Table 3.2-6 Five-day Discharge at Lum Hach Headworks (Case 7)

CA =	735 1998	km2 1999	Boribo rive	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	(m3/s) 2007
Jan 1	1990	0.94	5.86	5.58	1.90	6.39	8.51	3.97	-	1.16
2	=	0.92	4.23	4.66	1.85	6.45	8.50	3.97	=	1.29
3	-	0.94	4.13	5.28	1.57	6.10	7.78	3.97	8	1.17
4	=	1.22	3.97	5.70	1.14	5.57	7.12	3.85		1.04
5 6	-	2.31 7.21	3.35 2.70	4.08 3.39	6.44 7.00	5.70 6.37	4.46 3.13	3.37 3.37	-	0.94 0.91
Feb 1		5.82	4.28	2.94	5.41	7.05	2.62	2.79	-	0.68
2		4.56	4.70	2.59	5.75	6.16	2.44	2.99		0.68
3	e.	3.81	4.53	2.16	5.15	6.16	2.26	2.75	-	0.65
4	[e]	2.09	2.42	1.93	5.98	6.26	2.18	2.77	≦	0.61
5	3.50	1.58	1.84	1.62	6.35	6.32	2.14	2.79	Ē	0.53
6	i e	1.17	1.47	1.57	6.24	6.45	2.06	2.75	<u>.</u>	0.47
Mar 1 2	0 = :	1.40 1.41	1.47 1.38	1.55 1.62	3.40 3.14	7.05 6.16	3.50 3.33	2.44	-	0.30
3		1.25	1.47	4.30	5.94	6.16	2.88	2.62	_	0.59
4	: E	1.11	1.57	4.35	6.35	6.26	2.42	2.50	=	0.61
5		1.14	1.54	5.85	6.68	6.35	2.28	2.46	=	0.55
6	-	1.69	1.81	3.64	6.21	6.69	2.09	2.65	200	0.60
Apr 1	7.55	1.04	1.46	2.60	4.65	5.45	2.80	29.66	-	0.63
2	: €	1.18	2.31	2.42	2.83	6.20	3.47	14.65		0.56
3	E=1	1.91 1.68	3.06 3.35	2.46 1.97	3.20 4.19	5.61 5.92	3.31	10.26 5.96		0.50 0.58
4 5	15	3.56	4.61	2.32	4.19	6.29	3.08	5.01	_	0.55
6	_	2.68	3.85	5.72	4.24	5.85	2.72	4.23	<u></u>	0.55
May 1	÷	12.85	4.07	3.19	5.17	4.46	2.82	2.87	¥	1.51
2	=	9.77	3.91	2.69	4.96	2.39	2.79	2.87	₩	1.96
3	· - :	9.66	3.48	2.18	6.53	2.34	3.07	3.55	-	2.66
4		51.87	3.37	2.04	7.14	3.01	3.03	5.19	=	3.25 3.40
5 6	(≅)	93.45 29.59	3.37 3.19	2.02 2.02	7.44 4.89	3.75 3.08	3.46 3.74	7.16 6.21		3.40
Jun 1	1.59	10.11	5.61	6.02	5.93	2.96	3.78	9.70		3.58
2	3.15	20.45	7.54	6.91	7.29	3.42	6.88	6.23	<u> </u>	3.77
3	3.66	38.63	15.05	6.87	6.87	2.75	7.12	4.42	_	4.40
4	3.11	62.55	20.61	6.75	6.91	2.82	8.95	3.92	2	4.77
5	2.26	42.76	25.59	6.68	2.57	4.02	7.10	4.47	=	9.33
6	1.56	43.93	21.43	6.31	4.89	4.86	4.86	9.19	<u> </u>	16.46
Jul 1	2.99	18.88	42.40 58.56	5.14 3.83	4.26 6.97	5.09 4.56	4.79 4.86	11.87 17.75	-	6.78 7.03
2	3.29 3.42	13.62 18.38	10.46	5.02	5.21	5.16	5.30	21.59	-	10.63
4	3.58	17.10	25.14	6.10	5.62	4.49	4.84	21.59	_	8.55
5	4.11	26.03	45.38	4.66	4.60	6.43	15.19	14.16	2	11.00
6	7.79	15.69	65.54	4.21	5.80	8.51	9.48	7.17	ž	8.34
Aug 1	7.55	13.81	22.49	7.19	8.07	8.99	9.16	5.71	÷	7.75
2	10.51	8.22	72.31	13.97	11.40	5.09	8.79	5.71	75	4.61
3	10.67	6.57 7.90	53.32 41.00	15.71 18.72	15.71 25.21	3.96 3.62	7.44 12.11	5.71 5.71		4.04 10.67
4 5	13.93 9.29	13.53	26.13	9.85	20.84	3.02	34.79	6.30	_	33.47
6	11.87	24.97	18.60	13.50	16.08	2.98	20.12	8.02		70.54
Sep 1	42.51	92.02	18.78	43.30	20.73	4.03	75.60	11.46	2	66.16
2	26.17	46.31	34.09	64.00	20.21	4.49	59.22	14.54	š	30.76
3	24.65	30.31	19.07	46.05	35.02	6.08	20.77	24.14	=	37.20
4	49.92	20.14	17.76	77.24	58.50	14.77	39.87	38.22		79.46
5	46.07	42.53	17.76	40.60	87.65 56.06	34.71	19.46 13.04	55.62 100.32	-	43.69 36.47
Oct 1	82.65 48.82	61.07 75.33	28.32 36.41	38.84 74.42	56.96 17.46	90.78 76.72	49.83	11.10		39.76
2	30.06	29.73	50.20	64.22	24.38	40.40	73.70	16.42	2	64.64
- 3	23.52	55.32	137.11	49.39	9.76	35.63	55.34	6.62	<u>=</u>	81.27
4	41.04	35.11	95.70	30.58	9.21	34.92	23.41	7.84	=	105.49
5	22.66	18.32	77.46	26.31	26.11	34.17	13.34	10.62	•	50.64
6	23.90	48.10	54.31	20.91	103.63	18.97	9.78	20.25		27.86
Nov 1	23.76	123.70	41.67	18.99	21.13	14.12	4.76	6.65	=	19.47
2	25.88	106.17	22.85	13.85	11.73	10.25	4.76	6.02	=	13.26 9.27
3 4	32.24 36.03	38.76 31.38	14.29 18.57	12.20 9.97	30.32 11.35	7.55 5.70	4.76 4.71	6.02 7.20	_	11.97
5	30.41	16.87	24.98	9.31	8.59	4.81	4.71	6.16		12.02
6	24.98	14.90	16.13	7.37	5.89	4.73	9.02	6.02	-	8.59
Dec 1	-	13.14	6.11	4.59	5.46	3.09	5.89	4.88	1.95	6.39
2	120	50.25	4.48	3.78	4.25	2.87	5.62	4.88	1.95	5.55
3	35	15.14	4.38	3.18	3.57	11.68	5.16	4.88	1.95	5.03
4	3 0	12.18	4.22	2.38	3.39	9.21	4.88	4.88	1.95	4.40
5		9.21	3.60	2.03	3.32	8.61	4.88	6.06	1.83	3.35
6		6.72	2.95	1.73	3.26	8.60	4.88	6.35	1.58	2.84
Annual	0900	23.00	19.74	12.60	12.40	10.24	11.11	9.84	_	14.23
		Study Tos		12.00	12.70	10.27		average	14 14	m3/s

14.14 m3/s

Prepared by JICA Study Team

Original data at Boribo station: 1998-2005 MOWRAM & ADB, 2007 MOWRAM and the Study Team

Table 3.3-1 Land Holding Status in the Project Communes: Ream Kon 1/

	No. of Households	Crop Producing Households (%to	I Household	t Season Rie ducing Hou	(% to Crop Producing Households)	Landless Households	e sa	Households with less	scholds)	Households with more	seholds)	Cropped Area of Wet Season Rice in 2003	Cropped Area of Wet Season Rice per Crop Producing Household	Irrigated Area	Irrigated Area per Crop Producing Household
Commune	(No.)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)
Prey Svay (major) 2/	2,672	2,619	98	2,582	99	53	2	1,019	38	1,600	60	7,001	2.7	20	0.0
Chrey (partly) 2/	2,210	1,869	85	1,800	96	341	15	97	4	1,772	80	4,003	2.1	275	0.1
Kear (partly) 2/	2,954	1,970	67	1,500	76	984	33	1,000	34	970	33	3,500	1.8	48	0.0
Total	7,836	6,458	82	5,882	91	1.378	18	2.116	27	4,342	55	14,504	2.2	343	0.05

^{1/:} Project communes - communes located in the sub-project area

Table 3.3-2 Rice Cropped Area, Production & Yield in the Project Communes: Ream Kon 1/

	1 L			Wet Se	ason			Early We	et Season			Dry Se	ason		
	l F	Culti	vated Area	(ha.)	Harvested Area	Yield	Production	Cultivated Area (ha.)	Harvested Area	Cult	ivated Area	(ha.)	Harvested Area	Yield	Production
Commune	Year	Total	Rain-fed	Irrigated	(ha)	(t/ha)	(t)	(ha)	(ha)	Total	Recession	Irrigated	(ha)	(t/ha)	(t)
Prey Svay	2007	7,000			7,000			350	350						- 12
(major) 2/	2006	7,024	7,024	0	7,024	1.2	8,429	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	2005	7,562			7,562			0	0						
	2004	7,000			7,000			0	0						
	2003	7,001			7,001	1.4	9,541			0	0	0	0		0
	Average	7,117			7,117	1.3	8,985	88	88	0	0	0	0		
Chrey	2007	4,830			4,830			375	375						
(partly) 2/	2006	4,988	2,997	1,991	4,988	2.0	9,976	194	194	147	100	47	147	2.5	368
	2005	4,454			4,454			320	320						
	2004	4,000			4,000			21	21						
	2003	4,003			4,003	1.4	5,690			50			50	2.0	100
	Average	4,455			4,455	1.7	7,833	228	228	99			99	2.4	234
Kear	2007	3,500			3,500			50	50						
(partly) 2/	2006	4,052	3,402	650	4,052	2.5	10,130	45	45	24	24	0	24	3.0	72
	2005	3,500			3,491			20	20						
	2004	3,500			3,500			4	4						
	2003	3,500			3,500	1.4	5,058			0	0	0	0		0
	Average	3,610			3,609	2.0	7,594	30	30	12	12	0	12	3.0	36
District	Average	64,812			64,805			667	667						

Source: 2003 - Commune Survey on Crops and Livestock 2003, MAFF, 2004; 2004 - 07 DAO Moung Ruessei; dry season 2006 - Dept. of Planning, Battambang

Table 3.3-3 Rice Production Features in the Project Communes: SEILA Data Base: Ream Kon 1/

			Wet	Season			Dry S	Season		
		Cropped	Area (ha)	Production	Yield	Cropped	Area (ha)	Production	Yield	Rice Area
Commune	Year	Rainfed	Irrigated	(ton)	(ton/ha)	Irrigated	Recession	(ton)	(ton/ha)	(ha)
Prey Svay	2002	7,150	47	9,167	1.3		-	-		7,150
(major) 2/	2003	7,762		6,200	0.8		-	-		7,762
	2004	7,662	7=	3,831	0.5	121	-	=		7,662
	2005	6,592	22	6,592	1.0			3	-	6,592
	Average	7,292		6,448	0.9			-		7,292
Chrey	2002	1,395	2,242	2,182	0.6	199	52	226	0.9	7,500
(partly) 2/	2003	5,500	2,000	7,125	1.0	210	250	690	1.5	7,500
	2004	3,817	1,059	910	0.2	126		226	1.8	4,876
	2005	2,634	1,777	7,460	1.7	424	284	1,368	1.9	5,396
	Average	3,337	1,770	4,419	0.9	240	147	627	1.6	6,318
Kear	2002	2,555	65	574	0.2	-	2	121		3,236
(major) 2/	2003	3,806	351	3,325	0.8	25	6	62	2.0	4,157
	2004	4,000	57	1,792	0.4	27	6	62	1.9	4,090
	2005	1,754	410	4,328	2.0	711	1,215	4,815	2.5	4,090
	Average	3,029	221	2,505	0.8	191	307	1,235	2.5	3,893
District	Average	63,163	2,875	54,364	0.8	809	674	2,819	1.9	70,601

^{1/:} Project communes - communes located in the sub-project area

Table 3.3-4 Rice Planting Areas by Plowing Method in the Project Communes: Ream Kon 1/

		Plowin	g Method (ha. &	%)	
			Mechanical		
Commune	Cattle	Hand Tractor	Tractor	Sub-total	Total
Prey Svay	2,343	2,635	2,163	4,798	7,141
Chrey	1,332	1,667	1,181	2,848	4,179
Kear	1,461	1,094	945	2,039	3,500
Total	5,136	5,396	4,289	9,684	14,820
	35%	36%	29%	65%	100%

^{1/:} Average of 2003 to 2006

Source: PDA Battambang

^{2/:} Major - commune occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area

^{1/2} Project communes communes located in the sub-project area 2/2 Major - commune occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area

^{2/:} Major - commune occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area

Table 3.3-5 Farm Economy under the Present Condition

			I yourd rain	dilli			_			2	I voical Farm						_	Typical Farm	arm.			
Ö	Type A (Transplanting)	ansplanti	ng)	Type	Type A (Transplanting)	olanting)	F	Type A	Type A (Transplanting)	unting)	Ĺ	vpe A (T	Type A (Transplanting)	ing)	Tvp	e A (Rai	Type A (Rainfed Field)		Type B (Supplemental Irrigation	uppleme	ntal Irric	ration
	Cropping Intensity: 110%	ensity: 1	10%	Croppi	Cropping Intensity: 110%	ity: 110%	Crop	ping Inte	Cropping Intensity: 120%	%07	Croppi	ing Inten	Cropping Intensity: 120%	9/	Crop	ping Inte	Cropping Intensity: 100%		Croppi	ng Inter	Cropping Intensity: 100%	%
It and the second of the secon	Production (kg)	(Riel)	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	Unit Price (Riel)	Amount (Riel 1,000) Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	Unit Price (Riel)	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	Unit Price (Riel)	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	(laiЯ) soirf IinU	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	(IsiA) soirA tinU	(000,1 Isiя) truomA
1. Net Income 1-1. Net Farm Income (1) Rice Production			2.509			wı —l	3,357			5,263	ଥା ଅ			3,941				3,592				2,169
n Rice (direct sowing)	0.2 500	1,000	500	0.2	500	1,000	500	0.5 1,2	1,250 1,000	1,250	50 0.5	5 1,250	000,1	1,250								
ost 1/ e	2.2 3,740	1,100		2.2	2,200 1	1,100		2.4 4,0	4,080 1,100		2.4	4 2,400	0 1,100		1.2	1,800	1,100		1.2	2,400	1,100	
Gross Return Production Cost 1/ Net Return			4,114 2,220 2,069			71	2,420 1,738 857			4,488 2,422 2,503	88 22 03			1,896				1,980				2,640 1,254 1,386
(2) Other Farm Products 2/																						
Gross Return			630				630			1,120	2 20			1,120				1,119				1,119
Livestock			140				140			4 71	10			210				32				32
Other Crops Production Cost 3/			190				190			4 4	430			430				304				336
Net Return			440				440			17	081			780				783				78
1-2. Net Non-farm Income 2/																						
(1) Net Income Wace & Salary			500			71	500			1,980	980			820				1,916				1,916
Trade			089			-	089				20		_	520								
Remittance from Family Members Others			220				220			U W	260 380			380				115				115
2. Expenditure 2, 4/			4,000			101	009			3,6	70			3,670			3,060	3,400				3,400
Food			2,360			64	2,124			2,0	2,050			2,050				1,837				1,83
Health Medical Education			930				396	-		u 4	2 0			400				1961				1961
Clothes			160	-5000			144			71	20		in.V	220				199				15
Fuel			180				162				80			180				176				17
Others			530				477	_		ν.	010			510				199				99
3. Net Surplus (Capacity to Pay)			699				-243			1,593	93			271				192				685

Table 3.3-6 Results of Socio-economic Survey for Ream Kon Rehabilitation Sub-project

	Results of Socio-economic Survey
Farming Constraints (agronomic)	Major agronomic and farm management constraints responded by sample farmers are: i) low yield of paddy ; followed by ii) insufficient extension services and iii) crop losses due to pest &
Farming Constraints (physical)	Major physical (irrigation & drainage) constraints responded are: i) irrigation water shortage in wet season; followed by ii) irrigation water shortage in dry season and iii) drainage problem.
Marketing Constraints	Major marketing constraints are: i) unstable market prices of paddy/rice; followed by ii) low market prices of paddy/rice and iii) limitation of market of paddy/rice.
Reasons for Low Yield of Rice	Major reasons reported include: i) drought in wet season ; followed by ii) water shortage in dry season and iii) poor soil conditions.
Activities Implemented to Improve Rice Productivity in Past 3 Years	Activities implemented by respondents include: i) increased fertilizer doses ; followed by ii) used quality seed (local variety) & iii) use of quality seed (high yielding variety).
Necessary Activities to Improve Rice Productivity	Activities necessary to improve rice productivity raised by sample farmers are: i) improvement of farming practices , ii) use of quality seed (local variety) and iii) use of quality seed (high yielding variety) & use of adequate doses of fertilizer.
Necessary Physical Works to Improve Rice Productivity	Activities necessary to improve rice productivity responded are: i) irrigation water supply in wet season; followed by ii) irrigation water supply in dry season and iii) drainage improvement.
Expectations for Improvement: Agronomy	Farmers expectations for improvement of farming conditions (agronomic & farm management) are: i) most expected: productivity improvement of wet season rice , ii) 2nd most expected: productivity improvement of dry season rice and iii) productivity improvement of field crops.
Expectations for Improvement: Farming System	Farmers expectations for farming system to be adopted are: i) most expected: double cropping of rice ; ii) 2nd most expected: stable single cropping of rice.
Expectations for Improvement: Physical Works	Farmers expectations for physical works for improvement are: i) most expected: adequate irrigation water supply in wet season ; ii) 2nd most expected: adequate irrigation water supply in dry season and iii) drainage improvement.
Expectations for Improvement: Extension Services	Agricultural support services required for improvement of agricultural productivity responded by sample farmers are: i) most required: field extension services (demonstration/field guidance) , ii) 2nd required: provision of quality seed and iii) farmer training (technical & post-harvest operation).

^{1/:} Results of Socio-economic Survey, 2007, JICA Study Team

Table 3.3-7 Inventory Survey Results of Project Facilities at Ream Kon Rehabilitation Sub-Project

1	Description	Number or Quantity	Existing Condition	Description (A)	Judgment
Irr	igation area - Potential	4,700 Ha		Flood plain of Lake Tonle Sap seems to be included	Low elevation area is excluded
	- Existing	190 Ha		Located in the upstream of the area, irrigated by farmers pump	Can be irrigated by run-of-river
He	adworks	1 nos			4545 P G D95
	- Type	Movable gat	e type	Concrete is severely deteriorated by cracks. Reinforcing bars get rusty.	To be constructed
	- Width	19.2 m			
	- Height	5.5 m 10 nos	Not function	Size: 1.45 m x 1.20 m	To be replaced
	- Gate - Fish Ladder	- nos	Not function	SIZE. 1.43 III X 1.20 III	То ветериоса
	- Settling Basin	- nos			
	ake	1 nos.		Concrete is severely deteriorated by cracks. Reinforcing bars get rusty.	To be constructed
	Gate	nos.	Poor	Size; 2(w)x1.5(h)x2(nos.), No gates at present	To be provided
(2)		- nos.	-		
(0)	Hasii Nack (Ociccii)	1100.			
	gation and Drainage Systems	S		50	
(1)	Canal (a) Main	12.0 km	Poor	Earth canal, downstream capacity needs to be expanded, water level is	To be rehabilitated
	Union test	STATE STATE	0.550	lower than ground surface. Earth canal, downstream capacity needs to be expanded, water level is	To be rehabilitated
	(b) Secondary	26.0 km	Poor	lower than ground surface.	10 De l'eliabilitateu
(2)	(c) Tertiary Drainage System	- km			
(4)	(a) Main	- km			
	(b) Secondary	- km			
	(c) Tertiary	- km			
	(d) Collector	- km	Poor	Running along the existing dyke surrounding command area	new construction
les:	nation Related Structures				
	gation Related Structures Syhone	- nos.			
(2)		- 1105.			
,-/	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(3)					
	(a) Main	- nos.			T. b. soubbilland
(4)	(b) Secondary	1 nos.	Poor	The bottom is too high, clogged by soils and grass	To be reahbilitated
(4)	Drop (a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.	1		
(5)	3.5				
	(a) Main	- nos.			
_	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(6)	Diversion	nos.			
	(a) Main (b) Secondary	 nos. nos. 			
(7)		nos.			
(.)	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(8)		nos.			- 1907 TO 100 BOOK D. P.
	(a) Main	1 nos.	Not function	No gates, structure is deteriorated.	To be replaced
(0)	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(9)	Measuring Device (a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(10) Spillway/Waste Way				
108	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(10	Bridge	1/12/55/4			
	(a) Main (b) Secondary	- nos. 1 nos.	Poor		To be replaced
(11	(b) Secondary) Culvert	, nos.			
403	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
	(c) Others	- nos.			
_					
	pection road Connection from Main Road	- km			
	Within the Command Area	NIII			
,-/	(a) Main	- km			
	(b) Secondary	26.0 km	Poor	Not jeepable	To be rehabilitated
	(c) Tertiary	- km			
_	NAME AND DESCRIPTIONS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P				
	ject Buildings and Agricultur		cilities		
	Office	- nos.			
(2)	Storage Garage	 nos. nos. 			
(4)		- nos.			
(5)	Sorter House	- nos.			
	ners Dyke	2.4 km	Not function	Surroundings the upstream of command area for flood protection and water storage	Not used in future

Prepared by JICA Study Team based on Inventory Survey 2006

Table 3.4-1 Land Holding Status in the Project Communes: Por Canal 1/

	No. of Households	Crop Producing Households (% to	hold	eason cing 1	(% to Crop Producing Households)	Landless Households (% to Total	Households)	Households with less than 10 a (% to Total	scholds)	seholds with		Cropped Area of Wet Season Rice in 2003	Cropped Area of Wet Season Rice per Crop Producing Household	Imigated Area	Irrigated Area per Crop Producing Household
Commune	(No.)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)
Kear (major) 2/	2,954	1,970	67	1,500	76	984	33	1,000	34	970	33	3,500	1.8	48	0.02
Ta Loas (partly) 2/	1,724	1,639	95	1,122	68	85	5	90	5	1,549		3,503	2.1	30	0.02
Kakaoh (partly) 2/	2,286	1,754	77	1,700	97	532	23	35	2	1,719	75	5,680	3.2	10	0.01
Sub-total	6,964	5,363	77	4,322	81	1,601	23	1,125	16	4,238	61	12,683	2.4	88	0.02
Chrey (limited) 2/	2,210	1,869	85	1,800	96	341	15	97	4	1,772	80	4,003	2.1	275	0.1

Table 3.4-2 Rice Cropped Area, Production & Yield in the Project Communes: Por Canal 1/

				Wet S	Season			Early We	et Season			Dry S	Season		
		Cultiv	vated Area	ı (ha.)	Harvested Area	Yield	Production	Cultivated Area	Harvested Area	Culti	vated Area	(ha.)	Harvested Area	Yield	Production
Commune	Year	Total	Rain-fed	Irrigated	(ha)	(t/ha)	(t)	(ha)	(ha)	Total	Recession	Irrigated	(ha)	(t/ha)	(t)
Kear	2007	3,500			3,500			50	50						
(major) 2/	2006	4,052	3,402	650	4,052	2.5	10,130	45	45	24	24	0	24	3.0	72
	2005	3,500			3,491			20	20						
	2004	3,500			3,500			4	4						
	2003	3,500			3,501	1.4	5,058			0	0	0	0		0
	Average	3,610			3,609	2.0	7,594	30	30	12			12	3.0	36
Ta Loas	2007	4,649			4,649			0	0						
(partly) 2/	2006	5,300	4,897	403	5,300	2.0	10,600	342	342	182	0	182	182	3.0	546
	2005	4,980			4,980			252	252						
	2004	3,500			3,500			15	15						
	2003	3,503			3,503	1.7	5,805			30			30	2.0	60
	Average	4,386			4,386	1.9	8,203	152	152	106			106	2,9	303
Kakaoh	2007	4,406			4,406										
(partly) 2/	2006	5,805	5,805	0	5,805	1.3	7,547			0	0	0	0		0
	2005	5,500			5,500			4	4						
	2004	5,500			5,500			0	0						
	2003	5,680			5,680	1.5	8,765			10			10	2.0	20
	Average	5,378			5,378	1.4	8,156	2	2	5			5	2.0	20 10
District	Average	64,812			64,805			667	667						

Table 3.4-3 Rice Production Features in the Project Communes: SEILA Data Base: Por Canal 1/

			Wet	Season			Dry Seas	on			
	1	A. Cropped A	rea (ha)	Production	Yield	Cropped Ar	ca (ha)	Production	Yield	B. Rice Area	B-A
Commune	Year	Rainfed	Irrigated	(ton)	(ton/ha)	Irrigated	Recession	(ton)	(ton/ha)	(ha)	(ha)
Kear	2002	2,555	65	574	0.2	121	=			3,236	616
(major) 2/	2003	3,806	351	3,325	0.8	25	6	62	2.0	4,157	
	2004	4,000	57	1,792	0.4	27	6	62	1.9	4,090	33
	2005	1,754	410	4,328	2.0	711	1,215	4,815	2.5	4,090	1,926
	Average	3,029	221	2,505	0.8	191	307	1,235	2.5	3,893	644
Ta Loas	2002	4,897	296	3,895	0.8	77	182	383	1.5	5,452	259
(partly) 2/	2003	3,126	414	4,793	1,4	45	55	100	1.0	3,550	10
	2004	5,452	296	2,596	0.5	77	182	91	0.4	5,452	(296
	2005	4,897	296	12,982	2.5	77	182	777	3.0	5,452	259
	Average	4,593	326	6,066	1.2	69	150	338	1.5	4,977	58
Kakaoh	2002	5,072	-	3,043	0.6	32	- 5	22	0.7	6,050	978
(partly) 2/	2003	5,280	400	4,544	0.8			- 02		5,680	
	2004	5,805	•	2,902	0.5		180			5,805	
	2005	5,805		6,300	1.1	- 1		- 2		5,805	
	Average	5,491	100	4,197	0.8	8	-	6	0.7	5,835	245
M. Ruessei District	3/	63,163	2,875	54,364	0.8	809	674	2,819	1.9	70,601	4,563

^{1/:} Project communes - communes located in the sub-project area

Table 3.4-4 Rice Planting Areas by Plowing Method in the Project Communes: Por Canal 1/

		Plowing Met	hod (ha.)		
			Mechanical		
Commune	Cattle	Hand Tractor	Tractor	Sub-total	Total
Kear	1,461	1,094	945	2,039	3,500
Ta Loas	1,606	1,321	1,119	2,439	4,045
Kakaoh	1,889	1,880	1,776	3,656	5,545
Sub-total	4,956	4,295	3,840	8,134	13,090
Sub-total	38%	33%	29%	62%	100%
Chrey	1,332	1,667	1,181	2,848	4,179

^{1/:} Average of 2003 to 2006

Source: PDA Battambang

It? Project communes occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area; limited - the sub-project area includes limited extent of the subject commune

^{2/:} Major - commune occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area; limited - the sub-project area includes limited extent of the subject commune

3/: Average of 2002 ~ 2005

Table 3.4-5 Results of Socio-economic Survey for Por Canal Rehabilitation Sub-project

	Results of Socio-economic Survey
Farming Constraints (agronomic)	Major agronomic and farm management constraints responded by sample farmers are: i) low yield of paddy; followed by ii) weed problem.
Farming Constraints (physical)	Major physical (irrigation & drainage) constraints responded are: i) irrigation water shortage in wet season; followed by ii) drainage problem & iii) irrigation water shortage in dry season.
Marketing Constraints	Major marketing constraints are: i) unstable market prices of paddy/rice; followed by ii) low market prices of paddy/rice and iii) unstable market prices of livestock.
Reasons for Low Yield of Rice	Major reasons reported include: i) drought in wet season; followed by ii) water shortage in dry season and iii) poor soil conditions.
Activities Implemented to Improve Rice Productivity in Past 3 Years	Activities implemented by respondents include: i) increased fertilizer doses ; followed by ii) applied compost/manure & iii) use of quality seed (high yielding variety).
Necessary Activities to Improve Rice Productivity	Activities necessary to improve rice productivity raised by sample farmers are: i) improvement of farming practices , ii) use of quality seed (local variety) & iii) use of adequate doses of fertilizer.
Necessary Physical Works to Improve Rice Productivity	Activities necessary to improve rice productivity responded are: i) irrigation water supply in wet season; followed by ii) irrigation water supply in dry season and iii) drainage improvement.
Expectations for Improvement: Agronomy	Farmers expectations for improvement of farming conditions (agronomic & farm management) are: i) most expected: productivity improvement of wet season rice , ii) 2nd most expected: productivity improvement of dry season rice and iii) productivity improvement of field crops.
Expectations for Improvement: Farming System	Farmers expectations for farming system to be adopted are: i) most expected: double cropping of rice; ii) multiple farming (crop + livestock etc.) & iii) 3rd most expected: stable single cropping of rice.
Expectations for Improvement: Physical Works	Farmers expectations for physical works for improvement are: i) most expected: adequate irrigation water supply in wet season; ii) 2nd most expected: adequate irrigation water supply in dry season and iii) drainage improvement.
Expectations for Improvement: Extension Services	Agricultural support services required for improvement of agricultural productivity responded by sample farmers are: i) most required: field extension services (demonstration/field guidance), ii) 2nd required: provision of quality seed and iii) farmer training (technical & post-harvest operation).

^{1/:} Results of Socio-economic Survey, 2007, JICA Study Team

Table 3.4-6 Inventory Survey Results of Project Facilities at Por Canal Rehabilitation Sub-Project

	Description	Number or Quantity	Existing Condition	Description	Judgment
1 Irrig	gation area				
-	- Potential	2,500 Ha		Flood plain of Lake Tonle Sap seems to be included	Low elevation area is excluded
	 Existing 	400 Ha		Located in the upstream of the area, irrigated by farmers pump	Water level in the canal be raised
2 Hea	idworks	1 nos.		The same Headworks of Ream Kon sub-project	
	- Type	Movable gate	type	Concrete is severely deteriorated by cracks. Reinforcing bars get rusty.	To be constructed
	- Width	19.2 m			
	- Height	5.5 m			
	- Gate	10 nos.	Not function	Size: 1.45 m x 1.20 m	To be replaced
	- Fish Ladder	- nos.			
	- Settling Basin	- nos.			
3 Inta		1 nos.	(NACH SALES OF THE	Concrete is severely deteriorated by cracks. Reinforcing bars get rusty.	To be constructed
	Gate	1 nos.	None	Size: 2(w)x2(h)x1(no.), very deteriorated	To be provided
(2)	Measuring Device	- nos.			
(3)	Trash Rack (Screen)	- nos.			
100000	ation and Drainage System	s			43
(1)	Canal				
	(a) Main-1	4.8 km	Poor	Earth canal, sedimentation, water level is lower than ground surface	To be rehabilitated
	Main-2	4.7 km	Poor	Earth canal, sedimentation, water level is lower than ground surface	To be rehabilitated
	(b) Secondary	8.8 km	Poor	Earth canal, sediment, lower water level is lower than ground surface	To be rehabilitated
	(c) Tertiary	- km			
(2)	Drainage System				
	(a) Main	- km			
	(b) Secondary	- km			
	(c) Tertiary	- km			
	(d) Collector	- km			
	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE				
	ation Related Structures				
	Syhone	nos.			
(2)	Aqueduct				
	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(3)	Road Crossing Culvert				
	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	7 nos.	Fair	The bottom is too high, clogged by soils and grass	To be rahabilitated
(4)	Drop	- nos.			
	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
	Chute				
	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
	Diversion	nos.			
	VR - 24 - 2123JAN		Under	Nout constructed sate sill elevation is not lessum	To be checked during design period
5.5	(a) Main	1 nos.	construction	Newly constructed, gate sill elevation is not known	To be checked during design period
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(7)	Off-take	nos.			
112000-1	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
	Check (Cross Regulator)	nos.			
100	(a) Main	1 nos.	not function	No gates, structure is deterioarated.	To be replaced
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
73.13	Measuring Device				200
	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(10)	Spillway/Waste Way				
	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
	Bridge				
	(a) Main	1 nos.	Fair		
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
	Culvert				
	(a) Main	- nos.			
	(b) Secondary	- nos.			
1.5	(c) Others	nos.			
6 Farm					
	Connection from Main Road	- km			
	Within the Command Area				
	(a) Main	- km			
	(b) Secondary	- km			
	(c) Tertiary	- km			
	ect Buildings and Agricultu	200	acilities		
(1)	Office	- nos.			
(2)	Storage	- nos.			-
	Garage	- nos.			-
	Dry Yard	- nos.			-
	Sorter House	- nos.			感
8 Othe	rs				
	Dyke	- km			
(1)					

Prepared by JICA Study Team based on Inventory Survey 2006

Table 3.5-1 Agro-demographic Features of the Project Communes: Damnak Ampil 1/

	No. of Households	Crop Producing Households 1% to	Household	t Season ducing F	(% to Crop Producing Households)	Landless Households (% to Total	nsch	Households with less than 10 a 6% to Total	scholds)	Households with more than 3ha (% to Total	scholds)	Cropped Area of Wet Season Rice in 2003	Cropped Area of Wet Season Rice per Crop Producing Household	Irrigated Area	Irrigated Area per Crop Producing Household
District/Commune	(No.)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)
Bakan															
Trapeang Chong (major) 2/	3,326	2,936	88	2,936	100	390	12	498	15	396	12	2,979	1.0	0	0.0
Snam Preah (partly) 2/	3,110	2,810	90	2,810	100	300	10	0	0	562	18	3,841	1.4	0	0.0
Sub-total	6,436	5,746	89	5,746	100	690	11	498	8	958	15	6,820	1.2	0	0.0
District	23,699	22,261	94	22,061	99	1,438	6	683	3	6,034	25	33,986	1.5	902	0.0
Sampov Meas Lolok Sa (partly) 2/	1,662	1,369	82	1,329	97	293	18	37	2	132	8	915	0.7	220	0.16

1/: Project communes - communes located in the sub-project area

Source: Commune Survey on Crops and Livestock, 2003, MAFF

2/: Major - commune occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area

Table 3.5-2 Rice Cropped Area, Production & Yield in the Project Communes: Damnak Ampil 1/

				Wet Se	ason			Dry Season						
		Culti	vated Area	(ha.)	Harvested Area (ha)	Yield	Production	Cult	ivated Area	(ha.)	Harvested Area	Yield	Production	
District/Commune	Year	Total	Rain-fed	Irrigated		(t/ha)	(t)	Total	Recession	Irrigated	(ha)	(t/ha)	(t)	
Bakan														
Trapeang Chong	2007	4,200	4,200	0	4,200									
(major) 2/	2006	4,200	3,650	550	4,200	2.0	8,400	15	0	15	15	2.5	38	
	2005	3,456	3,456	0	3,456			18	0	18	15	2.3	3:	
	2004	2,796	2,796	0	2,796		-							
	2003	2,979	2,979	0	2,979	1,1	3,334	0	0	0	0		(
	Average	3,526	3,416	110	3,526	1.6	5,867	11	0	11	10	2.4	24	
Snam Prean	2007	5,714	5,714	0	5,714									
(partly) 2/	2006	6,039	6,039	0	6,039	2.0	12,078	10	0	10	10	2.0		
	2005	5,023	5,023	0	5,023	-		22	0	22	18	2.8	50	
	2004	3,741	3,741	0	3,741									
	2003	3,841	3,841	0	3,841	1.2	4,609	0	0	0	0		(
	Average	4,872	4,872	0	4,872	1.7	8,344	11	0	11	9	2.5	23	
District (Avg. of 20	03 ~ 07)	39,290	38,533	757	38,773	1.5	23,741	334	116	109	321	2.7	913	
Sampov Meas														
Lolok Sa	2006	1,110	930	180	1,110	2.0	2,220	6	3	3	6	1.5	ç	
(partly) 2/	2003	915			915	1.1	1,032	10			10	1.6	16	
a 20	Average	1,013	930	180	1,013	1.6	1,626	8	3	3	8	1.6	13	

1/: Project communes - communes located in the sub-project area

27: Major - commune occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area Source: 2003 - Commune Survey on Crops and Livestock 2003, MAFF, 2004; 2004, 05 & 07 - DAO Bakan; 2006 - Dept. of Planning, Pursat

Table 3.5-3 Rice Production Features in the Project Communes: SEILAData Base: Damnak Ampil

			Wet Se	eason			Dry Se	ason			
		Cropped	Area (ha)	Production	Yield	Cropped	Area (ha)	Production	Yield	Rice Area	
District/Commune	Year	Rainfed	Irrigated	(ton)	(ton/ha)	Irrigated	Recession	ı (ton)	(ton/ha)	(ha)	
Bakan											
Trapeang Chong	2002	4,200		5,040	1.2		÷)	- 3	*	4,200	
\$1 may 100.	2003	2,277	30	2,977	1.3	:=	-	-		4,200	
	2004	4,175	25	5,796	1.4	-	-		J=1	4,200	
	2005	3,504	300	6,847	1.8		-		1-0	4,200	
	Average	3,539	89	5,165	1.4	~	-	38	- 4	4,200	
Snam Preah	2002	6,039	-	9,059	1.5			- (2		6,039	
	2003	6,161		3,073	0.5	75	-	-	950	6,161	
	2004	6,039	455	9,058	1.4	31	31	46	0.7	6,039	
	2005	6,039		12,078	2.0	(4)	-			6,039	
	Average	6,070	114	8,317	1.3	27	8	12	0.3	6,070	
District (Avg. of 200	2 ~ 2005)	40,292	2,648	82,575	1.9	724	682	2,006	1.4	46,366	

Source: SEILA Data Base 2002 ~ 2005

Table 3.5-4 Rice Planting Areas by Plowing & Planting Method in the Project Communes: Damnak Ampil

		Plov	ving Method (ha.)	Planting Method (ha) 1/				
District/Commune	Year	Cattle	Tractor	Total	Transplanting	Direct Sowing	Total		
Bakan		"							
Trapeang Chong	2/	3,605	644	4,249	3,684	433	4,116		
Snam Preah	2/	4,332	1,435	5,767	4,850	322	5,171		
6.07		7,937	2,079	10,016	8,533	755	9,288		
Sub-total		79%	21%	100%	92%	8%	100%		

1/: Not including floating rice area 2/: Average of 2004 to 2007

Source: DAO Bakan & PDA Pursat

Table 3.5-5 Results of Socio-economic Survey for Damnak Ampil Rehabilitation Sub-project

	Results of Socio-economic Survey
	Results of Socio-economic Survey
Farming Constraints (agronomic)	Major agronomic and farm management constraints responded by sample farmers are: i) low yield of paddy; followed by ii) weed problem & iii) insufficient extension services.
Farming Constraints (physical)	Major physical (irrigation & drainage) constraints responded are: i) irrigation water shortage in dry season; followed by ii) irrigation water shortage in wet season & iii) drainage problem.
Marketing Constraints	Major marketing constraints are: i) unstable market prices of paddy/rice; followed by ii) low market prices of paddy/rice and iii) limitation of market of paddy.
Reasons for Low Yield of Rice	Major reasons reported include: i) drought in wet seaso n; followed by ii) water shortage in dry season and iii) poor soil conditions.
Activities Implemented to Improve Rice Productivity in Past 3 Years	Activities implemented by respondents include: i) increased fertilizer doses ; followed by ii) use of quality seed (local variety) & iii) use of quality seed (high yielding variety).
Necessary Activities to Improve Rice Productivity	Activities necessary to improve rice productivity raised by sample farmers are: i) improvement of farming practices , ii) use of quality seed (local variety) & iii) use of quality seed (high yielding variety).
Necessary Physical Works to Improve Rice Productivity	Activities necessary to improve rice productivity responded are: i) irrigation water supply in wet season; followed by ii) irrigation water supply in dry season and iii) drainage improvement.
Expectations for Improvement: Agronomy	Farmers expectations for improvement of farming conditions (agronomic & farm management) are: i) most expected: productivity improvement of wet season rice, ii) 2nd most expected: productivity improvement of dry season rice and iii) productivity improvement of livestock/poultry.
Expectations for Improvement: Farming System	Farmers expectations for farming system to be adopted are: i) most expected: double cropping of rice ; ii) multiple farming (crop + livestock etc.) & iii) 3rd most expected: stable single cropping of rice.
Expectations for Improvement: Physical Works	Farmers expectations for physical works for improvement are: i) most expected: adequate irrigation water supply in wet season; ii) 2nd most expected: adequate irrigation water supply in dry season and iii) drainage improvement.
Expectations for Improvement: Extension Services	Agricultural support services required for improvement of agricultural productivity responded by sample farmers are: i) most required: field extension services (demonstration/field guidance), ii) 2nd required: provision of quality seed and iii) farmer training (technical & post-harvest operation).

^{1/:} Results of Socio-economic Survey, 2008, JICA Study Team

Table 3.5-6 Inventory Survey Results of Project Facilities at Damank Ampil Rehabilitation Sub-Project

Description	Number or Quantity	Existing Condition	Description	Judgment
1 Irrigation area	- Land Street	- STAGE	THE COMMERCE OF THE COMMERCE AND ADDRESS OF THE COMMERCE OF TH	
- Potential	12,440 Ha			
- Existing	7050 Ha			
2 Headworks	1 nos.		0	
- Type - Width	Movable gate 144 m	Туре	Constructed in 2006	
- Height	5.5 m			
- Gate	10 nos.		Size: 10m(B) x 5m(H) x 7(nos) Automatice gate, fall down at WL16.85m, stand up at WL 13.70m, counterweight 16.0 ton - 16.8 ton per a gate	
- Fish Ladder	- nos.		1.7m(B) x 3.5m(H)x4(nos) Sluice gate	
- Settling Basin	- nos.			
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 452			
Intake	1 nos.		Designed intake water level=17.00m	Water level is low (EL.17.0m) for
(1) Gate	- nos.	None	No gate, Size: 1.7(w)x2.5(h)x3(nos)	gravity irrigation in all areas
(2) Measuring Device	- nos.			
(3) Trash Rack (Screen)	- nos.			
Irrigation and Drainage System	18			
(1) Canal	Ĭ			
(a) Main-1	30.0 km	Poor	Earth canal, Only the 1st 7.3km was rehabilitated in 2006. Q=8.0m3/sec	
Main-2	km	_		lion.
(b) Secondary (c) Tertiary	150.0 km - km	Poor	10 nos. of canals are proposed. Only one at present but needs rehabilitat	IOIL.
(2) Drainage System	KIII			
(a) Main	- km			
(b) Secondary	- km			
(c) Tertiary	- km			
(d) Collector	- km			
Irrigation Related Structures				
(1) Syhone	nos.			
(2) Aqueduct				
(a) Main	- nos.			
(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(3) Road Crossing Culvert (a) Main	- nos.			
(b) Secondary	nos.			To be rahabilitated
(4) Drop	- nos.			
(a) Main	- nos.			
(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(5) Chute	1 nos.		Not identified	
(a) Main (b) Secondary	- nos.		Not identified	
(6) Diversion	nos.			
(a) Main	nos.		4	
(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(7) Off-take	nos. 9 nos.		Good	
(a) Main (b) Secondary	- nos.		6000	
(8) Check (Cross Regulator)	nos.			
(a) Main	1 nos.		Good	
(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(9) Measuring Device	- nos.			
(a) Main (b) Secondary	- nos.			
(10) Spillway/Waste Way	.,,55.			
(a) Main	1 nos.		Good	
(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(10) Bridge	3 nos.		Good	
(a) Main (b) Secondary	- nos.		5554	
(11) Culvert	1,00.			
(a) Main	- nos.			
(b) Secondary	- nos.			
(c) Others	nos.			
Farm Road				
(1) Connection from Main Road	- km			
(2) Within the Command Area				
(a) Main	- km			
(b) Secondary	- km			
(c) Tertiary	- KIII	-		
Project Buildings and Agricult	ure Support F	acilities		
(1) Office	- nos.			
(2) Storage	- nos.			
(3) Garage	- nos.			
(4) Dry Yard	 nos. nos. 			
(5) Sorter House	- nos,			
Others				
(1) Dyke	- km			

Agro-demographic Features of the Project Communes: Wat Loung 1/ Table 3.6-1

	No. of Households	Crop Producing Households (% to	hold	Wet Season Rice Producing Households	(% to Crop Producing Households)	Landless Households (% to Total	Households)	Households with less than 10 a (% to Total	seholds)	Households with more than 3ha (% to Total	cholds)	Cropped Area of Wet Season Rice in 2003	Cropped Area of Wet Season Rice per Crop Producing Household	Irrigated Area	Irrigated Area per Crop Producing Household
District/Commune	(No.)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(No.)	(%)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)
Bakan															
Trapeang Chong (major) 2/	3,326	2,936	88	2,936	100	390	12	498	15	396	12	2,979	1.0	0	0
Snam Preah (major) 2/	3,110	2,810	90	2,810	100	300	10	0	0	562	18	3,841	1.4	0	0
Khnar Totueng (partly) 2/	1,478	1,382	94	1,382	100	96	6	0	0	290	20	2,967	2.1	15	0.01
Sub-total	7,914	7,128	90	7,128	100	786	10	498	6	1,248	16	9,787	1.4	15	0.00
District	23,699	22,261	94	22,061	99	1,438	. 6	683	3	6,034	25	33,986	1.5	902	0.04
Sampov Meas Lolok Sa (partly) 2/	1,662	1,369	82	1,329	97	293	18	37	2	132	8	915	0.7	220	0.16

^{2/:} Major - commune occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area

Table 3.6-2 Rice Cropped Area, Production & Yield in the Project Communes: Wat Loung 1/

			We	-season Ric	e Production	1			Dry	-season Ric	e Production	1	
		Culti	vated Area	(ha.)	Harvested Area	Yield	Production	Cult	ivated Area	(ha.)	Harvested Area	Yield	Production (t)
District/Commune	Year	Total	Rain-fed	Irrigated	(hn)	(t/ha)	(t)	Total	Recession	Irrigated	(ha)	(t/ha)	
Bakan					La Cercera								
Trapeang Chong	2007	4,200	4,200	0	4,200								
(major) 2/	2006	4,200	3,650	550	4,200	2.0	8,400	15	0	15	15	2,5	38
	2005	3,456	3,456	0	3,456			18	0	18	15	2.3	35
	2004	2,796	2,796	0	2,796								
	2003	2,979	2,979	0	2,979	1.1	3,334	0	0	0	0		
	Average	3,526	3,416	110	3,526	1.6	5,867	11	0	11	10	2.4	24
Snam Preah	2007	5,714	5,714	0	5,714								
(major) 2/	2006	6,039	6,039	0	6,039	2.0	12,078	10	0	10	10	2.0	20
	2005	5,023	5,023	0	5,023			22	0	22	18	2.8	50
	2004	3,741	3,741	0	3,741								
	2003	3,841	3,841	0	3,841	1.2	4,609	0	0	0	0		0
	Average	4,872	4,872	0	4,872	1.7	8,344	11	0	11	9	2.5	23
Khnar Totueng	2007	3,840	3,840	0	3,840								
(partly) 2/	2006	3,840	3,515	325	3,840	1.5	5,760	12	0	12	12	1,3	16
	2005	3,609	3,609	0	3,609			14			4	2.6	10
	2004	2,817	2,817	0	2,817								
	2003	2,967	2,967	0	2,967	1.1	3,281	0	0	0	0		0
	Average	3,415	3,350	65	3,415	1.3	4,521	9	0	6	5	1.6	9
District (Avg. of 200		39,290	38,533	757	38,773	1.5	23,741	. 334	116	109	321	2.7	913
Sampov Meas Lolok Sa	Average of 2003 & 06	1,013	930	180	1,013	2	1,626	8	3	3	8	2	13

Table 3.6-3 Rice Production Features in the Project Communes: SEILA Data Base: Wat Loung

			Wet S	eason			Dry S	eason		
		Cropped	Area (ha)	Production	Yield	Cropped	Area (ha)	Production	Yield	Rice Area
District/Commune	Year	Rainfed	Irrigated	(ton)	(ton/ha)	Irrigated	Recession	(ton)	(ton/ha)	(ha)
Bakan										
Trapeang Chong	2002	4,200		5,040	1.2	-			1.54	4,200
(major) 1/	2003	2,277	30	2,977	1.3	-		N=	· -	4,200
Notes Marrie Arres	2004	4,175	25	5,796	1.4	-	9	-	121	4,200
	2005	3,504	300	6,847	1.8	127	-	-	141	4,200
	Average	3,539	89	5,165	1.4	-	-		144	4,200
Snam Preah	2002	6,039	-	9,059	1.5	= 0	_		(±)	6,039
(major) 1/	2003	6,161		3,073	0.5	75	-	5.5	-	6,161
. Notice Service 1950.	2004	6,039	455	9,058	1.4	31	31	46	0.7	6,039
	2005	6,039		12,078	2.0	-	-	- 1	180	6,039
	Average	6,070	114	8,317	1.3	27	8	12	0.3	6,070
Khnar Totueng	2002	3,840	-	4,992	1.3	15	_		LANCE	3,840
(partly) 1/	2003	2,233	38	2,702	1.2	9	10	1	0.1	3,840
(P-11-11-2-7	2004	2,806	-	2,525	0.9	-	-			3,840
	2005	3,118	-	5,612	1.8	-5	-	3.5		3,800
	Average	2,999	10	3,958	1.3	6	3	0	0.1	3,830
District (Avg. of 200		40,292	2,648	82,575	1.9	724	682	2,006	1.4	46,366

^{1/:} Major - commune occupies majority of the sub-project area; partly - commune occupies part of the sub-project area

Table 3.6-4 Rice Planting Areas by Plowing & Planting Method in the Project Communes: Wat Loung

		Plow	ing Method (ha.)	Planting Method (ha) 1/					
District/Commune	Year	Cattle	Tractor	Total	Transplanting	Direct Sowing	Total			
Bakan Trapeang Chong	1/	3,605	644	4,249	3,684	433	4,116			
Snam Preah	1/	4,332	1,435	5,767	4,850	322	5,171			
Khnar Totueng	1/	3,052	766	3,817	3,480	275	3,756			
3	Total	10,988 79%	2,845 21%	13,833 100%	12,013 92%	1,030 8%	13,043 100%			

1/: Average of 2004 to 2007

Source: DAO Bakan & PDA Pursat

^{1/19} Project communes - communes located in the sub-project area

2/: Major - commune Survey on Crops and Livestock 2003, MAFF, 2004; 2004, 05 & 07 - DAO Bakan; 2006 - Dept. of Planning, Pursat

Table 3.6-5 Farm Economy under the Present Condition

			Wai	Wat Loung Sub-project	Sub-pro	ect					\$	Wat Chre Sub-project	ub-proj	ect					Lu	Lum Hach Sub-project	Sub-proj	ect		
	É	4		2				3	E			pica	Farm		1					1 ypical Farm	Farm			
	<u>F</u>	e A (Kai	Type A (Rainted Field)	T	Type B	Supple	Type B (Supplemental Irrigation	rigation	Tyl	Type A (Rainfed Field)	infed Fi	П	Type B	(Supple	Type B (Supplemental Irrigation	rigation	Crop	Cropping Intensity: 100%	ensity: 1	%00	Crop	Cropping Intensity: 100%	ensity: 1	%001
	Crop	oing Inte	Cropping Intensity: 100%	%00	Crop	ping Int	Cropping Intensity: 100%	%00	Crop	Cropping Intensity: 100%	ensity:	%00)	Crop	ping Int	Cropping Intensity: 100%	%00	Crop	Cropping Intensity: 100%	ensity: 1	%00	Crop	Cropping Intensity: 100%	ensity: 1	%001
ltem	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	Unit Price (Riel)	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	Unit Price (Riel)	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	Unit Price (Riel)	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	(IsiA) soir4 tinU	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Сторред Агеа (ha)	Production (kg)	(Riel)	Amount (Riel 1,000)	Cropped Area (ha)	Production (kg)	Unit Price (Riel)	(000,1 leis) truomA
1. Net Income 1-1. Net Farm Income (1) Rice Production Early Wet Season Rice (direct sowing) Gross Return Production Cost 1/ Wet Season Rice	4.1	2,100	1,100	3,502	4.1	2,800	1,100	2,387	1.6	2,400	1,100	3,130	1.6	3,200	1,100	3,788	1.4	1,680	1,100	976 976	1.4	2,380	1,100	Strai
Gross Return Production Cost 1/ Net Return				2,310 1,268 1,042			1	3,080 1,463 1,617		s.	2	2,640 1,450 1,190		8		3,520 1,672 1,848				1,848 1,252 <u>596</u>				2,618 1,446 1,172
(2) Other Farm Products 2/ Gross Return Livestock Fishery Other Crops Production Cost 3/ Net Return		1,001	924	1,100 500 430 170 330				1,100 500 430 170 330		*		290 80 50 160 90				290 80 50 160 90				250 370 10 170 170 170				550 370 10 170 170 380
1-2. Net Non-farm Income 2/ (1) Net Income Wage & Salary Trade Remittance from Family Members Others		2,197	2,028	1,690 740 360 80 510				1,690 740 360 80 510				1,740 560 120 270 790				1,740 560 120 270 790				200 200 20 10 340				200 200 20 10 340
2. Expenditure 2, 4/ Food Health/Medical		3,731	3,444	2,870 1,780 220				2,870 1,780 220				2,460 1,520 170				1,520				900				900
Education Clothes				370				370				120				120				30				
Fuel Others				320				320				480				480				80				
3 Not Surplus (Canacity to Pay)		509	550	632				1,207				670				1,328				266				842