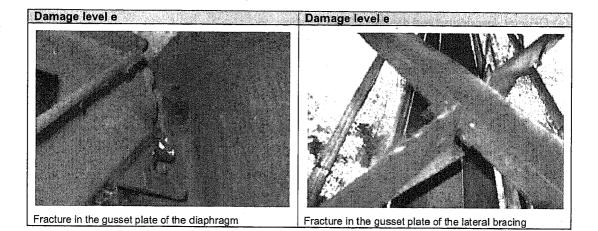
# (Examples)



#### (5) Deformation & loss

### (a) General description and damage characteristics

This subject corresponds to the local deformation or loss of members due to the vehicle collision or the scratch during construction.

#### (b) Relation to the other damages

Besides these damages cracking or fracture shall be also evaluated in the related subjects if exist.

#### (c) Inspection area

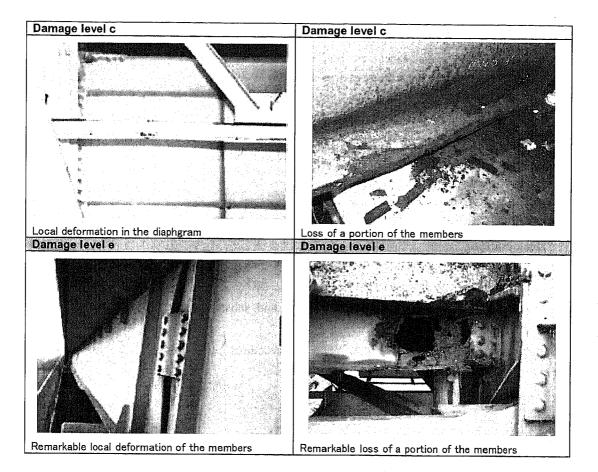
The existence of deformation and loss for all the members shall be inspected.

The main members shall be inspected with attention in such a situation as the bridge is considered to be dangerous due to the deformation.

#### (d) Classification of damages

Evaluation criteria	Classification	
No damage	а	
Local deformation of the members / Loss of a small portion of the members	C	
Remarkable local deformation of the members / Remarkable loss of a portion of the members	e	

## (Examples)



### 2.2.2 Concrete structures

#### (6) Cracking, water leakage and free lime

(a) General description and damage characteristics

This subject corresponds to the condition of concrete member in which cracking or water leakage exists on the surface.

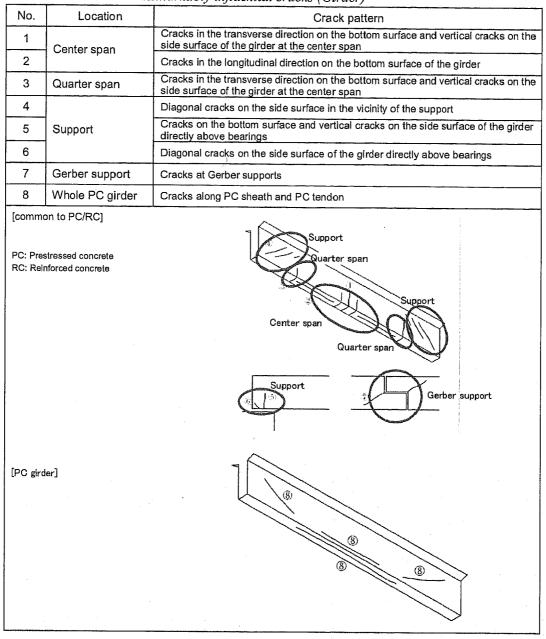
(b) Relation to the other damages

- The other damages such as pop-outs, rebar exposure etc. shall be also evaluated in the related subjects if exist.
- Cracking occurring in bridge deck shall not be evaluated in this subject but evaluated as "Deck cracking".

### (c) Inspection area

The conditions of the main members of girder and substructure shall be inspected visually approaching as close as possible.

"Cracks remarkably influential cracks upon the structures", given in the following tables shall be evaluated separately from the other cracks.



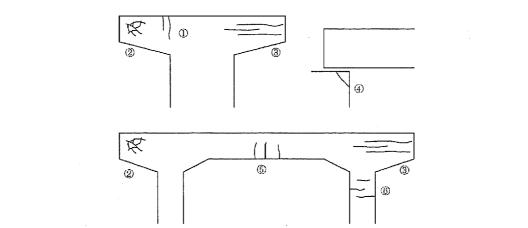
## Remarkably influential cracks (Girder)

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Remarkably influential cracks (Pier)

No.	Location	Crack pattern
1	T-shaped pier	Cracks at the top of the cantilever
2	Common	A number of cracks in the wide range
3		Several large cracks in the longitudinal direction
4	Beneath bearings	Cracks beneath the bearing area
5	- Framed pier	Cracks on the lower chord at the beam center
6		Cracks all around the pier

[Pier]

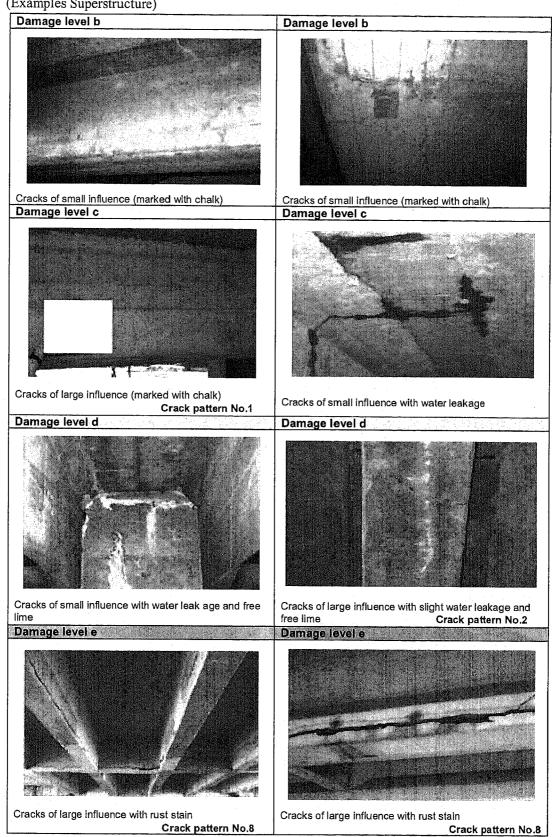


# (d) Classification of damages

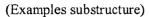
The inspected results shall be evaluated with the following classification:

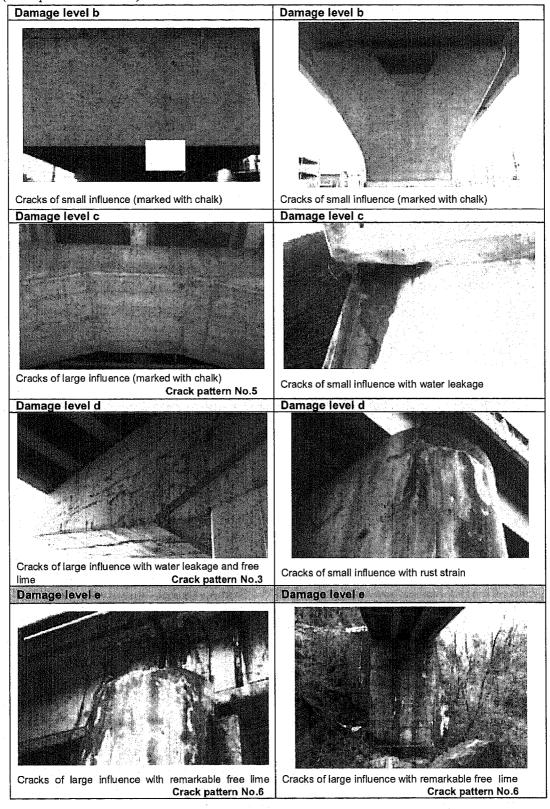
Evaluation criteria			Cleasification	
Existence of crack Location of crack		Crack width*	Water leakage, free lime	<ul> <li>Classification</li> </ul>
N	_	-		а
	Cracks shown in (a) "Remarkably influential cracks"	< 0.2mm (small)	Independent of existence	С
		≥ 0.2mm (large)	Crack only	С
			Water leakage only	d
			Slight free lime	d
			Remarkable free lime, rust stain	e
1. <b>Y</b> 1.	Cracks other than above (Small influence)	< 0.2mm (small)	Independent of existence	b
		≥ 0.2mm (large)	Crack only	b
			Water leakage only	C
			Slight free lime	C
			Remarkable free lime, rust stain	d

\* In case crack width can not be measured due to inaccessibility etc. the easily perceptible cracks from a distant view shall be considered as "large crack width" in the evaluation.



## (Examples Superstructure)





### (7) Rebar exposure

(a) General description and damage characteristics

Rebar exposure is defined as the condition in which the surface of concrete member is scaled and the rebars are exposed.

## (b) Relation to the other damages

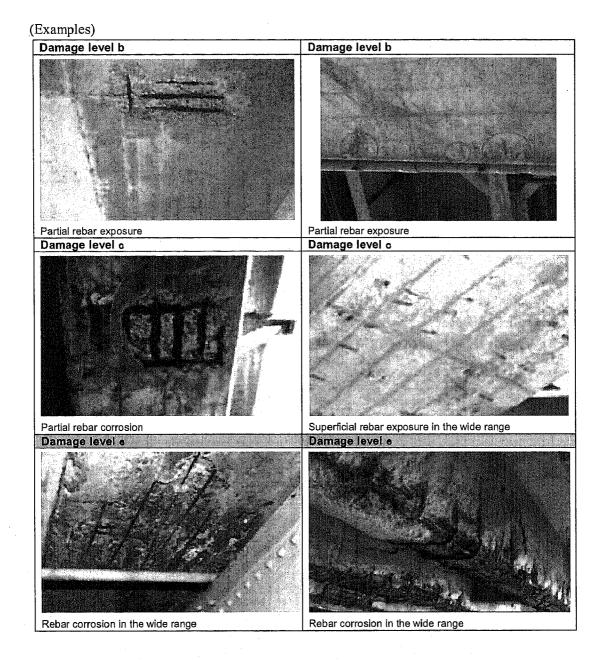
This subject includes corrosion of the exposed rebar, cracking, etc. and shall not be evaluated as corrosion, nor fracture, etc.

### (c) Inspection area

The existence of rebar exposure for all the members within visually perceptible area shall be inspected.

### (d) Classification of damages

Evaluation criteria			1	
Existence of rebar exposure	Extent of corrosion	Condition of corrosion	Classification	
N	-	•	а	
	Partial	Surface only	b	
Y		Reduction of rebar section, remarkable expansion of rebar	С	
	Global	Surface only	С	
		Reduction of rebar section, remarkable expansion of rebar	C.	



### (8) Pop-outs

(a) General description and damage characteristics

Pop-outs are conical fragments that break out of the surface of the concrete, leaving small holes in the concrete deck including cast-in-place (C.I.P) portion. In case of pop-outs lattice cracks often occur in the deck.

### (b) Relation to the other damages

- Although remarkable cracks occur in the deck concrete, these shall be evaluated as "Deck cracking" as long as the concrete fragment does not break out from the deck.
- In case spalling is developed remarkably and reaches through the deck, it shall be also evaluated as "Pop-outs".

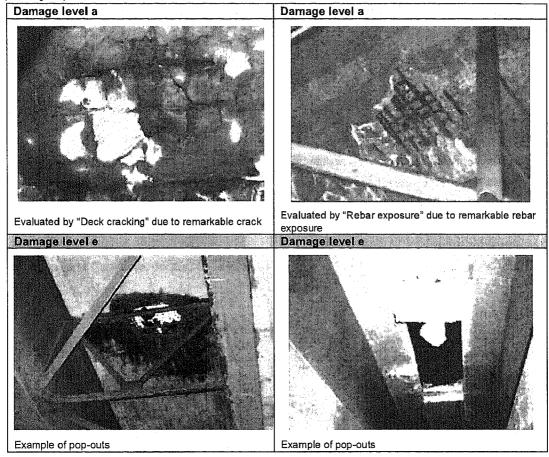
### (c) Inspection area

The existence of pop-outs for all the decks within visually perceptible area shall be inspected.

### (d) Classification of damages

Evaluation criteria	Classification
No damage	а
Pop-outs of concrete fragment	e

(Examp	oles)
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### (9) Deck cracking

(a) General description and damage characteristics

Deck cracking is defined as cracks in one or two directions on the lower side of the concrete deck.

(b) Relation to the other damages

- The other damages such as rebar exposure besides deck cracking shall be also evaluated in the related subject if exists.
- The condition of water leakage, free lime and rust stain from the deck shall be evaluated in this subject.
- In case deck cracking is developed remarkably and reaches through the deck, it shall be also evaluated as "Pop-outs".

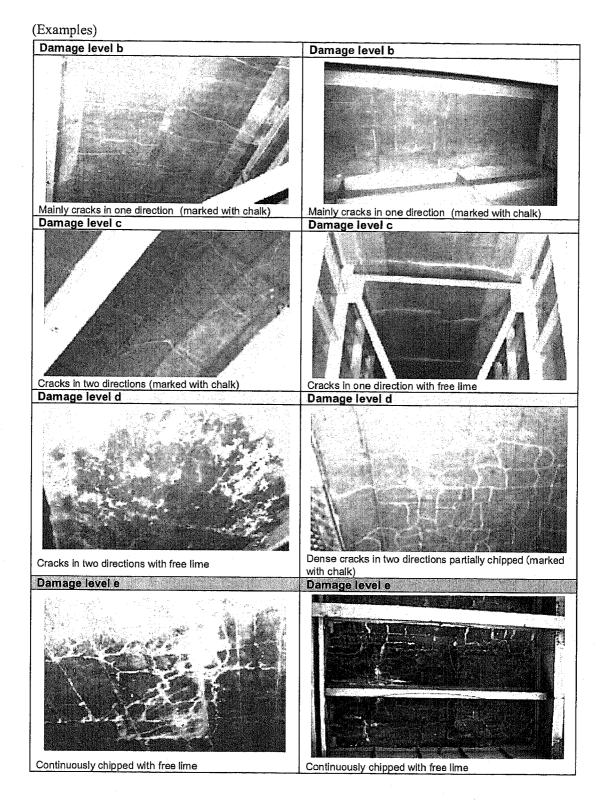
(c) Inspection area

The crack condition in the deck within visually perceptible area shall be inspected approaching close to the girder end area. It is preferable to inspect approximately 2 panels from the girder end. In case there is no partitioning member in the deck such as diaphragms, the inspection area may be considered as the area of 10m from the support.

(d) Classification of damages

Evaluation criteria	Conceptual figure	Classification
<ul> <li>No crack or fine cracks with the width w &lt; 0.2mm and an interval of approx. 1.0m (considerably apart)</li> <li>No stain of water leakage and free lime</li> </ul>		а
<ul> <li>Fine cracks mainly in one direction with the width w &lt; 0.2mm and an interval of approx. 0.5m (relative apart)</li> <li>No stain of water leakage and free lime</li> </ul>		b
<ul> <li>Lattice cracks with the width of approx. 0.2mm</li> <li>No stain of water leakage and free lime or</li> <li>Cracks in one direction with the width of approx. 0.2mm</li> <li>Stain of water leakage and free lime</li> </ul>	THE	С
<ul> <li>Lattice cracks with the width of approx. 0.2mm</li> <li>Stain of water leakage and free lime or</li> <li>Remarkable cracks with the width ≥ 0.2mm and partially chipped</li> <li>No stain of water leakage and free lime</li> </ul>	THE	d
- Continuously chipped - Stain of water leakage and free lime	THE	ę

\* Crack width or interval does not necessarily require measurement. The easily perceptible cracks from a distant view shall be considered as "crack width  $\geq 0.2$ mm".



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