLACE BY SAND - CONE METHOD (1)

Project Name	Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanma	Date	31.10.13
Location	Near Dawnye in Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region	Operator	T H & K H A
Point No. & Depth:	End Point (GL- 0.50 m)	Apparatus No.	3

1.Determination of volume of apparatus

Test No.	1	2	3	4	5
Mass of apparatus with water m_2 g	6856	6856	6856		
Mass of apparatus m_1 g	2528	2528	2528		
Mass of water in apparatus $m_2 - m_1$ g	4328	4328	4328		
Water temperature t °C	29	29	29		
Volume of water of 1g at t °C K cm³/g	1.00405	1.00405	1.00405		
Volume of apparatus ⁽¹⁾ V_1 cm³	4346	4346	4346		
Mean value	$V_1 = 4346$ cm ³				

2.Determination of bulk density of sand for test

Test No.	1	2	3	4	5
Mass of apparatus with sand m_3 g	8520	8522	8520		
Mass of apparatus m_1 g	2528	2528	2528		
Mass of sand in apparatus $m_4 = m_3 - m_1$ g	5992	5994	5992		
Bulk density of sand for testing ⁽²⁾ ρ_s g/cm³	1.379	1.379	1.379		
Mean value	$\rho_s = 1.379$ g/cm ³				

3.Determination of mass of sand required to fill the funnel

Test No.	1	2	3	4	5
Mass of apparatus and sand m_3 g	8508	8516	8508		
Mass of apparatus and remaining sand m_5 g	7044	7050	7042		
Mass of sand required to fill funnel $m_6 = m_3 - m_5$ g	1464	1466	1466		
Mean value	$m_s = 1465$ g				

Remarks:

Density Check by 2000cm³ Container

Mass of apparatus and sand 8504 g

Mass of apparatus and remaining sand 4280 g

Mass of sand required to fill funnel 1465 g

Volume of container 2000 cm³

Bulk density of sand for testing 1.380 g/cm³

(1) $V_1 = K (m_2 - m_1) \text{ cm}^3$

(2) $\rho_s = m_4 / V_1 \text{ g/cm}^3$

DENSITY OF SOIL IN PLACED BY SAND - CONE METHOD (2)

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement Date 31.10.13
of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar
 Location Near Dawnyein Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region Operator T H & K H A
 Point No. & Depth: End Point (GL- 0.5 m)

Apparatus No. 3 Soil name Silty clay Weather cloudy
 Bulk density of sand $\rho_s =$ 1.379 g/cm³ Mass of sand required to fill the funnel $m_6 =$ 1465 g

Test hole No.	No. T-1	No. T-2	No. T-3	No.
Container No.	-	-	-	
Mass (removed soil + container) g	-	-	-	
Mass of container g	-	-	-	
Mass of removed soil m_r g	2366	2532	2774	
Dry mass of removed soil $m_o = \frac{100 m_r}{w+100}$ g	1802	1919	2111	
Max. grain size mm	2	2	2	
Mass of apparatus with sand m_3 g	7528	7528	7528	
Mass of apparatus with remaining sand m_8 g	4286	4172	4034	
Mass of sand in hole & funnel $m_9 = m_3 - m_8$ g	3242	3356	3494	
Mass of sand in test hole $m_{10} = m_9 - m_6$ g	1777	1891	2029	
Volume of test hole $v_o = \frac{m_{10}}{\rho_s}$ cm ³	1288.3	1371.0	1471.1	
Bulk density $\rho_t = \frac{m_r}{v_o}$ g /cm ³	1.84	1.85	1.89	
Dry density $\rho_d = \frac{m_o}{v_o}$ g /cm ³	1.40	1.40	1.44	

Sketch of testing point												Moisture content	No.	C-2	No.	M-3	No.	E-107	No.		
													m_a g	186.02	m_a g	214.82	m_a g	197.36	m_a g		
													m_b g	149.42	m_b g	171.09	m_b g	158.07	m_b g		
													m_c g	31.85	m_c g	33.20	m_c g	33.38	m_c g		
													w %	31.13	w %	31.71	w %	31.51	w %		
													No.	E-109	No.	C-508	No.	B-10	No.		
													m_a g	173.69	m_a g	231.96	m_a g	214.73	m_a g		
													m_b g	139.56	m_b g	182.83	m_b g	173.38	m_b g		
													m_c g	30.94	m_c g	30.18	m_c g	41.28	m_c g		
													w %	31.42	w %	32.18	w %	31.30	w %		
													Mean		Mean		Mean		Mean		
													w =	31.276	%	w =	31.949	%	w =	31.4	%

Sketch of test hole												Mean value	Moisture content		w =		31.5		%	
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		Bulk density		$\rho_t =$		1.86		g/cm ³	
													Dry density		$\rho_d =$		1.41		g/cm ³	
													Max. Grain size				2		mm	
													Method of moisture content test				Oven drying			

Remarks:

SUMMARY OF SOIL TEST RESULTS

Project Name : Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar						
Borehole No. -			Location : Near Myogone and Dawnyein Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region			
Sample No.			Start Point	End Point		
Depth (m)			GL - 0.50 m ~ -	GL - 0.50 m ~ -	~	~
Moisture Content w %			30.41	31.54		
Bulk Density ρ_t g/cm ³			1.737	1.856		
Atterberg's Limit	Liquid Limit WL %		56.65	40.00		
	Plastic Limit WP %		22.65	21.88		
	Plasticity Index IP %		34.00	18.12		
Grain Size Analysis	Gravel, (76.20 ~ 4.75) mm %		-	-		
	Sand, (4.75 ~ 0.075) mm %		0.88	1.30		
	Silt, (0.075 ~ 0.005) mm %		52.33	62.30		
	Clay, (< 0.005 mm) %		46.80	36.40		
Specific Gravity of Soil G _s (20°C)			2.721	2.706		
Unconfined Compression	Unconfined Compressive Strength q _u kgf/cm ²		-	-		
			-	-		
			-	-		
	Failure Strain ϵ_f %		-	-		
			-	-		
			-	-		
Compaction Test	Maximum Dry Density ρ_d t/m ³		1.586	1.666		
	Optimum Moisture Content W _{opt} %		22.00	19.00		
Direct Shear Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²		-	-		
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree		-	-		
California Bearing Ratio Test	CBR Value %		-	-		
Consolidation	Initial Void Ratio e ₀		-	-		
	Conso. Yield Stress P _y kgf/cm ²		-	-		
	Compression Index C _c		-	-		
Soil Classification (ASTM D 2487 - 06)		Group Symbol	CH	CL		
		Group Name	Fat clay	Lean clay		
NOTE Data used for reference are shown by red color.						

TEST FOR MOISTURE CONTENT OF SOIL

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Date 1.11.13
Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar
 Location Near Myogone Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region Operator H M A, C M A
 Test Point No. Start Point

Sample No. & Depth	Measurement of Moisture Content			Mean moisture content
No. T-1	No. M-4	No. BD-21	No. E-131	
GL- 0.5 m	m _a 207.46 m _b 167.05 m _c 32.28	m _a 199.83 m _b 159.11 m _c 27.21	m _a 198.54 m _b 162.18 m _c 42.83	
~ m	m _w 40.41 m _s 134.77	m _w 40.72 m _s 131.90	m _w 36.36 m _s 119.35	w = 30.44 %
	w = 29.98 %	w = 30.87 %	w = 30.47 %	
No. T-2	No. M-1	No. C-5	No. C-521	
GL- 0.5 m	m _a 181.09 m _b 147.49 m _c 32.64	m _a 206.69 m _b 165.42 m _c 24.72	m _a 203.48 m _b 164.23 m _c 31.19	
~ m	m _w 33.60 m _s 114.85	m _w 41.27 m _s 140.70	m _w 39.25 m _s 133.04	w = 29.36 %
	w = 29.26 %	w = 29.33 %	w = 29.50 %	
No. T-3	No. BD-23	No. CB-37	No. E-140	
GL- 0.5 m	m _a 201.22 m _b 159.56 m _c 25.42	m _a 194.11 m _b 155.73 m _c 33.06	m _a 202.33 m _b 163.72 m _c 40.19	
~ m	m _w 41.66 m _s 134.14	m _w 38.38 m _s 122.67	m _w 38.61 m _s 123.53	w = 31.20 %
	w = 31.06 %	w = 31.29 %	w = 31.26 %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	

Remark: Moisture Content $w = \frac{m_a - m_b}{m_b - m_c} \times 100 = \frac{m_w}{m_s} \times 100 (\%)$

m_a= mass of moist soil and container (g)

m_b= mass of dried soil and container (g)

m_c= mass of container (g)

m_w= mass of moisture in soil (g)

m_s= mass of dried soil (g)

TEST FOR MOISTURE CONTENT OF SOIL

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Date 1.11.13
Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar
 Location Near Myogone Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region Operator H M A, C M A
 Test Point No. Start Point

Sample No. & Depth	Measurement of Moisture Content			Mean moisture content
No. T-1	No. M-4	No. BD-21	No. E-131	
GL- 0.5 m	m _a 207.46 m _b 167.05 m _c 32.28	m _a 199.83 m _b 159.11 m _c 27.21	m _a 198.54 m _b 162.18 m _c 42.83	
~ m	m _w 40.41 m _s 134.77	m _w 40.72 m _s 131.90	m _w 36.36 m _s 119.35	w = 30.44 %
	w = 29.98 %	w = 30.87 %	w = 30.47 %	
No. T-2	No. M-1	No. C-5	No. C-521	
GL- 0.5 m	m _a 181.09 m _b 147.49 m _c 32.64	m _a 206.69 m _b 165.42 m _c 24.72	m _a 203.48 m _b 164.23 m _c 31.19	
~ m	m _w 33.60 m _s 114.85	m _w 41.27 m _s 140.70	m _w 39.25 m _s 133.04	w = 29.36 %
	w = 29.26 %	w = 29.33 %	w = 29.50 %	
No. T-3	No. BD-23	No. CB-37	No. E-140	
GL- 0.5 m	m _a 201.22 m _b 159.56 m _c 25.42	m _a 194.11 m _b 155.73 m _c 33.06	m _a 202.33 m _b 163.72 m _c 40.19	
~ m	m _w 41.66 m _s 134.14	m _w 38.38 m _s 122.67	m _w 38.61 m _s 123.53	w = 31.20 %
	w = 31.06 %	w = 31.29 %	w = 31.26 %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	
No. m	No. m	No. m	No. m	
~ m	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	m _a m _b m _c m _s	w = %
	w = %	w = %	w = %	

Remark: Moisture Content $w = \frac{m_a - m_b}{m_b - m_c} \times 100 = \frac{m_w}{m_s} \times 100 (\%)$

m_a= mass of moist soil and container (g)

m_b= mass of dried soil and container (g)

m_c= mass of container (g)

m_w= mass of moisture in soil (g)

m_s= mass of dried soil (g)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY TEST

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Date 6.11.13
Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar
 Location Near Myogon and Dawnye in Village, Pyapon Township, Operator H.S. C M A
Irrawaddy Region

I Calibration of Pycnometer

Number of measurement		1	2	3	1	2	3
Number of Pycnometer		4	8	10	198	199	200
Mass of Pycnometer	m_f g	47.492	46.917	46.341	44.551	57.258	48.967
Mass of (distilled water + pycnometer)	m_a g	150.697	151.273	148.677	138.357	154.163	149.308
Temperature of water	T' °C	27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5
Density of water at T' °C	$\frac{G_T^{(Table)}}{G_{T'}}$	1.00067	1.00067	1.00067	1.00067	1.00067	1.00067
Density of water at T °C							
$m_a' - m_f$	g	103.205	104.356	102.336	93.806	96.905	100.341
(1) $\frac{G_T}{G_{T'}} \times (m_a' - m_f)$	g	103.275	104.426	102.405	93.869	96.970	100.409
Convert mass of (water + pycnometer) at T' °C	$m_a = (1) + m_f$ g	150.767	151.343	148.746	138.420	154.228	149.376

II Specific Gravity Test

Sample No. & Depth		No. Start Point (GL-0.50) m			No. End Point (GL-0.50) m		
Number of measurement		1	2	3	1	2	3
Number of pycnometer		4	8	10	198	199	200
Mass of (oven-dried or wet soil + water + pycnometer)	m_b g	158.843	159.262	156.373	146.269	162.298	157.414
Temperature of contents in pycnometer	T °C	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
Mass of oven - dried soil in pycnometer m_s g	No. of container	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Mass of (oven-dried soil + container) g	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Mass of container	-	-	-	-	-	-
	m_s g	12.767	12.505	12.049	12.444	12.798	12.735
Converted mass of (water + pycnometer) at T' °C	m_a g	150.767	151.343	148.746	138.420	154.228	149.376
$m_s + (m_a - m_b)$	g	4.691	4.586	4.422	4.595	4.728	4.697
Gs at T °C , $G_s (T \text{ °C} / T \text{ °C}) = \frac{m_s}{m_s + (m_a - m_b)}$		2.722	2.727	2.725	2.708	2.707	2.712
Correction factor (Table)	K	0.99790	0.99790	0.99790	0.99790	0.99790	0.99790
Gs at 15 °C $G_s (T \text{ °C} / 15 \text{ °C}) = K . G_s (T \text{ °C} / T \text{ °C})$		2.716	2.721	2.719	2.702	2.701	2.706
Mean Value		$G_s (T \text{ °C} / 15 \text{ °C}) = 2.719$			$G_s (T \text{ °C} / 15 \text{ °C}) = 2.703$		
Correction factor 20 °C (Table)	K'	0.99884	0.99884	0.99884	0.99884	0.99884	0.99884
Gs at 20 °C $G_s (T \text{ °C} / 20 \text{ °C}) = K'. G_s (T \text{ °C} / T \text{ °C})$		2.719	2.723	2.722	2.705	2.704	2.708
Mean Value		$G_s (T \text{ °C} / 20 \text{ °C}) = 2.721$			$G_s (T \text{ °C} / 20 \text{ °C}) = 2.706$		

Remarks :

PARTICLE SIZE ANALYSIS TEST (For Hydrometer Test)

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Date 7.11.13
Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar
 Location Near Myogon Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region Operator T T H, A S M
 Sample No. Start Point, (GL- 0.5 m)

Mass of (Air-Dried Soil + Cont:) = _____ g Specific Gravity G_s = 2.719
 Mass of Container No. () = _____ g Plasticity Index I_p = 34.00
 Mass of Air - Dried Soil m_s = _____ g Dispersing Agent 100ml of Na_2SiO_3
 $\frac{m_2}{m_o}$ = _____

1. Measurement of Moisture Content of Air - Dried Soil

No. _____ m_a _____ m_b _____ m_c _____ m_w _____ W = _____ %	No. _____ m_a _____ m_b _____ m_c _____ m_w _____ W = _____ %	No. _____ m_a _____ m_b _____ m_c _____ m_w _____ W = _____ %	Mean Moisture Content w = _____ %
--	--	--	--

$$\text{Mass of Dry Soil } m_{so} = \frac{100 m_s}{100 + w} = \frac{40.00}{100 + w} \text{ g}$$

2. Hydrometer Test Container No. BO-2 Cylinder No. G Hydrometer No. 198

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Measured Time	Elapsed Time min	Reading of Hydro:		Water Temp: °C	Effective Depth L mm	$\frac{L}{60t}$ mm/s	$\sqrt{\frac{L}{60t}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{0.018 \eta}{(Gs-1) \rho_w}}$	Particle Size 7 x 8 mm	Correct: factor F	r' + F	P (11) x M %	Corrected P P x m2/m1 %
		Decimal Place	r' 2 + Cm										
9:30													
9:31	1	0.0235	0.0221	25.0	130.7112	2.17852	1.47598	0.03088	0.04558	0.0018	0.0239	94.24	
9:32	2	0.0222	0.0208	25.0	133.0343	1.10862	1.05291	0.03088	0.03252	0.0018	0.0226	89.11	
9:35	5	0.0200	0.0186	25.0	136.9657	0.45655	0.67569	0.03088	0.02087	0.0018	0.0204	80.44	
9:45	15	0.0175	0.0161	25.0	141.4332	0.15715	0.39642	0.03088	0.01224	0.0018	0.0179	70.58	
10:00	30	0.0155	0.0141	25.0	145.0072	0.08056	0.28383	0.03088	0.00877	0.0018	0.0159	62.69	
10:30	60	0.0130	0.0116	25.0	149.4747	0.04152	0.20377	0.03088	0.00629	0.0018	0.0134	52.84	
13:30	240	0.0090	0.0076	25.0	156.6227	0.01088	0.10429	0.03088	0.00322	0.0018	0.0094	37.06	
9:30	1440	0.0054	0.0040	25.0	163.0559	0.00189	0.04344	0.03088	0.00134	0.0018	0.0058	22.87	

$$\frac{1}{m_{so}/V} = \frac{25.000}{\text{cm}^3/\text{g}} \quad \frac{G_s}{(G_s - 1)} \times \rho_w = \frac{1.5772}{\text{g/cm}^3} \quad M = \frac{100}{m_{so}/V} \times \frac{G_s}{(G_s - 1)} \times \rho_w = \frac{3943.001}{0.0008}$$

m_{so} / V : Mass of dry soil per 1 ml of suspension Meniscus correction C_m _____

3. Sieve Analysis

Sieve Size (μm)	Container No.	(Retained Soil + Cont :) Mass (g)	Container Mass (g)	Retained Soil Mass (g)	Retained (%)	Accumulative (%)	Accumulative P (%)	Corrected P P x m_2/m_0 (%)
							100.00	
850				0.01	0.03	0.03	99.98	
425				0.02	0.05	0.08	99.93	
250				0.03	0.08	0.15	99.85	
105				0.22	0.55	0.70	99.30	
75				0.07	0.18	0.88	99.13	

Remarks:

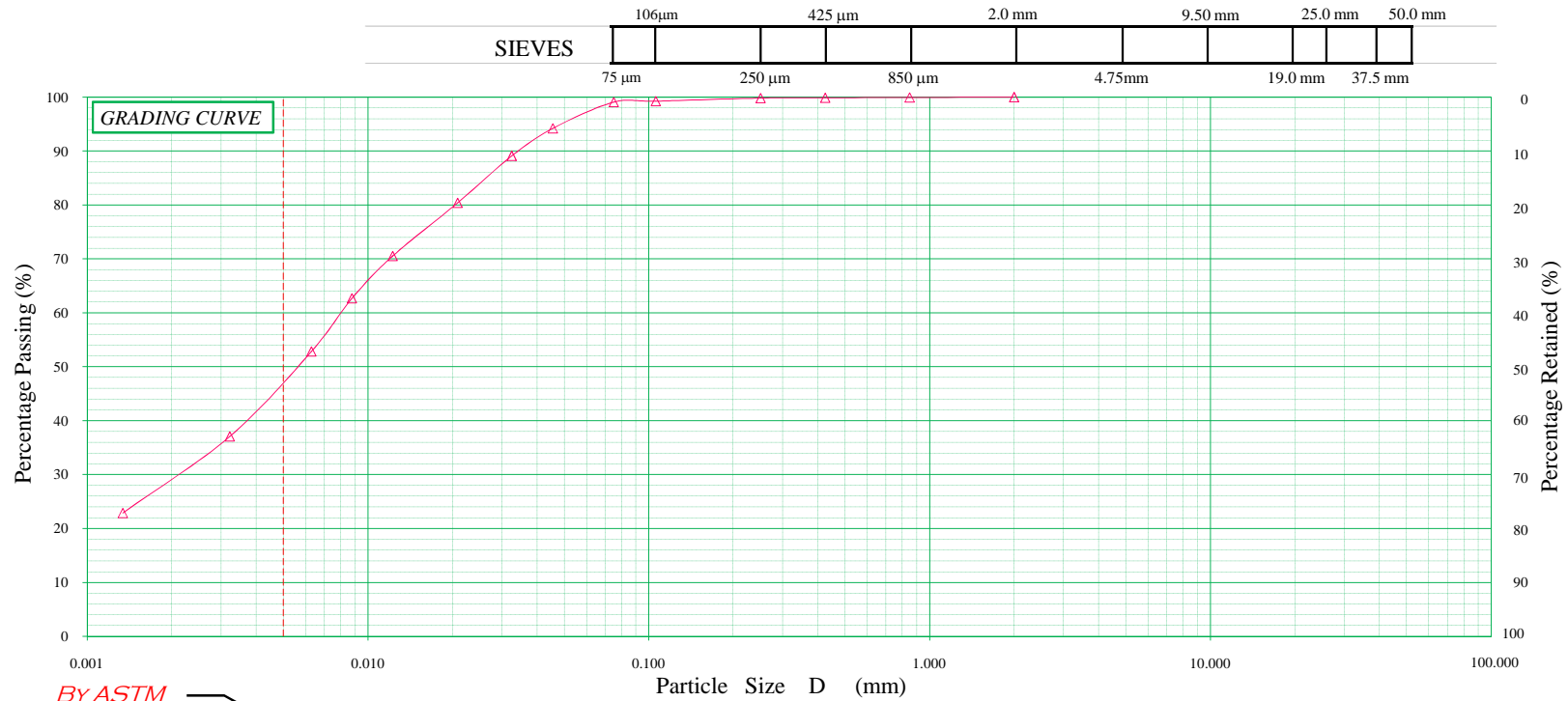
PARTICLE SIZE ANALYSIS TEST (Grain Size Distribution Curve)

SAMPLE No. Start Point, (GL- 0.5 m)

DATE: 7.11.13

PROJECT: Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for
Improvement of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in

LOCATION: Near Myogon Village, Pyapon Township,
Irrawaddy Region



Colloids	Fines (Clay)	Fines (Silt)	Fine Sand	Medium Sand	Coarse Sand	Fine Gravel	Coarse Gravel	Cobble
	0.005	0.075	0.425	2.0	4.75	19.00	75.00	

Remarks:	Gravel(%) = -	Silt(%) = 52.33	TEST BY: T T H, A S M
	Sand(%) = 0.88	Clay(%) = 46.80	CHECK BY: T H

PARTICLE SIZE ANALYSIS TEST (For Hydrometer Test)

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Date 7.11.13
Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar
 Location Near Dawnye Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region Operator T T H, H M A
 Sample No. End Point, (GL- 0.5 m)

Mass of (Air-Dried Soil + Cont:) = _____ g Specific Gravity G_s = 2.703
 Mass of Container No. () = _____ g Plasticity Index I_p = 18.12
 Mass of Air - Dried Soil m_s = _____ g Dispersing Agent 100ml of Na_2SiO_3
 $\frac{m_2}{m_o} =$ _____

1. Measurement of Moisture Content of Air - Dried Soil

No. _____ m_a _____ m_b _____ m_c _____ m_w _____ W = _____ %	No. _____ m_a _____ m_b _____ m_c _____ m_w _____ W = _____ %	No. _____ m_a _____ m_b _____ m_c _____ m_w _____ W = _____ %	Mean Moisture Content w = _____ %
--	--	--	--

$$\text{Mass of Dry Soil } m_{so} = \frac{100 m_s}{100 + w} = \frac{40.00}{100 + w} \text{ g}$$

2. Hydrometer Test Container No. BO-16 Cylinder No. H Hydrometer No. 198

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Measured Time	Elapsed Time min	Reading of Hydro:		Water Temp: °C	Effective Depth L mm	$\frac{L}{60t}$ mm/s	$\sqrt{\frac{L}{60t}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{0.018 \eta}{(Gs-1) \rho_w}}$	Particle Size 7 x 8 mm	Correct: factor F	r' + F	P (11) x M %	Corrected P P x m ₂ /m ₁ %
		Decimal Place	r' 2 + Cm										
9:36													
9:37	1	0.0215	0.0201	25.0	134.3345	2.23891	1.49630	0.03102	0.04642	0.0018	0.0219	86.64	
9:38	2	0.0190	0.0176	25.0	138.8020	1.15668	1.07549	0.03102	0.03337	0.0018	0.0194	76.75	
9:41	5	0.0160	0.0146	25.0	144.1630	0.48054	0.69321	0.03102	0.02151	0.0018	0.0164	64.88	
9:51	15	0.0130	0.0116	25.0	149.5240	0.16614	0.40760	0.03102	0.01265	0.0018	0.0134	53.01	
10:06	30	0.0110	0.0096	25.0	153.0980	0.08505	0.29164	0.03102	0.00905	0.0018	0.0114	45.10	
10:36	60	0.0100	0.0086	25.0	154.8850	0.04302	0.20742	0.03102	0.00644	0.0018	0.0104	41.15	
13:36	240	0.0070	0.0056	25.0	160.2460	0.01113	0.10549	0.03102	0.00327	0.0018	0.0074	29.28	
9:36	1440	0.0045	0.0031	25.0	164.7135	0.00191	0.04366	0.03102	0.00135	0.0018	0.0049	19.39	

$$\frac{1}{m_{so}/V} = \frac{25.000}{\text{cm}^3/\text{g}} \quad \frac{G_s}{(G_s - 1)} \times \rho_w = \frac{1.5825}{\text{g/cm}^3} \quad M = \frac{100}{m_{so}/V} \times \frac{G_s}{(G_s - 1)} \times \rho_w = \frac{3956.319}{0.0008}$$

m_{so}/V : Mass of dry soil per 1 ml of suspension Meniscus correction C_m _____

3. Sieve Analysis

Sieve Size (μm)	Container No.	(Retained Soil + Cont :) Mass (g)	Container Mass (g)	Retained Soil Mass (g)	Retained (%)	Accumulative (%)	Accumulative P (%)	Corrected P P x m ₂ /m ₀ (%)
							100.00	
850				0.02	0.05	0.05	99.95	
425				0.02	0.05	0.10	99.90	
250				0.03	0.08	0.18	99.83	
105				0.22	0.55	0.73	99.28	
75				0.23	0.58	1.30	98.70	

Remarks:

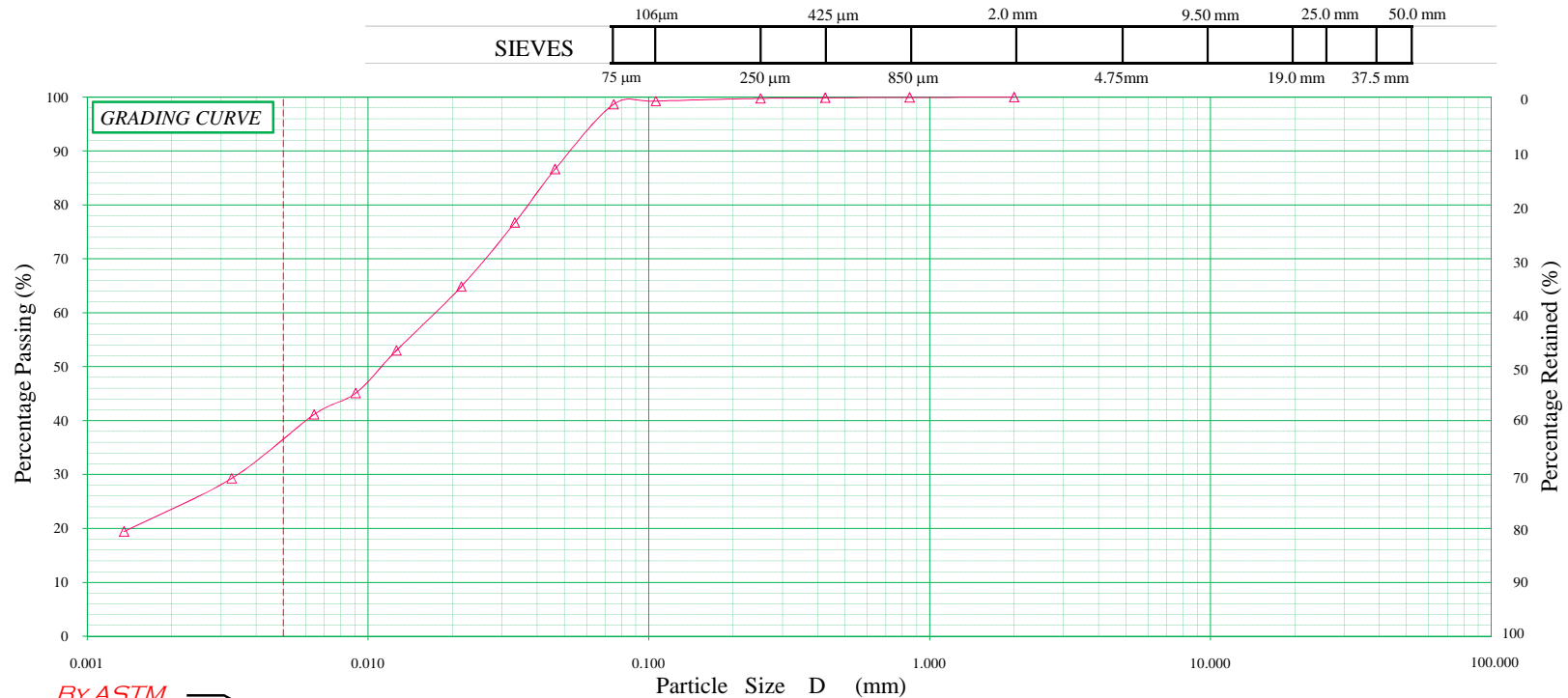
PARTICLE SIZE ANALYSIS TEST (Grain Size Distribution Curve)

SAMPLE No. End Point, (GL- 0.5 m)

DATE: 7.11.13

PROJECT: Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for
Improvement of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in

LOCATION: Near Dawnye in Village, Pyapon Township,
Irrawaddy Region



By ASTM

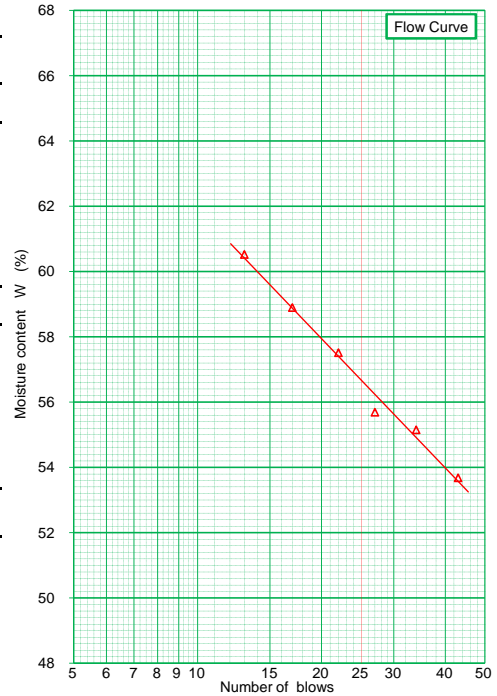
Colloids	Fines (Clay)	Fines (Silt)	Fine Sand	Medium Sand	Coarse Sand	Fine Gravel	Coarse Gravel	Cobble
	0.005	0.075	0.425	2.0	4.75	19.00	75.00	

Remarks:	Gravel(%) = -				Silt(%) = 62.30				TEST BY:	T T H, H M A
	Sand(%) = 1.30				Clay(%) = 36.40				CHECK BY:	T H

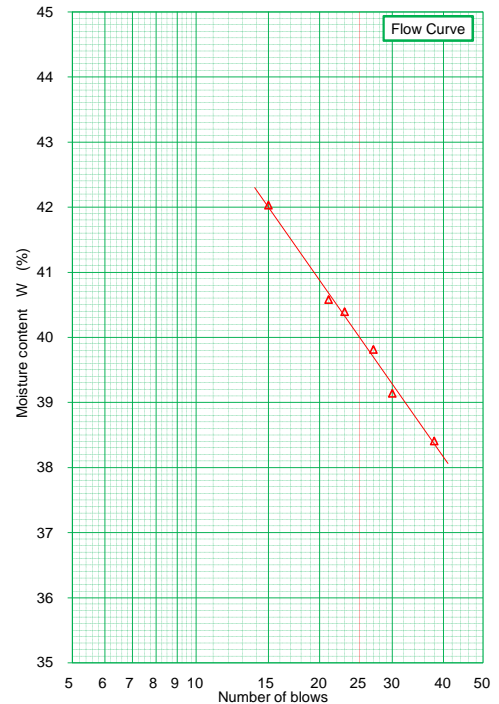
ATTERBERG'S LIMITS TEST

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar Date 7.11.13
 Location Near Myogone and Dawnyein Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region Operator Y Y S

Sample No. & Depth		Start point (GL- 0.50 m)	
LIQUID LIMIT TEST			
Number of blows	43	Number of blows	34
No. A123		No. A80	
m _a 31.30 m _b 23.85		m _a 33.49 m _b 25.51	
m _b 23.85 m _c 9.97		m _b 25.51 m _c 11.04	
m _w 7.45 m _s 13.88		m _w 7.98 m _s 14.47	
w= 53.67 %		w= 55.15 %	
Number of blows	22	Number of blows	17
No. A-84		No. A-17	
m _a 28.06 m _b 21.40		m _a 36.41 m _b 28.53	
m _b 21.40 m _c 9.82		m _b 28.53 m _c 15.15	
m _w 6.66 m _s 11.58		m _w 7.88 m _s 13.38	
w= 57.51 %		w= 58.89 %	
Number of blows	13	Number of blows	13
No. A-6		No. A-6	
m _a 36.28 m _b 28.80		m _a 36.28 m _b 28.80	
m _b 28.80 m _c 16.44		m _b 28.80 m _c 16.44	
m _w 7.48 m _s 12.36		m _w 7.48 m _s 12.36	
w= 60.52 %		w= 60.52 %	
PLASTIC LIMIT TEST			
No. 22		No.	No.
m _a 42.66 m _b 38.26		m _a m _b	m _a m _b
m _b 38.26 m _c 18.83		m _b m _c	m _b m _c
m _w 4.40 m _s 19.43		m _w m _s	m _w m _s
w= 22.65 %		w= %	w= %
Liquid limit WL	56.65 %	Plastic limit WP	22.65 %
		Plasticity index IP	34.00
			Remarks:



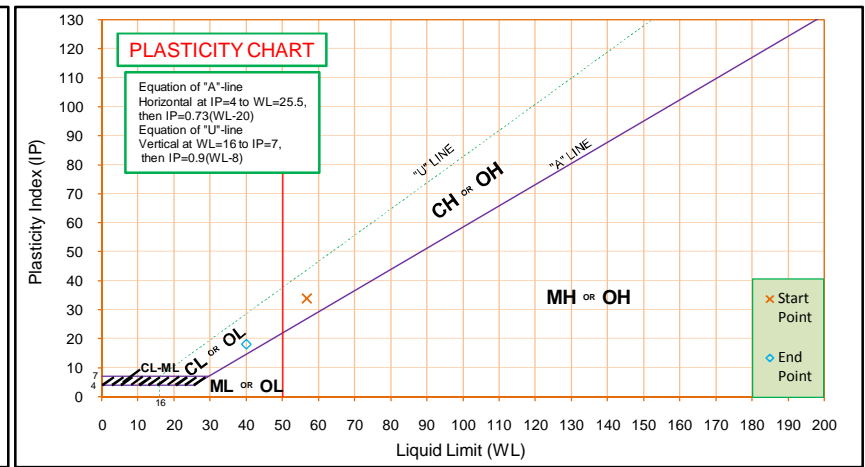
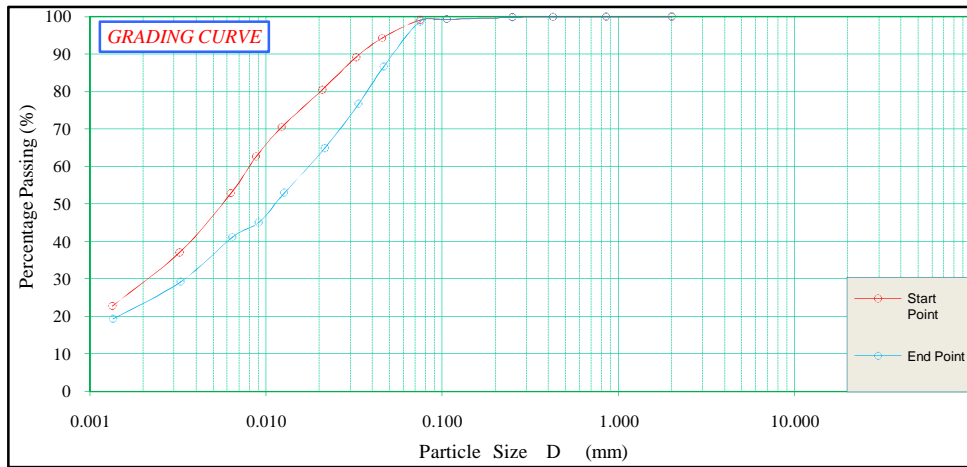
Sample No. & Depth		End point (GL- 0.50 m)	
LIQUID LIMIT TEST			
Number of blows	38	Number of blows	30
No. A-38		No. A-47	
m _a 35.93 m _b 31.01		m _a 35.04 m _b 28.97	
m _b 31.01 m _c 18.20		m _b 28.97 m _c 13.46	
m _w 4.92 m _s 12.81		m _w 6.07 m _s 15.51	
w= 38.41 %		w= 39.14 %	
Number of blows	23	Number of blows	21
No. A-17		No. A-22	
m _a 36.87 m _b 31.09		m _a 39.08 m _b 32.47	
m _b 31.09 m _c 16.78		m _b 32.47 m _c 16.18	
m _w 5.78 m _s 14.31		m _w 6.61 m _s 16.29	
w= 40.39 %		w= 40.58 %	
Number of blows	15	Number of blows	15
No. A-127		No. A-127	
m _a 39.47 m _b 32.96		m _a 39.47 m _b 32.96	
m _b 32.96 m _c 17.47		m _b 32.96 m _c 17.47	
m _w 6.51 m _s 15.49		m _w 6.51 m _s 15.49	
w= 42.03 %		w= 42.03 %	
PLASTIC LIMIT TEST			
No. 39		No.	No.
m _a 39.04 m _b 35.24		m _a m _b	m _a m _b
m _b 35.24 m _c 17.87		m _b m _c	m _b m _c
m _w 3.80 m _s 17.37		m _w m _s	m _w m _s
w= 21.88 %		w= %	w= %
Liquid limit WL	40.00 %	Plastic limit WP	21.88 %
		Plasticity index IP	18.12
			Remarks:



SOIL CLASSIFICATION

Project Name: Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement Sheet No. 1 of 1 Date 12.11.13
of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar Soil Classification System Unified Soil Classification Classified by TH
 Location: Near Myogone and Dawnyein Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region System of ASTM D 2487 - 06 Check by TH

Sample No. & Depth	Start Point (GL - 0.50)m	End Point (GL - 0.50)m						
Gravel (75.00 ~ 4.75) mm (%)	-	-						
Sand (4.75 ~ 0.075) mm (%)	0.88	1.30						
Silt (0.075 ~ 0.005) mm (%)	52.33	62.30						
Clay < 0.005 mm (%)	46.80	36.40						
Maximum Particle Diameter (mm)	2.00	2.00						
Coefficient of Uniformity (Cu)	-	-						
Coefficient of Curvature (Cc)	-	-						
Liquid Limit (WL) (%)	56.65	40.00						
Plastic Limit (WP) (%)	22.65	21.88						
Plasticity Index (IP)	34.00	18.12						
Classified Soil Name (Group Name)	Fat clay	Lean clay						
Classified symbol (Group Symbol)	CH	CL						



COMPACTION TESTS

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Road Date 16.11.13
 Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar
 Location Near Myogone Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region
 Sample No. & Depth Start Point (GL - 0.5 m) Operator T.H & S.O.P

Test Purpose : **Compaction Test** , CBR Test Testing Method :
 Compaction Method : **Class 1** , Class 2 , Other Preparation : **Dried** , Non - dried
 Moisture Content : Before dried 30.41 % After dried 2.64 % Sample Use : **Repeating** , Non - repeating
 Mold : No 1 Mass : (Mold , Baseplate , Spacer disc) Total 2.102 kg
 Volume : **10 cm Mold 1000 cm³** , 15 cm Mold 2209 cm³ , Other cm Mold cm³

Test Number	1	2	3	4
Mass (sample+mold) kg	3.828	3.932	4.034	4.040
Mass of specimen kg	1.726	1.830	1.932	1.938
Bulk density ρ_t t / m ³	1.726	1.830	1.932	1.938
Moisture Content	No. D-8	No. D-1	No. D-14	No. D-4
	m _a 104.60 m _b 91.71	m _a 97.08 m _b 83.29	m _a 105.81 m _b 88.65	m _a 99.35 m _b 81.18
	m _b 91.71 m _c 8.91	m _b 83.29 m _c 9.56	m _b 88.65 m _c 9.82	m _b 81.18 m _c 9.02
	m _w 12.89 m _s 82.80	m _w 13.79 m _s 73.73	m _w 17.16 m _s 78.83	m _w 18.17 m _s 72.16
	W 15.57 %	W 18.70 %	W 21.77 %	W 25.18 %
	No. D-19	No. D-10	No. D-22	No. D-18
	m _a 109.83 m _b 96.36	m _a 95.54 m _b 81.92	m _a 104.66 m _b 87.57	m _a 96.76 m _b 79.26
	m _b 96.36 m _c 9.67	m _b 81.92 m _c 9.44	m _b 87.57 m _c 9.60	m _b 79.26 m _c 9.94
	m _w 13.47 m _s 86.69	m _w 13.62 m _s 72.48	m _w 17.09 m _s 77.97	m _w 17.50 m _s 69.32
	W 15.54 %	W 18.79 %	W 21.92 %	W 25.25 %
Mean value w %	15.55	18.75	21.84	25.21
Dry density ρ_d t / m ³	1.494	1.541	1.586	1.548

Test Number	5	6	7	8
Mass (sample+mold) kg	4.018	3.990		
Mass of specimen kg	1.916	1.888		
Bulk density ρ_t t / m ³	1.916	1.888		
Moisture Content	No. D-2	No. D-20	No.	No.
	m _a 92.30 m _b 74.43	m _a 92.33 m _b 73.36	m _a	m _b
	m _b 74.43 m _c 9.79	m _b 73.36 m _c 9.36	m _b	m _c
	m _w 17.87 m _s 64.64	m _w 18.97 m _s 64.00	m _w	m _s
	W 27.65 %	W 29.64 %	W	W
	No. D-3	No. V-46	No.	No.
	m _a 95.42 m _b 76.76	m _a 102.97 m _b 81.00	m _a	m _b
	m _b 76.76 m _c 9.47	m _b 81.00 m _c 6.66	m _b	m _c
	m _w 18.66 m _s 67.29	m _w 21.97 m _s 74.34	m _w	m _s
	W 27.73 %	W 29.55 %	W	W
Mean value w %	27.69	29.60		
Dry density ρ_d t / m ³	1.501	1.457		

Remarks :

1 Other Compaction Method Mass of rammer Kg , Drop height cm , Blows per layer(.....)Layers

2 Dry Density $\rho_d = \frac{\rho_t}{w + 100} \times 100$ t / m³

COMPACTION TESTS

Project Name Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Road Date 16.11.13

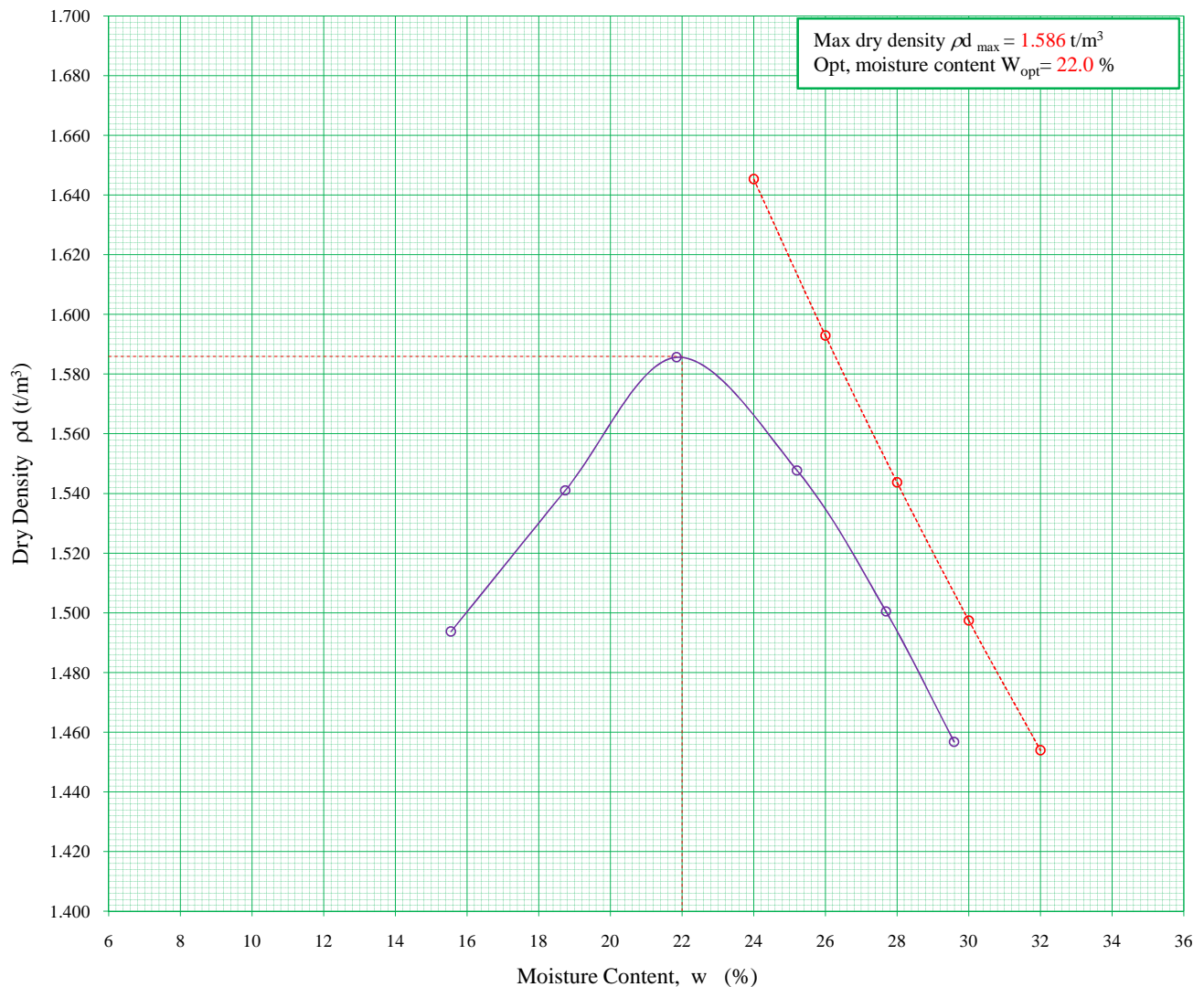
Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar

Location Near Myogone Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region

Sample No. & Depth Start Point (GL - 0.5 m) Operator T.H & S.O.P

Test Purpose Compaction Test, CBR Test
 Testing Method -
 Compaction Method Class 1, Class 2, Other
 Mold 10 cm, 15 cm, cm
 Max. Grain Size 2.00 mm
 Moisture Content Before drying 30.41 %, After drying 2.64 %
 Specific Gravity 2.719
 Sample Preparation Drying, Non-drying
 Sample Use Repeating, Non-Repeating

Test Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Dry Density ρ_d t/m ³	1.494	1.541	1.586	1.548	1.501	1.457		
Moisture Content w %	15.55	18.75	21.84	25.21	27.69	29.60		



Remarks: Other compaction method Mass of rammer kg Drop height cm, Blow per layer , () layers

Zero -air void curve $\rho_{d \text{ sat}} = \frac{1}{1/G_s + w/100} \times \rho_w \text{ (t/m}^3\text{)}$

COMPACTION TESTS

Project Name : Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Road Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar Date : 16.11.13

Location : Near Dawnyeain Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region

Sample No. & Depth : End Point (GL - 0.5 m) Operator : T.H & S.O.P

Test Purpose : **Compaction Test** , CBR Test Testing Method : _____

Compaction Method : **Class 1** , Class 2 , Other Preparation : **Dried** , Non - dried

Moisture Content : Before dried 31.54 % After dried 1.91 % Sample Use : **Repeating** , Non - repeating

Mold : No 1 Mass : (Mold , Baseplate , Spacer disc) Total 2.102 kg

Volume : **10 cm Mold 1000 cm³** , 15 cm Mold 2209 cm³ , Other _____ cm Mold _____ cm³

Test Number	1	2	3	4
Mass (sample+mold) kg	3.794	3.864	3.948	4.042
Mass of specimen kg	1.692	1.762	1.846	1.940
Bulk density ρ_t t / m ³	1.692	1.762	1.846	1.940
Moisture Content	No. <u>134</u>	No. <u>142</u>	No. <u>V-23</u>	No. <u>187</u>
	m _a <u>89.42</u> m _b <u>82.70</u>	m _a <u>84.47</u> m _b <u>76.63</u>	m _a <u>72.42</u> m _b <u>64.21</u>	m _a <u>91.01</u> m _b <u>79.00</u>
	m _b <u>82.70</u> m _c <u>9.23</u>	m _b <u>76.63</u> m _c <u>8.96</u>	m _b <u>64.21</u> m _c <u>7.23</u>	m _b <u>79.00</u> m _c <u>8.67</u>
	m _w <u>6.72</u> m _s <u>73.47</u>	m _w <u>7.84</u> m _s <u>67.67</u>	m _w <u>8.21</u> m _s <u>56.98</u>	m _w <u>12.01</u> m _s <u>70.33</u>
	W <u>9.15</u> %	W <u>11.59</u> %	W <u>14.41</u> %	W <u>17.08</u> %
	No. <u>147</u>	No. <u>231</u>	No. <u>141</u>	No. <u>192</u>
	m _a <u>81.92</u> m _b <u>75.70</u>	m _a <u>83.22</u> m _b <u>75.84</u>	m _a <u>92.38</u> m _b <u>81.96</u>	m _a <u>101.98</u> m _b <u>88.83</u>
	m _b <u>75.70</u> m _c <u>7.50</u>	m _b <u>75.84</u> m _c <u>12.48</u>	m _b <u>81.96</u> m _c <u>10.01</u>	m _b <u>88.83</u> m _c <u>12.38</u>
	m _w <u>6.22</u> m _s <u>68.20</u>	m _w <u>7.38</u> m _s <u>63.36</u>	m _w <u>10.42</u> m _s <u>71.95</u>	m _w <u>13.15</u> m _s <u>76.45</u>
	W <u>9.12</u> %	W <u>11.65</u> %	W <u>14.48</u> %	W <u>17.20</u> %
Mean value w %	9.13	11.62	14.45	17.14
Dry density ρ_d t / m ³	1.550	1.579	1.613	1.656

Test Number	5	6	7	8
Mass (sample+mold) kg	4.098	4.070	4.018	
Mass of specimen kg	1.996	1.968	1.916	
Bulk density ρ_t t / m ³	1.996	1.968	1.916	
Moisture Content	No. <u>V-75</u>	No. <u>V-1</u>	No. <u>V-24</u>	No. _____
	m _a <u>80.97</u> m _b <u>68.24</u>	m _a <u>89.40</u> m _b <u>73.48</u>	m _a <u>107.76</u> m _b <u>86.52</u>	m _a _____ m _b _____
	m _b <u>68.24</u> m _c <u>5.57</u>	m _b <u>73.48</u> m _c <u>6.08</u>	m _b <u>86.52</u> m _c <u>5.56</u>	m _b _____ m _c _____
	m _w <u>12.73</u> m _s <u>62.67</u>	m _w <u>15.92</u> m _s <u>67.40</u>	m _w <u>21.24</u> m _s <u>80.96</u>	m _w _____ m _s _____
	W <u>20.31</u> %	W <u>23.62</u> %	W <u>26.24</u> %	W _____ %
	No. <u>211</u>	No. <u>V-3</u>	No. <u>V-44</u>	No. _____
	m _a <u>80.66</u> m _b <u>68.63</u>	m _a <u>94.77</u> m _b <u>77.82</u>	m _a <u>106.82</u> m _b <u>85.91</u>	m _a _____ m _b _____
	m _b <u>68.63</u> m _c <u>9.07</u>	m _b <u>77.82</u> m _c <u>6.36</u>	m _b <u>85.91</u> m _c <u>6.03</u>	m _b _____ m _c _____
	m _w <u>12.03</u> m _s <u>59.56</u>	m _w <u>16.95</u> m _s <u>71.46</u>	m _w <u>20.91</u> m _s <u>79.88</u>	m _w _____ m _s _____
	W <u>20.20</u> %	W <u>23.72</u> %	W <u>26.18</u> %	W _____ %
Mean value w %	20.26	23.67	26.21	
Dry density ρ_d t / m ³	1.660	1.591	1.518	

Remarks :

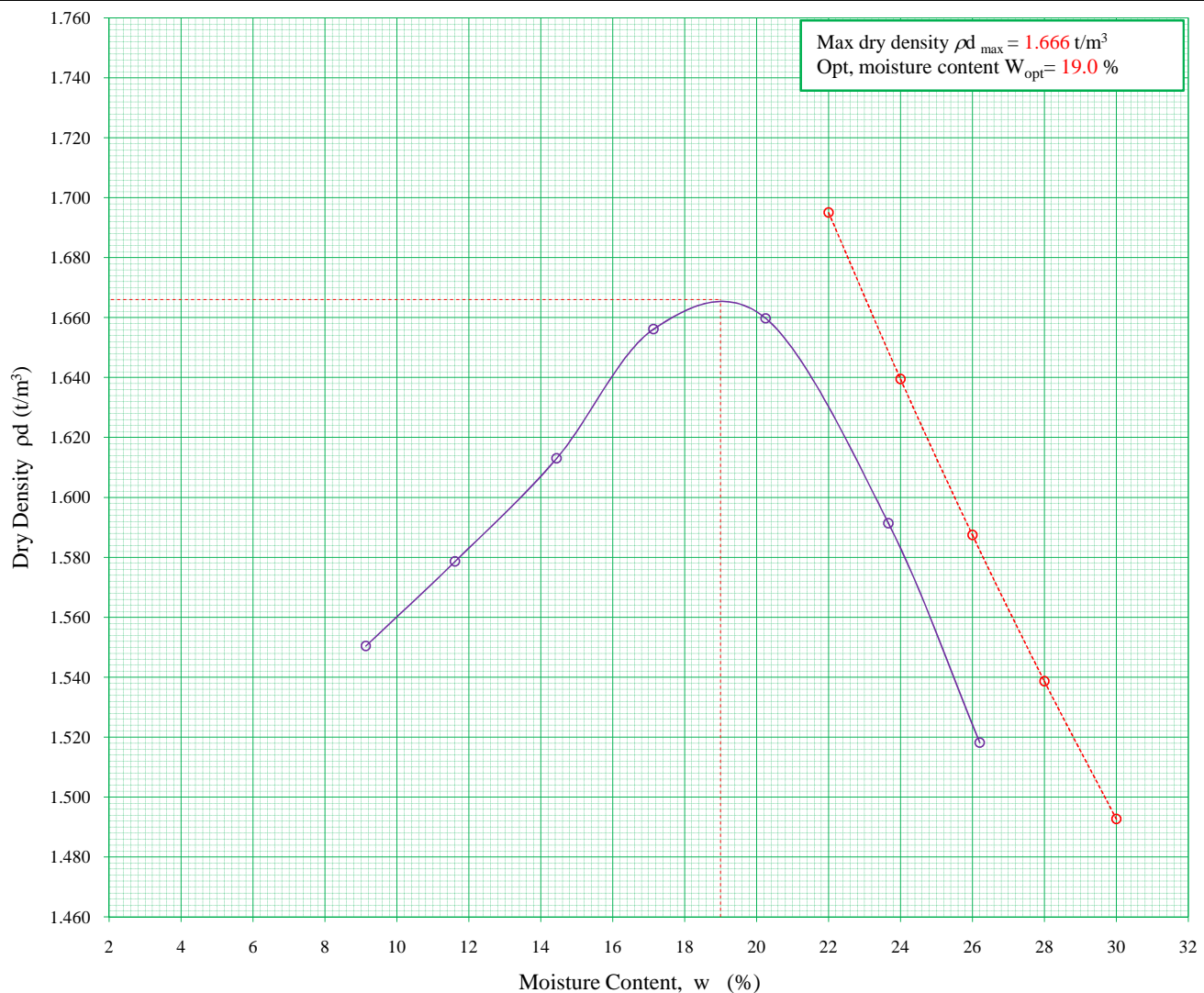
1 Other Compaction Method Mass of rammer _____ Kg , Drop height _____ cm , Blows per layer(.....)Layers

2 Dry Density $\rho_d = \frac{\rho_t}{w + 100} \times 100$ t / m³

Project Name	Subsurface Soil Investigation for The Project for Improvement of Road		Date	16.11.13
	Technology in Disaster Affected Area in Myanmar			
Location	Near Dawnyein Village, Pyapon Township, Irrawaddy Region			
Sample No. & Depth	End Point (GL - 0.5 m)		Operator	T.H & S.O.P

Test Purpose	Compaction Test , CBR Test	Moisture Content	Before drying <u>31.54 %</u> , After drying <u>1.91 %</u>
Testing Method	-	Specific Gravity	<u>2.703</u>
Compaction Method	Class 1 , Class 2 , Other	Sample Preparation	Drying , Non-drying
Mold	10 cm , 15 cm , cm	Sample Use	Repeating , Non-Repeating
Max . Grain Size	2.00 mm		

Test Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Dry Density ρ_d t/m ³	1.550	1.579	1.613	1.656	1.660	1.591	1.518	
Moisture Content w %	9.13	11.62	14.45	17.14	20.26	23.67	26.21	



Remarks: Other compaction method Mass of rammer _____ kg Drop height _____ cm, Blow per layer _____, () layers

$$\rho_{d\text{ sat}} = \frac{1}{1/G_s + w/100} \times \rho_w \text{ (t/m}^3\text{)}$$

APPENDIX “C”

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

SUMMARY OF SOIL TEST RESULTS

Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement of Myogone-Dawnyein Region							
Borehole No. BH-01			Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Division				
Sample No.			P-1	T-1	T-2	T-3	P-9
Depth (m)			1.00 ~ 1.50	3.00 ~ 3.80	6.00 ~ 6.50	9.00 ~ 9.80	12.00 ~ 12.50
Moisture Content w %			43.45	48.89	44.40	55.45	48.23
Bulk Density ρ_t g/cm ³			-	1.738	1.758	1.703	-
Atterberg's Limit	Liquid Limit WL %		69.50	48.27	36.10	59.80	50.07
	Plastic Limit WP %		26.86	30.36	23.52	23.98	22.23
	Plasticity Index IP %		42.64	17.91	12.58	35.82	27.84
Grain Size Analysis	Gravel, (76.20 ~ 4.75) mm %		-	-	-	-	-
	Sand, (4.75 ~ 0.075) mm %		0.25	16.90	2.04	1.05	1.85
	Silt, (0.075 ~ 0.005) mm %		57.35	58.80	76.26	48.95	58.45
	Clay, (< 0.005 mm) %		42.40	24.30	21.70	50.00	39.70
Specific Gravity of Soil G _s (20°C)			2.776	2.736	2.741	2.748	2.742
Unconfined Compression	Unconfined Compressive Strength q _u kgf/cm ²		-	0.315	0.373	0.501	-
			-	0.374	0.387	0.481	-
	Failure Strain ϵ_f %		-	4.54	6.27	5.14	-
			-	4.78	7.61	4.57	-
Direct Shear Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²		-	0.352	-	0.064	-
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree		-	16.96	-	35.75	-
Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²		-	-	-	-	-
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree		-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test (Measurement of Pore Pressure)	Cohesion C' kgf/cm ²		-	-	-	-	-
	Phi Angle ϕ' Degree		-	-	-	-	-
	Cohesion C kgf/cm ²		-	-	-	-	-
	Phi Angle ϕ Degree		-	-	-	-	-
Consolidation	Initial Void Ratio e ₀		-	1.560	1.340	1.320	-
	Conso. Yield Stress P _y kgf/cm ²		-	1.134	0.385	2.596	-
	Compression Index C _c		-	0.640	0.310	0.345	-
Soil Classification (ASTM D 2487 - 06)		Group Symbol	CH	ML	CL (or) ML	CH	CH
		Group Name	Fat clay	Silt with sand	Lean clay (or) Elastic silt	Fat clay	Fat clay
NOTE Data used for reference are shown by red color.							

SUMMARY OF SOIL TEST RESULTS

Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement of Myogone-Dawnyein Region						
Borehole No. BH-01		Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Division				
Sample No.		P-13	P-18	P-23	P-26	
Depth (m)		16.00 ~ 16.50	21.00 ~ 21.50	26.00 ~ 26.50	29.00 ~ 29.50	~
Moisture Content w %		37.52	49.99	30.79	41.01	
Bulk Density ρ_t g/cm ³		-	-	-	-	
Atterberg's Limit	Liquid Limit WL %	43.30	62.44	35.72	49.07	
	Plastic Limit WP %	19.53	23.68	18.94	21.00	
	Plasticity Index IP %	23.77	38.76	16.78	28.07	
Grain Size Analysis	Gravel, (76.20 ~ 4.75) mm %	-	-	-	-	
	Sand, (4.75 ~ 0.075) mm %	18.88	1.98	51.32	13.38	
	Silt, (0.075 ~ 0.005) mm %	52.13	48.73	30.58	52.63	
	Clay, (< 0.005 mm) %	29.00	49.30	18.10	34.00	
Specific Gravity of Soil G _s (20°C)		2.742	2.759	2.745	2.755	
Unconfined Compression	Unconfined Compressive Strength q _u kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
	Failure Strain ϵ_f %	-	-	-	-	
Direct Shear Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree	-	-	-	-	
Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree	-	-	-	-	
Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test (Measurement of Pore Pressure)	Cohesion C' kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Phi Angle ϕ' Degree	-	-	-	-	
	Cohesion C kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Phi Angle ϕ Degree	-	-	-	-	
Consolidation	Initial Void Ratio e ₀	-	-	-	-	
	Conso. Yield Stress P _y kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Compression Index C _c	-	-	-	-	
Soil Classification (ASTM D 2487 - 06)		Group Symbol	CL	CH	SC	CL
		Group Name	Lean clay with sand	Fat clay	Clayey sand	Lean clay
NOTE Data used for reference are shown by red color.						

SUMMARY OF SOIL TEST RESULTS

Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement of Myogone-Dawnyein Region							
Borehole No. BH-02			Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Division				
Sample No.			P-1	T-1	T-2	T-3	P-10
Depth (m)			1.00	3.00	6.00	9.00	13.00
			~	~	~	~	~
			1.50	3.80	6.64	9.80	13.50
Moisture Content w %			43.07	54.59	54.39	60.57	41.47
Bulk Density ρ_t g/cm ³			-	1.677	1.708	1.587	-
Atterberg's Limit	Liquid Limit WL %		68.28	65.70	68.20	75.34	45.30
	Plastic Limit WP %		25.65	27.53	26.90	39.11	22.35
	Plasticity Index IP %		42.63	38.17	41.30	36.23	22.95
Grain Size Analysis	Gravel, (76.20 ~ 4.75) mm %		-	-	-	-	-
	Sand, (4.75 ~ 0.075) mm %		0.72	1.53	0.92	1.95	6.85
	Silt, (0.075 ~ 0.005) mm %		60.58	54.68	53.08	58.45	62.05
	Clay, (< 0.005 mm) %		38.70	43.80	46.00	39.60	31.10
Specific Gravity of Soil G _s (20°C)			2.806	2.747	2.756	2.639	2.748
Unconfined Compression	Unconfined Compressive Strength q _u kgf/cm ²		-	0.350	0.508	0.669	-
			-	0.309	0.484	0.627	-
	Failure Strain ϵ_f %		-	6.79	3.69	8.40	-
			-	9.01	3.71	5.98	-
Direct Shear Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²		-	0.119	-	0.202	-
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree		-	12.24	-	8.53	-
Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²		-	-	-	-	-
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree		-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test (Measurement of Pore Pressure)	Cohesion C' kgf/cm ²		-	-	-	-	-
	Phi Angle ϕ' Degree		-	-	-	-	-
	Cohesion C kgf/cm ²		-	-	-	-	-
	Phi Angle ϕ Degree		-	-	-	-	-
Consolidation	Initial Void Ratio e ₀		-	1.810	1.510	1.520	-
	Conso. Yield Stress P _y kgf/cm ²		-	0.600	2.279	1.050	-
	Compression Index C _c		-	0.745	0.459	0.566	-
Soil Classification (ASTM D 2487 - 06)		Group Symbol	CH	CH	CH	MH	CL
		Group Name	Fat clay	Fat clay	Fat clay	Elastic silt	Lean clay
NOTE Data used for reference are shown by red color.							

SUMMARY OF SOIL TEST RESULTS

Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement of Myogone-Dawnyein Region						
Borehole No. BH-02		Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Division				
Sample No.		P-13	P-16	P-20	P-25	
Depth (m)		16.00 ~ 16.50	19.00 ~ 19.50	23.00 ~ 23.50	28.00 ~ 28.50	~
Moisture Content w %		43.40	34.13	36.60	40.98	
Bulk Density ρ_t g/cm ³		-	-	-	-	
Atterberg's Limit	Liquid Limit WL %	50.78	32.18	48.20	57.92	
	Plastic Limit WP %	22.53	22.28	21.33	24.28	
	Plasticity Index IP %	28.25	9.90	26.87	33.64	
Grain Size Analysis	Gravel, (76.20 ~ 4.75) mm %	-	-	-	-	
	Sand, (4.75 ~ 0.075) mm %	10.75	35.54	19.48	10.18	
	Silt, (0.075 ~ 0.005) mm %	57.45	52.06	48.43	58.73	
	Clay, (< 0.005 mm) %	31.80	12.40	32.10	31.10	
Specific Gravity of Soil G _s (20°C)		2.760	2.726	2.747	2.763	
Unconfined Compression	Unconfined Compressive Strength q _u kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
	Failure Strain ϵ_f %	-	-	-	-	
Direct Shear Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree	-	-	-	-	
Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test	Cohesion C _{UU} kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Phi Angle ϕ_{UU} Degree	-	-	-	-	
Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test (Measurement of Pore Pressure)	Cohesion C' kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Phi Angle ϕ' Degree	-	-	-	-	
	Cohesion C kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Phi Angle ϕ Degree	-	-	-	-	
Consolidation	Initial Void Ratio e ₀	-	-	-	-	
	Conso. Yield Stress P _y kgf/cm ²	-	-	-	-	
	Compression Index C _c	-	-	-	-	
Soil Classification (ASTM D 2487 - 06)		Group Symbol	CH	CL	CL	CH
		Group Name	Fat clay	Sandy lean clay	Lean clay with sand	Fat clay
NOTE Data used for reference are shown by red color.						

Detailed Test Results
SEE IN ATTACHED CD

APPENDIX “D”

WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS

WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS FORM

Client Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co.,Ltd.
Nature of Water BH - 02 (Soil Investigation For Road Improvement)
Location Dawnyein - Amar Road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region
Date and Time of collection _____
Date and Time of arrival at Laboratory 20.11.2013
Date and Time of commencing examination 21.11.2013
Date and Time of completing 22.11.2013

Results of Water Analysis

WHO Drinking Water Guideline (Geneva - 1993)

Phosphate	mg/l	
pH	8.2	6.5 - 8.5
Colour (True)	180 TCU	15 TCU
Turbidity	528 NTU	5 NTU
Conductivity	39700 micro S/cm	
Total Hardness	5200 mg/l as CaCO ₃	500 mg/l as CaCO ₃
Total Alkalinity	940 mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Phenolphthalein Alkalinity	Nil mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Calcium Hardness	3466 mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Iron	12.80 mg/l	0.3 mg/l
Magnesium Hardness	1734 mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Manganese	mg/l	0.05 mg/l
Carbonate (CaCO ₃)	Nil mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Chloride (as CL)	13200 mg/l	250 mg/l
Sodium chloride (as NaCL)	21780 mg/l	
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	940 mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Sulphate (as SO ₄)	680 mg/l	200 mg/l
Total Solids	25185 mg/l	1500 mg/l
Suspended Solids	885 mg/l	
Dissolved Solids	24300 mg/l	1000 mg/l
Phenolphthalein Acidity	mg/l	
Methyl Orange Acidity	mg/l	
Salinity	ppt	

Remark: This certificate is issued only for the receipt of the test sample.

Tested by

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Hein
Zaw Hein Oo
B.Sc (Chemistry)
Chemist

Approved by

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Win Myint
B.E (Civil) 1980, M. MES
Technical Officer
ISO TECH Laboratory

(a division of WEG Co.,Ltd.) ISO TECH Laboratory

No.18, Lanthit Road, Nanthargone Quarter, Insein Township, Yangon, Myanmar

Ph: 01-640955, 09-73225175, 09-73242162, Fax: 01-644506, E-mail: isotechlaboratory@gmail.com, Website: weg-myanmar.com

WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS FORM

Client Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co.,Ltd.
Nature of Water BH - 01 (Soil Investigation For Road Improvement)
Location Dawnyein - Amar Road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region
Date and Time of collection _____
Date and Time of arrival at Laboratory 20.11.2013
Date and Time of commencing examination 21.11.2013
Date and Time of completing 22.11.2013

Results of Water Analysis

WHO Drinking Water Guideline (Geneva - 1993)

Phosphate	mg/l	
pH	6.8	6.5 - 8.5
Colour (True)	120 TCU	15 TCU
Turbidity	480 NTU	5 NTU
Conductivity	39400 micro S/cm	
Total Hardness	3100 mg/l as CaCO ₃	500 mg/l as CaCO ₃
Total Alkalinity	920 mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Phenolphthalein Alkalinity	Nil mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Calcium Hardness	2066 mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Iron	10.20 mg/l	0.3 mg/l
Magnesium Hardness	1034 mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Manganese	mg/l	0.05 mg/l
Carbonate (CaCO ₃)	Nil mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Chloride (as CL)	13900 mg/l	250 mg/l
Sodium chloride (as NaCL)	22935 mg/l	
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	920 mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Sulphate (as SO ₄)	650 mg/l	200 mg/l
Total Solids	24920 mg/l	1500 mg/l
Suspended Solids	720 mg/l	
Dissolved Solids	24200 mg/l	1000 mg/l
Phenolphthalein Acidity	mg/l	
Methyl Orange Acidity	mg/l	
Salinity	ppt	

Remark: This certificate is issued only for the receipt of the test sample.

Tested by

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Hein:
Zaw Hein Oo
B.Sc (Chemistry)
Chemist

Approved by

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Win Myint
B.E (Civil) 1980, M.MES
Technical Officer
ISO TECH Laboratory


(a division of WEG Co.,Ltd.) ISO TECH Laboratory


No.18, Lanthit Road, Nanthargone Quarter, Insein Township, Yangon, Myanmar.


Ph: 01-640955, 09-73225175, 09-73242162, Fax: 01-644506, E-mail: isotechlaboratory@gmail.com, Website: weg-mya


APPENDIX “E”


DAILY RECORDS FOR BORING WORKS


BORE HOLE No. BH-01				BORING LOG RECORD										Job No. 2013-032		
														Sheet No. 1 Of 6		
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project				Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"				Date 26.10.13				<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>				
Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region				Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)												
Ground Level : 99.917 m				Orientation : Vertical												
Coordinate : E 777313.000 ; N 1763141.000				Ground Water Level : 1.00m												
Method for SPT : ASTM				Casing Diameter : Ø115mm												
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value	
26.10.13																
7:00	-	-	-	-	Arrived at site and Preparation											
7:10					Move machine from BH-02 to BH-01											
9:30	1	1	1	1	Install casing Ø-115mm	0.0 ~ 1.0										
9:40					Drilling with TC bit	0.0 ~ 1.0										
9:50					SPT at GL- 1.0 m	1.0 ~ 1.5	SPT	P-1	2	0.41	CLAY, with trace of decayed wood fragments, mottled brown and gray, moist, medium plasticity, soft (Filled materials)	0	1	1	2/30	
9:55	1	1	2	2	Install casing Ø-115mm	1.0 ~ 2.0										
10:00					Drilling with TC bit	1.0 ~ 2.0										
10:10					SPT at GL- 2.0 m	2.0 ~ 2.5	SPT	P-2	1	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of organic matter, gray, wet, low to medium plasticity, very soft	0	1	0	1/30	
10:15	1	1	3	3	Install casing Ø-115mm	2.0 ~ 3.0										
10:25					Drilling with TC bit	2.0 ~ 3.0										
10:30					UD at GL- 3.0 m	3.0 ~ 3.8	UD	T-1	-	-	Recovery ratio = 80/80cm	-	-	-	-	
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>									
			26.10.13 7:00	GL-	GL-	GL-										
			26.10.13 18:00	GL-	GL-	GL-										
				3.0m	20.0m	1.8m										
<div>  Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd. </div>																


BORE HOLE No. BH-01					BORING LOG RECORD										Job No. 2013-032	
															Sheet No. 2 Of 6	
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project					Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"					Date 26.10.13						
Location : Dawnye-in-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region					Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)					<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>						
Ground Level : 99.917 m					Orientation : Vertical											
Coordinate : E 777313.000 ; N 1763141.000					Ground Water Level : 1.00m											
Method for SPT : ASTM					Casing Diameter : Ø115mm											
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value	
26.10.13																
10:40	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	3.0 ~ 4.0										
10:45					SPT at GL- 4.0 m	4.0 ~ 4.5	SPT	P-3	1	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of organic matter, gray, wet, low to medium plasticity, very soft	0	1	0/30	1/45	
10:50	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	4.0 ~ 5.0										
11:00					SPT at GL- 5.0 m	5.0 ~ 5.5	SPT	P-4	1	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of organic matter, gray, wet, low to medium plasticity, very soft	0	1	0	1/30	
11:10	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	5.0 ~ 6.0										
11:20					UD at GL- 6.0 m	6.0 ~ 6.8	UD	T-1	-	-	Recovery ratio = 50/80cm	-	-	-	-	
11:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	6.0 ~ 7.0										
11:45					SPT at GL- 7.0 m	7.0 ~ 7.5	SPT	P-5	0	0.44	Silty CLAY, with trace of organic matter, gray, wet, low to medium plasticity, trace of fine sand and mica, very soft	0	0	0	0/45	
11:50	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	7.0 ~ 8.0										
12:00					SPT at GL- 8.0 m	8.0 ~ 8.5	SPT	P-6	3	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	2	3/30	
12:15	-	-	-	-	Lunch break											
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>									
			26.10.13 7:00	GL-	GL-	GL-										
			26.10.13 18:00	GL-	GL-	GL-										
			3.0m	20.0m	1.8m											
<div>  </div> <div>Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd.</div>																


BORE HOLE No. BH-01				BORING LOG RECORD												Job No. 2013-032				
																Sheet No. 3 Of 6				
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project				Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"				Date 26.10.13												
Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region				Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)				<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> <i>Client</i> ORIENTAL CONSULTANT </div>												
Ground Level : 99.917 m				Orientation : Vertical																
Coordinate : E 777313.000 ; N 1763141.000				Ground Water Level : 1.00m																
Method for SPT : ASTM				Casing Diameter : Ø115mm																
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks				
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value					
26.10.13																				
13:00	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	8.0 ~ 9.0														
13:15					UD at GL- 9.0 m	9.0 ~ 9.8	UD	T-3	-	-	Recovery ratio = 80/80cm	-	-	-	-					
13:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	8.0 ~ 9.0														
13:45					SPT at GL- 10.0 m	10.0~10.5	SPT	P-7	1	0.34	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, very soft	0	0	1	1/30					
13:50	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	10.0~11.0														
14:00					SPT at GL- 11.0 m	11.0~11.5	SPT	P-8	2	0.41	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	1	2/30					
14:10	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	11.0~12.0														
14:25					SPT at GL- 12.0 m	12.0~12.5	SPT	P-9	1	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, very soft	0	1	0	1/30					
14:35	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	12.0~13.0														
14:45					SPT at GL- 13.0 m	13.0~13.5	SPT	P-10	1	0.44	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, very soft	0	1	0	1/30					
14:50	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	13.0~14.0														
15:00					SPT at GL- 14.0 m	14.0~14.5	SPT	P-11	1	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, very soft	0	1	0	1/30					
15:10	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	14.0~15.0														
15:30					SPT at GL- 15.0 m	15.0~15.5	SPT	P-12	1	0.40	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, very soft	0	1	0	1/30					
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <u>Note</u> Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler) Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P) Water Sample (W) </div>													
			26.10.13 7:00	GL- -	GL- -	GL- -														
			26.10.13 18:00	GL- 3.0m	GL- 20.0m	GL- 1.8m														


BORE HOLE No. BH-01				BORING LOG RECORD												Job No. 2013-032	
																Sheet No. 4 Of 6	
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project				Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"				Date 26.10.13				<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>					
Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region				Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)													
Ground Level : 99.917 m				Orientation : Vertical													
Coordinate : E 777313.000 ; N 1763141.000				Ground Water Level : 1.00m													
Method for SPT : ASTM				Casing Diameter : Ø115mm													
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks	
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value		
26.10.13																	
15:40	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	15.0~16.0											
16:00					SPT at GL- 16.0 m	16.0~16.5	SPT	P-13	2	0.39	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	1	2/30		
16:10	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	16.0~17.0											
16:30					SPT at GL- 17.0 m	17.0~17.5	SPT	P-14	1	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, very soft	0	1	0	1/30		
16:40	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	17.0~18.0											
16:50					SPT at GL- 18.0 m	18.0~18.5	SPT	P-15	2	0.44	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	1	2/30		
17:10	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	18.0~19.0											
17:30					SPT at GL- 19.0 m	19.0~19.5	SPT	P-16	6	0.41	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	2	2	2	4/30		
17:40	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	19.0~20.0											
17:55					SPT at GL- 20.0 m	20.0~20.5	SPT	P-17	2	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	1	2/30		
18:00					Housekeeping and Stop Work												
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>										
			26.10.13 7:00	GL- -	GL- -	GL- -											
			26.10.13 18:00	GL- 3.0m	GL- 20.0m	GL- 1.8m											
<div>  Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd. </div>																	


BORE HOLE No. BH-01				BORING LOG RECORD										Job No. 2013-032		
														Sheet No. 5 Of 6		
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project				Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"				Date 27.10.13				<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>				
Location : Dawnye-in-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region				Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)												
Ground Level : 99.917 m				Orientation : Vertical												
Coordinate : E 777313.000 ; N 1763141.000				Ground Water Level : 1.00m												
Method for SPT : ASTM				Casing Diameter : Ø115mm												
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value	
27.10.13																
7:30	-	-	-	-	Arrived at site and Preparation											
8:00	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	20.0~21.0										
8:20					SPT at GL- 21.0 m	21.0~21.5	SPT	P-18	3	0.41	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	2	3/30	
8:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	21.0~22.0										
8:50					SPT at GL- 22.0 m	22.0~22.5	SPT	P-19	3	0.39	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	2	3/30	
9:00	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	22.0~23.0										
9:25					SPT at GL- 23.0 m	23.0~23.5	SPT	P-20	3	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	2	3/30	
9:35	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	23.0~24.0										
10:00					SPT at GL- 24.0 m	24.0~24.5	SPT	P-21	3	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	1	1	1	2/30	
10:10	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	24.0~25.0										
10:30					SPT at GL- 25.0 m	25.0~25.5	SPT	P-22	3	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	1	1	1	2/30	
10:40	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	25.0~26.0										
10:55					SPT at GL- 26.0 m	26.0~26.5	SPT	P-23	9	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, firm	3	3	3	6/30	
11:05	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	26.0~27.0										
11:20					SPT at GL- 27.0 m	27.0~27.5	SPT	P-24	5	0.44	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	1	2	2	4/30	
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>									
			27.10.13 7:30	GL- 3.0m	GL- 21.0m	GL- 1.3m										
			27.10.13 13:30	GL- 3.0m	GL- 30.0m	GL- 2.0m										
<div>  </div> <div>Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd.</div>																

BORE HOLE No. BH-01				BORING LOG RECORD												Job No. 2013-032	
																Sheet No. 6 Of 6	
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project				Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"				Date 27.10.13									
Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyapon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region				Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)				<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>									
Ground Level : 99.917 m				Orientation : Vertical													
Coordinate : E 777313.000 ; N 1763141.000				Ground Water Level : 1.00m													
Method for SPT : ASTM				Casing Diameter : Ø115mm													
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks	
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value		
27.10.13																	
11:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	27.0~28.0											
11:40					SPT at GL- 28.0 m	28.0~28.5	SPT	P-25	1	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, very soft	1	0	0	1/45		
11:50	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	28.0~29.0											
12:05					SPT at GL- 29.0 m	29.0~29.5	SPT	P-26	2	0.45	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	0	1	1	2/30		
12:15	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	29.0~30.0											
12:30					SPT at GL- 30.0 m	30.0~30.5	SPT	P-27	3	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica, gray, low to medium plasticity, moist, soft	1	1	1	2/30		
12:40	-	-	-	-	Lunch break												
13:30	-	-	-	-	Mobilization of drilling machine												
					BH-01 is terminated at 30.00m												
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>										
			27.10.13 7:30	GL- 3.0m	GL- 21.0m	GL- 1.3m											
			27.10.13	GL- 3.0m	GL- 30.0m	GL- 2.0m											
			13:30	3.0m	30.0m	2.0m											
<div>  </div> <div>Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd.</div>																	

BORE HOLE No. BH-02					BORING LOG RECORD										Job No. 2013-032	
															Sheet No. 1 Of 5	
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project					Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"					Date 24.10.13						
Location : Dawnye-in-Amar road, Pyarpon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region					Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)					<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>						
Ground Level : 99.772 m					Orientation : Vertical											
Coordinate : E 778178.000 ; N 1761613.000					Ground Water Level : 0.5 m											
Method for SPT : ASTM					Casing Diameter : Ø115mm											
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample					Standard Penetration Test				Remarks	
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm		N Value
24.10.13																
7:00	-	-	-	-	Transportation the drilling machine from Pyapon											
14:00	1	1	1	1	Install casing Ø115mm	0.0 ~ 1.0										
14:10					Drilling with TC bit	0.0 ~ 1.0										
14:20					SPT at GL- 1.0 m	1.0 ~ 1.5	SPT	P-1	2	0.42	CLAY, with trace of decayed wood fragments, mottled brown and gray, moist, medium plasticity, soft (Filled materials)	0	1	1	2/30	
14:35	1	1	2	2	Install casing Ø115mm	1.0 ~ 2.0										
14:40					Drilling with TC bit	1.0 ~ 2.0										
14:50					SPT at GL- 2.0 m	2.0 ~ 2.5	SPT	P-2	0	0.44	Silty CLAY, with trace of organic matter, gray, wet, low to medium plasticity, very soft	0	0	0	0/45	
14:55	1	1	3	3	Install casing Ø115mm	2.0 ~ 3.0										
15:05					Drilling with TC bit	2.0 ~ 3.0										
15:10					UD at GL- 3.0 m	3.0 ~ 3.8	UD	T-1	-	-	Recovery ratio = 80/80cm	-	-	-	-	
15:15	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	3.0 ~ 4.0										
15:25					SPT at GL- 4.0 m	4.0 ~ 4.5	SPT	P-3	3	0.40	Silty CLAY, with trace of organic matter, gray, wet, low to medium plasticity, trace of fine sand and mica, soft	0	1	2	3/30	
Ground Water Observation					Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>							
					24.10.13 7:30	GL-	GL-	GL-								
					24.10.13 17:50	GL-	GL-	GL-								
						3.0m	10.0m	1.8m								
<div>  </div> <div>Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd.</div>																

BORE HOLE No. BH-02				BORING LOG RECORD										Job No. 2013-032		
														Sheet No. 2 Of 5		
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project				Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"										Date 24.10.13		
Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyarpon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region				Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)										<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>		
Ground Level : 99.772 m				Orientation : Vertical												
Coordinate : E 778178.000 ; N 1761613.000				Ground Water Level : 0.5 m												
Method for SPT : ASTM				Casing Diameter : Ø115mm												
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value	
24.10.13																
15:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	4.0 ~ 5.0										
15:40					SPT at GL- 5.0 m	5.0 ~ 5.5	SPT	P-4	4	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of organic matter, gray, moist, trace of fine sand and mica, low to medium plasticity, soft	1	1	2	3/30	
15:50	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	5.0 ~ 6.0										
16:10					UD at GL- 6.0 m	6.0 ~ 6.8	UD	T-1	-	-	Recovery ratio = 64/80cm	-	-	-	-	
16:20	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	6.0 ~ 7.0										
16:30					SPT at GL- 7.0 m	7.0 ~ 7.5	SPT	P-5	5	0.41	Silty SAND, with clay patches, gray, moist, trace of fine sand and mica, soft	1	2	2	4/30	
16:40	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	7.0 ~ 8.0										
17:00					SPT at GL- 8.0 m	8.0 ~ 8.5	SPT	P-6	3	0.42	Silty SAND, with clay patches, gray, moist, trace of fine sand and mica, soft	1	1	1	2/30	
17:10	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	8.0 ~ 9.0										
17:20					UD at GL- 9.0 m	9.0 ~ 9.8	UD	T-3	-	-	Recovery ratio = 80/80cm	-	-	-	-	
17:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	9.0~10.0										
17:40					SPT at GL- 10.0 m	10.0~10.5	SPT	P-7	3	0.38	Silty SAND, with clay patches, gray, moist, trace of fine sand and mica, soft	1	1	1	2/30	
17:50					Housekeeping and Stop work											
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>									
			24.10.13 7:30	GL- -	GL- -	GL- -										
			24.10.13 17:50	GL- 3.0m	GL- 10.0m	GL- 1.8m										
<div>  </div> <div>Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd.</div>																


BORE HOLE No. BH-02				BORING LOG RECORD										Job No. 2013-032		
														Sheet No. 3 Of 5		
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project				Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"				Date 25.10.13				<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>				
Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyarpon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region				Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)												
Ground Level : 99.772 m				Orientation : Vertical												
Coordinate : E 778178.000 ; N 1761613.000				Ground Water Level : 0.5 m												
Method for SPT : ASTM				Casing Diameter : Ø115mm												
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value	
25.10.13																
7:30	-	-	-	-	Arrived at site and Preparation											
8:00	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	10.0~11.0										
8:10					SPT at GL- 11.0 m	11.0~11.5	SPT	P-8	5	0.38	Silty SAND, with clay patches, gray, moist, trace of fine sand and mica, soft	1	2	2	4/30	
8:15	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	11.0~12.0										
8:25					SPT at GL- 12.0 m	12.0~12.5	SPT	P-9	2	0.37	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	0	1	1	2/30	
8:35	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	12.0~13.0										
8:50					SPT at GL- 13.0 m	13.0~13.5	SPT	P-10	4	0.41	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	1	1	2	3/30	
9:00	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	13.0~14.0										
9:15					SPT at GL- 14.0 m	14.0~14.5	SPT	P-11	1	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, very soft	0	0	1	1/30	
9:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	14.0~15.0										
10:00					SPT at GL- 15.0 m	15.0~15.5	SPT	P-12	1	0.37	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, very soft	0	0	1	1/30	
10:15	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	15.0~16.0										
10:25					SPT at GL- 16.0 m	16.0~16.5	SPT	P-13	1	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, very soft	0	0	1	1/30	
10:35	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	16.0~17.0										
10:50					SPT at GL- 17.0 m	17.0~17.5	SPT	P-14	2	0.46	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	0	1	1	2/30	
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>									
			25.10.13 8:00	GL- 3.0m	GL- 11.0m	GL- 0.8m										
			25.10.13	GL-	GL-	GL-										
			17:00	3.0m	30.0m	2.0m										
<div>  </div> <div>Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd.</div>																

BORE HOLE No. BH-02				BORING LOG RECORD										Job No. 2013-032		
														Sheet No. 4 Of 5		
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project				Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"										Date 25.10.13		
Location : Dawnyein-Amar road, Pyarpon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region				Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)										<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>		
Ground Level : 99.772 m				Orientation : Vertical												
Coordinate : E 778178.000 ; N 1761613.000				Ground Water Level : 0.5 m												
Method for SPT : ASTM				Casing Diameter : Ø115mm												
Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value	
25.10.13																
11:00	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	17.0~18.0										
11:10					SPT at GL- 18.0 m	18.0~18.5	SPT	P-15	1	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, very soft	0	0	1	1/30	
11:15	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	18.0~19.0										
11:25					SPT at GL- 19.0 m	19.0~19.5	SPT	P-16	9	0.39	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, firm	1	2	6	8/30	
11:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	19.0~20.0										
11:40					SPT at GL- 20.0 m	20.0~20.5	SPT	P-17	3	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	1	1	1	2/30	
11:45	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	20.0~21.0										
12:00					SPT at GL- 21.0 m	21.0~21.5	SPT	P-18	3	0.45	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	1	1	1	2/30	
12:05	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	21.0~22.0										
12:15					SPT at GL- 22.0 m	22.0~22.5	SPT	P-19	3	0.46	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	1	1	1	2/30	
12:30	-	-	-	-	Lunch break											
13:30	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	22.0~23.0										
13:40					SPT at GL- 23.0 m	23.0~23.5	SPT	P-20	3	0.40	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	0	1	2	3/30	
13:45	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	23.0~24.0										
13:50					SPT at GL- 24.0 m	24.0~24.5	SPT	P-21	3	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	0	1	2	3/30	
Ground Water Observation			Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	<div>Note</div> <div>Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler)</div> <div>Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P)</div> <div>Water Sample (W)</div>									
			25.10.13 8:00	GL- 3.0m	GL- 11.0m	GL- 0.8m										
			25.10.13	GL-	GL-	GL-										
			17:00	3.0m	30.0m	2.0m										
<div>  </div> <div>Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd.</div>																

BORE HOLE No. BH-02					BORING LOG RECORD										Job No. 2013-032	
															Sheet No. 5 Of 5	
Project Name : Soil Investigation for Road Improvement Project					Boring Equipment : TOHO -"D1"					Date 25.10.13						
Location : Dawnye-in-Amar road, Pyarpon Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region					Boring Method : Rotary (Direct Circulation)					<div>Client</div> <div>ORIENTAL CONSULTANT</div>						
Ground Level : 99.772 m					Orientation : Vertical											
Coordinate : E 778178.000 ; N 1761613.000					Ground Water Level : 0.5 m											
Method for SPT : ASTM					Casing Diameter : Ø115mm											

Date & Time	Casing		Total Casing Length (m)	Depth of Casing (m)	Description of Drilling Work	Soil Sample						Standard Penetration Test				Remarks
	No.	Length (m)				Depth (m)	Type	No.	Total Blows	Length (m)	Soil Description	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	Blows per 15 cm	N Value	
25.10.13																
13:55	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	24.0~25.0										
14:10					SPT at GL- 25.0 m	25.0~25.5	SPT	P-22	3	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	1	1	1	2/30	
14:20	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	25.0~26.0										
14:30					SPT at GL- 26.0 m	26.0~26.5	SPT	P-23	2	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, very soft	1	1	0	1/30	
14:40	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	26.0~27.0										
14:55					SPT at GL- 27.0 m	27.0~27.5	SPT	P-24	2	0.41	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	0	1	1	2/30	
15:10	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	27.0~28.0										
15:30					SPT at GL- 28.0 m	28.0~28.5	SPT	P-25	4	0.42	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	1	1	2	3/30	
15:40	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	28.0~29.0										
15:55					SPT at GL- 29.0 m	29.0~29.5	SPT	P-26	4	0.44	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	0	1	2	3/30	
16:00	-	-	3	3	Drilling with TC bit	29.0~30.0										
16:25					SPT at GL- 30.0 m	30.0~30.5	SPT	P-27	5	0.43	Silty CLAY, with trace of fine sand and mica gray, low to medium plasticity, soft	1	2	2	4/30	
16:30					Measurement of water level and											
17:00					Housekeeping											
					BH-02 is terminated at 30.00 m											

Ground Water Observation	Date & Time	Depth of Casing	Depth of BH	Depth of Water	Note
	25.10.13 8:00	GL- 3.0m	GL- 11.0m	GL- 0.8m	Undisturbed Sample (UD - T : Thin wall sampler, D : Denison sampler) Standard Penetration Test Sample (SPT : P) Water Sample (W)
	25.10.13 17:00	GL- 3.0m	GL- 30.0m	GL- 2.0m	



Saramayri - Fuji Construction Co., Ltd.

APPENDIX “F”

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
DAWNYEIN-AMAR ROAD, PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
BH-01



Before commencement of drilling work



Drilling Condition



Standard Penetration Test



S.P.T Sample

SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
DAWNYEIN-AMAR ROAD, PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
BH-01



Piston Undisturbed Sampling



Piston Undisturbed Sample



Drilling & Left Length (A)



Drilling & Left Length (B)

**SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
DAWNYEIN-AMAR ROAD, PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
BH-01**



Water Sampling



Water Sample



Panoramic View



After completion of drilling work

SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
DAWNYEIN-AMAR ROAD, PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
BH-02



Before commencement of drilling work



Drilling Condition



Standard Penetration Test



S.P.T Sample

**SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
DAWNYEIN-AMAR ROAD, PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
BH-02**



Piston Undisturbed Sampling



Piston Undisturbed Sample



Drilling & Left Length (A)



Drilling & Left Length (B)

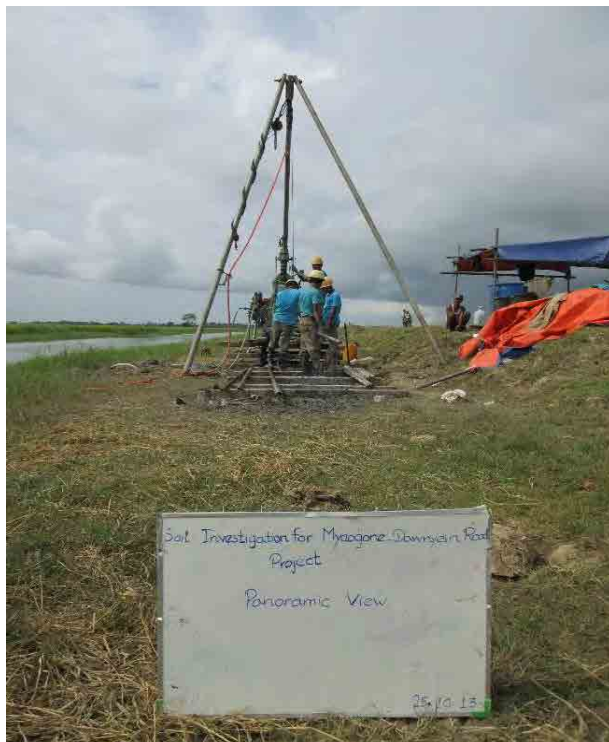
**SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
DAWNYEIN-AMAR ROAD, PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
BH-02**



Water Sampling



Water Sample



Panoramic View



After completion of drilling work

SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
DAWNYEIN-AMAR ROAD, PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
FIELD DENSITY TEST (START POINT)



Excavation for Field Density Test



Preparation for Field Density Test



Field Density Testing



After completion of Field Density Test

**SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
DAWNYEIN-AMAR ROAD, PYAPON TOWNSHIP, AYEYARWADDY REGION
FIELD DENSITY TEST (END POINT)**



Excavation for Field Density Test



Preparation for Field Density Test



Field Density Testing



After completion of Field Density Test