3.12 Weekly Meeting (12)

3.12.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (12) on August 24, 2009

Weekly Meeting (12)

August 24, 2009 JICA Study Team

For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus

Agenda

- 1. Work Progress
- 2. Schedule for this Week
- 3. Subjects to be Discussed

1. Work Progress: From August 17 to August 23, 2009

- 1. Continue the factory survey, input and analyze the results obtained
- 2. Input and analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey
- 3. Check the analysis report of the medical institution survey
- 4. Analyze the results of the construction waste survey
- 5. Analyze the results of the radioactive waste survey
- Mr. Haddad arrived on August 18 and Mr. Ishibashi on August 20.

2. Schedule for this Week

- 1. Continue the factory survey, input and analyze the results obtained
- Input and analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey
- 3. Finalize the analysis report of the medical institution survey
- 4. Check the results of the construction waste survey
- 5. Analyze the results of the radioactive waste survey
- 6. Preparation of IT/R (Interim Report).

3. Subjects to be Discussed

- a. Second draft analysis of medical institution survey
- b. First draft analysis of construction waste survey
- c. Environmental license of PIM/MFZ
- d. Current and Future Development of MFZ
- e. WMC Survey Progress

- Second draft analysis of medical institution survey (1): Outline of medical institutions surveyed
 - ☐ 334 factories of the SUFRAMA factory list (Perfil Das Empresas Com Projetos Aprovados Pela SUFRAMA Dez/2008) were phoned and replied. In total 124 factories have a clinic. => 37.1 %
 - The 10 medical institutions including Manaus Adventist Hospital were surveyed. Outline of them is as follows:

Category	Nos of Sample	Nos of Employees (*1)	Nos of Beds	Ave. Nos of In- patients	Ave. Nos of Out- patients
Hospital	1	439	70	48	900
Clinic	9	4.1 (*2)	1.2 (*2)	No answer	19 (*2)

*1: including Part Time, *2: 9 clinics average, *3: Only

a. Second draft analysis of medical institution survey (2):
Health Waste Generation Surveyed, Unit = kg /week

Category of Health Waste	General Hospital	Clinics (Average)
Class A: Infectious Waste	183.2	6.7
A.1 Infectious waste	29.3	1.1
A.2 Blood and derivates	12.8	0.1
A.3 Surgical, anatomopatologic and exudates	56.8	0.7
A.4 Piercing or cutting	23.8	3.0
A.5 Contaminated animal	0.0	0.0
A.6 Patient care	60.5	1.8
Class B: Special Waste	11.7	1.9
B.1 Radioactive waste	0.0	0.0
B.2 Pharmaceutical waste	7.0	0.8
B.3 Hazardous chemical waste	4.7	1.9
Total of Class A and B (Hazardous Waste)	194.9	8.6
Class C: Common Waste	658.0	8.2 (*1)
Total	852.9	16.8

*1: May be discharged other places in factory.

a. Second draft analysis of medical institution survey
(3): Total number of factories operating in PIM

Description	Total of Factories	Operated / Closed
1. Factories answered	334	Operate
2. Paralyzed factories	17	Close
3. Factories which requested e-mail from SUFRAMA	23	Operate
4. Factories which refused to cooperate	2	Operate
5. Factories with no phone contact during the survey period	81	Operate
6. Factories out of MFZ	18	-
Total	475	

- Number of Factories in SUFRAMA List: 475 (Perfil das empresas com projetos aprovados pela SUFARAMA Dez/2008)
- 2. Total Number of Factories in Operation: 475 –
 (17+18) = 440
 3. If we found some factories of item 3, 4 and 5 be closed, we
- If we found some factories of item 3, 4 and 5 be closed, we will deleted them from our database.

a. Second draft analysis of medical institution survey (4): Health Waste Generation in PIM, Unit = kg /day

Generation Category	A. 9 Clinics Average	B. 124 Clinics (B = A x 124)	C. Whole Factories in PIM (B x 440/334)	D. General Hospital	E. Whole PIM (E = C + D)
Class A	0.957	118.7	156.4	26.2	182.6
Class B	0.271	33.6	44.3	1.7	46.0
Hazardous Waste Total	1.228	152.3	200.7	27.9	228.6
Class C	1.171	145,2	191.3	94.0	285.3
Health Waste Total	2.399	297.5	392.0	121.9	513.9

a. Second draft analysis of medical institution survey (5): Current Issues

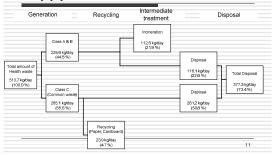
1. Establishment of health waste management system in PIM

- ☐ More than 1/3 of the factories in PIM have a clinic. Factories and a hospital in PIM generate considerable amount of hazardous health wastes, 228.6 kg/day.
- $\hfill\Box$ This is due to over 100,000 people working in PIM/MFZ.

Country/City	Study Year	Population	Generation Amount (kg/day)	Unit Generation (g/person/day)
Chile / Santiago	1995	5,642,000	20,000	3.54
Turkey / Adana	1998	1,196,620	4,401	3.68
Turkey / Mersin	1998	643,850	1,539	2.39
Azerbaijan / Baku	2000	2,051,200	12,892	6.28
Cambodia / Phnom Penh	2003	1,199,414	961	0.80
Sri Lanka / Kandy	2002	110,049	530	4.81
Mongol / Ulaanbaatar	2005	866,591	1,600	1.85
PIM in Manaus	2009	117,253*1	229	1.95

*1: Total number of employees in 440 factories operating in PIM/MF

a. Second draft analysis of medical institution survey (6): Current Health Waste Flow



- b. Second draft analysis of construction waste survey (1): Outline of Construction Work
- ☐ 334 factories of the SUFRAMA factory list (Perfil Das Empresas Com Projetos Aprovados Pela SUFRAMA Dez/2008) were phoned and replied. In total 123 factories had construction work(s) in past one year. => 36.8 %
- The 10 factories were randomly selected from 123 and surveyed. Outline of construction work (s) is as follows:

Type of Construction Work	Nos. of Factories	Portion (%)
1. New construction	2	20.0
2. Additional construction	0	0.0
3. Demolition	0	0.0
4. Renovation	6	60.0
5. Others*1	2	20.0
Total	10	100.0

- *1: 1. Installation of the WWTF (Waste water treatment facility)
- 2. Construction of a retaining wall and drainage of the rain water.

b. Second draft analysis of construction waste survey (2): Construction Waste Generation from 10 Factories

Waste	Description of Waste	Total Number of	A. Generation	B. Generation	Classification & Generation of Waste by CONAMA Resolution 307 (kg/day)			
No	Description of Traste	Answer	Amount (kg)	Amount (kg/day)	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class E
01	Excavated soil	- 5	32,985	90.4	90.4			
02	Concrete debris	7	53,830	147.5	147.5			
03	Asphalt debris	1	62,500	171.2	171.2			
04	Brick debris	- 5	3,015	8.3	8.3			
06	Tile and ceramic	-1	10	0.0	0.0			
11	Plastic/vinyl sheet	1	430	1.2		1.2		
12	Iron-bar, steel materials	5	250	0.7	0.4	0.3		
13	Small metal waste	5	571	1.6	0.1	1.5		
17	Plaster boards	1	20	0.1	0.1			
20	Wood debris	3	1,335	3.7	2.8	0.8		
21	Timber form	-1	200	0.6		0.6		
22	Scaffolding material	-1	1,230	3.4		3.4		
23	Interior timber	3	1,150	3.2	2.9	0.3		
24	Packing (cardboard)	4	960	2.6	0.3	2.3		
29	Machine oil	1	74	0.2	0.2			
33	Ash	2	165	0.5	0.5			
44	Mixed construction waste	2	674,000	1,846.6	1,846.6			
	Total	48	832,725	2,281.4	2,271.2	10.3	0.0	0.0

- b. First draft analysis of construction waste survey (3): Construction Waste Generation in PIM/MFZ(1)
- GR (Generation Rate) = GA (Generation Amount of 10 Factories surveyed) / 10
- TGA (Total Generation Amount of PIM/MFZ) = GR x TNF (Total Number of Factories which had construction work in past one year)
- □ TNF = 440 x 123/334

h First draft analysis of construction waste survey (4):

Waste No	Description of Waste	GR (kg/day)	TGA (ton/day)	Portion (%)
1	Excavated soil	9.04	1.46	4.
2	Concrete debris	14.75	2.39	6
3	Asphalt debris	17.12	2.77	7
4	Brick debris	0.83	0.13	0
6	Tile and ceramic	0	0.00	0
11	Plastic/vinyl sheet	0.12	0.02	0
12	Iron-bar, steel materials	0.07	0.01	0
13	Small metal waste	0.16	0.03	0
17	Plaster boards	0.01	0.00	0
20	Wood debris	0.37	0.06	0
21	Timber form	0.06	0.01	0
22	Scaffolding material	0.34	0.06	0
23	Interior timber	0.32	0.05	0
24	Packing (cardboard)	0.26	0.04	0
29	Machine oil	0.02	0.00	0
33	Ash	0.05	0.01	0
44	Mixed construction waste	184.66	29.92	80
	Total	228.18	36.97	100.0

- b. First draft analysis of construction waste survey (5): Construction Waste Generation in PIM/MFZ (3)
- Waste Generation in accordance with CONAMA Resolution 307
- 1. Class A (Reusable or recyclable as aggregate): 36.8 tons/day
- 2. Class B (Recyclable as non-aggregate):

0.2 tons/day

3. Class C (Uneconomical recyclables):

0.0 tons/day

4. Class D (Hazardous waste): 0.0 tons/day

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b. First draft analysis of construction waste survey (6): Construction Waste Flow in PIM/MFZ Recycling Disposal Manaus city Disposal site 35.83 ton/day (96.9 %) Total amount of Construction waste Private isposal site 36.97 ton/day (100.0 %) 0.83 ton/day (2.3 %) Other 0.27 ton/da (0.7 %) 0.04 ton/day (0.1 %) Recycling rate is very low.

- b. First draft analysis of construction waste survey (7): Issues (1): Construction Permit
- 1. Results: Only (?) 60% of construction work got a construction permit.
- Question: Does any construction work conduct without a permit or license?
- 2. Results: Only (?) 50% of construction work made a construction waste management plan according to CONAMA Resolution 307.
- Question: Does any construction work conduct without a construction waste management?

b. First draft analysis of construction waste survey (8): Issues (2): Recycling & Manifest

- 3. Results: Recycling rate is very little only 0.1% because over 80% of mixed wastes are discharged and disposed of at Manaus City Landfill. Almost all (96.9%) of the waste were disposed of at Manaus City Landfill.
- ☐ How much of tipping fee for disposal at the landfill.
- Results: Only 22.9% (11 items of 48 in total) use a manifest for discharge of the waste.
- Question: Does the construction waste need to use manifest system? Any specific items or amount?

b. First draft analysis of construction waste survey (9): Issues (3): Manifest

Waste		Total		Answer	
No	Description of Waste	Number of Answer	a. Yes	b. No	c. I don't know.
01	Excavated soil	5	1	- 4	
02	Concrete debris	7	2	- 4	1
03	Asphalt debris	1		- 1	
04	Brick debris	5	2	2	1
06	Tile and ceramic	1			1
11	Plastic/vinyl sheet	1		- 1	
12	Iron-bar, steel materials	- 5	2	2	1
13	Small metal waste	5		- 4	1
17	Plaster boards	1	-1		
20	Wood debris	3		2	1
21	Timber form	1	1		
22	Scaffolding material	1		1	
23	Interior timber	3	1	2	
24	Packing (cardboard)	4	1	2	1
29	Machine oil	1		1	
33	Ash	2		2	
44	Mixed construction waste	2		2	
	Total	48	11	30	7

b. First draft construction waste surve (10): Issues (4): Off-site disposal

		Total		Ans	wer		
Waste No	Waste materia generated in y		Number of Answer	Manaus City Landfill	Private Landfill	Other	Do not know
01	Excavated soi		- 5	- 3	1	1	
02	Concrete debr	is	- 7	5	- 1		1
03	Asphalt debris		1	- 1			
04	Brick debris		5	3	1		1
06	Tile and ceran	nic	- 1				1
11	Plastic/vinyl sh	neet	1	1			
12	Iron-bar, steel	materials	5	2	1	1	1
13	Small metal w	aste	5	1	1	2	1
17	Plaster boards		1	1			
20	Wood debris		- 3		1	1	- 1
21	Timber form		1	1			
22	Scaffolding ma	aterial	1	1			
23	Interior timber		- 3	1	1	1	
24	Packing (card)	board)	- 4	2		1	1
29	Machine oil		1		11		
33	Ash		2	2			
44	Mixed construction waste		2	2			
	Total		48	26	- 8	7	7
	sal amount by	(kg/day)	2,281.4	2,211.1	51.0	18.9	0.5
th	ne Survey	(%)	100.0	96.9	2.3	0.8	0.0
PIM d	isposal amount	(ton/day)	36.97	35.82	0.85	0.30	0.0

c. Environmental license of PIM/MFZ (1)

- In December 2001 CAOMAPH(Operational Support Center for Environmental Prosecutor Office) of the Public Ministry of Amazonas State requested SUFRAMA to get Environmental license of PIM/MFZ by conducting EIA of PIM/MFZ.
- From 1968 PIM/MFZ has been evolved without a development plan covering whole area including environmental protection of it. => No central environmental management facility plan.
- In stead each factory of PIM/MFZ had to develop its area and install its own environmental protection facilities with an environmental license from IPAAM. 22

c. Environmental license of PIM/MFZ (2)

Ouestion

What kind of work, report or procedure does SUFRAM need for getting the Environmental license of PIM/MFZ?

license of PIM/MFZ?
What kind of report does the CAOMAPH request SUFRAMA to prepare? How does it evaluate? It seems to be quite difficult to show the environmental situation of PIM/MFZ as a whole, air, water quality, noise levels, waste management, etc. => Integrate each development plan of factory or set some monitoring points and monitor there? Conduct survey like JICA study?
On the other hand, each factory of PIM/MFZ got environmental license from IPAAM. => Why does IPAAM conduct a monitoring to check document submitted and current operation, i.e. comply or not?

d. Current and Future Development of MFZ (1)

(1) Current industrial orientation of MFZ

Trade Balance in Manaus Free Zone (Unit: US\$1,000)

=		Overseas Trade Market		Dom	Domestic Trade Market			
		Export A	Import B	Balance C=A-B	Outer MFZ D	Inner MFZ E	Balance F=D-E	Balance G=C+F
	2005	2,024,197	4,762,124	-2,737,927	16,890,800	5,150,909	11,739,891	9,001,964
	2006	1,482,729	5,917,621	-4,434,892	21,267,627	6,013,773	15,253,854	10,818,962
	2007	1,043,617	6,299,076	-5,255,459	24,651,826	6,598410	18,053,416	12,797,957
	2008	1,192,007	8,556,620	-7,364,613	28,984,038	7,918,709	21,065,329	13,700,716

MFZ is characterized by ..

Import substituting assembling industries.

Export processing industries is still limited.

d. Current and Future Development of MFZ (2)

(2) Future (Expected) industrial development in MFZ

Promotion of Export-Oriented Industries

- ➤ Increase foreign currency earnings
- Promotion of High Value-Added Industries
 - > Enhance the country's industrial competitiveness in the international market



It will change the character of industrial waste from easily recyclable and treatable ones to those containing substances difficult to recycle and treat such as heavy metals, effluent with high content of waste acid/alkali, and so forth.

d. Current and Future Development of MFZ (3)

Main industrial sources of hazardous waste generation

Types of Waste	Hazardous substances	Sources
soot & dust	Hg, Cd, Pb, Cr, As, Se, DXN	metal casting/refining/processing potteries pigment production chemical fertilizer (phosphate) industrial waste incineration (waste plastic, etc.)
Waste oil	Trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, carbon tetrachloride, benzene, serene, etc.	spinning/textile industry printing chemical (organic/inorganic) Glass industry electroplating/surface finishing oil refining dry cleaning

d. Current and Future Development of MFZ (4)

Main industrial sources of hazardous waste generation

Main industrial sources of nazardous waste generation					
Types of Waste	Hazardous substances	Sources			
Sludge, waste acid/alkali	Hg, Cd, Pb, Cr, As, CN, PCB, Trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, carbon tetrachloride, benzene, serene, Se, DXN,etc.	spinning/textile industry wood chemical treatment pulp and paper (PCB) printing chemical fertilizer (As) inorganic pigment other chemical (organic/inorganic) synthetic resin/rubber petrochemical pesticide, pharmaceutical electroplating/surface finishing Potteries, glass oil refining ferrous/non-ferrous metal dry cleaning Others Others			

e. WMC Survey Progress Result of the WMCs survey(1)

Progress of the survey

Event	Timing
Finalization of list provided by IPAAM	March 31st, 2009
Survey start	April 6 th , 2009
Draft of 1st product (Portuguese, 52 companies)	June 25 th , 2009
Draft of final product(English, 85 companies)	August 22 nd , 2009

e. Result of the WMCs survey (2)

Classification of the results of the companies in IPAAM list

Result of the survey	Number of companies
WMCs Surveyed	35
WMCs Duplicated	8
WMCs Unidentificated	17
WMCs Refused	17
WMC Nonexistent	1
WMC Change the activity/Abandonment of WM	3
WMCs Surveyed but Incomplete Answer Sheet	3
Total	84

e. Result of the WMCs survey (3)

- . Results:
- ☐ IPAAM provided 84 companies lists as WMCs.
- □ All the companies in the list have environmental licenses (operation).
 □ However the consultant could not identify 17
- However the consultant could not identify 17 companies in above list.
- In addition, the consultant found 25 WMCs companies that have environmental licenses (operation).
- 1. Question:
- ☐ Why 17 WMCs in IPAAM list could not identified?
- Why 25 WMCs not in IPAAM list have environmental licenses?
- ☐ Are there more WMCs which are not in the IPAAM list?

e. Result of the WMCs survey (4)

Classification of surveyed WMCs by license/no-license

License/No- license	Companies
License	60 (35 IPAAM + 25 OPCA)
No-license	25 (OPCA)
Total	85

- The JICA Study Team will conduct the analysis of off-site waste management by WMCs based on the results of the 85 WMCs above for the Workshop (1) on September 11.
- Additional data of 5 remaining WMCs will be analized after the Workshop (1).

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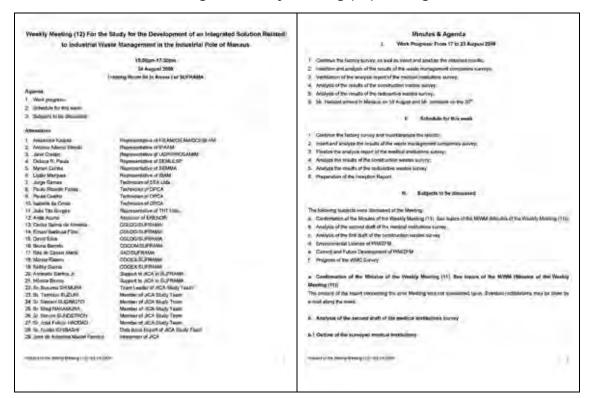
e. Result of the WMCs survey (5)

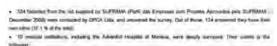
Code & Classification of surveyed licensed WMCs

Code		IPAAM	Surveyed by OPCA			
		List As of March 31st, 2009	WMCs in the IPAAM list	WMCs out of IPAAM list	Total	
22 × ×	Commercial & Service	7	4	3	7	
24××	Auxiliary Service	22	8	6	14	
26 × ×	Transport & Terminal	18	8	2	10	
30 × ×	Treatment and recycle of	28	12	4	16	
Other s	wastes	9	3	10	13	
Total		84	35	25	60	

Code	Activity	Code	Activity	Next Weekly Meeting
2217	Incineration	2601	Road transportation of hazardous cargo	☐ Next Meeting will be 31 August
2218	Co-processing of wastes	2615	Transportation of solid IW	2009 (Monday) at 3:00 PM
2214	Package manufacturing	3001	Treatment of solid IW without chemicals	2003 (Hollday) at 3.00 TH
2407	Collection & treatment of IW	3002	Treatment of liquid IW	
2410	Collection & transportation of inert SW	3003	Treatment solid IW using chemicals	
2411	Collection & commercialization of SW	3004	Treatment of pallet	
2413	Distribution & supply of water	3005	Recycle of waste paper & cardboard	

3.12.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (12) on August 24, 2009





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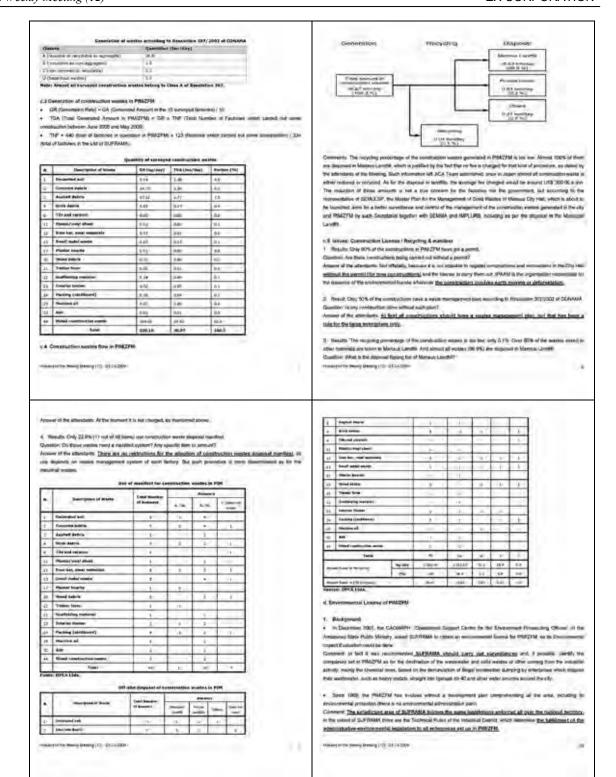


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Communities with the accounts of the indicators produced to the administration of the feet process. tracide, besides contributing to improve the socio-economic levels of the local inhabitants.

- Improvement of the reductive competences of the country or the rea-

Comments of the expectation. Such objective requests investment as later force standination and RSO. A lates amount of the revenue of SUFRAMA is invested in that sense, not long in PMI, and who in the face point to provide the TMI that been able of absorbing and moreous fluttens, of some of the most maximum of the world. by a stactor-electron water. The inclusives whose productions are haved an annual Executations are will in a milet development bloom.

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- FAAU provided a list with 64 WMCs.
 All companies of the list have got an error.

Why 17 MACs have the last of DRAM could not be commissed? primer. The off-site destroyed of smaller can be commissed a compositive master. So, protectly, those 17 WMCs in goes barriers. They can be defend from the scope of the blindy.

- Amount Franchly the list of PAAM was not committee. The survey set also serve for the organizations and monitoring editing self-the VAVCs.
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Total	25		

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3.13 Weekly Meeting (13)

3.13.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (13) on August 31, 2009

	Agenda			
Weekly Meeting (13)	 Work Progress Schedule for this Week Subjects to be Discussed 			
August 31, 2009				
JICA Study Team For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus			2	
1. Work Progress: From August 24 to August 30, 2009	2. Schedule	for this We	ek	
1. Continue the factory survey, input and analyze the results obtained 2. Input and analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey 3. Finalize the analysis report of the medical institution survey 4. Check the results of the construction waste survey 5. Analyze the results of the radioactive waste survey 6. Preparation of IT/R (Interim Report).	2. Input and armanagemen 3. Finalize the construction 4. Finalize the waste surve 5. Preparation 6. Preparation 7. Attendance	results obtained nalyze the resul t companies (W analysis report waste survey analysis report y of IT/R (Interin of Workshop (1 of National Cont	i ' ts of waste (MC) survey of the of the radioactiv n Report)	
	a. Schedule	of prepara	4: a.u. a.u.d	
a. Schedule of preparation and submission of IT/R (Interim Report)	Submissio ☐ The Interim R SUFRAMA in b ☐ The number o	eport (IT/R) w beginning of Oct of copies of the	(1) ill be submitted toober. IT/R is as follows	
a. Schedule of preparation and	Submissio ☐ The Interim R SUFRAMA in b ☐ The number o	en of IT/R (teport (IT/R) w beginning of Oct of copies of the lequested to del	(1) ill be submitted tober.	
 a. Schedule of preparation and submission of IT/R (Interim Report) b. First draft analysis of radioactive waste survey c. First draft analysis of factory survey 	Submissio The Interim R SUFRAMA in b The number of	en of IT/R (teport (IT/R) w beginning of Oct of copies of the lequested to del	(1) ill be submitted toober. IT/R is as follows	
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ь. First draft analysis of radioactive waste survey (1)

- ☐ 8 institutions of 14 ones in MFZ, which use radioactive materials and have a license of CNEN, were surveyed.
- □ No radioactive waste are generated.

Purpose of use (Type)	Number of target
Nuclear measurers - control of nuclear measuring processes in DI	5
Analytical Techniques in DI	2
Nuclear medicine outside DI	1
Total	8 9

- b. First draft analysis of radioactive waste survey (2): Radioactive materials management in PIM (1)
- All 7 factories in DI surveyed have lisence of the use of radioactive materials.
- The purpose of the use is to control production process and control of the products.
- □ Details are as follows:

Specify	Answer
Filling level inspection/ measurement	4
Measurement of the PVC sailcloth in the process	1
Products dimension control	1
Verification of the solder	1

b. First draft analysis of radioactive waste survey (3): Radioactive materials management in PIM (2)

- Radioactive materials management of 7 factories in DI is well established.
- ☐ Those are used in the controlled area.
- ☐ Storage of radiation sources is as follows:

Storage of Radiation Sources	Answer	%
It is stored inside of the controlled area with special container.	2	28.6
It is stored inside of the controlled area and installed inside of the X-ray equipment.	3	42.8
It is installed in a level measurement device	1	14.3
It is installed in a device within the controlled area	1	14.3
Total	7	100.0

c. First draft analysis of factory survey (1): Category 134 Factories Surveyed

134 factories surveyed shares 30.5% in Total number of those operation in PIM/MFZ.

		Dist	rito Indusi	Distrito Industrial		Outside			Surveyed	
		Num	ber of Fac	tory	Num	ber of Fac	tory	Total number of	number of factory	
,	Factory	Part 1	Part 2	Sub- total	Pat 1	Part 2	Sub- total	factory (A)	Number (B)	% (B/A)
of	F01	3		3	12		12	15	2	13.3
٠.	F02									
	F03	6		6	3	7	10	16	4	25.0
	F04	64	- 1	65	51	5	56	121	45	37.2
	F05	2		2				2		
	F06	19		19	9		9	28	9	32.1
	F07	23	2	25	19	3	22	47	16	34.0
	F08		- 1	- 1	2	3	5	6	1	16.7
	F09	1		- 1	3	- 1	4	5	2	40.0
	F10	7		7	6		6	13	7	53.8
	F11	2		2	1		- 1	3		
	F12				4	9	13	13	2	15.4
	F13	13	2	15	15	4	19	34	7	20.6
	F14	31	2	33	35	7	42	75	22	29.3
	F15				1		- 1	- 1		
	F16				2		2	2		
	F17	15		15	16	2	18	33	14	42.4
	F18		- 1	- 1	2	3	5	6		
	F19	7		7	5	8	13	20	3	15.0
	Total	193	9	202	186	52	238	440	134	30.5

c. First draft analysis of factory survey (2): Feature of 134 factories surveyed (1)

- 67.5% (83/123 Fac.) is established after 1991.
- Average compound (121 Fac.) and building (116 Fac.) areas are 5.1 ha and 1.22 ha respectively.
- Total and average number of employees (125 Fac.) is 34,395 persons and 276 respectively.
 Installation rates of industrial and domestic.
- wastewater treatment facilities are 26.6 % and 54.3 % respectively.
- Rate of installation of storage space of dangerous substances on the ground i 60.6 % (77/127 Fac.) + underground 19.6 %(21/107 Fac.)

c. First draft analysis of factory survey (3): Feature of 134 factories surveyed (2)

Pollution control facilities	Valid answer (A)	1. Yes (B)	% (B/Ax100)
a. Boiler	129	16	12.4
b. Incinerator	128	3	2.3
c. Industrial wastewater treatment facilities	128	34	26.6
d. Domestic wastewater treatment facilities	129	70	54.3
e. Dust collector	128	16	12.5
f. Air control facilities	126	17	13.5
g. Plating process	127	3	2.4
h. Powder Painting process	129	12	9.3
i. Water Painting process	126	18	14.3
j. Metal coating process	129	10	7.8
k. Storage space of Dangerous substance (Underground: Oils, Volatile substance, etc.)	107	21	19.6
I. Storage space of Dangerous substance (Above surface: Oils, Volatile substance, etc.)	127	77	60.6
m. Others	92	14	15.2

c. First draft analysis of factory survey (4): Feature of 134 factories surveyed (3)

- 6. Waste Inventory (WI)
- ☐ 73.1% (95/130 Fac.) have obligation to submit WI but 26.9% (35/130 Fac.) not.
- □ 88.4% (84/95 Fac.) of obliged Fac. submitted WI but 11.6 % (11/95 Fac.) not.
- 7. Separate Discharge of Non-Production and Production Process Waste => Yes: 87.7% (114/130 Fac.), No: 12.3% (16/130 Fac.)
- 8. Separate Discharge of Non-HIW and HIW => Yes (100% + Partly): 79.4% (100/126 Fac.), No: 20.6% (26/126 Fac.)

c. First draft analysis of factory survey (5): Feature of 134 factories surveyed (4)

Base: Population = 26		
Q4	Answer	%
1. We don't know the difference between Non- HIW and HIW.	0	0.0
2. The volume of waste is too small to separate.	9	34.6
3. The production process makes it difficult to separate Non-HIW and HIW.	3	11.5
4. The collection service does not require to separate Non-HIW and HIW.	2	7.7
5. It is troublesome and waste of time to separate Non-HIW and HIW.	1	3.8
6. It seems unnecessary to separate Non-HIW and HIW.	0	0.0
7. It is difficult to separate Non-HIW and HIW.	0	0.0
Even though Non-HIW and HIW are separated, there are no ways to utilize them.	1	3.8
9. Others	16	61.5
Total	32	

3 - 72

- c. First draft analysis of factory survey (6): Feature of 134 factories surveyed (5)
- Health service in the factory => Yes: 40.6% (52/128 Fac.) <= Yes: 37.1% (124/334 Fac.) by Medical institution survey
- 10.Generation of radioactive wastes => No: 100% (126 Fac.) <= No: 100% (8 Fac.) by radioactive waste survey
- c. First draft analysis of factory survey (7): Future Management of IW
- Generation of IW => No change: 28.0% (35/125 Fac.), Increase: 36.8% (46/125 Fac.), Decrease: 22.4% (28/125 Fac.).
- 2. 3Rs plan for IW => No: 67.2% (84/125 Fac.), Yes: 32.8% (41/125 Fac.)
- Improvement plan for IWM in the factory => No: 78.9% (97/123 Fac.), Yes: 21.1% (26/123 Fac.)
- c. First draft analysis of factory survey (8): Waste Exchange (WE)
- Knowledge of WE => Yes: 70.9% (90/127 Fac.), No: 29.1% (37/127 Fac.)
- Interest of WE => Yes (Very much + Eventually): 71.5% (90/126 Fac.), No: 28.5% (36/126 Fac.)
- 3. Involvement of WE at present => Yes: 35.7% (45/126 Fac.), No: 57.2% (72/126 Fac.), No answer: 7.1% (9/126 Fac.)
- c. First draft analysis of factory survey (9): Financial Matters and Evaluation of Current IW System (1)
- Payment to transportation company => 188,400 R\$/year (Average of 44 Fac.)
- Expenditure of on-site (in the factory)
 IWM => 138,500 R\$/year (Average of 17 Fac.)
- Current IW System => No Problems:
 29.3% (36/123 Fac.), Some Problems:
 70.7% (87/123 Fac.)

 c. First draft analysis of factory survey (10): Financial Matters and Evaluation of Current IW System (2)

Base: Population = 87		
Q21	Answer	%
We do not know the difference between hazardous and non-hazardous industrial waste.	0	0.0
We do not segregate hazardous from non-hazardous industrial waste.	5	5.7
There are no or only limited services available for industrial waste treatment.	29	33.3
High cost of industrial waste treatment.	48	55.2
Reuse and recycling of industrial waste is non-existent or limited.	36	41.4
There are no reliable and licensed companies offering treatment and/or disposed service, in Manaus.	27	31.0
7. Others	13	14,9
Total	158	

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (1): Code & Activity of Environmental License of IPAAM

Code		Activity	Code		Activity
22**	2217	Incineration	26**	2601	Road transportation of hazardous cargo
	2218	Co-processing of wastes		2615	Transportation of solid IW
	2214	Package manufacturing	30**	3001	Treatment of solid IW without chemicals
24**	2407	Collection & treatment of IW		3002	Treatment of liquid IW
	2410	Collection & transportation of inert SW		3003	Treatment solid IW using chemicals
	2411	Collection & commercialization of SW		3004	Treatment of pallet
	2413	Distribution & supply of water		3005	Recycle of waste paper & cardboard

SW: Solid waste, IW; Industrial waste, HIW; Hazardous industrial waste

- d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (2): Proposal for License Code for WMCs
- 1. Issues of current code
- ☐ WMCs are dispersed in several code
- □ Difficult to find out WMCs by current
- 2. Proposal
- ☐ Give a new code for only WMCs => 33**
- Activity shall be according to the waste management activities like 1. Collection & transportation, 2. Reuse & recycling, 3.
 Treatment and 4. Final disposal.
- WMCs survey recults will be analyzed according to the above four activies.

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (3): Type of WM Business of 85 WMCs

Total						
Collection & Trasporation	Treatmer	t Disposa	ıl	Recycle	Total	
- 4	15	8	11	55	119	
Treatm	ent /		1			
Treatment with Incinerator	Composting	Co- prosessing	l	Wastewater Treatment	Total	
4	1		1	2	- 8	
Final Di	sposal				IW:Industr	ial was
IW + CW	CW	DW	I	Total	CW:Constr	
4	5		2	11	DW:Dome	tio wa

23

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (4): Location of WMCs

	Base:	85	
	Answer	85	100%
		Answer	%
1	1. Industrial District 1	15	18%
2	2. Industrial District 2	12	14%
3	3. Outside of Industrial District, but inside of	55	65%
4	4. Outside of Manaus City Zone	3	4%
	Total	85	100%

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (5): Number of employee

85	
82	96%
Answer	
32	39%
35	43%
7	9%
8	10%
82	100%
	82 Answer 32 35 7 8

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (6): Reason of start the business here

	Base:	85	
	Answer	51	60%
		Answer	%
1	Tax incentive	7	14%
2	Business opportunity	25	49%
3	Profit and contributuion for local society in the environment	14	27%
4	Others	5	10%
	Total	51	100%

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (7): Problems and Issues (Legal system)

	Froblems and 193des (Legar Syste	,	
	Base:	85	
	Answer	80	94%
		Total	%
1	Legal framework is complicated	44	55%
2	Inspection and monitoring system of industrial waste is insufficient	51	64%
3	Government policy for industrial waste management is vague and unclear	47	59%
	Law, regulation and resolutions are stringent	40	50%
-5	Others	7	9%
	Total	189	

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (8): Problems and Issues (Manifest)

	Base:	85	
	Answer	84	99%
		Answer	%
1	1. Yes	29	35%
2	2. No	55	65%
	Total	84	100%
			29

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (9): Problems and Issues (Waste fee)

	Base:	85	
	Answer	74	87%
		Total	%
1	The fee the client is prone to low	64	86%
,	Informal agents render their		
2	services at very low prices	52	70%
3	Others	5	7%

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (10): Problems and Issues (Cost)

	Base:	85	
	Answer	74	87
		Total	
1	Price of materials and chemicals is high	44	59
2	Labor cost is high	33	45
3	Utilities (water, electricity etc) cost is high	59	-80
4	Cost of environmental countermeasures is a burden	32	43
5	Availability of materials is low	26	35
6	The availability of technology is low	37	50
7	Others	3	<i>3</i> 4

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (11): Problems and Issues (Environment)

	Base:	85	
	Answer	83	98%
		Total	%
	Environmental consciousness regarding		
1	waste management is low in the society.	74	89%
	Sewage network does not cover all the		
2	Industrial Districts and Manaus City Zone	54	65%
3	Illegal dumping of wastes is a problem	72	87%
	Manifest does not operate efficiently for		
4	tracking the flow of wastes	27	33%
	It is difficult to find reliable analysis		
5	laboratory	38	46%
6	Others	3	4%

Multiple answer allowed

d. First draft anal	lysis of WMCs Survey (12):
Problems and	Issues (Equipment and
Technology))	

	Base:	85	
	Answer	61	72%
		Total	%
	Procurement of waste management		
	equipments and facilities is difficult in this		
1	are a.	44	72%
	Education and training for labors regarding		
2	appropriate waste management is a problem.	43	70%
3	Others	3	5%

Multiple answer allowed

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (13): Promotion of WM industry (Legal System)

	Base:	85	
	Answer	81	95%
		Total	%
	Formulation of comprehensive law and		
1	regulation of waste management	41	51%
	Formulation of law and regulation		
- 2	regarding Reuse/Recycle/Recover of waste	40	49%
	Formulation of waste management plan in		
3	PIM area	40	49%
	Improvement or speeding of		
4	environmental licensing system	64	79%
	Improvement of waste tracking system		
-5	(Manifest system)	46	57%
	Improvement of classification of hazardous		
-6	and non-hazardous wastes	48	59%
	Enhancement of public administration		
7	capacity regarding waste management	60	74%
	Tightening of regulations for unlicensed		
8	waste management companies	41	51%
9	Easing of control and regulation	39	48%
10	Others	2	2%

Aultiple answer allowed

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (14): Promotion of WM industry (Financial support)

	Base:	85	
	Answer	62	73%
		Total	%
	Provision of public financial support for		
	equipping of waste management equipments and		
1	facilities	38	61%
2	Provision of tax privilege for equipping of waste management equipments and facilities	56	90%
	Provision of public financial support for		
	equipping of environmental protection and		
3	control equipments and facilities	42	68%
	Provision of tax privilege for equipping of		
	environmental protection and control		
4	equipments and facilities	51	82%
5	Others	4	6%

Multiple answer allowed

d. First draft analysis of WMCs Survey (15): Promotion of WM industry (Business Environment)

	Base:	85	
	Answer	74	87%
		Total	%
	Appropriate understanding of waste		
1	management business by both public		
	administration, generator and local people	51	69%
2	Appropriate understanding of waste		
-	management fee by generators	49	66%
	Promotion of environmental education		
3	regarding waste management for both public		
	administration, generator and local people	68	92%
4	Establishment of information system of		
4	wastes and generators	67	91%
5	Increasing of reliable laboratories	49	66%
6	Price reduction of electricity, fuel and water	64	86%
	Establishment of business chain regarding		
7	waste management of		
	Reuse/Recycle/Recover	64	86%
	Developing of consensus-building systems		
8	for establishment of waste management		
	facilities	50	68%
9	9. Others	2	3%
	Multiple answer allowed		36

Next Weekly Meeting

□ Next Meeting will be 8 September 2009 (Tuesday) at 3:00 PM

3.13.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (13) on August 31, 2009



- s. First shall dealyste of the factory storay
- c. I Categories of the 134 surveyed factories

Oversion of the factory survey

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-35	-		-	- 2	-	-31	- 3	100	_
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-0.00	100	-0	-	100	- 4	751	- 7	the Street	140

Source: /ICA Stony Town / SEA Links. (up to 08/81/2009)

The 15d survival features account for 201% of the total in operation in PRAZER (ARC, Although this quantity may seem to be become the superations, JCA Study Team states the intrinsions current or tell from below the superations, JCA Study Team states the intrinsion of survival of the Study Alex, some double about the surveyed invates have been found, but nothing that sould have their analysis official SEA Libbs, referred that by the end of Seamonder & Intends in Season & Study of 150 decrotes. 16d their Parts 1 of the Carlo Sea Environment committee on the Season & Study of 150 decrotes. 16d their Parts 1 of the Carlo Sea Environment of Parts 1 of the Parts

c 2 Characteristics of the 134 surveyed factories

- 1. 67.5% of the Societies (E) and of 123 sitted amounted the Consider names intented their operations after 1201
- 2. The average dishooted (121 Biotomes) and biliting area (116 Biotomes) comprise 5.1 for for 1.27 for respective
- λ . The total similar margin marbons of employees of 125 features comprise 34.305 and 276 people, respectively

- 4. The percentage of the resident resident and dominal WWTS (Mexiconian Francisch Eighten) part up (8.0 % cm) (6.5 % in resident is the increased frances, regardlook.
- 5. The percentage of stronge space for instantions substances, on ground even in 60.6 % (17 au) of 127 leathers. As the fire underground motiogs, it is 19.6% (2) and of 107 inches).

Surveyed policius racted pierts

Pallettee control plants	derivers (A)	Yes.(8)	% (8/A x 180)	
i.ion	119	Ta-	14.1-	
A Suprescore	120	g	1.1	
Charles of water by the board party	386	90-	0.8	
a treate server matter mais	124	30	5-7	
A Toda month	148	18.	40.4-	
Lecomonico	da	10	tia-	
g Paleg roses	187	2	2.5	
P. Frieder Secting process	SH	12	14	
High related prices	128	ta.	483	
) Multi-conting princess:	CDP	ARC	74	
b, from 60 the Europe of National Associations (independence, visible accounts of the 61	AMPI	jii	(1)	
Come for the timing of respective substitute.	529	n.	AL.	
m.Pilms	40	46	0.1	

Source: JITA Study Form / NEA Lide: (log to UR/31/2070)

Commend of the chandler's it is a fail the PMMMZ axion a historities visited visiting sponse. <u>Not all Sections are</u> referred to take a demand a partie industrial manneauth framework system. According to the representation of SEMMAX, such disminist a party made to emiscrative widt case 40 conditions, as per Mantagori Law in 1 19200007 layous of placed material, greatly one of the report partiers of PMMZPM are allo bying to tope with it in mose cases. Twy part manner there are of requires.

The Industrial Collect his no requirement collection service, so there are only provide architectural as that areas. The forestment has above an action of a control the Disagon Remaps Collect action on the strend and granupae in action provide (COLLECTION COLLECTION COLLECTI

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- 88.4% (Ni not of 95 become) which claimed to be extiged to success the VII dat so, but 11.8 % (11 ext of 85 features) have not extended it yet.

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- T. Companies which decharge issues have both probability process and retrieval-time process separately \sim 7 to 27 to (14 or of 150 factoring) (in: 12.2% (16 or of 150 factoring)
- 8 Companies into this dispose Non-PRV and RRVI separately vs-Yes (100% e partially: TB 4%, (100 out of 126 features); No. 20 8% CRI and of 126 features).

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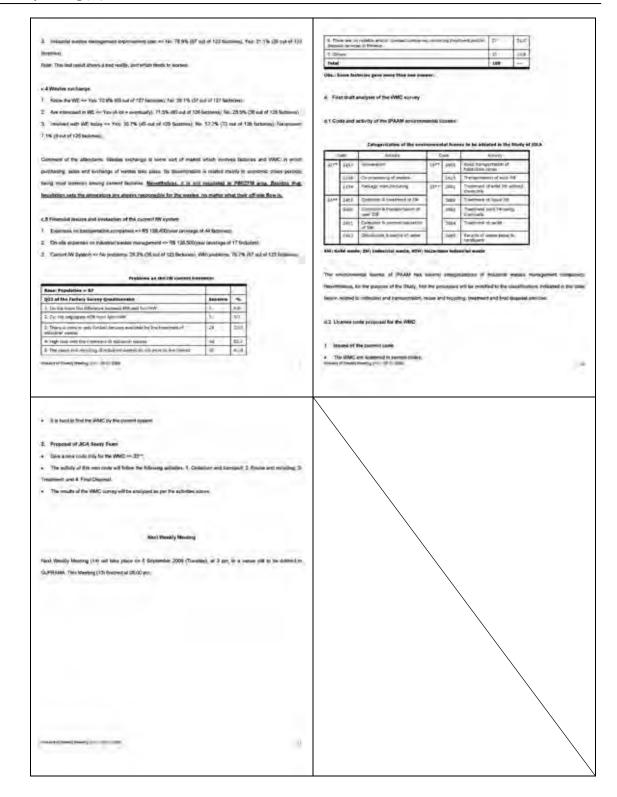
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Commerce Feesalts of the pomesounding surveys

c.3 Future management of industrial wastes in PMSFS

- Constitute of industrial master in the change of the generated amounts, 25,0% (25 and of 125 surveyed familiar industrial file generated amounts, 36,0% (46 out of 125 factions), Decreating, 22,4% (28 out of 125 familiary).
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- 2 39s for W or No. 672% (As social 125 becoming View 32.0% (A) suit of 125 becomes)

standard and benefits in prices



3.14 Weekly Meeting (14)

3.14.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (14) on September 8, 2009

	Agenda
Weekly Meeting (14)	Work Progress Schedule for this Week Subjects to be Discussed
September 8, 2009	
JICA Study Team	
For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus	
1. Work Progress: From August 31 to September 7, 2009	2. Schedule for this Week
1. Continue the factory survey, input and	Continue the factory survey, input and
analyze the results obtained Input and analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey Finalize the analysis report of the construction waste survey	analyze the results obtained 2. Preparation of industrial waste flows for each industry and waste category 3. Analyze the results of waste
1. Finalize the analysis report of the radioactive	management companies (WMC)
waste survey 5. Preparation of IT/R (Interim Report)	survey 4. Preparation of IT/R (Interim Report)
5. Preparation of Workshop (1) 7. Attendance of National Conference of Environmental Law and the Amazon Subject	5. Hold Workshop (1)
a. Procedure of Workshop (1) b. Workshop (1) objectives c. Draft lecture document for Session 1: Current Conditions and Issues on Onsite IWM d. Draft lecture document for Session 2: Current Conditions and Issues on Off-	a. Procedure of Workshop (1) □ Workshop documents: The following presentations shall be delivered to the participants: 1. Workshop objectives and procedure <= Draft is discussed today 2. Session 1 and 2 <= Draft is discussed today 3. Session 3 and 4 => When can we get? □ Who will summarize the workshop
site IWM	(1)? => SUFRAMA, FIEAM, IPAAM
site IWM	(1)? => SUFRAMA, FIEAM, IPAAM
Next Weekly Meeting	(1)? => SUFRAMA, FIEAM, IPAAM
site IWM	(1)? => SUFRAMA, FIEAM, IPAAM
Next Weekly Meeting Next Meeting will be 14 September 2009 (Monday) at	(1)? => SUFRAMA, FIEAM, IPAAM
Next Weekly Meeting Next Meeting will be 14 September 2009 (Monday) at	(1)? => SUFRAMA, FIEAM, IPAAM

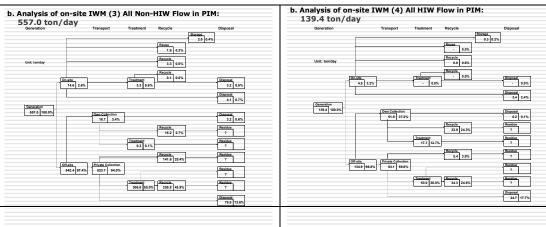
3.14.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (14) on September 8, 2009



3.15 Weekly Meeting (15)

3.15.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (15) on September 14, 2009

Agenda Weekly Meeting (15) 1. Work Progress 2. Schedule for this Week 3. Subjects to be Discussed September 14, 2009 **JICA Study Team** For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus 1. Work Progress: From September 8 to September 13, 2009 2. Schedule for this Week Continue the factory survey, input and analyze the results obtained 1. Continue the factory survey, input and analyze the results obtained Preparation of industrial waste flows for 2. Preparation of industrial waste flows each industry and waste category for each industry and waste category 3. Analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey 3. Analyze the results of waste Preparation of IT/R (Interim Report) management companies (WMC) survey Mr. Shimura will leave on Sep. 17. 4. Preparation of IT/R (Interim Report) Mr. Suzuki, Mr. Nakamura and Mr. Sundstrom will leave on Sep. 18. 5. Hold Workshop (1) 3. Subjects to be Discussed a. Results of Workshop (1) a. Results of Workshop (1) ☐ The following results of Workshop b. Analysis of on-site industrial waste (1) will be reflected in the M/P management formulation: c. Analysis of off-site industrial waste 1. Questions, comments and recommendations 2. Results of the group discussion management d. Categorization of waste for database e. Categorization of WMCs for database b. Analysis of on-site IWM (2) All IW Flow in PIM: 696.4 ton/day b. Analysis of on-site industrial Storage 2.2 0.3% waste management (IWM) (1) Reuse 1.9 0.37 4.2 0.6% Disposal 3.2 0.5% 0n-site 19.1 2.7% Generation 696.4 100.0% Own Collection 70.5 10.1% 18.0 2.6% Off-site Private Collection 677.3 97.3% 606.8 87.1% Treatment Recycle 290.0 42.8%



- b. Analysis of on-site IWM (5): On-site IWM and Off-site IWM by Factory Survey (FS)
- PIM: Amount of on-site IWM is very small. No difference between Non-HIW and HIW.
- Bangkok: Amount of on-site IWM is very large.
 Big difference between Non-HIW and HIW. High cost of HIW disposal at off-site.

Area	Waste	On-site IWM	Off-site IWM	
PIM	All IW	2.7%	97.3%	
	Non-HIW	2.6%	97.4%	
	HIW	3.2%	96.8%	
Bangkok	Non-HIW	29.9%	70.1%	
	HIW	56.3%	43.7% 11	

- b. Analysis of on-site IWM (6): On-site IWM by FS
- ☐ PIM: No difference between Non-HIW and HIW.
- Bangkok: Big difference between Non-HIW and HIW. High cost of HIW disposal at off-site.

Area	Waste	Treatment	Reuse/ Recycling	Storage	Final Disposal
PIM	All IW	0.5%	0.9%	0.3%	1.6%
	Non-HIW	0.6%	0.9%	0.4%	0.7 (1.3*2)%
	HIW	0.0%	0.6%	0.2%	2.4%
Bangkok	Non-HIW	0.9%	13.1%	1.8%	14.1%
	HIW	32.8%	1.6%	0.4%	21.5%

- b. Analysis of on-site IWM (7): Off-site IWM (Collection) by FS
- PIM: Considerable amount of IW is transported by factories for off-site treatment and recycling. Big difference between Non-HIW and HIW.
- □ Bangkok: Amount of factory transportation is nothing. Big difference between Non-HIW and HIW.

Area			ortation by ctory	Collection by WMC	
		Rate	Ton/day	Rate	Ton/day
PIM	All IW	10.1%	70.5	87.1%	606.8
	Non-HIW	3.4%	18.7	94.0%	523.7
	HIW	37.2%	51.8	59.6%	83.1
Bangkok	Non-HIW	1.5%	95.8	68.6%	4,444.5
	HIW	0.1%	1.9	43.6%	665:4

- b. Analysis of on-site IWM (8): On-site IWM by FS
- □ PIM: No difference between Non-HIW and HIW.
- Bangkok: Big difference between Non-HIW and HIW. High reuse/ recycle for non-HIW. High treatment for HIW. A few direct final disposal.

Area	Waste	Treatment Reuse/ Recycle Final Disp		Reuse/ Recycle		Disposal	
		Rate	Ton/day	Rate	Ton/day	Rate	Ton/day
PIM	All IW	54.2%	377.6	28.2%	196.1	14.9%	103.4
	Non-HIW	55.1%	306.9	28.1%	156.8	14.2%	78.7
	HIW	50.7%	70.7	28.2%	39.3	17.8%	24.7
Bangkok	Non-HIW	2.5%	159.5	64.8%	4,198.8	2.8%	95.8
	HIW	28.9%	444.1	14.2%	216.1	0.6%	14.9

- c. Analysis of off-site industrial waste management (IWM)
- c. Analysis of off-site IWM (1):
 Business Field informed by WMCs
- □ WMCs with Environmental License (EL):
 □ WMCs without Environmental License:
 23
- ☐ Business of 85 WMCs by their answer: 118

	Collection	Treatment	Final Disposal	Reuse/ Recycle	Total
With EL	38	8	9	38	93
Without EL	7	0	0	18	25
Total	45	8	9	56	118

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (2): Amount of Business

- ☐ Amount of WBCs business by their answer:
- $\hfill \square$ Almost all of IW are managed by licensed WMCs.

Type of Business	Waste	With EL	Without EL	Total
	HIW	96	0	96
Collection	Non-HIW	3,230	6	3,236
	Sub-total	3,326	6	3,332
Treatment	HIW	42	0	42
	Non-HIW	266	0	266
	Sub-total	308	0	308
	HIW	8	0	8
Final Disposal	Non-HIW	2,250	0	2,250
	Sub-total	2,258	0	2,258
	HIW	11	0	11
Reuse/ Recycle	Non-HIW	138	1	139
	Sub-total	149	2	151

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (3): Business Field checked by EL

☐ Business fields (BF) written in EL and those informed by WMCs are quite different.

□ Some WMCs may not have EL in IWM.

	Collection	Treatment	Final Disposal	Reuse/ Recycle	Not like WM Business *1	Total
BF informed	38	8	9	38	-	93
BF written in EL	23	24	0	17	4	68

1. Distribution and supply of water: 2WMCs, 2. Spray and cleaning $_{\rm 18}$ with insecticide, 3. Retailer of wood products

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (4): Amount of Business after the check of EL

☐ Amount of WBCs business by their answer

Type of Business	Waste	With EL	Without EL	Total
	HIW	51	45	96
Collection	Non-HIW	2,886	350	3,236
	Sub-total	2,937	395	3,332
Treatment	HIW	42	0	42
	Non-HIW	265	1	266
	Sub-total	307	1	308
	HIW	0	8	8
Final Disposal	Non-HIW	0	2,250	2,250
	Sub-total	0	2,258	2,258
	HIW	10	1	11
Reuse/ Recycle	Non-HIW	117	22	140
	Sub-total	127	23	19 151

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (5): Amount of collection informed by WMCs

□ Large Scale WMCs with EL collect municipal waste from Manaus City.

☐ A large scale WMC without EL may collect IW.

Scale of WMC	Nos of Collection Company	HIW Collected	Non-HIW Colected	Total
Without License	20*1	44.7	350.3	395.0
1 less than 100ton/day	19	4.1	148.5	152.6
2 100 to 300 ton/day	1	40.6	201.8	242.4
With License	16*2	51.5	2,885.5	2,937.0
1 less than 100ton/day	11	26.5	150.9	177.4
2 100 to 300 ton/day	3	17.1	471.2	488.3
3 more than 300 ton/day	2	8.0	2,263.3	2,271.3
Grand Total	36	96.2	3,235.7	3332.0

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (6): <u>Collection</u> amount of Off-site and On-site survey

 Excluding municipal solid waste (MSW) collection amount of 2 WBCs, collection amount of Off-site and On-site survey comes similar figure.

Waste	Collection Amount informed by Off-site	Collection Amount informed by On-site
1. Collection	3,332	NA
2. MSW Collection of 2 WMCs	2,263	NA
3. Industrial Waste	NA	696
4. Construction Waste	NA	37
5. Health Waste	NA	0.5
3+4+5	1,069	783.5

- c. Analysis of off-site IWM (7): Business Fields (BF) informed by WMCs and Licensed BF
- ☐ It is very difficult issue to clearly define Treatment and Recycling Business.
- ☐ Business Fields (BF) informed by WMCs and Licensed BF checked by the Team differs.

Collection	Treatment	Final Disposal	Reuse/ Recycle	Total
45	8	9	56	118
7	0	0	18	25
38	8	9	38	93
23	24	0	17	64
	45 7 38	45 8 7 0 38 8	Collection Treatment Disposal	Collection Treatment Disposal Recycle 45 8 9 56

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (8): Treatment amount informed by WMCs

 $\ \square$ One WMC treats 90% of waste .

Scale (Treatment Treatment WMCs HIW Non-HIW Total Amount) Without License 0.2 0.7 0.9 1 less than 100ton/day 0.2 0.7 0.9 With License 41.9 265.6 307.5 1 less than 100ton/day

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (9):

<u>Treatment</u> amount of Off-site and On-site survey

 Off-site and on-site survey gives similar figure .

Treatment Amount informed by Off-site	Treatment Amount informed by On-site
308.4	377.6
266.3	306.9
42.1	70.9
	informed by Off-site 308.4 266.3

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (10):

Reuse/ Recycling amount informed by WMCs

 Reuse/ recycling amount of All WMCs are small, less 10ton/day except two WMCs .

Reuse/ Recycling WMCs	HIW	Non-HIW	Total
32	10.3	22.2	32.5
32	10.3	22.2	32.5
13	0.8	117.7	118.5
11	0.8	4.4	5.2
1	0	46.7	46.7
1	0	66.6	66.6
45	11.1	139.9	151.0
	32 32 13 11 11	WMCs HIW 32 10.3 32 10.3 13 0.8 11 0.8 1 0 1 0	WMCs HIW Non-HIW 32 10.3 22.2 32 10.3 22.2 13 0.8 117.7 11 0.8 4.4 1 0 46.7 1 0 66.6

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (11):

Reuse/ Recycling amount of Off-site and Onsite survey

- Non-HIW R/R amount of off-site and on-site survey gives similar figure but not for HIW R/R amount.
- □ The figure in the following table is total of treatment and R/R amount.

Waste	R/R Amount informed by Off-site	R/R Amount informed by On-site
1. Reuse/ Recycling (R/R) Amount	151.0 (459.4)	196.1 (573.7)
2. Non-HIW	139.9 (406.2)	156.8 (463.7)
3. HIW	11.1 (53.2)	39.3 (110.0)

c. Analysis of off-site IWM (12):

Final Disposal amount informed by WMCs

- Almost all of final disposal amount informed by WMCs are those of 2 companies which collect MSW of Manaus City.
- No IW informed by on-site surevy is informed by the off-site (WMCs) survey.

Scale (Reuse/ Recycling Amount)	Reuse/ Recycling WMCs	HIW	Non-HIW	Total
Without License	6	8.0	2250.1	2258.1
1 less than 100ton/day	4	0.0	3.0	3.0
3 more than 300 ton/day	2	8.0	2247.0	2255.0
Grand Total	6	8.0	2250.1	2258.1

d. Categorization of waste for database

d. Categorization of waste for database (1)

- CONAMA Resolution 313 requires specified industries to report (using a waste inventory) on management conditions for industrial waste (IW) generated through industrial activity, including health, construction and radioactive waste.
- However, in JICA study wastes generated in a factory are categorized into the followings:
- 1. Health waste
- 2. Construction waste
- 3. Radioactive waste
- 4. Industrial waste other than the above wastes
- For waste database shall use the above categorization

- d. Categorization of waste for database (2): For Health waste
- ☐ We will modify our categorization below according to the new one, CONAMA 358.

Class	Туре			
Class A:	Type A.1 Biologic			
Infectious	Type A.2 Blood and derivates			
waste	Type A.3 Surgical, anatomopatologic and exudates			
	Type A.4 Piercing or cutting			
	Type A.5 Contaminated animal			
	Type A.6 Patient care			
Class B:	Type B.1 Radioactive waste			
Special waste	Type B.2 Pharmaceutical waste			
	Type B.3 Hazardous chemical waste			
Class C: Comm	on waste			

d. Categorization of waste for database (3): For construction waste

- ☐ We will use our categorization for database.
- It can be classify the waste according to CONAMA Resolution 307 after information if necessary.

d. Categorization of waste for database (4): CONAMA 307 classification

Class	Description					
Class A:	The reusable or recyclable waste as aggregates, such as:					
	from construction, demolition, refitting and repair of pavement and other infrastructure constructions, including land preparation;					
	b) from the construction, demolition refitting and repair of edifications: ceramic components (bricks, blocks, tiles, insulation planks, etc.), cement and concrete;					
	c) from manufacturing and/or demolition process of concrete pre-modulated pieces (blocks, pipes, gutter, etc.) produced in the construction sites.					
Class B	The recyclable waste for other purposes, such as: plastics, paper/carton, metals, glass, wood and others.					
Class C	Waste which has no economically feasible technology or applications which may allow it to be recycled/recovered, such as the products arisen from plaster.					
Class D	Hazardous waste arisen from construction process, such as paints, solvents, oils and so forth, or those contaminated or harmful to health arisen from demolitions, refitting and repairs of radiology clinics, industrial facilities and others, as well as tiles and other objects and materials containing asbestos or other products harmful to health. Inent text given by Resolution in 3480/11.					

D004 D005 to D029

D005 to D029 K081

C001 to C009

D004 F104 D099 U001 to U246

Iron-bar, steel materials Small metal waste Old temporary scaffoldings [fences, etc. Natural rubber waste Sludge, mud Plaster boards Packaging material which anic materials stick to. Lead battery Wood debris of demolish stee Scaffolding material Scaffolding material	23. Interior timb 24. Packing ma cardboard for co materials, etc. 25. Wall paper, 26. Cloth and o 27. Rope 28. Carpet, rug 29. Machine oil 30. Heavy oil 31. Asphalt 32. Waterproof	terials like instruction etc.	34. Materials containing asbestos 35. Materials which asbestos sprayed 36. Transformer 37. Condenser 38. Stabilizer for fluorescent light 39. Sathizer for fluorescent light 40. Condent for a freezer 41. Volatile oil	wa □ We ca □ Re 1. Sin	stes e propo tegoriza asons: mple	se to ı	other tha use our w	/aste	
Old temporary scaffoldings fences, etc fences, etc Natural rubber waste Sludge, mud Plaster boards Packaging material which anic materials stick to. Lead battery Wood debris of demolish ste Timber form for concreting	cardboard for co materials, etc. 25. Wall paper, 26. Cloth and o 27. Rope 28. Carpet, rug 29. Machine oil 30. Heavy oil 31. Asphalt 32. Waterproof	etc.	asbestos sprayed 36. Transformer 37. Condenser 38. Stabilizer for fluorescent light 39. Sulfuric acid (neutralizing discharged water) 40. Coolant for a freezer	□ Waca	e propo tegoriza asons: mple				
Hences, etc Natural rubder waste Sludge, mud Plaster boards Paster boards Packaging material which-anie materials stick to. Lead battery Wood debris of demolish ste Timber form for concreting	26. Cloth and o 27. Rope 28. Carpet, rug 29. Machine oil 30. Heavy oil 31. Asphalt 32. Waterproof	ld rags	37. Condenser 38. Stabilizer for fluorescent light 39. Sulfurie acid (neutralizing discharged water) 40. Coolant for a freezer	ca □ Re 1. Si	tegoriza asons: mple				
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Plaster boards Packaging material which anic materials stick to. Lead battery Wood debris of demolish te Timber form for concreting	28. Carpet, rug 29. Machine oil 30. Heavy oil 31. Asphalt 32. Waterproof		fluorescent light 39. Sulfuric acid (neutralizing discharged water) 40. Coolant for a freezer	1. Si	mple				
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anic materials stick to. Lead battery Wood debris of demolish ste Timber form for concreting	30. Heavy oil 31. Asphalt 32. Waterproof	I	40. Coolant for a freezer	2. Ea	£				
Lead battery Wood debris of demolish ste Timber form for concreting	31. Asphalt 32. Waterproof		41. Volatile oil		sy tor s	ummii	ng up		
Timber form for concreting	32. Waterproof								
	, , , ,		42. Kerosene						
Scaffolding material			43. Diesel oil						
	 Ash of mate construction such cardboards, timb 	erials used for h as old rags, ers, etc.	44. Mixed waste						34
Conde Team Coc Code NH08 A024 NH09 A599 A699 A009 A006 A007 A107 A108 A207 A208 A010 NH10	e Consma Code A111 A004 A005 A011 A012 A014 A015 A016 A104 A105 A104 A105 A104 A105 A104 A105 A107 A204 A399 A017 A799	Team Code NH11 NH12 NH13		HW02 HW04 HW05 HW06	D002 D003 K207 D002 D003 D002 D003 K193 K194 K195 F103 F001 F0301 K001 to K205 D005 to D025	HW08 HW09	D003 F105 F001 F0301 F100 P001 to P123 K001 to K209 K053 K078 K081 D001 D001 K207	HW11 HW11 HW12 HW13 HW14	Conama Coc D001 D004 D005 to D0 F103 K203 D005 to D0 K081 C001 to C0 D001 D004 F102 F104 D099 U001 to U2
	A001 NH08 A024 NH09 A499 A599 A699 A006 A007 A107 A107 A208 A010 NH10 A008 A299	Team Code Conama Code	Team Code Conama Code Team Code Code Team Code Code Team Code C	Team Code	Team Code	Team Code Conama Code Co	Team Code	Team Code	Team Code Team Code Code

assification of license (EL) (1)

Environment al License	Purpose of activity	Example of waste
Collection & Transportati	Collection, storage & transportation of wastes	C & T of HW
Treatment	Reduce of volume Make harmless (detoxification) Stabilization Resource recovery	Incineration Chemical treatment Solidification Composting WWT

C &T:Collection & Transportation, WWT:Wastewater Treatment

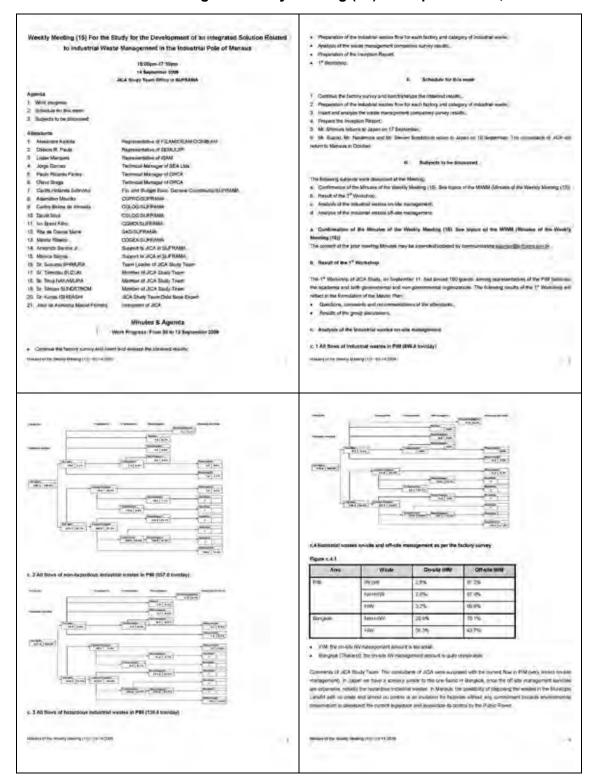
Proposal for classification of environmental license (EL) (2)

Environment al License	Purpose of activity	Example of waste management
Final disposal	Final disposal of wastes	Landfill of wastes
Reuse/ Recycling	Resource recovery of wastes (Material recovery & Thermal recovery)	Recycling of recyclable materials Refining of waste oils Co-processing Utilization in furnace & boiler Intermediate scraps

Next Weekly Meeting

 $\hfill\square$ Next Meeting will be 2nd November 2009 (Monday) at 3:00 PΜ

3.15.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (15) on September 14, 2009



Commence of the administration or general, or PMP (companies, strengthing rest Bereity Instant to processing small or community and participated by the community and participated by the management of making.

The description of the ferrosport of making.

c.5 On-eine Will as for the factory survey

Figure 61

Area	Observe	Dealeard	Serpring	Stompt	Daniel
PM	Walt	0.7%	0.7%	0.3%	166
	he-hire	0.4%	OW-	0.4%	979
	1997	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	24%
Deple	Non-HMV	0.0%	13.1%	104	79.100
	HON	20.0%	19%	0.4%	31.59

Comment, at JCA dauly Files 2th, about the true produce management of season as PM, it was non-borned me to at the fundament as anomaly sent and life. The problem is the substitution areas, where the industrial sentencing should That is a sentency public health course reportingly becomes some of them may become treating around in the future.

CR Official Wife as for the factory survey

Armen Western	Water	Trentier	Transportation by the Entirery		Cultural by WINC	
	fee	T	fee:	Formy		
PASA .	Wide	101%	708	37.1%	106.6	
	Herrist's	10	16.7	(M.Ofe	1097	
	HWI	372%	51.0	19459	601	
Simplor	Netwy	14%	90.0	MITTE	4,444.5	

HW 61% 1.8 43.6% 08/4

- PW. A streamment amount of Wile transporting by the factor affiliation beforest Nove-PW ANT-PW
 Gargers (Trained): These is precision to transportation by PPW and PPW.

The quantity of face-RW collected by the MAC in Blaggida is seven times the amount collected by the install manipulated connected in the Blaggida and the second collected by the install manipulated comments in the Blaggida and the collected by the MAC is presented, when vide of collected present of the Blaggida and the collected by the MAC is presented, when vide of collected another prime of the Blaggida.

Arras.	Wanter	*		Resetterating		Front Disposal	
		-	Termer	fm:	Tomay	Per	Tomay
PM	WW	543%	277 A	79.2%	100.1	148%	104
	Mestiny	55.1%	306-9	26.1%	156-0	1624	76.7
	reiny	10.7%	107	3625	39.0	1794	24.1
Burgion:	filen-tristy.	22%	120.5	642%	4.000.0	2.6%	95.0
	HeW	28.5%	alan.	142%	216.1	0.8%	1.0

- PM. There is no difference between Non-HeW and KHY all pro-
- Bargisti (Thiland, Huge d'America beneve fon-Hill and Hill Fledy of recentroyoung of Moh-HIM Fless of HIM Internet Const (ess imposs)

Surveyed Commented	Total of generalist waven	
200 tecories out of 30 000	Non-HIM 7.354.752.000 toyring	
	HEW SNY AND DOOR NAVING	

II. Analysis of the besselful warres off-air manage

- MAC off Environment Liverses 22
 MAC officed Environment Liverses 22
 Macross of the Streetment (MAC 115).

Figure 0.1.1

Between	Collection	Framer	Becycling)	Sind Dispose	Trese
With EL	38	8	20	0-	83
Without	7	9	10	9	25
Tired	46	8	160	9	110

st2 business amount of the WMC

- The arithmetical porcounted below returns to the suspen Annual At AW are exampled by WAMC with an Environ

Types of Bustness	Western	WIREL	Pitmost FL:	Thu
	HW	18	8	66
Collection	lise-HW	3,230 -	6	9,286
	Saleston -	5,30d	6	1007
Transport	140	40	0	d
	Name AND	260	0	260
	Balance	38	Ď.	306
	HW	- 0	0	46
RemarRetycking	Nest-Mill	idit	t.	139
	Bárese.	140	2	101
	HW		0	8 .
Final Disposal.	Tron-HWV	7,390	0	2,250
	Day 164	7250	D	2,258

this Basican form per fit.

of A the EL and Time infor-

-	Come	Treatment	Resident Recycling	Final Despond	Dates will stry	Dyta
Businesses informed by the WNIC	20		38	'-	-	1/3
Businesure described in the EL	20	34	17.	4	1	62

Recitesta	Winter	With EL:	Witness EL	This
	HW	51	-65	90
Colector	NameHW	7.696	80	3.230
	3444	7.657	366	3,332
	FRO .	42	0	41.
Tractivati	Non-HW.	185	1	260
	Sárea	30/	1	26
	rete	10	1	36
Seculiferating	No.4900	117	200	140)
	pase	127	20	181
	HH		b	
Find Displace	Non-reW	0	(92)	3.250
	2.6 640	0	23	2.210

of Concton amount internal by the WHC

There are two large score MAC, the EL for the conscious of managed unit vectors AMW in the only of Managed managed. These two MAC, Turques and internal, quarter second 2 files of the 44W per person in the aspital of the

• A large scale WAC unboat EL theoretically, may collect IW in PSM.
Comment: This is in fact a concerning issue, under input ventration. Per example, CETRAM, increa scanse strentlind by the Dakey Traces is for insulators of Will, also course and transportation using the Source of C. T. R. company services accounting to some of the advantage of the Medicing was prepared by CETRAM. Neurottakes, note of them trace just an example insulation, and or the distriction. Asympty, the inferestly of distriction, note of them traces just as a reverse companisors will be proposed for the Cercumsental Liberties, serging order to purely the Dake State and a publication.

Committee Amenda	Constant	Herr Commond	Sciented Orderted	TARR
Witness Linerale	29(71)	442	200.0	80
1. Less than 100 montey	74	41	1400	180,0
2. 100 to 300 sowiday	-1	656	201.8	7242.4
With Counts	10 (12)	10.5	2,888.5	2,637
1. Less Stary 100 strottley	31	36	190.9	TITEA
2. 100 to 100 toesday	- 1	173	471.0	-903
1. Over 900 leastley	- 4	80	2.263.9	7.271.3
Council Todal	- 31	80	3297	3384

- All Drock and Albert collection around as per the WAC survey

Venne middey)	On the Delegat Amount	Differin College and Administra
Collection	18.	3332
2. Collection of Many by 2 Mac	MS.	TAD
2. Industrial Wester	99	10
E. Cimetraction Waste	H	NS
S. Hoditi Wests	95	MP
TUM	TM8(2+4+5)	10011-2/

4.7 Barmer Bridg Informal by the WHG Jul Number Superspect

- Eliticary find in coursy define the Treatment & Recycling Journalmen.
 The Europeansy informed by the WATE and the Journal Sections by white Styling Terms and other

Byeroment Course	Collecti and	Treatment	- Marconi - Marcy (Marcy)	Penni	Trate
1. Suppresses interest by the WRC.	tt.	4	56	*	518
1.f Patricul EL	7	9	10	Ď.	73
1.2 thin EL	46	4	34	6-	90
E. Licensed businesses of the NE WMC with E1.	23)	24	17	9	84

Tisser stallings from carrier defension cleanly the com-

Trained Associations (1)	Transmit (ME	1999	Fritte	Time
William Literan	2	34.	47	Mu
1. Ledy than 100 sonilay	3	44	4.7	79
With License	5	41.0	2858	905
T. Less than 100 emittay	4	1.3	79.0	303
2 100 to 300 toniday	4	40.6	236.6	2172
Dicard Final	1	42.1	286.5	300.4

Comment of the attracturals Valybe areas increase fallings of those two parameters when it is not "If Wellinking two," may be assure of the assurance and necessaries and necessaries are necessaries and necessaries and necessaries and necessaries are necessaries and necessaries and necessaries and necessaries are necessaries and necessaries and necessaries are necessaries are necessaries and necessaries are necessaries are necessaries are necessaries and necessaries are necessaries are necessaries are necessaries and necessaries are necessaries are necessaries and necessaries are n

A.V. On-lite and off-arts from our amount to per the WHC curvey.

The on-lite and off-arts covery propriet products.

Figure d.4.1

Wasters (Bounday)	On-size Treatment	Office Treasured
1. Treased impounts	2076	300 é
t Name and N	285	06.5
2 HWY	70.0	Q1

at 10 RecomPacycling amounts informed by the WMC • The Recommogeting amount of sit WMX is small place.

Figure 6151

(hamiles)	Manuscript promise (WARC)	me.	Non-HW	-
Without Linksite	30	163	22.2	37.6
1. Laws than 10 looking	22	10.1	72.2	12,6
With Livenan	13	0,0	3172	History
1. Lasts Stier 10 harding	It.	75	4.4	52
2. 10 to 50 trentary	1	5.	43	46.7
2. Over 60 towlery	3-	9	68.6	96.0
Orano Your	Att	file:	139 9	1610

- si 11 Christia and off site ResealPacycling amount informed by the WMC + The off-oth-and on-site ResealPacycling survey provided similar data. But, it is office.
- The figures of the color forms the fitting time (or provided the color of the color

Figure 2.11.1

Water-	On-une Polit Assessmin	Official RH Association	
I.RRAnnett	706 1 (575.7)	(5),01894	
2 Name of S	109 0 (400 7)	CSEE+406.25	
1. HWV	38\$ (1100)	11///512	

Observation The advanced missions are temporary. Further default will be revealed along the Study.

- The day which shall not all colours in the Will made along only countries the observer.

Figure #12.1

opular being Greenplift der eine

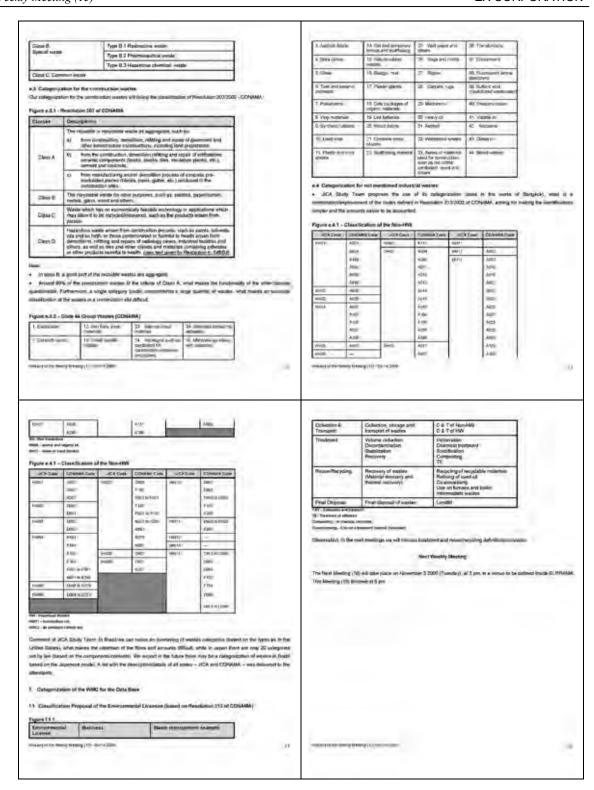
from Dynamic American (bookley)	Final Disposal WAR	AMP.	ing.	Tribal
WithoutLicense	8	80	2280.1	1381
1: Links West 500 Strellay	4	00	35	30
1 Over 100 torvious	2	6.0	2297.0	7,758,6
Grand Tistal		6.0	2.2001	1256 t

- White not have companies insensed for excit entirely in PMI extra
- e. 'Categorization of the worker for the Cata Base.

- Never-form 3/3/2002 of DCMAMA demonsts the appeals industries to write a respect on region point uning a remay – about the management contains of IW generated by the industrial activity, including health, construction and
- Nevertheless, in the pressure Study of JCA, the wester generated in a factory are categorized as trisons.
- Continuation resident:
 Residentifies sentime should with CAEN and
 Other industrial poli represented above.
- . The couples Data files prices from the Littley and Allies the palesment image

Our unique potent for the Health resonant for specific tribe Data Bless will be me Resonant 20000005 - CONNERS, Sensons the ABS (19820) 120:0000

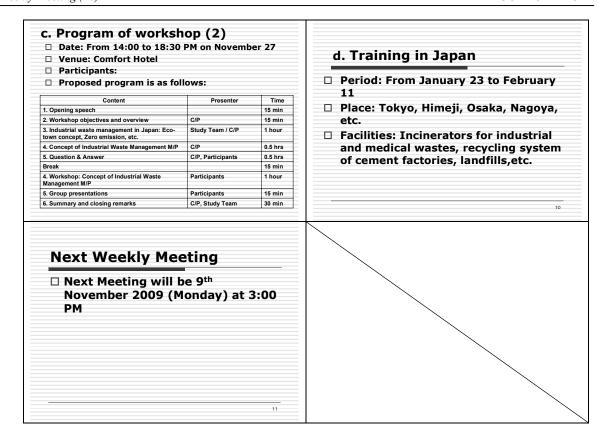
Clares	Epper		
Ches.A. Infection wints	Type 4.1 Diregic		
	Type # 2 Blood and services		
	Туре А.3. быршы, иналитис-раткоорс или выраш		
	Type A 4 Planting of colonia		
	Type A.5 Contaminates animal		
	Type A & Patien pays		



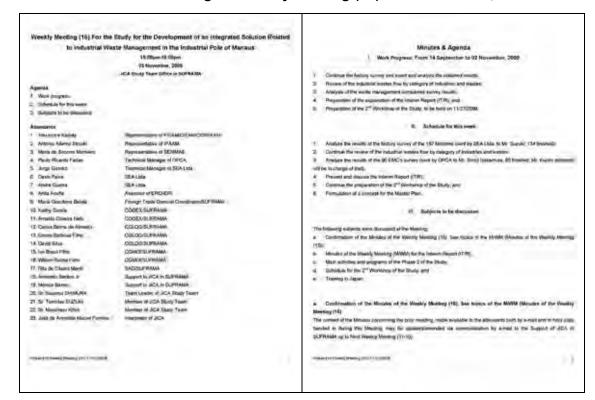
3.16 Weekly Meeting (16)

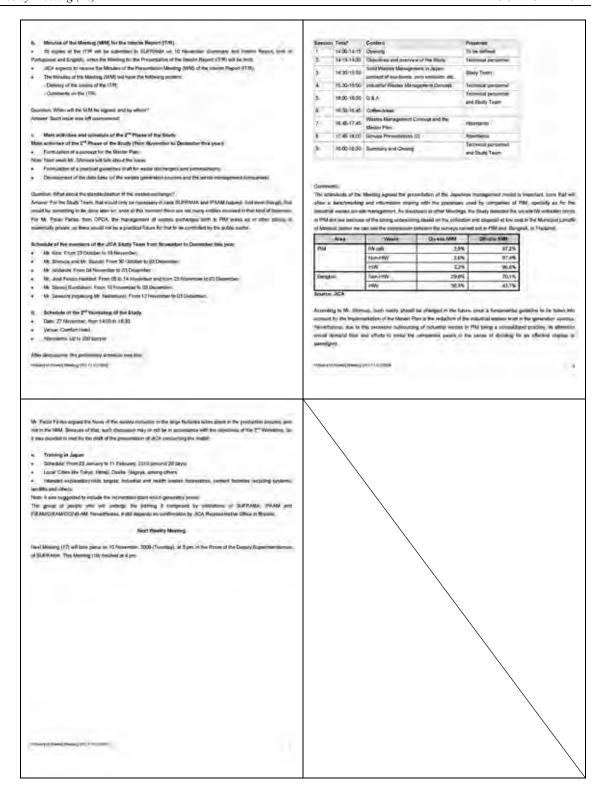
3.16.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (16) on November 3, 2009

	Agenda		
Weekly Meeting (16)	Work Progress Schedule for this Week Subjects to be Discussed		
November 3, 2009			
JICA Study Team For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus	2		
1. Work Progress: From September 14 to November 2, 2009	2. Schedule for this Week		
Continue the factory survey, input and analyze the results obtained Poviny of industrial waste flows for	Analyze the results of the factory survey for 187 factories. Review of industrial waste flows for each		
Review of industrial waste flows for each industry and waste category Analyze the results of waste	industry and waste category. 3. Analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey for 90 companies. 4. Submission and discussion of IT/R (Interim Report) 5. Preparation of workshop (2)		
management companies (WMC) survey 4. Preparation and explanation of IT/R (Interim Report)			
5. Preparation of workshop (2)	6. Formulation of a concept of master plan		
3. Subjects to be Discussed	a. Minutes of meeting (M/M) for the IT/R		
a. Minutes of meeting (M/M) for the IT/R b. Main works and schedule of Phase 2	□ 10 Copies of IT/R will submit SUFRAMA on November 6, i.e. Summary and Main report of English		
study c. Program of workshop (2)	and Portuguese. □ JICA headquarters requests to have a M/M on the IT/R.		
d. Training in Japan	☐ The M/M will have the following contents:		
	 Reports received Comments on the IT/R When and who will sign the M/M? 		
b. Main works and schedule of Phase 2 study (1)	ь. Main works and schedule of Phase 2 study (2)		
☐ Main works of Phase 2 study from November to December:	Assignment schedule of the JICA Study Team members:		
1. Formulation of a concept of master plan	Mr. Kina: From October 23 to November 18 Mr. Shimura/ Mr. Suzuki : From October 30 to December 3		
2. Formulation of a draft practical guideline			
• •	Mr. Sawachi (replacer of Mr. Nakamura): From November 13 to December 3 Mr. Haddad:: From November 5 to November 14 and from November 25 to December 3		



3.16.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (16) on November 3, 2009



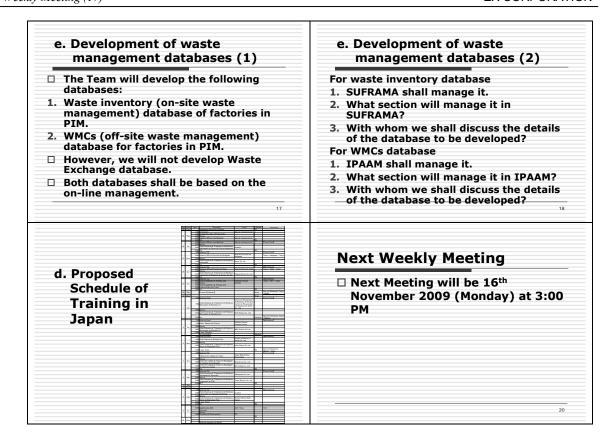


3.17 Weekly Meeting (17)

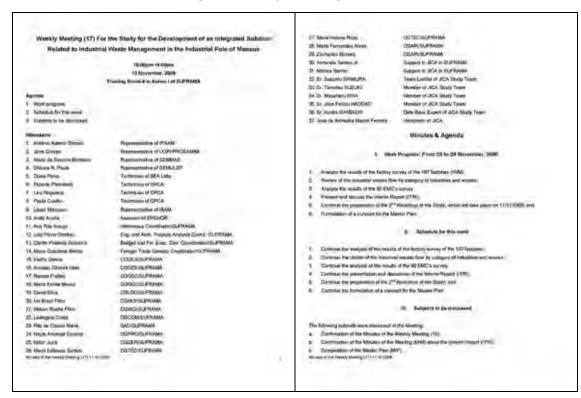
3.17.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (17) on September 10, 2009

	Agenda		
Weekly Meeting (17)	 Work Progress Schedule for this Week Subjects to be Discussed 		
November 10, 2009			
JICA Study Team			
For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus			
1. Work Progress: From November 3 to November 9, 2009	2. Schedule for this Week		
1. Analyze the results of the factory survey for	Analyze the results of the factory survey for		
187 factories. 2. Review of industrial waste flows for each	187 factories. 2. Review of industrial waste flows for each		
industry and waste category.	industry and waste category.		
3. Analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey for 90 companies.	Analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey for 90 companies. Submission and discussion of IT/R (Interim Report) Preparation of workshop (2)		
4. Submission and discussion of IT/R (Interim			
Report) 5. Preparation of workshop (2)			
6. Formulation of a concept of master plan	6. Formulation of a concept of master plan		
 a. Minutes of meeting (M/M) for the IT/R b. Composition of the Master Plan (M/P) c. Needs of licensed final disposal sites d. Program of workshop (2) e. Construction of waste management database f. Proposed Schedule of Training in Japan 	□ 10 Copies of IT/R will submit SUFRAMA, i.e. Summary and Main report of English and Portuguese. □ Most of the content of IT/R is explained, discussed and agreed in the previous weekly meetings (WMs). □ The IT/R is not final one. So that many modifications are required. It will be made as a draft final report to be submitted in March 2010. □ JICA headquarters requests to sign the M/M on the IT/R. □ The M/M will have the following contents: 1. Reports received		
ь. Composition of the Master Plan	b. Composition of the Master Plan (M/P) (2)		
(M/P) (1) The M/P aims to establish:	☐ Based on discussion with Brazilian		
 □ The M/P aims to establish: 1. Proper "on-site" management, treatment and disposal for industrial wastes (i.e. at factories, etc.). 	stakeholders, there is no notion that a public institution would prepare an industrial waste management (collection,		
☐ The M/P aims to establish: 1. Proper "on-site" management, treatment and disposal for industrial wastes (i.e. at	stakeholders, there is no notion that a public institution would prepare an		

b. Composition of the Master Plan (M/P) (3) The composition of the M/P will be: 1. Establishment of appropriate "on-site" management, treatment and disposal of industrial waste Understanding the actual conditions of proper waste management Establishment of "on-site" waste management 2. Establishment of system for appropriate "offsite" industrial waste management (collection, treatment, recycling and disposal)	b. Composition of the Master Plan (M/P) (4) The composition of the M/P will be: 1. Establishment of a public administrative structure Improvement of the data management system Improvement of the licensing system Strengthening collaboration between			
□ Understanding the actual conditions of proper off-site waste management □ Implantation of off-site treatment and disposal facility □ Adjustment of reuse and recycle system, and vitalization of reuse and recycle industry	stakeholders Technical Capacity develo Citizen participation		10	
c. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (1)	c. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (2)			
Current Issues	☐ The Team recommends the Alt. 2 due to			
1. No licensed final disposal site in MFZ.	the following reasons:			
A proper final disposal site necessary for IWM. ISO 14000 requires a proper final destination, i.e. a final disposal site.	Construction of a new disposal site will need more than 5 years for site selection, study, EIA, public hearing, etc.			
Alternatives	2. Officially PIM factory needs to ask a final			
Alternative 1: Construction of a new landfill with	disposal of its waste in the other states, especially ISO 14000 factory.			
environmental license (EL)	3. In reality two landfills will be operated			
Alternative 2: Use of the existing landfills (Manaus City Landfill and CETRAM Landfill) with the conditions of improvement of them.	without OL and IPAAM will be allowing their illegal operations.			
c. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (3): Question	c. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (4): Team's Understanding			
For Manaus City Landfill:	☐ CETRAM has a knowhow a	and money for		
☐ The reasons why an operation license	proper operation of its landfill			
(OL) is not given?	The reasons of insufficient investment and operation (?) of CETRAM:			
□ What kind of measures should be	Almost free disposal of City landfill, the only one competitor			
taken by Manaus City for OL?	2. Very low price of waste disposal including			
For CETRAM Landfill:	incineration due to use of insufficient facilities like almost scraped incinerators and mixing with			
The reasons why an operation license (OL) is not given?	construction materials. 3. Lack of enforcement by IPAAM			
☐ What kind of measures should be taken by CETRAM for OL?	 Current waste management business in MFZ do not allow proper IW management by WMCs due to high competition and low prices. 			
c. Needs of licensed final disposal	d. Program of worksh		14	
sites (5): Improving measures	☐ Introduction and establishment of WMS is one of the most important issues of			
☐ SUFRAMA/IPAAM should inform the generators that proper disposal is their responsibility.	M/P. So that Team like: □ Proposed program is as		Time	
☐ Generator/SUFRAMA/IPAAM should instruct	1. Opening speech		15 min	
WMCs of proper disposal. □ IPAAM should instruct Manaus city to charge	Workshop objectives and overview Industrial waste management in Japan: Eco-	C/P Study Team / C/P	15 min 45 min	
on IW disposal for proper final disposal	town concept, Zero emission, etc.	•		
operation and not to accept Class I (Hazardous) waste.	Concept of Industrial Waste Management M/P Establishment of WMS in Rio de Janeiro	C/P Officer of INEA	0.5 hrs 0.5 hrs	
☐ IPAAM should strengthen its monitoring	6. Question & Answer	C/P, Participants	0.5 hrs	
activity and enforcement to WMCs. □ IPAAM should establish a Waste Manifest	Break 7. Workshop: Concept of Industrial Waste	Participants	15 min 45 min	
System (WMS) in order to find out what the	Management M/P	Participants		
final destination of IW is.	8. Group presentations	Participants	15 min	
15	9. Summary and closing remarks	C/P, Study Team	30 min	



3.17.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (17) on September 10, 2009



- d fleeds for incerned lendfills in the once of the Chaly,
 a. Screenie of the 2" Workshop of the Sody,
 f. Communities of the waster management Date Briss and
 g. Proposal for the Training Schedule in Japan.

a. Confination of the Minutes of the Weekly Meeting (1%)
The contact of the report conterring the pror meeting, more enable to the allendants both by a real and in Nucl. In proceed to a the Markey may be amended polated by a real to JCA. Support Team in SUPP-Main - and the Markey Meeting por (1910).

- 15 cases of the FER will be submitted to SUFFSHIM. Along the Messing Discessivy and Main Playof, both in
- Most part of the content of the ITP was explained, discusped and agreed during the just Weekly Meeting
- The ITSE is not the time women by, many medifications will be recovery. Duly to stuff to being done in he
- JCA will step the Interior Report Presentation Meeting Missaur trapeller with the intrresentatives of the artists of the Technical Consultant Gala-Commission
- The Minates of the Meeting may the Indonesia content:

 Didway of the Scormany, and Main Report.

 Community up the (1 Rt.

this The changers received by a real the file of Chapter 2: Profile of the Study Attal' of the Main Report whose secretaring grown they be questioned among attended sorts 12/01, when the amounted of ACA in relating to Any comment or that catals should the cent for the arrest of ACA's Support Town or SUFHAMA among the Chapter of the Chapter of the ACA's Support Town or SUFHAMA among the Chapter of the Cha

The MP sons for establishing

- An advantion has the experient of interior require discounts on the bytemport and disposal. An advantage discount of our companies?

 Calls advantages also have to provide accompanies and oppose the companions about
- Based on the discussions with the Countypy I, I was not relieved whether a patific restation small hald an other receive recognised about a very receiving columns, treatment, response and stockets.

Their way, the MAP will facus on extensioning a public assessment enrichment treatment of viscous to be control out by the germatics and hind provide waste humage

The companion of the LEP will include:

6. Establishment of an adequam industrial resilies off-life management (in the factories), concerning the healthcomplete and desposal.

- and response. Ambanding the currier) on site management conditions; Confirmed of the Countils to site management of such
- 2. The establishment of an adequate industrial wastes offerto eyaters concerning the collection, insulm

 - municipated of the rouse and recycling system and minimum of the Equation (1971).
- Countries of a guidely administrative structure.

 Improvement of the environmental suita management explain
 Improvement of the environmental intensing evaluate
 Improvement of the environmental intensing evaluate.

 - Pripular participation.
- A. Meeds for licensed and life in the area of the Many

1

- There are he liverand landlife in MP-MPZ area.
- sury to have a learned landfill for the resented WMI to be repareming
- 1 GO 1000 service a feal Sestimate for varies (e. a single) lands

- t. Combattee of a new land is with severe
- 7. Life the string lending (Marcinel and OCTRAM), provided their disposal current is tremwell.

Comment, Feet interprise of auditing new layoffs in MPHR2 have drawn protect on text 8 is comment then 8 in continguate area and the populations would late some best, include member the costs purchasing at that sign former if

- 0

JCA Study Fear recommends alternative 3, for the following response

4. The contraction of a new small bases one three years is no recovery years and the contraction in a first season of the contraction of a new world in impair that insure the over 15 years. Since evaluate one for the contraction of a new world in impair that insure the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction.

ally the factories of MEP recell required the first objected of their extens in other states, manny those return

lists in general the features of MIP many about the first command of their indeclars existed. Historicalists, ramp of Form the real make the remaining providence to an observation to construct the terminantial Linguistics.

The fact is both brottlin (Municipal and DETRIM) will be writing with no Occasion (I wome - DL, and (ITAMA) has

Alout the Municipal Lanciti

- Why carend 8 be grammed an CA,?
 What recovers Mannau City visit would have to take in contint or gain the CA,?
 Answert There is no concrete prognout layer may for the constructing of a new injuriciest landfile.

About the laminity of CETRANS

- Why second 8 be greened on SE.7
 What receives CETRISH require house to sales in second guernise CE.7

er. There is an impoint proposal for the personaling of a new procedurable in figurery \$50.474 and recessarily

Commission of the attention is in the whose State of Amelionae, there are \$10 smothle, but received from those got an QL.
And much making is self, and find the research is not \$1 to state the common management of SMAM find such problems.
Nations the Manages Localist rate the facilities of CETHAM of each on legenders, once they as not failt the requirement of the Commissional Logistions of they are both considered rating of the common state of the Protectional Reput Minorian Logistions of the management of their problems. If these not follow that minoriany allowed diseases their the segrent, it is fail of restrict, it is located in the architectory are according to the locality of the common strong diseases their the CETHAM limited the prompting visit gained as forced a forced as contracts desirate in a contract according to a contract according to a contract according to according to the locality of the contracts desirate in contracts according to according according to the locality.

One can she haloe a high excellence or relation to the Manicipal Landill, which stated operating in 1688 the Chy Half spends remay to militain it but in nor compression for that, once it Charges free very does to pore. Because it has no learne, such shallon called be insuffed just here.

T IPAM situut the solving landfile, where will the weeks go to tanking 2,500 tons of weeks a stariff

s of the assessment. For most of the absendance the solution would be to no Commons of the administrative from most of the administrative based on typical bit to instruce using the existing senting and to the least of algorith for the free inspectal of Mr. provided a body statistic in but least 20°C, a legal area that series it ame also membersed the possibility of selecting are area of the degal lending observed, and lending on CETIMAM bandling to be used by the situative sent the proteins of the appealant following a solvent during providing the con-invariance bandle, because not even this temporary adultion is the best one, used under sense are recorded for the dissecut of the Info at MITMATC.

Understanding of JICA Study Team: CETHAM has knowledge and minury is properly operate its lamiffel had if did july make sufficient invest operations clu-to high competition and lose waste management price

- Totally agent the Emissionemic Legislation, actionedy mentioned
 Totally agent the Emissionemic Legislation, actioned previously. So, yet yet and for the water common control of the second common c

- Aloned has drawed in the Manager Landill the July come
 Lack of Commission by PAAM and Manage City high

te produc manajoransi in MPTARIJ plans kid alimu din peropuso RW municipirant top per WARI. The granted bosses ni ino provinci (thing for yet december what can't be Sons at you's and the manist hou it love level dange compatibles and are not general they be not determ to grices but low quality services

- promotes Macazera Suggestation.

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 The generating SUPPMAN and PRAM count except the Infect on the empire despited.

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- CARY and germaneas sales has aviouscent for a province of multiprens basets IAAAN ... +

some the restricting of the cities.



3.18 Weekly Meeting (18)

3.18.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (18) on November 16, 2009

	Agenda
Weekly Meeting (18)	 Work Progress Schedule for this Week Subjects to be Discussed
November 16, 2009	
JICA Study Team	
For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus	2
1. Work Progress: From November 10 to November 15, 2009	2. Schedule for this Week
Analyze the results of the factory survey for 187 factories.	Analyze the results of the factory survey for 187 factories.
Review of industrial waste flows for each industry and waste category.	Review of industrial waste flows for each industry and waste category.
3. Analyze the results of waste management	3. Analyze the results of waste management
companies (WMC) survey for 90 companies. 4. Submission and discussion of IT/R (Interim	companies (WMC) survey for 90 companies. 4. Submission and discussion of IT/R (Interim
Report) 5. Preparation of workshop (2)	Report) 5. Preparation of workshop (2)
6. Formulation of a concept of master plan	6. Formulation of a concept of master plan
7. Meeting with the prosecutor of Public Ministry (No. 50th Justice Prosecutor of PRODEMPH: Environment and Historic Property Prosecuting Office)	7. Development of databases for IWM 8. Mr. Kina will back to Japan on Nov. 18.
Subjects to be Discussed Needs of licensed final disposal sites	a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (1): Summary of discussion of WM (17) (1) 1. Construction of a new landfill with environmental license (EL) is the critical issue of IWM (industrial
b. Promotion of proper waste	waste management) in MFZ. 2. Use of the existing landfills (Manaus City Landfill an
management industries	CETRAM Landfill) is not allowed. 3. Especially CETRAM landfill shall not be used due to
c. Database development d. IWM in Japan (1)	its location in APP (Permanent Preservation Area). 4. As for Manaus City Landfill, it started operation sinc 1986 (? Before the establishment of EL system in Amazonas State) and does not follow the regulation of a landfill in terms of location (APP, close to
	or a landfill in terms of location (APP, close to settlement and highway, high voltage electric line, sensitive area for groundwater).
	Q.1 Map of APP is available?
	Q.2 Does IPAAM have a state guideline for MW(Municipal Waste) landfill?
a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (2): Summary of discussion of WM (17) (2)	a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (3) Recommendation (1): Basic understandings (1
5. However, it was indispensable to have a landfill for municipal solid waste management	This study shall deal with IW including health and construction wastes from PIM but not MSWM.
(MSWM). 6. The public ministry has accommodated IPAAM and Manaus City to make a TAC (Terms of Agreement of Procedure) in 2005, giving the	☐ It will take about 5 years for operation of a new licensed landfill. The Study shall propose an emergency solution of final destination of IW from PIM until the new landfill start. SUFRAMA needs the solution for promoting of foreign & local
city a temporary OL of the landfill with the conditions of construction of a new landfill,	investment.
etc. But the TAC expired in August 2008.	 A considerable amount of IW are being disposed of at Manaus City Landfill (MCL) including some
Q.3 What the conditions are stipulated in the TAC. Q.4 What parts of the conditions the City did not	HIW. The current control of IW at MCL is not sufficient
- pursue?	and disposal of IW is almost free from charge.

- a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (4): Recommendation (2): Basic understandings (2)
- □ IW is broadly divided into the following three
- 1. Class I waste:
- 2. Class II-A waste: Non-HIW /Non-inert
- 3. Class II-B waste: Non-HIW /Inert
- ☐ Final disposal of the above wastes at a municipal waste landfill (MWL) shall be done as follows:
- 1. HIW should not be disposed of.
- Non-HIW /Non-inert may be disposed of at MWL if it is strictly controlled.
- 3. Non-HIW /Inert shall be disposed of at MWL.

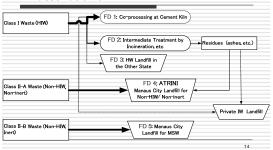
- a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (5): Recommendation (3): Basic understandings (3)
 - □ Current final destination of HIW :
 - Disposed of at CETRAM landfill without and/or with treatment by incineration, etc.
 - Used as construction materials after treatment.
- Co-processed at Itautinga cement factory
- Transported to a licensed landfill in the other state (?)
- Disposed of at the MWL.
- Current final destination of Non-HIW /noninert:
- Disposed of at CETRAM landfill without and/or with treatment by incineration, etc.
- Used as construction materials after treatment
- Co-processed at Itautinga cement factory.
- Disposed of at the MWL.
- Current final destination of Non-HIW /Inert:
- Disposed of at the MWL.
- a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (6): Recommendation (4): Team's Proposal (1)
 - The Team proposes the following measures for HIW waste in PIM
- Main part of HIW shall be co-processed at the cement kiln
- Some of HIW (difficult for co-processing) is treated and residues of it will be sent to other state for final disposal or used as construction material with the conditions of strict monitoring by IPAAM.
- Note: Direct disposal in landfill of HIW (Class 1) is submitted to rigid restrictions in Rio, Sao Paulo and other states.
- Note: Direct final disposal of HIW is not recommended in Rio and San Paulo like Japan.

- a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (7): Recommendation (5): Team's Proposal (2)
 - The Team proposes the following measures for Class II-A (Non-HIW /Non-inert) IW in PIM for time being.

 Recyclables non-HIW /non-inert shall be recycled at
- specialized plants existing in PIM.

 Some of non-HIW /non-inert shall be co-processed at the cement kiln.
- As for the final disposal of Class II-A IW, it should be separately disposed of at MW. Because co-disposal of Class II-A IW and MW may cause several problems to MW landfill, such as inclusion of HIW due to insufficient control, etc.
- Q.1 Will IPAAM accept Non-HIW (Class 2-A (Non-inerts)) disposal at Manaus landfill if TAC made?
- Q.2 Does IPAAM have a state guideline for non-HIW landfill like Rio and Sao Paulo?
- a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (8): Recommendation (6): Team's Proposal (3)
- ☐ Since provision of a proper destination of IW may consider as service of the SUFRAMA, the Team recommends SUFRAMA to ask the Public Ministry to make a TAC for the temporary use of MWL of the Manaus City as Class II-B IW between IPAAM, the City, SUFRAMA, others. => See details.
- □ As for non-HIW /inert will be disposed of at MWL.
- The proposed final destination of IW generated in PIM is illustrated in the next screen.

a. Needs of licensed final disposal sites (9): Recommendation (7): Proposed final destination of IW



b. Promotion of proper waste management industries (1): Team's Understanding

- Current Industrial Waste Management (IWM) Business Environment and Evaluation of off-site WM in MFZ.
- Control, manage, monitoring and enforcement of IPAAM are very weak.
- IPAAM are very weak.

 A lot of IW are disposed of at Manaus City Landfill (MCL) and almost free disposal of IW at MCL.

 Very low price of waste treatment & disposal including incineration due to use of insufficient facilities like almost scraped incinerators and residues' disposal by mixing with construction materials.

 Current IWM business in MFZ do not allow proper IWM by WMCs due to high competition and low prices.

 Possible proper WMCs like cement factories as well as
- Possible proper WMCs like cement factories as well as CETRAM have a knowhow and money for proper operation of their facilities. But they do not sufficiently invest for their facilities.

b. Promotion of proper waste management industries (2): Team's recommendation

- SUFRAMA/IPAAM should inform the generators that proper disposal is their responsibility.
- Generator/SUFRAMA/IPAAM should instruct WMCs of proper disposal.
- IPAAM should instruct Manaus city to charge on IW disposal for proper final disposal operation and not to accept Class I (Hazardous) waste.
- IPAAM should strengthen its control & monitoring activity and conduct enforcement to WMCs.
- IPAAM should establish control & management system of IW including a Waste Manifest System (WMS) in order to find out what the final destination of IW is.

c. Database development

- $\hfill\Box$ The Team will develop the following databases:
- 1. Waste inventory (on-site waste management) database of factories in PIM.
- 2. WMCs (off-site waste management) database for factories in PIM.
- ☐ In order to develop the above databases we need to confirm the following codes:

17

- 1. Factory code
- 2. Waste code
- 3. WMC code

Factory code	Description of subsector	Factory code	Description of subsector
F01	Beverage (soft drink, alcoholic) and vinegars	F12	Food products
F02	Leathers, skins and similar	F13	Chemical
F03	Printing and graphical company	F14	Plastic material products
F04	Electric, electronic and communication materials	F15	Textile
	4.1 Components	F16	Clothing, fabric and travel goods
	4.2 Products (except copy machines)	F17	Transport material
	4.3 Copy machines and similars		17.1 Two wheel
F05	Wood		17.2 Naval
F06	Mechanical		17.3 Other transport material industry
	6.1 Watch	F18	Construction
	6.2 Other mechanical industries	F19	Others
F07	Metallurgy		19.1 Optical
F08	Non metallic minerals		19.2 Toys
F09	Furniture		19.3 Devices, equipment, and fotogr. accessories
F10	Paper, cardboard, cellulose		19.4 Pens and disposable razors
F11	Rubber		19.5 Other several industries

c.2 Waste Code

- □ Large Category to be used
- 1. Industrial waste
- 2. Health waste (SSR)
- 3. Construction waste

Type of Non-HIW	Non-HIW Code
Waste from animal such as bone, skin, hair (Food waste)	NH01
Wood	NH02
Paper	NH03
Plastic or polymers and resins	NH04
Textile and fiber	NH05
Grease, animal oil, vegetable oil	NH06
Rubbers and Leather	NH07
Ash/dust from coal-fired power plants, etc.	NH08
Metals and metal alloys such as aluminum, copper, bronze	NH09
Ceramic & Glasses	NH10
Stone, sand or material that have composition of soil such as tile, brick, gypsum, cement	NH11
Mixed waste (This code shall be applied in case wastes are discharged without separation.)	NH12
Other solid waste	NH13
Liquid waste other than oil contaminated one	NH14

Waste Category (3) Relationship between Waste Code of Class II and Class III of CONAMA Resolution 313 and Proposed One

eam Code		CONAMA Code							
NH01	A001	A024	A499	A599	A699	A999			
NH02	A009								
NH03	A006								
NH04	A007	A107	A108	A207	A208				
NH05	A010								
NH06	-								
NH07	A008								
NH08	A111	A299							
NH09	A004	A005	A011	A012	A013	A014	A015		
	A016	A104	A105	A204	A399				
NH10	A017	A025	A117	A799					
NH11	-								
NH12	A002								
NH13	A003	A018	A019	A021	A022	A023	A026		
	A027	A028	A029	A099	A199	A308	A899		
NH14									

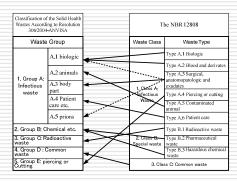
Waste	Category	(4)	HIW	(Class I	waste)	ĺ
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Type of HIW	HIW Code	Example of HIW
Inorganic acid	HW01	Sulfurie acid (H2SO4), Hydrochlorie acid (HCl), Nitrie acid (HNO3), Phosphorie acid (H3PO4), Other inorganie acids
Organic acid	HW02	Acetic acid (CH3COOH), Formic acid (HCOOH), Other organic acids
Alkalis	HW03	Caustic soda (NaOH), Ammonia (NH3), Sodium carbonate (Na2CO3), Other alkaline materials
Toxic Compounds	HW04	including Hg, As, Cd, Pb, Cr, CN
Inorganic Compounds	HW05	Plating wastes, Picking waste, Sulphides, etc.
Other Inorganic	HW06	Asbestos, Slug, etc.
Organic Compounds	HW07	Reactive chemical wastes (Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, etc.), Solvents etc.
Polymeric Materials	HW08	Epoxy resin, Chelate resin, Polyurethan resin, Latex rubber etc.
Fuel, Oil and Grease	HW09	Fats, Waxes, Kerosene, Lubricating oil, Engine oil, Grease etc
Fine Chemicals and Biocides	HW10	Pesticides, Medicine, Cosmetic, Drugs, etc.
Treatment Sludge	HW11	Inorganic sludge, Organic sludge, Septic tank sludge, etc.
Ash from incinerator	HW12	
Dust and Air pollution control (APC) products	HW13	Soot and dust waste from incineration facilities, treating exhaust gas
Other Hazardous substance (besides HW01·HW13)	HW14	HIWs other than the above
Mixed waste	HW15	
Hazardous materials from Non production process	HW16	Fluorescent tubes, Thermometer (use mercury), Batteries, Pesticides (Household use), etc.

Waste Category (3) Relationship between Waste Code of

Team Code	Conama Code	Team Code	Conama Code	Team Code	Conama Code
HW01	D002	HW07	D003	HW10	D001
	D003		F105		D004
	K207		F001 F0301		D005 to D02
HW02	D002		F100		F103
	D003		P001 to P123		K203
HW03	D002		K001 to K209	HW11	D005 to D02
	D003		K053		K081
HW04	K193		K078	HW12	
	K194		K081	HW13	
	K195	HW08	D001	HW14	C001 to C009
	F103	HW09	D001		D001
	F001 F0301		K207		D004
	K001 to K209				F102
HW05	D005 to D029				F104
HW06	D005 to D029				D099
					U001 to U24

Health waste



Construction waste

Class	Description
Class A:	The reusable or recyclable waste as aggregates, such as:
	from construction, demolition, refitting and repair of pavement and other infrastructure constructions, including land preparation;
	b) from the construction, demolition refitting and repair of edifications: ceramic components (bricks, blocks, tiles, insulation planks, etc.), cement and concrete;
	c) from manufacturing and/or demolition process of concrete pre-modulated pieces (blocks, pipes, gutter, etc.) produced in the construction sites.
Class B	The recyclable waste for other purposes, such as: plastics, paper/carton, metals, glass, wood and others.
Class C	Waste which has no economically feasible technology or applications which may allow it to be recycled/recovered, such as the products arisen from plaster.
Class D	Hazardous waste arisen from construction process, such as paints, solvents, oils and so forth, or those contaminated or harmful to health arisen from demolitions, refitting and repairs of radiology clinics, industrial facilities and others, as well as tiles and other objects and materials containing asbestos or other products harmful to health. (new text given by Resolution n. 348/04).

c.3 WMC code

- ☐ Waste Management Company (WMC) code is as follows:
- 1. Transportation
- 2. Intermediate treatment
- 3. Reuse /recycling
- 4. Final disdposal

Intermediate Treatment Method

T01 Incineration T12 Neutralization T02 Incineration with chamber T13 Adsorption T05 Open burning T15 Biological treatment T06 Explosion T16 Composting T07 Oxidation of cyanides T17 Drying T08 Encapsulation/Solidification T18 Land farming T09 Chemical oxidation T19 Decomposition by plasma T10 Precipitation T34 Others (including other thermal treatment such as autoclave) T11 Detoxification T9 Detoxification				
T05 Open burning T15 Biological treatment T06 Explosion T16 Composting T07 Oxidation of cyanides T17 Drying T08 Encapsulation/Solidification T18 Land farming T09 Chemical oxidation T19 Decomposition by plasma T10 Precipitation T34 Others (including other thermal treatment such as autoclave)	T01	Incineration	T12	Neutralization
T06 Explosion T16 Composting T07 Oxidation of cyanides T17 Drying T08 Encapsulation/Solidification T18 Land farming T09 Chemical oxidation T19 Decomposition by plasma T10 Precipitation T34 Others (including other thermal treatment such as autoclave)	T02	Incineration with chamber	T13	Adsorption
T07 Oxidation of cyanides T17 Drying T08 Encapsulation/Solidification T18 Land farming T09 Chemical oxidation T19 Decomposition by plasma T10 Precipitation T34 Others (including other thermal treatment such as autoclave)	T05	Open burning	T15	Biological treatment
T08 Encapsulation/Solidification T18 Land farming T09 Chemical oxidation T19 Decomposition by plasma T10 Precipitation T34 Under (including other thermal treatment such as autoclave)	T06	Explosion	T16	Composting
T09 Chemical oxidation T19 Decomposition by plasma Others (including other thermal treatment such as autoclave)	T07	Oxidation of cyanides	T17	Drying
T10 Precipitation T34 Others (including other thermal treatment such as autoclave)	T08	Encapsulation/Solidification	T18	Land farming
T10 Precipitation T34 treatment such as autoclave)	T09	Chemical oxidation	T19	Decomposition by plasma
T11 Detoxification	T10	Precipitation	T34	
	T11	Detoxification		•

Reuse /Recycle /Recover Method

	Reuse /Recycle /Recover		Reuse /Recycle /Recover
R01	Utilization in industrial furnace (except cement kiln)		Animal feed
R02	Utilization in boiler	R09	Re-treatment of solvent (Distillation etc)
R03	Utilization (Incorporation in cement kiln)	R10	Refining of waste oils
R04	Blending of wastes for further treatment, such as utilization in cement kiln	R11	Re-refining of oils
R05	Utilization as micronutrient for agricultural application	R12	Intermediate scraps
R06	Incorporation to agricultural soil	R13	Recovery metriod
R07	Fertilizer	R99	Internal Reuse/Internal Recycle/ Internal Recovery

d. IWM in Japan (1)

- The Team find out establishment of proper administration system for IWM in PIM is the most important and urgent issue.
- ☐ Dispute in Teshima Island => Japan learned the following issues:
- 1. Control, monitoring and enforcement by administration is the critical issues for proper IW management
- 2. Good administration saves not only environment but also money.
- See my lecture presentation prepared in 2002 => to be modified for workshop (2)

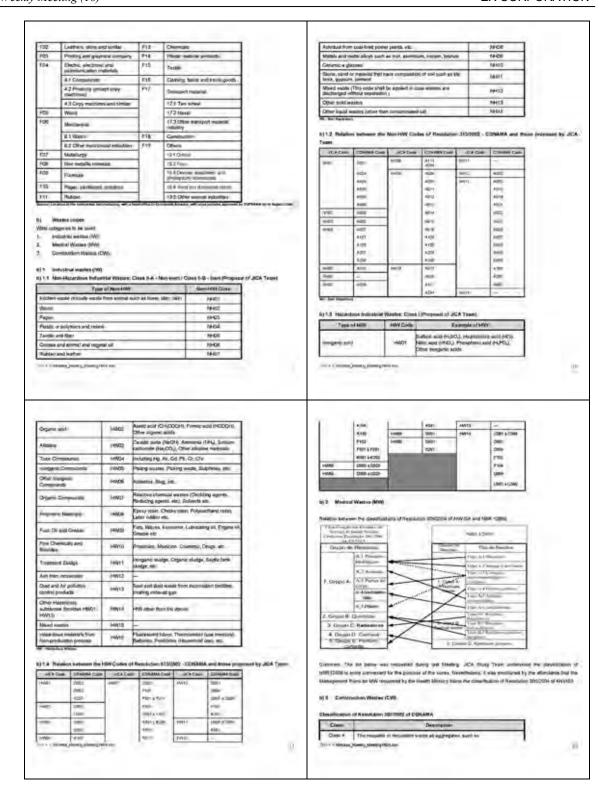
Next Weekly Meeting

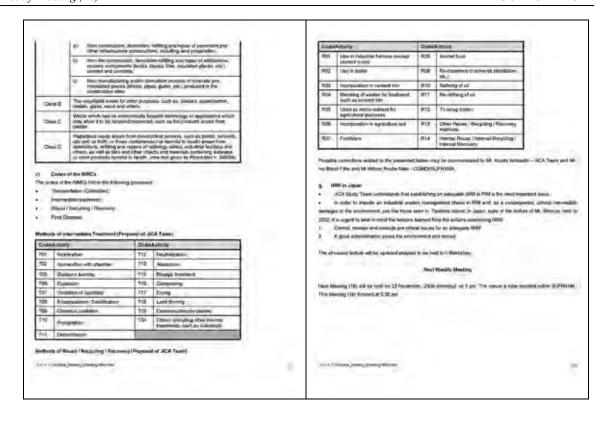
☐ Next Meeting will be 23th November 2009 (Monday) at 3:00 РΜ

3.18.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (18) on November 16, 2009





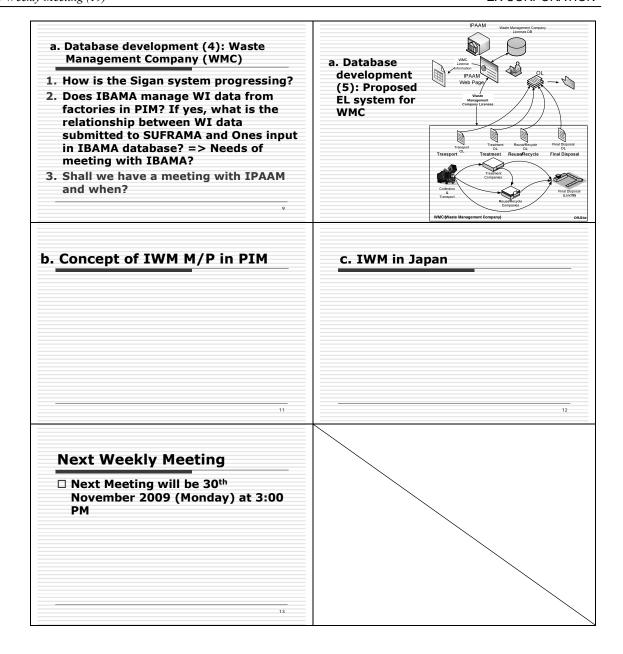




3.19 Weekly Meeting (19)

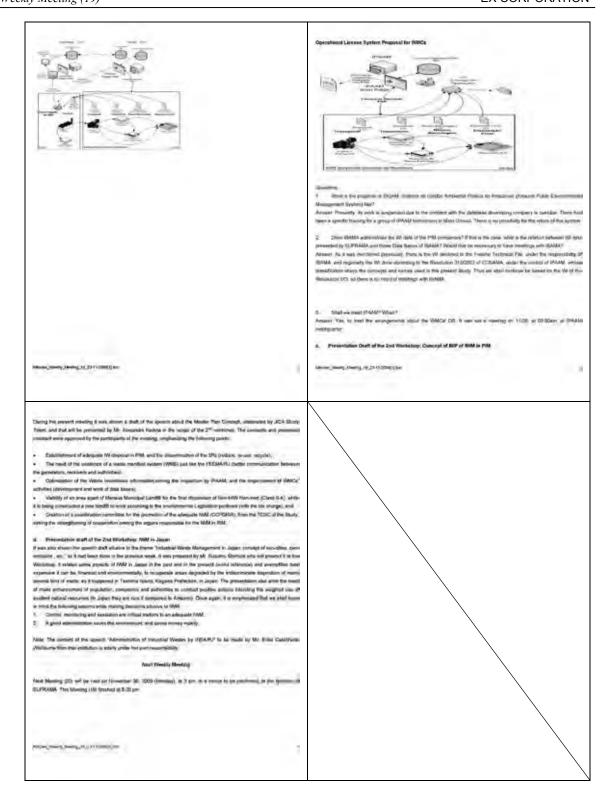
3.19.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (19) on November 23, 2009

Agenda Weekly Meeting (19) 1. Work Progress 2. Schedule for this Week 3. Subjects to be Discussed November 23, 2009 **JICA Study Team** For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus 1. Work Progress: From November 16 to November 22, 2009 2. Schedule for this Week 1. Analyze the results of the factory survey for 1. Analyze the results of the factory survey for 187 factories. 187 factories. Review of industrial waste flows for each 2. Review of industrial waste flows for each industry and waste category. industry and waste category. Analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey for 90 companies. 3. Analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey for 90 companies. Submission and discussion of IT/R (Interim 4. Workshop (2) 5. Preparation of workshop (2) 5. Formulation of a concept of master plan 6. Formulation of a concept of master plan 6. Development of databases for IWM 7. Development of databases for IWM 8. Mr. Kina will back to Japan on Nov. 18. a. Database development (1): 3. Subjects to be Discussed Waste Inventory (WI) (1) □ For well functioning Database (DB) system a. Database development the following aspects shall be considered: b. Concept of IWM M/P in PIM 1. Input data shall be unified; code of wastes, c. IWM in Japan etc., unit and so on. => IT engineer of SUFRAMA => Training to IWM officers of PIM factories 2. Data sent by the IWM officers shall be checked for preparing analysis report => Inquiry to the IWM officers if unclear and doubt => At present Mr. Jory Filho of CGPRI/COPEA does it => Who will do this work? => Shall we have a meeting? a. Database development (2): a. Database development (3): Waste Inventory (WI) (2) Proposed 1. Task for IT support => CGMOI: Mr. Ivo Brasil system for WI and Mr. Wilson Rocha Develop database (DB) system Training to the factories to use the system => March 2010 Maintenance of the system 2. Task for data analysis => CGLOG: Mr. David Silva and Ms. Rita de Cassia => Task is very hard and busy. => Who will be in charge? Inquiry and contact with the factories Check the data coming from factories (categories of waste, waste code, etc.) ☐ Analysis and report of the WI



3.19.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (19) on November 23, 2009





3.20 Weekly Meeting (20)

3.20.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (20) on November 30, 2009

Weekly Meeting (20)

November 30, 2009 **JICA Study Team**

For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus

Agenda

- 1. Work Progress
- 2. Schedule for this Week
- 3. Subjects to be Discussed

1. Work Progress: From November 23 to November 29, 2009

- 1. Analyze the results of the factory survey for 187 factories.
- 2. Review of industrial waste flows for each industry and waste category.
- 3. Analyze the results of waste management companies (WMC) survey for 90 companies.
- 4. Workshop (2)
- 5. Formulation of a concept of master plan
- 6. Development of databases for IWM

2. Schedule for this Week

- 1. Analyze the results of the factory survey for 187 factories.
- 2. Review of industrial waste flows for each industry and waste category.
- 3. Reporting of Workshop (2)
- 4. Formulation of a concept of master plan
- 5. Development of databases for IWM
- 6. Visit Manaus City Landfill
- 7. All study members will leave Manaus

3. Subjects to be Discussed

- a. Summary of the analyze of the results of the factory survey for 187 factories
- b. Summary of the analyze of the results of the waste service companies (WSC) survey for 90 companies.
- c. Database development
- d. Question and answer of the Workshop
- e. Schedule of the next study in Manaus

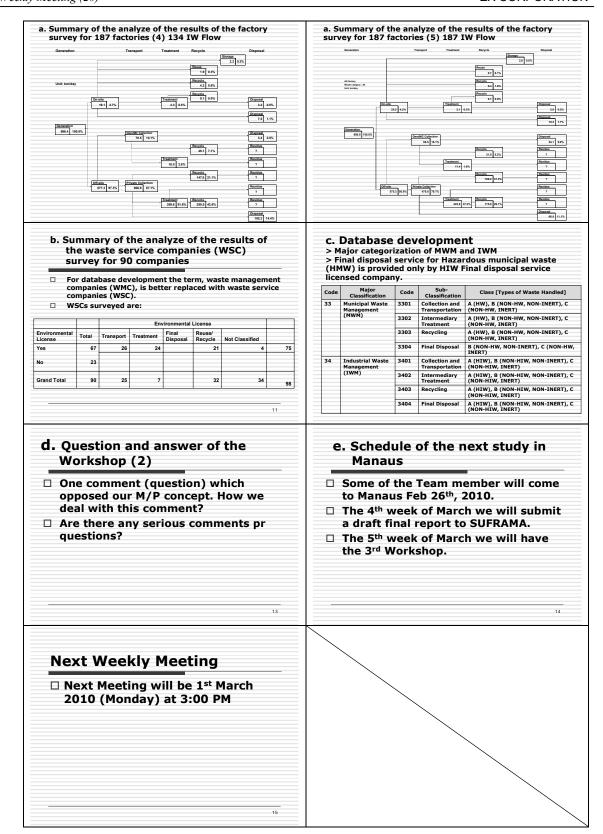
- a. Summary of the analyze of the results of the factory survey for 187 factories (1)
- □ Main differences between the analysis of 134 and 187 are:
- Total generation: 696.4 ton/day => 600.5 ton/day due to change of generation rates of F01 and F17
- 2. On-site management rate increases: 2.7 % => 4.2%
- 3. Own & municipal collection rate increase: 10.1 % => 16.1%
- 4. Direct disposal increase: 14.9% => 20.1%

a. Summary of the analyze of the results of the factory survey for 187 factories (2)

Factory	Employee	134 fac	tories	187 fact	ories	Balance
code	person	kg/year/person	ton/year	kg/year/person	ton/year	ton/year
F01	2,975	18,481.1	54,981.3	2,966.8	8,826.2	-46,155.
F03	843	8,576.8	7,230.2	11,475.1	9,673.5	2,443.
F04	37,765	1,274.5	48,131.5	1,361.2	51,405.7	3,274.
F06	5,464	2,840.0	15,517.8	2,728.0	14,905.8	-612
F07	6,003	2,104.7	12,634.5	3,632.3	21,804.7	9,170.
F08	698	1,030.3	719.1	1,030.3	719.1	0.
F09	445	395.2	175.9	317.3	141.2	-34
F10	1,789	7,402.8	13,243.6	17,006.2	30,424.1	17,180
F12	538	14,468.5	7,784.1	14,366.4	7,729.1	-55.
F13	1,355	1,899.1	2,573.3	1,309.3	1,774.1	-799
F14	9,625	1,409.4	13,565.5	2,416.5	23,258.8	9,693
F17	43,937	1,598.8	70,246.5	940.0	41,300.8	-28,945.
F19	3,225	1,270.4	4,097.0	947.3	3,055.0	-1,042

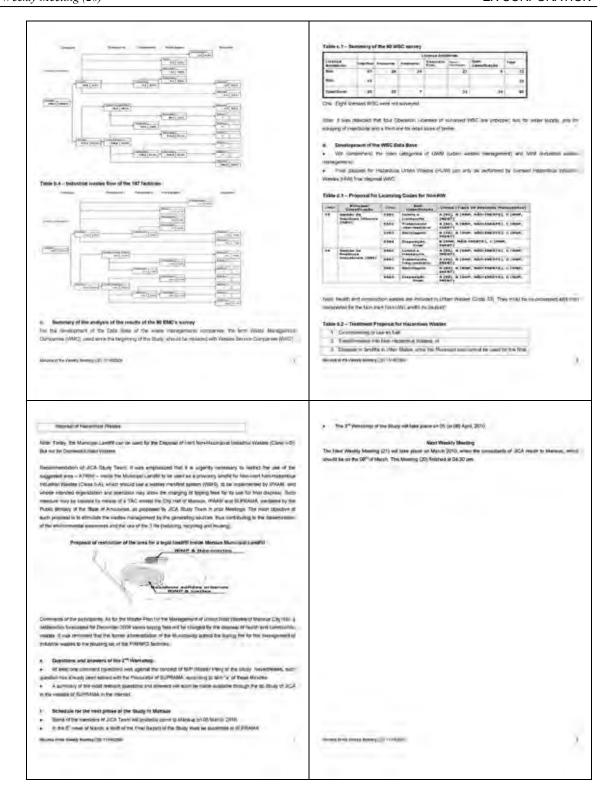
a. Summary of the analyze of the results of the factory

				Target l	Factories	
Factory	actory Sector	Total No. of Factories	134 Fa	ctories	187 Factories	
Code		(A)	No. Surveyed (B)*1	Ratio (%) (B/A)	No. Surveyed (B)*1	Ratio (%) (B/A)
F01	Beverages	15	2	13.3	5	33.
F02	Leathers				0	
F03	Printing	16	4	25.0	6	37.
F04	Electronic	121	45	37.2	65	53.
F05	Wood	2			0	0.
F06	Mechanical	28	9	32.1	17	60.
F07	Metallurgy	47	16	34.0	19	40.
F08	Non-metallic Minerals	6	1	16.7	1	16.
F09	Furniture	5	2	40.0	2	40.
F10	Paper	13	7	53.8	7	53.
FII	Rubber	3			0	0.
F12	Food Products	13	2	15.4	3	23.
F13	Chemical	34	7	20.6	12	35.
F14	Plastic	75	22	29.3	24	32.
F15	Textile	- 1			0	0.
F16	Fabric	2			0	0.
F17	Transport mat.	33	14	42.4	19	57.
F18	Construction	6			0	0.
F19	Others	20	3	15.0	7	35.
	Total	440	134	30.5	187	42.



3.20.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (20) on November 30, 2009





3.21 Weekly Meeting (21)

3.21.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (21) on March 15, 2010

	Agenda
Weekly Meeting (21)	Work Progress Schedule for this Week Subjects to be Discussed
March 15, 2010 JICA Study Team For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus	
1. Work Progress: From November 29 to March 15, 2010	2. Schedule for this Week
 Preparation of counterpart (C/P) training in Japan Training in Japan from January 25 to February 10, 2010 Preparation of the Draft Final Report (DF/R) 	1. Formulation of the master plan (M/P) 2. Preparation of DF/R 3. Development of the waste inventory (WI) database and the waste service company (WSC) database 4. Preparation of the explanation meetings for the waste inventory (WI) database and the waste service company (WSC) database 5. Preparation of Workshop (3) 6. Visit of the ENTERPA Landfill for HIW and Non-HIW at Sao Jose Dos Campos in Sao Paulo
3. Subjects to be Discussed	a. Assignment schedule of the experts from March 8 to April 8
a. Assignment schedule of the experts from March 8 to April 9 b. Schedule of the work from March 8 to April 9 c. Preparation of the explanation meetings for the WI database and the Waste Service Company (WSC) database d. Preparation of Workshop (3) e. Confirmation of some issues related to M/P f. Visit to hazardous and non-hazardous IW landfill in Sao Jose dos Campos	 Shimura, Suzuki and Ishibashi: From March 8 to April 9 Sawachi: From March 8 to March 25 Kina: From March 8 to March 19 Sugimoto: From March 14 to March 29 Steven: From March 22 to April 9 Haddad: From March 19 to April 7
b. Schedule of the work from March 8 to April 9	c. Preparation of the explanation meetings for the WI database and the WSC database
 □ Explanation meeting for the WI database on April 5 or 6 □ Explanation meeting for the WSC database on April 7 or 8 □ Submission of the DF/R on the beginning of April □ Workshop (3) on April 5 or 6 □ Seminar on the end of May 	□ Appropriate use of waste inventory (WI) and WSC license is an essential issue for the establishment of proper IWM in PIM. □ WI database (on-site IWM) and WSC operation license database (off-site IWM) will be developed by the C/P and the study team. □ After the training of database managers (IPAAM/SUFRAMA) and the explanation meetings to factories/WSCs, the databases developed shall be transferred to the C/P by the beginning of April 2010. □ Then, the databases will be maintained and operated by the C/P.

Proposed Schedule of Waste Inventory (WI) Database (DB) Development ## 2005 | Fig. 2007 | Fig. 200

Waste Inventory DB

- □ The DB are developing by Wilson Rocha Neto, Ivo Brasil Filho and Ishibashi
- □ Date and place for explanation meeting?
- ☐ The explanation meeting of DB will be done by Wilson Rocha, Ivo Brasil Filho, David Silva, **Armando Santos Jr. and Rita Marie**

Proposed Schedule of WSC Operation Licenses (OL) DB Development



WSC OL DB

- The DB are developing by Wilson Rocha Neto (SUFRAMA), Emerson Silva (IPAAM) and Ishibashi Kunito
- Full assistance of Rosivana C. Pereira to check and update WSC operation licenses
- Date and place for explanation meeting?
- The explanation meeting of DB will be done by Antonio Ademir Stroski, Emerson Silva, Rosivana C. Pereira

d. Preparation of Workshop (3)

To confirm the following aspects:

- 1. Date: April 6 (Tue), 2010
- 2. Time: 8:00 AM 17:30 PM
- 3. Place: Auditorio Floriano Pacheco, SUFRAMA
- 4. Number of participants to be invited:
- 5. Person in charge of workshop preparation:
- 6. Who will make opening address:
- 7. Lectures: C/P who received training in Japan

e. Confirmation of some issues related to M/P: Basic Policies to be discussed and confirmed here

- How to oblige PIM Factories to confide their IW only to WSCs with OL?
- To Appoint a person responsible for IW in each factory
- □ To Set up interactive network among those persons to select representatives from factories to a Proper IWM Promotion Committee (PIWMPC)
- □ To Set up a cooperative association among WSCs to select representatives from WSCs to a Proper IWM Promotion Committee (PIWMPC) and to facilitate appropriate business activities.

Member of Committee - IPAAM - SEMMA - SEMULSP - UGP/PROSAMIM - FIEAM CCPIWM - CIEAM - CCINB-AM Proposed **CCPIWMP** and PIWMPC **PIWMPC** GENERATOR WMC

Following theme concerning IWM and WSC to be discussed with IPAAM within this week

- Completion of optimum Application Form for OL Optimum Check and Approval Procedures for Application
- Details of Renewal and Abolition procedures for OL
- Publication and Announcement method of WSC License Code
- Current Laws and Regulations for Enforcement of proper IWM and How to execute those Laws effectively
- How to support Promising Companies which have co-processing technologies such as cement factory?
- Fostering good WSCs with Awarding and Good Treatment

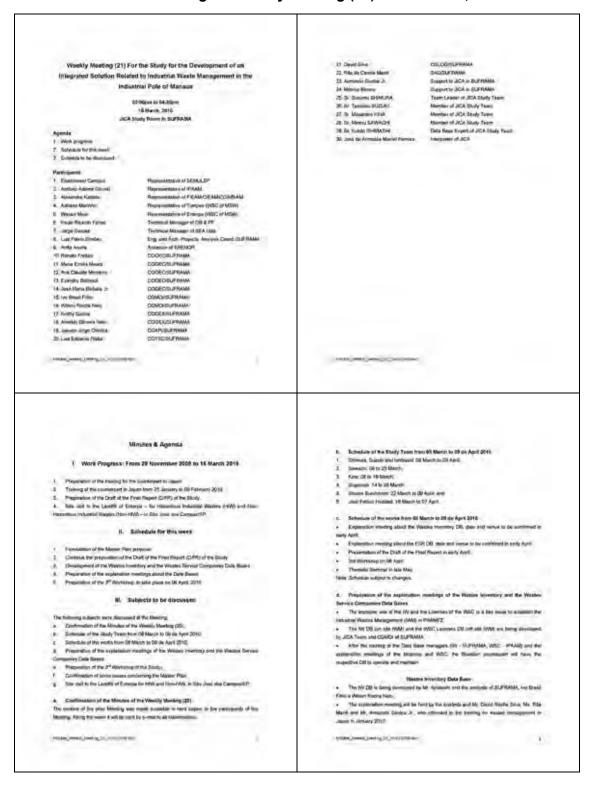


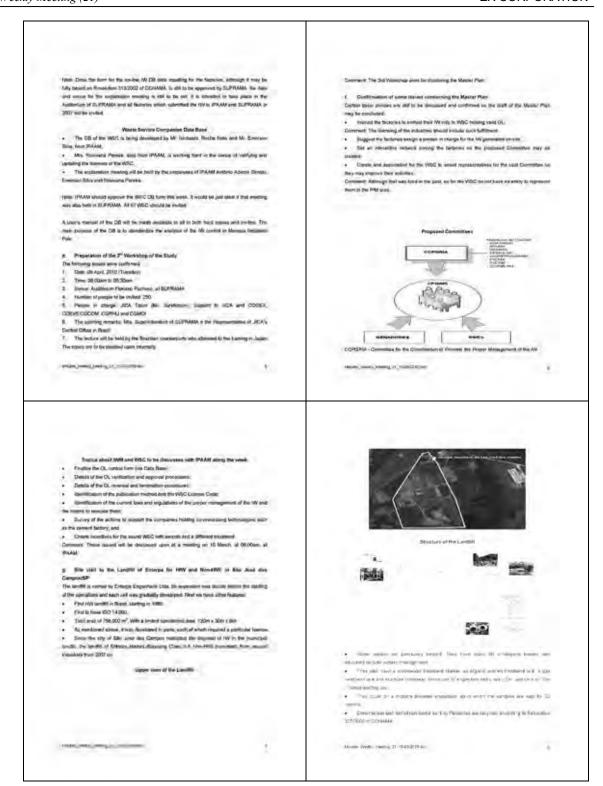
Outline of the landfill (1)

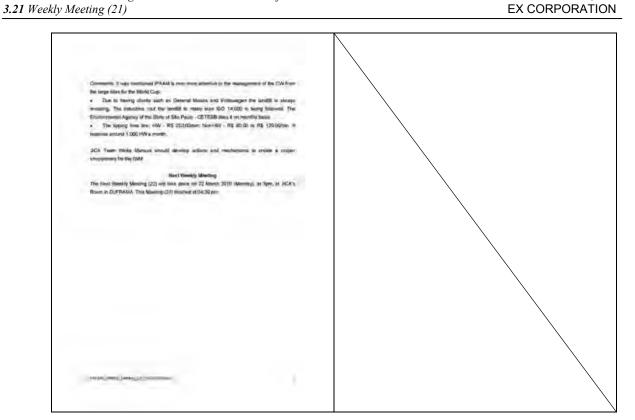
- ☐ The first HW landfill in Brazil and established
- ☐ The first landfill in Brazil that got ISO 14000
- ☐ Area: 756,000 m²
- ☐ HW landfill has been developed one by one and its operation area is limited => 120m x 30m x 8m.
- □ Each site have to get an operation license.
- ☐ Since the municipality of Sao Jose dos Campos restricted IW disposal of at municipal landfill, the HW landfill started to disposal of Class II-A waste of factories from 2007.



3.21.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (21) on March 15, 2010



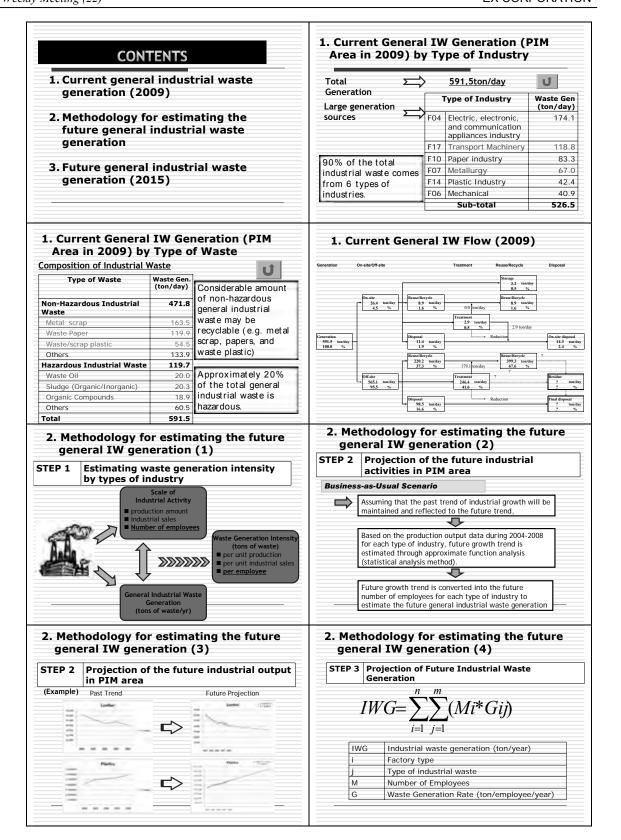


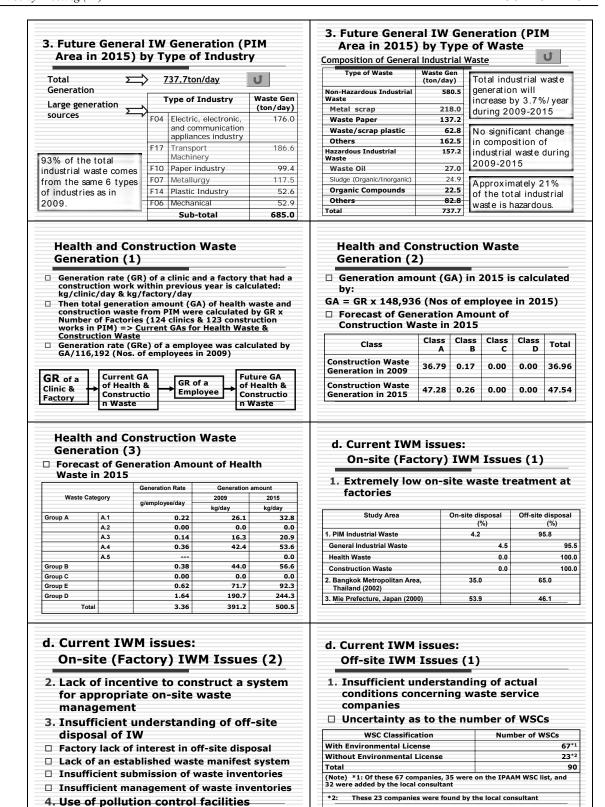


3.22 Weekly Meeting (22)

3.22.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (22) on March 22, 2010

	Agenda
Weekly Meeting (22)	Work Progress Schedule for this Week Subjects to be Discussed
March 22, 2010	
JICA Study Team	
For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus	
1. Work Progress: From March 16 to March 22, 2010	2. Schedule for this Week
1. Formulation of the master plan (M/P)	1. Formulation of the master plan (M/P)
2. Preparation of DF/R	2. Preparation of DF/R
3. Development of the waste inventory (WI) database and the waste service company (WSC) database	3. Development of the waste inventory database (WI_DB) and the waste service company database (WSC_DB)
4. Preparation of the explanation meetings for the waste inventory (WI) database and the waste service company (WSC) database	4. Preparation of the explanation meetings for the waste inventory database (WI_DB) and the waste service company database (WSC_DB)
5. Preparation of Workshop (3)	5. Preparation of Workshop (3)
3. Subjects to be Discussed	a. Explanation meeting for the Waste Service Company database (WSC_DB)
a. Explanation meeting for the WI database (WI_DB)	☐ Purpose: See a draft invitation letter 1. Identification of licensed WSCs to
b. Explanation meeting for the Waste Service Company database (WSC_DB) c. Current and future industrial waste	eliminate non-licensed ones 2. Regulation of the licensed WSCs not to conduct non-licensed activities
(IW) generation	□ Date: April 5 or 7 in the morning
d. Current IWM issues	□ WSCs to be invited: 67 licensed ones How do we deal with 23 non-licensed WSCs?
b. Explanation meeting for the Waste Inventory database (WI_DB)	c. Current and future industrial waste (IW) generation
☐ Purpose: See a draft invitation letter	CURRENT AND FUTURE
To use WI_DB for identification of IWM in PIM as requested by CONAMA Resolution 313	CURRENT AND FUTURE GENERAL INDUSTRIAL WASTE GENERATION
2. To properly prepare a WI by factories	
□ Date: April 5 or 7 in the afternoon □ Factories to be invited: 110 factories which submitted WI in 2008?	Methodology and Estimation Results Industrial Waste General Industrial Waste Health Waste Construction Waste

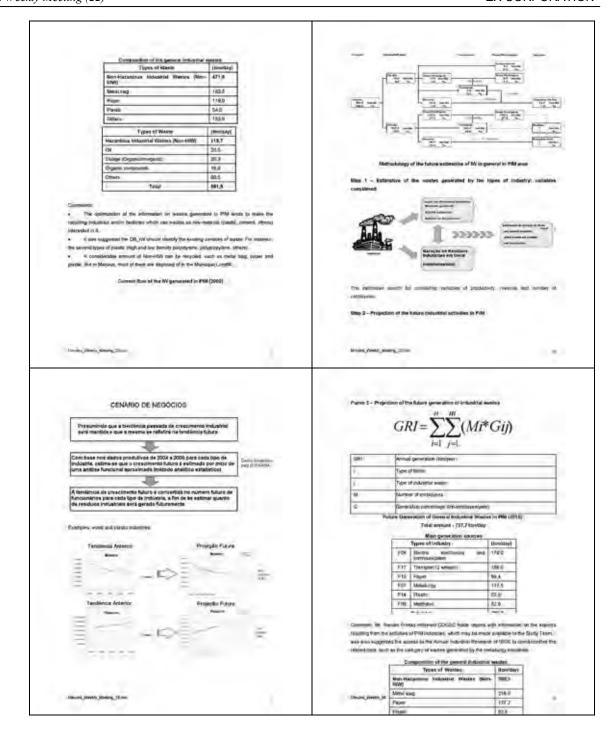


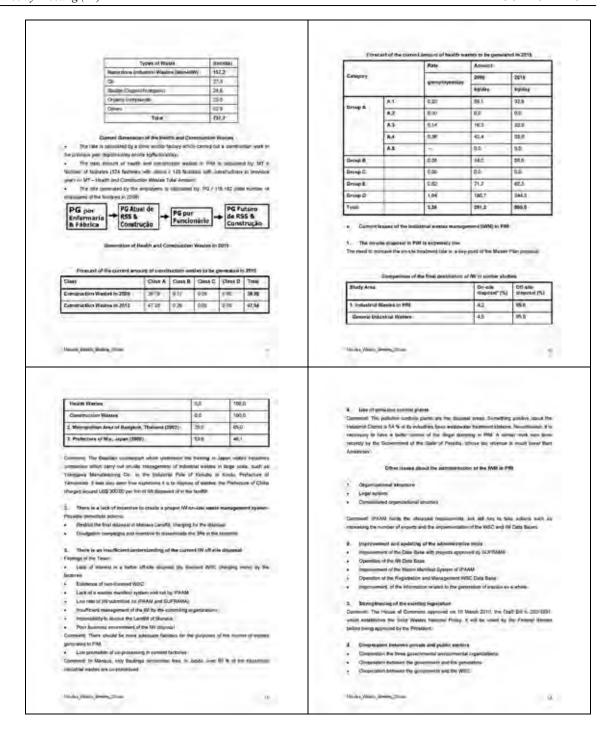


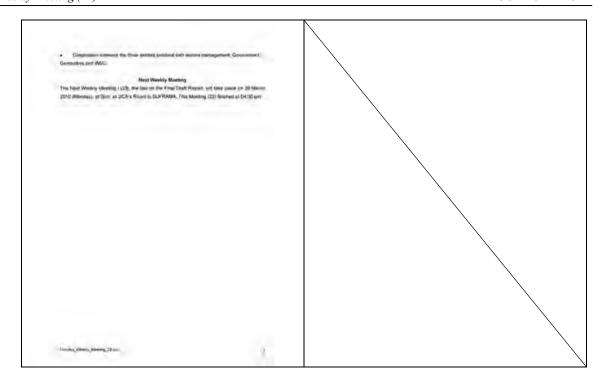
d. Current IWM issues: Off-site IWM Issues (2) Discord between WSC operations and environmental licenses Possession of Environmental Transportation Treatment Uclense With 41 Without 7 0 0 10 42 102 Total 48 9 10 60 127 Possession of Environmental License Treatment Uclense Uclection / Intermediate Treatment Uclense Uclection / Uclection	d. Current IWM issues: Off-site IWM Issues (3) Presence of unregistered entities Secure Final Destination Final disposal site without operation license Promoting Co-processing Promoting Co-processing Promoting Co-processing Regional Security of the company of
d. Current IWM issues: Issues on Administration of IWM (1) 1. Organizational Structure Legal System Organizational Structure 2. Improvement and Upgrading of Management Tools Improvement of Factory Database Improvement of Waste Inventory Database Improvement of Waste Manifest System Development of Registry and Management Database for WSCs Improvement of Data Management System	d. Current IWM issues: Issues on Administration of IWM (2) 3. Strengthening Regulation 4. Insufficient Cooperation among Administration, Dischargers and Waste Service Companies Cooperation between Administrative Entities Cooperation between Administration and Dischargers of Waste Cooperation between Administration and WSCs Cooperation between 3 Entities: Administration, Dischargers and WSCs
Next Weekly Meeting Next Meeting will be 29th March 2010 (Monday) at 3:00 PM	

3.22.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (22) on March 22, 2010









3.23 Weekly Meeting (23)

3.23.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (23) on March 29, 2010

Agenda Weekly Meeting (23) 1. Work Progress 2. Schedule for this Week 3. Subjects to be Discussed March 29, 2010 **JICA Study Team** For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus 1. Work Progress: From March 23 to March 29, 2010 2. Schedule for this Week 1. Formulation of the master plan (M/P) 1. Preparation of DF/R 2. Preparation of DF/R 2. Preparation of the explanation 3. Development of the waste inventory meetings for the waste inventory database (WI_DB) and the waste database (WI_DB) and the waste service company database (WSC_DB) service company database (WSC_DB) 4. Preparation of the explanation 3. Preparation of Workshop (3) meetings for the waste inventory database (WI_DB) and the waste service company database (WSC_DB) 5. Preparation of Workshop (3) a. Confirmation of the explanation meeting for the Waste Service Company database 3. Subjects to be Discussed (WSC_DB) and the WI database (WI_DB) a. Confirmation of the explanation □ Date: April 7 meeting for the WI database (WI_DB) ☐ WSCs to be invited: 67 licensed ones and the Waste Service Company How do we deal with 23 non-licensed database (WSC_DB) b. Recommendations of the Draft Final ☐ Factories to be invited: 110 factories Report which submitted WI in 2008? c. Presentations of the Workshop (3) □ Who is going to send invitation letters? b. Recommendations (2) b. Recommendations of the Draft Improving the Administrative System for IWM Legal Enforcement Develop a Waste Service Company Database (WSC_DB) Final Report (1) ☐ The purpose of the Master Plan (MP) is to "establish an appropriate industrial waste management system in PIM" ☐ Target year of the M/P is in 5 years, 2015 ☐ The top priority is "improving the administrative management system for of Appropriate ndustrial Waste Management Promote Appropriate Treatment and Disposal and the 3Rs Improve the business environment for waste service companies Cooperation between administration, generators and waste service community

b. Recommendations of the Draft Final Report (3)

- A list of administrative management system improvements;:
- Construct a system to manage registration of WSCs by developing a waste service company database (WSC_DB).
- 2. Understand actual waste management at generation sources (i.e. factories) by developing a waste inventory database (WI_DB).
- <u>Understand actual waste disposal</u> after it is discharged by stepping up the Waste Manifest System (WMS).
- In order to carry out the above, reinforce the managing organizations, IPAAM and SUFRAMA.

b. Recommendations of the DF/R (4): Legal Enforcement (1)

- □ Elimination of Non-Licensed Companies
- □ Non-Licensed Companies are:
- 1. Those carrying out waste related services without having obtained an <u>environmental license</u>
- 2. Those which have obtained an environmental license, but are carrying out activities other than those for which they are licensed.

b. Recommendations of the DF/R (5): Legal Enforcement (2)

- Immediately make the WSC registration management system a legal requirement and require companies to obtain an operation license for waste services as a condition to engaging in waste related services.
- Then, instruct the WSC with an environmental license to acquire an operation license according to their activities, for collection and transportation, intermediate treatment, recycling or final disposal, respectively.
- When approving the operation licenses, any discrepancy between the activities applied for and actual activities are confirmed. Approved companies are registered in the WSC_DB according to the WSC_DB guidelines, and publicize information about registered WSCs.

b. Recommendations of the DF/R (6): Legal Enforcement (3)

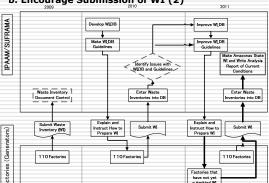
- By WSC_DB waste generators will get the basic information on which companies have a license and what activities licensed. IPAAM shall remind the waste generators that the main responsibility of proper IWM lies with the Generator and the Generator, as well as the Environmental Authority, must audit IW disposal activities of the receptor.

 Waste generators with information about sound.
- Waste generators with information about sound viasce generators with information about sound operators they can hire will <u>push out both non-licensed companies</u> and those conducting non-licensed activities. At the same time, <u>non-licensed companies</u> will be instructed to acquire the appropriate license.
- By eliminating non-licensed companies and non-licensed activities, IPAAM can control improper treatment and disposal done by WSCs with licenses.

b. Recommendations (7): Encourage Submission of Waste Inventory (WI) (1)

- IPAAM shall submit the analysis report of the WI to IBAMA.
- SUFRAMA needs the analysis report of the WI for the acquisition of an environmental license for
- □ IPAAM/SUFRAMA take:
- 1. The first step is to put a system in place to aggregate and analyze the WI in order to gauge the current conditions of IWM and formulate an improvement plan, as required by CONAMA Resolution 313.
- 2. Guidelines were written to instruct how data will be entered in a uniform fashion into a WI DB. developed in this study.

b. Encourage Submission of WI (2)



b. Recommendations (9): Encourage Submission of WI (3)

- To analyze the aggregated data in the WI_DB to understand current conditions on IWM in PIM, it is essential to standardize the data entry methods. To do so, the person at each factory in charge of writing the WI understands how to fill out the forms
- Improvements will need to be made to the WI DB and the guidelines to sufficiently comply with the requirements of the Resolution 313. IPAAM/SUFRAMA will first focus on the factories that submitted waste inventories in 2009, provide them with guidance concerning how to write the WI, and then analyze them. This process will clarify any issues related to factories properly making the WI so that the WI_DB and guidelines can be improved.
- After the improvement of them, public information and guidance will be provided for all PIM factories.

b. Recommendations (10): Confirm **Final Destination**

- ☐ IPAAM conduct:
- Improve the current waste manifest system (WMS) up to the On-line WMS with collaboration of the other state.
- or the other state.

 By the on-line WMS, confirm that proper treatment and disposal is carried out from generator to final destination by matching it with the flow of IW disposal in PIM as clarified in the WI_DB.
- Until the on-line WMS is developed, ask the factories which discharge waste to confirm final destination.
- It should be noted that the WMS must include both private and public entities that generate, transport or receive waste, except municipal waste.

b. Recommendations (11): Application of Guidelines

- To ensure the full use of WSC_DB and WI_DB, guidelines were made for "Making the Waste Inventory" and "Applying for Operational License for Waste Service Companies"
- □ In order to make the two databases functional and achieve their objectives, "Understanding the Current Conditions of IWM in PIM" and "Clarifying Conditions of WSCs with Licenses", it is necessary to resolve issues pertaining to data input and analysis. <u>SUFRAMA and IPAAM will need to collaborate to improve and disseminate</u> each of these databases and their guidelines.

b. Recommendations (12): Promote Appropriate Treatment and Disposal and the 3Rs Step-up Control of Provide Information, Improper Treatment and Fraining and Guidance on Disposal Proper Treatment and Disposal and 3R Raise Disposal Fee Promotion of Appropriate Disposal and 3R Promote 3Rs at Promote off-site use factories (generation of 3R sources)

b. Recommendations (13): Improve Business Environment for WSCs (1)

- □ The first step is to prepare an industrial waste management system, eliminating non-licensed companies, and controlling improper treatment and disposal. To do so, they will need to proactively publicize information about the WSCs registered in the WSC_DB and make factories aware the information.
- ☐ Establish an exclusive area at the Manaus City landfill for fee-based disposal of Class II-A/ Non-inert IW, and promote separate disposal.

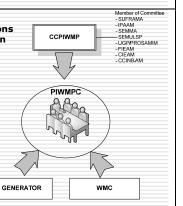
b. Recommendations (14): Improve Business Environment for WSCs (2)

- □ Instruct waste generators to contract WSCs vegistered in the WSC_DB for disposal, and provide technical information to promote onsite 3R, including training and guidance.
- Hold training seminars for WSCs to instruct and guide them with information an appropriate treatment and disposal techniques.
- Furthermore, adopt the good examples from other advanced states. In Japan, many prefectures have recently introduced a "reward system for preferred WSCs" which has been effective.

b. Recommendations (15): Cooperation between Administration, Generators and Waste Service Companies (1)

- Establishing a Coordination Committee for Proper Industrial Waste Management Promotion (CCPIWMP). The CCPIWMP will discuss about duplicity of licensing, inspecting, surveillance and punishment by IPAAM and SEMMA.
- ☐ The CCPIWMP would be central to encouraging cooperation between administration, waste generators, and WSCs. The administrative side would hold a (tentatively named) Proper Industrial Waste Management Promotion Committee (PIWMPC) meeting of these entities for them to come to an understanding on various issues and strengthen ties.
- The administrative side would publicize, educate and train waste generators and WSCs on appropriate disposal.

b. Recommendations (16): Cooperation between Administration, Generators and Waste Service Companies (2)



c. Presentation of the Workshop (3)

Session 1: On-site IWM in Japan Session 2: Off-site IWM in Japan

Session 3: IWM Administration in Japan

Session 4: IWM Master Plan for PIM

Next Weekly Meeting

□ Next Meeting will be 5th April 2010 (Monday) at 3:00 PM

3.23.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (23) on March 29, 2010



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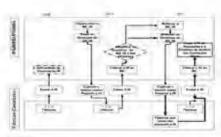
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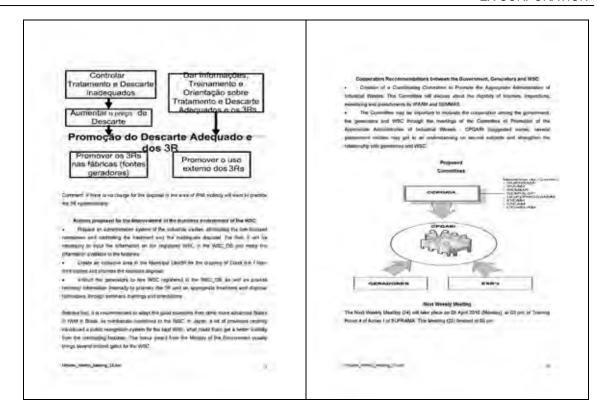
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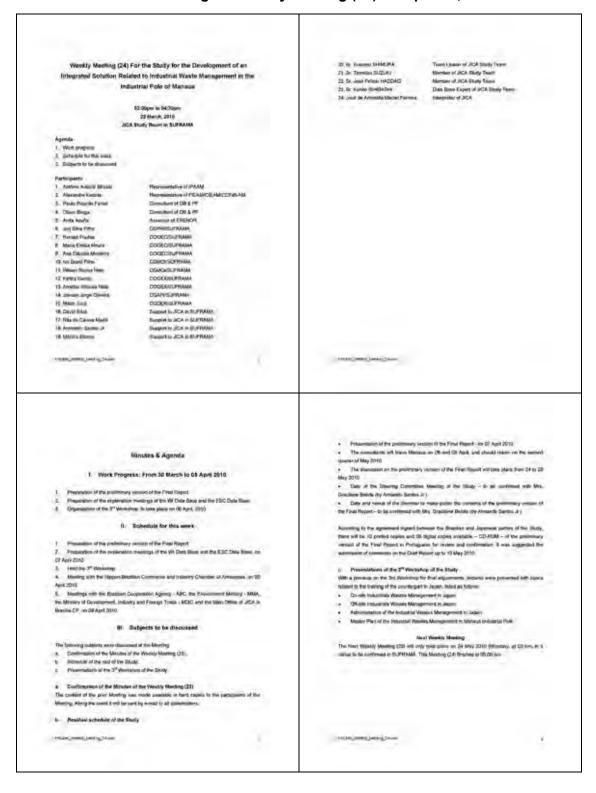


3.24 Weekly Meeting (24)

3.24.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (24) on April 5, 2010

	Agenda	
Weekly Meeting (24)	1. Work Progress	
	2. Schedule for this Week	
	3. Subjects to be Discussed	
April 5, 2010		
JICA Study Team		
For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus		
1. Work Progress: From March 30 to April 5, 2010	2. Schedule for this Week	
Preparation of DF/R Preparation of the explanation meetings for the waste inventory database (WI_DB) and the waste service company database (WSC_DB)	Submission of DF/R Hold the explanation meetings for the waste inventory database (WI_DB) and the waste service company database (WSC_DB) on April 7 Hold of Workshop (3) on April 6	
3. Preparation of Workshop (3)	4. Report to Japanese-Brazilian Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Amazonas (CCINB-AM) on April 5	
	5. Report to ABC, MMA, MDIC, JICA, EoJ in Brasilia on April 9	
3. Subjects to be Discussed	a. Schedule of the Study	
a. Schedule of the Study	☐ Submission of DF/R on April 7.	
b. Presentations of the Workshop (3)	☐ Discussion of DF/R in May from 24 to	
□ On-site IWM in Japan	28. When shall we have a steering	
☐ Off-site IWM in Japan	committee (St/C) meeting?	
☐ IWM Administration in Japan	☐ Hold a seminar to publicize the contents (especially M/P) of DF/R.	
□ IWM M/P in PIM	When shall we hold it and where?	
	☐ If C/P need to modify or amend the DF/R submitted for the seminar, — please let us know before May 15.	
Next Weekly Meeting		
□ Next Meeting will be 25 th May		
2010 (Monday) at 3:00 PM		
,		

3.24.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (24) on April 05, 2010



3.25 Weekly Meeting (25)

3.25.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (25) on May 24, 2010

	Agenda	
Weekly Meeting (25)	Work Progress Schedule for this Week Subjects to be Discussed	
May 24, 2010		
JICA Study Team		
For the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution Related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus		
1. Work Progress: From April 6 to May 23, 2010	2. Schedule for this Week	
. Checking of the DF/R	1. Discussion of the DF/R	
2. Check and input of the 2010 waste inventories data submitted by factories	2. Check and input of the 2010 waste	
3. Preparation of the steering committee (St/C)	inventories data submitted by factories 3. Preparation of the waste stream	
meeting for discussion of the draft final report (DF/R)	4. Hold the St/C meeting for discussion of the	
1. Preparation of Seminar in Manaus	DF/R on May 24. 5. Hold the Seminar in Manaus on May 27	
5. Preparation of Seminar in Brasilia 5. Visit a blender (Processa Tecnologia	6. Hold the Seminar in Brasilia on May 28	
Ambiental Ltda) for a cement factory (Rio Blanco Factory of Votorantim)	7. Leave for Japan on May 29	
7. Arrive in Manaus		
3. Subjects to be Discussed	a. Schedule of the Study	
3. Subjects to be Discussed a. Schedule of the Study b. Presentations of the Seminar in	a. Schedule of the Study Steering Committee Meeting (St/C) on May 24.	
a. Schedule of the Study	☐ Steering Committee Meeting (St/C)	
a. Schedule of the Study b. Presentations of the Seminar in Manaus c. Presentations of the Seminar in	 Steering Committee Meeting (St/C) on May 24. Weekly meeting (25) the Seminar in Manaus on May 27 	
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c. Presentations of the Seminar in Brasilia (1)

To confirm the following aspects:

- 1. Date: May 28 (Thr), 2010
- 2. Time: 14:00 PM 16:30 PM
- 3. Place?
- 4. Number of participants to be invited?
- 5. Person in charge of the seminar preparation?
- 6. Who will make opening address?

c. Presentations of the Seminar in Brasilia (2)

- 7. Who will make the following lectures?
- ☐ Lecture 1: Introduction of the Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution related to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus
- □ Lecture 2: Explanation of the WI_DB system, and use of the WI in 2010 to make a "waste stream"
- □ Lecture 3: Obstacles to making a WI report using the current system + SUFRAMA's management system for the industrial district WI_DB
- Lecture 4: Explanation of the Waste Service Company Database (WSC_DB) for IW Off-site Management.

d. Visit the blender, Processa Tecnologia Ambiental Ltda, for the cement factory, Rio Blanco Factory of Votorantim in Curitiba on May 21

Outline of the Blender (1)

- The Processa Tecnologia Ambiental Ltda had a license for blending waste in 2003 from SEMA (State Environmental Agency of Parana).
- 2. Area: 16,800 m²
- 3. The factory receives the Class I waste except PCB, etc.
- 4. The blending factory locates 38km from the Rio Blanco Factory.
- The Rio Blanco Factory produces 10,000ton/day of clinker and 15,000 ton/day of cement.

Outline of the Blender (2)

- 6. There are 5 to 7 blenders for the cement factory and 3 are in the cement factory.
- The cement factory receives 200 ton/day of the Class I waste in total. 50 ton/day from the Blender.
- 8. The blender outsources laboratory analysis.
- 9. Price for treatment:
- Sludge: 350 R\$/ton without transportation.
 Then 90 100 R\$/ton to be paid for the cement factory
- ☐ Solid wastes to be shredded: 700 R\$/ton without transportation

Outline of the Blender (3): Liquid Waste Management

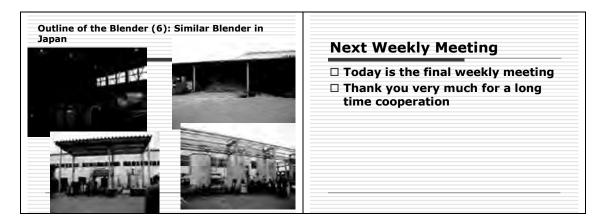


Outline of the Blender (4): Sludge Management

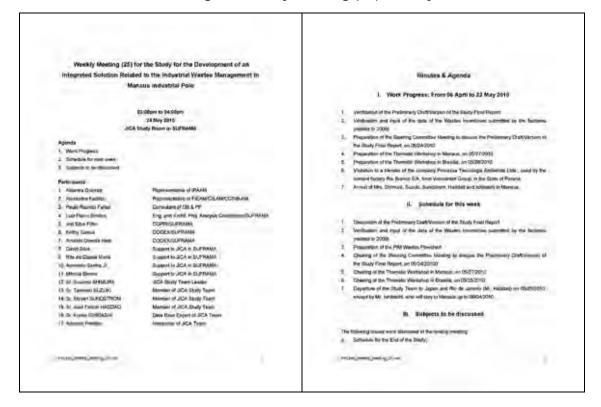


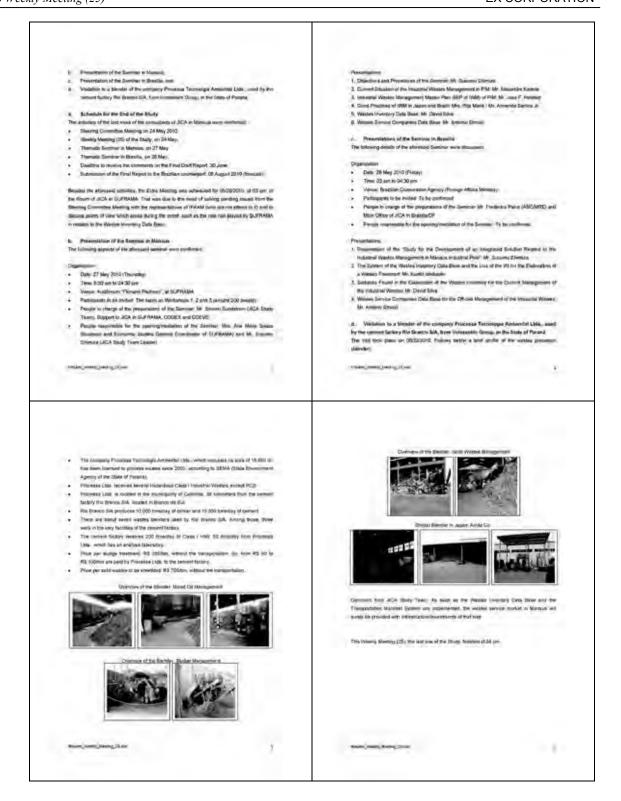
Outline of the Blender (5): Solid Waste





3.25.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (25) on May 24, 2010





3.26 Weekly Meeting (26)

3.26.1 Agenda for Weekly Meeting (26) on May 26, 2010

Agenda Team's Recommendation for Use of Weekly Meeting (26) WI DB System 2. Team's Recommendation for Construction of a System to Manage the Licenses of Waste Service May 26, 2010 Companies **JICA Study Team** 3. Clarifications on the implementation of For the Study for the Development the M/P: IPAAM of an Integrated Solution Related 4. Implementation of Approach B of the M/P to Industrial Waste Management in the Industrial Pole of Manaus 1. Team's Recommendation for Use of WI_DB System (1) 1. WI_DB System (2) a. Benefit of WI b. Aim of the System To easily process the report content as data and eliminate differences in reporting methods and content by standardizing the □ For Generators: To identify its on-site and off-site IWM measurement units, coding, etc. □ For IPAAM: To identify on-site and off-□ To depict the on-site and off-site IWMs site IWM of PIM and Amazonas State (waste streams) of each factory, DIs, PIM and the state if generators correctly enter the data according to the WI_DB system user's by aggregation and analysis of the WIs □ For SUFRAMA: To identify IWM of PIM/DI which is requested by the To easily aggregate and analyze the waste inventories submitted by each factory State Public Ministry 1. WI_DB System (3) 1. WI_DB System (4) Instruct factories on how to accurately prepare the data and report the results according to WI_DB system user's guide Responding to factories that have questions on preparation of the WI Roles of IPAAM and SUFRAMA for the Effective Use of the WI_DB System □ IPAAM has the legal right to instruct factories on the submission of the WI, and the legal obligation to aggregate, analyze and report the submitted WI to the federal government (IBAMA). SUFRAMA has neither the right nor the obligation to engage on dealing with WI. Therefore, the Team proposes the following measures: Distribute the file for the WI_DB system to factories Aggregate and analyze WI submitted Aggregate and analyze WI submitted Analyze any issues concerning the current WI DB system and user's guide revealed, and make the necessary improvements. IPAAM will cooperate with SUFRAMA using the improved WI DB system and user's guide to instruct and assist all PIM factories to submit their WIs. Until IPAAM is competent to carry out instruction and management of the WI, it will enter into an agreement with SUFRAMA in which IPAAM will entrust the following parts of their right and obligation concerning the IPAAM and SUFRAMA will work together to analyze the aggregated WI, and then IPAAM will prepare the report to submit to IBAMA. 2. Team's Recommendation for Construction of a System to Manage 1. WI_DB System (5) the Licenses of WSCs (1) d. Disseminating the WI_DB System to other States and Industrial Parks The Ministry of Environment (MMA) collaborates with the Ministry of Development, Industry and Foreign Trade (MDIC) and the Brazilian Cooperation Agency (ABC) to hold a seminar for stakeholders in each State to disseminate the WI_DB system. Aim of WSC License Management System Currently, operation licenses for waste service companies (WSCs) are registered under various licensing codes. Because of that, it is not possible for IPAAM, which manages the licenses to know the exact number of entities with licenses or what activities licensed entities are permitted to undertake When holding the seminars, seek cooperation with SUFRAMA and IPAAM which are experienced in using the WI_DB system. SUFRAMA and IPAAM, in response to a request by the MMA will actively dispatch technicians with experience in using the WI_DB system. undertake. The recommended system to manage the licenses of WSCs would use a new environmental license code specifically for WSCs (33**, for municipal waste, and 34**, for industrial waste), integrating WSCs with two environmental license codes.

3 - 140

2. Construction of a System to Manage the Licenses of WSCs (2)

- Issues for the Use of a WSC License Management System and Strategy for Resolutions
- System and Strategy for Resolutions
 IPAAM will quickly carry out the required steps to
 deliberate the recommended license management
 system in the State Legislature (such as formulating
 a proposed revision of the law).
 IPAAM will cooperate with SUFRAMA to move ahead
 with activities to promote the necessity of the
 license system to stakeholders.

- Incense system to stakeholders.

 Once the recommended license management system has become enacted, IPAAM will immediately proceed with registration, and construct the WSC_DB.

 Once the WSC_DB is constructed, IPAAM will make certain information about the newly licensed WSCs, such as contact information and what licenses they hold, available on its website.

3. Esclarecimentos sobre a implementação do P/D: IPAAM

- 1. Quando o novo sistema de licenciamento para as ESRs estará legalizado?
- 2. Quando o novo sistema de licenciamento para as ESRs provavelmente iniciará?
- 3. Quando os dados das ESRs recém-licenciadas serão postados no site do IPAAM?
- 4. Quando o sistema de manifesto de resíduos será estabelecido?
- Como o IPAAM instruirá a destinação final de RI do PIM?
- O IPAAM pedirá a SEMULSP para construir a ATRINI no atual aterro sanitário?

4. Implementation of Approach B of the M/P

- ☐ JICA headquarter made a comment on the implementation of B2.1. Use of Manaus Municipal Landfill B2. Provisional Measures
- 1. Will SEMULSP of Manaus Municipality construct the ATRINI?
- 2. Will SEMULSP be able to charge the disposal fee on the ATRINI?

ABORDAGEM B. Destinação Final satisfatória dos Resíduos Industriais

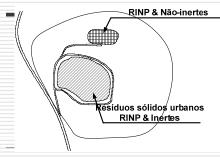
B. Garantir Destinação Final satisfatória dos Resíduos Industriais

- B1. Construir novos Aterros de Resíduos Industriais:
- B.2 Implementar medidas provisórias;
- B2.1 Usar sítio do Aterro Municipal de Manaus;
- B2.2 Promover tratamento de Resíduos Perigosos, tornando-os não-perigosos:

Medida B2. Medidas Provisórias Medida B2.1. Uso do Aterro Municipal de Manaus (1)

- <u>Objetivo:</u> Usar sítio desse aterro para disposição final de RI até que o novo aterro esteja construído e licenciado.
- Construir um <u>local exclusivo</u> para RINP & residuos industriais não-inertes em uma área do sítio (ATRINI: RINP & Local de Disposição Temporária de Residuos Não-inertes);
- Os geradores pagarão o preço da disposição no ATRINI;
- IW shall be disposed of at ATRINI, which is strictly separate from the disposal site for municipal waste.

Medida B2.1. Uso do Aterro de Manaus (2)



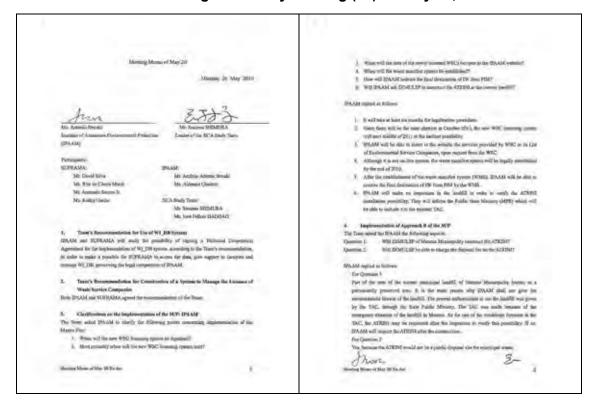
13

Next Weekly Meeting

- □ Today is the final weekly meeting
- □ Thank you very much for a long time cooperation

14

3.26.2 Minutes of Meeting for Weekly Meeting (26) on May 26, 2010

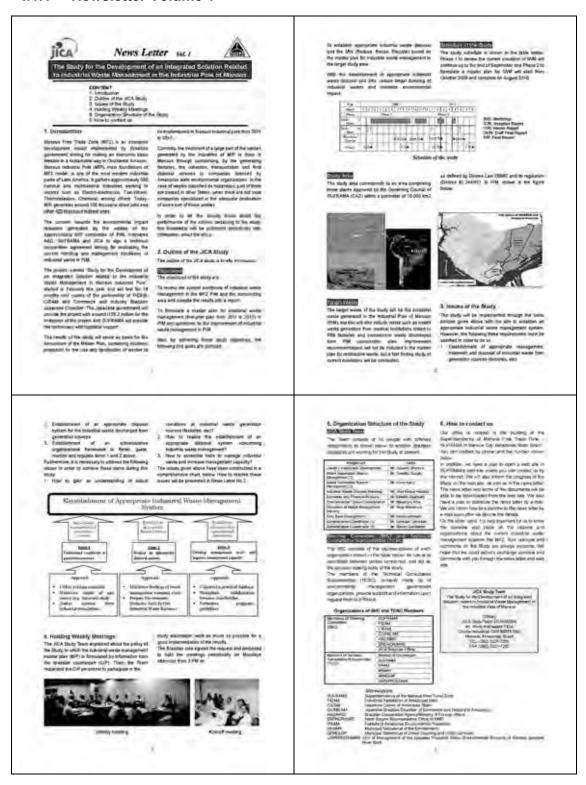


4.	Public Relations	

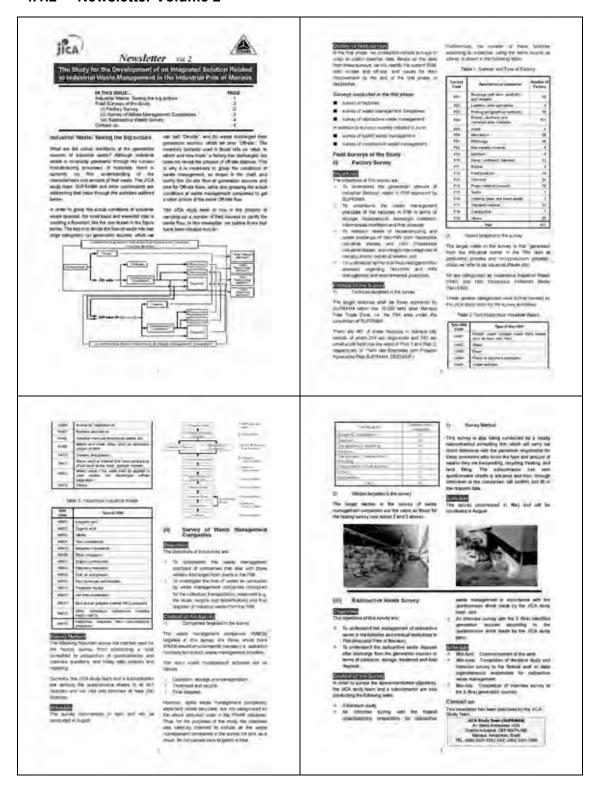
4 Public Relations

4.1 Newsletters

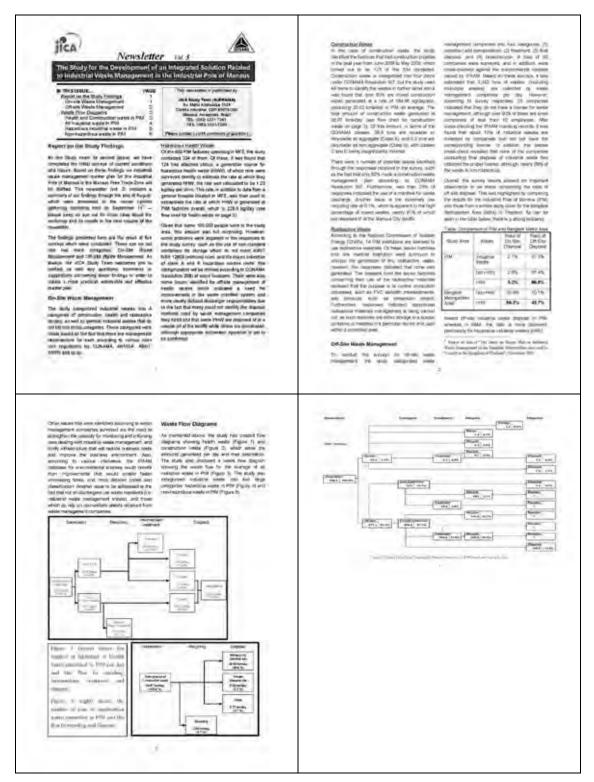
4.1.1 Newsletter Volume 1

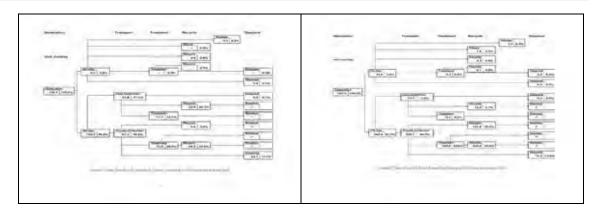


4.1.2 Newsletter Volume 2



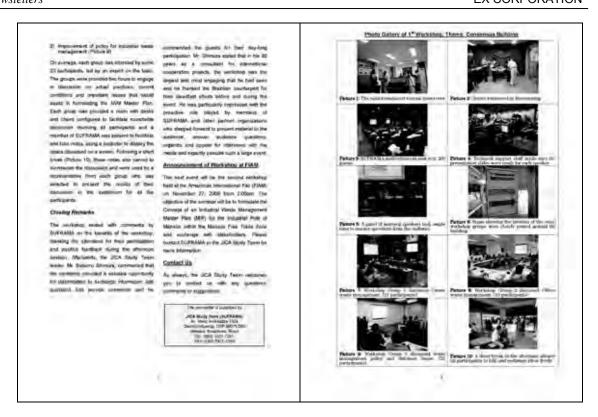
4.1.3 Newsletter Volume 3



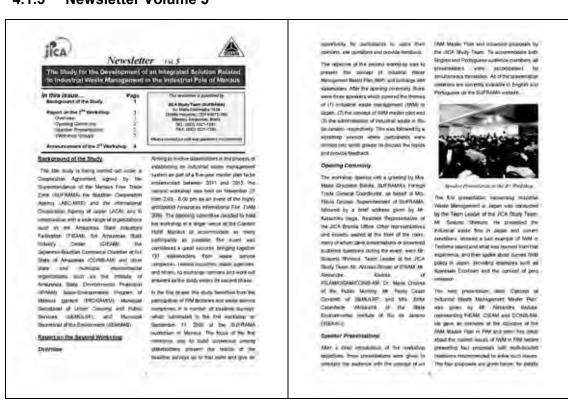


4.1.4 Newsletter Volume 4





4.1.5 Newsletter Volume 5



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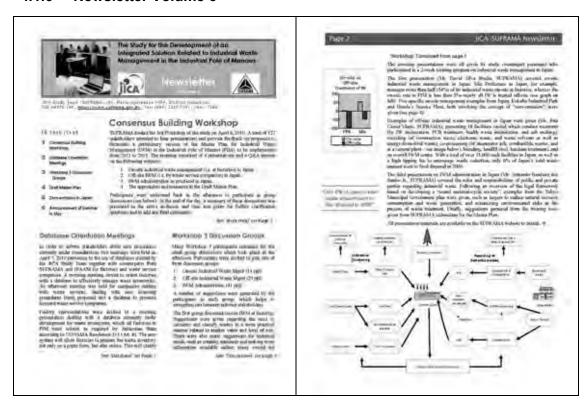
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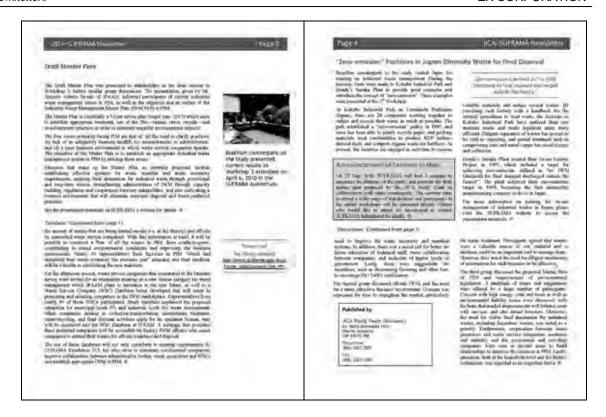
group framework, the secretary fractions proyed to be 'yeny valuable, and although the light to be year, valuable, and although the light valuable shi his blow thre for the groups to discoure the draws at great length, many expressed their stimps or senior cleans, involved in the study as it progressed and nem-serving broads in the next workshop.

Annuarcement of 3rd Workshop

Accompanyment of 24th Workshop,
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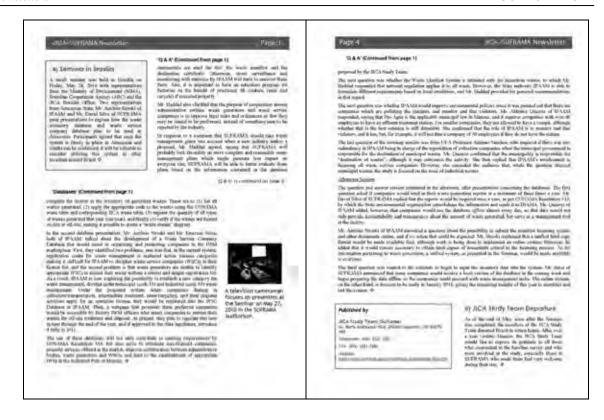
4.1.6 **Newsletter Volume 6**





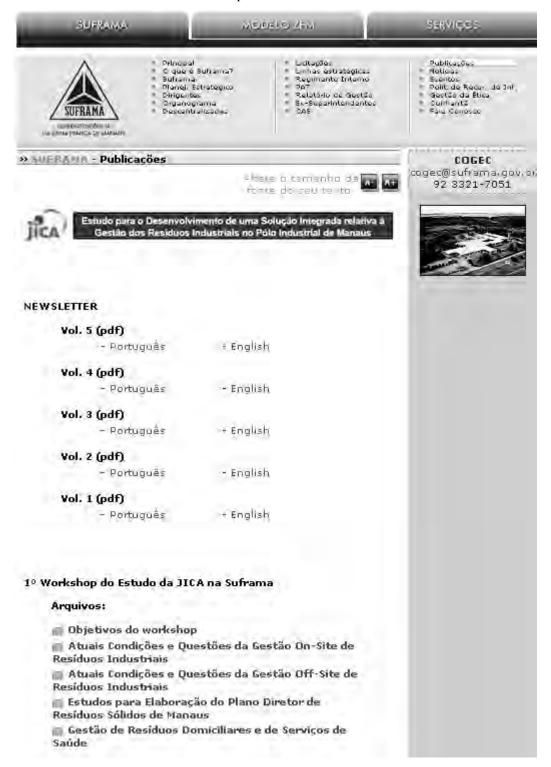
4.1.7 Newsletter Volume 7





4.2 JICA Study Team Website

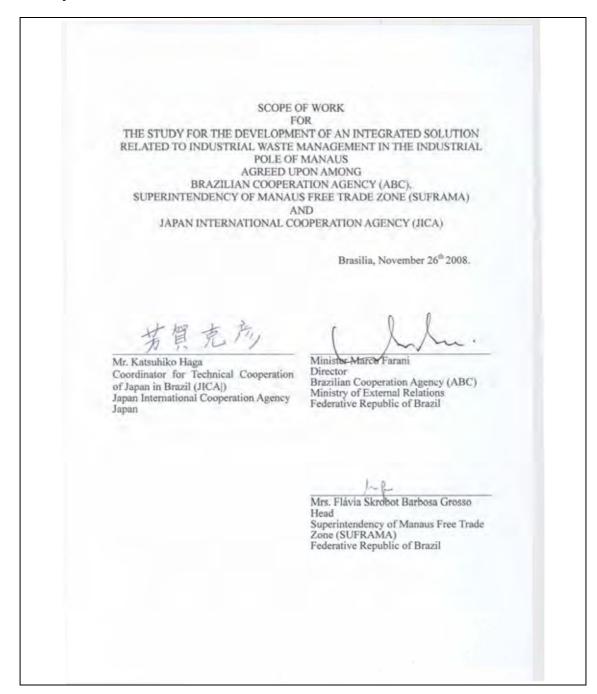
The JICA study team website is integrated into the SUFRAMA website and updated frequently as necessary with newsletters and materials from the workshops. Below, as an example, is a partial screenshot of the site. Visitors are able to scroll down further to download materials from the workshops and seminars.



5. Minutes of Meeting (M/M) for Steering Committees Meeting

5 Minutes of Meeting (M/M) for Steering Committee Meeting

5.1 Scope of Work



LINTRODUCTION

In response to the request from the Government of the Federative Republic of Brazil (hereinafter referred to as "GOB"), the Government of Japan (hereinafter referred to as "GOJ"), has decided to conduct "The Study for the Development of an Integrated Solution related to Industrial Waste Management in The Industrial Pole of Manaus" (hereinafter referred to as "the Study") in accordance with the Supplementary Agreemment to the Basic Agreement on Technical Cooperation between the GOJ and GOB signed on August 1, 2008 (hereinafter referred to as "the Agreement").

Accordingly, the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA"), the official agency responsible for the implementation of the technical cooperation programs of the GOJ, will undertake the Study in close cooperation with the relevant authorities concerned of the GOB.

II. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The objectives of the Study are:

 to review the current condition on the industrial waste management in the industrial Pole of Manaus (hereinafter referred to as "PIM") and compile the result as the report.

to formulate a Master Plan for five (5) years regarding industrial waste management in PIM.

III. STUDY AREA

The Study area corresponds to an area comprising those plants approved by the Governing Council of SUFRAMA (CAS), within a perimeter of 10.000 km2 as defined by Decree Law 288/67 and its regulation (Decree 61.244/67), in PIM, shown in Appendix I.

IV. TARGET WASTE

The target waste of the Study is the industrial waste generated in PIM, whose classification is shown in Appendix II.

V. SCOPE OF THE STUDY

To achieve the above objectives, the Study will cover the following items:

Phase I: Review of the current industrial waste management

 Current situation of the study area and its surroundings (PIM, the City of Manaus, and Amazonas State):

 Natural conditions (including topography, geology, meteorology, land use, hydrology, water quality, vegetal coverage and natural resources).

 Social conditions (including population, administrative structures, infrastructure [electricity, water supply, sewerage system and drainage system, road, etc.], regional development plans [the City of Manaus and Amazonas State], ethnic groups, and regional conflicts).

- 3) Economic situations (including industrial structure).
- 4) Outline of PIM (including inventory of factories).
- (2) Current condition on the environmental management:
 - Laws, regulations, institutions and guide lines related to environmental issues (IEE, EIA, environmental standard, emission standard, remediation system for environmental pollution, etc.).
 - 2) Current organizations and systems for environmental protection.
 - 3) Industrial waste treatment system and regulations
 - Environmental impact (soil contamination, underground-water contamination, dust and smell impact).
 - 5) National and regional environmental conservation plans.
 - Structures, roles, responsibilities, financial situations of the national and regional organizations concerned (public, private, and NGOs).
 - Public awareness, environmental educations and communication with industrial sector.
 - 8) Current system for environmental monitoring (including stake-holder meeting, risk communication).
 - 9) Support by other donor agencies.
- (3) Current condition on the industrial waste management:
 - 1) Related laws, regulations, guidelines.
 - 2) National and regional development plans.
 - Structures, roles, responsibilities, financial situations of the national and regional organizations concerned (public, private, and NGOs).
 - Storage, discharge, collection, transportation, treatment, final disposal, recycle, land use for industrial waste management.
 - Measures taken by pollution sources (including cleaner production, zero emission, reuse, utilization of cascade system).
 - 6) Operation and maintenance of related facilities and equipment (collection equipment, collection and treatment facilities, final disposal sites, etc.).
 - Public awareness, environmental educations and communication with industrial sector.
 - Composition and quantity of the industrial waste (including detail data of factories and maps).
 - 9)Current flow of industrial waste management,
 - Management system of hazardous waste and chemical substances such as PRTR and Manifest system.
 - 11) Current situation on illegal dumping.
 - 12) Support by other donor agencies.
 - 13) Data collection related.
- (4) Environmental and Social Considerations:
 - 1) Actual situation of in environmental and social considerations in Brazil:
 - Laws, regulations, guidelines related to the social considerations (compensation system and procedure for residents and involuntary resettlers, conservation of cultural heritage, conservation of protected area etc).
 - 3) Current organizations and systems for environmental and social considerations.
 - Actual compensation experiences to the residents, and resettlers.

Phase II: Formulation of Master Plan and guideline for appropriate waste management

- (1) Forecast of future quantity and quality of industrial wastes
- (2) Master Plan for industrial waste management including:
 - 1) Industrial waste management system and framework.
 - 2) Recycle and reuse of industrial waste.
 - 3) Treatment and disposal of industrial waste
 - 4) Development of facilities.
 - 5) Financial plan and assessment.
 - 6) Promotion of private sectors.
 - 7) Priority projects.
 - 8)Environmental and Social Considerations Study at Initial Environmental Examination (IEE level).

VI. TENTATIVE STUDY SCHEDULE

The Study will be carried out in accordance with attached tentative schedule shown in the Appendix III. The schedule is tentative and subject to be modified whenever both parties agree and in the event any necessity arises during the course of the Study.

VII. REPORTS

JICA shall prepare and submit the following writing reports and a digital data to the GOB. In case any contradiction arises in writing, the English text shall prevail.

1. Inception Report:

Ten (10) copies in Portuguese and ten (10) copies in English, at the commencement of the Study.

2. Progress Report:

Ten (10) copies in Portuguese and ten (10) copies in English, in the middle of the first field study.

3. Interim Report:

Ten (10) copies in Portuguese and ten (10) copies in English, at the end of Phase 1.

4. Draft Final Report:

Ten (10) copies in Fortuguese and ten (10) copies in English, at the end of Phase II.

GOB shall submit its comments within one (1) month after receipt of the Draft Final Report.

5. Final Report:

Forty (40) copies in Portuguese and twenty (20) copies in English, within one (1) month after receipt of the comments on the Draft Final Report from the GOB.

VIII. UNDERTAKING OF THE GOB

GOB shall accord privileges, exemptions, and other benefits to the Japanese Study Team (hereinafter referred to as "the Study Team"), in accordance with "the Agreement".

- To facilitate smooth implementation of the Study, GOB shall take the following necessary measures;
 - To grant, as per request, temporary visa (VITEM I) to the members of the Study Team, exempt from Consular fees.
 - (2) To permit the members of the Study Team to enter, leave and sojourn in the Federative Republic of Brazil for the duration of their assignments therein.
 - (3) To exempt the members of the Study Team from income tax and charges of any kind imposed on or in connection with any emoluments or allowances paid to the members of the team for their services in connection with the implementation of the Study.
 - (4) To provide necessary facilities to the Study Team for the remittance as well as utilization of the funds introduced into the Federative Republic of Brazil from Japan in connection with the implementation of the Study.
- GOB shall bear claims, if any arises, against the members of the Study Team resulting from, occurring in the course of, or otherwise connected with, the discharge of their duties in the implementation of the Study, except when such claims arise from gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the members of the Study Team.
- SUFRAMA shall act as counterpart agency to the Study Team and also as a coordinating body with other relevant organizations for the smooth implementation of the Study, on behalf of GOB.
- SUFRAMA shall, at its own expense, provide the Study Team with the following in cooperation with other organizations concerned;
 - Security-related information on as well as measures to ensure the safety of the Study Team.
 - (2) Information on as well as support in obtaining medical service,
 - (3) Available data and information related to the Study,
 - (4) Counterpart personnel,
 - (5) Suitable office space with necessary office equipment and facilities,
 - (6) Credentials or identification cards, and
 - (7) Appropriate number of vehicles with drivers.

IX.OTHERS

JICA and SUFRAMA shall consult with each other in respect of any matter that may arise from or in connection with the Study.

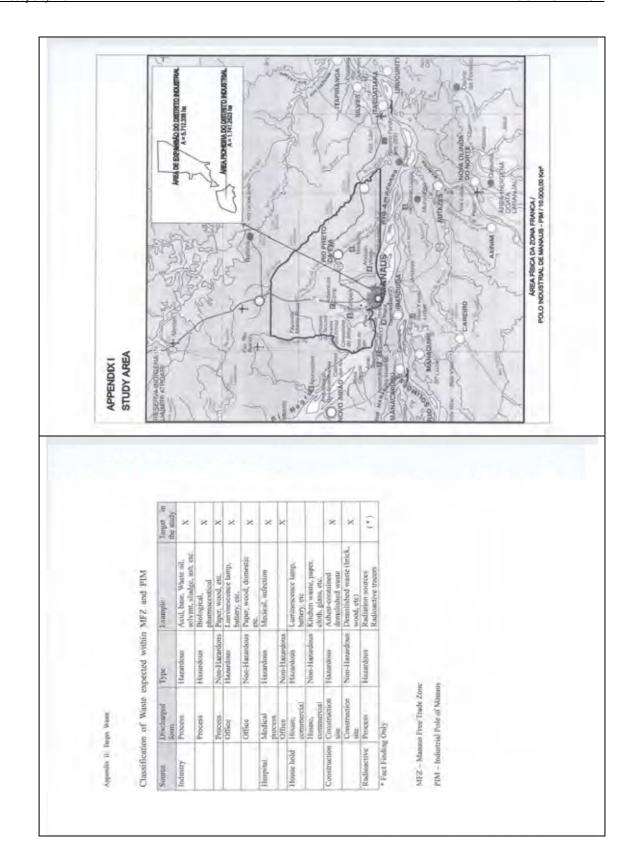
The Scope of Work is prepared in English and Portuguese, and both versions are signed by both partners. In case any doubt arises in interpretation, the English text shall prevail.

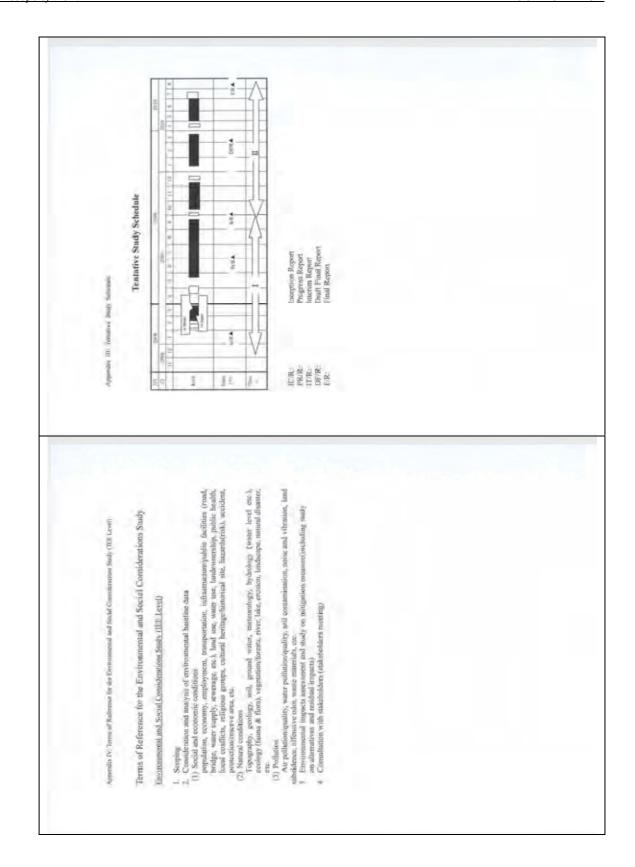
Appendix I: Study Area Appendix II: Target Waste

Appendix III: Tentative Study Schedule

Appendix IV: Terms of Reference for the Environmental and Social Considerations Study

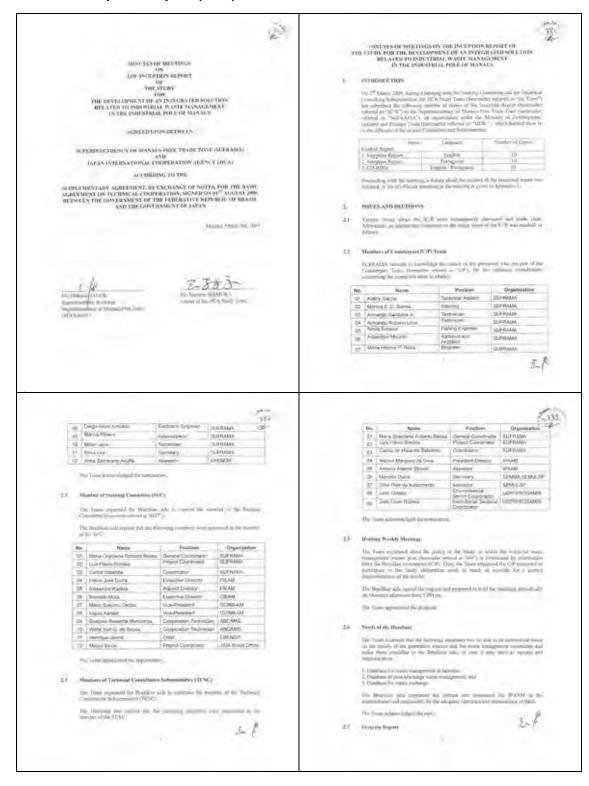
(IEE Level)

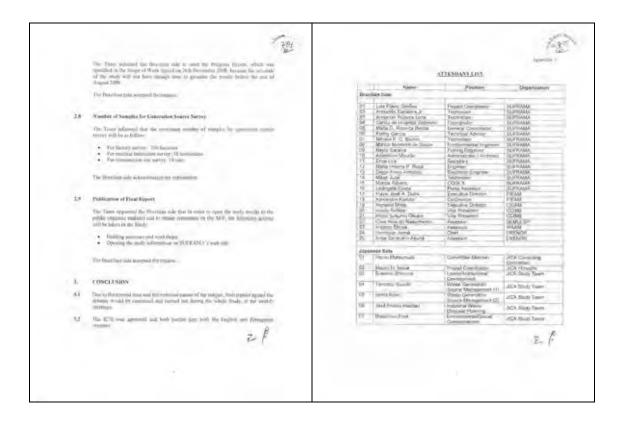




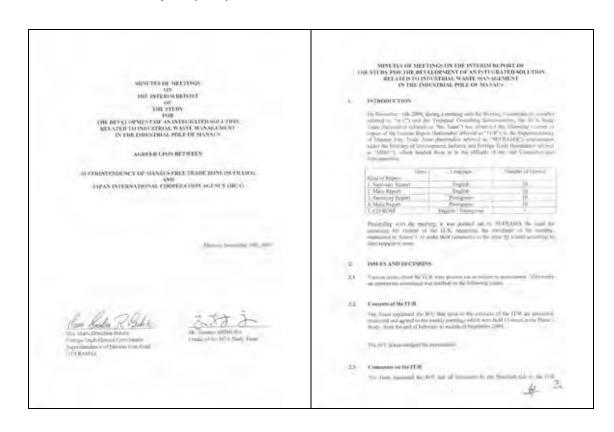
5.2 Minutes of Meeting by JICA Study Team

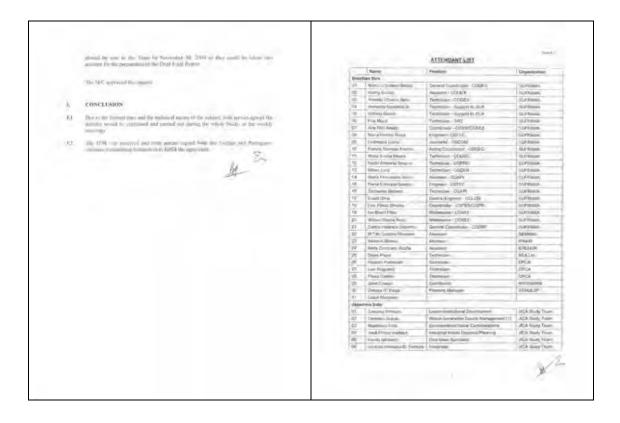
5.2.1 Inception Report (IC/R)





5.2.2 Interim Report (IT/R)





5.2.3 Draft Final Report (DF/R)

