資料

資料 1 調査団員・氏名

資料 1. 調査団員・氏名

(1) 現地調査時

No.	氏	名	担当分野	所 属
1	丸尾	祐治	団長	JICA 国際協力専門員
2	緒方	隆二	計画管理/砒素汚染対策	JICA 地球環境部 水資源・防災グループ 水資源第一課 専門嘱託
3	山崎	安正	業務主任/地下水開発計画	(株) 地球システム科学
4	藪田	卓哉	水理地質/水質(水理地質構造)	(株) 地球システム科学
5	末永	和幸	水理地質/水質(砒素汚染)	(株) 地球システム科学
6	小林	敏政	物理探査	(株) 地球システム科学
7	斉藤	正和	機材計画/調達計画	(株) 地球システム科学
8	隅田	竜也	運営維持管理/環境社会配慮	(株) 地球システム科学
9	山城	勇希	積算	(株) 地球システム科学
10	笹岡	かおる	業務調整/環境社会配慮補助	(株) 地球システム科学

(2) 概略設計概要説明調査時

No.	氏 名	担当分野	所 属
1	丸尾 祐治	団長	JICA 国際協力専門員
2	緒方 隆二	計画管理/砒素汚染対策	JICA 地球環境部
			水資源・防災グループ
			水資源第一課 専門嘱託
3	山崎 安正	業務主任/地下水開発計画	(株) 地球システム科学
4	藪田 卓哉	水理地質/水質(水理地質構造)	(株)地球システム科学
5	隅田 竜也	運営維持管理/環境社会配慮	(株) 地球システム科学

資料 2調査工程

資料 2. 調査工程

			官団	II員				コンサルタン	ント団員			
	日付		丸尾	緒方	山崎	笹岡	末永	藪田	小林	斉藤	隅田	山城
	ш,,		団長	計画管理/ 砒素汚染対策	業務主任/ 地下水開発計画	業務調整/環境 社会配慮補助	水理地質/ 水質(2)	水理地質/ 水質(1)	物理探査	機材計画/ 調達計画	運営維持管理/ 環境社会配慮	積算
11月	18日				ダッカ着							
	19日		IGDE		ニーティング の協議、JICA導	孫 訴						
	21日		LGDA		(Borisal)	≠ (カバ)	成田発/ダッカ着					
	22日	火	現地		I)、DPHEとの	協議	DPHEとの協議					
	23日 水 ミニッツ協議、IC/R説明、DANIDAとの協語		NDAとの協議									
	24日	+	+=>.6° + /= &		ツ調印		資料 整理					
	2411	\r	<u>オランダ大使館と</u> ダッフ		争伤则拟口	業務調整	具作定性					
	25日	金	成田			資料整理	l					
	26日	I				団内会議						
	27日 28日					「給水ワークショップ:)協議、UNICEF						
	29日				ダッカ大		こり加強					
	30日				DPHE分		現地調査					
12月	1日					会参加	TATL					
	2日					<u>整理</u> 会議	移動					
	4日				ЩPI	女 俄	資料整理					
	5日				現地再到	€託準備			成田発/ダッカ着		成田発/ダッカ着	
	6日	火					現地調査				調査準備	
	7日				水質分		DOUGL - Ithir		探査準備		TEL 14	
1	8日				DPHEとの協議 資料	<u>資料収集</u> 整理	DPHEとの協議 姿型 数理				現地調査	
	9日						資料整理		移動		資料整理	
	11日				再委託準備	業務調整	現地調査		,,,,,,,,,		20,11E-2	
1	12日					E ST ME TO	資料整理		44-702 100-4-		70 III =	
	13日 14日				現地再刻	医託管埋	JICA事務所		物理探査	成田発/ダッカ着	現地調査	成田発/ダッカ着
	15日					団内会議	JICA争伤別			団内会議		団内会議
	16日				ダッカ発		オリエンテーション		資料整理	資料整理	社会調査オ	
	17日				成田着	社会調査プレテスト	テ゚ータ整理		移動		社会調査	プレテスト
	18日					業務調整	ダッカ発					
	20日						成田着		物理探査	現地調査	70.11.2	m
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	23日 24日					移動			資料整理		資料 整理	
	25日					イダ玉川					貝付正理	
	26日					現地再委託管理			物理探査			
	27日					200 H X III B 4			初生沐且	現地調査	現地記	周査
	28日					業務調整						
	30日					資料整理			移動	資料整理		
	31日	I				現地調査準備			データ解析		資料	整理
1月	1日					再委託業務管理						7/2 alad ±6-700
	2日								物理探査	現地調査	現地調査	資料整理
	4日	•				業務調整			ツマ外且	クレイビロ列旦	クルプロ明旦	/≖+b=m-±-
	5日	木]		価格調査
1	6日				成田発/ダッカ着	再委託業務管理		成田発/ダッカ着	データ整理		資料	整理
1	7日 8日					会議		団内会議		 	団内会議	
	9日				DPHEとの協議			DPHEとの協議	物理探索	調査計画検討		価格調査
	10日	火				再委託業務管理 /業務調整			物理探査		現地調査	ダッカ発
	11日				再委託業務管理			咨 业 in 生		DPHEとの協議		成田着
	12日				資料整理	業務調整		資料収集	データ整理	咨!	 整理	
	14日				女 行正在 再委託第				, , <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>		<u> </u>	
	15日	_								70 tol. 5m -t-	現地調査	
	16日 17日				扣納	調査		現地調査	物理探査	現地調査	ダッカ発	
	18日				坎地	ᄤ		シレンピロの 正			メッカ発 成田着	
	19日	木								DPHEとの協議		
	20日					整理			=* k#6+m	資料整理		
	21日 22日				団囚	会議 業務調整		データ整理 /解析	データ整理	 		
1	23日				DPHE ك				DPHEとの協議	DPHEとの協議		
	24日	火				再委託業務管理		DPHEとの協議		してロモと の 協議		
1	25日									<u> </u>		
	26日 27日				JICA事務所	帰国準備			帰国準備	ダッカ発		
1	28日				資料	整理		資料	·整理	成田着		
	29日					カ発			力発	/X III /II		
Ц	30日	月		成田着		日 有		成E	出 看			

資料 3関係者(面会者) リスト

資料 3. 関係者(面会者) リスト

1. 現地調查時

(1) 独立行政法人国際協力機構バングラデシュ事務所

 戸田
 隆夫
 所長

 富田
 洋行
 次長

 柏村
 正允
 所員

(2) Ministry of Finance (財務省)

Economic Relations Division(経済協力局)

Khadiza Begum Deputy Secretary

(3) Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives (地方行政・農村開発・ 組合省)

1) Local Government Division(地方行政局)

Shams Uddin Ahmed Deputy Secretary

2) Department of Public Health Engineering(公衆衛生工学局)

Mohamed Nuruzzaman Chief Engineer

Sudhir Kumar Ghosh Superintending Engineer, Ground Water Circle

Tushar Mohon Shadhu Khan Executive Engineer, Ground Water E&D Division

Md. Shamsul Alam Executive Engineer, Mechanical & Electrical Division

Muhammad Shamsulttuq Bhniyan Executive Engineer, Survey and Investigation Research

Mohammad Saifur Rahman Executive Engineer, Research & Development Division

Md Jamanur Rahman Executive Engineer, DPHE Pabna Division

Abdun Noor Senior Hydrogeologist

Miah Sattar Chief Chemist, Central Laboratory

(4) UNICEF Bangladesh

Peter Ravenscroft Water and Environmental Sanitation Specialist

(5) オランダ大使館

A. T. M. Khaleduzzaman Advisor, Water Management (IWRM)

(6) DANIDA

Md Shajahan Ali Governance Advisor

Torsten Malmdorf Senior Sector Advisor

(7) Faridpur Paurashava

Sk. Mahtab Ali Methu Mayor

- 2. 概略設計概要書説明調査時
 - (1) 独立行政法人国際協力機構バングラデシュ事務所

松村 直樹 所員

(2) Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives(地方行政・農村開発・組合省)

1) Local Government Division(地方行政局)

Zuena Aziz Additional Secretary

2) Department of Public Health Engineering(公衆衛生工学局)

Mohamed Nuruzzaman Chief Engineer

Sudhir Kumar Ghosh Superintending Engineer, Ground Water Circle
Tushar Mohon Shadhu Khan Executive Engineer, Ground Water E&D Division

Muhammad Shamsulttuq Bhniyan Executive Engineer, Survey and Investigation Research

Mohammad Saifur Rahman Executive Engineer, Research & Development Division

Abdun Noor Senior Hydrogeologist

(3) UNICEF Bangladesh

Peter Ravenscroft Water and Environmental Sanitation Specialist

(4) DANIDA

Torsten Malmdorf Senior Sector Advisor

資料 4 討議議事録(M/D)

資料 4. 討議議事録(M/D)

MINUTES OF DISCUSSIONS

ON

THE PREPARATORY SURVEY

ON

THE GROUND WATER INVESTIGATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF DEEP GROUND WATER SOURCE IN URBAN AND RURAL AREAS IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF BANGLADESH (EXPLANATION ON DRAFT FINAL REPORT)

In November 2011, the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA") dispatched the Preparatory Survey Team on the Ground Water Investigation and Development of Deep Ground Water Source in Urban and Rural Areas (hereinafter referred to as "the Project") and entrusted the survey to the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh (hereinafter referred to as "Bangladesh") and through discussion, field survey and technical evaluation of the result in Japan, JICA prepared a draft final report of the survey.

In order to explain and to consult with the Government of Bangladesh on the component of the draft final report, JICA dispatched to Bangladesh the Draft Final Report Explanation Team (hereinafter referred to as "the Team"), which is headed by Dr. Yuji Maruo, Senior Advisor, JICA from 29th July to 2nd August, 2012.

As a result of discussions, both sides confirmed the main items described in the attached sheets.

Dhaka, August 1, 2012

Leader

Preparatory Survey Team

Japan International Cooperation Agency

Japan -

Shams Uddi Deputy Secretary,

Local Government Division Ministry of Local Government,

Rural Development and Co-operatives

Bangladesh

Khadiza Begum

Receivem

Deputy Secretary

Economic Relations Division

Ministry of Finance

Bangladesh

Superintending Engineer

Department of Public Health Engineering

Bangladesh

ATTACHMENT

1. Component of the Draft Final Report

The Bangladesh side agreed and accepted in principle the main component of the draft final report explained by the Team. The Project sites map and component of the Project are respectively shown in Annex-1 and Annex-2.

2. Responsible and Implementation Agency

- 2-1) The Responsible Ministry is Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development & Co-operatives, specifically Local Government Division (hereinafter referred to as LGD). The focal person of LGD for the Project is Deputy Secretary, Water Supply 1 of Water Supply Wing.
- 2-2) The Implementing Agency is Department of Public Health Engineering (hereinafter referred to as "DPHE"). The focal person of DPHE for the Project is Superintending Engineer, Ground Water Circle.

3. Japan's Grant Aid Scheme

- 3-1) The Bangladesh side understands the Japan's Grant Aid Scheme explained by the Team, as described Annex-3.
- 3-2) The both sides will take necessary measures, as described in Annex-4, for smooth implementation of the Project, as condition for the Japan's Grant Aid to be implemented.

4. Submission of Final Report

JICA will complete the final report in accordance with the confirmed items in consultation of DPHE and send it to the Government of Bangladesh by September, 2012.

5. Other Relevant Issues

5-1) Cost Estimate

The Team explained to the Bangladesh side the Cost Estimate as described in Annex-5. It is provisional estimate and would be further examined by the Government of Japan for the approval of the Grant. The Bangladesh side understood that the Cost Estimate is not final and subject to be modified. Both sides agreed that the Cost Estimate should never be duplicated or released to any outside parties other than Bangladesh concerned officials until signing of all the contract(s) for the Project.

5-2) Technical Transfer of the Project

In order that the equipment to be procured in the Project is properly operated by Bangladesh side and that the project goal is certainly achieved, the technical transfer will be conducted.

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The contents of the technical transfer have been examined considering the current status of the drilling team and the workshop of DPHE.

The technical transfer to the drilling team and the geophysical survey team will be carried out by on-the job-training (OJT) and lecture. The technical transfer by means of 6 sites of geophysical survey and three (3) deep wells (2 production wells and 1 hand pump well) drilling in the Study area will be carried out.

5-3) 5-Year Action Plan

5-Year Action Plan shown in Annex-6 for deep tube well drilling in the target area has prepared throughout the Survey considering the amount of a budget and manpower which DPHE can secure. Procured equipment in the Project will be used for carrying out the 5-Year Plan.

5-4) Expansion of Technical Transfer to Local Driller

Technical transfer described in 5-3) will involve local drillers in order to expand knowledge of deep tube well drilling to private sector, though main target of the technical transfer component of the Project is related DPHE staff.

5-5) Undertakings by the Bangladesh Side

In case the request is approved by the Japanese Government, the Bangladesh side agreed to undertake following issues in addition to the general undertaking shown in Annex-4.

1) Implementation structure of 2 production well and 1 hand pump well construction by the Bangladesh side

The both sides confirmed that the construction works of the deep tube wells 5-Year Action Plan shall be executed by the Bangladesh side with its full responsibility.

- DPHE will assign appropriate number of staffs who have experience and skill of drilling deep tube wells. The staff allocation plan is shown in **Annex-7**.
- DPHE will secure the necessary budget shown in Annex-5 timely.
- 2) Operation and Maintenance of Facilities, Equipment and Materials

The water supply facilities constructed by the Bangladesh side shall be properly operated and maintained by the target paurashavas/village with support of DPHE. The equipment and materials procured through the Project shall also be properly operated and maintained by DPHE.

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3) Workshop and Stockyard for the procured equipment DPHE will prepare a workshop and stockyard for maintenance for the procured equipment

by December, 2013 as recommended by the Study team

4) Half-Yearly Report

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Half Yearly report of progress of the deep tube well construction work will be submitted by DPHE to JICA Bangladesh Office, Following items should be included in the report.

- Progress of the well construction
- Utilization record of procured equipment
- Others (water quality issues, etc.
- 5) Travel Allowance, Daily Allowance Venue Cost for the Training of DPHE Staff for the Technical Transfer

DPHE will bear the necessary expenses for travel allowances which are necessary for the training of DPHE staff implemented in the technical transfer of the Project.

- 6) Staff Allocation for Technical Transfer of the Project DPHE will timely assign appropriate number of qualified staffs for implementing soft component of the Project.
- 7) Facility for the constructed wells through Technical Transfer of the Project DPHE will prepare necessary facilities for the constructed wells through Technical Transfer of the Project such as hand pump for hand pump well and mechanical pump and connection to piped water supply system for production wells as soon as the wells are constructed.
- 8) Preparation of Technical Assistance Project Proforma (TPP)/ Development Project Proforma (DPP)

Bangladesh side will prepare TPP/DPP for implementation of the Project. The Project cost will be comprised of Japan's grant aid and contribution of Bangladesh side.

5-6) Payment of Tax

Bangladesh side is responsible for covering custom duty, and other taxes in Bangladesh which are to be arisen from the Project activities. DPHE will take any timely procedures for above mentioned matters.

5-7) Dissemination Plan of the Project Experience

The technique and experience which is obtained in the Project and during 5-Year Plan will be shared with relevant bodies in National Water Supply and Sanitation Technology Sharing Workshop every year.

Annex-1 Project	t Sites	Map
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Annex-2 Components of the Project

Annex-3 Japan's Grant Aid Scheme

Annex-4 Major Undertakings to be taken by Each Government

Annex-5 Cost Borne by Japanese and Bangladesh Sides

Annex-6 5-Year Action Plan

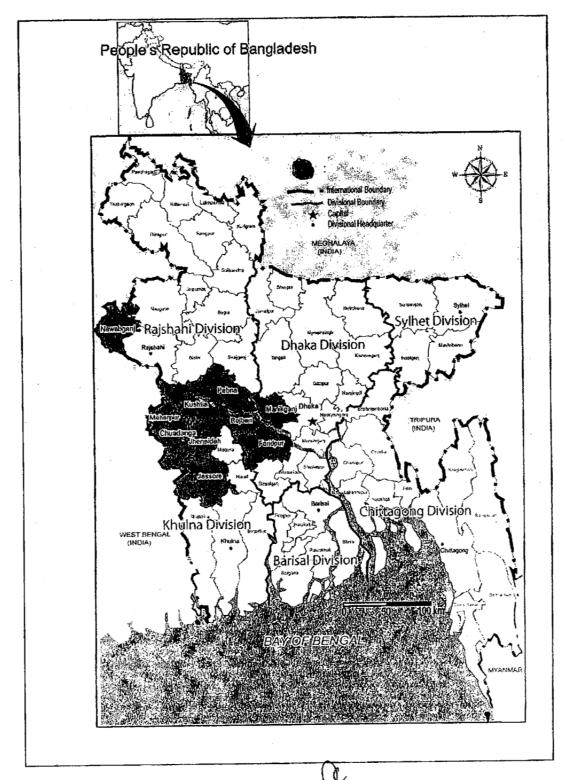
Annex-7 Staff Allocation Plan of DPHE

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Annex-1 Project Sites Map



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Annex-2 Component of the Project

	Names dequipatents the same	Spremenjan Asyl	On the state of th
1	Drilling Rig		
(1)	Truck-mounted Drilling Rig	Drilling capacity: 400m (for production well) including accessories	l set
(2)	Truck-mounted Drilling Rig	Drilling capacity: 400m (for hand pump well) including accessories	l set
(3)	Truck-mounted Air Lift/ Pumping Test Unit	For Production Well	1 set
(4)	Truck-mounted Air Lift/ Pumping Test Unit	For Hand pump Well	lunit
2	Vehicle		
(1)	5 Ton Cargo Truck with Crane	For Production Well	lunit
(2)	3 Ton Cargo Truck with Crane	For Production Well	Iunit
(3)	3 Ton Cargo Truck with Crane	For Hand pump Well	2 unit
(4)	Pick-up Truck	For Production Well	lunit
(5)	Pick-up Truck	For Hand pump Well	1 unit
3	Geophysical Survey Equipment		
(1)	Resistivity Survey Equipment (with analysis software)		lset
(2)	Logging Equipment (with analysis software)		lset
4. Equ	ipment for Workshop	<u>-</u>	lset
	ll Construction Materials for Technical		Iset
	re Parts		lset
		100	_

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Annex-3 JAPAN'S GRANT AID SCHEME

The Government of Japan (hereinafter referred to as "the GOJ") is implementing the organizational reforms to improve the quality of ODA operations, and as part of this realignment, JICA was reborn on October 1, 2008. Following the decision of the GOJ, Grant Aid for General Project is extended by JICA.

Grant Aid is non-reimbursable fund to a recipient country to procure the facilities, equipment and services (engineering services and transportation of the products, etc.) for economic and social development of the country under principles in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations of Japan. The Grant Aid is not supplied through the donation of materials as such.

Grant Aid Procedures (Attachment 1) 1.

Japanese Grant Aid is conducted as follows-

- · Preparatory Survey (hereinafter referred to as "the Survey")
 - The Survey conducted by JICA
- Appraisal & Approval
 - -Appraisal by the GOJ and JICA, and Approval by the Japanese Cabinet
- · Determination of Implementation
 - -The Notes exchanged between the GOJ and a recipient country
- · Grant Agreement (hereinafter referred to as "the G/A")
 - -Agreement concluded between JICA and a recipient country
- · Implementation
 - -Implementation of the Project on the basis of the G/A
- 2. Preparatory Survey
- (1) Contents of the Survey

The aim of the Survey is to provide a basic document necessary for the appraisal of the Project by JICA and the GOJ. The contents of the Survey are as follows:

- Confirmation of the background, objectives, and benefits of the Project and also institutional capacity of agencies concerned of the recipient country necessary for the implementation of the Project.
- Evaluation of the appropriateness of the Project to be implemented under the Grant Aid Scheme from a technical, financial, social and economic point of view.
- Confirmation of items agreed on by both parties concerning the basic concept of the Project.
- Preparation of a basic design of the Project.
- Estimation of costs of the Project.

The contents of the original request by the recipient country are not necessarily approved in their initial form as the contents of the Grant Aid project. The Basic Design of the Project is confirmed considering the guidelines of the Japan's Grant Aid scheme.

JICA requests the Government of the recipient country to take whatever measures are necessary to ensure its self-reliance in the implementation of the Project. Such measures must be guaranteed even though they may fall outside of the jurisdiction of the organization in the recipient country actually implementing the Project. y m so

Therefore, the implementation of the Project is confirmed by all relevant organizations of the recipient country through the Minutes of Discussions.

(2) Selection of Consultants

For smooth implementation of the Survey, JICA uses (a) registered consulting firm(s). JICA selects (a) firm(s) based on proposals submitted by interested firms.

(3) Result of the Survey

The Report on the Survey is reviewed by JICA, and after the appropriateness of the Project is confirmed, JICA recommends the GOJ to appraise the implementation of the Project.

Japan's Grant Aid Scheme

(1) The E/N and the G/A

After the Project is approved by the Cabinet of Japan, the E/N will be singed between the GOJ and the Government of the recipient country to make a plead for assistance, which is followed by the conclusion of the G/A between JICA and the Government of the recipient country to define the necessary articles to implement the Project, such as payment conditions, responsibilities of the Government of the recipient country, and procurement conditions.

(2) Selection of Consultants

The consultant firm(s) used for the Survey will be recommended by JICA to the recipient country to also work on the Project's implementation after the E/N and the G/A, in order to maintain technical consistency.

(3) Eligible source country

Under the Japanese Grant Aid, in principle, Japanese products and services including transport or those of the recipient country are to be purchased. When JICA and the Government of the recipient country or its designated authority deem it necessary, the Grant Aid may be used for the purchase of the products or services of a third country. However, the prime contractors, namely, constructing and procurement firms, and the prime consulting firm are limited to "Japanese nationals". (The term "Japanese nationals" means persons of Japanese nationality or Japanese corporations controlled by persons of Japanese nationality.)

(4) Necessity of "Verification"

The Government of recipient country or its designated authority will conclude contracts denominated in Japanese yen with Japanese nationals. Those contracts shall be verified by JICA. This "Verification" is deemed necessary to secure accountability to Japanese taxpayers.

(5) Major undertakings to be taken by the Government of the Recipient Country

In the implementation of the Grant Aid Project, the recipient country is required to undertake such necessary measures as Attachment 1.

(6) Proper Use

The Government of recipient country is required to maintain and use the facilities constructed and the

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equipment purchased under the Grant Aid properly and effectively and to assign staff necessary for this operation and maintenance as well as to bear all the expenses other than those covered by the Grant Aid.

(7) Export and Re-export

The products purchased under the Grant Aid should not be exported or re-exported from the recipient country.

(8) Banking Arrangements (B/A)

- a) The Government of the recipient country or its designated authority should open an account in the name of the Government of the recipient country in a bank in Japan (hereinafter referred to as "the Bank"). JICA will execute the Grant Aid by making payments in Japanese yen to cover the obligations incurred by the Government of the recipient country or its designated authority under the Verified Contracts.
- b) The payments will be made when payment requests are presented by the Bank to JICA under an Authorization to Pay (A/P) issued by the Government of the recipient country or its designated authority.

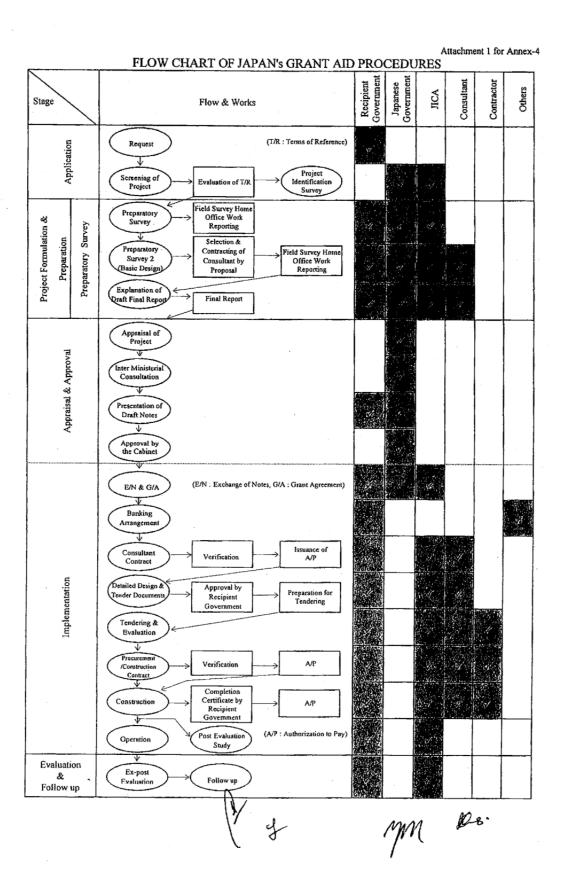
(9) Authorization to Pay (A/P)

The Government of the recipient country should bear an advising commission of an Authorization to Pay and payment commissions to the Bank.

(10) Social and Environmental Considerations

A recipient country must ensure the social and environmental considerations for the Project and must follow the environmental regulation of the recipient country and JICA environmental and social considerations guideline.

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Annex-4: Major Undertakings to be taken by Each Government

NO	Items	To be covered by Grant Aid	To be covered by Recipient side
	To bear the following commissions to a bank of Japan for the banking services based upon the B/A		
	1) Advising commission of A/P		•
	2) Payment commission		• .
	To ensure prompt unloading and customs clearance at the port of disembarkation in recipient country and to assist internal transportation of the products		
	Marine (Air) transportation of the products from Japan to the recipient country	•	
	Tax exemption and custom clearance of the products at the port of disembarkation		•
	Internal transportation from the port of disembarkation to the project site	(•) Port to Dhaka DPHE Workshop	(♠) Dhaka DPHE workshop to the Project Site
	To accord Japanese nationals whose services may be required in connection with the supply of the products and the services under the verified contract such facilities as may be necessary for their entry into the recipient country and stay therein for the performance of their work		•
	To exempt Japanese nationals from customs duties, internal taxes and other fiscal levies which may be imposed in the recipient country with respect to the supply of the products and services under the verified contract		•
	To maintain and use properly and effectively the facilities constructed and equipment provided under the Grant Aid		•
	To bear all the expenses, other than those to be borne by the Grant Aid, necessary for such as transportation and installation of the equipment		•
	To give due environmental and social consideration in the implementation of the Project		•

(B/A: Banking Arrangement, A/P: Authorization to Pay)

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Annex-5: Cost borne by the Japanese and the Bangladesh sides

(1) Cost borne by the Japanese Government

Procurement Cost: Drilling rigs, supporting vehicles, geophysical survey equipment

	Items	Cost Estimate (in million YEN)	Cost Estimate (in lakh BDT)	
Procurement	Drilling rigs, Compressors, Supporting Vehicles, Pumping test equipment, Electric survey equipment, Logging equipment, Workshop equipment	669	6,470	
Detailed Design, Const		30	290	
Soft-ware Component Programme (Technical Assistance) - Drilling plan and Management - Geophysical survey		29	280	
	Total	728	7,040	

This cost estimate is provisional and would be further examined by the Government of Japan for the approval of the Grant Aid.

(2) Cost Borne by the Bangladesh Government for Establishment of Procured Equipment

Obligation	Cost Estimate (in lakh BDT)	Cost Estimate (in thousand YEN)	
Commission for Banking Arrangement (B/A)	7.04	728	
Workshop and Stockyard Preparation	65	6,721	
Soft component	11.12	1,150	
Technical transfer	38.10	3,940	
Total	121.26	12,539	

^{*} Excluding the cost of customs duty, sales taxes, clearance and forwarding charges

(3) Cost Borne by the Bangladesh Government for Implementation of 5-Year Action Plan

Obligation	Unit	Unit Cost (in lakh BDT)	Unit Cost (in thousand yen)	Q'ty	Sub-total Cost (in lakh BDT)	Sub-total Cost (in thousand yen)
Geophysical survey	site	0.46	48	54	24.84	2,568
Production well construction	site	69.63	7,200	23	1,601.49	165,594
Hand pump well construction	site	32.98	3,410	34	1,121.32	115,944
Workshop operation	year	7.25	750	5	36.25	3,748
Stock yard operation	year	4.35	450	5	21.75	2,249
Equipment maintenance	year	14.50	1,500	5	72.50	7,497
		2,878.15	297,600			

Note: The cost of production well and tube well has been estimated by Study team based on their recommended design, however this cost may be modified as per local condition, requirement and type of material to be used.

*Exchange rate [1 BDT = 1.034 YEN]

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Annex-6: 5- Year Action Plan of DPHE

1. DRILLING PLAN OF THE BANGLADESH SIDE

DPHE has following basic principle on the drilling of production wells and hand pump wells in the arsenic contaminated area.

- District Paurashava: Deep wells for water sources of the piped water supply are mainly drilled (production wells).
- Villages: Deep wells for handpump wells are basically drilled (handpump well).

According to the plan, a total of 43 production wells and 256 handpump wells will be drilled up to the year 2017. However, in case of Paurashava, there are two areas, the urban area and the rural area, therefore, suitable type of wells will be selected considering the situation.

Numbers of production wells and handpump wells in the Study area are 28 and 30, respectively.

The drilling plan of DPHE is attached to the Minutes concluded on 24 November 2011.

2 5-YEAR ACTION PLAN

A well drilling plan of DPHE was formulated as an 5-Year Action Plan after the delivery of the drilling rigs. Types of well are production wells and handpump wells. Summary of the Action Plan is summarized in Table 1.

Table 1 Summary of the Action Plan

	*(Production Wells 4	Handpump Well	
Schedule	5 years from November 2014 to October 2019		
Target Area	9 Districts - 2 Districts in Dhaka Division - 5 Districts in Khulna Division - 2 Districts in Rajshahi Division	35 villages - 30 villages - 5 villages addistionally selected	
Number of Wells to be Drilled	25 wells	35 wells	
Number of Recipient	200,000 persons	16,425 persons	
Number of Total Recipient	216,425 persons		

In the Project, two (2) production wells and one (1) handpump well will be drilled for a technical transfer to the Bangladesh side on the deep well drilling technique. For this purpose, a field survey was conducted by the Study Team. As the result the field survey, type of deep well was changed in two (2) sites after discussion with DPHE considering the situation. Contents of the change are as follows.

A production well to be drilled in Paurashava, Chuadanga Sadar, Chuadanga District, Khulna Division was changed to a handpump well because the site was located in the rural area instead of the urban area in Paurashava.

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 A handpump well to be drilled in Shanila village, Pabna District, Rajshahi Division was changed to a production well because the site was located in the urbanized area.

2.1 Production well

Drilling sites for the production well are District Paurashavas in nine (9) Districts included in the drilling plan of DPHE. A total of 28 production wells will be drilled in the plan against the number of production wells to be drilled in the action plan is 25. Accordingly, the drilling plan of DPHE was revised to adjust the number of production well of the action plan (25 wells) reducing the number of well in Jessore District from 7 wells to 4 wells. Paurashava wise number of production well is shown in Table 2. The population and water supply condition of the target Paurashavas are also shown in Table 2.

Table 2 Number of Production Well to be Drilled in Paurashava

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S DEVISION	District	and surfer autasnayan	Entitioes on Financial Acon
Dhaka	Faridpur_	Faridpur Sadar	2
	Manikganj	Manikganj Sadar	3
Khulna	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Sadar	3
	Jessore	Jessore Sadar	44
	Jhenaidah	Jhenaidah Sadar	2
	Kushtia	Kushtia Sadar	2
	Meherpur	Meherpur Sadar	3
Rajshahi	Nawabganj	Nawabganj Sadar	3
	Pabna	Pabna Sadar	3
	Total		25

According to DPHE, water supply coverage in nine (9) District Paurashavas selected reaches 97% (30% by piped water supply and 67% by point sources), however it decreases to less than 60% in dry season due to dried up of groundwater in the wells caused by lowering of water table. Therefore, water supply coverage of these Paurashavas is considered as 60% in the Study. Table 3 shows the population and water supply coverage of nine (9) Paurashavas.

The served population is about 1,211 thousand people against the total population about 2,019 thousand people providing water supply coverage as 60%. Therefore, the target population is about 808 thousand people.

Table 3 The Population and Water Supply Coverage of Nine (9) District Paurashavas (2012)

Division	District	District Paurashava	Population	Served Population	Unserved Population
Dhaka	Faridpur	Faridpur Sadar	198,727	119,236	79,491
2,	Manikganj.	Manikganj Sadar	80,491	48,295	32,196
Khulna	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Sadar	171,315	102,789	68,526
TEHUIH	Jessore	Jessore Sadar	391,717	235,030	156,687
	Jhenaidah	Jhenaidah Sadar	255,065	153,039	102,026
	Kushtia	Kushtia Sadar	143,222	85,933	57,289
	Meherpur	Meherpur Sadar	56,788	34,073	22,715
Rajshahi	Nawabgani	Nawabganj Sadar	312,565	187,539	125,026
reagonnam	Pabna	Pabna Sadar	108,896	245,338	163,558

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Total	2,018,786	1,211,272	807,514
	100%	60.0%	40.0%

A total of 25 production wells will be drilled in five (5) years as shown in Table 4, since necessary duration of drilling for one (1) production well is estimated as 60 days (2 months).

Table 4 Number of Production Well to be drilled by the Procured Rig

Item	Number of Well
Duration of drilling for one well	2 months/well
Transfer between the sites, maintenance of equipment	2 months/year
Number of well possible to drill in five (5) years	5 wells/year, 25 wells/(5 years)

The number of production well to be drilled in the Action Plan is 25 wells. As one (1) production well is capable to supply water to 8,000 persons, water supply to 2,000 thousand persons becomes possible. Conditions of this assumption are as follows.

- Groundwater yield per one (1) production well: 80 m³/hour (assumed based on the hydrogeological conditions and existing study data)
- Pumping duration: 12 hours/day
- Unit water demand: 120 L/capita/day (standard of DPHE for piped water supply in urban area)

2.2 Handpump well

One (1) well is planned to be drilled in each target village, totaling 30 wells. However, five (5) wells were added to the Action Plan because it was possible to drill 35 wells in five (5) years as shown in Table 5.

Table 5 Number of Handpump Well to be drilled by the Procured Rig

Item	Number of Well
Duration of drilling for one well	1.5 months/well
Transfer between the sites, maintenance of equipment	1.5 months/year
Number of well possible to drill in five (5) years	7 wells/year, 35 wells/(5 years)

Following conditions were applied for the selection of additional five (5) villages based on the discussion with DPHE.

- Five (5) Unions were selected considering the high priority. Then, one (1) Union is selected in one (1) District to avoid deviation in a District.
- The village of the second priority was selected since the village of the first priority was already selected.

In Manikganj District, no access of drilling rig to the selected village was confirmed after field survey, therefore, Kotkandi Village (the 2nd priority) was alternatively selected. The village is located next to the village of the second priority.

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The target 35 villages for the action plan were finally decided as shown in Table 6.

Table 6 The Population and Water Supply Condition of 35 Villages (2012)

District	t tradit	is united (2.3)	7/- Village	Papulkuma	i ainterrois	kontikatio Greeka
		Aliabad	Bhajondanga	4,348	2,355	1,993
		Allabau	Bhilmamudpur	10,137	1,275	8,862
Faridpur	Faridpur Sadar	Kaijory	Purbo Gangabardi	2,900	1,431	1,469
		Krishunanagar	Bhadukudia	640	366	274
		Majchar	Dayarampur	4,027	1,831	2,196
Manilanni	TT:	Kanahanan	Kutirhat	832	46	786
Manikganj	Harirampur	Kanchanpur	Kotkandi	2,043	76	1,967
Rajbari	Rajbari Sadar	Dadoshi	Pakurikanda	1,138	700	438
		DII	Anupnagar	1,373	213	1,160
	Alamdanga	Baradi	Kachikata	691	94	597
Chuadanas		Jehala	Betbaria	697	203	494
Chuadanga	Chuadanga Sadar	Paurashava	Hochockpara	-	-	_
	D. I. I.	Howli	Boro Dudhpatila	2,256	1,514	742
	Damurhuda	Natipota	Boalmari	1,705	1,038	667
		C1	Daskin Kyarpara	1999	420	1,579
	İ	Chaugachha	Bergomindapur	3,044	639	2,405
Jessore	Chaugachha	Jagadishpur	Marua	2,959	1,434	1,525
		Patibila	Purahuda	1,555	617	938
		Phulsara	Baruihati	817	417	400
the anni de la	Jhenaidah Sadar	Padmakar	Achintanagar	1,481	1,065	416
Jhenaidah	Mahesgpur	Fatepur	Krishna Chandrapur	1,341	849	492
		Dharampur	North Bhabanupur	5,632	2,724	2,908
Kushtia	Bheramara	Junidah	Jagshar	4,834	3,123	1,711
Kushtia		Mokarimpur	Nawdakhemediar	2,904	2,222	682
	Daulatpur	Pragpur	Pakuria	2,140	1,042	1,098
Meherpur	Mahamus Sadas	Amihupi	Alampur	1,541	674	867
Menerpur	Meherpur Sadar	Kutubpur	Subidpur	4,799	2,372	2,427
		Char Anupnagar	Anupnagar	5,795	3,251	2,544
	Manual anni Cadaa	Maharajpur	Moharajpur	25,845	3,625	22,220
Nawabganj	Nawabganj Sadar	Davibasi	Ghorapakhia	3,573	605	2,968
		Ranihati	Bohrom	2,858	462	2,396
	Shibganj	Chhatrajtpur	Satrajipur	6,940	1,524	5,416
		Masumdia	Khanae Bari	1,715	1,162	553
Pabna	Bera	Natun Bharenga	Morichapara	1,240	1,020	220
		Ruppur	Boronagaon	659	511	148
		·		116,458	40,900	75,558

Note *: Population of Hochockpara village is included in that of Chuadanga Sadar (Population data of Hochockpara Is not available).

One (1) deep well will be constructed in each village by implementation of the Action Plan. Number of recipient is assumed in the following manner.

- One tube well can be provided for at most 500 recipients.

A total of 16,425 people will be served by 35 handpumps in 35 villages.

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2.3 NUMBER OF RECIPIENT BY THE ACTION PLAN

One (1) production well is capable to supply water to 8,000 people. Therefore, a total of 200,000 people can be served by 25 production wells. On the one hand, one (1) handpump well has capacity to serve water to 500 people. In case that unserved population is less than 500 people in a village, served population by one (1) handpump well is same as the unserved population in such village. If 35 handpump wells are drilled by the Action Plan, number of recipient is 16,425 people. Therefore, total number of recipient by the Action Plan will be 216,425 people at the completion of the Action Plan in 2020. Through implementation of the Action Plan, potential aquifer is identified and more people can be benefited using the discovered potential aquifer.

Changing in water supply condition by implementation of the Action Plan is shown in Table 7.

Table 7 Changing in Water Supply Condition by Implementation of the Action Plan

	1	2012				2020		
	Population	Served Population	Water Supply Coverage	Population	Served Population by existing schemes	Served Population by the Action Plan	Total Population Served	Water Supply Coverage
9 Paurashavas	2,018,786	1,211,272	60.0%	2,206,926	1,211,272	200,000	1,411,272	63.9%
35 villages	116,458	40,900	35.1%	127,310	40,900	16,425	57,325	45.0%
Total	2,135,244	1,252,172	58.6%	2,334,236	1,252,172	216,425	1,468,597	62.9%
	Wit	hout Impleme	ntation of the	Action Plan	1,252,172		1,252,172	53.6%

IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACTION PLAN 2.4

25 production wells and 35 handpump wells will be drilled in the Action Plan. Among them, tow (2) production wells and one (1) handpump well will be drilled in the technical transfer (soft component). Therefore, the implementation schedule for the Action Plan is formulated for the remaining 23 production wells and 34 handpump wells. The technical transfer in the Project is planned to be completed in March 2015. Accordingly, the Action Plan will be commenced on April 2015 and completed in March 2020. The implementation schedule is shown in Table 8.

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Table 8 Implementation schedule of the Action Ptan

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ANNEX-7 STAFF ALLOCATION PLAN OF DPHE

The current organization of Ground Water Circle of DPHE is shown in Figure 1. Staff Allocation Plan as necessary organization for implementation of the Action Plan is shown in Figure 2.

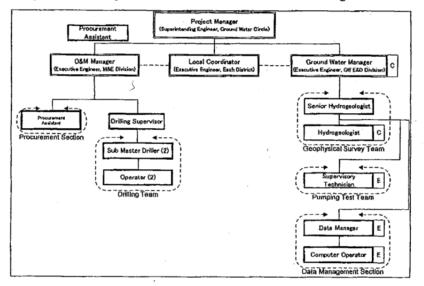


Figure 1 Current Organization of the Ground Water Circle of DPHE

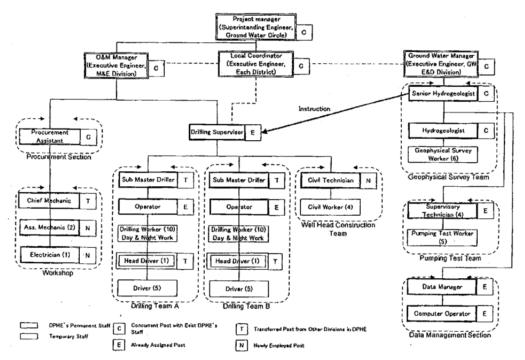


Figure 2 Staff Allocation Plan as Required Organization of the Ground Water Circle of DPHE for Implementation of the Action Plan

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