

Appendix-C16.3-5

動的円錐貫入(DCP)試験

Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant
Development Project in Bangladesh

DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION (DCP) TEST REPORT



June 2013

Client:

Roads and Highways (RHD), Ministry of Communications

&

Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

Through Tokyo Electric Power Services Co., Ltd.

Survey and report prepared by:



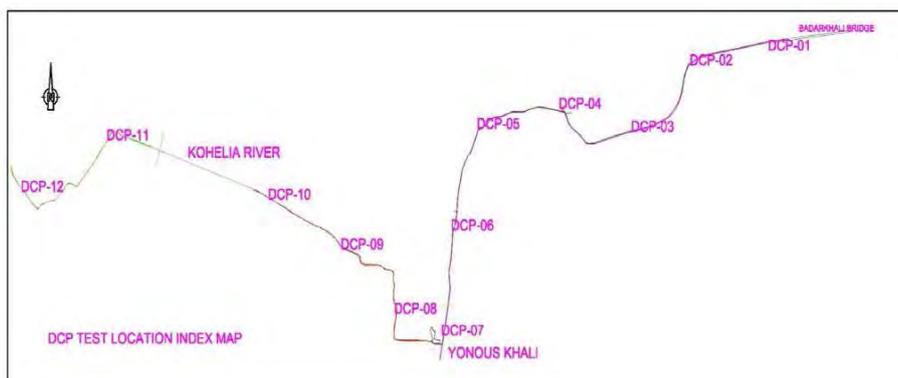
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SURVEY2000

1.0 背景

SURVEY2000 は、バングラデシュ国コックスバザール地域を対象にして、国際協力機構（JICA）が実施した「チッタゴン地域石炭火力発電所建設プロジェクト」に係るアクセス道路コンポーネントのための動的円錐貫入 (DCP) 試験を実施し、その結果を報告書にとりまとめた。

1.1 調査場所



プロジェクトサイトは、バ国の Chittagong 市から 90km 離れた場所に位置し、コックスバザール管区、Mosheshkhai Upasilla に属し、ベンガル湾に面している。

プロジェクトサイトの地理位置は下記の通り。

北緯：21° 42′ 34″

東経：91° 53′ 50″

また計画されているアクセス道路の地理位置は下記の通り。

北緯：21° 42′ 11″ ～21° 42′ 34″

東経：91° 54′ 07″ ～91° 54′ 54″

1.2 試験場所

UTM グリッドゾーン 46 の下の位置

sl	test point	easting	northing	remarks
1	DCP-01	390754mE	2401723mN	Badarkhai to Yonuskhali road
2	DCP-02	390298mE	2401620mN	
3	DCP-03	389961mE	2401311mN	
4	DCP-04	389540mE	2401404mN	
5	DCP-05	389079mE	2401315mN	
6	DCP-06	388929mE	2400849mN	
7	DCP-07	388873mE	2400358mN	
8	DCP-08	388599mE	2400459mN	
9	DCP-09	388290mE	2400760mN	
10	DCP-10	387869mE	2400994mN	
11	DCP-11	386933mE	2401270mN	On embankment Rangakhali side
12	DCP-12	386439mE	2401031mN	
13	DCP-13	393505mE	2414255mN	Near Pekua intersection
14	DCP-14	396605mE	2409592mN	Between Pekua-Eidmoni
15	DCP-15	393505mE	2414255mN	Near Eidmoni Intersection
1	Sample PIT-01	387960mE	2400943mN	
2	Sample PIT-02	387222mE	2401220mN	
3	Sample PIT-03	386466mE	2400999mN	

2.0 業務範囲

既存道路材料に関する実験室試験及び DCP 試験

	Item	Unit	Quantity	Remark
1-1.	Trial pit sampling, observation	No.	3	
1-2.	Laboratory Test from Existing Road for embankment, subgrade, subbase, base material samples			
	(a) Liquid Limit (LL)	No.	3	AASHTO T88-00
	(b) Plastic Limit (PL)	No.	3	AASHTO T89-02
	(c) Moisture Density Relations	No.	3	AASHTO T90-00
	(d) Specific Gravity	No.	3	AASHTO T99-01
	(e) Particle Size Analysis	No.	3	AASHTO T100
	(f) CBR test	No.	3	AASHTO T193-99
2-1.	Portable DCP Test on site	No.	15	

3.0 使用機器等

- i) 動的円錐貫入器 : 8 kg ハンマー、60° 先端
- ii) データ処理ソフト : UK DCP 2.2

6.0 試験作業写真



SURVEY2000



SURVEY2000



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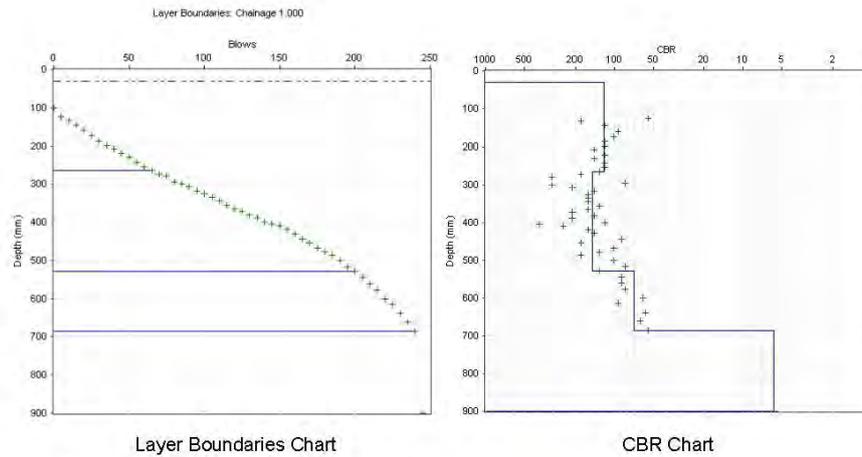
4.0 試験データ及び解析

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point No: DCP-01
 Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 60 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 22/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
 Thickness (mm): 30
 Strength Coeff.: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	2.37	121	235	265	Base	0.14	1.32	1.32	1.32
2	1.95	149	263	528	Sub-Base	0.12	1.19	1.19	1.22
3	3.95	71	158	686	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	42.80	6	214	900	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.47	0.47	0.47
Base	1.32	1.32	1.32
Sub-Base	1.19	1.19	1.22
Subgrade	--	0.74	0.65
Pavement Strength	2.98	3.72	3.66

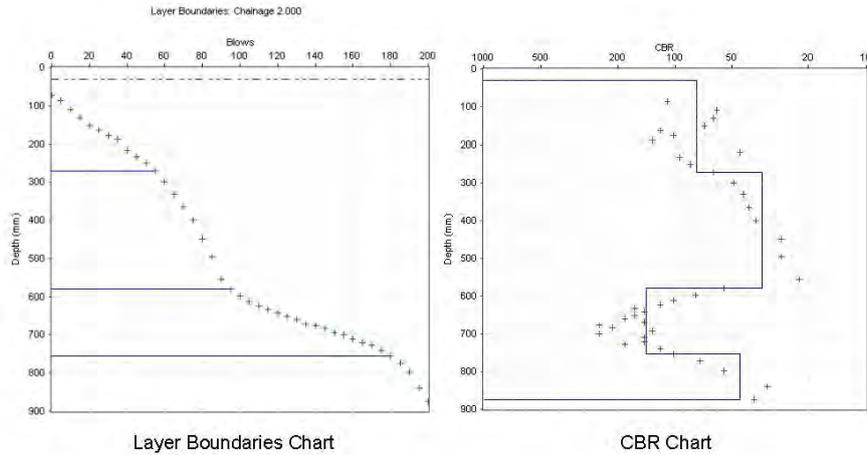
CBR Relationship:
 TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP-02	Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
Direction:	Thickness (mm): 30
Location/Offset: Carriageway	Strength Coeff.: 0.40
Cone Angle: 60 degrees	Base Type:
Zero Error (mm): 100	Thickness (mm):
Test Date: 22/05/2013	Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	3.65	77	242	272	Base	0.13	1.22	1.22	1.22
2	7.70	35	308	580	Sub-Base	0.10	1.25	1.25	1.25
3	2.05	142	174	754	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	6.00	45	120	874	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.47	0.47	0.47
Base	1.22	1.22	1.22
Sub-Base	1.25	1.25	1.25
Subgrade	--	2.05	1.68
Pavement Strength	2.94	4.99	4.62

CBR Relationship:
 TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

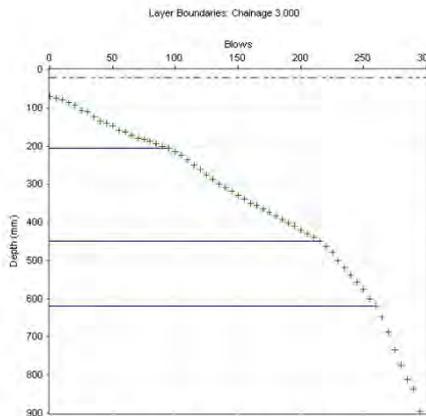
Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

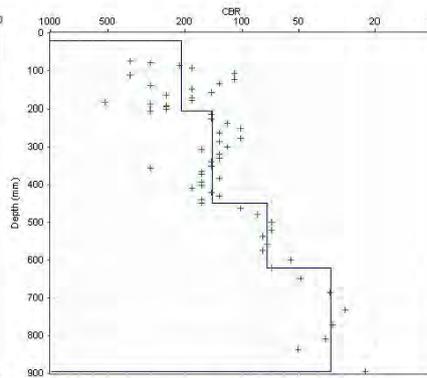
Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP- 03
 Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 60 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 22/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
 Thickness (mm): 20
 Strength Coeff.: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff.:



Layer Boundaries Chart



CBR Chart

Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	1.42	208	185	205	Base	0.14	1.05	1.05	1.05
2	2.03	143	244	449	Sub-Base	0.12	1.11	1.11	1.14
3	3.80	74	171	620	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	7.86	34	275	895	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.31	0.31	0.31
Base	1.05	1.05	1.05
Sub-Base	1.11	1.11	1.14
Subgrade	--	1.95	1.79
Pavement Strength	2.47	4.42	4.29

CBR Relationship:

TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

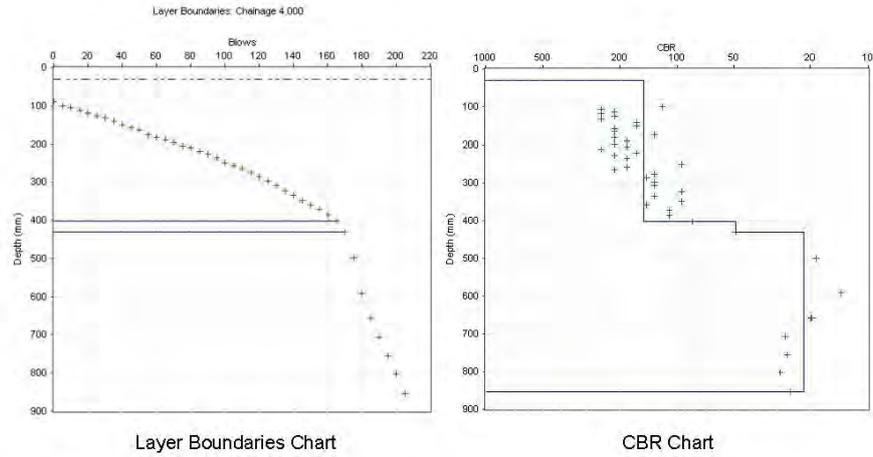
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DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP-04
 Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 60 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 26/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
 Thickness (mm): 30
 Strength Coeff.: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	1.95	149	372	402	Base	0.14	2.11	2.11	2.11
2	5.60	49	28	430	Sub-Base	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12
3	12.11	22	424	854	Subgrade	—	—	—	—

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.47	0.47	0.47
Base	2.11	2.11	2.11
Sub-Base	0.12	0.12	0.12
Subgrade	—	1.74	1.84
Pavement Strength	2.70	4.44	4.54

CBR Relationship:

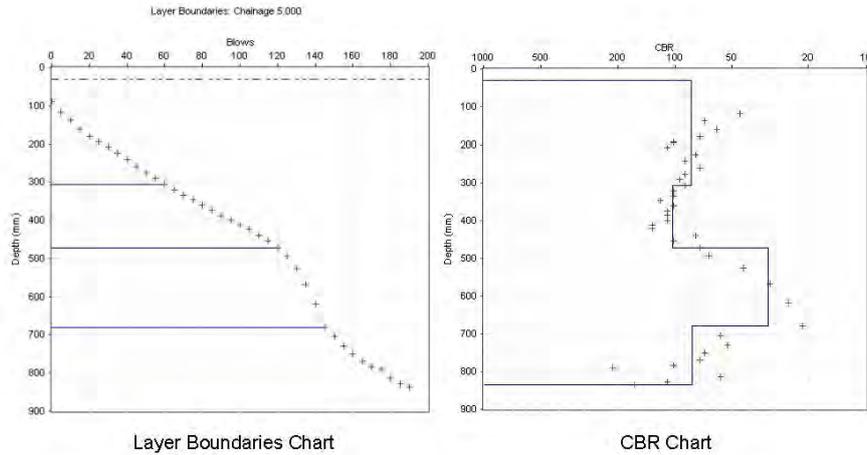
TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP- 05	Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
Direction:	Thickness (mm): 30
Location/Offset: Carriageway	Strength Coeff.: 0.40
Cone Angle: 60 degrees	Base Type:
Zero Error (mm): 100	Thickness (mm):
Test Date: 26/05/2013	Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	3.44	82	277	307	Base	0.13	1.43	1.43	1.43
2	2.77	103	166	473	Sub-Base	0.12	0.75	0.75	0.80
3	8.28	32	207	680	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	3.47	81	156	836	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.47	0.47	0.47
Base	1.43	1.43	1.43
Sub-Base	0.75	0.75	0.80
Subgrade	--	1.93	1.97
Pavement Strength	2.65	4.58	4.67

CBR Relationship:

TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

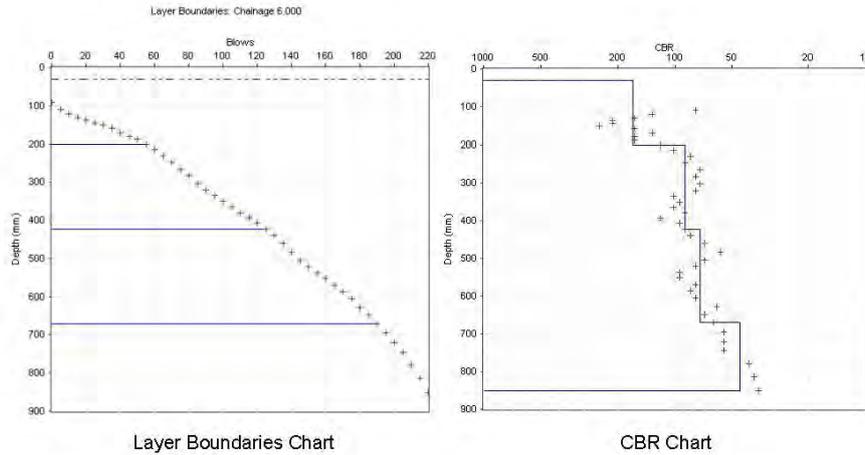
Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP- 06
 Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 60 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 26/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
 Thickness (mm): 30
 Strength Coeff.: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	1.76	167	170	200	Base	0.14	0.96	0.96	0.96
2	3.19	89	223	423	Sub-Base	0.11	1.01	1.01	1.05
3	3.80	74	247	670	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	6.00	45	180	850	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.47	0.47	0.47
Base	0.96	0.96	0.96
Sub-Base	1.01	1.01	1.05
Subgrade	--	2.05	1.94
Pavement Strength	2.44	4.49	4.42

CBR Relationship:

TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

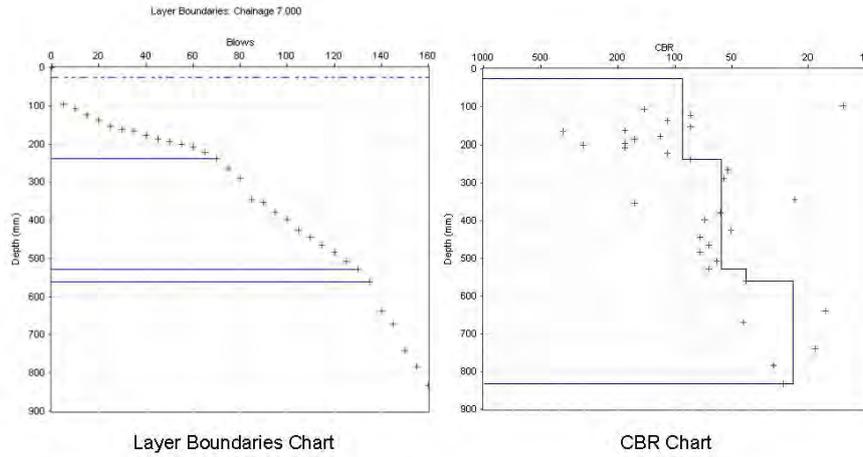
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DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP- 07
 Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 60 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 20/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
 Thickness (mm): 25
 Strength Coeff.: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	3.10	91	213	238	Base	0.14	1.14	1.14	1.14
2	4.83	57	290	528	Sub-Base	0.11	1.27	1.27	1.28
3	6.40	42	32	560	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	10.92	24	273	833	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.39	0.39	0.39
Base	1.14	1.14	1.14
Sub-Base	1.27	1.27	1.28
Subgrade	--	1.80	1.52
Pavement Strength	2.80	4.60	4.33

CBR Relationship:

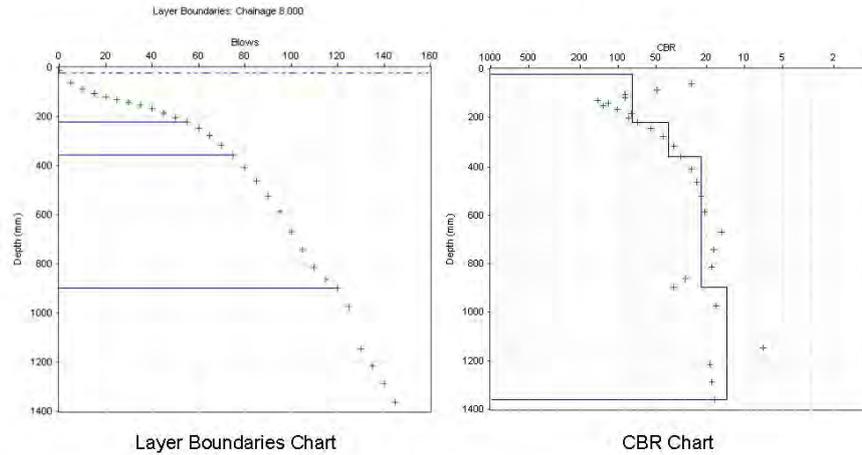
TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP-08	Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
Direction:	Thickness (mm): 20
Location/Offset: Carriageway	Strength Coeff.: 0.40
Cone Angle: 60 degrees	Base Type:
Zero Error (mm): 100	Thickness (mm):
Test Date: 20/05/2013	Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	3.62	77	202	222	Base	0.13	1.02	1.02	1.02
2	6.75	40	135	357	Sub-Base	0.11	0.56	0.56	0.60
3	12.00	22	540	897	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	18.60	14	465	1362	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.31	0.31	0.31
Base	1.02	1.02	1.02
Sub-Base	0.56	0.56	0.60
Subgrade	--	1.46	1.55
Pavement Strength	1.89	3.35	3.48

CBR Relationship:

TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

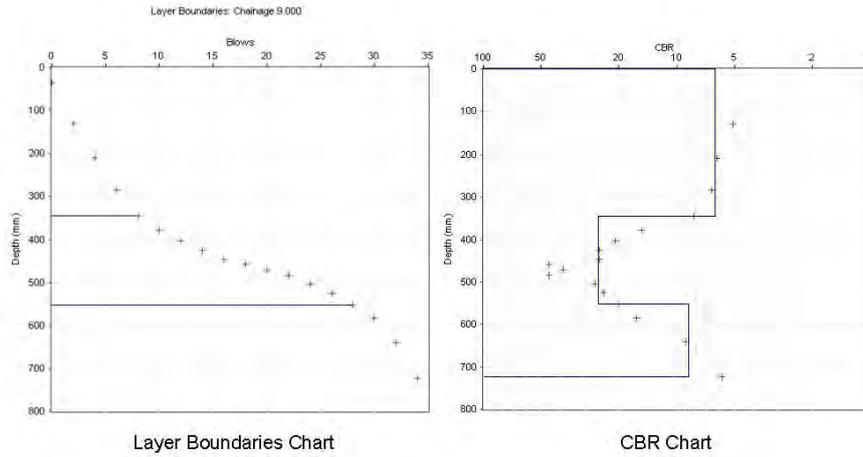
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DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP-09
Direction:
Location/Offset: Carriageway
Cone Angle: 60 degrees
Zero Error (mm): 100
Test Date: 20/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
Thickness (mm): 0
Base Type:
Thickness (mm):
Surface Moisture: Dry
Moisture adjustment factor: Not adjusted



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	38.75	6	345	345	Base	0.02	0.24	0.24	0.24
2	10.35	26	207	552	Sub-Base	0.10	0.78	0.78	0.82
3	28.67	9	172	724	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	--	--	--
Base	0.24	0.24	0.24
Sub-Base	0.78	0.78	0.82
Subgrade	--	1.12	1.08
Pavement Strength	1.02	2.14	2.14

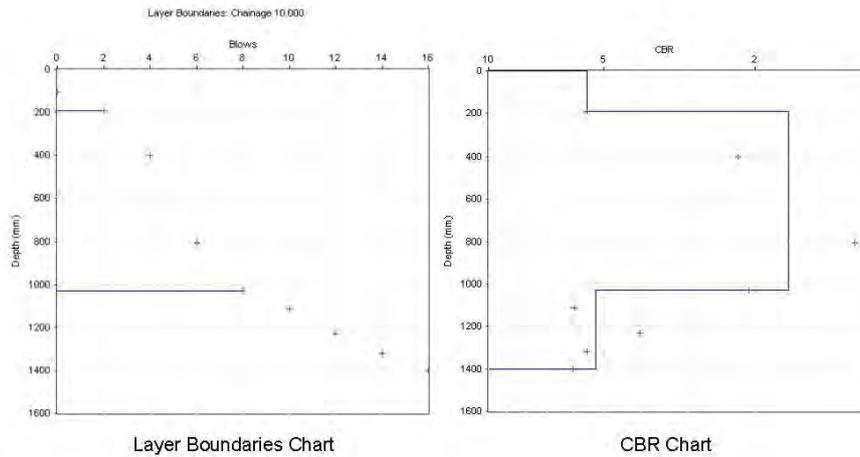
CBR Relationship:
 TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP- 10	Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
Direction:	Thickness (mm): 0
Location/Offset: Carriageway	Base Type:
Cone Angle: 60 degrees	Thickness (mm):
Zero Error (mm): 87	Surface Moisture: Moderate
Test Date: 20/05/2013	Moisture adjustment factor: Not adjusted



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	44.00	6	191	191	Base	0.02	0.12	0.12	0.12
2	140.00	2	840	1031	Sub-Base	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	46.25	5	370	1401	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	--	--	--
Base	0.12	0.12	0.12
Sub-Base	0.00	0.00	0.00
Subgrade	--	0.66	0.18
Pavement Strength	0.12	0.78	0.30

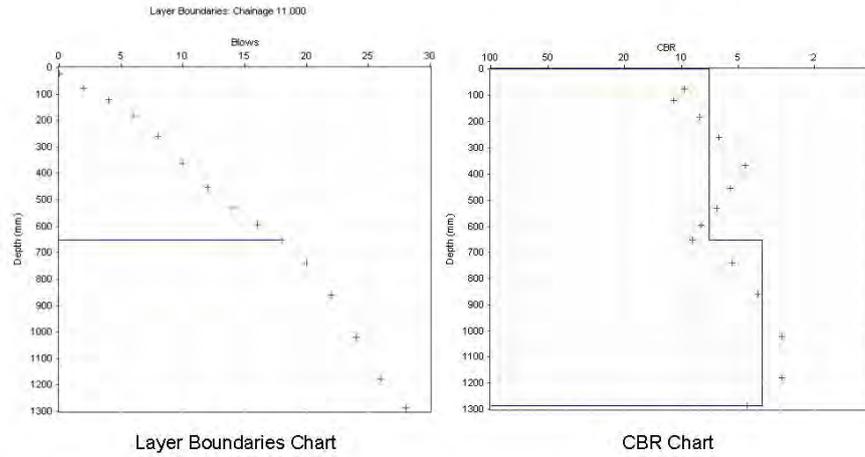
CBR Relationship:

TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート
Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no:	DCP- 11	Surface Type:	Hot Mixed Asphalt
Direction:		Thickness (mm):	0
Location/Offset:	Carriageway	Base Type:	
Cone Angle:	60 degrees	Thickness (mm):	
Zero Error (mm):	100	Surface Moisture:	Moderate
Test Date:	23/05/2013	Moisture adjustment factor:	Not adjusted



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	34.78	7	650	650	Base	0.02	0.50	0.50	0.50
2	63.60	4	636	1286	Sub-Base	0.02	0.40	0.40	0.32

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	--	--	--
Base	0.50	0.50	0.50
Sub-Base	0.40	0.40	0.32
Subgrade	--	--	--
Pavement Strength	0.90	0.90	0.82

CBR Relationship:

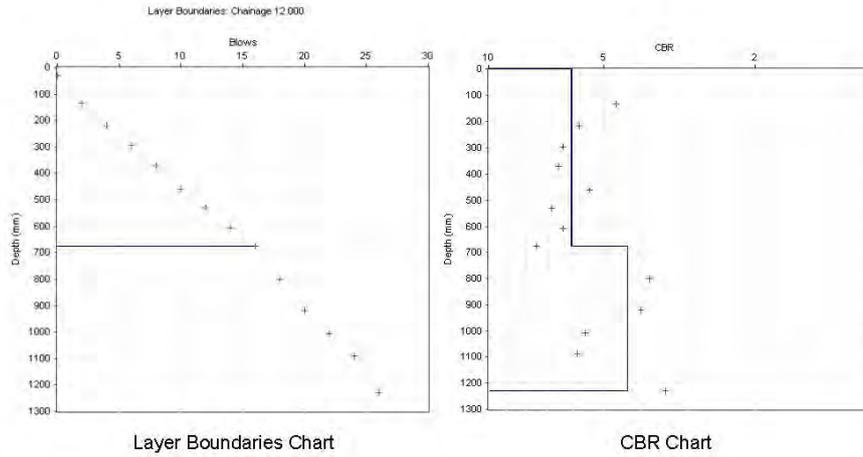
TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no.: DCP- 12	Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
Direction:	Thickness (mm): 0
Location/Offset: Carriageway	Base Type:
Cone Angle: 60 degrees	Thickness (mm):
Zero Error (mm): 100	Surface Moisture: Moderate
Test Date: 23/05/2013	Moisture adjustment factor: Not adjusted



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	40.25	6	674	674	Base	0.02	0.45	0.45	0.45
2	55.40	4	554	1228	Sub-Base	0.02	0.53	0.53	0.45

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	--	--	--
Base	0.45	0.45	0.45
Sub-Base	0.53	0.53	0.45
Subgrade	--	--	--
Pavement Strength	0.98	0.98	0.90

CBR Relationship:
 TRB equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

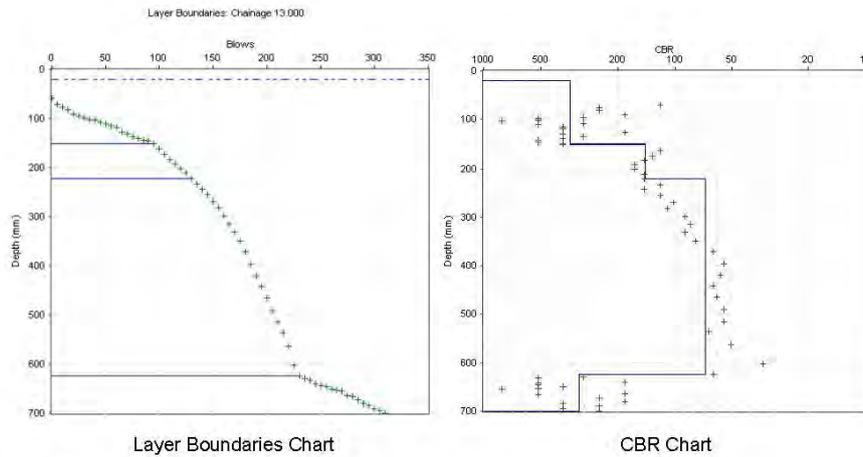
Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP- 13
 Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 60 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 23/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
 Thickness (mm): 20
 Strength Coeff.: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	0.86	352	130	150	Base	0.14	0.74	0.74	0.74
2	2.03	143	71	221	Sub-Base	0.12	0.32	0.32	0.34
3	4.03	69	403	624	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	0.95	319	76	700	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.31	0.31	0.31
Base	0.74	0.74	0.74
Sub-Base	0.32	0.32	0.34
Subgrade	--	2.08	2.26
Pavement Strength	1.37	3.45	3.65

CBR Relationship:

TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

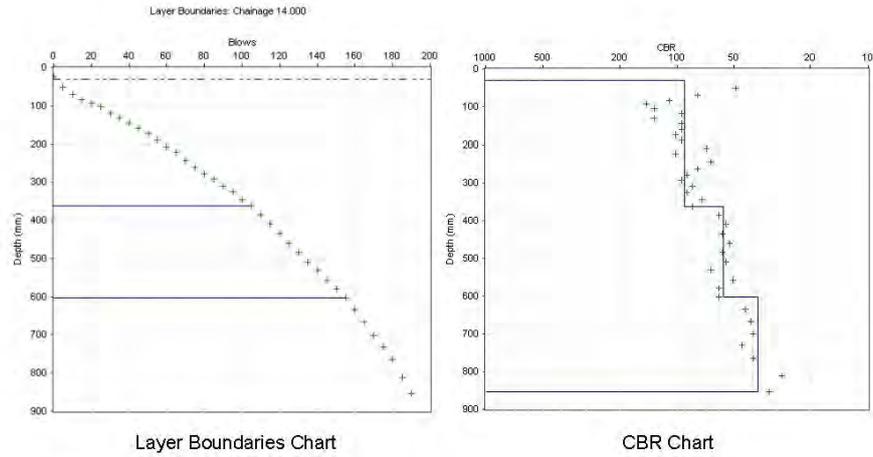
Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP-14
 Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 60 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 24/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
 Thickness (mm): 30
 Strength Coeff.: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff.:



Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	3.10	91	332	362	Base	0.14	1.77	1.77	1.77
2	4.82	57	241	603	Sub-Base	0.11	1.06	1.06	1.09
3	7.14	38	250	853	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.47	0.47	0.47
Base	1.77	1.77	1.77
Sub-Base	1.06	1.06	1.09
Subgrade	--	1.99	1.83
Pavement Strength	3.30	5.29	5.16

CBR Relationship:
 TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

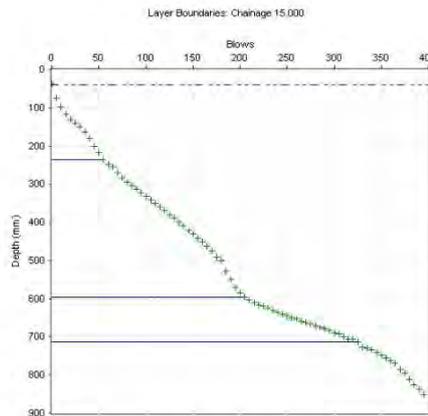
Report produced by

DCP 層強度解析レポート

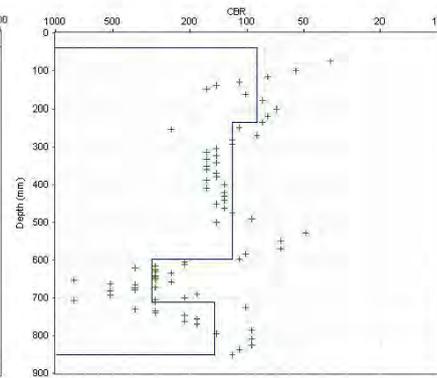
Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

Point no: DCP- 15
 Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 60 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 24/05/2013

Surface Type: Hot Mixed Asphalt
 Thickness (mm): 40
 Strength Coeff.: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff.:



Layer Boundaries Chart



CBR Chart

Layer Properties

No.	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	CBR (%)	Thickness (mm)	Depth to layer bottom (mm)	Position	Strength Coefficient	SN	SNC	SNP
1	3.20	88	195	235	Base	0.13	1.03	1.03	1.03
2	2.41	119	362	597	Sub-Base	0.12	1.65	1.65	1.59
3	0.96	316	115	712	Subgrade	--	--	--	--
4	1.97	147	138	850	Subgrade	--	--	--	--

Pavement Strength

Layer	Layer Contribution		
	SN	SNC	SNP
Surface	0.63	0.63	0.63
Base	1.03	1.03	1.03
Sub-Base	1.65	1.65	1.59
Subgrade	--	2.08	1.54
Pavement Strength	3.31	5.39	4.79

CBR Relationship:

TRL equation: $\log_{10}(\text{CBR}) = 2.48 - 1.057 \times \log_{10}(\text{Strength})$

Report produced by

POINT: DCP-01

Direction:

Thickness (mm):

30

Location/Offset: Carriageway

Strength Coeff.:

0.40

Cone Angle: 80 degrees

Base Type:

Zero Error (mm): 100

Thickness (mm):

Test Date: 22/05/2013

Strength Coeff.:

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	200	0.00	26	5	125	471	1.40
2	5	5	225	5.00	27	5	130	481	2.00
3	5	10	233	1.80	28	5	135	489	1.40
4	5	15	245	2.40	29	5	140	500	2.40
5	5	20	260	3.00	30	5	145	504	0.80
6	5	25	274	2.80	31	5	150	510	1.20
7	5	30	286	2.40	32	5	155	519	1.80
8	5	35	298	2.40	33	5	160	529	2.00
9	5	40	308	2.00	34	5	165	545	3.20
10	5	45	320	2.40	35	5	170	553	1.60
11	5	50	330	2.00	36	5	175	567	2.80
12	5	55	342	2.40	37	5	180	578	2.20
13	5	60	354	2.40	38	5	185	588	1.80
14	5	65	365	2.20	39	5	190	600	2.80
15	5	70	373	1.80	40	5	195	617	3.40
16	5	75	378	1.00	41	5	200	628	2.20
17	5	80	395	3.40	42	5	205	644	3.20
18	5	85	400	1.00	43	5	210	660	3.20
19	5	90	407	1.40	44	5	215	677	3.40
20	5	95	417	2.00	45	5	220	700	4.60
21	5	100	426	1.80	46	5	225	715	3.00
22	5	105	435	1.80	47	5	230	739	4.80
23	5	110	444	1.80	48	5	235	761	4.40
24	5	115	455	2.20	49	5	240	786	5.00
25	5	120	464	1.80	50	5	245	1000	42.80

貫入データレポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

POINT: DCP-02

Direction:

Location/Offset: Carriageway

Cone Angle: 80 degrees

Zero Error (mm): 100

Test Date: 22/05/2013

Thickness (mm): 30

Strength Coeff: 0.40

Base Type:

Thickness (mm):

Strength Coeff:

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	173	0.00	26	5	125	752	1.80
2	5	5	188	2.60	27	5	130	760	1.80
3	5	10	209	4.60	28	5	135	770	2.00
4	5	15	231	4.40	29	5	140	776	1.20
5	5	20	251	4.00	30	5	145	783	1.40
6	5	25	263	2.40	31	5	150	794	2.20
7	5	30	277	2.80	32	5	155	800	1.20
8	5	35	288	2.20	33	5	160	810	2.00
9	5	40	318	6.00	34	5	165	820	2.00
10	5	45	333	3.00	35	5	170	828	1.80
11	5	50	350	3.40	36	5	175	840	2.40
12	5	55	372	4.40	37	5	180	854	2.80
13	5	60	400	5.60	38	5	185	873	3.80
14	5	65	431	6.20	39	5	190	898	5.00
15	5	70	464	6.60	40	5	195	939	8.20
16	5	75	500	7.20	41	5	200	974	7.00
17	5	80	548	9.60					
18	5	85	596	9.60					
19	5	90	655	11.80					
20	5	95	680	5.00					
21	5	100	698	3.60					
22	5	105	712	2.80					
23	5	110	724	2.40					
24	5	115	733	1.80					
25	5	120	743	2.00					

貫入データレポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

POINT: DCP-04

Direction:

Location/Offset: Carriageway

Cone Angle: 60 degrees

Zero Error (mm): 100

Test Date: 26/05/2013

Thickness (mm): 30
Strength Coeff: 0.40

Base Type:

Thickness (mm):

Strength Coeff:

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	188	0.00	26	5	125	397	2.20
2	5	5	200	2.40	27	5	130	408	2.20
3	5	10	206	1.20	28	5	135	423	3.00
4	5	15	213	1.40	29	5	140	434	2.20
5	5	20	219	1.20	30	5	145	449	3.00
6	5	25	226	1.40	31	5	150	459	2.00
7	5	30	232	1.20	32	5	155	472	2.80
8	5	35	241	1.80	33	5	160	485	2.80
9	5	40	250	1.80	34	5	165	502	3.40
10	5	45	257	1.40	35	5	170	530	5.80
11	5	50	284	1.40	36	5	175	599	13.80
12	5	55	275	2.20	37	5	180	691	18.40
13	5	60	282	1.40	38	5	185	757	13.20
14	5	65	290	1.60	39	5	190	806	9.80
15	5	70	297	1.40	40	5	195	856	10.00
16	5	75	305	1.60	41	5	200	902	9.20
17	5	80	311	1.20	42	5	205	954	10.40
18	5	85	320	1.80					
19	5	90	327	1.40					
20	5	95	335	1.60					
21	5	100	350	3.00					
22	5	105	358	1.80					
23	5	110	365	1.40					
24	5	115	376	2.20					
25	5	120	386	2.00					

POINT: DCP-05

Direction:

Location/Offset: Carriageway

Cone Angle: 60 degrees

Zero Error (mm): 100

Test Date: 26/05/2013

Thickness (mm): 30

Strength Coeff: 0.40

Base Type:

Thickness (mm):

Strength Coeff:

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	188	0.00	26	5	125	594	4.20
2	5	5	219	6.00	27	5	130	625	6.20
3	5	10	238	4.00	28	5	135	667	8.40
4	5	15	261	4.60	29	5	140	719	10.40
5	5	20	280	3.80	30	5	145	780	12.20
6	5	25	294	2.80	31	5	150	804	4.80
7	5	30	307	2.60	32	5	155	830	5.20
8	5	35	325	3.60	33	5	160	850	4.00
9	5	40	341	3.20	34	5	165	889	3.80
10	5	45	360	3.80	35	5	170	883	2.80
11	5	50	376	3.20	36	5	175	890	1.40
12	5	55	391	3.00	37	5	180	914	4.80
13	5	60	407	3.20	38	5	185	927	2.60
14	5	65	421	2.80	39	5	190	936	1.80
15	5	70	435	2.80					
16	5	75	447	2.40					
17	5	80	461	2.80					
18	5	85	474	2.60					
19	5	90	487	2.60					
20	5	95	500	2.60					
21	5	100	511	2.20					
22	5	105	522	2.20					
23	5	110	540	3.80					
24	5	115	554	2.80					
25	5	120	573	3.80					

POINT: DCP-06

Direction:

Thickness (mm):

30

Location/Offset: Carriageway

Strength Coeff.:

0.40

Cone Angle: 60 degrees

Base Type:

Zero Error (mm): 100

Thickness (mm):

Test Date: 26/05/2013

Strength Coeff.:

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	192	0.00	26	5	125	523	3.20
2	5	5	210	3.60	27	5	130	540	3.40
3	5	10	221	2.20	28	5	135	560	4.00
4	5	15	230	1.80	29	5	140	584	4.80
5	5	20	237	1.40	30	5	145	604	4.00
6	5	25	244	1.40	31	5	150	622	3.60
7	5	30	250	1.20	32	5	155	637	3.00
8	5	35	259	1.80	33	5	160	652	3.00
9	5	40	270	2.20	34	5	165	670	3.60
10	5	45	279	1.80	35	5	170	687	3.40
11	5	50	288	1.80	36	5	175	705	3.60
12	5	55	300	2.40	37	5	180	728	4.80
13	5	60	314	2.80	38	5	185	748	4.00
14	5	65	331	3.40	39	5	190	770	4.40
15	5	70	347	3.20	40	5	195	795	5.00
16	5	75	368	3.80	41	5	200	820	5.00
17	5	80	384	3.60	42	5	205	845	5.00
18	5	85	403	3.80	43	5	210	878	6.60
19	5	90	421	3.60	44	5	215	913	7.00
20	5	95	435	2.80	45	5	220	950	7.40
21	5	100	450	3.00					
22	5	105	464	2.80					
23	5	110	480	3.20					
24	5	115	492	2.40					
25	5	120	507	3.00					

Chainage (km):	7.000	Surface Type:	Hot Mixed Asphalt
Direction:		Thickness (mm):	25
Location/Offset:	Carriageway	Strength Coeff:	0.40
Cone Angle:	60 degrees	Base Type:	
Zero Error (mm):	100	Thickness (mm):	
Test Date:	20/05/2013	Strength Coeff:	

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	100	0.00	26	5	125	607	4.60
2	5	5	197	19.40	27	5	130	629	4.20
3	5	10	207	2.00	28	5	135	660	6.40
4	5	15	224	3.40	29	5	140	739	15.80
5	5	20	237	2.60	30	5	145	770	6.20
6	5	25	254	3.40	31	5	150	840	14.00
7	5	30	262	1.60	32	5	155	884	8.80
8	5	35	266	0.80	33	5	160	933	9.80
9	5	40	278	2.40					
10	5	45	287	1.80					
11	5	50	295	1.60					
12	5	55	300	1.00					
13	5	60	308	1.60					
14	5	65	321	2.60					
15	5	70	339	3.40					
16	5	75	364	5.20					
17	5	80	389	5.00					
18	5	85	445	11.20					
19	5	90	454	1.80					
20	5	95	478	4.80					
21	5	100	498	4.00					
22	5	105	525	5.40					
23	5	110	544	3.80					
24	5	115	565	4.20					
25	5	120	584	3.80					

貫入データレポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

POINT: DCP-08

Direction:

Location/Offset: Carriageway

Cone Angle: 60 degrees

Zero Error (mm): 100

Test Date: 20/05/2013

Thickness (mm): 20

Strength Coeff: 0.40

Base Type:

Thickness (mm):

Strength Coeff:

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	110	0.00	26	5	125	1074	15.40
2	5	5	160	10.00	27	5	130	1247	34.80
3	5	10	188	5.60	28	5	135	1316	13.90
4	5	15	204	3.20	29	5	140	1387	14.20
5	5	20	220	3.20	30	5	145	1462	15.00
6	5	25	230	2.00					
7	5	30	242	2.40					
8	5	35	253	2.20					
9	5	40	267	2.80					
10	5	45	285	3.60					
11	5	50	302	3.40					
12	5	55	322	4.00					
13	5	60	347	5.00					
14	5	65	378	6.20					
15	5	70	415	7.40					
16	5	75	457	8.40					
17	5	80	507	10.00					
18	5	85	562	11.00					
19	5	90	622	12.00					
20	5	95	685	12.60					
21	5	100	769	16.80					
22	5	105	843	14.80					
23	5	110	915	14.40					
24	5	115	960	9.00					
25	5	120	997	7.40					

POINT: DCP-14

Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 80 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 24/05/2013

Thickness (mm): 30
 Strength Coeff: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff:

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	124	0.00	26	5	125	560	5.20
2	5	5	162	5.60	27	5	130	584	4.80
3	5	10	170	3.60	28	5	135	609	5.00
4	5	15	183	2.60	29	5	140	630	4.20
5	5	20	193	2.00	30	5	145	657	5.40
6	5	25	204	2.20	31	5	150	680	4.60
7	5	30	219	3.00	32	5	155	703	4.80
8	5	35	230	2.20	33	5	160	734	6.20
9	5	40	245	3.00	34	5	165	767	6.60
10	5	45	260	3.00	35	5	170	801	6.80
11	5	50	274	2.80	36	5	175	831	6.00
12	5	55	289	3.00	37	5	180	885	6.80
13	5	60	309	4.00	38	5	185	912	9.40
14	5	65	323	2.80	39	5	190	953	8.20
15	5	70	344	4.20					
16	5	75	362	3.60					
17	5	80	378	3.20					
18	5	85	393	3.00					
19	5	90	410	3.40					
20	5	95	426	3.20					
21	5	100	445	3.80					
22	5	105	462	3.40					
23	5	110	485	4.60					
24	5	115	510	5.00					
25	5	120	534	4.80					

貫入データレポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

POINT: DCP-15

Direction:
 Location/Offset: Carriageway
 Cone Angle: 80 degrees
 Zero Error (mm): 100
 Test Date: 24/05/2013

Thickness (mm): 40
 Strength Coeff: 0.40
 Base Type:
 Thickness (mm):
 Strength Coeff:

No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)	No.	Blows	Cumulative Blows	Penetration Depth (mm)	Penetration Rate (mm/blow)
1	0	0	137	0.00	26	5	125	480	2.00
2	5	5	174	7.40	27	5	130	489	1.80
3	5	10	198	5.00	29	5	135	500	2.20
4	5	15	217	3.60	29	5	140	509	1.80
5	5	20	230	2.60	30	5	145	520	2.20
6	5	25	240	2.00	31	5	150	531	2.20
7	5	30	249	1.80	32	5	155	542	2.20
8	5	35	263	2.80	33	5	160	552	2.00
9	5	40	280	3.40	34	5	165	563	2.20
10	5	45	300	4.00	35	5	170	575	2.40
11	5	50	318	3.60	36	5	175	590	3.00
12	5	55	335	3.40	37	5	180	600	2.00
13	5	60	348	2.60	38	5	185	629	5.60
14	5	65	354	1.20	39	5	190	649	4.20
15	5	70	370	3.20	40	5	195	670	4.20
16	5	75	382	2.40	41	5	200	684	2.80
17	5	80	394	2.40	42	5	205	697	2.80
18	5	85	404	2.00	43	5	210	704	1.40
19	5	90	413	1.80	44	5	215	711	1.40
20	5	95	423	2.00	45	5	220	718	1.00
21	5	100	432	1.80	46	5	225	720	0.80
22	5	105	442	2.00	47	5	230	725	1.00
23	5	110	451	1.80	48	5	235	730	1.00
24	5	115	460	1.80	49	5	240	736	1.20
25	5	120	470	2.00	50	5	245	741	1.00
51	5	250	746	1.00	76	5	375	885	2.00
52	5	255	751	1.00	77	5	380	910	3.00
53	5	260	753	0.40	78	5	385	925	3.00
54	5	265	759	1.20	79	5	390	938	2.80
55	5	270	762	0.60	80	5	395	950	2.40
56	5	275	766	0.80					
57	5	280	771	1.00					
58	5	285	775	0.80					
59	5	290	779	0.80					
60	5	295	782	0.80					
61	5	300	790	1.60					
62	5	305	793	0.60					
63	5	310	800	1.40					
64	5	315	805	1.00					
65	5	320	807	0.40					
66	5	325	812	1.00					
67	5	330	826	2.80					
68	5	335	830	0.80					
69	5	340	835	1.00					
70	5	345	840	1.00					
71	5	350	847	1.40					
72	5	355	855	1.60					
73	5	360	862	1.40					
74	5	365	870	1.80					
75	5	370	885	3.00					

試験まとめレポート

Project Name: DCP_ACCESS ROAD

No.	Test Date	Test Details			Upper Layers			Test Layers			Pavement Strength	
		DCP TEST NO	Location	Offset (m)	Surface Type	Surface Moistura	Base Type	Base Thickness (mm)	Sub-base Thickness (mm)	Subgrade CBR (%)	5N	5NP
1	5/22/2013	1.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	235	263	6	2.98	3.66
2	5/22/2013	2.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	242	305	45	2.94	4.82
3	5/22/2013	3.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	185	244	34	2.47	4.29
4	5/26/2013	4.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	372	28	22	2.70	4.54
5	5/26/2013	5.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	277	166	32	2.65	4.57
6	5/26/2013	6.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	170	223	45	2.44	4.42
7	5/26/2013	7.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	213	280	24	2.60	4.33
8	5/26/2013	8.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	302	135	14	1.89	3.48
9	5/26/2013	9.000	Carriageway	--	Unpaved	0.51 (Dry)	--	345	207	9	1.02	2.14
10	5/26/2013	10.000	Carriageway	--	Unpaved	0.71 (Moderate)	--	191	540	8	0.12	0.30
11	5/27/2013	11.000	Carriageway	--	Unpaved	0.71 (Moderate)	--	650	806	--	0.90	0.82
12	5/27/2013	12.000	Carriageway	--	Unpaved	0.71 (Moderate)	--	674	554	--	0.98	0.90
13	5/27/2013	13.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	130	71	50	1.37	3.86
14	5/24/2013	14.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	352	341	36	3.50	5.16
15	5/24/2013	15.000	Carriageway	--	Hot Mixed Asphalt	n/a	--	185	362	50	3.31	4.79

5.0 實驗室試驗（物理的性質）結果



比重計による粒度解析

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No. : 03

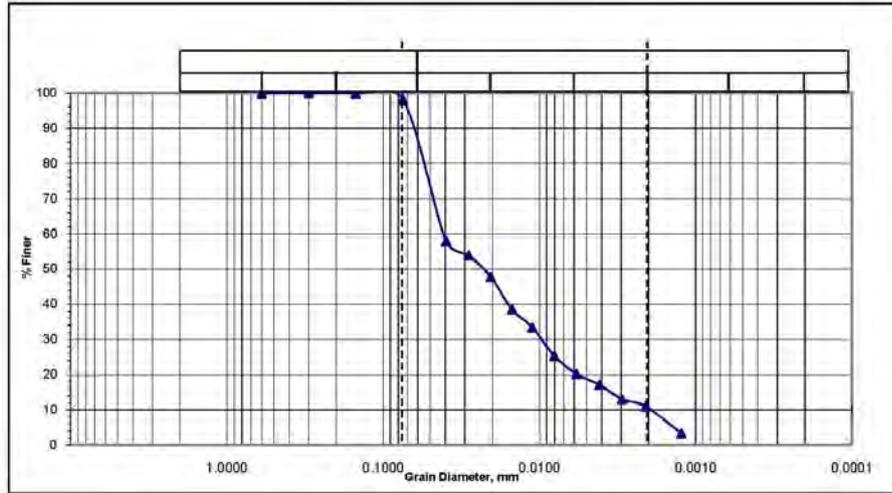
Sample No. : D1

Sampled Date : 25/05/2013

Depth (m) : 1.2

Test Date : 10/6/2013

Graphical Representation:



Mean Diameter, D_{50} = 0.022 mm

Silt-Factor, $f = 1.76 \times \sqrt{D_{50}}$ = 0.26

% Particles (from the grain -size analysis graph)

Sand (0.075mm size) = 2%, Silt (0.005mm size) & Clay (0.001mm size) = 88% & 10%

Tested by : Azharul,

SURVEY 2000

湿度-密度 (压缩) 试验
(ASTM D 698)

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No. : 01

Sample Type : Grey Clayey SILT

Sample Date : 21/05/2013

Test Date : 13/06/2013

Sample No. : D1

Depth(m) : 1.50

Test Type : Modified proctor (AASHTO T-180)

TEST DATA

Water Content Determination :

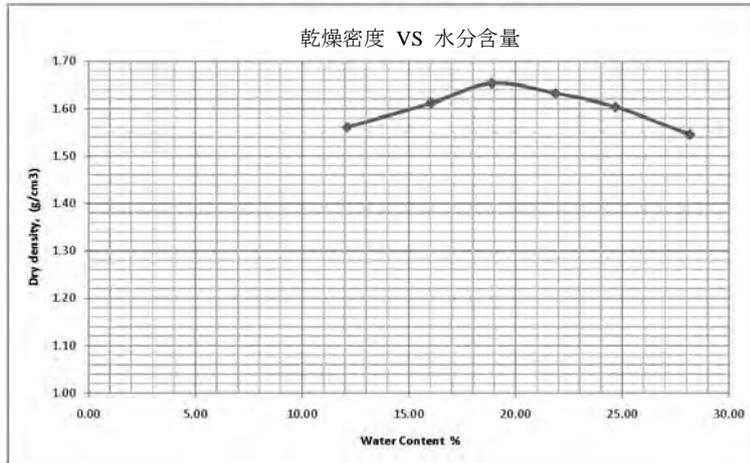
Moisture Can No.	C5	C10	15	14	30	29
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	80.0	107.54	100.0	130.50	112.50	108.52
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	75.0	98.2	87.68	110.34	95.14	90.17
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	5.00	9.34	12.32	20.16	17.36	18.35
Wt. of Can (C) gm	33.70	39.95	22.41	18.15	24.82	25.01
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	41.30	58.25	65.27	92.19	70.32	65.16
Moisture Content $W = (A - B / B - C) \times 100$ %	12.11	16.03	18.88	21.87	24.69	28.16

Density Determination :

Mold Volume = 2085cm³

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Actual Water Content %	12.11	16.03	18.88	21.87	24.69	28.16
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm	6400	6850	6850	6900	6920	6880
Mold Weight (B) gm	2752	2752	2752	2752	2752	2752
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm	3648	3898	4098	4148	4168	4128
Wet density, p_w , (g/cm ³)	1.75	1.87	1.97	1.99	2.00	1.98
Dry density, p_d , (g/cm ³)	1.56	1.61	1.65	1.63	1.60	1.54

Tested by : Azharul.



Optimum Moisture Content = 19.0%
 Maximum Dry Density = 1.65 gm/cm³

Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub



湿度－密度（圧縮）試験
(ASTM D 698)

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No. : 02

Sample Type : Grey Clayey SILT

Sample No : D1

Sample Date : 23/05/2013

Depth(m) : 1.00

Test Date : 14/06/2013

Test Type : Modified proctor (AASHTO T-180)

TEST DATA

Water Content Determination :

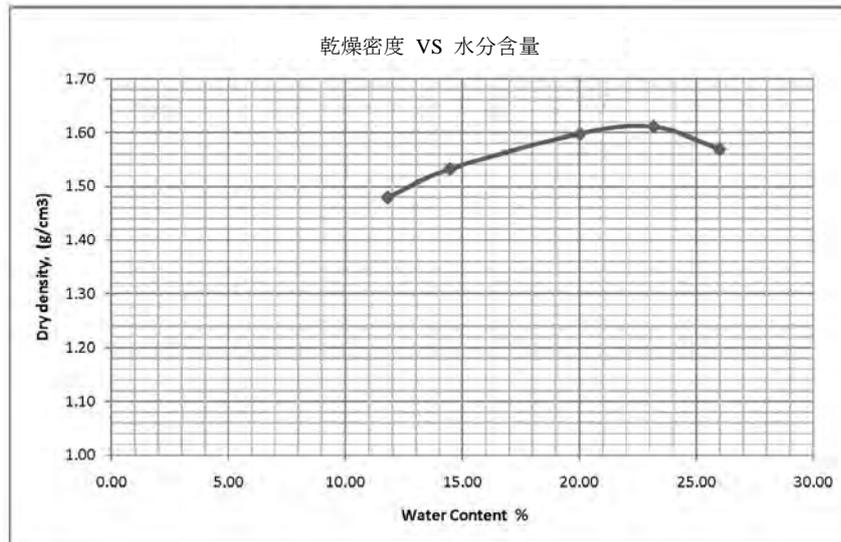
Moisture Can No.	30	14	0	C8	C2
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	100.83	81.05	91.49	100.12	92.35
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	92.8	73.10	80.04	88.45	80.18
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	8.03	7.95	11.45	11.67	12.17
Wt. of Can (C) gm	24.82	18.15	22.81	38.06	33.34
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	67.98	54.95	57.23	50.39	46.84
Moisture Content $W = (A - B / B - C) \times 100$ %	11.81	14.47	20.01	23.16	25.98

Density Determination :

Mold Volume = 2085 cm³

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5
Actual Water Content %	11.81	14.47	20.01	23.16	25.98
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm	6200	6408	6750	6888	6874
Mold Weight (B) gm	2752	2752	2752	2752	2752
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm	3448	3656	3998	4136	4122
Wet density, $\rho_w, (g/cm^3)$	1.65	1.75	1.92	1.98	1.98
Dry density, $\rho_d, (g/cm^3)$	1.48	1.53	1.60	1.61	1.57

Tested by : Azharul.



Optimum Moisture Content = 23.0%
 Maximum Dry Density = 1.61 gm/cm³

Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub



湿度-密度 (壓縮) 試驗
(ASTM D 698)

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No. : 03

Sample Type : Brownish Grey Clayey SILT Sample No : D1

Sample Date : 25/05/2013

Depth(m) : 1.20

Test Date : 16/06/2013

Test Type : Modified proctor (AASHTO T-180)

TEST DATA

Water Content Determination :

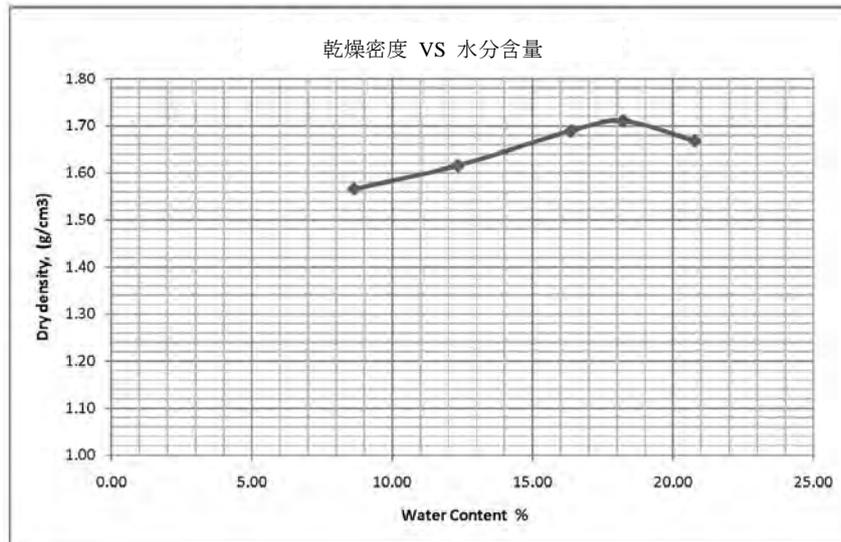
Moisture Can No.	12	29	C-1	C-5	15
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	77.11	103.38	92.27	109.63	116.05
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	72.7	94.78	85.02	97.92	99.94
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	4.41	8.60	7.25	11.71	16.11
Wt. of Can (C) gm	21.64	25.10	40.68	33.70	22.41
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	51.06	69.68	44.34	64.22	77.53
Moisture Content					
$W = (A - B / B - C) \times 100$ %	8.64	12.34	16.35	18.23	20.78

Density Determination :

Mold Volume = 2085 cm³

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5
Actual Water Content %	8.64	12.34	16.35	18.23	20.78
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm	6298	6536	6850	6968	6952
Mold Weight (B) gm	2752	2752	2752	2752	2752
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm	3546	3784	4098	4216	4200
Wet density, $\rho_w, (g/cm^3)$	1.70	1.81	1.97	2.02	2.01
Dry density, $\rho_d, (g/cm^3)$	1.57	1.62	1.69	1.71	1.67

Tested by : Azharul



Optimum Moisture Content = 18.0%
 Maximum Dry Density = 1.71 gm/cm³

Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub

土壌アッテルベリ制限値の
 実験室試験結果
 (ASTM 指定 : D4818)



Road #21, House #74, Block-B
 Banani, Dhaka 1213, Bangladesh.
 Tele/fax: 8818386, 01711323266.
 Email: survey @bdonline.com

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Sample Information: Grey Clayey SILT

Sample Date: 21/05/2013

Test Date: 04/06/2013

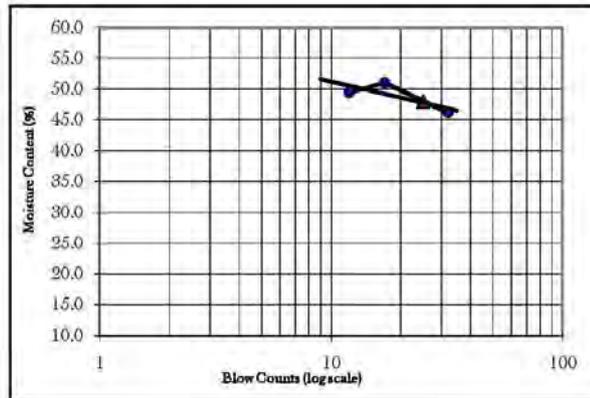
Boring Number Pit 01

Sample Number D1

Depth of Sample(m) 1.5

Determination of Liquid Limit				Determination of Plastic Limit		
Cup Number	95	92	104	Cup Number	96	9
Weight of Cup (g)	12.79	12.92	12.72	Weight of Cup (g)	12.38	12.84
Weight of Wet Soil and Cup (g)	32.08	38.93	42.18	Weight of Wet Soil and Cup (g)	28.36	34.25
Weight of Dry Soil and Cup (g)	25.7	30.14	32.87	Weight of Dry Soil and Cup (g)	25.36	30.29
Moisture Content (%)	49.4	51.0	46.2	Moisture Content (%)	23.1	22.7
Blow Counts	12	17	32			

Compilation of Test Results



Liquid Limit 48
 Plastic Limit 23
 Plasticity Index 25

Tested by : Azhrul

土壌アッテルベリ制限値の
 実験室試験結果
 (ASTM 指定 : D4818)

SURVEY 2000
 Road #21, House #74, Block-B
 Banani, Dhaka 1213, Bangladesh.
 Tele/fax: 8818386, 01711323266.
 Email: survey@bdonline.com

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Sample Information: Grey Clayey SILT

Sample Date: 23/05/2013

Test Date: 04/06/2013

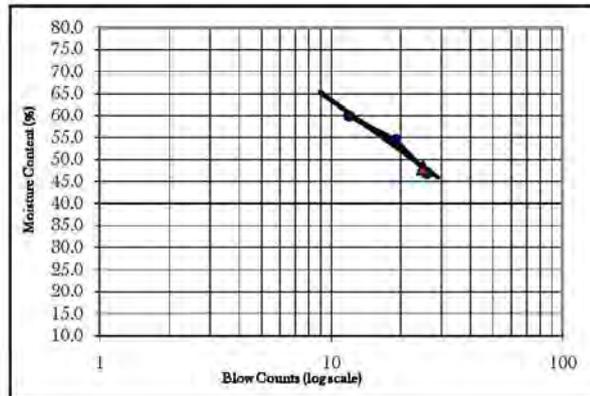
Boring Number Pit 02

Sample Number D1

Depth of Sample(m) 1

Determination of Liquid Limit				Determination of Plastic Limit		
Cup Number	97	4	53	Cup Number	88	7
Weight of Cup (g)	12.87	13.36	13.03	Weight of Cup (g)	12.47	11.15
Weight of Wet Soil and Cup (g)	37.22	42.76	40.67	Weight of Wet Soil and Cup (g)	30.77	28.51
Weight of Dry Soil and Cup (g)	28.1	32.4	31.85	Weight of Dry Soil and Cup (g)	27.25	24.8
Moisture Content (%)	59.9	54.4	46.9	Moisture Content (%)	23.8	27.2
Blow Counts	12	19	26			

Compilation of Test Results



Liquid Limit 48
 Plastic Limit 25
 Plasticity Index 23

Tested by : Azhrul

土壌アッテルベリ制限値の
 実験室試験結果
 (ASTM 指定 : D4818)

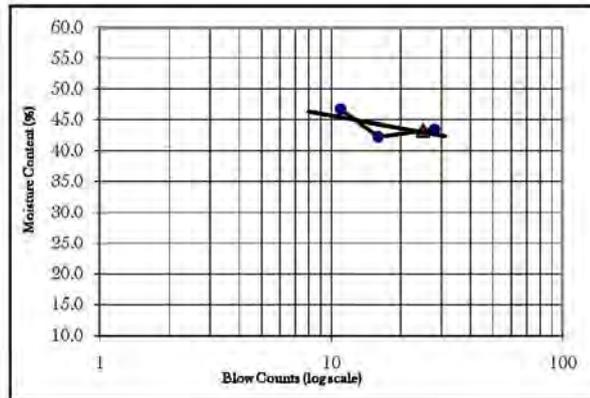
SURVEY 2000
 Road #21, House #74, Block-B
 Banani, Dhaka 1213, Bangladesh.
 Tele/fax: 8818386, 01711323266.
 Email: survey@bdonline.com

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar
 Sample Information: Brownish Grey Clayey SILT
 Sample Date: 25/05/2013
 Test Date: 04/06/2013
 Boring Number Pit 03
 Sample Number D1
 Depth of Sample(m) 1.2

Determination of Liquid Limit				Determination of Plastic Limit		
Cup Number	3	L3	L12	Cup Number	100	101
Weight of Cup (g)	15.39	23.36	25.86	Weight of Cup (g)	12.67	12.75
Weight of Wet Soil and Cup (g)	42.87	46.94	52.42	Weight of Wet Soil and Cup (g)	38.9	38.98
Weight of Dry Soil and Cup (g)	34.12	39.94	44.37	Weight of Dry Soil and Cup (g)	34.111	34.1
Moisture Content (%)	46.7	42.2	43.5	Moisture Content (%)	22.3	22.9
Blow Counts	11	16	28			

Compilation of Test Results



Liquid Limit 43
 Plastic Limit 23
 Plasticity Index 21

Tested by : Azhrul

SURVEY 2000
ASTM D-854 による土壌比重

Client : BETS

Scheme : Access road unit Proposed Coal fired Power plant

Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No : 01

Sample No. : D-1

Sampled by & Date : 21/05/2013

Laboratory Register No. :

Test Date : 30/05/2013

Pycnometer Type : Volumetric Flask/Stoppered Bottle Capacity : 50mL

Air Removal By : Boiling

Description of soil : Grey Clayey SILT

Test Specimen :

Nature of Specimen : Oven-Dry Sample

Soaking Period : Soaked overnight (since oven-dry specimen is used)

TEST DATA :

TEST/TRIAL NO.	1		
PYCNOMETER NO.	IP4		
Wt. of Soil (oven dry weight), W_s in gm	10.00		
Observed Temperature, T_s in deg Centigrade	32		
Wt of Pycnometer + water, W_a (at T_s) in gm (from Calibration Data of Pycnometer)	60.42		
Wt. of Pycnometer + water+soil, W_p (at T_s) in gm	86.58		
Specific Gravity, G (at T_s) = $W_s / (W_p - W_a)$	2.60		
Variation of Specific Gravity Values & Average (According to some specification average value shall be calculated only if (Largest value of G_s) / Smallest value of G_s < or = 1.02)	Ratio : 2.71/2.63 > or = 1.02 Ratio : 2.73/2.71 < or = 1.02 Avg. G_s (at T_s)		0.000
Density of Water at T_s deg.Cent. in gm/cc			0.9951
Density of Water at 20 deg.Cent. in gm/cc			0.9982
Specific Gravity, G (at 20 deg.Cent.) = (Density of Water at T_s / Density of Water at 20 deg.cent.) x G (at T_s)			2.60

Tested by : S. Alam, Laboratory specialist

Comments of the Laboratory Incharge :

Signed by : M. Islam

SURVEY 2000

ASTM D-854 による土壌比重

Client : BETS

Scheme : Access road unit Proposed Coal fired Power plant

Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No : 02

Sample No. : D-1

Sampled by & Date : 23/05/2013

Laboratory Register No. :

Test Date : 30/05/2013

Pycnometer Type : Volumetric Flask/Stoppered Bottle Capacity : 50mL

Air Removal By : Boiling

Description of soil : Grey Clayey SILT

Test Specimen :

Nature of Specimen : Oven-Dry Sample

Soaking Period : Soaked overnight (since oven-dry specimen is used)

TEST DATA :

TEST/TRIAL NO.	1		
PYCNOMETER NO.	8		
Wt. of Soil (oven dry weight), W_s in gm	10.00		
Observed Temperature, T_s in deg Centigrade	32		
Wt of Pycnometer + water, W_a (at T_s) in gm (from Calibration Data of Pycnometer)	60.84		
Wt. of Pycnometer + water+soil, W_p (at T_s) in gm	86.78		
Specific Gravity, G (at T_s) = $W_s / (W_p - W_a)$	2.47		
Variation of Specific Gravity Values & Average (According to some specification average value shall be calculated only if (Largest value of G_s) / Smallest value of G_s < or = 1.02)	Ratio : 2.71/2.63 > or = 1.02 Ratio : 2.73/2.71 < or = 1.02		
	Avg. G_s (at T_s)		0.000
Density of Water at T_s deg.Cent. in gm/cc			0.9951
Density of Water at 20 deg.Cent. in gm/cc			0.9982
Specific Gravity, G (at 20 deg.Cent.) = (Density of Water at T_s / Density of Water at 20 deg.cent.) x G (at T_s)			2.46

Tested by : S. Alam, Laboratory specialist

Comments of the Laboratory Incharge :

Signed by : M. Islam

SURVEY 2000

ASTM D-854 による土壌比重

Client : BETS

Scheme : Access road unit Proposed Coal fired Power plant

Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No : 03

Sample No. : D-1

Sampled by & Date : 25/05/2013

Laboratory Register No. :

Test Date : 30/05/2013

Pycnometer Type : Volumetric Flask/Stoppered Bottle Capacity : 50mL

Air Removal By : Boiling

Description of soil : Brownish Grey Clayey SILT

Test Specimen :

Nature of Specimen : Oven-Dry Sample

Soaking Period : Soaked overnight (since oven-dry specimen is used)

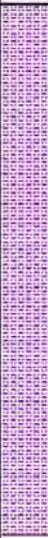
TEST DATA :

TEST/TRIAL NO.	1		
PYCNOMETER NO.	3		
Wt. of Soil (oven dry weight), W_s in gm	10.00		
Observed Temperature, T_s in deg Centigrade	32		
Wt of Pycnometer + water, W_a (at T_s) in gm (from Calibration Data of Pycnometer)	79.06		
Wt. of Pycnometer + water+soil, W_p (at T_s) in gm	85.16		
Specific Gravity, G (at T_s) = $W_s / (W_p - W_a)$	2.56		
Variation of Specific Gravity Values & Average (According to some specification average value shall be calculated only if (Largest value of G_s) / Smallest value of G_s) < or = 1.02)	Ratio : 2.71/2.63 > or = 1.02 Ratio : 2.73/2.71 < or = 1.02		
	Avg. G_s (at T_s)		0.000
Density of Water at T_s deg.Cent., in gm/cc			0.9951
Density of Water at 20 deg.Cent., in gm/cc			0.9982
Specific Gravity, G (at 20 deg.Cent.) = (Density of Water at T_s / Density of Water at 20 deg.cent.) $\times G$ (at T_s)			2.56

Tested by : S. Alam, Laboratory specialist

Comments of the Laboratory Incharge :

Signed by : M. Islam

Client : BETS				 SURVEY 2000	
Trial Pit No. : 01		Existing Ground Level : 0.0m		Date Started : 21-05-2013	
Method of Boring : Manual		Date Completed : 21-05-2013		Legend :	
Depth of Pit (m) : 1.5m				 SAND  SILT  CLAY	
Coordinates : 387960, 2400943. Chainage : Ch 4+445km					
Location of Pit : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar					
Depth below G.L.(m)	Type of Sample	Sample No.	Thickness in (m)	Symbol	DESCRIPTION OF SOIL STRATA
0.5			1.5		Grey medium plastic clayey SILT
1.0					
1.5	D-1				End of Pit
2.0					
2.5					
3.0					
Logged by : Azhar Checked by : Mahabub					

Client : BETS				 SURVEY 2000	
Trial Pit No. : 02		Existing Ground Level : 0.0m		Date Started : 23-05-2013	
Method of Boring : Manual		Date Completed : 23-05-2013		Legend :	
Depth of Pit (m) : 1.5m				 SAND  SILT  CLAY	
Coordinates : 387222, 2401220. Chainage : Ch 5+235km					
Location of Pit : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar					
Depth below G.L.(m)	Type of Sample	Sample No.	Thickness in (m)	Symbol	DESCRIPTION OF SOIL STRATA
0.5			1.5		Grey medium plastic clayey SILT
1.0	D-1				
1.5					End of Pit
2.0					
2.5					
3.0					
Logged by : Azhar Checked by : Mahabub					

Client : BETS				 SURVEY 2000	
Trial Pit No. : 03		Existing Ground Level : 0.0m		Date Started : 25-05-2013	
Method of Boring : Manual		Date Completed : 25-05-2013		Legend :	
Depth of Pit (m) : 1.5m		 SAND  SILT  CLAY		Coordinates :386466, 2400999. Chainage :Ch 6+205km	
Location of Pit : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar					
Depth below G.L.(m)	Type of Sample	Sample No.	Thickness in (m)	Symbol	DESCRIPTION OF SOIL STRATA
0.5			1.5		Brownish grey medium plastic clayey SILT
1.0		D-1			
1.5					End of Pit
2.0					
2.5					
3.0					
Logged by : Azhar Checked by : Mahabub					



**MDD 及び OMC の判断のためのプロクター密度試験
(ASTM D 698)**

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's bazar

Pit No. : 01

Sample Type : Grey clayey SILT

Sample No. : D1

Sample Date : 21/05/2013

Depth(m) : 1.50

Test Date : 13/06/2013

Test Type : Modified proctor (AASHTO T-180)

TEST DATA

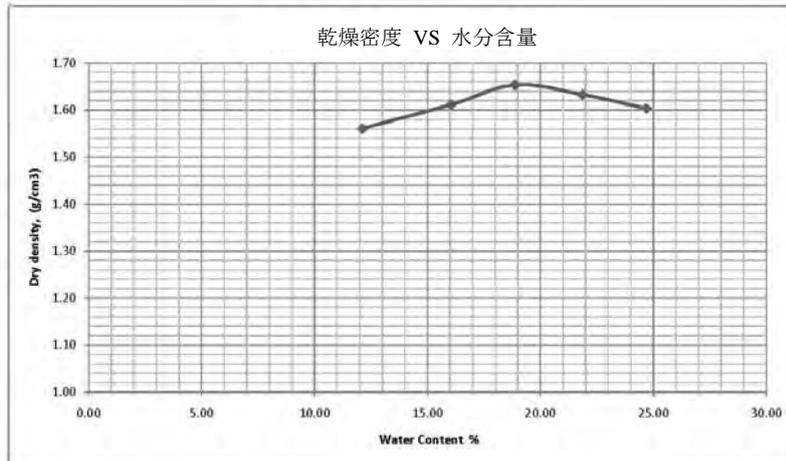
Water Content Determination :

Moisture Can No.	C5	C10	15	14	30	29
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	80.0	107.54	100.0	130.50	112.50	108.52
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	75.0	98.2	87.68	110.34	95.14	90.17
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	5.00	9.34	12.32	20.16	17.36	18.35
Wt. of Can (C) gm	33.70	39.95	22.41	18.15	24.82	25.01
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	41.30	58.25	65.27	82.19	70.32	65.16
Moisture Content $W = (A - B / B - C) \times 100$ %	12.11	16.03	18.88	21.87	24.69	28.16

Density Determination :

Mold Volume = 2085cm³

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Actual Water Content %	12.11	16.03	18.88	21.87	24.69	28.16
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm	6400	6850	6850	6900	6920	6880
Mold Weight (B) gm	2752	2752	2752	2752	2752	2752
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm	3648	3898	4098	4148	4168	4128
Wet density, ρ_w , (g/cm ³)	1.75	1.87	1.97	1.99	2.00	1.98
Dry density, ρ_d , (g/cm ³)	1.56	1.61	1.65	1.63	1.60	1.54



Optimum Moisture Content = 19.0%
 Maximum Dry Density = 1.65 gm/cm³

Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub



カリフォルニア支持力比率 (CBR) 試験
(AASHTO T 193)

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's bazar

Pit No. : 01

Sample Type : Grey clayey SILT

Sample No: D1

Sample Date : 21/05/2013

Depth(m) : 1.50

Test Date : 23/06/2013

CBR Test Type : AASHTO T 193

Description of test specimen : Specimen is 100% passing through 4.75 mm sieve

Type of Test : Three point CBR (Specimen is compacted at OMC % in different density)

Soaking Condition : Soaked 4 days

Water Content Determination :

Moisture Can No.	C1		59		57
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	111.46		134.41		108.89
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	103.0		120.4		95.5
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	8.46		14.01		13.39
Wt. of Can (C) gm	40.68		28.68		23.72
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	62.32		91.72		71.78
Moisture Content					
W = (A - B / B - C) x 100 %	13.58		15.27		18.65
Optimum Moisture content (OMC)= 19%					

Density Determination :

Mold Volume = 2122cm³

Mold No.		1	2	3
Blows applied in each of layer (5 Layers, 4.5kg rammer)		10	30	65
Actual Water Content %		13.58	15.27	18.65
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm		7832	7820	8452
Mold Weight (B) gm		4256	3910	4214
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm		3576	3910	4238
Wet density, pw, (g/cm ³)		1.68	1.84	2.00
Dry density, pd, (g/cm ³)		1.48	1.60	1.68
Compaction (%)		90	97	101
(MDD and Type of Proctor Density test), MDD=		1.65 gm/cm ³	Method -A, AASHTO T-180(Modified)	

SWELL DATA

	Time	Date	Elapsed Time	Mold No-1 Reading	Swell (%)	Mold No-2 Reading	Swell (%)	Mold No-3 Reading	Swell (%)
Submerged	1:06 PM	22-6-2013	0:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Final reading	1:06 PM	23-6-2013	24 hrs.	10.66	9.11	10.65	9.10	10.65	9.10

Load Cell No: PR-40-20485

Maximum Capacity : 40 kN

Load Determination :

Area of penetration Plunger, A = 0.001962 m²

Date of penetration : 01.04.2013

CBR' LOAD-PENETRATION' DATA

Penetration Reading		Proving Ring Reading and Stress								
		Mold No.-1			Mold No.-2			Mold No.-3		
		Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa	Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa	Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa
in	(mm)									
0.000	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.025	0.64	0.00	0.87	444.44	0.50	0.93	474.77	1.00	0.99	505.10
0.050	1.27	0.50	0.93	474.77	1.00	0.99	505.10	1.50	1.05	535.42
0.075	1.91	1.25	1.02	520.26	1.50	1.05	535.42	2.00	1.11	565.75
0.100	2.54	1.50	1.05	535.42	2.00	1.11	565.75	2.50	1.17	596.08
0.125	3.18	1.50	1.05	535.42	2.50	1.17	596.08	3.50	1.29	656.73
0.150	3.81	2.50	1.17	596.08	3.00	1.23	626.40	4.00	1.35	687.05
0.175	4.45	2.50	1.17	596.08	3.25	1.26	641.56	5.00	1.47	747.71
0.200	5.08	3.00	1.23	626.40	4.00	1.35	687.05	6.00	1.59	808.36
0.225	5.72	3.50	1.29	656.73	4.50	1.41	717.38	7.00	1.71	869.01
0.250	6.35	4.50	1.41	717.38	5.00	1.47	747.71	7.50	1.76	899.34
0.275	6.99	5.00	1.47	747.71	6.00	1.59	808.36	8.00	1.82	929.66
0.300	7.62	5.00	1.47	747.71	7.00	1.71	869.01	9.00	1.94	990.32
0.325	8.25	5.00	1.47	747.71	8.00	1.82	929.66	10.00	2.06	1050.97
0.350	8.89	5.00	1.47	747.71	8.00	1.82	929.66	11.00	2.18	1111.62
0.400	10.16	5.00	1.47	747.71	8.00	1.82	929.66	12.00	2.30	1172.27

CBR CALCULATION (From the graph of above data, as shown in next page)

CBR Calculation	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 535 kPa	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 565 kPa	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 596 kPa
	Ratio (in %) = 7	Ratio (in %) = 8	Ratio (in %) = 8
	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 630 kPa	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 687 kPa	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 808 kPa
	Ratio (in %) = 8	Ratio (in %) = 7	Ratio (in %) = 8
	CBR = 8 %	CBR = 7 %	CBR = 8 %
	At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) 1480	At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) 1600	At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) 1680
	(% of Compaction) 90	(% of Compaction) 97	(% of Compaction) 101
Remark (if any)			

CBR AT PARTICULAR COMPACTION FROM ' Dry-density versus CBR' GRAPH (Applicable for 3 points CBR only)

CBR at particular	At 100% Compaction (or 1650 kg/m ³ Dry-Density), the soaked CBR = 8 %
Degree of Compaction	(MDD = 1650 kg/m ³ , Modified Proctor Test)

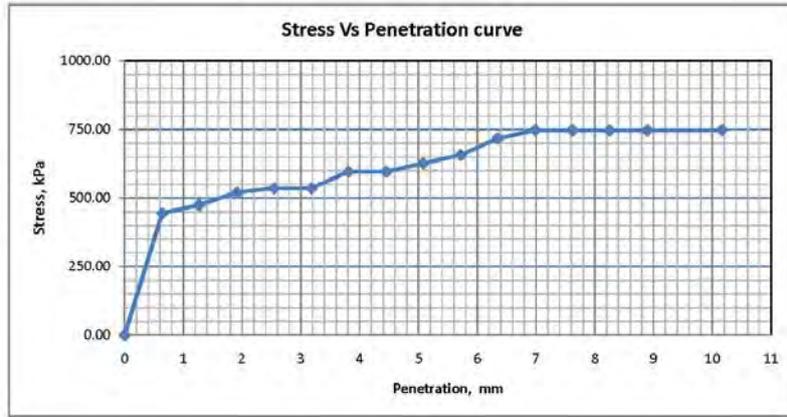
Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub

CBR 压力貫入曲線

Mold No.-1

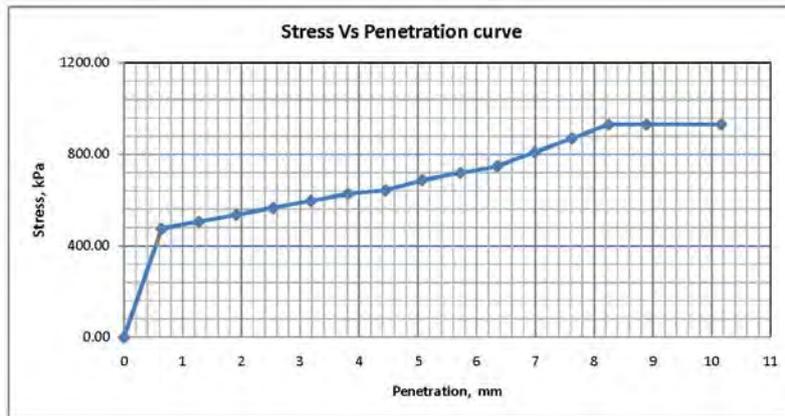
Dry Density=1480 kg/m³ or 90% Compaction



CBR 压力貫入曲線

Mold No.-2

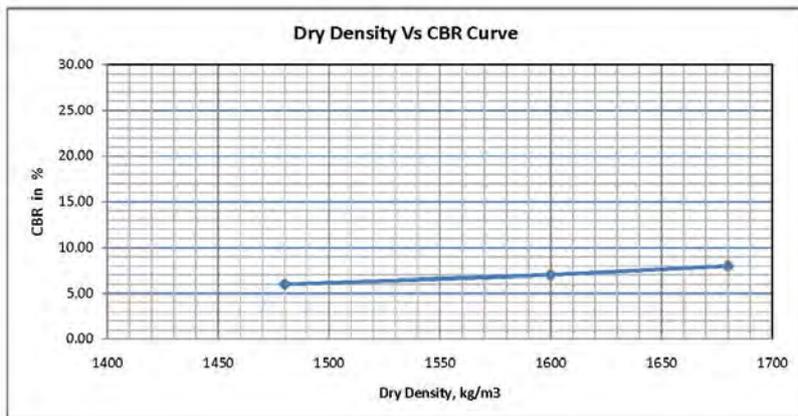
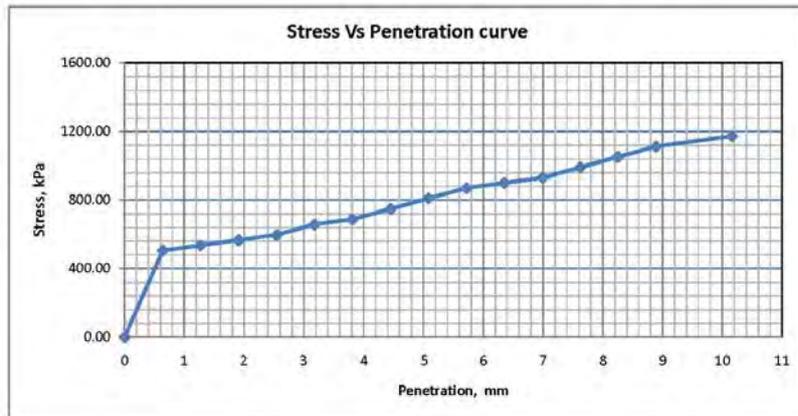
Dry Density=1600 kg/m³ or 97 % Compaction



CBR 压力贯入曲线

Mold No.-3

Dry Density=1680 kg/m³ or 101 % Compaction



Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub

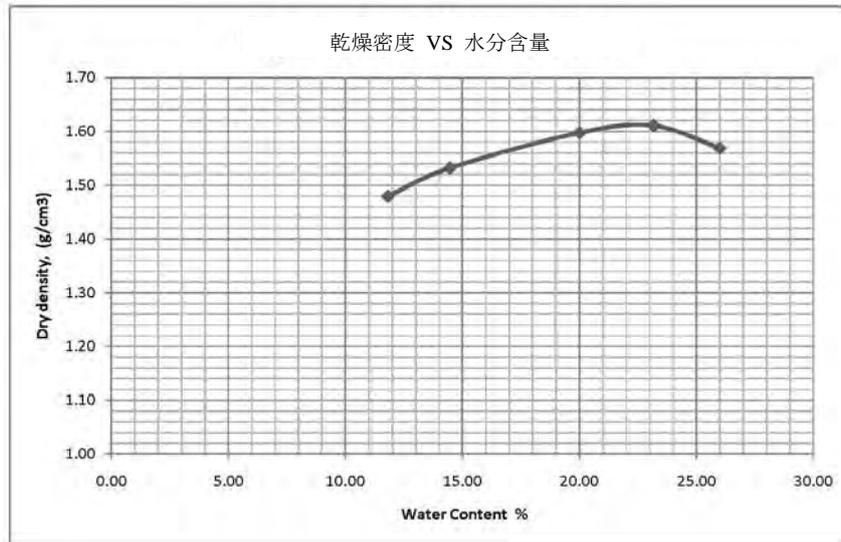

SURVEY 2000
**MDD 及び OMC の判断のためのプロクター密度試験
(ASTM D 698)**
Client : BETS
Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar
Pit No. : 02
Sample Type : Grey clayey SILT
Sample No : D1
Sample Date : 04/02/2013
Depth(m) : 1.00
Test Date : 29/06/2013
Test Type : Modified proctor (AASHTO T-180)
TEST DATA
Water Content Determination :

Moisture Can No.	30	14	0	C8	C2
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	100.83	81.05	91.49	100.12	92.35
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	92.8	73.10	80.04	88.45	80.18
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	8.03	7.95	11.45	11.67	12.17
Wt. of Can (C) gm	24.82	18.15	22.81	38.06	33.34
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	67.98	54.95	57.23	50.39	46.84
Moisture Content					
$W = (A - B / B - C) \times 100$ %	11.81	14.47	20.01	23.16	25.98

Density Determination :

 Mold Volume = 2085cm³

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5
Actual Water Content %	11.81	14.47	20.01	23.16	25.98
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm	6200	6408	6750	6888	6874
Mold Weight (B) gm	2752	2752	2752	2752	2752
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm	3448	3656	3998	4136	4122
Wet density, ρ_w , (g/cm ³)	1.65	1.75	1.92	1.98	1.98
Dry density, ρ_d , (g/cm ³)	1.48	1.53	1.60	1.61	1.57



Optimum Moisture Content = 23.0%
 Maximum Dry Density = 1.61 gm/cm³

Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub



カリフォルニア支持力比率 (CBR) 試験
(AASHTO T 193)

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No. : 02

Sample Type : Grey clayey SILT

Sample No: D1

Sample Date : 04/02/2013

Depth(m) : 1.00

Test Date : 29/06/2013

CBR Test Type : AASHTO T 193

Description of test specimen : Specimen is 100% passing through 4.75 mm sieve

Type of Test : Three point CBR (Specimen is compacted at OMC % in different density)

Soaking Condition : Soaked 4 days

Water Content Determination :

Moisture Can No.	C3	57	C4
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	111.61	117.10	120.0
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	98.37	101.22	106.33
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	13.24	15.88	13.67
Wt. of Can (C) gm	32.72	25.38	39.91
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	65.65	75.84	66.42
Moisture Content			
W = (A - B / B - C) x 100 %	20.17	20.94	20.58
Optimum Moisture content (OMC)= 23%			

Density Determination :

Mold Volume = 2122cm³

Mold No.	1	2	3
Blows applied in each of layer (5 Layers, 4.5kg rammer)	10	30	65
Actual Water Content %	20.17	20.94	20.58
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm	7844	8350	8390
Mold Weight (B) gm	3910	4256	4214
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm	3934	4094	4176
Wet density, pw, (g/cm ³)	1.85	1.93	1.97
Dry density, pd, (g/cm ³)	1.54	1.60	1.63
Compaction (%)	95	99	101
(MDD and Type of Proctor Density test), MDD=	1.61 gm/cm ³ Method -A, AASHTO T-180(Modified)		

SWELL DATA

	Time	Date	Elapsed Time	Mold No-1 Reading	Swell (%)	Mold No-2 Reading	Swell (%)	Mold No-3 Reading	Swell (%)
Submerged	4:30 PM	29-06-2013	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Final reading	4:30 PM	30-06-2013	24 hrs.	3.55	3.03	12.57	10.74	2.45	2.08

Load Cell No: PR-40-20485

Maximum Capacity : 40 kN

Load Determination :

Area of penetration Plunger, A = 0.001962 m²

Date of penetration : 01.04.2013

CBR' LOAD-PENETRATION' DATA

Penetration Reading		Proving Ring Reading and Stress								
		Mold No.-1			Mold No.-2			Mold No.-3		
		Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa	Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa	Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa
in	(mm)									
0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
0.025	0.64	0.0	0.87	444.44	1.0	0.99	505.10	1.0	0.99	505.10
0.050	1.27	1.0	0.99	505.10	2.0	1.11	565.75	2.0	1.11	565.75
0.075	1.91	1.5	1.05	535.42	2.5	1.17	586.08	4.0	1.35	687.05
0.100	2.54	2.0	1.11	565.75	3.5	1.29	656.73	5.0	1.47	747.71
0.125	3.18	3.0	1.23	626.40	5.0	1.47	747.71	7.0	1.71	869.01
0.150	3.81	3.0	1.23	626.40	7.0	1.71	869.01	8.5	1.88	959.99
0.175	4.45	3.5	1.29	656.73	8.0	1.82	929.66	11.0	2.18	1111.62
0.200	5.08	4.0	1.35	687.05	8.5	1.88	959.99	12.0	2.30	1172.27
0.225	5.72	4.0	1.35	687.05	9.0	1.94	980.32	14.0	2.54	1293.58
0.250	6.35	4.5	1.41	717.38	9.0	1.94	980.32	15.0	2.66	1354.23
0.275	6.99	4.5	1.41	717.38	10.0	2.06	1050.97	16.0	2.78	1414.88
0.300	7.62	5.0	1.47	747.71	11.0	2.18	1111.62	18.0	3.01	1536.19
0.325	8.25	5.0	1.47	747.71	11.0	2.18	1111.62	20.0	3.25	1657.49
0.350	8.89	5.0	1.47	747.71	12.0	2.30	1172.27	20.0	3.25	1657.49
0.400	10.16	5.0	1.47	747.71	12.0	2.30	1172.27	20.0	3.25	1657.49

CBR CALCULATION (From the graph of above data, as shown in next page)

CBR Calculation	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 565 kPa Ratio (in %) = 8	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 656 kPa Ratio (in %) = 9	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 720 kPa Ratio (in %) = 10
	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 687 kPa Ratio (in %) = 7	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 960 kPa Ratio (in %) = 9	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 1100 kPa Ratio (in %) = 10
	CBR = 7 % At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) = 1640 (% of Compaction) = 95	CBR = 9 % At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) = 1600 (% of Compaction) = 99	CBR = 10 % At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) = 1630 (% of Compaction) = 101
Remark (if any)			

CBR AT PARTICULAR COMPACTION FROM ' Dry-density versus CBR' GRAPH (Applicable for 3 points CBR only)

CBR at particular	At 100% Compaction (or 1610 kg/m ³ Dry-Density), the soaked CBR = 9 %
Degree of Compaction	(MDD = 1610 kg/m ³ , Modified Proctor Test)

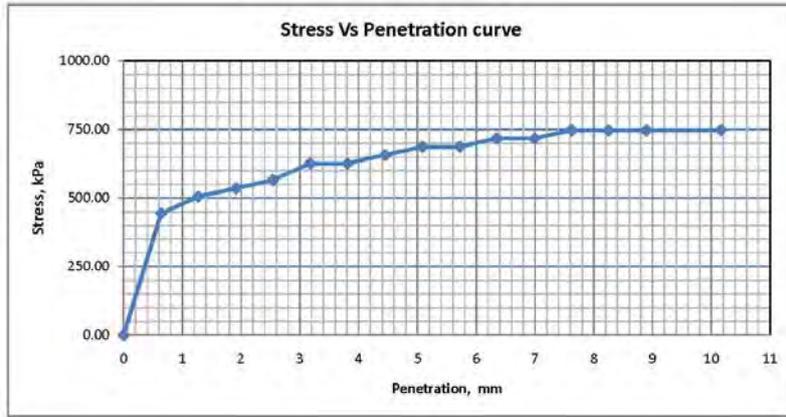
Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub

CBR 压力貫入曲線

Mold No.-1

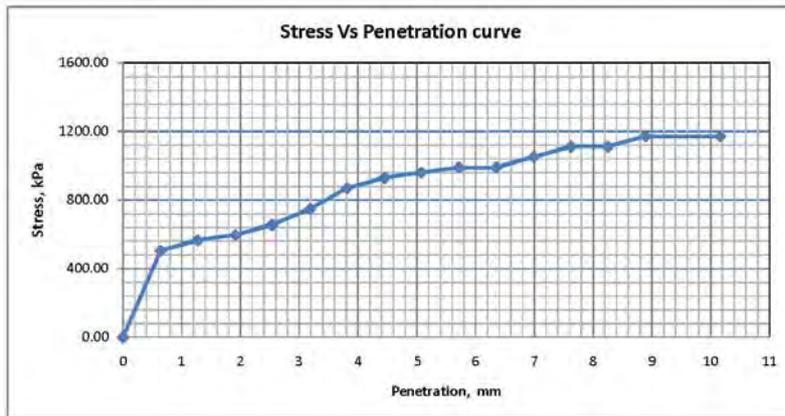
Dry Density=1540 kg/m³ or 95% Compaction



CBR 压力貫入曲線

Mold No.-2

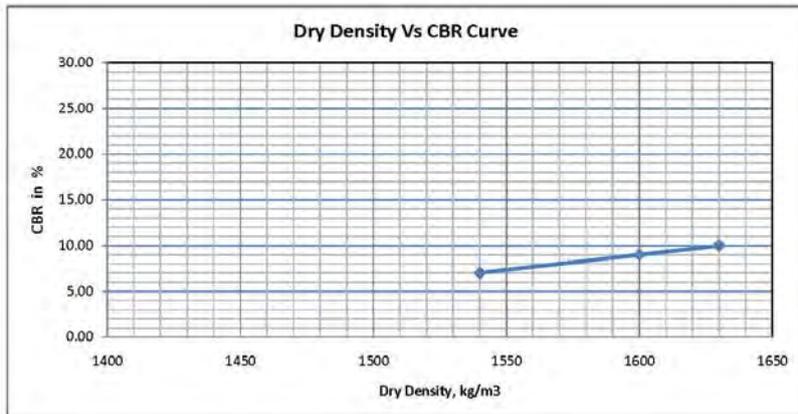
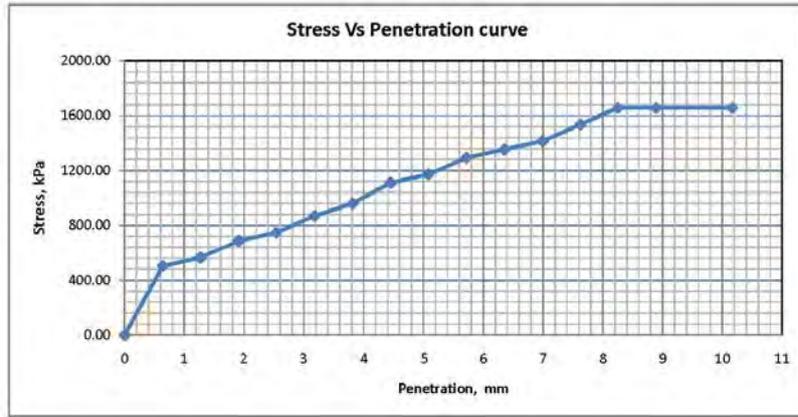
Dry Density=1600 kg/m³ or 99 % Compaction



CBR 压力贯入曲线

Mold No.-3

Dry Density=1630 kg/m³ or 101 % Compaction



Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub



MDD 及び OMC の判断のためのプロクター密度試験
(ASTM D 698)

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No. : 03

Sample Type : Brownish grey clayey SILT Sample No : D1

Sample Date : 25/05/2013

Depth(m) : 1.20

Test Date : 16/06/2013

Test Type : Modified proctor (AASHTO T-180)

TEST DATA

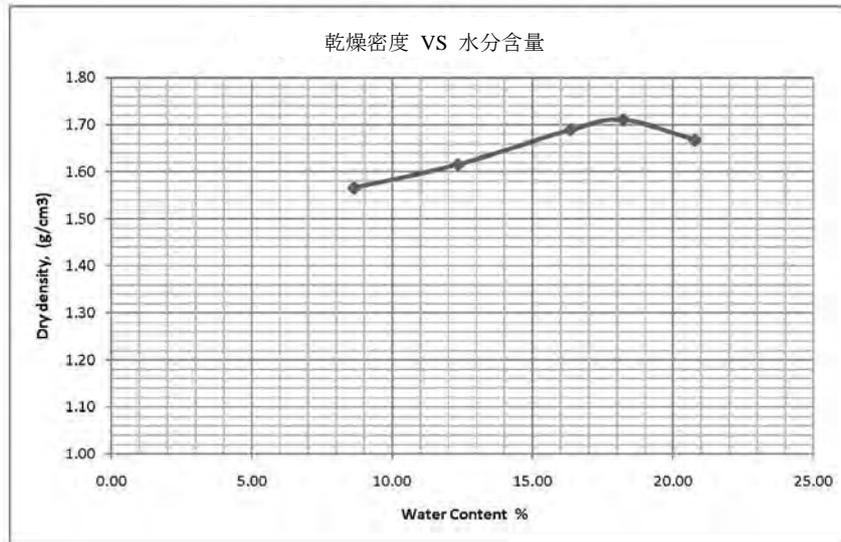
Water Content Determination :

Moisture Can No.	12	29	C-1	C-5	15
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	77.11	103.38	92.27	109.63	116.05
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	72.7	94.78	85.02	97.92	99.94
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	4.41	8.60	7.25	11.71	16.11
Wt. of Can (C) gm	21.64	25.10	40.68	33.70	22.41
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	51.06	69.68	44.34	64.22	77.53
Moisture Content					
W = (A - B / B - C) x 100 %	8.64	12.34	16.35	18.23	20.78

Density Determination :

Mold Volume = 2085cm³

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5
Actual Water Content %	8.64	12.34	16.35	18.23	20.78
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm	6298	6536	6850	6968	6952
Mold Weight (B) gm	2752	2752	2752	2752	2752
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm	3546	3784	4098	4216	4200
Wet density, ρ_w , (g/cm ³)	1.70	1.81	1.97	2.02	2.01
Dry density, ρ_d , (g/cm ³)	1.57	1.62	1.69	1.71	1.67



Optimum Moisture Content = 18.0%
Maximum Dry Density = 1.71 gm/cm³

Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub



カリフォルニア支持力比率 (CBR) 試験
(AASHTO T 193)

Client : BETS

Project Location : Matarbari, Cox's Bazar

Pit No. : 03

Sample Type : Brownish grey clayey SILT Sample No: D1

Sample Date : 25/05/2013 Depth(m) : 1.20

Test Date : 03/07/2013 CBR Test Type : AASHTO T 193

Description of test specimen : Specimen is 100% passing through 4.75 mm sieve

Type of Test : Three point CBR (Specimen is compacted at OMC % in different density)

Soaking Condition : Soaked 4 days

Water Content Determination :

Moisture Can No.	C2	C7	C10
Wt. of Can + Wet Specimen (A) gm	129.82	105.25	141.7
Wt. of Can + Dry Specimen (B) gm	113.78	94.97	125.58
Wt. of Water (A - B) gm	16.04	10.28	16.12
Wt. of Can (C) gm	33.34	40.42	39.95
Wt. of Dry Specimen (B - C) gm	80.44	54.55	85.63
Moisture Content			
W = (A - B / B - C) x 100 %	19.94	18.85	18.83
Optimum Moisture content (OMC)= 18%			

Density Determination :

Mold Volume = 2122cm³

Mold No.	1	2	3
Blows applied in each of layer (5 Layers, 4.5kg rammer)	10	30	65
Actual Water Content %	19.94	18.85	18.83
Mold + Wet Soil (A) gm	8096	8460	8558
Mold Weight (B) gm	3910	4214	4256
Weight of Wet soil (A-B) gm	4186	4246	4300
Wet density, pw, (g/cm ³)	1.97	2.00	2.03
Dry density, pd, (g/cm ³)	1.64	1.68	1.71
Compaction (%)	95	98	100
(MDD and Type of Proctor Density test), MDD=	1.71 gm/cm ³	Method -A, AASHTO T-180(Modified)	

SWELL DATA

	Time	Date	Elapsed Time	Mold No-1 Reading	Swell (%)	Mold No-2 Reading	Swell (%)	Mold No-3 Reading	Swell (%)
Submerged	4:50 PM	3/7/2013	0:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Final reading	4:50 PM	4/7/2013	24 hrs.	1.22	1.04	1.42	1.21	1.36	1.18

Load Cell No: PR-40-20465

Maximum Capacity : 40 kN

Load Determination :

Area of penetration Plunger, A = 0.001962 m²

Date of penetration : 01.04.2013

CBR' LOAD-PENETRATION' DATA

Penetration Reading		Proving Ring Reading and Stress								
		Mold No.-1			Mold No.-2			Mold No.-3		
		Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa	Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa	Reading	Load kN	Stress kPa
in	(mm)									
0.000	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.025	0.64	0.50	0.93	474.77	0.50	0.93	474.77	1.00	0.99	505.10
0.050	1.27	1.00	0.99	505.10	1.00	0.99	505.10	1.50	1.05	535.42
0.075	1.91	1.50	1.05	535.42	1.50	1.05	535.42	2.00	1.11	565.75
0.100	2.54	1.75	1.08	550.59	2.00	1.11	565.75	2.50	1.17	596.08
0.125	3.18	2.50	1.17	596.08	2.00	1.11	565.75	3.50	1.29	656.73
0.150	3.81	3.00	1.23	626.40	2.50	1.17	596.08	4.50	1.41	717.38
0.175	4.45	3.00	1.23	626.40	3.00	1.23	626.40	5.00	1.47	747.71
0.200	5.08	4.00	1.35	687.05	4.00	1.35	687.05	5.50	1.53	778.03
0.225	5.72	4.00	1.35	687.05	5.00	1.47	747.71	7.00	1.71	889.01
0.250	6.35	4.00	1.35	687.05	5.00	1.47	747.71	7.50	1.76	899.34
0.275	6.99	4.50	1.41	717.38	6.00	1.59	808.36	8.00	1.82	929.66
0.300	7.62	5.50	1.53	778.03	6.50	1.85	838.69	9.00	1.94	990.32
0.325	8.25	5.50	1.53	778.03	7.00	1.71	889.01	10.00	2.06	1050.97
0.350	8.89	5.50	1.53	778.03	7.00	1.71	889.01	11.00	2.18	1111.62
0.400	10.16	5.50	1.53	778.03	7.00	1.71	889.01	11.00	2.18	1111.62

CBR CALCULATION (From the graph of above data, as shown in next page)

CBR Calculation	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 540 kPa	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 565 kPa	a) Stress at 2.54 mm = 580 kPa
	Ratio (in %) = 7	Ratio (in %) = 8	Ratio (in %) = 8
	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 700 kPa	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 687 kPa	b) Stress at 5.08 mm = 800 kPa
	Ratio (in %) = 8	Ratio (in %) = 7	Ratio (in %) = 8
	CBR = 8 %	CBR = 7 %	CBR = 8 %
	At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) = 1640	At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) = 1680	At Dry-Density (kg/m ³) = 1710
	(% of Compaction) = 95	(% of Compaction) = 98	(% of Compaction) = 100
Remark (if any)			

CBR AT PARTICULAR COMPACTION FROM ' Dry-density versus CBR' GRAPH (Applicable for 3 points CBR only)

CBR at particular	At 100% Compaction (or 1710 kg/m ³ Dry-Density), the soaked CBR = 8 %
Degree of Compaction	(MDD = 1710 kg/m ³ , Modified Proctor Test)

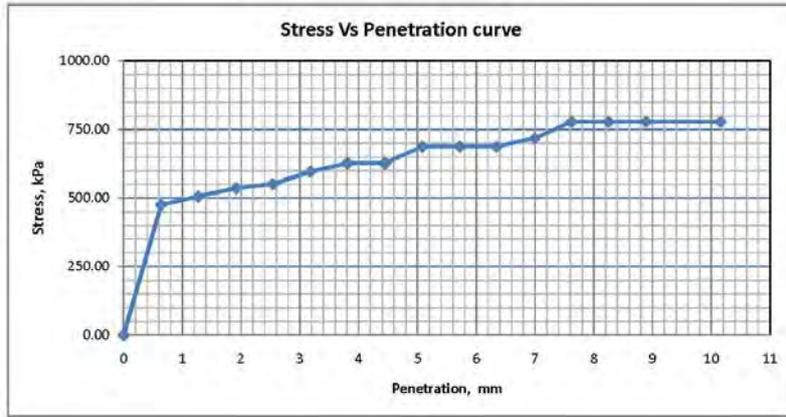
Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub

CBR 压力贯入曲线

Mold No.-1

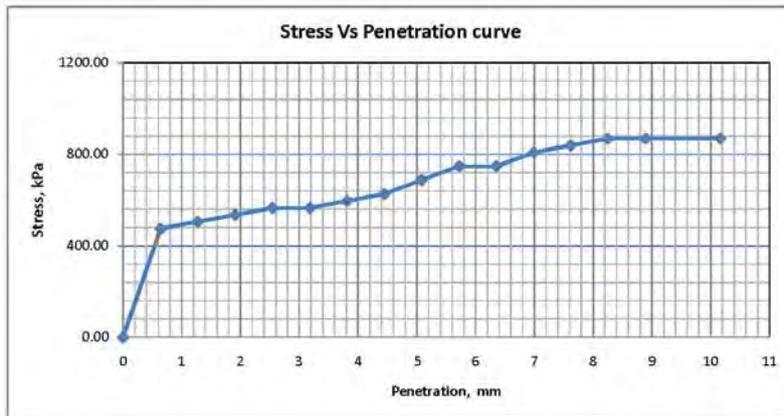
Dry Density=1640 kg/m³ or 95% Compaction



CBR 压力贯入曲线

Mold No.-2

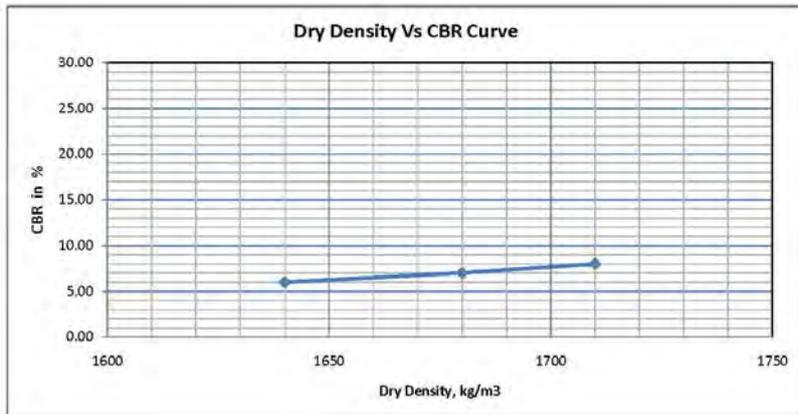
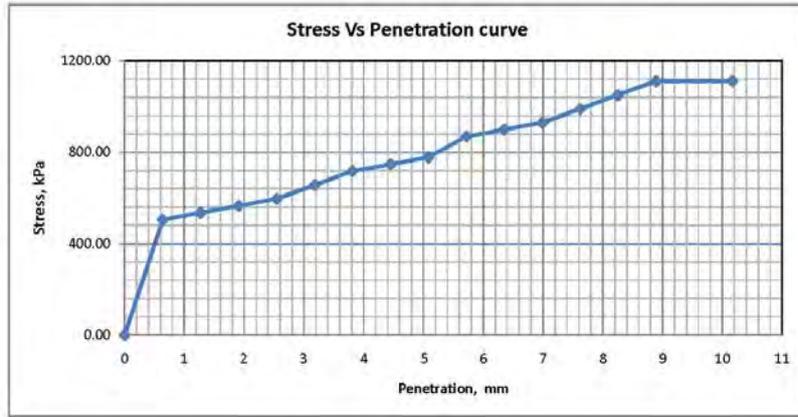
Dry Density=1680 kg/m³ or 98 % Compaction



CBR 压力貫入曲線

Mold No.-3

Dry Density=1710 kg/m³ or 100 % Compaction



Tested by : Azhar

Checked by : Mahabub

SURVEY 2000

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS			
Pit No.	Pit_01	Pit_02	Pit_03
Sample No.	D1	D1	D1
Depth in Meter	1.5	1.0	1.2
Atterberg Limits : Liquid Limit (LL) (%)	48	48	43
Plastic Limit (PL) (%)	23	25	23
Plasticity Index (PI) (%)	25	23	21
Grain Size Analysis : Sand (%)	4	0	2
Silt (%)	88	82	88
Clay (%)	8	18	10
D ₅₀ (mm)	0.02	0.009	0.022
Silt Factor :	0.25	0.17	0.26
Proctor Test : OMC (%)	19	23	18
MDD (gm/cc)	1.65	1.61	1.71
CBR in (%)	8	9	8

Appendix-C16.3-6

水文・地形解析

D. 水文、地形

チッタゴン石炭火力発電所へのアクセス道路上にある Kohelia 川を渡る橋建設に関する水文、地形について、解析を行った。

D1. はじめに

チッタゴン石炭火力発電所への提案されたアクセス道路のルートでは、Cox's Bazar District Maheshkhali Upazila で Kohelia 川を渡る新しい橋の建設が必要となる。約 640m の橋は幅約 578m の河道を横断する。バングラデシュ水開発委員会 (BWDB) の文書では、Kohelia 川は Matarbari チャンネルと呼ばれている。提案された発電所は、Maheshkhali Upazila の Matarbari Union 及び Dholghata Union の中にある BWDB 沿岸洪水防災干拓地 No-70 内に位置する。干拓地の北側及び東側が Kohelia 川に囲まれ、西側及び南側にはそれぞれ Kutubdia チャンネル及び Bengal 湾がある。提案された東側から干拓地 No-70 内に位置する発電所までのアクセス道路は Kohelia 川を横断し、BWDB 堤防上に一定距離続く。Kohelia 川橋は Kohelia 川東岸の Nayaghata Jetty サイトからスタートする。橋は既存の河道を横切った後、約 62m の干潟を横断する。

Kohelia 川、提案された橋サイト、アクセス道路、及び発電所サイトの一部の位置関係を下図に示す。

図：提案された Kohelia 川橋サイトの概要



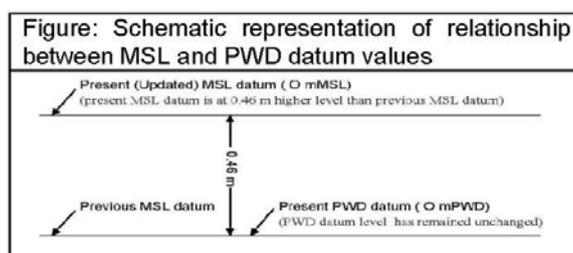
提案された橋の建設に関わる Kohelia 川の水文及び地形の詳細は次の章に述べる。実

用上、全ての解析は公共事業部（PWD）の値の下で行われた。速やかな参考のため、公共事業部（PWD）値と平均海面（MSL）値との関係は、下記で、概要を説明する。

公共事業部（PWD）値と平均海面（MSL）値との関係

最初に公共事業部（PWD）の値は、平均海面（MSL）の値をもとに修正される。従って、MSL 値は引き上げられるが、PWD 値は変わらない。概要は下図に示す。

図：公共事業部（PWD）値と平均海面（MSL）値との関係の概要



MSL 値が引き上げられたため、公共事業部（PWD）値と平均海面（MSL）値との数学関係は、 $mPWD = mMSL + 0.46$ となる。

D2 提案された Kohelia 川橋の設計のための水文学解析

水文解析の目的は、橋の詳細設計に係る水工学パラメーターを決定することである。前に述べた理由により、今回の解析は Kohelia 川橋に限定する。必要となる水工学設計パラメーターは次の通り。

- (1) 設計高水位（DHWL）
- (2) 設計定水位（DLWL）
- (3) 設計流量
- (4) 水路開放度
- (5) 予測洗い流し深度
- (6) ナビゲーションクリアランス

なお、現地調査等で次の情報が収集された。

— Kohelia 川は活発な潮河川である。提案された橋全長約 640m の中、約 578m が主要河道の上に、約 62m が西側の干潟上を横断する。

— 橋の東側の平均地盤高は 2.157 mPWD。

- －橋の西側の干潟の平均地盤高は 2.587 mPWD。
- －満水位時の川岸の基準レベル (RL) は 2.157 mPWD。
- －満水位時の川の横断面積は 1050 m²。
- －橋サイト付近にある BWDB 水位計観測所 (Shaflapur of Maheshkhali)で観測された最高水位は 4.36 mPWD。
- －上記観測所 (Shaflapur of Maheshkhali)で観測された最低水位は (－) 2.17 mPWD。
- －水中地形測量時に観測された最低河床レベルは (－) 3.87 mPWD。
- －BIWTA 潮位表 2013 によると、Cox’s バザール付近の朔望平均満潮面 (MHWS) は :

$$3.785 \text{ mCD} = 3.785 - (4.836 - 3.931) \text{ mPWD} = 2.88 \text{ mPWD}$$
- －BIWTA 潮位表 2013 によると、Cox’s バザール付近の朔望平均低潮面 (MHWS) は :

$$0.205 \text{ mCD} = 0.205 - (4.836 - 3.931) \text{ mPWD} = (-)0.700 \text{ mPWD}$$
- －BWDB 干拓地 No-70 の建設期間 (1962－65 年) の最高洪水水位は 3.96 mPWD と想定された。(出典 : Halcrow et. al; BWDB Systems Rehabilitation Project, Feasibility Report, Polder - 70 Sub-project; June 1994)。
- －BWDB 干拓地 No-70 の保護工事設計時の 2009 年 6 月 30 日の最高水位は 4.00 mPWD と想定された。
- －設計高水位以上の想定ナビゲーションクリアランスは 8m。
- －水平クリアランスは 30.48m。

1 設計高水位 (DHWL)

RHD は、道路マスタープランプロジェクト (RMPP) の下で、1992 年全域内の橋梁設計を目的とした総合的水力学解析を行った。RMPP 研究報告書 (Vol-V、水文学) は、大河川の直接冠水をさらされる地域での道路橋梁建設のために 50 年間洪水発生頻度の解析を推奨した。本研究はさらに、活発的な潮地域で道路を設計する際、通常の高潮位の利用を推奨した。設計高水位 (DHWL) の修正は下記のさまざまな基準を考慮する。

- －潮位
- －長期間の最高水位
- －BWDB が考慮した高洪水水位 (HFL) : (a) 干拓地 No-70 の建設時、(b) 干拓地 No-70 の防災工事時。
- －サイクロン高潮レベル
- －海面上昇

1.1 潮位

Kohelia 川は活発な潮河川であり、その片端がベンガル湾に直接に繋がり、もう

一つの片端が Kutubdia 河道を通る。バングラデシュの沿岸の潮は、インド洋に発生してから 2 海底谷、すなわち「Swatch of No Ground」と「ビルマ海溝」を通じて、ベンガル湾に入る。ベンガル湾の潮は、主に半日潮で、12 時間 25 分間続く。ベンガル湾の通常の高潮位は、朔望平均満潮面 (MHWS) である。MHWS は大潮の時期 (多くの場合 19 年) の期間の平均に到達する最も高い潮位である。この潮位は、一般的に最高水準点であると考えられている。MHWS は、海図基準面 (CD) の上または下に m で表される。CD は、すべての海図深さが関係している垂直基準面である。この基準面は、水位がほとんどそれを下回らないほど低い面である。

近くのバングラデシュ内陸水上交通局 (BIWTA) の Cox's Bazar 観測所で観測された MHWS 値は 3.785m CD である (BIWTA Tide Table-2013)。Cox's Bazar での BIWTA ベンチマーク (BM) の高さはそれぞれの CD 値および PWD 値が 4.836m と 3.931m であることに留意する必要がある。。

従って、MHWS 値は： $3.785 - (4.836 - 3.931) \text{ mPWD} = 2.880 \text{ mPWD}$

1.2 長期間の最高水位

最も近い水位観測所は Maheshkhali Upazila の Shaflapur に位置する BWDB 水位観測所である。水位観測所の詳細は次の通り。

観測所名称：Maheshkhali Upazila の Shaflapur BWDB 水位計観測所

観測所 ID： SW 200

観測所位置：緯度 21.6479、経度 91.98

BWDB 水文局が維持管理している水位観測所のアーカイブから 1971 年～2012 年のデータを手に入れた。その中から毎年最大水位及び最小水位を抽出した。本リストを作成する際、欠損データ及び混乱データは除かれた。観測された Maheshkhali Upazila の Shaflapur の毎年最大水位及び最小水位は下表の通り。

表：Maheshkhali Upazila の Shaflapur の BWDB 水位計観測所の毎年最大水位及び最小水位 (期間：1971 年～2012 年、出典：BWDB 水文局)

Serial	Year	Yearly maximum WL(mPWD)	Maximum recorded WL during the period (mPWD)	Yearly minimum WL(mPWD)	Minimum recorded WL during the period(mPWD)
1	1971	3.23		(-) 1.68	

Serial	Year	Yearly maximum WL(mPWD)	Maximum recorded WL during the period (mPWD)	Yearly minimum WL(mPWD)	Minimum recorded WL during the period(mPWD)
2	1972	3.05		(-) 1.77	
3	1973	3.17		(-) 1.80	
4	1974	3.75		(-) 1.74	
5	1975	2.74		(-) 1.68	
6	1976	3.16		(-) 0.39	
7	1977	3.35		(-) 1.67	
8	1978	2.59		(-) 1.68	
9	1983	4.21		(-) 1.91	
10	1984	3.65		(-) 1.55	
11	1985	4.36	4.36	(-) 1.20	
12	1986	3.60		(-) 1.20	
13	1987	4.20		(-) 1.50	
14	1988	4.20		(-) 1.50	
15	1989	4.20		(-) 1.86	
16	1990	3.76		(-) 1.86	
17	1991	3.13		(-) 2.17	(-) 2.17
18	1992	3.33		(-) 2.10	
19	1993	3.56		(-) 1.88	
20	1994	3.16		(-) 1.64	
21	1995	3.74		(-) 1.55	
22	1996	3.88		(-) 1.35	
23	1997	3.75		(-) 1.40	
24	1998	3.20		(-) 1.30	
25	2004	3.45		(-) 1.60	
27	2005	3.70		(-) 1.80	
28	2006	2.80		(-) 1.70	
29	2007	*		(-) 1.80	
30	2008	3.84		*	
31	2009	3.98		*	
32	2010	3.95		*	
33	2011	3.88		*	
34	2012	3.97		*	

Note:*indicates confusing data

1971年から2012年の間の水位観測ステーション SW 200 の最高記録水位は 4.36 mPWD である。

1.3 最高洪水水位（HFL）頻度解析

利用可能な Maheshkhali の Shafapur 地点の BWDB 水位観測所のデータに基づき、Gumbels EV-1 手法を用いて、最高洪水水位（HFL）頻度解析を行った。ピーク時の水位は次の通り。

- 1: 10 年間: 4.29 mPWD
- 1: 20 年間: 4.59 mPWD
- 1: 25 年間: 4.68 mPWD
- 1: 50 年間: 4.98 mPWD

Halcrow らは、BWDB システム修復プロジェクトの中、干拓地 No-70 のサブプロ

プロジェクトの F/S 調査時、Cox's バザール付近の Bakkhali 川の BWDB データを利用して頻度解析を行った。彼らが計算したピーク時の水位は次の通り。

1:20 年間: 3.63 mPWD

1:50 年間 3.74 mPWD

なお、Halcrow らは、報告書の中、下記に示す該当地域のサイクロン防災プロジェクト-II の頻度解析結果を引用した。

1:20 year: 4.24 mPWD

1:50 year: 4.60 mPWD

1.4 BWDB が考慮した高洪水水位 (HFL) : (a) 干拓地 No-70 の建設時、(b) 干拓地 No-70 の防災工事時

(a) 干拓地 No-70 の建設時の BWDB が考慮した高洪水水位

干拓地 No-70 は「沿岸プロジェクト (CEP-1)」の下で、1962 年から 1965 年までに建設された。干拓地は 25.76 km の海上堤防及び 8.04 km の陸上堤防をもつ。海上堤防及び陸上堤防の設計最高水位は、それぞれ 5.49 mPWD [3.96 m (HFL) +1.53 m (乾舷)] 及び 4.88 mPWD [3.96m (HFL)+0.92m (乾舷)]であった。それ以降、堤防は多数の潮や暴風雨に耐えており、越流は全くなかった。

(b) 干拓地 No-70 の防災工事時の BWDB が考慮した高洪水水位

「BWDB Design Circle - IV, Dhaka BWD」の中、Cox's Bazar O&M 課が 2009～2010 年及び 2010～2011 年に実施した「河川堤防防災と開発及び町防災プロジェクト (フェーズ-IV)」における干拓地 No-70 の Matarbari の Km 27.250 ～ Km 28.120 区間の防災工事の設計が述べられた。防災工事の設計最高水位は 4.00 mPWD だった (次のページの図面を参照)。

上記の要因を踏まえた干拓地 No-70 堤防建設及び防災工事時に設計された最高水位 (HWL) は 4.00 mPWD だった。

1.5 サイクロン高潮潮位

サイクロン高潮がさまざまな天候／環境パラメーターの複合効果に起因している。パラメーターには、あまりにも多くの変数があり、各変数が自然の中で非常に敏感である。天気予報では、世界で最も強力なコンピュータを使用しているが、信頼できる段階までまだ至ってない。パラメーターに非常に多くの変数が存在するため、納得できる程度までのサイクロンおよび／またはサイクロン高潮の予測はまだ実現されてない。

バングラデシュ沿岸に発生した高潮の高さデータに関しては、1960年から現在までバングラデシュ気象局（BMD）が収集していた。最近、バングラデシュの沿岸に大型サイクロンがなかったため、BMDは報告書で1960～2011の期間のデータを扱っている。報告書の最後のエントリは2009年2月25日に発生したサイクロン AILA と記されている。BMDのリストは下表のとおりである。

表：1960～2011年バングラデシュで高潮を発生した主要なサイクロン

(出典：バングラデシュ気象局)

Date of landfall	Landfall area	Max. wind speed (Kph)	Surge height
11.10.1960	Chittagong	160	6.0 m
31.10.1960	Chittagong	193	6.6 m
09.05.1961	Chittagong	160	5.0 m
30.05.1961	Chittagong (Near Feni)	160	2.0 - 4.55 m
28.05.1963	Chittagong- Cox's Bazar	200	6.0 m
11.05.1965	Chittagong-Barisal Coast	160	3.7 m
05. 11. 1965	Chittagong	160	6-7.62 m
15.12.1965	Cox's Bazar	210	2.4 - 3.6 m
23.09.1966	Noakhali coast	139	6 - 6.67 m
1.11.1966	Chittagong		6-6.7 m
07.12.1966	Cox's Bazar	81	-
08.11.1967	Khulna (Sundarban)	111	-
23.10.1967	Cox's Bazar	107	
23.10.1970	Bangladesh- WestBengal coast	163	4.7 m
12.11.1970	Chittagong	224	3 - 10 m
8.05.1971	Chittagong	81	2.4 - 4.24 m
29.09.1971	Sundarban coast	97 - 113	0.61 m
6.11.1971	Chittagong- Noakhali coast	--	-
18.11.1973	Chittagong	102	-
30.05.1974	Patuakhali	74 - 83	-
28.11.1974	Chittagong -Cox's Bazar coast	163	3.0 - 5.1 m
10.12.1981	Khulna	120	2.12-4.55 m
15.10.1983	Chittagong	93	-
09.11.1983	Chittagong -Cox's Bazar coast	136	1.5 m
24.05.1985	Chittagong	154	4.55 m
29.11.1988	Khulna coast	160	4.4 m
18.12.1990	Cox's Bazar coast	115	2.13 m
29.04.1991	Chittagong	225	6 - 7.6 m
31.05.1991	Noakhali coast	83	2.5 m
02.05.1994	Cox's Bazar-Teknaf Coast	200 - 250	3.64 - 4.85 m
25.11.1995	South of Cox's Bazar	55	3.05 m
26.10.1996	Sundarban coast	70	1.5 - 2.0 m
19.05.1997	Sitakundu	232	4.55 m
27.09.1997	Sitakundu	150	3.03-4.55 m
20.05.1998	Chittagong coast near Sitakundu	173	0.911m
28.10.2000	Sundarban coast	50-60	1.22 m
12.11.2002	Sundarban coast near Raimangal River	65-85	2.13 m
19.05.2004	Cox's Bazar &Akyab coast	65-90	1.223 m

Date of landfall	Landfall area	Max. wind speed (Kph)	Surge height
15.05.2007(AKASH)	Ctg-Cox's Bazar coast near ctg	83	-
15.11.2007(SIDR)	Khulna-Barisal coast near Patharghata	223	6.10 m
26.10.2008(Rashmi)	Khulna-Barisal coast near Patharghata		2.13 m
17.04.2009(BIJLI)	Ctg-Cox's Bazar coast near Chittagong	90	-
25.05.2009(AILA)	West Bengal-Khulna (Bangladesh) coast near Sagar Island of India	92	2.44m

リスト中、最も高い高潮は、1970年11月12日に記録された3～10mである。3～10mの変動幅は、推測／推定要因が入ることを表す。リスト中、2番目に高い高

潮は1965年の6~7.62mである。ここでも予測因子の存在が明らかである。多かれ少なかれ、他のデータについても当てはまる。

頻度解析に基づいて、高潮の高さの予測がいくつか実施された。なお、頻度解析の方法が統計的分析に基づいた経験的なものであることは留意すべきである。これらは、水位又は流出の長期的な影響を予測することが仮定されている。水位や流出の変動はいくつかの変数に制限される。前述したように、高潮の高さは、多くの変数の影響を受ける。高潮の高さの解析はどのように水位や流出に類似することはまだわかってない。しかし、学術的関心から、バングラデシュ沿岸の高潮に関する頻度解析の結果のいくつかを以下に示す。

ーBMD データに基づき、Gumbel EV-1 手法を用いた頻度解析
年間の極端値は下記の表に示す通り。

Year	Extreme Surge Height (m)
1960	6.6
1961	5.0
1963	6.0
1965	7.62
1966	6.7
1970	10
1971	4.24
1974	5.1
1981	4.55
1983	1.5
1985	4.55
1988	4.4
1990	2.13
1991	7.6
1994	4.85
1995	3.05
1996	2.0
1997	4.55
1998	0.911
2000	1.22
2002	2.13
2004	1.223
2007	6.10
2008	2.13
2009	2.44

一方で、Gumbel 手法では下記の発生頻度と高潮潮位の関係を示す。

Frequency Analyses of Bangladesh Coast Cyclone Storm Surges									
Recurrence interval in years	1:2	1:5	1:10	1:20	1:25	1:50	1:100	1:200	1:1000
Water level in mPWD	3.91	6.38	8.01	9.58	10.08	11.62	13.14	14.65	18.17

ーサイクロン防災プロジェクト (CPP) ーII の頻度解析

サイクロン防災プロジェクト-II は、その最終的なプロジェクト準備報告書

Appendix-C で、次の頻度解析によるサイクロン高潮潮位を示した。（参考：Halcrow et. al; BWDB Systems Rehabilitation Project; Feasibility Report – Polder 70 Sub-project; June 1994）

Peak water levels (mPwD) on frequency analyses of storm surges for Polder - 70						
Frequency in years	1:5	1:10	1:20	1:40	1:50	1:100
Water levels in m(PWD)	4.31	4.92	5.53	6.03	6.23	6.75

ー水モデリング研究所（IWM）の解析

水モデリング研究所（IWM）は、日本の株式会社パシフィックコンサルタンツインターナショナルとの共同研究により、Cox's Bazar 付近の Sonadia 島の 100 年間の高潮が約 5.5m MSL (5.96 mPWD)だと報告した。（IWM: Coastal and Hydraulic Study for Deep Sea Port, Final Report; November 2008）

上記各種解析の比較

上記の解析結果が一様ではないことは明らかである。100 年に 1 回の頻度の高潮高さに関して、BMD データ、CPP-II データ、IWM データはそれぞれ 13.14 m、6.75 m、5.96 m の値を出している。

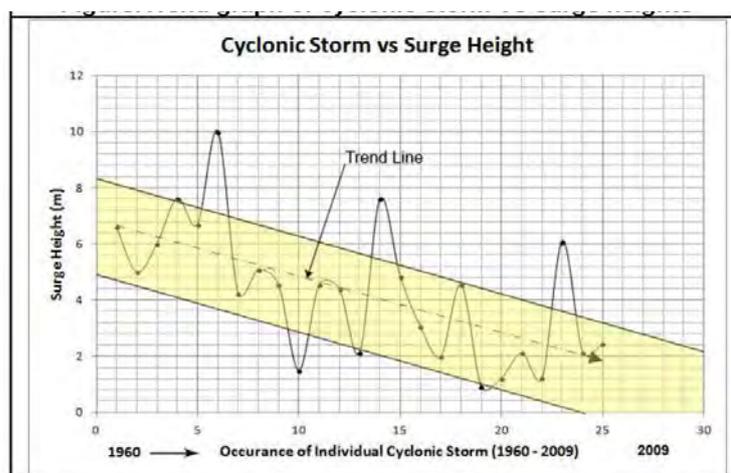
BMD の高潮高さデータ（エントリーごとに高めの値を取っている）は、降順でリストされた。そこに平均値集団の考えがあった。しかし、このデータセットから平均値集団の確認は不可能だった。データは次のようにリストされた。

10m; 7.62 m; 7.6 m; 6.7 m; 6.6 m; 6.1 m; 6.00 m; 5.1 m; 5.0 m; 4.85 m; 4.55 m; 4.55 m; 4.55 m; 4.4 m; 4.24 m; 3.05 m; 2.44 m; 2.13 m; 2.13 m; 2.13 m; 2.00 m; 1.5 m; 1.223 m; 1.22 m; 0.911 m。

傾向を把握するため、期間中に発生した高潮高さを下図に描いた。この図が示したように、いくつかのデータを除き、高潮高さは包絡線にうまくフィットしている。この包絡線は下降傾向を示す。これは、地球温暖化に伴い、高潮の高さが増加するという一般的な予測に反するものである。

前述の事実から、設計高水位を修正する際には、特定の値を取るのではなく、全体的に過去のサイクロン高潮高さ記録を評価することを推奨する。

図：サイクロン VS 高潮高さのトレンド



1.6 気候変動に起因する海面上昇

地球温暖化による気候変動の大きな影響は、「海面上昇（SLR）」になることは、現在、認められている事実である。多くの論文は、バングラデシュの水分野での地球温暖化の影響の可能性に関して、定性的または広域的に論述する。SRLの影響を明確にまたは定量的に言及する研究論文は極めて少ない。

バングラデシュ国水資源計画機構（WARPO）は、政府間気候変動パネル（IPCC）の第三次評価報告書（TAR）の勧告及びNAPA（国家適応行動計画）のシナリオに基づいき、バングラデシュの沿岸域にSLRの影響の詳細な評価を行った（WARPO: Impact Assessment of Climate Zone of Bangladesh, 2005）。気候変動の潜在的影響によりプロジェクト年の2030年、2050年及び2100年の海面上昇が14cm、32cm、88cmになるだろうと予測された。

世界銀行は、「Bangladesh: Climate Change and Sustainable Development Report No. 21140 BO, Ohaka; 2000」という報告書で、バングラデシュ沿岸の海面上昇が2030年、2050年、2100年までそれぞれ10cm、25cm、1mだと予測した。IPCCの予測した2100年の海面上昇幅18～59cmの数値に比べると、世界銀行の数値は悲観的である。

以上さまざまな側面から見ると、WARPOが考えた2050年の海面上昇値32cmが、今回の道路橋梁建設時に考慮できる合理的な値と考えられる。

1.7 水路開放度

最大洪水の時にも氾濫が発生しないように、橋の設計は、十分な水路を持たせる必要がある。氾濫は予期せぬ洗掘を発生する橋梁のアウトフランキングや高速流出を引き起こす危険性を持つ。いずれの場合、橋梁構造の安定性が危険にさらされる。

Laceyの公式によると、必要となる正味水路は $W_s = 4.75 Q$ である。ここで、 W_s は必要となる水路開放度（m）、 Q は設計流量（ m^3/sec ）である。設計流量を7289 m^3/sec に設定すると、必要となる正味水路は次になる。

$$W_s = 4.75Q = 4.753745 \text{ m} = 290.68 \text{ m}$$

現在河川の水路幅は 578 m で、提案された橋梁長さ(高架橋も含む)は 640 m である。水路開放度の視点から見ると、提案された橋梁長さは安全上問題がない。

2 設計低水位 (DLWL)

設計低水位は次の 2 つの観点から確定される。

- i) 朔望平均低水位 (MLWS)
- ii) 最低観測水位

3 朔望平均低水位 (MLWS)

朔望平均低水位 (MLWS)は、大潮が一定期間(通常 19 年間)に達した最低水位を指す。通常これは低水位マークと考えられる。付近にある Cox's バザール観測所での MLWS 値は 0.205m CD (BIWTA Tide Table 2013) である。mPWD に変換すると、 $0.205 - (4.836 - 3.931) \text{ mPWD} = (-) 0.700 \text{ mPWD}$ になる。

4 最低観測水位

前述の表によると、Maheshkhali の Shaflapur にある BWDB 水位計観測所 SW 200 での最低観測水位は (-)2.17 mPWD である。

5 推奨「設計高水位」

上記の結果をまとめると、次の通りである。

- i) 朔望平均高水位(MHWS): 2.880 mPWD
- ii) 高観測水位: 4.36 mPWD
- iii) 開拓地 No-70 の最高洪水水位: 4.00 m PWD
- iv) 最高洪水水位の頻度解析

Analysis	1:20 year flood frequency	1:50 year flood frequency
Analysis of Shaflapur BWDB data	4.59 mPWD	4.98 mPWD
Halcrow's analysis using Cox's Bazar BWDB data	3.63 mPWD	3.74 mPWD
CPP-II's analysis	4.24 m PWD	4.60 m PWD

- v) 海面上昇効果 : 2050 年に 32cm
- vi) ナビゲーションクリアランス : 設計高水位より 5m 以上

前述の事実によって、Kohelia 橋の設計に関しては、推奨「設計高水位 (DHWL)」は 4 mPWD で、推奨水位は 4.00 mPWD である。2050 年の 3cm の海面上昇の影響や過去に観測されたサイクロン高潮の高さを考慮すると、推奨ナビゲーションクリアランスは 5m になる。

6 推奨「設計低水位 (DLWL)」

Kohelia 橋の設計に関しては、推奨「設計低水位 (DLWL)」は(-)0.700 mPWD になる。

7 設計流量

Kohelia 川の流量に関する歴史的データや情報は存在しない。式 $Q = A v$ を用いて流量を算出する。ここで、 Q は流量 (m³/sec)、 A は断面積 (m²)、 v は流速 (m/sec) である。断面積および流速の情報は必要となる。

流量は間接的に推計できる。つまり、(i) 悪条件で定義されたチャンネルの有理式、あるいは (ii) 定義されたチャンネルの斜面面積法。有理式 $Q = ciA$ は流域流出のピーク流量を算出する。ここで、 Q はピーク流量、 c は有理式流出係数、 i は降雨強度、 A は流域面積である。一方で、斜面面積式は Manning の式を用いて流速を算出する。Manning の式 $v = (1/n)R^{2/3}S^{1/2}$ である。ここで、 v は流速、 n は粗度係数、 R は水力半径、 S は河川傾斜度である。バングラデシュの南地域の河川流域境界が正確に定められない。河川は並行したり、交差したりする。従って、間接的な手法の斜面面積法は流出算出に適している。

今回の特例で、IWM 研究で得られた付近の Kutubdia チェンネルの観測流速を利用する。IWM が観測した最大平均流速は 1.7 m/sec だった (IWM; Hydraulic Modeling Study for Rehabilitation of Affected Seven High Risk Coastal Polders; Final Report; November 2004)。これと同じように、以下の計算では流速 1.7 m/sec を使う。



図：メインチャンネルおよび干潟に渡る橋梁設置場所

設計洪水水位が 4.00 mPWD で、平均低水位が 2.157 mPWD であるため、水位が 2.157 mPWD を超えると、河川水が西側の干潟を氾濫する。累積地表流幅が 62m を仮定する。付図はメインチャンネルおよび干潟に渡る橋梁の設置場所を示す。

流量式、計測した断面積および観測した流速を下に、下表に示すメインチャンネルの流量、地表流幅および設計流量を算出する。

設計流量は 3745m³/sec である。

	Level (mPWD)	Area (m ²)	v(m/sec)	Q=A*v(m ³ /sec)
Main channel flow	4.00	2115.25	1.7	3596
Over-land flow	4.00	87.61	1.7	149
Design Discharge				3745

8 予想洗掘深さ

橋梁およびその関連防災工事は、構造体を不安定にさせないように、川岸や河床の洗掘がよく考慮されるように設計される。洗掘には、川岸洗掘および／または河床洗掘があげられる。洗掘深さは、数学と物理モデリング（あった場合）および実験式を用いて推定する。

川岸洗掘は、渦や局所的な乱流によって引き起こされる川岸の浸食を指し、河川の一部または長距離に広がる。川岸洗掘はチャンネルの配置に密接に関係し、また、川岸の構造材料の材質に依存する。水路の狭窄が流速を急激に加速させるため、川岸洗掘（狭窄洗掘）を引き起こす。提案された橋には、環境への配慮およびナビゲーションの高さの要件をクリアすることから、高架橋を設ける。川岸の材料には、粘土材料がかなり含まれる。橋梁がチャネル方向に対して垂直に配置されるため、水路の狭窄は存在しない。このように川岸洗掘は全く予想されて

いない。

河床洗掘は河床の下方浸食および／または局所的洗掘を引き起こす。一般的な河床の下方浸食は、流路内の長期的な水文および地形の変化によって引き起こされる。また、局所的河床洗掘は、流路障害によって引き起こされる。3種類の河床洗掘は次の通り。

- (i) 一般洗掘
- (ii) 狭窄洗掘。今回の特例では、狭窄洗掘の危険が存在したい（前述説明した）
- (iii) 局所洗掘

8.1 メインチャンネル内洗掘

一般洗掘

メインチャンネル内の一般洗掘に関しては、Lacey 氏の式で正常洗掘（d）を算出する。

$$d = 0.473 (Q / fs)^{1/3}$$

ここで、

d = 設計高水位（DHWL）以下の正常洗掘深さ（m）

Q = 流量（cumec）

fs = シルト率 = $1.76\sqrt{\text{平均粒径（mm）（D50）}}$ = $1.76 \sqrt{0.08} = 0.5$

よって、 $d = 0.473 (3596 / 0.5)^{1/3} = 9.13 \text{ m}$ （設計洪水水位以下）

狭窄洗掘

水路狭窄が存在しないため、狭窄洗掘の発生は予想されていない。

局所洗掘

くいの下の局所洗掘は次の一般式で算出する。

- i) $2.25 \times$ くい直径（水深は 5m 以上）
- ii) $1.5 \times$ くい直径（水深は 5m 以下）

局所洗掘算出は他の実験式・実験手法もある。実験式・実験手法は実験的で、サイトに特化したものである。これらは、水深、流速、攻撃角度、栈橋サイズと構造に依存する。計算結果は式および手法によってばらつきがある。

Indian Road Congress (1998, 2000)は、さまざまな局所洗掘式の実験結果を考慮した上、正常洗掘深さを倍にして、最大河床洗掘（一般洗掘＋局所洗掘）を算出することをお勧めした。

$$d_{\max} = 2 d$$

T. R. Jagadeesh と M. A. Jayaram は、著書「Design of Bridge Structure (Prentice Hall, India)」の中、橋台の下での洗掘深さを計算するために $1.5 d$ の使用、また栈橋の下での洗掘の深さを計算するために $2 d$ の使用を示唆している。

そこで、メインチャンネル内の予想洗掘深さは下記の通り。

i) メインチャンネル内の栈橋の下

$$= 2 d \text{ 設計洪水水位以下} = 2 \times 9.13 \text{ m} = 18.26 \text{ m}$$

ii) 東側の橋台の下 (例えば、Nayaghata Jetty 側の橋台)

$$= 1.5 d \text{ 設計洪水水位以下} = 1.5 \times 9.13 \text{ m} = 13.70 \text{ m}$$

8.2 氾濫原内の洗掘

一般洗掘

氾濫原内の一般洗掘に関しては、Lacey 氏の式で正常洗掘 (d) を算出する。

$$d_{fp} = 0.473 (Q_{fp} / f_s)^{1/3}$$

ここで、

d_{fp} = 設計高水位 (DHWL) 以下の正常洗掘深さ (m)

Q_{fp} = 氾濫原流量 (cumec)

f_s = シルト率 = $1.76 \sqrt{\text{平均粒径 (mm) (D50)}} = 1.76 \sqrt{0.08} = 0.5$

よって、 $d_{fp} = 0.473 (149 / 0.5)^{1/3} = 3.16 \text{ m}$ (設計洪水水位以下)

局所洗掘

くいの下の局所洗掘は次の一般式で算出する。

— $2.25 \times$ くい直径 (水深は 5m 以上)

— $1.5 \times$ くい直径 (水深は 5m 以下)

氾濫原内の最大水深が 5m 未満なので、くいの下の局所洗掘深さは、

$$= 1.5 \times 1.2 \text{ (くい直径を 1.2 m に仮定)} = 1.80 \text{ m}$$

そこで、氾濫原内の予想洗掘深さは下記の通り。

i) 氾濫原内の栈橋の下

(a) 条件 : $2 d_{fp} = 2 \times 3.16 = 6.32 \text{ m}$ (設計洪水水位以下)

(b) 条件 : $d_{fp} +$ くいの局所洗掘 = $3.16 + 2.25 = 5.41 \text{ m}$ (設計洪水水位以下)

(c) 従って、氾濫原内の栈橋の下の洗掘深さは 6.32 m (設計洪水水位以下) と推測される

ii) 西側の橋台の下 (例えば、西側干潟の橋台)

$$= 1.5 d_{fp} \text{ 設計洪水水位以下} = 1.5 \times 3.16 \text{ m} = 4.74 \text{ m}$$

8.3 予想選択深さと水位

メインチャンネル

- i) メインチャンネル内の栈橋の下 = 18.26 m (設計高水位以下、例えば、(-)14.26 mPWD)
- ii) 東側橋台の下 = 13.70 m (設計高水位以下、例えば、(-) 9.70 mPWD)

氾濫原

- iii) 氾濫原内の栈橋の下 = 6.32 m (設計高水位以下、例えば、(-)2.32 mPWD)
- iv) 西側橋台の下 = 4.74 m (設計高水位以下、例えば、(-)0.74 mPWD)

9 ナビゲーションクリアランス

必要となるナビゲーション高さに関しては、バングラデシュ内陸水上交通局は次のような規定を出している。(出典: Bridge Design Standards for Roads and Highways Department; Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Ministry of Communications, Roads and Railways Division; January 2004)

Sl.	Classification of waterways	Minimum vertical clearance (m)	Minimum horizontal clearance (m)
1	Class-I	18.30	76.22
2	Class-II	12.20	76.22
3	Class-III	7.62	30.48
4	Class-IV	5.00	20.00

バングラデシュ人民共和国道路と高速道路部の設計マニュアルでは、BIWTA に分類されていない水路に関しては、漁船、ボート、トロール漁船、burg などの通行に地元の要求を考慮すべきだと定めている。

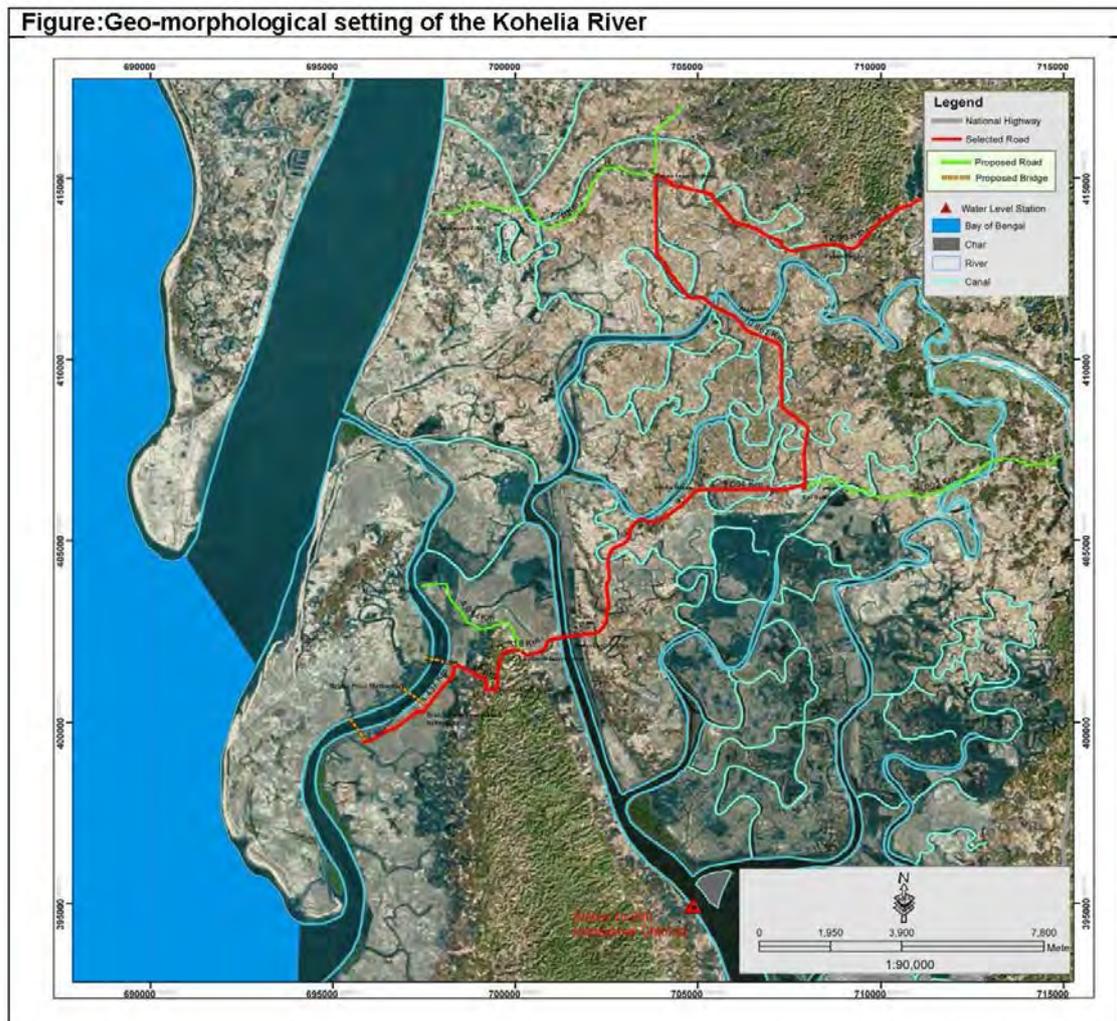
提案された橋梁は、未分類ルートであるため、絶対最少垂直クリアランスは設計高水位より 1.5m を超えなければならない。一方で、提案された橋梁の上流（北方約 2km）に LGED Matarbari 橋がある。この橋の内のりスパンは 20m 未満であるが、それに近い。この橋のアーチ内面レベルは 12.48 mPWD である。従って、設計高水位によるナビゲーションクリアランスは 8.12 m (12.48 mPWD - 4.36 mPWD) になる。提案された橋の近くで Matarbari 橋の存在は論理的に明確な内のりスパンとナビゲーションの高さの制限条件を提供する。

地上の実際条件および発電所運転、アクセス道路建設後の将来発生の交通量を考慮すると、橋梁の 1 スパンは最小 20m 水平クリアランスと最低 5m 垂直クリアランスを持つことを推奨する。

D3 地形学および Kohelia 川の岸線変動

Cox's Bazar 地区 Maheshkhali Upazilla 内の Kohelia 川は潮川である。BWDB 文書では、通常 Matarbari 河道と呼ばれている。川の北端が Kutubdia チャンネルを介して、ベンガル湾に繋がり、南端が直接ベンガル湾に繋がる。川の主要部分は、南北方向に合流している。北側は、西へ移動し、Kutubdia 河道に合流する。川の北側に、Ujantia Khal は北から川に合流し、Koriardia Khal は北東側から川に合流する。干拓地 No-70 の内側から、長さ 1.76m の Donarghona Khal は南側から北に流れ、Kohelia 川に流れていく。1.86km の Morakhali Khal、8.29km の Rangakhali Khal および 4.06km の Tiakhali Khal は西側から川に流れていく。なお、干拓地 No-70 は北側と東側に Kohelia 川に囲まれる。Kutubdia 河道およびベンガル湾はそれぞれ干拓地の西側と南側に位置している。1.84km の Kankadi Khal は Kutubdia 河道に流れていく。下の図は、Kohelia 川の地形条件を示す。

図：Kohelia 川の地形条件

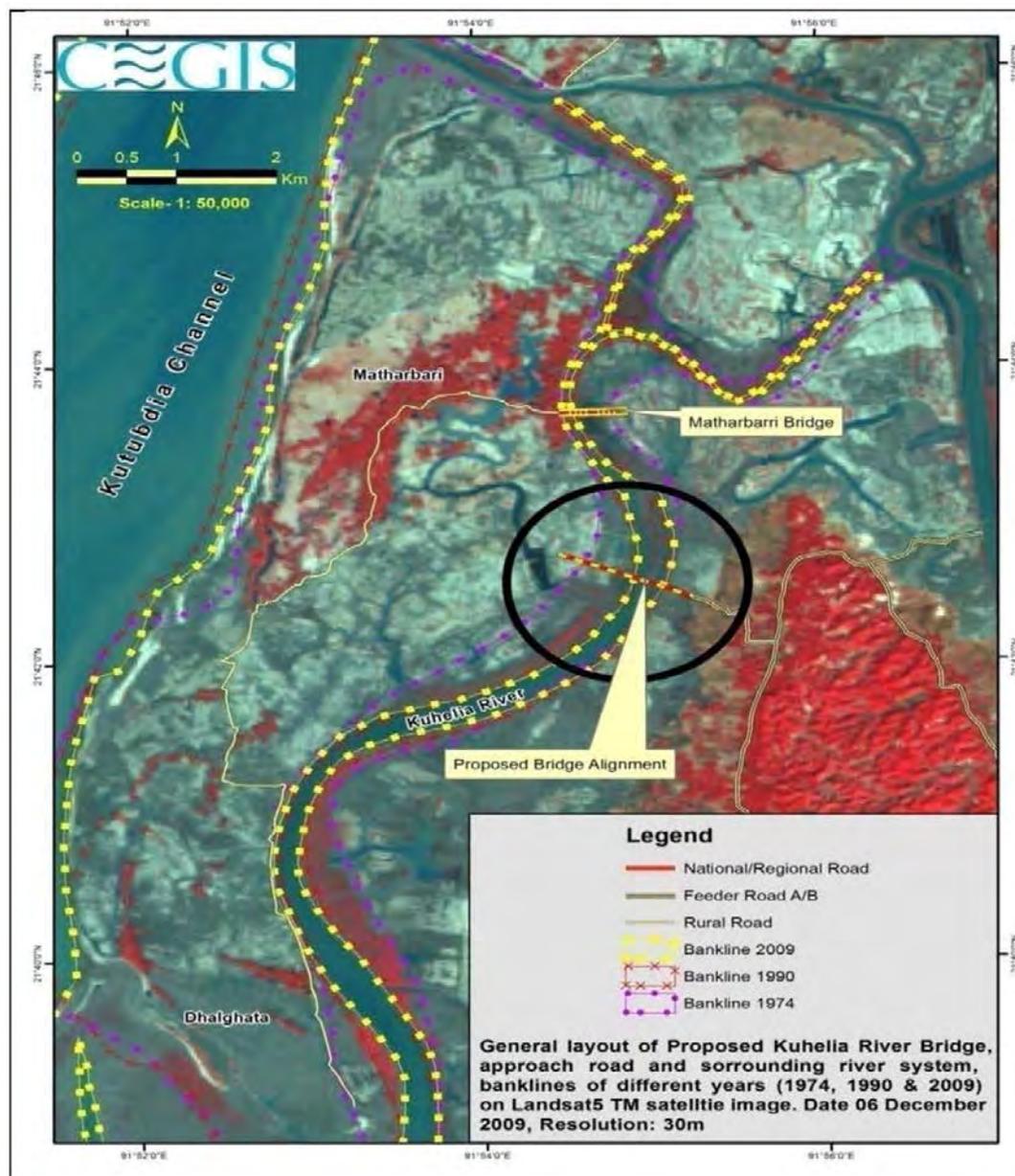


提案された「Nayaghata Jetty」に位置する橋梁サイトの河川幅は約 365m である。幅 220.25m の LGED の Matarbari 橋が提案された橋の場所から（北に）約 2km の距離に位置している。

1 川岸線変動解析

Kohelia 川の川岸線変動解析は、Center for Environment and Geographic Information Services (CEGIS)でアーカイブされた衛星画像を用いて行った、CEGIS の支援と協力を得て、画像処理および川岸線変動解析を行った。CEGIS アーカイブの中、最初の画像として 1974 年の画像は選ばれた。2009 年の画像は現在の川の状況を示す。中間画像として 1990 年の画像はランダムで選ばれた。下記の画像は異なる年の提案された橋周辺の川岸線を示す。画像の中、Matarbari の LGED 橋の場所も示されている。

図：Kohelia 川の川岸線の長期変動



解析に使われた画像の詳細は下表の通り。

Name	Path	Row	Acquisition Date	Image Type	Remarks
Landsat5 TM	136	45	06 December 2009	Multispectral 30 m resolution	
Landsat5 TM	136	45	31 December 1990	Multispectral 30 m resolution	
Landsat5 MSS	146	45	10 January 1974	Multispectral 80 m resolution	

画像はまず地上コントロール点（GCP）を用いて地理校正を行い、地理座標系 Bangladesh Transverse Mercator (BTM)に投影された。画像は互いに登録された。画像は 30 m x 30 m のピクセルサイズにリサンプルされた。そして、岸線が判読され、抽出さ

れた。1970年と1990年の川岸線は2009年の画像に重ね合わせた。

画像上で、「Nayaghata Jetty」の提案された橋の場所が容易に判読できた。なお、橋の場所は下記の過去の座標記録から判読できた。

- 1) 「Nayaghata Jetty」側：北緯 21° 42′ 33.28″、東経 91° 54′ 53.77″
- 2) 干潟西端：北緯 21° 42′ 41.80″、東経 91° 54′ 31.23″

異なる年の間、橋梁周辺の川岸線の位置は次のように変化があった。

東 岸

Image	X- Coordinate	Y- Coordinate	Observations on bank line shifting
Image of 1974	698350.574	401572.049	No appreciable movement of bank lines
Image of 1990	698350.574	401572.049	
Image of 2009	698350.574	401572.049	

西 岸

Image	X- Coordinate	Y- Coordinate	Observations on bank line shifting
Image of 1974	697556.240	401874.296	Bank line has been found to move eastward for a distance of about 500 m by accretion during the period 1974 - 1990; and after that no appreciable movement of bank lines could be seen for the period 1990 - 2009
Image of 1990	698065.813	401684.455	
Image of 2009	698065.813	401684.455	

水文地形学評価および川岸線変動から、下記のことが分かった。

- a) 25年以上の観測期間（1974～2009年）において、東岸は安定状態を保った。
- b) 1974～1990年、西岸に約500mの堆積が発生した（マングローブ林の減少に起因するかもしれない）。その後の19年間（1990～2009年）、新たな堆積や浸食は起きなかった。

上記の事実と解析を基に、橋梁サイトの Kohelia 川の両側の岸は現在安定期を通過していることが明らかである。仮に外部からの攪乱がなければ、現在の安定状態は将来数年間にわたり継続すると予想できる。

D4 Kohelia 川橋梁設計に関する結論と提言

提案された Kohelia 川橋梁サイト地域の現在の水文環境、地形環境に関するレビューおよび解析を踏まえ、次の通り結論と提言をまとめる。

- 設計高水位：4.00 mPWD
- 設計低水位：(-) 0.700 mPWD
- 橋梁サイトの Kohelia 川幅：578 m
- チャンネルの航行部分の橋梁アーチレベル：9.00 mPWD より高い
- チャンネルの航行部分の最少橋梁スパン：20 m
- 予想洗掘レベル：

- －観測最低河床レベルは(-)3.87 mPWD
- －メインチャンネル内の橋梁栈橋の予想最大洗掘レベルは(-)14.26 mPWDに達す
- －氾濫原内の橋梁栈橋の予想最大洗掘レベルは(-)2.32 mPWD に達す
- －メインチャンネル内の東側の橋台の予想最大洗掘レベルは(-) 9.70 mPWDに達す
- －氾濫原内の西側の橋台の予想最大洗掘レベルは(-)0.74 mPWD に達す

提案された橋梁サイト地域の川岸線は水文学的地形学的に安定状態と保っているため、大きな浸食や堆積の発生は予想されない。正常な波浸食および橋梁建設にともなう川の流れへの攪乱による予想浸食を防ぐため、河川訓練および護岸工事を推奨する。

Appendix-C16.3-7

Drawings

People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources

**Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area
Coal Fired Power Plant Development
Project in Bangladesh**

**Access Road
【DESIGN DRAWINGS】**

September 2013

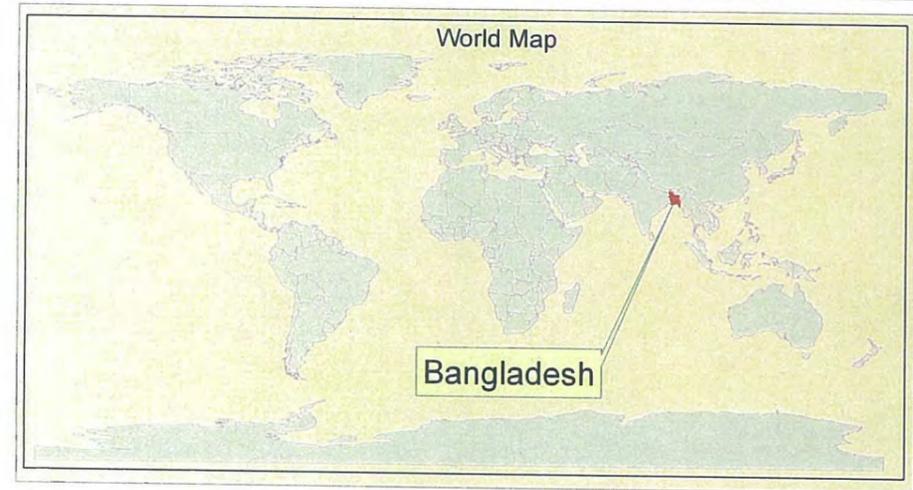
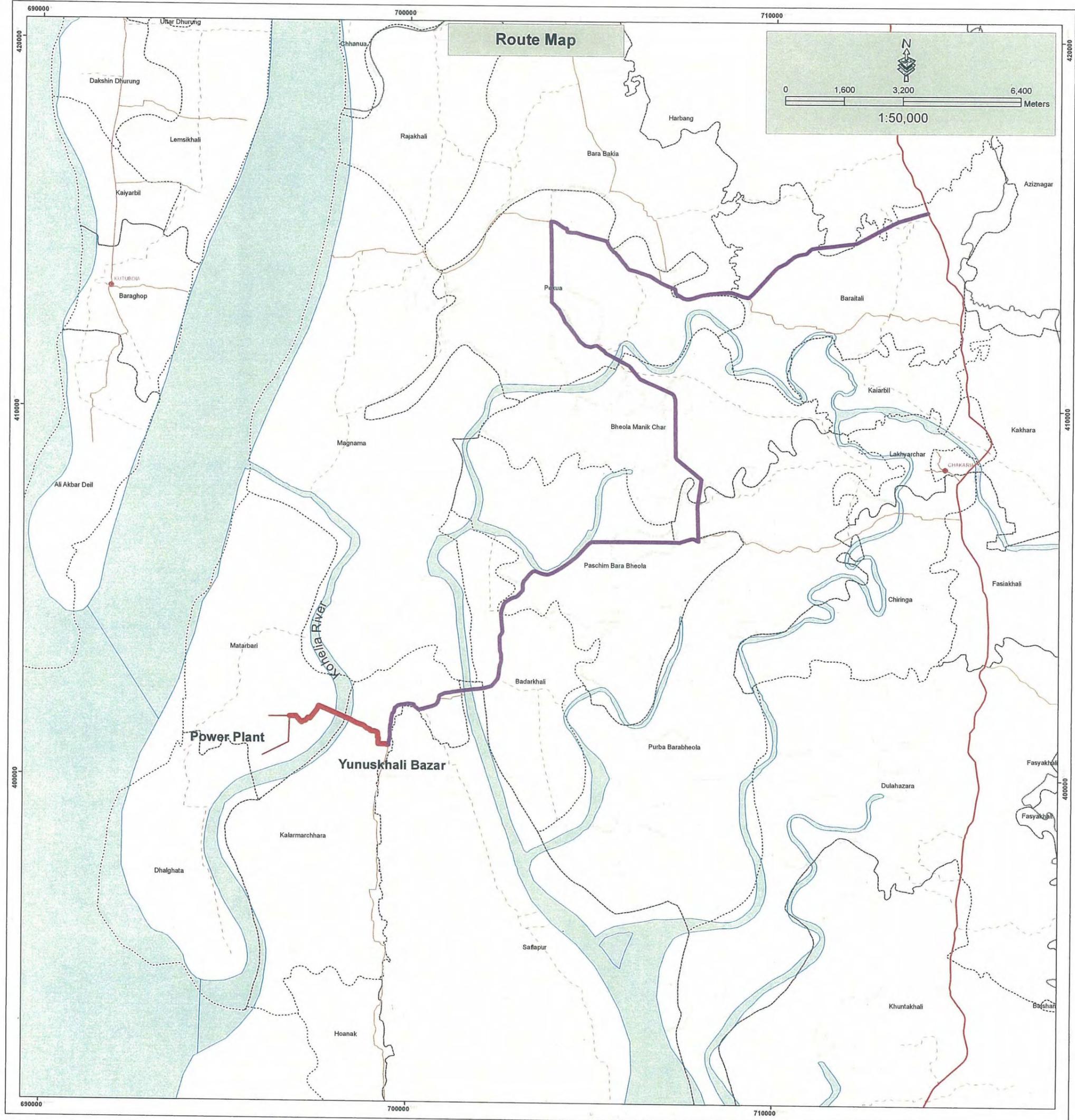
Japan International Cooperation Agency

Tokyo Electric Power Services Co., LTD
Tokyo Electric Power Co., LTD

Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh
 Access Road
 DESIGN DRAWINGS
 September 2013

No	ITEM	DWG NO.
	List of Drawings	
1	Route Map (Existing Road)	RM-1
	Route Map (New Road)	RM-1
2	Road Plan (New Road)	PLAN/DWG-01 of 10
3	Road Plan (Existing Road)	PLAN/DWG-01 of 04
4	New Bridge	BRDG/GEN/DWG-01-02, BRDG/S_LP/DWG-03, BRDG/D-40/DWG-04-05, JICA/BRDG/D40/DWG-06, JICA/BRDG/G40/DWG-07, JICA/BRDG/CAB/DWG-08, JICA/BRDG/END/DWG-09, JICA/BRDG/REINF./DWG-10, JICA/BRDG/X_GIR/DWG-11, JICA/BRDG/PIER/DWG-12-13, JICA/BRDG/PILE/DWG-14, JICA/BRDG/ABUT/DWG-15-17, JICA/BRDG/B.PAD/DWG-18, JICA/BRDG/E.JOINT/DWG-19-20, JICA/BRDG/PROT./DWG-21
5	Road Longitudinal Profile	PS/CFPP/S2K-003, 01 of 19
6	Cross Section Index Map	PLAN-DWG-01 of 07
7	Design Cross Section	CS/DWG-01 of 54
8	Culvert and Road Ancillary Structures	CULV-01/DWG-01 of 06, C.WAY/DWG-01, IRRI-DR/DWG-01, SG/DWG-01 of 02, SDR/DWG-01 of 04, BRDG/GEN/DWG-01, BRDG/S_LP/DWG-02, BRDG/P_ELVDWG-03, BRDG/DECK/DWG-04-05, BRDG/G1/DWG-06-08, BRDG/P1/DWG-09, BRDG/P2/DWG-10, BRDG/P3/DWG-11-12
9	Drainage Route Map	PLAN/DWG-01 of 21
10	Typical Cross Section	RDS/DWG-01 of 09, RS/DWG-01 of 01

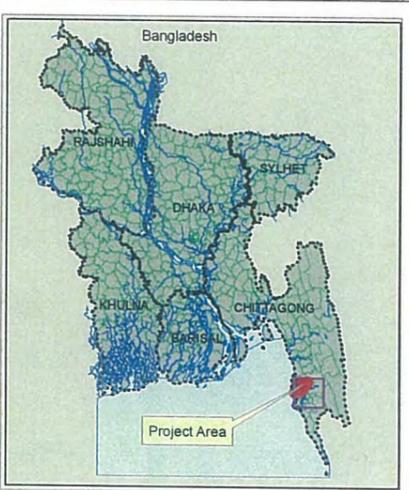
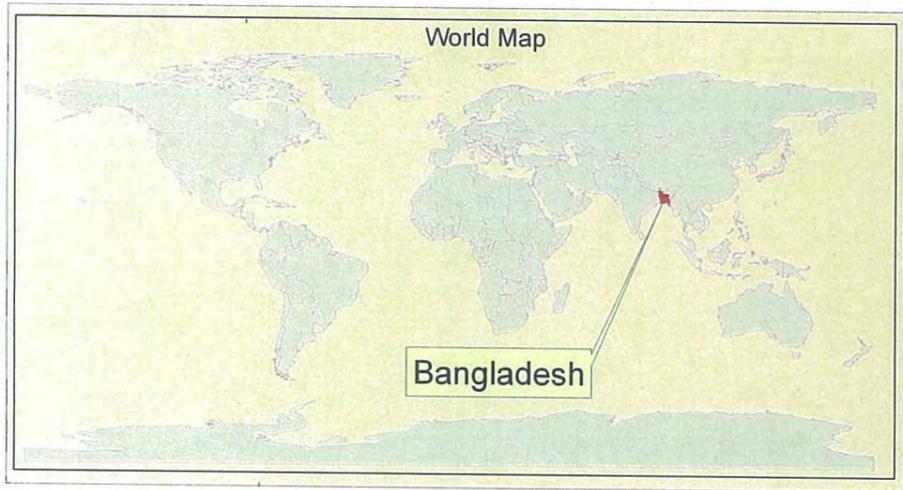
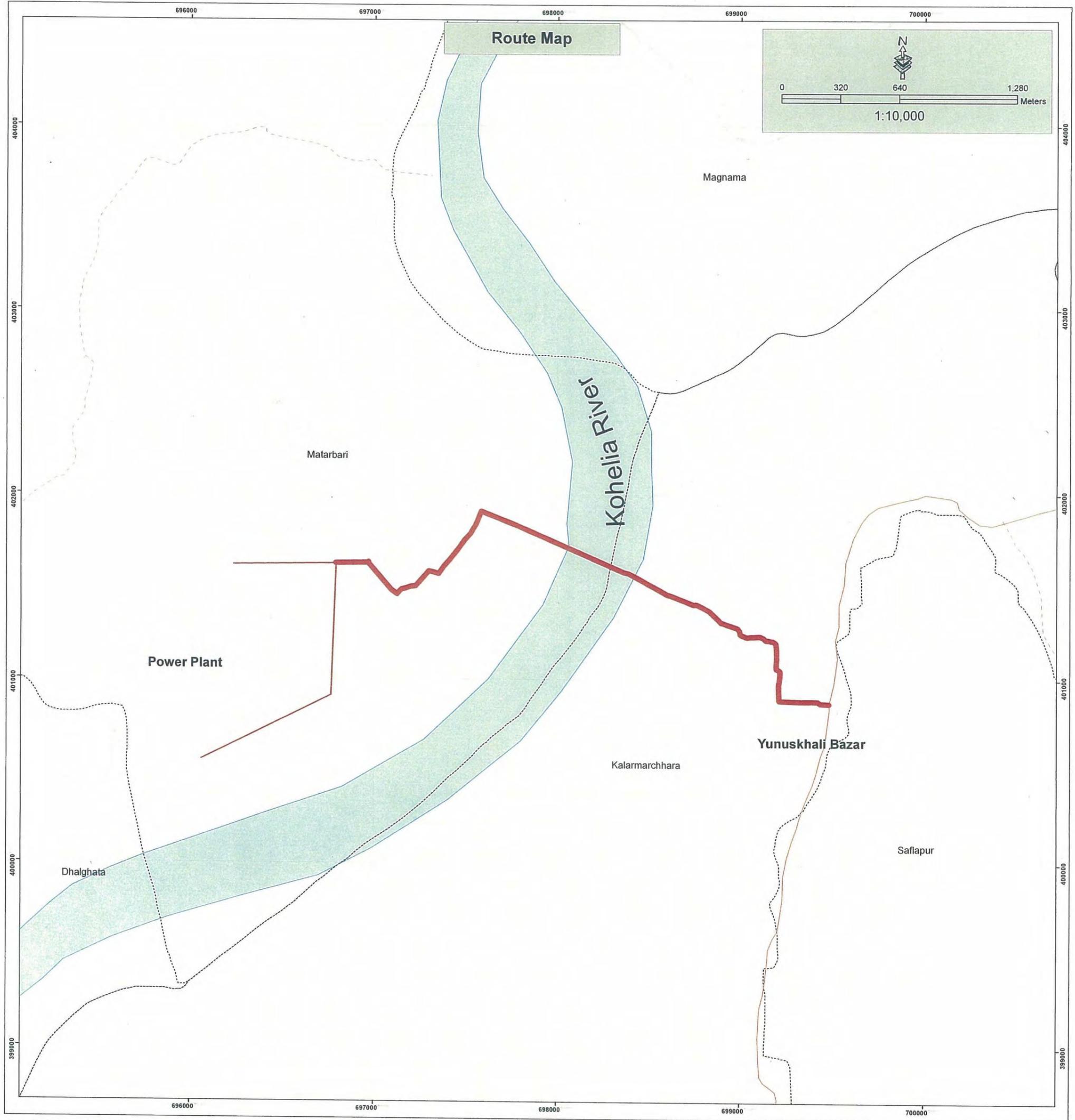
ROUTE MAPS



Legend

- District HQ
- Thana HQ
- Boundary Wall
- Existing RHD Road
- New Road
- National Highway
- Regional Road
- Feeder Road A
- Feeder Road B
- Rural Road
- unionbd91
- Division Boundary
- District Boundary
- char
- River

Roads and Highways Department (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT :	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY(JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
	Preparatory Survey on chittagong Area Coal Fared Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).		ROUTE MAP	1:50,000	AUGUST, 2013	RM-1

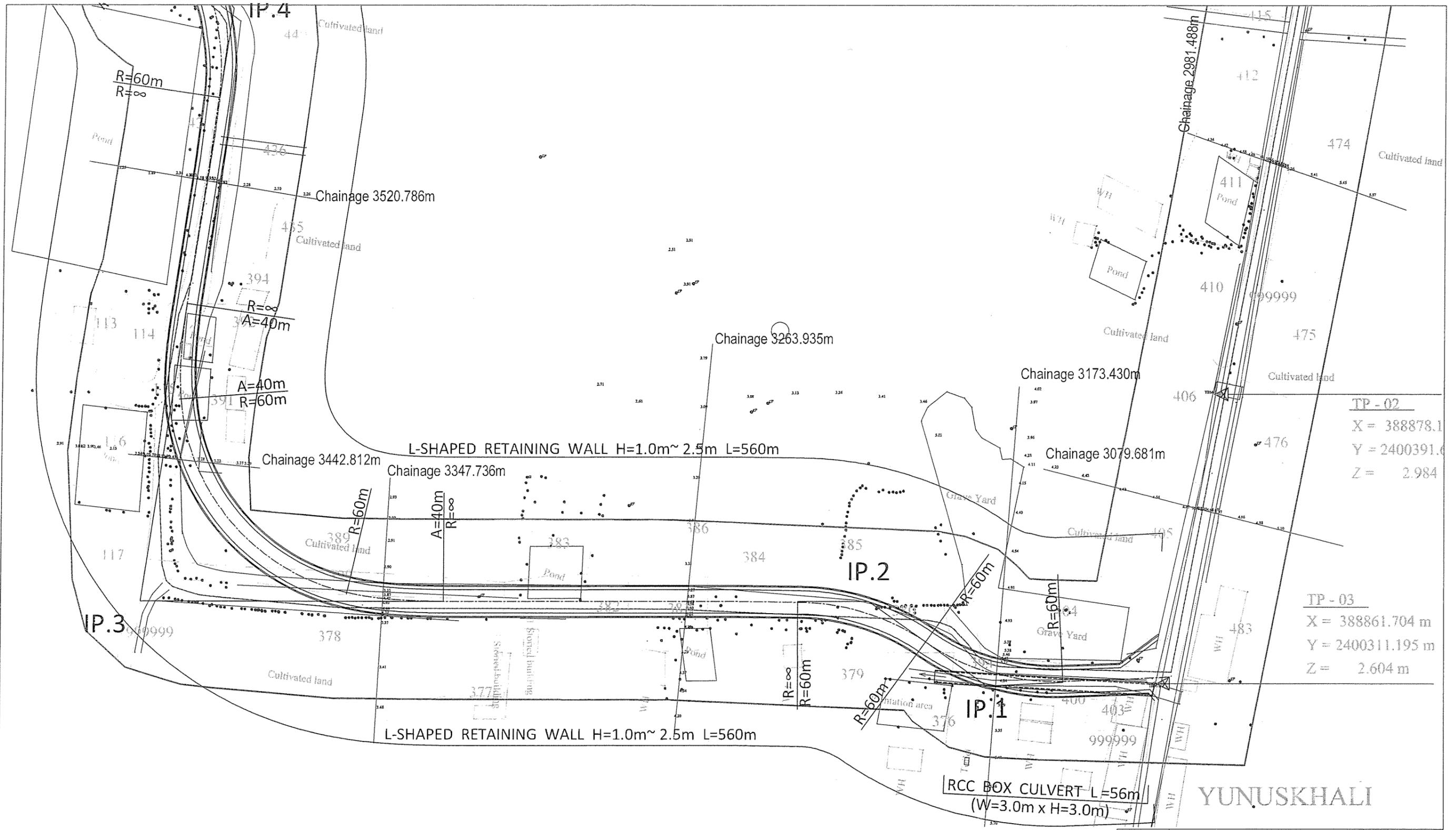


Legend

- District HQ
- Thana HQ
- Boundary Wall
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- Regional Road
- Feeder Road A
- Feeder Road B
- Rural Road
- unionbd91
- Division Boundary
- District Boundary
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- River
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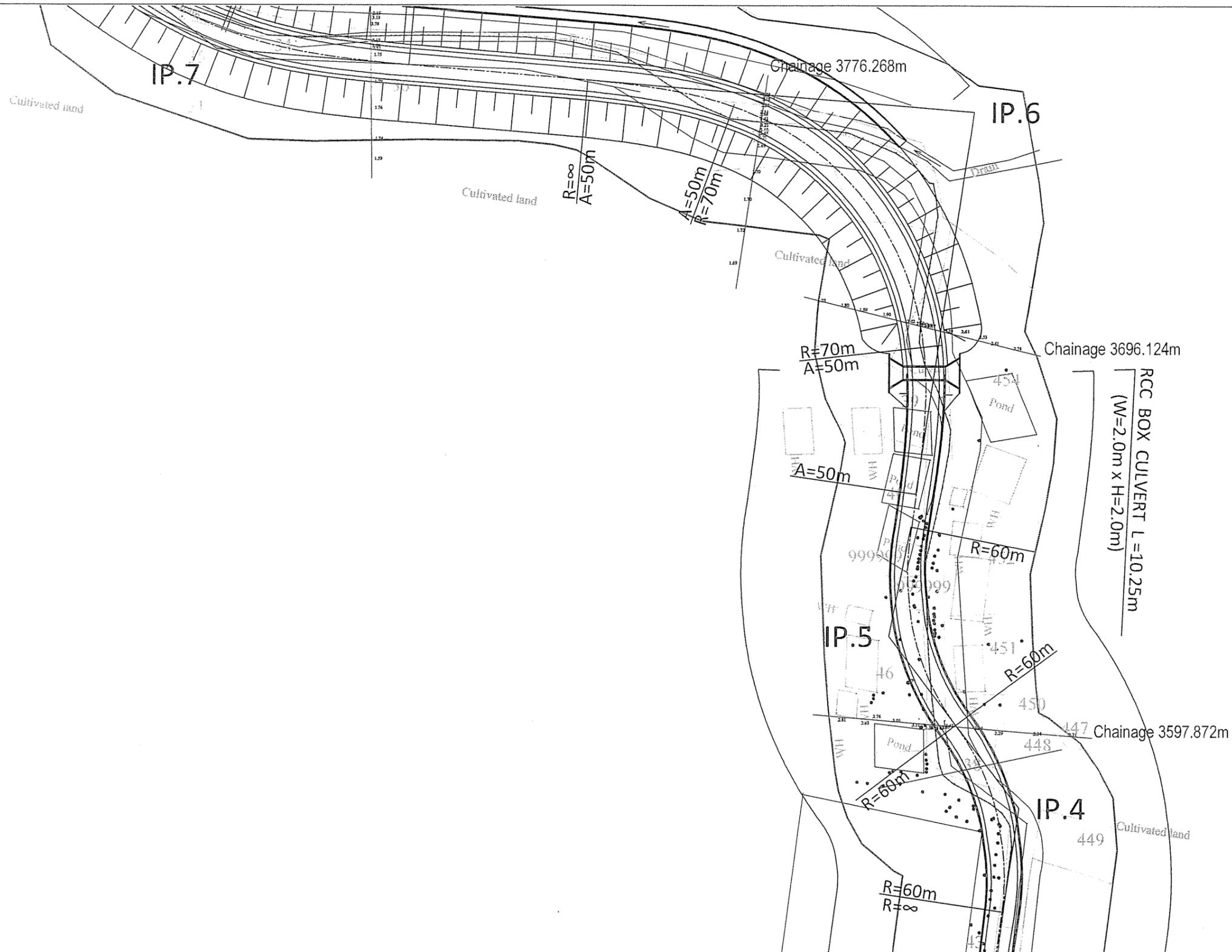
Roads and Highways Department (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on chittagong Area Coal Fared Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY(JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			ROUTE MAP	1:10,000	AUGUST, 2013	RM-1

ROAD PLAN (NEW ROAD)



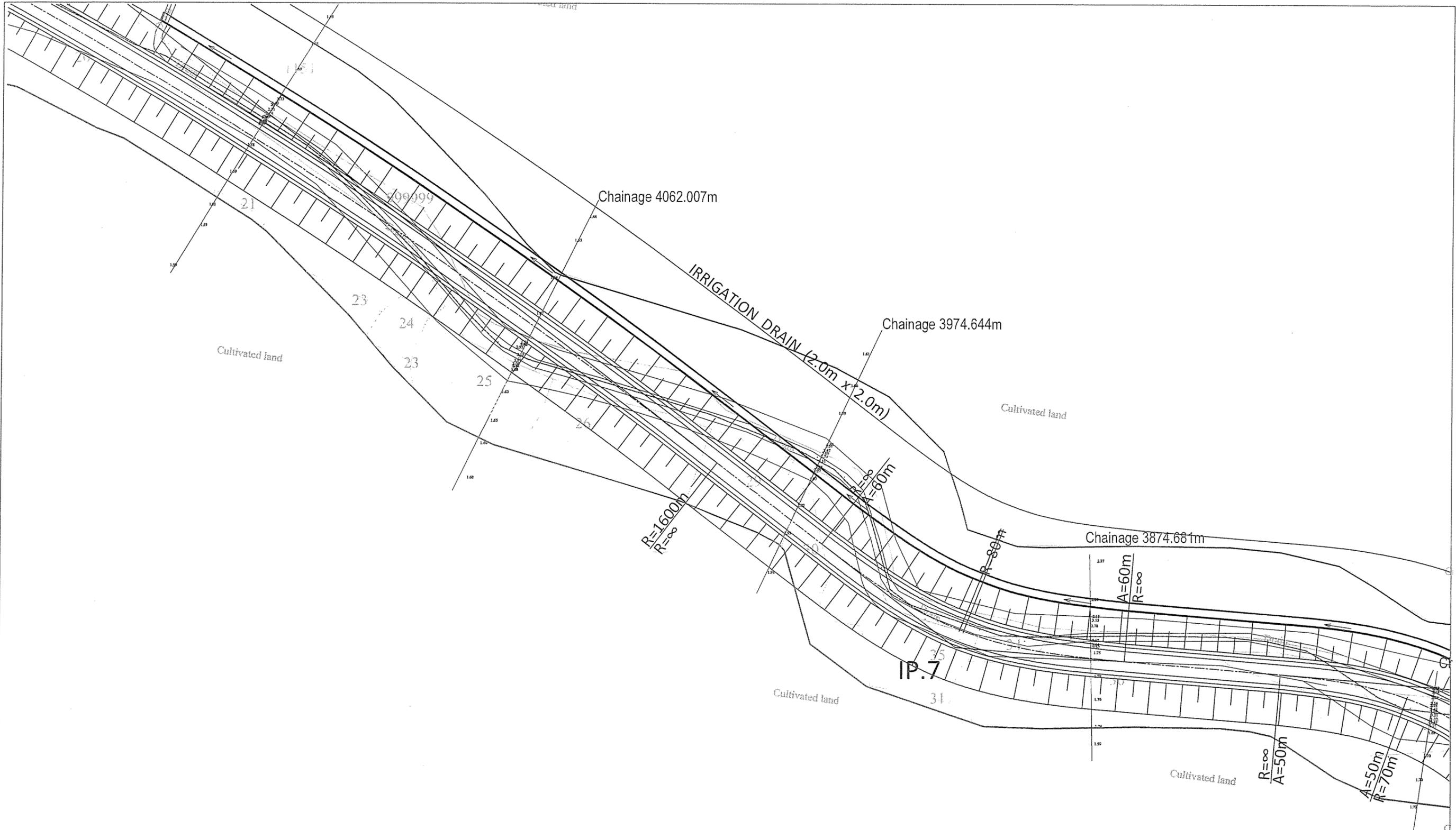
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Roads and Highways Department (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT :	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY(JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
	Preparatory Survey on chittagong Area Coal Fared Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).		ROAD PLAN VIEW BADARKHALI TO POWER PLANT SITE	SCALE : 1:1000	AUGUST, 2013	PLAN/DWG- 01 of 10



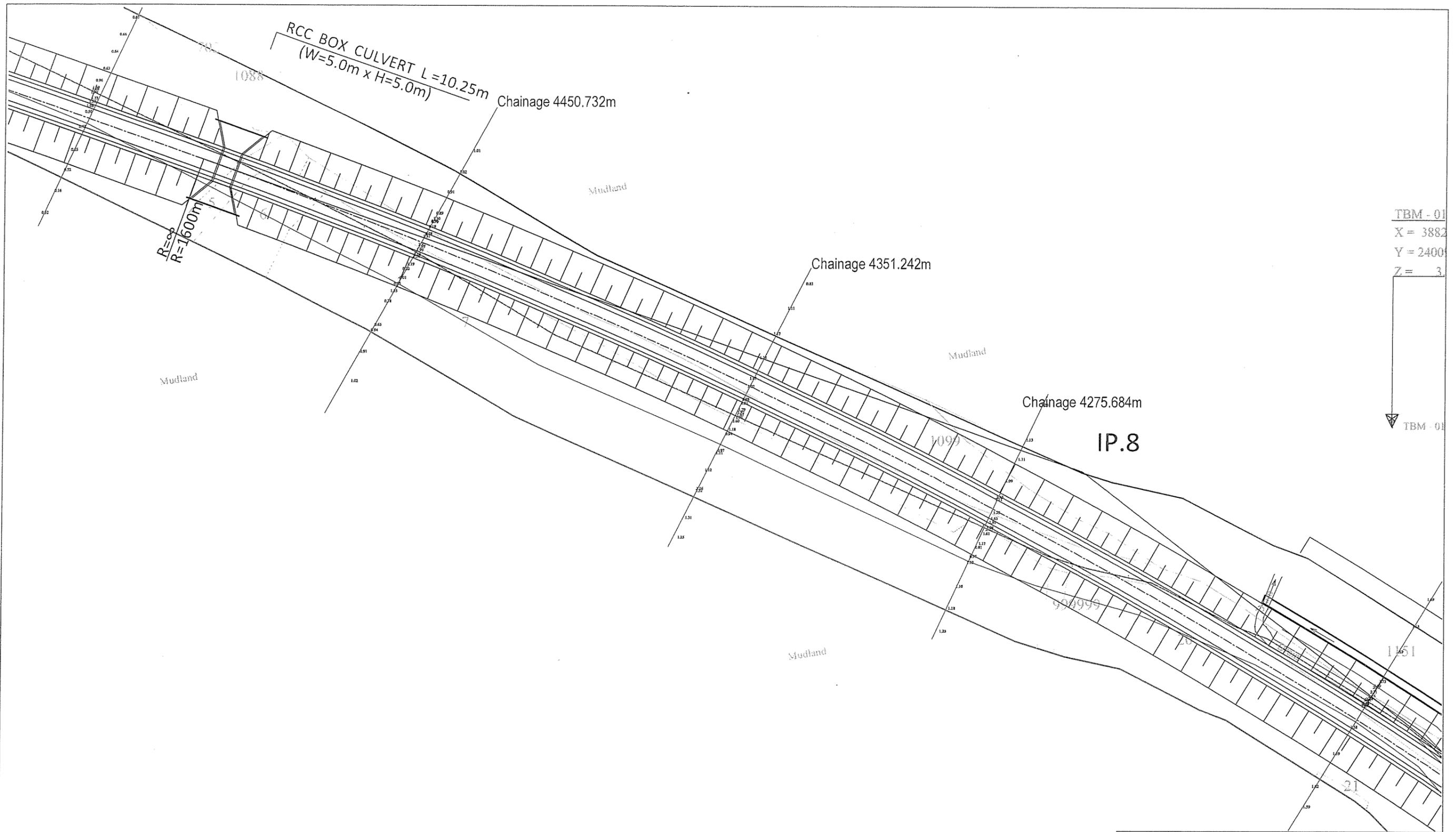
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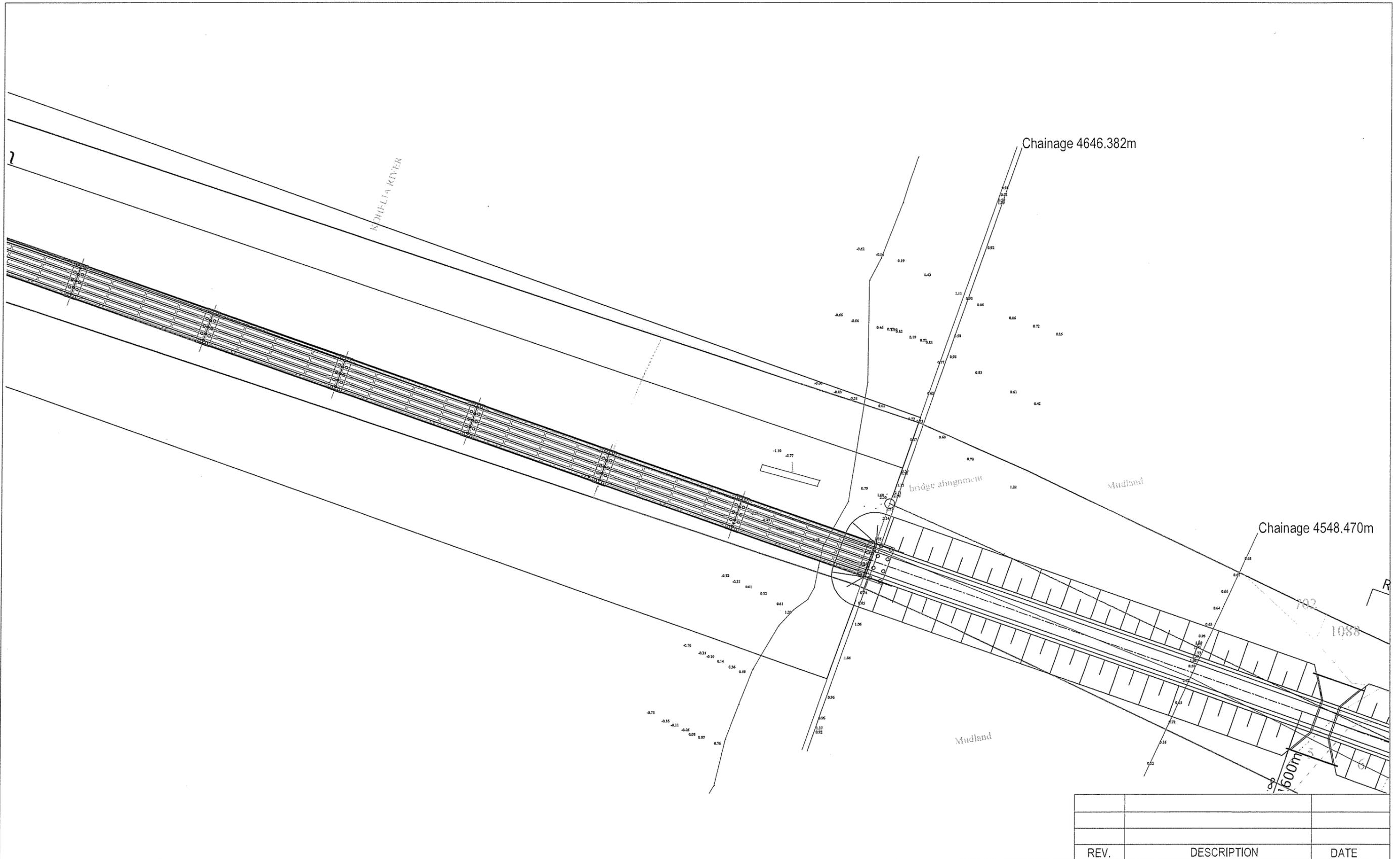
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	Preparatory Survey on chittagong Area Coal Fared Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).		ROAD PLAN VIEW BADARKHALI TO POWER PLANT SITE	SCALE : 1:1000	AUGUST, 2013	PLAN/DWG- 01 of 000



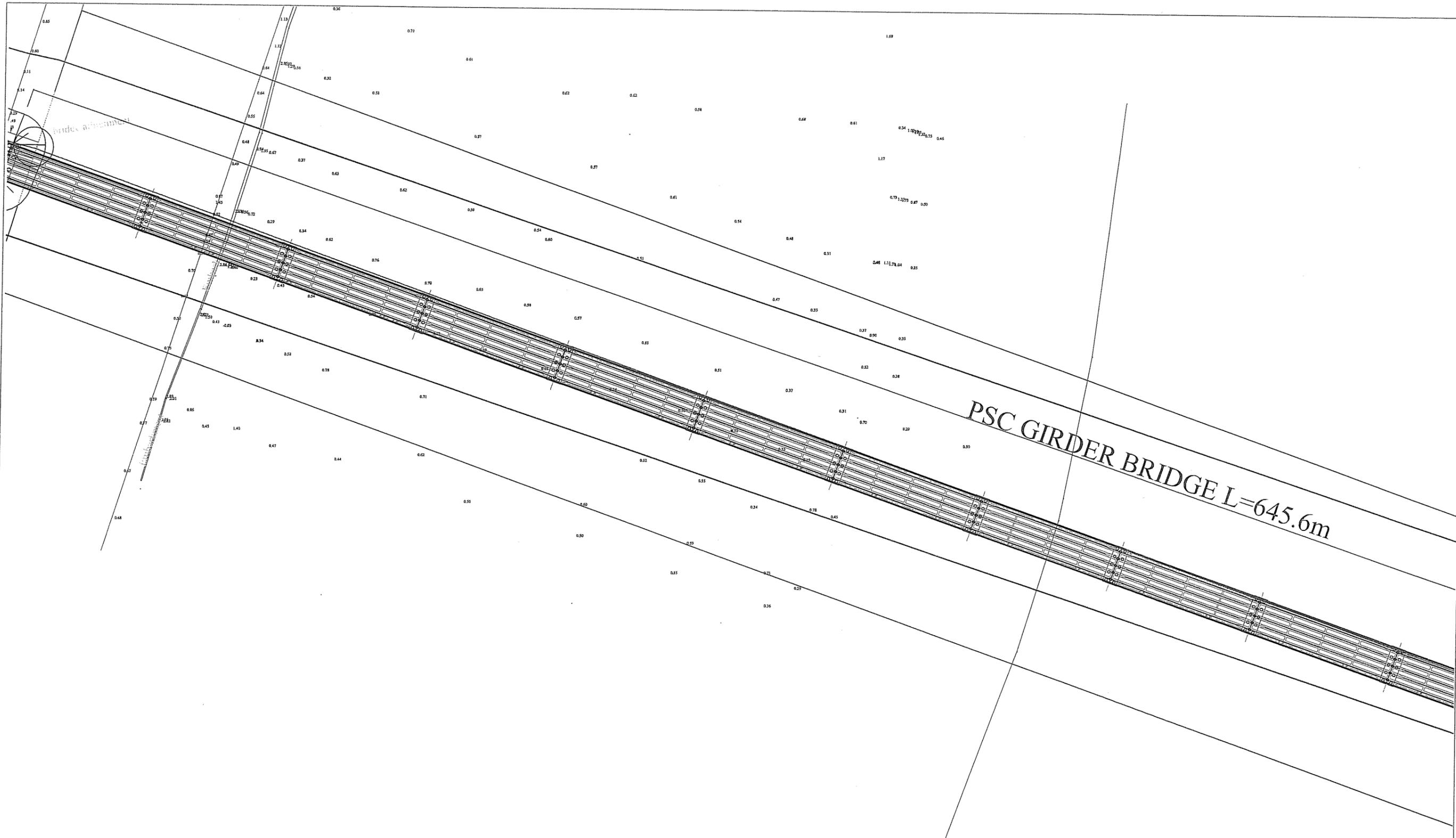
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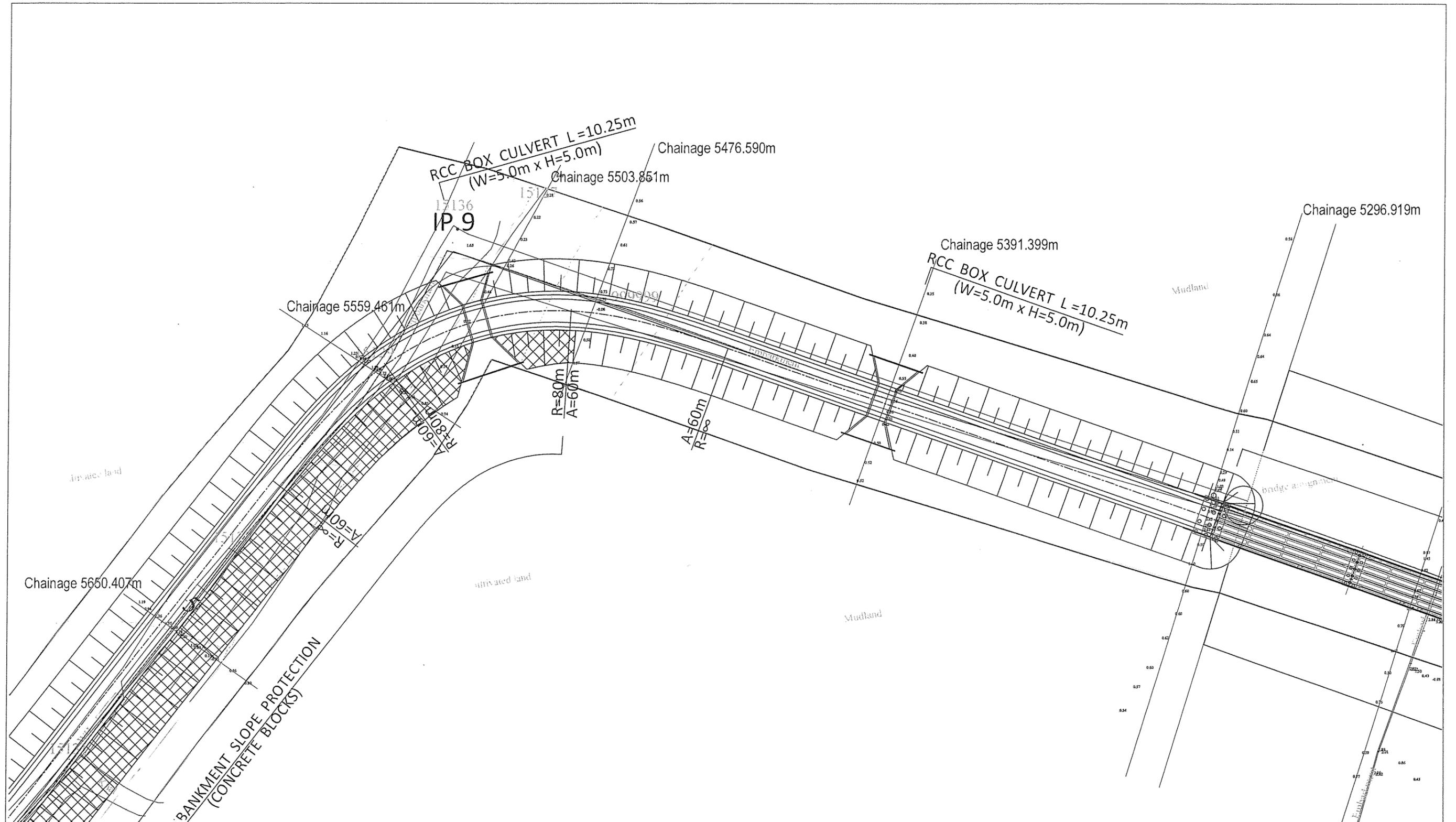
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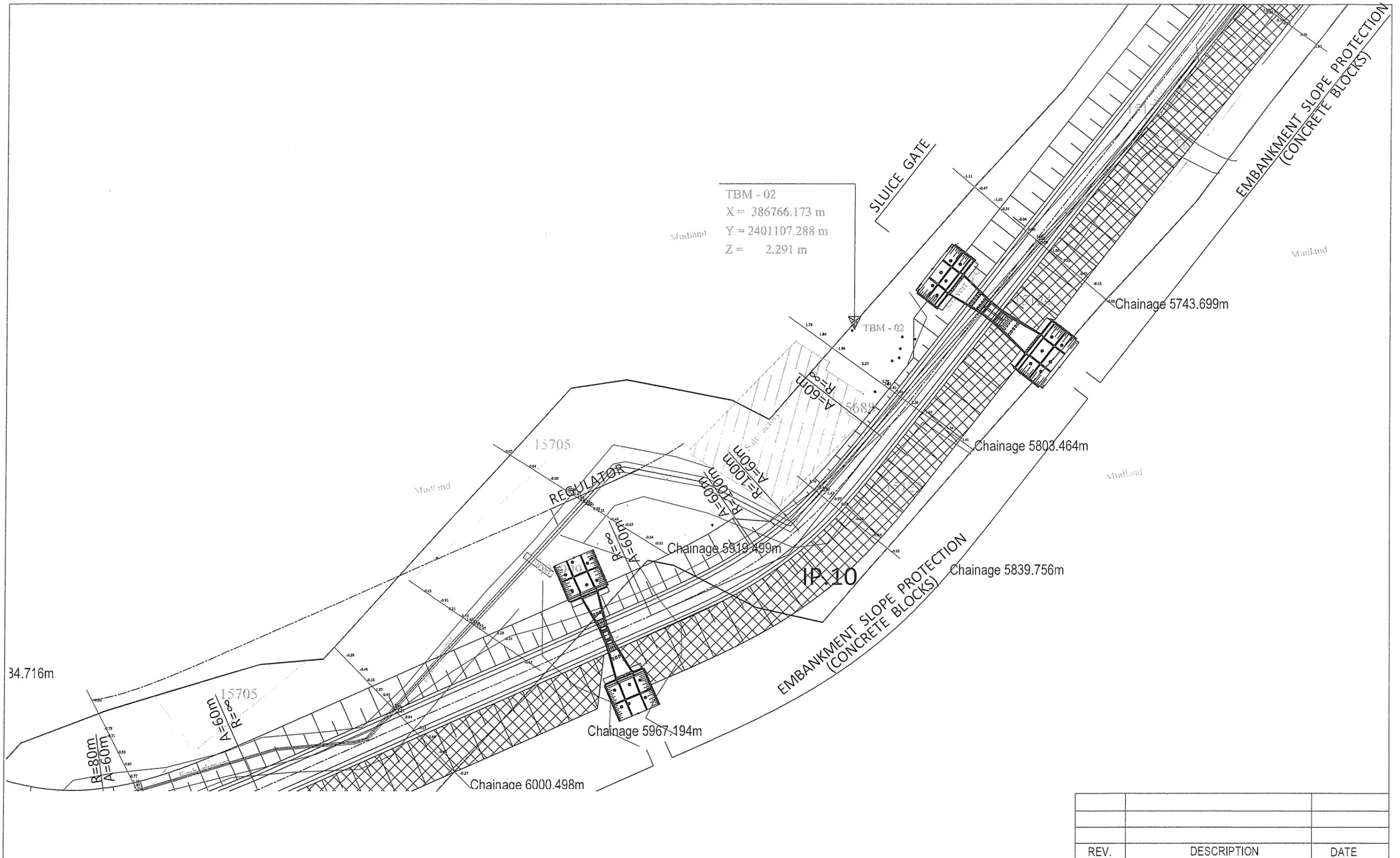
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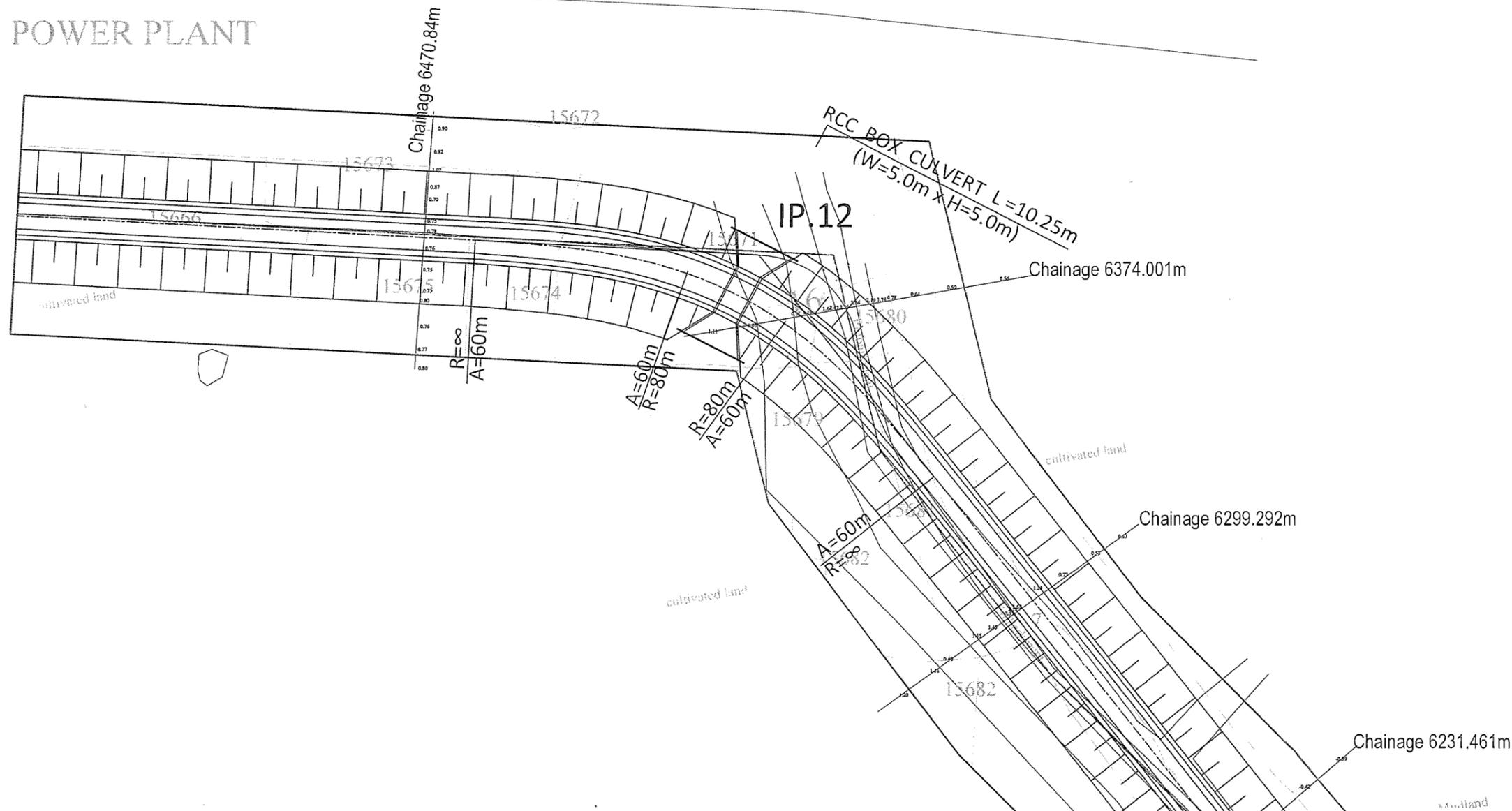
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	Preparatory Survey on chittagong Area Coal Fared Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).		ROAD PLAN VIEW BADARKHALI TO POWER PLANT SITE	SCALE : 1:1000	AUGUST, 2013	PLAN/DWG- 06 of 10



REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

Roads and Highways Department (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT :	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY(JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
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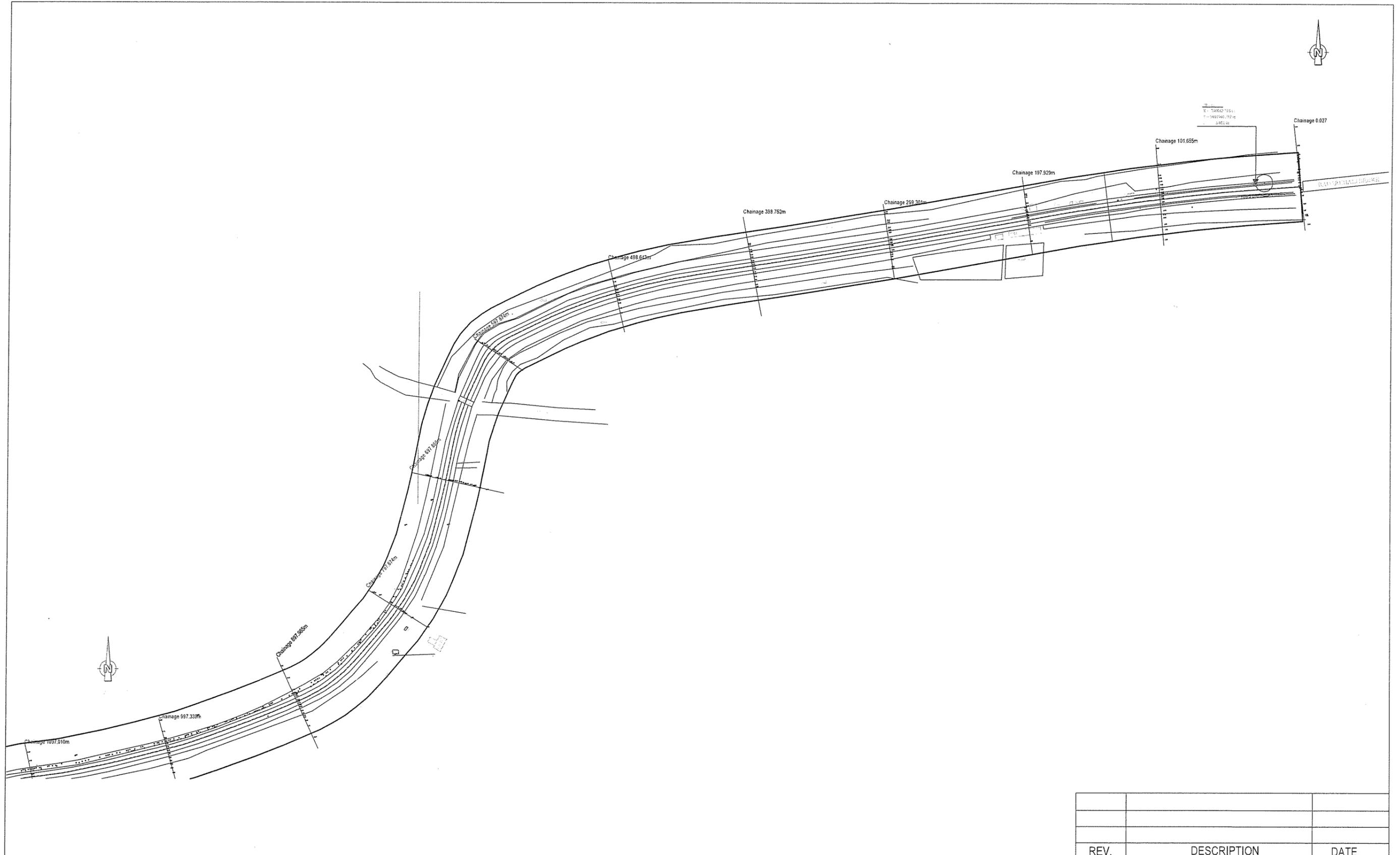
POWER PLANT



REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

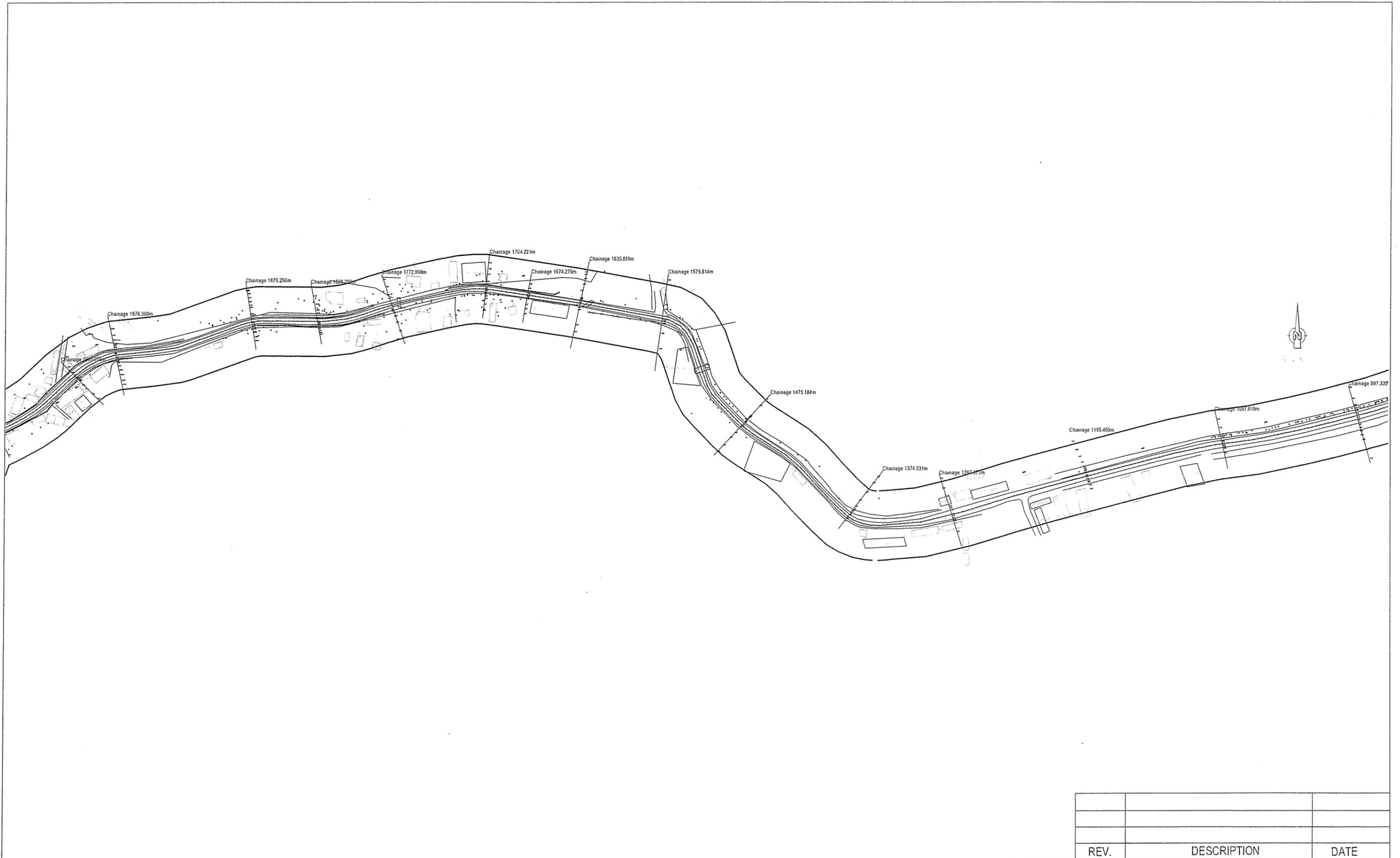
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			ROAD PLAN VIEW BADARKHALI TO POWER PLANT SITE	SCALE : 1:1000	AUGUST, 2013	PLAN/DWG- 09 of 10

ROAD PLAN (EXISTING ROAD)



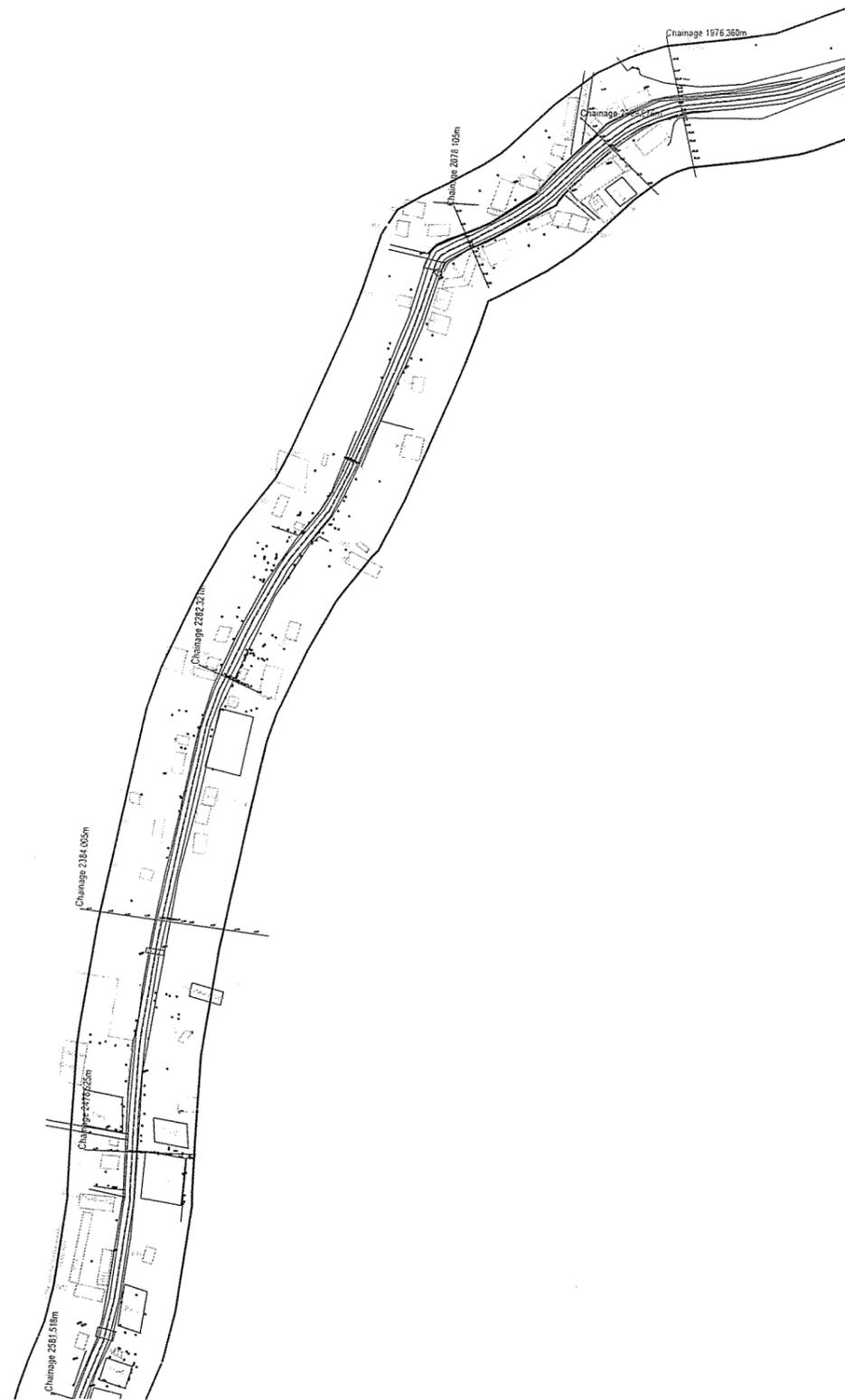
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Roads and Highways Department (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on chittagong Area Coal Fared Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY(JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :		
			ROAD PLAN VIEW BADARKHALI TO POWER PLANT SITE	SCALE :	DATE :
			SCALE : 1:2500	AUGUST, 2013	PLAN/DWG- 01 of 04



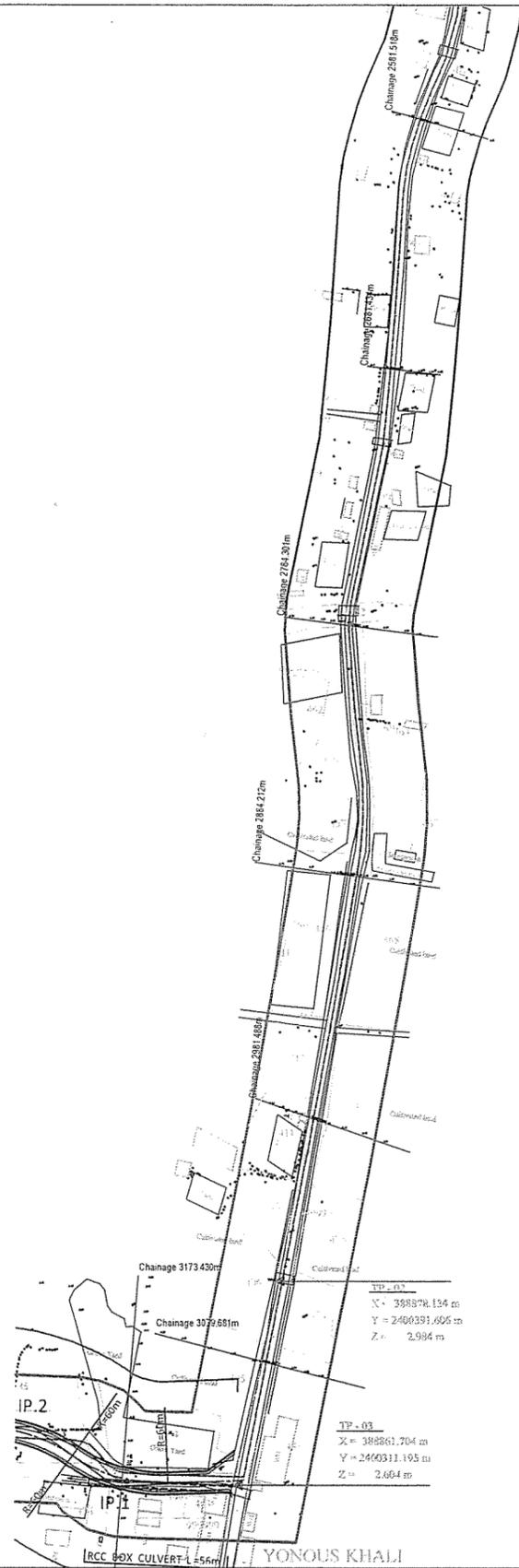
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

Roads and Highways Department (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on chittagong Area Coal Fared Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY(JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :			SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			ROAD PLAN VIEW BADARKHALI TO POWER PLANT SITE			SCALE : 1:2500	AUGUST, 2013	PLAN/DWG- 02 of 04



REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

Roads and Highways Department (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on chittagong Area Coal Fared Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY(JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :		SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			ROAD PLAN VIEW BADARKHALI TO POWER PLANT SITE		SCALE : 1:2500	AUGUST, 2013	PLAN/DWG- 03 of 04



REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

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			ROAD PLAN VIEW BADARKHALI TO POWER PLANT SITE	SCALE : 1:2500	AUGUST, 2013	PLAN/DWG- 04 of 04

NEW BRIDGE

GENERAL NOTES FOR RC CONSTRUCTION

1. CONCRETE

- a) FOR PILE CAP, ABUTMENT, APPROACH SLAB, WING WALL, RETURN WALL, CULVERTS BASE SLAB, TOP SLAB, VERTICAL WALLS AND APRONS ETC.
 -28 DAYS STANDARD CYLINDER CRUSHING STRENGTH : $f_c' = 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 -CONCRETE MIX PROPORTION SHALL BE DECIDED BY MIX DESIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATION.
- b) FOR DIAPHRAGM, PIER COLUMN, PIER CAP ETC.
 -28 DAYS STANDARD CYLINDER CRUSHING STRENGTH : $f_c' = 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 -CONCRETE MIX PROPORTION SHALL BE DECIDED BY MIX DESIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATION.
- c) FOR DECK SLAB, KERBS, RAILINGS, FOOTPATH & BEARING PEDSTALS
 -28 DAYS STANDARD CYLINDER CRUSHING STRENGTH : $f_c' = 35 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- d) FOR BORED PILES
 -28 DAYS STANDARD CYLINDER CRUSHING STRENGTH : $f_c' = 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$

2. REINFORCEMENT

- a) TYPE:
 DEFORMED BILLET MILD STEEL BARS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM DESIGNATION : A615M-87 OR EQUIVALENT.
- b) STRENGTH :
 MINIMUM YIELD STRENGTH 415 N/mm^2 (60000 psi) FOR HYS DEFORMED BAR (Y)
- c) SPLICES IN REINFORCEMENT :
 -SPLICES IN REINFORCEMENT IF NECESSARY SHALL BE MADE ONLY AS AUTHORISED BY THE ENGINEER.
 -SPLICES IN REINFORCEMENT AT POINT OF MAXIMUM STRESS IN SLABS, BEAMS, GIRDERS SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED.
 -LAP LENGTH FOR HYS DEFORMED BAR UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN WILL BE:
 FOR TENSION BAR : - $40 \times \text{DIAMETER OF BAR}$
 FOR COMPRESSION BAR: - $30 \times \text{DIAMETER OF BAR}$
- d) LAPS SHALL BE STAGGERED AND NOT MORE THAN 50% OF THE HYS DEFORMED BARS AND 25% OF PLAIN BARS SHALL BE LAPPED AT ANY SECTION.
- e) TYPE OF REINFORCEMENT IN RC BRIDGE AND PSC BRIDGE SHALL BE PROVIDED AS SHOWN IN DRAWING AND DETAILS.
- f) BAR BENDING SCHEDULE GIVEN HEREWITH ARE PROVISIONAL AND CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE ACTUAL BAR BENDING SCHEDULE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER BEFORE BAR CUTTING.

3. CLEAR COVER TO MAIN REINFORCEMENT

- a) RAIL POST = 25mm ALL FACES
 RAIL BAR = 20mm ALL FACES
 KERB, POST BASE = 25mm ALL FACES
- b) DECK SLAB
 TOP BARS = 50mm
 BOTTOM BARS = 40mm
 EDGES = 40mm

- c) GIRDERS AND DIAPHRAGMS
 TOP BARS = 50mm
 BOTTOM BARS = 50mm
 SIDES = 40mm
- d) PIER COLUMN = 75mm (ALL FACES)
- e) PIER CAP = 50mm (ALL FACES)
- f) ABUTMENT AND WING WALLS = 75mm (ALL FACES)
- g) PILE AND PILE CAP = 75mm (ALL FACES)

4. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS IN ADDITION TO THE PLACES SHOWN IN THE DRAWING IF REQUIRED SHALL BE PROVIDED AS PER DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER-IN-CHARGE

5. GUIDE TO REINFORCEMENT ABBREVIATIONS:

EXAMPLE 1 : A1-Y20-100 INDICATES AS FOLLOWS:

A1 : BAR MARK '1' IN ABUTMENT
 Y20 : GRADE-60 DEFORMED BAR 20mm DIA
 100 : C/C BAR SPACING IN mm

EXAMPLE 2 : A3-10-Y20 INDICATES AS FOLLOWS:

A3 : BAR MARK '3' IN ABUTMENT
 10 : NO. OF BARS=10
 Y20: GRADE-60 DEFORMED BAR 20mm DIA

6. BEFORE CONSTRUCTION OF FOUNDATION A DETAILED SUBSOIL INVESTIGATION MUST BE CARRIED OUT IN ORDER TO VERIFY THE LENGTH OF PILE AND ITS GEOTECHNICAL CAPACITY AGAINST THE SERVICE LOAD SHOWN ON THE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT DRAWING.
7. EXPANSION JOINTS SHALL HAVE TO CATER FOR A TOTAL MOVEMENT AS INDICATED IN RESPECTIVE DRAWING IT MUST BE PROVIDED OVER THE FULL WIDTH OF DECK AND FOLLOW THE PROFILE INCLUDING KERB AND FOOTPATH.
8. CONCRETE WEARING COORSE OF 50mm THICKNESS SHALL BE PROVIDED AS PER SPECIFICATIONS.
9. FILTER MATERIAL SHALL BE BRICK AGGREGATES AS PER TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND SHALL BE WELL PACKED TO A THICKNESS NOT LESS THAN 450mm WITH SMALLER SIZE TOWARDS THE SOIL AND BIGGER SIZE TOWARDS THE WALL AND PROVIDED OVER THE ENTIRE SURFACE BEHIND ABUTMENT, WING OR RETURN WALLS TO THE FULL HEIGHT.
10. BACK FILL MATERIAL BEHIND ABUTMENT AND WINGWALLS SHALL BE OF SUITABLE GRANULAR SOIL AS PER TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS. MATERIAL FOR BACK FILL SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER IN CHARGE.
11. ABUTMENT DIRT WALL OF PSC BRIDGES SHALL BE CAST ONLY AFTER THE COMPLETION OF ALL PRESTRESSING OPERATIONS

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT :	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
	Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).		GENERAL NOTES OF RCC WORK	Scale : N.T.S.	02 July' 2013	BRDG/GEN/DWG-01

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PSC GIRDER

A. MATERIAL STRENGTH

01. CONCRETE SHALL HAVE SPECIFIED CHARACTERISTIC COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF STANDARD CYLINDER OR CUBE (15 cm) AT 28 DAYS, ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 - a) STANDARD CYLINDER CRUSHING STRENGTH, $f'_c = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - b) STANDARD CUBE CRUSHING STRENGTH, $f_{cu} = 46 \text{ N/mm}^2$
02. REINFORCING STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A615-87 GRADE 60 DEFORMED BARS (MARKED 'Y') HAVING MINIMUM YIELD STRENGTH $F_y = 415 \text{ N/mm}^2$.
03. PRESTRESSING STEEL SHALL BE OF 15.24mm DIA. 7 PLY UNCOATED LOW RELAXATION STRAND CONFORMING TO AASHTO-M203 OR EQUIVALENT HAVING THE FOLLOWING STRENGTH:
 - (a) MINIMUM ULTIMATE TENSILE STRENGTH (UTS) $f'_s = 1861 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - (b) MINIMUM YIELD STRENGTH $f'_y = 1581 \text{ N/mm}^2$
03. PRESTRESSING CABLE SHALL BE CONSISTS OF 19 NOS.15.24mm DIA. STRAND (19T13) IN A SHEATHING/DUCT

B. PRESTRESSING ACCESSORIES

01. THE DETAILS OF ANCHORAGES, DUCTS, CABLE SPACINGS AND END BLOCK REINFORCEMENT SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS ARE BASED ON FREYSSINET 19T13 MULTI-STRAND ANCHORAGE SYSTEM.
02. THE SHEATHING/DUCTS FOR THE 19T13 PRESTRESSING CABLES SHALL BE FORMED FROM 95mm INTERNAL DIA. (ID) CORRUGATED STEEL SHEATHS OF BRIGHT METAL STRIP HAVING MINIMUM THICKNESS 0.40mm. THE OUTSIDE DIA. (OD) OF THE SHEATH SHOULD BE ABOUT 6mm LARGER THAN THE ID. THE CONNECTING SLEEVES FOR SHEATH SHOULD HAVE A DIAMETER ABOUT 3.1mm GREATER.
03. FOLLOWING PROPERTIES HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED IN THE DESIGN

AREA OF STRAND	= 98.7 mm ²
AREA OF CABLE	= 1875 mm ²
MODULLES OF ELASTICITY OF STRAND	= $2 \times 10^5 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}$
AVERAGE SLIP	= 6mm

JACKING FORCE IN EACH CABLE = 2615 KN.

C. WORKMANSHIP DETAILING

01. AFTER SATISFACTORY COMPLETION OF TENSIONING THE CABLES SHALL GROUTED AS PER STANDARD SPECIFICATION. BESIDES THE GROUT HOLES AT STRESSING END ONE GROUT VENT MAY ALSO BE PROVIDED AT LOWEST POINT OF EACH CABLE, IF REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER.
02. EXTRA LENGTH OF CABLE REQUIRED FOR FIXING FREYSSINET JACK IS 750mm. HOWEVER FOR OTHER ANCHORAGE SYSTEM GRIP LENGTH SHALL BE VERIFIED AT SITE.
03. THE CABLE MUST BE PLACED STRAIGHT AND CO-AXIAL WITH THE ANCHORAGE FOR A DISTANCE OF AT LEAST 400mm.
04. THE PROFILE OF LONGITUDINAL PRESTRESSING DUCTS SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY PROVIDING 10mm DIA. U-SHAPED MS WELDED SADDLES ATTACHED TO ONE BRANCH OF THE STIRRUPS @ 1000mm C/C APPROX.
05. NON-PRESTRESSED REINFORCEMENT IS TO BE ADJUSTED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER, IF OBSTRUCTION TO CABLE DUCT OCCURS.

D. CLEAR COVER TO PRESTRESSING AND REINFORCING STEEL

01. MINIMUM CLEAR COVER TO REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE 40mm.

E. PRESTRESSING AND GROUTING OPERATION

01. THE PRESTRESSING FORCE IN EACH CABLE AT ANCHORAGE DURING STRESSING PRIOR TO LOCK OFF (JACKING FORCE) SHALL BE 2615KN.
02. EACH CABLE SHALL BE SIMULTANEOUSLY STRESSED FROM BOTH END OF PC GIRDER BY USING FREYSSINET/OR EQUIVALENT MULTISTRAND JACK.
03. NO. OF STAGES, STRESSING SEQUENCE OF THE CABLES AND CONCRETE STRENGTH f'_{ci} AT DIFFERENT STAGE OF STRESSING SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON RESPECTIVE SHEET OF THE DRAWING SERIES OF THE PC GIRDER.

04. THE APPLIED PRESTRESSING FORCES ON THE CABLES SHALL BE MEASURED ON THE RECENTLY JACKS ACCOMPANIED BY ELONGATION MEASUREMENT IN PRESENCE OF THE ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE. PROPER RECORDS OF THE ABOVE SHALL BE MAINTAINED.
05. ALL DUCTS SHALL BE GROUTED FOLLOWING STANDARD SPECIFICATION AFTER SATISFACTORY COMPLETION OF THE STRESSING OPERATIONS AND APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.
06. FOR ALL STRESSING AND GROUTING OPERATIONS, THE PROCEDURE GIVEN IN THE GUIDE FOR FREYSSINET OR EQUIVALENT METHODS SHALL BE USED.

F. INSTALLATION DETAILS

01. THE PC GIRDERS SHALL BE MOVED AT LEAST AFTER COMPLETION OF THE 1ST STAGE STRESSING OF THE CABLES AND GROUTING OF THE CABLE DUCTS ONLY.
02. THE PC GIRDERS SHALL BE LIFTED BY PROVIDING SUPPORTS IN THE VICINITY OF THE CENTER LINE OF BEARINGS ONLY.
03. LATERAL SUPPORTS TO THE PRECAST PC GIRDER SHALL BE PROVIDED DURING MOVEMENT OPERATION OF THE SAME AND CONCRETING OF THE CAST-IN-SITU DECK.
04. TIME DIFFERENCE BETWEEN GIRDER CONCRETE & DECK CONCRETE SHALL NOT BE MORE THAN 2 MONTHS.

G. MISCELLANEOUS

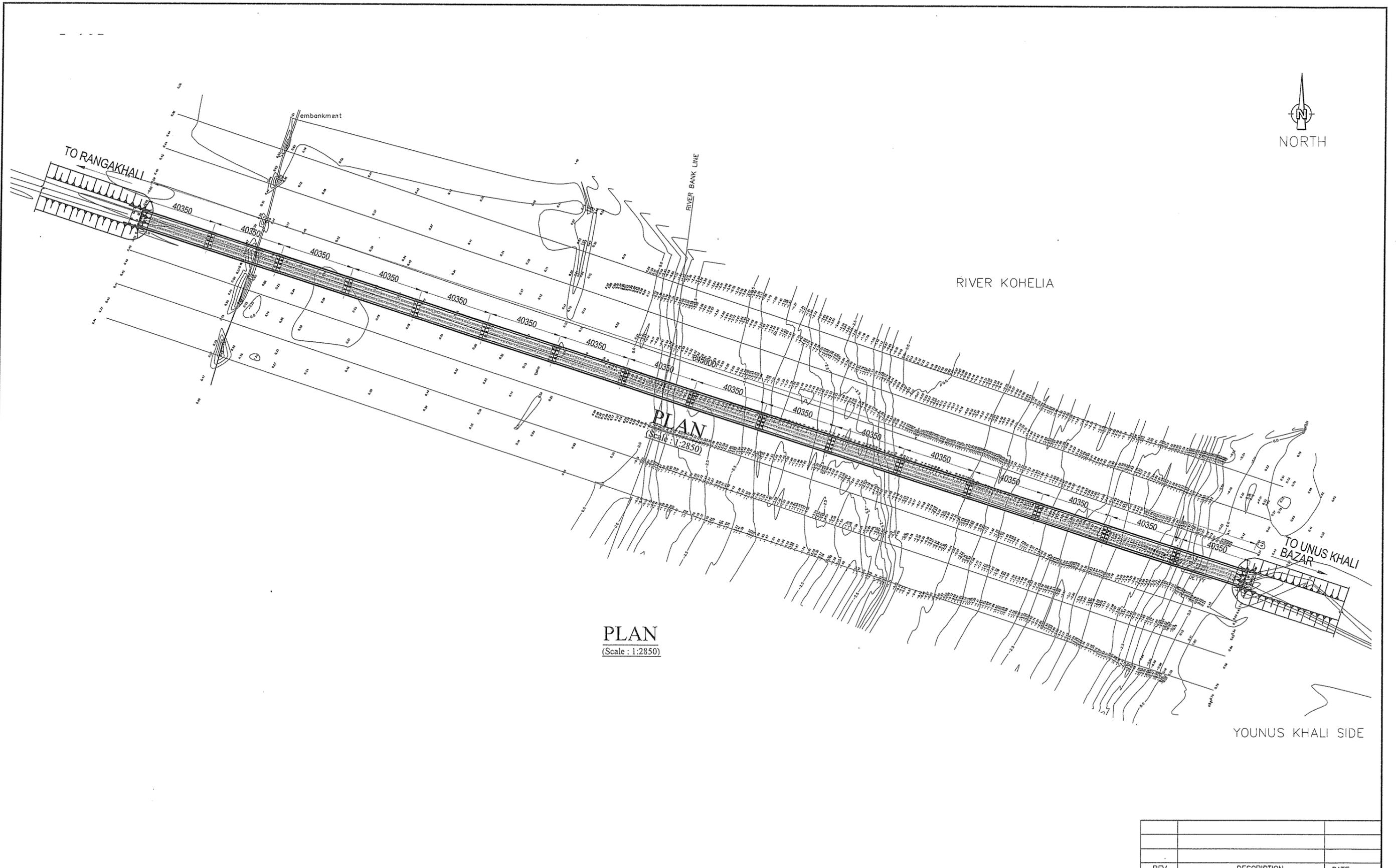
01. THE SURFACE OF THE TOP FLANGE OF THE PC GIRDER SHALL BE INTENTIONALLY ROUGHENED EXPOSING ABOUT 6mm OR 1/4TH HEIGHT OF THE COARSE AGGREGATE BREAKING THEM TO DEVELOP COMPOSITE ACTION BETWEEN THE PC GIRDER CAST-IN-SITU DECK CONCRETE.
02. PRECAMBER TO THE GIRDER SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE GIRDER SOFFIT BEFORE CASTING OF GIRDER
03. ALL LAP LENGTHS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT LEAST 40 x BAR DIA. AND SHALL BE STAGGERED BY +/- 50% UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN.

H. SPECIAL NOTE FOR PRESTRESSING

01. (i) IF THE CALCULATED ELONGATION IS REACHED BEFORE THE CALCULATED GAUGE PRESSURE IS OBTAINED, CONTINUE TENSIONING TILL ATTAINING THE CALCULATED GAUGE PRESSURE, PROVIDED THE ELONGATION DOES NOT EXCEED 1.05 TIMES THE CALCULATED ELONGATION. IF THIS ELONGATION IS ACHIEVED BEFORE THE CALCULATED GAUGE PRESSURE IS ATTAINED, STOP STRESSING AND INFORM THE ENGINEER.
- (ii) IF THE CALCULATED ELONGATION HAS NOT BEEN REACHED CONTINUE TENSIONING BY INTERVALS OF 5 Kg/Sq.CM UNTIL THE CALCULATED ELONGATION IS REACHED PROVIDED THE GAUGE PRESSURE DOES NOT EXCEED 1.05 TIMES THE CALCULATED GAUGE PRESSURE.
- (iii) IF THE ELONGATION AT 1.05 TIMES THE CALCULATED GAUGE PRESSURE IS LESS THAN 0.95 TIMES THE CALCULATED ELONGATION, THE FOLLOWING MEASURES MUST BE TAKEN, IN SUCCESSION, TO DEFINE THE CAUSE OF THIS LACK OF ELONGATION.
 - RECALIBRATE THE PRESSURE GAUGE
 - CHECK THE CORRECT FUNCTIONING OF THE JACK. PUMP AND LEADS.
 - DE-TENSION THE CABLE, SLIDE IT IN ITS DUCT TO CHECK THAT IT IS NOT BLOCKED BY MORTAR WHICH HAS ENTERED THROUGH HOLES IN THE SHEATH. RE-TENSION THE CABLE IF FREE. IF THE REQUIRED ELONGATION IS NOT OBTAINED. FURTHER FINISHING OPERATIONS SUCH AS CUTTING OR SEALING SHOULD NOT BE UNDERTAKEN WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.
02. ELONGATION SHOWN IN THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE CORRECTED FOR THE ACTUAL 'A' AND 'E' VALUE OF WIRES OBTAINED FROM THE MANUFACTURER .
 CORRECTED ELONGATION = ELONGATION SHOWN IN THE DRAWINGS x $A.E/A1.E1$
 A, E ARE THE DESIGN AREA AND MODULUS OF ELASTICITY OF WIRES.
 A1,E1 ARE ACTUAL AREA AND MODULUS OF ELASTICITY OF WIRES.

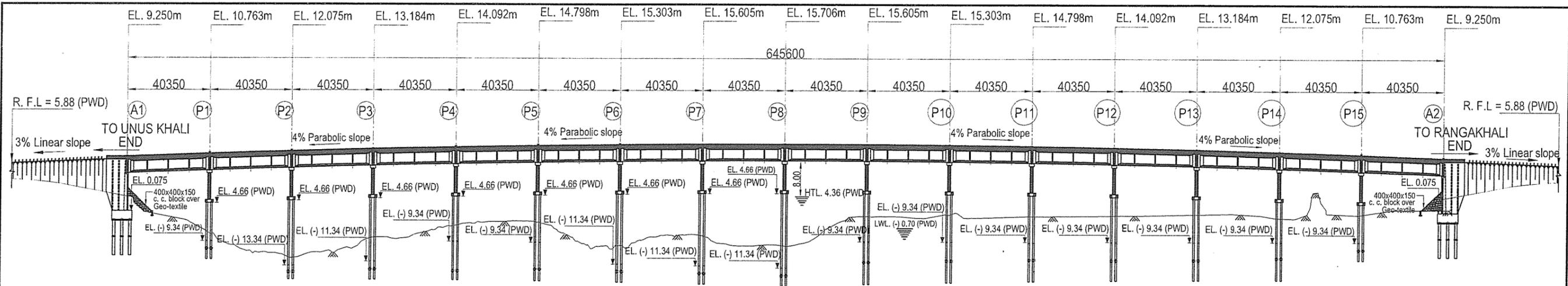
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE : GENERAL NOTES FOR PSC WORK	SCALE : Scale : N.T.S.	DATE : 02 July' 2013	DRAWING NO. BRDG/GEN/DWG-02
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REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			LAYOUT PLAN OF 640.0m LONG PSC GIRDER BRIDGE OVER KOHELIA RIVER, COX'S BAZAR.	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	BRDG/S_LP/DWG-03

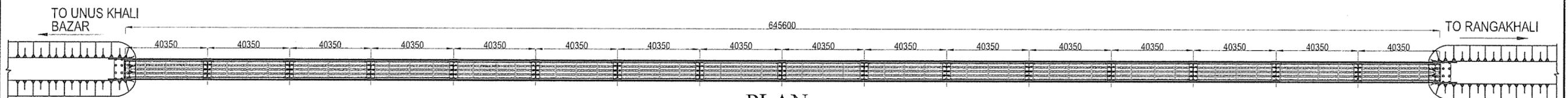


GENERAL ELEVATION

(Scale : 1:2000)

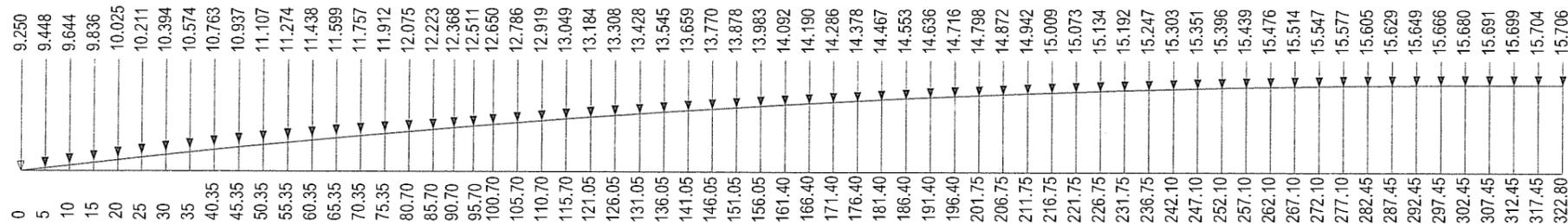
EXIST. RL (m)	DISTANCE (m)
2.150	0.00
1.250	5.00
0.570	10.00
0.380	15.00
0.190	20.00
0.000	25.00
-0.270	30.00
-0.530	35.00
-1.380	40.00
-2.130	45.00
-2.550	50.00
-3.170	55.00
-3.360	60.00
-3.400	65.00
-3.500	70.00
-3.870	75.00
-3.710	80.00
-3.320	85.00
-3.170	90.00
-3.030	95.00
-2.900	100.00
-2.390	105.00
-1.880	110.00
-1.830	115.00
-1.920	120.00
-1.910	125.00
-1.680	130.00
-1.370	135.00
-1.090	140.00
-0.890	145.00
-0.710	150.00
-0.470	155.00
-0.460	160.00
-0.350	165.00
-0.290	170.00
-0.270	175.00
-0.230	180.00
-0.230	185.00
-0.250	190.00
-0.480	195.00
-0.940	200.00
-1.450	205.00
-1.760	210.00
-1.590	215.00
-1.640	220.00
-1.550	225.00
-1.540	230.00
-1.790	235.00
-2.370	240.00
-2.490	245.00
-2.850	250.00
-2.640	255.00
-1.910	260.00
-1.760	265.00
-1.590	270.00
-1.640	275.00
-1.550	280.00
-1.540	285.00
-1.790	290.00
-2.370	295.00
-2.490	300.00
-2.850	305.00
-2.640	310.00
-1.910	315.00
-1.760	320.00
-1.590	325.00
-1.640	330.00
-1.550	335.00
-1.540	340.00
-1.790	345.00
-2.370	350.00
-2.490	355.00
-2.850	360.00
-2.640	365.00
-1.910	370.00
-1.760	375.00
-1.590	380.00
-1.640	385.00
-1.550	390.00
-1.540	395.00
-1.790	400.00
-2.370	405.00
-2.490	410.00
-2.850	415.00
-2.640	420.00
-1.910	425.00
-1.760	430.00
-1.590	435.00
-1.640	440.00
-1.550	445.00
-1.540	450.00
-1.790	455.00
-2.370	460.00
-2.490	465.00
-2.850	470.00
-2.640	475.00
-1.910	480.00
-1.760	485.00
-1.590	490.00
-1.640	495.00
-1.550	500.00
-1.540	505.00
-1.790	510.00
-2.370	515.00
-2.490	520.00
-2.850	525.00
-2.640	530.00
-1.910	535.00
-1.760	540.00
-1.590	545.00
-1.640	550.00
-1.550	555.00
-1.540	560.00
-1.790	565.00
-2.370	570.00
-2.490	575.00
-2.850	580.00
-2.640	585.00
-1.910	590.00
-1.760	595.00
-1.590	600.00
-1.640	605.00
-1.550	610.00
-1.540	615.00
-1.790	620.00
-2.370	625.00
-2.490	630.00
-2.850	635.00
-2.640	640.00
-1.910	645.00

SECTION AT BRIDGE CENTER LINE



PLAN

(Scale : 1:2850)



DECK FINISHED LEVEL

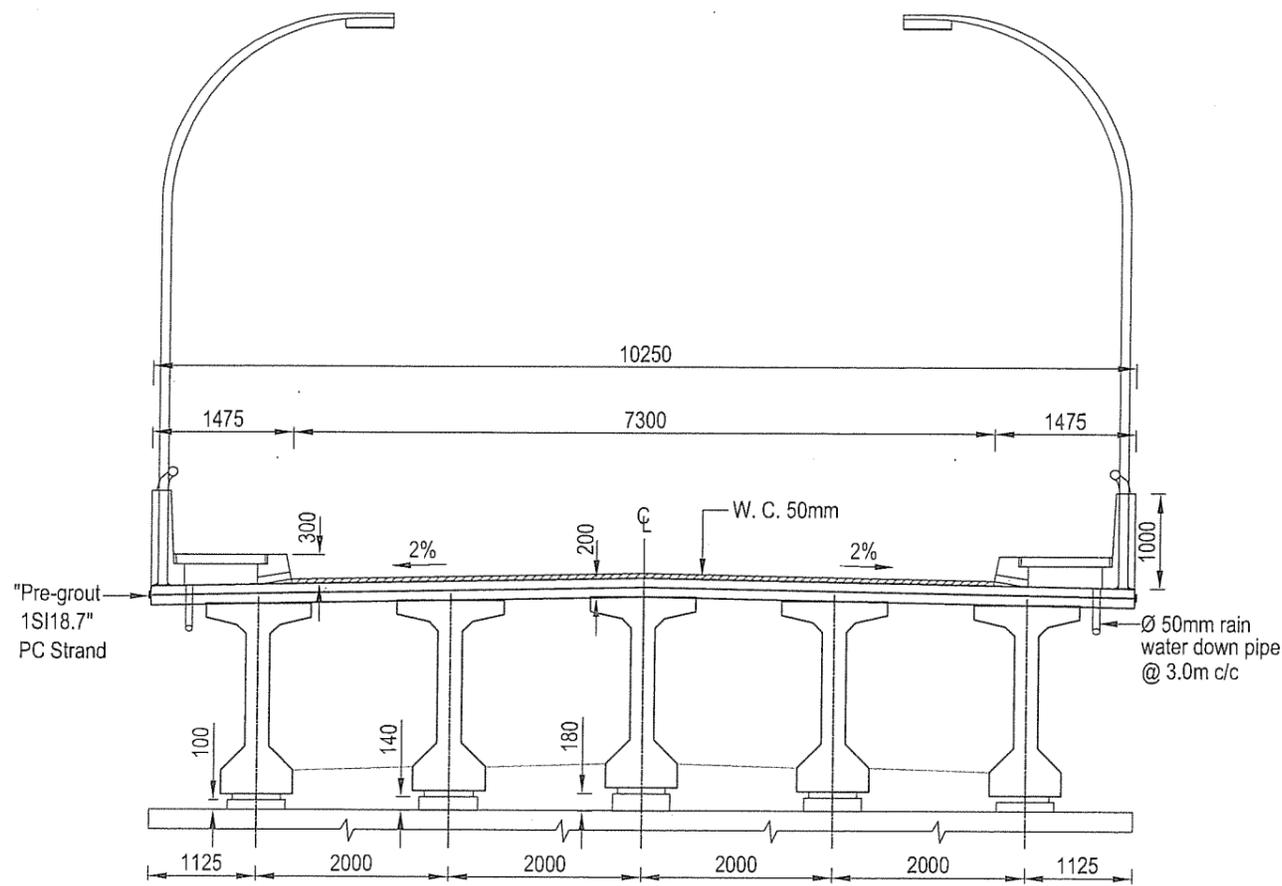
(Scale : 1:500)

Note :

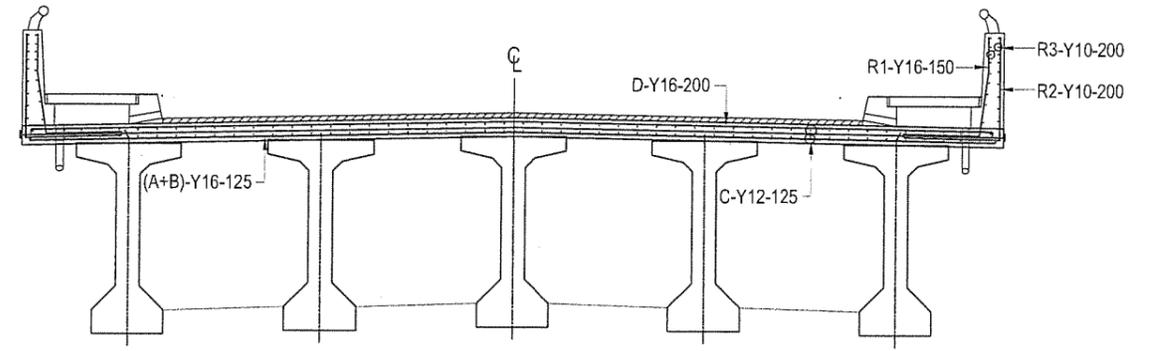
1. All dimensions are in mm unless otherwise specified.
2. In the Bridge 4% Parabolic Slope and in the Approach 3% Linear slope is used.

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

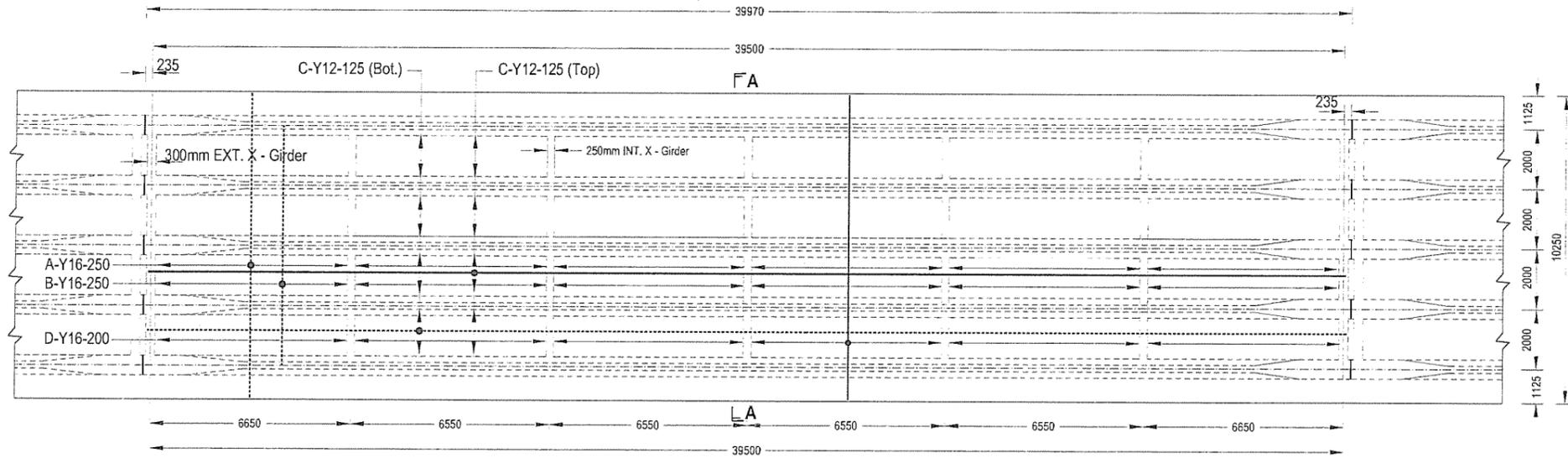
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			PLAN AND SECTIONAL ELEVATION OF 640.0m LONG PSC CONCRETE GIRDER BRIDGE OVER KOHELIA RIVER	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	BRDG/D-40/DWG-04



DECK SECTION (CONCRETE)



DECK SECTION (REINFORCEMENT)



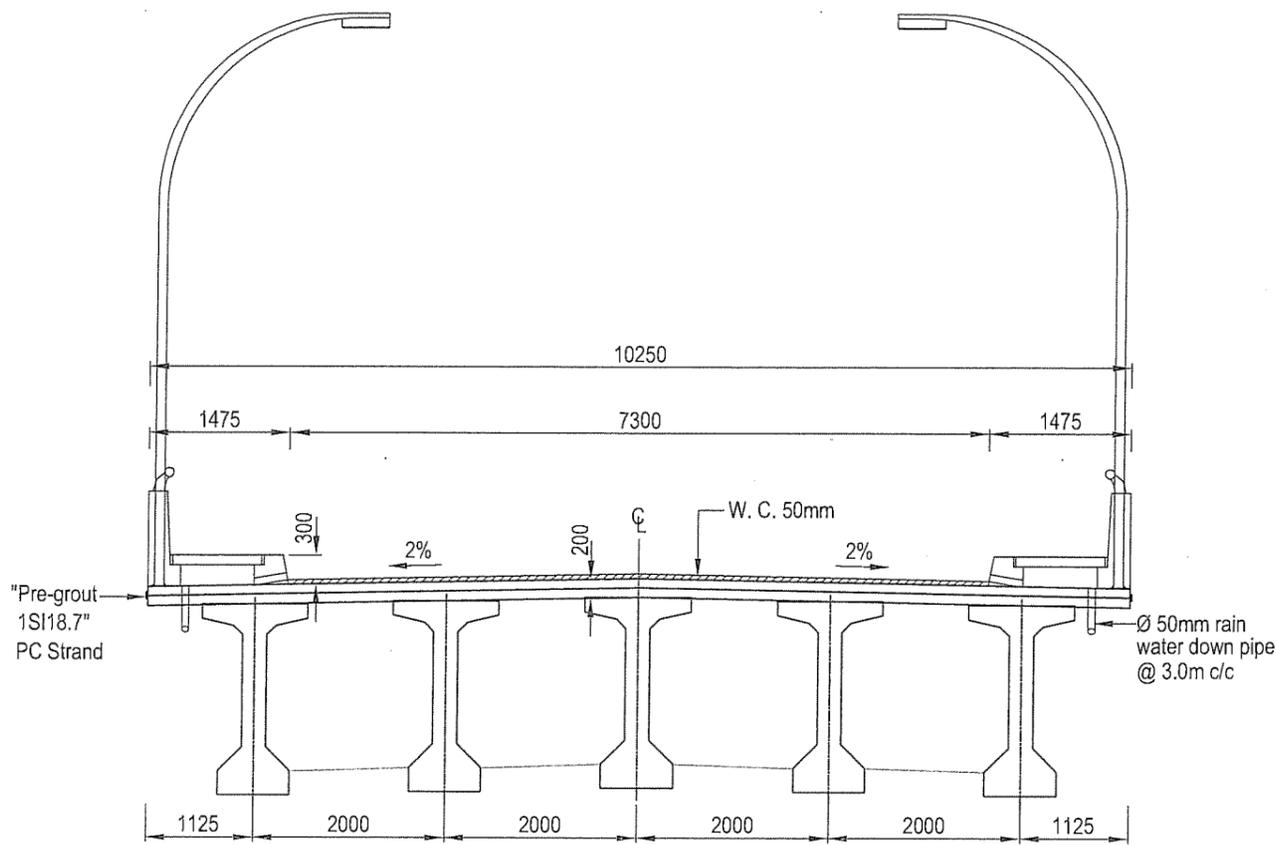
PLAN OF DECK SECTION (REINF.)
(Scale : 1:150)

Note :

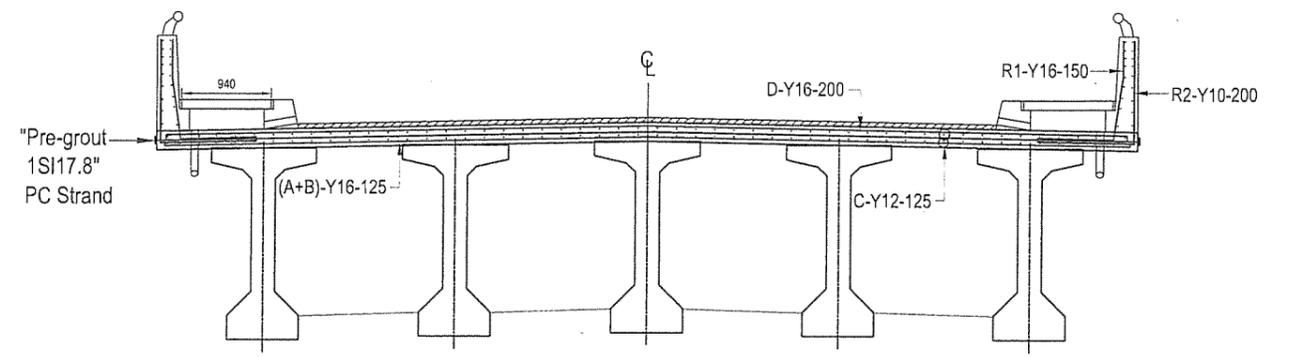
1. Expansion joint in slab to be provided at every three span interval.
2. Transverse Pre-stressing Strand ("pre-grout 1S18.70") to be provided at 500mm c/c along the deck slab

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

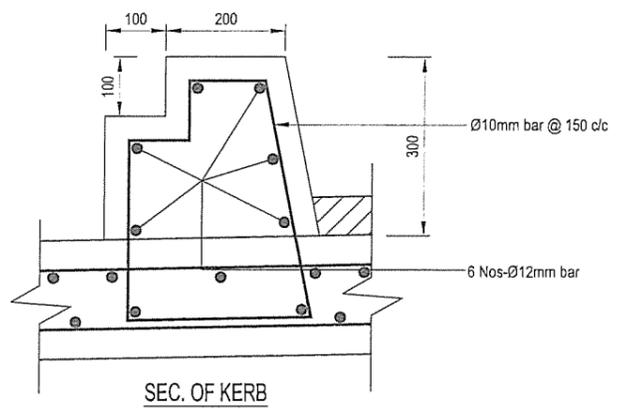
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			TYPICAL SECTION OF DECK SLAB FOR 640.0m LONG PSC GIRDER BRIDGE OVER KOHELIA RIVER	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	BRDG/D-40/DWG-05



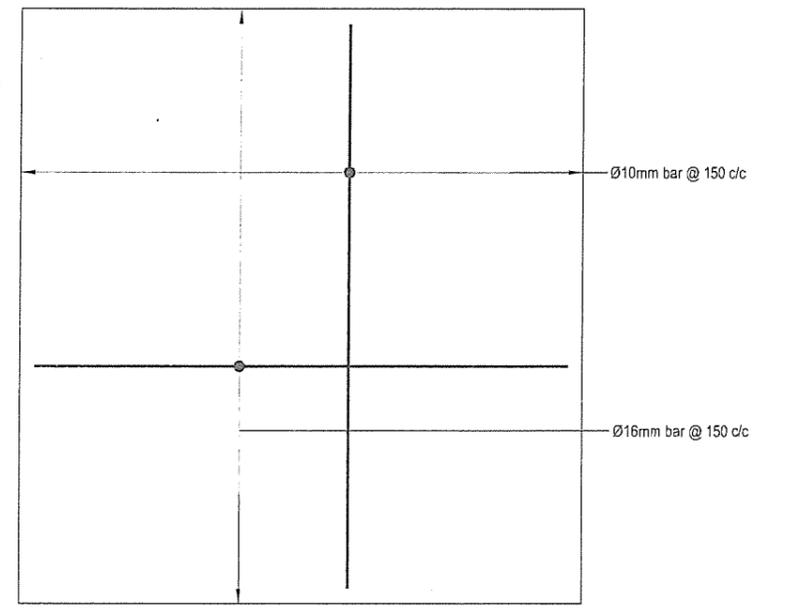
DECK SECTION (CONCRETE)



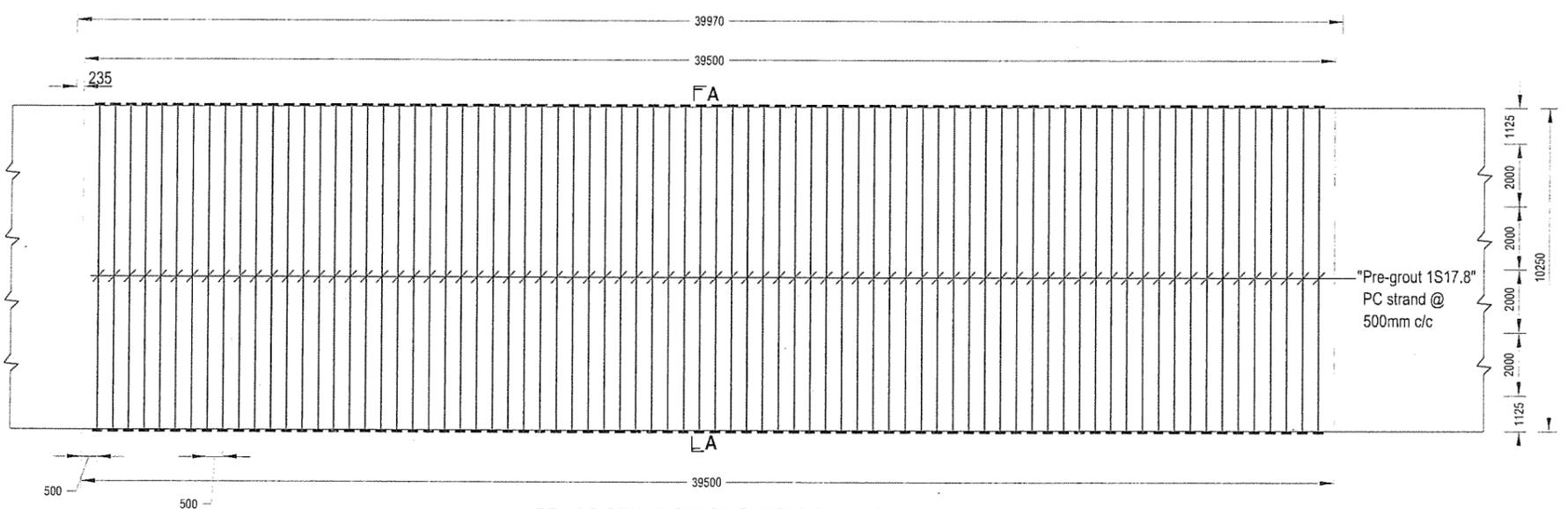
DECK SECTION (REINFORCEMENT)



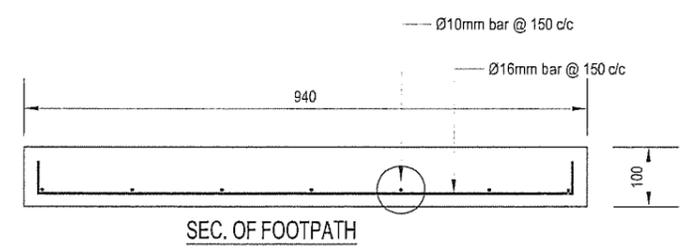
SEC. OF KERB



PLAN OF FOOTPATH



PLAN OF DECK SECTION (PRE-GROUT STRAND)
(Scale : 1:150)



SEC. OF FOOTPATH

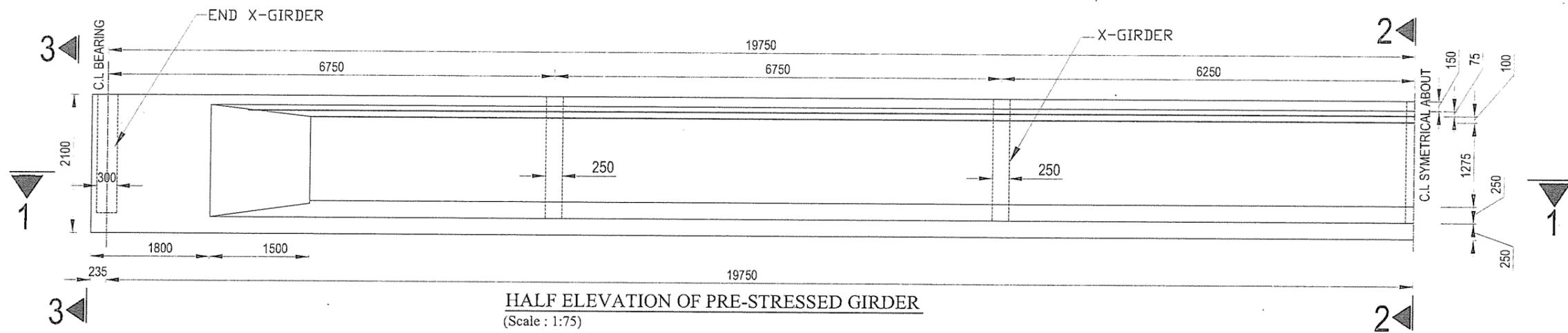
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD)
Ministry of Communications

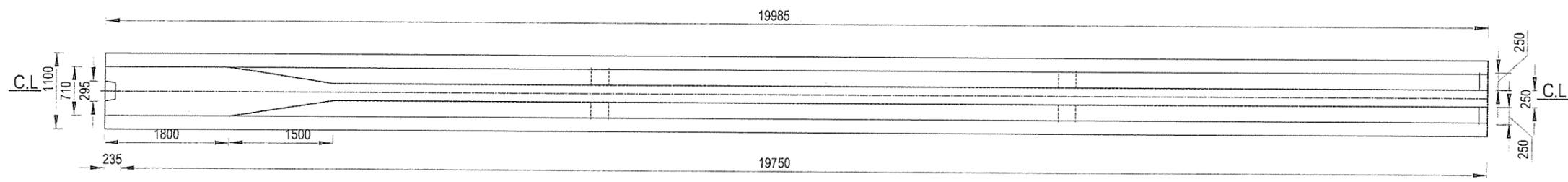
NAME OF THE PROJECT :
Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired
Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh
(JICA Study).

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION
AGENCY (JICA)

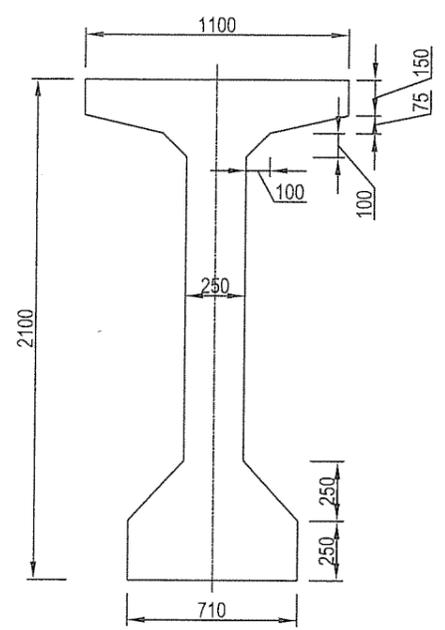
DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
PLACING OF PRE-GROUT STRAND IN THE DECK SLAB	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	JICA/BRDG/D40/DWG-06



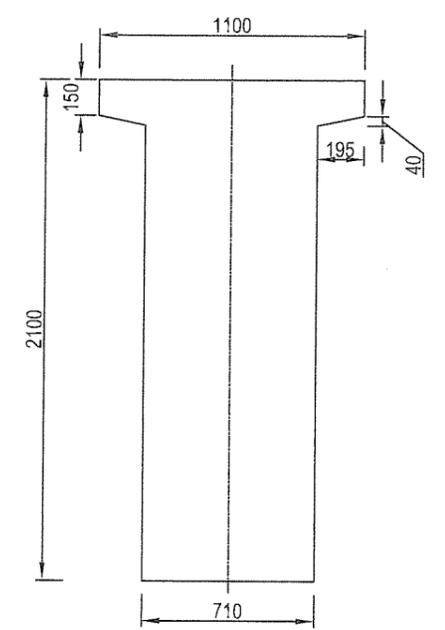
HALF ELEVATION OF PRE-STRESSED GIRDER
(Scale : 1:75)



TOP VIEW OF PRE-STRESSED GIRDER (SEC. 1-1)
(Scale : 1:75)



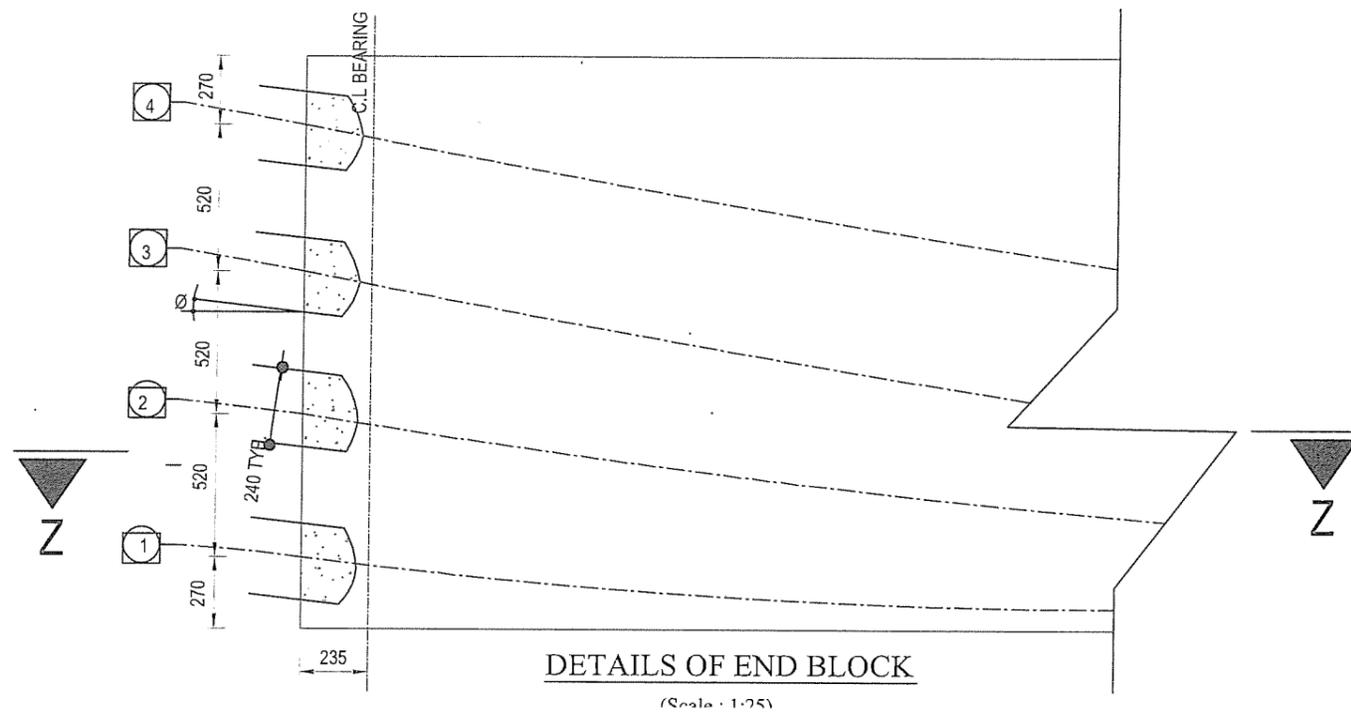
SEC. 2-2
(Scale : 1:30)



SEC. 3-3
(Scale : 1:30)

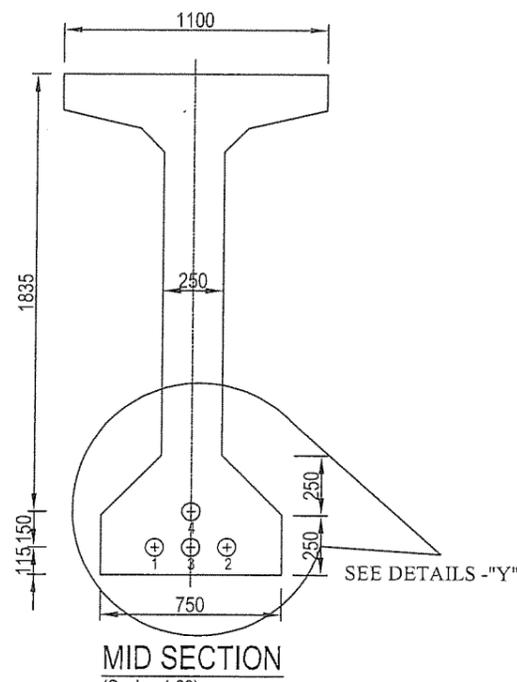
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			DETAILS OF 40.32m LONG PSC GIRDER BRIDGE OVER KOHELIA RIVER AT COX'S BAZAR.	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	JICA/BRDG/G40/DWG-07

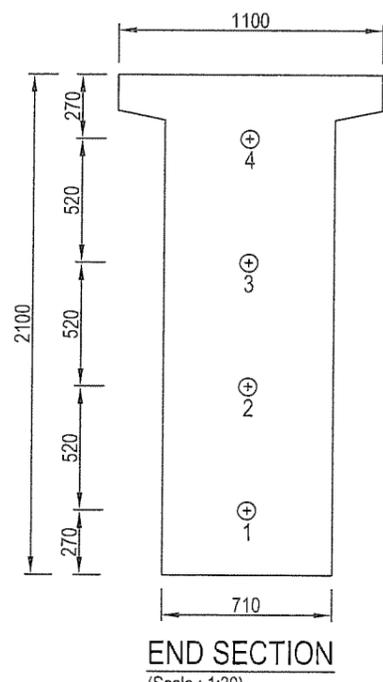


DETAILS OF END BLOCK

(Scale : 1:25)

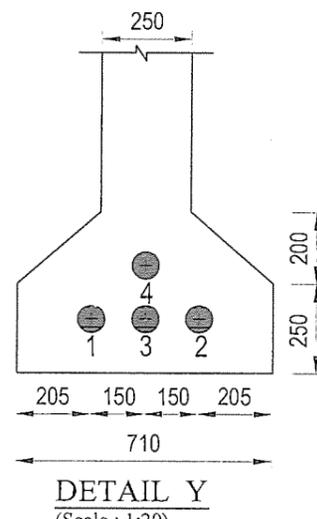


MID SECTION



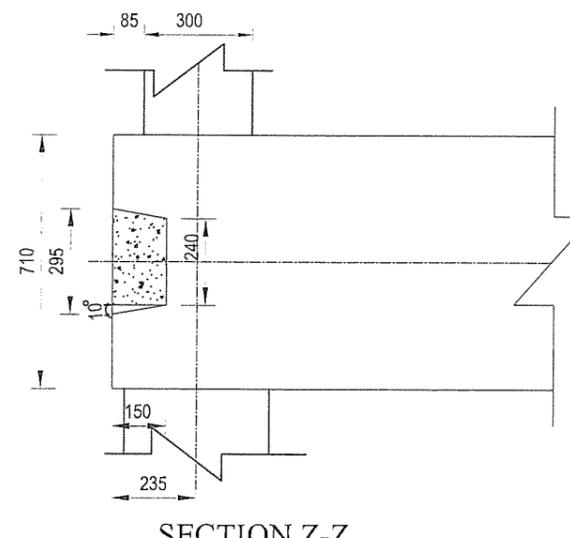
END SECTION

(Scale : 1:30)



DETAIL Y

(Scale : 1:20)



SECTION Z-Z

(Scale : 1:20)

NOTES :

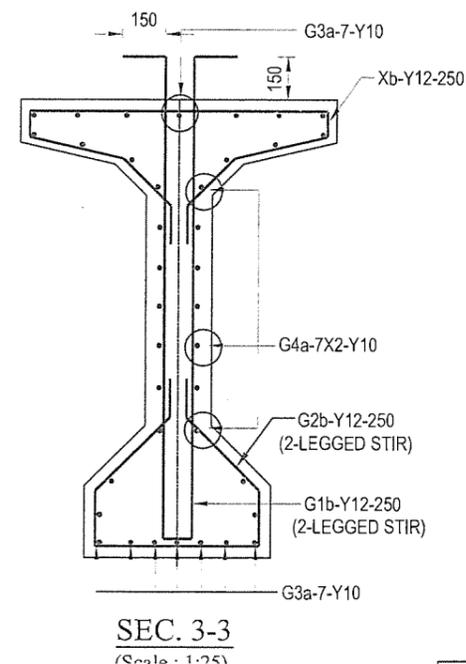
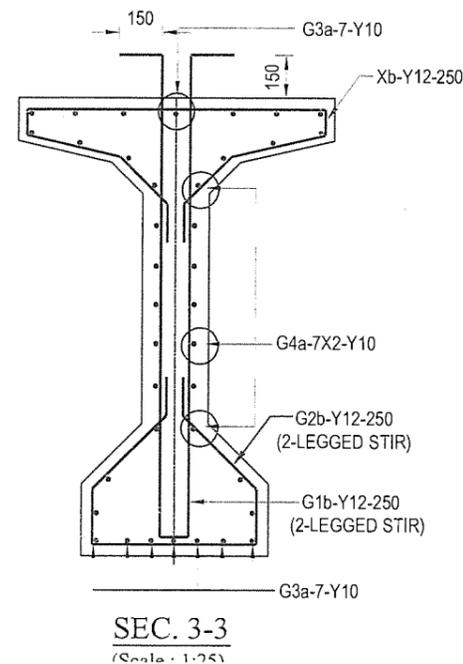
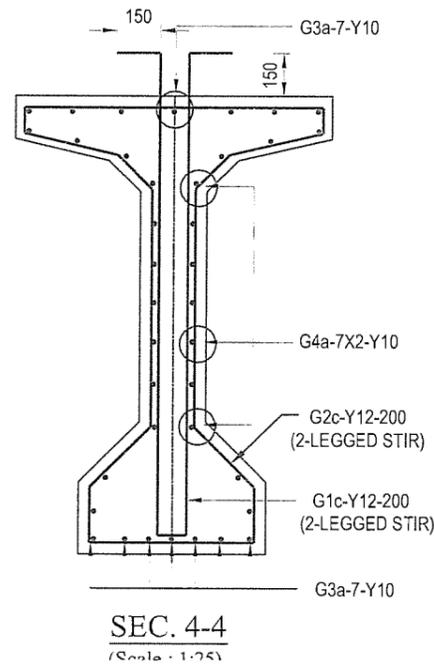
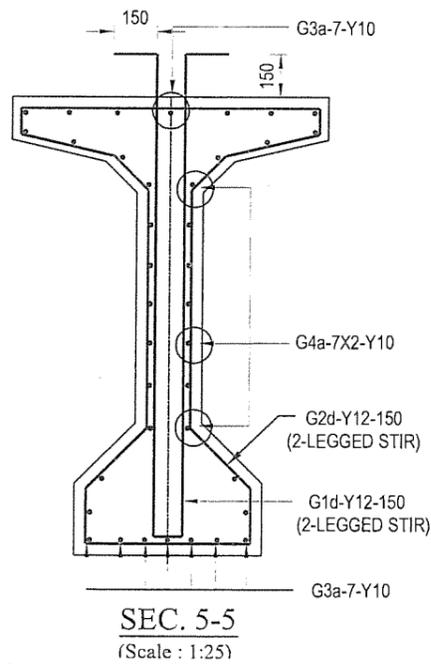
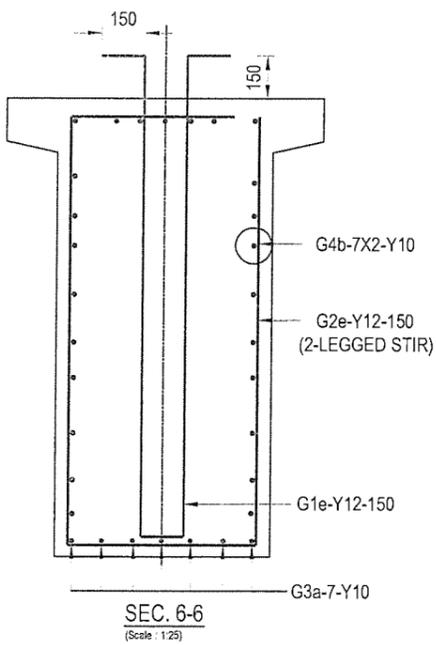
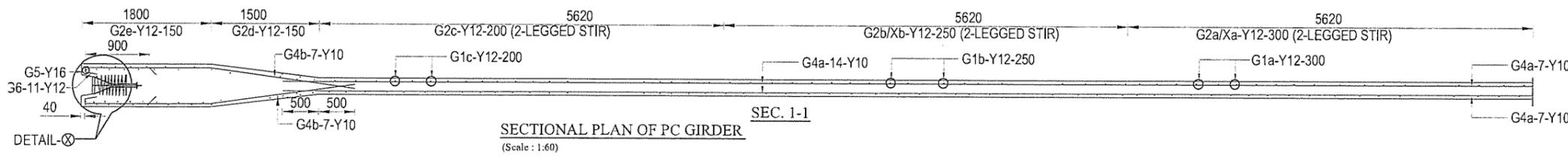
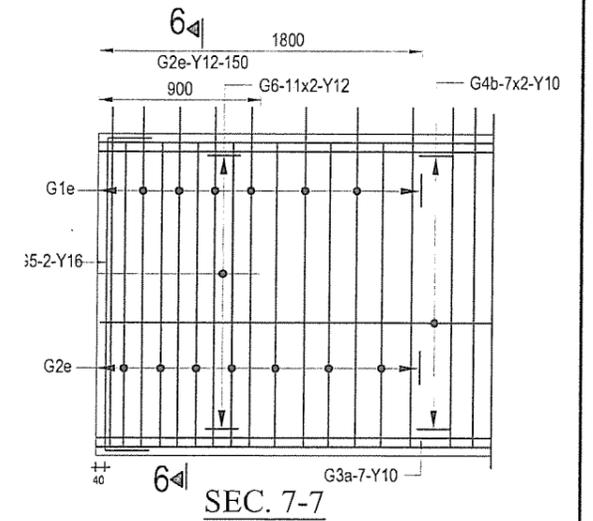
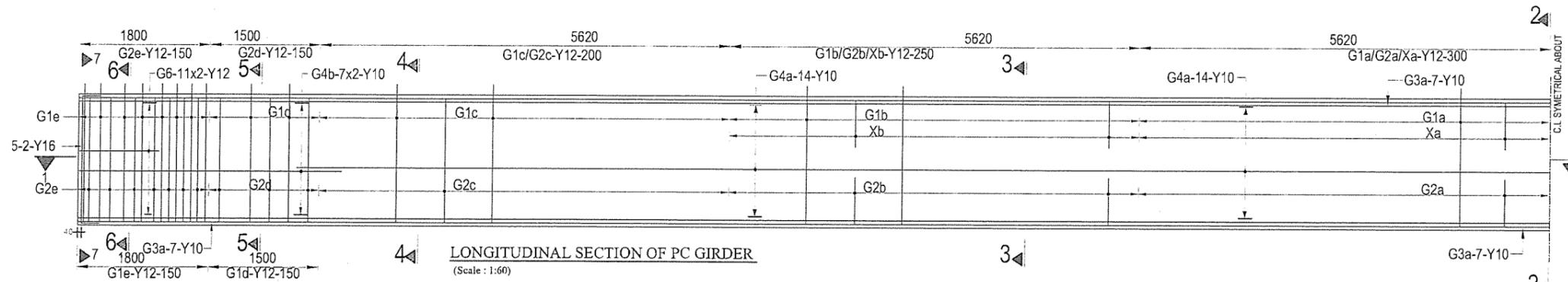
- EACH CABLE SHALL BE STRESSED SIMULTANEOUSLY FROM BOTH ENDS. THE JACKING FORCE IN EACH CABLE SHALL BE 2615 kN TO BE IMPERTEED SIMULTANEOUSLY AT BOTH ENDS.
- THE SEQUENCE OF STRESSING OF PRESTRESSING CABLES SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS.
STAGE 1 : 3, 1, 2 & 4
- STAGE 1 STRESSING OF CABLE SHALL BE DONE AFTER 10 DAYS OR CONCRETE STRENGTH NOT LESS THAN 30N/mm² WHICHEVER IS LATER.
- CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

DAYS (AFTER CASTING OF GIRDER) 10 AFTER 21	DAYS STRESSING OF STAGE 1 CABLES SHIFTING OF FINAL POSITION, CASTING OF DECK SLAB INSTALLATION OF EXPANSION JOINTS CASTING/ LAYING OF FOOTPATH, KERBS, WEARING COURSE AND RAILINGS
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AFTER STAGE 1 STREEING GIRDER CAN BE SHIFTED.
- FOR ANCHORAGE DERAIS REFER DRG.
- THE EXTENSION SHOWN IN THE TABLE IS FOR THE PORTION OF CABLES LYING BETWEEN MID SPAN AND GRIPPING POINT OF THE JACK.
THE GRIPPING POINT IS ASSUMED AT 750mm FROM THE FACE OF THE RECESS.
- EACH CABLES CONSISTS OF 19 NOS. 12.7mm (19T13) STRANDS.
- CONTRUCTOR SHALL BE SUBMITTED PROCESS OF STRESSING WITH ELONGATION AND CAMBER OF BEAM DECK TO EACH CABLE STRESSING TO THE ENGINEER IN-CHARGE FOR APPROVAL BEFOR 30 DAYS OF BEAM CASTING.

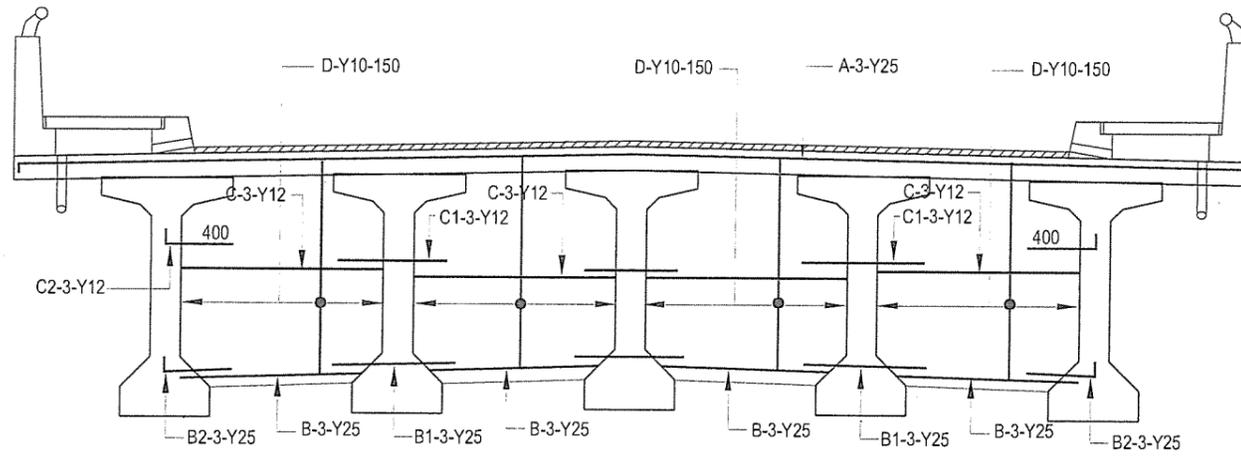
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE : DETAILS OF END SECTION OF PSC GIRDER	SCALE : Scale : As above	DATE : 02 July' 2013	DRAWING NO. JICA/BRDG/END/DWG-09
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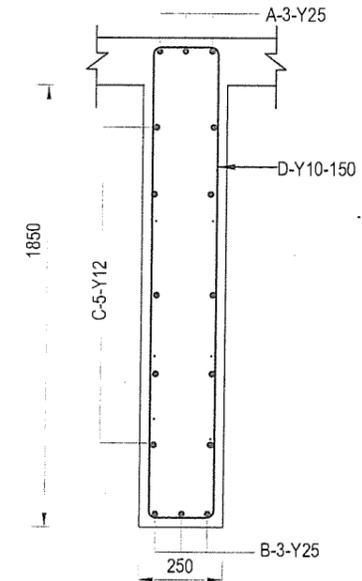


REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

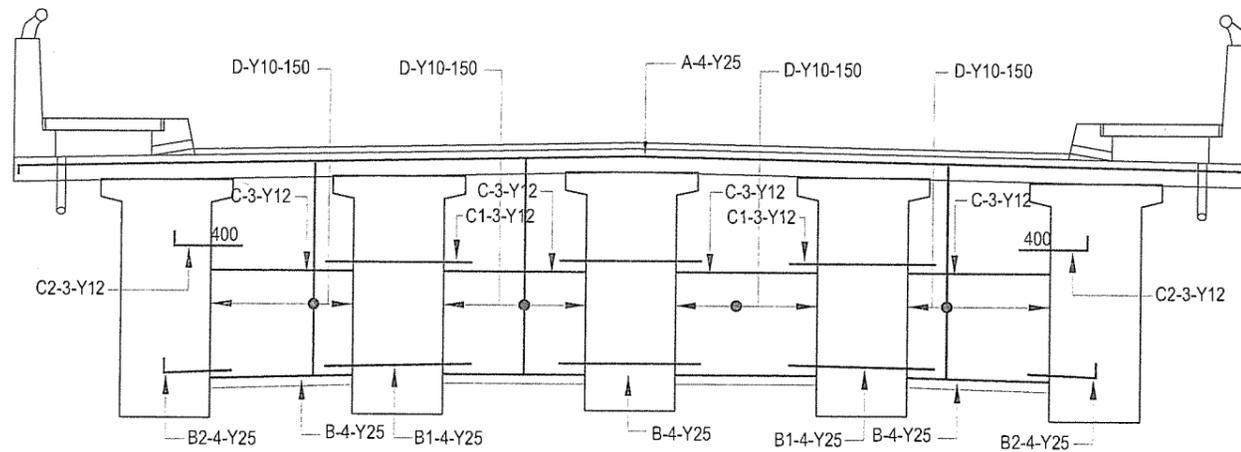
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			NON-PRESTRESSED REINFORCEMENT DETAILS	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	JICA/BRDG/REINF./DWG-10



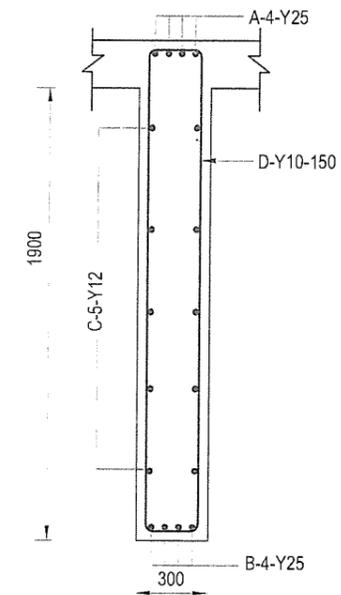
REINF. DETAILS OF MID X-GIRDER
(Scale : 1:60)



SEC. B-B (INTERIOR X-GIRDER)



REINF. DETAILS OF END X-GIRDER
(Scale : 1:60)

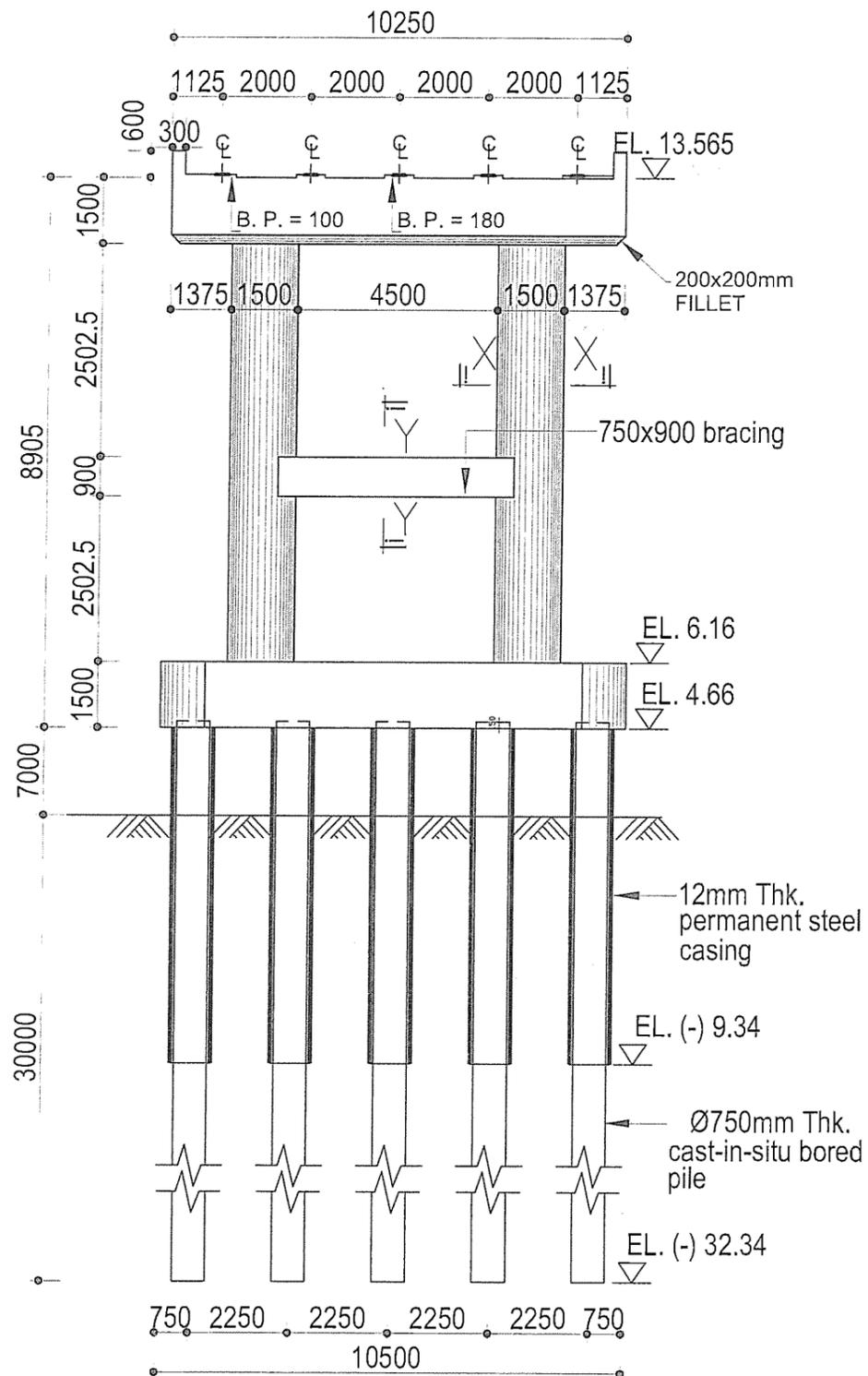


SEC. A-A (END X-GIRDER)
(Scale : 1:30)

SHAPE CODE	01	01A	02	02A	02B	03	04	05	06
SHAPE OF BARS	a	b, a	b, a	c, b, a	b, a	a, b	a, b	b, a, c	a, b, c

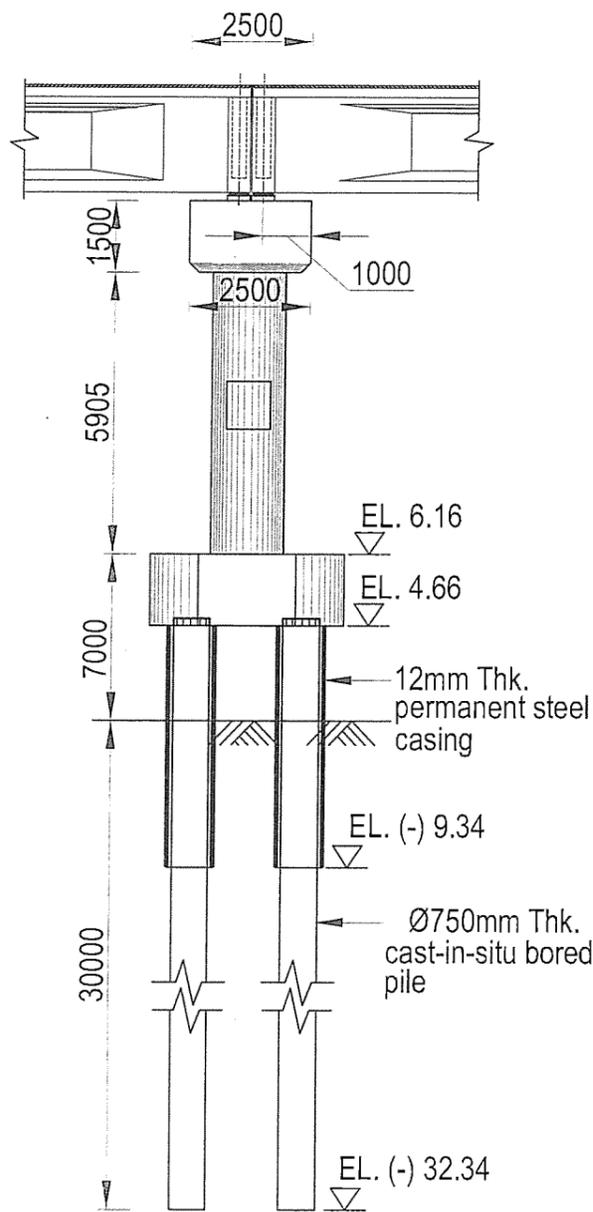
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	SCALE :	DATE :	DRAWING NO.
			X-GIRDER DETAILS	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	JICA/BRDG/X_GIR/DWG-11



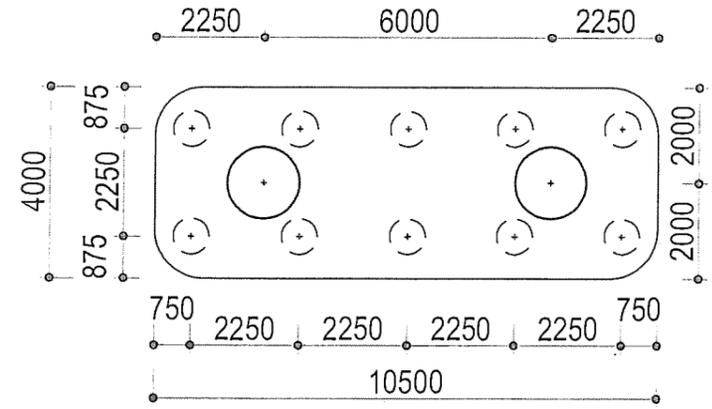
SECTIONAL ELEVATION OF PIER (A-A)

(Scale : 1:150)



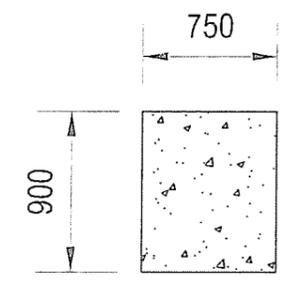
SEC. (B-B)

(Scale : 1:150)



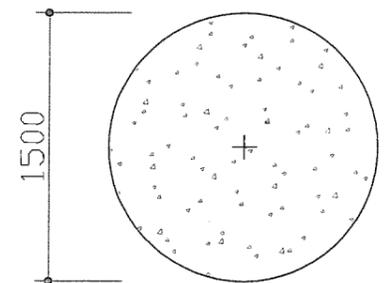
PILE LAYOUT PLAN

(Scale : 1:150)



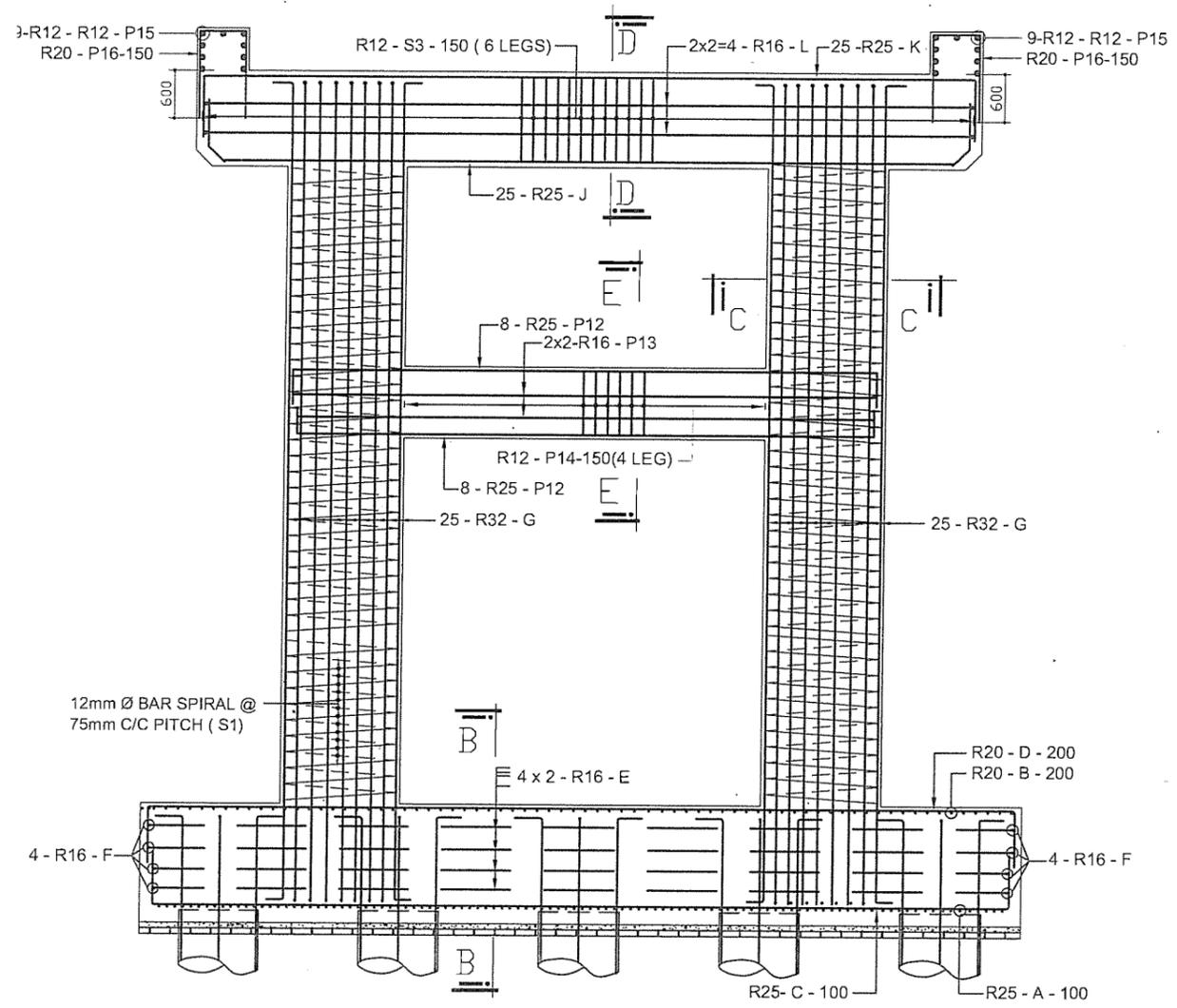
SEC. Y-Y

(Scale : 1:40)

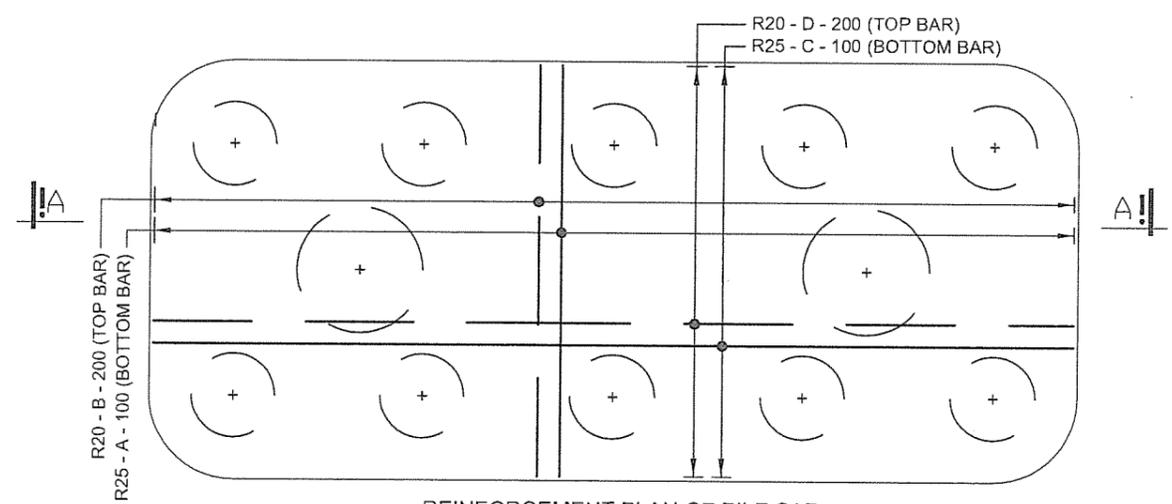
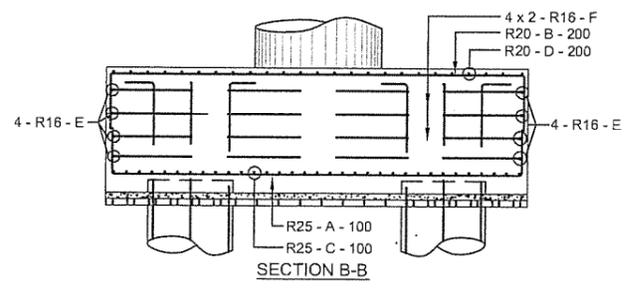
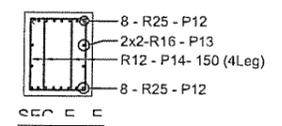
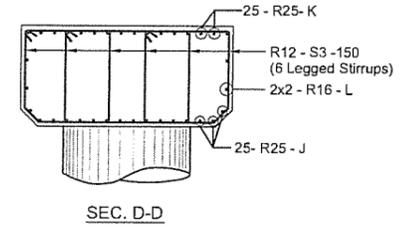
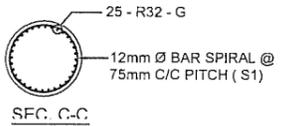


SEC. X-X

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE : CONCRETE OUTLINE OF PIER-P8 (TYPICAL)		
			SCALE : Scale : As above	DATE : 02 July' 2013	DRAWING NO. JICA/BRDG/PIER/DWG-12



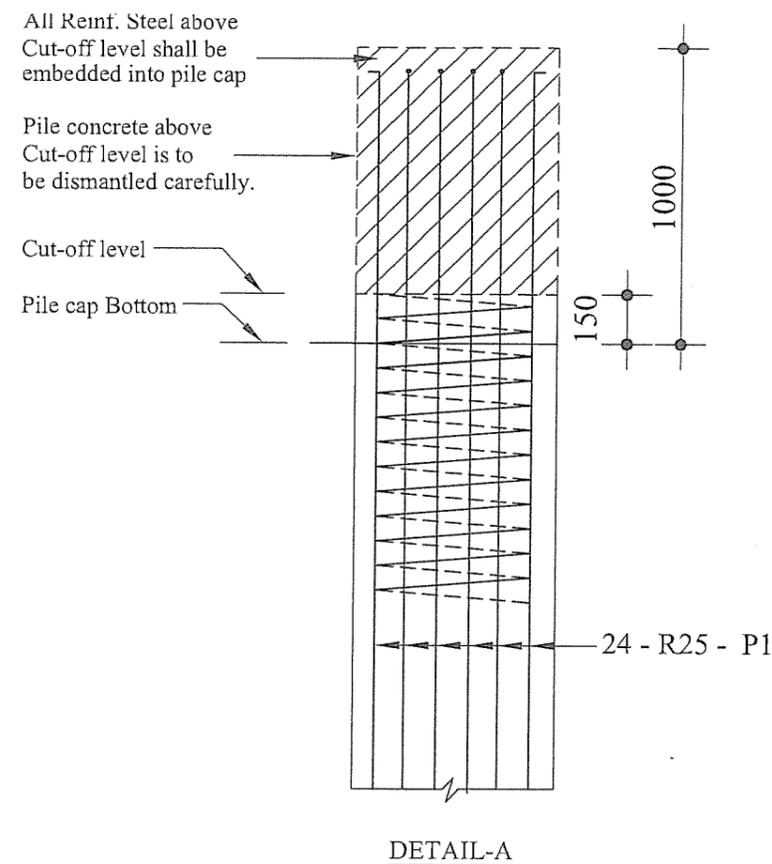
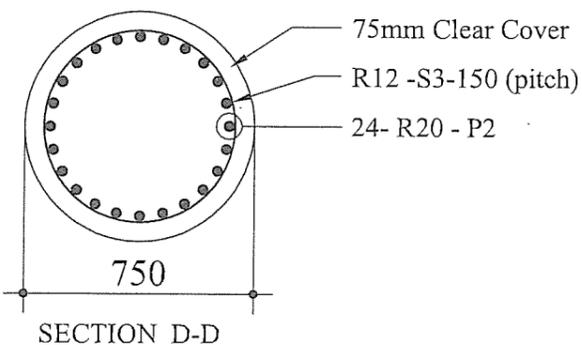
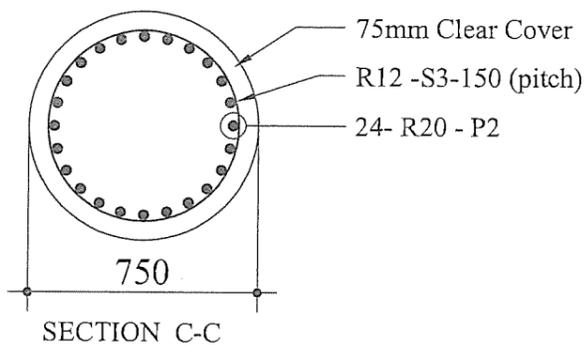
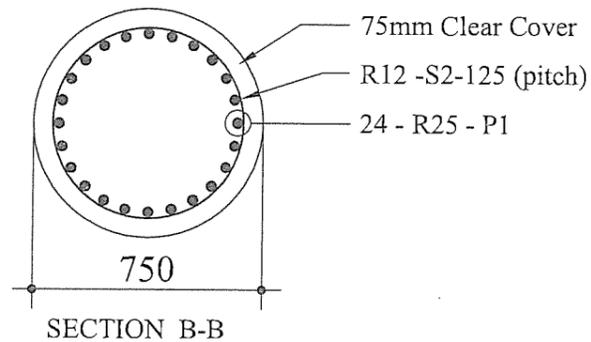
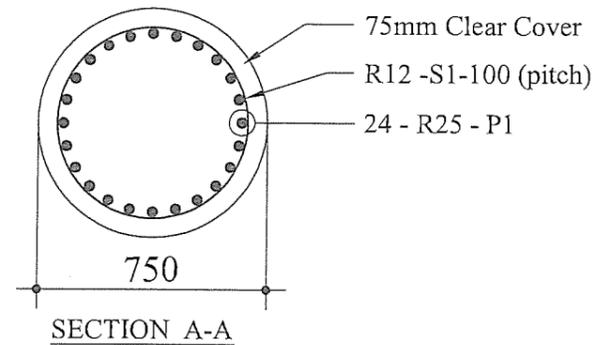
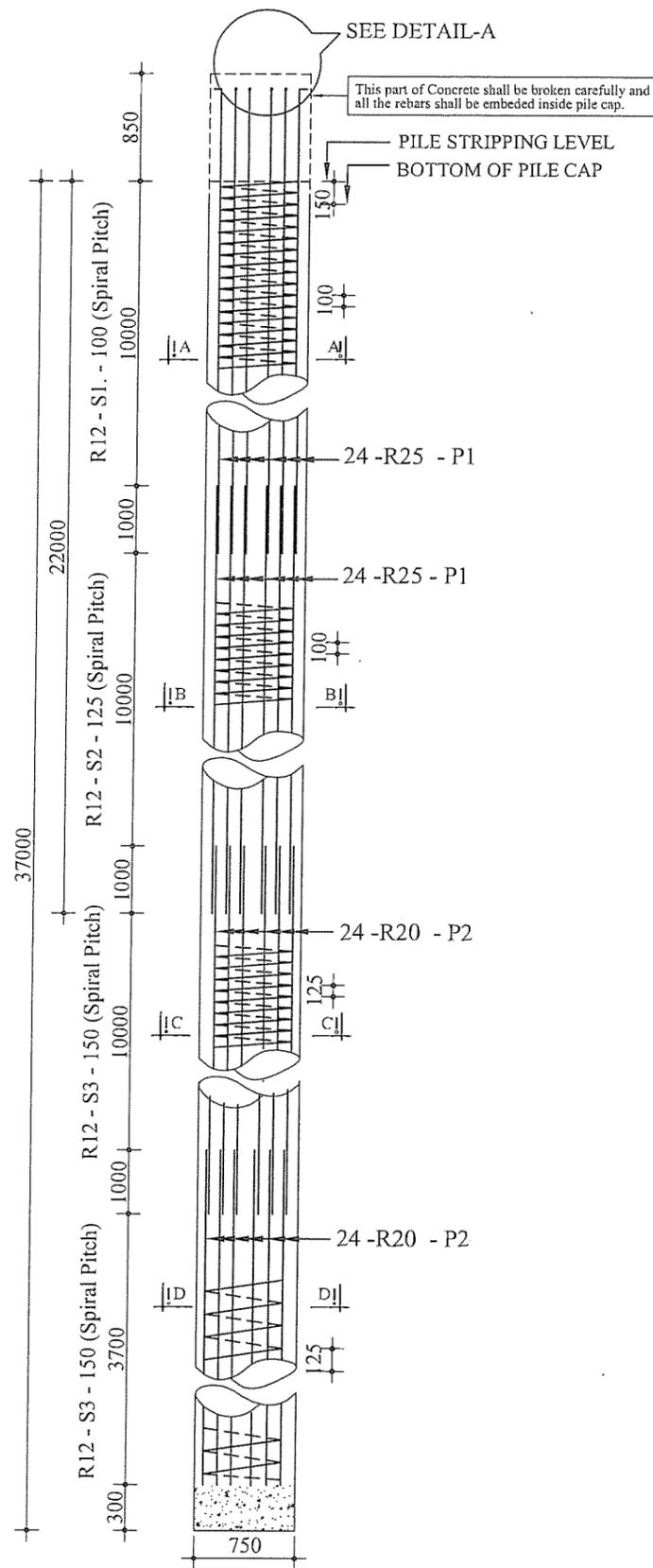
REINFORCEMENT ELEVATION OF PIER
SECTION A - A



REINFORCEMENT PLAN OF PILE CAP

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :		
			REINFORCEMENT DETAILS OF PIER (TYPICAL)	SCALE :	DATE :
			Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	JICA/BRDG/PIER/DWG-13



NOTES:

Cast-in-situ Pile:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters unless otherwise mentioned .
2. 28 days cylinder crushing strength of concrete $f_c = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$ (3500 psi)
3. Yield strength of M.S deformed reinforcement bar $f_y = 413 \text{ N/mm}^2$ (60000 psi)
4. Clear Cover to main reinforcement bar is to be 75mm. unless otherwise mentioned.
5. When concreting at the top of Pile one batch of concrete must be over flown to ensure fresh concrete at Pile head.
6. The spiral reinforcement should preferably be tack welded to the main Reinforcing bars.
7. The lapping portion of main reinforcement shall be joint welded .
8. Design load of Pile under service load condition is 210 M. T for Pier Pile.
9. Test load shall be 420M. T. on service Pile.
10. Pile capacity is to be confirmed by static pile load test.
11. Boring to done by Rotary drilling method.

REINF. DETAILS OF PIER PILE
CAST-IN-SITU PILE DETAILS

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD)
Ministry of Communications

NAME OF THE PROJECT :
Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired
Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh
(JICA Study).

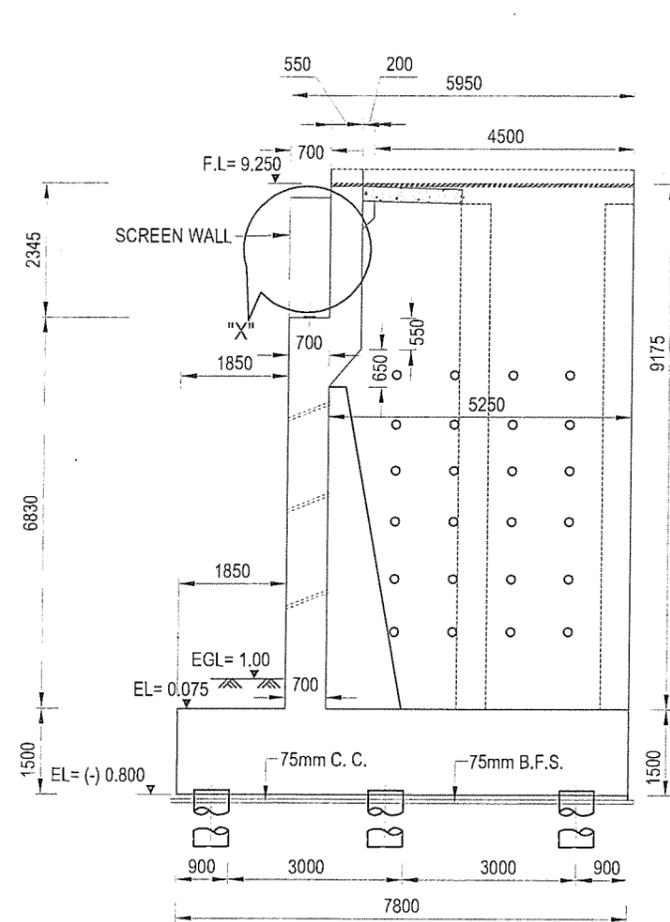
JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION
AGENCY (JICA)

DRAWING TITLE :
REINFORCEMENT DETAILS OF PIER PILE (TYPICAL)

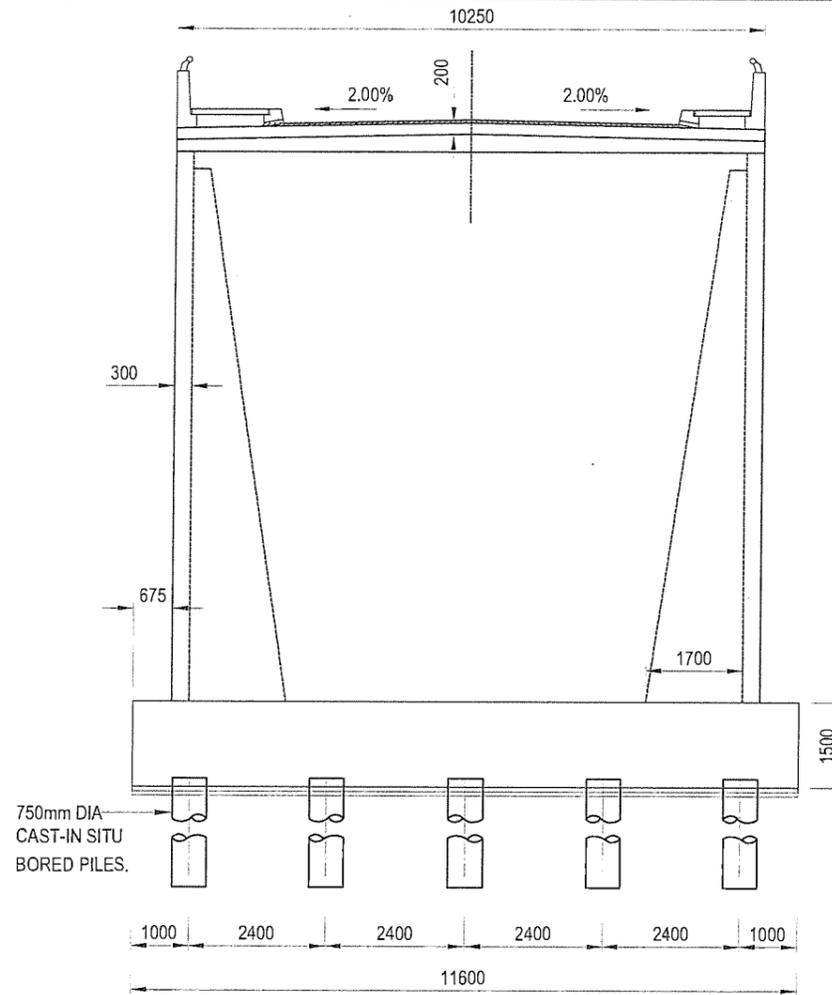
Scale : As above

02 July' 2013

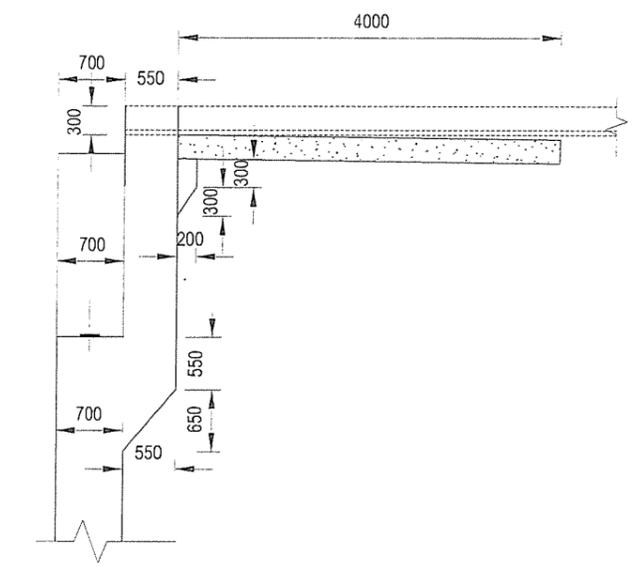
DRAWING NO.
JICA/BRDG/PILE/DWG-14



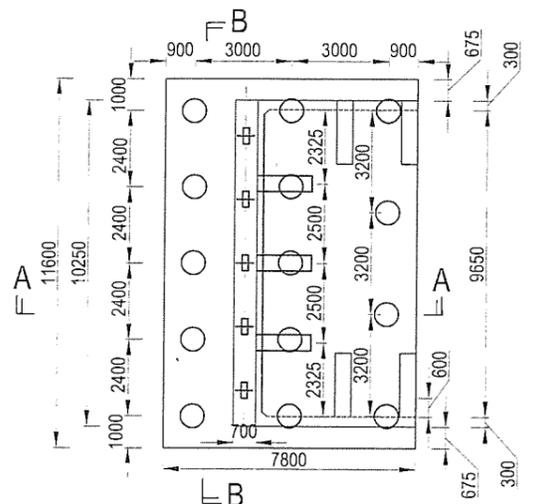
SEC. A-A
(Scale: 1:125)



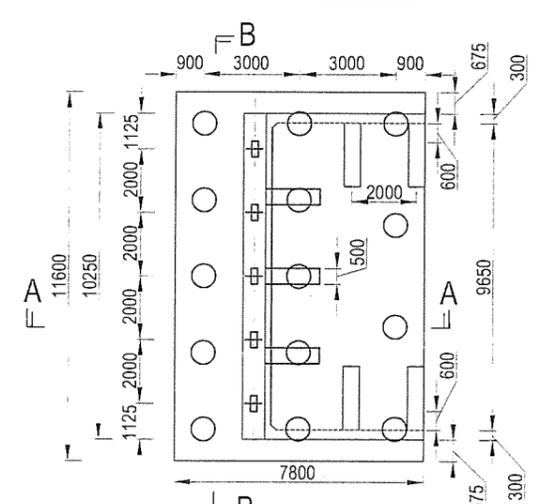
SECTIONAL ELEVATION B-B



DETAILS "X"
(Scale: 1:75)



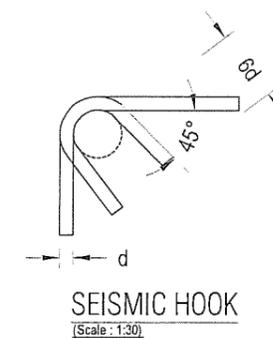
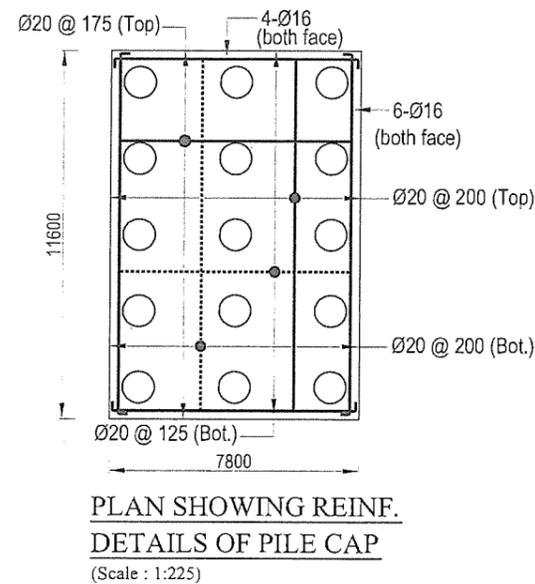
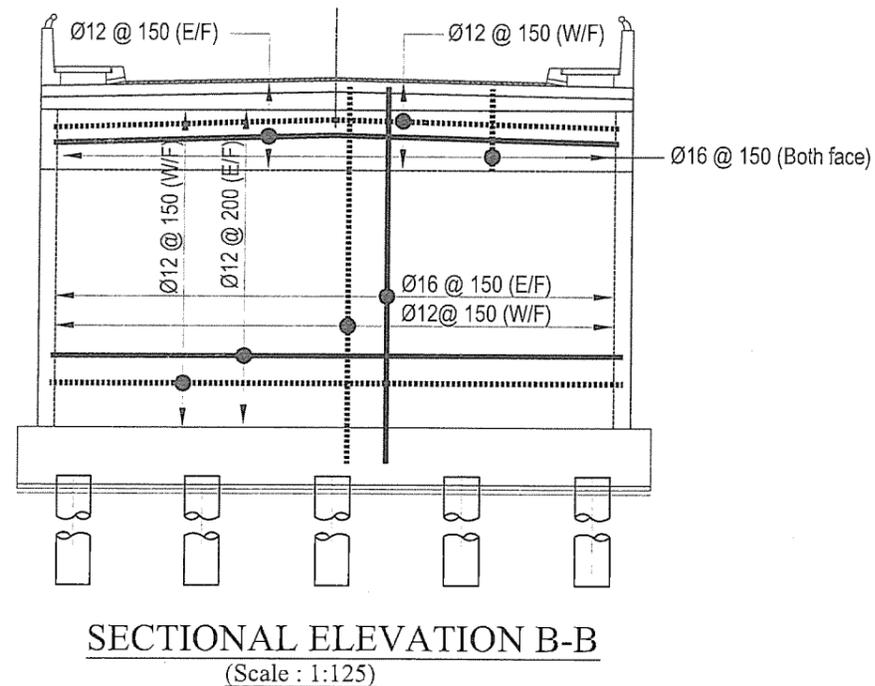
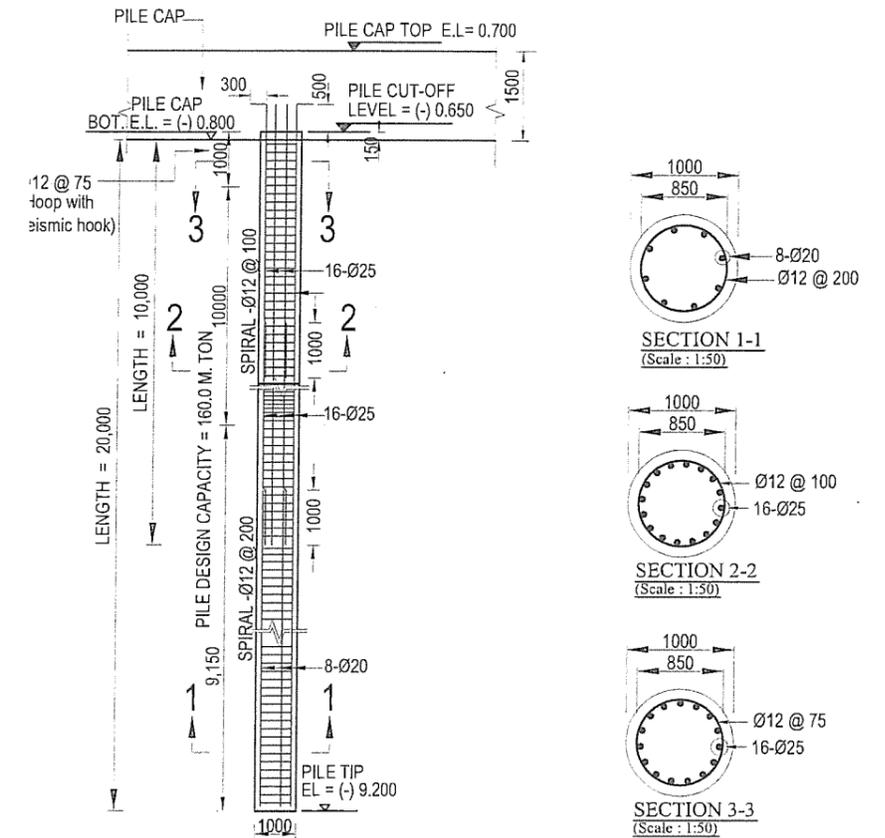
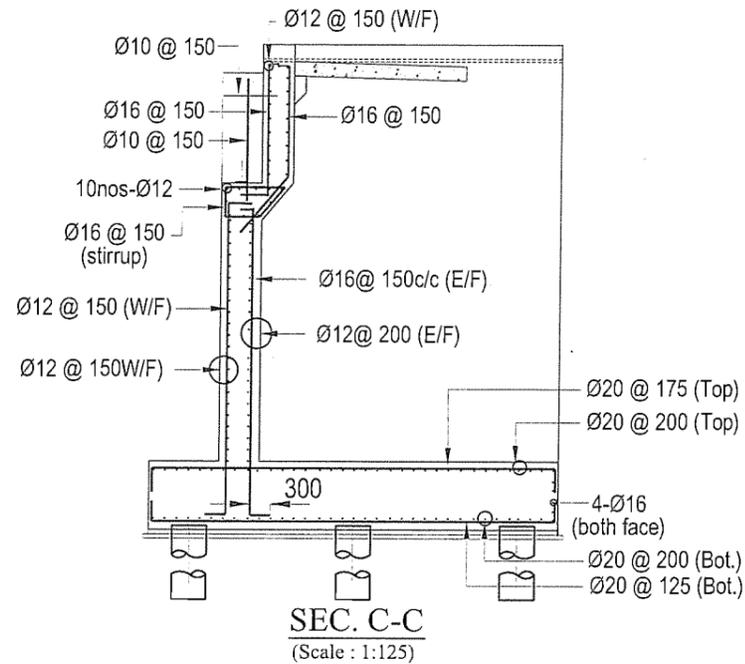
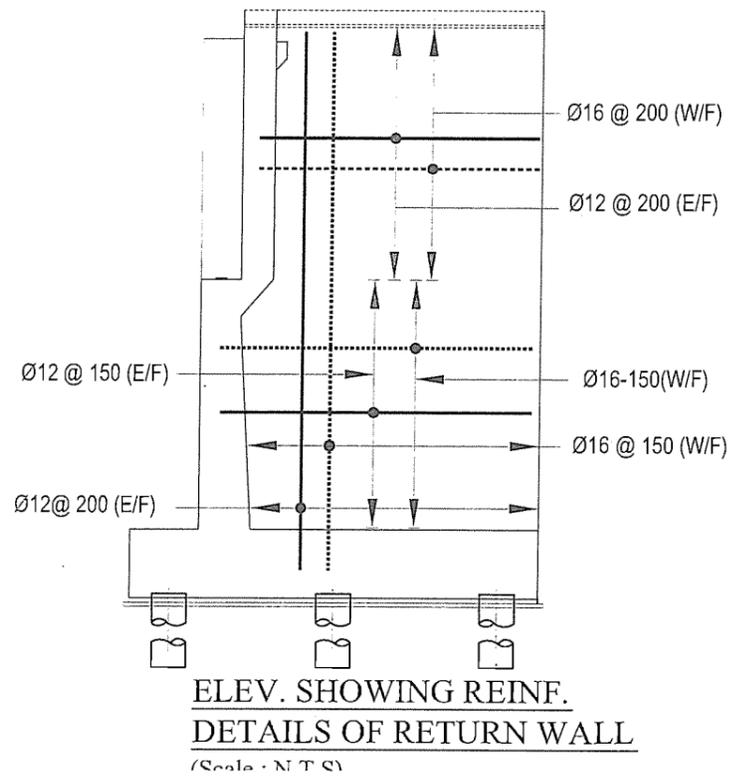
PILE CAP & PILE LAYOUT PLAN



PLAN OF ABUTMENT & BEARING
PAD ARRANGEMENT

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

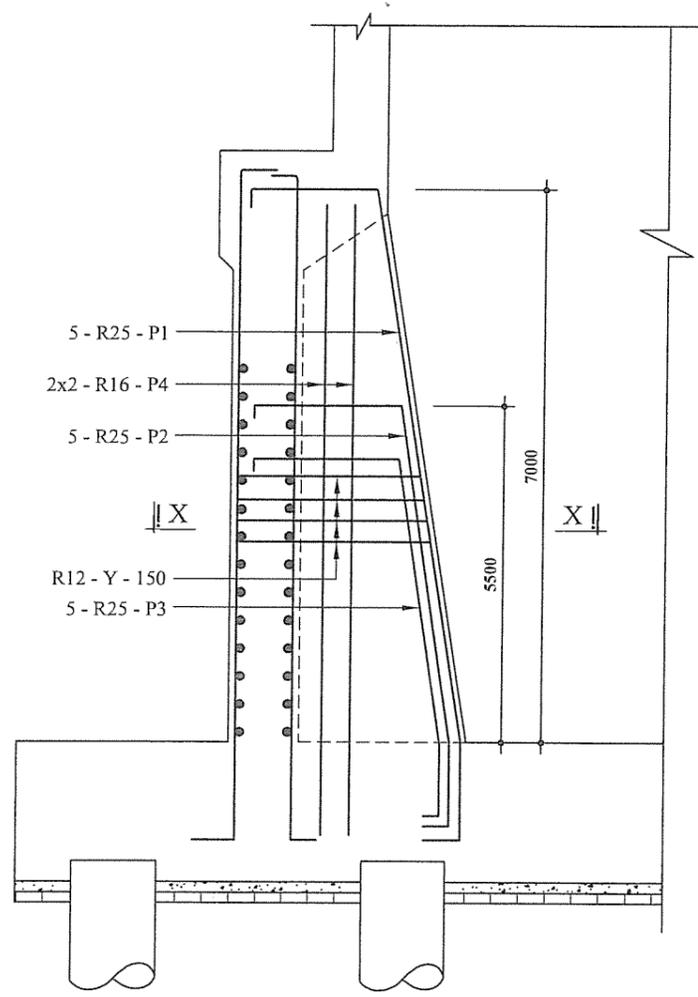
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :		DRAWING NO.
			CONCRETE OUT LINE OF ABUTMENT (A1 & A2)	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013



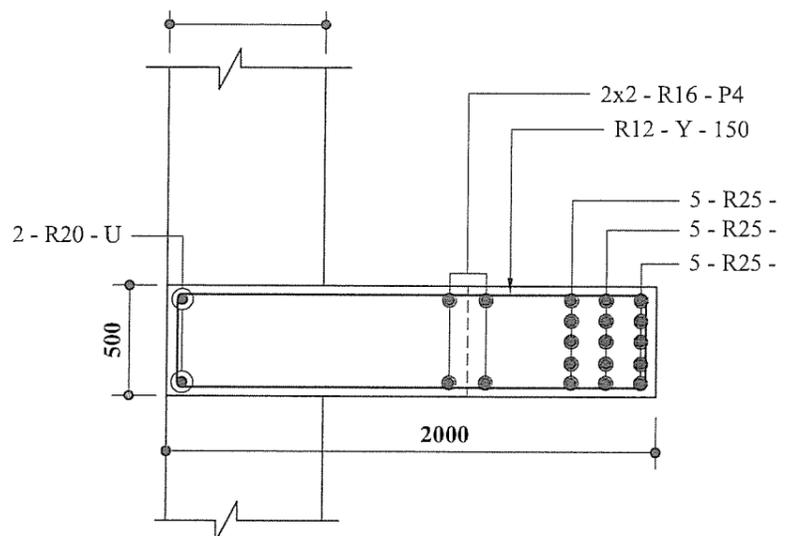
Legend :
 E/F : Earth face
 W/F : Water face

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

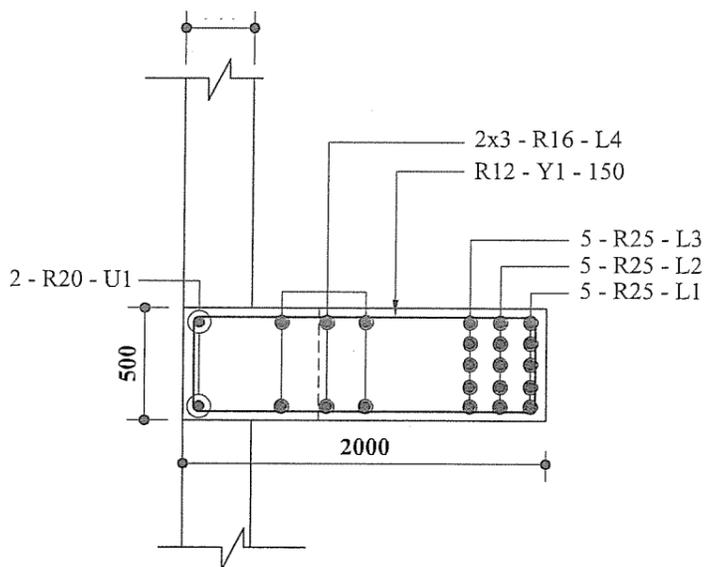
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	CONTRACT NO. DRAWING NO.	
			REIN. DETAILS OF ABUTMENT (A1 & A2)	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013 JICA/BRDG/ABUT/DWG-16



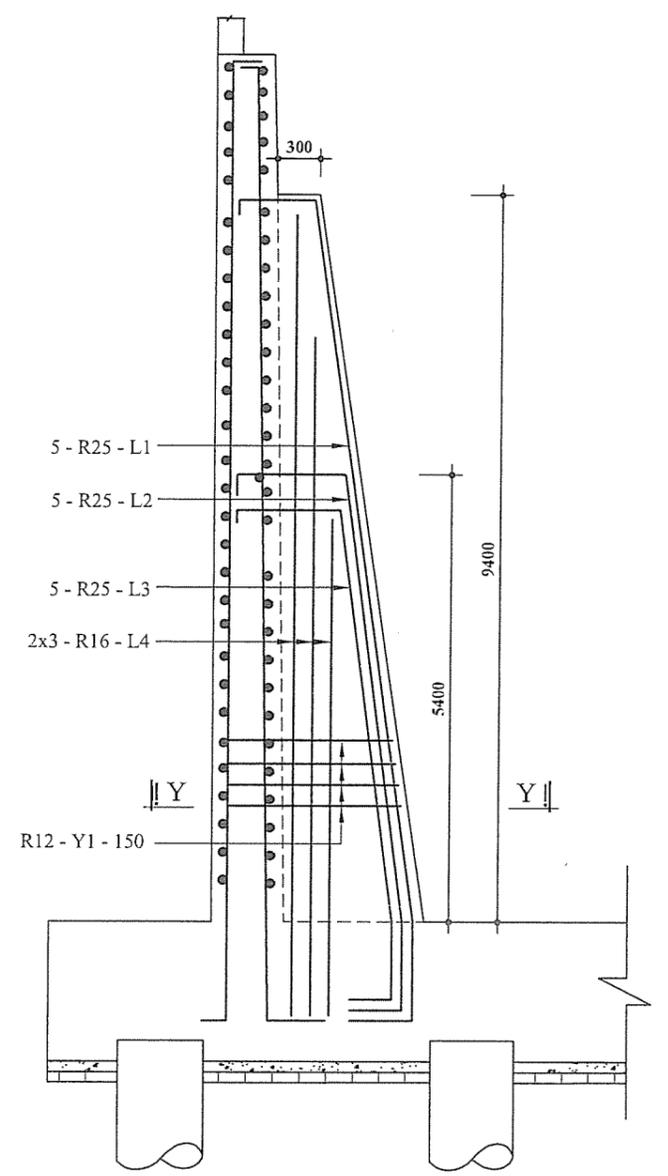
REINF. DETAILS OF ABUTMENT COUNTERFORT (C2)



SECTION X-X (C2)



SECTION Y-Y (C1)



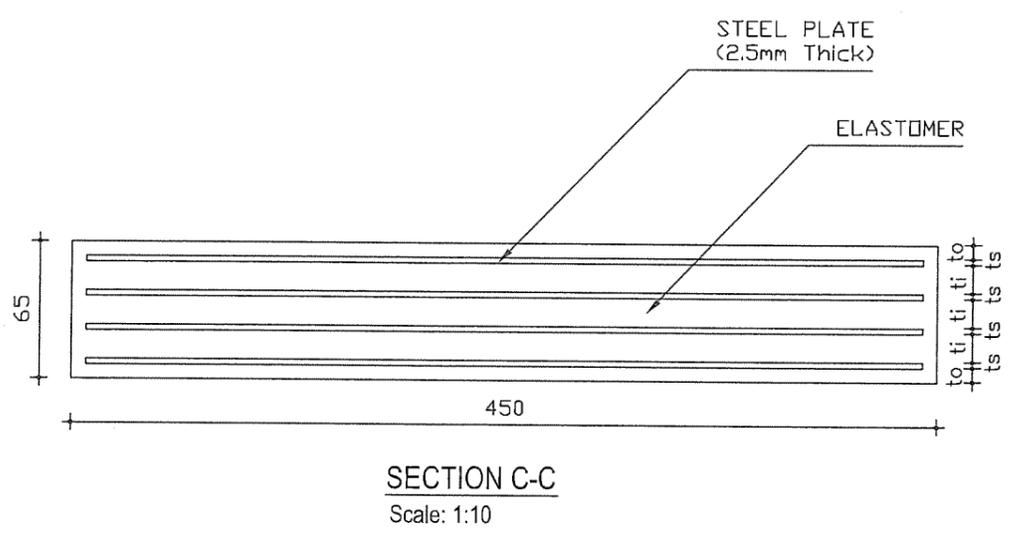
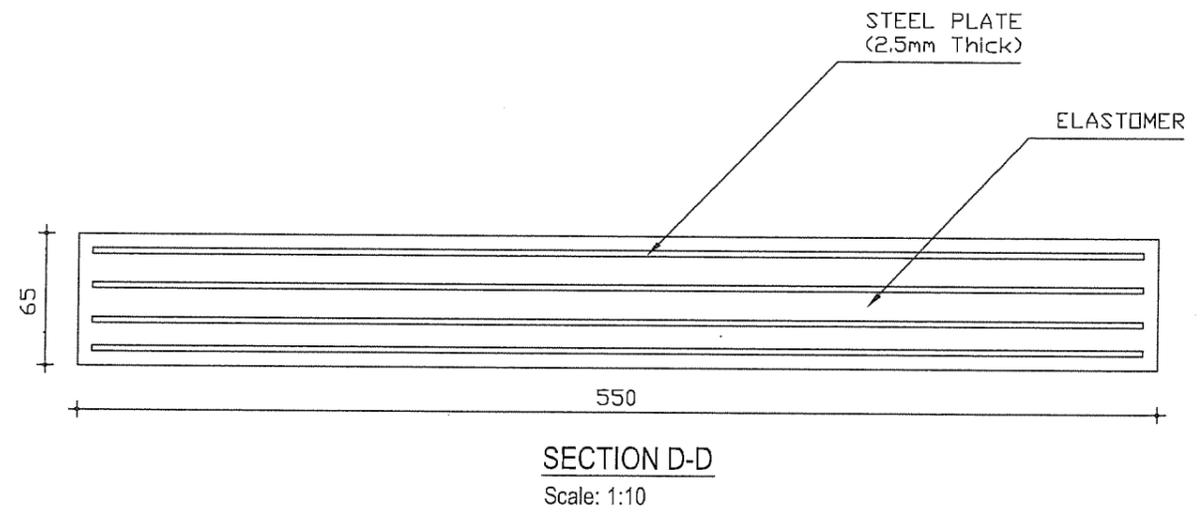
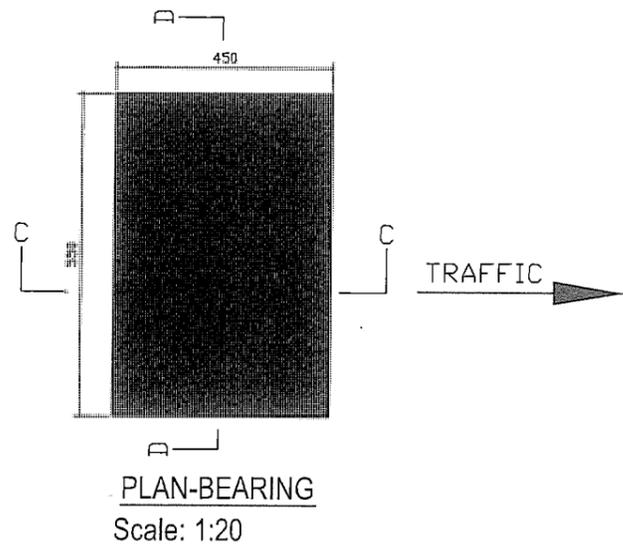
REINF. DETAILS OF WINGWALL COUNTERFORT (C1)

NOTES:

1. Clear cover to main reinforcement bar is to be 50mm. unless otherwise mentioned.
2. 28 days cylinder strength of concrete: $f'c = 25.0N/mm$ (3600 psi)
3. Yield strength of mild steel deformed bar $f_y = 413N/mm$ (60000psi)
4. EF = Earth Face
WF = Water Face

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :		Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	DRAWING NO. JICA/BRDG/ABUT/DWG-17
			REINF. DETAILS OF COUNTERFORT (FOR ABUT. A1 & A2)				

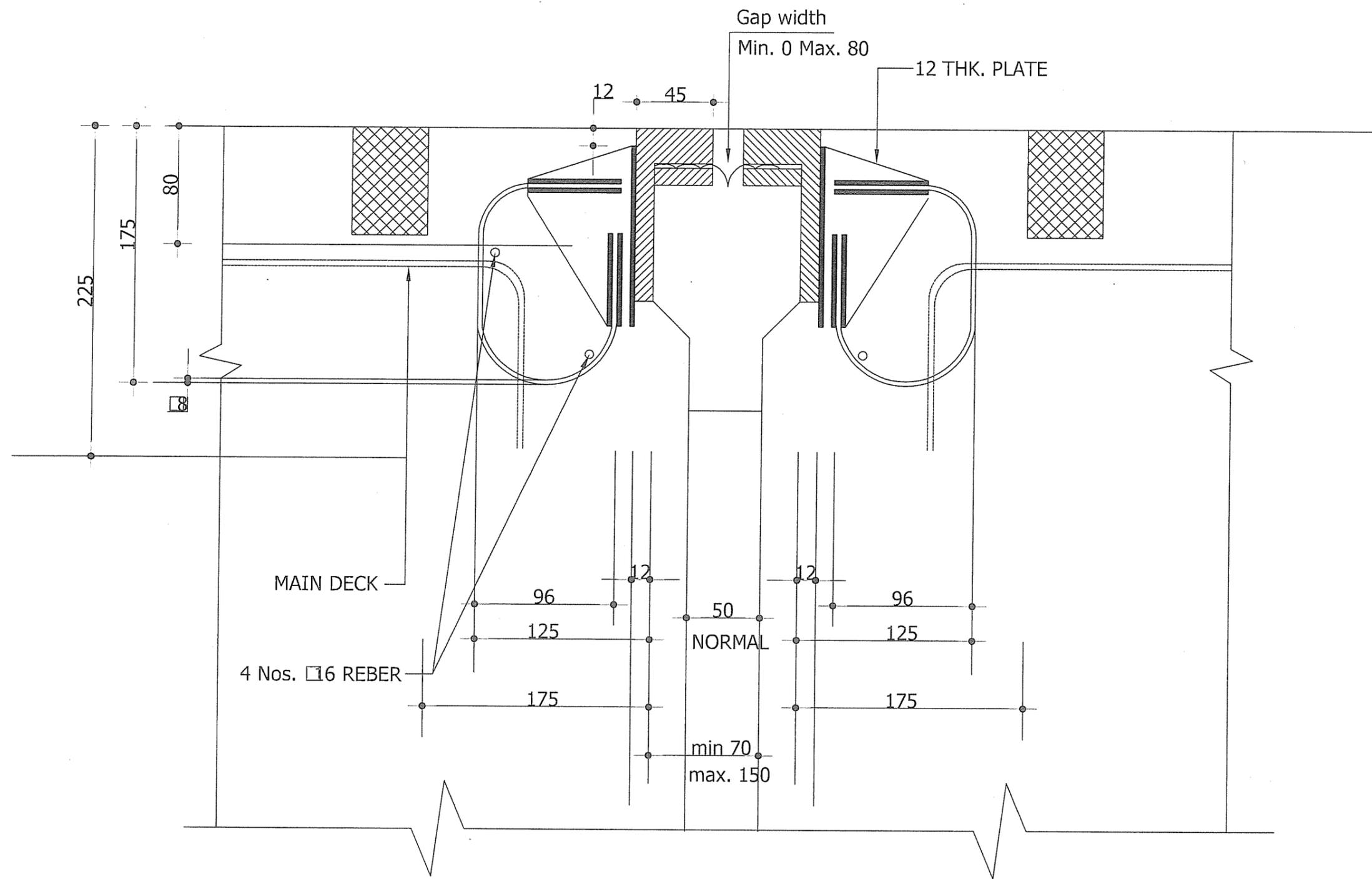


- EMBEDDED STEEL PLATE SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO DESIGNATION: M183/M183M-90 (ASTM DESIGNATION: A 36/A 36M-88d) WITH MINIMUM $f_y=250$ N/mm².
- SHORE 'A' HARDNESS OF ELASTOMER SHALL CONFORM TO MINIMUM 60.
- SHEAR MODULUS OF ELASTOMER AT 73 DEG. F SHALL BE MINIMUM 0.9 N/mm²
- COMPRESSION SET 35% (MAX)
- TEST TO BE DONE FOR 115 M. TON LOAD
- TENSILE STRENGTH 2250 PSI OR 15.5 N/mm²
- ELONGATION AT BREAK 35%
- ALL TEST OF BEARING SHALL BE DONE AS PER AASTO M251-92.

- Thickness of exterior layer of elastomer, $t_0=6.5$ mm
- Thickness of interior layer of elastomer, $t_i=14$ mm
- Thickness of steel plate, $t_s=2.5$ mm
- Total thickness of bearing = $4 \times 2.5 + 14 \times 3 + 2 \times 6.5 = 65$ mm

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

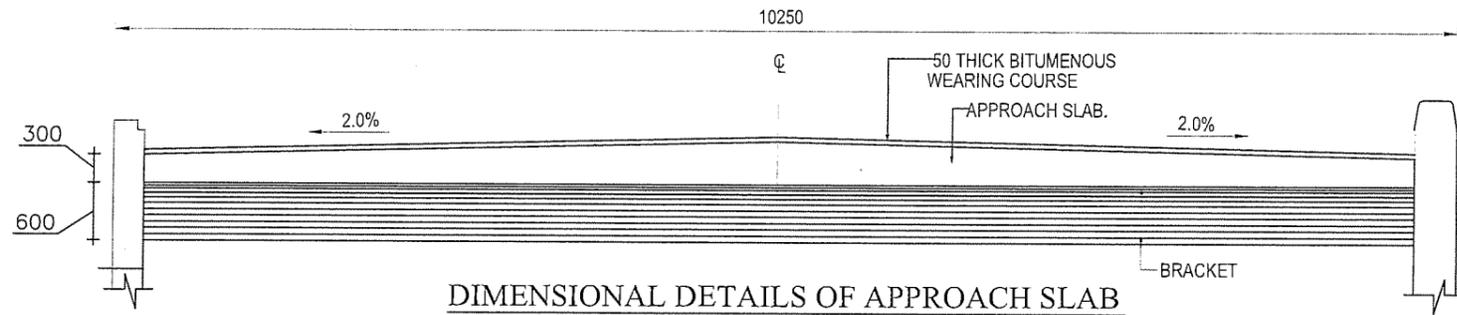
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :	Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	DRAWING NO. JICA/BRDG/B.PAD/DWG-18
			DETAILS OF ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD			



SEC. OF EXPANTION JOINT

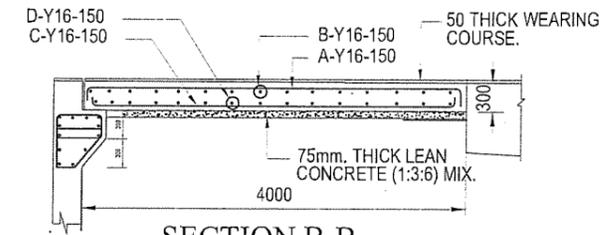
(Scale : 1:3)

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	DRAWING TITLE :		DRAWING NO.
			DETAILS OF EXPANSION JOINT		
			Scale : As above	02 July' 2013	JICA/BRDG/E.JOINT/DWG-19
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications		NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).		JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	



DIMENSIONAL DETAILS OF APPROACH SLAB

(Scale : 1:75)



SECTION B-B

(Scale : 1:75)

BAR BENDING SCHEDULE OF APPROACH SLAB (EACH)

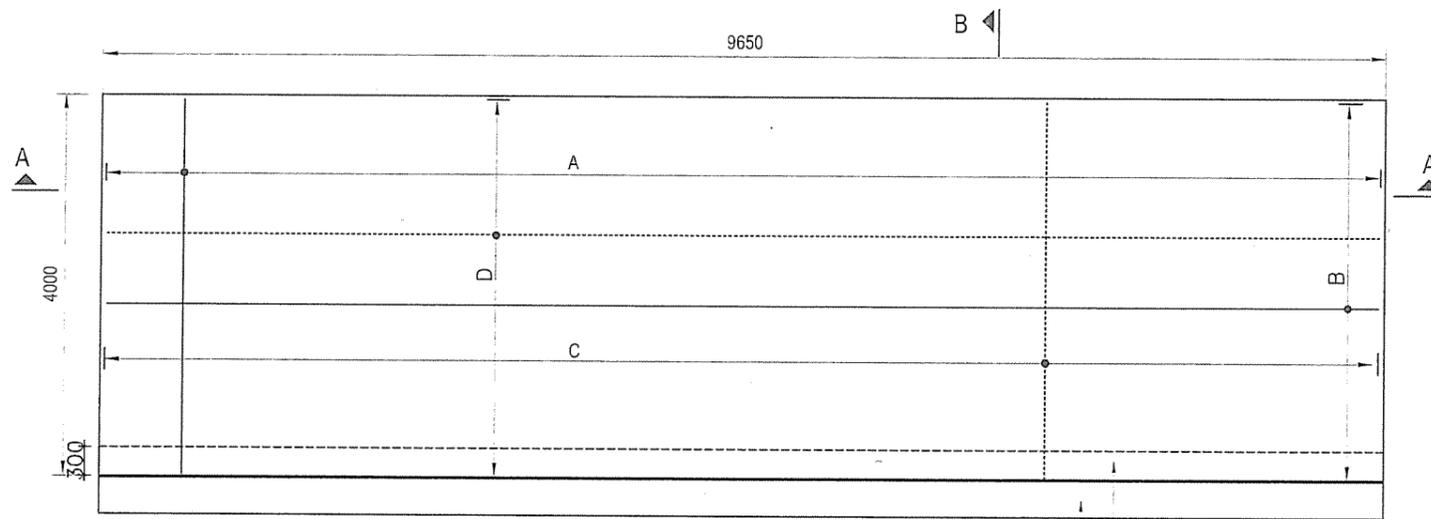
TYPE OF BAR	SYMB. OF MARK	DIA OF BAR	SHAPE CODE	SPACE OF BAR	BENDING DIMENSION (mm)				LENGTH OF BAR	NO OF BAR	TOTAL LENGTH (m)	WT. OF STEEL (Kg)	SHAPE CODE	BAR SHAPE
					a	b	c	d						
GRADE-60 DEFORMED BAR	A	16	38	150	3900	75	75		4050	64	259.20	409.18	38	a b c
	B	16	99	150	9550	75	75		9700	27	261.90	413.28		
	C	16	38	150	3900	75	75		4050	64	259.20	409.18		
	D	16	38	150	9550	75	75		9700	27	261.90	413.28		
TOTAL =											1644.92			



SECTION A-A

(Scale : 1:75)

SYMB. OF BAR	SHAPE	SYMB. OF BAR	SHAPE
38	150 a 150	85	286 72 200
60	a b	99	150 c 150
70	d a b c		



PLAN

(Scale : 1:75)

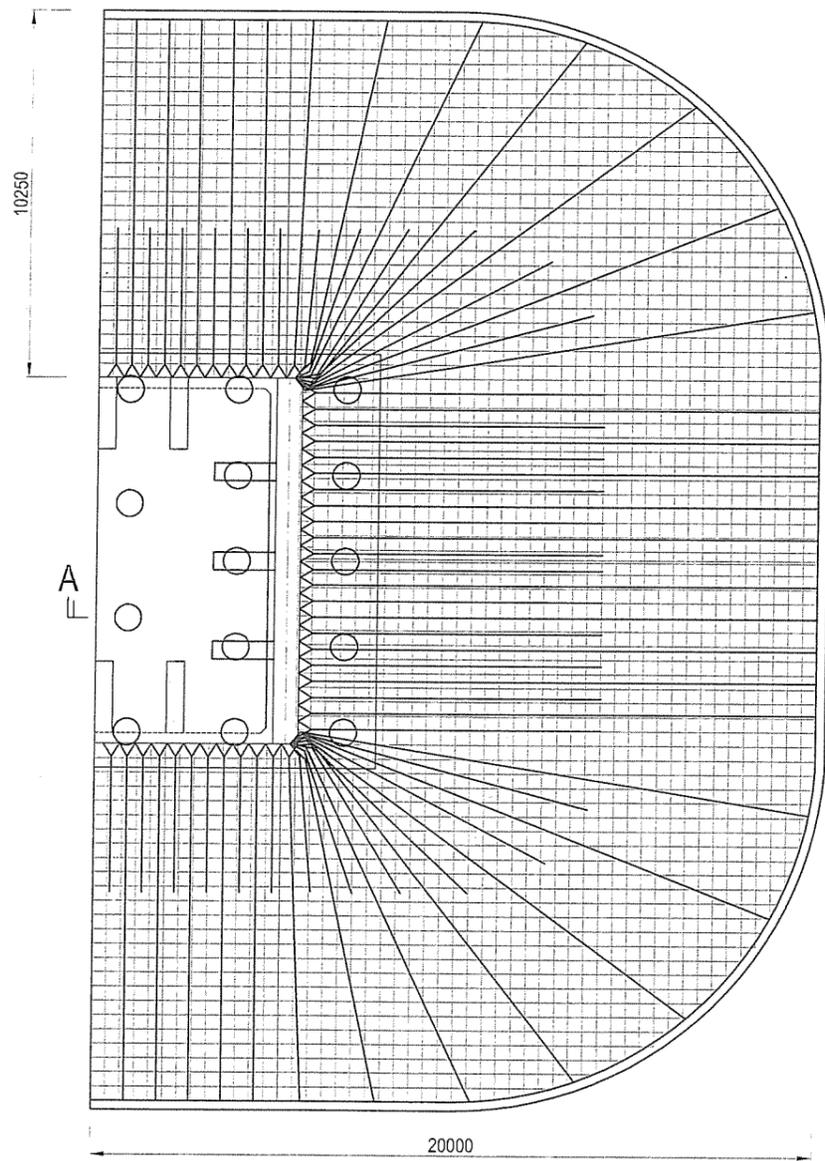
— INDICATES TOP REINF.
 - - - - - INDICATES BOTTOM REINF.

— BRACKET
 — DIRT WALL

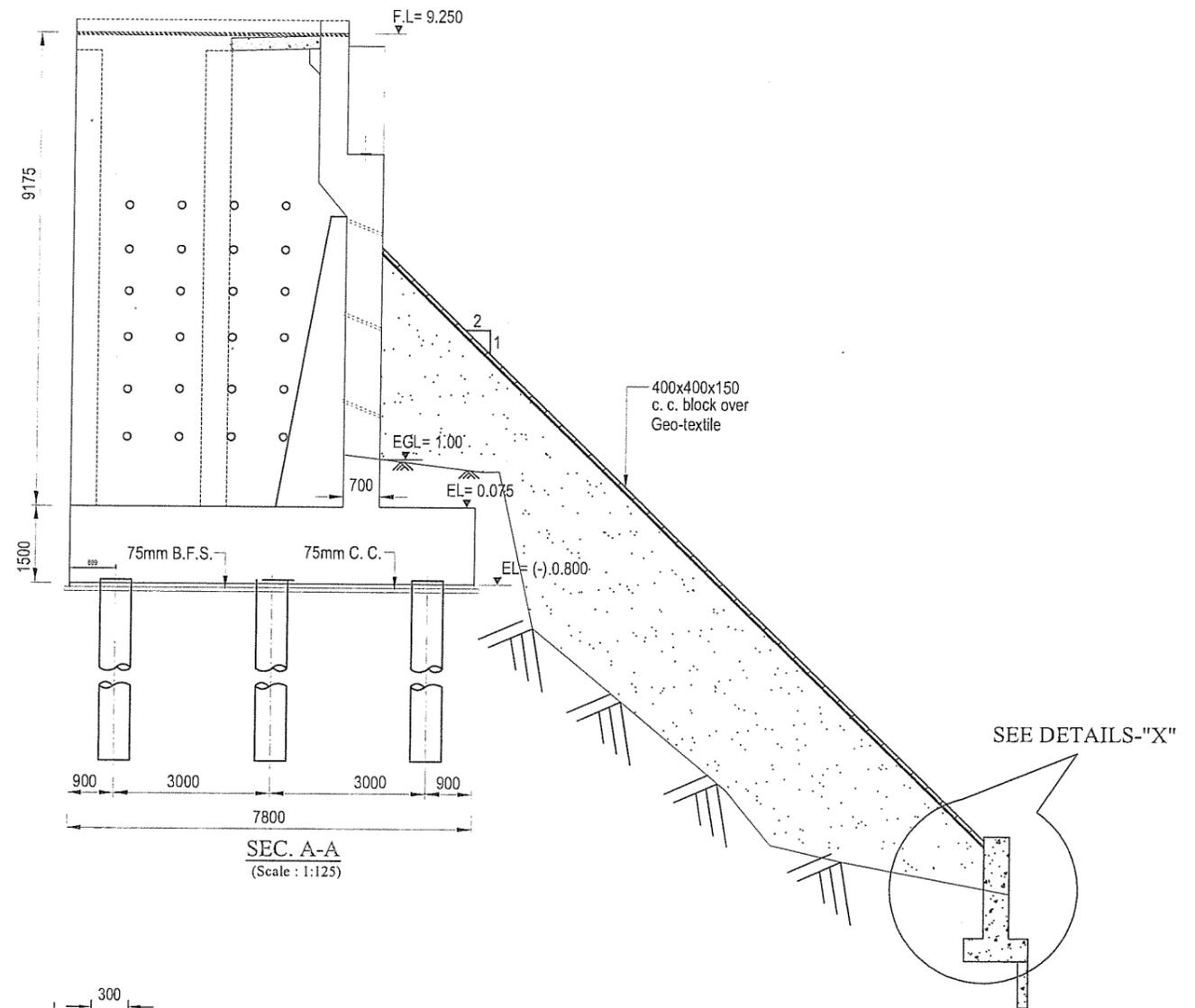
NOTES :

- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN mm UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN THE BAR BENDING SCHEDULE SHALL BE VERIFIED AT SITE.
- CONCRETE COVER FOR APPROACH SLAB & BRACKET = 50mm

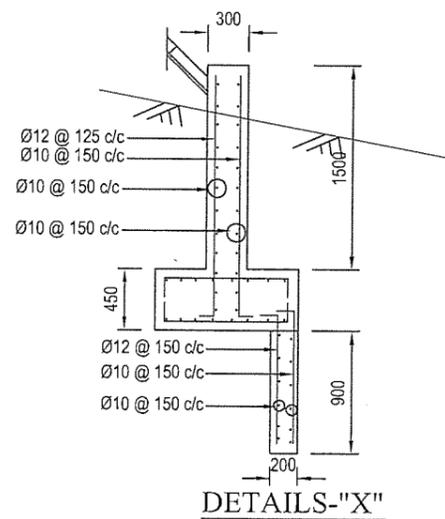
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :		DRAWING NO.	
			DETAILS OF EXPANSION JOINT		JICA/BRDG/E.JOINT/DWG-20	
			Scale : As above	02 July' 2013		



PLAN OF SLOPE PROTECTION
(Scale : 1:200)



SEC. A-A
(Scale : 1:125)



DETAILS-"X"

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT (RHD) Ministry of Communications	NAME OF THE PROJECT : Preparatory Survey on Chittagong Area Coal Fired Power Plant Development Project in Bangladesh (JICA Study).	JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)	DRAWING TITLE :		
			DETAILS OF PROTECTION WORK ON BOTH ABUTMENT		
SCALE :			DATE :	DRAWING NO.	
Scale : As above			02 July' 2013	BRDG/PROT./DWG-21	