

***APPENDIX-B***

***IEE MATRIX***

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***APPENDIX-C***

***OVERALL RATING MATRIX BASED ON***  
***MULTI CRITERIA ANALYSIS***

# Appendix B IEE Matrix

## B-1 Mamminasa Bypass

Table B-1-1 IEE Matrix of Mamminasa Bypass (South Section)

Item / Description	Alternative 1 New Route (length 16.8km)					Alternative 2 New Route (length 20.3km)					Alternative 3 Widening existing road (length 9.1km)					Alternative 4 (Zero-Option) Existing road (length 9.1km)							
	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage			
			Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				
Lingkungan Sosial	1 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	B-	B- 49 67	-	-	-	B-	B- 76 81	-	-	-	A-	A- 493 27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2 Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	A+	-	B+	B+	A+	A+	-	B+	B+	A+	B+	-	B+	B+	B+	B-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3 Utilization of Land and Local Resources	A+	-	-	-	A+	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4 Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B+	-	B-	-	B+	B+	-	B-	-	B+	C+	-	B-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	6 Vulnerable Social Groups	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7 Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8 Local Conflicts of Interests	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	9 Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10 Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	A-	A-	-	-	-	A-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11 Cultural Heritage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12 Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13 Traffic Jam	A+	-	-	-	A+	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	A-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	14 Traffic accidents	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lingkungan Alamiah	15 Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	16 Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	17 Soil Erosion	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	18 Fauna Ecology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	19 Flora Ecology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	20 Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	21 Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	B-	-	-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	22 Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	23 Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	24 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	25 Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Polusi	26 Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
27 Effect on Drainage and Floods		B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	
28 Air Pollution		B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	
29 Water Pollution		B-	-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30 Soil Pollution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
31 Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
32 Noise and Vibration		B-	-	B-	B-	B-	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	
33 Large Scale Ground Settlement		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
34 Emanating Odour		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
35 Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Notes: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

**Table B-1-2 IEE Matrix of Mamminasa Bypass (Middle Section)**

Item / Description		Alternative 1 New Route (length 22km)					Alternative 2 Widening Existing Road (length 28,4km)					Alternatif 4 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (length 29,4 km)					
		Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction		
Social Environment	1	B-	B-1888	-	-	-	A-	A-69985	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2	A+	-	B+	B+	A+	B+	-	B+	B+	B+	-	-	-	-	-	
	3	A+	-	-	-	A+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	
	4	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-	-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	
	5	B+	-	-	-	B+	A-	-	B-	-	A-	-	-	-	-	-	
	6	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	9	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10	B-	-	-	-	B-	A-	-	-	-	A-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13	A+	-	-	-	A+	A+	-	-	-	A+	B-	-	-	-	-	-
	14	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	C-	-	-	-	-	-
Natural Environment	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	17	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	21	B-	-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
26	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-		
27	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-		
Pollution	28	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	C-	-	-	-	-	
	29	B-	-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	32	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	A-	-	B-	B-	A-	B-	-	-	-	-	
	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Notes: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.



## B-2 Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section

Table B-2-1 IEE Matrix of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section (A Section)

Item / Description		Alternative 1 Existing Road Widening (Length: 20.0km)					Alternative 2 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 20.0km)				
		Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post- construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction		Post- construction Stage
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction	
Social Environment	1 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	A-	A- 487 44	-	-	-	-				
	2 Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-				
	3 Utilization of Land and Local Resources	B+	-	-	-	B+	-				
	4 Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	-	-	-	-	-	B-				
	5 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B-	-	-	-	B-	-				
	6 Vulnerable Social Groups	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	7 Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	8 Local Conflicts of Interests	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	9 Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	10 Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	-	-	-	C-	-				
	11 Cultural Heritage	C-	-	-	-	C-	-				
	12 Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-				
	13 Traffic Jam	A+	-	-	-	A+	A-				
	14 Traffic accidents	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	A-				
Natural Environment	15 Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	16 Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	17 Soil Erosion	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-				
	18 Fauna Ecology	C-	-	C-	-	-	-				
	19 Flora Ecology	C-	-	C-	-	-	C-				
	20 Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	21 Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	B-	-	-	B-	-	-				
	22 Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	23 Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	24 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	25 Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	26 Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-				
	27 Effect on Drainage and Floods	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Pollution	28 Air Pollution	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-				
	29 Water Pollution	B-	-	C-	B-	-	-				
	30 Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	31 Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	32 Noise and Vibration	B-	-	C-	B-	B-	B-				
	33 Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	34 Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	35 Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Legend: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

**Table B-2-2 IEE Matrix of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section (B Section)**

Item / Description		Alternative 1 New Road (already planned) (Length: 7.0km)					Alternative 2 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 11.5km)							
		Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction		Post-construction Stage			
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				
Social Environment	1	Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	A-	A- 241 28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	Utilization of Land and Local Resources	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5	Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	6	Vulnerable Social Groups	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7	Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8	Local Conflicts of Interests	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	9	Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10	Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11	Cultural Heritage	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12	Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13	Traffic Jam	B+	-	-	-	B+	A-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	14	Traffic accidents	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	A-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Natural Environment	15	Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16	Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	17	Soil Erosion	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	18	Fauna Ecology	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	19	Flora Ecology	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20	Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	21	Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	22	Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	23	Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	24	Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	25	Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollution	26	Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	27	Effect on Drainage and Floods	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	28	Air Pollution	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	29	Water Pollution	B-	-	C-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30	Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	31	Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	32	Noise and Vibration	B-	-	C-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	33	Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	34	Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	35	Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Legend: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

**Table B-2-3 IEE Matrix of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section (C Section)**

Item / Description		Alternative 1 New Road (Length: 8.6km)					Alternative 2 New Road (Length: 7.6km)					Alternative 3 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 8.7km)					
		Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post- construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post- construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post- construction Stage	
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction		
Social Environment	1	B-	B- 90 33	-	-	-	A-	A- 170 29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2	A+	-	B+	B+	A+	A+	-	B+	B+	A+	B-	-	-	-	-	
	3	A+	-	-	-	A+	A+	-	-	-	A+	-	-	-	-	-	
	4	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-	-	-	-	-	
	5	B+	-	B-	-	B+	B+	-	B-	-	B+	B-	-	-	-	-	
	6	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
	8	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10	B-	-	-	-	B-	A-	-	-	-	-	A-	-	-	-	-	-
	11	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-
	12	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13	A+	-	-	-	A+	A+	-	-	-	A+	A-	-	-	-	-	-
	14	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
Natural Environment	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	17	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	18	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	19	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	21	B-	-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	26	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	B-	-	-	-	-	
	27	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	
Pollution	28	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	
	29	B-	-	C-	B-	-	B-	-	C-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	32	B-	-	C-	B-	B-	B-	-	C-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	
	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Legend: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

**Table B-2-4 IEE Matrix of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section (D Section)**

Item / Description		Alternative 1 Existing Road Widening (Length: 22.0km)					Alternative 2 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 22.0km)								
		Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post- construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction		Post- construction Stage				
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction					
Social Environment	1	Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	A-	A- 665 22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	Utilization of Land and Local Resources	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5	Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B-	-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	6	Vulnerable Social Groups	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7	Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8	Local Conflicts of Interests	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	9	Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10	Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11	Cultural Heritage	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12	Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13	Traffic Jam	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	14	Traffic accidents	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Natural Environment	15	Geographical Conditions	C-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16	Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	17	Soil Erosion	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	18	Fauna Ecology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	19	Flora Ecology	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20	Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	21	Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	22	Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	23	Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	24	Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	25	Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	26	Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	27	Effect on Drainage and Floods	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollution	28	Air Pollution	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	29	Water Pollution	B-	-	C-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30	Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	31	Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	32	Noise and Vibration	B-	-	C-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	33	Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	34	Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	35	Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Legend: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

### B-3 Hertasning Road

**Table B-3-1 IEE Matrix of Hertasning Road (D Section)**

Item / Description		Alternative 1 Existing Road Widening (Length: 4.5km)					Alternative 2 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 4.5km)				
		Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post- construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre- construction Stage	Construction		Post- construction Stage
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction	
Social Environment	1 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	A-	A- 160 11	-	-	-	-				
	2 Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-				
	3 Utilization of Land and Local Resources	B+	-	-	-	B+	C-				
	4 Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	5 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-				
	6 Vulnerable Social Groups	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	7 Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	8 Local Conflicts of Interests	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	9 Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	10 Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	-	-	-	C-	-				
	11 Cultural Heritage	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-				
	12 Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-				
	13 Traffic Jam	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-				
	14 Traffic accidents	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	C-				
Natural Environment	15 Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	16 Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	17 Soil Erosion	B-	-	C-	B-	-	C-				
	18 Fauna Ecology	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-				
	19 Flora Ecology	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-				
	20 Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	21 Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	C-	-	-	C-	-	-				
	22 Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	23 Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	24 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	25 Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Pollution	26 Effect on the Global Warming Issues	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	27 Effect on Drainage and Floods	C+	-	-	-	C+	C-				
	28 Air Pollution	C-	-	-	-	C-	-				
	29 Water Pollution	B-	-	C-	B-	-	-				
	30 Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	31 Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	32 Noise and Vibration	B-	-	C-	B-	C-	-				
	33 Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	34 Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	35 Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Legend: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

## B-4 Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road

Table B-4-1 IEE Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (A Section)

Item / Description		Alternative 1 Use of Existing Road with			Alternative 2 Existing Road Widening (Length: 1.3km)				Alternative 3 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 1.3km)					
		Overall Evaluation	Preparation of control measurement	Post-control Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction		Post-construction Stage
							Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction	
Social Environment	1 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	-	-	-	A-	A- 196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2 Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	-	-	-	B+	-	B+	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-
	3 Utilization of Land and Local Resources	C-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-
	4 Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	-	-	-	B+	-	B-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-
	6 Vulnerable Social Groups	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
	7 Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
	8 Local Conflicts of Interests	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
	9 Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10 Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	C-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-
	11 Cultural Heritage	-	-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12 Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	-	-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13 Traffic Jam	C+	A-	C+	B+	-	-	-	B+	A-	-	-	-	-
	14 Traffic accidents	B-	B-	C-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-
Natural Environment	15 Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16 Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	17 Soil Erosion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	18 Faunal Ecology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	19 Flora Ecology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20 Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	21 Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	22 Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	23 Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	24 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	25 Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	26 Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-
	27 Effect on Drainage and Floods	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-
Pollution	28 Air Pollution	B-	B-	B-	B-	-	C-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-
	29 Water Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30 Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	31 Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	C-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-
	32 Noise and Vibration	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-
	33 Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	34 Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	35 Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

**Table B-4-2 IEE Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (C Section)**

Item / Description		Alternative 1 Existing Road Widening (Length: 0.8km)					Alternative 2 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 0.8km)				
		Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction	
Social Environment	1 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	B-	B- 65 1	-	-	-	-				
	2 Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	C+	-	C+	-	C+	-				
	3 Utilization of Land and Local Resources	C+	-	-	-	C+	C-				
	4 Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	5 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B+	-	B-	-	B+	-				
	6 Vulnerable Social Groups	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	7 Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	C-	C-	-	-	C-	-				
	8 Local Conflicts of Interests	C-	C-	-	-	C-	-				
	9 Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	10 Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	-	-	-	C-	-				
	11 Cultural Heritage	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-				
	12 Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	-	-	-				
	13 Traffic Jam	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-				
	14 Traffic accidents	C-	-	C-	-	C-	B-				
Natural Environment	15 Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	16 Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	17 Soil Erosion	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	18 Fauna Ecology	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	19 Flora Ecology	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	20 Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	21 Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	22 Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	23 Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	24 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	25 Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	26 Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-				
	27 Effect on Drainage and Floods	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Pollution	28 Air Pollution	B-	-	C-	-	B-	C-				
	29 Water Pollution	C-	-	C-	-	-	C-				
	30 Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	31 Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	32 Noise and Vibration	B-	-	C-	-	B-	C-				
	33 Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	34 Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	35 Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Notes: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

**Table B-4-3 IEE Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (D Section)**

Item / Description	Alternative 1 New Road (Length: 4.5km)					Alternative 2 New Road on PDAM Row (Length: 4.5km)					Alternative 3 Existing Road Widening (Length: 5.1km)					Alternative 4 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 5.1km)					
	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	
			Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction		Roadway Construction
1 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	B-	B- 15	-	-	-	A-	A- 50	-	-	-	A-	A- 120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	B+	-	B+	B+	B+	B+	-	B+	-	B+	B+	-	B+	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Utilization of Land and Local Resources	A+	-	-	-	A+	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B+	-	B-	-	B+	B+	-	B-	-	B+	B+	-	B-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 Vulnerable Social Groups	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7 Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Local Conflicts of Interests	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9 Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Cultural Heritage	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13 Traffic Jam	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-	-	-	-	-	-
14 Traffic accidents	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	A-	-	-	-	A-	C-	-	-	-	-	-
15 Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16 Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17 Soil Erosion	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18 Fauna Ecology	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19 Flora Ecology	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21 Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	B-	-	-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22 Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23 Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26 Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
27 Effect on Drainage and Floods	B+	-	-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-
28 Air Pollution	B-	-	C-	C-	B-	B-	-	C-	-	B-	B-	-	C-	-	B-	C-	-	-	-	-	-
29 Water Pollution	B-	-	-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31 Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32 Noise and Vibration	B-	-	B-	B-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-
33 Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34 Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

**Table B-4-4 IEE Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (E Section)**

Item / Description		Alternative 1 Existing Road Widening (Length: 1.2km)					Alternative 2 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 1.2km)							
		Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage			
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				
Social Environment	1	Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	C-	C- 0 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	C+	-	C+	-	C+	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	Utilization of Land and Local Resources	-	-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5	Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B+	-	B-	-	B+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	6	Vulnerable Social Groups	C-	C-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7	Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	C-	C-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8	Local Conflicts of Interests	C-	C-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	9	Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10	Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11	Cultural Heritage	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12	Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13	Traffic Jam	B+	-	-	-	B+	B-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	14	Traffic accidents	C-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Natural Environment	15	Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16	Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	17	Soil Erosion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	18	Fauna Ecology	C-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	19	Flora Ecology	C-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20	Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	21	Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	22	Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	23	Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	24	Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	25	Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollution	26	Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	27	Effect on Drainage and Floods	C+	-	-	-	C+	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	28	Air Pollution	B-	-	C-	C-	B-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	29	Water Pollution	C-	-	-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30	Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	31	Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	32	Noise and Vibration	B-	-	C-	B-	B-	C-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	33	Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	34	Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	35	Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

**Table B-4-5 IEE Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (F Section)**

Item / Description		Alternative 1 New Road (Length: 7.0km)					Alternative 2 Existing Road Widening (Length: 7.0km)					Alternative 3 (Zero-Option) Existing Road (Length: 7.0km)					
		Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	Overall Evaluation	Pre-construction Stage	Construction Stage		Post-construction Stage	
				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction				Roadway Construction	Bridge Construction		
Social Environment	1	Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement a. Number of houses / building to be moved (no) b. Area of land acquisition required (ha)	B-	B- 10 24	- - -	- - -	- - -	A-	A- 114 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	-				
	2	Impact on Local Economy (Employment, Livelihood, etc.)	A+	-	B+	-	A+	B+	-	B+	-	B+	C-				
	3	Utilization of Land and Local Resources	A+	-	-	-	A+	B+	-	-	-	B+	C-				
	4	Social Institutions (Social Capital and Local Decision-making institution)	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-				
	5	Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	B+	-	-	-	B+	B+	-	-	-	B+	-				
	6	Vulnerable Social Groups	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	7	Equality of Benefits and Losses and Equality in Development process	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	8	Local Conflicts of Interests	B-	B-	-	-	B-	B-	B-	-	-	B-	-				
	9	Gender	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	10	Children's Rights (interruption of children's schooling and increase in the number of children's traffic accidents, etc.)	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	-				
	11	Cultural Heritage	C-	-	C-	C-	-	C-	-	C-	C-	-	-				
	12	Infectious Diseases (HIV/AIDS)	B-	-	B-	-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	-				
	13	Traffic Jam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B-				
	14	Traffic accidents	B-	-	-	-	B-	B-	-	B-	-	B-	C-				
Natural Environment	15	Geographical Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	16	Geological Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	17	Soil Erosion	B-	-	B-	-	-	B-	-	B-	-	-	-				
	18	Fauna Ecology	C-	-	C-	-	-	C-	-	C-	-	-	-				
	19	Flora Ecology	C-	-	C-	-	-	C-	-	C-	-	-	-				
	20	Effects on the Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	21	Effect on the Surface Water Body (River, Lakes, etc)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	22	Effect on the Coastal Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	23	Oceanographic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	24	Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	25	Localised Climatic Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	26	Effect on the Global Warming Issues	C-	-	-	-	C-	C-	-	-	-	C-	-				
	27	Effect on Drainage and Floods	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Pollution	28	Air Pollution	B-	-	C-	-	B-	B-	-	C-	-	B-	C-				
	29	Water Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	30	Soil Pollution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	31	Solid Waste and/or Industrial Discharge Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	32	Noise and Vibration	B-	-	C-	-	B-	B-	-	C-	-	B-	B-				
	33	Large Scale Ground Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	34	Emanating Odour	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	35	Pollution on the Water Bottom/Sludge and Its Effect on the Aquatic Life	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Notes: A: Significant changes expected, B: Relatively significant changes expected, C: Not significant but subject to further study, "-": Neglectable impact, A+, B+, C+ indicates relatively positive changes, A-, B-, C- indicates relatively negative changes.

## Appendix C Overall Rating Matrix based on Multi Criteria Analysis

### C-1 Mamminasa Bypass

**Table C-1-1 Overall Rating Matrix of Mamminasa Bypass (South Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment				Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)				Weighted score (* weight)			
					Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Zero Option
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Compo site weight	New route (16.8km)	New route (20.3km)	Widening road (9.1km)	Existing road (9.1km)	New route (16.8km)	New route (20.3km)	Widening road (9.1km)	Existing road (9.1km)	New route (16.8km)	New route (20.3km)	Widening road (9.1km)	Existing road (9.1km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.95</b>	<b>2.97</b>	<b>2.97</b>	<b>2.72</b>	<b>124.84</b>	<b>92.49</b>	<b>94.28</b>	<b>88.39</b>	<b>123.20</b>	<b>92.38</b>	<b>90.04</b>	<b>94.38</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>132.62</b>	<b>108.26</b>	<b>86.99</b>	<b>72.13</b>	<b>50.84</b>	<b>43.04</b>	<b>34.06</b>	<b>32.06</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	5	5	4	3	117.65	117.65	94.12	70.59	14.12	14.12	11.29	8.47
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	3	3	2	5	92.31	92.31	61.54	153.85	11.08	11.08	7.38	18.46
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	3	3	1	166.67	100.00	100.00	33.33	13.33	8.00	8.00	2.67
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	4	3	1	153.85	123.08	92.31	30.77	12.31	9.85	7.38	2.46
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>139.98</b>	<b>82.17</b>	<b>108.04</b>	<b>69.81</b>	<b>40.78</b>	<b>23.81</b>	<b>32.20</b>	<b>23.21</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	2	1	3	5	72.73	36.36	109.09	181.82	6.55	3.27	9.82	16.36
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	5	3	3	1	166.67	100.00	100.00	33.33	15.00	9.00	9.00	3.00
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	5	3	4	1	153.85	92.31	123.08	30.77	9.23	5.54	7.38	1.85
8 Others			0.20	0.06	5	3	3	1	166.67	100.00	100.00	33.33	10.00	6.00	6.00	2.00
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.11</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>101.91</b>	<b>87.05</b>	<b>87.82</b>	<b>123.22</b>	<b>31.59</b>	<b>25.53</b>	<b>23.78</b>	<b>39.11</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>130.01</b>	<b>95.67</b>	<b>64.50</b>	<b>109.81</b>	<b>18.72</b>	<b>13.49</b>	<b>8.62</b>	<b>19.17</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	3	2	1	5	109.09	72.73	36.36	181.82	8.18	5.45	2.73	13.64
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	4	2	4	114.29	114.29	57.14	114.29	4.29	4.29	2.14	4.29
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	5	3	3	1	166.67	100.00	100.00	33.33	6.25	3.75	3.75	1.25
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>91.09</b>	<b>80.83</b>	<b>102.20</b>	<b>125.89</b>	<b>7.98</b>	<b>7.15</b>	<b>9.18</b>	<b>11.70</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	2	2	3	5	66.67	66.67	100.00	166.67	2.40	2.40	3.60	6.00
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	3	2	3	5	92.31	61.54	92.31	153.85	2.49	1.66	2.49	4.15
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	4	4	4	2	114.29	114.29	114.29	57.14	3.09	3.09	3.09	1.54
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>84.64</b>	<b>84.64</b>	<b>96.76</b>	<b>133.95</b>	<b>4.89</b>	<b>4.89</b>	<b>5.98</b>	<b>8.24</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	2	2	3	4	72.73	72.73	109.09	145.45	2.18	2.18	3.27	4.36
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	2	2	2	3	88.89	88.89	88.89	133.33	1.60	1.60	1.60	2.40
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	3	3	3	4	92.31	92.31	92.31	123.08	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.48

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**Table C-1-2 Overall Rating Matrix of Mamminasa Bypass (Middle Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment			Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)			Weighted score ( * weight)		
					Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	New route (22.0km)	Widening road (28.4km)	Existing road (29.4km)	New route (22.0km)	Widening road (28.4km)	existing road (29.4km)	New route (22.0km)	Widening road (28.4km)	existing road (29.4km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.87</b>	<b>2.81</b>	<b>2.47</b>	<b>127.99</b>	<b>91.34</b>	<b>80.67</b>	<b>127.85</b>	<b>88.47</b>	<b>83.69</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>2.63</b>	<b>1.88</b>	<b>146.88</b>	<b>90.10</b>	<b>63.02</b>	<b>57.17</b>	<b>35.25</b>	<b>27.58</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	5	3	1	187.50	93.75	18.75	22.50	11.25	2.25
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	2	2	5	66.67	66.67	166.67	8.00	8.00	20.00
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	3	1	166.67	100.00	33.33	13.33	8.00	2.67
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	3	1	166.67	100.00	33.33	13.33	8.00	2.67
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>1.75</b>	<b>139.64</b>	<b>104.75</b>	<b>55.61</b>	<b>40.14</b>	<b>31.30</b>	<b>18.56</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	2	3	5	63.16	78.95	157.89	5.68	7.11	14.21
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	5	4	1	157.89	126.32	15.79	14.21	11.37	1.42
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	5	3	1	187.50	93.75	18.75	11.25	5.63	1.13
8 Others			0.20	0.06	5	4	1	150.00	120.00	30.00	9.00	7.20	1.80
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.11</b>	<b>2.56</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>97.46</b>	<b>79.18</b>	<b>123.37</b>	<b>30.53</b>	<b>21.92</b>	<b>37.55</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>4.33</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>121.82</b>	<b>73.64</b>	<b>104.55</b>	<b>18.20</b>	<b>9.41</b>	<b>17.39</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	4	1	5	120.00	30.00	150.00	9.00	2.25	11.25
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	2	5	109.09	54.55	136.36	4.09	2.05	5.11
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	5	5	1	136.36	136.36	27.27	5.11	5.11	1.02
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>82.22</b>	<b>92.22</b>	<b>125.56</b>	<b>7.20</b>	<b>8.28</b>	<b>11.52</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	2	3	5	60.00	90.00	150.00	2.16	3.24	5.40
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	2	2	5	66.67	66.67	166.67	1.80	1.80	4.50
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	4	4	2	120.00	120.00	60.00	3.24	3.24	1.62
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>88.33</b>	<b>71.67</b>	<b>140.00</b>	<b>5.13</b>	<b>4.23</b>	<b>8.64</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	2	2	4	75.00	75.00	150.00	2.25	2.25	4.50
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	2	1	3	100.00	50.00	150.00	1.80	0.90	2.70
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	3	3	4	90.00	90.00	120.00	1.08	1.08	1.44

**Table C-1-3 Overall Rating Matrix of Mamminasa Bypass (North Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment					Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)					Weighted score (* weight)				
					Alternati ve 1	Alternati ve 2	Alternati ve 3	Alternati ve 4	Zero Option	Alternati ve 1	Alternati ve 2	Alternati ve 3	Alternati ve 4	Zero Option	Alternati ve 1	Alternati ve 2	Alternati ve 3	Alternati ve 4	Zero Option
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composi te weight	New route (9.1km)	New route (5.0km)	New route (8.3km)	Widenin g road (3.3km)	Existing road (3.3km)	New route (9.1km)	New route (5.0km)	New route (8.3km)	Widenin g road (3.3km)	Existing road (3.3km)	New route (9.1km)	New route (5.0km)	New route (8.3km)	Widenin g road (3.3km)	Existing road (3.3km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.83</b>	<b>3.18</b>	<b>3.10</b>	<b>3.14</b>	<b>2.53</b>	<b>119.12</b>	<b>99.62</b>	<b>98.84</b>	<b>97.04</b>	<b>85.37</b>	<b>116.68</b>	<b>100.19</b>	<b>94.95</b>	<b>98.73</b>	<b>89.45</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>131.94</b>	<b>101.39</b>	<b>94.44</b>	<b>108.33</b>	<b>63.89</b>	<b>51.11</b>	<b>40.22</b>	<b>36.89</b>	<b>43.56</b>	<b>28.22</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	4	4	3	5	2	111.11	111.11	83.33	138.89	55.56	13.33	13.33	10.00	16.67	6.67
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	4	3	3	3	5	111.11	83.33	83.33	83.33	138.89	13.33	10.00	10.00	10.00	16.67
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	4	4	4	1	138.89	111.11	111.11	111.11	27.78	11.11	8.89	8.89	8.89	2.22
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	3	3	3	1	166.67	100.00	100.00	100.00	33.33	13.33	8.00	8.00	8.00	2.67
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>121.53</b>	<b>101.39</b>	<b>111.81</b>	<b>90.97</b>	<b>74.31</b>	<b>34.58</b>	<b>30.17</b>	<b>33.92</b>	<b>26.42</b>	<b>24.92</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	1	2	3	1	5	41.67	83.33	125.00	41.67	208.33	3.75	7.50	11.25	3.75	18.75
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	5	4	4	4	1	138.89	111.11	111.11	111.11	27.78	12.50	10.00	10.00	10.00	2.50
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	5	3	3	3	1	166.67	100.00	100.00	100.00	33.33	10.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	2.00
8 Others			0.20	0.06	5	4	4	4	1	138.89	111.11	111.11	111.11	27.78	8.33	6.67	6.67	6.67	1.67
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>2.78</b>	<b>2.56</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>103.90</b>	<b>96.09</b>	<b>90.26</b>	<b>91.82</b>	<b>117.93</b>	<b>30.98</b>	<b>29.80</b>	<b>24.14</b>	<b>28.76</b>	<b>36.32</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>116.71</b>	<b>104.30</b>	<b>74.88</b>	<b>104.30</b>	<b>99.81</b>	<b>16.44</b>	<b>16.14</b>	<b>9.53</b>	<b>16.14</b>	<b>16.74</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	3	4	1	4	5	88.24	117.65	29.41	117.65	147.06	6.62	8.82	2.21	8.82	11.03
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	4	4	4	5	95.24	95.24	95.24	95.24	119.05	3.57	3.57	3.57	3.57	4.46
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	5	3	3	3	1	166.67	100.00	100.00	100.00	33.33	6.25	3.75	3.75	3.75	1.25
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>103.56</b>	<b>92.57</b>	<b>104.48</b>	<b>79.75</b>	<b>119.63</b>	<b>9.21</b>	<b>8.32</b>	<b>9.28</b>	<b>7.28</b>	<b>10.92</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	2	2	2	2	3	90.91	90.91	90.91	90.91	136.36	3.27	3.27	3.27	3.27	4.91
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	2	3	3	2	3	76.92	115.38	115.38	76.92	115.38	2.08	3.12	3.12	2.08	3.12
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	4	2	3	2	3	142.86	71.43	107.14	71.43	107.14	3.86	1.93	2.89	1.93	2.89
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>91.41</b>	<b>91.41</b>	<b>91.41</b>	<b>91.41</b>	<b>134.34</b>	<b>5.34</b>	<b>5.34</b>	<b>5.34</b>	<b>5.34</b>	<b>8.65</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	2	2	2	2	4	83.33	83.33	83.33	83.33	166.67	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	5.00
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	2	2	2	2	3	90.91	90.91	90.91	90.91	136.36	1.64	1.64	1.64	1.64	2.45
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	3	3	3	3	3	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20

## C-2 Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section

Table C-2-1 Overall Rating Matrix of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section (A Section)

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment		Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)		Weighted score (* weight)	
					Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	Widening road (20km)	Existing road (20km)	Widening road (20km)	Existing road (20km)	Widening road (20km)	Existing road (20km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.83</b>	<b>3.01</b>	<b>114.08</b>	<b>85.92</b>	<b>107.97</b>	<b>92.03</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>119.44</b>	<b>80.56</b>	<b>44.95</b>	<b>35.05</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	5	4	111.11	88.89	13.33	10.67
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	2	5	57.14	142.86	6.86	17.14
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	1	166.67	33.33	13.33	2.67
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	2	142.86	57.14	11.43	4.57
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>133.33</b>	<b>66.67</b>	<b>38.00</b>	<b>22.00</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	2	5	57.14	142.86	5.14	12.86
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	5	2	142.86	57.14	12.86	5.14
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	5	1	166.67	33.33	10.00	2.00
8 Others			0.20	0.06	5	1	166.67	33.33	10.00	2.00
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>89.46</b>	<b>110.54</b>	<b>25.02</b>	<b>34.98</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>96.30</b>	<b>103.70</b>	<b>12.08</b>	<b>17.92</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	1	5	33.33	166.67	2.50	12.50
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	5	88.89	111.11	3.33	4.17
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	5	1	166.67	33.33	6.25	1.25
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>94.63</b>	<b>105.37</b>	<b>8.47</b>	<b>9.54</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	4	5	88.89	111.11	3.20	4.00
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	3	5	75.00	125.00	2.03	3.38
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	3	2	120.00	80.00	3.24	2.16
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>77.46</b>	<b>122.54</b>	<b>4.47</b>	<b>7.53</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	2	4	66.67	133.33	2.00	4.00
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	2	3	80.00	120.00	1.44	2.16
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	3	4	85.71	114.29	1.03	1.37

**Table C-2-2 Overall Rating Matrix of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section (B Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment		Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)		Weighted score ( * weight)	
					Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	New route (7km)	Existing road (11.5km)	New route (7km)	Existing road (11.5km)	New route (7km)	Existing road (11.5km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.87</b>	<b>3.01</b>	<b>114.45</b>	<b>85.55</b>	<b>108.48</b>	<b>91.52</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>2.75</b>	<b>122.92</b>	<b>77.08</b>	<b>46.62</b>	<b>33.38</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	5	3	125.00	75.00	15.00	9.00
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	2	5	57.14	142.86	6.86	17.14
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	1	166.67	33.33	13.33	2.67
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	2	142.86	57.14	11.43	4.57
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>128.87</b>	<b>71.13</b>	<b>36.39</b>	<b>23.61</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	2	5	57.14	142.86	5.14	12.86
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	5	3	125.00	75.00	11.25	6.75
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	5	1	166.67	33.33	10.00	2.00
8 Others			0.20	0.06	5	1	166.67	33.33	10.00	2.00
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.11</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>91.58</b>	<b>108.42</b>	<b>25.46</b>	<b>34.54</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>96.30</b>	<b>103.70</b>	<b>12.08</b>	<b>17.92</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	1	5	33.33	166.67	2.50	12.50
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	5	88.89	111.11	3.33	4.17
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	5	1	166.67	33.33	6.25	1.25
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>94.63</b>	<b>105.37</b>	<b>8.34</b>	<b>9.66</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	3	5	75.00	125.00	2.70	4.50
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	4	5	88.89	111.11	2.40	3.00
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	3	2	120.00	80.00	3.24	2.16
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>83.81</b>	<b>116.19</b>	<b>5.04</b>	<b>6.96</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	3	4	85.71	114.29	2.57	3.43
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	2	3	80.00	120.00	1.44	2.16
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	3	4	85.71	114.29	1.03	1.37

**Table C-2-3 Overall Rating Matrix of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section (C Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment			Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)			Weighted score (* weight)		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option
					New route (8.6km)	New route (7.6km)	Existing road (8.7km)	New route (8.6km)	New route (7.6km)	Existing road (8.7km)	New route (8.6km)	New route (7.6km)	Existing road (8.7km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.95</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.01</b>	<b>106.45</b>	<b>107.56</b>	<b>85.99</b>	<b>105.18</b>	<b>105.06</b>	<b>89.76</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>119.89</b>	<b>119.89</b>	<b>60.23</b>	<b>46.64</b>	<b>46.64</b>	<b>26.73</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	5	5	2	125.00	125.00	50.00	15.00	15.00	6.00
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	3	3	5	81.82	81.82	136.36	9.82	9.82	16.36
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	5	1	136.36	136.36	27.27	10.91	10.91	2.18
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	5	1	136.36	136.36	27.27	10.91	10.91	2.18
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>106.35</b>	<b>113.85</b>	<b>79.81</b>	<b>31.07</b>	<b>33.77</b>	<b>25.15</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	2	3	5	60.00	90.00	150.00	5.40	8.10	13.50
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	5	5	2	125.00	125.00	50.00	11.25	11.25	4.50
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	5	5	2	125.00	125.00	50.00	7.50	7.50	3.00
8 Others			0.20	0.06	5	5	3	115.38	115.38	69.23	6.92	6.92	4.15
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.11</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>93.11</b>	<b>88.95</b>	<b>117.94</b>	<b>27.47</b>	<b>24.66</b>	<b>37.88</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>101.22</b>	<b>88.72</b>	<b>110.05</b>	<b>14.20</b>	<b>11.39</b>	<b>19.41</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	2	1	5	75.00	37.50	187.50	5.63	2.81	14.06
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	4	5	92.31	92.31	115.38	3.46	3.46	4.33
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	5	5	1	136.36	136.36	27.27	5.11	5.11	1.02
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>94.55</b>	<b>94.55</b>	<b>110.91</b>	<b>8.39</b>	<b>8.39</b>	<b>10.21</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	3	3	5	81.82	81.82	136.36	2.95	2.95	4.91
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	3	3	5	81.82	81.82	136.36	2.21	2.21	3.68
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	4	4	2	120.00	120.00	60.00	3.24	3.24	1.62
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>83.57</b>	<b>83.57</b>	<b>132.86</b>	<b>4.87</b>	<b>4.87</b>	<b>8.25</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	2	2	4	75.00	75.00	150.00	2.25	2.25	4.50
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	2	2	3	85.71	85.71	128.57	1.54	1.54	2.31
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	3	3	4	90.00	90.00	120.00	1.08	1.08	1.44

**Table C-2-4 Overall Rating Matrix of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Section (D Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment		Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)		Weighted score (* weight)	
					Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	Widening road (22km)	Existing road (22km)	Widening road (22km)	Existing road (22km)	Widening road (22km)	Existing road (22km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>4.03</b>	<b>3.09</b>	<b>115.83</b>	<b>84.17</b>	<b>109.88</b>	<b>90.12</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>123.91</b>	<b>76.09</b>	<b>47.10</b>	<b>32.90</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	5	4	111.11	88.89	13.33	10.67
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	3	5	75.00	125.00	9.00	15.00
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	1	166.67	33.33	13.33	2.67
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	2	142.86	57.14	11.43	4.57
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>128.87</b>	<b>71.13</b>	<b>36.39</b>	<b>23.61</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	2	5	57.14	142.86	5.14	12.86
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	5	3	125.00	75.00	11.25	6.75
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	5	1	166.67	33.33	10.00	2.00
8 Others			0.20	0.06	5	1	166.67	33.33	10.00	2.00
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>94.71</b>	<b>105.29</b>	<b>26.39</b>	<b>33.61</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>96.30</b>	<b>103.70</b>	<b>12.08</b>	<b>17.92</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	1	5	33.33	166.67	2.50	12.50
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	5	88.89	111.11	3.33	4.17
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	5	1	166.67	33.33	6.25	1.25
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>99.26</b>	<b>100.74</b>	<b>8.84</b>	<b>9.16</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	4	5	88.89	111.11	3.20	4.00
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	4	5	88.89	111.11	2.40	3.00
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	3	2	120.00	80.00	3.24	2.16
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>88.57</b>	<b>111.43</b>	<b>5.47</b>	<b>6.53</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	4	4	100.00	100.00	3.00	3.00
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	2	3	80.00	120.00	1.44	2.16
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	3	4	85.71	114.29	1.03	1.37

### C-3 Hertasing Road

Table C-3-1 Overall Rating Matrix of Hertasing Road (D Section)

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment		Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)		Weighted score ( * weight)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option
					Widening road (4.5km)	Exsisting road (4.5km)	Widening road (4.5km)	Exsisting road (4.5km)	Widening road (4.5km)	Exsisting road (4.5km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.56</b>	<b>2.75</b>	<b>115.36</b>	<b>84.64</b>	<b>112.76</b>	<b>87.24</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>130.00</b>	<b>70.00</b>	<b>51.73</b>	<b>28.27</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	3	2	120.00	80.00	14.40	9.60
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	4	2	133.33	66.67	16.00	8.00
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	1	166.67	33.33	13.33	2.67
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	3	3	100.00	100.00	8.00	8.00
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>121.67</b>	<b>78.33</b>	<b>35.00</b>	<b>25.00</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	1	5	33.33	166.67	3.00	15.00
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	4	1	160.00	40.00	14.40	3.60
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	4	1	160.00	40.00	9.60	2.40
8 Others			0.20	0.06	4	2	133.33	66.67	8.00	4.00
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>94.43</b>	<b>105.57</b>	<b>26.03</b>	<b>33.97</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>93.65</b>	<b>106.35</b>	<b>11.79</b>	<b>18.21</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	1	5	33.33	166.67	2.50	12.50
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	3	114.29	85.71	4.29	3.21
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	4	2	133.33	66.67	5.00	2.50
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>4.67</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>96.30</b>	<b>103.70</b>	<b>8.60</b>	<b>9.40</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	4	5	88.89	111.11	3.20	4.00
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	5	5	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	5	5	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>93.33</b>	<b>106.67</b>	<b>5.64</b>	<b>6.36</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	3	3	100.00	100.00	3.00	3.00
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	2	3	80.00	120.00	1.44	2.16
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	5	5	100.00	100.00	1.20	1.20

## C-4 Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road

Table C-4-1 Overall Rating Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (A Section)

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment			Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)			Weighted score ( * weight)		
					Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	With traffic control (1.3km)	Widening road (1.3km)	Existing road (1.3km)	With traffic control (1.3km)	Widening road (1.3km)	Existing road (1.3km)	With traffic control (1.3km)	Widening road (1.3km)	Existing road (1.3km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.55</b>	<b>3.80</b>	<b>2.55</b>	<b>107.44</b>	<b>118.04</b>	<b>74.52</b>	<b>110.18</b>	<b>113.59</b>	<b>76.23</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>116.17</b>	<b>135.97</b>	<b>47.86</b>	<b>47.96</b>	<b>52.96</b>	<b>19.07</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	4	3	2	133.33	100.00	66.67	16.00	12.00	8.00
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	5	5	1	136.36	136.36	27.27	16.36	16.36	3.27
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	2	5	1	75.00	187.50	37.50	6.00	15.00	3.00
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	4	4	2	120.00	120.00	60.00	9.60	9.60	4.80
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>106.25</b>	<b>116.67</b>	<b>77.08</b>	<b>31.50</b>	<b>33.00</b>	<b>25.50</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	3	1	5	100.00	33.33	166.67	9.00	3.00	15.00
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	3	4	2	100.00	133.33	66.67	9.00	12.00	6.00
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	3	4	1	112.50	150.00	37.50	6.75	9.00	2.25
8 Others			0.20	0.06	3	4	1	112.50	150.00	37.50	6.75	9.00	2.25
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.89</b>	<b>3.89</b>	<b>3.89</b>	<b>99.91</b>	<b>101.48</b>	<b>98.61</b>	<b>30.72</b>	<b>27.63</b>	<b>31.66</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>99.72</b>	<b>93.33</b>	<b>106.94</b>	<b>15.72</b>	<b>11.63</b>	<b>17.66</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	4	1	5	120.00	30.00	150.00	9.00	2.25	11.25
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	2	3	4	66.67	100.00	133.33	2.50	3.75	5.00
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	3	4	1	112.50	150.00	37.50	4.22	5.63	1.41
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>9.00</b>	<b>9.00</b>	<b>9.00</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	3.60	3.60	3.60
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70	2.70
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70	2.70
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>111.11</b>	<b>88.89</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>7.00</b>	<b>5.00</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	3	4	2	100.00	133.33	66.67	3.00	4.00	2.00
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	3	3	3	100.00	100.00	100.00	1.80	1.80	1.80
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	1.20	1.20	1.20

**Table C-4-2 Overall Rating Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (C Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment		Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)		Weighted score ( * weight)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option
					Widening road (0.8km)	Existing road (0.8km)	Widening road (0.8km)	Existing road (0.8km)	Widening road (0.8km)	Existing road (0.8km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>2.90</b>	<b>117.62</b>	<b>82.38</b>	<b>117.05</b>	<b>82.95</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.75</b>	<b>1.75</b>	<b>146.43</b>	<b>53.57</b>	<b>57.90</b>	<b>22.10</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	4	2	133.33	66.67	16.00	8.00
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	5	2	142.86	57.14	17.14	6.86
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	1	166.67	33.33	13.33	2.67
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	2	142.86	57.14	11.43	4.57
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>94.05</b>	<b>105.95</b>	<b>27.00</b>	<b>33.00</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	1	5	33.33	166.67	3.00	15.00
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	4	3	114.29	85.71	10.29	7.71
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	4	3	114.29	85.71	6.86	5.14
8 Others			0.20	0.06	4	3	114.29	85.71	6.86	5.14
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.44</b>	<b>112.38</b>	<b>87.62</b>	<b>32.14</b>	<b>27.86</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>125.71</b>	<b>74.29</b>	<b>16.29</b>	<b>13.71</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	2	5	57.14	142.86	4.29	10.71
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	1	160.00	40.00	6.00	1.50
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	4	1	160.00	40.00	6.00	1.50
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>9.00</b>	<b>9.00</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	5	5	100.00	100.00	3.60	3.60
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	5	5	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	5	5	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>111.43</b>	<b>88.57</b>	<b>6.86</b>	<b>5.14</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	3	2	120.00	80.00	3.60	2.40
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	4	3	114.29	85.71	2.06	1.54
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	4	4	100.00	100.00	1.20	1.20

**Table C-4-3 MCA Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (D Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment				Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)				Weighted score (* weight)			
					Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Zero Option
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	New route (4.5km)	New route on PDAM (4.5km)	Widening road (5.1km)	Existing road (5.1km)	New route (4.5km)	New route on PDAM (4.5km)	Widening road (5.1km)	Existing road (5.1km)	New route (4.5km)	New route on PDAM (4.5km)	Widening road (5.1km)	Existing road (5.1km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>4.05</b>	<b>3.94</b>	<b>2.48</b>	<b>105.09</b>	<b>113.90</b>	<b>110.40</b>	<b>70.61</b>	<b>107.31</b>	<b>113.14</b>	<b>106.78</b>	<b>72.77</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>113.27</b>	<b>119.94</b>	<b>112.24</b>	<b>54.55</b>	<b>46.17</b>	<b>48.30</b>	<b>44.61</b>	<b>20.92</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	4	4	3	2	123.08	123.08	92.31	61.54	14.77	14.77	11.08	7.38
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	5	5	5	1	125.00	125.00	125.00	25.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	3.00
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	5	5	1	125.00	125.00	125.00	25.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	2.00
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	3	4	4	4	80.00	106.67	106.67	106.67	6.40	8.53	8.53	8.53
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>91.23</b>	<b>115.80</b>	<b>124.89</b>	<b>68.07</b>	<b>26.42</b>	<b>34.26</b>	<b>36.68</b>	<b>22.65</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	1	2	3	5	36.36	72.73	109.09	181.82	3.27	6.55	9.82	16.36
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	4	5	4	1	114.29	142.86	114.29	28.57	10.29	12.86	10.29	2.57
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	3	4	4	1	100.00	133.33	133.33	33.33	6.00	8.00	8.00	2.00
8 Others			0.20	0.06	4	4	5	1	114.29	114.29	142.86	28.57	6.86	6.86	8.57	1.71
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.89</b>	<b>3.56</b>	<b>3.44</b>	<b>110.76</b>	<b>105.97</b>	<b>94.06</b>	<b>89.21</b>	<b>34.73</b>	<b>30.57</b>	<b>25.50</b>	<b>29.20</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>133.33</b>	<b>111.11</b>	<b>77.78</b>	<b>77.78</b>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>15.00</b>	<b>10.00</b>	<b>15.00</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	4	2	1	5	133.33	66.67	33.33	166.67	10.00	5.00	2.50	12.50
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	4	3	1	133.33	133.33	100.00	33.33	5.00	5.00	3.75	1.25
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	4	4	3	1	133.33	133.33	100.00	33.33	5.00	5.00	3.75	1.25
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>4.33</b>	<b>4.67</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>90.20</b>	<b>98.04</b>	<b>105.88</b>	<b>105.88</b>	<b>7.94</b>	<b>8.79</b>	<b>9.64</b>	<b>9.64</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	3	4	5	5	70.59	94.12	117.65	117.65	2.54	3.39	4.24	4.24
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	5	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
14 Effect on the Natural/ Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	5	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>108.76</b>	<b>108.76</b>	<b>98.51</b>	<b>83.97</b>	<b>6.79</b>	<b>6.79</b>	<b>5.86</b>	<b>4.57</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	4	4	3	2	123.08	123.08	92.31	61.54	3.69	3.69	2.77	1.85
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	3	3	3	2	109.09	109.09	109.09	72.73	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.31
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	4	4	4	5	94.12	94.12	94.12	117.65	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.41

**Table C-4-4 MCA Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (E Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment		Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)		Weighted score ( * weight)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Zero Option
					Widening road (22km)	Existing road (22km)	Widening road (22km)	Existing road (22km)	Widening road (22km)	Existing road (22km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>3.68</b>	<b>2.80</b>	<b>117.17</b>	<b>82.83</b>	<b>115.35</b>	<b>84.65</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>133.57</b>	<b>66.43</b>	<b>52.11</b>	<b>27.89</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	4	3	114.29	85.71	13.71	10.29
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	3	2	120.00	80.00	14.40	9.60
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	1	166.67	33.33	13.33	2.67
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	4	2	133.33	66.67	10.67	5.33
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>116.90</b>	<b>83.10</b>	<b>32.49</b>	<b>27.51</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	1	5	33.33	166.67	3.00	15.00
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	4	3	114.29	85.71	10.29	7.71
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	4	1	160.00	40.00	9.60	2.40
8 Others			0.20	0.06	4	1	160.00	40.00	9.60	2.40
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>3.89</b>	<b>101.03</b>	<b>98.97</b>	<b>30.75</b>	<b>29.25</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>4.33</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>115.87</b>	<b>84.13</b>	<b>16.79</b>	<b>13.21</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	5	5	100.00	100.00	7.50	7.50
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	4	3	114.29	85.71	4.29	3.21
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	4	2	133.33	66.67	5.00	2.50
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>84.26</b>	<b>115.74</b>	<b>7.50</b>	<b>10.50</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	3	5	75.00	125.00	2.70	4.50
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	4	5	88.89	111.11	2.40	3.00
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	4	5	88.89	111.11	2.40	3.00
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>102.96</b>	<b>97.04</b>	<b>6.47</b>	<b>5.53</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	3	2	120.00	80.00	3.60	2.40
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	3	3	100.00	100.00	1.80	1.80
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	4	5	88.89	111.11	1.07	1.33

**Table C-4-5 MCA Matrix of Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road (F Section)**

Evaluation Items	Weight				5 grades assessment			Converted score (Relative evaluation, average = 100)			Weighted score ( * weight)		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Composite weight	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Zero Option
					New route (7.0km)	Widening road (7.0km)	Existing road (7.0km)	New route (7.0km)	Widening road (7.0km)	Existing road (7.0km)	New route (7.0km)	Widening road (7.0km)	Existing road (7.0km)
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.00</b>	<b>4.49</b>	<b>3.68</b>	<b>2.59</b>	<b>127.76</b>	<b>101.72</b>	<b>70.52</b>	<b>130.25</b>	<b>98.21</b>	<b>71.54</b>
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>0.40</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>141.67</b>	<b>110.00</b>	<b>48.33</b>	<b>58.00</b>	<b>44.00</b>	<b>18.00</b>
1 Road Alignment			0.30	0.12	5	3	1	166.67	100.00	33.33	20.00	12.00	4.00
2 Construction Feasibility/ Flood			0.30	0.12	5	4	1	150.00	120.00	30.00	18.00	14.40	3.60
3 Traffic Demand			0.20	0.08	5	4	1	150.00	120.00	30.00	12.00	9.60	2.40
4 Road Network			0.20	0.08	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>131.25</b>	<b>99.38</b>	<b>69.38</b>	<b>38.25</b>	<b>28.58</b>	<b>23.18</b>
5 Cost (Construction & Maintenance)			0.30	0.09	2	1	5	75.00	37.50	187.50	6.75	3.38	16.88
6 Economic Effectiveness			0.30	0.09	5	4	1	150.00	120.00	30.00	13.50	10.80	2.70
7 Impacts on Regional Economy			0.20	0.06	5	4	1	150.00	120.00	30.00	9.00	7.20	1.80
8 Others			0.20	0.06	5	4	1	150.00	120.00	30.00	9.00	7.20	1.80
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>	<b>0.30</b>			<b>0.30</b>	<b>4.22</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>110.36</b>	<b>95.79</b>	<b>93.85</b>	<b>34.00</b>	<b>25.64</b>	<b>30.36</b>
<b>Social Environment</b>		<b>0.50</b>		<b>0.15</b>	<b>4.33</b>	<b>2.67</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>131.67</b>	<b>80.83</b>	<b>87.50</b>	<b>19.31</b>	<b>10.22</b>	<b>15.47</b>
9 Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement			0.50	0.08	4	1	5	120.00	30.00	150.00	9.00	2.25	11.25
10 Existing Social Infrastructure and Services			0.25	0.04	5	4	3	125.00	100.00	75.00	4.69	3.75	2.81
11 Traffic Jam			0.25	0.04	4	3	1	150.00	112.50	37.50	5.63	4.22	1.41
<b>Natural Environment</b>		<b>0.30</b>		<b>0.09</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>4.67</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>86.90</b>	<b>102.38</b>	<b>110.71</b>	<b>7.71</b>	<b>9.19</b>	<b>10.09</b>
12 Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem			0.40	0.04	3	4	5	75.00	100.00	125.00	2.70	3.60	4.50
13 Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions			0.30	0.03	4	5	5	85.71	107.14	107.14	2.31	2.89	2.89
14 Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries			0.30	0.03	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	2.70	2.70	2.70
<b>Pollution</b>		<b>0.20</b>		<b>0.06</b>	<b>4.33</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>112.50</b>	<b>104.17</b>	<b>83.33</b>	<b>6.98</b>	<b>6.23</b>	<b>4.80</b>
15 Air Pollution			0.50	0.03	5	4	3	125.00	100.00	75.00	3.75	3.00	2.25
16 Noise and Vibration			0.30	0.02	3	3	2	112.50	112.50	75.00	2.03	2.03	1.35
17 Water Pollution			0.20	0.01	5	5	5	100.00	100.00	100.00	1.20	1.20	1.20

## C-5 Evaluation Standard

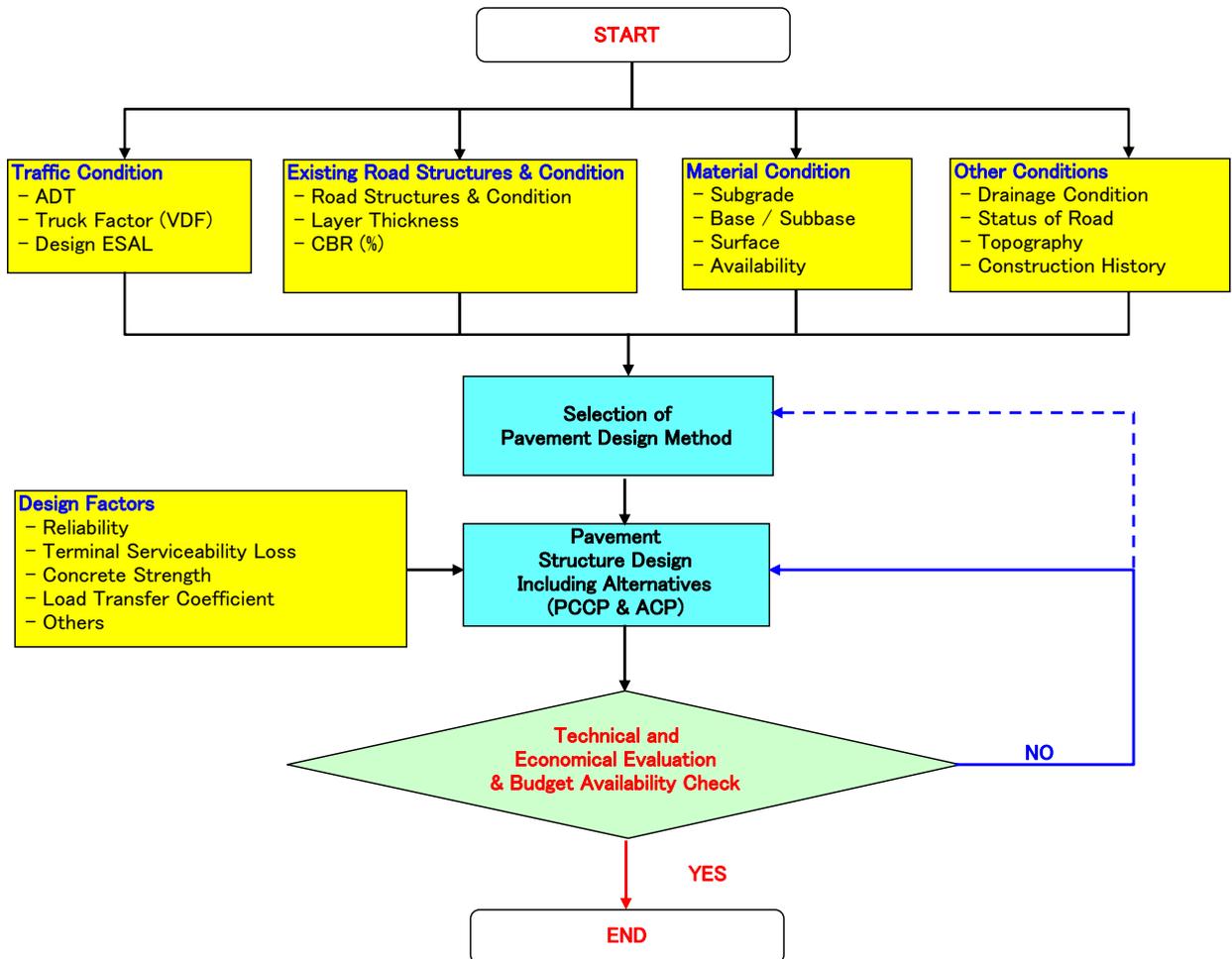
Evaluation Items		Point 1	Point 2	Point 3	Point 4	Point 5
<b>Engineering Aspect</b>						
1	Road Alignment	Low adequacy	Relatively low adequacy	Middle adequacy	Adequacy is relatively high	High adequacy
2	Construction Feasibility/ Flood	Low construction Feasibility	Relatively low construction feasibility	Middle construction feasibility	Relatively high construction feasibility	High feasibility
3	Traffic Demand	Does not match to the demand at all	Scarcely match to the demand	A little match to the demand	Relatively match to the demand	Match to the demand
4	Road Network	Low function	Relatively low function	Middle function	Relatively high function	High function
<b>Economical and Financial Aspect</b>						
5	Cost (Construction & Maintenance)	High cost	Relatively high cost	Middle cost	Relatively low cost	Low cost
6	Economic Effectiveness	Low effectiveness	Relatively low effectiveness	Middle effectiveness	Relatively high effectiveness	High effectiveness
7	Impacts on Regional Economy	Low impact on regional economy	Relatively low impact on regional economy	Middle impact on regional economy	Relatively high impact on regional economy	High impact on regional economy
8	Others	Low economic impact	Relatively low economic impact	Middle economic impact	Relatively high economic impact	High economic impact
<b>Environmental Aspect</b>						
<b>Social Environment</b>						
9	Migration of Populations Involuntary Resettlement	More than 99 households	More than 49 and less than 100 households	More than 29 and less than 50 households	more than 9 and less than 30 households	Less than 10 households
10	Existing Social Infrastructure and Services	No improvement on existing social infrastructure and service	Few improvement on existing social infrastructure and service	Middle improvement on existing social infrastructure and service	Relatively high improvement on existing social infrastructure and service	High improvement on existing social infrastructure and service
11	Traffic Jam	No resolution on traffic jam	Few resolution on traffic jam	Middle resolution on traffic jam	Relatively good resolution on traffic jam	Good resolution on traffic jam
<b>Natural Environment</b>						
12	Flora, Fauna and Ecosystem	High impact on ecosystem	Relatively high impact on ecosystem	Middle impact on ecosystem	Relatively low impact on ecosystem	Low impact on ecosystem
13	Geographical Conditions, Geological Conditions	High impact on geographical or	Relatively high impact on geographical or	Middle impact on geographical or	Relatively low impact on geographical or	Low impact on geographical or
14	Effect on the Natural/Ecological Reserves and Sanctuaries	Large scale impact on conservation area	Relatively large scale impact on conservation	Relatively small scale impact on conservation	Small scale impact on conservation area	No impact on conservation area
<b>Pollution</b>						
15	Air Pollution	Worse air pollution	Relatively worse air pollution	Same air pollution as before	Improve air pollution a little	Improve air pollution
16	Noise and Vibration	Worse noise and vibration level	Relatively worse noise and vibration level	Same noise and vibration level as before	Improve noise and vibration level a little	Improve noise and vibration level
17	Water Pollution	Worse water contamination	Relatively worse water contamination	Same water contamination as before	Improve water contamination a little	Improve water contamination

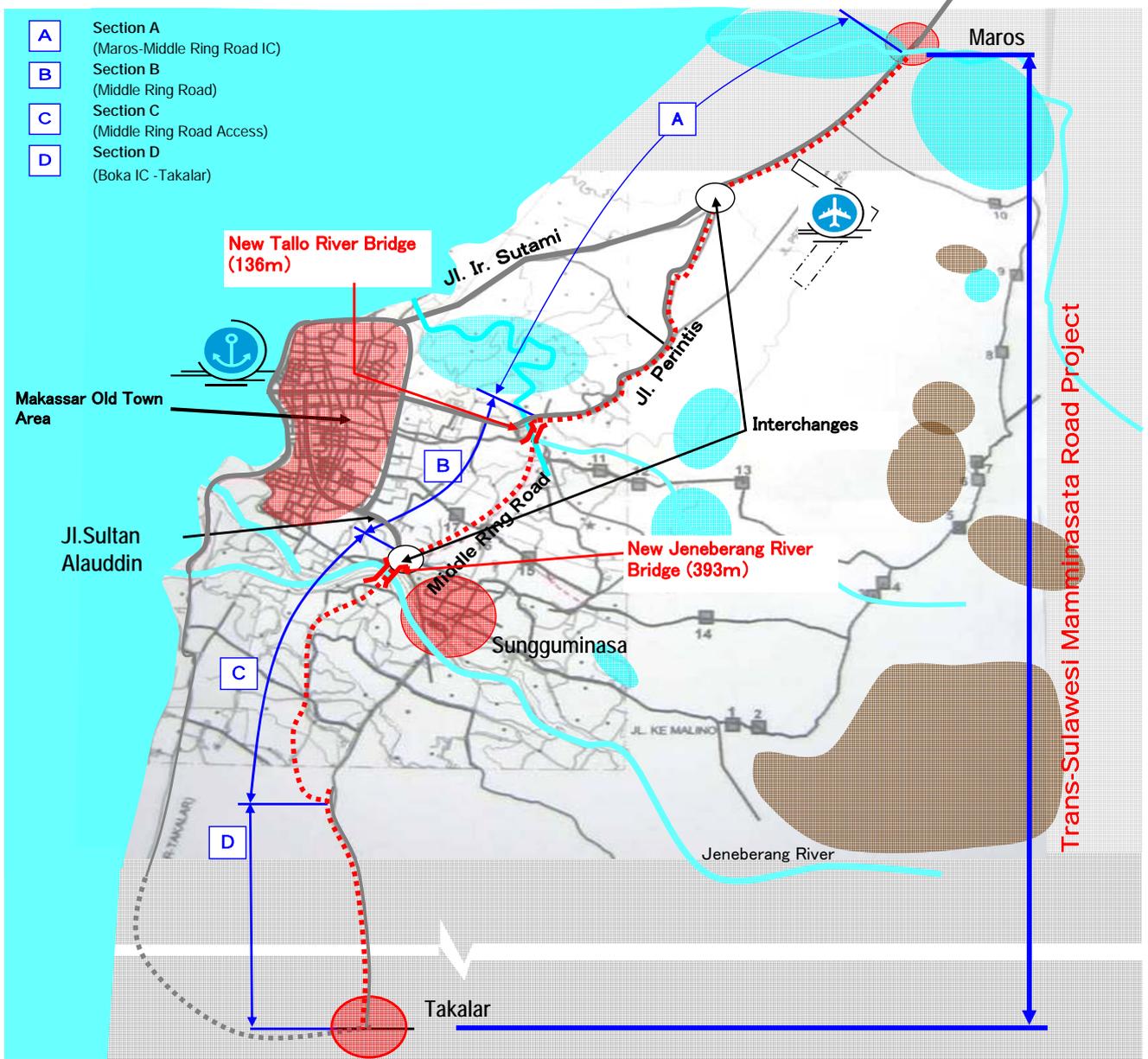
***APPENDIX-D***  
***PAVEMENT DESIGN***



# Appendix D: Pavement Design

## Pavement Design Work Flow





**Location Map for Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road (Maros-Takalar)**

## Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road Cumulative Design Axle Load (Design CESA) Estimation for Pavement Design

**Road Section:** Section A Maros-IC JL.Sutami **Roadway:** 6/2 D

**Summary of Design ESA Estimate**

Traffic Survey Station :  
Base Year: 2005 DD/ Pre-construction: 2008 - 2009 Construction: 2009 - 2012  
Opening Year : 2012 (3 years)

Estimated CESA: Rigid Pavement Design		
Vehicle Type	20-years ESA (2012 - 2031)	
Minibus/Pickup	56,197	0.1%
Large Bus	5,387,722	6.0%
Truck (2-Axles)	50,342,735	56.5%
Truck (3-Axles)	33,365,061	37.4%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>89,151,716</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

**Project's Lifespan :** 20 years for PCCP

**TGR (Traffic Growth Rate):** As indicated table below

AADT: (Y 2005)	Vehicle Type	Empty		Loaded		Total (Year 2005)	
		(Veh.)	(%)	(Veh.)	(%)	(Veh.)	(%)
at Station	Minibus/Pickup	2,373	30%	5,538	70%	7,911	62.1%
No.9	Large Bus	68	10%	610	90.0%	678	5.3%
	Truck (2-Axles)	1,039	30%	2,424	70.0%	3,463	27.2%
	Truck (3-Axles)	205	30%	479	70.0%	684	5.4%
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>3,685</b>		<b>9,051</b>		<b>12,736</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Direction Distribution Factor:		
	North Bound	South Bound
	45%	55%
	40,118,272	49,033,444

**Lane Distribution Factor:** 70%  
(Between 60% and 80% for 6/2D) **34,323,411**

**Design CESA for Pavement Design**  
**34.3 x 10<sup>6</sup>**

Vehicle Damage Factors :	Vehicle Type	Empty		Loaded		Average
		ESA/Veh.	ESA/day	ESA/Veh.	ESA/day	ESA/day
	Mini Bus/Pickup	-	-	0.0007	4	0.0005
	Large Bus	0.04	2.7	0.57	348	0.52
	Truck (2-Axles)	0.08	83.1	1.41	3,418	1.01
	Truck (3-Axles)	0.43	88.2	4.66	2,232	3.39

**ESA Estimation Table (for both directions/lanes)**

Stage	Year	Minibus / Pickup				Large Bus				Truck (2-Axles)				Truck (3-Axles)				Yearly Total		CESA for Design		
		TGR	AADT	V.D.F	ESA/Year	TGR	AADT	V.D.F	ESA	TGR	AADT	V.D.F	ESA	TGR	AADT	V.D.F	ESA	AADT	ESA			
M/P	2005		7,911	0.0005	1,334		678	0.52	127,903		3,463	1.01	1,277,850		684	3.39	846,906	12,736	2,253,994	CESA for Pre-Opening Period		
	2006	6.2%	8,398		1,416	6.2%	720		135,769	7.2%	3,711		1,369,217	7.2%	733		907,460	13,561	2,413,862			
F/S	2007	6.0%	8,897		1,500	6.0%	763		143,848	7.0%	3,968		1,464,377	7.0%	784		970,528	14,412	2,580,253			
D/D	2008	5.8%	9,412		1,587	5.8%	807		152,176	6.8%	4,238		1,563,808	6.8%	837		1,036,427	15,294	2,753,999			
C1	2009	5.6%	9,943		1,677	5.6%	852		160,759	6.6%	4,519		1,667,645	6.6%	893		1,105,246	16,207	2,935,327			
C2	2010	5.5%	10,492		1,769	5.5%	899		169,633	6.5%	4,814		1,776,376	6.5%	951		1,177,308	17,156	3,125,086			
C3	2011	4.6%	10,969		1,850	4.6%	940		177,351	5.6%	5,081		1,874,965	5.6%	1,004		1,242,648	17,994	3,296,814			
C4/OM1	2012	4.5%	11,462		1,933	4.5%	982		185,314	5.5%	5,360		1,977,900	5.5%	1,059		1,310,870	18,863	3,476,017			
OM2	2013	4.4%	11,971		2,019	4.4%	1,026		193,542	5.4%	5,652		2,085,498	5.4%	1,116		1,382,181	19,765	3,663,240			
OM3	2014	4.4%	12,496		2,107	4.4%	1,071		202,039	5.4%	5,956		2,197,906	5.4%	1,176		1,456,681	20,700	3,858,733			
OM4	2015	4.4%	13,041		2,199	4.4%	1,118		210,848	5.4%	6,276	7,515	2,315,714	5.4%	1,240		1,534,759	21,674	4,063,520			
OM5	2016	3.8%	13,539		2,283	3.8%	1,160		218,902	4.8%	6,578		2,427,332	4.8%	1,299		1,608,734	22,577	4,257,251			
OM6	2017	3.8%	14,048		2,369	3.8%	1,204		227,133	4.8%	6,891		2,542,873	4.8%	1,361		1,685,310	23,505	4,457,684			
OM7	2018	3.7%	14,568		2,457	3.7%	1,249		235,537	4.7%	7,215		2,662,388	4.7%	1,425		1,764,519	24,457	4,664,900			
OM8	2019	3.7%	15,101		2,547	3.7%	1,294		244,157	4.7%	7,551		2,786,455	4.7%	1,492		1,846,746	25,439	4,879,905			
OM9	2020	3.6%	15,647		2,639	3.6%	1,341		252,972	4.6%	5,530		2,040,437	4.6%	1,092		1,352,317	23,609	3,648,364			
OM10	2021	3.6%	16,204		2,733	3.6%	1,389		261,977	4.6%	5,782		2,133,481	4.6%	1,142		1,413,982	24,516	3,812,173			
OM11	2022	3.5%	16,772		2,828	3.5%	1,437		271,173	4.5%	6,043		2,229,701	4.5%	1,194		1,477,753	25,446	3,981,455			
OM12	2023	3.5%	17,353		2,926	3.5%	1,487		280,555	4.5%	6,312		2,329,146	4.5%	1,247		1,543,661	26,399	4,156,288			
OM13	2024	3.4%	17,944		3,026	3.4%	1,538		290,122	4.4%	6,590		2,431,861	4.4%	1,302		1,611,736	27,374	4,336,746			
OM14	2025	3.4%	18,547		3,128	3.4%	1,590		299,870	4.4%	6,878		2,537,890	4.4%	1,358		1,682,008	28,373	4,522,896			
OM15	2026	3.3%	19,161		3,231	3.3%	1,642		309,796	4.3%	7,174		2,647,273	4.3%	1,417		1,754,502	29,395	4,714,803			
OM16	2027	3.3%	19,786		3,337	3.3%	1,696		319,895	4.3%	7,480		2,760,047	4.3%	1,477		1,829,244	30,439	4,912,523			
OM17	2028	3.2%	20,421		3,444	3.2%	1,750		330,164	4.2%	7,795		2,876,245	4.2%	1,540		1,906,255	31,506	5,116,108			
OM18	2029	3.2%	21,066		3,553	3.2%	1,805		340,597	4.2%	8,119		2,995,897	4.2%	1,604		1,985,555	32,594	5,325,602			
OM19	2030	3.1%	21,722		3,663	3.1%	1,862		351,190	4.1%	8,453		3,119,028	4.1%	1,670		2,067,162	33,705	5,541,043			
OM20	2031	3.1%	22,386		3,775	3.1%	1,919		361,936	4.1%	8,796	10,533	3,245,661	4.1%	1,737		2,151,089	34,838	5,762,461			
Total CESA for Flexible Pavement Design:					23,285					2,232,422					23,169,984					15,356,097	40,781,789	
Total CESA for Rigid Pavement Design:					56,197					5,387,722					50,342,735					33,365,061	89,151,716	

Source: JICA Study Team



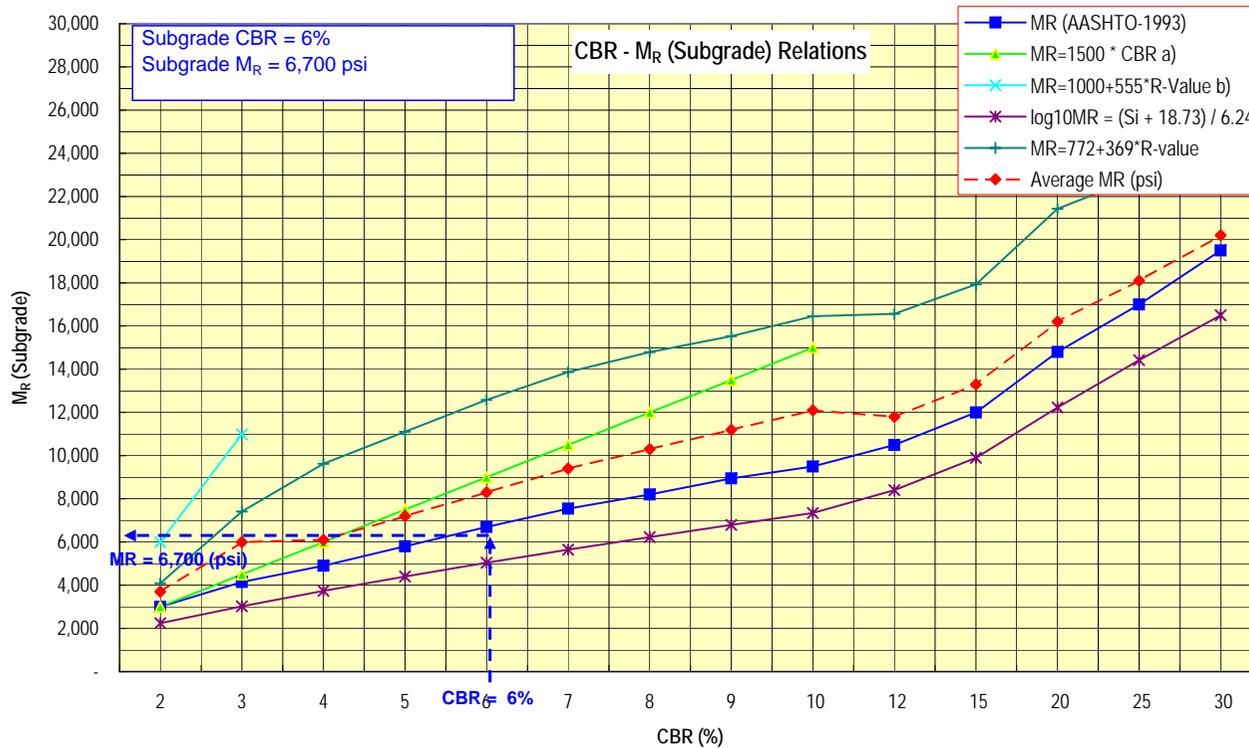
CBR=6%  
 $M_{rSg}=6,700$

Relation of Module (psi) of Subgrade

### CBR-M<sub>R</sub> (Subgrade) Relations

CBR (%)	AASHTO				AI	Average M <sub>R</sub> (psi)	Soil Support Values	R-value
	M <sub>R</sub> (AASHTO-1993)	M <sub>R</sub> =1500 * CBR <sup>a)</sup>	M <sub>R</sub> =1000+555* R-Value <sup>b)</sup>	log10M <sub>R</sub> = (Si + 18.73) / 6.24	M <sub>R</sub> =772+369* R-value			
2	3,000	3,000	5,995	2,245	4,093	3,700	3.00	9.00
3	4,150	4,500	10,990	3,025	7,414	6,000	3.80	18.00
4	4,900	6,000		3,740	9,628	6,100	4.30	24.00
5	5,800	7,500		4,406	11,104	7,200	4.75	28.00
6	6,700	9,000		5,040	12,580	8,300	5.10	32.00
7	7,550	10,500		5,645	13,872	9,400	5.40	35.50
8	8,200	12,000		6,230	14,794	10,300	5.65	38.00
9	8,950	13,500		6,795	15,532	11,200	5.85	40.00
10	9,500	15,000		7,345	16,455	12,100	6.00	42.50
12	10,500			8,400	16,565	11,800	6.35	42.80
15	12,000			9,900	17,931	13,300	6.70	46.50
20	14,800			12,235	21,436	16,200	7.35	56.00
25	17,000			14,420	22,912	18,100	7.70	60.00
30	19,500			16,500	24,573	20,200	8.15	64.50

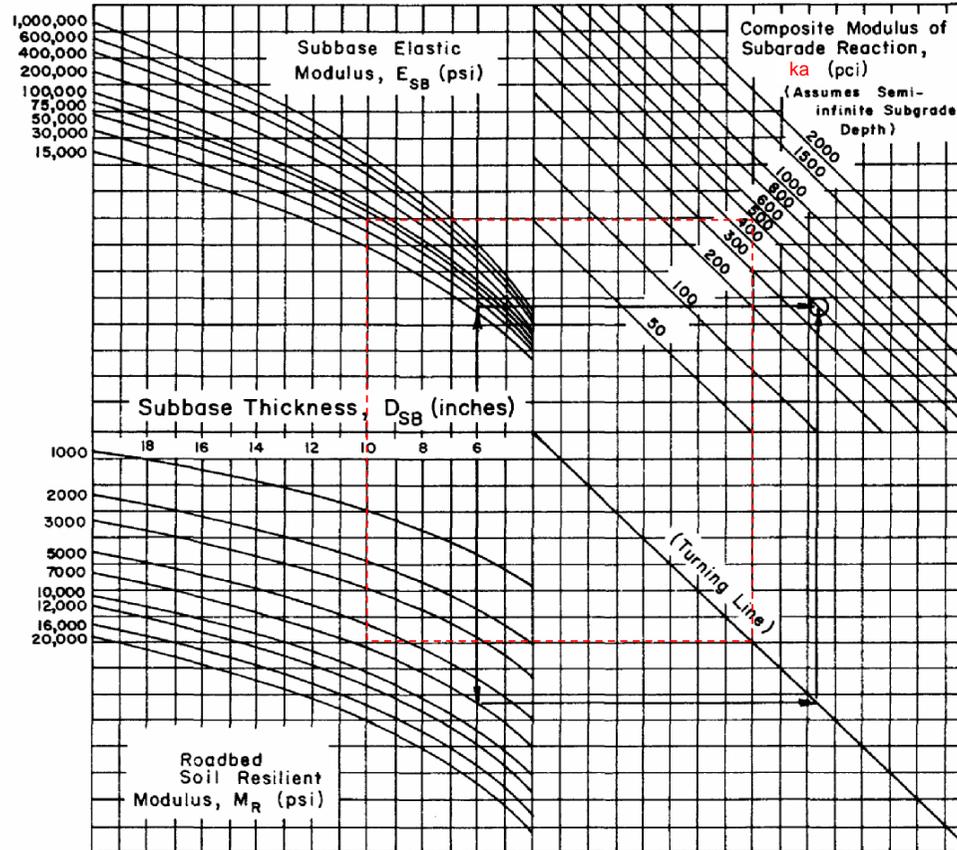
Notes: a) Applicable up to CBR 10  
 b) Applicable up to R-value less than 20



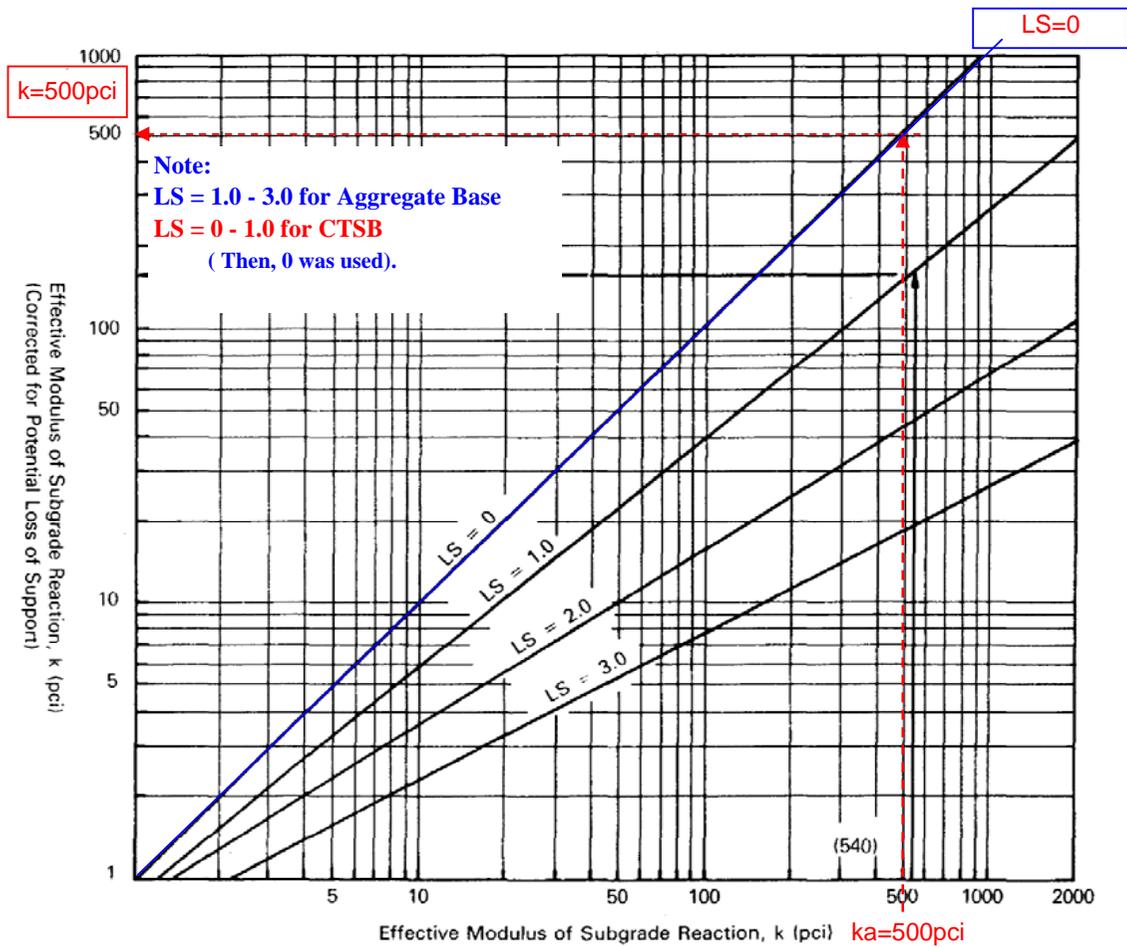
**CONDITION:**

$D_{SB} = 4$  inches (CTSB),  
 + 8 inches (Aggregate Subbase)  
 $E_{SB} = 50,000$  psi

$M_R = 6,700$  psi (CBR 6%)  
 Solution:  $k_a = 500$  pci



Estimate of Composite Modulus of Subgrade Reaction ( $k_a$ )



Correction of Effective Module (k) of Subgrade Reaction  
 for Potential Loss of Subbase Support

# THE TRANS-SULWESI MAMMINASATA ROAD PROJECT

## Section A

### Rigid Pavement Design (AASHTO 1993 Design Guide)

#### RIGID PAVEMENT DESIGN

(Load based on AASHTO)

#### Design Equation:

$$\log_{10} W_{18} = Z_R * S_o + 7.35 * \log_{10}(D+1) - 0.06 + \{ \log_{10} [ \text{APSI} / (4.5 - 1.5) ] \} / \{ 1 + [ (1.624 * 10^7) / (D+1)^{8.46} ] \} + (4.22 - 0.32 \text{pt}) * \log_{10} \{ [ S'c * C_d (D^{0.75} - 1.132) ] / [ 215.63 * J (D^{0.75} - (18.42 / (E_c/k) 0.25)) ] \}$$

#### Design Inputs:

R = 90%  
 $Z_R = -1.282$   
 $S_o = 0.35$   
 $W_{18} = 34.30 \times 10^6$  (18 KIP ESAL)  
 $\text{pt} = 2.50$   
 $\text{APSI} = 2.00$  (4.5-2.5)  
 $S'c = 722$  psi  
 $C_d = 1.10$   
 $J = 3.20$  with Dowel Bars  
 $E_c = 3.40 \times 10^6$  psi  
 $k = 500$  pci

(For try&error computation)

7.535 7.536

$E_c = 57,000 (f'c)^{0.5} = 3.40 \times 10^6$  psi  
 where,  $f_c$  (28 days) = 3,560 psi  
 ( 250 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

$S'c = S_c + z (SDs) = 722$  psi  
 where,  $S_c$  (28 days) = 640 psi  
 ( 45 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

$z =$  standard normal variate  
 1.037 for PS = 15%  
 1.282 for PS = 10%

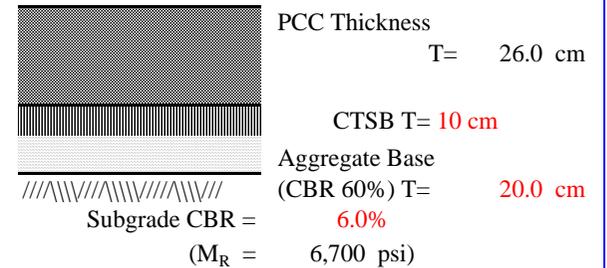
$SDs = S_c \times 10\% = 64$  psi

#### Design Conditions (input):

- Design Period: 20 years
- Loading: Bina Marga Standard
- Design CESA: 34.30 x 10<sup>6</sup>
- Concrete Strength at 28 days:
  - Compression: 250 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>
  - Flexural: 45 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>

Note:

#### PAVEMENT STRUCTURE



#### Output:

$D = 10.09$  inches **o.k. !!!**

25.63 cm,  
 Say 26.0 cm (= 10.2 in.)

Note: Input approx. D and repeat as suggested

Drainage Coefficient (Cd): 1.10 (input)  
 Load Transfer Coefficient (J): 3.20

# THE TRANS-SULWESI MAMMINASATA ROAD PROJECT

## Section B

### Rigid Pavement Design (AASHTO 1993 Design Guide)

#### RIGID PAVEMENT DESIGN

(Load based on AASHTO)

#### Design Equation:

$$\log_{10} W_{18} = Z_R * So + 7.35 * \log_{10}(D+1) - 0.06 + \{ \log_{10} [APSI / (4.5 - 1.5)] \} / \{ 1 + [(1.624 * 10^7) / (D+1)^{8.46}] \} + (4.22 - 0.32pt) * \log_{10} \{ [Sc' * Cd(D0.75 - 1.132)] / [215.63 * J(D0.75 - (18.42 / (Ec/k)0.25))] \}$$

#### Design Inputs:

R = 90%  
 Z<sub>R</sub> = -1.282  
 So = 0.35  
 W<sub>18</sub> = 20.20 x 10<sup>6</sup> (18 KIP ESAL)  
 pt = 2.50  
 APSI = 2.00 (4.5-2.5)  
 S'c = 722 psi  
 Cd = 1.10  
 J = 3.20 with Dowel Bars  
 Ec = 3.40 x 10<sup>6</sup> psi  
 k = 500 pci

(For try&error computation)

7.305    7.306

Ec = 57,000 (f'c)<sup>0.5</sup> = 3.40 x 10<sup>6</sup> psi  
 where, fc (28 days) = 3,560 psi  
 ( 250 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

S'c = Sc + z (SDs) = 722 psi  
 where, Sc (28 days) = 640 psi  
 ( 45 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

z = standard normal variate  
 1.037 for PS = 15 %  
 1.282 for PS = 10%

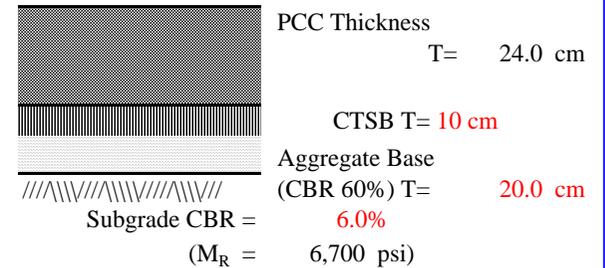
SDs = Sc x 10% = 64 psi

#### Design Conditions (input):

- Design Period: 20 years
- Loading: Bina Marga Standard
- Design CESA: 20.20 x 10<sup>6</sup>
- Concrete Strength at 28 days:
  - Compression: 250 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>
  - Flexural: 45 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>

Note:

#### PAVEMENT STRUCTURE



#### Output:

D = 9.196 inches    o.k. !!!

23.36 cm,  
 Say 24.0 cm (= 9.4 in.)

Note: Input approx. D and repeat as suggested

Drainage Coefficient (Cd): 1.10 (input)  
 Load Transfer Coefficient (J): 3.20

## Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road Cumulative Design Axle Load (Design CESA) Estimation for Pavement Design

**Road Section:** Section A Maros-IC JL.Sutami **Roadway:** 6/2 D

**Summary of Design ESA Estimate**

Traffic Survey Station :  
Base Year: 2005 DD/ Pre-construction: 2008 - 2009 Construction: 2009 - 2012  
Opening Year : 2012 (3 years)

Estimated CESA: Flexible Pavement Design		
Vehicle Type	10-years ESA (2012 - 2021)	
Minibus/Pickup	23,285	0.1%
Large Bus	2,232,422	5.6%
Truck (2-Axles)	23,169,984	58.6%
Truck (3-Axles)	14,088,054	35.7%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>39,513,745</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

**Project's Lifespan :** 10 years for ACP

**TGR (Traffic Growth Rate):** As indicated table below

AADT: (Y 2005)	Vehicle Type	Empty		Loaded		Total (Year 2005)	
		(Veh.)	(%)	(Veh.)	(%)	(Veh.)	(%)
at Station	Minibus/Pickup	2,373	30%	5,538	70%	7,911	62.1%
No.9	Large Bus	68	10%	610	90.0%	678	5.3%
	Truck (2-Axles)	1,039	30%	2,424	70.0%	3,463	27.2%
	Truck (3-Axles)	205	30%	479	70.0%	684	5.4%
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>3,685</b>		<b>9,051</b>		<b>12,736</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Direction Distribution Factor:		
	North Bound	South Bound
	45%	55%
	17,781,185	21,732,560

**Lane Distribution Factor:** 70%  
(Between 60% and 80% for 6/2D) **15,212,792**

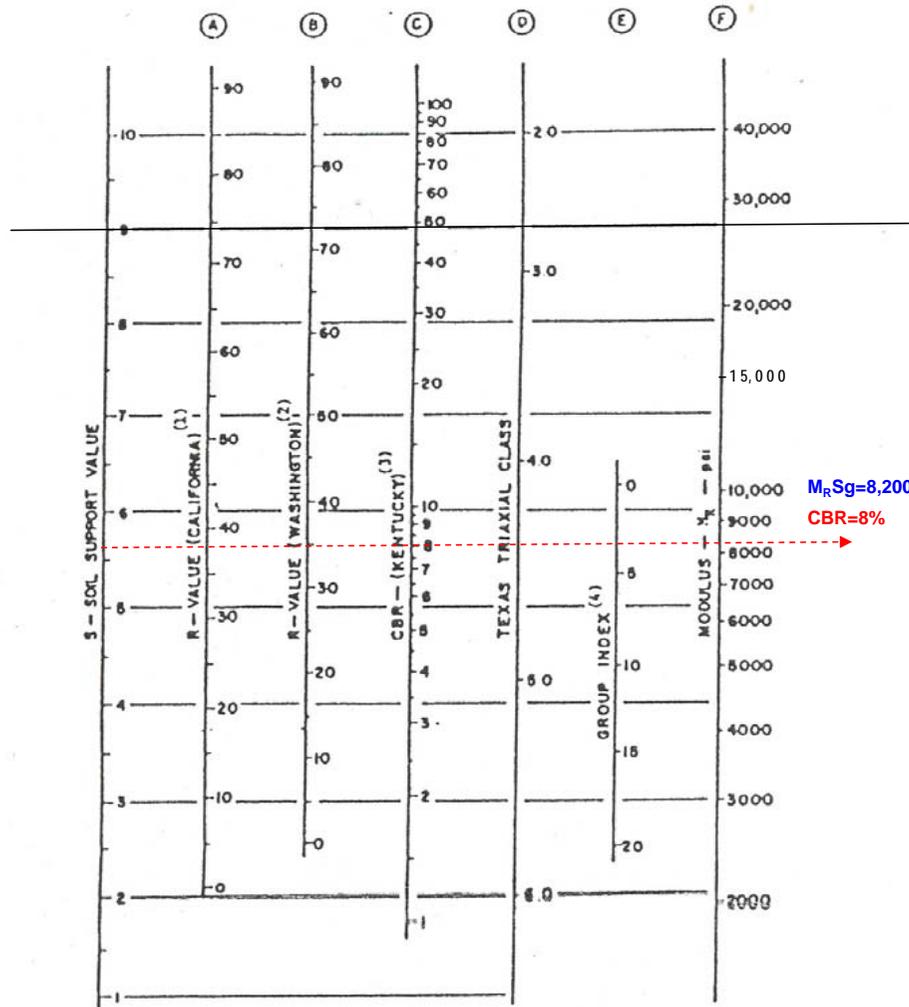
**Design CESA for Pavement Design**  
**15.2 x 10<sup>6</sup>**

Vehicle Damage Factors :	Vehicle Type	Empty		Loaded		Average ESA/day
		ESA/Veh.	ESA/day	ESA/Veh.	ESA/day	
	Mini Bus/Pickup	-	-	0.0007	4	0.0005
	Large Bus	0.04	2.7	0.57	348	0.52
	Truck (2-Axles)	0.08	83.1	1.41	3,418	1.01
	Truck (3-Axles)	0.43	88.2	4.26	2,041	3.11

**ESA Estimation Table (for both directions/lanes)**

Stage	Year	Minibus / Pickup				Large Bus				Truck (2-Axles)				Truck (3-Axles)				Yearly Total		CESA for Design		
		TGR	AADT	V.D.F	ESA/Year	TGR	AADT	V.D.F	ESA	TGR	AADT	V.D.F	ESA	TGR	AADT	V.D.F	ESA	AADT	ESA			
M/P	2005		7,911	0.0005	1,334		678	0.52	127,903		3,463	1.01	1,277,850		684	3.11	776,972	12,736	2,184,060	CESA for Pre-Opening Period		
	2006	6.2%	8,398		1,416	6.2%	720		135,769	7.2%	3,711		1,369,217	7.2%	733		832,525	13,561	2,338,928			
	F/S	2007	6.0%	8,897		1,500	6.0%	763		143,848	7.0%	3,968		1,464,377	7.0%	784		890,386	14,412		2,500,111	
	D/D	2008	5.8%	9,412		1,587	5.8%	807		152,176	6.8%	4,238		1,563,808	6.8%	837		950,843	15,294		2,668,415	
	C1	2009	5.6%	9,943		1,677	5.6%	852		160,759	6.6%	4,519		1,667,645	6.6%	893		1,013,979	16,207		2,844,060	
	C2	2010	5.5%	10,492		1,769	5.5%	899		169,633	6.5%	4,814		1,776,376	6.5%	951		1,080,090	17,156		3,027,869	
C3	2011	4.6%	10,969		1,850	4.6%	940		177,351	5.6%	5,081		1,874,965	5.6%	1,004		1,140,035	17,994	3,194,201	18,757,644		
C4/OM1	2012	4.5%	11,462		1,933	4.5%	982		185,314	5.5%	5,360		1,977,900	5.5%	1,059		1,202,623	18,863	3,367,771	Opening        For Flexible Pavement Design (2012 - 2021)		
	OM2	2013	4.4%	11,971		2,019	4.4%	1,026		193,542	5.4%	5,652		2,085,498	5.4%	1,116		1,268,046	19,765		3,549,105	
	OM3	2014	4.4%	12,496		2,107	4.4%	1,071		202,039	5.4%	5,956		2,197,906	5.4%	1,176		1,336,394	20,700		3,738,447	
	OM4	2015	4.4%	13,041		2,199	4.4%	1,118		210,848	5.4%	6,276	7,515	2,315,714	5.4%	1,240		1,408,025	21,674		3,936,786	
	OM5	2016	3.8%	13,539		2,283	3.8%	1,160		218,902	4.8%	6,578		2,427,332	4.8%	1,299		1,475,891	22,577		4,124,408	
	OM6	2017	3.8%	14,048		2,369	3.8%	1,204		227,133	4.8%	6,891		2,542,873	4.8%	1,361		1,546,144	23,505		4,318,518	
	OM7	2018	3.7%	14,568		2,457	3.7%	1,249		235,537	4.7%	7,215		2,662,388	4.7%	1,425		1,618,813	24,457		4,519,194	
	OM8	2019	3.7%	15,101		2,547	3.7%	1,294		244,157	4.7%	7,551		2,786,455	4.7%	1,492		1,694,249	25,439		4,727,408	
	OM9	2020	3.6%	15,647		2,639	3.6%	1,341		252,972	4.6%	5,530		2,040,437	4.6%	1,092		1,240,648	23,609		3,536,695	
	OM10	2021	3.6%	16,204		2,733	3.6%	1,389		261,977	4.6%	5,782		2,133,481	4.6%	1,142		1,297,221	24,516		3,695,413	
OM11	2022	3.5%	16,772		2,828	3.5%	1,437		271,173	4.5%	6,043		2,229,701	4.5%	1,194		1,355,726	25,446	3,859,429			
OM12	2023	3.5%	17,353		2,926	3.5%	1,487		280,555	4.5%	6,312		2,329,146	4.5%	1,247		1,416,191	26,399	4,028,819			
OM13	2024	3.4%	17,944		3,026	3.4%	1,538		290,122	4.4%	6,590		2,431,861	4.4%	1,302		1,478,645	27,374	4,203,655			
OM14	2025	3.4%	18,547		3,128	3.4%	1,590		299,870	4.4%	6,878		2,537,890	4.4%	1,358		1,543,114	28,373	4,384,003			
OM15	2026	3.3%	19,161		3,231	3.3%	1,642		309,796	4.3%	7,174		2,647,273	4.3%	1,417		1,609,623	29,395	4,569,924			
OM16	2027	3.3%	19,786		3,337	3.3%	1,696		319,895	4.3%	7,480		2,760,047	4.3%	1,477		1,678,193	30,439	4,761,472			
OM17	2028	3.2%	20,421		3,444	3.2%	1,750		330,164	4.2%	7,795		2,876,245	4.2%	1,540		1,748,844	31,506	4,958,698			
OM18	2029	3.2%	21,066		3,553	3.2%	1,805		340,597	4.2%	8,119		2,995,897	4.2%	1,604		1,821,596	32,594	5,161,643			
OM19	2030	3.1%	21,722		3,663	3.1%	1,862		351,190	4.1%	8,453		3,119,028	4.1%	1,670		1,896,464	33,705	5,370,345			
OM20	2031	3.1%	22,386		3,775	3.1%	1,919		361,936	4.1%	8,796	10,533	3,245,661	4.1%	1,737		1,973,460	34,838	5,584,833	86,396,566		
Total CESA for Flexible Pavement Design:					23,285					2,232,422					23,169,984					14,088,054	39,513,745	
Total CESA for Rigid Pavement Design:					56,197					5,387,722					50,342,735					30,609,912	86,396,566	

Notes:



$M_r S_g = 8,200$

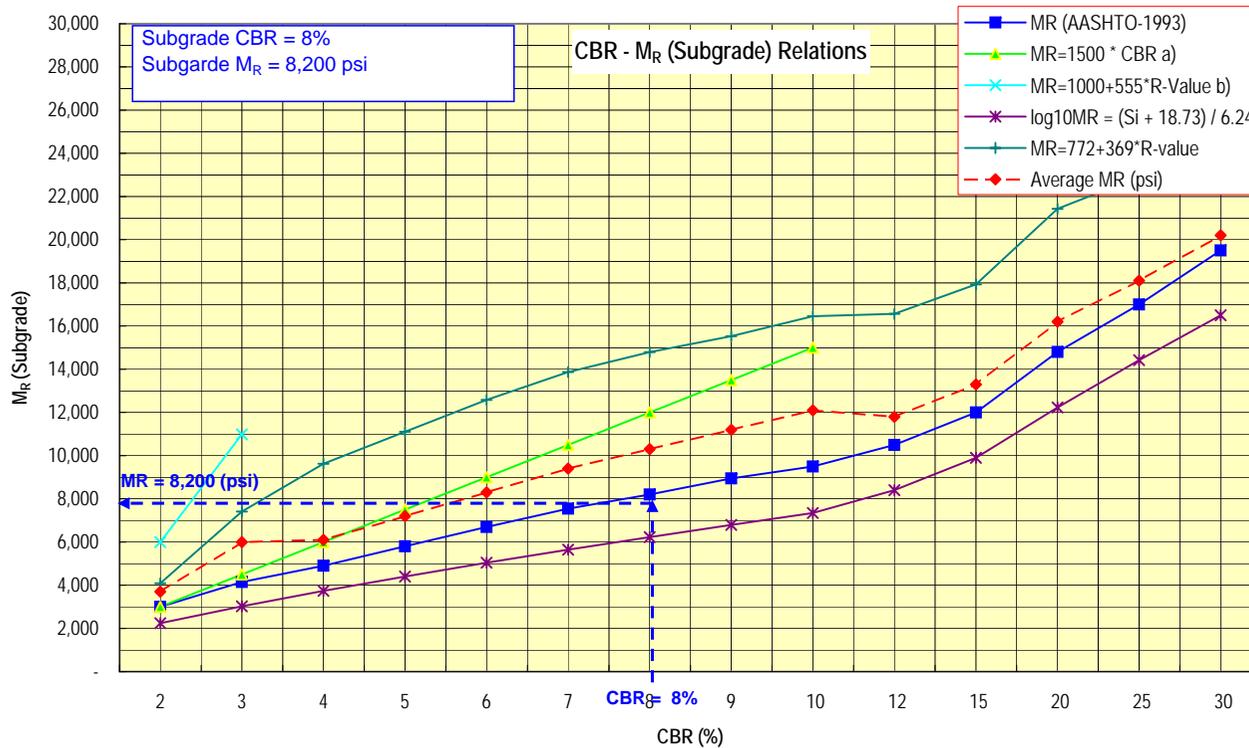
CBR=8%

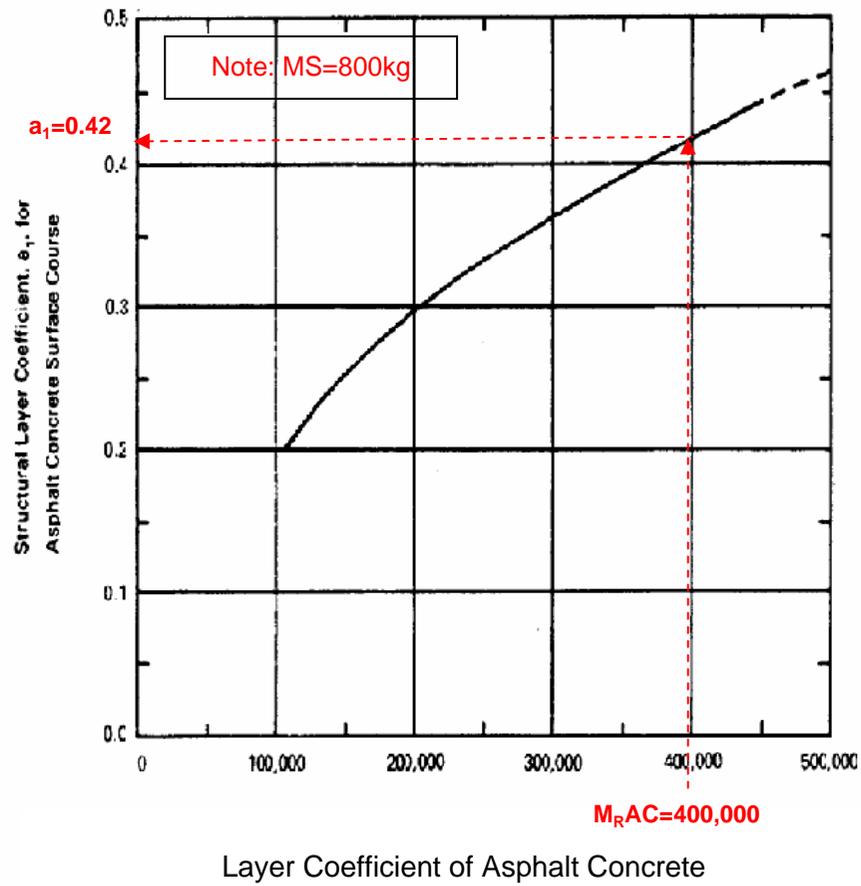
Relation of Module (psi) of Subgrade

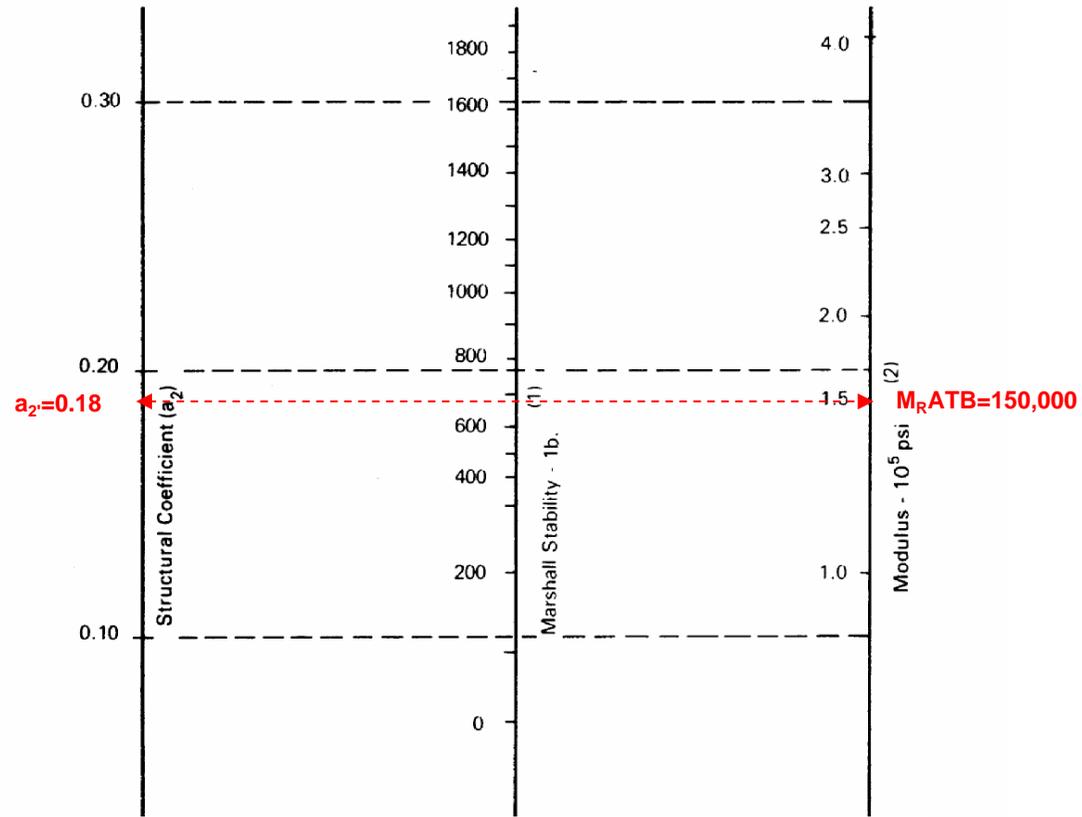
### CBR-M<sub>R</sub> (Subgrade) Relations

CBR (%)	AASHTO				AI M <sub>R</sub> =772+369* R-value	Average M <sub>R</sub> (psi)	Soil Support Values	R-value
	M <sub>R</sub> (AASHTO-1993)	M <sub>R</sub> =1500 * CBR <sup>a)</sup>	M <sub>R</sub> =1000+555* R-Value <sup>b)</sup>	log10M <sub>R</sub> = (Si + 18.73) / 6.24				
2	3,000	3,000	5,995	2,245	4,093	3,700	3.00	9.00
3	4,150	4,500	10,990	3,025	7,414	6,000	3.80	18.00
4	4,900	6,000		3,740	9,628	6,100	4.30	24.00
5	5,800	7,500		4,406	11,104	7,200	4.75	28.00
6	6,700	9,000		5,040	12,580	8,300	5.10	32.00
7	7,550	10,500		5,645	13,872	9,400	5.40	35.50
8	8,200	12,000		6,230	14,794	10,300	5.65	38.00
9	8,950	13,500		6,795	15,532	11,200	5.85	40.00
10	9,500	15,000		7,345	16,455	12,100	6.00	42.50
12	10,500			8,400	16,565	11,800	6.35	42.80
15	12,000			9,900	17,931	13,300	6.70	46.50
20	14,800			12,235	21,436	16,200	7.35	56.00
25	17,000			14,420	22,912	18,100	7.70	60.00
30	19,500			16,500	24,573	20,200	8.15	64.50

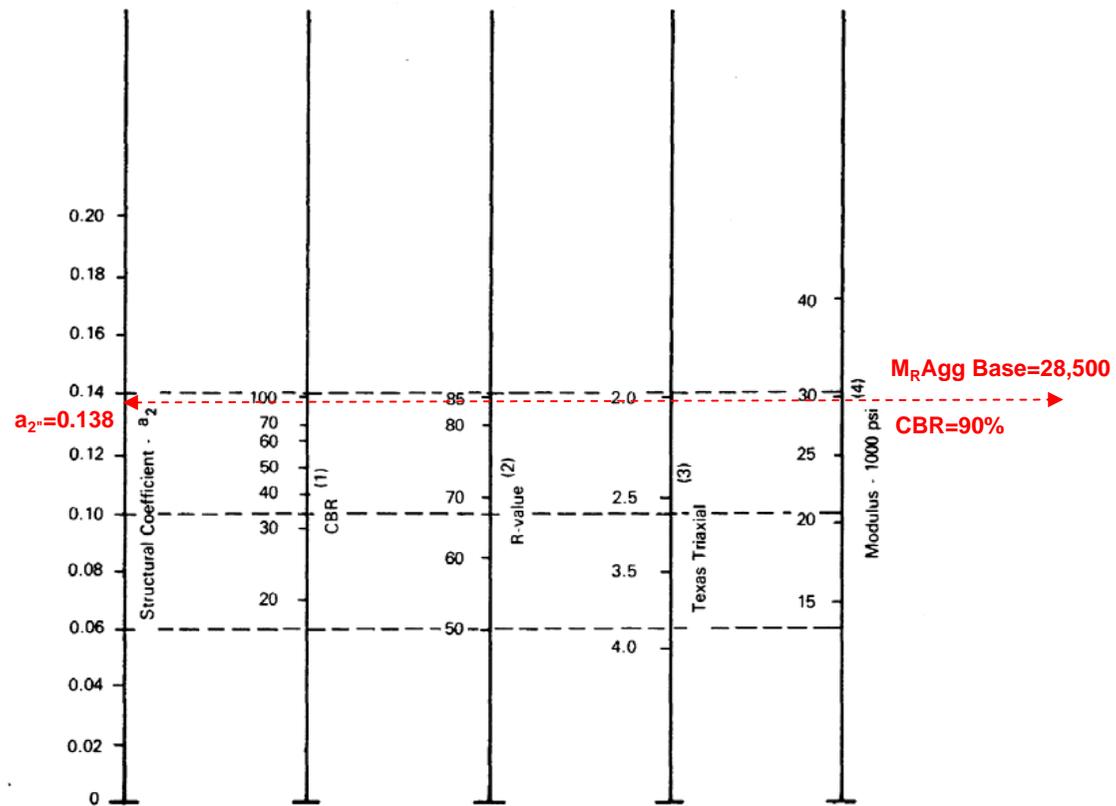
Notes: a) Applicable up to CBR 10  
 b) Applicable up to R-value less than 20



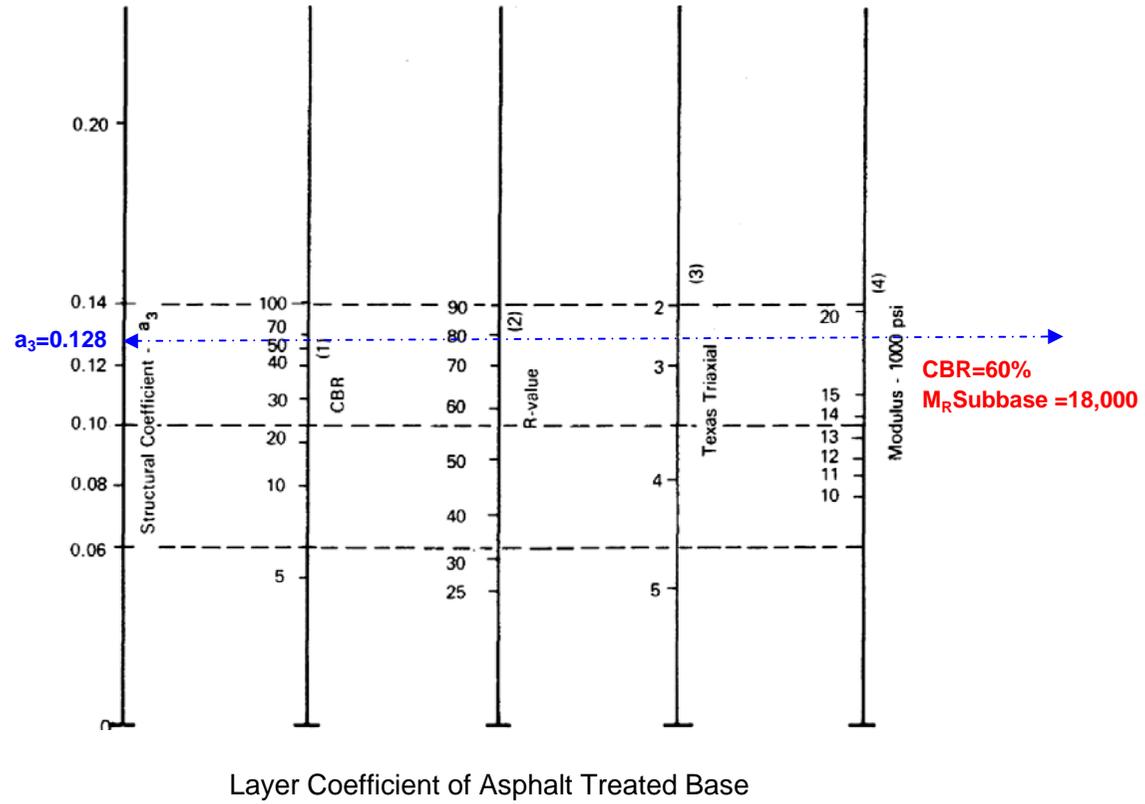




Layer Coefficient of Asphalt Treated Base



Layer Coefficient of Aggregate Base



# TRANS-SULAWESI MAMMINASATA ROAD PROJECT

## Section A

### Flexible Pavement Design (AASHTO 1993 Design Guide)

#### FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN (Load based on AASHTO)

#### Design Conditions:

- Design Period: 10 years
- Loading: Bina Marga Standard
- Design ESAL: 15.20 x 10<sup>6</sup>

Note:

#### SN Design Equation:

$$\log_{10} W_{18} = Z_R * S_o + 9.36 * \log_{10}(SN+1) - 0.20 + \{ \log_{10}[APSI / (4.2 - 1.5)] / [0.40 + 1094 / (SN+1)^{5.19}] \} + 2.32 * \log_{10} M_R - 8.07$$

#### Design Inputs:

R	=	90%
Z <sub>R</sub>	=	-1.282
S <sub>o</sub>	=	0.45
W <sub>18</sub>	=	15.20 x 10 <sup>6</sup> (18KIP ESAL)
M <sub>R</sub>	=	8,200 psi
DPSI	=	1.70 (4.2-2.5)

(For try&error computation)

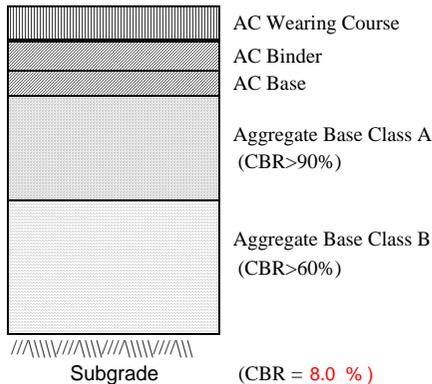
7.182	=	7.181
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#### Output:

SN	=	5.110 o.k. !!!
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Note: Input approx. SN and repeat as suggested

#### PAVEMENT STRUCTURE



M<sub>R</sub> = 1500 \* CBR(%) if a CBR value < 10% is entered.

Otherwise, M<sub>R</sub> = value in from other sources

Input M<sub>R</sub> or CBR

M <sub>R</sub> psi	CBR (%)
8,200	

#### Layer Coefficient

#### Thickness Product

#### Drainage

	per cm	per inch	mm	in inch	Coefficient
	(Input)		(Input)		
a <sub>1</sub> =	0.165	0.42	40	0.66	/
a <sub>2</sub> =	0.165	0.42	50	0.83	
a <sub>2</sub> '=	0.165	0.42	50	0.83	
a <sub>2</sub> ''=	0.055	0.138	200	1.20	1.10
a <sub>3</sub> =	0.051	0.128	289 (300)	1.60	1.10
Total:			629	5.11	
Total Design SN =				5.112	o.k. !!!
Required SN =				5.110	

#### Drainage Coefficients

(Input)

m <sub>2</sub>	Aggregate Base	1.10
m <sub>3</sub>	Granular Subbase	1.10

#### Module of Pavement Materials

Surface	Wearing Course	400,000	psi, MS =	800	kg
	Binder Course	400,000	psi, MS =	800	kg
Base	Asphalt Concrete Base	400,000	psi, MS =	1,000	kg
	Aggregate Base Class A	28,500	psi, CBR >	90%	
Subbase	Aggregate Base Class B	18,000	psi, CBR >	60%	

Note: JICA Study Team

# TRANS-SULAWESI MAMMINASATA ROAD PROJECT

## Section B

### Flexible Pavement Design (AASHTO 1993 Design Guide)

#### FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN (Load based on AASHTO)

#### Design Conditions:

- Design Period: 10 years
- Loading: Bina Marga Standard
- Design ESAL: 9.10 x 10<sup>6</sup>

Note:

#### SN Design Equation:

$$\log_{10} W_{18} = Z_R * S_o + 9.36 * \log_{10}(SN+1) - 0.20 + \{ \log_{10}[APSI / (4.2 - 1.5)] / [0.40 + 1094 / (SN+1)^{5.19}] \} + 2.32 * \log_{10} M_R - 8.07$$

#### Design Inputs:

R =	90%
Z <sub>R</sub> =	-1.282
S <sub>o</sub> =	0.45
W <sub>18</sub> =	9.10 x 10 <sup>6</sup> (18KIP ESAL)
M <sub>R</sub> =	8,200 psi
DPSI =	1.70 (4.2-2.5)

(For try&error computation)

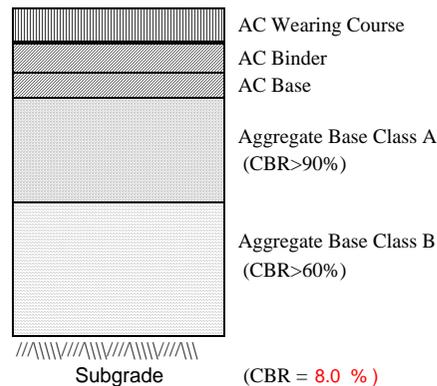
6.959	=	6.958
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#### Output:

SN =	4.746 o.k. !!!
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Note: Input approx. SN and repeat as suggested

#### PAVEMENT STRUCTURE



M<sub>R</sub> = 1500 \* CBR(%) if a CBR value < 10% is entered.

Otherwise, M<sub>R</sub> = value in from other sources

Input M<sub>R</sub> or CBR

M <sub>R</sub> psi	CBR (%)
8,200	

#### Layer Coefficient

#### Thickness Product

#### Drainage

	per cm	per inch	mm	in inch	Coefficient
	(Input)		(Input)		
a <sub>1</sub> =	0.165	0.42	40	0.66	/
a <sub>2</sub> =	0.165	0.42	50	0.83	
a <sub>2</sub> '=	0.165	0.42	50	0.83	
a <sub>2</sub> ''=	0.055	0.138	200	1.20	1.10
a <sub>3</sub> =	0.051	0.128	223 (250)	1.24	1.10
Total:			563	4.75	
Total Design SN =			4.746	o.k. !!!	
Required SN =			4.746		

#### Drainage Coefficients

(Input)

m <sub>2</sub>	Aggregate Base	1.10
m <sub>3</sub>	Granular Subbase	1.10

#### Module of Pavement Materials

Surface	Wearing Course	400,000	psi, MS =	800	kg
	Binder Course	400,000	psi, MS =	800	kg
Base	Asphalt Concrete Base	400,000	psi, MS =	1,000	kg
	Aggregate Base Class A	28,500	psi, CBR >	90%	
Subbase	Aggregate Base Class B	18,000	psi, CBR >	60%	

Note: JICA Study Team

# TRANS-SULAWESI MAMMINASATA ROAD PROJECT

## Section C

### Flexible Pavement Design (AASHTO 1993 Design Guide)

#### FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN (Load based on AASHTO)

**Design Conditions:**  
 - Design Period: 10 years  
 - Loading: Bina Marga Standard  
 - Design ESAL: 9.10 x 10<sup>6</sup>  
 Note:

**SN Design Equation:**

$$\log_{10} W_{18} = Z_R * S_o + 9.36 * \log_{10}(SN+1) - 0.20 + \{ \log_{10}[APSI / (4.2 - 1.5)] / [0.40 + 1094 / (SN+1)^{5.19}] \} + 2.32 * \log_{10} M_R - 8.07$$

**Design Inputs:**

R = 90%  
 Z<sub>R</sub> = -1.282  
 S<sub>o</sub> = 0.45  
 W<sub>18</sub> = 9.10 x 10<sup>6</sup> (18KIP ESAL)  
 M<sub>R</sub> = 8,200 psi  
 DPSI = 1.70 (4.2-2.5)

(For try&error computation)

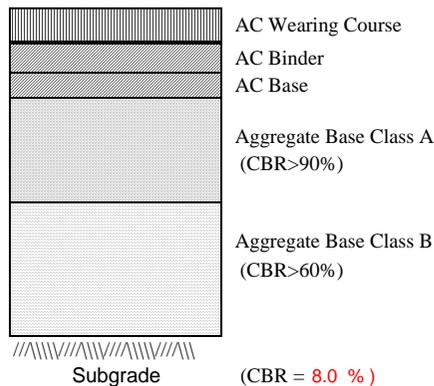
6.959 = 6.960

**Output:**

SN = 4.748 o.k. !!!

Note: Input approx. SN and repeat as suggested

**PAVEMENT STRUCTURE**



M<sub>R</sub> = 1500 \* CBR(%) if a CBR value < 10% is entered.

Otherwise, M<sub>R</sub> = value in from other sources

Input M <sub>R</sub> or CBR	M <sub>R</sub> psi	CBR (%)
	8,200	

**Layer Coefficient** per cm per inch  
**Thickness Product** mm in inch  
**Drainage** Coefficient

	(Input)	(Input)		
a <sub>1</sub> =	0.165	0.42	40	0.66
a <sub>2</sub> =	0.165	0.42	40	0.66
a <sub>2</sub> '=	0.165	0.42	50	0.83
a <sub>2</sub> ''=	0.055	0.138	200	1.20
a <sub>3</sub> =	0.051	0.128	253 (250)	1.40
Total:		583	4.75	
		Total Design SN = 4.747 o.k. !!!		
		Required SN = 4.748		

**Drainage Coefficients** (Input)

m<sub>2</sub> Aggregate Base 1.10  
 m<sub>3</sub> Granular Subbase 1.10

**Module of Pavement Materials**

Surface Wearing Course 400,000 psi, MS = 800 kg  
 Binder Course 400,000 psi, MS = 800 kg  
 Base Asphalt Concrete Base 400,000 psi, MS = 1,000 kg  
 Aggregate Base Class A 28,500 psi, CBR> 90%  
 Subbase Aggregate Base Class B 18,000 psi, CBR> 60%

Note: JICA Study Team

# TRANS-SULAWESI MAMMINASATA ROAD PROJECT

## Section D

### Flexible Pavement Design (AASHTO 1993 Design Guide)

#### FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN (Load based on AASHTO)

**Design Conditions:**  
 - Design Period: 10 years  
 - Loading: Bina Marga Standard  
 - Design ESAL: 4.20 x 10<sup>6</sup>  
 Note:

**SN Design Equation:**

$$\log_{10} W_{18} = Z_R * S_o + 9.36 * \log_{10}(SN+1) - 0.20 + \{ \log_{10}[APSI / (4.2 - 1.5)] / [0.40 + 1094 / (SN+1)^{5.19}] \} + 2.32 * \log_{10} M_R - 8.07$$

**Design Inputs:**

R = 90%  
 Z<sub>R</sub> = -1.282  
 S<sub>o</sub> = 0.45  
 W<sub>18</sub> = 4.20 x 10<sup>6</sup> (18KIP ESAL)  
 M<sub>R</sub> = 8,200 psi  
 DPSI = 1.70 (4.2-2.5)

(For try&error computation)

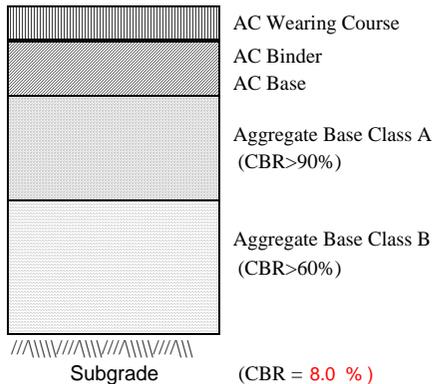
6.623 = 6.622

**Output:**

SN = 4.225 o.k. !!!

Note: Input approx. SN and repeat as suggested

**PAVEMENT STRUCTURE**



M<sub>R</sub> = 1500 \* CBR(%) if a CBR value < 10% is entered.

Otherwise, M<sub>R</sub> = value in from other sources

Input M<sub>R</sub> or CBR

M <sub>R</sub> psi	CBR (%)
8,200	

	Layer Coefficient		Thickness Product		Drainage Coefficient
	per cm	per inch	mm	in inch	
	(Input)		(Input)		
a <sub>1</sub> =	0.165	0.42	40	0.66	
a <sub>2</sub> =	0.165	0.42	60	0.99	
a <sub>2</sub> '=	0.165	0.42	0	0.00	
a <sub>2</sub> ''=	0.055	0.138	200	1.20	1.10
a <sub>3</sub> =	0.051	0.128	248 (250)	1.37	1.10
Total:			548	4.22	
			Total Design SN = 4.224 o.k. !!!		
			Required SN = 4.225		

**Drainage Coefficients (Input)**

m<sub>2</sub> Aggregate Base 1.10  
 m<sub>3</sub> Granular Subbase 1.10

**Module of Pavement Materials**

Surface Wearing Course 400,000 psi, MS = 800 kg  
 Binder Course 400,000 psi, MS = 800 kg  
 Base Asphalt Concrete Base 400,000 psi, MS = 1,000 kg  
 Aggregate Base Class A 28,500 psi, CBR> 90%  
 Subbase Aggregate Base Class B 18,000 psi, CBR> 60%

Note: JICA Study Team

***APPENDIX-E***

***GEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION AND ANALYSIS DATA***

## Appendix E Geological Investigation and Analysis Data

### E-1 Geological Investigation for Bridges

#### E-1.1 Location and Number of Bore Hole Investigation

Table E-2.1 shows a list of the bridges, of which length is more than 20m, subjected to geological investigation.

**Table E-1.1 List of Bridge for Bore Hole Investigation (L>20m)**

No	Bridge ID No	Route	Bridge Length (m)	Number of Bore Hole	Bridge Name / River Name
1	1-16	Mamminasa Bypass	25	2	Ticcekang River
2	1-19	Mamminasa Bypass	60	2	Pahundukang River
3	1-26	Mamminasa Bypass	25	2	Kaccikang River
4	1-28	Mamminasa Bypass	16	2	Jenemanjalling River
5	1-31	Mamminasa Bypass	154	3	Jeneberang No.1
6	4-1	Abdullah Daeng Sirua	35	2	
7	4-5	Abdullah Daeng Sirua	60	2	Tallo River
8	3-2	Hertasning	20	2	Tallo River
9	2-1	Maros – Middle Ring Road	40	2	
10	2-2	Maros – Middle Ring Road	40	2	
11	2-6	Middle Ring Road, Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata	136	3	Tallo River
12	2-7	Middle Ring Road	50	2	
13	2-8	Middle Ring Road	50	2	
14	2-9	Middle Ring Road	50	2	
15	2-11	Middle Ring Road Access, Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata	393	3	Jeneberang No.2
16	2-12	Middle Ring Road Access	35	3	Bayoa River
17	2-14	Middle Ring Road Access	20	2	Barombong River
18	2-18	M R R Access - Takalar	40	3	
19	1-5	Mamminasa By Pass	126	3	Maros

#### E-1.2 Methodology

##### (1) Bridges > 20 m

##### 1) Drilling, Sampling and Recording

Mechanical boring was carried out at abutments for the bridge between 20 m and 40 m in length. An additional boring at river center was carried out for the bridge of more than 40 m in length. Sub

surface geological investigation was made by core drilling to identify the type of soil and rock layers, and details of physical and mechanical condition. In the case of that drilling reaches to rock bed at a shallow depth, the core drilling was continued up to 3 m depth in rock bed. Diameter of the bore hole was more than 64 mm.

Core samples were taken at a 1 meter depth interval. All core samples taken were kept in wooden boxes (dimension of 100 cm x 40 cm x 7cm) marked with hole number. Each box was marked with the information of 1). Project Name, 2). Location, 3). Number of drill hole, 4). Drilling depth and 5). Date of drilling.

The following were recorded in standard investigation recording sheets:

- (i) Hole number, date of operation and diameter of hole
- (ii) Ground Water Level in the hole
- (iii) Depth of drilling, progress of drilling and length of recovered sample for each recovery of core barrel and time for each progress of drilling.
- (iv) Change in quantity of return water from the hole
- (v) Description of judgment on subsurface condition, especially about boundary of each stratum.
- (vi) For rock/ bedrock samples, the RQD and the recovery values were calculated as follows:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \text{RQD (\%)} = (\text{total length of more than 100 cm core/ length of core run}) \times 100\%$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{RECOVERY (\%)} = (\text{length of core recovered/ length of core run}) \times 100\%$$

The core drilling used is the rotary-spindle type with water circulation and capable for obtaining core samples. It has drilling capacity up to 100 meters. The equipment consists of:

- (i) Hydraulics Bore Machine (Tone UD 5 and Koken OP1 and Toho D2G wire line type).
- (ii) Rods (length of 3m, outer diameter 60,4 mm and inner diameter 50,8 mm)
- (iii) Casing (cover of pipe length of 1m to 2 m, outer diameter 88.9 mm and inner diameter 77.8 mm).
- (iv) The engine is Koyo and Yanmar of 15 Hp and 12 Hp respectively.
- (v) Core barrel (single, double), the drilling bite (tungsten or diamond) NMLC type, size of the outer diameter is 73 mm and the inner diameter is 54,70 mm and for the wire line with HQ core barrel, the outer diameter is 89 mm and the inner diameter is 65 mm .
- (vi) The pump is of piston pump with capacity of more than 100 lt/min and maximum pressure

of more than 25 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

- (vii) The test equipment of water pressure / Lugeon test; (single packer of mechanic rubber or pneumatic, water flow meter, manometer and stop watch).

The investigation meets the standards of ASTM D.2113 – 70, ASSHO T.225 – 68, BS 4019 or equivalent.

Drilling procedure used a single core barrel in overburden and double or triple core barrel in rock layers. The core drilling was carried out with tungsten bit. In the case of soft and hard rock a diamond bite and clean water circulation were applied.

The classification of rock type for the geology engineering is based on the classification of Crieipi and Dr K. Kikuci, Mr K. Saito & Mr K. Kusunoki, ICOLD, May, 1982. There are four parameters in the classification like: rock class, hardness, core shape and joint interval and also weathering and alteration.

**Table E-1.2 Classification System of Rock Based on Rock Quality Designation (RQD)**

No.	RQD (%)	Rock Quality
1	0 – 25	Very Poor
2	25 – 50	Poor
3	50 – 75	Fair
4	75 – 90	Good
5	90 – 100	Excellent

**Table E-1.3 Rock hardness, core shape and joint interval, weathering and alteration**

Rock Hardness	Core shape and joint interval	Weathering and alteration
1. Hard rock	1. Columnar: Joint interval is around 30cm or more.	1. Fresh/no alteration
2. Medium hard rock		2. Slightly weathered/weak alteration
3. Weak rock	2. Columnar: Joint interval is approximately 15 to 30cm.	3. Moderately weathered/alteration
4. Very weak rock		4. Highly weathered/alteration
5. Decomposed rock	3. Mainly columnar: Joint interval is approximately 5 to 15cm.	5. Completely weathered/very high alteration
	4. Short columnar and fragments: Joint interval is approximately less than 5cm.	
	5. Mainly fragments: Heavily jointed.	
	6. Mainly sandy – clayey materials.	
	7. Mainly clayey materials.	
	8. No core.	

**Table E-1.4 Rock mass classification (by CRIEPI)**

Class	Description
A	The rock mass is very fresh, and the rock forming minerals and grains undergo neither weathering nor alteration. Joints are extremely tight and their surfaces have no visible sign of weathering. Sound by hammer blow is clear.
B	The rock mass is solid. There is no opening joint and crack (even of 1 mm). The rock forming minerals and grains undergo a little weathering and/ or alteration in partly. Sound by hammer blow is clear.
CH	The rock mass is relatively solid rock. The rock forming minerals and grains undergo weathering except for quartz. The rock is contaminated by limonite, etc. The cohesion of joints and cracks is slightly decreased and rock blocks are separated by firm hammer blow along joints. Clay minerals remain on the separation surface. Sound by hammer blows a little dim.
CM	The rock mass is somewhat soft. The rock forming minerals and grains are somewhat softened by weathering and/ or alteration except for quartz. The cohesion of joints and cracks is somewhat decreased and rock blocks are separated by ordinary hammer blow along joints. Clay materials on the separation surface. Sound by hammer blows is somewhat dim.
CL	The rock mass is soft. Weathering and/ or alteration softens the rock forming minerals and grains. The cohesion of joints and cracks is decreased and rock blocks are separated by soft hammer blow along joints. Sound by hammer blows is dim.
D	The rock mass is remarkably soft. Weathering and/ or alteration softens the rock forming minerals and grains. The cohesion of joints and cracks is almost absent. The rock mass collapses by light hammer blow. Clay materials remain on the separation surface. Sound by hammer blows is remarkably dim

The sketch was taken in the condition when the core was still fresh and all information is recorded in one standard sheet (core log). The information includes: a). The number of the drilling hole. b). The depth of the drilling hole c). Every line consists of depth position

2) Standard Penetration Test (SPT)

The SPT based on ASTM D1586 was conducted with an interval 1.50 meter until where value of N > 50 blows or reached to bedrock layer. During SPT, the soil samples were taken and kept in plastic sack with information. These N-values were recorded in drilling logs.

For rock layers, value of presentation RQD (Rock Quality Destination) for identifying rock strength was observed and recorded in "geological drilling log".

2) Ground Water Measurement

The depth of ground water level at the drilling hole was measured daily using water level sounding before and after the drilling process and also noted in the log book.

### 3) Soil Sampling and Laboratory Tests

The samples of the soil taken are disturbed sample ( DS) in general. Undisturbed samples ( UDS) were taken for some points by using flimsy tube stainless steel with the diameter of 73 mm by depressing it into soil by hydraulics until in 50 cm.

The following laboratory tests were conducted:

- a. Specific Gravity for soils (AASHTO T. 100 – 03)
- b. Moisture content (AASHTO T. 101 – 00)
- c. Grain size Analysis (AASHTO T. 88 - 00)
- d. Atterberg Limit (AASHTO T. 89 – 02)

### 4) Rock Sampling and Laboratory Tests

When reached to rock bed at a shallow depth, the core drilling was continued up to 3 m depth in rock bed. These rock samples were brought to Laboratory for testing.



**Figure E-1.1 Mechanical Boring Test**

### (2) Bridges < 20 m

Static Penetrating Tests (SPT) was carried out to identify the foundation soil classification, the bearing capacity and friction of each layer. Used appliance is Dutch Cone Penetrometer with the capacity of 2.5 ton. Reading was made for the pushing pressure bikonus at every 20 cm with the penetrating speed equal to 1 - 2 cm / second. This test was executed until reaching hard rock, with the cone resistance bigger than 150 Kg / cm<sup>2</sup> or until 20 m depth.

The major specifications of Dutch Cone Penetration Test (DCPT) with the capacities 2.5 ton the Adhesion Jacket Cone are as follows:

- Cone Area = 10 cm<sup>2</sup>
- Angle of Corner trapeze Cone = 60 degree
- Area of cape Cone Jacket = 150 cm<sup>2</sup>
- Area of compressor piston = 10 cm<sup>2</sup>

The penetration test points were determined based on the plan of abutment or pier locations to obtain correct profile of soil layers for design of bridge abutments, piers and foundations. Local frictions ( fs ) were read at a deepness interval of 0.2 m.



**Figure E-1.2 Dutch Cone Penetration Test**

### **E-1.3 Investigation Results for Major Bridges**

#### **(1) Major Bridges > 100 m**

Four major bridges exceeding 100m in length exist on the F/S roads. Since accurate geological information is essential for bridge planning and design, three (3) boring test were carried out for each major bridge.

##### 1) Bridge Number 1-5, Maros Bridge, on Mamminasa Bypass

###### i) Bore Hole 08 at Left Bank

- In depth 0 – 13.0 m, type of material is clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic and cohesive. Loose at 0 m – 5 m.
- In depth >13.0 m, type of material is limestone, dark gray color, soft to hard and massive at 12.5 m - 15.0 m.

###### ii) Bore Hole 09 at River Center (River Bed)

- In depth 0 – 7 m, type of material is clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic and cohesive. Loose at 0 m – 5 m.
- At deepness > 7m, type of material is limestone, dark gray color, soft to hard and massive at 7.0m – 10.0 m.

###### iii) Bore Hole 10 at Right Bank

- In depth 0 – 13.0 m, type of material is clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic and cohesive. Loose at 0 m – 5 m.
- In depth >13.0 m, type of material is limestone, dark gray color, soft to hard and massive at 13.0 m – 15.0 m.

Figure E-1.3 shows boring logs for the above three investigations and a geological cross section for the Maros Bridge site.



Results of laboratory test are follows:

**Table E-1.5 Result of Laboratory Test (Maros Bridge)**

No.	DESCRIPTION	1	2	3
1.	Sieve Analysis			
	# 4	97.60	93.00	92.13
	# 10	95.85	77.48	79.25
	# 18	93.55	64.50	67.63
	# 40	90.13	56.25	60.50
	# 60	87.83	54.13	59.63
	# 100	79.75	52.10	58.13
	# 200	64.93	49.85	56.50
2.	Water Content (%)	39.53	36.59	31.62
3.	Specific Gravity (gr/cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.543	2.559	2.536
4.	Atterberg Limit			
	LL	42.12	45.76	45.42
	PL	28.42	31.20	33.52
	PI	13.70	14.56	11.90
5.	UCS Rock Test (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	274.431	269.05	

Source: JICA Study Team

2) Bridge Number 1-31 (Jeneberang Bridge No.1) on Mamminasa Bypass

i) Bore Hole 01 at Right Bank

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 12 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 4.0 m, represented of clay silt, brown color, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer t is 38 blows/foot.
- In depth > 4.00 m, represented of a soft to hard soil consist of pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer is 70 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2 at Left Bank

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, dark brown color, many crop roots, high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 7 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 6.0 m, represented of clay silt, black color, soft, high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 32 blows/foot.
- In depth > 6.0 m, represented of hard soil of pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

iii) Bore Hole 3 at River Center (River Bed)

- In depth 0 – 1.5 meters represented of top soil, dark brown color, many crop roots, high

consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 meter from ground surface is 7 blows/foot.

- In depth 1.5 – 5.0 m, represented of clay silt, black color, soft, high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 25 blows/foot.
- In depth > 5.0 m, represented of hard soil consist of pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

Figure E-1.4 shows boring logs for the above three investigations and a geological cross section for the Jeneberang No.1 Bridge site.

Results of laboratory test are follows:

**Table E-1.6 Result of Laboratory Test (Jeneberang No.1 Bridge)**

No.	DESCRIPTION	1	2	3
1.	Sieve Analysis			
	# 4	88.68	89.70	91.81
	# 10	66.50	67.60	69.76
	# 18	55.18	56.11	56.35
	# 40	46.53	48.52	45.62
	# 60	42.63	41.65	43.77
	# 100	38.40	38.21	40.61
	# 200	34.18	33.98	34.98
2.	Water Content (%)	67.19	62.42	25.75
3.	Specific Gravity (gr/cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.622	2.612	2.631
4.	Atterberg Limit			
	LL	55.67	56.21	69.32
	PL	32.19	34.28	42.56
	PI	23.48	21.93	26.76
5.	UCS Rock Test (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	150.55	152.85	151.80

Source: JICA Study Team

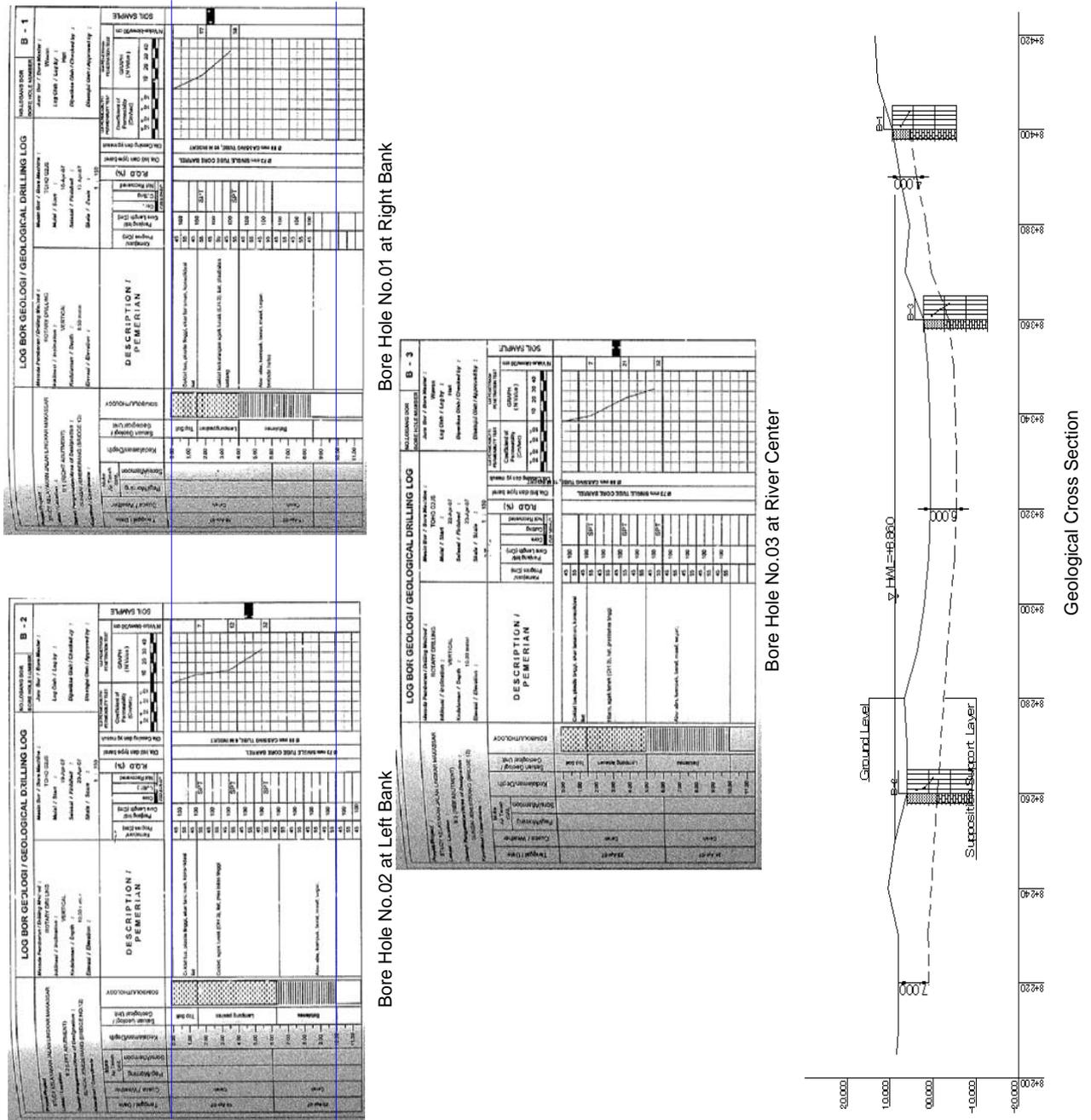


Figure F-1.4 Boring Logs and Geological Cross Section For Jeneberang No.1 Bridge on Mamminasa Bypass

3) Bridge Number 2-6 (Tallo Bridge) on Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

i) Bore Hole 13 at Left Bank

- In depth 0 – 4.0 m, represented of top soil, clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, and loose. SPT Value 4.0 m from ground surface is 40 blows/foot.
- In depth 5.7 -10.0 m, represented of clay stone, dark gray, compact, soft to hard and uniform. SPT Value on 6 meter from ground surface is 50 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 14 at River Bed

- In depth 0 – 3.0 m, represented of top soil and clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, loose. SPT Value on 3 m from ground surface is 50 blows/foot.
- In depth > 3.0 m, represented of clay stone, dark gray, compact, soft to hard and uniform. SPT Value on 4 m is 50 blows/foot.

iii) Bore Hole 15 at Right Bank

- In depth 0 – 7.5 m, represented of top soil, clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, loose. SPT Value on 5.0 m from ground surface is 20 blows/foot.
- In depth 7.5 -10.0 m, represented of clay stone, dark gray, compact, soft to hard and uniform. SPT Value on 7.5 m is 50 blows/foot.

Figure E-1.5 shows boring logs for the above three investigations and a geological cross section for the Tallo Bridge site.

Results of laboratory test are follows:

**Table E-1.7 Result of Laboratory Test (Tallo Bridge)**

No.	DESCRIPTION	1	2	3
1.	Sieve Analysis			
	# 4	99.48	98.95	99.48
	# 10	97.53	96.83	97.53
	# 18	94.13	93.18	94.13
	# 40	84.33	82.38	84.33
	# 60	66.43	63.48	66.43
	# 100	51.93	47.38	51.93
	# 200	41.05	36.23	41.05
2.	Water Content (%)	50.72	52.30	52.69
3.	Specific Gravity (gr/cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.495	2.683	2.654
4.	Atterberg Limit			
	LL	52.73	53.14	50.17
	PL	39.02	38.65	38.18
	PI	13.70	14.49	11.99
5.	UCS Rock Test (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	99.011	99.89	

Source: JICA Study Team

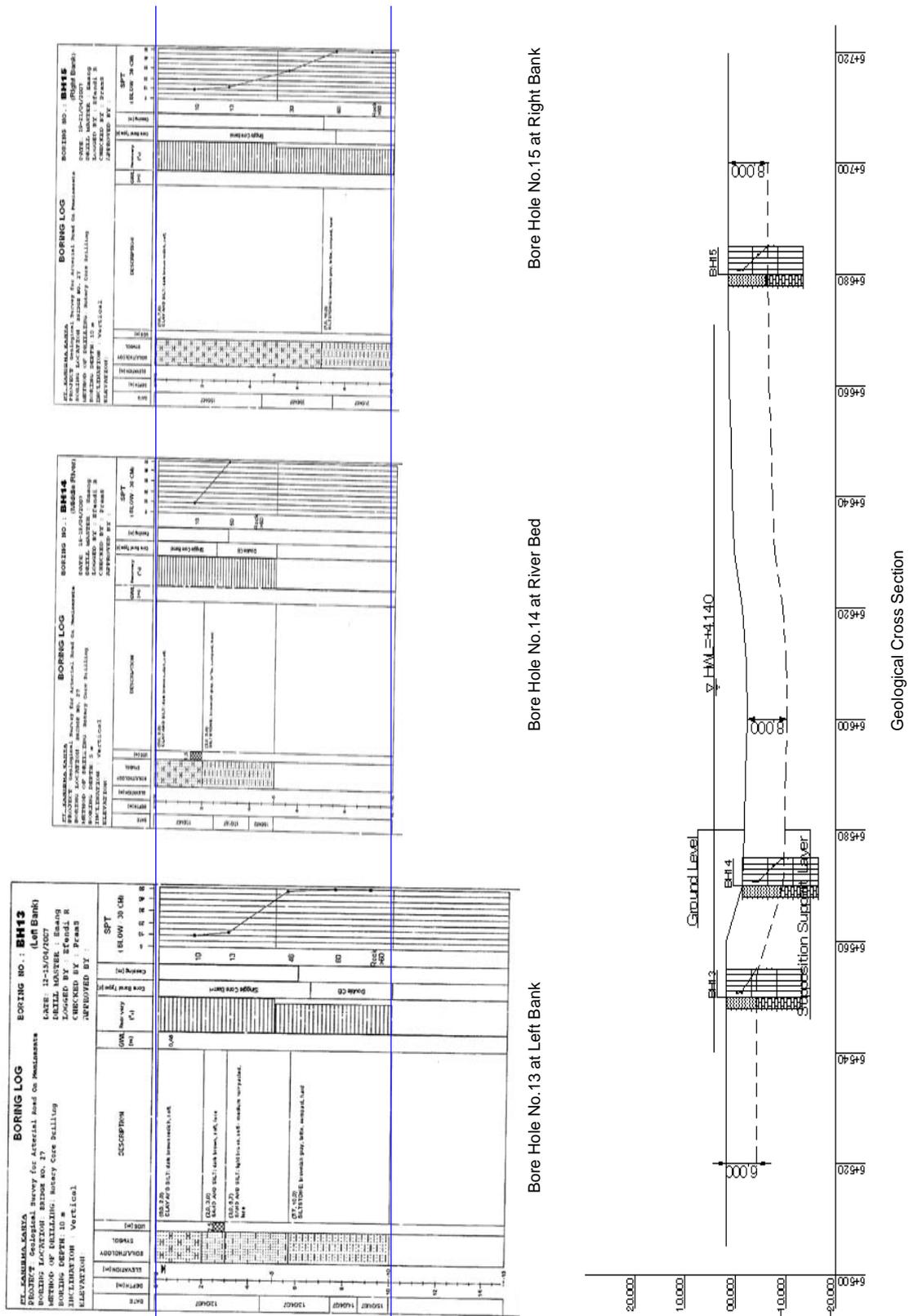


Figure F-1.5 Boring Logs and Geological Cross Section for Tallo Bridge on Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

- 4) Bridge Number 2-11 (Jeneberang No.2 Bridge) on Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road
- i) Bore Hole 1 at Right Bank
- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 10 blows/foot.
  - In depth 1.5 – 6.0 m, represented of clay silt, black color, clay, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 15 blows/foot.
  - In depth 6.0 - 14.0 m, represented of soft to hard soil consist of Pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 41 blows/foot.
  - In depth 14.0 m – 23.5 m, represented of soft to hard soil consist of Pebble stone, grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.
  - In depth >23.5 m, represented of hard, black, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.
- ii) Bore Hole 2 at River Basin
- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 5 blows/foot.
  - In depth 1.5 – 6.0 m, represented of clay silt, black color, clay, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 15 blows/foot.
  - In depth 6.0 - 10.0 m, represented of soft to medium hard soil consist of Pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 17 blows/foot.
  - In depth 10.0 m – 18.5 m, represented of soft to medium hard soil consist of Pebble stone, grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 25 blows/foot.
  - In depth >27.0 m, represented of hard, black, compact and uniform layer. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.
- iii) Bore Hole 3 at Left Bank
- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 13 blows/foot.
  - In depth 1.5 – 6.5 m, represented of clay silt, black color, clay, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 13 blows/foot.
  - In depth 6.5 - 18.0 m, represented of soft to medium hard soil consist of Pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer is 25 blows/foot.

- In depth 18.0 – 24.0 m, represented of soft to hard soil consist of Pebble stone, grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 30 blows/foot.
- In depth > 26.0 m, represented of hard, black, compact and uniform layer. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.

Figure E-1.6 shows boring logs for the above three investigations and a geological cross section for the Jeneberang No.2 Bridge site.

Results of laboratory test are follows:

**Table E-1.8 Result of Laboratory Test (Jeneberang No.2 Bridge)**

No.	DESCRIPTION	1	2	3
1.	Sieve Analysis	98.20	98.36	98.54
	# 4	95.08	94.48	94.24
	# 10	90.63	87.54	88.38
	# 18	84.53	80.48	81.84
	# 40	77.33	72.18	72.18
	# 60	64.45	61.69	59.92
	# 100	44.05	37.61	40.96
	# 200			
2.	Water Content (%)	48.67	49.82	48.26
3.	Specific Gravity (gr/cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.786	2.657	2.852
4.	Atterberg Limit	64.96	63.75	66.21
	LL	42.65	41.58	41.55
	PL	22.31	22.17	22.17
	PI			
5.	UCS Rock Test (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	160.983	165.50	170.75

Source: JICA Study Team

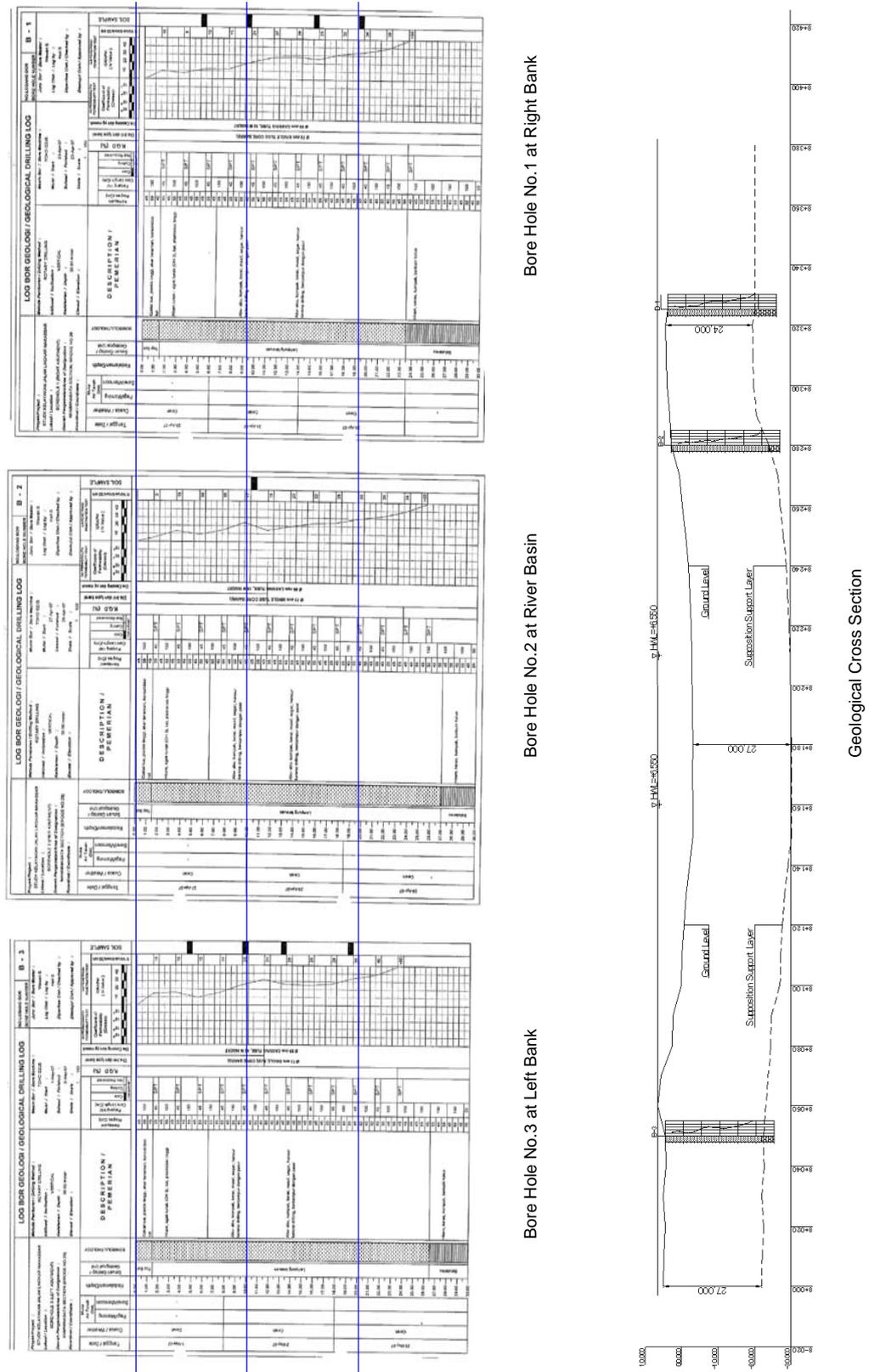


Figure F-1.6 Boring Logs and Geological Cross Section for Jeneberang No.2 Bridge on Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

**(2) Other Bridges > 20 m**

1) Bridge Number 1-16 on Ticcekang River (L=25 m), Mamminasa Bypass

i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 2.2 m, type of material is clay mixed a little sand, dark brown color, soft consistency, plastic and cohesive. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 7 blows/foot.
- In depth > 2.2 m, represented of hard soil consisting of hard clay, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on layer is 60 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 2.2 m, type of material is clay mixed a little sand, dark brown color, soft consistency, plastic and cohesive. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 15 blows/foot.
- In depth > 2.2 m, represented of hard soil consisting of clay stone, dark grey color, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

2) Bridge Number 1-19 on Pahudukang River (L=60 m), Mamminasa Bypass

i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 13 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 6.0 m, represented of clay silt, brown color, medium hard, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 33 – 40 blows/foot.
- In depth > 8.0 m, represented of a hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 8 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 8.0 m, represented of clay silt, black color, medium soft, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 18 – 37 blows/foot.
- In depth > 8.0 m, represented of hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

## iii) Bore Hole 3

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface that is 17 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 8.0 m, represented of clay silt, black color, very soft, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 26 – 40 blows/foot.
- In depth > 8.00 m, represented of hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

## 3) Bridge Number 1-26 on Kaccikang River (L=25 m), Mamminasa Bypass

## i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 17 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 5.5 m, represented of clay silt, brown color, medium soft, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 23 blows/foot.
- In depth > 5.5 m, represented of hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

## ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 18 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 6.5 m, represented of clay silt, black color, very soft, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 28 blows/foot.
- In depth > 6.5 m, represented of hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark grey color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.

## 4) Bridge Number 1-28 Jenemanjalling River (L=16 m), Mamminasa Bypass

## i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 18 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 6.2 m, represented of clay silt, black color, clay, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 25 blows/foot.
- In depth > 6.20 m, represented of hard soil consist of Pebble stone, dark gray color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 70 blows/foot.

- ii) Bore Hole 2
  - In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 18 blows/foot.
  - In depth 1.5 – 6.5 m, represented of clay silt, black color, medium hard, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 28 blows/foot.
  - In depth > 6.50 m, represented of hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark gray color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.
  
- 5) Bridge Number 4-1 (L=35 m), Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road
  - i) Bore Hole 1
    - In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.50 meter from land surface that is : 15 blows/feet.
    - In depth 1.5 – 6.2 m, represented of clay silt, black color, clay, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 22 blows/foot.
    - In depth > 6.2 m, represented of hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark gray color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.
  - ii) Bore Hole 2
    - In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 15 blows/foot.
    - In depth 1.5 – 6.2 m, represented of clay silt, black color, very soft, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 22 blows/foot.
    - In depth > 6.20 m, represented of hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark gray color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.
  
- 6) Bridge Number 4-5 on Tallo River (L=60 m), Abdullah Deng Sirua Road
  - i) Bore Hole 1
    - In depth 0 – 2.0 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, red brown color, clay, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 30 blows/foot.
    - In depth 2.0 – 6.0 m, represented of clay silt, brown color, clay, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 30 blows/foot.
    - In depth 6.0 – 8.5 m, represented of clay silt, brown color, and with some sand. SPT Value

on this layer is 30 blows/foot.

- In depth 8.5 – 10.5m, represented of clay silt, Black color, gravelly, clay. SPT Value on this layer is 30 blows/foot.
- In depth > 10.5 m, represented of soft to hard, stone, and gray color. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 5.0 m, represented of top soil, and dark brown color, Clay. SPT Value on 5.0 meter from land surface is 30 blows/foot.
- In depth 5.0 – 13.0 m, represented of clay, and dark green color. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.

7) Bridge Number 3-2 on Tallo River (L=20 m), Hertasning Road

i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 12 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 5.0 m, represented of clay silt, black color, clay, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 38 blows/foot.
- In depth > 5.0 m, represented of hard soil consist of Pebble stone, dark gray color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 1.5 m, represented of top soil, high plasticity, dark brown color, many crop roots, and high consolidation. SPT Value on 1.50 meter from ground surface is 14 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.5 – 6.2 m, represented of clay silt, black color, and high plasticity. SPT Value on this layer is 18 blows/foot.
- In depth > 6.2 m, represented medium hard soil consisting of Pebble stone, dark gray color, compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 40 blows/foot.

8) Bridge Number 2-1 (L=40 m), Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 8.0 m, represented of top soil, clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, and loose. SPT Value on 5.5 m from ground surface is 15 blows/foot.

- In depth 9.0 – 12.0 m, sandstone, bad rock, dark gray color, compact, medium hard, and non-uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 40 blows/foot.
- ii) Bore Hole 2
- In depth 0 – 8.0 m, represented of top soil, clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, and loose. SPT Value on 5 m from ground surface is 15 blows/foot.
  - In depth 9.0 – 12.0 m, sandstone, hard rock, dark gray color, compact, medium hard, and non-uniform (9.0 – 12 m). SPT Value on this layer is 40 blows/foot.
- 9) Bridge Number 2-2 (L=40m), Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road
- i) Bore Hole 1
- In depth 0 – 8.0 m, represented of top soil, clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, and loose. SPT Value on 8 m from ground surface is 30 blows/foot.
  - In depth 8.5 – 12.0 m, limestone, bad rock, dark gray color, compact, hard, and massive.
- ii) Bore Hole 2
- In depth 0 – 8.0 m, represented of top soil, clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, and loose. SPT Value on 8 m from ground surface is 30 blows/foot.
  - In depth 8.0 – 12.0 m, limestone, bad rock, dark gray color, compact, hard, and massive.
- 10) Bridge Number 2-7 (L=50 m), Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road
- i) Bore Hole 1
- In depth 0 – 4.0 m, represented of top soil, clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, and loose. SPT Value on 8 m from ground surface is 10 blows/foot.
  - In depth 4.0 -10.0 m, represented of clay stone, dark gray, compact, hard and uniform. SPT Value on 10 m is 50 blows/foot.
- ii) Bore Hole 2
- In depth 0 – 4.5 m, represented of top soil, clay sand, dark brown reddish, soft, plastic, cohesive, and loose. SPT Value on 4.5 m from ground surface is 9 blows/foot.
  - In depth 4.5 -10.0 m, represented of clay stone, dark gray, compact, hard and uniform. SPT Value on 10 m depth is 50 blows/foot.
- 11) Bridge Number 2-8 (L=50 m), Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road
- i) Bore Hole 1
-

- In depth 0 – 7.0 m, represented of top soil, clay, and dark brown reddish. SPT Value on 7.0 m from ground surface is 30 blows/foot.
- In depth 7.0 - 9.0 m, represented of clay stone, and dark gray. SPT Value on 9.0 m is 50 blows/foot.
- In depth 9.0 – 13.0 m, represented of clay stone, and dark gray. SPT Value on 13.0 m is 50 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 4.0 m, represented of top soil, clay, and dark brown reddish. SPT Value on 4.0 m from ground surface is 30 blows/foot.
- In depth 4.0 - 6.0 m, represented of clay stone and dark gray. SPT Value on 6.0 m 50 blows/foot.
- In depth 6.0 – 13.0 m, represented of clay stone, and dark gray. SPT Value on 13.0 m is 50 blows/foot.

12) Bridge Number 2-9 (L=50 m), Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 7.0 m, represented of top soil, clay, and dark brown reddish. SPT Value on 7.0 m from ground surface is 30 blows/foot.
- In depth 7.0 -9.0 m, represented of clay stone, dark gray. SPT Value on 9.0 m is 50 blows/foot.
- In depth 9.0 – 13.0 m, represented of clay stone, and dark gray. SPT Value on 13.0 m is 50 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 4.0 m, represented of top soil, clay, and dark brown reddish. SPT Value on 4.0 m from ground surface is 30 blows/foot.
- In depth 4.0 - 6.0 m, represented of clay stone, and dark gray. SPT Value on 6.0 m is 35 blows/foot.
- In depth 6.0 – 13.0 m, represented of clay stone, and dark gray. SPT Value on 13.0 m is 50 blows/foot.

13) Bridge Number 2-12 on Bayoa River (L=35 m), Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 2.2 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, dark brown color, soft consistency, plastic and cohesive. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 7 blows/foot.
- In depth > 2.2 m, represented of hard soil consisting of clay stone, dark grey color, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 2.2 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, dark brown color, soft consistency, plastic and cohesive. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 15 blows/foot.
- In depth > 2.2 m, represented of hard soil consisting of clay stone, dark grey color, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

iii) Bore Hole 3

- In depth 0 – 2.0 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, dark brown color, soft consistency, plastic and cohesive. SPT Value on 1.5 m from ground surface is 17 blows/foot.
- In depth > 3.2 m, represented of hard soil consisting of clay stone, dark grey color, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer is 60 blows/foot.

14) Bridge Number 2-14 on Barombong River (L=20 m), Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 3.2 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, brownish gray color, soft and consistency. SPT Value on 3.0 meter from ground surface is 15 blows/foot.
- In depth 3.2 – 9.7 m, represented soft to medium hard soil consisting of clay stone, dark grey color, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer is 19 blows/foot.
- In depth > 9.7 m, represented hard, brownish gray, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer t is 50 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 3.6 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, brownish gray color, soft and consistency. SPT Value on 3.0 m from ground surface is 10 blows/foot.
- In depth 3.6 – 8.4 m, represented medium hard soil consisting of clay stone, dark grey color,

compact and uniform. SPT Value on this layer is 20 blows/foot.

- In depth > 8.4 m, represented of hard, gray, compact and massive. SPT Value on this layer is 50 blows/foot.

15) Bridge Number 2-18 (L=40 m), Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

i) Bore Hole 1

- In depth 0 – 1.2 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, dark brown color, soft, consistency, plastic and cohesive. SPT Value on 1.2 m from ground surface is 8 blows/foot.
- In depth 1.2 - 3.0 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, gray color and very soft. SPT Value on 3 m from ground surface is 2 blows/foot.
- In depth 3.0 – 8.6 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, dark gray color, and sandstone. SPT Value on 7 m is 25 blows/foot.

ii) Bore Hole 2

- In depth 0 – 2.0 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, dark brown color, gray, soft and consistency. SPT Value on 2.0 m from ground surface is 11 blows/foot.
- In depth 2.0 - 6.0 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, and gray color. SPT Value on 6 m is 25 blows/foot.
- In depth 6.0 – 10.0 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, and dark gray, and sandstone. SPT Value on 7 m is 10 blows/foot.

iii) Bore Hole 3

- In depth 0 – 3.0 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, gray, sandstone, soft and consistency. SPT Value on 3.0 m is 25 blows/foot.
- In depth 3.0 - 5.0 m, type of material consists of clay mixed a little sand, and gray color. SPT Value on 4 m is 12 blows/foot.

## E-2 Road Alignment Soil Survey

### E-2.1 General

The road alignment soil survey was conducted for the four F/S roads. The survey is comprised of test pits excavation for observation and sampling, laboratory tests (CBR, soil classification, etc.) and Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) tests. The quantity of survey by the F/S roads is summarized in the following table.

**Table E-2.1 List of Soil Survey for the F/S Roads**

No.	Name of Roads Section		Length ( km)		Quantity		
			Total	Survey	Test Pit	CBR Lab	DCP
1	Mamminasa bypass I		26	26	14	14	82
	II		19	19	11	11	66
2	Trans-Sulawesi Roads Mamminasata Section	Maros - MRR	23	23	12	12	70
		Middle Ring Road	7	5	5	5	22
		MRR - Access	9	9	5	5	25
		MRR Access - Takalar	22	22	10	10	68
3	Hertasning Road		15	8	3	3	25
4	Abdullah Daeng Sirua Road		18	18	8	8	23

### E-2.2 Methodology

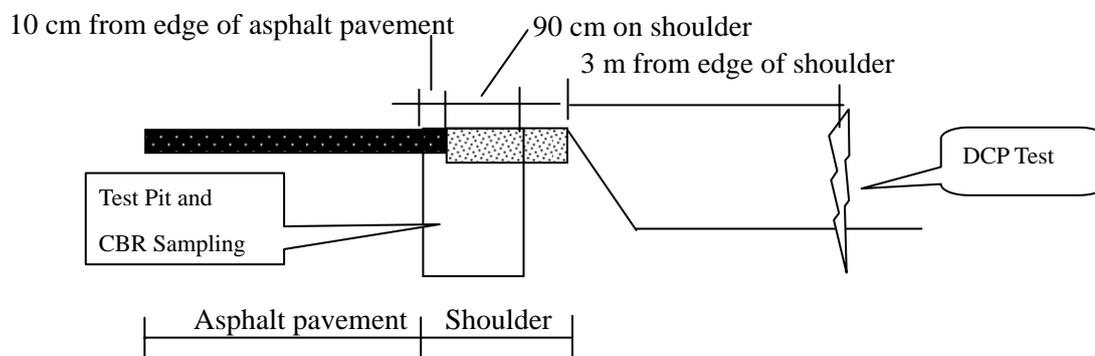
#### (1) Subgrade Soil Survey

##### 1) General

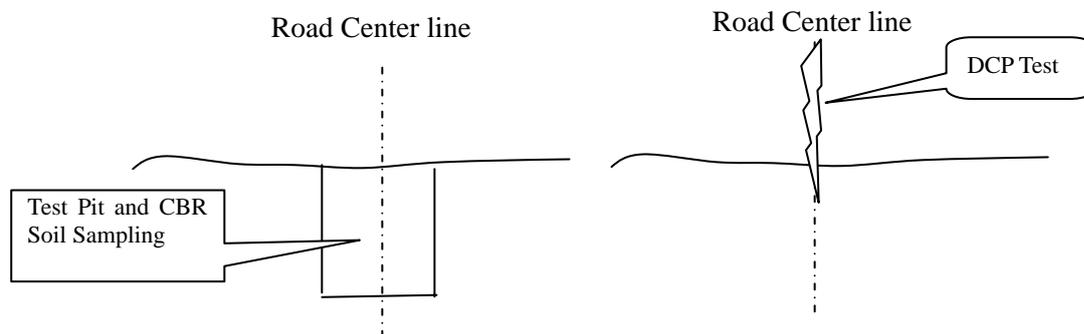
The subgrade survey, including CBR test, DCP test and laboratory test were carried out to obtain the data of sub-soil conditions of the study route. The test pits was excavated at 2 km along the study route and the DCP test was carried out three points per 1 km.

Locations of the test pit and DCP test points are as follows:

##### i). For road widening



- ii). For new road



2) Test Pit Excavation

Location of the test pit is 10 cm outside from the edge of asphalt pavement and dimension is 90 cm square on shoulder for road widening. For new road, test pit is excavated at the centre line of the study road. Minimum size of test pit is 1.0 m x 1.0 m and 1.0 m depth. The test pit is excavated up to subgrade layer. Thickness, type and condition of existing pavement layers and subgrade soil layers were observed and recorded.

3) Undisturbed Sampling for Laboratory CBR Tests

Undisturbed soil was sampled for the CBR test. The CBR mould was pushed into test pit base, and then brought them to Laboratory for testing.

4) Disturbed Sampling for Physical Soil Tests

Sampling for physical soil test is carried out for disturbed soil. The sample is kept in plastic bags, and then brought to laboratory for testing.





#### 5) Laboratory Tests

Laboratory tests consist of:

- Soaked CBR Test (AASHTO T. 193 - 00)
- Specific Gravity Test (AASHTO T. 100 - 03)
- Moisture Content (AASHTO T. 101 - 00)
- Grain Size Analysis (AASHTO T. 88 - 00)
- Atterberg Limit Test (AASHTO T. 89 - 02)

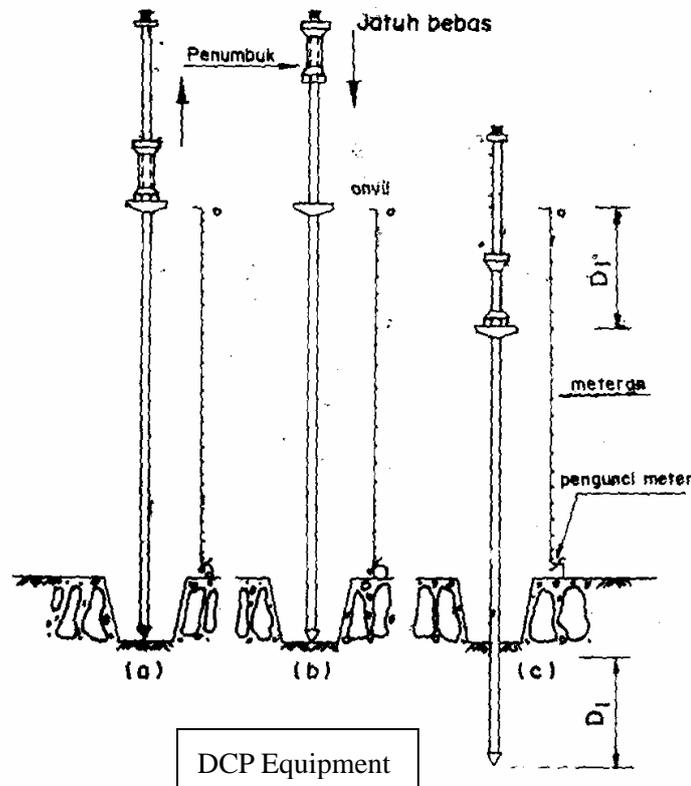
#### 5) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP)

DCP test, common in Indonesia since year 1985 / 1986, is carried out to know CBR value of subgrade required for pavement design. The test covers up to 100 cm depth of subgrade. Investigation interval is at 300 meters.

The standard DCP test procedures are as follows:

1. DCP equipment is set out at vertical position at the ground.
2. Measure bar is set out zero (0).
3. Test is started by lifting hammer shift up to top and drop down by gravity. Penetration depth by every blow is recorded.
4. These operations are continued until they meet one of the following criteria:
  - Sum up the penetrating deepness minimum = 100 cm
  - Blow optimum = 40 times to every penetration 5 cm.

Sketch of DCP equipment and operation method is as follows:



Result of test is calculated to obtain:

- 1) Penetrating is Scale Penetrometer (SPP) expressed in cm / blow
- 2) Penetrating Resistance Scale (SPR) is number of blow required for 1 cm penetration:

$$SPR = 1 / SPP$$

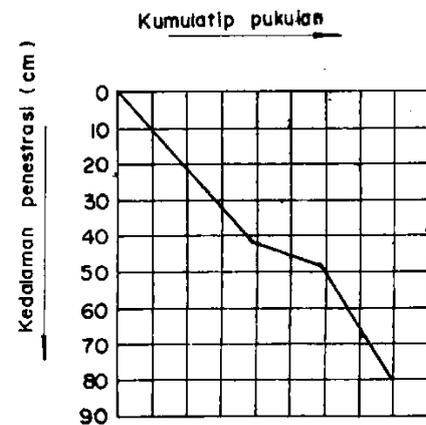


Figure E-2.1 Sample of Graphics Result of DCP Test

Correlation between depths vs. blow sum up of DCP with the CBR values depends on angle of corner cone. There are 2 angle types of angular cone appliance DCP; namely 60° and 30°. Correlations are given in the following graphs:

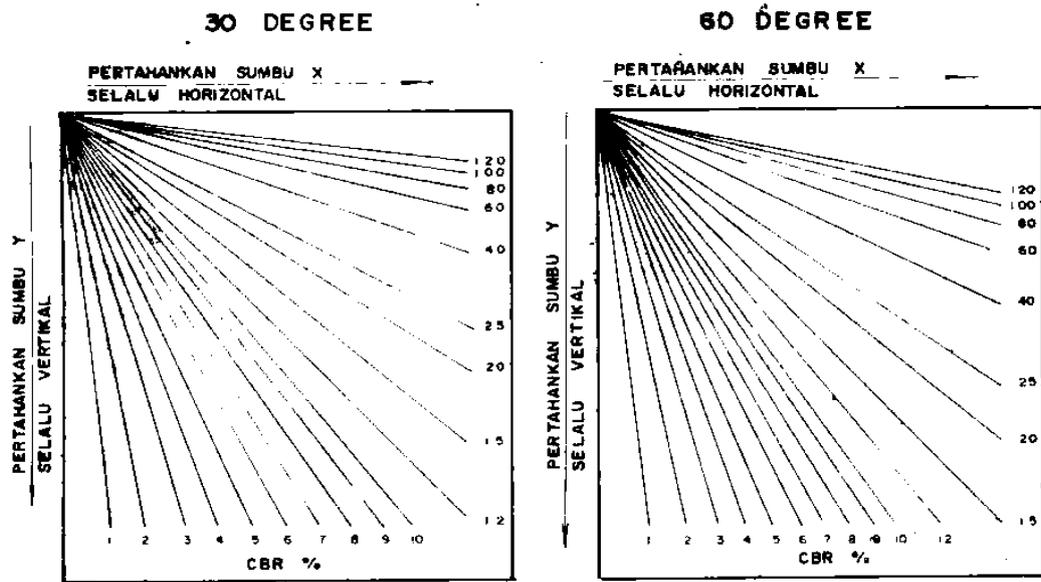


Figure E-2.2 Correlation Graphs between DCP Angle Cone and Field CBR.



Figure E-2.3 DCP Test for Road Widening



Figure E-2.4 DCP Test for New Road

### E-2.3 Survey Results of the F/S Roads

#### (1) Maros – Middle Ring Road (Section A) of Trans-Sulawesi Road

This section is from Maros (Barandasi Village / Km 31+200) to Makassar (Tamalanrea Village / Km. 8+200) with 23 km in length.

Results of subsoil survey for subgrade are as follows:

#### 1) Test Pit Excavation Results

No	Station Point	Layer Thickness (cm)		
		Asphalt	Base	Sub grade
1	0+000	20	45	35
2	2+000	18	62	20
3	4+000	18	52	32
4	6+000	18	52	30
5	8+000	20	50	30
6	10+000	15	45	40
7	12+000	18	52	30
8	14+000	15	55	30
9	16+000	18	52	30
10.	18+000	15	45	40
12.	20+000	15	45	40
13.	22+000	15	45	40

2) Laboratory Test Results

Number of Test Pit			TP 1	TP 2	TP 3	TP 4	TP 5	TP 6	TP 7	TP 8	TP 9	TP 10	TP 11	TP 12		
Station			0+000	2+000	4+000	6+000	8+000	10.000	12+000	14+000	16+000	18+000	20+000	22+000		
Depth			0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90		
Description of Soil			Silty CLAY													
PROPERTIES	1	MOISTURE CONTENT	Wn %	28.48	34.15	33.80	34.94	31.39	27.62	42.31	48.59	37.97	47.73	49.07	41.04	
	2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	Gs t/m3	2.607	2.668	2.579	2.545	2.527	2.625	2.55	2.550	2.668	2.548	2.548	2.646	
	3	ATTERBERG LIMIT														
	3.1.	Liquid Limit	LL %	45.20	61.28	52.63	52.46	55.59	44.52	57.51	46.93	58.37	53.31	58.37	59.45	
	3.2.	Plastic Limit	PL %	30.77	51.62	36.34	33.98	41.38	26.23	40.82	33.70	46.48	42.70	46.48	49.44	
	3.3.	Plasticity Index	PI %	14.43	9.66	16.29	18.48	14.21	18.29	16.50	13.23	11.89	10.61	11.89	10.01	
	4	GRAINSIZE ANALYSIS														
		% Pass	#4 %	99.43	94.25	86.75	99.08	100	88.40	99.90	92.60	99.10	99.50	99.10	94.25	
			#10 %	98.55	90.00	76.78	96.95	98.73	86.65	97.53	86.97	96.30	95.30	96.30	90.00	
			#18 %	96.55	84.13	71.58	94.53	94.60	83.95	93.55	82.17	89.65	88.37	89.65	84.13	
			#40 %	84.18	73.70	65.45	87.50	76.85	72.88	83.30	70.30	71.58	73.57	71.58	73.70	
			#60 %	75.90	67.73	60.63	78.63	68.78	63.53	70.05	59.47	60.90	63.20	60.90	67.73	
			#100 %	70.03	64.55	55.28	67.58	62.25	56.80	61.68	47.67	51.98	54.07	51.98	64.55	
			#200 %	65.30	62.25	50.90	58.40	57.13	52.95	55.80	38.47	44.55	46.17	44.55	62.25	
	5	C B R	%	3.18	7.36	3.49	3.18	6.23	3.37	5.72	3.14	17.50	7.43	17.50	3.02	

## 3) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Test Results

POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)	POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)	POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)
1	00+000	0.6	26	08+333	1.1	51	16+666	2.6
2	00+333	0.8	27	08+666	3.9	52	16+999	1.1
3	00+666	0.9	28	08+999	2.0	53	17+333	1.0
4	00+999	0.8	29	09+333	5.0	54	17+666	3.6
5	01+333	0.9	30	09+666	3.5	55	17+999	2.2
6	01+666	5.9	31	09+999	2.1	56	18+333	6.9
7	01+999	6.1	32	10+333	2.1	57	18+666	1.1
8	02+333	5.3	33	10+666	5.2	58	18+999	1.6
9	02+666	5.9	34	10+999	4.4	59	19+333	4.2
10	02+999	1.7	35	11+333	1.7	60	19+666	4.3
11	03+333	1.7	36	11+666	2.0	61	19+999	2.0
12	03+666	1.7	37	11+999	2.6	62	20+333	1.7
13	03+999	2.7	38	12+333	0.8	63	20+666	1.9
14	04+333	3.6	39	12+666	2.0	64	20+999	1.4
15	04+666	2.5	40	12+999	3.8	65	21+333	1.1
16	04+999	6.5	41	13+333	2.0	66	21+666	2.7
17	05+333	4.1	42	13+666	1.2	67	21+999	2.0
18	05+666	0.9	43	13+999	1.6	68	22+333	1.7
19	05+999	4.8	44	14+333	1.2	69	22+666	1.7
20	06+333	1.6	45	14+666	2.1	70	22+999	1.8
21	06+666	1.1	46	14+999	2.4			
22	06+999	2.5	47	15+333	5.2			
23	07+333	2.8	48	15+666	2.3			
24	07+666	2.6	49	15+999	0.8			
25	07+999	2.5	50	16+333	1.7			

## (2) Middle Ring Road (Section B) of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

This section is from Perintis Kemerdekaan Road (Km. 8+200) to Mallengkeri Terminal (Sultan Alauddin Road). This section is new construction of 7 km in length.

Results of subgrade soil survey are as follows:

## 1) Test Pit Excavation Results

No	Station Point	Layer Thickness (cm)		
		Layer I	Layer II	Layer III
1	0+000	SILT : 100		
2	2+000	Asphalt : 12	Base : 25	Silt : 63
3	4+000	18	52	32
4	6+000	18	52	30
5	8+000	20	50	30

## 2) Laboratory Test Results

Number of Test Pit				TP 1	TP 2	TP 3	TP 4	TP 5	
Sta				0+000	2+000	4+000	6+000	8+000	
Depth				0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	
Description of Soil				Silty Clay	Silty Clay	Silty Clay	Sandy SILT	Gravelly SAND	
PROPERTIES	1	MOISTURE CONTENT	Wn %	34.51	41.23	25.42	36.34	41.38	
	2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	Gs t/m <sup>3</sup>	2.652	2.681	2.530	2.597	2.665	
	3	ATTERBERG LIMIT							
	3.1.	Liquid Limit	LL %	45.12	52.13	34.98	41.28	34.23	
	3.2.	Plastic Limit	PL %	31.9	33.28	25.12	32.87	22.12	
	3.3.	Plasticity Index	PI %	13.22	18.85	9.86	8.41	12.11	
	4	GRAINSIZE ANALYSIS							
		% Pass	#4 %	98.13	98.87	98.36	98.70	98.83	
			#10 %	95.23	96.13	94.54	96.23	95.54	
			#18 %	90.54	90.46	89.93	92.10	89.96	
			#40 %	85.12	85.82	83.54	86.46	82.79	
			#60 %	78.23	77.89	75.12	78.99	76.85	
			#100 %	69.55	70.20	69.49	69.81	68.68	
			#200 %	50.95	50.60	50.59	51.24	51.58	
	5	C B R	%	3.10	3.18	3.21	3.27	2.98	

3) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Test Results

POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)
1	00+000	3.8
2	00+333	swamp
3	00+666	swamp
4	00+999	0.8
5	01+333	3.2
6	01+666	1.6
7	01+999	3.2
8	02+333	2.1
9	02+666	2.1
10	02+999	1.2
11	03+333	7.6
12	03+666	0.6
13	03+999	0.8
14	04+333	1.0
15	04+666	1.0
16	04+999	1.1
17	05+333	0.9
18	05+666	2.1
19	05+999	2.7
20	06+333	2.0
21	06+666	2.0
22	06+999	0.6

**(3) Middle Ring Road Access (Section C) of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road**

This section is from Mallengkeri Terminal (Sultan Alauddin Road) to Boka Village on Sungguminasa - Takalar road. This is new road section of 9 km in length. Results of subgrade soil survey are as follows:

1) Test Pit Excavation Results

No	Station Point	Layer Thickness (cm)		
		Layer I	Layer II	Layer III
1	0+000	Top soil, : 20 cm	Clay : 80 cm	
2	2+000	Top soil, : 20 cm	Clay : 80 cm	
3	4+000	Top soil, : 20 cm	Silty Clay : 80 cm	
4	6+000	Top soil, : 20 cm	Silty Clay : 80 cm	
5	8+000	Top soil, : 20 cm	Silty Clay : 80 cm	
6	9+000	Top soil, : 20 cm	Silty Clay : 80 cm	

## 2) Laboratory Test Results

Number of Test Pit		TP 1	TP 2	TP 3	TP 4	TP 5	TP 6			
Stasiun		0+000	2+000	4+000	6+000	8+000	10+000			
Depth		0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90			
Description of Soil		CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY			
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	1	MOISTURE CONTENT	Wn	%	53.64	45.22	63.45	34.67	18.97	35.67
	2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	Gs	t/ m3	2.673	2.668	2.551	2.624	2.641	2.54
	3	ATTERBERG LIMIT								
	3.1.	Liquid Limit	LL	%	50.15	65.40	56.58	64.46	54.97	45.72
	3.2.	Plastic Limit	PL	%	28.30	45.81	39.24	46.92	38.73	32.46
	3.3.	Plasticity Index	PI	%	21.85	15.59	17.34	17.54	16.24	13.26
	4	GRAINSIZE ANALYSIS								
		% Pass	#4	%	98.66	98.80	98.16	98.87	98.37	98.20
			#10	%	96.42	95.71	95.34	96.29	93.91	93.65
			#18	%	91.96	90.30	90.75	92.09	88.46	85.45
			#40	%	86.29	85.43	84.67	86.40	83.50	81.05
			#60	%	81.41	81.10	77.82	79.02	77.05	74.56
			#100	%	73.59	72.73	70.22	69.37	68.58	65.58
			#200	%	54.99	53.50	52.12	51.20	51.25	52.35
	5	C B R		%	2.87	2.98	2.76	2.81	3.07	1.87

### 3) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Test Results

POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)
1	00+000	2.2
2	00+333	1.9
3	00+666	1.5
4	00+999	1.1
5	01+333	1.1
6	01+666	2.6
7	01+999	1.3
8	02+333	2.5
9	02+666	1.7
10	02+999	1.4
11	03+333	1.8
12	03+666	4.5
13	03+999	1.5
14	04+333	4.5
15	04+666	2.5
16	04+999	2.2
17	05+333	2.1
18	05+666	4.0
19	05+999	3.1
20	06+333	1.9
21	06+666	1.3
22	06+999	2.2
23	07+333	2.2
24	07+666	2.5
25	07+999	2.5

### (4) Middle Ring Road Access (Boka Village) – Takalar (Section D) of Trans-Sulawesi Mamminasata Road

This section is from Boka Village to Takalar Town. This section is wending of 20 km of the existing national road. Results of subgrade soil survey are as follows:

#### 1) Test Pit Excavation Results

No	Station Point	Layer Thickness (cm)		
		Asphalt	Base	Sub grade
1	0+000	20	40	40
2	2+000	20	40	40
3	4+000	10	35	55
4	6+000	10	20	70
5	8+000	10	20	70
6	10+000	10	20	70
7	12+000	12	20	68
8	14+000	20	20	60
9	16+000	20	20	60
10.	18+000	15	20	65

2) Laboratory Test Result

Number of Test Pit		TP 1	TP 2	TP 3	TP 4	TP 5	TP 6	TP 7	TP 8	TP 9	TP 10		
Stasiun		0+000	2+000	4+000	6+000	8+000	10+000	12+000	14+000	16+000	18+000		
Depth		0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90		
Description of Soil		CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY		
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	1	MOISTURE CONTENT	Wn %	34.51	41.23	25.42	36.34	41.38	45.32	33.21	31.62	34.12	25.34
	2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	Gs t/m <sup>3</sup>	2.63	2.56	2.62	2.53	2.67	2.54	2.67	2.53	2.61	2.63
	3	ATTERBERG LIMIT											
	3.1.	Liquid Limit	LL %	45.12	52.13	34.98	41.28	34.23	45.72	32.18	43.12	NP	NP
	3.2.	Plastic Limit	PL %	31.9	33.28	25.12	32.87	22.12	31.25	22.17	23.98	NP	NP
	3.3.	Plasticity Index	PI %	13.22	18.85	9.86	8.41	12.11	14.47	10.01	19.14	NP	NP
	4	GRAINSIZE ANALYSIS											
		Gravel	%	23.86	18.95	34.21	20.88	25.48	28.90	32.89	43.25	32.55	54.28
		Sand	%	65.82	70.43	60.75	69.88	71.25	67.85	56.75	49.85	65.10	42.88
		Silt - Clay	%	10.32	10.62	5.04	9.24	3.27	3.25	10.36	6.9	2.35	2.84
5	C B R	%	0.85	0.82	0.75	0.95	0.88	0.85	0.95	0.78	0.9	0.96	

## 3) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Test Results

POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)	POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)	POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)
1	00+000	1.9	27	08+666	2.2	53	17+333	2.0
2	00+333	1.8	28	08+999	2.0	54	17+666	1.3
3	00+666	2.7	29	09+333	2.0	55	17+999	1.9
4	00+999	1.8	30	09+666	1.8	56	18+333	0.8
5	01+333	1.8	31	09+999	3.3	57	18+666	2.0
6	01+666	3.2	32	10+333	2.2	58	18+999	1.7
7	01+999	3.1	33	10+666	1.8	59	19+333	2.5
8	02+333	1.8	34	10+999	1.9	60	19+666	2.8
9	02+666	3.6	35	11+333	1.7	61	19+999	3.1
10	02+999	3.2	36	11+666	0.9	62	20+333	5.2
11	03+333	1.9	37	11+999	4.1	63	20+666	2.8
12	03+666	0.8	38	12+333	2.1	64	20+999	0.8
13	03+999	1.9	39	12+666	1.8	65	21+333	2.8
14	04+333	2.9	40	12+999	2.7	66	21+666	2.0
15	04+666	2.4	41	13+333	1.0	67	21+999	2.0
16	04+999	3.0	42	13+666	1.3	68	22+333	1.8
17	05+333	2.2	43	13+999	2.7	69	22+666	2.0
18	05+666	1.3	44	14+333	2.5	70	22+999	2.0
19	05+999	1.6	45	14+666	2.2	71	21+333	1.1
20	06+333	0.8	46	14+999	0.8	72	21+666	2.7
21	06+666	1.8	47	15+333	1.8	73	21+999	2.0
22	06+999	1.9	48	15+666	2.1	74	22+333	1.7
23	07+333	1.9	49	15+999	1.7	75	22+666	1.7
24	07+666	1.8	50	16+333	1.8	76	22+999	1.8
25	07+999	2.2	51	16+666	1.8			
26	08+333	1.4	52	16+999	1.7			

## (5) Mamminasa Bypass I

This section is from Maros (Barandasi Village / Km 31+200) to Romang River at Paccele kang in Kabupaten Gowa. Section length is 26 km and new road construction. Results of subgrade soil survey are as follows:

## 1) Test Pit Excavation

No	Station Point	Layer Thickness (cm)		
		Layer I	Layer II	Layer III
1	0+000	Top soil silty sand 25 cm	Silty : 15 cm	Silty clay : 60 cm
2	2+000	Top soil silty sand 40 cm	Silty : 60 cm	
3	4+000	Top soil, silty sand 40 cm	Clay : 20 cm	Silty clay : 40 cm
4	6+000	Top soil, silty sand 40 cm	Clay : 20 cm	Silty clay : 40 cm
5	8+000	Top soil, silty sand 40 cm	Clay : 30 cm	Silty clay : 30 cm
6	10+000	Top soil, silty sand 25 cm	Clay : 15 cm	Silty clay : 65 cm
7	12+000	Top soil, silty sand 25 cm	Clay : 15 cm	Silty clay : 65 cm
8	14+000	Top soil, silty sand 25 cm	Clay : 15 cm	Silty clay : 65 cm
9	16+000	Top soil, silty sand 40 cm	Clay : 30 cm	Silty clay : 30 cm
10	18+000	Top soil, silty sand 35cm	Clay : 70 cm	
11	20+000	Top soil, silty sand 40 cm	Clay : 60 cm	
12	22+000	Top soil, silty sand 40 cm	Clay : 60 cm	
13	24+000	Top soil, silty sand 25 cm	Clay : 75 cm	
14	26+000	Top soil, silty sand 30 cm	Clay : 70 cm	

2) Laboratory Test Results

Number of Test Pit		TP 1	TP 2	TP 3	TP 4	TP 5	TP 6	TP 7	TP 8	TP 9	TP 10	TP 11	TP 12	TP 13		
Station		2+000	4+000	8+000	10+000	12+000	14+000	16+000	18+000	20+000	22+000	24+000	26+000	28+000		
Depth		0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90		
Description of Soil		Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY		
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	1	MOISTURE CONTENT Wn %	41.3	40.28	45.62	32.87	40.36	31.65	60.92	21.04	38.25	32.28	48.29	45.12	58.19	
	2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY Gs t/m <sup>3</sup>	2.546	2.570	2.505	2.624	2.697	2.64	2.546	2.652	2.58	2.64	2.610	2.580	2.56	
	3	ATTERBERG LIMIT														
	3.1.	Liquid Limit LL %	44.35	49.47	65.14	27.23	51.85	47.23	67.23	36.03	NP	62.13	55.23	45.34	54.23	
	3.2.	Plastic Limit PL %	28.72	34	34.95	21.57	41.72	37.97	46.98	24.55	NP	23.48	34.12	21.85	31.28	
	3.3.	Plasticity Index PI %	15.62	15.47	30.19	5.66	10.13	9.25	20.25	11.49	NP	38.65	21.11	23.49	22.95	
	4	GRAINSIZE ANALYSIS														
		%pass # 4	94.68	95.23	97.63	99.1	99.73	78.18	100.00	67.00	100.00	87.56	86.51	98.56	89.47	
		# 10	87.43	89.2	92.43	96.85	97.68	57.90	99.17	50.88	98.52	72.51	72.43	84.81	76.55	
		# 18	82.08	82.83	84.9	94.85	90.78	53.63	95.63	41.95	96.24	60.23	61.11	76.63	64.23	
		# 40	76.95	69.25	74.05	92	74.53	51.83	74.83	35.13	72.14	51.46	59.22	62.41	51.68	
		# 60	72.93	61.7	69.7	89.63	65.1	48.80	55.57	31.83	56.25	44.58	48.21	52.12	40.85	
		# 100	65.58	57.03	66.95	80.23	58.23	45.43	43.3	28.70	45.25	38.45	38.39	40.57	32.11	
		# 200	55.45	53.65	65.13	55.35	53.23	42.18	35.65	25.33	36.25	24.56	27.48	29.88	21.69	
5	C B R %	3.28	3.49	3.49	3.9	3.44	6.77	11.94	2.93	0.42	0.33	0.25	0.41	0.32		

## 3) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Test Results

POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)	POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)	POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)
1	00+000	0.6	29	08+280	2.8	57	17+333	1.1
2	00+320	2.0	30	08+560	1.8	58	17+666	2.3
3	00+575	4.5	31	08+900	0.8	59	17+999	1.9
4	00+700	4.9	32	09+210	0.8	60	18+333	2.0
5	01+020	1.2	33	09+340	0.8	61	18+666	2.1
6	01+340	5.0	34	09+720	2.4	62	18+999	0.8
7	01+900	2.5	35	10+050	2.0	63	19+333	2.1
8	02+340	4.7	36	10+360	1.3	64	19+666	4.5
9	02+600	3.9	37	10+700	1.6	65	19+999	2.4
10	02+930	2.6	38	11+080	1.2	66	20+333	2.9
11	03+260	4.8	39	11+480	1.5	67	20+666	1.4
12	03+580	4.1	40	11+780	3.8	68	20+999	3.4
13	03+700	1.3	41	12+000	4.9	69	21+333	2.5
14	03+880	1.5	42	12+340	0.8	70	21+666	2.6
15	04+000	2.0	43	12+680	0.5	71	21+999	2.0
16	04+300	3.9	44	13+000	0.5	72	22+333	2.8
17	04+600	2.9	45	13+360	2.0	73	22+666	2.0
18	05+000	1.2	46	13+640	1.8	74	22+999	1.9
19	05+330	0.9	47	13+960	0.8	75	24+333	2.4
20	05+520	1.5	48	14+300	1.2	76	24+666	2.1
21	05+800	2.0	49	14+640	0.9	77	24+999	2.1
22	06+140	2.1	50	14+990	2.1	78	25+333	3.1
23	06+480	1.2	51	15+340	1.3	79	25+666	3.0
24	06+780	1.8	52	15+640	0.6	80	25+999	2.4
25	07+100	1.7	53	15+960	0.8	81	26+333	2.5
26	07+320	1.8	54	16+333	1.3	82	26+666	0.5
27	07+680	1.2	55	16+666	0.9			
28	07+960	2.5	56	16+999	0.7			

## (6) Mamminasa ByPass II

This section is from Boka Village to Romang River at Paccele kang in Kabupaten Gowa. Length is 26 km and new construction.

Results of subgrade soil survey are as follows:

## 1) Test Pit Excavation Results

No	Station Point	Layer Thickness (cm)		
		Layer I	Layer II	Layer III
1	0+000	Top soil silty sand 40 cm	Silty : 60 cm	
2	2+000	Top soil sandy silty 30 cm	Silty : 10 cm	Clayey silt : 60 cm
3	4+000	Top soil sandy silty 30 cm	Silty : 10 cm	Clayey silt : 60 cm
4	6+000	Top soil sandy silty 30 cm	Clayey silt : 70 cm	
5	8+000	Top soil sandy silty 40 cm	Clayey silt : 60 cm	
6	10+000	Top soil sandy silty 40 cm	Clayey silt : 60 cm	
7	12+000	Top soil sandy silty 40 cm	Clayey silt : 60 cm	
8	14+000	Top soil sandy silty 40 cm	Clayey silt : 60 cm	
9	16+000	Top soil sandy silty 40 cm	Clayey silt : 60 cm	
10	18+000	Top soil sandy silty 40 cm	Clayey silt : 50 cm	Clay : 10 cm
11	20+000	Top soil sandy silty 40 cm	Clayey silt : 60 cm	

## 2) Laboratory Test Results

Number of Test Pit				TP 1	TP 2	TP 3	TP 4	TP 5	TP 6	TP 7	TP 8	TP 9	TP 10	TP 11	
Station				0+000	2+000	4+000	6+000	8+000	10+000	12+000	14+000	16+000	18+000	20+000	
Depth				0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	0.60-0.90	
Description of Soil				Silty CLAY											
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	1	MOISTURE CONTENT	W <sub>n</sub> %	58.150	42.120	48.290	32.280	38.250	52.120	45.950	42.140	43.550	40.200	59.280	
	2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	G <sub>s</sub> t/m <sup>3</sup>	2.56	2.580	2.610	2.64	2.58	2.67	2.62	2.63	2.58	2.64	2.62	
	3	ATTERBERG LIMIT													
	3.1.	Liquid Limit	LL %	42.69	56.58	61.23	64.2	59.92	55.81	55.42	49.32	50.13	44.16	61.14	
	3.2.	Plastic Limit	PL %	20.31	39.15	28.53	37.16	21.45	38.93	32.12	31.29	27.89	34.24	23.65	
	3.3.	Plasticity Index	PI %	25.97	17.42	32.69	27.05	38.47	16.88	23.3	18.03	22.23	9.92	37.49	
	4	GRAINSIZE ANALYSIS													
		Gravel	%	12.85	1.50	10.66	5.65	0	0.00	0.00	3.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Sand	%	15.89	12.85	21.89	15.56	8.78	5.12	2.65	5.75	5.25	1.65	14.56	
		Silt - Clay	%	71.26	85.65	67.45	78.79	91.22	94.88	97.35	91.13	94.75	98.35	85.44	
	5	C B R	%	5.98	6.85	7.01	5.18	5.02	6.08	5.85	6.03	6.18	5.99	6.18	

## 3) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Test Results

POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)	POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)
1	00+000	2.5	34	10+999	2.1
2	00+333	2.0	35	11+333	3.0
3	00+666	3.1	36	11+666	4.0
4	00+999	2.0	37	11+999	1.8
5	01+333	3.2	38	12+333	2.0
6	01+666	2.8	39	12+666	1.0
7	01+999	1.8	40	12+999	1.1
8	02+333	1.4	41	13+333	0.8
9	02+666	2.0	42	13+666	2.3
10	02+999	1.6	43	13+999	2.0
11	03+333	2.0	44	14+333	1.8
12	03+666	2.2	45	14+666	3.0
13	03+999	2.8	46	14+999	2.2
14	04+333	1.3	47	12+999	1.1
15	04+666	1.0	48	13+333	0.8
16	04+999	1.8	49	13+666	2.3
17	05+333	0.8	50	13+999	2.0
18	05+666	0.8	51	14+333	1.8
19	05+999	1.7	52	14+666	3.0
20	06+333	1.8	53	14+999	2.2
21	06+666	1.9	54	15+333	2.4
22	06+999	2.7	55	15+666	2.4
23	07+333	1.7	56	15+999	1.7
24	07+666	1.9	57	16+333	2.2
25	07+999	2.0	58	16+666	1.8
26	08+333	1.8	59	16+999	3.3
27	08+666	2.7	60	17+333	2.6
28	08+999	1.0	61	17+666	2.8
29	09+333	1.0	62	17+999	4.6
30	09+666	1.7	63	18+333	2.1
31	09+999	2.3	64	18+666	1.9
32	10+333	1.8	65	18+333	2.1
33	10+666	2.0	66	18+666	1.9

## (7) Abudullah Daeng Sirua Road

This section is from A.P. Pettarani Road to Mamminasa Bypass at Paccelejang in Kabupaten Gowa. Length is 18 km (new construction or widening). Results of subgrade soil survey are as follows:

## 1) Test Pit Excavation Results

No	Station Point	Layer Thickness (cm)		
		Layer I	Layer II	Layer III
1	0+000	Asphalt : 20 cm	Base : 30 cm	Gravel : 50 cm
2	6+000	Asphalt : 10 cm	Base : 30 cm	Gravel : 60 cm
3	8+000	Asphalt : 10 cm	Base : 30 cm	Silt : 60 cm
4	10+000	Sandy gravel : 20 cm	Sandy silt : 80 cm	
5	12+000	Sandy gravel : 20 cm	Clay : 20 cm	Sandy silt : 60 cm
6	14+000	Top soil 20 cm	Clayey silt : 80 cm	
7	16+000	Top soil 20 cm	Clayey silt : 80 cm	
8	18+000	Top soil 20 cm	Clayey silt : 80 cm	

## 2) Laboratory Test Results

Number of Test Pit		TP 1	TP 2	TP 3	TP 4	TP 5	TP 6	TP 7	TP 8			
Station		0+000	6+000	8+000	10+000	12+000	14+000	16+000	18+000			
Depth		0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90	0.60 - 0.90			
Description of Soil		CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY	CLAY			
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	1	MOISTURE CONTENT	Wn	%	33.605	42.345	27.255	35.360	43.135	33.605	42.345	27.255
	2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	Gs	t / m3	2.673	2.636	2.655	2.522	2.663	2.671	2.684	2.635
	3	ATTERBERG LIMIT										
	3.1.	Liquid Limit	LL	%	42.69	56.58	61.23	64.2	59.92	55.81	55.42	49.32
	3.2.	Plastic Limit	PL	%	26.31	39.15	38.53	47.16	38.47	38.93	32.12	31.29
	3.3.	Plasticity Index	PI	%	16.38	17.43	22.7	17.04	21.45	16.88	23.3	18.03
	4	GRAINSIZE ANALYSIS										
		Gravel		%	34.85	65.15	10.85	25.65	18.92	0	0	5.1
		Sand		%	55.28	34.12	5.19	38.19	56.98	7.54	21.87	10.05
		Silt - Clay		%	9.87	0.73	83.96	36.16	24.1	92.46	78.13	84.85

## 3) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Test Results

POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)	POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)
1	00+000	2.0	29	09+333	2.0
2	00+333	3.7	30	09+666	2
3	00+666	5.8	31	09+999	1.2
4	00+999	12.8	32	10+333	1.6
5	01+333	8.8	33	10+666	3.2
6	01+666	2.2	34	10+999	4.9
7	01+999	0.8	35	11+333	1.6
8	02+333	3.0	36	11+666	1.7
9	02+666	0.8	37	11+999	1.7
10	02+999	0.9	38	12+333	1.2
11	03+333	1.1	39	12+666	2.1
12	03+666	5.1	40	12+999	2.0
13	03+999	4.9	41	13+333	2.0
14	04+333	8.0	42	13+666	2.0
15	04+666	1.8	43	13+999	7.9
16	04+999	3.9	44	14+333	2.0
17	05+333	3.2	45	14+666	1.8
18	05+666	2.8	46	14+999	2.1
19	05+999	6.0	47	15+333	3.1
20	06+333	8.9	48	15+666	1.8
21	06+666	1.6	49	15+999	2.0
22	06+999	1.5	50	16+333	2.4
23	07+333	2.0	51	16+666	4.3
24	07+666	2.4	52	16+999	2.2
25	07+999	2.7	53	17+333	1.2
26	08+333	2.1	54	17+666	1.3
27	08+666	3.2	55	17+999	1.3
28	08+999	2.9			

## (8) Hertasing Road (Section D)

This section is from A.P. Pettarani Road to Mamminasa Bypass at Samata in Kabupaten Gowa. Length is 26 km and existing road widening. Results of subgrade soil survey are as follows:

## 1) Test Pit Excavation Results

No	Station Point	Layer Thickness (cm)		
		Layer I	Layer II	Layer III
1	2+000	Asphalt : 20 cm	Base : 30 cm	Gravel : 50 cm
2	4+000	Asphalt : 15 cm	Base : 15 cm	Gravel : 70 cm
3	6+000	Asphalt : 15 cm	Base : 50 cm	Clay : 40 cm

## 2) Laboratory Test Results

Number of Test Pit				TP 1	TP 2	TP 3	
STATION				2+000	4+000	6+000	
Depth				0.60 mtr - 0.90 mtr	0.60 mtr - 0.90 mtr	0.60 mtr - 0.90 mtr	
Description of Soil				Sandy GRAVEL	Silty CLAY	Silty CLAY	
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	1	MOISTURE CONTENT	Wn	%	31.820	47.590	44.320
	2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	Gs	t/ m3	2.675	2.657	2.637
	3	ATTERBERG LIMIT					
	3.1.	Liquid Limit	LL	%	44.53	53.99	34.47
	3.2.	Plastic Limit	PL	%	32.06	32.26	24.79
	3.3.	Plasticity Index	PI	%	12.47	21.73	9.69
	4	GRAINSIZE ANALYSIS					
		Gravel		%	54.786	2.142	25.856
		Sand		%	42.769	2.756	2.431
		Silt - Clay		%	2.445	95.102	71.713
		Gravel		%			
	5	C B R		%	1.51	1.91	1.8

## 2) Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Test Results

POINT NO.	STATION	CBR VALUE (%)
1	00+000	2.4
2	00+333	1.1
3	00+666	8.0
4	00+999	11.0
5	01+333	3.2
6	01+666	2.0
7	01+999	2.8
8	02+333	2.6
9	02+666	6.1
10	02+999	2.0
11	03+333	1.8
12	03+666	1.1
13	03+999	10.0
14	04+333	1.3
15	04+666	1.6
16	04+999	5.0
17	05+333	6.0
18	05+666	2.8
19	05+999	2.0
20	06+333	1.3
21	06+666	2.0
22	06+999	1.6
23	07+333	2.6
24	07+666	2.7
25	07+999	1.2

## E-3 Road Construction Material Investigation

### E-3.1 General

Construction material source survey was carried out to obtain information on available materials for road construction for coarse aggregate, fine aggregate and borrow soil. The JICA Study Team identified several material sources near the F/S roads.

### E-3.2 Methodology

#### (1) Investigation for Possible Material Sources

##### 1) General

Possible material sources for road and bridge construction such as quarry, river bed, sand pit and borrow pit are investigated in consideration of the project locations and environments. Site observation, sampling, recording, laboratory tests and available quantity estimate are made by material source.



Figure E-3.1 Sandy Gravel Quarry



Figure E-3.2 Sand Quarry



Figure E-3.3 Borrow Soil Material Quarry

2) Sampling and tested for Coarse Aggregate

Sampling of the coarse aggregate materials (sandy gravel) was made at river bed and sent to laboratory for testing.

Laboratory tests for the coarse aggregate consist of:

- Sieve Analysis (AASHTO T27 – 99)
- Specific Gravity and Absorption (AASHTO T85 – 91)
- Los Angeles Aberration Test (AASHTO T96 – 02)
- Sodium Soleplate Soundness (AASHTO T 104 – 99)
- Flakiness Index (BS 812 Section 105.1 - 1989)
- Potential Alkali-Silica Reactivity (ASTM C – 289)

3) Sampling and Tested for Fine Aggregate

Sampling of the fine aggregate materials (sand) was conducted at sand quarries and the following laboratory tests were made:

- Sieve Analysis (AASHTO T27 – 99)
- Specific Gravity and Absorption (AASHTO T84 – 00)
- Organic impurities (AASHTO T21 – 00)
- Sand Equivalent (AASHTO T 176 – 02)
- Sodium Soleplate Soundness (AASHTO T 104 – 99)
- Potential Alkali-Silica Reactivity (ASTM C – 289)

4) Laboratory Test for Borrow Soils.

Sampling of borrow materials (soil) was conducted by excavation test pits. The laboratory tests for Soil Samples include:

- Sieve Analysis (AASHTO T88 – 00)
- Atterberg Limit (AASHTO T89 – 02)
- Moisture Density Relations (AASHTO T99 – 01)
- Specific Gravity (AASHTO T100 – 03)
- CBR Test (AASHTO T 193 – 99)

Mechanical boring was made up to 20 m in depth to obtain information on soil layers and layer thickness.

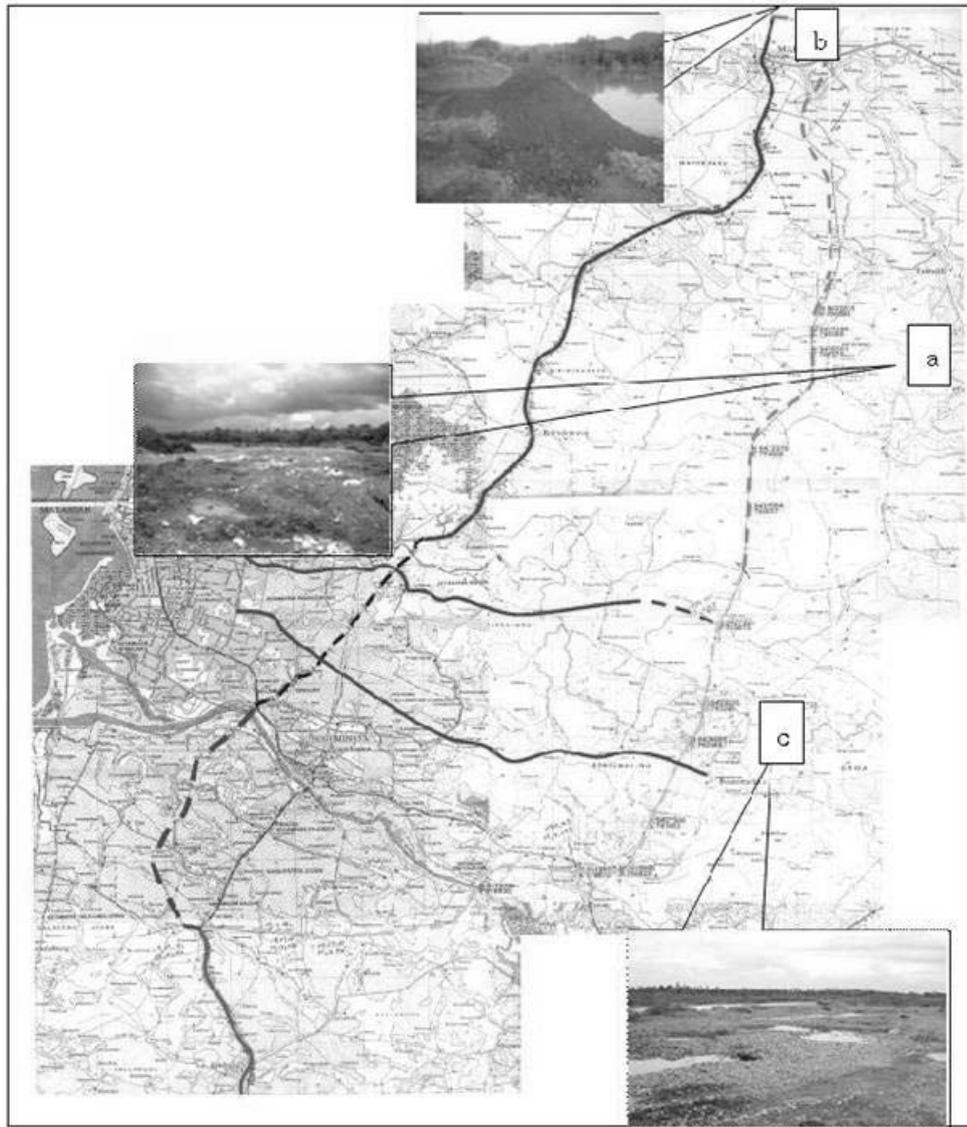
### **E-3.3 Results of Survey**

#### **(1) Coarse Aggregate (Sandy Gravel)**

Location of sandy gravel sources are as follows:

- (i) Amarrang River at Lekopancing area

- (ii) Tabo-tabo River at Lekocaddi Village
- (iii) Jeneberang River at Borong Bulu Village
- (iv) Jenetallasa River at Madinging village



**Figure E-3.4 Location Map of Coarse Aggregate Sources**

Distance from Makassar and estimated deposit quantity are as shown in the following table:

**Table E-3.1 Location and Estimated Deposit Quantity of Coarse Aggregate Materials**

No	Name of Quarry	Distance from Makassar	Approximate Deposit Quantity (m <sup>3</sup> )	Remarks
1	Lekocaddi Area	55 km	100.000	
2	Lekopancing Area	20 km	250.000	
3	Borong Bulu Area	15 km	250.000	
4	Madinging Village	10 km	200.000	

Summary of laboratory test results are indicated in the following table:

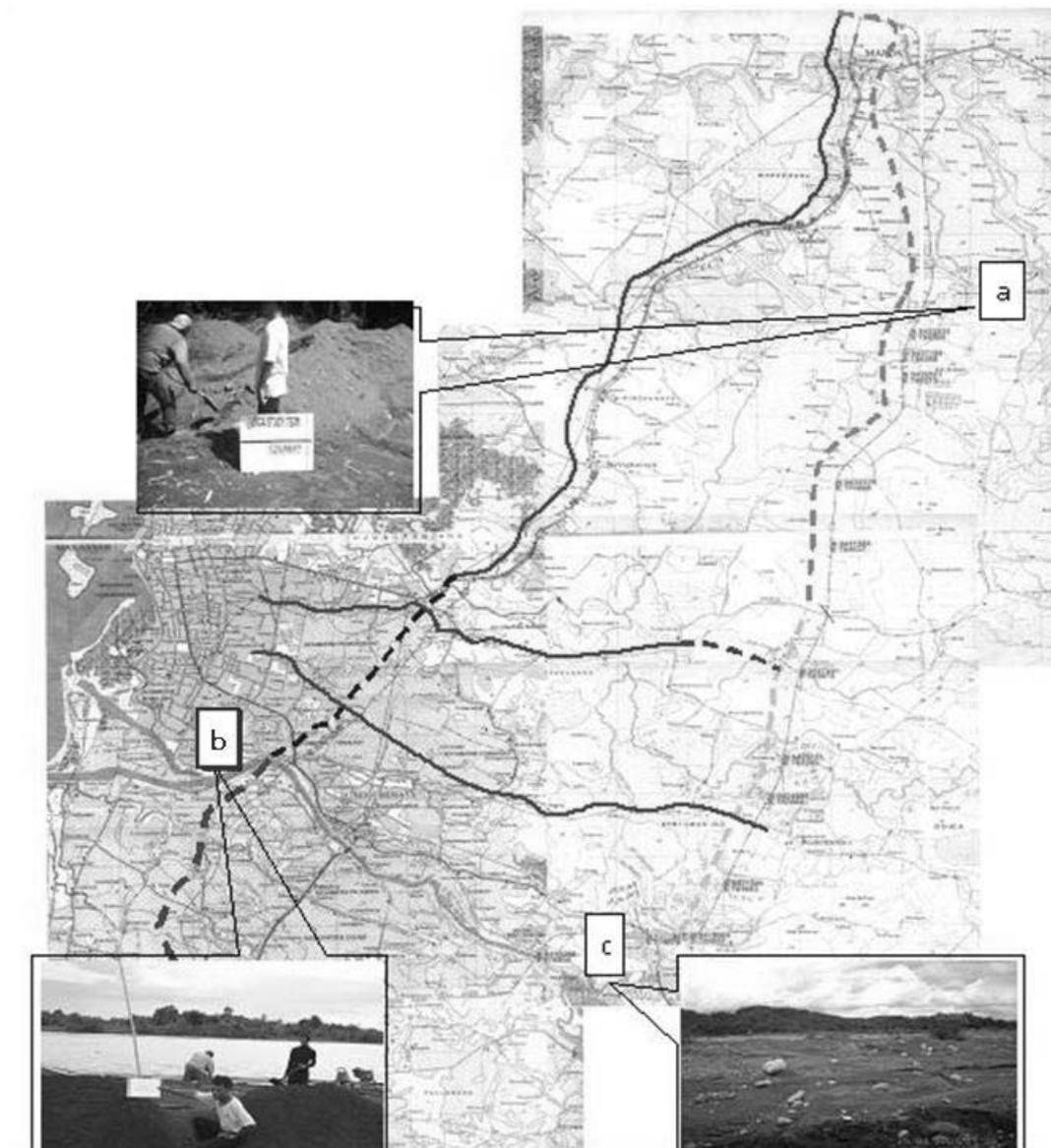
**Table E-3.2 Summary of Laboratory Tests for Coarse Aggregate Materials**

No	DESCRIPTION	Lekocaddi Area	Lekopancing Area	Borong Bulu Area	Madinging Village
1	SIEVE ANALYSIS				
		SIEVE SIZE		% PASSING	
	50 2	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	37.5 1.5	92.77	83.52	76.79	74.75
	25.4 1	85.02	72.79	60.75	62.37
	19.05 3/4	80.42	68.60	54.68	52.56
	9.5 3/8	68.63	56.95	48.52	46.42
	4.75 # 4	61.44	49.13	45.80	41.90
	2.36 # 8	48.06	29.66	41.49	38.49
	1.18 # 16	44.54	24.03	34.46	33.46
	0.6 # 30	37.80	15.57	21.70	21.54
	0.3 # 50	30.98	14.14	20.47	19.34
	0.15 # 100	24.01	8.79	16.80	15.80
	0.075 # 200	22.15	6.33	14.73	13.73
2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY AND ABSORPTION				
	- Apparent Specific Gravity	2.42	2.86	2.69	2.87
	- Bulk Specific Gravity	2.18	2.64	2.54	2.53
	- SSD Specific Gravity	2.28	2.72	2.60	2.57
	- Water Absorption	4.66	2.95	2.26	2.36
3	LOS ANGELES ABRATION TEST	23.66	22.54	20.08	24.08
4	SODIUM SULPHATE SOUNDNESS	0.36	0.25	0.35	0.33
5	FLAKINESS INDEKS	13.60	12.56	13.53	13.45
6	ORGANIC IMPURITIES	Color No 3	Color No 2	Color No 3	Color No 3
7	POT. ALKALI SILICA REACTIVITY				

**(2) Fine Aggregate (sand)**

Locations of sand materials (fine aggregate) subjected to investigation are as follows:

- (i) Amarrang River at lekopancing area.
- (ii) Jeneberang River at Mangasa Village.
- (iii) Jeneberang River at Bili-bili area.



**Figure E-3.5 Location Map of Fine Aggregate Quarry**

Distance from Makassar and estimated deposit quantity are as shown in the following table:

**Table E-3.3 Location and Estimated Deposit Quantity of Fine Aggregate Materials**

No	Name of Quarry	Distance from Makassar	Approximate Deposit Quantity (m <sup>3</sup> )	Remarks
1	Lkopancing Area	20 km	30.000	
2	Mangasa Village	10 km	50.000	
3	Bili-bili Village	15 km	150.000	

Summary of laboratory test results are indicated in the following table:

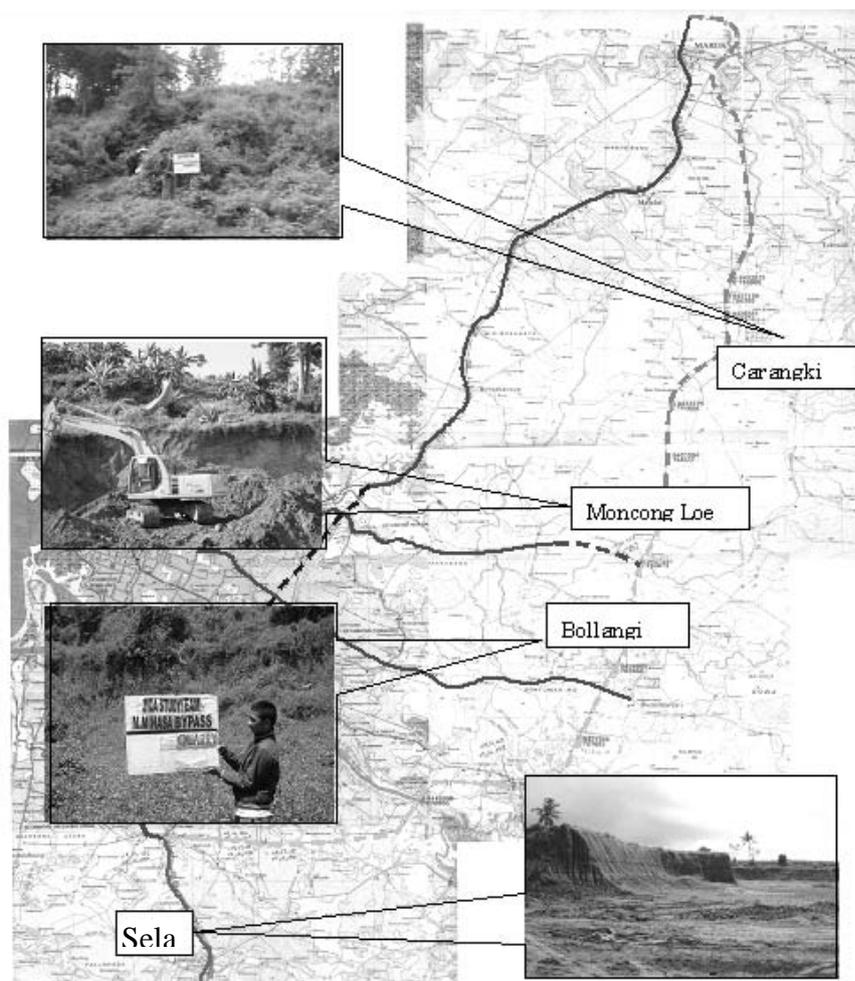
**Table E-3.4 Summary of Laboratory Tests for Fine Aggregate Materials**

NO	DESCRIPTION	Lekopancing Area	Mangasa Village	Bili-bili Area
1	SIEVE ANALYSIS			
		SIEVE SIZE		% PASSING
		50	2	
		37.5	1.5	
		25.4	1	
		19.05	3/4	
		9.5	3/8	100.00
		4.75	# 4	95.46
		2.36	# 8	74.19
		1.18	# 16	61.02
		0.6	# 30	35.33
		0.3	# 50	13.21
		0.15	# 100	7.21
		0.075	# 200	2.52
2	SPECIFIC GRAVITY AND ABSORPTION			
	- Apparent Specific Gravity	2.63	2.73	2.84
	- Bulk Specific Gravity	2.46	2.48	2.56
	- SSD Specific Gravity	2.53	2.57	2.68
	- Water Absorption	2.62	3.78	3.2
3	ORGANIC IMPURITIES	Color No 2	Color 2 to 3	Color 2 to 3
4	SAND EQUIVALENT	76	77	78
5	SODIUM SULPHATE SOUNDNESS	0.47	0.65	0.67
6	POT. ALKALI SILICA REACTIVITY			

**(3) Borrow Materials (Soil).**

Locations of borrow materials (soil) subjected to investigation are as follows:

- (i) Carangki Hill ( not recommended )
- (ii) Moncong Loe Hill.
- (iii) Bollangi Hill.
- (iv) Sela Village – Kalase’rena Bontonompo.



**Figure E-3.6 Location Map of Soil Quarry**

Distance from Makassar and estimated deposit quantity are as shown in the following table:

**Table E-3.5 Location and Estimated Deposit Quantity of Borrow Materials**

No	Name of Quarry	Distance from Makassar	Approximate Deposit Quantity (m <sup>3</sup> )	Remarks
1	Carangki Hill	18 km	50.000	
2	Moncong Loe Hill	10 km	1,500.000	
3	Bollangi Hill	15 km	100.000	
4	Sela Village	20 km	100.000	

Characteristics of materials (laboratory test), of CBR values are more than 6% and qualified as embankment material, are summarized in the following table:

**Table E-3.6 Summary of Laboratory Tests for Borrow Materials**

No	DESCRIPTION	Moncongloe Hill	Bollangi Village	Sela Village		
1	SIEVE ANALYSIS					
		SIEVE SIZE		% PASSING		
		4.75	# 4	90.93	92.93	96.00
		2.36	# 8	76.08	79.33	88.00
		1.18	# 16	63.25	65.70	77.00
		0.6	# 30	51.98	52.63	65.20
		0.3	# 50	47.60	46.98	52.60
		0.15	# 100	44.48	41.35	39.00
		0.075	# 200	38.85	35.48	25.00
2	ATTERBERG LIMIT					
	- Liquid Limit	37.10		38.26		43.07
	- Plastic Limit	20.28		47.15		23.22
	- Plasticity Index	16.82		8.89		19.85
3	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	2.45		2.49		2.55
4	MOISTURE DENSITY RELATIONS					
	Optimum Moisture Content	27.50		32.8		24.2
	Max Dry density	1.45		1.335		1.452
5	CBR	7.00		12.56		6.25