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1. 要請書

APPLICATION FORM FOR JAPAN'S TECHNICAL COOPERATION

1.	Date of Entry:	Day 15 Month June Year 2012
2.	Applicant:	The Government of
3.	Project Title:	Project on Regional Development Planning of the
<u>Sc</u>	outhern Region in the	Republic of Tunisia
4.	Implementing Age	ency: <u>Ministry of Regional Development and</u>
Plan	ning	<u> </u>
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5. Background of the Project

(Current conditions of the sector, Government's development policy for the sector, issues and problems to be solved, existing development activities in the sector, etc.)

One of the major challenges of public authorities is that of correcting regional imbalances through promotion of dynamics of convergence of regions. Integrated regional development is the best way of taking on such challenges. It is for the purpose of raising the socioeconomic and environmental potential and the competitiveness of the economic players and regions for the sake of raising the standard of living and quality of life of their populations. Change set into motion by Tunisian revolution should be accompanied and supported in order to make economic development that is truly fair, viable and socially and ecologically responsible possible. Another reason why integrated regional development is necessary is to help brake depopulation of regions and stop desertification, which is considered to be one of the major problems in climatic change.

The strategic orientation of the Ministry of Regional Development and Planning is development of public-public partnership, particularly with the ministries in charge of industry, commerce, transport and information and communications technologies, which are vital in supporting integrated economic development. The fact is that the competitiveness of the industrial enterprises installed in the regions

and the attractiveness of investment in the regions have long suffered from inadequate structural, logistical and technical support as a result of insufficient availability of good services, qualified personnel, a dynamic and effective distribution system and an attractive living environment.

The southern area of Tunisia is almost covered by desert except coastal area, the main industries of the southern area of Tunisia is only the processing of crops and mining. Besides, Tunisia received 1 million refugees by Libyan revolution. The most of refugees evacuate to communities in the southern area of Tunisia, host communities bore a heavy load of economic.

Thus, especially in the southern region, the formulation of regional development plan to solve such the above situation is needed.

6. Outline of the Project

(1) Overall Goal

(Development effect expected as a result of achievement of the "Project Purpose" in several years after the end of the project period)

Living environment and quality in the southern region are improved.

(2) Project Purpose

(Objective expected to be achieved by the end of the project period. Elaborate with quantitative indicators if possible)

The Project purposes are;

- 1) To formulate a regional development master plan toward the year 2024, in view of the region's specific conditions and social and environment conditions,
- 2) To formulate an action plan to implement a regional development master plan, and
- 3) To carry out relevant technology transfer to Tunisian counterpart through the Project.

(3) Outputs

(Objectives to be realized by the "Project Activities" in order to achieve the "Project Purpose")

- 1) Review and analysis of the current situation
- 2) Identification of development potentials and constraint
- 3) Formulation of a regional development master plan

- 4) Formulation of an action plan
- 5) Technical/knowledge transfer through the implementation of the Project
- (4) Project Activities

(Specific actions intended to produce each "Output" of the project by effective use of the "Input")

- 1) Review and analysis of the current situation
- 1-1) To review existing policies, laws, regulations and institutional system related to regional development
- 1-2) To review regional development policies and other ongoing projects/plans
- 1-3) To collect and review the necessary data and information for the Project
- 1-4) To analyze institutional capacity for the relevant organizations/authorities in terms of human resources, institutional management, and regulations
- 2) Identification of development potentials and constraints The following sectors are targeted.
- 2-1) Agriculture
- 2-2) Industry
- 2-3) Tourism
- 2-4) Environment and Ecology
- 2-5) Economic Infrastructure
- 3) Formulation of Regional Development Master Plan targeted the year 2024.
- 3-1) To formulate socio-economic framework
- 3-2) To formulate Regional Development Master Plan
- 4) Formulation of Action plan including the following items
 - Basic condition for the Master Plan implementation
 - Human resource development
 - Participatory Approach guideline development
- 5) Technical/knowledge transfer through the implementation of the Project
- (5) Input from the Recipient Government

(Counterpart personnel (identify the name and position of the Project manager), support staff, office space, running expenses, vehicles, equipment, etc.)

- -Available data and information related to the Project
- -Counterpart Personnel
- -Suitable office with necessary equipment
- -Credentials or identification cards

-Securement of the safety

(6) Input from the Japanese Government

(Number and qualification of Japanese experts, training (in Japan and in-country) courses, seminars and workshops, equipment, etc.)

Dispatch of Experts (Regional Development, Institutional System, Economic and Financial Analysis, Industrial Promotion, Agro-Processing, Marketing, Participatory Approach, Environmental Protection and Ecology, etc.), Training in Japan, Necessary equipment for the Project

7. Implementation Schedule

Month Feb Year 2013 ~ Month Feb Year 2015

8. Implementing Agency

(Budget, staffing, etc.)

The Ministry of Regional Development and Planning, a structure that is already dedicated to supporting regional development through its regional structures in the country's different governorates, should be transformed into a structure truly capable of promoting economic development by widening its scope of activity to other economic sectors such as services while at the same time improving its manner of governance by giving regional structures a higher degree of autonomy. Regional development directorates are eventually to become regional economic development agencies charged with promotion of their regions' development, including attracting investment, supporting promoters and investors and helping enterprises in their efforts to improve performances, through creation of synergies with the different private institutions and operators.

South Development Office (ODS) is a public establishment with industrial and commercial characteristics. It was founded in 1994. The functions of ODS are 1) adopting, assisting and surrounding the investors in the various stages of carrying out their projects. 2) providing investors with the necessary information, 3) studying the available resources, determining the promising sectors, detecting the project ideas, and putting them within the reach of investors and businessmen, and 4) assisting the regional authorities in the conception, elaboration, and implementation of the development programs and plans in south Governorates.

9. Related Activities

(Activities in the sector by the recipient government, other donors and NGOs)

WB: Participatory Service Delivery for Reintegration (5 million USD)

UNHCR: 1) Quick Impact Project (2 million USD) at Ben Guerdène

2) Provision of medical equipment (1 million USD)

UNDP: Supporting Economic Recovery, Private Sector Development and Social Cohesion for Inclusive Growth in Tunisia (2.6 million USD)

10. Gender Consideration

(Any relevant information of the project from gender perspective.)
Particular attention should be given to rural women and craftswomen.

11. Environmental and Social Considerations

(Please fill in the attached screening format.)

12. Beneficiaries

(Population for which positive changes are intended directly and indirectly by implementing the project and gender disaggregated data, if available)

Direct beneficiaries are 130 officers of ODS.

Indirect beneficiaries are 1.56 million people who live in the South Region of Tunisia.

13. Security Conditions

Special attention is unnecessary.

14. Others

N/A

Screening Format

Question 1 Address of a project site

Question 2 Outline of the project									
2-1 Does the project come under follow	wing sectors	s?							
☐ Yes ■No									
If yes, please mark corresponding items	S.								
☐Mining development	☐Mining development								
☐Industrial development									
☐Thermal power (including geoth	ermal powe	er)							
☐Hydropower, dams and reservoir	rs								
☐River/erosion control									
☐Power transmission and distribute	tion lines								
☐Roads, railways and bridges									
□Airports									
☐Ports and harbors	•								
☐Water supply, sewage and waste	treatment								
☐Waste management and disposal	l								
☐Agriculture involving large-scale	e land-clear	ing or irrig	ation						
□Forestry									
□Fishery									
□Tourism									
2-2 Does the project include the follow	ving items?								
□Yes ■No									
If yes, please mark following ite	ems.								
☐Involuntary resettlement	(scale:	,	households,	persons)					
☐Groundwater pumping	(scale:	:	m3/year)						
□Land reclamation, land devel	opment and	land-clear	ing (scale:	hectors)					
□Logging		(scale:	hectors)						

2-3 Did the proponent consider alternatives before request?
☐Yes: Please describe outline of the alternatives
(
■No
2-4 Did the proponent have meetings with related stakeholders before request?
■Yes □No
If yes, please mark the corresponding stakeholders.
Administrative body
■Local residents
■NGO
□Others ()
Question 3
Is the project a new one or an on-going one? In case of an on-going one, have you received
strong complaints etc. from local residents?
■New □On-going(there are complaints) □On-going (there are no complaints)
□Others (
J
Question 4 Name of laws or guidelines:
Is Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) including Initial Environmental Examination
(IEE) required for the project according to laws or guidelines in the host country?
□Yes ■No
If yes, please mark corresponding items.
□Required only IEE (□Implemented, □on going, □planning)
□Required both IEE and EIA (□Implemented, □on going, □planning)
□Required only EIA (□Implemented, □on going, □planning)
□Others:
)
Question 5
In case of that EIA was taken steps, was EIA approved by relevant laws in the host country?
If yes, please mark date of approval and the competent authority.
□Approved: without a □Approved: with a □Under appraisal supplementary condition

(Date of approval:	Competent authority:)
☐Not yet started an apprais	sal process	
□Others:()
Question 6		
If a certificate regarding the	he environment and society other than EIA, is required,	please
indicate the title of certifica	te.	
☐Already certified	☐Required a certificate but not yet done	
Title of the certificate:()
□Not required		
□Others ()
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Question 7		
Are following areas located	inside or around the project site?	
□Yes □No ■Not io	dentified	
If yes, please mark the corre	esponding items.	
□National parks, prote	cted areas designated by the government (coast line, wet	tlands,
reserved area for eth	nic or indigenous people, cultural heritage) and areas	being
considered for national	parks or protected areas	
□Virgin forests, tropical	l forests	
☐Ecological important !	habitat areas (coral reef, mangrove wetland, tidal flats)	
☐ Habitat of valuable sp	ecies protected by domestic laws or international treaties	
□Likely salts cumulus of	or soil erosion areas on a massive scale	
☐Remarkable desertific	ation trend areas	
☐Archaeological, histor	rical or cultural valuable areas	
☐Living areas of ethnic	, indigenous people or nomads who have a traditional lifest	yle, or
special socially valuable	le area	
Question 8		
Does the project have adver	rse impacts on the environment and local communities?	
□Yes ■No	□Not identified	
Reason:		۱
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Vu.	0201011	_

Please mark related environmental and social impacts, and describe their outlines.

☐Air pollution	■ Social institutions such as social					
☐ Water pollution	infrastructure and local decision-making					
☐Soil pollution	institutions					
□Waste	□Existing social infrastructures and					
☐Noise and vibration	services					
☐Ground subsidence	☐The poor, indigenous of ethnic people					
☐Offensive odors	☐Maldistribution of benefit and damage					
☐Geographical features	□Local conflict of interests					
☐Bottom sediment	□Gender					
☐Biota and ecosystem	□Children's rights					
☐ Water usage	□Cultural heritage					
□Accidents	□Infectious diseases such as HIV/AIDS					
☐Global warming	etc.					
☐Involuntary resettlement	□Others ()					
■Local economy such as employment and						
livelihood etc.						
☐Land use and utilization of local						
resources						
Outline of related impacts:						
ſ	1					

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Question		v

Information disclosure and meetings with stakeholders

information disclos	mental and social considerations are required, does the proponent agree on sure and meetings with stakeholders in accordance with JICA Guidelines and Social Considerations?
■Yes □	No
10-2 If no, please d	lescribe reasons below.

RECORD OF DISCUSSIONS

ON

PROJECT ON REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING OF THE SOUTHERN REGION

IN

THE REPUBLIC OF TUNISIA

AGREED UPON BETWEEN

MINISTRY OF REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING

AND

SOUTH DEVELOPMENT OFFICE

AND

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

Masahiko Furuichi

Team Leader

Japan International

Agency

Cooperation

Director General

Regional Development Department

Ministry of Regional Development and

unis, 9th October, 2012

Habbind

Mohamed Riahi

Director General

South Development Office

Ministry of Regional Development and

Planning

In response to the official request of the Government of Tunisia (hereinafter referred to as "GOT") to the Government of Japan, the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA") held a series of discussions with Ministry of Regional Development and Planning of GOT (hereinafter referred to as "MRDP"), South Development Office of GOT (hereinafter referred to as "ODS") and relevant organizations to develop a detailed plan of the Project on Regional Development Planning of the Southern Region in the Republic of Tunisia (hereinafter referred to as "the Project").

Both parties agreed the details of the Project and the main points discussed as described in the Appendix 1 and the Appendix 2 respectively.

Both parties also agreed that ODS, the counterpart to JICA, will be responsible for the implementation of the Project in cooperation with JICA, coordinate with MRDP and other relevant organizations and ensure that the self-reliant operation of the Project is sustained during and after the implementation period in order to contribute toward social and economic development of the Republic of Tunisia.

The effectiveness of the Record of Discussions is subject to the approval of JICA.

Appendix 1: Project Description
Appendix 2: Main Points Discussed

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PROJECT DESCRIPTION

I. BACKGROUND

One of the major challenges of public authorities in Tunisia is correcting regional imbalances through promoting a dynamic convergence across the regions. Integrated regional development is the best way to achieve such challenges. It aims at raising the socio-economic and environmental potential and the competitiveness of the economic players and regions so that the standard of living and quality of life may rise for their populations. Achieving the transition to the liberal and participatory approach society after Tunisian revolution in 2011, the integrated regional development is required to be truly fair, viable and socially and ecologically responsible possible. The integrated regional development is essential to help brake depopulation of regions lagging behind, and stop desertification, one of the major problems in climatic change.

MRDP is responsible in strategic orientation of relevant inter-ministry partnership, particularly with the ministries in charge of agriculture, industry, commerce, transport, tourism, equipment and information and communications technologies, which are vital in supporting integrated regional development. Inadequate public-private partnership, less competitive domestic industries and less attractive logistical and investment environment have resulted in insufficient availability of qualified personnel, a dynamic and effective distribution system and an attractive living environment. The southern region is a typical region lagging behind which is covered almost by desert except coastal area. The main industries of the region are only agricultural crops (olive and its products etc.) and mining (phosphate fertilizer etc.).

Besides, Tunisia received approximately one (1) million refugees by Libyan revolution, most of which had evacuated and stayed in the communities of the region as an economic burden, and returned within half a year. If the economic situation of the region remained un-recovered, however, the region would accelerate widened regional imbalance and job-less society.

Thus, the formulation of integrated regional development plan through participatory approach to solve the above situations is needed especially in the southern region. At the same time, capacity of planning and administrative management for participatory approach needs to be developed as well.

This is a component of "the Program on Regional Economic Promotion" in line with JICA's Assistance Program.

II. OUTLINE OF THE PROJECT

1. Title of the Project

"Project on Regional Development Planning of the Southern Region in the Republic of Tunisia"

The official French tile of the Project is as follows;

"Projet de Planification pour le Développement Régional du Sud de la Tunisie"

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2. Overall Goal

The institutional capacity of MRDP and ODS on regional development planning will be developed.

- 3. Expected Goals which will be attained after the Project Completion
 - (1) Goal of the Proposed Plan

The regional development plan will be developed through public consultation as a participatory approach.

- (2) Goal which will be attained by utilizing the Proposed Plan
 - (a) Sustainable regional development is promoted to reduce regional disparity by utilizing available resources and advantages of the southern region.
 - (b) Living environment and quality are improved in the southern region.

4. Outputs

- (1) Formulation of regional development strategy for the period 2014 to 2033,
- (2) Formulation of regional development plan for the period 2014 to 2023, and
- (3) Capacity development of planning and administrative management for participatory approach to Tunisian counterpart through the Project.

5. Activities

- (1) Review of the existing development policies and plans, development projects, studies, both public and private investments, and socio-economic data.
- (2) Formulation of the future vision and the basic development concept,
- (3) Formulation of the development strategy,
- (4) Formulation of the regional development plan,
- (5) Set of priorities on target sectors,
- (6) Formulation of implementation action plans, and
- (7) Technology transfer of development planning and capacity development of human resources.

6. Input

(1) Input by JICA

Dispatch of experts

- (a) Regional Development
- (b) Industrial Promotion
- (c) Trade Promotion/Marketing
- (d) Agro/Fishery-Processing
- (e) Tourism
- (f) Transport
- (g) Water Supply/Sewage System
- (h) Energy
- (i) Participatory Approach
- (j) Institutional System
- (k) Human Resource Development
- (I) Environmental and Social Considerations

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Input other than indicated above will be determined through mutual consultations between JICA and ODS during the implementation of the Project, as necessary.

Training in Japan

JICA will organize training courses on regional development planning in Japan, which will be held during the Project period. Staff of MRDP and ODS will participate in the training course.

(2) Input by ODS

ODS will take necessary measures to provide at its own expense:

- (a) Services of ODS's counterpart personnel and administrative personnel as referred to in II-7.
- (b) Suitable office space with necessary equipment,
- (c) Information as well as support in obtaining medical service,
- (d) Credentials or identification cards,
- (e) Available data (including the existing digital/analog maps and photographs) and information related to the Project,
- (f) Running expenses necessary for the implementation of the Project thereof, and
- (g) Arrangement of workshops and presentation of the progress of the project in workshops

7. Implementation Structure

The Project organization chart is given in the Annex 1. The roles and assignments of relevant organizations are as follows:

- Responsible Agency MRDP will supervise the Project.
- (2) Implementation Agency
 ODS will be responsible for smooth implementation of the Project.

(3) JICA Experts

The JICA experts will give necessary technical guidance, advice and recommendations to ODS on any matters pertaining to the implementation of the Project.

(4) Steering Committee and Working Group

Steering Committee (hereinafter referred to as "S/C") and Working Group (hereinafter referred to as "W/G") will be established in order to facilitate inter-organizational coordination. S/C will be held when the JICA mission submits the reports and/or whenever deems it necessary for decision making regarding the Project. A list of proposed members of S/C is shown in the Annex 2. W/G will be established and function as daily-work basis to correspond to the JICA mission. A list of proposed members of W/G is shown in the Annex 3.

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8. Project Site(s) and Beneficiaries

The Project will cover the area of the southern region in the Republic of Tunisia, namely Gafsa Governorate, Gabes Governorate, Tozeur Governorate, Kebili Governorate, Medenine Governorate, and Tataouine Governorate.

However, the field survey by JICA experts will be conducted under the JICA security policy.

The direct beneficiary of the Project will be 130 staff of ODS and the indirect beneficiary of the Project will be around 1.6 million people in the southern region in the Republic of Tunisia.

9. Duration

The Project will be carried out for approximately 20 (twenty) months from the start of the first training in Japan.

Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Project		!																		
			<u> </u>		L	L														
S/C	A				A					A						A				
			A	.				A					A						A	A
Report	lcR				PR				ItR						DfR					
																			F	R

Notes: S/C: Steering Committee, IcR: Inception Report, PR: Progress Report, ItR: Interim Report, DfR: Draft Final Report, FR: Final Report

10. Reports

JICA will prepare and submit the following reports in French to ODS.

- (1) 30 copies of Inception Report at the commencement of the work period in the Republic of Tunisia
- (2) 30 copies of Progress Report at the time about 8 months after the commencement of the work period in the Republic of Tunisia
- (3) 30 copies of Interim Report at the time of 13 months after the commencement of the work period in the Republic of Tunisia
- (4) 30 copies of Draft Final Report at the end of the work period in the Republic of Tunisia
- (5) 30 copies of Final Report within one (1) month after the receipt of the comments on the Draft Final Report

11. Environmental and Social Considerations

- (1) MRDP and ODS agreed to abide by 'JICA Guidelines for Environmental and Social Considerations' in order to ensure that appropriate considerations are made for the environmental and social impacts of the Project
- (2) MRDP, ODS and JICA agreed to conduct the strategic environment assessment following to the TOR shown in Annex 4.
- (3) MRDP, ODS and JICA agreed that JICA will disclose the R/D and the result of Detailed Planning Survey on its web site.

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III. UNDERTAKINGS OF GOT AND ODS

1.GOT and ODS will take necessary measures:

- (1) To ensure that the technologies and knowledge acquired by the Republic of Tunisia nationals as a result of Japanese technical cooperation contribute to the economic and social development of the Republic of Tunisia, and that the knowledge and experience acquired by the personnel of the Republic of Tunisia from technical training as well as the equipment provided by JICA are utilized effectively in the implementation of the Project;
- (2) To grant privileges, exemptions and benefits to the members of the JICA missions, which are no less favorable than those granted to the experts and the members of the missions and their families of third countries or international organizations performing similar missions in the Republic of Tunisia; and
- (3) To provide security-related information as well as measures to ensure the safety of the members of the JICA missions.

Other privileges, exemptions and benefits shall be in accordance with the "Note Verbale" (n° 47188) exchanged between GOJ and GOT on July 9, 1988.

2.ODS will bear claims, if any arises, against the members of the JICA missions resulting from, occurring in the course of, or otherwise connected with, the discharge of their duties in the implementation of the Project, except when such claims arise from gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the members of the JICA missions.

IV. EVALUATION

JICA will conduct the following evaluations and surveys to mainly verify sustainability and impact of the Project and draw lessons. The ODS is required to provide necessary support for them.

- 1. Ex-post evaluation three (3) years after the project completion, in principle
- 2. Follow-up surveys on necessity basis

V. PROMOTION OF PUBLIC SUPPORT

For the purpose of promoting support for the Project, ODS will take appropriate measures to make the Project widely known to the people of Tunisia.

VI. MUTUAL CONSULTATION

JICA, MRDP and ODS will consult each other whenever any major issues arise in the course of Project implementation.

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VII. AMENDMENTS

The Record of Discussions may be amended by the Minutes of Meetings between JICA, MRDP and ODS.

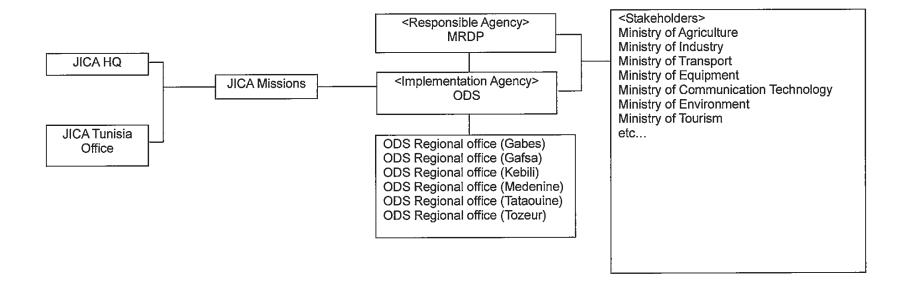
The minutes of meetings will be signed by authorized persons of each side who may be different from the signers of the record of discussions.

Annex 1	Project Organization Chart
Annex 2	A List of Proposed Members of Steering Committee
Annex 3	A List of Proposed Members of Working Group
Annex 4	TOR of Environmental and Social Considerations

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Project Organization Chart





A List of Proposed Members of Steering Committee

1. Function

The Steering Committee will be held when the JICA missions submit the reports and/or whenever the necessity arises in order to fulfill the following functions;

- (1) To monitor and supervise the entire project:
- (2) To discuss and approve the reports;
- (3) To coordinate among the relevant organizations; and
- (4) To review and exchange views on major issues arising from or in connection with the Project.

2. Members

a. Chair :Director General, Regional Development, MRDP

b. Co-chair :Director General, ODS

c. Members :Director General, Infrastructure, MRDP

:Director General, Productive Sector, MRDP

:Director General, Prevision, MRDP

:Director, Regional Development Department, MRDP

:Leader, the JICA expert team

The chair may invite necessary representatives of relevant ministries other than indicated above.

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A List of Proposed Members of Working Group

1. Function

The Working Group will be held at least bimonthly and/or whenever the necessity arises in order to fulfill the following functions;

- (1) To carry out surveys and analyze the current situation of the Project area:
- (2) To prepare reports for presentation to the S/C;
- (3) To examine and analyze the technical aspects of the Reports;
- (4) To monitor and evaluate the Project;
- (5) To coordinate the Project with stakeholders; and
- (6) To deal with any issues instructed to consult by S/C.

2. Members

a. Chair :Director General, ODSb. Co-chair :Leader, the JICA missions

c. Members :Director, Common Interest Management Department

:Director, Promotion and Private Investment Department

:Director, Planning and Statistics Department

:Director, Assistance of Development and Evaluation

Department

:Director, Coordination Department

:Director, Information Division

:Director, Regional Development Department, Gabes
:Director, Regional Development Department, Gafsa
:Director, Regional Development Department, Kebili
:Director, Regional Development Department, Medenine
:Director, Regional Development Department, Tataouine
:Director, Regional Development Department, Tozeur

Members of relevant ministries' regional offices other than indicated above will be determined through mutual consultations between JICA and ODS during the Project, as necessary.

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TOR of Environmental and Social Considerations

The project should include Terms of Reference (TOR) for Environmental and Social Considerations in line with the JICA Guidelines as the bellows;

- 1. Consideration of alternatives for achieving the goals of the Project,
- 2. Consideration of contents of the developed policy and plans,
- 3. Implementation of scoping,
- 4. Confirmation of environment and social situation as the base line,
- 5. Confirmation of system and regulation for environment and social consideration,
- 6. Forecast of the environmental impact,
- 7. Evaluation of the environmental impact and examination of alternatives,
- 8. Confirmation of mitigation,
- 9. Confirmation of monitoring method, and
- 10. Assistance of stakeholder meetings.

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MAIN POINTS DISCUSSED

1. Target year of a strategy and a development plan

The Tunisian side explained that there was the 11th national decade plan (2007-2016¹) as the current national development plan, and duration of a developed strategy should be the next twenty (20) years after the completion of the project and duration of a regional development plan should be the next ten (10) years after that.

Both sides agreed that the target year of the Regional Development Strategy developed in the Project was 2033 and that of the Regional Development Plan was 2023 respectively.

2. Coverage of the Regional Development Plan

Both sides agreed that the Regional Development Plan would target at the southern region as a whole area. Therefore, the development plan of each governorate would be out of scope.

Both sides also agreed that the Regional Development Plan would describe future vision of the southern region and actions for achieving the vision, and exclude investment project plans, detailed development project plans and feasibility studies of projects.

3. Process of public consultation

Tunisian side explained that there was a regional development committee in each governorate consisting of representatives of politician, labor union, economic association, professionals and so on, and that a regional development plan of each governorate should be consulted with the regional development committee in the course of development as citizen participation procedures.

Both sides confirmed that the regional development plan targeting at the whole southern area including six (6) governorates, not each governorate and that there was no proper committee covering this area.

Therefore, both sides agreed that ODS should organize workshops three (3) times during the Project as a public consultation process, and that each workshop would be held in the timing of the Inception Report (ICR), Interim Report (ITR), and Draft Final Report (DFR), and that representatives of each regional development committee would be invited in workshops. JICA experts should fully support ODS to organize and proceed workshops. JICA should bear expenses necessary for workshops.

4. Management of workshops

Both sides agreed that three (3) workshops should be managed by ODS and staff of ODS should make presentations in the workshops with assistance of JICA experts.

Both sides agreed that member of workshops would be carefully selected by

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¹ Note d'orientation du XI ème Plan et de la décennie 2007-2016

ODS and informed to JICA Tunisia office in written by 31st January, 2013.

5. Capacity development of MRDP and ODS

Tunisian side requested that capacity development of MRDP and ODS staff should be included in the Project activities.

Both sides agreed that on-the-job training though daily works with JICA experts and training courses in Japan should be carried out in the Project.

6. Field of experts

Tunisian side requested to add an expert on the field of information and communications technology (ICT) in terms of one of possibilities of industry promotion.

Japanese side explained that situation of ICT would be surveyed and the results would be analyzed in the Project.

Both sides agreed the field of industry promotion should cover the field of ICT.

7. Communication with counterparts

Both sides agreed that JICA consultants should closely communicate with ODS about their schedule in order for ODS to organize relevant organizations and take his ownership among relevant organizations.

8. Past JICA activities to be taken into consideration

JICA implemented several activities such as One Village One Product (OVOP) by a senior volunteer and the Project of Grass-roots Grant Aid in the southern region. Both sides agreed that the Project will take the past JICA activities into consideration.

9. Provision of office space in MRDP

Both sides agreed that MRDP provided suitable office space with necessary equipment for JICA experts.

END

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