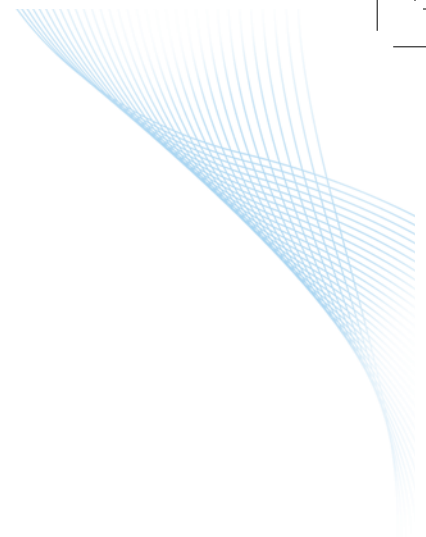
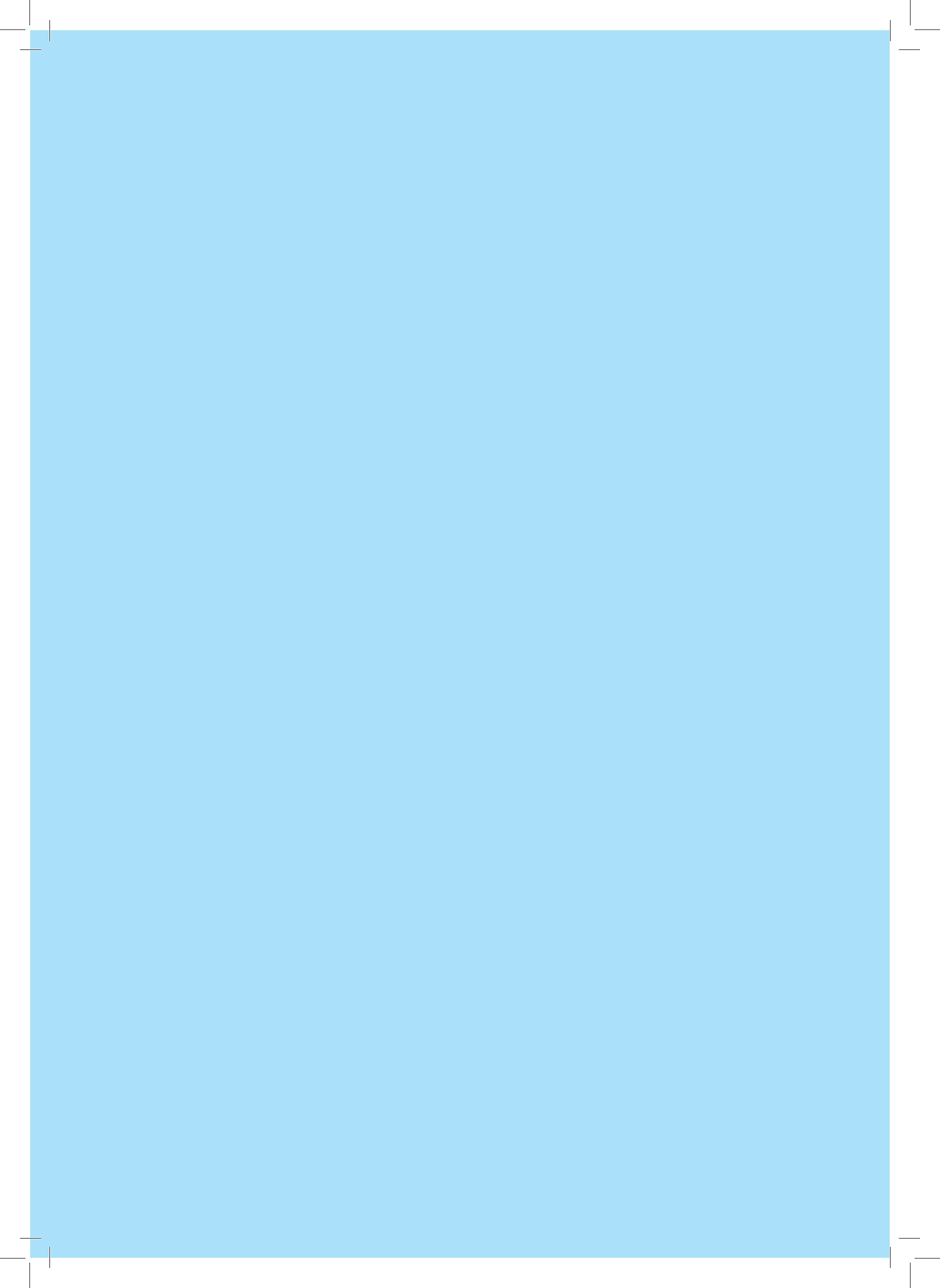


# Chapter

## PRIMARY CAPACITIES OF INDONESIA

# 2





The second part of this book presents the flagship programs, which are the focus of Indonesia's South-South Cooperation Policy in the First Period (2011-2014) as mentioned in the Blue Print for SSC. The flagship programs are defined based on the need, the global challenges and the ability to contribute to national development target achievement. General as well as specific criteria are utilized in the selection of the programs.

General criterias for flagship program are 1) programs and activities which are in line with Indonesia's potential and initiative and have been well-implemented in Indonesia (best practices); 2) programs and activities that have been conducted with other Southern countries and have been successfully adopted, using an approach that makes wide adoption possible; 3) programs and activities which have replication scheme and knowledge-and-technology sharing mechanism (for program and activities with technological contents); 4) program and activities with wide impact and contribution to the future development of South-South Cooperation.

The specific criteria of the flagship programs are subdivided into economic cooperation, technical cooperation, and socio-cultural cooperation. Specific criteria are tailored to meet the needs and characters of each field of cooperation.

The flagship programs are as follows:

1. **Agriculture, Food Security and Social Protection** : Capacity Building Program on National Programs for Community Empowerment, Capacity Building Program on Artificial Insemination for Cattle, and Revitalization Program of Farmer's Agricultural and Rural Training Center (FARTC).
2. **Disaster Risk Management** : Capacity Building Program on Disaster Risk Reduction.
3. **Democratization and Good Governance** : Capacity Building Program on Democratization and Good Governance.
4. **Trade and Industry** : Capacity Building Program on Export and Industry.
5. **Infrastructure** : Capacity Building Program on Infrastructure.
6. **Human Development (Health, Education, Population, Gender)** : Capacity Building Program on Population, Family Planning and Reproductive Health, and Scholarship Programs for Developing Countries Partnership.
7. **Indonesia's Commitment for Palestinian Development** : Capacity Building Program for Palestine.

Indonesia's experiences in providing capacity building programs has been developed in various areas. These experiences, which are implemented through bilateral, triangular and multilateral mechanism, have become significant assets which could be shared to other developing countries. This experience-sharing is expected to facilitate and strengthen cooperation based on equality, mutual opportunity and benefit.

## 2.1. AGRICULTURE, FOOD SECURITY AND SOCIAL PROTECTION

Agriculture plays a strategic role in Indonesia. It achieved the Gold Medal award from FAO in 1984 for its accomplishment in food self-sufficiency. To support Indonesia's food security program, the Government has taken some measures, focusing in agriculture area development and landscaping, infrastructure development, research and development, investment, and climate change adaptation.

With its accumulated experiences, Indonesia has also offered some capacity building programs to developing countries, among others in the sector of agro-business technology, post-harvest technology on fruits and vegetables as well as modern rice cultivation for researchers. In conducting these programs, Indonesia has worked together with some countries such as the United States, Japan, the Netherlands, South Korea, Germany and China. It has also collaborated with several international organizations such as FAO, World Bank, ADB, IDB, UNDP, USAID, IRRI etc.

To develop its agriculture sector, Indonesia implemented various programs including livestock self-sufficiency. To achieve this target, since 2005 the Ministry of Agriculture has introduced various programs such as artificial insemination (AI). In this regard, Indonesia AI program has achieved national and international recognition.



*Infrastructure building funded by PNPM Projects*

Other experiences and knowledge of Indonesia that can be shared with the Global South are its social protection programs. The government has implemented social protection programs for Indonesian society, such as pension for civil servant and enactment of National Social Protection Law (Sistem Jaminan Sosial) to ensure social protection to Indonesian people. In 2008 the government launched the National Health Protection Program (Jaminan Kesehatan Masyarakat) and passed the Social Welfare Law in 2009 (UU 11/2009 tentang Kesejahteraan Sosial). Moreover,

social welfare development programs are directed so as to contribute positively to the issue of gender justice and equality.

In poverty reduction, as part of its commitment to fulfill the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), Indonesia has designated community empowerment efforts to be an integral part to achieve the goals. In this program, the roles of non-governmental organizations and civil society organizations are not to be undermined.

### 2.1.1. Capacity Building Program on National Programs for Community Empowerment

With a population of over than 230 million citizens, poverty reduction efforts have become one of the Government of Indonesia's main priorities. Aligning its policies with the Millennium Development Goals, Indonesia has been focusing on poverty reduction efforts through community empowerment programs. On 1 September 2006, the Government of Indonesia announced its decision to implement nationwide poverty alleviation programs which would build upon the Government's *Kecamatan* Development Program (KDP) and Urban Poverty Program (UPP). The integration of both programs was officially launched on 30 April 2007 as the National Program for Community Empowerment or Program Nasional Pemberdayaan Masyarakat (PNPM).

The program is focused on grassroots level, aiming at the creation and enhancement of the community's capacity to overcome various development problems. It strives to build community capacity, enhancing local entrepreneurship and providing capital through community block grant. It has also contributed in local development through strengthening the capacities of local government and



*Community Participation as The Decision Maker in the PNPM Projects*

providing technical assistance for community. Community empowerment programs are implemented through harmonization of policies and synergized efforts in poverty reduction between the national and local government as well as among civil society organization.

PNPM is employed in sub-districts level, positioning community as the decision-maker and main actor of development. By employing this approach, the program prioritized local culture and values in the process of development. Therefore, the process of empowerment will involve learning process, underlining the aspect of autonomy, and maintaining sustainability.

Since its implementation, the program has reached approximately 79.000 villages. With a reduced level of poverty to 12,36% in 2011 from 15,97% in 2005, the National Program for Community Empowerment has been widely acknowledged as one of the biggest community empowerment program in the world. World Bank has stated that PNPM represents to a large extent a "laboratory" that offers lessons and innovative practices on community planning and capacity building.

In this regard, Indonesia has openly shared its knowledge and experiences in the community empowerment program with other developing countries, namely India, Afghanistan, China and many others. The enormous resonance of the PNPM has attracted involvement from other countries in the program. Indonesia has welcomed partnerships from Australia, Canada, Denmark, Great Britain,

The World Bank, UNDP, IFAD and other donor countries or international organization in carrying out programs under the PNPM scheme.

Other efforts under the framework of community empowerment programs are the *Kelompok Usaha Bersama* (KUBE) and *Program Keluarga Harapan* (PKH). The KUBE program is essentially a local initiative to improve community resilience and strengthen its unity. It is a forum to share daily problems of the community and resolving it themselves. As a result, community can independently search for a solution to their problems and in this way, the process of empowerment within the



*IBEKA training on micro hydro projects for African countries*

grassroot level is taking place. In the national level, KUBE program is supervised by the Ministry of Social Affairs in coordination with various institutions in the local level. As for PKH, the program is a poverty counter measure effort which takes the form of a “conditional cash transfer.” It is aimed to create a social protection system for poor communities by distributing allowance from government. The PKH targeted families with low purchasing power struggling to meet their

basic needs. Since its first year of implementation in 2007, PKH has reached around 500,000 families categorized as very-poor-household. PKH provided these families better access to health and education, a goal in line with the objectives of MDGs.

Civil society organization has also played a role in the community empowerment programs, among others IBEKA (*Yayasan Institut Bisnis dan Ekonomi Kerakyatan*). IBEKA has promoted innovations of appropriate technology using sustainable energy, especially micro hydro development. IBEKA views electricity as a tool of economic development. In its efforts, IBEKA has also facilitated cooperation among the community and local government in order to build a sufficient electrical power through renewable energy. IBEKA has provided training programs for local community as a method of transfer of knowledge, and a way to empower wider local community. Within the period of 1992 – 2010, the IBEKA team has conducted about 50 projects mainly in remote rural areas. IBEKA has also trained engineers from other developing countries, such as Rwanda, Philippines, Fiji, Solomon Islands, and Timor Leste. With her tremendous efforts in community development programs, the Executive Director of IBEKA, Mrs. Tri Mumpuni has received various awards and international acknowledgement, which among others came from The US President Barack Obama.

## Poverty Reduction Through Community Empowerment

### *PNPM Mandiri* (National Program for Community Empowerment-Mandiri)

The activities housed under the PNPM program are community empowerment based program, which are suggested and agreed by the community themselves. It underlines the need of community involvement in the projects under the PNPM framework and highlights a strong cooperation between the communities with the local government. During the projects, experts and facilitator provide assistance to the community for a better implementation.

PNPM focuses on community empowerment in rural and urban areas by providing funds to boost local initiative in economic development. It also provides assistance for women groups in rural areas to generate income. PNPM also addresses health and education issues as well as supporting infrastructure development in the area. Example of activities are:

- Provision and reparation of housing, social and economic infrastructure through a labor-intensive work.
- Provision of financial resources through micro credit to develop the economic activity of the poor. Priorities are given to women to utilize such resources.
- Programs aiming to improve the quality of human resources, mainly the ones that will accelerate the accomplishment of MDGs.
- Improving community's and local government's capacities through critical awareness, entrepreneurship training, organizational and financial management training, and the implementation of good governance principles.

Currently, PNPM is starting to develop community empowerment programs in tourism to enhance small industries related to tourism. The pilot project is currently ongoing in Harau region of West Sumatra province.

For further information, please contact : Website: [www.pnpm-mandiri.org](http://www.pnpm-mandiri.org)



*Development of Biogas Energy by local community*



*Mangrove Planting for Coast Rehabilitation by the Community*

## 2.1.2 Capacity Building Program on Artificial Insemination for Cattle

Artificial Insemination (AI) is a technique of semen insertion into the reproductive tract of female animals using an insemination gun (postulate). AI aims to improve the genetic merit of livestock population and to rapidly change genetic configuration. Its method is easy for mass application, and prevents the spread of reproductive disease.



*Artificial Insemination technique of semen insertion.*

In Indonesia, Artificial Insemination has been known and applied since 1950. Currently, Indonesia has two national AI institution: SNAIC (Singosari National Artificial Insemination Center) and Lembang Artificial Insemination Center. There are also several regional AI institutions in Aceh, West Sumatra, North Sumatra, Lampung, Central Java, Bali and West Nusa Tenggara.

In order to strengthen the AI center, the Government of Indonesia and JICA conducted a joint project known as Artificial Technical Assistance (ATA – 233) Project, implemented at the Singosari National AI Center (SNAIC) in Malang, East Java from 1986 until 2002. The activities of ATA–233 projects were to produce frozen semen, progeny test program, and AI.

After the project ended, the Center consistently upgrades its capacities through partnership with Indonesian universities or self-supportive learning program. With these experiences, Indonesia has shared the knowledge of artificial insemination with fellow developing countries through the Training Course of Artificial Insemination on Dairy Cattle for Developing Countries since 1986.



*Laboratory practice for Artificial Insemination*

*Frozen semen storage*



These training programs are conducted annually and has been participated by 5602 trainees from both domestic and overseas such as from Cambodia, Lao PDR, Vietnam, Thailand, Malaysia, Philippines, Timor Leste, Papua New Guinea, Fiji, Bangladesh, India, Srilanka, Mongolia, Sudan, Kenya and Zimbabwe. The training courses in the center are aimed to upgrade and improve the knowledge and technique of inseminators among developing countries. It also serves as a tool to strengthen cooperation, friendship and solidarity.

## SNAIC (Singosari National Artificial Insemination Center)

The SNAIC was established in 1976. Its main task is to perform production, distribution and monitoring of high quality frozen semen as well as development of AI technology. The training course in the center comprise of artificial insemination and related fields such as pregnancy diagnosis, reproductive disorders, progeny test methodology, handling of frozen semen, bull master, bull salon and feeding management.

The center has strong commitment to produce high quality frozen semen conforming to SNI 01-4869,1: 2008. Furthermore, as a guarantee of frozen semen quality, the Laboratory of Semen Assessment of SNAIC has been successfully accredited with ISO 17025 for the second time on February 19<sup>th</sup>, 2010.

To support its training program, this center has 101 professional staffs as well as facilities comprising of office building, laboratory, guest house, staff housing, auditorium, dormitory, bull barn, pastures and library.

SNAIC has also won numerous awards and international recognitions. Among others was the Cleanest Institution under the Ministry of Agriculture and the Best Public

Services, Government Institution Category from former President Megawati in 2004. Due to the success of SNAIC in improving the AI technology, the Government of Japan appointed SNAIC as the implementing institution of Development Countries Training Course of Artificial Insemination on Dairy Cattle. The impact for the implementing institution is the enlargement of SNAIC networking.

For further information please contact: Website: [www.bbbsingosari.com](http://www.bbbsingosari.com)



ISO 17025 accredited to SNAIC

### 2.1.3. Revitalization Program of Farmer's Agricultural and Rural Training Center (FARTC)

To support agriculture development in Africa and to contribute to the resolution of the food crisis, the Government of the Republic of Indonesia in cooperation with the Indonesian Farmers Community Charity Foundation (YAMPI), which was managed under the coordination of FAO, had established the Agricultural Rural Farmers Training Center (ARFTC) in Jenoi, Gambia, and the Farmers Agricultural Rural Training Center (FARTC) in Mkindo, Tanzania, in 1998.



*Cultivation Training for Gambian Farmers in ARFTC Jenoi, Gambia, 2011*

The establishment of the training centers was aimed at supporting the agricultural human resources development not only in Tanzania and Gambia but also in their neighboring African countries. Since its establishment, the centers had facilitated training programs for a great number of farmers and agriculture extension workers from Tanzania, Gambia, Guinea-Bissau, Mali, Senegal and Sierra Leone.

After several years of problematic funding issues as a result of the 1998 economic crisis, Indonesia has now been committed to revitalize the ARFTC and FARTC by dispatching a number of Indonesian agriculture experts in order to share their experience and best practices with the local farmers. In this regard, a team comprising of representatives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Agriculture, State Secretariat, Non-Aligned Movement for South-South Technical Cooperation (NAM-CSSTC) and YAMPI was sent to Tanzania and Gambia in 11-15 January 2010 and 4-10 April 2010 to assess the possibility of the revitalization program. The team has succeeded in identifying the needs for training programs in the centers and discussed with the centers how the revitalization could be best implemented.



*Performing paddy harvesting technique to Tanzanian farmers*

## ARFTC in Gambia and FARTC in Tanzania

As a follow-up of the assessment of the revitalization of the FARTC in Tanzania and ARFTC in Gambia, the Government of Indonesia dispatched an Indonesian agriculture expert and a skilled farmer to the FARTC in Mkindo and Zanzibar, Tanzania, in April-June 2011. Indonesia has also assigned two agricultural instructors and a skilled farmer at the ARFTC to Jenoi, Gambia for three months in September-November 2011.



*Community empowerment in processing post-harvest products, 2011, Jenoi, Gambia*

The dispatch of Indonesian agriculture experts program has been successful in enhancing the capacity of the local farmers on various agriculture methods and thus supporting the agriculture production growth in the regions. A number of potential agricultural sectors which can be shared through future training programs include horticulture, food crops, plantation, livestock and poultry, goat, sheep, cow and dairy cattle, water management, and agricultural extension methodology.

## 2.2. DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT

Natural disasters along with their severe impacts have brought us to the realization that no country is secured enough when it comes to mega calamities. They have been occupying the minds of governments all over the world. Over the past decades we have not only witnessed but experienced them ourselves. We have witnessed how large-scale calamities struck many regions in the world causing damaging impacts on human lives and properties, and eroding development gains.

Due to its geographical position in the “Pacific Ring of Fire”, Indonesia is prone to many forms of natural disasters. It has been recorded that a series of mega natural disaster occurred in Indonesia including the largest volcano eruption (Mount Tambora eruption in 1815 and Mount Krakatau in 1913), and 9,4 Richter scale earthquake followed by Indian Ocean tsunami in December 2004.

### 2.2.1. Capacity Building Program on Disaster Risk Reduction

Indonesia, as one of the countries suffering from the devastating Tsunami, has learned that the effective way to manage the impact of natural disaster is to be pro-active in preparing the nation to deal with disaster, particularly by increasing preparedness and mitigation capability. Therefore, the Government's strategy in building a national system of disaster mitigation becomes more comprehensive, not only focusing on post-disaster response, but also covering other aspects of preparedness.

Since 2007, the Government has enacted the Law no. 24/2007 on Disaster Management which stated that disaster preparedness is essential in managing disaster risk and has to be included in the mainstreaming of national disaster risk management strategy. Through The Law no. 24/2007, the Government of Indonesia forms the National Agency for Disaster Management (from central level to local level) and the National Platform of Disaster Risk Reduction, which organize relevant stakeholders (medias, civil society organizations, academic and companies) to actively participate in disaster management.



*Mangrove Planting Campaign during International Workshop on Disaster Risk Management in Aceh, Indonesia, 2011*

Through concerted efforts of all stakeholders in national level, and with close cooperation with other countries and development partners, Indonesia has created several policies and conducted several programs in Disaster Risk Management, among others:

- Implementation of the Hyogo Framework for Action (HFA) 2005 – 2015, by constructing the National System of Disaster Mitigation which describe steps in legislation, organization, planning, funding and capacity building related to disaster mitigation.
- Formulation of the National Plan of Action for Disaster Risk Management 2010-2012, and its inception to the National Mid-Term Development Plan 2010-2014.
- Development of Community Based Disaster Risk Reduction (CBDRR) projects in various provinces, which based on the implementation of local wisdom and folk knowledge in dealing with disaster.
- Establishment of the Indonesia Tsunami Early Warning System (INA-TEWS) which is operated by the National Agency for Meteorology, Climatology and Geophysics. In 2008, the Government has launched the Indonesia's Disaster Data and Information (IDDI), as one of the tools of disaster information systems in Asia & the Pacific region and adopted as model software for other countries.
- Mainstreaming the Disaster Risk Reduction into education materials, which is supervised by the Ministry of Education and Culture. Since 2008, relevant domestic stakeholders have taken

part in creating “Training of Trainers/ToT” modules as reference to teachers nationwide in explaining about disaster threat, disaster risk reduction and readiness against disaster.



*Community based disaster risk reduction awareness raising program for children in schools*

Indonesia's Technical Cooperation Program on Disaster Risk Management is one of many forms of Indonesia's commitment as an international citizen to share with other fellow countries, the knowledge, expertise, and experience that Indonesia has accumulated to minimize disaster risks. Some of the programs conducted under the framework of disaster risk management are as follows:

- Indonesia actively participates in “One Million Safe Schools and Hospitals” global campaign. At present, 13,500 schools and 133 hospitals nationwide have committed to build disaster-secure buildings.
- On the bilateral level, in order to strengthen the disaster management capacity of other countries, Indonesia has supported Myanmar in formulating its Disaster Relief Act. The aforementioned Act contains many similar concerns and considerations with those of Indonesia.
- In March 2011, Indonesia hosted the ASEAN Regional Forum Disaster Relief Exercise, an event providing valuable hands-on experiences in handling natural disaster. Currently, the Government of Indonesia is actively engaged with the work of the ASEAN Coordinating Center for Humanitarian Assistance (AHA Center), based in Jakarta, which plays an important role in facilitating cooperation across the Southeast Asian Region.
- In October 2011, through the Directorate of Technical Cooperation – Ministry of Foreign Affairs, in cooperation with Tsunami Disaster Management and Research Center (TDMRC) and the Colombo Plan, Indonesia organized an International Workshop on Disaster Risk Management in Banda Aceh and Jakarta. The Workshop was participated by 18 participants from Chile, India, Samoa, Maldives, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Vietnam, Afghanistan, Bhutan, Fiji, Laos and Indonesia.

## Global Champion Award on Disaster Risk Reduction

The International community has acknowledged Indonesia's capacity in disaster risk management. In May 2011, United Nations awarded President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono the Global Champion Award on Disaster Risk Reduction to honour the determination and all the hard work of Indonesia in responding to the challenges of natural disasters.

## Tsunami and Disaster Mitigation Research Center (TDMRC)



*Participants in a discussion session during the international workshop held by TDMRC in Aceh*

After the devastating Tsunami that hit the western coast of Aceh on 26 December 2004, the University of Syiah Kuala (UNSYIAH) established Unsyiah for Aceh Reconstruction (UAR). This was the embryo for the integrated research center called Tsunami and Disaster Mitigation Research Center (TDMRC).

TDMRC is a research center focusing on the efforts of reducing disaster risk and tsunami, with a mission to disseminate the research findings for public use. Its vision is to protect the community through effective researches based on disaster risk reduction management.

There are several notable trainings conducted by TDMRC such as the Training Workshop for Scientists/Researchers that

focuses on the method of detecting the tsunami-hit areas by field excavations and interviews. The TDMRC also organized training on The School-Preparedness Training and Mentoring to develop school as a safe place for students as well as school communities. There is also Traumatic Healing for Teachers and Volunteers, which focuses on how to handle students' trauma in the aftermath of disaster.

*For further information, please contact:*

**Tsunami and Disaster Mitigation Research Center**

Website: [www.tdmrc.org/id](http://www.tdmrc.org/id)

## 2.3. DEMOCRATIZATION AND GOOD GOVERNANCE

As one of the most diverse nations in the world, Indonesia have benefitted immensely from its diversity. It consists of nearly 90% Muslim and the rest are of other religions. It blended local traditions with the cultural influences of Middle Eastern, Hindu, Chinese and Western civilizations. Thus, there are more than 300 ethnic groups speaking in as many languages, each having their own traditions.

It was nearly fifteen years ago when Indonesia had to cope with separatist threats, ethnic tensions, and religious conflicts. In fact, in the turbulent times following the 1998 crisis, some observers went so far as to predict the failure of Indonesia as a country. However, the majority of the Indonesian people remained committed to the unity of Indonesia. Therefore, instead of falling apart, Indonesia adopted a new approach through the governmental reform. Indonesia succeeded in nurturing its national unity and made a successful transition from authoritarianism to a full democratic system.



*President of The Republic of Indonesia with Heads of States and Heads of Delegations during the Bali Democracy Forum IV, December 2011*

In 2004, Indonesia held the first direct election for parliament members and the presidential election. In the 2009 election, approximately 128 million voters turned up at the polling stations, which accounted for 84% of the registered voters. With diverse ethnicities, languages, cultures and religions, Indonesia has been making steady progress in the endeavor to firmly establish democracy in this country.

In addition, Indonesia has also committed to build its good governance. For almost 32 years, Indonesia experienced the imbalance of political power which is far from democratic values. The governmental system was centralistic. Decision making process was made by the elite minority. Since the new reform era, Indonesia has made a major decision by reforming its bureaucracy and has fought against corruption.

From those experiences of political transition in the midst of diversity, Indonesia stands ready to share its experiences to other countries. Learning from Indonesia's experiences, others may derive insights that are useful for their own efforts in building a more democratic political sphere.

### 2.3.1 Capacity Building Program on Democratization and Good Governance

As the third largest democracy country in the world after India and the US, Indonesia believes that democracy plays a significant role in promoting peace and stability in the region. In fostering democracy in Asia Pacific and to share Indonesian best practices in democracy, Indonesia has initiated some efforts. One of those is the Bali Democracy Forum (BDF) which attempts to promote dialogue as well as to establish international and regional cooperation in the field of democracy. This is a forum for sharing of experiences, on which Asia Pacific countries could learn the best practices from each other.

The First Bali Democracy Forum was held in December 2008 with the theme of 'Building and Consolidating Democracy as Agenda for Asia.' This was followed by Bali Democracy Forum II in 2009 with the theme of 'In Search of Synergy Democracy, Rule of Law, and Development'; Bali Democracy Forum III in 2010 with the theme of 'Democracy and the Promotion of Peace and Stability'; and Bali Democracy Forum IV that was held in 2011 with the theme of 'Enhancing Democratic Participation in a Changing World: Responding to Democratic Voices.' The BDF IV was attended by not less than 82 countries, including 8 Head of States and 24 Ministers. Compare to the BDF I, the number of countries that participated in BDF IV was doubled, as the BDF I was attended by 40 countries.

Indonesia has also conducted some capacity building programs in the areas of democratization and good governance. One of the programs is a series of dialogue on democratization between Indonesia and Egypt. The dialogue has been conducted three times between May and October 2011. The objective of the program is to share Indonesian experiences on democracy, thus the Egyptians may obtain some inspirations and ideas.

Other capacity program is the International Workshop on Democratic Leadership for Asian and Pacific Countries: Building the Nation, Reforming the State, and Developing the Economy. It was conducted on 10 – 14 October 2010 in Bali, Indonesia. The workshop is attended by 16 participants from Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Fiji, Lao PDR, Maldives, Myanmar, Pakistan, Palestine, Papua New Guinea, Timor Leste, Vanuatu and Vietnam.

In the area of good governance, Indonesia has also conducted various capacity building programs. One of the programs is the International Training Program on Public Administrative Reform for Good Governance, which has been held in Jakarta, 18 – 24 September 2011. It was attended by 22 participants from Afghanistan, Cambodia, Fiji, Lao PDR, Maldives, Myanmar, Timor Leste, Uzbekistan, Vietnam and Indonesia.



## Institute for Peace and Democracy

The Institute for Peace and Democracy (IPD) is an independent body under the University of Udayana, Bali. The learning community was established by the Government of the Republic of Indonesia in 2008. IPD provides substantive, academic and technical support for the dialogues conducted by the Bali Democracy Forum.

The IPD organizes regular discussions on topics such as: true democratic elections, multi-party system in a pluralistic society, effective parliaments, the independence of the judiciary, law enforcement in a regime of human rights, anti-corruption campaigns, the limits to press freedom, the merits of a market economy versus the need for social justice, strengthening the civil society and how a professional military establishment can help to promote democracy. In brief, IPD is the implementing body of the agenda and program adopted by the Bali Democracy Forum.



*The International Workshop on Democratic Leadership for Asia and Pacific Countries, 2010*

Some programs that have been organized by IPD are, for example: Bali Democracy Forum II and III, Capacity Building on Election, Workshop “Engaging Citizens in the Budget Cycle and Public Service Delivery Process”, Workshop “Electoral Systems, Parties and Parliaments: Making the Connections”, Workshop “Driving and Strengthening the Political Power of the Civil Sector”, Workshop “Democratic Leadership”, Bilateral Meeting between Indonesia and the United States, in Washington, D.C., USA, 2010.

Not only Bali Democracy Forum, IPD has collaborated with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to create “International Workshop on Democratic Leadership” in 2010. This workshop was attended by 17 participants from 14 countries such as Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Fiji, Indonesia, Japan, Laos, Maldives, Myanmar, Pakistan, Palestine, Timor Leste, Papua New Guinea, Vanuatu and Vietnam. (Directorate of Technical Cooperation-Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Report on International Workshop on Democratic Leadership for Asian and Pacific Countries, 2010).

*For further information, please contact :*

***Institute for Peace and Democracy***

*Address: Rector Bld. 2nd Floor, Bukit Jimbaran Campus, Udayana University, Bali*

*Website: <http://www.instituteforpeaceanddemocracy.org>*

## 2.4. TRADE AND INDUSTRY

Indonesia believes that the development of trade cooperation among developing countries through the framework of SSC is a crucial factor to enhance economic development in the global south. The economic capacity and potentials from Southern countries will make the SSC as a strategic framework for developing countries to enhance their national development.

In trade and industry, Indonesia has supported and fostered the growth of small and medium enterprises, encouraging them to form collaborations with large companies. Indonesia has also developed dialogue forum between government and private sector which aims to establish an innovative government-private sector form of cooperation.

As a middle income country, the Government of Indonesia continues to diversify its products for export markets and to develop policies on trade and industry to strengthen its economic development.



*Workshop on export and industry in IETC, Jakarta, Indonesia*

### 2.4.1. Capacity Building Program on Export and Industry

The Government of Indonesia has committed to improve export quality of Indonesian products through, among others, the development of Indonesia Export Training Center (IETC). As an education and training institution, IETC aimed to actively support business communities, especially small and medium enterprises, to enhance their knowledge and skill by providing practical and applicable knowledge.

Currently, IETC provides two educational professions (export-import management and rubber technology), seven training programs as well as two consultation services on production and



*Training Workshop on Starting Export Business in Vientiane, Laos*

marketing. IETC has attained ISO 9001:2008 for training programs on export procedure, import procedure, and export import management & simulation. IETC also provides laboratory for material's quality testing which has been certified by the Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Service Indonesia and internationally acknowledged.

Indonesia has shared its experiences and knowledge on trade and export to other developing

countries, organized trainings in African Institute for Capacity Development (AICAD) in Kenya (2005 and 2007), and conducted bilateral and international export trainings for Vietnam (2010) and Laos (2011). In addition, Indonesia has organized Trade Training Workshop on “Starting Export Business” in Laos (January 2010); as well as the Trade Training Workshop on “Planning and Executing Export Business” in Timor Leste (November 2010 and



*Training Workshop on Starting Export Business in Vientiane, Laos*

2011). Meanwhile, in industrial sector, the Government of Indonesia has shared its experiences to Mozambique on the management of agricultural and textile products through dispatching experts in 2011. This program consists of cassava’s food processing and weaving product.

## Indonesia Export Training Center (IETC), National Agency for Export Development, Ministry of Trade

Indonesia Export Training Center (IETC) was established in 1990, under Directorate General for Export Development - Ministry of Trade. IETC has a vision to become a leading, internationally recognized and nationally recommended export training center. IETC’s mission is to professionally manage export training center based on business norms.

Since its establishment, IETC has received a number of both national and international achievements: as one of the members of Center of Excellences (CEO) in the framework of ASEAN Economic Ministry (AEM) – Ministry of Economic Trade and Industry (METI) Japan (year 2000); Certificate System Quality Management ISO 9001: 2000 by JICA Japan (year 2004); excellent Public Service Award from President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono (year 2008); and Badan Nasional Sertifikasi Profesi (BNSP-National Agency for Professional Certification) Award in year 2009.

The training programs conducted by IETC are divided into various topics on international trade, product development, financial and payment export, distributor choice promotion/export communication, export marketing strategy, and quality & competitive management.

For further information, please contact:

IETC website: <http://www.ppei.go.id>

Ministry of Trade website: <http://www.kemendag.go.id>

Ministry of Industry website: <http://www.kemenperin.go.id>

## 2.5. INFRASTRUCTURE

Indonesia's Mid-Term Development Plan (RPJMN) 2010-2014 stated that the development of infrastructure capacity is aimed to support the implementation of national development.

The importance of infrastructure improvement for national development has also been underlined by President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono during the Asia Pacific Ministerial Conference in 2010. On the occasion, the president highlighted the development of roads, bridges, tolls (free way), tower for communication, low-cost habitable housing, water supplies, waste management system, sanitation and electricity as the primary programs of Indonesia's infrastructure development.

Indonesia's progress in building its infrastructures has been appraised and recognized by the governments of other developing countries. One of the countries is Algeria, which has commended Indonesia for the toll roads and bridges project in Algeria in 2010. The infrastructure project is expected to support the economic activity in North Africa. In 2011, the Government of Kenya proposed to establish cooperation in construction field and requested Indonesia to conduct trainings in the future. To meet this demand, Indonesia had support from Abu Dhabi Investment Authority to cooperate on infrastructure sector, especially on toll road and water management in Kenya.

Indonesia has had extensive technical cooperation project with developed countries, namely Japan, Australia, and Abu Dhabi. From the projects, Indonesia gained and advanced knowledge and experiences in the road sectors. Meanwhile, a lot of Indonesian construction services company are trusted to handle the construction projects in the Middle-East (Libya, Qatar, Bahrain, and United Arab Emirates).

On infrastructure sector, Indonesia has attained some achievements in infrastructure management such as ISO 9001 : 2008 on Quality Management System, ISO 14001 : 2004 on Environment Management System, OHSAS 18001 : 2007 on Occupation, Health, Safety.

As of December 16<sup>th</sup>, 2011, Indonesia achieved two major benchmarks towards rapid deployment of the national Master plan for the Acceleration and Expansion of Indonesia Economic Development 2011 – 2025 also known by the acronym MP3EI. First the Indonesia House of Representatives passed a land acquisition law that eases the way for many projects to proceed. Secondly, Fitch Ratings awarded investment grade status for Indonesia's sovereign debt which has recognized Indonesia as an attractive investment destination.

### 2.5.1. Capacity Building Program on Infrastructure

In the capacity building program for road and bridges sector, the Ministry of Public Works of Indonesia in cooperation with JICA conducted the Training Program for Timor Leste in Road Infrastructure Sector.

Moreover, Indonesia, Timor Leste, and the Government of Japan have also signed the agreement for road and bridges project, which was held in 2011 and continued in 2012. The areas of the training programs are tailored to the Timor Leste's needs. Curriculum of the training covers the aspects of

planning/design, construction, implementation and supervisions as well as operation and maintenance of road sectors.

The cooperation in capacity building program is also aimed at accelerating economic growth to CLMV (Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar and Vietnam) in low-cost housing programs on September-October 2011.

## The Ministry of Public Works, “Building Infrastructure in Neighbouring Countries”

Ministry of Public Works which is responsible for infrastructure development in Indonesia has extensive knowledge and experiences to be shared with other developing countries. Its units are rich with experiences in research and development, and housed centers of expertise such as Research Institution for Road and Bridge, Research Institution for Human Settlement and Director General for Urban and Rural Planning.

Ministry of Public Works is equipped with capacity to deliver Training on Low Cost Housing, Bridge Strengthening and Maintenance, Buton Natural Asphalt, Application on Road Pavement, Public Participation in Rural Road Management, Training for Construction Workers and community based program for Human Settlement in Indonesia.

Apart from CLMV and Timor Leste, Indonesia also held a project for Palestine to develop their infrastructure management in 2009. In collaboration with the Government of India, Indonesia also established the Vocational Training Center for Construction Sector (VTCCS) Building through the Indian Technical and Economic Cooperation (ITEC) Program.

*For further information, please contact :*

*Ministry of Public Works*

*Website: <http://www.pu.go.id>*



*Field Visit to the Construction Site*



*Training on the management of infrastructure development for Palestine*

## 2.6. HUMAN DEVELOPMENT (HEALTH, EDUCATION, POPULATION, AND GENDER)

As the fourth largest populated country in the world with total population of more than 235 million, Indonesia places a great concern on human development as the key to national development. In line with Indonesia's strong commitment in MDGs achievement, Indonesia considers that improving the quality of health, education, population and gender are the core strategy in human development.

In health sector, Indonesia concisely places health priorities as follows:

- a. Prevention program through integration of basic immunizations;
- b. Reduction of maternal and infant mortality rates, particularly by providing access to quality water and sanitation;
- c. Revitalization of family planning by increasing quality and covering family planning services;
- d. Improvement of health facilities by increasing number of internationally accredited hospitals;
- e. Improvement of availability and accessibility of medicines;
- f. Ensuring health coverage for all Indonesia citizens.

To enhance the national health development, Indonesia has also collaborated with many international organizations and donor countries, such as USAID, AUSAID, JICA, WHO, UNICEF, and FAO as well as the World Bank and UNDP. The collaboration focus is maternal and child



*Visit to Community Reproductive Health Centre during The International Training Program on Family Planning and Reproductive Health*

health (including nutrition and family planning), communicable disease control and supporting the decentralization and health policy reform.

In education sector, Indonesia has a strong commitment in providing education to its citizens, which can be seen from the dedication of 20 percent of its national budget for education. Indonesia continues to make important changes at all levels of education, including extending the opportunity for student from other country to take school or higher education in Indonesia.

To control its population growth, since 1970, Indonesia initiated the Family Planning and Reproductive Health Program. The key feature of this initiative is the national birth control program. The success of the program has been linked to the improvement of women's education, their increasing tendency to postpone marriage and most importantly, to grow awareness on the effective use of modern contraceptives.

### 2.6.1. Capacity Building Program on Population, Family Planning and Reproductive Health

With its profile as the world's largest archipelago inhabited by a diverse, predominantly Muslim population, Indonesia represents an exceptional and successful case study for family planning and reproductive health.

The Family Planning program of Indonesia has been focusing on 5 interventions namely:

1. Delaying marriage through Adolescent Reproductive Health (RH) Program.
2. Fertility control through contraceptive service.
3. Income-generating program for family planning acceptors.
4. Parenting for children and adolescent.
5. Family empowerment program for taking care of the elderly member in the family.

The family planning method in Indonesia has been dubbed as one of the most successful example of family planning in the world. In 1989, Indonesia's achievement was honored with acknowledgment from the United Nations with the Population Award for "Outstanding Contribution to the Awareness of Population Problems and to Their Solutions". Indonesia has also been awarded by the Asian Institute Management (AIM) in Philippines in 1991, 1992, and 1993.

Following the successful implementation of population management, Indonesia started in 1992 to share its experiences with other fellow developing countries under the framework of *Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries* (TCDC).

The TCDC Programs consist of training on Behavior Change Communication (BCC) in Family Planning/Reproductive Health and Reproductive Health Commodity Security (RHCS), as well as exchange of views on The Role of Religious/Community Leader on the Family Planning Program Implementation with some countries.

Indonesia also cooperated with International Organizations to develop South-South Technical Cooperation on Family Planning and Reproduction Health, namely UNFPA and the Colombo Plan.

By 2011, Indonesia has hosted around 5,000 participants from 95 countries in Asia, Pacific, Africa and Middle East for several types of programs. Indonesia has also dispatched its experts to provide technical assistance to more than 17 countries in Asia, Pacific and Africa.

## International Training Program (ITP) - National Population and Family Planning Board (BKKBN)

Indonesia established the National Population and Family Planning Board (BKKBN), in 1970, which is responsible to compose national policy and program planning on population, and also coordinate the implementation of family planning program at all levels. As a contribution to South-South Cooperation, BKKBN developed an International Training Program (ITP) in 1987.

Since then, ITP has conducted its primary courses focusing on Population, Family Planning and Reproductive Health. Training is conducted through Observational Study Tour (OST), which offered the participants to learn the policy on the family planning activities in Indonesia and to observe the implementation of family planning program in the provinces.



To meet international standards, BKKBN is supported with Internationally accredited staffs and experts and is equipped with facilities such as learning material and library, modern communication equipments including 24-hours internet access, audio visual and media production, convention hall, classroom, guest house and sports facilities.

*For further information, please contact:*

**National Population and Family Planning Board (BKKBN)**

Address: Jalan Permata No. 1, Halim Perdanakusumah, Jakarta 13650

Website: [www.itp-bkkbn.org](http://www.itp-bkkbn.org)

Telp: +62-21-801-6504

Fax : +62-21-801-6504



## 2.6.2 Scholarship Programs for Developing Countries

To increase people-to-people contact, Indonesia offers 2 (two) scholarship schemes, particularly for students from other developing countries, namely Darmasiswa and Beasiswa Kemitraan Negara Berkembang (KNB) Program.

### Darmasiswa Program

The Darmasiswa Program is a non-degree scholarship to study Indonesian language and culture. It was started in 1974 as part of ASEAN (Association of South East Asian Nations) initiative, and admitted only students from ASEAN countries. However, in 1976 this program was extended to include students from other countries.

The objective of the Darmasiswa program has also been designed to strengthen the relationship and cooperation between Indonesia and other countries and introduce cross-cultural links and understanding among participating countries.

Up to 2011, 97 countries with about 3986 students have been participating in this scholarship program. The interest of international students who participated in this program is consistently increasing year by year.

The universities in Indonesia involved in Darmasiswa program has also been increasing each year and has reached 59 schools, e.g. IKIP PGRI Semarang, State University Medan (UNIMED), University of Andalas (UNAND) Padang, University of Sriwijaya (UNSRI) Palembang, University of Lampung (UNILA), University of Indonesia, University of Gajah Mada (UGM) Yogyakarta, and University of Udayana (UNUD) Bali.

### Beasiswa Kemitraan Negara Berkembang (KNB)

Developing Countries Partnership Scholarship Program, known as Beasiswa Kemitraan Negara Berkembang (KNB), was initiated by the Government of Indonesia during the 10th Conference of Heads of States of Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) on 1-6 September 1992. The scholarship was aimed to strengthen the relationship and mutual cooperation among the members of NAM countries, to contribute to human resources development and to strengthen cultural links among nations.



*Indonesia Cultural Performance  
by Foreign Students in Darmasiswa Programs*

In 1993 the Government of Indonesia started to offer post-graduate scholarships to students from the NAM member countries. Since 2002, the scholarship has been extended to students from other developing countries such as Thailand, Fiji, South Korea, Suriname, Guyana, Turkey, Vietnam, Vanuatu and attracted more applicants. Up to 2011, 685 students from 53 countries have been awarded this scholarship.

## DARMASISWA and KNB

There are three schemes of Darmasiswa scholarship program, namely:

- 1) **Regular One Year Program**, to study Bahasa Indonesia, Art (traditional music, traditional dance, craft) Culinary and Tourism in selected Indonesian Higher Education Institutions,
- 2). **Regular Six Months Program**, to study Bahasa Indonesia in selected Indonesian Higher Education Institutions, and
- 3) **Summer Three Months Program**, to study particular subjects in selected Indonesian Higher Education Institutions.

The KNB scholarship is offered to post-graduate students (Master Degree) to study at one of the universities in Indonesia for 3 years, consisting of one year of Indonesian Language and Preparatory Programs and 2 years of Master Program.

Fields of study of the scholarship program are Humanities, Science, Agricultural Sciences, Social Science, Engineering, Education and Arts.

*For further information, please contact:*

**Head Bureau of Planning and International Cooperation**

**Ministry of National Education**

Jalan Jenderal Sudirman, Senayan-Jakarta Telp./Fax. (62-21) 5724707, 5738181

Website: <http://www.darmasiswa.diknas.go.id>

Email: [darmasiswa\\_pkn@diknas.go.id](mailto:darmasiswa_pkn@diknas.go.id) or [darmasiswa\\_kln@yahoo.com](mailto:darmasiswa_kln@yahoo.com)

## 2.7. INDONESIA'S COMMITMENT FOR PALESTINIAN DEVELOPMENT

Indonesia is of the view that capacity building should be an indispensable part of its support to Palestinian people. Various capacity building programs extended to Palestinian people is part of Indonesia's support into more practical and concrete actions in order to contribute to the development of future Palestinian state. Indonesia believes that through sharing of experience and best practices, it can be assured that future Palestinian state will not only be sovereign but also viable and enduring.



*Training Program on Business & Technology Incubator Management for Palestine at Jordan by MOFA and JICA*

It is in this framework that on 14-15 July 2008 Indonesia took the initiative to convene and host the New Asian-African Strategic Partnership (NAASP) Ministerial Conference on the Capacity Building for Palestine in Jakarta which was attended by various Asian-African countries. The conference succeeded in gathering capacity building commitments in various fields from the participating Asian-African countries. At the Conference, Indonesia announced its commitment to provide capacity building programs for 1000 Palestinians within the period of 2008-2013.

### Capacity Building Programs for Palestine

As the follow-up of its commitment, Indonesia has conducted series of trainings, workshops and apprenticeship programs for Palestinians in various areas of development. The implementation of the commitment has also been carried out within the framework of triangular cooperation, in particular with the Government of Japan through Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA).



*Training on Project Cycle for The Officials of Palestine at Perumnas Cengkareng-City Park 2011 by Public Works Ministry*

Under this trilateral cooperation, Indonesia and Japan has conducted several training programs since 2011, both in Indonesia and Palestine's neighbouring country. To mention a few are the Training Program on Business and Technology Incubator Management in Amman on 19-22 December 2011 (participated by 15 Palestinians); the Training and Dialogue Program for the Improvement of Property Taxation in Palestine in Jakarta on 28 November-5 December 2011 (participated by 8 Palestinians); and the Training Program on Project Cycle (planning, appraisal, and management of infrastructure project) for 42 officials of Palestinians in Jakarta on 2009 and 2011.

In 2012, Indonesia conducted the Training Program on Fruits Production (Including Post-Harvest and Agro-Processing) in Jakarta and West Java on 20 February-2 March 2012 (participated by 12 Palestinians). Within the same year, Indonesia has also designed training programs for Palestinian people in the areas of IT support for SME's, vegetable production, project cycle, as well as mother and child health.

Indonesia is firmly determined to follow-up its capacity building commitment for Palestinians and welcomes any trilateral cooperation with development partners in this regard.

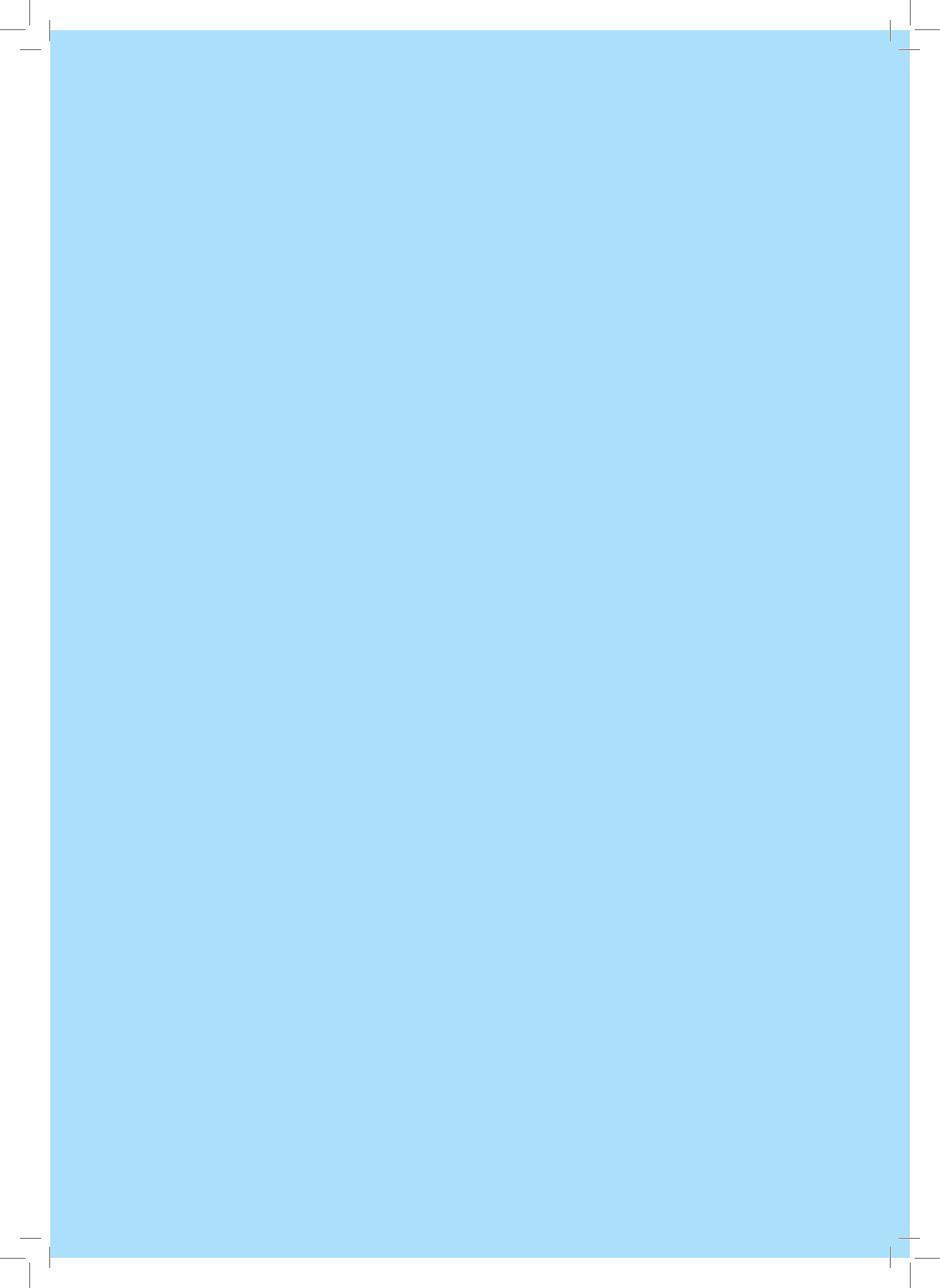
## Capacity Building Programs for Palestine under the framework of the NAASP

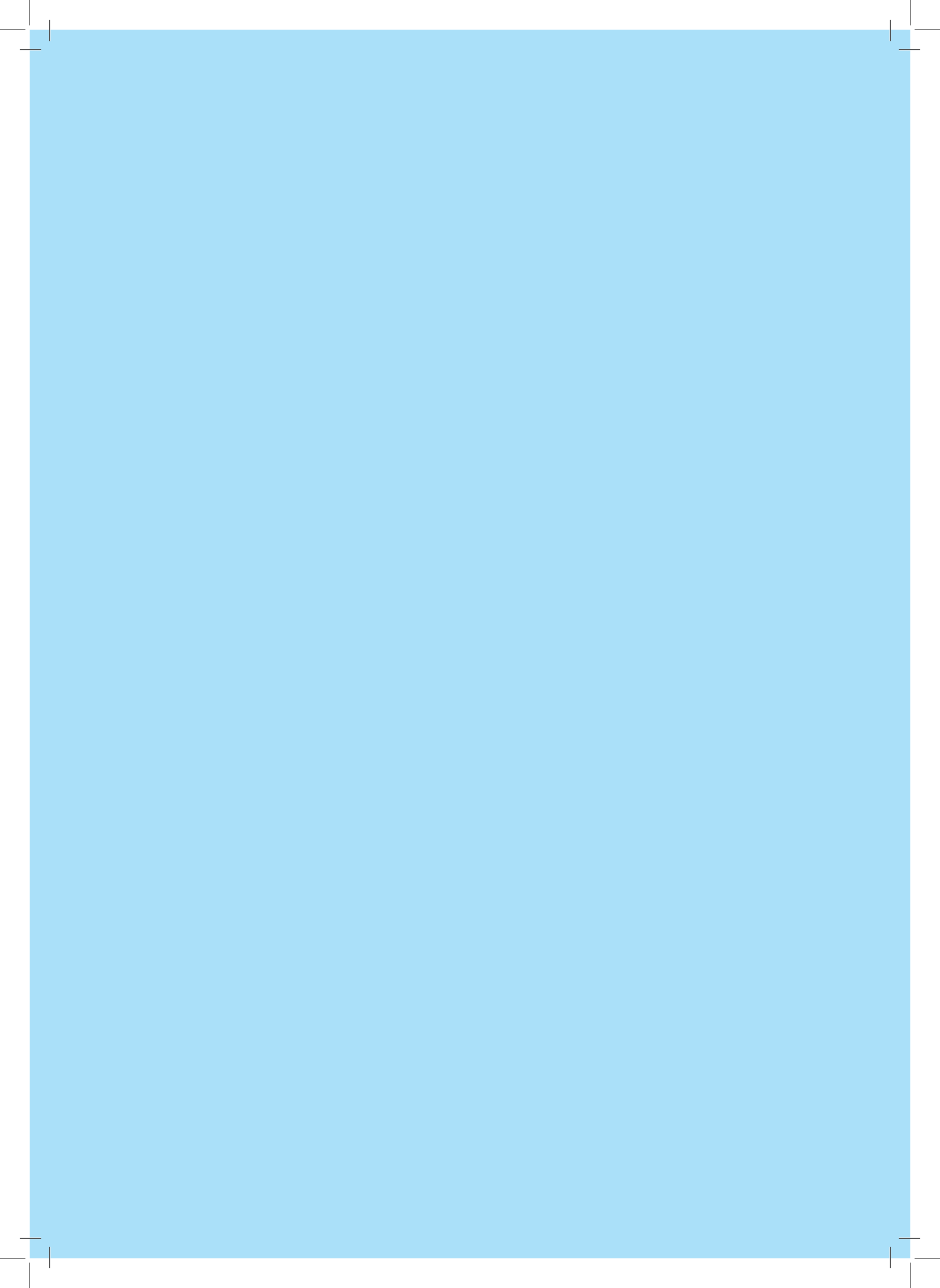
- One of the capacity building programs provided by Indonesia to the Palestinians is the Diplomatic Training Program organized by the Center for Education and Training, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia, and participated by Palestinian diplomats. By sharing knowledge and experiences on various diplomatic subjects such as negotiation skills, foreign policy and international legal drafting in the training program, it is believed that the diplomatic skills of diplomats of both countries could be enhanced.



*Training on Project Cycle  
(Planning Appraisal and Management of Infrastructure Project)  
2010 by Public Works Ministry*

- Other Indonesia's capacity building programs for Palestinians conducted through bilateral or triangular mechanism include business incubator for small and medium enterprises, democratization and good governance, women empowerment, agriculture, economy and industry, energy and natural resources, health and family planning, infrastructure and education, and property taxation.





Chapter  
**LIST OF IMPLEMENTING  
AGENCIES**

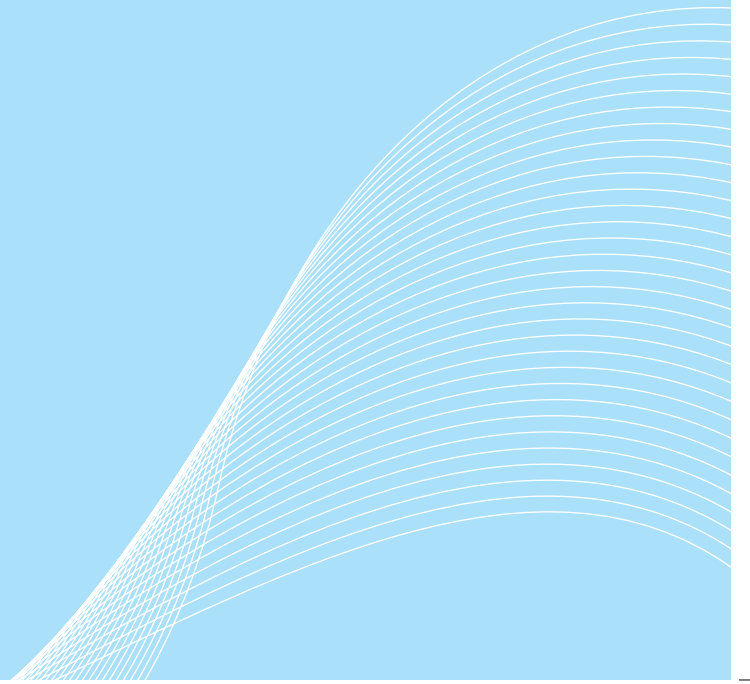
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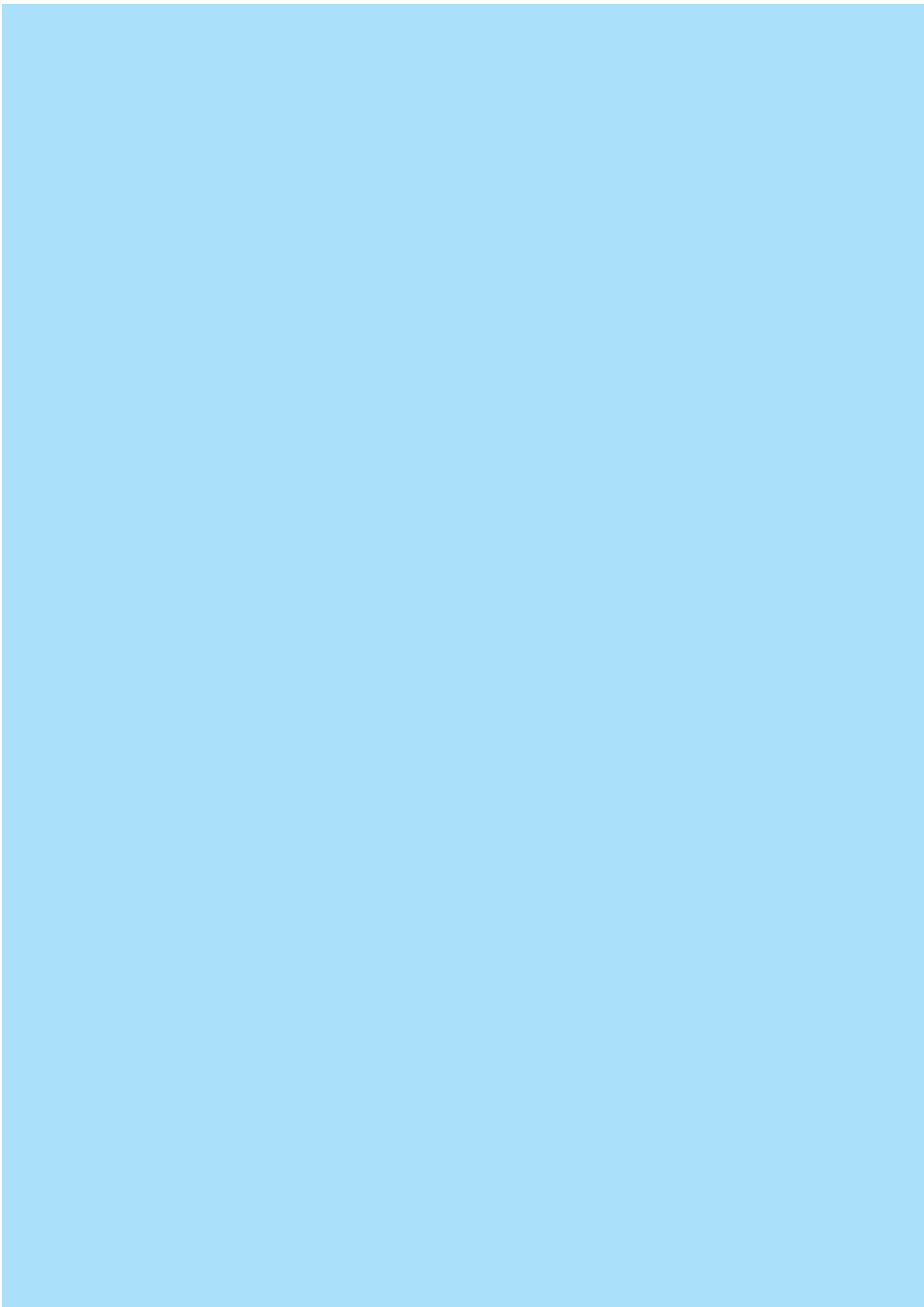




Agriculture

Agriculture





## Directorate General of Horticulture (DGH)



Since 2001, the DGH has organized many training courses in the field of horticulture cultivation, including Orchard Management and Good Agricultural Practices. The tasks of the DGH are to improve farmer's income and welfare through establishing efficient horticulture development with effective technology and green environment, and to increase horticulture production and quality which is safe to consume and competitive to fulfill domestic demand.

### Facilities

Digital Library with 24-hours internet access, One Convention Hall, Six Meeting Rooms, On Line System on Seed Export and Import, On Line System on GAP Registration for Fruit Crops, Website linked with Local-Area Network.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training course on Horticulture Cultivation, Short training course on Commodities Zoning, Technology Application, Seeding Technology, Improving the Horticulture Plant Protection, Product Quality Management, Strengthening the Agriculture Institution, Integrated Pest Management, Geographical Indication, Maximum Residue Limits of Pesticide Laboratory Testing, Post Harvest Protection, Good Agriculture Practices Certification, Organic Farming Practices, and Negotiation for Cooperation.

### Contact Information

*Jl. AUP No.3, Pasar Minggu Jakarta 12520, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-21 – 78832048, 78831845*

*Fax : +62-21 – 7805880*

*Email : [ditjen\\_horti@deptan.go.id](mailto:ditjen_horti@deptan.go.id)*

*Website : <http://www.hortikultura.deptan.go.id>*

## Indonesian Center for Agriculture Socio-Economics and Policy Studies (ICASEPS)



The tasks of the ICASEPS are to conduct analysis and assessment to produce agricultural socio-economic information and sciences, and to advocate agricultural development. The ICASEPS has conducted several training programs and provide services such as for IFCPENSA, World Food Program, JBIC and other international donor institutions in the fields of methodology in agriculture socio-economics research, and international trade on agriculture products.

### Facilities

Library consist of 6,710 text books, 279 thesis, 550 scientific journals and papers, 615 research reports and 728 seminar papers, data processing unit and 24-hours internet access, conference hall, classrooms.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training on Participatory Rural Appraisal, Policy Evaluation, Survey Research, Designing Policy Implementation, Designing Panel Data of Agriculture sector.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Ahmad Yani 70 Bogor 16161, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-251 – 8333964, 8338717, 8325177*

*Fax : +62-251 – 8314496*

*E-mail : [caser@indosat.net.id](mailto:caser@indosat.net.id)*

*Website : <http://www.pse.litbang.deptan.go.id>*

## Center for Research on Engineering Applications In Tropical Agriculture (CREATA) – Bogor Agricultural University



CREATA is one of the research centers under the Research and Community Services Institute of Bogor Agricultural University (IPB). CREATA was established in 1995 to maintain the activities which have been initiated and implemented during the JICA-DGHE (ADAET) Project in IPB. Through the improvement of research facilities and upgrading of staff's competences, CREATA has the ability to become a reliable engineering-based research center to conduct various high

quality research and technology innovation as well as training activities (national and international levels). CREATA's vision is to become a leading center in the development and application of engineering sciences to create appropriate technology for the development of sustainable tropical agriculture, both in on-farm and off-farm activities. The mission of CREATA is to develop engineering-based appropriate technologies necessary to create optimum and environmentally sound agricultural production systems supported by the necessary rural infrastructures that could help in developing modern, industrialized and sustainable agriculture through basic and applied research activities.

### Facilities

Two office and classrooms (Darmaga Campus & Bogor Campus), laboratory for agricultural machineries, post-harvest handling of agricultural products, food processing, soil testing, small library, and convention hall.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Joint research and assessment activities in the field of agricultural engineering and technology specifically on tropical agriculture; innovative technology development on alternative energy, agricultural machinery, green house technology, irrigation technology, post-harvest technology & processing; national and international training programs in the field of agricultural engineering and technology, agricultural machinery, soil & water management.

### Contact Information

*Gedung FA TETA – IPB Lt.2 Kampus IPB Darmaga P.O. Box 220 Darmaga, Bogor 16002*

*Tel : +62 - 251 - 8621886*

*Fax : +62 - 251 - 8621887*

*Email : [creata@ipb.ac.id](mailto:creata@ipb.ac.id)*

## Indonesian Agency for Agricultural Research and Development (IAARD)



The IAARD functions as the operator of agriculture research and development activities within the Ministry of Agriculture. This organization consists of the secretariat, four Centers for Commodity Research and Development, seven Research and Development Institutes, 15 Research Institutes, one Mechanization Institutes, 32 Agricultural Technology Assessment Institutes and three Research Stations. By 2014, the vision of IAARD is to be a world class research and development institution producing and developing agricultural

innovations to support the realization of the industrial agriculture system. The main tasks of IAARD is to produce world class, superior agricultural innovations that are in line with the needs of users and able to accelerate the creation of the industrial agriculture system.

### Facilities

Laboratories: 59,979 m<sup>2</sup> within Research Centers, Institutes, and Stations. To date, ten laboratories have obtained SNI 19-17025-2000 accreditations while seven others are in the process of obtaining accreditations.

Green/Wired houses: 34,184 ha within Research Centers, Institutes and Stations.

Experimental Fields: 4,834.36 ha in various agro-ecosystems.

Libraries in every Research Center, Institute and Station with 24-hour internet access.

### Contact Information

*Jl. Ragunan 29, Pasar Minggu Jakarta, Indonesia*

*Telp : +62-21 – 7805395, 7806202*

*Fax : +62-21 – 7800644*

## Bureau of Agricultural Training Development



Since 1980, under the Technical Cooperation Training Program (TCTP), more than 1,276 persons from 51 developing countries have participated in this training center. The objectives of the training center are to improve effectiveness and efficiency in developing and implementing agricultural training, and to develop the competency, creativity, innovation, and integrity of agricultural human resources.

### Areas of expertise

Agricultural extension methodology, rural development, poultry development, animal quarantine and animal health, dairy husbandry technology, estate crops, and bio-pesticides.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

#### Short-term Apprenticeship.

Objectives: The participants will be able to provide opportunities for “learning by doing” method to acquire certain skill/practices in farming business; and to promote “farmer to farmer” method to widespread application of appropriate technologies.

### Program Structure

- Classroom session for provision of local language and local custom (4 days)
- Apprenticeship program in the host farmer’s family (7 weeks)
- Classroom session for general and conclusion (3 days)
- Duration: 8 weeks (or depending on commodities cultivation period)
- Location: Asian countries or receiving countries
- Participants: 15 healthy farmers (male and female)
- Curriculum: - Land processing - Seed and seedling - Rice cultivation - Fertilization - Integrated Pest Management - Harvesting and Post-harvest Technology - Packaging and Marketing

### Short-term Apprenticeship Program for Extension Worker and Trainer

Objectives: The participants will be able to improve their understanding of development program particularly the farmers activity; and provide opportunities for an exchange of expertise on agriculture and rural development.



## Program Structure

- On-the-job training, and field visits
- Duration: 3 weeks
- Location: Asian countries or receiving countries
- Participants: 15 healthy persons (male and female) who at least in three years have been involved in agriculture and rural development at farmers.
- Curriculum: a) Agricultural Development Program b) Agricultural Extension System c) Agriculture and rural development d) Role of farmers in agricultural extension e) Role of farmer group: key farmer in agricultural extension and its activities f) Research-extension Worker-Farmers Linkage g) Farmers Group association h) Agribusiness (up-stream, on-farm, and down-stream system).

## Contact Information

*Jalan Harsono RM No. 3, Building D, 7th floor*

*Tel/Fax : +62-21-789 1064, +62-21-788 39 233*

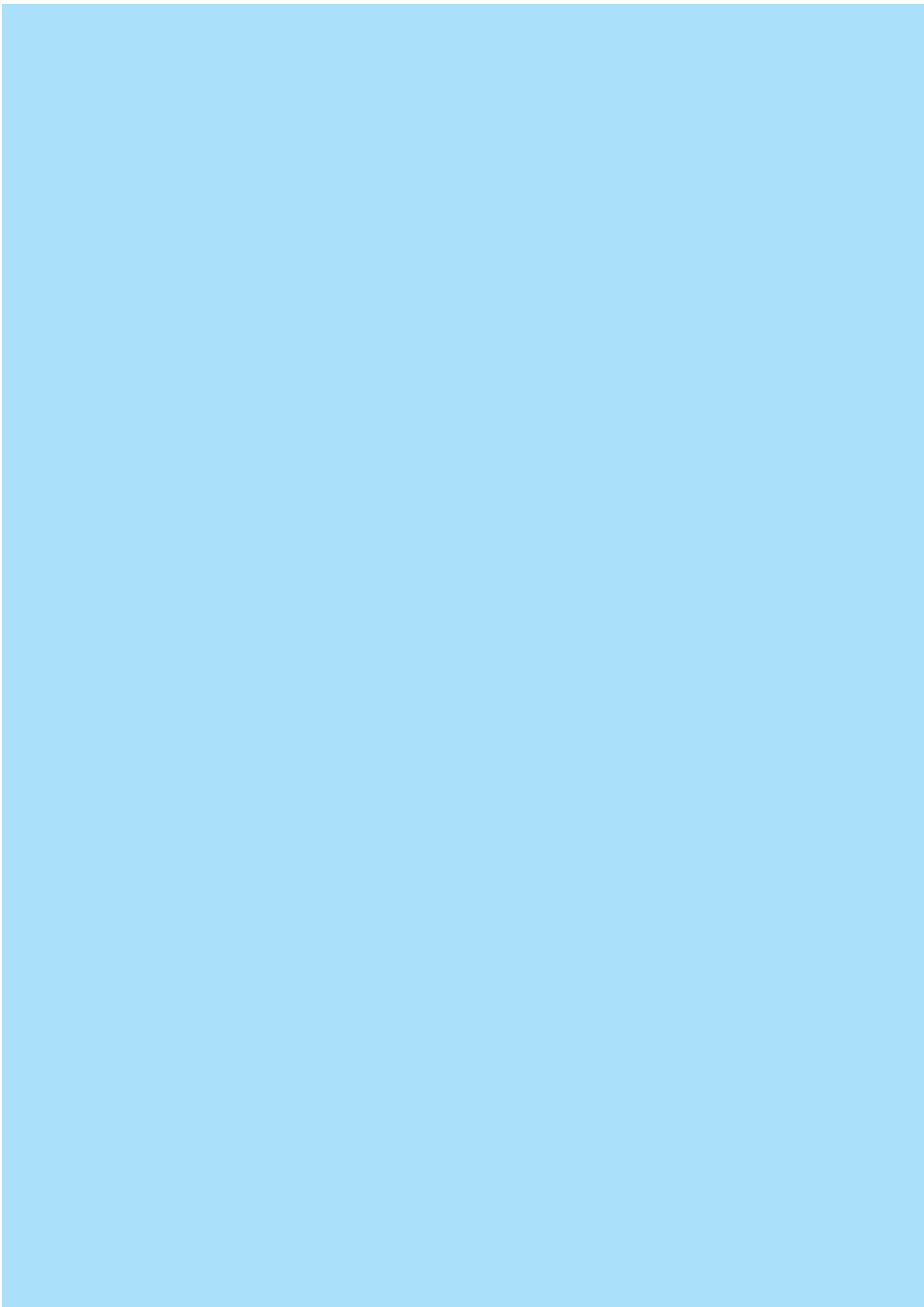
*Email : [trcoop@deptan.go.id](mailto:trcoop@deptan.go.id) ; [pusdiklatpeg@deptan.go.id](mailto:pusdiklatpeg@deptan.go.id)*



Health, Drugs and  
Food Control

Health, Drugs and  
Food Control





## PT. Bio Farma



Bio Farma is the only vaccine manufacturer in Asia that produces all complete vaccines needed for Expanded Program for Immunization (EPI) in one location. Bio Farma's products fulfill WHO's Requirements and are included in WHO's list of products that can be sold through UNICEF. Bio Farma has gained WHO's ISO Integrated 9001, 14001 and OHSAS 18001.

### Facilities

Laboratory for training purpose Workshop Library and internet access.

### Scope of Activities

1. Producing vaccines based on the Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP)
2. Performing a series of quality control tests on the raw materials, 153 intermediate and final products
3. Providing evidence that they maintain high quality consistently
4. Carrying out Quality System of Vaccines Manufacturing, Quality Control (QC) activities, and Quality Assurance (QA) activities

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

1. 1-2 weeks training of Theory and Practice activities of the GMP, QA and QC for Vaccines Manufacturing
2. 4-6 weeks training on Theory and Practice activities of the GMP, QA and QC for Vaccines Manufacturing.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Pasteur 28, Bandung 40161, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-22-2033 755*

*Email : mail@biofarma.co.id*

*Website : www.biofarma.co.id*

## National Agency for Drugs and Food Control (NADFC)



In cooperation with WHO and JICA, the NADFC hosted several international and national training programs. The tasks of the NADFC are to protect public health from risk of marketed therapeutic products, medical devices, traditional medicines, complementary products, and to develop Indonesian traditional medicines with scientifically reliable quality and safety.

### Facilities

Laboratory of: Physicochemistry analysis (including High Pressure Liquid Chromatography and Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer), Drug Analysis, Forensics, Biopharmacy, Pharmacology, Medical Devices/Condom, Cigarettes, Traditional Medicines, Cosmetics, Food, Vaccines, Toxicology, Microbiology Test, Reference Substance, Animal Breeding, Calibration, Biotechnology. Library with 24-hour internet access, and a 24-hour drug and poison information hotline.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

#### A. Short-term :

1. Training course in the field of food safety
2. Training on drug and poison information service

#### B. Mid-term :

1. Training course for developing food safety programs
2. Training course on drug and poison information

#### C. Long-term :

1. Internship in the field of food safety surveillance, promotion and extension (6 – 18 months)
2. Training course in the field of drug and poison information
3. Training for District Food Inspector and Food Extension Worker
4. Food borne disease outbreaks surveillances.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Percetakan Negara 23, Jakarta 10560, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-21-4244 691 / +62-21-4288 3279*

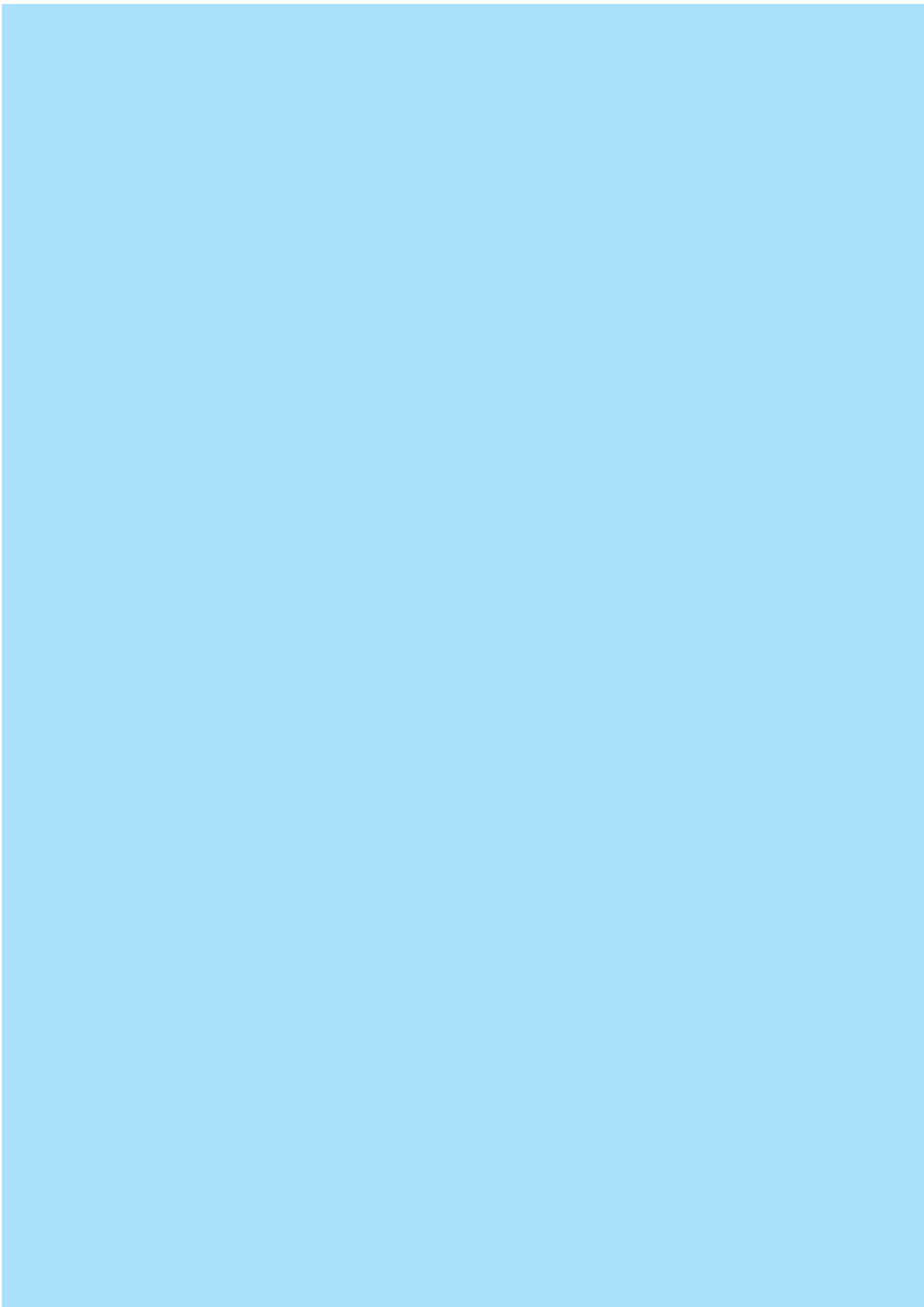
*Fax : +62-21-4288 9117*

*Email : [informasi@pom.go.id](mailto:informasi@pom.go.id)*

Economic and  
Development

Economic and  
Development





## People Centered Business and Economic Institute (IBEKA)



IBEKA, People Centered Business and Economic Institute, has organized many trainings locally and internationally on rural development, renewable energy, especially micro hydro. IBEKA has built more than 60 locations of mini and micro hydro power plants in Indonesia and overseas, providing clean water supply and sanitation for villagers in remote areas. IBEKA also conducts feasibility studies and preliminary survey of water potential to generate electricity. The goal of IBEKA is to develop rural economic development and community empowerment through renewable energy introduction.

### Facilities

Training facilities with 15 rooms at the site, one micro hydro power plant with 120 kilo watt installed capacity, biogas with 26 m cubic meter, and one butterfly breeding facility.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training on Renewable Energy for Indonesian and ASEAN Countries, African and Asia; Region-Developed Micro Hydro in Timor Leste and Philippines.

### Contact Information

*Kampung Panaruban RT 023/05*

*Desa Cicadas, Kecamatan Segalaheerang*

*Kabupaten Subang, Jawa Barat*

*Indonesia PO.BOX 8439*

*Tel : +62-260-471 897, 471 827*

*Fax : +62-260-471 326*

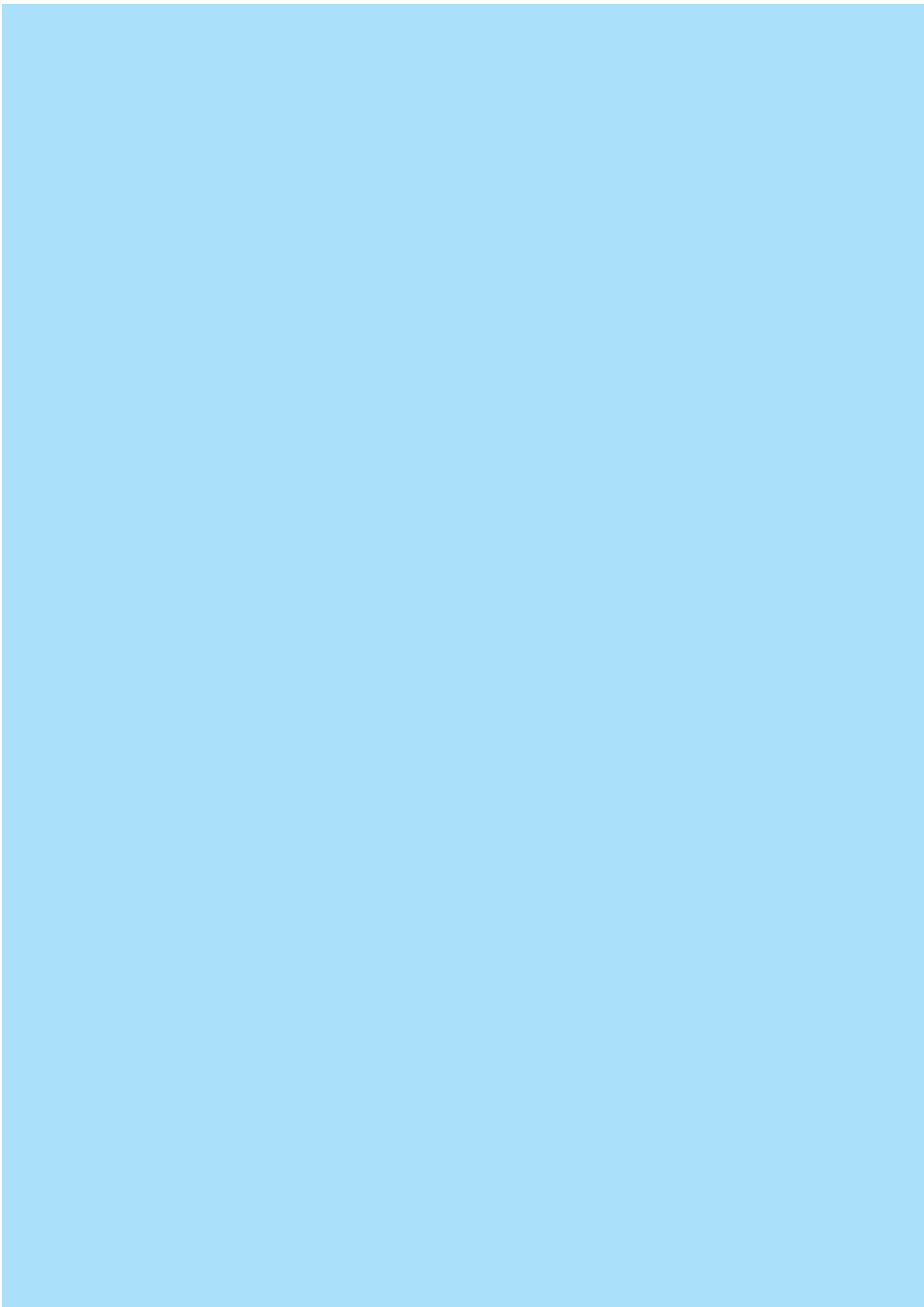




Education

Education





## State Islamic University Ar-Raniry Nanggroe Aceh Darussalam (UIN NAD)



As an excellent religious teaching university, the UIN NAD has performed formal education in the field of Islamic studies. The task of the UIN NAD is to provide professional as well as dedicated scholars in religious as well as secular fields, and to integrate religion and knowledge.

### Facilities

Center for Women's Studies, Center for Conflict Resolution and Peace Studies, Center for Islamic Culture and Civilization Studies, Libraries, Convention Hall, and Classrooms.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Undergraduate program on Islamic Sciences, Master Degree program on Islamic Studies.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Ar Raniry Kopelma Darussalam, NAD*

*Tel : +62-651-7552921*

*Fax : +62-651-7552922*

*Email : helpdesk@ar\_raniry.ac.id*

*Website : www.ar\_raniry.ac.id*

## Center for Development and Empowerment of Teachers and Education Personnel of Art and Culture



### Task

1. To promote sustainable and professional development for teachers and education personnel in art and culture.
2. To provide intellectual forums for policy makers and experts in art and culture.
3. To establish networks and partnerships in national, regional and international levels in developing art and culture education and training.

### Facilities

Workshop and training facilities with 15 rooms at the site, library and language laboratory, multimedia with audio visual center, auditorium and exhibition hall, dormitory and guest house.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Providing training and short-term courses for teachers and educational personnel in: Fine arts (painting, sculpture, and graphic art), Design (fashion, furniture, home decoration, product design and communication design), Ceramics (terracotta, stoneware, earthenware, and raku), Woodcraft (woodcarving, general handicraft, and woodworking), Leather craft (accessories, bags, shoes, home decoration, furniture and apparel), Jewelry (precious stone, gold and silversmith), Performing arts (music, dance, theater, traditional, performing arts), Information technology and multimedia (animation, gametech and networking), Entrepreneurship in art and culture.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Kaliurang Km 12,5 Klidon, Sukoharjo Yogyakarta 55581, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-21-5492087*

*Fax : +62-21-5492087*

*E-mail : pusat@pppgkes.com; pusat@p4tksb-jogja.com*

*Website : www.pppgkes.com; http://p4tksb-jogja.com*

## Pondok Modern Darussalam Gontor (Pesantren Gontor)



As an original and exclusive Islamic religious institution, since 1926, Pesantren Gontor has performed simultaneously formal and non-formal education in the field of Islamic studies. The task of the Pesantren Gontor is to provide scholars to be able to actively be involved as community members who have a deep concern in Islamic religious learning and its application amidst the changing society.

### Facilities

Islamic Classical Curricula Social Rehabilitation Center, Home Industry Pharmacy, Mini Market, Small-scale Farming, Animal Husbandry, Welding Workshop, Ice Fabric Plantation, Pesantren Gontor's Press Medical Clinic 595 teachers, Libraries, Classrooms, Dormitories.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Apprenticeship on Islamic Studies Apprenticeship on Islamic Higher Education (*Ma'had 'Aliy*).

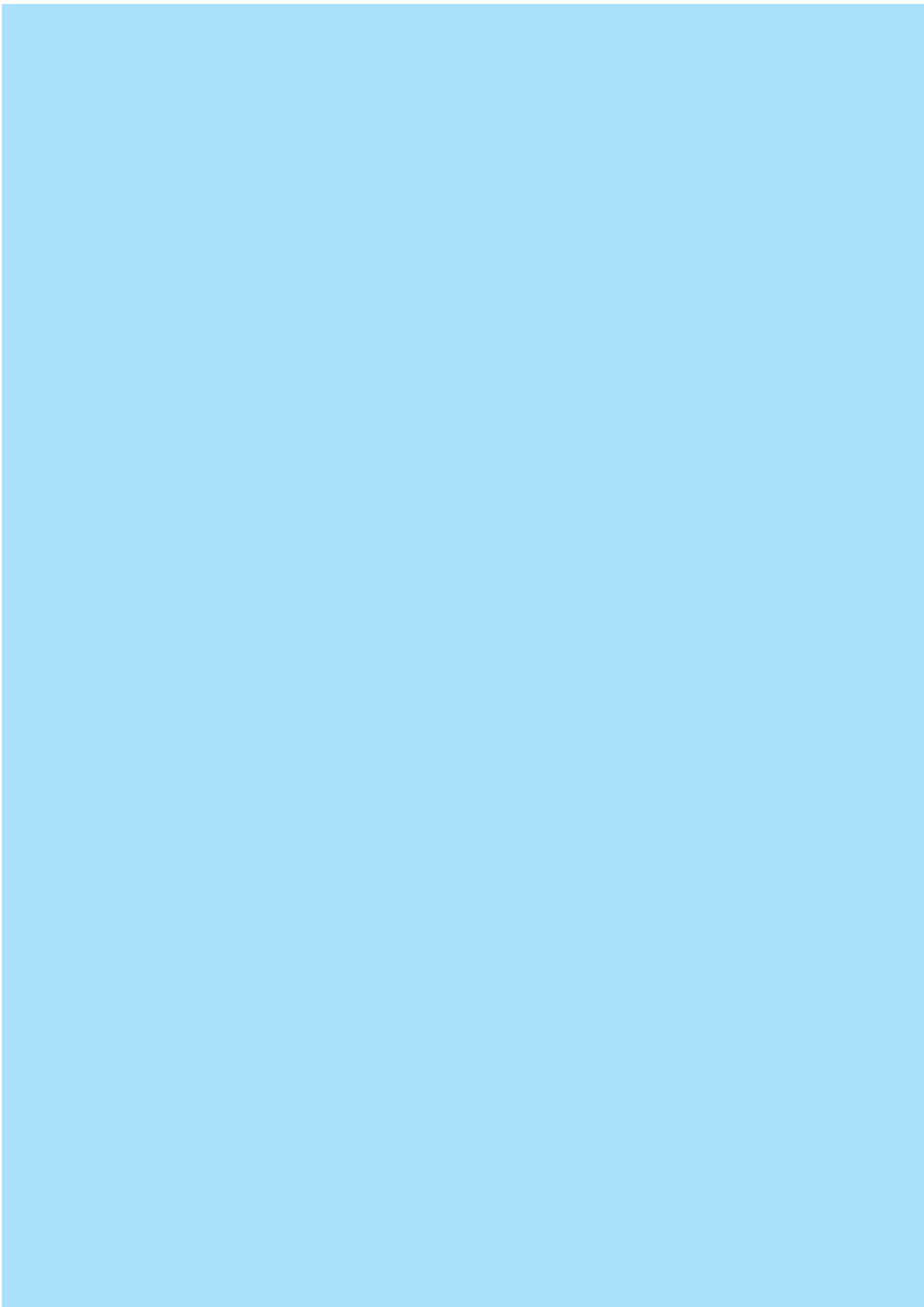
### Contact Information

Gontor, Ponorogo Jawa Timur, Indonesia - 63472

Tel : +62-352-311 711


Fax : +62-352-311 911

Email : [info@gontor.ac.id](mailto:info@gontor.ac.id)



# Energy and Mineral Resources

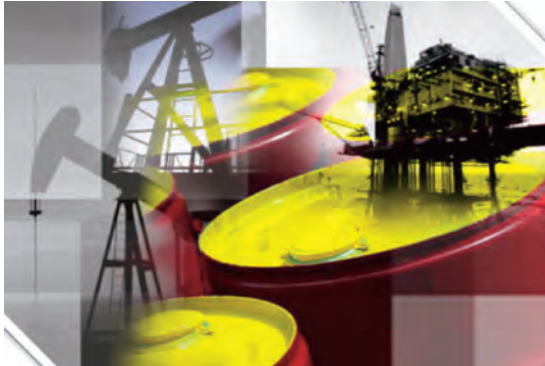
Energy and  
Mineral Resources







## Oil and Gas Education and Training Center (PUSDIKLAT MIGAS)



PUSDIKLAT MIGAS has conducted 14 batches of Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries (TCDC) Training Programs. The Tasks of PUSDIKLAT MIGAS is to develop human resources in Oil and Gas sector with practical knowledge and skills.

### Facilities

Laboratories, Simulators, Workshop, Library, Dormitory, Sport, Facilities, and Hospital.

### Experiences in conducting training programs

CLMV program: 4 batches CCOP Vietross Engineers TCDC

Training Program: 14 batches on Pipe Fitting of Industrial Gas Transportation (Malaysia), Basic Oil and Gas Operation and Maintenance (Total E&P Myanmar).

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training course on basic theory and practice for vietross engineers, coordinating committee on geoscience program, oil and gas field production operation, oil and gas drilling techniques, oil refinery operation and economics, petrochemical plant operator and economics, basic design of drilling fluid and troubleshooting practice, basic of drilling technology, well servicing and work over petroleum engineering workshop, gas conditioning and processing, oil gas separator and gas dehydration, chemical safety training, health safety environment management, poison and hazardous material management, fire fighting and water survival, h<sub>2</sub>s prevention, and industrial waste water management.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Sorogo No. 1 Cepu Jawa Tengah, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-296-421888*

*Fax : +62-296-421891*

*Website : <http://www.pusdiklatmigas.com>*

*Email : [informasi@pusdiklatmigas.com](mailto:informasi@pusdiklatmigas.com)*

## Research and Development Center for Electricity and Renewable Energy Technology (RDCERET)



Since 2001, RDCERET conducts applied research and development for electricity and renewable energy technology. The task of RDCERET is to serve technology for electricity and renewable energy.

### Facilities

Calibration Laboratory; Research Laboratory on Electricity, Chemical, Mechanical, Energy (Micro Hydro, Geothermal and Fuel Cell); Micro

Hydro Power Plants: in Melong, Subang, West Java (100kW), in Kombongan, Garut, West Java (165kW); Solar Cell-Micro Hydro Power Plant Hybrid in Sengkaling, UMM Malang, East Java (100kW); Biomass: Biodiesel Power Plant in Mataram, West Nusa Tenggara (Micro Algae, Bio Ethanol and Bio Oil Gasification); Wind Energy Power Plants in Pamengpeuk, West Java, and Sukabumi, West Java; Biogas Demo Plant in UMM Malang (Plastic Bag Dome, Fixed Dome and Floating); Solar Cell: Solar Cell-Wind Energy Power Plant Hybrid in Kepulauan Seribu; Solar Cell Power Plant in UMM Malang and R&D for High Speed Circuit Breaker of Solar Cell in cooperation with NEDO Quality Standard System Owned by RDCERET; Quality Management System Certification on ISO 9001:2000 Quality Laboratory System ISO 17025 Patent Owned by RDCERET; Multi Function Solar Cooker; Multi Function Dryer with Geothermal Energy Experience in Conducting Training Programs; Energy Planning; Energy Conservation; Energy Audit; Electrical Installation; Rural Electrification; Micro Hydro Development and Operation; Electrical Installation Inspection; and Environmental Management Monitoring.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Courses in the field of Electricity (Power Generation, Transmission, Distribution and Electrical Installation), Micro Hydropower, Municipal Waste as Fuel for Generating Electricity, Small Scale Geothermal Plant, Renewable Energy, Peat as Fuel for Generating Electricity, and Fuel Cell as Distributed Power Plant.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Ciledug Raya Kav.109 Jakarta 12230, Indonesia*

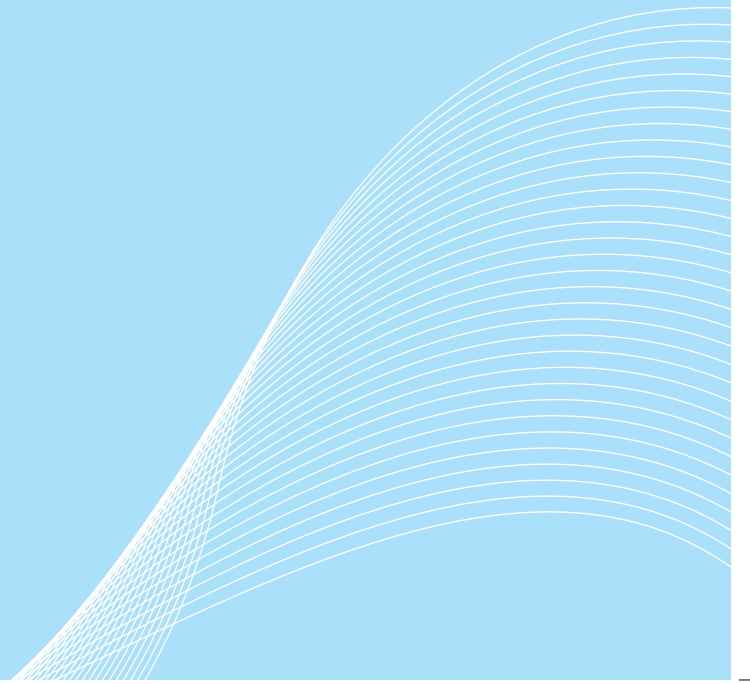
*Tel : +62-21-7203530*

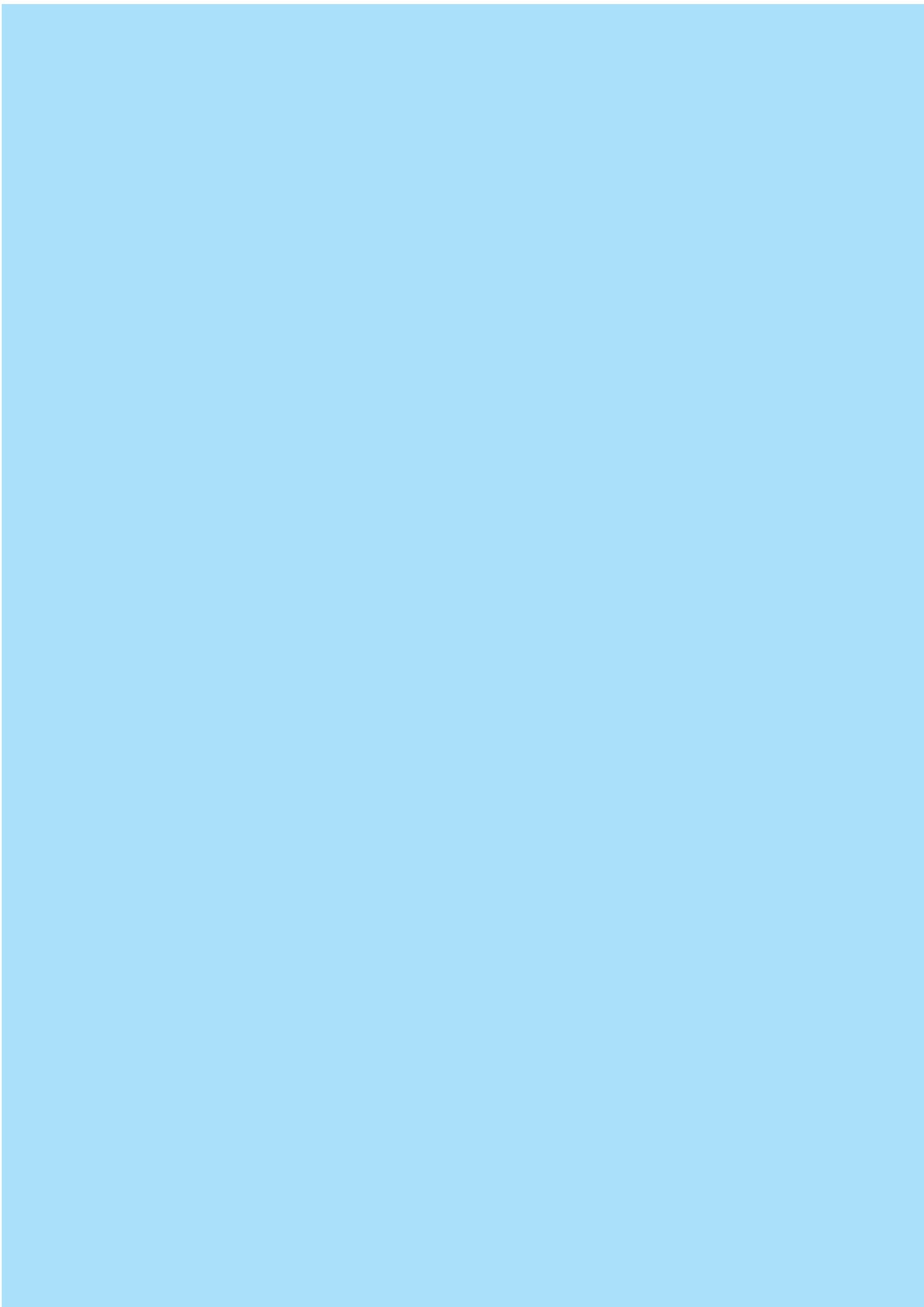
*Fax : +62-21-7203525*

*Website : [www.p3tkebt.esdm.go.id](http://www.p3tkebt.esdm.go.id)*

Environment

Environment





## Center for Environment Impact Control Facility (Pusarpedal), The Ministry of Environment



Pusarpedal best known as Environmental Management Center (EMC) has the mission to undertake the role of environmental reference laboratory, to undertake environmental quality monitoring activities and to provide environmental data quality based on scientific evidence, to enhance the capability of environmental laboratory in Indonesia and to provide professional public services in environmental laboratory fields.

### Facilities

Laboratories on Air Quality testing, Water Quality, Biology, Soil and Waste, Noise and Vibration, and Calibration. The laboratories were accredited on ISO 17025 by National Accreditation Body (KAN). Some equipments in Pusarpedal are GCMS, AAS, Spectrophotometer, HPLC, TOX, Mercury Analyser, Flash point Tester, Corrosive Tester, TCLP, Hand Held Sound intensity, Vibration Level Meter, Pulse Sound, IC, Emission Gas Analyzer, Air Quality Monitoring System.

### Experiences on Environmental Monitoring and Research

Monitoring and water quality (sea, lake, ground water and river water); Persistent Organic Pollutants/ POPs (cooperation with United Nations University); acid deposition (EMC as a National Center for Acid Deposition Monitoring Network in East Asia / EANET); ambient air quality and emission source; environmental noise research on community noise, noise emission from airplane, noise emission from vehicle (stationary and pass-by); and research on environmental testing methodology.

### Training Programs

Training course on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs), environmental monitoring methods, laboratory improvement, lake & sea water quality, environment noise, ambient air, environment in mining area, and acid deposition.

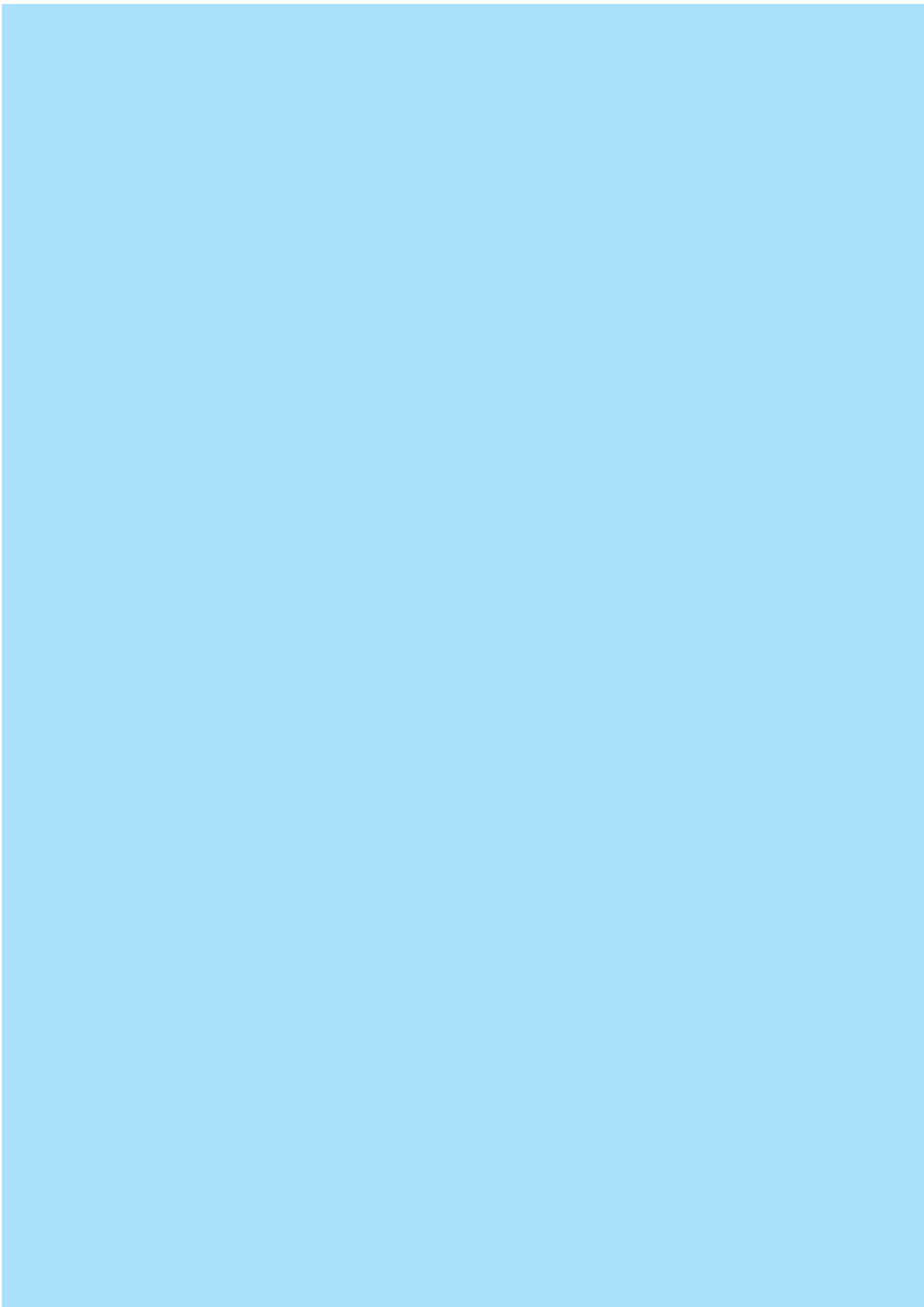
### Contact Information

*Kawasan Puspiptek Gedung 210, Jalan Raya Puspiptek Serpong, Tangerang Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-21-7563114, 7563331*

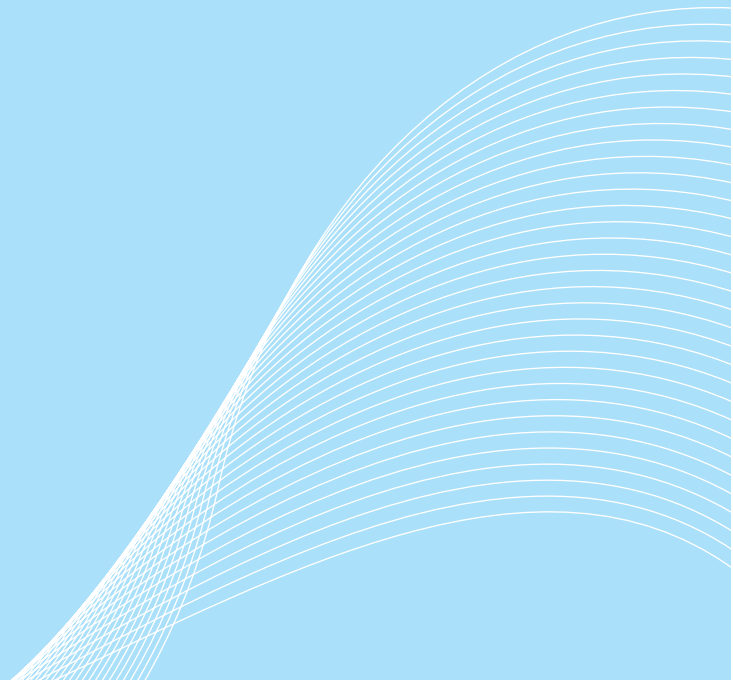
*Fax : +62-217563115, 75872028*

*Website : <http://www.menlh.go.id>*



Finance

Finance







## Bank Rakyat Indonesia (BRI) Microbanking Division Microfinance International Cooperation



Bank Rakyat Indonesia which was established in 1885, is now a public listed commercial bank with 51% share owned by Indonesian government. Managing more than 30 million micro clients run by more than 60 thousands permanent employees using its 6,300 total medium business in Indonesia. Even, BRI Commercial Microfinance program recognized as the most sustainable microfinance program in the world by the World Bank, ADB and the most of microfinance observers. Through BRI

Microfinance International Cooperation (formerly known as IVP program) BRI offers study visit, training, technical assistance or consultancy on microfinance program based on the best practice of BRI Unit microbanking. More than 4,230 VVIP (senior managers, CEOs, commercial bankers, central bankers, policy bankers, academicians, MFI practitioners and donors/investors) from more than 50 countries have joined this programs.

### Facilities

6,300 networks (covering head offices, regional offices, branches and microfinance outlet etc), 6 microfinance training centers (each training center can hold 200 participants), dummy banks, libraries, internet connection, dormitories, guest house experiences.

### Training Programs

In-house training abroad, study visit conference/seminar, technical assistance consulting on microfinance for more than 45 countries in Asia, Africa, Europe, America and Australia/Pacific in the field of microfinance policies and regulation, product development, micro credit operation, saving mobilization, risk management and internal control, HRD poverty alleviation, and commercial microfinance program.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

BRI Microfinance International Cooperation offers mutual benefit cooperation with investors, donors, government institutions, central bankers, and commercial bankers, initiate microfinance program in any country (outside Indonesia) based on best practice of BRI unit using BRI expertise in a form of in house training, technical assistance/consultancy on microfinance, under certain terms of conditions agreed by both parties.

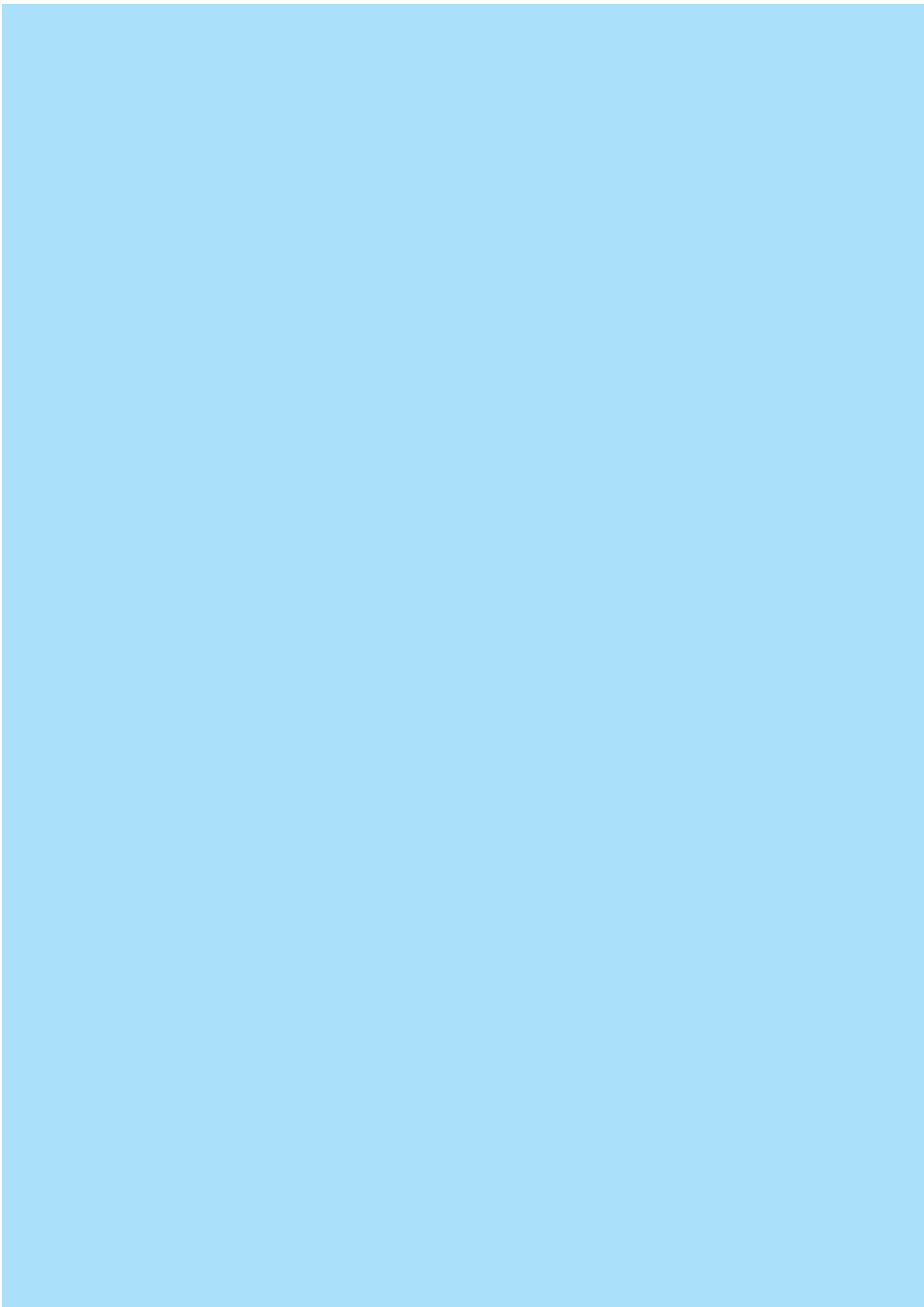
### Contact Information

*Bank Rakyat Indonesia Head Office BRI Building 1 10th Floor*

*Jl. Jend Sudirman Kav 44-46, Jakarta 10210, Tel : +62-21-575 1024/29 Fax : +62-21 2511 644*

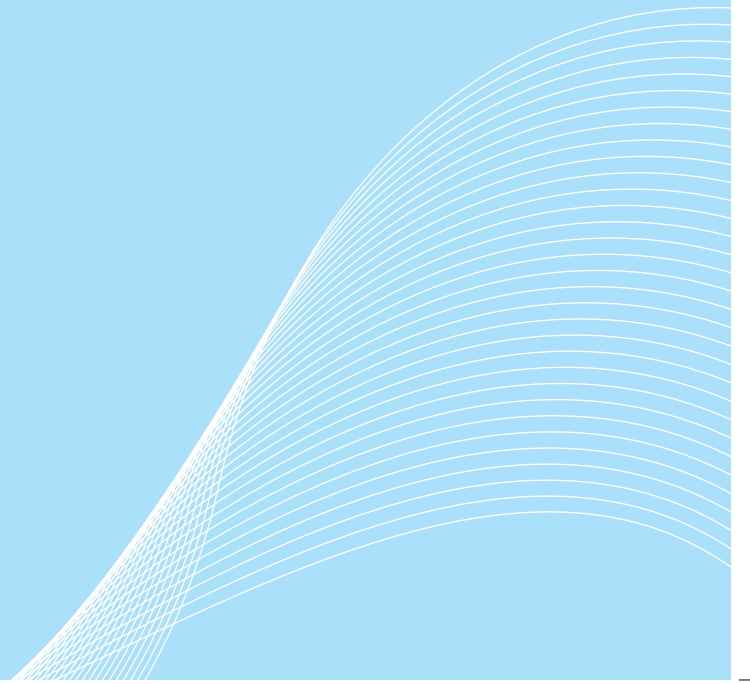
*Email : [ivp@bri.co.id](mailto:ivp@bri.co.id), [agusrachmadi@gmail.com](mailto:agusrachmadi@gmail.com), [ismanto@bri.co.id](mailto:ismanto@bri.co.id)*

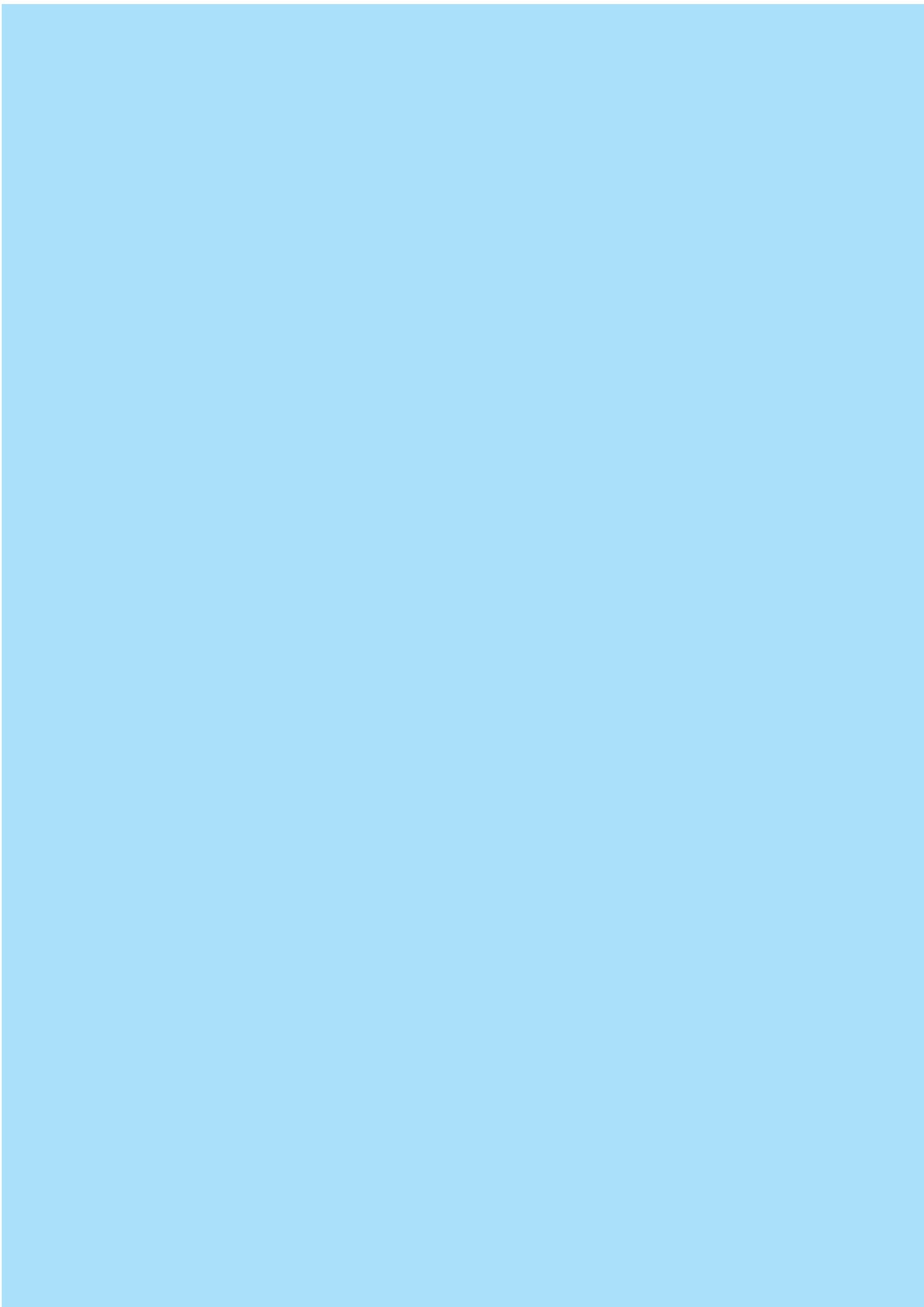
*Website : <http://www.vpbri.com>*



Forestry

Forestry





## Center for Forest Biotechnology and Tree Improvement Research (CFBTI)



CFBTI major research interests are on conservation of genetic resources application of biotechnology particularly DNA technology for conservation and breeding purposes, and genetic improvement of tree species (Tree Improvement), such as collaborative research projects with internationally renowned institutions such as CSIRO Forest Biosciences, Tropenbos and funding agencies such as ACIAR, ITTO and JICA. With the available researchers and research facilities, CFBTI conducts trainings for local as well as

overseas participants. The task of CFBTI are to conduct research activities on forest biotechnology and tree improvement to produce improvement in productivity of forest plantation both in industrial forest and/ community forest through production of improved seed.

### Facilities

Molecular Genetics Laboratory, data processing laboratory, wood property laboratory, pest and disease laboratory, reproductive biology laboratory, seminar room library consist of 1,093 text books, 15 Thesis, 28 scientific journals, 34 popular journals, workshop proceedings, seminar proceedings. Arboretum and Research Stations (in Jogjakarta, Central Java, and East Java), Green Houses Nursery.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training on reproductive biology (phenology, control pollination, hybridization, seed collection and seed handling), wood property analysis for tree breeding program, and training on pest and disease for tree breeding program. Scholarship for Master/ Doctoral Degree on forest genetic, tree breeding program, and supporting area (management, accounting, etc.), establishment of DNA Marker for Illegal Logging Tracking.

### Contact Information

*Jln. Palagan Tentara Pelajar Km. 15 Purwobinangun,*

*Pakem, Sleman, Yogyakarta 55582*

*Tel : +62-274-896 080*

*Fax : +62-274-896 080*

## Centre for Forestry Education and Training



The Centre for Forestry Education and Training is a unit of an institution in the Ministry of Forestry whose job is to execute education and training for the ministry of Forestry Officials on Forestry Fields. In realizing the task, the Centre of Forestry Education and Training (CFET) has five functions, namely: formulating programs and plans of education and training, as well as executing training for the Ministry of Forestry personnel; developing the education and training and developing the system

and procedures of forestry education and training; coordinating education and training; monitoring and evaluating education and training execution; implementing the centre administrative business and domestic affairs.

### Facilities

CFET has 9 Technical Executing Units which are located in the Province. Eight of the technical executing units are Forestry Education and Training Centre and 4 unit is Forestry Training Centre which also executes Senior Forestry High School.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training in forest rehabilitation, forest conservation and utilization.

### Contact Information

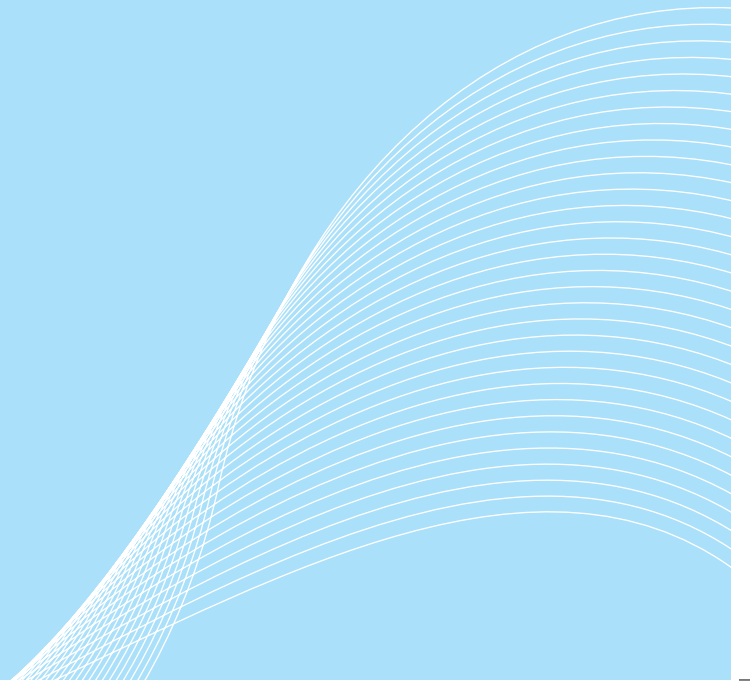
*Jln. Mayjen Ishak Juarsa, Gunung Batu, Kotak Pos 141, Bogor 16188*

*Tel : +62-251- 8312841*

*Fax : +62-251- 8323565*

Gender

Gender







## Ministry of Women's Empowerment (Meneg PP)



In cooperation with JICA, IASTP, MTCP and KOICA, KPP & PA has organized many training courses in the field of women's empowerment and gender equality. The Tasks of the KPP & PA are to realize gender responsive and child friendly policies in improving women's quality of life and protection, and in fulfilment of rights of the child and child protection from any acts of violence.

### Facilities

Library with 24-hour internet access, classrooms and convention hall.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

International Training of Trainers for Gender Mainstreaming and Analysis, Gender Equity, Gender Budget Analysis, Leadership Training for Women, Increasing Women Participation in Politics, ICT and Gender Responsive Statistic System, Child Praticipations on Development, Child Help Line and Child Friendly City, and Services for handling Violence against Women, including trafficking.

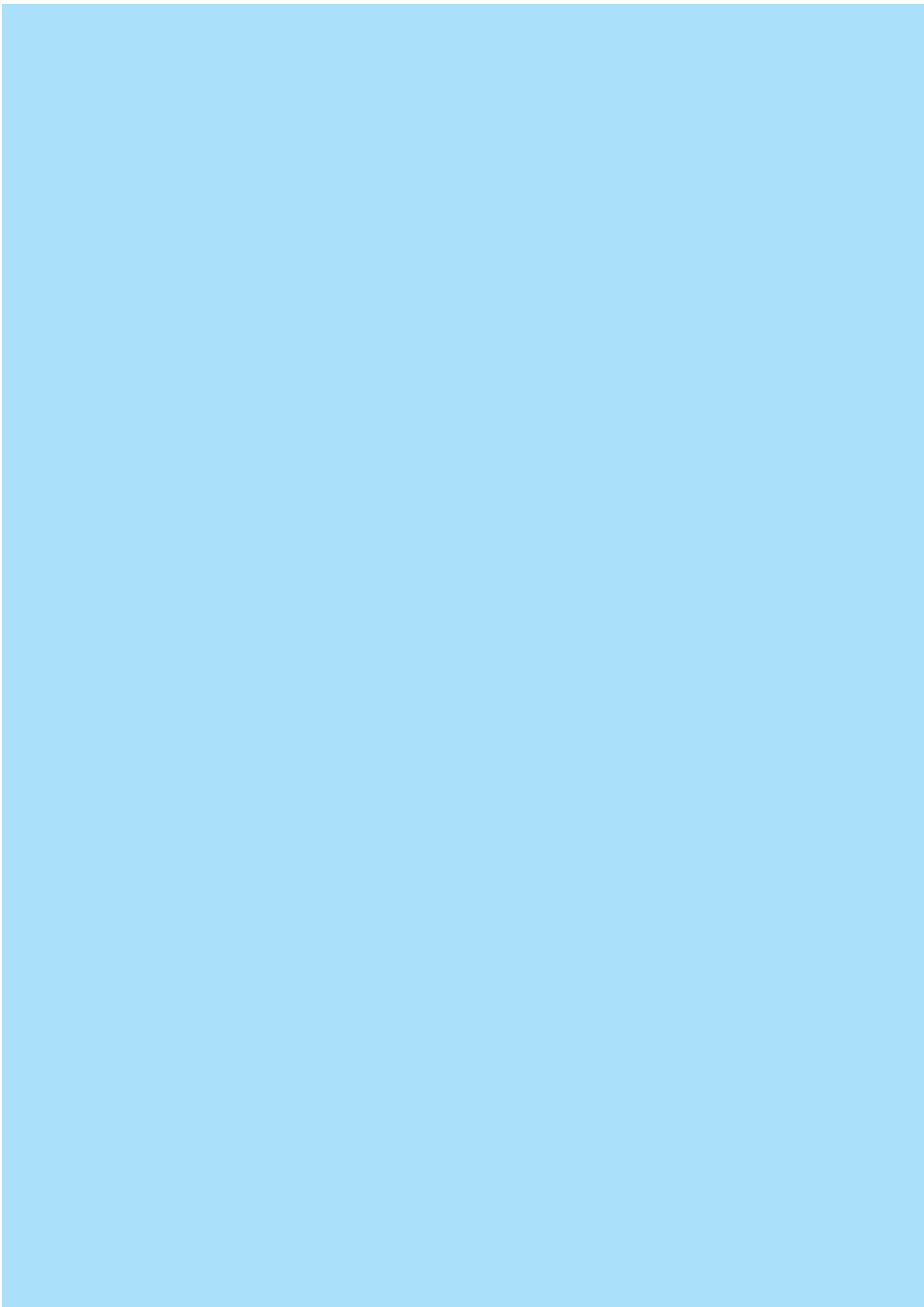
### Contact Information

*Jalan Merdeka Barat 5, Jakarta 10110, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-21 -380 5563, 384 2638*

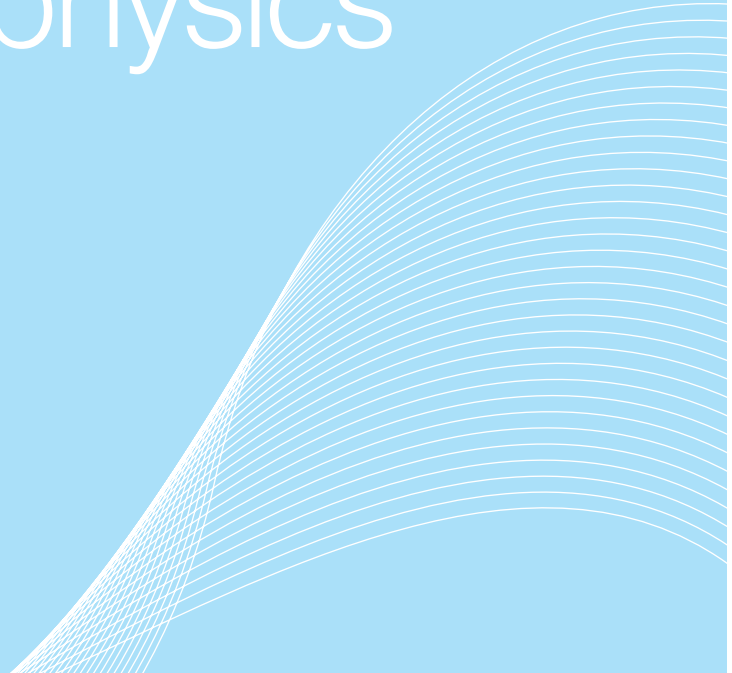
*Fax : +62-21 -380 5562, 380 5559*

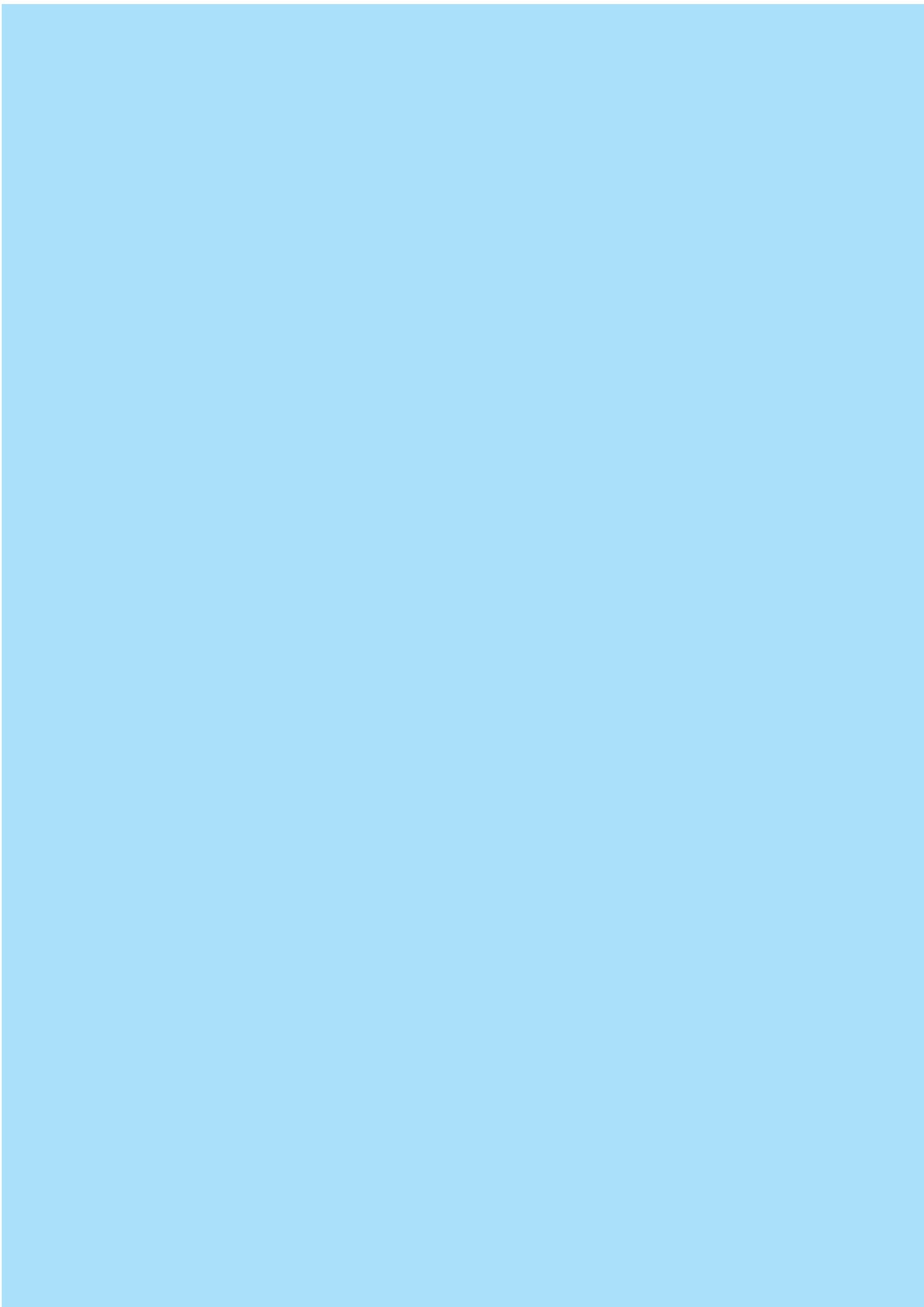
*Website : [www.menegpp.go.id](http://www.menegpp.go.id)*



# Geology and Geophysics

Geology  
and Geophysics





## National Coordinating Agency for Surveys and Mapping (BAKOSURTANAL)



The BAKOSURTANAL has hosted Technical Cooperation amongst Developing Countries (TCDC) participants from several countries.

### Facilities

Three laboratories, library with 24-hour internet access, dormitory, and classrooms.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

- A. Short-term Training: Map Reading (5 days), Digital Mapping (5 days), Remote Sensing (Analog and Digital), Geographic Information System, Monitoring, Evaluation and Revision of Spatial Planning (2 weeks), Land Evaluation (2 weeks).
- B. Mid-term Training: Autocad Map, Resources Inventory, Natural Resources Evaluation, Boundary, Survey and Marine Mapping.

### Contact Information

*Jl. Raya Jakarta - Bogor KM. 46 Cibinong 16911, INDONESIA*

*Tel/Fax : +62-21-8753155, +62-21-8752062-63 ext 3608, 3609, 3611 dan 3103.*

*Website: [www.bakosurtanal.go.id](http://www.bakosurtanal.go.id)*

*Email: [info@bakosurtanal.go.id](mailto:info@bakosurtanal.go.id)*

## The Marine Geological Institute (MGI)



The MGI experts involved in various international training programs particularly in Marine Geological and Geophysical Mapping, Marine Geotechnique, Offshore Energy and Mineral Resources Survey. The task of BGM are to carry out research on marine mineral, energy, geological and geophysical mapping in Indonesian waters area.

### Facilities

Research vessel Laboratory Survey equipment such as Multi Channel Seismic, Magnetic, Rov, Sidescansonar, and Echosounder.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Short-term courses in the field of Site Survey, Mapping, Sea-bottom Exploration, Shallow Water Drilling Conducting. Mid-term courses in the field of Offshores Exploration for Energy and Minerals Resources, Marine Geological Purposes, and Energy Alternative Utilization.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Dr. Djunjunan No. 236, Bandung 404, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-22-603 2020 / +62-22-603 2201*

*Fax : +62-22-601 7887*

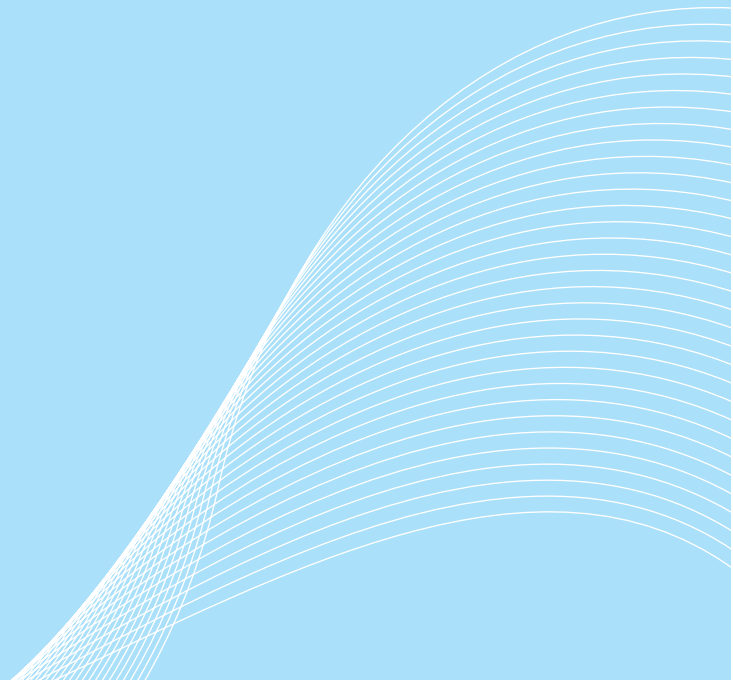
*Website: <http://www.mgi.esdm.go.id>*

*Email : [kerjasama@mgi.esdm.go.id](mailto:kerjasama@mgi.esdm.go.id)*

*Website : <http://www.mgi.esdm.go.id>*

# Immigration

Immigration







## Directorate General of Immigration



Institution Profile: Directorate General of Immigration experts involved in various international training programs. The task of the Directorate General of Immigration is to give public service in immigration fields to the public.

### Facilities

Intelligence Character Recognition (ICR) area - 250-seat Convention Room.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Short-term Training in the field of Public Servant Investigator and Immigration Technical.

### Contact Information

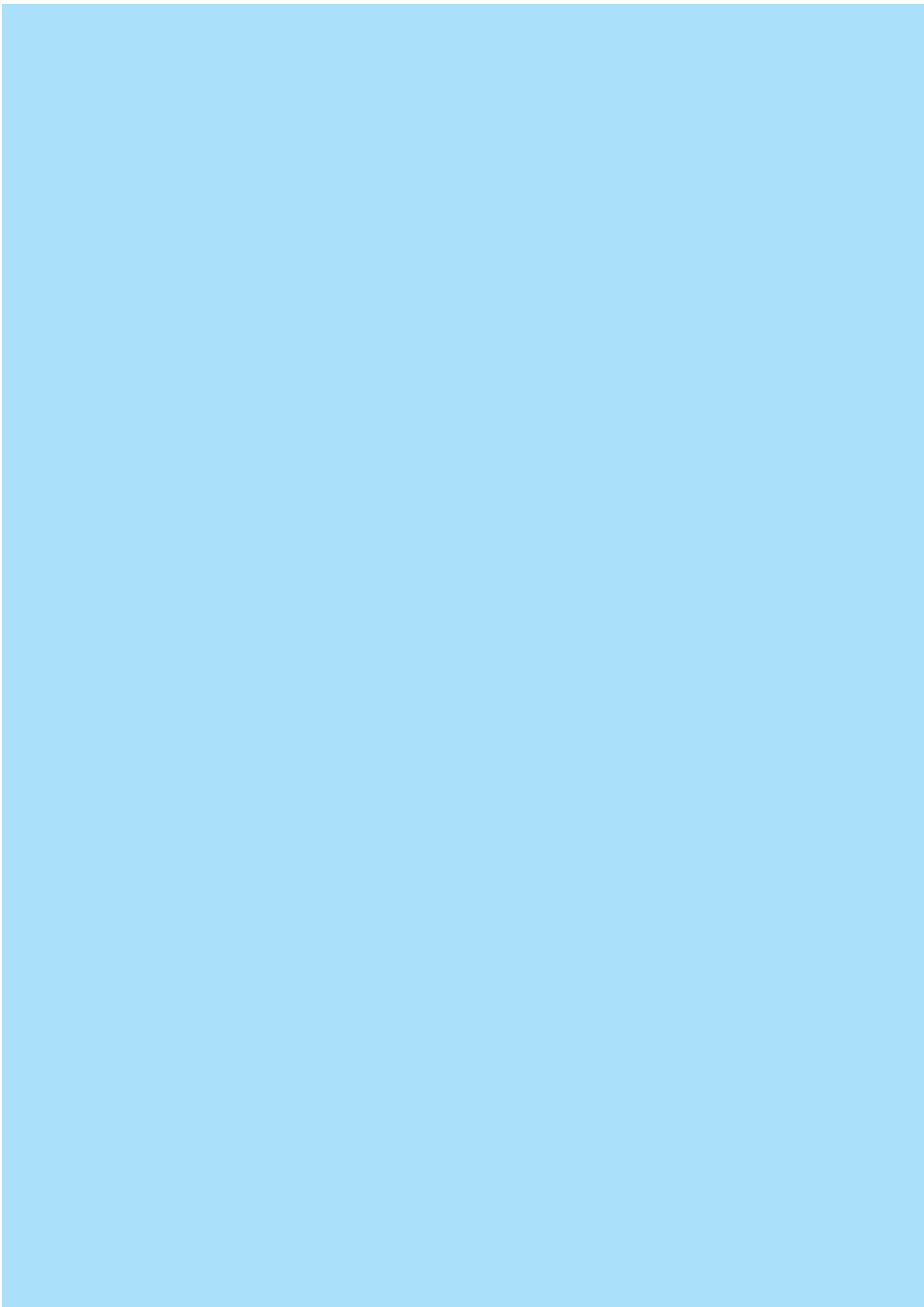
*Jalan H.R. Rasuna Said Kav. 8-9, Kuningan, Jakarta Selatan, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-21-522 4658/5030*

*Fax : +62-21-522 5037*

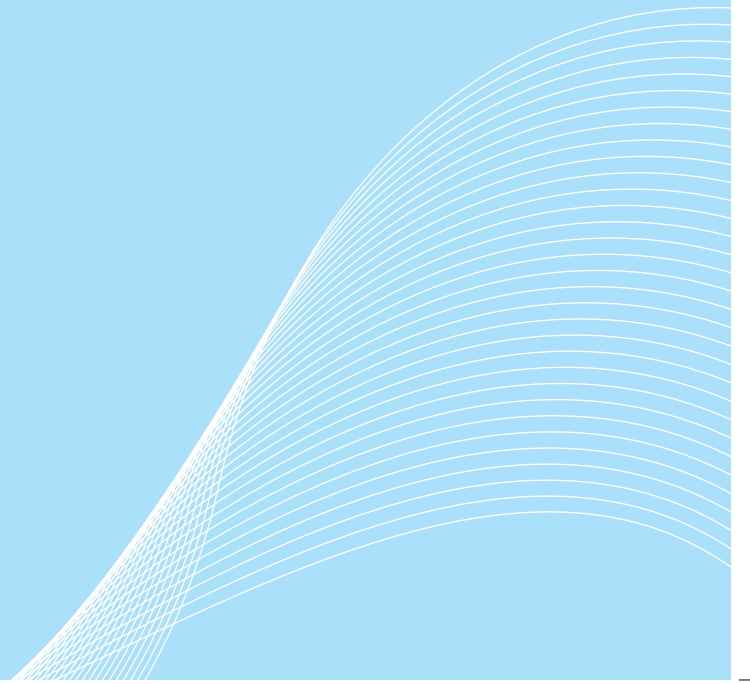
*Website : <http://www.imigrasi.go.id>*

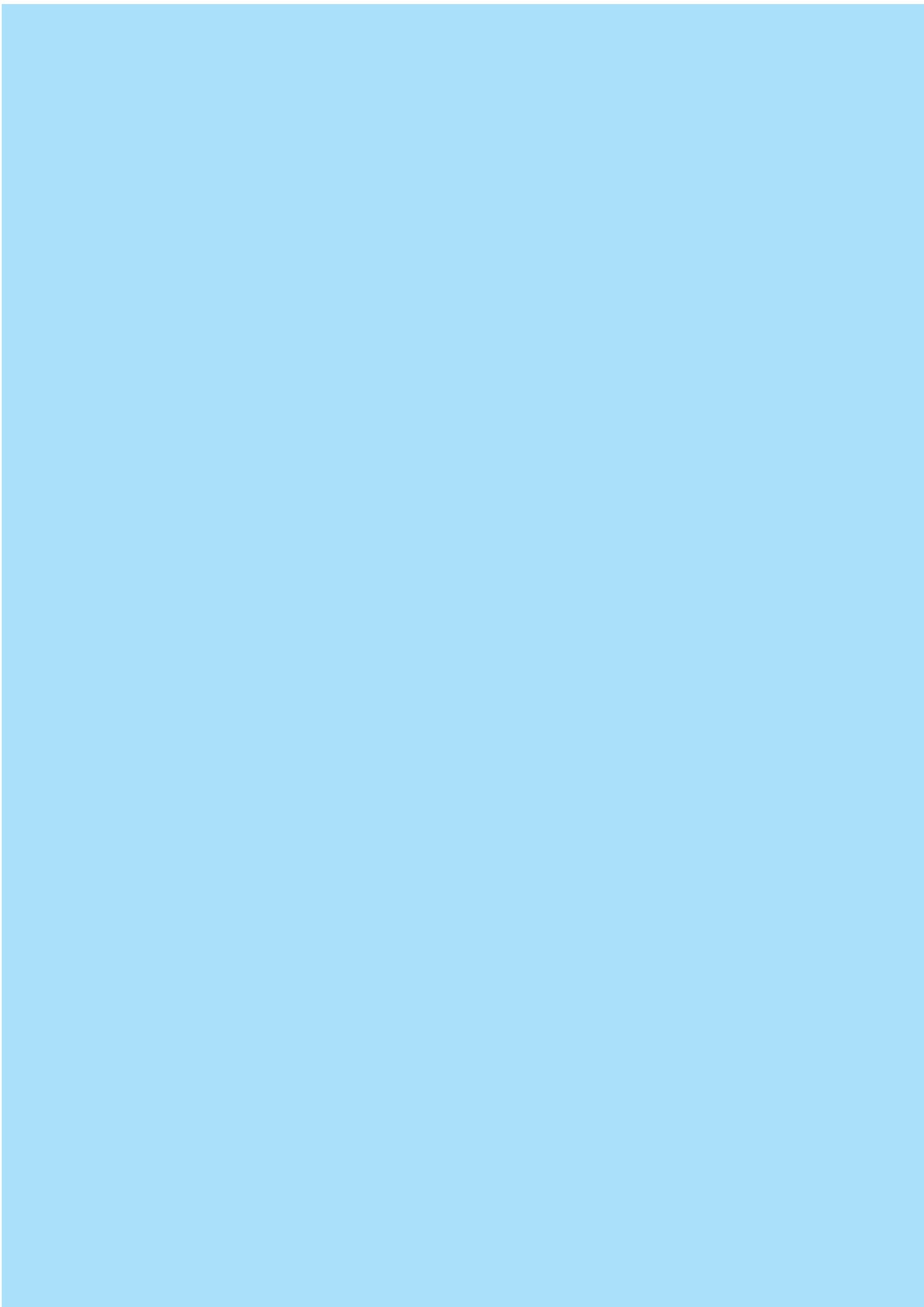
*Email : [humas@imigrasi.go.id](mailto:humas@imigrasi.go.id)*



Industry

Industry





## Center for Handicraft and Batik (CHB)



In cooperation with JICA, the CHB has conducted several international training programs. The task of the CHB are to develop professional human resources and to assist small and medium industries ready to compete in the global market.

### Facilities

Laboratories (11), Library with 24-hour internet access, and Workshops.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

Short Training Course on technology process for textile handicraft, technology process for jewelry with casting method, weaving with non textile natural fiber, coloring Batik with natural dyes, technology process of painting batik, technology process of wooden batik, coloring non ferrous metal, weaving handicraft of bamboo, sashiko embroidery technology, technology process and product art paper, and product technology.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Short-term training courses in the field of jewellery, wood (bamboo, rattan), natural fiber (pandan, agel, mendong, etc), non-ferrous of metal, batik, stone and leather.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Kusumanegara 7, Yogyakarta 55166, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-274-546 111*

*Fax : +62-274-543 582*

*Website : [www.batik.go.id](http://www.batik.go.id)*

*Email : [bbkb\\_depperindag@yahoo.com](mailto:bbkb_depperindag@yahoo.com)*

## Centre for Leather, Rubber and Plastic (CLRP)



In cooperation with JICA, UNIDO, GTZ, CTC, Lyon, BLC-British, CSIRO-Australia, UNIDO, The CLRP hosted several international and national training programs in the field of leather, rubber and plastic. The tasks of the CLRP are to provide technological services for leather, rubber and plastic industrial sector, and conducting applied research for technological development of leather, rubber and plastic industries.

### Facilities

3 Certification Bodies (Quality Management, Environmental Management, and Product Certification), 5 Research laboratories, 4 Testing laboratories, 7 units of Industrial Service Units, Library and Classrooms.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

Testing, calibration, and product certification. Analysis on Environmental Impacts, Conducting certification of ISO 9001:2000 (more than 80 clients), ISO 17025, and ISO 14001. Curing of hides/skins. Leather Tanning, Leather Goods Manufacturing, Leather Garment Manufacturing and Footwear Manufacturing.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Providing training and short-term courses for teachers and educational personnel in: Testing and Calibration; In-house training in field of leather, rubber, and plastic; Certification of quality management; environmental management and products; Preparation and implementation of documents (ISO 9000, ISO 14000 and ISO 17025); Processing technology for leather, rubber, plastic and tannery effluent treatment; Design preparation for design machinery; and Technical service in the area of Tanning and finishing process of leather, Tannery effluent treatment, Footwear and shoe last manufacturing, Leather goods and garment manufacturing, Plastic products injection molding, Rubber compound preparation, molding technology, rubber products making such as motorcycle spareparts.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Sokonandi No. 9, Yogyakarta 55166, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-274-512 929, 563 939*

*Fax : +62-274-563 655*

*Website : [www.bbkkp.go.id](http://www.bbkkp.go.id)*

*E-mail : [bbkkp\\_jogja@yahoo.com](mailto:bbkkp_jogja@yahoo.com)*

## Center for Textile (CT)



In cooperation with JICA, AOTS, JODC, JETRO, RMIT, UNSW, TNO, GTZ, VDMA, UNIDO, the CT organized many international and national training courses in the field of textile technology. The task of the CT is to develop textile industry by performing research on textile technology.

### Facilities

Textile laboratories (12), Workshop for Engineering, Workshop for Garment, IT Laboratory, Convention Halls, Library, R&D Showroom, and Classrooms.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

Textile technology, Calibration, Achievement Motivation Training, Production costing, and Internal quality audit textile design and garment.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training course on technology innovation in terms of raw material, chemical agent, textile material processing, equipment and parts, and pollution prevention; Testing and evaluation for physical and chemical properties of all textile kinds (fiber, yarn, fabric, garment, geo-textile and other textile), chemical agent, auxiliaries, water and waste water, sludge, and analysis of textile defects; Calibration of textile testing and processing equipment; Implementation of ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 17025, SA 800; Designing waste water treatment, engineering machinery and equipment for silk processing, bash and animal fibers, and developing traditional dobby and jacquard hand loom; Eco-label, ISO 14001, good housekeeping, design process of waste water treatment, and water conservation.

### Contact Information

*Jalan A. Yani 390, Bandung 40272, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-22-720 6214/5*

*Fax : +62-22-727 1288*

*Email : [texirdti@bdg.centrin.net.id](mailto:texirdti@bdg.centrin.net.id)*

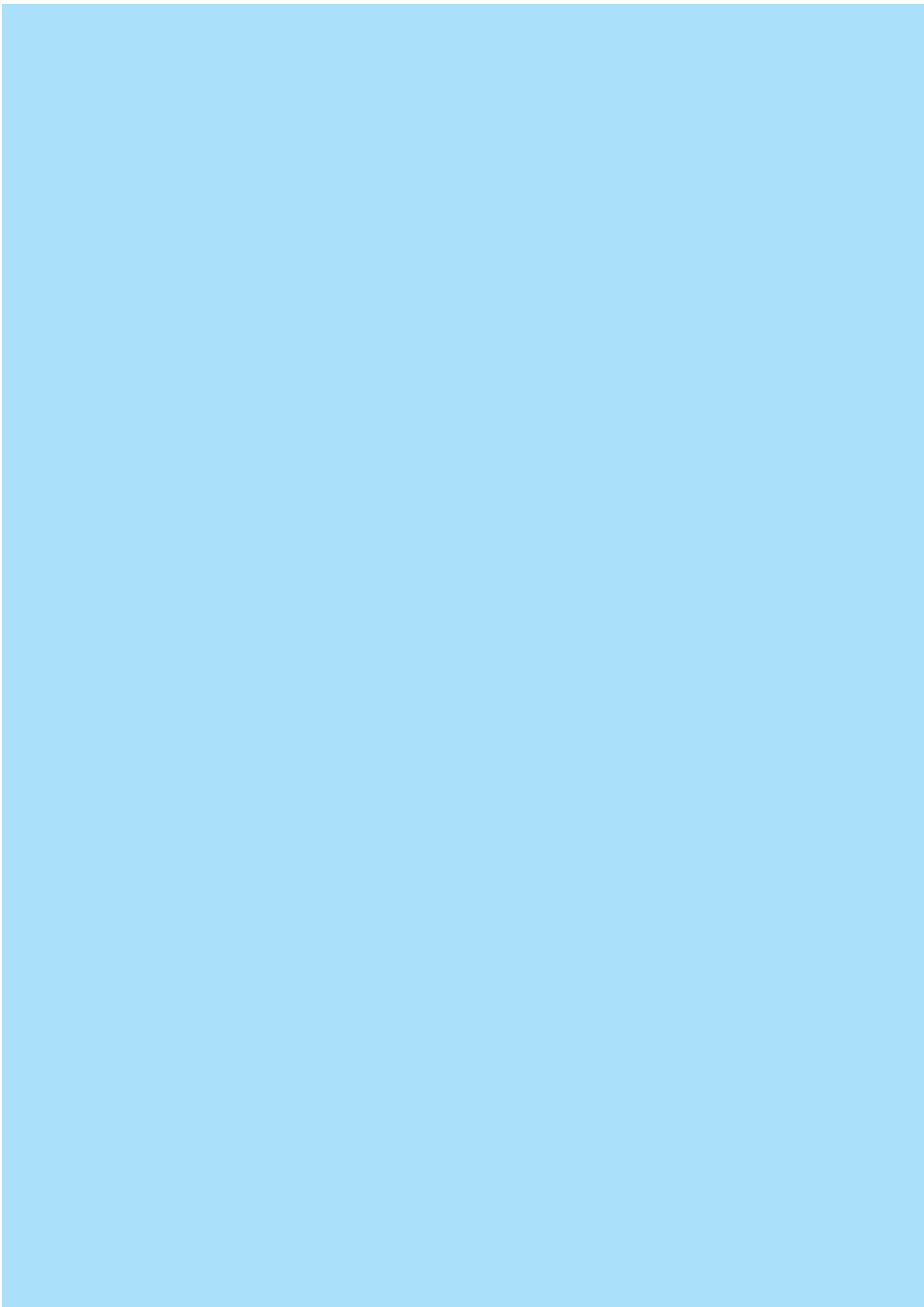




# Information Technology

Information Technology





## Multi Media Training Center (MMTC)



MMTC has organized many international and national training courses in the field of information technology. The tasks of the MMTC are to improve excellent services in the field of multi media, and to improve professionalism synergy in the field of information technology.

### Facilities

Broadcast quality radio and TV studios, Audio and Video Linear and Non-Linear Editing, Radio and Television Outside Broadcast Van, ENG/EFP Facilities, 3 ICT classrooms, Library with 24-hour internet access, Electronic laboratory, Audio and Video laboratory, Radio Frequency laboratory, FM Campus Radio, Language laboratory, Air-conditioned Classrooms with LCD Projector, Dormitory, Convention Hall, Medical Clinic, TV Campus “MMTC Channel” and Canteen.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

International Training Course on Radio and TV Broadcasting - TV Documentary Program Production, Information Technology, Public Relations, Radio and Television Broadcasting, Information Technology, and Public Relations. Diploma Degree for Radio and Television Broadcasting and Communication and Public Information.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Magelang KM 6, Yogyakarta 55284, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-274-623537, +62-274-7474201*

*Email : info@mmtc.ac.id*

## Center for Agricultural Library and Technology Dissemination (ALTD)



The ALTD has conducted several training programs in the field of library technical guidance. The tasks of the ALTD are to manage, disseminate, communicate and document agricultural research, and findings.

### Facilities

Library (4 floors for printed collection, 1 floor for anti-quary's collection, 1 room for reference collection, and 1 floor for manual and electronic Services), 2 large convention center Operation room with LAN system and 24-hour internet access.

### Contact Information

*Jalan H. Juanda 20, Bogor 16122, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-251-832 1746*

*Fax : +62-251-832 6561*

*Email : [pustaka@litbang.deptan.go.id](mailto:pustaka@litbang.deptan.go.id)*

*Website: <http://www.pustaka.litbang.deptan.go.id>*

## Electronic Engineering Polytechnic Institute of Surabaya (EEPIS)



In cooperation with the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA), The EEPIS has organized many international training courses in the field of electronics and information technology. The tasks of the EEPIS are to carry out and apply oriented research which actually solve industrial problems and community services and to produce professional engineers who are open-minded and ready to compete in the global market.

### Facilities

Libraries with Internet access (2), Laboratories (44), Classrooms, Convention Hall, 5-Star Hotel for Accommodation.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

EEPIS has long track record in implementing international training courses on: Electrical Engineering Education, Microprocessor, Power Electronics, Industrial Electronics, Computer Communication, Wireless Communication, Information Technology, Information Technology Education, Information Technology-based for Electric Engineering Education (Electronics cases), Information Technology-based for Electric Engineering Education (Telecommunication cases), Information Technology-based for Electric Engineering Education (Industrial Electronics cases). Since 2008, in cooperation with JICA-Rwanda, Africa, EEPIS provide Technical Assistance include apprenticeship for Tumba College of Technology (TCT) Lecturer and dispatching expert to TCT.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training courses on: Electronics, Telecommunication, Industrial Electronics, Information Technology, Robotics, and Computer Engineering.

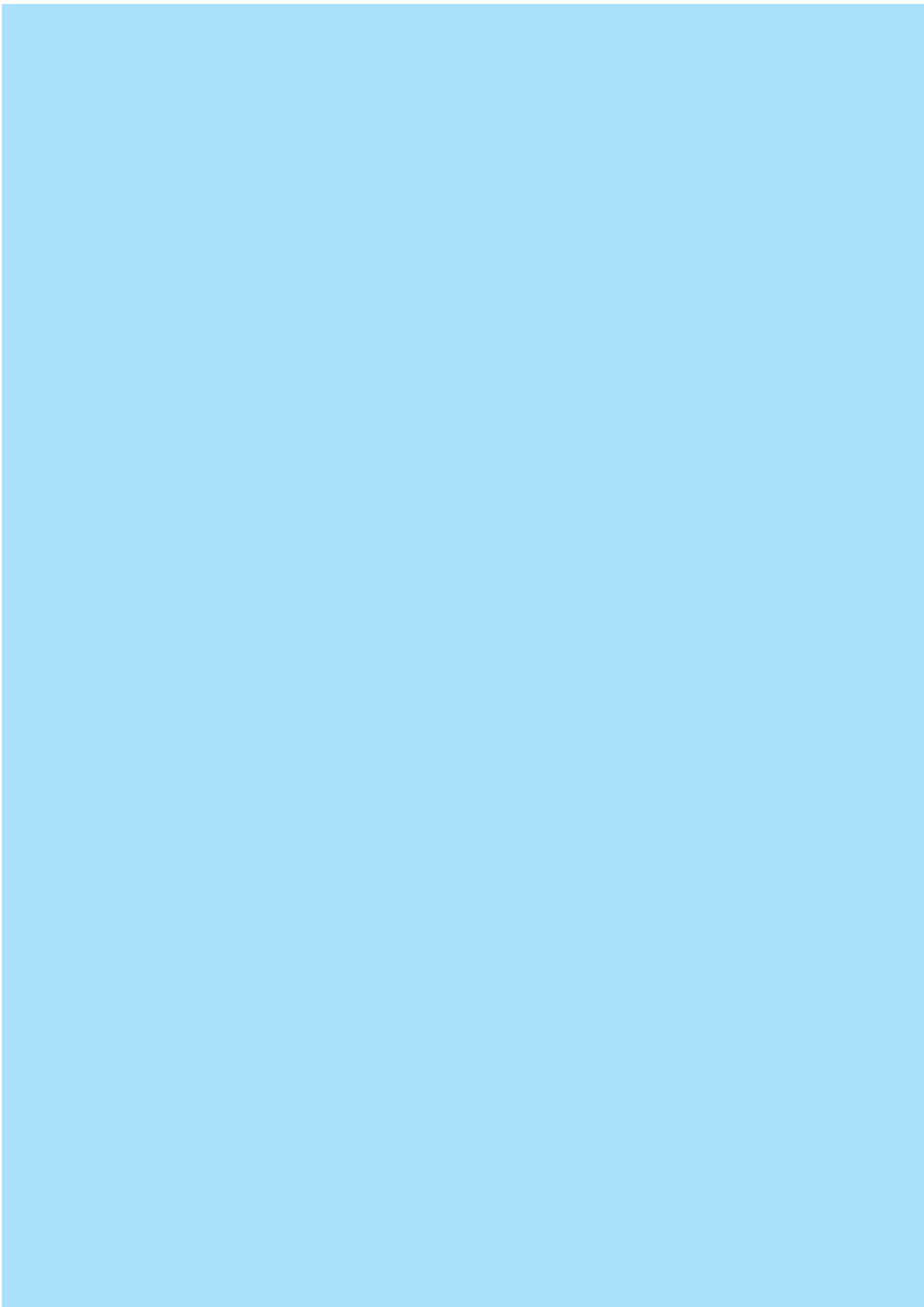
### Contact Information

*Kampus PENS-ITS Sukolilo, Surabaya 60111, Indonesia*

*Tel. : +62-31 – 5947280*

*Fax : +62-31 – 5946114*

*Website : [www.eepis\\_its.edu/](http://www.eepis_its.edu/)*



# Marine Affairs & Fisheries

Marine Affairs & Fisheries







## Research Institute for Freshwater Aquaculture (RIFA)



The RIFA conducted education and training programs in the field of freshwater aquaculture. The tasks of the RIFA are to produce the prime seed of domesticated fish through selective breeding, in helping fish farmer increase their income and also to develop various techniques to detect fish disease.

### Facilities

Laboratory, Wet Laboratory and Library Convention Hall.

### Experience In Conducting Training Programs

Training in: breeding of *Pangasius* sp, Nile Tilapia, and Carp; molecular genetic; and Fish Health and Disease Management.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Conducting International Training Program on *Pangasius* sp, Nile Tilapia, and Carp Conducting International Training on molecular genetic and Fish Health Management.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Sempur 1, Bogor, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-251-313 200*

*Fax : +62-251-327 890*

*Website : [www.dkp.go.id](http://www.dkp.go.id)*

## The Main Centre of Fresh Water Aquaculture Development (MCFAD)



The MCFAD Sukabumi has the function to develop and apply technology for breeding and husbandry of freshwater fish organism, fish health management, and aquatic resources conservation. Commodities that cultivated here are tilapia, common carp, Grass carp, goldfish, gurami, panagsius catfish, African catfish, green catfish, bullfrog, freshwater lobster, giant freshwater prawn, fancy carp, and leptobarbus.

### Facilities

Classrooms (seating capacity 150, 1 library), 4 laboratories, 2 stations (Ratu Harbour fresh water prawn hatchery, Cirata cage culture, and Cisaat running water pond), 10 Ha Ponds, 55 guest rooms (Capacity 87), 24-Hour internet access, Sport Facilities (Volley ball, jogging and football), and Mosque.

### Experience in Conducting Training Program

Freshwater Aquaculture training course, Catfish culture on farm training course, Giant freshwater prawn culture on farm training course, Fish nutrition training course, Freshwater lobster training course, Fisheries agribusiness training course, Life skills training course for high school student.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Conducting applied research activities in breeding and grow out technology, fish health and water quality management and nutrition, Technical training course for short and medium term, Aqua tourism and program study visit for local tourist, school group, college student, educator, hobbyist, commercial growers, In House Training Supervision.

### Contact Information

*Jl. Selabintana no. 37, Sukabumi, Jawa Barat*

*Tel : +62-26 62 25 211*

*Fax : +62-26 62 21 762*

*Email: bbpat37@yahoo.com*

*Website: <http://bbpat.net>*

## Research Institute for Coastal Aquaculture (RICA)



In cooperation with ACIAR conducted international education and training programs in the field of brackish water aquaculture.

### Facilities

Brackishwater ponds (+ 40 ha) located in Takalar and Maranak); hatchery (3.5 ha) located in Barru; floating net cages (2 set) located in Barru; dry laboratories on chemical, fish health and environment, soil, nutrition, mapping, biotechnology, tissue culture; wet laboratory, library, and auditorium.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

Bioremediation of Acid Sulphate soil, pond suitability, pond lime, pond preparation, and feed formulation.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training in breeding of crab, Rabbit fish (Siganidae), seaweed tissue culture, seaweed aquaculture, and milkfish aquaculture in floating net cage.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Makmur Dg. Sitakka No. 129, Maros, South Sulawesi*

*Tel: +62-411- 371 544*

*Fax: +62-411- 371 545*

*Email : litkanta@indosat.net.*

## The Main Centre of Brackishwater Aquaculture Development (MCBAD)



The MCBAD was established in 1971 and focuses on the development of more specific aquaculture technology, with emphasis on commodities which can be developed in brackish environment in land areas within the coastal zone. It has primary commodities such as: shrimp (tiger shrimp, blue shrimp, white shrimp, and local shrimp), fish (grouper, milk fish and lates calcarifer), swimmer crab and mud crab, bivalves and seaweed.

### Facilities

Brackish water ponds (earthen construction), seed production facilities, laboratory, office buildings, dormitory and guest house, mosque.

### Experience in Conducting Training Program

Training on intensive shrimp culture for Asian countries.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Seed production/breeding activities, farming/grow out activities, environmental control and aquatic animal health related activities, nutrition and feed related activities, technology dissemination, educational services and research.

### Contact Information

*Jl. Cik Lanang-Pemandian Kartini*

*PO BOX 1 Jepara, Central Java, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62 - 291 - 591125*

*Fax : +62 - 21 - 591724*

*Website : <http://www.udang-bbbap.com>*

## Research Institute for Mariculture (RIM)/(BBRPBL - Gondol, Bali)



In cooperation with JICA, OFCF-Japan, NACA, ACIAR Australia, the RIM conducts research, training and dissemination programs in fields of marine culture.

### Facilities

7 laboratories (Biotechnology, Nutrition, Pathology, Environment, and 3 Biology laboratories), 5 wet laboratories (Multi Species Hatcheries) for on job training, library, and convention hall.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

Black shrimp hatchery and culture, milkfish hatchery, brood-stock transportation method, gonad maturation, finfish breeding (particularly on grouper species and seed production technology), tuna propagation, dissemination of sustainable mariculture technology, mud crab improving hatchery, and grow-out technology for marine finfish, abalone and sea grape culture.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Transfer technology on marine organism breeding programs; training and research for university students, improving technology or establishing new technology on marine organisms, mariculture, breeding, seed production and grow out; and dissemination on new findings in mariculture technology.

### Contact Information

*Dusun Gondol, Singaraja 81105, Bali, Indonesia*

*Tel. : +62-2362-92278*

*Fax : +62-2362-92272*

*Email : rimgdl@indosat.net.id*

## National Centre for Fish Quality Control (NCQC)



The objective of NCQC is as a national reference fisheries laboratories and centre of excellence for fish processing development.

### Facilities

Marine biotoxin laboratory: PSP, ASP, DSP, Ciguatoxin, plankton.

Microbiology laboratory: TPC, E. coli, Salmonella, Vibrios, S. aureus, yeast and Molds, Listeria monocytogenes, parasite etc).

Chemistry laboratory: Proximate, Antibiotic, dyes, heavy metals, sulfit, TVB, TMA.

Sensory laboratory: score sheet, drain weight, filth, viscosity, etc.

Processing workshop: meat bone separator, leaching tank, retort, smoking cabinet, vacuum drying, mechanical dryer, chikuwa machine, filling machine, sausage machine, tuna burger machine, etc.

Classrooms, conference hall, library.

### Experience in Conducting Training Program

Heavy metals for analysis, laboratory for Quality Testing of Export and Import Goods, analysis of Nitrofurans and Chloramphenicol in collaboration with RIKILT, heavy metals analysis in collaboration with SEAFDEC under Japanese Trust Fund IV Project, Histamine analysis in collaboration with SEAFDEC, microbiology (TPC, E. coli, Salmonella, Vibrios etc), chemistry (heavy metals, Nitrofurans, Chloramphenicol, Malachite Green, and Leucomalchite Green) and sensory analysis for provincial fisheries laboratories, fish jelly products in collaboration with SEAFDEC, Value-Added fish products, labelling and packing, and fish processing unit.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Fish handling and processing, chemistry, microbiology and sensory analysis, management system based on HACCP, laboratory management system based on ISO 17025:2005, provider for Proficiency Testing in microbiology (TPC, E. coli, Salmonella, S. Aureus) and chemistry (Histamine, Chloramphenicol and heavy metals (Pb, Cd, Hg)), provider for reference material of Histamine, Chloramphenicol and heavy metals (Pb, Cd, Hg), designing and lay out of fish processing unit, shellfish depuration system, and sea water treatment instalation.

### Contact Information

Jalan Muara Baru Ujung, Penjaringan. Jakarta Utara 14440, Indonesia

Tel : + 62 21 6695586

Fax : + 62 21 6695593

## Research Center For Maritime Territories and Non-Living Resources (RCMTR)



RCMTR conducted research programs in the field maritime territories and non-living resources, such as sea toponym, marine cadastre, maritime territory, ocean policy, ocean dynamic and ocean disaster mitigation, climate change, ocean-climate variability, ocean modeling, salt and sea water minerals, deep sea resources, and underwater archeology. The task of the RCMTR is to carry out strategic research on maritime territory and non-living resources.

### Facilities

Hydro-oceanographic instruments, survey vehicle, GIS and hydrodynamics modeling software, standard geological tools, GPS and DGPS multimedia, and computer laboratory.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

Island Toponym, Hydro oceanography instruments, and positioning systems.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Training and workshop on special topics in the area of oceanography, climate, geology and geophysics, non-living resources, and toponym of island and maritime.

Joint research on ocean dynamic, ocean characteristic and deep sea resources, GIS and modeling training, coastal and marine zone management services, survey and feasibility study on carrying capacity of coastal and marine.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Pasir Putih I, Ancol Timur, Jakarta 13340*

*Tel : +62 - 21 - 64711672*

*Fax : +62 - 21 - 64711654*

*E-mail : pusriswilnon.brkp@gmail.com*

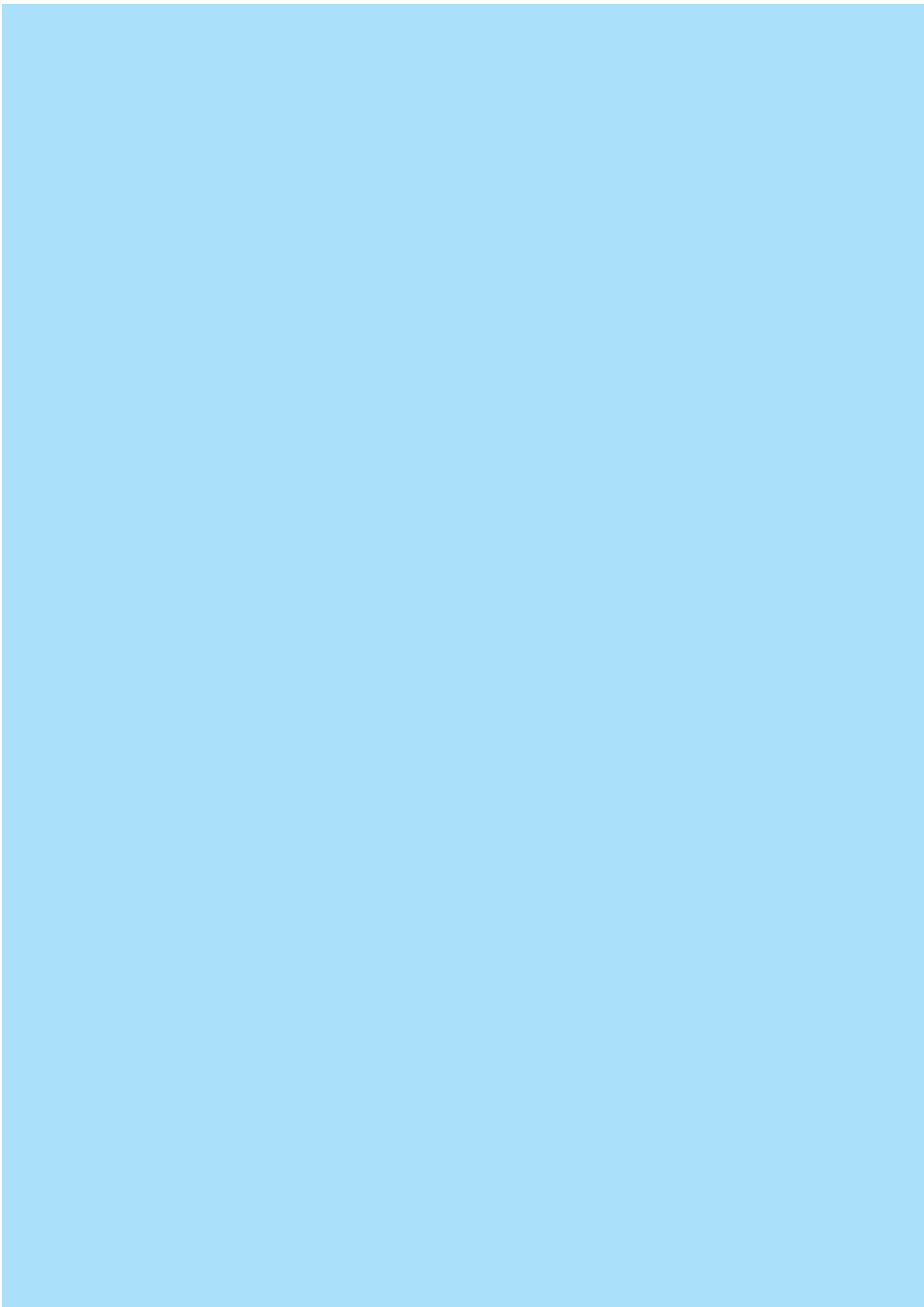




Population and  
Human Settlement

# Population and Human Settlement





## Research Institute for Human Settlements



The Research Institute for Human Settlements is one of the Research Institution under the Agency for Research and Development – Ministry of Public Works, aimed at taking role as a techno-structure and scientific backbone in infrastructural policy making in the area of human settlements.

### Facilities

Laboratories (Laboratory for Building Spatial Planning, Building Structure and Construction, Building Science, Building Materials, and Environmental Sanitation), learning materials, library, internet access, audio visual studio, seminar rooms (capacity up to 250 persons), class rooms, dormitory (12 rooms @ 2 persons).

### Experience in Conducting Training Program

Building material development ALA and PCB, strengthening of his for the development of multi-storey residential building, technology of building material for low cost housing development of un-burnt soil based building materials, development of durable concrete based on the utilization of indigenous resources, and planning methodology for the section and stepwise implementation systems in indonesia.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Development of local building materials for low-cost housing, earthquake resistant design of building structure, community scale sanitation technology and management, technical expertise for development of building materials.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Panyaungan, Cileunyi Wetan, Kab. Bandung 40393, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-22-7798 393*

*Fax : +62-22-7798 392*

*Website : <http://puskim.pu.go.id>*

*Email : [info@puskim.pu.go.id](mailto:info@puskim.pu.go.id)*

## Research and Development Center for Human Settlement (RDCHS)



In cooperation with the JICA and KOICA, the RDCHS organized several international training programs in the field of human settlement. The task of the RDCHS is to investigate and implement technology in the field of human settlement and building construction.

### Facilities:

Laboratory, learning materials, library with 24-hour internet access, audio and visual studio, convention hall, and classrooms.

### Experience in Conducting Training Program

Building material development & PCB strengthening of HIS for the development of multi-storey residential building, technology of building material for low-cost housing establishment of a fire research, laboratory establishment of earthquake test, laboratory seismology and earthquake engineering, development of unburnt soil based building materials, development of durable concrete based on the utilization of indigenous resources, planning methodology for the selection and stepwise implementation of sanitation systems in technical cooperation capacities, training on development of materials for low cost housing, training on earthquake resistant design of building structure, training on community scale sanitation technology and management.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Panyaungan, Cileunyi Wetan, Bandung 40393, Indonesia*

*Telp : +62-22- 7798 393*

*Fax : +62-22- 7798 392*

*Email : subdit\_standar\_puskin@yahoo.com*

## National Family Planning Agency (BKKBN)



Up to December 2009, BKKBN hosted 4,658 participants from 95 countries in various types of programs. The BKKBN has sent its experts to perform technical assistant to more than 17 countries in Asia, Pacific and Africa.

### Facilities

International accreditation staffs and experts, learning materials and library, modern communication included 24-hour internet access, audio visual and media production, convention hall, classrooms, guest house and sport facilities.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Planning and managing information, education and communication (IEC) in family planning and reproductive health, developing a grassroots-based family planning and reproductive health program, strategic communication program for family planning and reproductive health, including RTI, HIV/AIDS, maternal health and ARG, family planning and reproductive health programs, building community leadership in family planning and reproductive health program, a multi-sectoral adolescent reproductive health program, empowering women through multi-approaches for quality family, reducing maternal mortality rate through gender mainstream in family planning and reproductive health program, strategic leadership and management for family planning and reproductive health program.

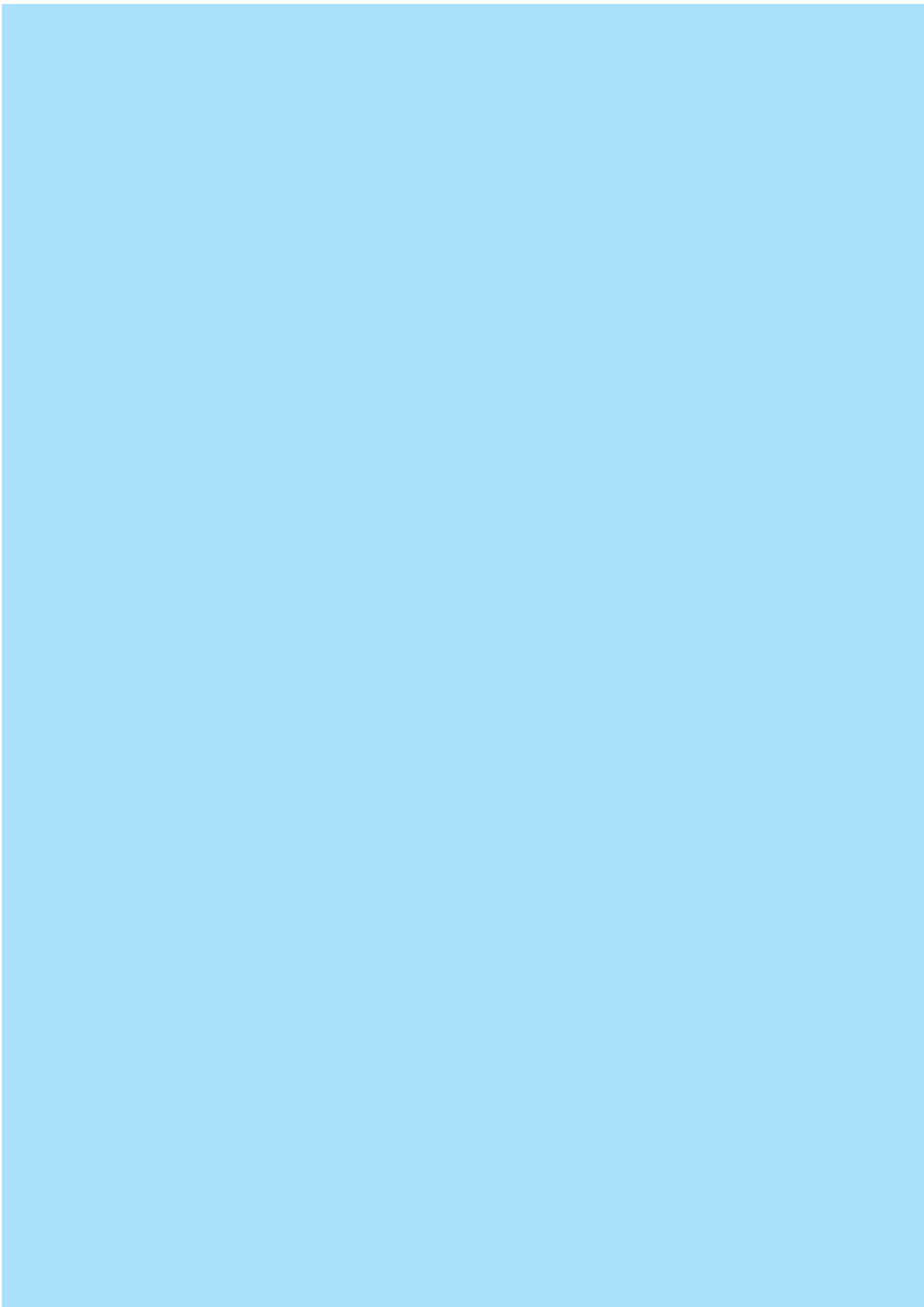
### Contact Information

*Jalan Permata No.1, Jakarta 13650, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-21-8098018, 8009029*

*Fax : +62-21-8008554*

*Website : [www.itp-bkkbn.org](http://www.itp-bkkbn.org)*



# Public Administration

Public Administration







## National Institute of Public Administration (NIPA) of Republic of Indonesia



The establishment of NIPA was based on the needs of a think-tank institute of policies studies and administrative reforms to implement a series of government tasks in the field of public administration. The tasks cover conducting research and development, and fostering education and training for government apparatus. Objectives: To conduct administrative reforms in the framework of providing effective and efficient public sector services as stipulated in THE constitution. Funding: Government funding, research partners, both foreign and domestic.

### Facilities

5 government training centres (Jakarta, Bandung, Makassar, Samarinda, Banda Aceh), 3 graduate schools of public administration (Jakarta, Bandung, Makassar), 3 language centres (Jakarta, Bandung, Makassar), 3 libraries (Jakarta, Bandung, Makassar), 3 language laboratories (Jakarta, Bandung, Makassar), 5 research centres (Jakarta, Bandung, Makassar, Samarinda, Banda Aceh), 1 national resource centre in sustainable capacity building for decentralization (Jakarta), 3 dormitories (Jakarta, Bandung and Makassar).

### Scope of Activities

#### A. Research and development

Performance of the government apparatus and institutions in the framework of public administration development and improving the quality of the government apparatus, Policy and public service management in the field of public administration development, Administration and automation of public administration, Policy consultation in the field of public administration, and Macro national plan in the field of public administration.

#### B. Education and training for the Government of Indonesia Apparatus

Certain policy formulation and implementation in the field of education and training for civil service, Curriculum development in education and training, Standardization, accreditation and certification in education and training for civil service, Mandatory (structural), functional, technical and pre-service education and training as well as national program for executives, and Fostering training.

### Experience in Conducting Training and Research Programmes

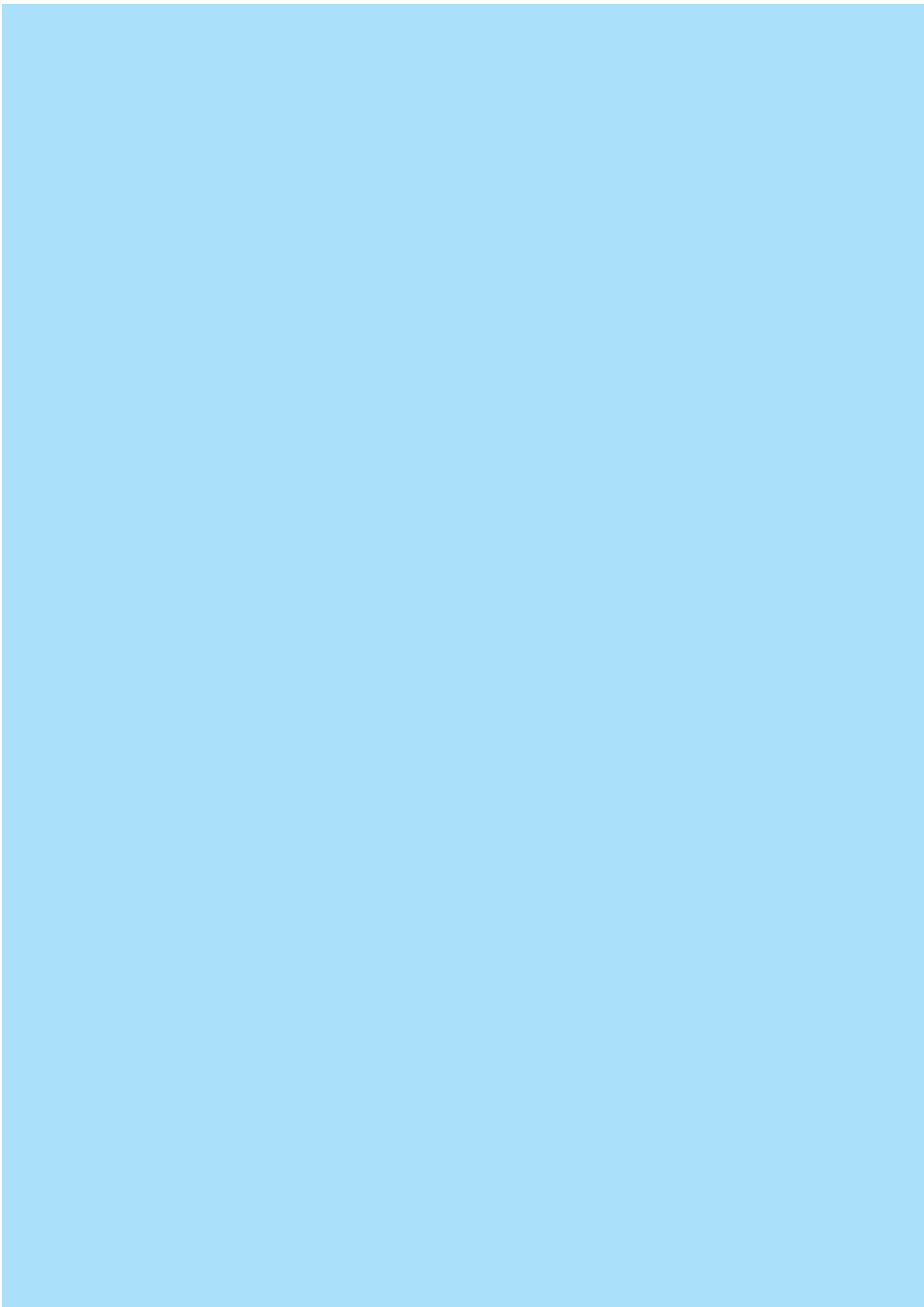
Mandatory Structural (Managerial) education and training for echelon II and I Functional.

### Contact Information

Jl. Veteran No. 10, Jakarta 10110, Indonesia

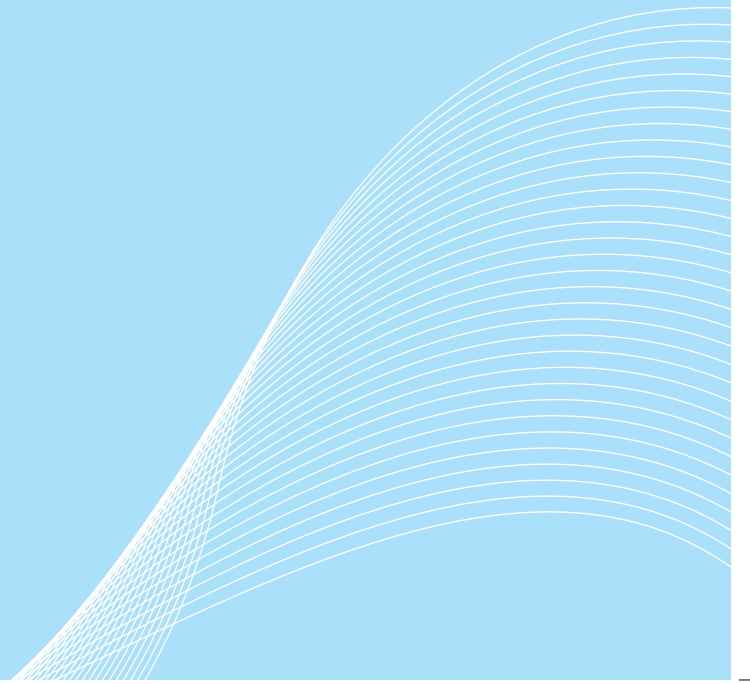
Tel : +62-21 386 8201. Hunting : +62-21-3455021/24

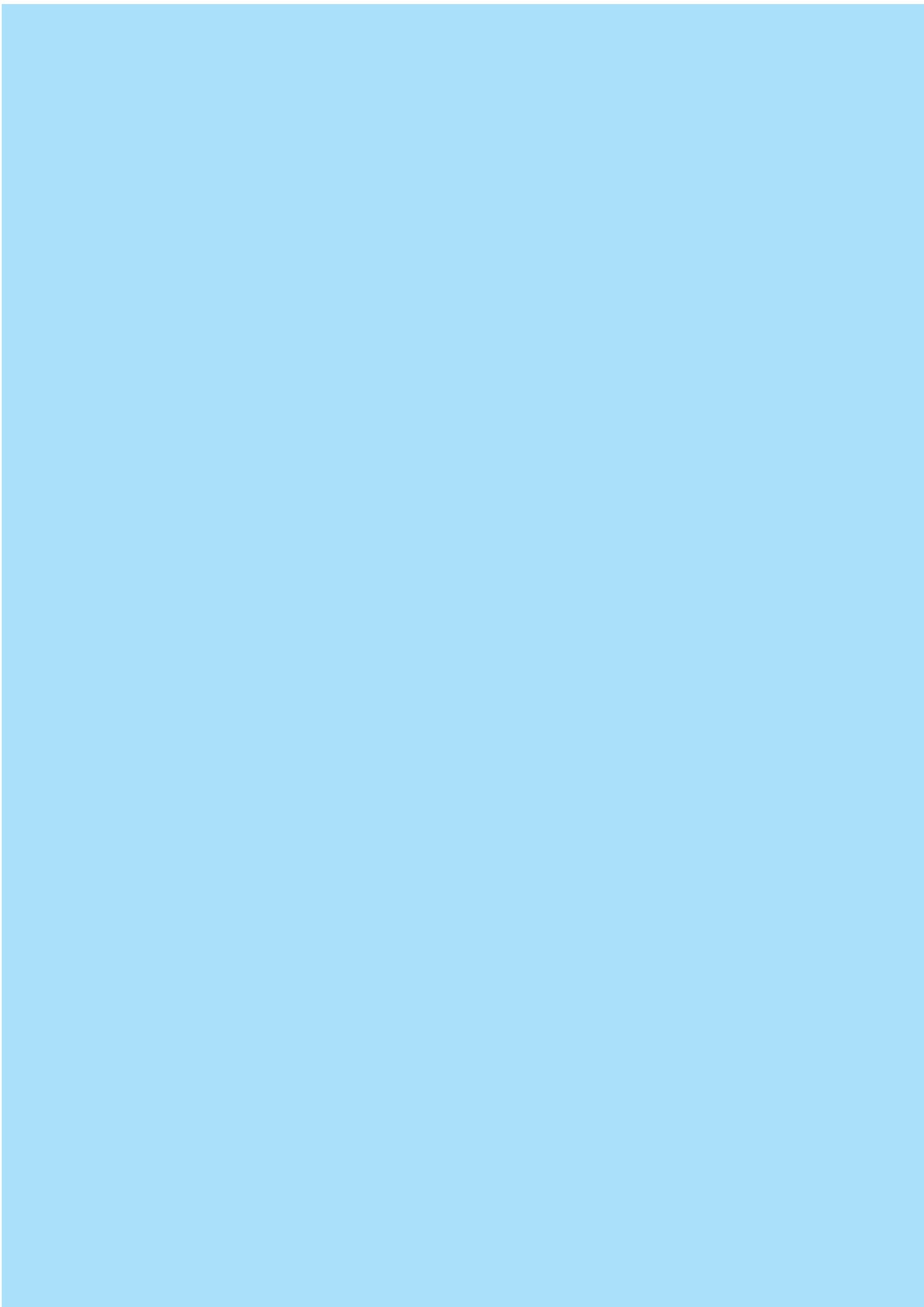
Website : [www.lan.go.id](http://www.lan.go.id)



Research

Research





## Center for Economic and Social Studies (CESS)



In cooperation with JICA, CESS has organized many international and national training courses in the field of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME), decentralization and regional development, and poverty. The task of CESS is to improve welfare of the people through action research and studies, training and partnership with stakeholders in social and economic development.

### Facilities

Experts on micro, small and medium enterprises (MSME); decentralization, regional development, and poverty library with 24-hour internet access; high-tech information system technology; classrooms.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

Third country training program on microfinance and poverty reduction.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Third country training program on local economic development, poverty reduction and microfinance.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Tebet Timur Dalam X No. 2, Jakarta 12820, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-21-835 6863, 8370 3253*

*Fax : +62-21-8370 3940*

## Tsunami and Disaster Mitigation Research Center (TDMRC) Syiah Kuala University



Tsunami and Disaster Mitigation Research Center (TDMRC) is a research center affiliated with Research Institute of Syiah Kuala University and dedicated to disaster risk reduction (DRR). The Center was established based on the Decree No. 418 signed by the Rector of Syiah Kuala University on October 30, 2006. In December of the same year, fifteen representatives from local, national and international organizations attended the first International Workshop on Post 2004-Tsunami

Recovery hosted by TDMRC with the mission of “Building a multidisciplinary center dedicated to disaster risk reduction from Tsunami, earthquakes and other disasters, and to contribute to making a safer society and to the development of tsunami legacy for future generations.”

The task of TDMRC is to protect the community through effective science-based disaster management. TDMRC Partners with and/ or receives technical support from various organizations which include but not limited to Aceh Government Agency, UN bodies (UNDP or UNEP), NGOs, National Agencies and other International Agencies.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Workshops, seminars, and trainings on Recovery Contingency Plan, Disaster Management and CBDRM, DRR integration in school curriculum, Early Warning System and drills.

### Contact Information

*TDMRC Building, Jalan Tgk. Abdul Rahman, Gampong Pie, Meuraxa,*

*Banda Aceh 23233, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62-651 747 1107*

*Fax : +62-651 8052 168*

*E-mail : office@tdmrc.org*

*Website : www.tdmrc.org*

# Industry Science and Technology

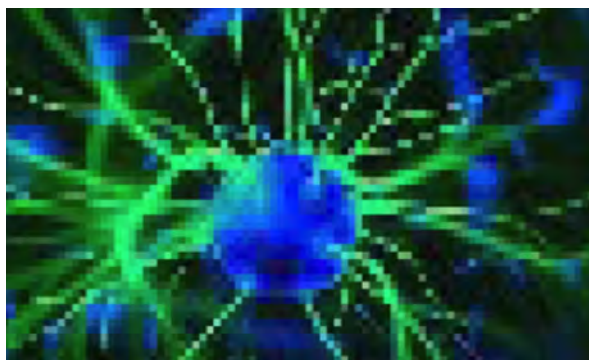
Industry  
Science and Technology







## Exhibition Center- Science & Technology Center Indonesia



Since 1991, PP-IPTEK developed public awareness in Science and Technology through exhibits and programs to arouse curiosity in the form of edutainment. The tasks of PP-IPTEK are to develop and provide tailor-made program for students, teachers and public in general and to empower public awareness in the role of bridging science and technology with society.

### Facilities

300 interactive and hands on exhibits, 75 traveling exhibits, classrooms, auditorium, library, workshop for students and teachers, floor space of 23,400 square meters, outdoor space of 4.4 hectares.

### Experience in Conducting Training Program

Science communication and community awareness on science and technology, technical assistance for the development of science centers throughout, creative exhibits design for teachers, science skill process for students and teachers, science camp for students, students science project workshop, science competition for students, Robotics program, Biotech program, and water rocket program.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Long term workshop on the initiation and development of Science and Technology Park.

### Contact Information

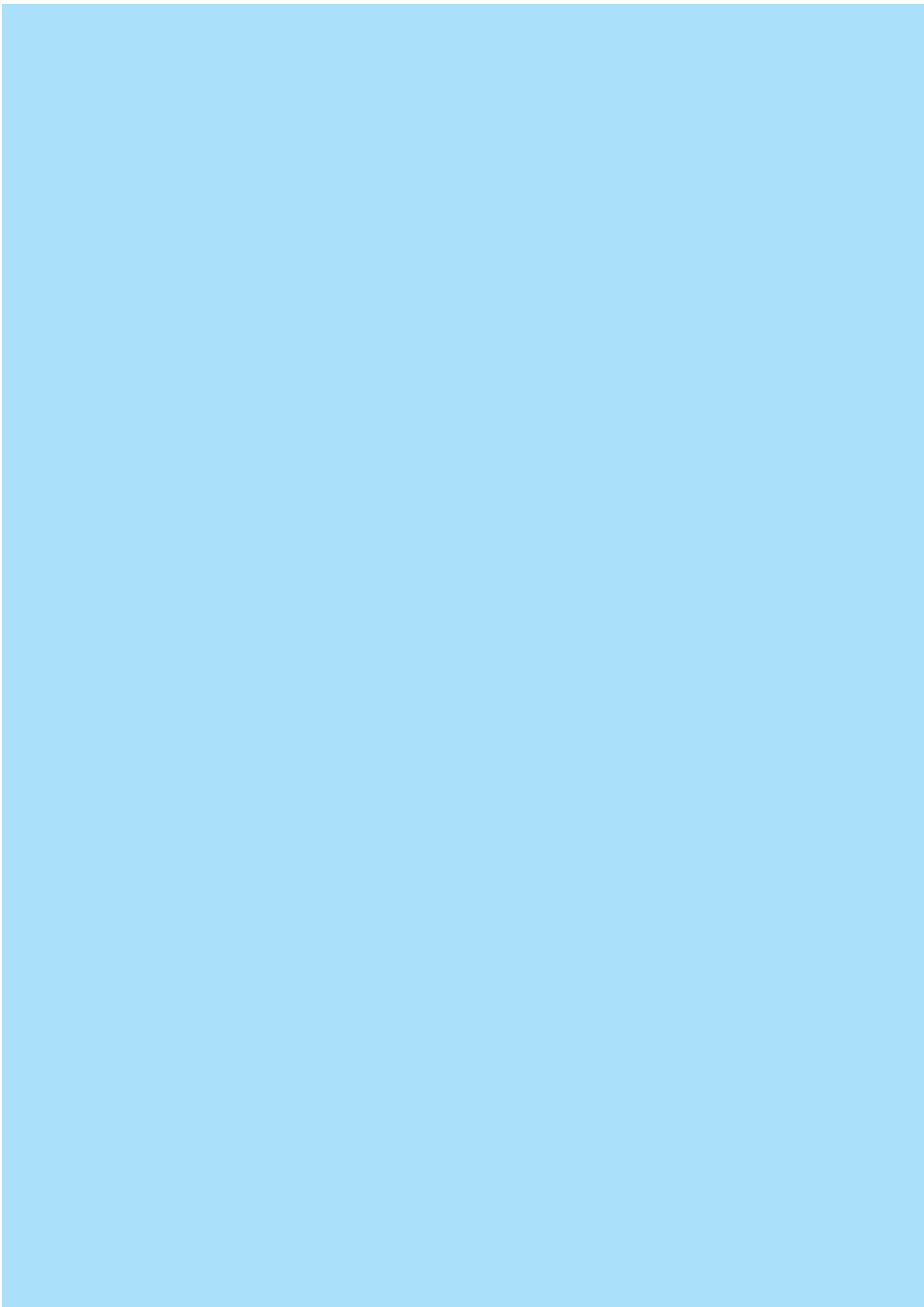
*Taman Mini Indonesia Indah, Jakarta 13560, Indonesia*

*Tel : +62 - 21 - 8401488, 33221488*

*Fax : +62 - 21 - 8401487*

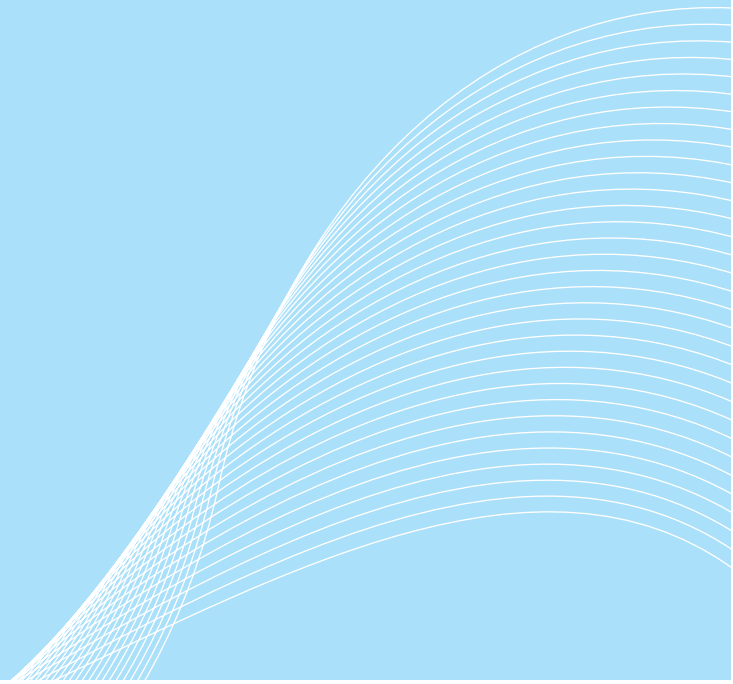
*E-mail : [ppiptek@ristek.go.id](mailto:ppiptek@ristek.go.id)*

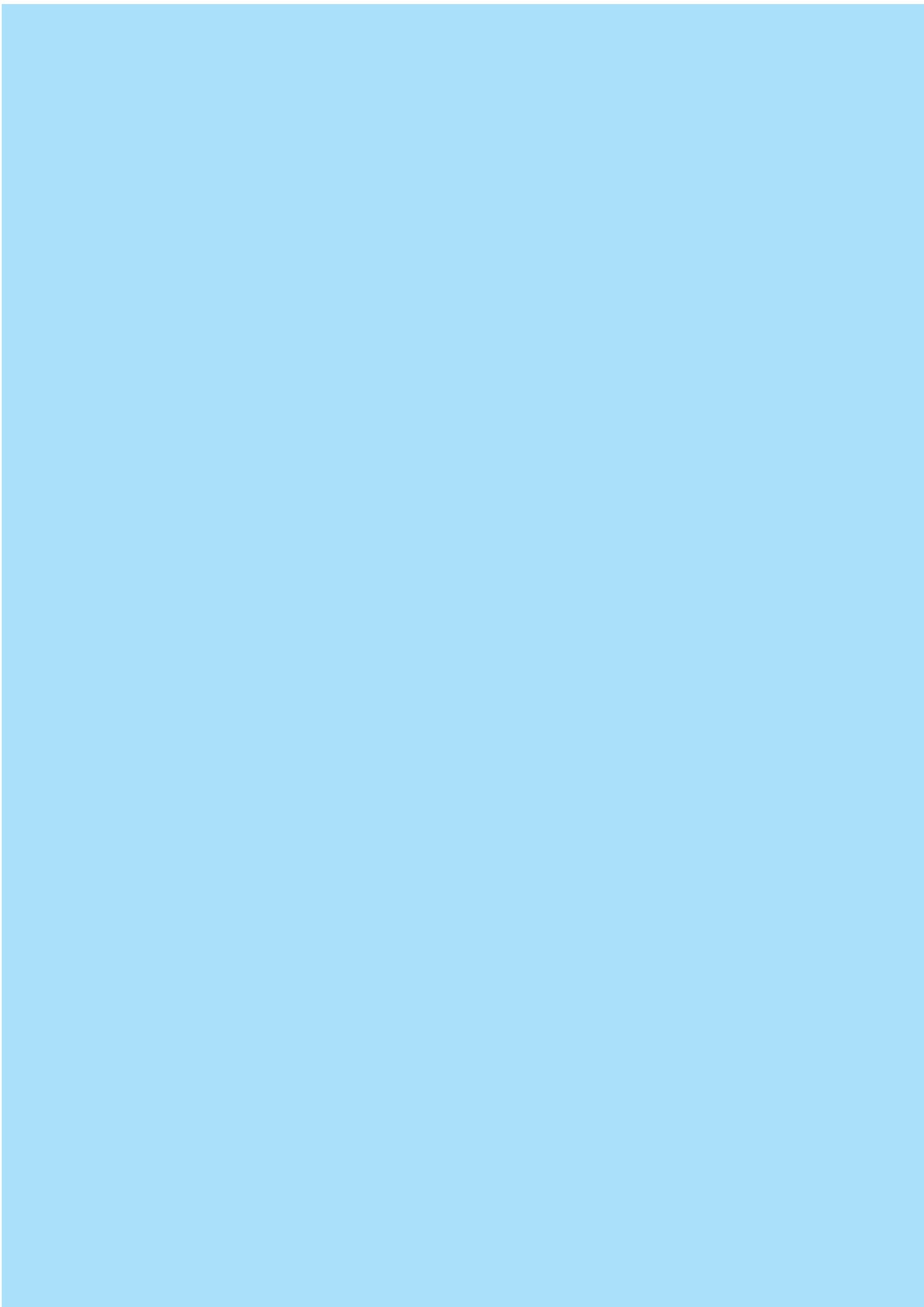
*Website : <http://ppiptek.ristek.co.id>*



# Child Welfare

Child Welfare





## Directorate for Children Welfare (DCW)



DCW has organized many training courses in the field of children's right, protection and welfare. The task of the DCW is to assure protection, care and the welfare of Indonesian children, and promote collaboration among the NGOs dealing with child's welfare.

### Facilities

Library with office hours internet access, classrooms, and convention hall.

### Experience in Conducting Training Programs

Social service in child's home and Child Helpline Center.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

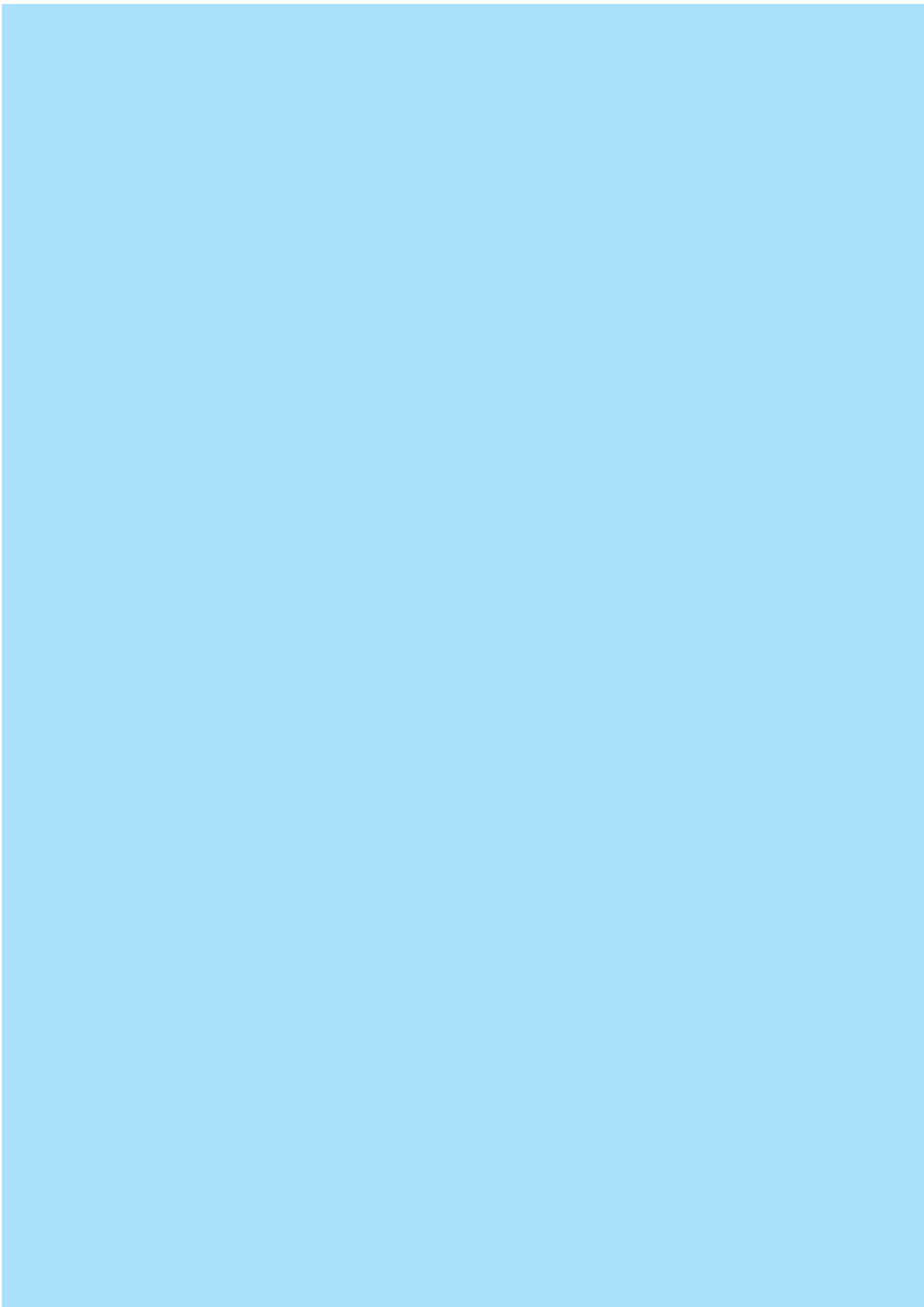
Social worker dealing with children, family support activities for separated children and orphans, NGOs dealing with autism children, early detection of children with disabilities.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Salemba Raya 28, Jakarta 10430, Indonesia*

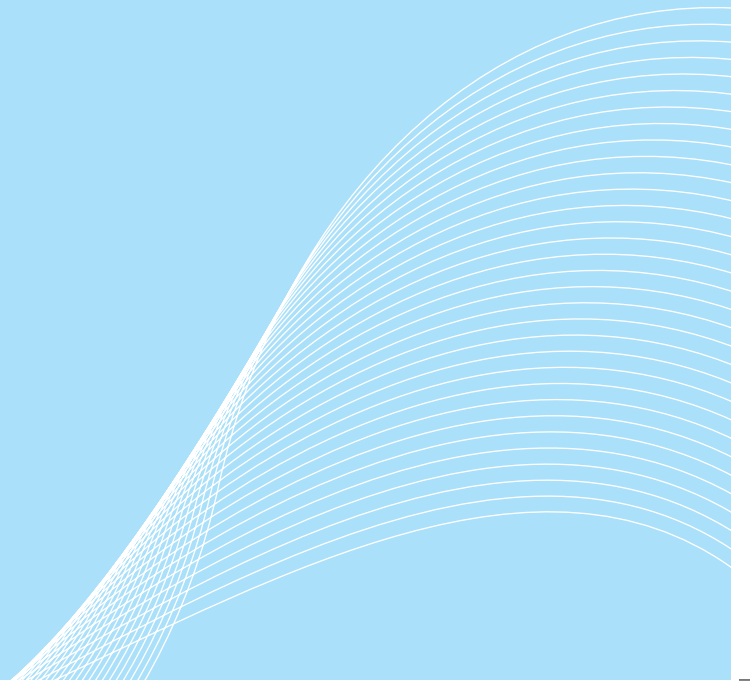
*Tel : +62-21-3100 375, 310 3591*

*Fax : +62-21-3100 375*



# Social Welfare

Social Welfare







## Center for Vocational and Extension Service Training (BBPLKLN-CEVEST)



BBPLKLN-CEVEST was founded in 1985 with assistance from the Japanese government as a form of cooperation for human resource development in the ASEAN region. The tasks of BBPLKLN-CEVEST are to enhance the quality of HRD and encourage other training institutions to prepare competent and professional manpower to be competitive in the Global Labor Market. The role of BBPLKLN-CEVEST in the enhancement of Human Resources quality is aimed at the effort of setting up

productivity through competency based training and competency test which are oriented on overseas labor market. In enhancing the quality of employment, BBPLKLN-CEVEST is oriented by efficiency, effectiveness, as well as transparency in accordance with national policies and strategies.

### Facilities

Office buildings, workshops for 11 trades (automotive, machine, welding, fabrication, electricity, electronic, timber construction, mechatronic, information technology, foreign language and technology of learning), language laboratories (English, Japanese, and Arabic), graphical laboratory, air conditioned classrooms, dormitory with bedroom capacities of 600 people, library, meeting room/ auditorium, audio visual religious medium service/mosque, sport medium courts, canteen.

### Experiences in Conducting Training Programs

Training on adjustment overseas technical, community-based industry area and society, training management, trainer community, and self-help training.

### Technical Cooperation Capacities

Vocational technical training in the fields of automotive, machinery, welding, fabrication of building construction, industrial electricity, electronics industry, information technology, and languages; training methodology; instructor upgrading; instructor competency test in telematics, metal, machinery, automotive, and welding.

### Contact Information

*Jalan Guntur Raya no. 1, Bekasi 17144*

*Tel : +62-21-8841147*

*Fax : +62-21- 8841146*

*Email : [cevest@cbn.net.id](mailto:cevest@cbn.net.id) ; [cevest.bekasi@gmail.com](mailto:cevest.bekasi@gmail.com)*

*Website : [www.cevest.or.id](http://www.cevest.or.id) / [www.kios3in1.net](http://www.kios3in1.net)*

