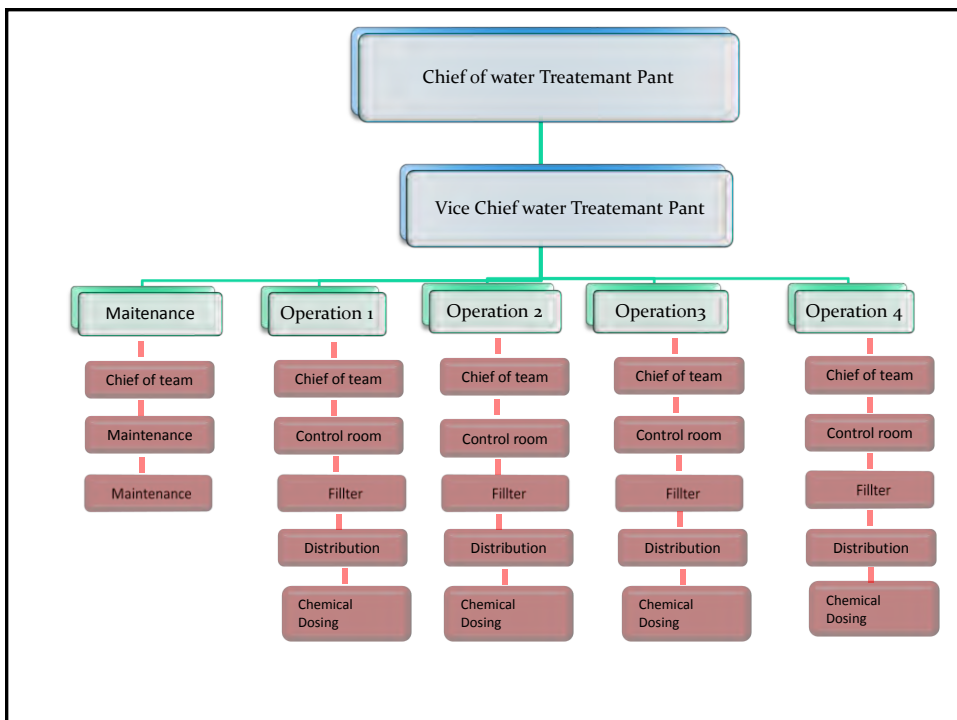


12. Control room

The main control room is the center of plant operations. And comprises of a main control panel assembled from five individual consoles.

- Monitoring of electric facility
- Operation of pumps and valve.
- Recording of flow quantity.
- Monitoring of water quality.
- Monitoring of alarms.



I. Objective

The manner setting of this operation standard which has the main objective as below :

1. Keep the water treatment of production system good condition.
2. Get long life of facilities.
3. Get high output from mechanical facilities.
4. Safety protect and avoid accident that happen by mechanical facilities.
5. Operation and maintenance of mechanical facilities with proper through the manual.

II. Management maintenance

2.1 Check and Maintenance of WTP

- 2-1-1 Daily check
- 2-1-1 Weekly check
- 2-1-1 Monthly check
- 2-1-1 Yearly check

How to check

- Listening
- Looking
- Touching
- Smelling
- Measuring (by equipment)

Daily check

(must be follow the daily check sheet)

(This work practice by operation team checking)

- **The operator has responsible on the operation of the mechanical facilities of the production system by the location work has to check and clearly record in the daily check sheet by meaning and points that have detail in the table of each mechanicals.**
- **The mechanical facilities which have to check everyday basically operated 24 hours:**
 - Intake pump, distribution pump, rapid mixing system, flocculate, and chemical dosing system Etc.

Example: Daily check and maintenance of WTP

Item	Maintenance	daily
Pumps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep the motor and pump clean - Check Electric Current of pump - Check Bearing temperature (by hand) - Check noise (by feeling) - Check Vibration (by hand) - Check leakage from gland packing - Check Smell - Check Smock - Check Discharge and Suction pressure - Check Valve opening 	
Air vessel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check located between HWL and LWL - Check vibration noise - Check pressure gauge, unloader valve pressure switch and safety valve 	

Surface Temperature and Sense of Touch

Surface Temperature	Feeling	Remarks
40 °C	Somewhat warm	Feels slightly warm to the touch.
45 °C	Warm	Feels comfortably warm .
50 °C	Somewhat hot	Palm of the hand reddens if placed on unit for extended periods.
60 °C	Hot	Can hold your hand on the unit for 3-4 seconds
70 °C	Extremely hot	Can hold on finger on the the unit for 3 seconds
80 °C	Extremely hot	Can hold on finger on the the unit for 1 seconds

IMPORTANT KEY FACTORS TO CONTROL THE WATER TREATMENT PLANT

- NTU of clear water (less than 1.0)
- pH 6.5 to 8.5
- Cl₂ from WTP 0.5 to 1.0 mg/L
- Supply pressure : the day from 3.9 – 4.2 bar
- Communication between Labo and Operator.
- Data Recording.
- Storage .
- Evaluation.

EXPECTATION TO OPERATORS

- **Should Know WTP System**
- **Should Correctly Operate System**
- **Should Properly Maintain**
- **Should Keep WTP Clean**
- **Should Know Safety**
- **Should Make Record Correctly**

Weekly Check

(must be follow the weekly check sheet)

(The person who work in maintenance team checking)

- ❖ This work is as same as daily check need the maintenance team practice this work directly by check and clearly record weekly check sheet .
- ❖ The mechanical facilities which have to check weekly are basically operated a few hours a day.

Monthly Check

(must be follow the monthly check sheet)

- ❖ The maintenance team has to practice this work.
- ❖ Monthly check is more practice on some point of mechanical facilities by using instrument to check each mechanical.

Example: Alignment systems using instrument as.

1. Thickness gauges
2. Dial indicator . Mechanical displacement gauges
3. Vibration measuring instruments
4. Sound level meter

Example: Lubrication schedule maintenance

Equipment		Oil and Grease				
Description	Qty	Type	Unit Qty gram	Interval	Frequency	Annual Usage
RWPM	5	Shell: Alvania Grease No.2	375	480h	2	1875 gram
Flocculators	20	Oil No.460	850	1000h	3	10200 L
Air blower	2	Oil No.220	10	2000h	5	2000 L




Yearly check

(must be follow the yearly check sheet)

- ❖ This work practice by maintenance team.
- ❖ Yearly check work is commonly internal with disassembly of equipment which very important to keep function.

III. Record and Repot



- Normal case** • Mechanical is normal condition.
- Abnormal case** • Mechanical is abnormal but it not so serious.
- Urgent case** • Mechanical is abnormal and can damage seriously.

IV. UNIFORM

- In the working time although in usual over work or holiday; all employees who working in the WTP has to wears the uniform as mention in IV for internal regulation PPWSA.
- The employees who work as repairing have to wear of safety material such as helmet, gloves and safety shoes.

V. Encouragement and Penalization

The employees who follow correctly though this standard will get the incentive from organization; if follow the opposite of this will get penalize from them fault.

- A. First fault is getting the direct blame from leader.
- B. Second fault is getting the blame letter from director or administrative and human resources department .
- C. Third fault is getting penalized by decision of regulation council.

VI. Conclusion

Start from evident work of checking maintenance and repairing all of us have to analysis of this result work and make the discussion schedule to find that strong – weak point and step to coordinate and improve work for ensure the work efficiency and get successful





Phnom Penh Water Supply Authority

Water Treatment Plant (2)

***(Operation and Maintenance
of Electrical Facilities)***

Mr. Keb Kanvicheth

2012



Content

- 1. Safety work**
- 2. Periodical Checking**
- 3. How to use measuring machine**
- 4. Basic of Sequence Circuit**

Safety Work

- . Dressing**
- . Safety Path**
- . Danger Points of Electrical Facilities**
- . Conclusion**

Periodical Checking

- . Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Yearly checking**
- . Arrangement and using of checking results**
- . Annual work plan**
- . Ledger**
- . Renewal plan**

How to use measuring machines

- . Multi-meter
- . Clamp-on tester
- . Insulation resistance tester
- . Grounding resistance tester
- . Calibrator
- . Protection Relay Tester
- ...

Basic of Sequence circuit

- . Theory
- . Elements and symbols
- . Flow Chart
- . Time Chart
- . Basic circuit
- . Advanced circuit

Method

- . **Brainstorming**
- . **Discussion**
- . **Exercise**

Other

- . **Pre-Test (Before Training)**
- . **Post-Test (After Training)**





Phnom Penh Water Supply Authority

Water Quality Management

Mr. Keo Heng

Chief of Laboratory

2012

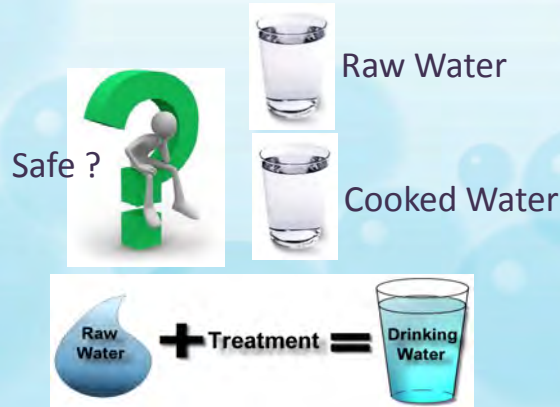


Content

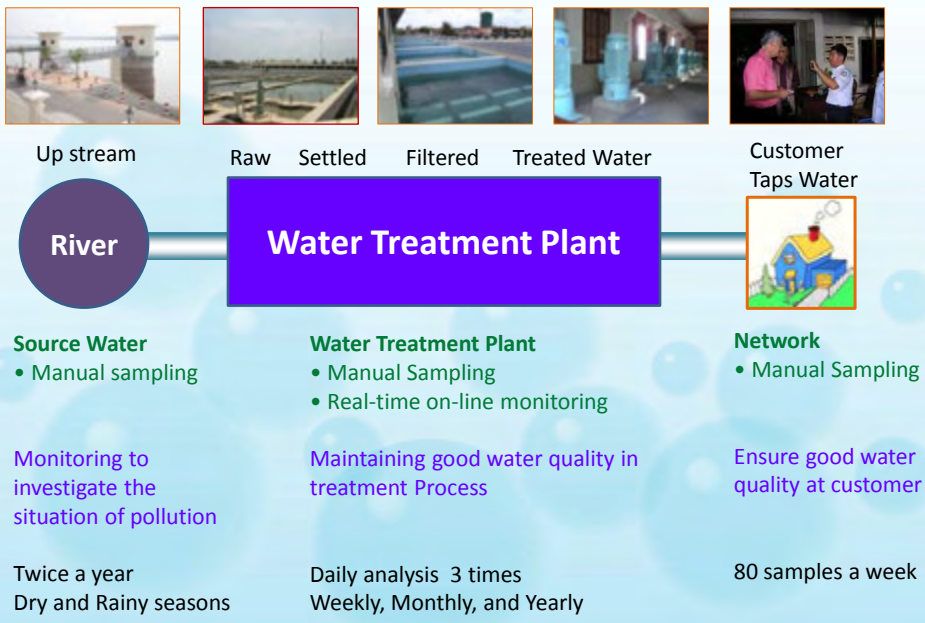
1. Objective of Water Quality Management
2. Water Quality Criteria
3. Frequency of Sampling and Water Analysis
4. Water Quality Analysis Methods
5. Data Management
6. Disclosure of Information

1. Objective of Water Quality Management

- To provide safe drinking water for people
- To ensure proper quality of the source water, water treatment plant, distribution system to the final destination (customer taps).



Water Quality Management



2. Water Quality Criteria

Cambodia established its National Drinking Water Quality Standard in 2004 with 53 parameters.

We also followed the WHO Standard

National Drinking Water Quality Standard of Cambodia

Bacteriological				
1	Thermotolerant coliforms or <i>E.coli</i>	less than	0	/100mL
2	Total coliforms	less than	0	/100mL
Inorganic				
3	Arsenic	less than	0.05	mg/L
4	Barium	less than	0.7	mg/L
5	Cadmium	less than	0.003	mg/L
6	Chromium	less than	0.05	mg/L
7	Cyanaide	less than	0.07	mg/L
8	Fluoride	less than	1.5	mg/L
9	Lead	less than	0.01	mg/L
10	Mercury	less than	0.001	mg/L
11	Nickel	less than	0.02	mg/L
12	Nitrate	less than	50	mg/L
13	Nitrite	less than	3	mg/L
14	Selenium	less than	0.01	mg/L

Organic				
15	Polychlorinated biphenyls	less than	0.5	mg/L
16	Benzene	less than	10	mg/L
17	Trihalomethanes	less than	250	mg/L
18	2,4-D	less than	30	mg/L
19	Aldrin and Dieldrin	less than	0.3	mg/L
20	Carbofuran	less than	10	mg/L
21	Chlordane	less than	0.2	mg/L
22	DDT	less than	20	mg/L
23	Dichlorvos	less than	1	mg/L
24	Dimethoate	less than	6	mg/L
25	Endosulfan	less than	30	mg/L
26	Endrin	less than	0.6	mg/L
27	Glyphosate	less than	10	mg/L
28	Heptachlor	less than	0.3	mg/L
29	Hexachlorobenzene	less than	1	mg/L
30	Methyl parathion	less than	0.3	mg/L
31	Mevinphos	less than	5	mg/L
32	Monocrotophos	less than	1	mg/L
33	Paraquat	less than	30	mg/L
34	Parathion	less than	10	mg/L
35	Permethrin	less than	20	mg/L

Physical and chemical: aesthetic				
36	Taste	Acceptable		
37	Odor	Acceptable		
38	Color	less than	5	TCU
39	Turbidity	less than	5	NTU
40	Residual chlorine	0.2 - 0.5		mg/L
41	pH	6.5 - 8.5		
42	Aluminum	less than	0.2	mg/L
43	Ammonia	less than	1.5	mg/L
44	Chloride	less than	250	mg/L
45	Copper	less than	1	mg/L
46	Hardness	less than	300	mg/L
47	Hydrogen sulfide	less than	0.05	mg/L
48	Iron	less than	0.3	mg/L
49	Manganese	less than	0.1	mg/L
50	Sodium	less than	200	mg/L
51	Sulfate	less than	250	mg/L
52	Total dissolved solids	less than	800	mg/L
53	Zinc	less than	3	mg/L

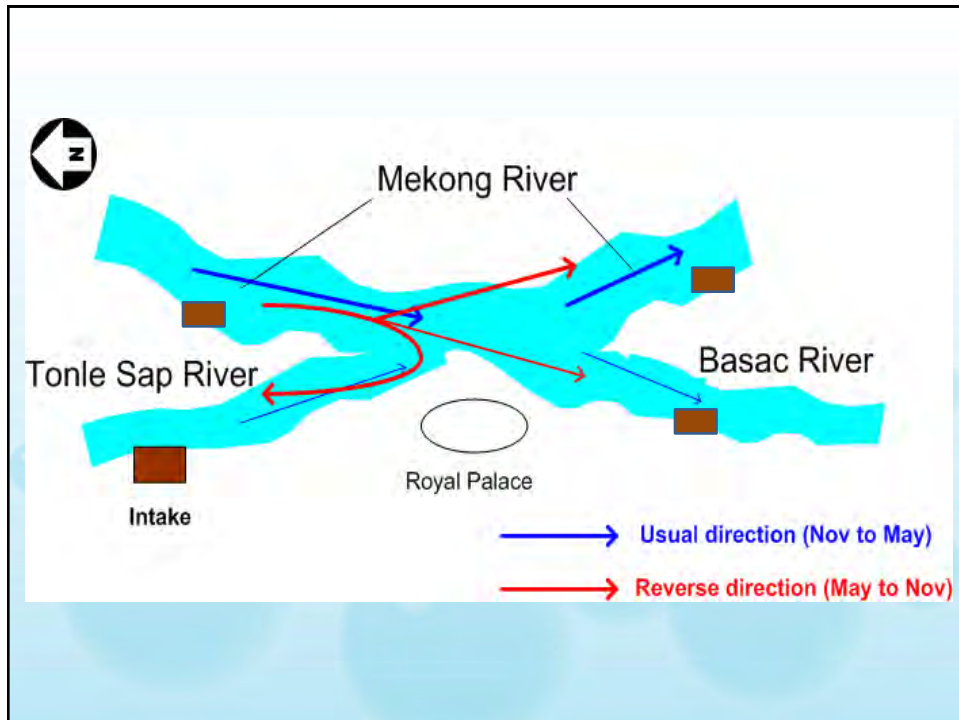
3. Frequency of Sampling and Water Analysis

- Water Sources
- Water Treatment Plant
- Network (Customer taps)

Water Sources Quality

Surface water for the three water treatment plants.

- Sap River for Phum Prek WTP
- Mekong River for Chrouy Chang War WTP
- Bassac River for Chamcar Morn WTP



Water Sources Quality

Frequency and Sampling

- 2 times a year (Dry and Rainy seasons)

Parameters

- Temperature
- pH value
- Conductivity
- Organic substances
- Color
- UV absorption
- Dissolved oxygen
- Total coliforms
- E. coli

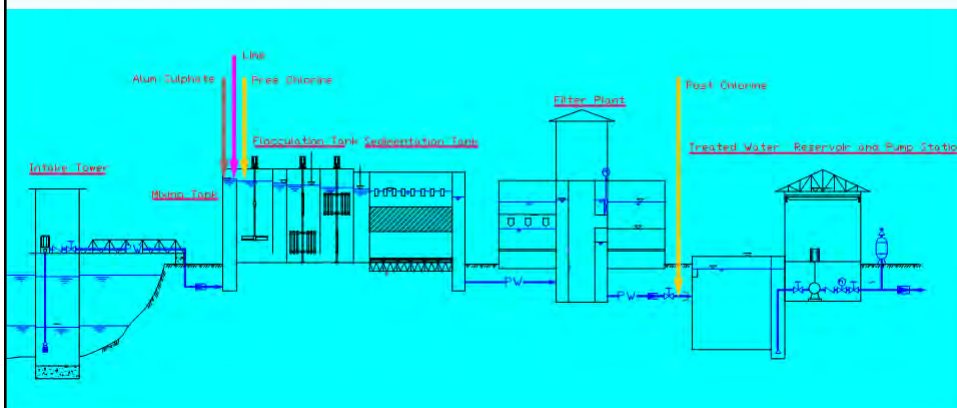
Water Treatment Plant Quality

Treatment Process :

The treatment process follows direct river abstraction and pumping to the works and consists :

- ❖ Receiving Well and Mixing Tanks adding Pre-chlorine, Lime and Alum Sulfate or PAC.
- ❖ Sedimentation tank or Clarifier.
- ❖ Filter Basin.
- ❖ Post Chlorine “ residual chlorine control ”
- ❖ Reservoir and Pumping to the Network.

Water Treatment Plant Process



Frequency and Sampling Point

Daily: **3 times** (8:30, 11:00, 14:30)

- Raw water
- Settled water
- Filtered water
- Treated water

Weekly: **1 time**

- Raw water
- Treated water

Monthly, Quarterly, Yearly : **1 time**

- Raw water
- Treated water

Water Treatment Plant Quality

Daily:

Cooperation closely with the operator in exchanging the information of water quality and water production.

Data Recording , Storage and Evaluation.

Day time: 3 times by laboratory staffs

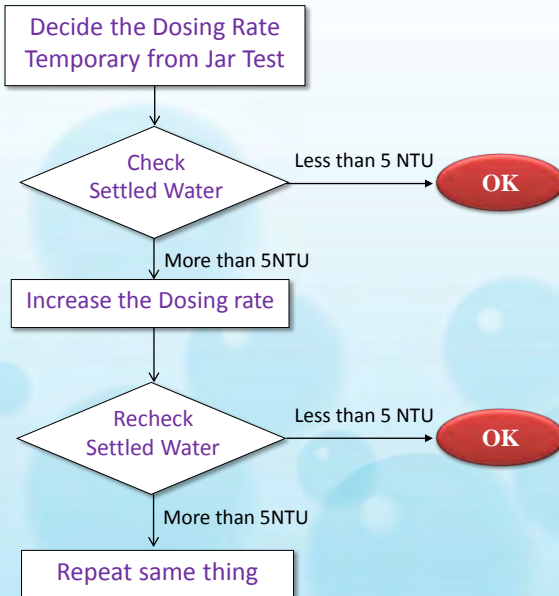
Night time: 2 times by operator (simple parameter)

- Raw, Settled, Filtered, Treated water

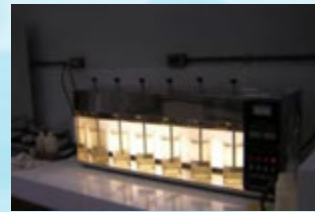
. Parameters

Temperature, pH, Turbidity, Conductivity, Suspended Solid, Total Dissolve Solid, Color, Free Available Chlorine, Total Available Chlorine, Alkalinity , UV absorbance.

Decide Coagulant Dosing Rate



Jar Test



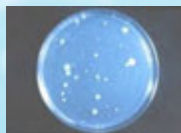
Water Treatment Plant Quality

Weekly: 1 time

- Raw Water.
- Treated Water

. Parameters

Total coliforms, E. coli, Ca hardness,
Total hardness, Magnesium hardness,
Organic substance, Dissolved oxygen, Algae.



Water Treatment Plant Quality

Monthly: 1 time

- Raw water
- Treated Water

. Parameters

Aluminum, Ammonia, Ammonia Nitrogen,
Carbon Dioxide, Copper,
Chloride, Cyanide,
Chromium Total,
Chromium Hexavalent,
Fluoride, Iron, Manganese,
Nitrate Nitrogen,
Nitrate, Nitrite Nitrogen,
Nitrite, Zinc, Phosphate,
Sulfide, Sulfate.



Water Treatment Plant Quality

Yearly: 1 time

- Treated water
- Test by Laboratory of Ministry of Environment

. Parameters

Barium (Ba)
Cadmium (Cd)
Lead (Pb)
Mercury (Hg)
Nickel (Ni)
Selenium (Se)
Sodium (Na)

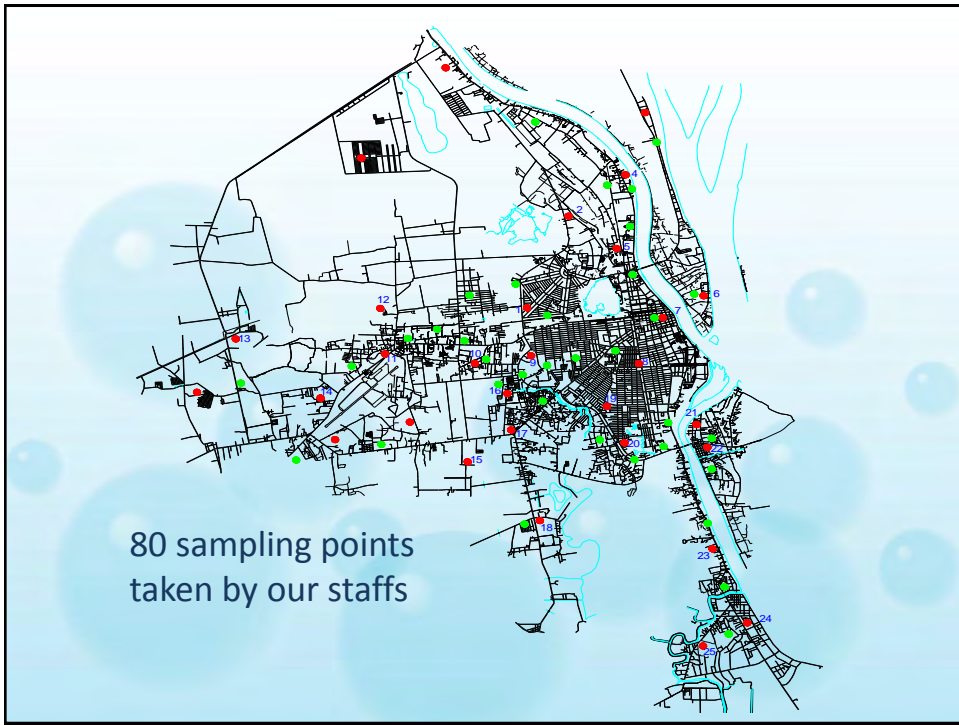
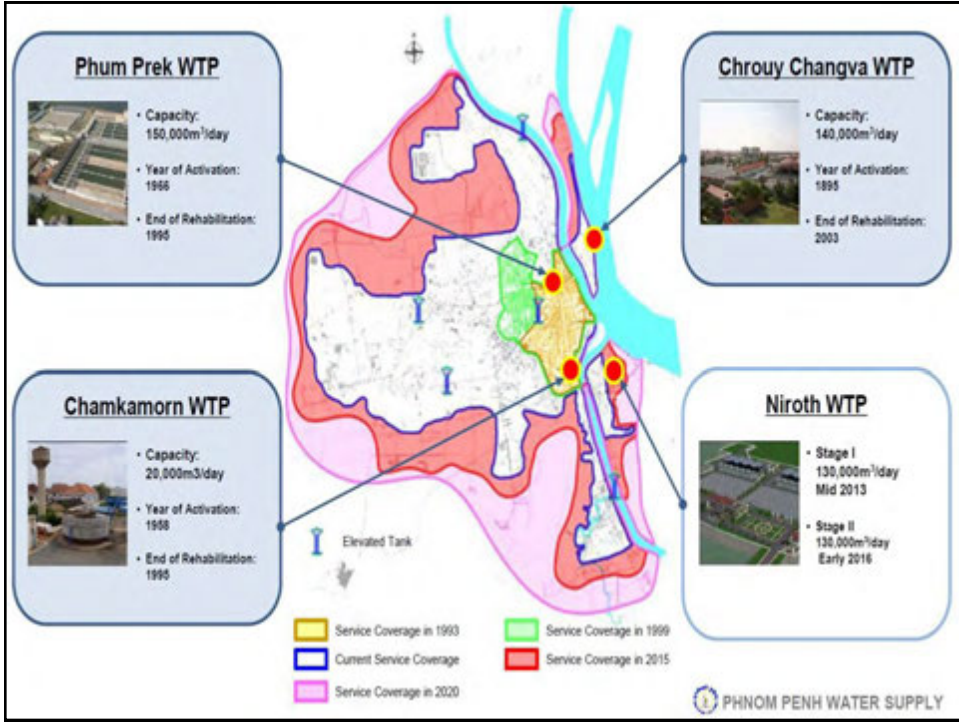
Network (Customer tap) Water Quality

Weekly:

80 sampling points taken by PPWSA staffs from their house for testing by Water Testing Laboratory.

Parameter:

Temperature, pH, Turbidity, Color, Conductivity,
Free Available Chlorine, Total Available Chlorine,
Total coliforms, E. coli.





4. Water Quality Analysis Methods

Parameters

pH
 Turbidity
 Conductivity
 Suspended Solid
 Total Dissolve Solid
 Free Available Chlorine
 Total Available Chlorine
 Alkalinity
 Total Hardness
 Ca Hardness
 Organic Substance
 Dissolved Oxygen
 E-coli
 Total Coliform

Method Analysis

pH Meter, HACH
 Turbidimeter, HACH
 Conductivity Meter, HACH
 Spectrophotometer, HACH
 Conductivity Meter, HACH
 Pocket Colorimeter, HACH
 Pocket Colorimeter, HACH
 Titration with H_2SO_4
 Titration with EDTA
 Titration with EDTA
 Titration
 D.O meter, HACH
 Membrane Filtration
 Membrane Filtration

4. Water Quality Analysis Methods (cont.1)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Method</u>
Color	UV-Visible Spectrophotometer
UV, Absorption	UV-Visible Spectrophotometer
Aluminum	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Ammonia	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Ammonia Nitrogen	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Carbon Dioxide	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Copper	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Chloride	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Cyanide	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Chromium Total	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Chromium Hexavalent	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Fluoride	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Iron	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Manganese	Spectrophotometer, HACH

4. Water Quality Analysis Methods (cont.2)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Method</u>
Nitrate	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Nitrate Nitrogen	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Nitrite	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Nitrite Nitrogen	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Zinc	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Phosphate	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Sulfide	Spectrophotometer, HACH
Sulfate	Spectrophotometer, HACH

Water Quality Analysis Equipment



Spectrophotometer

UV-Visible Spectrophotometer



Water Quality Analysis Equipment (cont.)



Turbidimeter



Pocket Colorimeter

Water Quality Analysis Equipment (cont.)



pH Meter



Conductivity Meter



DO Meter

5. Data Management

- Daily Report
- Weekly Report
- Month Report
- Yearly Report

6. Disclosure of Information

Public Relation

Customer complaints means to determine the true of water quality

24 hr service communication with the customers.

Establishment of warning programs.
24 hr permanent team.

Public Education

- To educate the customers to understand the need of residual chlorine in the water.
(Killing bacteria, Better life, No need to boil)
- Smell of res chlorine in the water is not effect to the life (WHO standard is 0.10 mg/l - 1.0 mg/l).
- Effective and regular communication with the customers and public awareness.
- Bringing customers to true of safe water from the tap.

Thank you very much !



See You Again..!



Phnom Penh Water Supply Authority

Water Distribution Facilities Maintenance

Mr. Pheng Ty

Deputy Director of Production and Distribution Department

2012

Land:
181,035 km²
Population:
14.7 mil.

PHNOM PENH

678.5 km²
1.7 million inhabitants



Content

1. Objective of Water supply Maintenance
2. Distribution Facilities Maintenance
3. Incentive and Penalty
4. Conclusion

1. Objective of Water Supply Maintenance

- Supply drinking and safe water sustainable to the customer all the service area.
- Keep the pipe and facilities component have long live, good water quality from the treatment plan, reduce the water loss and cut down the high expenditure for repairing.
- The lack of maintenance it cause loss a lot of money not only the authority but also the country.
- Conservation is the work of securing satisfactory function of pipe line under the certain condition for longer period of time.
- Advanced maintenance is the work of improvement of pipe line for more practical maintenance and experience in the future.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.1-Water Pipe Section: Ductile Iron Pipe

6m length, ensure high pressure, easy to construct, can be used more than 50 years and expensive.



DI pipe

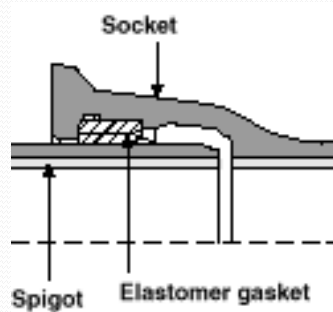
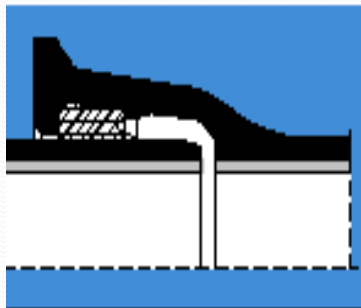


DI connection

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.1-Water Pipe Section: Pipe Joints

Automatic Joints or Push joint

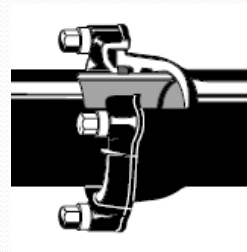
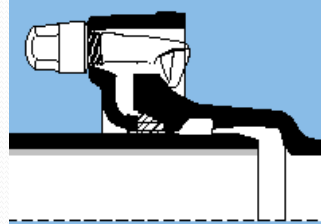
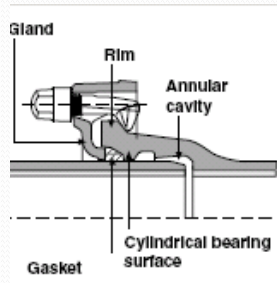


Automatic Joint

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.1-Water Pipe Section: Pipe Joints

Mechanical joint

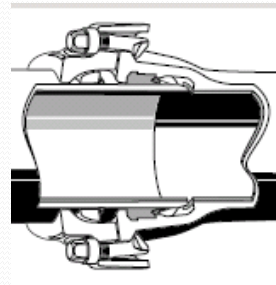
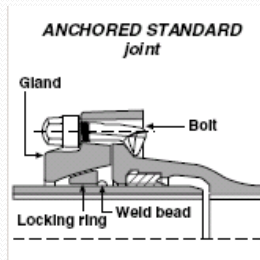


Mechanical Joint

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.1-Water Pipe Section: Pipe Joints

Self Anchored joint

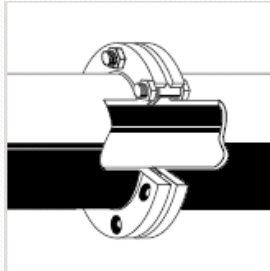


Self Anchored Joint

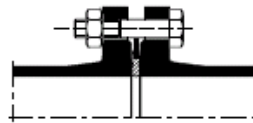
2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.1-Water Pipe Section: Pipe Joints

Flange joint



DN 700 to 2 000



Flange Joint

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.1-Water Pipe Section: HDPE Pipe

11.7m length, ensure high pressure, easy to construct.



2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.2-Stop Vale: Role

- ❑ Control flow and water current and shut off the water in the pipe line when maintenance is required ,
- ❑ In some case Stop valves is used for adjust the pressure in distribution system.
- ❑ Generally, butterfly valve is used for stop valve, because of they are too big size.
- ❑ The valve stop maintenance schedule is set up every **06 months.**

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.2-Stop Vale: Maintenance procedure

The maintenance schedule for valve stop as below:

- ❑ First of all pump off the water and take off the sludge clean up all the facilities in side the chamber.
- ❑ Check and record the pipe, valve, bolt and nuts and fittings situation in side the chamber.
- ❑ Check the bolt and nuts by tightening all of them.
- ❑ Remove the corrosion from the valve, bolt and nuts and others equipment.
- ❑ Repaint the place where we remove the corrosion and put the grease for bolt and nuts.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.2-Stop Vale: Maintenance procedure

- ❑ Check the condition of rein-force concrete (crack or wet) and manhole cover.
- ❑ In case of rein-force concrete have crack or wet, **it's** necessary to repair and paint by anti corrosion paint in order to protect the corrosion.
- ❑ During the repairing **don't** allow to close the valve it cause damage for big burst on the pipe line. Another hand, the type of this valve have liner inside to protect the corrosion.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.2-Stop Vale: Picture for Valve stop Maintenance

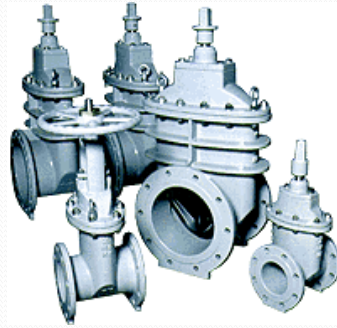


2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.2-Stop Valve: Gate valve and Butterfly valve



Butterfly Valve



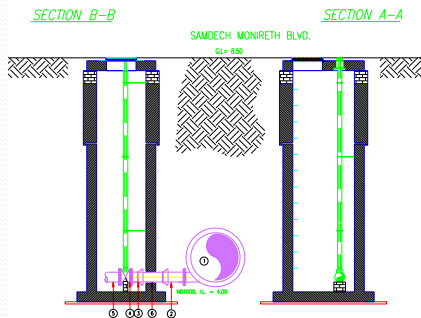
Gate Valve

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.3-Wastout or Drain out Valve: Role

Take out the water in the pipe in order to clean the pipe, generally, the location of these valves are located at the lowest point of the pipe.

The maintenance schedule is set up every **6 months**.



Washout

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.3-Wash out or Drain out Valve: Maintenance procedure

The maintenance schedule for wash out we did the same stop valve maintenance, in additional, just flow out the sludge and dirty water from the pipe.

In case of rein-force concrete have crack or wet it necessary to repair and re-paint by anti corrosion in order to protect the corrosion.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.4-Air Valve: Role

Air valve is used to take the air out from the pipe. In generally, air vales are located at the highest point of the pipe line.

The maintenance schedule is set up every **01 year**.



Single Air Valve



Double Air Valve

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.4-Air Valve: Maintenance procedure

The maintenance schedule for Air valve as below:

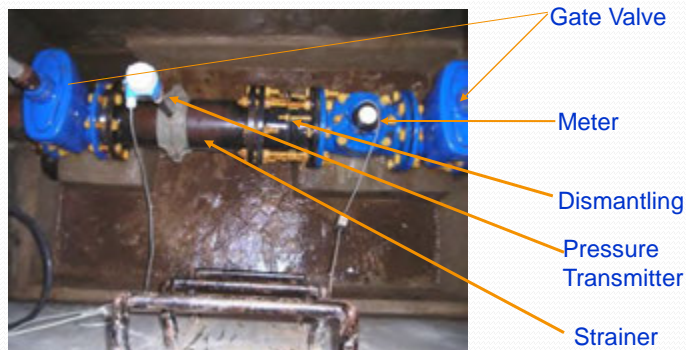
- ❑ First of all pump off the water and take off the sludge clean up all the facilities in side the chamber.
- ❑ Check and record the air valve condition, bolt and nuts as well the condition of operation.
- ❑ Remove the corrosion from the air valve body, bolt and nuts.
- ❑ Re-paint the place where we remove the corrosion and put the grease for bolt and nuts.
- ❑ Check the condition of rein force concrete(crack or wet) and manhole cover.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.5-Zone meter: Role

To measure water flow in in the block distribution. In PPWSA, every zone meter, we install the Telemeter system for collection the flow and pressure data.

The maintenance schedule is set up every **06 Months.**



2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.5-Zone meter: Maintenance procedure

The maintenance schedule for meter as below:

- ❑ First of all pump off the water, especially, after raining and take off the sludge clean up all the facilities in side the chamber.
- ❑ Check and record water running, bolt and nuts as well the strainer condition.
- ❑ Remove the corrosion from the air valve body, bolt and nuts.
- ❑ Re-paint the place where we remove the corrosion and put the grease for bolt and nuts.
- ❑ Check the condition of rein force concrete(crack or wet) and manhole cover.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.6-Telemeter: Maintenance procedure

The maintenance schedule for meter as below:

- ❑ Check the local panel by considering mainly on the humidity, heater, dust and insects that is prohibited, in side the local panel, as well out site the panel.
- ❑ If we found the abnormal situation, **it's** necessary to repair it. Increasing heat mean that the air fan will have a problem.



2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.7-Cleaning the pipe: Role and Procedure

To clean all the sand and dirty water in the network system. It cause of the reason: Pipe construction and leakage repairing **didn't** respect to the technical standard and Valve closing when leakage happens.

The maintenance schedule is set up every **02 Years.**

The procedure as below:

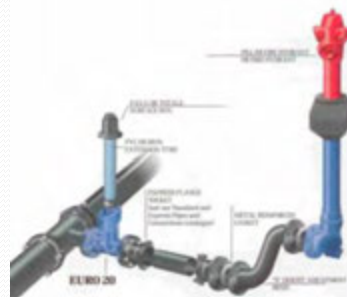
- ❑ Proper digging the trench for cleaning the pipe
- ❑ Close the valve and cut the pipe end for cleaning (Valve must be closed 100% with the proper velocity.
- ❑ Check the water which flow from the pipe every 1 mn by using the clean bottle with the volume 5 meters.
- ❑ **Don't** open the valve without checking.
- ❑ Record the pipe end in the as built drawing.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.8-Fire Hydrant: Role

Hydrant can be used to blow out the air in the pipe and to wash out the pipe to keep good water quality.

Fire hydrant is installed for public purpose tp prevent the fire disaster.



3 Outlet Hydrant

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.8-Fire Hydrant: Maintenance procedure

The maintenance schedule for Hydrant as below:

- ❑ Check the valve operation situation
- ❑ Check out let flow and body of fire hydrant as well as protection barrier.
- ❑ If found the corrosion or peeling off the paint have to remove the corrosion and re-paint it again.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.9-Leakage repairing: Role and Procedure

Water leakage is the most importance factor for water loss reduction. That why, leak repairing is the mains job which highly take in account.

The procedure as below:

- ❑ The starting after got the information not less than 01 hour.
- ❑ Big burst repairing which related to the closing valve for cut off the water in each block or sub zone is requested to carry out at night time. In case of emergency, need to ask the permission from the boss.
- ❑ Repair the leak at the dark place is prohibited because we **can't** see anything.
- ❑ **It's** necessary to flow out the water before making the connection.

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.10- Network Records: All network facilities

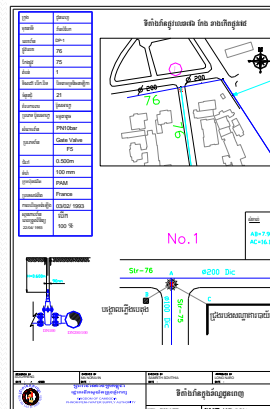
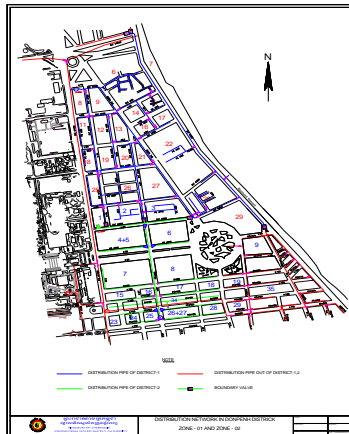
In order to get the efficient maintenance, it's necessary to make a book record for all the equipment of fittings such as detail plan, referent point, detail fittings,..Etc

The following information must be included and kept in the documents:

- Road name
- Main pipe distributing water
- Reservoir and pump station
- Valve hydrant and the place where we can drain the water

2-DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES Maintenance

2.10- Records: All network facilities



3-INCENTIVE AND PENALTY

3.1- Chief of group Punishment

The staff who carry out property and correctly according to the Standard Operating Procedure(SOP) will be provide the incentive, in the opposite, will be penalty according to the mistake. The limitation of the punishment depend on their mistake.

Chief group punishment as below:

- ❑ First mistake is provided punishment by blaming directly from the position according rank.
- ❑ First mistake is provided punishment by blaming letters from the director of AHR department and Penalty 100,000R

- ❑ Third mistake is provided punishment from the discipline committees decision

3-INCENTIVE AND PENALTY

3.2- Chief section and Vice Manager punish.

Chief section and Vice manger punishment as below:

- ❑ First mistake is provided punishment by blaming directly from the position according rank.
- ❑ First mistake is provided punishment by blaming letters from the director of AHR department and Penalty 200,000R

- ❑ Third mistake is provided punishment from the discipline committees decision

- ❖ Only the chief of group, chief section and the vice manger are punished.

4-CONCLUSION

All good work experience and mistake in job implementation, managers and directors have to spread to all the concerning staffs in order to improve and develop the work skill as well as to avoid the future mistake.

The Kent range of bulk meters
H4000 Woltmann cold water meters
Service manual



H4000

Woltmann cold water meters

Contents

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Introduction

The H4000 is a horizontal (parallel axis) Woltmann-type meter designed to measure bulk flows of cold potable water at flow rates of between 0.35m³/h and 2000m³/h. There are ten meter sizes (40mm, 50mm, 65mm, 80mm, 100mm, 125mm, 150mm, 200mm, 250mm and 300mm) and ISO4064, BS5728 Class B performance requirements are considerably exceeded in the forward flow direction. Forward flow accuracy is guaranteed to $\pm 5\%$ q_{min} to q_t and $\pm 2\%$ q_t to q_s. Reverse flow performance equates to class B requirements in sizes up to and including 125mm. The H4000 is suitable for water temperatures up to 50°C and has a maximum working pressure of 16 bar.

The helical vane is driven by the water and revolves in direct proportion to the quantity of water passing through the meter. The revolutions of the helical vane are transferred by appropriate reduction gearing and a magnetic drive to a register which is calibrated in metric, imperial or US gallons units.

The H4000 has been designed with the minimum number of components allowing long-term maintenance to be carried out by easy replacement of sub-assemblies.

Installation

It is recommended that a straight length of pipe the same diameter as the meter and equivalent in length to 10 times its diameter is fitted immediately prior to the meter inlet. Before installation the pipe line should be thoroughly flushed to remove any debris which may be present.

The meter should be fitted in accordance with the arrows shown on the body and top cover and it must be completely filled with water with no air present in the pipe line for correct operation to be obtained.

There must be no restriction in the pipe line at the meter inlet. Flange joints should not obstruct the flow into the meter body and any valve on the inlet side should be fully open. Any regulation of the flow should be carried out on the outlet side of the meter. The meter may be fitted in horizontal, vertical or inclined pipe lines without affecting its accuracy with the register arranged in the most convenient position for reading.

Flange bore masks should be removed prior to installation and the meter should be installed using suitable flange gaskets.

Removal from service

For relevant diagrams refer to the rear of this manual:

- a)** If the mechanism only is to be removed:
1. Shut off the supply and vent the line to remove any water pressure.
 2. Break the cover screw lead seal (10).
 3. Slacken the screws (9) and (12) securing the mechanism (3) to the body (1) but **do not remove**. To release any residual pressure within the meter, gently tap the cover (5) to break the joint. Remove the cover screws and washers (13) and lift out the mechanism.
 4. Replace the mechanism either by another or fit a blank to cover (5a) using a new 'O' ring (7).
- b)** If the complete meter is to be taken out:
1. Shut off the supply.
 2. Remove the flange bolts and nuts and lift out the meter.

Dismantling (Refer to page 10, exploded view, for item numbers).

1. If the meter is complete, remove the mechanism in accordance with the procedure given under Removal from service (a).
2. Remove the element securing screws (16) and washers (17) and place the cover, complete with register, to one side.
3. Drift out the spirol pins (22) from the element assembly using a pin punch and remove helical vane support (21).
4. Remove helical vane (20).
5. Undo the bearing screw (19). Remove front bearing (18) together with the regulator (23) and worm wheel assembly (26) simultaneously extracting both components.

Note:

The measuring mechanism is now completely dismantled except the diaphragm assembly (6) which normally would not need attention. We recommend this assembly is left in place to preserve the original calibration if at all possible. If, however, in the unlikely event damage has occurred the following procedure should be used.

6. Push out the diaphragm (6) with a large headed punch noting its position relative to the cast arrow on the cover (5).
7. Replace with new diaphragm (6) and 'O' ring (7). It may assist re-assembly if the 'O' ring is lightly greased with lithium listate grease.
8. Position diaphragm (6) by rotating with the diaphragm adjustment tool (48)

Tools: With the exception of the diaphragm adjustment tool no other special tools are required to maintain the meters. Proprietary hand tools should be available locally.

Re-Assembly

This is a direct reversal of the dismantling procedure.

Note:

The position of the diaphragm (6) within the cover is determined by initial factory calibration and it is recommended that this setting is not disturbed. If, however, the two components have to be separated then, a) the original diaphragm position should be marked on the cover such that it can be precisely repositioned or, b) the complete mechanism should be re-calibrated after assembly.

Fitment of Pulse Sensors to Polymer Register Assembly

If it is required to add sensors to the pulse outputs of the register, follow the procedure below:

Reed Switch Sensor

1. Undo the two shroud screws (41) and remove the shroud (40).
2. Insert sensor in appropriate position with the cable to the bottom as shown on the label (39) inside the register lid.
3. Run the cable out through the slot in the lid ring (35) adjacent to the hinge.
4. Replace the shroud and fasten the screws.

Opto Switch Sensor

This is fitted in a similar manner to the reed switch above. It must however only be located in the slot with the reflective drum showing through the register wall.

Fitment of Pulse Sensors to Copper Can Register Assembly

If it is required to add sensors to the pulse outputs of the register, follow the procedure below:

Reed Switch Sensor

1. Undo the two shroud screws (41) and remove the shroud (40).
2. Clip in the sensor in appropriate position with the cable to the bottom after first removing the closure panel (42) as shown on the label inside the register lid.
3. Run the cable out through the slot in the base ring (35a) adjacent to the hinge. Ensuring that the restraint ferrule on the cable is inside the shroud and that the cable runs in an anti-clockwise direction from the sensor.
4. Replace the shroud and fasten the screws.

Opto Switch Sensor

1. Remove the cover plugs (44) on the top of the shroud (40).
2. Locate the opto switch sensor (46) using the two thumb screws (47).

Note:

For further information on pulse sensors, refer to the H4000 specification sheet.

Performance

Size of meter (mm)		40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300
Maximum peak flow $\pm 2\%$ qs	m ³ /h	90	90	120	200	250	250	600	1000	1600	2000
Recommended continuous flow rate $\pm 2\%$ qp	m ³ /h	50	50	65	120	180	180	450	700	1000	1500
Transitional flow rate $\pm 2\%$ qt	m ³ /h	1.0	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	6.0	11	15
Minimum flow rate (horizontal) $\pm 5\%$ qmin	m ³ /h	0.35	0.35	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.8	4.0	6.0	12
Maximum water temperature	°C	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Maximum working pressure	bar	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16

Standard ISO 4064/BS5728/EEC specification Class B

Maximum peak flow $\pm 2\%$ qs	m ³ /h	–	30	50	80	120	200	300	500	800	1200
Recommended continuous flow rate $\pm 2\%$ qp	m ³ /h	–	15	25	40	60	100	150	250	400	600
Transitional flow rate $\pm 2\%$ qt	m ³ /h	–	3	5	8	12	20	30	50	80	120
Minimum flow rate $\pm 5\%$ qmin	m ³ /h	–	0.45	0.75	1.2	1.8	3.0	4.5	7.5	12	18

Materials of construction

40mm – 125mm

Parts	Materials
Body	Grey iron
Cover	Grey iron
Diaphragm	Brass
Measuring element	Loaded Noryl
Rotor support	Loaded Noryl
Regulator blade	Loaded Noryl
Front bearing unit	Loaded Nylon
WW spindle top brg bush	Loaded Nylon
Helical vane	Loaded polypropylene
Helical vane worm	Loaded polypropylene
Worm wheel	Loaded polyphenylene sulfide
Element security clip	Loaded Noryl
Rotor journal bearings	Synthetic sapphire
Rotor bearings spacers	Noryl
Stub spindles	Tungsten carbide
Thrust pads	Tungsten carbide
Stub spindle box	Stainless steel
Worm wheel spindle	Stainless steel
Magnet carrier	Loaded Noryl
Magnets	Samarium cobalt
'O' seals	Synthetic rubber
Fasteners	Stainless steel
Body and cover finish	Epoxy powder coated

Counter:

Lid	Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene/polycarbonate
Lid ring	Polycarbonate
Clamp ring	Polyacetal
Shroud	Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene/polycarbonate

Counter assembly:

Gear plates	Loaded Noryl
Gears	Nylon
Housing	Polycarbonate or copper
Rollers	Polyacetal
Spindles	Stainless steel
Jewel	Synthetic sapphire
'O' seal	Synthetic rubber
Screws	Stainless steel

150mm – 300mm

Parts	Materials
Body	Grey iron
Cover	Grey iron
Diaphragm	Brass
Measuring element	Loaded Noryl
Rotor support	Loaded Noryl
Regulator blade	Loaded Noryl
Front bearing unit	Loaded Nylon
WW spindle top brg bush	Loaded Nylon
Helical vane	Polypropylene
Helical vane worm	Loaded polyphenylene sulfide
Worm wheel	Loaded polyphenylene sulfide
Element security clip	Polystyrene
Rotor journal bearings	Synthetic sapphire
Rotor bearings spacers	Noryl
Stub spindles	Tungsten carbide
Thrust pads	Tungsten carbide
Stub spindle box	Stainless steel
Worm wheel spindle	Stainless steel
Magnet carrier	Loaded Noryl
Magnets	Samarium cobalt
'O' seals	Synthetic rubber
Fasteners	Stainless steel
Body and cover finish	Epoxy powder coated

Counter:

Lid	Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene/polycarbonate
Lid ring	Polycarbonate
Clamp ring	Polyacetal
Shroud	Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene/polycarbonate

Counter assembly:

Gear plates	Loaded Noryl
Gears	Nylon
Housing	Polycarbonate or copper
Rollers	Polyacetal
Spindles	Stainless steel
Jewel	Synthetic sapphire
'O' seal	Synthetic rubber
Screws	Stainless steel

H4000 Spare Parts List

Item Description	Qty	40mm	50mm	65mm	80mm	100mm
1a Body – overall length: BS5728 (short)		200mm	200mm	200mm	200mm	250mm
Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN16	1	–	HPB0902	HPC0902	HPD0902	HPE0902
Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN10	1	–	HPB0902	HPC0902	HPD0902	HPE0902
Flanges drilled to suit ISO R13	1	–	HPB0902	HPC0902	HPD0902	HPE0902
1b Body – overall length: 225mm		–	–	–	225mm	–
Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN10/16	1	–	–	–	HPD0903	–
Flanges drilled to suit ISO R13	1	–	–	–	HPD0906	–
1c Body – overall length: BS5728 (long)		300mm	300mm	300mm	350mm	350mm
Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN10/16	1	HPA0918	HPB0918	HPC0918	HPD0918	HPE0918
Flanges drilled to suit ISO R13	1	HPA0918	HPB0918	HPC0918	HPD0918	HPE0918
1d Body – overall length: Kent		311mm	311mm	–	413mm	483mm
Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN16	1	HPA0917	HPB0917	–	HPD0917	HPE0917
Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN10	1	HPA0917	HPB0917	–	HPD0917	HPE0917
Flanges drilled to suit ISO R13	1	HPA0917	HPB0917	–	HPD0917	HPE0917
2 Flange washers to suit BS4504 PN10/16 and ISO R13	2	2413X4006	2413X4008	2413X4012	2413X4016	2413X4020
3 Complete mechanism, includes register assembly and ‘O’ ring (14), excludes items 9 to 13						
With polymer reg. assbly. (0.001m ³ /pulse)	1	HPA7804	HPB7804	HPC7804	HPD7804	HPE7804
With polymer reg. assbly. (0.001, 0.1 & 1m ³ /pulse)	1	HPA7801	HPB7801	HPC7801	HPD7801	HPE7801
With copper can reg. assbly. (0.001m ³ /pulse)	1	HPA7806	HPB7806	HPC7806	HPD7806	HPE7806
With copper can reg. assbly. (0.001, 0.01 & 1m ³ /pulse)	1	HPA7807	HPB7807	HPC7807	HPD7807	HPE7807
With copper can reg. assbly. (0.001, 0.1 & 1m ³ /pulse)	1	HPA7808	HPB7808	HPC7808	HPD7808	HPE7808
4 Cover assembly	1	HPD4920	HPD4920	HPD4920	HPD4920	HPD4920
5 Cover	1	HPD0920	HPD0920	HPD0920	HPD0920	HPD0920
5a Blank cover (not shown on diagram)	1	HPD7600	HPD7600	HPD7600	HPD7600	HPD7600
6 Diaphragm assembly	1	HPD7003	HPD7003	HPD7003	HPD7003	HPD7003
7 ‘O’ ring	1	2411X2548	2411X2548	2411X2548	2411X2548	2411X2548
8 Size identification label	1	HPA0015	HPB0015	HPC0015	HPD0015	HPE0015
9 Cover sealing screw	1	HPD0010	HPD0010	HPD0010	HPD0010	HPD0010
10 Lead seal	1	MNA0030	MNA0030	MNA0030	MNA0030	MNA0030
11 Lock wire	1	MNA0031	MNA0031	MNA0031	MNA0031	MNA0031
12 Cover screw	3	2201M3299	2201M3299	2201M3299	2201M3299	2201M3299
13 Washer	4	2290M3282	2290M3282	2290M3282	2290M3282	2290M3282
14 ‘O’ ring	1	2411X2549	2411X2549	2411X2549	2411X2549	2411X2549
15 Measuring element	1	HPB0900	HPB0900	HPB0900	HPB0900	HPB0900
16 Element screw	3	2220M3205	2220M3205	2220M3205	2220M3205	2220M3205
17 Washer	3	2290M3162	2290M3162	2290M3162	2290M3162	2290M3162
18 Front bearing	1	HPD0801	HPD0801	HPD0801	HPD0801	HPD0801
19 Front bearing screw	1	2261M3178	2261M3178	2261M3178	2261M3178	2261M3178
20 Helical vane assembly	1	HPB7002	HPB7002	HPB7002	HPD7002	HPD7002
21 Helical vane support assembly	1	HPB7001	HPB7001	HPB7001	HPD7001	HPD7001
22 Spirol pin	2	2287M3192	2287M3192	2287M3192	2387M3192	2387M3192
23 Regulator blade	1	HPB0800	HPB0800	HPB0800	HPD0800	HPD0800
24 ‘O’ ring	1	2411X2550	2411X2550	2411X2550	2411X2550	2411X2550
25 Worm wheel spindle	1	HPB0002	HPB0002	HPB0002	HPD0002	HPD0002
26 Worm wheel	1	HPD0003	HPD0003	HPD0003	HPD0003	HPD0003
27 Clip	1	MHA0012	MHA0012	MHA0012	MHA0012	MHA0012
28 Magnet/carrier assembly	1	HPD4008	HPD4008	HPD4008	HPD4008	HPD4008

H4000 Spare Parts List – continued

Item Description	Qty	40mm	50mm	65mm	80mm	100mm
29 Polymer register assembly:						
0.001m ³ /pulse	1	HPX4100	HPX4100	HPX4105	HPX4110	HPX4115
0.001, 0.1 and 1m ³ /pulse	1	HPX4102	HPX4102	HPX4107	HPX4112	HPX4117
29a Copper can register and sensor holder assembly:						
0.001m ³ /pulse	1	HPA7025	HPA7025	HPC7025	HPD7025	HPE7025
0.001, 0.01 and 1m ³ /pulse	1	HPA7026	HPA7026	HPC7026	HPD7026	HPE7026
0.001, 0.1 and 1m ³ /pulse	1	HPA7027	HPA7027	HPC7027	HPD7027	HPE7027
30 'O' ring – to suit polymer register assembly	1	2411M2668	2411M2668	2411M2668	2411M2668	2411M2668
31 Clamp ring – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0001	CAE0001	CAE0001	CAE0001	CAE0001
31a Clamp ring – to suit copper can register	1	CAE0071	CAE0071	CAE0071	CAE0071	CAE0071
32 Clamp ring screw – to suit polymer register	3	2203M3173	2203M3173	2203M3173	2203M3173	2203M3173
Clamp ring screw – to suit copper can register	3	2214M3173	2214M3173	2214M3173	2214M3173	2214M3173
33 Clamp ring sealing plug – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0020	CAE0020	CAE0020	CAE0020	CAE0020
33a Clamp ring sealing plug – to suit copper can register	3	CAE0060	CAE0060	CAE0060	CAE0060	CAE0060
34 Clamp ring lead seal – to suit polymer register only	2	2376M1201	2376M1201	2376M1201	2376M1201	2376M1201
35 Lid ring – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0003	CAE0003	CAE0003	CAE0003	CAE0003
35a Base ring – to suit copper can register	1	CAE0069	CAE0069	CAE0069	CAE0069	CAE0069
36 Lid ring nut	2	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115
Shroud ring nut – to suit copper can register	3	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115
37 EC approval plate – to suit polymer register:						
For 10 bar working pressure	1	HPA7040	HPB7040	HPC7040	HPD7040	HPE7040
For 16 bar working pressure	1	HPA7040	HPB7040	HPC7040	HPD7040	HPE7040
37a EC approval label – to suit copper can register:						
For 10 bar working pressure	1	HPA0066	HPB0066	HPC0066	HPD0066	HPE0066
For 16 bar working pressure	1	HPA0066	HPB0066	HPC0066	HPD0066	HPE0066
38 Lid (Kent) – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0009	CAE0009	CAE0009	CAE0009	CAE0009
Lid (Kent) – to suit copper can register	1	CAE0073	CAE0073	CAE0073	CAE0073	CAE0073
39 Sensor fitting label (English) – to suit polymer reg.	1	7604M2022	7604M2022	7604M2022	7604M2022	7604M2022
Sensor fitting label (English) – to suit copper can reg.	1	7604M2055	7604M2055	7604M2055	7604M2055	7604M2055
40 Shroud – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0002	CAE0002	CAE0002	CAE0002	CAE0002
Shroud – to suit copper can register	1	LAE0073	LAE0073	LAE0073	LAE0073	LAE0073
41 Shroud screw – to suit polymer register	2	2204M3145	2204M3145	2204M3145	2204M3145	2204M3145
Shroud screw – to suit copper can register	2	2214M3174	2214M3174	2214M3174	2214M3174	2214M3174
42 Closure panel – to suit copper can register only	3	CAE0059	CAE0059	CAE0059	CAE0059	CAE0059
43 Spirol pin – to suit copper can register only	1	2287M3137	2287M3137	2287M3137	2287M3137	2287M3137
44 Cover plug – to suit copper can register only	2	2378M2500	2378M2500	2378M2500	2378M2500	2378M2500
45 Reed switch pulser (polymer and copper can register)		Contact Elster Metering Limited for full list of pulsers				
46 Opto switch pulser – polymer register		Contact Elster Metering Limited for full list of pulsers				
46a Opto switch pulser – copper can register		Contact Elster Metering Limited for full list of pulsers				
47 Opto switch pulser thumb screws	2	CAE0082				
48 Diaphragm adjustment tool (not shown)	1	HPA7800				

Note: An inductive sensor is also available, contact Elster Metering Limited for details.

Item 34 – these seals are not available as a spare as they may only be fitted to original factory supplied meters which have been calibrated and certified to EEC standards.

Items 31 and 35 are only supplied as a sub-assembly.

Items 31a, 35a and 37a are only supplied as a sub-assembly.

Items 38 and 39 are only supplied as a sub-assembly.

Helix 4000 Spare Parts List

Item	Description	Qty	125mm	150mm	200mm	250mm	300mm
1a	Body – overall length: BS5728 (short)		250mm	300mm	350mm	450mm	500mm
	Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN16	1	HPF0902	HPG0902	HPH0902	HPJ0902	HPK0902
	Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN10	1	HPF0902	HPG0902	HPH0902	HPJ0902	HPK0902
	Flanges drilled to suit ISO R13	1	HPF0902	HPG0902	HPH0902	HPJ0902	HPK0902
1b	Body – overall length: BS5728 (long)		–	500mm	–	–	–
	Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN10/16	1	–	HPG0918	–	–	–
	Flanges drilled to suit ISO R13	1	–	HPG0918	–	–	–
1d	Body – overall length: Kent		–	–	520mm	–	–
	Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN16	1	–	–	HPH0917	–	–
	Flanges drilled to suit BS4504 PN10	1	–	–	HPH0928	–	–
	Flanges drilled to suit ISO R13	1	–	–	HPH0928	–	–
2	Flange washers to suit BS4504 PN10/16 and ISO R13	2	2413X4024	KXH0630	KXJ0630	–	–
3	Complete mechanism, includes register assembly and 'O' ring (14), excludes items 9 to 13						
	With polymer reg. assbly. (0.001m ³ /pulse)	1	HPF7804	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	With polymer reg. assbly. (0.01m ³ /pulse)	1	n/a	HPG7804	HPH7804	HPJ7804	HPK7804
	With polymer reg. assbly. (0.001, 0.1 and 1m ³ /pulse)	1	HPF7801	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	With polymer reg. assbly. (0.01, 1 and 10m ³ /pulse)	1	n/a	HPG7801	HPH7801	HPJ7801	HPK7801
	With copper can reg. assbly. (0.001m ³ /pulse)	1	HPF7806	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	With copper can reg. assbly. (0.01m ³ /pulse)	1	n/a	HPG7806	HPH7806	HPJ7806	HPK7806
	With copper can reg. assbly. (0.001, 0.1 & 1m ³ /pulse)	1	HPF7807	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	With copper can reg. assbly. (0.01, 0.1 & 10m ³ /pulse)	1	n/a	HPG7807	HPH7807	HPJ7807	HPK7807
	With copper can reg. assbly. (0.001, 0.1 & 1m ³ /pulse)	1	HPF7808	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	With copper can reg. assbly. (0.01, 0.1 & 10m ³ /pulse)	1	n/a	HPG7808	HPH7808	HPJ7808	HPK7808
4	Cover assembly	1	HPD4920	HPG4920	HPG4920	HPG4920	HPG4920
5	Cover	1	HPD0920	HPG0920	HPG0920	HPG0920	HPG0920
5a	Blank cover (not shown on diagram)	1	HPD7600	HPG7600	HPG7600	HPG7600	HPG7600
6	Diaphragm assembly	1	HPD7003	HPD7003	HPD7003	HPD7003	HPD7003
7	'O' ring	1	2411X2548	2411X2548	2411X2548	2411X2548	2411X2548
8	Size identification label	1	HPF0015	HPG0015	HPH0015	HPJ0015	HPK0015
9	Cover sealing screw	1	HPD0010	HPG0010	HPG0010	HPG0010	HPG0010
10	Lead seal	1	MNA0030	MNA0030	MNA0030	MNA0030	MNA0030
11	Lock wire	1	MNA0031	MNA0031	MNA0031	MNA0031	MNA0031
12	Cover screw (125mm)	3	2201M3299	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Cover screw (150-300mm)	5	n/a	2201M3314	2201M3314	2201M3314	2201M3314
13	Washer (125mm)	4	2290M3282	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Washer (150-300mm)	6	n/a	2290M3285	2290M3285	2290M3285	2290M3285
14	'O' ring	1	2411X2549	2411X2552	2411X2552	2411X2552	2411X2552
15	Measuring element	1	HPD0900	HPG0900	HPG0900	HPG0900	HPG0900
16	Element screw (125mm)	3	2220M3205	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Element screw (150-300mm)	5	n/a	2220M3208	2220M3208	2220M3208	2220M3208
17	Washer (125mm)	3	2290M3162	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Washer (150-300mm)	5	n/a	2290M3284	2290M3284	2290M3284	2290M3284
18	Front bearing	1	HPD0801	HPG0801	HPG0801	HPG0801	HPG0801
19	Front bearing screw	1	2261M3179	2261M3179	2261M3179	2261M3179	2261M3179
20	Helical vane assembly	1	HPD7002	HPG7002	HPH7002	HPJ7002	HPK7002
21	Helical vane support assembly	1	HPD7001	HPG7001	HPG7001	HPG7001	HPG7001
22	Spirol pin	2	2287M3192	2287M3257	2287M3257	2287M3257	2287M3257
23	Regulator blade	1	HPD0800	HPG0800	HPG0800	HPG0800	HPG0800
24	'O' ring	1	2411X2550	2411X2551	2411X2551	2411X2551	2411X2551
25	Worm wheel spindle	1	HPD0002	HPG0002	HPG0002	HPG0002	HPG0002
26	Worm wheel	1	HPD0003	HPG0003	HPH0003	HPJ0003	HPJ0003

Helix 4000 Spare Parts List – continued

Item Description	Qty	125mm	150mm	200mm	250mm	300mm
27 Clip	1	MHA0012	MHA0012	MHA0012	MHA0012	MHA0012
28 Magnet/carrier assembly	1	HPD4008	HPD4008	HPD4008	HPD4008	HPD4008
29 Polymer register assembly:						
0.001m ³ /pulse	1	HPX4115	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
0.01m ³ /pulse	1	n/a	HPX4230	HPX4235	–	–
0.001, 0.1 and 1m ³ /pulse	1	HPX4117	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
0.1, 1 and 10m ³ /pulse	1	n/a	HPX4232	HPX4237	–	–
29a Copper can register and sensor holder assembly:						
0.001m ³ /pulse	1	HPE7025	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
0.01m ³ /pulse	1	n/a	HPG7025	HPH7025	–	–
0.001, 0.01 and 1m ³ /pulse	1	HPE7026	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
0.01, 0.1 and 10m ³ /pulse	1	n/a	HPG7026	HPH7026	–	–
0.001, 0.1 and 1m ³ /pulse	1	HPE7027	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
0.01, 1 and 10m ³ /pulse	1	n/a	HPG7027	HPH7027	–	–
30 'O' ring – to suit polymer register assembly	1	2411M2668	2411M2668	2411M2668	2411M2668	2411M2668
31 Clamp ring – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0001	CAE0001	CAE0001	CAE0001	CAE0001
31a Clamp ring – to suit copper can register	1	CAE0071	CAE0071	CAE0071	CAE0071	CAE0071
32 Clamp ring screw – to suit polymer register	3	2203M3173	2203M3173	2203M3173	2203M3173	2203M3173
Clamp ring screw – to suit copper can register	3	2214M3173	2214M3173	2214M3173	2214M3173	2214M3173
33 Clamp ring sealing plug – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0020	CAE0020	CAE0020	CAE0020	CAE0020
33a Clamp ring sealing plug – to suit copper can register	3	CAE0060	CAE0060	CAE0060	CAE0060	CAE0060
34 Clamp ring lead seal – to suit polymer register only	2	2376M1201	2376M1201	2376M1201	2376M1201	2376M1201
35 Lid ring – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0003	CAE0003	CAE0003	CAE0003	CAE0003
35a Base ring – to suit copper can register	1	CAE0069	CAE0069	CAE0069	CAE0069	CAE0069
36 Lid/base ring nut	2	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115
Shroud ring nut – to suit copper can register	3	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115	2240M6115
37 EC approval plate – to suit polymer register:						
For 10 bar working pressure	1	HPF7040	HPF7040	HPH7041	HPJ7041	HPK7041
For 16 bar working pressure	1	HPF7040	HPG7040	HPH7040	HPJ7040	HPK7040
37a EC approval label – to suit copper can register:						
For 10 bar working pressure	1	HPF0066	HPG0066	HPH0067	HPJ0067	HPK0067
For 16 bar working pressure	1	HPF0066	HPG0066	HPH0066	HPJ0066	HPK0066
38 Lid (Kent) – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0009	CAE0009	CAE0009	CAE0009	CAE0009
Lid (Kent) – to suit copper can register	1	CAE0073	CAE0073	CAE0073	CAE0073	CAE0073
39 Sensor fitting label (English) – to suit polymer reg.	1	7604M2022	7604M2022	7604M2022	7604M2022	7604M2022
Sensor fitting label (English) – to suit copper can reg.	1	7604M2055	7604M2055	7604M2055	7604M2055	7604M2055
40 Shroud – to suit polymer register	1	CAE0002	CAE0002	CAE0002	CAE0002	CAE0002
Shroud – to suit copper can register	1	LAE0073	LAE0073	LAE0073	LAE0073	LAE0073
41 Shroud screw – to suit polymer register	2	2204M3145	2204M3145	2204M3145	2204M3145	2204M3145
Shroud screw – to suit copper can register	2	2214M3174	2214M3174	2214M3174	2214M3174	2214M3174
42 Closure panel – to suit copper can register only	3	CAE0059	CAE0059	CAE0059	CAE0059	CAE0059
43 Spirol pin – to suit copper can register only	1	2287M3137	2287M3137	2287M3137	2287M3137	2287M3137
44 Cover plug – to suit copper can register only	2	2378M2500	2378M2500	2378M2500	2378M2500	2378M2500
45 Reed switch pulser (polymer and copper can register)		Contact Elster Metering Limited for full list of pulsers				
46 Opto switch pulser – polymer register		Contact Elster Metering Limited for full list of pulsers				
46a Opto switch pulser – copper can register		Contact Elster Metering Limited for full list of pulsers				
47 Opto switch pulser thumb screws	2	CAE0082				
48 Diaphragm adjustment tool (not shown)	1	HPA7800				

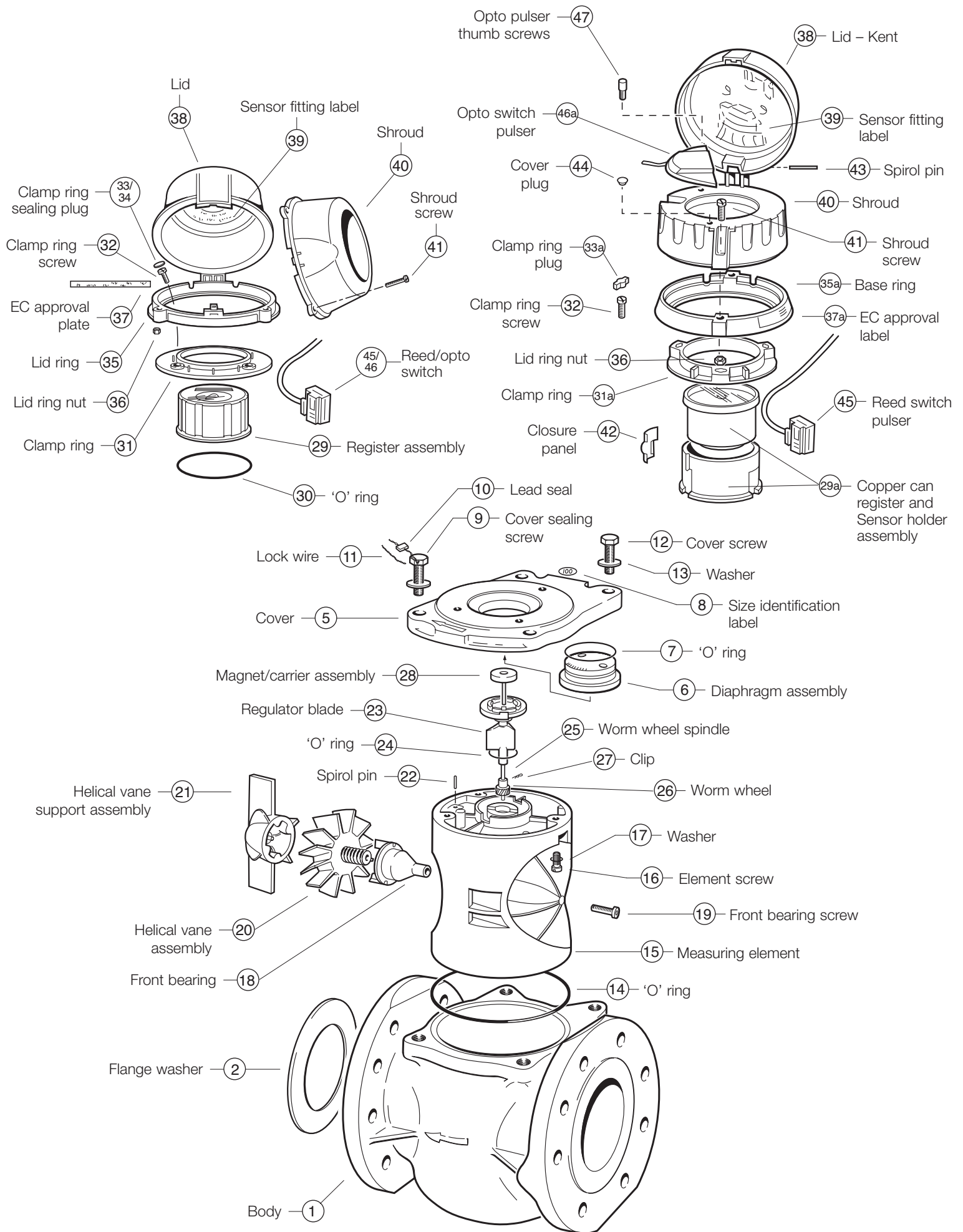
Note: An inductive sensor is also available, contact Elster Metering Limited for details.

Item 34 – these seals are not available as a spare as they may only be fitted to original factory supplied meters which have been calibrated and certified to EEC standards.

Items 31 and 35 are only supplied as a sub-assembly.

Items 31a, 35a and 37a are only supplied as a sub-assembly.

Items 38 and 39 are only supplied as a sub-assembly.



About Elster Group

Elster Group is the world's leading manufacturer and supplier of highly accurate, high quality, integrated metering and utilisation solutions to the gas, electricity and water industries. In addition, through its subsidiary Ipsen International, it is the leading global manufacturer of high level thermo-chemical treatment equipment.

The group has over 9,000 staff, operations in 38 countries and serves over 115 markets around the world. Elster's high quality products and systems reflect the wealth of knowledge and experience gained from over 170 years of dedication to measuring precious resources and energy.

Pressure equipment directive 97/23/EC

This product is applicable in networks for the supply, distribution and discharge of water and associated equipment and is therefore exempt.

Elster Metering Limited
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The Company's policy is one of continuous improvement and the right is reserved to modify the specifications without notice.

8507C4444

The Kent Range of Domestic Meters

Kent PSM Volumetric cold water meters

The world's favourite domestic water meter



Kent PSM Volumetric cold water meters

- **The world's biggest-selling domestic water meter**
- **Optimum accuracy and performance at all times, in any position**
- **Revolutionary grooved piston for improved durability and performance**
- **Durable tamperproof construction**
- **Full range of sizes from 15mm to 40mm**
- **Water temperatures up to 50°C**
- **Maximum working pressure of 16 bar**
- **Pulse output available providing access to management information**



The Kent PSM is the world's favourite domestic water meter, with over 50 million already in service in over 100 countries, and offers accuracy, long life, low maintenance and tamperproof operation.

Available in sizes from 15mm to 40mm, with flow rates of between 7.5 l/h to 20 m³/h, Kent PSM meters offer unrivalled performance to BS5728, ISO4064 Class C or D (for 15mm to 25mm only).

In addition, models can provide valuable management information via a probe pulse unit upgrade.

Unrivalled accuracy in any position, for any flow

Due to the volumetric rotary piston measurement principle, the Kent PSM range can achieve the highest levels of reading accuracy even at the lowest flow rate.

The meter can be installed in any position: horizontally, vertically or inclined pipelines, maintaining optimum performance with no loss of accuracy.

Robust, leak-proof construction

The use of advanced engineering plastics for the meter's measuring chamber significantly reduces wear and helps maintain reliable, accurate measurement over all operating conditions. Solid particles are gathered by a large surface area strainer, further preventing damage; and its advanced design ensures that partial obstruction of the strainer will have no ill effect on the accuracy of the meter's registration.

A body 'O' ring seal between the measuring chamber and meter body ensures that internal leaks which could by-pass the measuring chamber are eliminated.

Easy to read

The counter is fully sealed, liquid filled using a vacuum and offers simple, straight-reading presentation. The number rollers are completely immersed in a lubricating non-toxic

liquid, and a sac attached to the counter casing acts as a balancing membrane, ensuring the pressure of the liquid in the counter equals that of the external water. The counter window is inside the meter body in the direction of flow for simplified reading.

Tamperproof operation

The Kent PSM offers unrivalled resistance to illegal tampering: its unique conical body-half design eliminates the risk of disassembly whilst in service and the mechanically driven cyclometer-type counter is resistant to magnetic interference.

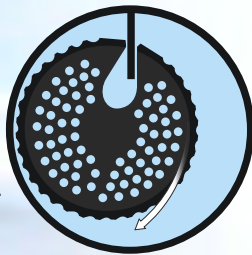
An optional return reverse flow restrictor provides further protection against outside interference, preventing the meter being operated in the reverse direction to reduce the reading. This restrictor cannot be removed without opening the meter and destroying the seal.

Revolutionary grooved piston

Meter stoppages are substantially reduced, durability enhanced and performance improved as a result of a uniquely-designed grooved piston within the meter measuring chamber, increasing applications flexibility (available in 15mm and 20mm sizes).

Relative motion of the grooved piston.

Its action, with the stationary chamber wall, creates small flow eddies which hold solids in suspension until flushed out, reducing meter stoppages.

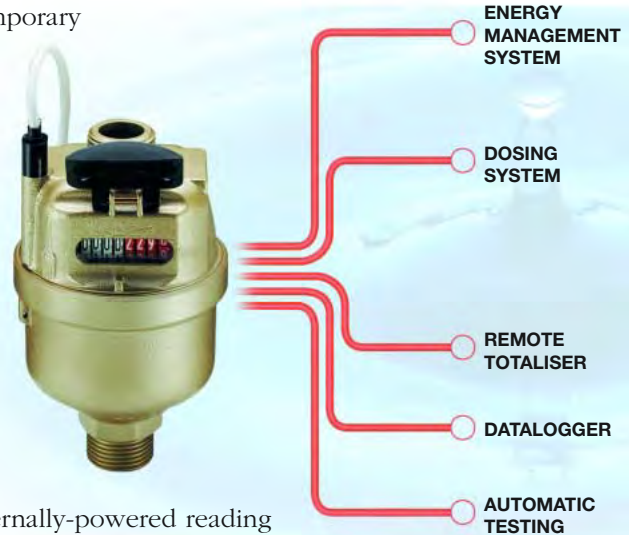


Reliability guaranteed

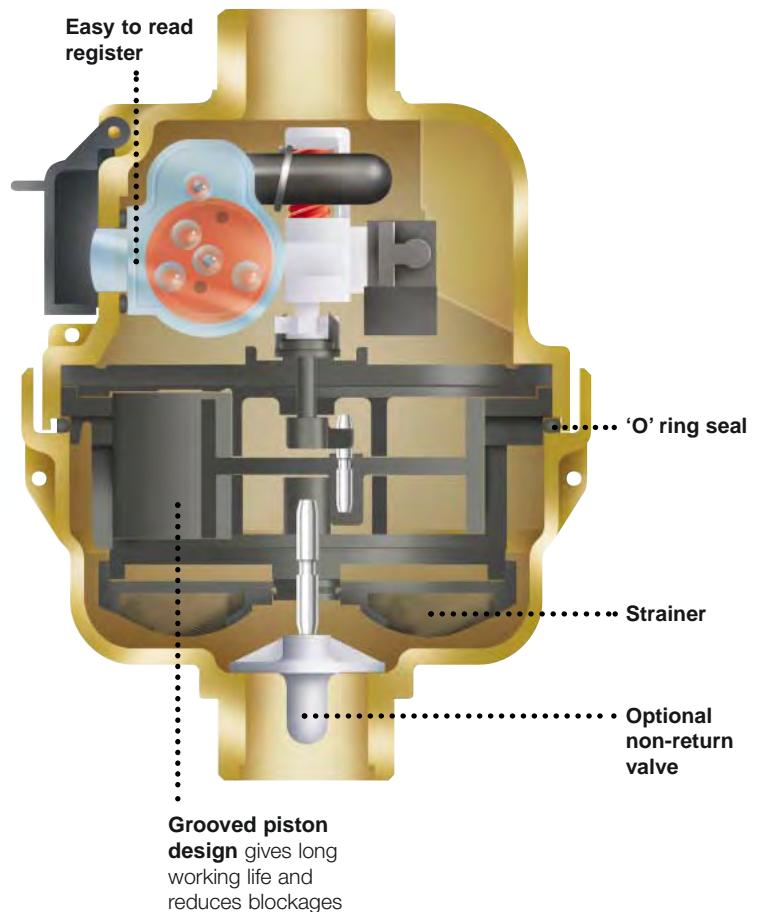
Every Kent PSM meter is individually tested over its flow range before despatch, and is manufactured from the highest quality materials ensuring maximum resistance to wear and corrosion. All Elster meters are UK WRc approved to prevent health risk.

Vital management information tool

Valuable management information can be obtained with the aid of a probe pulse unit, available on Kent PSM meters. The unit provides important consumption and flow information on a temporary or permanent basis, allowing examination and analysis of consumption patterns and providing a valuable early detection of leaks. Volt-free probe pulsers provide output signals for interrogation by externally-powered reading devices and can be attached to previously installed Kent PSM meters with the facility to install a probe pulse unit, at any time without interrupting the water supply.



Kent PSM meter



Kent PSM

Specifications Class C to BS5728 and ISO4064

Meter size (mm)			15	20	25	30	40
Overload flow rate	qs±2%	m ³ /h	3	5	7	12	20
Permanent flow rate	qp±2%	m ³ /h	1.5	2.5	3.5	6	10
Transitional flow rate	qt±2%	l/h	22.5	37.5	52.5	90	150
Minimum flow rate	qm±5%	l/h	15	25	35	60	100
Starting flow (approximate)		l/h	5.7	9.5	13.2	22.5	37.5
Output pulse		litre/pulse	0.5	0.5	5	5	5
Meter diameter		mm	85	95	104	120	158
Meter length preferred		mm	165	190	-	-	300
Meter length alternative		mm	115 or 134	185	199	199	-
Length over connectors		mm	200 or 228	257	311	327	421
Weight - Meter only (approximate)		kg	0.80 or 0.90	1.30	1.30	2.20	3.70

Specifications Class D to BS5728 and ISO4064

Meter size (mm)			15	15	20
Overload flow rate	qs±2%	m ³ /h	2	3	5
Permanent flow rate	qp±2%	m ³ /h	1	1.5	2.5
Transitional flow rate	qt±2%	l/h	11.5	17.25	28.75
Minimum flow rate	qm±5%	l/h	7.5	11.25	18.75
Starting flow (approx)		l/h	3.4	3.4	5.7
Output pulse		litre/pulse	0.5	0.5	0.5
Meter diameter		mm	85	86	86
Meter length preferred		mm	-	165	190
Meter length alternative		mm	134	115 or 134	165
Length over connectors		mm	-	200 or 228	257
Weight - Meter only (approximate)		kg	1.02	1.08	1.27

Specifications Class K

Meter size (mm)			15	20	25	30	40
Overload flow rate	qs±2%	m ³ /h	3.5	5	7.5	12	20
Permanent flow rate	qp±2%	m ³ /h	2.73	2.95	4.55	6.8	10
Transitional flow rate	qt±2%	l/h	22.5	37.5	52.5	90	150
Minimum flow rate	qm±5%	l/h	15	25	35	60	100
Starting flow (approximate)		l/h	3.4	3.4	5.7	13.6	20
Meter length		mm	115 or 134	195	199	199	300
Meter radius		mm	43	43	52	60	78
Length over connectors		mm	200 or 228	257	311	327	421
Nominal pipe size		mm	15	20	25	30	40
Weight - Meter only (approximate)		kg	0.80 or 0.90	1.30	1.30	2.2	3.7

Pressure equipment directive 97/23/EC

This product is applicable in networks for the supply, distribution and discharge of water and associated equipment and is therefore exempt.



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The George Kent policy is one of continuous improvement and the right is reserved to modify the specifications without notice.

V110 Class C Volumetric cold water meters

Permanent flow rate	qp	m³/h	1.5	2.5	3.5
Size		mm	15	20	25

- Volumetric rotary-piston principle of measurement ensures registration even at the very lowest rates of flow with maintained accuracy over the flow range
- Unique grooved piston design (15mm and 20mm)
- Can be installed in horizontal, vertical or inclined pipelines without affecting accuracy
- The co-polymer resin manufactured body allows its use with absolute confidence where waters with aggressive or de-mineralisation properties exist
- Requires no calibration throughout its lifespan
- 'O' ring seal placed between the measuring chamber and meter body ensures that internal leaks which could by-pass the measuring chamber are eliminated
- Use of advanced engineered plastics for the measuring chamber minimises wear and maintains reliability under all operating conditions
- Large surface area fine filter prevents damage by gathering solid particles. Due to its design, a partially obstructed filter will not affect the meter's accurate registration



Compliance with standards

Performance figures for the V110 range meet the requirements of the following:

- ISO4064
- EEC Directive 75/33/EEC
- BS5728 Class C

Register

The register is fully-sealed, vacuum filled, with a simple-straight-reading presentation. The number rollers are totally immersed in a non-toxic liquid which acts as a lubricant. The sac attached to the register casing acts as a balancing membrane and ensures the pressure of the liquid in the register is the same as that of the water inside the meter. The register is placed in a window inside the meter body in the direction of flow for easy reading.

Tamperproof

The V110 offers outstanding resistance to illegal tampering. Its unique conical body-half design means it cannot be disassembled while in service and the mechanically-driven register cannot be interfered with magnetically. An individual serial number is heat printed on each body.

Optional features

- Internal disc-type reverse flow restrictor can be included as an optional feature. This reduces the possibility of water being run back illegally.

Remote-reading

The V110 operates as a standard meter until the need arises, and then by simply removing a plastic plug and inserting a magnetically-

operated signal sensor, it can be converted for remote read. It can be converted on location whilst still in use without any disconnection, risk of component damage or need to re-calibrate. The pulse provided by the probe can be used to step a remote register or in the longer term, the output can also be interfaced with a module which could be interrogated by a computer or other device. The V110 model is particularly suitable for incorporation in energy management systems.



Performance BS5728, ISO4064 Class C

Size of meter		mm	15	20	25
Meter thread size		inches	G½B	G1B	G1½B
Permanent flow rate	q _{ps} ±2%	m³/h	1,5	2,5	3,5
Overload flow rate	q _{os} ±2%	m³/h	3,0	5,0	7,0
Transitional flow rate	q _{ts} ±2%	m³/h	22,5	37,5	52,5
Minimum flow rate	q _{min} ±5%	l/h	15,0	25,0	35,0
Starting flow approximately		l/h	6,7	9,5	13,2
Headloss at q _s		bar	1,0	1,0	1,0
Headloss at q _p		bar	0,25	0,25	0,25
Meter resets to zero at		m³	10000	10000	100000
Minimum indicated digit value		litre	0,1	0,1	n/a
Output pulse		litre/pulse	5	5	n/a

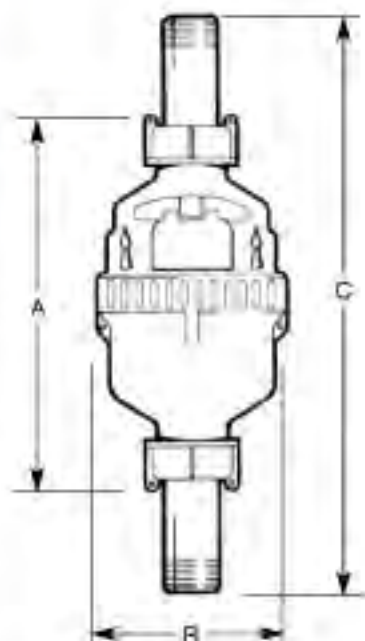
Notes:

Maximum working pressure 10 bar (16 bar on 15mm size).

Maximum working temperature 50°C.

Dimensions

Meter length – A	mm	115	134	165	199
Meter diameter – B	mm	89	89	89	114
Length over connectors – C	mm	200	228	267	312
Nominal pipe size	mm	15	15	20	25
Weight of meter and connections	kg	0,43	0,45	0,47	0,75



Installation

Care should be taken during installation to ensure that the meter and its connectors are not subjected to elongation, compression or bending forces.

Allowance should be made for expected expansion and contraction of adjacent pipework.

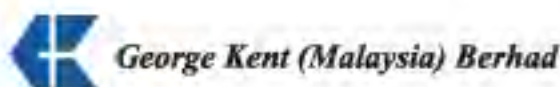
High installation stresses may eventually give rise to joint leakage or even permanent damage to the meter or its connectors.

Materials

All Elster meters are manufactured from highest quality materials ensuring maximum resistance to wear and corrosion and are UK WRc approved.

Pressure equipment directive 97/23/EC

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