Current Japanese Metal Mines

- Non-ferrous metal mine is difficult to operate in Japan due to the resource price and reserves were degraded
- There are many closure and abandoned mines at the moment
 - ⇒ Acid Mine Drainage (AMD) is generated under the non-controlled situation
 - ⇒ Mine facilities such as tunnel, pit, dam, building and relevant equipments are aged
 - Appropriate maintenance and management are highly necessary

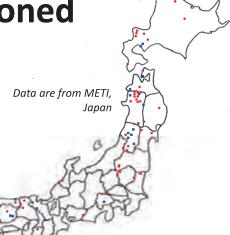


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Closed and Abandoned Mines in Japan

- These mines have been carrying on the maintenance and management after the closure, mostly after 70's
- AMD control is main activity to keep the environment

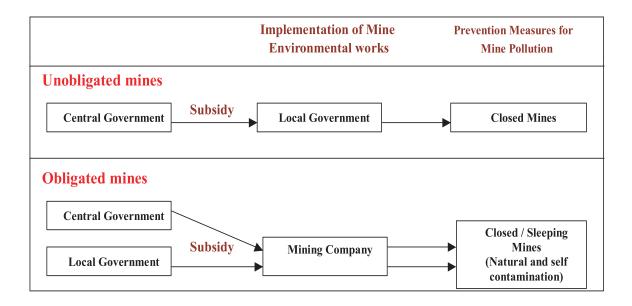


With owner (56 sites)

Without owner (24 sites)

These closed and abandoned mines have been under controlling of AMD and site management for the environment

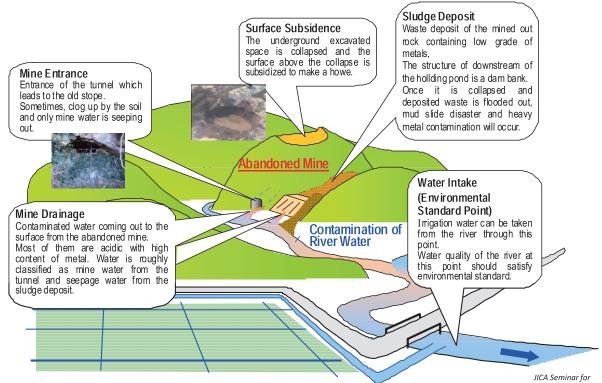
Management System of Mine Pollution Control for Closed Mines in Japan



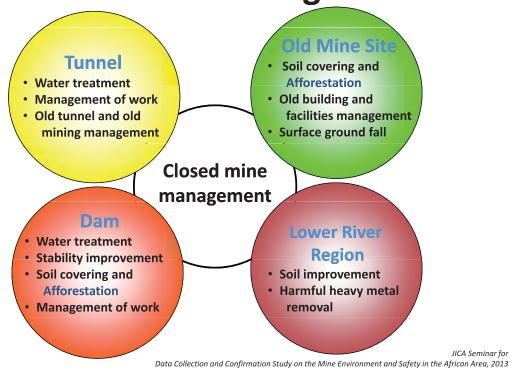
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Mine Pollutions beside the Closed Mine



Approach of concerning closed mines management



An Example of Surface in Closed Mine



Tailings dam (H=85.5m)





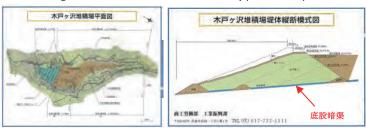
Cave (W=5m, D=4m)

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An Example of Tailings in Closed Mine



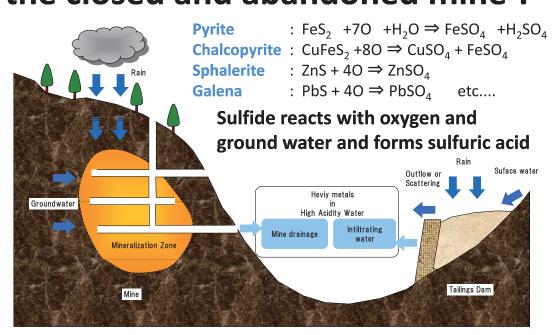
Tailings dam and Mine water treatment facility (Aomori Pref.)



Plan Section (Aomori Pref.)

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How to generate AMD from the closed and abandoned mine?



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Standrads for discharged water by Japanese regulation

Items	Environmental standard	Industrial effluent discharge limit	Drinking water
Iron(solbule)	-	<10 mg/L	<0.3 mg/L
Copper	-	<3 mg/L	<1mg/L
Cadmium	<0.01 mg/L	< 0.1 mg/L	<0.01 mg/L
Arsenic	<0.01 mg/L	< 0.1 mg/L	<0.01 mg/L
Lead	<0.01 mg/L	< 0.1 mg/L	<0.01 mg/L
Zinc	<0.03 mg/L	<2 mg/L	<1 mg/L
Manganese(solbule)	-	<10 mg/L	<0.05 mg/L
T-Chromiun	-	<2 mg/L	-
Chromium(VI)	<0.05 mg/L	< 0.5 mg/L	<0.05 mg/L
Mercury	<0.0005 mg/L	< 0.005 mg/L	<0.0005 mg/L
Selenium	<0.01 mg/L	< 0.1 mg/L	<0.01 mg/L
Fluorine	<0.8 mg/L	< 8 mg/L	<0.8 mg/L
Boron	<1 mg/L	< 10 mg/L	<1 mg/L
Cyanide	N.D.	< 1 mg/L	<0.01 mg/L
Aluminium	-	-	<0.2 mg/L
pH	6.5 - 8.5	5.8 - 8.6	5.8 - 8.6

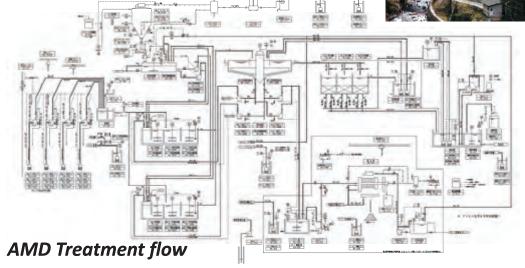
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How to control the AMD - choice the treatment type -**Type** Method and input Remark Calcium carbonate - Powder (Pressure feed truck) Quick Lime - Powder(Bag) (Truck) Alkaline - Slaked Lime Chemicals - Liquid, Suspension (Tank truch) - Caustic soda etc. - General Neutralization N/R - Two-Step Neutralization Neutralization - NPCS - Reverse-Neutralization N/R - Anionic polymer - Cationic polymer - Nonionic polymer - Thickner **Sedimentation** - Sedimentation Pond - Dredging of sedimentation sludge of - Dewatering - Cake - Dam (Truck, Belt conveyer) - Industrial waste disposal (Truck) Sludge Disposal - Slurry - Dam (pump, tank truck) Dewatering - Industrial waste disposal (tank truck) - Filtering by Sand Filter - Tower (by Pressure) **Treated Water** - Tank(by gravity) - No-Filtering N/R

An Example of Flow Sheet for AMD Treatment





Japanese private companies and consultants in respect to the mining and water treatment area have good experiences for the AMD treatment and the plannning

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An Example of Treatment Facility to improve AMD



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Other Examples of Management



for Closed Mines





- Soil can be easily eroded by weathering
- Vegetation assists to prevent acid infiltration water
- Landscape would be improved as well



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Other Examples of Management for Closed Mines - Data configuration -

 Existing closed mine data are necessary for the management

These data are used for basic information to conduct analyses the prevention of pullutions

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Overview of Mine Safety

(1) Safety hazard control to people working

in the mine site.

- * Roof fall, collapse, flush flood, gas explosion, etc.
- * Gas and dust, rock waste, tailings, mine water, etc.
- * Use of machines, etc. and treatment of gunpowder.
- * Ventilation for health and first aid at disaster.

(2) Protection of mineral resources

(3) Prevention of mine facilities

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Mine Accidents What kind of accident happens in mines?



Mines in Japan, 2003-2007 (5 years) studied by METI

Slipped (33%), inappropriate movement (16%), slip up (14%), misstep (7%), Others (21%)

--> Reason: false movement, protective equipment, infelicitous cloths

Belt conveyer (49%), Car (30%), Others (23%)

--> Reason: false driving, cleaning, oil filling, remedies and inspection in operation, default of sign and confirmation

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Mine Safety: Countermeasures Control artificial accident (safety equipment)



Captured from JOGMEC



Figures are from JSAA

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Mine Safety Training

Control
artificial accident
(Safety meetings on
daily and monthly







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Risky Mining and Operation (need inprovement for the safety)







There are no strong pillars, digging only



There are no safety fences for facilities

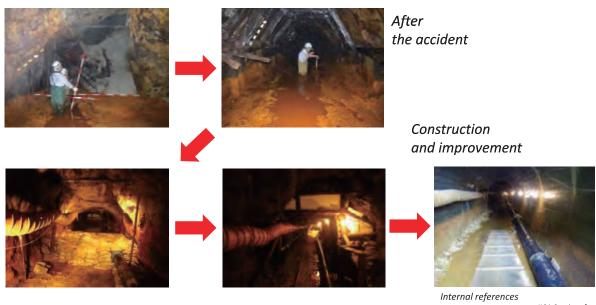
Internal references

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Mine Safety in Underground

Control engineered accidents (for rock falling and inundation in underground)



Mine Disasters

Control engineered accidents (for underground and open pit)





Control ground water and avoid rock falling in the underground by well maintained tunnel systems



Control rock falling in the open pit by using monitoring system

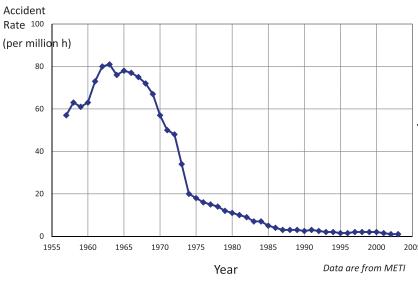
Internal references

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Mine Safety Measures

Mining accident rate in Japan (rate per million hour operation)



The rate of mining accident has been degraded from mid of 70's

Safety managements

are well controlling in

the related company

and government from

the 70's

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For Conduct of the Sustainable Mining

Key points of view are summarized as follows;

- To respect regulations
- To respect social and environmental responsibility
- To establish total management systems in respect to the mining including closure
- To keep profits for the all

ir experiences of mining to take into the mine closure are needed as planning for the sustainable mining

Issues of mine environment in the developing and industrializing Countries

Fallowing considerations would be needed to be solved for the issues,

- To adjust regurations for the mining and mine environment
- To learn and develope concerned person's skill for the analysis of mining and the environment
- To gain the opportunities for the upskilling
- To gather experiences for the above
- etc....

JICA Strategy in Mining Sector

The strategy is able to assist the improvement in the issues through the schemes

I Infrastructure and Regional Development

III
Mineral Resource
Management

II
Policy Support and
Legal System
Development

IV
Mine Safety and
Environmental
Measures for Mines

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