3. Operation phase

(1) Resettlement

	Monitoring Item	Implementati on system	Methods	Progress (%) and number
l	Progress of Payment		1)Interview to PAPs 2)Interview to resettlement section	(%)
2	Provision of livelihood restoration assistance		Interview to resettlement section	(%)
3	Preparation of resettlement sites	Monitoring section from C/P	Interview to resettlement section	(%)
4	Socio-economic status		Interview to PAPs	(%)
5	Received requests /complaints from PAPs.		Interview to PAPs	(number)

If PAPs give serious impacts by the project, indicate the issue(s) to be solved. The C/P should make adapt

mitigation plan for them immediately (if any).

	Person	Date	Issue(s) (Requests/complaints)	Mitigation measure	Results of issues
Ì					

(2) Living / Livelihood

	Monitoring Item	Implementation system	Methods	Progress (%) and number
1	Provision of livelihood restoration assistance	N.K. and A. and an	Interview to affected person (Restaurants. Shops)	(%)
2	Socio-economic status	Monitoring section from C/P		(%)
3	Received requests/complaints from PAPs			(%)

^{*}If affected person have serious impact by the project, C/P should make adapt mitigation plan for them immediately.

If PAPs give serious impacts by the project, indicate the issue(s) to be solved. The C/P should make adapt mitigation plan for them immediately(if any).

Person	Date	Issue(s) (Requests/complaints)	Mitigation measure	Results of issues

(3)Water quality

Item	Monitoring Item	Condition	Mitigation measure	Results of issues
Water quality	Effluent treatment installation		Visual contact Operation issues	

d. H

of July

The United Republic of Tanzania Ministry of Infrastructure Development

MINUTES OF THE 4th MEETING OF THE JOINT TECHNICAL COMMITTEE ON THE CONSTRUCTION OF

RUSUMO INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE AND ONE STOP BORDER POST FACILITIES

Date:

29th September - 1st October, 2010

Venue:

EAC Secretariat Meeting Room at AICC, Arusha

Time:

09:00hrs - 17:00hrs

In Attendance:

Rwandan Team (RT)

Dr ADDO-ABEDI, Frederick (AF)

Rwanda Transport Development Agency -- Team I sader

Eng. MUNYANSHONGORE, Honoré

Eng. HABYARIMANA, Jean (HJ)

Rwanda Transport Development Agency - Member

Mr. BAZIGA, Saleh (SB)

Ministry of Foreign Affairs & Cooperation - Member

Ministry of Infrastructure- Member

Mr. MUTABAZI Théodore (MI)

Directorate General of Immigration and Emigration-

Co-opted Member

Eng. KAYISIRE Pasteur (KaP)

Rwanda Transport Development Agency - Co-opted

Member

Mr. KAYTTARE Paul (KP)

Rwanda Revenue Authority -- Co-opted Member

Tanzanian Team (TT)

Eng. Patrick MFUGALE (PM)

Ministry of Infrastructure Development (Team Leader)

- Member

Stanford MAKALA (StM) Eng. Johnny KALUPALÉ (JK) Eng. Ebenezer MOLLEL (EbM) Eng. D.C.V. KAKOKO (DK) Mr. Rashid Salum MAGETTA (RM)

Ministry of Infrastructure Development -. Member

TANROADS (Kagera Region)- Member TANROADS HQ- Coopted Member

Eng. Sanjo M. MGETA (SM)

TANROADS (Arusha Region) - Coopted Member

Ministry of Home Affairs - Immigration Dept-Member. TANROADS HQ- Coopted Member

Mr. Burton M. KAISSY (BK) Mr. Samuel N. MARWA (SaM)

Tanzania Revenue Authority- Member

Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs- Co-opted

Member

Mr. Petro MALIMA (PM)

Immigration Department - Co-opted Member Eng. Melania M. SANGEU (MS)

Ministry of Infrastructure Development -. Co-opted

Mr. Njaule MDENDU (NM)

Tanzania Revenue Authority - Co-opted Member

Eng. Emmanuel MSUMBA (EM)

TANROADS I-IQ- Coopted Member

EAC Delegate (ED)

Eng. Gratian RUTASERWA (GR)

East African Community Secretariat- Member



JICA Team (JT)

Mr. Masahiko SUZUKI (MS)

Mr. Kotaro NISHIGATA (KN)

Mr. Takao NAKAMURA (TN)

Mr. Shin MARUO (SM)

Mr. Shingo KIKUCHI (SK)

Mr. Jiro HONDA (JH)

Mr. Mashiko MORI (MM)

Team Leader – JICA HQ, Japan

Assistant Director – Transport & ICT JICA, Japan

Regional Project Formulation Advisor, JICA, Kenya

Representative, JICA Tanzania Office

Program Manager, JICA Rwanda Office

Architect, JICA Study Team

Chief Consultant, JICA Study Team

Apologies

Rwanda

Mr. Chris HAKIZA (CH) Rwanda Revenue Authority- Member
Mr. Jean Marie Vianney MAKOMBE Eastern Province- Member

(VM)

Mr. Michel SEBERA (MS)

Ministry of Finance and Economic Planning - Member

Tanzania

Mr. Ali J. MWADINI (AM)

Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation- Member

Eng. John KISWAGA (JK)

Ministry of East African Cooperation – Co-opted Member

Agenda for Discussion

Wednesday, 29th September 2010

1.0	Welcome Remarks by the Leaders of Delegation to the 4th JTC Meeting
2.0	Introduction of the participants
3.0	Matters arising from the 3 rd JTC meeting held in Kigali from 9 - 10 June 2010 involving partner states
4.0	Health Break
5.0	Presentation of EIA/SIA matters by the team of EIA Experts, Tanzania and Rwanda
6.0	Discussions by all the participants on the EIA presentation
7.0	Lunch Break

Discussions on EIA continues and agree on the way forward

Continue discussions on Draft Basic Design by Participants

Day 2 Report preparation and Drafting of Minutes by JTC

Thursday, 30th September 2010

Day 1 Report preparation

10.0	Welcome Remarks by the Secretary General of the EAC Secretariat
11.0	Remarks by the Head of JICA Delegation
12.0	Recap Day 1 deliberations
13.0	Matters arising from the 3rd JTC meeting held in Kigali from 9 - 10 June 2010 on issues involving JICA and
	the Study Team
14.0	Appraisal of EIA/SIA to JICA by JTC
15.0	Health Break
16.0	Presentation by JICA Team on Status of Technical Notes of 10th June 2010 in Kigali
17.0	Presentation of Final Draft Basic Design by the JICA Team
18.0	Discussion on Draft Basic Design by participants
19.0	Lunch Break

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20.0

21.0

8.0

Drafting of Minutes of Discussion of JICA and the two governments



Friday, 1st October 2010

- Recap Day 2 deliberations 23.0 24.0 Present, Discuss and Review Draft 4th JTC Meeting Minutes 25.0 Discuss, Review and finalise JICA and the two Governments Draft Minutes of Discussions for the Project 26.0 Signing of the 4th JTC Meeting Minutes Lunch Break 27.0
- 28.0
- 29.0 End of the 4th JTC Meeting

Delibarations

Wednesday, 29th September 2010

Item	Minute	Action/Note
1.0	General	
1.1	The Head of the Tanzania delegation made the opening remarks. He welcomed the respective delegations from the Republic of Rwanda and the EAC Secretariat and underscored the importance of this project in regional integration. He also emphasised the JTC mandate of dealing with coordination, and implementation of the project.	
1.2	The Meeting proceeded with the introduction of the delegates from Tanzania, Rwanda and the EAC Secretariat.	
1.3	The meeting noted that the Bilateral Agreement for the establishment of the OSBP at Rusumo, which was signed in Arusha, Tanzania on 26th March 2010 has not yet been ratified by the two countries to make it legally operative. The members were urged to make a close follow up to ensure that the Agreement is ratified as soon as possible in order not to hinder the implementation of the project.	
1.4	It was also noted that the Draft Final TOR for JTC is yet to be signed by the PSs of both countries, Tanzania and Rwanda. In this regard, it was recommended that a close follow up is made by JTC members on both sides. The Tanzanian delegation reported that Tanzania has no objection to signing the TOR provided Rwanda signs it since the TOR was drafted under the leadership of the Rwandan MININFRA's PS.	
	The Rwandan delegation agreed to the proposal and promised to work on the matter and communicate to the Tanzanian MoID's PS.	Rwanda JTC
2.0	Matters arising from the third JTC Meeting	
2.1	Training for OSBP operations JTC noted that the two governments have not yet approached JICA for technical assistance for the training of the OSBP Operatives. To make progress on this issue lead institutions in each country should prepare a training needs assessment and make a proposal under guidance of JICA. For Tanzania, TRA is the lead institution and for Rwanda the Director General of Immigration and Emigration.	TRA, Tanzania and DGIE, Rwanda
2.2	Environment and Social Impact Assesment Process During the 3rd JTC meeting in Kigali it was recommended that each country has to constitute a small joint unit to prepare TORs and a methodology for engaging an EIA consultant. Following this, the two Teams that were assigned made presentations on the work so far done. It was noted that some key procedures are similar for the two countries while few others need to be harmonised. For progress to be made on this matter, it was agreed that the two Teams should meet in Kigali between the 13th and 15th of October 2010 to undertake a deeper analysis with a view to harmonising the document. Their report should be shared between the two countries before being submitted to the next JTC meeting.	JTC Team Leaders

	The Team will comprise:		
	Eng. P.A. L. Mfugale D Eng. J. Kalupale E: Eng. S. Mgeta E:	wanda ir Frederick ADDO-ABEDI ng. Kayisire Pasteur ng. M. Honoré ng. Eric Ntagengerwa	
3.0	A.O.B.		
	It was noted that, as there are divergence countries, so are the procurement laws and issues regarding procurement are not dealt hamper on the timely implementation of the Team of procurement experts to meet Environmenal experts are meeting to study of the two countries and propose a harmonic	d guidelines. It was futher noted that if with and harmonised in time they may e project. The meeting agreed to form a in Kigali at the same time as the the Procurement Laws and Regulations	GOT and GOR
	The meeting was informed that the E procurement on behalf of the Partner S proposed that the team of procurement ex EAC Secretariat as an alternative if it could be	States upon request. It was therefore perts may also consider the use of the	

The 1st day meeting was adjourned at 16:00 hrs.

Thursday, 30th September 2010

4.0 General

Official opening of the 4th JTC Meeting was done by Dr. Julius T. Rouch, Deputy Secretary General for Finance and Administation on behalf of the Secretary General of the EAC. In his remarks he extended a warm welcome to the delegations from Tanzania, Rwanda and JICA. He reiterated that the Rusumo bridge and OSBP Project provide a very meaningful input to EAC integration. He further stressed that the project was timely as the current EAC agenda puts emphasis on regional infrastructure development to speed up integration. He commended the efforts being made by the governments of Rwanda and Tanzania in this endeavour.

The Guest of Honour thanked the Government of Japan for its assistance in this project and its continued cooperation with Africa and the East African Community in particular.

- The meeting continued with brief remarks from Mr. Masahiko SUZUKI,
 the Head of the JICA delegation. In his remarks he underscored the
 importance of Japan's cooperation with the two countries and the EAC as
 a whole. He called on the members to be focused on the objectives of the
 meeting, which is to finalise the basic design so that the implementation
 schedule for the project is adhered to.
- The JTC Chairperson then made a recap of the first day's deliberations. He indicated that the first day meeting had discussed in depth, the presentations on the draft ToR for undertaking the EIA for the project that were made by experts from both Rwanda and Tanzania. He informed the meeting that after the presentations a Team had been formed and given two weeks to work on a proposal that would be shared with JICA. However, issues that needed confirmation from JICA were left for discussions to be held during the progress of the current meeting.





	• The JICA Team also noted that in accordance with the financing rules, approval of the EIA study is necessary before the Exchange of Notes for the construction phase could be signed between the Government of Japan and the Governments of the two countries in August 2011. The Team, therefore, emphasised the need to fast track the approval process to enable the EIA certification to be obtained before the 30th of July 2011 in order not to hinder the implementation of the project.	Jrc
	 Following this, the JICA Team made presentations on the Final Draft Basic Design for the Bridge and OSBP facilities, which was discussed extensively. 	
5.0	Apportioning of the Grant During the 3rd JTC meeting the equal apportioning of the Grant to the receipient countries was proposed. The JICA Team confirmed that the Government of Japan has no objection to the proposal	JICA
6.0	Road design	
	a) Geometrical design In the 3 rd JTC Meeting, a 7 m wide carriageway with 1.25 m wide shoulders was proposed for the Common Control Zone in both countries. It was noted that the JICA Study Team has complied with the proposal.	JICA Study Team
	In the 3 rd JTC meeting it was agreed that the pavement including the shoulders within the Common Control Zone will be in rigid concrete. It was noted that the JICA Study Team has complied with the proposal.	
	c) Approach Road The presentation by the Study Team showed that the approach road will have a 150mm thick concrete layer over a 150mm thick mechanically stabilised base layer over an improved subgrade with a minimum CBR of 15%. Embankment areas will have additional layers. Since typical cross-sections were missing in the Draft Report, the JICA Team agreed to insert the same in the Final Report.	
7.0	Bridge design	
	During the 3rd JTC Meeting, members reiterated the previous recommendation of an open deck bridge without any height restriction in line with the current EAC policy that seeks to avoid and remove all Non-Tariff Barriers within all major transport corridors.	JICA Study Team
	The JICA Study Team made a presentation complying with the recommendation. In the presentation, it was noted that the three bridge design options suggested in the 3rd JTC meeting (Concrete Box Girder, Inverted Arch Steel Truss and Steel Box Girder.) were considered and the Study Team recommended the Steel Simple Composite Box Girder. The JTC accepted the option based on the analysis presented. However, the JTC requested for an elaboration of the comperative costs.	
8.0	OSBP Facilities	YTIC (TTC A
	The JTC members noted that the OSBP facilities are not mirroring each other as reflected in the Bilateral Agreement as the difference between the facilities provided on the Rwandan and Tanzanian sides is significant. The Study Team reported that this was due to the differences in terrain and assessed needs over the next five years.	JTC/JICA Study Team
	In principle, the design presented was accepted by the JTC because it takes account of most of the services required. However, it was noted that there were still some functional requirements such as offices for Other Government Agencies (food and drug control, agricultural and pestcides control, bureau of standards, livestock control, health department and the like) and need for well ventilated physical verification rooms. These appear not to have been adequately categories for in the design. The JTC therefore requested the JICA Study Team to review the design with a view to incorporating these needs and also to re-proportion some of the spaces.	
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OH/

5 CJ



	The JICA Team reported that the design was based on the existing data available at the site and presentations in various JTC meetings. At this point in time major decisions have been reached by the Government of Japan and it may not be feasible to consider major changes at this stage. However, it was agreed that some minor changes will be considered in the detailed design after consultation with the two countries Provision for additional space in the Control Zone The JTC Members noted that the Rwandan side has an area of approximately 2.6 Ha which shows the location of future facilities to be provided. On the Tanzanian side the project covers an area of approximately 1.4 Ha, which is not adequate for the facilities required for the OSBP control zone. A provision for future expansion covering an area of about one Ha has been made by the JICA Study Team as requested in the 3rd JTC meeting. The JICA Team indicated that this could not be part of the current project but agreed to include the plans for the future expansion area in the Basic Design Report. However, JICA declined to consider fencing the future expansion area as part of the current project.	JTC/JICA Study Team
9.0	The site layout plan The JTC memberts raised a concern that since there are other projects being developed at the same site, such as the hydro power project and the Isaka – Kigali Railway Project, there is a need for the design layout plan to show the locations of these projects to avoid conflict in the future. JICA requested the assistance of the two governments in obtaining the necessary plans for the other projects to enable them provide the required plan.	JICA Study Team/GoR

The 2^{nd} day meeting was adjourned at 18:00 hrs.

Friday, 1st October 2010

10.0	Finalisation of discussions on the Draft Basic Design	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Discussions on the Draft Basic Design were continued and the following were agreed:	
	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) The EIA will cover the whole control zone (including the future expansion area on the Tanzanian side). The EIA report to JICA will address the requirements of the current project.	јтс/јіса
	Access Road Pavement on Rwandan side The base course should be DBM (Dense Bituminous Maccadam) instead of PM (Penetration Maccadam).	
11.0	A.O.B. The JICA Team agreed to provide all available survey data related to the project in order to enable the two governments demarcate the project zone	JICA Study Team
	The JICA Team informed the meeting that the project construction is expected to commence in January 2012 instead of the original plan to commence in November 2011.	

Eng. P. A. L MFUGALE

Eng. Dr Frederick ADDO-ABEDI

Eng. Gratian RUTASERWA

Team Leader - JTC Tanzania Team Leader - JTC Rwanda

EAC Secretariat

Date 1st October 2010

5. 参考資料

	資料の名称	形態	発行機関
1	Law of Procurement	pdf	Official Gazette
2	Action Plan 2009-2010	pdf	MININFRA
3	Cost of Gashora Bridge	pdf	MININFRA
4	THE STUDY OF THE IMPACTS OF DRIVING SIDE	pdf	MININFRA
5	BANQUE DE DONNEES DES PONTS APPARTENANT AUX ROUTES NATIONALES REVETUES	pdf	MININFRA
6	BANQUE DE DONNEES DES PONTS APPARTENANT AUX ROUTES NATIONALES EN TERRE	pdf	MININFRA
7	Road maintenance strategy	pdf	MININFRA
8	Transport sector policy	pdf	MININFRA
9	Economic Development and Poverty Reduction Strategy	pdf	The Republic of Rwanda
10	(EDPRS) 2008-2012 Bridges management and maintenance on Rwanda national roads network	pdf	MININFRA
11	organization chart	pdf	MININFRA
12	East africa trade and transport facilitation project	pdf	African development fund
13	Kayonza-Rusumo Road (Drawings)	pdf	MININFRA
10	Proposed Organisation Structure of Rwanda Transport	pui	WIINININA
14	Development Agency (RTDA)	pdf	MININFRA
15	Rehabilitation study of the Rusumo bridge	pdf	MININFRA
16	Pavement and materials design	pdf	MOID
17	The tanzania development vision2025	pdf	Tanzania Government
18	TANROADS paper for third join infrastructure review meeting	pdf	TANROADS
19	?REGIONAL RUSUMO FALLS HYDROELECTRIC AND MULTIPURPOSE PROJECT Preliminary design Volume1	pdf	?Nile Equatorial Lakes Subsidiary Action Program
20	October 2008 ?REGIONAL RUSUMO FALLS HYDROELECTRIC AND MULTIPURPOSE PROJECT Preliminary design Volume3	pdf	?Nile Equatorial Lakes Subsidiary Action Program
	October 2008		
21	?Regional Rusumo Falls Hydro-Electric & Multi-purpose Project (RRFP)	pdf	?Nile Equatorial Lakes Subsidiary Action Program
22	Vision 2020 Umurenge Program(VUP)	pdf	Ministry of Local
23	National population projection 2007-2022	pdf	National institute of statistics of Rwanda
24	Millennium development goal	pdf	National institute of statistics of Rwanda
25	Economic Performance gross domestic product 2007	pdf	National institute of statistics of Rwanda
26	OSBP Facility&its design	pdf	Uganda Revenue Authority
27	OSBP Opetational model pillar 1 concurrent proess	pdf	Uganda Revenue Authority
28	OSBP Operational model pillar 2 concurrent process	pdf	Uganda Revenue Authority
29	OSBP Operational model pillar 3 concurrent process	pdf	Uganda Revenue Authority
30	OSBP Real time monitoring sysytem(RTMS) and cargo control	pdf	JICA
31	system(CCS) OSBP business process	pdf	JICA
- 51	ONE STOP BORDER POST (OSBP) CONCEPT AND	pui	JICA
32	APPLICATION	MW	CDC
33	Study on the Legal Requirement for Introducing One Stop Border Posts (OSBP) in East Africa and the Rusumo Border Post	MW	CDC
34	OSBP Consept design and implementation	PP	CDC
35	Customs service department process and procedures	pdf	RRA
36	Topographic survey rusumo	auto cad	MININFRA
37	organization chart	PP	MOID and TANROADS
	PHASE II DAR ES SALAAM-ISAKA-KIGALI/KEZA-		
38	MUSONGATI AILWAY PROJECT STUDY	MW	AFD
39	Annual Report 2008	Pdf	Road Maintenance Fund Ministry of Finance and
40	3rd census of population and housing of Rwanda august 2002 Cement analysis certificate (Bamburi cement)	Pdf Pdf	Economic Planning Bamburi cement
41	` '		
42	Unit cost for route Ngororero-Mukamira	Pdf	MININFRA
43	Proposed Border Infrastructure for Ministry of Works & Supply at Nakonde	Pdf	NKOLE BWALYA & ASSOCIATES
44	Chirundu One Stop Border Post	Pdf	JICA
45	JICA's Assistance to Africa	Pdf	JICA

	資料の名称	形態	発行機関
46	東部アフリカ地域税関能力向上プロジェクト終了時評価調査 および後継プロジェクト詳細計画策定調査	Pdf	JICA
47	First Version Model Operational System for "One Stop Border Post" (OSBP)	Pdf	KRA, TRA, URA,JICA
48	Namange Border Control Point	Pdf	
40	Meeting of the Regional Technical Committee on the East Africa	Dat	EACS
49	Trade and Transport Facilitation Project (EATTFP)	Pdf	EAC Secretariat
50	Traffic Survey for Preparatory Survey on the Study for Facilitation of Trade and Transportation on the Central Corridor between Tanzania and Rwanda including Rusumo Bridge	Pdf	MAKCONSULT
51	Strategic Plan 2009-2010	Pdf	RRA
52	Etude D'Impact Environmental et Social Route Ntendezi- Mashyuza-Bugarama Mai-2008	Pdf	MNINFRA
53	F/S IEA Route Kicukiro-Nyamate-Mayanga-Nemba-Gasenyi-	Pdf	Studi Intl
54	Road Sector Compensation and Resettlement Guidelines	Pdf	MOID
55	The Environmental Management Act, 2004	Pdf	MOID
56	The Environmental Management Act, 2004 Forms for EIA	Pdf	MOID
50	Ten Year Transport Investment Programme 8TSIP Phase 1	T GI	Moib
57	2007/08-2011/12	Pdf	MOID
58	Baseline Survey of Key Non-Physical Barriers along the Northern Corridor	Pdf	MOID
59	Rwanda Aid Policy	Pdf	Ministry of Finance and Economic Planning
60	Organic Law N° 04/2005 of 08/04/2005 Determining the Modalities of Protection, Conservation and Promotion of Environment in Rwanda	MSW	MININFRA
61	General Guidelines and Procedure for Environmental Impact Assessment	MSW	MININFRA
62	Bukoba Total Monthly Rainfall	Pdf	Tanzania Meteorological Agency
63	Statement of Income and Expenditure	Pdf	TANROADS
64	ルスモ橋含むタンザニア・ルワンダ国境域における物流改善促 進協力準備調査報告書	Pdf	JICA
65	アフリカにおける運輸交通インフラ支援のあり方研究(プロジェクト研究) 最終報告書	Pdf	JICA
66	ザンビア、ジンバブエ国境チルンドにおけるOSBP(One Stop Border Post)支援調査報告書	Pdf	JICA
67	西部アフリカ包括的OSBP支援協力プログラム形成協力準備調 査報告書	Pdf	JICA
68	クロスボーダー交通インフラ対応可能性研究フェーズ3(プロ ジェクト研究)ファイナルレポート	Pdf	JICA
69	Multinational: Institutional Support for East Africa Trade and Transport Facilitation Project Appraisal Report	Pdf	African development fund
70	Rwanda Building Control Regulations	Pdf	MININFRA
71	Draft Final Report on the Study of the Impact of Driving Side in Rwanda	Pdf	MININFRA
72	Draft Road Manual	Pdf	Tanzania Ministry of Communications and Works
73	Consultancy Services for Feasibility Study and Detailed Engineering Design of Multinational Arusha- Namanga-Athi River Road	Pdf	GIBB Africa
74	Feasibility Study and Detailed Engineering Design of Multinational Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Addendum	Pdf	EAC
75	Road maintenance Fund(FER) Annual Report 2008	Pdf	Republic of Rwanda
76	Draft Code of Practice for the Design of Road Bridges and	Pdf	SATCC
77	Draft Code of Practice for the Geometric Design of Trunk Roads	Pdf	SATCC
78	Standard Specification for Road Works 2000	Pdf	Tanzania Ministry of Works
79	Draft Manual for Traffic Signs and Road Markings	Pdf	Tanzania Ministry of Communications and Works
80	Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Works	Pdf	SATCC
			-

6. その他の資料・情報

二国間協定

BILATERAL AGREEMENT

(hereinafter referred to as "the Agreement")

between

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF RWANDA

and

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
A ONE-STOP BORDER POST AT RUSUMO



PREAMBLE

WHEREAS the Government of The Republic of Rwanda and the Government of The United Republic of Tanzania (singularly hereinafter referred to as "the Party" and jointly as "the Parties") are Partner States within the East African Community (hereinafter referred to as "the EAC") as established by The Treaty for the Establishment of the East African Community (1999) (hereinafter referred to as "the Treaty");

HAVING REGARD to the relevant objectives set forth in-

- a) the EAC Treaty;
- b) the Protocol on the Establishment of the EAC Customs Union;
- c) the Protocol on the Establishment of the EAC Common Market;
- d) the EAC Customs Management Act, 2004;

IN PURSUANCE of the principles of enhanced trade facilitation within the EAC through the establishment of One Stop Border Posts (OSBPs) between Partner States:

GIVING EFFECT to the directive of the EAC Sectoral Council on Transport, Communications and Meteorology at its 6th meeting held in February 2009 at Arusha, Tanzania, mandating the establishment of OSBPs in the EAC region, which directive was adopted by the Council of Ministers of the EAC at its 18th Meeting (*Ref. EAC/CM 18/Decision 18*);

CONVINCED of the need to-

- a) enable expeditious and more effective border controls;
- b) reduce the number of stops in cross border trade and other transactions by combining border control activities of the Parties at a single location in each direction;
- extend the application of national laws relating to border controls of each Party in the other State thereby enabling border control Officers of each Party to legally perform statutory functions outside their national territory and within the territory of the other State;
- allow for the hosting of border control Officers in each other's territory with authority to execute border control functions using their own national laws;







- e) share each other's existing border control infrastructure and facilities thereby enabling border control Officers of each Party to perform statutory border control functions outside their national territory;
- f) simplify border control documents and procedures to allow for expeditious processing of border controls;
- g) maximize the use of Information and Communication Technology in order to enhance the easier and speedier sharing of border control data between the Parties border controls Officers;
- h) harmonize border control regulations and procedures of the Parties for standardized application and easier predictability;
- carry out joint technical training of border control Officers of the Parties so as to achieve common levels of conceptual understanding of the OSBP operations;
- involve the private sectors of each Party as partners in the implementation process and through public awareness programs, training of border control facilitation agents and provision of requisite access to all private sector border control facilitation agents;
- achieve maximum possible integration of border control documentation, procedures and systems for the mutual success of the objectives underpinning this Agreement;

COGNISANT of current related initiatives and the need to address other Non Tariff Barriers (NTBs) within and between the Parties in conjunction with the establishment of the One Stop Border Post (OSBP) in order not to negate the potential benefits of the OSBP;

DETERMINED to establish and implement an OSBP at Rusumo in the shortest possible timeframe;

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the need to synchronize the completion of the construction of the bridge and the physical border control infrastructure and facilities in the territories of both Parties with the operationalisation of the requisite and enabling legal procedures and training frameworks;

MINDFUL of the principles of international law governing relations between States and the Parties' other individual obligations and commitments under other international, regional, multilateral and bilateral agreements; and



RESOLUTE to act in concert for the establishment of an OSBP at Rusumo.

NOW THEREFORE, the Parties have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE 1 Definitions

In this Agreement—

"adjoining State" means-

- (a) for The Republic of Rwanda: The United Republic of Tanzania;
- (b) for The United Republic of Tanzania: The Republic of Rwanda;
- "border controls" means any border related control measures, checks and authorizations, without limitation, provided for in the national laws and regulations of the Parties;
- "Commission" means the Joint Commission established under Article 10;
- "competent authorities" means any ministry or government department of the Parties assigned responsibilities for border controls by the national laws and regulations of the Parties;
- "control zone" means the part of the territory of the host State within which Officers of the Parties are empowered to effect border controls and includes the exclusive use area:
- "exclusive use area" means that area of the control zone dedicated for the exclusive use of one of the Parties;
- "facilitation agents" means any person providing assistance to the completion of border controls by passengers or freight as provided for in the national laws and regulations of the Parties;
- 'host State" means the State in whose territory the border controls of the adjoining State are effected;
- "law enforcement agency" means any agency or person empowered by the national and border control legislation of each Party to enforce the provisions thereof;

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- "Officer" means a person responsible for conducting border controls in terms of the national laws and regulations of the Parties;
- "one-stop border post" means a border post established under an agreement for such purpose at which all traffic utilizing the border post stops only once in each direction of travel and both exit and entry procedures are undertaken from within the same control zone;

"Treaty" means The Treaty for the Establishment of the East African Community.

ARTICLE 2 Establishment and Objectives of a One Stop Border Post (OSBP)

- 2.1 The Parties agree to establish and implement an OSBP at their common border at Rusumo on such terms and conditions as are herein outlined.
- 2.2 The main objective of the OSBP shall be to enhance trade facilitation; through the efficient movement of goods, persons and services between and within the Parties, the EAC and adjoining regions.

ARTICLE 3 Control Zones

- 3.1 In order to simplify and expedite border controls, the Parties agree to implement one-stop border processing arrangements by establishing and designating juxtaposed control zones at their respective border posts located at Rusumo. The control zones shall be so arranged that, for each direction of travel, border controls shall be carried out in the State of entry.
- 3.2 For the avoidance of doubt and subject to Article 11 of this Agreement, no border control shall be carried out in the State of exit except by express agreement of the Parties where such is necessitated by geographical or other considerations.
- 3.3 The control zones shall comprise the demarcated and secured physical areas described in the First Schedule which shall form an integral part of this Agreement and shall be annexed hereto. The contents of the Schedule shall be mutually agreed upon and shall be confirmed through an exchange of diplomatic notes.



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- 3.4 The competent authorities of the Parties shall ensure that their exclusive use areas are clearly identified through the display of official signs.
- 3.5 The competent authorities of the Parties shall, by mutual agreement, provisionally bring into effect alterations to the delimitation of the control zones which shall prove necessary. Any arrangement so agreed to shall come into effect immediately.
- 3.6 The Parties may amend the delimitation of the control zones contemplated in Sub-Article 3.3. Such amendments shall be confirmed through an exchange of diplomatic notes and shall come into effect on a date to be mutually agreed upon by the Parties. Any such amendments shall form an integral part of this Agreement and shall be annexed hereto as an addendum to the First Schedule.
- 3.7 The competent authorities of the Parties shall, by mutual agreement, adopt synchronized business hours for their respective operations in the control zone.
- 3.8 The Officers of the adjoining State shall be empowered to control access and egress and keep order within their exclusive use area within the host State. They shall, if the need arises, request assistance from the authorities of the host State for this purpose.
- 3.9 The Officers or members of a law enforcement agency of the host State shall not have access to or take any action in the exclusive use area of the adjoining State, except at the request or with the permission of the Officers of the adjoining State.
- 3.10 The competent authorities of the Parties shall adopt and enforce efficient passenger and vehicle traffic control routes, procedures and traffic rules within and through the control zones.

ARTICLE 4 Border Controls

- 4.1 The Parties agree that Officers of the adjoining State shall carry out border controls under their own laws within the control zone in the host State.
- 4.2 The exit formalities of the State of exit shall be carried out before the entry formalities of the State of entry. Such formalities shall, to the extent possible,



be carried out jointly and shall be sequenced as may be agreed to by the Parties depending on practical considerations.

- 4.3 The Officers of the State of entry shall not carry out border controls before the Officers of the State of exit have completed their border controls, regardless of the approach adopted in terms of Sub-Article 4.2. Such handover of jurisdiction shall be by way of a final official stamp to that effect or electronic release received by the State of entry. For the purposes of this Article, any form of relinquishment of such border controls, shall be considered a form of border controls.
- 4.4. The Officers of the State of exit shall, similarly, no longer carry out their border controls when the Officers of the State of entry have begun their own border controls except with the consent of the Officers of the State of entry duly authorized to take such decisions, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 4.5 Notwithstanding Sub-Articles 4.2, 4.3 and 4.4, the Parties agree that their respective Officers shall jointly conduct physical inspections and verifications, undertake searches, take samples of cargoes and inspect means of transport, or where such is not reasonably practical, in immediate succession. Alternatively, either Party may rely on the inspection results of the other Party, which results shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 4.6 Where in exceptional circumstances, in the course of border controls, the sequence provided for in Sub-Article 4.2 is modified, the Officers of the State of entry shall not proceed to conduct detentions, arrests or seizures until the border controls of the State of exit are completed. In such a case, the Officers of the State of entry shall escort the persons, vehicles, animals, merchandise or other goods for which the border controls of the State of exit are not yet completed, to the Officers of that State who may proceed to take such measures as they deem necessary.
- 4.7 Where the State of entry refuses to admit any persons, vehicles, animals merchandise, or other goods, or if such persons decide not to pass through the border controls of the State of entry, or send or take back any vehicles, merchandise, animals or other goods under their control, the authorities of the State of exit shall accept back such persons, vehicles, animals, merchandise, or other goods. However, the authorities of the State of exit shall take any measures to deal with them in accordance with their national laws and in a manner that does not impose obligations on the State of entry.



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