Feasibility Study of Bheramara 450 MW Combined Cycle Power Plant

2nd Stakeholder Meeting

Venue : Bheramara Power Station

~Cate : 21/09/2008

: 10.00a.m.

Time

Attendance Sheet

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Feasibility Study of Bheramara 450 MW Combined Cycle Power Plant

2nd Stakeholder Meeting

Venue : Bheramara Power Station

Date : 22/09/2008

Time : 10.00a.m.

Attendance Sheet

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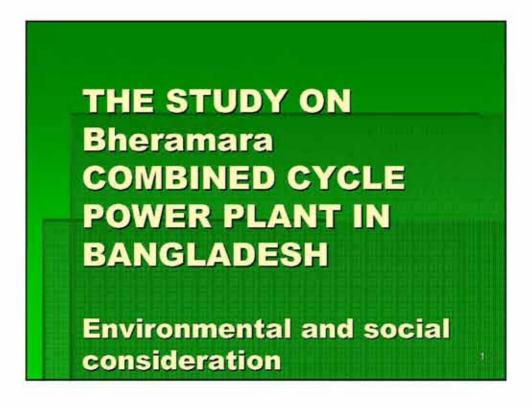
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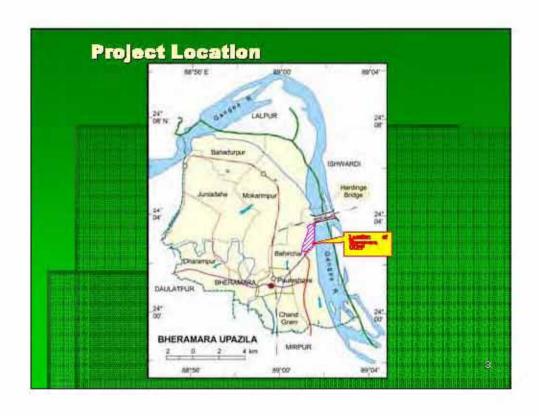
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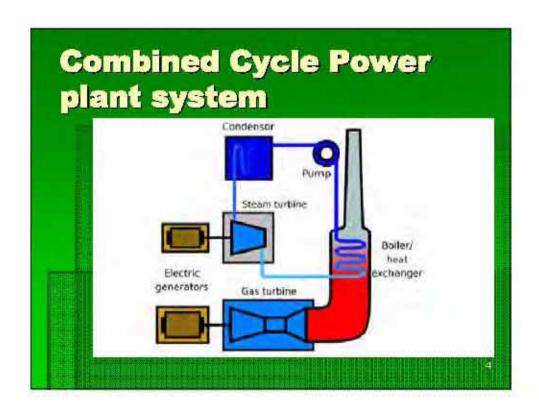
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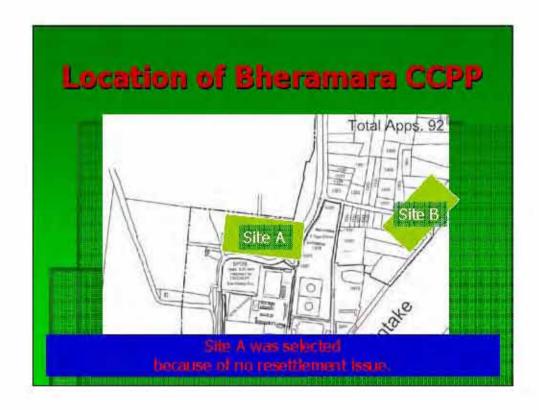
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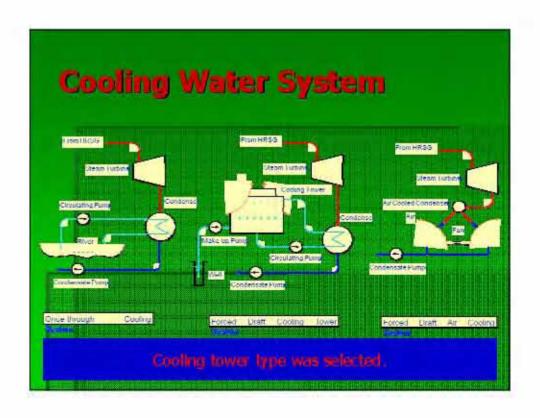


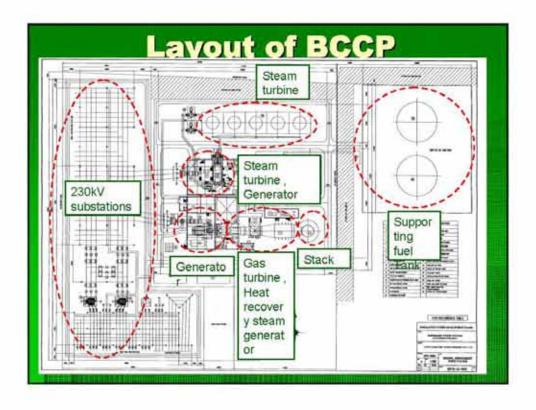


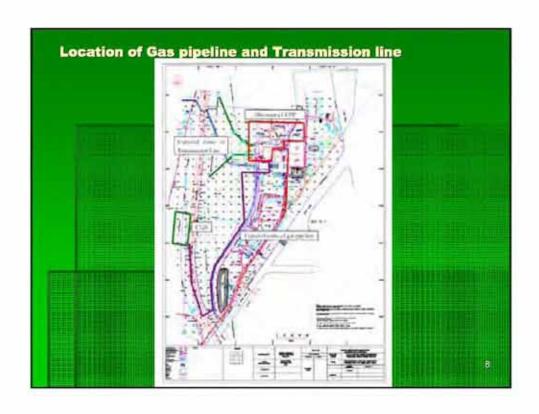














Items	Expected impacts
Air pollution	An increase in gas emissions and dust particles caused by construction work will be anticipated. Air quality may be changed for the worse by operation.
Water pollution	Contamination and pollution caused by the discharge of waste water, sand, and paint resulting from construction work will be anticipated Water quality may be changed for the worse by drainage from the power plant.
Solid waste	Sand and construction waste will be produced by construction work, although the existing power plant is not removed. Sufficient preparations have been made to process the industrial wastes at the existing power plant, but care should be taken in processing the increasing amount of wastes.

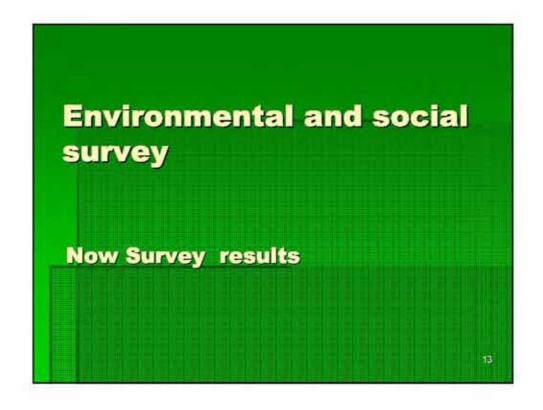
Items	Expected impacts
Noise / Vibration	Noise and vibration will be increased due to the construction and operation of the power plant.
Under ground water	The cooling tower uses 1,300 m3/hour of groundwater. This will affect the surrounding ground water area
Utilization / Right of water, including underground water	The water rights have not yet been established for the Padma River. Use of the surrounding wells will be affected by using the groundwater as coolant.
water	

Main Contents of EIA study

- Environmental Survey
- Air quality , Noise , Water quality , Under ground water
- Social Survey
- Prediction by model

Air quality , Noise , Under ground water

- Assess environmental impacts of the proposed interventions
- Prepare an environmental management plan (EMP): mitigation measures, enhancement measures, compensation measures and monitoring plan.



Date	Sampling Point	Duratio n Time	SPM/PM ₁₀ mg/m ³	SPM/PM ₂₅ mg/m ³	SO mg/m	NO mg/m
08/06/2 008	Office of Manager, Bheramara Power Station, Kushtia	24 hours	105.89	51.46	17.45	21,55
09/06/2 008	Residential Area, 1km away from Bheramara Power Station, Kushtia	24 hours	101:33	42.12	12.35	14.22
10/06/2 008	Residential Area, 3km away from Bheramara Power Station, Kushtia	24 hours	97.45	36.44	11,25	13.75
1/06/2 008	Ferrighat near Bheramara Power Station, Kushtia	24 hours	112 55	53.25	18.35	22.25
	Average Value	10 13	104.305	45.818	14.850	17.943



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the Port	Vitt	near Baro Dag Ferrigh	near GK Pump house	near Mosle mpur North	near Moslem pur South	Ave.	Standar Value
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	mg/l	1000	United:	34144	WIFT.	The same	1000000
Sulfate	mg/l	16	21	15	18	18	400
tron	mg/l	0.74	0.42	0.68	0.52	0.59	0.1 - 1.
Ammonium	mg/l	0.067	0.097	0.071	0.068	0.076	5
BOD	mg/l	0.8	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.9	< 6
Ć)	mg/l	9.896	9.996	9.996	9.497	9.871	< 650
COD	mg/l	20	32	<20	<20		
DO	mg/l	5.6	5.2	5.6	5.4	5.5	5 & above
TSS	mg/l	23	22	22	24	23	25
Water Temperature (Surface)	le.	28.5	29.0	28.5	28.5	28.6	20.20
Water Temperature (2 m depth)	C	27.0	27.5	27.0	27.0	27.1	20-30
pH (Surface)	- 21	7.98	8.12	8.06	7.91	8.02	122 2
pH (2m depth)		8.08	8.21	8.19	7.93	8.10	65-8

Terrestrial Ecosystem

Terrestrial plants

- The site does not include any forests such as a natural forest or secondary forest.
- Sixty-six species of trees, shrubs, fragrant herbs, and plants have been confirmed. The great majority of vegetation includes fruit trees such as mango, jack fruit and guava, and flowers, and plants for viewing.

Terrestrial animals

- The animals found 1 km around the site include a total of 46 species.
- 10 species of mammalian animals, 31 species of birds, 2 species of reptiles, and 36 species of amphibians.
- Of these, the animals given on the 2007 Red List of the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) contain 2 species of mammalians and 2 species of birds.



Aquatic animals

- The Padma River abounds with fishes and crustaceans.
- They are the target of the fishing industry. The crustaceans include shrimps, lobsters, crabs, conches, and bivalves.
- 36 species are regarded as important by the Bheramara Upazila Fisheries Department.

Environmental Management Plan

- mitigation measures for minimizing the effect of the negative impacts
- enhancement plan for increasing the benefit of the positive impacts
- compensation plan for compensating the negative impacts that can not be mitigated
- environmental monitoring plan for monitoring changes

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construction phase Factor Potential Planned mitigation impact measures Inflow •Generation •Installation of night soil of sewage treatment facilities worker and refuse ·Can and bottle refuse is classified and are supplied to a third party for reuse ·Disposal at a predetermined disposal site. Outbreak of Installation of medical diseases facilities and implementation of periodic health checkups Education and training on health management of the workers

Factor	Potential impact	Planned mitigation measures
Increase in the number of constructi on vehicles	Control of the land of the land	Observation of traffic regulations, installation of traffic signs, and education on driving safety Avoidance of the time when students travel between school and home Reduction of vehicle speed in resident areas and close to schools
	Generation of Noise	No traffic at night Periodic inspection and maintenance management
	•Gas emission from vehicles, Scattering of sand and dust particles	Periodic check of the concentration of vehicle emissions based on laws and regulations Stop the engine when idling Use of a cover to protect against dust, and periodic washing of vehicles Periodic cleaning of the surrounding roads Monitoring of resident areas

Factor	Potential impact	Planned mitigation measures
Excavatio n work and	•Scattering of sand and dust particles	 Periodic sprinkling of water on the soil dump Monitoring of resident areas
operation of the construct ion machiner y	•Generation of Noise	In principle work in the daytime Use of low-noise machinery (silencers, mufflers) Supply to a third party for reuse
	•Generation of construction	•Supply to a third party for reuse
	wastes	•Disposal at predetermined dumps
	•Occurrence of muddy water	Installation of temporary settling tanksMonitoring at the drain outlet

Key Points

- BPDB is required to give sufficient consideration to the details of the construction work, and to make sure that the required EMP and monitoring plans are thoroughly understood by the contractor.
- BPDB is required to form organization.
- The details of the construction work, schedule and mitigation measures should be sufficiently explained to the communities. Based on the correct understanding of the views of the residents, the required measures should be changed whenever needed.

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Other Consideration

Employing workers from local areas during the construction phase will have a favorable impact on the local economy. Sufficient consideration must be given to the local employment, including implementation of the preliminary education and training program of the workers.

Environmental Management Plan Operation Phase

- Generation of gas emissions and waste water
- Generation of noise from operating machinery
- Generation of solid waste from operation

tential pact	Planned environmental mitigation measures
eneration of s emissions	Adoption of a high stack Installation of a continuous monitoring system for gas emissions
	*Adoption of pre-mixing method and a low-NO _x combustor *Monitoring of atmospheric air
	Periodic maintenance and management
eneration of iste water	Installation of a wastewater treatment system
	Monitoring of waste water Monitoring of the river or local water
eneration of ise and	Planting trees around the power plant Adoption of low-noise type machinery
oration	and installation of soundproofing covers Installation of low-vibration type machinery and the use of rigid foundations
	Periodic maintenance and management
	 Monitoring around the border of the site Distribution of ear protectors to
	eneration of s emissions eneration of iste water eneration of ise and

Factor	Potential impact	Planned environmental mitigation measures
Water intake	•Groundwater intake	 Monitoring the groundwater level in the surrounding wells
Generatio n of waste	•Generation of sludge from the wastewater treatment system •Generation of waste oil •Generation of sewage	Waste reduction by dry Disposal at a predetermined disposal site Supply to a third party for reuse Disposal at a predetermined disposal site

Key Points

- BPDB is responsible to form organization for environmental management.
- Receiving the complaints from the residents during the operation phase and to take appropriate measures
- The basic idea is to establish a relationship with the local communities. It is important to sufficiently explain the environmental management procedures taken at the power plant.

SI

Other Consideration

Employing local workers will have a favorable impact on the local economy. For the comparatively easy work, sufficient consideration must be given to local employment, including implementation of the preliminary education and training programs for workers.

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Environmental Monitoring Plan Construction Phase

Item	Parameter	Place	Frequency
Air quality	PM ₁₀ , SO ₂ , NO ₂	Residential areas and schools	Monitor PM10 every two weeks, and SO2 and NO2 every two months.
Water quality	TSS	Drain outlet	Every month
Noise	Noise level	Residential areas and schools	Every week when the amount of constructio n work is maximized

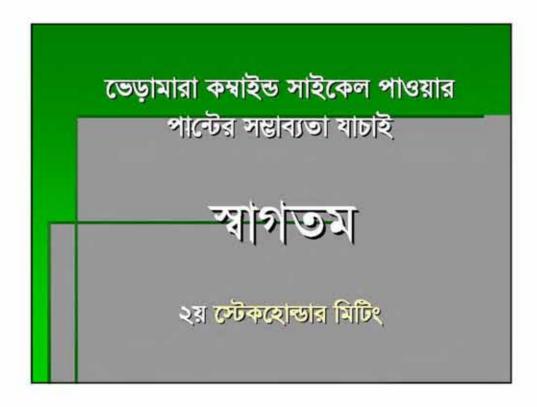
Item	Parameter	Place	Frequency
Gas emission	PM ₁₀ , SO ₂ , NO ₂	Flue	Monitor SO2 and NO2 on a continuous basis (by a continuous monitoring system), and PM10 every month.
Air quality	PM ₁₀ , SO ₂ , NO ₂	Residential areas and schools	Monitor SO2 and NO2 every month, and PM10 every two months.

Item	Parameter	Place	Frequency
Waste water	Water temperature, DO, SS, oil, BOD, and precious metals	Drain outlet	Every two months
Water quality	Water temperature, DO, SS, oil, BOD, and precious metals	River or Canal	Twice a year (dry and rainy seasons)
Noise	Noise level	On the border of the site and in the residential areas	Twice a year
Groundwater	Groundwater level	Residential areas	Twice a year (dry and rainy seasons)

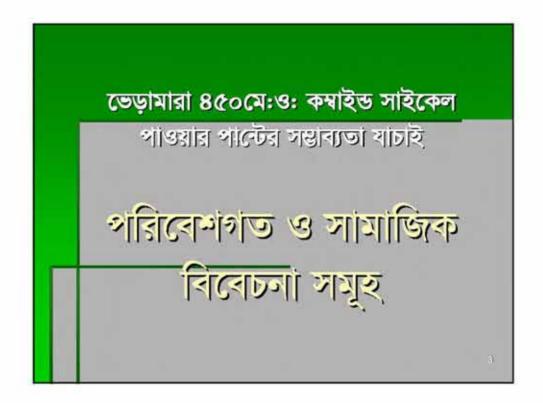
Public Consultation

Stakeholder Meeting
The overview of the project, potential
environmental impact, details of the
survey, schedule, results of
environmental impact evaluation,
environmental management plan, and
monitoring program are explained to the
relevant people of the related local
government and residents.

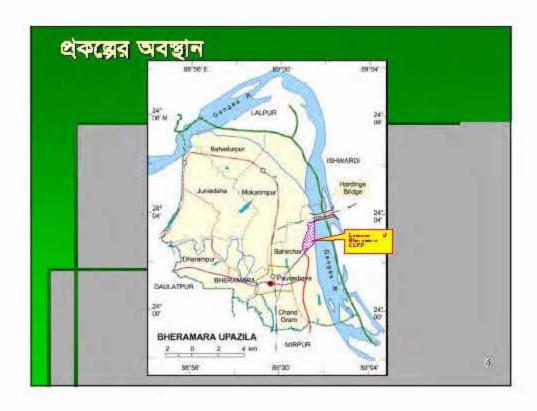
Focus Group Survey Before starting environmental impact assessment, we explained the outline of the project to the residents of the planned project site and surrounding area when the social environment survey conducted in advance, and heard their views.

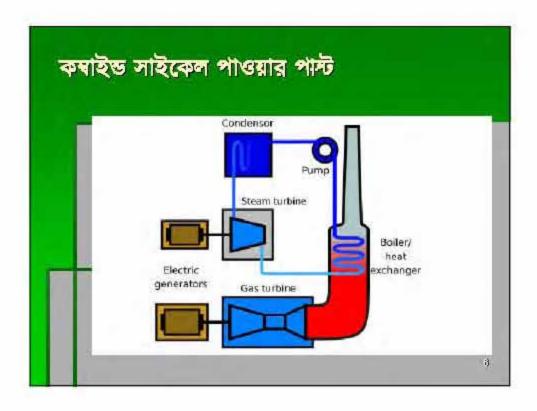


সকাল ৯,০০-সকাল ১০,০০ ব্রেজিস্ট্রেশন সকাল ১০,০০-সকাল ১০,০০ সভাপতির স্বাগত ভাষন সকাল ১০,০৫-সকাল ১০,৩০ জরিপ-উপস্থাপনা সকাল ১০,৩০-দুপুর ১২,৩০ প্রশ্লোত্তর পর্ব দুপুর ১২,৩০-দুপুর ১২,৪৫ প্রধান অতিথির ভাষন দুপুর ১২,৪৫-বিকাল ০১,০০ সভাপতির সমান্তি ভাষন



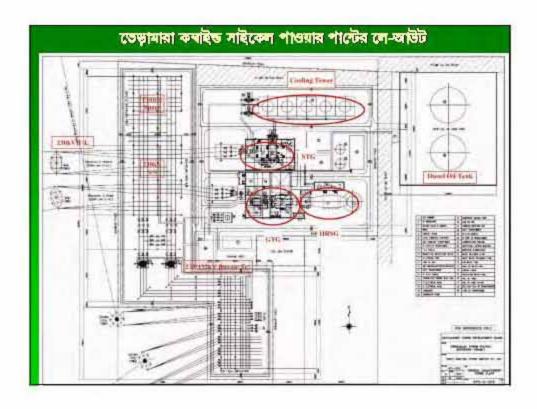




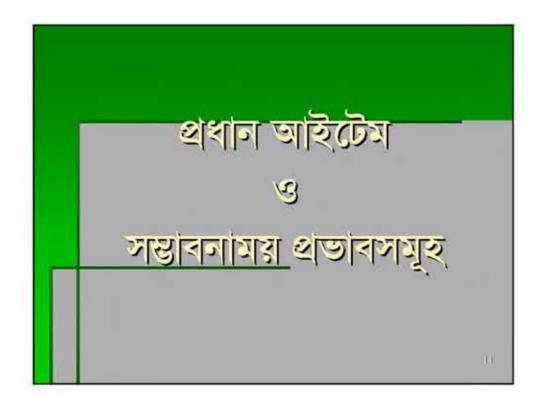












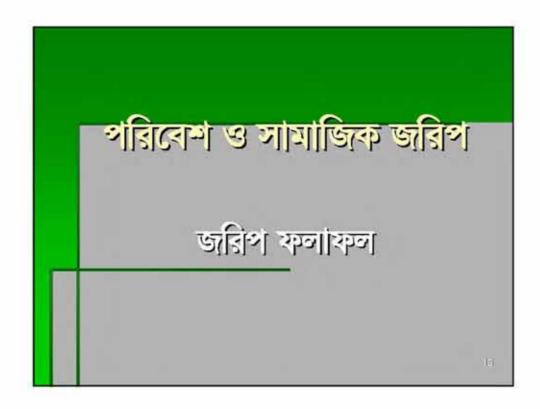
আইটেম	সম্ভাবনাময় প্রভাবসমূহ
বায়ু দূষণ	গ্যাস নির্গমন ও নির্মান কাজের ফলে ধূলিকগা বাড়া সম্ভাবনা আছে। ফলে বায়ু দূষিত হতে পারে।
পানি দূৰণ	নির্মান কাজ হতে নই পানি, বাধু ও পেইন্ট নির্গমনে ফলে পানি দূষিত হওয়ার সম্ভাবনা আছে। ফলে পানি দূষিত হতে পারে।
কঠিন বর্জা	বর্তমান পাওয়ার পান্ট অপসারণ করা না হলেও নৃত্য সাওয়ার পান্ট-নির্মান কালে বালু ও নির্মান বর্জ তৈর হতে পারে ।

আইটেম	সম্ভাবনাময় প্রভাবসমূহ
শব্দ ও কম্পূৰ্ণ	পাওয়ার পান্ট নির্মান ও পরিচালনার ফলে শব্দ ও কম্পণ বাড়তে পারে।
ভূমভূঁহ পানি	কুলিং টাওয়ারে প্রতি ঘন্টায় ১৩০০খনমিটার ভূগার্ভস্থ পানির প্রয়োজন হবে। ফলে পাওয়ার পান সন্নিহিত এলাকায় পানির উপর প্রভাব পড়বে পারে।
ভূগর্ভ হ পানি সহ পানির ব্যবহার ও অধিকার	— ভূগার্ভন্থ পানি কুলেন্ট হিসাবে ব্যবহারের ফরে প্রকল্পের চারিদিকের কুয়ার উপর প্রভাব পড়তে পারে।

ইআইএ (EIA) স্ট্যাডি এর প্রধান সূচী সমূহ

- পরিবেশ জরিপঃ
 - বায়ুর তন, শন্দ, পানির তন ও ভ্গর্ভন্থ পানি
- 🎍 সামাজিক জরিপঃ
- 🎍 মডেল দারা ভবিষদানীঃ
 - বায়ুর ৩ন, শব্দ ও ড্গার্ডছ পানি
- 🎍 প্রস্তাবিত হস্তক্ষেপের পরিবেশগত প্রভাব নিরুপন
 - পরিবেশগত ম্যানেজম্যান্ট পান (EMP) প্রস্তুতকরণ ঃ নিটিজানন কৌনাগ , বর্ষিতকরন কৌনগ , কম্পেসেনন কৌনগ ও মনিটরিং পান

(13)



स्रोतित	Sampling Point	Duration Time	SPM/PM _{id} mg/m	SPM/PM _{2.5} mg/m ³	SO _x mg/m	NO _x mg/m
OBJOSE <mark>SAN</mark>	Office of Manager, Bitcommon Power Station Kushija	\$20 PM	:400:100	207115	0.0.04	35,00
on the coor	Residental Area, 16m away from Bhersmara Pawer Station, Koratta	54.491	\$16.00	114.34	24.00	-16.4
20/28-2 1/05	Residental Aren, 3km avity from Sheremane Power Stellon, Nosritin	\$2.9BI	5758	9138	135/86	1299/00
Paris Company	Fortshot over Storemers Roser Station Kushtla	- sastu	335.40	Set	disso	seat
	Avaraga Valus		203,952	36(12)	\$83,00	50000
	DOE Standard Limit		-10(v)	1.5	lier.	W-

ভিৎ সাইড)				দর ম																	
	T		Firms		Noise Lev	el (dBA)															
Batte	ú	Time some		Ro	10 State:	Recities	Hill Airys														
					Mediati	Minneson	Mexanum	Mainten	Bamark												
			3.30him	500	636	1989	We :														
09/08/2008:	Ш		4.50900	- 90	35.1	30	100														
	20 MI			Day	Day	Lay	Day	Day	Lay	Lay	Lay	Lay	Lay	Lay	Lay	estpa	- 10	W-	45	19.	
	£1		6-01pm	Vil	27.	E/H	et:														
	ī		9 000m	2/4	80	- 10	38														
		H(gh)	10(00pm)	39	99	199	2.	-													
			English		est puls stillers	LOVE															
	Time	Tima Zone		Unit	Road Side	Residential A	leta														
	Duy Night		pm-9pm pm-6am	dBA dBA	70 60	55 45															

		1		-	*		
RenPort.	Vini	Niear Baro Dag Ferrighat	Near GK Pump house	Near Moslempur North para	Near Moslempur South para	Avenage	Standar V#Ub
NO ₁	mg/l	79.4	19.5	9.9	0.0	9.5	20.000
Sulfate	mgf	76	- 101	- JS	20	3E	490
Iron	mgl	3973	2650	195,90	078	98.	901-0
Amriani um	mg/l	CFD3.	15000	0.000	0600 Br	11 (013)	180
BOD	mgil	6.9	150	3439	4.9	200	85
CI	mgil	3385	853391	00000	5,604	LOED!	1.90
cot	thorn	33	35	< 10	6.6		
DO	mg/l	da	588	33.4	(3.4)	25	#)). =1:0/3
TSS	wgi	33	-90	30	36	53.	35
Talgr Temperatury (Editars)	/465	-Eq.	m.L	96.0	4,4	提中	20,00
Pinter Temperature (2 m dogle)	Hs	६५७	WEE	24,50	2759	982	EAST OF
pH (Surface)	-	7.1290	=33)	5039	0116	1000	5.0. 8
pie (2m espen)	- 2	92.9	330.	3360	1369	=20	1969-123

ভূপৃষ্ঠস্থ প্রাকৃতিক পরিবেশ

ভূপুঠন্থ গাছপালা

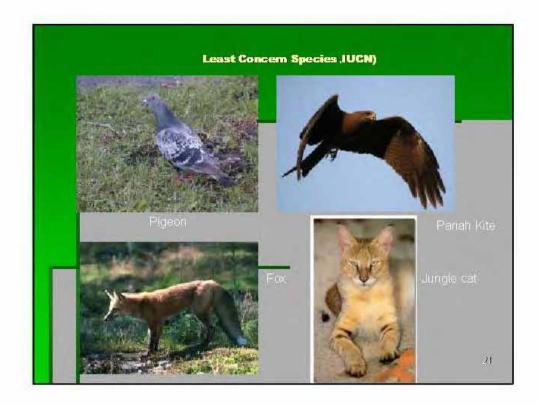
- 🖣 সাইটে কোন প্রাকৃতিক বন বা সৃষ্ট বন নাই।
- প্রায় ৬৬টি প্রজাতীর বনজ, গুলাজ, ভেষজ ও ফলজ গাছ
 পাওয়া গেছে। ফলজ গাছ যেমন আম, কাঁঠাল, পেয়ারা এবং
 ফল ও বাহারী গাছই অধিক।

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ভূপুঠন্থ জীবজন্ত

- সাইটে চারিদিকে ১ কিঃমিঃ এলাকার ভিতর ৪৬ এজাতীর জীবজন্ত পাওয়া গেছে। ১০ প্রজাতির জন্যপায়ী প্রাণী, ৩১ প্রজাতির পাখী, ২ প্রজাতির সাপ ও ৪৬ প্রজাতির উভয়্রচর প্রাণী।
- ্রপ্রের মাঝে , ২ প্রজাতীর জনপায়ী প্রাণী ও ২ প্রজাতির পাখী। IUCN এর ২০০৭ লাল তালিকায় অর্জভুক্ত ।

20)



জলজ প্রাণী

- পথা নদীতে প্রচুর মাছ ও কবটা জীব বেমন কাঁকড়া, কছপে প্রভৃতি জাতীয় প্রাণী পাওয়া বায়।
- এসকল প্রাণী সংস্যা শিল্পের প্রধান শিকার। চিংড়ি, গলদা চিংড়ি, কাঁকড়া, শংগ ও দিপুটক প্রভৃতি কনচী জীবের অর্ভভৃক্ত।
- ৩৬ প্রজাতীর মাহ গুরুত্বপূর্ণ হিসাবে ভেড়ামারা উপজেলা মংস্যা
 দেওর কতৃক চিহ্নিত করা হয়েছে।

পরিবেশ ব্যবস্থাপনা পরিকল্পনা (EMP)

- 🗕 কু-প্রভাব কমালোর মিটিপ্রাশন। কৌশল।
- 🗕 যু-প্রভাবের উপকারিতা বাড়ালোর পরিকল্পনা
- 🗕 উপশ্মবিহীন কু-প্রভাবের কম্পেসেশন পরিকল্পনা
- 🗷 পরিবর্জনসমূহ, মনিটর করার মনিটরিং, পরিকঞ্জনা

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নির্মাণ পর্যায়ঃ

<u>ক্যান্টর</u>	প্রধান প্রভাব	পরিকল্পিত মিটিগোশন কৌশল
প্রটিকের অভঃপ্রবাহ	পয়ঃ বর্জ্য ও আবর্জনা জমা হওয়া।	পরাঃ বর্জ্য শোধন সুবিধা স্থাপন। পরিত্যাক্ত ক্যান ও বোতল আলাদা করে তম পার্টিকৈ পনুঃ ব্যবহার করতে সরবরাহ করা। পূর্বনির্বারিত স্থানে আনর্ডনা ফেলা।
	রোগের প্রাদুর্ভাব	 विकिश्ता जुनिया श्रायन ध्रवर निसमिय
	योग ।	সাস্থ্য পরীক্ষাকরন। •শ্রমিকদের সাস্থ্য ন্যবস্থাপনার উপর শিক্ষা ও প্রশিক্ষণ প্রদান।

ক্যান্টর	প্রধান প্রভাব	পরিকল্পিত মিটিগোশন কৌশল
নিৰ্মান বানবাহন	ট্রাফিক বেড়ে যাওয়া	•ট্রফিক আইন পালন, ট্রাফিক চিহ্ন স্থাপন ও নিরাপদ গাড়ী চালানো শেখানো।
বেড়ে সাওয়া		•थाळ/थाजीवसः सुरक्ष सावशा/आशामानीया समय शतिब्रहा रहाति । •धार्यात्रकः अभारते च सुरक्षतं स्वरङ् सामस्वरक्षतः शक्ति क्याद्या ।
	सम्ब्र आहे	্রাছে ক্রম ট্রাফিকেন্স রাখা । একিয়বিত পরিদর্শন ও সংরশ্প ।
	গালবাথন খুড়ে ৹⊜চান্চিচ্চিচ্চ⊨এলং	্থাড়ীর দিগত গ"াস এর আইমান্থ মাল্লা নির্বিত —-চজন-সমাদ।
	নাল্ ও ধূলিকণা ভ্ ্ রানা	্বর্মবিদিন প্রবস্থার গাড়ীর ইপ্রিল বন্ধ রাপা। ্থাবিদ্ধণা পেকে বাঁচতে কভার ব্যবহার করা। ্লার্নিকের রাস্তা নির্মানত পরিকার করা। ্বর্মতি প্রবাক্ত প্রয়াল রাধা।

ফাউর	প্রধান প্রভাব	পরিকল্পিত মিটিগোশন কৌশল
बनन काङ ଓ निभान	বালু ও ধূলিকণা ছড়ানো	মাটির স্তুপে নিয়মিত পানি ছিটানো বসতি এলাকা ধেয়াল রাখা।
यळ्लाछि होबाद्या	भाग गृष्टि	নিয়ে কাছ করা নম শাস সৃষ্টিকারী গ্রুপাতি গোনা সাইজাপার, মাফলার শ'বহার করা। শুর পার্টিকে পমুঃ ব'বহার করাতে সাগরাত করা।
	मिर्जाम सर्जी सृष्टि	
	কর্মসঞ্জ পামি ডেন্টা হওয়া	ু প্রস্তায়ী পিতালো টেংক নমারো। সম্ভেন প্রতিট্রেট ধেয়াল রাখা।

গুরুত্বপূর্ন বিষয়ঃ

- নির্মান কাজে বিউবোএর যথেষ্ট ওরুত্ব দেওয়া উচিং এবং দরকারী EMP ও মনিটরিং পরিকল্পনা ঠিকাদার কতৃক প্রাপ্রি জ্ঞাত কি না তা নিশ্চিত করা।
- 🗕 বিউলোএর উচিং একটা প্রতিষ্ঠান গঠন করা।
- নির্মান কাজের পূর্ন বিবরণ, সিডিউল ও মিটিগেশন কৌশল

 থগাবগভাবে স্থানীয় জনগদকে ব্রবালো উচিং। জনগদের

 মতামতের ভিত্তিতে প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহন করা উচিং।

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অপর বিবেচনার বিষয়ঃ

স্থানীর শ্রমিকদের নির্মান পর্বারে নিরোগ করলে স্থানীর অর্থনীতিতে সহারক প্রভাব পড়বে। প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা ও প্রশিক্ষণ প্রদানসহ স্থানীর শ্রমিকদের নিরোগদানে বথেন্ট বিবেচনা করা উচিৎ।

পরিবেশগত ব্যবস্থাপনা পরিকল্পনা (EMP) পরিচালনা পর্যায়ঃ । গ্যাস নির্গমন ও দূরিত পানি সৃষ্টি হরে। । যন্ত্রপাতি পরিচালনা থেকে শব্দ সৃষ্টি হরে। । পরিচালনা থেকে কঠিন বর্জ্য সৃষ্টি হরে।

ক্যান্টর	প্রধান প্রভাব	পরিকল্পিত মিটিপোশন কৌশল
বিদ ু ৎ উৎপাদন	গাস নির্গমন	উঁচু চিমনি স্থাপন করা। সর্বদা গ'াস নির্গমন মনিটর করার সুবিধা স্থাপন। Pre-mixing method এক: low-NOx combustor একন করা।
		বায়মন্ত্রতার বায় মনিত্র করা বিয়মিত সংবাদ ও বান্ত্রপ্রা
	ন্থিত পালি সৃষ্টি	দূষিত পানি লোধনাগার আপন করা। দূষিত পানি মনিটির করা। নদীর বা অনীয় পানি মনিটির করা।
	হয় ও কলেগ সৃষ্টি	বিল্ফু কেন্দ্রের চারদিকে গাছ সাগালো। কম বান সম্প্রে যায়গাতি এবং বান নিরোধক চাকনা স্থাপন
1		করা। সত্র কল্পণ সম্পন্ন যদেগাতি এবং শশু ভিত্তি ব'বহার করা। নিয়মিত সংবান থ ব'বহাগনা। সাইটের ভারদিকের বর্ভার মনিটের করা।
		সকল কর্মসামীনুক্তক ইয়ার প্রটেম্বর প্রদান করা।

ফ্যান্টর	প্রধান প্রভাব	পরিকল্পিত মিটিগেশন কৌশল
পানি	ভুগর্ভস্থ পানি	বিদ ু ৎ কেন্দ্রের চারদিকের
সরণরাহ		হুলার পাদির পেছেল মদিটের ক
বর্জ" হৈছরী	ু স্থিত পানি পোধন	🤉 খকিয়ে বৰ্জ্য কমালো।
	अञ्च आर्थात्या स्थामा	 প্র্নির্গারিত ভালে সাবর্জনা
	टेंग्जी ।	द्रम्या ।
	ত সূথিত তেল তৈরী।	ত ওয়া পার্টিকে পদৃঃ য'নহার
	ा र्शनार्शनार्थकोता	প্রত্তে সরবরাই করা।

গুরুত্বপূর্ন বিষয়ঃ

- পরিবেশ ব্যবস্থাপনার নিমিত্তে সংগঠন গঠন করা বিউবো এর দায়িত্ব।
- প্রতিবেশকালির সমায়ে স্থানীয় বাসিক্রাদের অভিযোগ এফ্র করে।
 সমায়ালের য়য়ায়য় রেটাশল অবলক্ষর করা।
- শুনীয় রাসিন্দায়ের সংগ্রে সম্পর্ক গড়ে তোলাই মূল উজেল্য ।
 পাওয়ায় পারেট গৃহীত পরিরেশ ব্যবস্থাপনা কৌশল পূর্নাংগভারে
 রুবাতে হবে ।

পরিবেশ মনিটর করার পরিকল্পনা নির্মাণ পর্যায়ঃ आब्द्धा ার্ঘারীয়ার্যক विकामात्रांव अंग भागातिक बागाको প্রতি ২ সপ্তারে PIVI10 PM10, भागम SO2, NO2 अ अध्या शाक्रम अभिक्रेस करता । खमाखग প্রতি ২ মাসে SO2 ও NO2 भनिष्टेश असा । পালিল TSS रक्षा आडिएशाव প্রতি বালে giller भागांत्रिक धनारमं। यहाँछ निर्मात काट्डा यमा des सारप्रशासाचा व देश आस्त প্রতি সপ্তার্থ।

অপর বিবেচনার বিষয়ঃ স্থানীয় শ্রমিকদের নির্মান পর্যায়ে নিরোগ করলে স্থানীর অর্থনীতিতে সহারক প্রভাব পড়বে। প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা ও প্রশিক্ষণ প্রদানসহ স্থানীয় শ্রমিকদের নিরোগদানে বথেন্ট বিবেচনা করা উচিৎ।

আইটেম	প্যারামিটার	হ্যান	উ্রক্তাভাগি
िल निर्मापन	PM10, SO2, NO2	ধ্যুলালী	ধারাবাহিকভাবে SO2 ও NO2 এবং প্রতি মাজে PM10 মনিটর করা।
য়িউ। জন্য জন	PMH0, SO2, NO2	- ভানাসিক এগাকা ও সুনা প্রায়ন	এতি নাজ 502 ও NO2 মনিটর করা এবং এতি ২ মাজ PM10 মনিটর করা।

el ecos	প্যার মিটার	90	(ছকোৱালি
ন্বিত্ৰ পাটি।	श्रीत अश्राता, DO, SS, oll, BOD व precious metals	द्वारा साइकटाव	প্রতি ভারারে স্থানিট্র কর।
श्रामिष्ट अंगाधन	with amon, DO, SS, oil, BOD 4 precious metals	यंत्री ता गाया	সহপ্র ২ সন্ত (এড এ সর্বা ভ্রমিন্ত্র)
ৰগ	संकार संदेश	সভিন্তর নর্থারে একং হানসিক এমার্কিন।	4921 > 4EI
अग्रजिय भागि	ড়গর্ভত পানির প্রবৃত্তন	अस्तिम्बर अध्यक्ति।	নগল্প ২ নাল্ড (২ড় ও নর্না জীমান্ত্র)

জনগনের সাথে মতবিনিময়

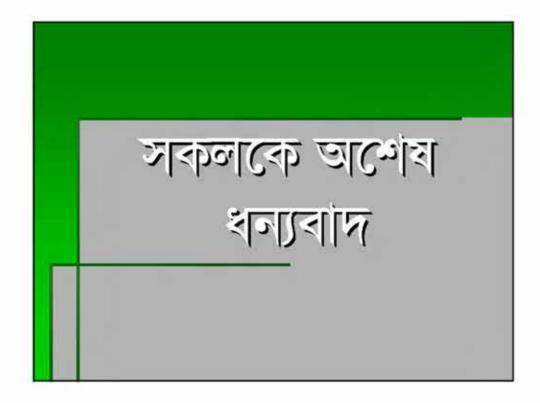
🗕 স্টেকহোন্ডার মিটিংঃ

প্রকল্পের পারনা, প্রপান প্রপান পরিবেশগত প্রভাব, জরিপের বিবরণ, সিডিউল, পরিবেশগত প্রভাবের ফলাফল, পরিবেশগত ব্যবস্থাপনা পরিকল্পনা এবং <u>স্নিটরিং প্রোগ্রাম সম্পর্কি</u> সংশিষ্ট স্থানীর সরকার ও বাসিফাদেরকে বর্মনা দেওরা।

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🏴 ফোকাস গ্রুপ্থ জরিপঃ

পরিবেশগত প্রভাব নিরুপন করার আগে, সামাজিক জরিপ চালানোর সময় প্রকল্প এবং তৎসংলগ্ন এলাকার বাধিন্দাগনকে প্রকল্প সম্পর্কে ধারানা দেওয়া হয়েছে এবং তাঁদের মতামত শোনা হয়েছে।



Feasibility Study on Bheramara 450MW Combined Cycle Power Station at Bheramara

Minutes of 2nd Stakeholder Meeting (Day-1)

Venue : Kisholoy KG School, Bheramara Power Station

Date : September 21, 2008 Time : 10.00am to 1.00 pm

Participants : List of Participants is enclosed under Annex-1

- The Day-1 meeting of the 2nd stakeholder meeting was presided over by Md. Tahir Mian, Manager, Bheramara Power station (BPS). He welcomed all participants to the meeting and urged their comments on the proposed 450MW combined cycle power station at Bheramara.
- 2. After welcome speech given by the president (Manager, BPS), Mr. Zahid Hasan, AE (Environmental), 450MW Bheramara Power Station Project, BPDB made power point presentation on the Social and Environmental Survey results. He explained the possible impacts of implementation of proposed power station on the social & natural environment during construction and operation phase and also some mitigation measures to be undertaken. The presentation handout in Bangla is enclosed under Annex-2.
- After presentation, the participants were asked to exchange their views and opinions. The following points were discussed during Question and Answer (Q&A) Session:
 - a. In the beginning of Q&A session, Dr. Ashfaqul Islam Babool, UNO, Bheramara Upazila wanted to know who the stakeholders are. In reply, Mr. Zahid Hasan, AE, BPDB informed that stakeholders are the beneficiaries of this project i.e. local residents, local administration, local elites, NGOs, electric consumers, investors etc.

Then Dr. Islam wanted to know the follow up of the 1st stakeholder meeting. In reply, Mr. Zahid informed that active considerations have been given on the feedback of the 1st stakeholder meeting.

Dr. Islam also wanted to know why combined cycle power plant is more preferable than simple cycle power plant. Mr. Tahir Mia, Manager, Bheramara Power station explained that in the combined cycle power plant, hot exhaust gas is used to produce steam for power generation by steam turbine generator resulting thermal efficiency very high about 59% against simple cycle power plant of maximum thermal efficiency of 30%. So, combined cycle power plant is preferable.

Dr. Islam further wanted to know the status of the clearance from the Department of Environment. Mr. Zahid informed that application for environmental clearance will be submitted to the Department of Environment, Khulna Division very soon. Meanwhile, EIA study is being carried out by the Consultant as power plant is under Red category from Environmental point of view.

Finally, Dr. Islam hoped that this power station will be implemented successfully considering all aspects in relation to environment, fuel etc.

- b. It was raised that the existing power station is causing huge noise pollution in the surrounding area during its operation. So, there will be a possibility of getting the surrounding area more affected by noise. In reply, it was informed that high tech is used to reduce the noise level of the modern power station. So, there is little possibility of getting the sounding area affected by noise from the proposed power station. Even then, proper mitigation measures will be taken to reduce noise level if the surrounding area is affected by noise during operation of power station.
- c. It was raised that the water of the Padma river can be affected if the waste water is discharged to the Padma river from the proposed power station. This may affect fish breeding in the Padma river. In turn, availability of fishes from the Padma river will be reduced. The influx of migratory birds to this area will be reduced due to unavailability of foods for these birds. So, it was suggested to develop one fish breeding sanctuary in the river Padma under this project to attract migratory birds.
- d. Waste water from the proposed power station may be used for irrigation purpose. But this waste water may affect the production of crops. It was suggested to allow this waste water flowing through irrigation canal for making it suitable for irrigation use.
- e. If underground water is withdrawn for cooling system of proposed power station, water level in the surrounding areas may go down causing scarcity of water in the shallow wells in the area for public sufferings. It was suggested to use both surface water (river water) and underground water for cooling system of the proposed power station.
- f. If the proposed power station is implemented, a lot of trees will be cut, which will cause natural environment affected. In order to improve natural environment in the project area, plantation should be done in and around the project area with fruit trees/ orchards so that this can meet the demand of fruits in the project area.
- g. It is observed that proper medical facilities are not available during construction phase due to which a lot of workers suffer. So, it was requested to provide proper medical facilities to the workers during construction phase.
- h. In order to compensate the local people, employment opportunities should be given to the local people. But most of the times, it was observed that they are employed temporarily. It was requested to employ the local people permanently to compensate them.
- 4. After Q&A session, Dr. Ashfaqul Islam Babool, UNO, Bheramara Upazila was requested to say a few words. Dr. Islam explained the necessity of the stakeholder meetings. This stakeholder meeting is making the participants aware of the activities taken for implementation of the proposed power plant. Through this public consultation, all loop holes for implementation of the project will come out. Based on these loop holes, perfect decisions can be taken for implementation. It is very important that public money for implementing this power station should not go in vain. He finally hoped that this 450MW power station will be implemented successfully to meet the present power crisis in the country. He thanked the foreign experts for their relentless efforts to make this project successful.

5. Finally, Md. Tahir Mian, Manager, BPS expressed his gratitude to the consultant and assured his all coloperations to them for installation of 450MW Power station at Bheramara. He also thanked all participants for attending this stakeholder meeting and giving their valuable suggestions. He agreed that noise from the existing power plant is very high causing pollution not only the residents of the surrounding area but the employees of the power station also. This is because the machines are very old. He hoped that this problem will be solved by installing new power plant. He also informed that there is no alternative other than installing new power plants to overcome present national power crisis. He hoped that this 450MW power station at Bheramara will be installed very shortly. For this, he urged all participant to come forward with their full cooperation. With this hope he concluded day 1 meeting of the 2nd stakeholder meeting.

(Md. Taher Mian) Manager, Bheramara Power Station, BPDB Bheramara, Kushtia.

Feasibility Study on Bheramara 450MW Combined Cycle Power Station at Bheramara

Minutes of 2nd Stakeholder Meeting (Day-2)

Venue : Kisholoy KG School, Bheramara Power Station

Date : September 22, 2008 Time : 10.00am to 1.00 pm

Participants : List of Participants is enclosed under Annex-3

- The Day-2 meeting of the 2nd stakeholder meeting was presided over by Md.
 Tahir Mian, Manager, Bheramara Power station (BPS). He welcomed all participants to the meeting and urged their comments on the proposed 450MW combined cycle power station at Bheramara.
- 7. After welcome speech given by the president (Manager, BPS), Mr. Zahid Hasan, AE (Environmental), 450MW Bheramara Power Station Project, BPDB made power point presentation on the Social and Environmental Survey results. He briefly explained the survey results, possible impacts of implementation of proposed power station on the social & natural environment during construction and operation phase.
- 3. Then the participants were requested to participate in the group discussions so that the outcome of the discussions can be incorporated in the EIA study for proposed Bheramara 450MW combined Cycle Power Station. There were 78 respondents in the group discussions. They were divided into 8 groups. Each group was interviewed by one consultant's representative using one structured questionnaire (Annex-4) prepared for discussions. The responses from all 8 groups have been summarized as follows:

A. Environmental Aspects:

- Q.1 Do you know about proposed 450MW Combined Cycle Power Station to be installed at Bheramara?
- Ans. All 8 groups answered yes.
- Q.2 When the existing 60MW power station was established?
- Ans. Most of the groups have answered that the existing 60MW power station was established about 60 years ago.
- Q.3 How is the noise level of the existing 60MW Power station when running in full swing?
- Ans. 7 groups have answered that the noise level is very high when running in full swing.
- Q.4 Is this noise level harmful?
- Ans. 7 groups have answered that the noise level is harmful.
- Q.5 What are the harms occurred due to this high noise level?

Ans. The harms are as follows:

- Hearing loss
- ii. Headache
- iii. Vibration

Q.6 Do you think that trees will be cut if the project is implemented?

Ans. All 8 groups have answered that it will need to cut trees if the project is implemented.

Q.7 What kinds of trees need to be cut if yes?

Ans. The trees need to be cut are as follows:

i. Mango	ii. Jack Fruit	iii. Coconut	
iv. Guava	v. Nut	vi. Mehogonyi	
vii.Lichis	viii. Plum	ix. Black Berry	
x. Amra	xi. Sajna	xii. Date	
xiii. Bamboo	xiv. Palm	xv. Babla	
xvi. Mint	xvii.Shishu	xviii. Epil Epil	
xix. Teak	xx.Shil Karai	xxi. Raintree	

Q.8 How can the trees be planted?

Ans. New trees fruit trees/orchards preferably can be planted in and around project area.

Q.9 What kinds of birds are seen in the project area?

Ans. The following birds are seen in the project area:

i. Magpie Robin	ii. Pigeon	iii. Dove	
iv. Sparrow	v. Parrot	vi. Cuckoo	
vii.Crow	viii. Stroke	ix. Duck	·
x. Kite	xi. Eagle	xii. Wood pecker	<u>'</u>
xiii. Sat Bhira	xiv. Kanakua		

Q.10 Do you think that the number of birds will reduce if the project is implemented?

Ans. 7 groups have answered that the number of birds will reduce if the project is implemented.

Q.11 How can the birds be protected?

Ans. They can be protected if the natural environment is made pollution free such as noise free, fume free etc.

Q.12 Are migratory birds seen in this area?

Ans. All 8 groups have answered that the migratory birds are seen in this area.

Q.13 Do you think that the number of migratory birds will reduce?

Ans. 7 groups have answered that the number of migratory birds will reduce in this area.

Q.14 How can the migratory birds be attracted?

Ans. The migratory birds can be attracted if the natural environment (air, water and noise) is made pollution free. If thye fish sanctuary is developed and protected, the number of fishes and food for migratory birds will be increased. Due to this, the migratory birds will be attracted.

Q.15 Do you think that the existing irrigation system or the cultivable land will be affected if the project is implemented?

Ans. 6 groups have answered yes.

Q.16 How the existing irrigation system or cultivable land be saved?

Ans. The existing irrigation system or cultivable land can be saved if underground water level is not disturbed i.e. more river water should be used instead of underground water.

Q.17 Do you think that water quality of the Padma river will be polluted if the project is implemented?

Ans. 5 groups have answered yes, 2 groups no and 1 group none.

Q.18 Do you think that fish breeding place of the Padma riverwill be affected if water of the Padma river is polluted?

Ans. 7 groups have answered yes and 1 group no.

Q.19 How can the fish breeding place of the Padma be protected?

Ans. The fish breeding place can be protected if waste water and solid waste are not discharged in the Padma river. If not possible, these should be discharged in the Padma river after necessary treatment.

Q.20 Is arsenic available in the tubewells?

Ans. 4 groups have answered yes and 4 groups no.

Q.21 In how many wells are sinic has been found if yes?

Ans. Arsenic has been found in about 10% of wells.

- Q.22 Do you think that air quality in your area will be polluted if the project is implemented?
- Ans. 7 groups have answered yes and 1 group none.
- Q.23 Please give your opinions how to get rid of this problem.
- Ans. Air can be polluted by dust during construction period and by exhaust gas during operation of the power station. Air pollution can be avoided if the effective mitigation measures are taken to reduce dust during construction phase and exhaust gas is discharged at high altitude by using tall chimney during operation phase.

B. Social Environmental Aspects:

- Q.24 Please mention how many house holds/ families are available in the project area.
- Ans. There are about 100 households / families in the project area.
- Q.25. Please mention from where they have come to settle in the project area.
- Ans. Most of them have come from different chars and Padma river erosion area.
- Q.26. How many years are they living in this area?
- Ans. They are living in this area for about 15/20 years.
- Q.27. Do they have their own land in the project area?
- Ans. They don't have their own land. They have settled in the WDB lands as the lands were lying unused.
- Q.28. What is your opinion about resettlement of these settlers if project is implemented?
- Ans. The settlers can be resettled by proving adequate compensation and employment for them.
- Q.29. What is the present price of land in the project area?
- Ans. The present price of lands in the project area varies from 0.6 million take to 1.5 million take per acre depending on the types of lands.
- Q.30. Do you think that there will be employment opportunities in your area if the project is implemented?
- Ans. All 8 groups have answered yes.

- Q.31. How will the employment opportunities be created if yes?
- Ans. Lot of people will rush to work in the project area resulting the increase of related business in the area and the creation of supporting service centers e.g. schools, hospital, clinic etc.
- Q.32. Do you think that the socio-economic condition will improve in your area if the project is implemented?
- Ans. All 8 groups have answered yes.
- Q.33. How will the socio-economic condition be improved if yes.?
- Ans. Unemployed people will get jobs. Load shedding will be less. Physical infrastructures like roads, hospital, schools, college, factories, business centers etc. will be developed in the area. Different business opportunities will be created.
- Q.34. Can NGOs or any other organization help to resettle the residents in the Project area?
- Ans. 2 groups have answered yes, 5 groups no and 1 group none.
- Q.35. Do you think that number of vehicles will increase during construction phase?
- Ans. All 8 groups have answered yes.
- Q.36. What problems may arise out of this if yes?

Ans. The problems are as follows:

- i. Air pollution will increase
- Noise pollution will increase
- iii. Accident will increase
- Traffic jam will increase, etc.
- Q.37 How to solve these problems?

Ans. These problems can be solved in the following ways:

- Spray water
- ii. Don't honk
- iii. Develop roads
- Use water ways if possible
- 4. Finally, Md. Tahir Mian, Manager, BPS thanked all participants for their co-operations. He informed that this proposed power station is very essential for them and the nation as well, because of acute shortage of power in the country. With this power station, industries and other organizations will be established in the area and the area will be developed. But, there is possibility of air pollution, water pollution and noise pollution etc. in the area. However, he assured that all sorts of these pollutions will be minimized by utilizing modern technology. He

hoped that this power station will be established successfully with their full cooperation. With this hope he concluded day-2 meeting of the 2nd stakeholder meeting.

(Md. Taher Mian) Manager, Bheramara Power Station, BPDB Bheramara, Kushtia.