STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Other Studies)

MEA AFG/S 601/03

1. COUNTRY	Afghanistan		
1. COUNTRI			
2. NAME OF STUDY	The Urgent Rehabilitation Support Programme in Afghanistan "Rehabilitation planning in the south-western area and the public transportation system of the whole Kabul city"		
3. SECTOR	Social Infrastructure / (Social Infrastructure in) General		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	Other Studies		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of planning, Ministry of Rehabilitation, Ministry of transport, Kabul city government TUDY		
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Jun.2002 ~ Jan.2003 7month(s)		
8. SITE OR AREA	City function restoration: south-western area of the city: Regional No. 3, 5, 6, 7, and around the area Public transportation: whole Kabul City		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- Water source development plan of waterworks in Kabul city
- 2. Emergency water supply by water wagons
- 3. Re-construction and Construction of public toilet in Kabul city
- 4. Repair constructions for sewage treatment facilities
- 5. Rehabilitation project on public transportation system in Kabul city
- 6. Re-construction projects for public bus workshops in Kabul city

カプール市緊急復興支援調査(市南西部復興計画及び公共交通計画)

EA AFG/S 601/03	(Other Studies)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Deliyed
	Discontinued
Description : (FY 2004 Survey)	
	ago, it is not clear if the government has implemented a project, though the reaction to recommendation seems to be consider
(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) No information to be specifically mentioned.	

カプール市緊急復興支援調査(市南西部復興計画及び公共交通計画)

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

M

EA	AFG/S 101/04	
1. COUNTRY Afghanistan		
2. NAME OF STUDY The Urgent Rehabilitation Support Programme in Afghanistan: Rehabilitation Planning in the South Area and the Public Transortation System of the Whole Kabul City		
3. SECTOR		Social Infrastructure / (Social Infrastructure in) General
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		Ministry of Planning, Ministry of Reconstruction, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Public Health, Ministry of Informationand Culture
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
		Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Jan.2002 ~ Mar.2004 26month(s) ~
		Kabul City, Afghanistan
8. SI	TE OR AREA	
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)

カブール市緊急復興支援調査 (社会開発部)

EA AFG/S 101/04	(M/P)	
	In Progress or In Use	
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed	
	Discontinued	
Description :		
(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) No informatino to be specifically mentioned.		

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA AFG/S 102/04

1. C	OUNTRY	Afghanistan		
2. N	AME OF STUDY	The Study on the Urgent Rehabilitation Program of Kandahar City in the Islamic State of Afghanistan		
3. SI	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / (Social Infrastructure in) General		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Sep.2002 ~ Mar.2005 30month(s) ~		
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Kandahar Province, Afghanistan		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

1. Preparation for urgent restoration projects: not only restorations of infrastructures, but also the preparations for urgent restoration projects aimed for other related fields were conducted. The final selections regarding the urgent rehabilitation program is listed as following.

Education: emergency (2003): City of Kandahar/building schools in the area in which the number of state schools are is not sufficient; short - mid term(2003 - 2004): four matters regarding restorations of training schools for teachers

Health/Medical Care: emergency (2003): providing commuter buses for nursing school students; short - mid term (2003 - 2004): four matters regarding strengthening medical care services with modern facilities

Urban/Regional Development (including roads): emergency (2003): paving roads in Kandahar City, Machine parts supplies for road maintenance management; short - mid term (2003 - 2004): two matters regarding Master Plan of restoration development in Kandahar City (2004 - 2015)

Water and Sanitation: emergency (2003): three matters regarding the study on the underground water resource existence quantity; short - mid term (2003 - 2004): two matters regarding the study, design, and construction of waterworks network system in Kandahar City

Industry/electricity development: short - mid term (2003 - 2004): three matters regarding promotions of small and medium sized enterprises Other fields: emergency (2003): comprehensive reunification projects of citizens of return in Kandahar Province; short - mid term (2003 - 2004): three matters regarding reunification programs of a discharge from military service in Kandahar City

2. Implementation of urgent rehabilitation projects: urgent restorations and rebuilding of education facilities, health medical care facilities, and roads were implemented as follows.

Education: the first step: three matters regarding building Ahmad Shah Baba School; the second step: four matters regarding building Sufi Sahib School Health/Medicare: the first step: restorations of a dining room and washing room at the Mirwais Hospital and providing materials; the second step: providing five commuter buses for the Kandahar nursing school

Road: the first step: two matters regarding constructions of 6km of city roads; the second step: constructions of 2.3km of city roads (center of the city - the Mirwais Hospital)

Sanitation: the second step: providing three trucks for garbage collections in Kandahar City

3. Implemented school facilities improvement program as a soft component program to increase effectiveness of urgent rehabilitation projects (It is consigned to ICMC again.)

Three matters regarding the study on an appropriate maintenance management system of school facilities in Kandahar City

CA AFG/S 102/04	(M/P)	
	In Progress or In Use	
DD DODAM ON A METO		
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed	
	Discontinued	
Description :		
Y 2005 Domestic Survey) absequent study: B/D on construction of Primar	V School	
mplementing body: JICA		
Objective: To overcome school facility and educ		
absequent project: Construction of Primary Scherunding:	ol	
Funding party: Grant Aid		

カンダハール市緊急復興支援調査 (社会開発部)

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA AFG/A 103/04

1. C	OUNTRY	Afghanistan	
2. N	AME OF STUDY	The Study on Urgent Rehabilitation Support Program of Agriculture in Kandahar	
3. SI	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / (Social Infrastructure in) General	
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Ministry of Irrigation, Water Resources and Environment			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	Ministry of Energy	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc.	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.2003 ~ Aug.2004 17month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA		vicinity of Kandahar (30km zone from the center of Kandahar City)	
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- 1. Dredging of 20km of trunk water line
- 2. Rehabilitation of gate, and etc
- 3. Gate rehabilitation in downstream
- 4. Dredging of secondary and tertiary water line
- 5. Rehabilitation of the buildings of the Department of Irrigation, and the Department of Agriculture
- 6. Rehabilitation of 30km of agricultural road
- 7. Digging wells for drinking water at thirty villages
- 8. Study on a new dam construction in the Arghhandab River

カンダハール市近郊農業緊急復興支援調査 (農村開発部)

A AFG/A 103/04	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description :	
FY 2005 Domestic Survey) ubsequent project: Talnakh main channel rei Implementing body: JICA	habilitation project in Kandahar
Implementing period: 2005/Aug Relation with the study: The M/P have cond	ducted restoration works of Kohkaran farm in pallarel, which has been utilised in the study.
equest for Kandahhar Talnuk trunk line rest	coration project has been submitted.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA AFG/S 101/05

1. C	OUNTRY	Afghanistan		
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Urgent rehabilitation support programme in Mazar-e-Sharif (URSP-MZR)		
3. SECTOR		Development Plan / Integrated Regional Development Plan		
+		M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.		
7. ST	CUDY PERIOD	May.2004 ~ Dec.2005 19month(s) ~		
8. SI	TE OR AREA			

[アフガニスタン国マザリシャリフ市復興支援調査(緊急支援調査)(社会開発部)

IEA AFG/S 101/05	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description : (FY 2006 Domestic Survey) No information to be specifically mentioned.	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (D/D)

M

EA	ARE/A 401/80	
1. C	OUNTRY	United Arab Emirates
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Mariculture Center
3. SECTOR		Fishery / Fishery
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	D/D
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries STUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jul.1980 ~ Dec.1980 5month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Umm Al Queen, located 50km north of Dubai on the Gulf of Arabia
in the Facil Aqu Filtr Labe Wor Bait Lod	e U.A.E. JICA will pro ities will include: arium ation Facility oratory k room preparation room and	e constructed in Umm Al Queen to conduct maricultural experiments and training, for the development of the marine industry ovide technical training and the U.A.E. will provide construction costs. water tank

水産増養殖センター建設計画

$MEA \quad ARE/A \ 401/80 \qquad (D/D)$

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Background:

Dec.14~Dec.22.1977

The 1st preliminary study

Study on fishery resources and request.

May.10~Jul.6.1978

The 2nd preliminary study

Study on technical cooperation and the site for aquaculture.

Feb.~May.1979

The 3rd preliminary study

Biological marine study, study on fish for aquaculture and detailed design for experiment center.

Feb.22~Mar.10.1980

The 4th preliminary study

Study on site for a center, budget allocation, living environments of experts, problems.

Construction:

May.1984 Mariculture Center constructed

Situation:

The Center has been functioning well in mariculture-related research, training and extension, attracting many visitors from neighboring countries.

The research program at the Center has been diverse, covering from mariculture to R & D on sea food processing. The reports of the findings have been widely exchanged with similar institutions in other countries like Japan and Malaysia. The species hatched at the aquarium of the Center have been sent to aquariums in other countries. The administration has a plan to diversify the functions of the Center, including the establishment of an extension facility in Abu Dhabi.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA ARE/S 301/81

EA ANE/S	301/01			
1. COUNTRY	Ur	nited Arab Emirates		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Wadi al Bassierah Basin Water Resources Development Project		
3. SECTOR	So	ocial Infrastructure / Water Resources Development		
4. TYPE OF ST	TUDY F/S	/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries DEVELOPMENT STUDY				
PRESEN COUNTI AGENCY	ERPART			
6. CONSULTA		anyu Consultants Inc.		
7. STUDY PER	RIOD	Dec.1979 ~ Dec.1981 24month(s)		
8. SITE OR AI		Vadi Al Bassierah Basin (old name: Wadi Shimal Basin, Fvjeirah Emirate, UAE)		
9. MAJOR PR	OPOSED PROJI	ECT(S)		
1.Construction	of a dam			

1.Construction of a dam

Dam height 19.5m; Crest length 900m;

Reservoir Cap. 2.5 million cu.m

2.Construction of Al Fay pond

Height 7.5m; Crest length 2,000m;

Reservoir Cap. 1.5 million cu.m

3. Construction of an irrigation facility

Plan A Vegetables 75ha Fruits 65ha Vegetables 30ha Plan B Plan C Fruits 40ha

水資源開発計画

MEA ARE/S 301/81 (F/S)

PRESENT STATUS Partially Completed Delayed or Suspended Implementing Processing Discontinued or Cancelled Description: Of the Subsequent Studies D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for detail.		, ,	
PRESENT STATUS Partially Completed Implementing Processing Discontinued or Cancelled Description: Of the Subsequent Studies D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for detail. Detail (FY 1991 Overseas Survey) Although D/D was conducted as "Al Bassierah Dam Project", the Iran-Iraq War and the drop of oil prices were adversely affected the implementation of the project and the project was temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese government was requested to assist the resumption of the project. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to		Completed or In Progress	Promoting
PRESENT STATUS Partially Completed Implementing Processing Discontinued or Cancelled Description: Of the Subsequent Studies D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for detail. Detail (FY 1991 Overseas Survey) Although D/D was conducted as "Al Bassierah Dam Project", the Iran-Iraq War and the drop of oil prices were adversely affected the implementation of the project and the project was temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese government was requested to assist the resumption of the project. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to		Completed	
Implementing Processing Discontinued or Cancelled Description: Of the Subsequent Studies D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for detail. Detail (FY 1991 Overseas Survey) Although D/D was conducted as "Al Bassierah Dam Project", the Iran-Iraq War and the drop of oil prices were adversely affected the implementation of the project and the project was temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese government was requested to assist the resumption of the project. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to	PRESENT STATUS		Delayed or Suspended
Processing Discontinued or Cancelled Description: Of the Subsequent Studies D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for detail. Detail (FY 1991 Overseas Survey) Although D/D was conducted as "Al Bassierah Dam Project", the Iran-Iraq War and the drop of oil prices were adversely affected the implementation of the project and the project was temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese government was requested to assist the resumption of the project. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to			-
Description: Of the Subsequent Studies D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for detail. Detail (FY 1991 Overseas Survey) Although D/D was conducted as "Al Bassierah Dam Project", the Iran-Iraq War and the drop of oil prices were adversely affected the implementation of the project and the project was temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese government was requested to assist the resumption of the project. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to			Discontinued or Cancelled
Of the Subsequent Studies D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for detail. Detail (FY 1991 Overseas Survey) Although D/D was conducted as "Al Bassierah Dam Project", the Iran-Iraq War and the drop of oil prices were adversely affected the implementation of the project and the project was temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese government was requested to assist the resumption of the project. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to	Description :	Ø	
D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for detail. Detail (FY 1991 Overseas Survey) Although D/D was conducted as "Al Bassierah Dam Project", the Iran-Iraq War and the drop of oil prices were adversely affected the implementation of the project and the project was temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese government was requested to assist the resumption of the project. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to	Description .		
(FY 1991 Overseas Survey) Although D/D was conducted as "Al Bassierah Dam Project", the Iran-Iraq War and the drop of oil prices were adversely affected the implementation of the project and the project was temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese government was requested to assist the resumption of the project. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to	Of the Subsequent Studies D/D completed (Al Bassierah Dam Project	(1981)) Refer to "Al Bassierah Dam Project (1981)" for deta	il.
	temporarily suspended. In 1989 the Japanese	e government was requested to assist the resumption of the pr	roject. In 1990 the UEA government planed to allocate the own budget in order to

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET

M

A DE /C 404 /04	(\mathbf{D}/\mathbf{D})	
AME OF STUDY	Al Bassierah Dam Project	
ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development	-
YPE OF STUDY	D/D	
COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries STUDY	
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc.	
TUDY PERIOD	Apr.1981 ~ Feb.1982 10month(s) ~	
TE OR AREA		
Bassierah Dam am Height 19.5m; Cress eservoir Cap. 2.5 millio Fay Pond(Ground wate ap. 1.5 million cu.m	st Length 900m; on cu.m er Recharge Facilities)	
	AME OF STUDY ECTOR YPE OF STUDY COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY ONSULTANT(S) TUDY PERIOD TE OR AREA AJOR PROPOSED I Bassierah Dam am Height 19.5m; Creseservoir Cap. 2.5 millio Fay Pond(Ground wate), 1.5 million cu.m agation Facility and Fa	DUNTRY United Arab Emirates AI Bassierah Dam Project COTOR Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development PRESENT GENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY Sanyu Consultants Inc. DNSULTANT(S) Sanyu Consultants Inc. Wadi Al Bassierah Basin TE OR AREA AJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S) Bassierah Dam In Height 19.5m; Crest Length 900m; Servoir Cap. 2.5 million cu.m Fay Pond(Ground water Recharge Facilities) up. 1.5 million cu.m gation Facility and Farm

アル・バセイラダム建設計画実施設計

MEA ARE/S 401/81 (D/D)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

- 1. After the completion of this D/D, the Government of UAE decided to implement the project by international tender and asked JICA for additional cooperation on the guidance and evaluation of the tender and award procedures, which was duly approved and executed. After the completion of D/D, the project was suspended due to financial difficulty.
- 2. UAE sounded in 1989 the intent of the Japanese Government, desiring to revive the project, but received a negative response.

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

In 1990, the UAE government began to resume the dam project with federal budgets. Because the JICA study was undertaken ten years ago, UAE water resource engineers consider it necessary to restudy the groundwater conditions in the proposed site and to update the detailed design. The company which was successful in the tender has inquired the UAE government whether the construction can be done in accordance with the original JICA detailed design, and requested the engineering services from Japan.

(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

No additional information.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Implementation of project has delayed because of financial constraint of the government.

* Refer to "Wadi al Bassierah Basin Water Resources Development Project (ARE/S 301/81, JICA F/S)" for detail.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA ARE/A 103/96

1. COUNTRY		United Arab Emirates			
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Groundwater Resources for Agricultural Development around A1 Dhaid City			
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation			
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		Ministry of Agriculture and Fishery. TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc.			
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1995 ~ Sep.1996 18month(s) ~			
8. SI	TE OR AREA	The Groundwater Resources Development for Agriculture in the Vicinity of Al Dhaid			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)			

If the groundwater draft is left at the existing level, the groundwater resource in the area may be dried up after 40 years (2035). Under these circumstances, a master plan was formulated under the two policy options described below.

Option 1 A master plan based on a deceased agriculture size. (2,548ha) (56% of the existing agriculture size)

- (1) The construction of 3 groundwater recharge facilities. (set of recharge clam and trench)
- (2) The provision of modern irrigation systems and greenhouses in all farms. (one of each)
- (3) The construction of groundwater monitoring systems. (1site, 300tons/day)

Option 2 A master plan based on the existing agriculture size (4,584ha) (56% of the existing agriculture size)

- (1) Application of modern water-saving irrigation systems.
- (2) The construction of groundwater recharge facilities.
- (3) The provision of modern irrigation systems and greenhouses in all farms.
- (4) The construction of groundwater monitoring systems. (1site, 450tons/day)

MEA ARE/A 103/96 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

As UAE is presently out of the list of aid recipient countries for DAC, the Japanese Government has no intention to implement this project.

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

The policy of this M/P is 'effective use of existing natural water resources', and the Study proposed the effective use of natural water resources (e.g. cultivating equipment for ground water and saving water irrigation system) However, after completion of the Study in 1996, UAE shifted its policy of water supply to mass desalination of seawater, and the M/P decreased its priority in effective use of natural water. Moreover, the proposed project, 'establishment of observation network' is delayed due to the alteration of the division in charge of human resource management within the dept. Also, after the Study, UAE was eliminated from the DAC aid recipient countries, it cannot be anticipated to receive Japan's ODA. Ministry of Agriculture and Fishery, the implementing agency, has limited budget allocation, it will require time to raise funds for groundwater recharge facilities. The groundwater recharge dams project was proposed, based on the Development Study in 1980, spent 15 years until the commencement of the operation. Considering these, it will need more than 5 years to launch this project.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

The reason for the delayed situation: difficulties in procuring finance.

Future prospect: more than 5 years required to implement the projects

Although the number of farms using modern irrigation systems and greenhouses increased, but may be not applied in all farms of studied area during the required period of project implementation which is 9 years since 1996 till 2004.

Situation after the study:

- 1) Legalization, maximum total depth for drilling water wells in the project area and adjacent wadies limited to 500 feet.
- 2) Studies completed recently proposed more new locations for recharge facilities as small dams, trenches and ponds in the project area and adjacent wadies.
- 3) Local government is planning to use sewage treated water for irrigation within the study area.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA DZA/A 301/85

1. COUNTRY		Algeria	
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Fetzara Lake Area Agricultural Development Project	
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General	
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Agriculture FUDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
	1	Sanyu Consultants Inc.	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Kyowa Engineering Consultants Co., Ltd.	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Dec.1983 ~ Mar.1985 15month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA		Southwest 20km from Annaba City, Annaba Province	
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	ROJECT(S)	
* 10	ericultural Infrastructura	Improvement Dian	

Agricultural Infrastructure Improvement Plan

Dam (1): 53m(H) x 480m(L) x 10m(Top width) x 7MCM(Effective storage)

Pump station(2): 250mm x 46m(H) x 7.9m3/s(Q) x 110kw x 3 units

250mm x 85m(H) x 7.9m3/s(Q) x 190kw x 3 units

Main Irrigaton Pipeline: dia 200 - 300mm x 43km (density 39.2m/ha)

Main Drainag Canal: 154km (density 3.9m/ha) Field Facilities: Irrigation ditches -- 70 m/ha

Drainage ditches -- 40-50 m/ha -- 65 m/ha Farm roads

* Agricultural Development Plan

Farmland development -- 10,600ha

Livestock facilities, Green houses, Management facilities

* Village Infrastructure Development Plan

Housing, Domestic water supply, Sewerage facilities, Electricity,

Hospiteals, Schools, Post office, etc.

フェツァラ湖周辺地域農業開発計画

MEA DZA/A 301/85 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
		rionioung
PRESENT STATUS	Completed	
TRESENT STATES	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	Di di La Callan
Description	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description: There is no hope of funding the proposed pro	oject because of the deterioration of the Algerian economy.	
(FY1994 Domestic Survey)(FY1995 Domes		
No additional information.	ic Survey)	
(FY1995 Overseas Survey)		
Caused by the serious security problems, it	is very hard to implement the pfoject.	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA DZA/S 201B/92

1. C	OUNTRY	Algeria
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Development of the Ports of Algiers, Oran and Annaba
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / (Transportation in) General
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Transport, Algeria TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Sep.1991 ~ Feb.1993 17month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	The ports of Algiers, Oran and Annaba
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)
* Co	st 1) is of Algiers Port,	2) is of Oran Port.

- 1.Algiers Port
- (1)Master Plan
- i) Terminal-2: Container terminal with 42ha and a berth of 600m long and 13m deep
- ii) Cereal Terminal: Silos of 220,000 tons capacity, 4 unloaders of 400tons per hour each
- iii) Terminal 1: Installation of two container cranes
- (2)Short-Term Plan
- i) Terminal 2: Container terminal with a berth of 300m long and 13m deep
- ii) Cereal Terminal: Silos of 100,000 tons capacity 2 unloaders of 400 tons per hour each
- iii) Terminal 1: Installation of 2 container cranes
- 2.Oran Port: Development of cereal and container terminals

主要港湾整備計画

MEA DZA/S 201B/92 (M/P+F/S)

EA DEAIS 201DI 72	(IVII TI/S)	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		-
Based on the results on this study shown in the On the other hand, the government of Japan	he Final Report handed over to Algeria side in March 1993, a sent a fact-finding mission to Algeria, in September, 1993. security matters, before entering the procedure of the finance	the government of Algeria is preparing to ask Yen loan to the government of Japan. Taking account of missions report, for the moment, the government of Japan is looking to
(FY1994 Domestic Survey)(FY1995 Domest No further information	tic Survey)	
(FY1995 Overseas Survey) Caused by the serious security problems, it	is very hard to implement the project.	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/S 301/75

1. CO	OUNTRY	Egypt
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Suez Canal Extension Project
3. SE	CCTOR	Transportation / Port
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Suez Canal Authority TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Nov.1974 ~ Jul.1975 8month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Suez Canal
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)
The 1	lat mbasa musicat abarra	a below will take 2.5 years to complete and it is imporative to proceed to the 2nd phase impositionly, because the route gains

The 1st phase project shown below will take 3.5 years to complete, and it is imperative to proceed to the 2nd phase immediately, because the route going around Cape Town will cost less for supertankers than the Canal transit.

1st Phase Canal Extension:

- 1. Dredging: the entire canal length to four times the wet sectional area of the largest vessel transiting the Canal Dredging 470 million cu.m, Excavation ashore 67 million cu.m
- 2. Revetment: Relocation to the east side
- 3. West Breakwater: submerged mound structure, length 7,354m
 Breakwater from the light house to 4,500m, submerged from 4,500m to 7,354m
- 4. Eartworks: Removal of concrete military structures and the banking from the east side
- 5. Others: dredging of anchorage at Port Said and elsewhere, navigation aids, oil pollution control devices, etc.

スエズ運河拡張計画

MEA EGY/S 301/75 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Studies:

1975 D/D (local fund)

Finance:

Jul.1975 L/A 38 bil.Yen (Suez Canal Expansion I)

Dec.1977 L/A 23 bil. Yen (Suez Canal Expansion II)

*Components of Project

1. Expansion, extension and dredging for deepning of ABC section (63km), a part of Suez (total length 163km)

(Dredging amount:122.5 mil.m3)

(Canal section after the expansion:width 233m, depth 19.5m)

Jul.1979 L/A 12 bil.Yen (Suez Canal Dredging Reinforcement)

*Components of Project

1. Dredger~(2,900t, length~121m, dredging~power~2,100m3/h)-2

2.Tag boat-4

3.Reserves for 1 and 2

Nov.1981 L/A 7 bil.Yen (Expansion of Waiting Berths)

*Components of Project

1.Dredging of Bitter Lakes

Other than the above OECF loan, local finance of 42 mil.L.E. was used.

Construction:

1975~1980 Implementation

Dispatch of Expert:

1978~1981 Technical cooperation to the Economic Unit of the Suez Canal Authority.

As to the consequence of the project, see Present Status columns of projects "Second Stage Development Project of the Suez Canal (S304/80)", "Technical Cooperation Program to the Suez Canal Authority (S102/81)", and "Safety Improvement of the Suez Canal (S310/85)".

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/S 302/76

1. COUNTRY Egypt			
2. NAME OF STUDY	Urban Water Supply Project in the Great Cairo		
3. SECTOR	Public Utilities / Water Supply		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	The General Organization for the Greater Cairo Water Supply STUDY		
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
	Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Nihon Suido Consultants Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Sep.1975 ~ Mar.1976 6month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA	The City of Cairo		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED	PROJECT(S)		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

1)Pumping facilities for raw water supply

Nasr City: 4 pumps (d.500mm)

Heliopolis: 4 booster pumps (d.500mm)

2)Heliopolis water conveyance facilities Raw water pipeline: d.1,350mm, 9,800m

Drinking water pipeline: d.1,200mm, 9,800m

One regulation tank: 15,000 cu.m
3)Nasr City water conveyance facilities
Raw water pipeline: d.1,200mm, 5,100m
One regulation tank: 22,000 cu.m
4)Helwan water conveyance facilities
Raw water pipeline: d.500mm, 4,800M
One regulation tank: 4,000 cu.m

カイロ大都市圏都市用水開発計画

MEA EGY/S 302/76

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

The reasons for realizing the project are as follows:

1)Contribution to the alleviation of water shortage caused by population increase and urbanization

2) High Priority

3) The General Organization is the most powerful and active governmental agency in Cairo City.

Subsequent Studies:

Dec.1979 D/D completed

Finance

Jun.1976 L/A 5,820 mil.Yen

(Water Supply Improvement project in Great Cairo (I))

*Components of project

(1)laying of pipelines for tap water (23km) and raw water (17km)

(2)construction of one pumping station (90,000m3/day) and three water distribution ponds (10,000m3 and two 12,000m3)

(F/S)

Dec.1978 L/A 3,375 mil.Yen

(Water Supply Improvement Project in Great Cairo (II))

*Components of project

laying of pipelines for raw water (Heliopolis-Nase City) and for tap water (at the central Cairo and the eastern Cairo) and cleaning of the existing pipelines

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

This project includes Helwan water conveyance facilities (row water pipeline).

Constrution:

Aug.1984 Completed

*Pumping facilities, Heliopolis water conveyance facilities and Nasr City water conveyance facilities have been already completed.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Helwan water conveyance facilities have been also completed.

Related Projects:

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Taking into the consideration the situation change taken place after the completion of the construction, "East Bank Water Supply Master Plan" was formulated in 1990 with the USAID fund, which targets the year of 2010. Among the proposed projects, the improvement of the Assyria Water Purification Plant has been implemented with the assistance of the JICA grant aid.

(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

The executing agency plans to undertake the facility expansion project after the Assyria Water Purification plant is renovated in December, 1997. Also, it considers to conduct a revisional study of M/P.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

The government of Egypt expects for grant aid assistance for expansion work of Assyria Water purification Plant.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA EGY/S 101/79

1. C	. COUNTRY Egypt		
2. N	AME OF STUDY	High Dam Lake Area Int	egrated Regional Development Plan
3. SECTOR		Development Plan	/ Integrated Regional Development Plan
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Ministry of Development and New Cities High Dam Lake Development Authority			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
	1	International Developme	nt Center of Japan (IDCJ)
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.	
		Nomura Research Institu	te
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jan.1979 ~	Feb.1980 13month(s)
8. SITE OR AREA			llion) and the High Dam Lake Area
0 1/1	A IOD DDODOGED I	ODO IECT(C)	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

The study covers the area consisting of Aswan City and the High Dam Lake area extending 120 km from east to west and 300 km from south to north. Major projects are as follows:

- 1) Establishment of an agricultural experiment station
- (selection of suitable crops, development of appropriate farming systems, improvement of irrigation management and disease and pest control);
- 2) Establishment of a Fishery Management Center (Resource surveys, experimental aquaculture, resource management);
- 3) Rural Development;
- 4) Expansion and improvement of West Harbor of High Dam; and
- 5) Road development around the High Dam Lake Area.

南部地域総合開発計画

MEA EGY/S 101/79 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

Utilization of Outputs:

The study result was translated into Arabic. Also, it was incorporated into the regional development section of the National Development Plan and has been utilized as a guideline for the development of Southern Aswan region. Although as for the proposals made in M/P, no F/S was conducted, various proposed projects have been implemented.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The results of this study has been utilized for elaboration of "High Dam Lake Area Integrated Development Plan (1997~2017)".

(1)Agriculture

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

Agricultural Experiment Station: Constructed with the local fund.

Foreshore Agricultural Project covering 11,000 fedden: Being implemented with the financial assistance of WFP.

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Agricultural Development Research Center: Constructed with the local fund. Research has been conducted for the settlement of small farmers. JICA has been requested for the technical cooperation and the provision of equipment.

(2)Fisheries

Fishery management Center:

Finance:

Jun.8.1980 E/N 500mil.yen

Implementation:

Dec.1980~Dec.1981

*Contents of works

Research Administration building, laboratories, experimentation ponds and instruments

Consulting company / Azusa Sekkei

Contractor / Kitano Construction Corp.

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

The technology transferred in the process of this study is proved to be very useful in order to set up the system for the fishery resource development in High Dam Lake. However, the period was too short. In order to realize the project, they plan to collect the basic data concerning fish farming and environment matters as well as to examine the fishery promotional measures such as the structure of fishing industry, the regulation and the transportation system.

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

The Fishery Management Center has well managed the projects concerning the storage, ports and fish farming. The grant for three ice-making machines related to the fishing industry has been requested to the Japanese government.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

D/D on management of the center, fishery resources management and aquaculture was conducted by JICA and High Dam Lake Area Development Authority from Dec.1990 till Dec.1993. The Japanese evaluation team organized by JICA was dispatched to Fishery Management Center in Jan.1996 in order to conduct and overall review and evaluation of the project with the Egyptian evaluation team of Fishery Management Center (FMC). The Japanese evaluation team observed that the project was successfully carried out according to the work plan. However, three items remain as outstanding targets of work:

- Establishment of lake fisheries planning to cope with the change of fishery productivity which is effected by eutrophication and fluctuation of water level of the lake.
- Estimation of effects of fish fry release and promotion of aquaculture at suitable locations.
- Extension of study results to the fishermen.

(3)Improvement Road

Construction of Aswan-Ab Simbel, Kalabasha-Gurf Husein and Aswan-El Araki: Completed with a local fund (FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

(4)Others

Abu Simbel Port and Ice Plant: Constructed with a local fund. About 100 companies are working on the quarry development around the lake.

Detail

(FY 1994 Overseas Survy)

The state government is responsible for the implementation of many of the proposed projects. Some of them have been successively implemented in regions such as Aswan, Abu Simbel, etc.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/S 303/79

1. C	OUNTRY	Egypt
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Cairo - Alexandria Line Electrification for Egyptian Railways
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Railway
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Egyptian National Railways TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Japan Railway Technical Service (JARTS)
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Sep.1978 ~ Dec.1979 15month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Line between Cairo and Alexandria and regions along the route
0 1/	A IOR PROPOSED P	DDAIECT(S)

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

This line (208km) is regorded very important, connecting amoung Cairs (nation's capital; 8.5 million people living), Alexandria (Nation's largest trade port and well-known resort; 250 million) Benha (50,000), Tanta (150,000) and other regional main cities.

This line is considered the main transportation system amoung cities.

It is also considered main cummuters transportation within the each city area. So this line is very crowded when rush-hour. Nowaday the number of "express service" is 25 within 130 on this line per a day.

It takes 2 hours and 35 minutee between Cairo and Alexandria by non-stop express "service. But gov of Egypt has an interntion to

shorten it to about 90 minutes. To achive this purpose, it is planned that the highest speed be 160km/hour and special express of EMU (Electric Multiple Unit) be operated more than once per hour.

Expected investments are following;

Rolling stock(48 ELs, etc.) 138.5LE Electric wires(208km) 78.8LE

Power transformer facilities

(3 substations, etc.) 33.3LE

Machines (for inspection and

repair at rolling stock bases) 18.2LE Civil facilities(rolling stock bases, etc) 16.0LE

Signal and telecommunications facilities

(improvement, etc.) 12.4LE Land (for rolling stock bases and substations) 9.7LE

Design and administration 13.1LE

エジプト国鉄カイロ~アレキサンドリア線電化

MEA EGY/S 303/79 (F/S)

201/8000//	(110)				
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting			
PRESENT STATUS	Completed				
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended			
	Implementing				
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled			
Description :					
Reasons of Suspension: The Egyptian Railways is convinced that el Electrification between Cairo-Alexandria wo					
Improvement Works/Alternative Project: Some improvement works on signals, track An alternative project of introducing turbo	s, etc., based on this project were implemented with the financ train units between Cairo and Alexandria has been implement	cial cooperation of both France and West Germany. ted since 1983 by French finance.			

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

M

		(F/S)
EA	EGY/S 304/80	
1. C	OUNTRY	Egypt
2. NAME OF STUDY		Second Stage Development Project of the Suez Canal
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME O DEVELOPMENT		TUDY TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI)
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Nov.1979 ~ Oct.1980 11month(s) ~
		Suez Canal
8. SI	TE OR AREA	
	AJOR PROPOSED P	
		ich pass through Suez Canal, double tracking of the canal is proposed by the study. estern channel for max 500,000 DWT empty tanker is proposed.
Dee Dr	~ ~	

スエズ運河第2期拡張計画

MEA EGY/S 304/80 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Reasons of Stoppage:

(FY1994 Overseas Survey)

Since 1980, the number of passing vessels through the Suez Canal has decreased due to depression of the marine transportation business. Hence, the Second Stage Project targeting the passing capability for the vessel of 250 thousand DWT should have been postponed.

Considering proceeding construction of gas pipelines which substitute marine transportation, it should be admitted that the project has become less profitable.

Container transporters would be prospective clients for the canal after development. However, the project should be reconciled from the viewpoint based upon various possibilities of change.

(FY1998 Overseas Survey)

There seems to be possibility of realizing the proposed projects through the new Study "The Effective Management System fo the Suez Canal" of which TOR and required applications already submitted to the Ministry of International Cooperation.

Situation before Stoppage:

Contrary to the double tracking of the canal proposed by the study, SCA decided to carry out the widening and deepening of the present canal. NEDECO implemented the F/S on this proposal.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA EGY/S 102/81

1. COUNTRY Egypt			
2. NAME OF STUDY	Technical Cooperation Program to the Suez Canal Authority		
3. SECTOR	Transportation / Marine Transportation & Ships		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT			
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI)		
6. CONSULTANT(S)	The Japan Association for Preventing Marine Accidents		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Jul.1978 ~ Mar.1981 32month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA	North-eastern Suez Canal		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED	PROJECT(S)		
Study of organization and	service for Economic Unit of Planning and Institute Div., SCA functioning, and system analysis of prediction for canal		

Study of organization and service for Economic Unit of Planning and Institute Div., SCA functioning, and system analysis of prediction for canal passage. The study service is the core of this project.

First year: Site survey, acceptance of study in

Japan (6persons x 13weeks)

Second year:Study in Egypt (the total number 290persons/days)

Study in Japan (7persons x 2months)

Study on system analysis (Actual number of canal passage,

prediction for canal passage number

of Tanker or non-tanker/etc.)

Third year: Study in Egypt (the total number 690 persons/days)

Study in Japan (7persons x 8weeks)

Offer in drawing up of service manual

スエズ運河庁に対する技術協力計画

EA EGY/S 102/81	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description :	
(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)	t agency of this study, has been active in the implementation of the projects, based on the study reports.
(1) Research on the Optimum Toll Calculation (2) Participation in all F/S conducted by SCA (3) Research on the safe passage, etc.	n System
Also, a JICA expert was dispatched to assist	these activities. It expresses the desire for the technical cooperation on the Optimum Toll Calculation System.
Subsequent Study: Aug.1983~Aug.1985 F/S for Safety Improver	ment of the Suez Canal

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/A 301/81

1. CO	1. COUNTRY Egypt			
2. NAME OF STUDY		South Hussinia Valley Agricultural Development Project		
3. SECTOR		Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Irrigation, Ministry of Land Rehabilitation TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jul.1980 ~ Mar.1981 8month(s) ~		
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Northeast part of Nile Delta, area 31,400ha		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		
Tri I	D : . : 1:1	' ' ' 1 5 1 (1000/02 1000/07) 1' 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

The Project is given higher priority in the 5 year plan (1982/83 -1986/87), which forms a part of regional development of the Nile Delta by using water source of El Salam Canal, together with the development of north Hussinia area.

- (1) Land consolidation 23410ha, targetted cropping intensity 200%
- (2) Pump station for drainage 1 place and 4 places for irrigation
- (3) Canal 323km, drainage canal 296km
- (4) Pipe drain 9531km (23410ha) in the second stage
- (5) Settlement 9400 farm households
- (6) Construction of suger factory and milk factory

南部ホサイニア・バレイ農業開発計画

EGY/A 301/81 (F/S)**MEA**

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		

Description :

1987 -1992 Integrated into the Second Five-Year Development Plan

Subsequent Studies:

1987 -1988 D/D (GARPAD)

Jun.1986 Loan from National Investment Bank and the budget of the Ministry of Finance (Local Currency:72.2 mil.E.P. Foreign Currency:15 mil.E.P.)

Construction:

Jul.1987 Commenced

Jun.1992 Completed

Most of the facilities have been completed and 10,000 feddan has been consolidated, in some part of which planting has been already undertaken. Also, fish farms are operated, utilizing the drained water.

Detail

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

The land consolidation, the construction of pumping station for drainage, the construction of canals, etc. have been in progress. The number of those who wish to settle in this developed area may exceed the number of the people who could be accepted.

Dispatch of experts (an agronomist, a plantation instructor, a farm manager, etc.) has been requested.

The Agricultural High School for the settlers has been already opened for the portside residents (presently, two departments with 367 students).

The construction of food processing factories will be commenced after the settlement is completed.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

MI

EΑ	EGY/S 305/81	
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY		Egypt
		Alexandria PCM Microwave Network Construction Project
3. SECTOR		Communications & Broadcasting / Telecommunication
	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OI DEVELOPMENT)F
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Telecommunication Consulting Co., Ltd.
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1981 ~ Jul.1981 4month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Alexandria
	AJOR PROPOSED	
Cont	tents Sca	ale
Alex		onnecting 10 exchanges by PCM ital microwave network

アレキサンドリアPCMマイクロウェーブ回線網建設

MEA EGY/S 305/81 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
PRESENT STATUS	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed Implementing	Delayed or Suspended
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description:		
Subsequent Studies: 1983 D/D (USAID assistance)		
Finance: USAID loan US\$ 12 million Local fund 800,000 E.pounds		
Construction: 1984 Completed		

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/A 302/82

1. COUNTRY		Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Tenth of Ramadan Agricultural Development Project		
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd. Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jan.1982 ~ Oct.1982 9month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Tenth of Ramadan district, Ismailia State		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I		PROJECT(S)		
A grigultural dayalanment in		n the decent		

Agricultural development in the desert:

Irrigation area 9,000ha
Head work 1 unit
Main pump station 10 units
Main pipe line 20.7km
Branch pipe line 247.9km
Settlement 940 houses

テンスオブラマダン地区農業開発計画

MEA EGY/A 302/82 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Studies

July 1984 - Aug. 1985 D/D

Aug.15,1984 L/A 350 mil.Yen for E/S concerning the construction of irrigation facilities to irrigate 9,000ha of farm land in Tenth of Ramadan area.

*After the completion of D/D, the contractor was selected in September, 1986 through the international bidding. However, immediately after the selection, Egypt was classified as one of the countries for debt rescheduling and the Egyptian government cancelled the approved OECF loan.

The General Authority for Reclamation and Agricultural Development conducted the review study and modified the project as follows:

Main Pipeline 31km/Branch pipeline 210km/Booster pumping Stations 28units/Construction of New Settlement 970households

Finance:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

EE 64mil. (Government budget 50%, Society fund 50%)

*Contents

Canals (10), Pumping stations (5), others

Construction:

The management of this project was transferred to the 10th Ramadan Cooperative Society. The construction of road and of branch pipelines has been implemented with own fund and completed partially in 1994.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Jan.~Dec.1998

Consulting Company / Beheira company

Remaining Project:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Irrigation facilities will be implemented by 10th of Ramadan Cooperative Society.

Detail:

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Main Pilelines: Completed

Main Pumping Station and Booster Pumping Station: The Ministry of Water Resource and Public Works is willing to construct in future, however, no step has been taken yet.

*The change of in-charge agency from the local government to the central government seems to have influenced on the progress of the project.

Situation

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

There is almost no possibility to request for Japanese assistance.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/S 306/82

1. COUNTRY		Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Cairo - Aswan - Abu Simbel Microwave Network Construction Project		
3. SECTOR		Communications & Broadcasting / Telecommunication		
4. TYPE OF	STUDY	F/S		
AGENO AT THI	TERPART CY E TIME OF LOPMENT ST	Arab Republic of Egypt National Telecommunications Organization(ARENTO) TUDY		
PRESE COUNT AGENO	TERPART			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Nippon Telecommunication Consulting Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Sep.1982 ~ Feb.1983 5month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		CairoA`AswanA`Abu Simbel		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I		ROJECT(S)		
		l FDM Microwave Communication Network construction plan		

-Cairo - Aswan - Abu Simbel FDM Microwave Communication Network construction plan

-Radio Equipment

6GHz 1800CH 23hops 6GHz 960CH 7hops 15GHz 2700CH 2hops

カイロ アスワン アブシンベル・マイクロウェーブ通信網建設

MEA EGY/S 306/82 (F/S)

PRESENT STATUS	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		

Subsequent Studies:

1984 D/D (Italian company)

The implementation was done by international tender in which Japanese companies also participated. The successful bidder was an Italian company.

 $It aly\ (US\$1,815,522:\ 80\%\ government\ and\ 20\%\ supplyers'\ credit)\ and\ local\ fund (2,112,620\ E.pounds).$

The project finance was as follows. Italy US\$ 18 million Local fund 2 million E.pounds

Construction:

1985 completed

Related Project: (FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

 $A \ new \ relevant \ project, \ information \ networking \ of \ El \ Faiyum - El \ Minya - A \ syut - Qena - Luxor - A \ swan, \ D/D \ is \ in \ progress \ by \ local \ finance. \ ATT \ is the \ Turn \ Key \ Contractor \ of \ the \ project.$ Completion of the network is scheduled in 1995.

カイロ アスワン アブシンベル・マイクロウェーブ通信網建設

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET

M

		(F/S)	
	EGY/A 303/83		
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY		Egypt	
		Cold Storage Chain Development Project	
3. SI	ECTOR	Animal Husbandry / Livestock Processing	
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT ST	GERCO(General Authority for Supply Commodities) TUDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc.	
7. STUDY PERIOD		Aug.1982 ~ Feb.1984 18month(s) ~	
8. SI	ITE OR AREA	Alexandria: 1 site, Portsaid: 2 sites, Suez: 1 site, Cairo: 1 site	
Cold Mea	t processing factories w	ROJECT(S) 000t in Cairo and Alexandria, 5,000t in Portsaid, 3,000t in Suez will be established. th capacity 25t/shift will be built with cold stores in Cairo and Alexandria. ith capacity 100t/day will be constructed.	

食肉冷蔵供給開発計画

MEA EGY/A 303/83 (F/S)

231/11000/00	(110)					
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting				
	Completed					
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended				
	Implementing					
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled				
Description :						
Reasons of Stoppage: The new policy which was adopted after the disproportionately higher than the prevailing Long time has passed since the completion						

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

M

	EGY/A 304/84	E		
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY 3. SECTOR		Egypt		
		North Hussinia Valley & South Port Said Agricultural Development Project		
		Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Irrigation; General Authority for Rehabilitation Projects and Agricultural Dev (GARPAD) TUDY	velopment	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
		Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd.		
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
		Naigai Engineering Co., Ltd. Mar.1983 ~ Mar.1984 12month(s)		
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1983 ~ Mar.1984 12month(s)		
8. SI	TE OR AREA	The area in the south of the Lake Manzara which is located in the northeastern part of the Nile D to the Mediterranean Sea.	elta and clos	
	AJOR PROPOSED I			
2. D	rainage pump station	2 units		
3. D	rainage facilities	328 km		
4. Irı	rigation facilities	371 km		
5. Eı	mbankment for sea recl	mation 80 km		

北部ホサイニア及びポートサイド南部農業開発計画

MEA EGY/A 304/84 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1) North Hussina Valley Area

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

The project area was reduced to 20,000 feddan.

Subsequent Studies:

D/D (GARPAD)

Finance:

Own fund (Total project cost: 153.03 mil.E.P. including 123.03 mil.E.P. of local currency)

Construction:

1987-92 Implemented

*During the period for the Five-Year Plan from 1992 to 1997, approximately 10,000 feddan will be added.

(2) Port Said Area

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

The project area will cover 36,000 feddan.

Detail:

This project was planned to be implemented under the Social and Economic Development Five-Year Plan (1982/83-1986/87). However, the implementation was postponed due to the financial constraints caused by the drop of oil prices.

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Land consolidation and the construction of drainage facilities and irrigation facilities have been steadily in progress. The construction of a siphon, which is to take water from the Jerusalem canal, is scheduled to be completed in June 1995 after which the settlement will start. At present, the number of those who desire to settle in this area exceeds its capacity.

The development of a part of area, covering 2,000 feddan has been delayed due to the excavation of historic sites, etc.

The dispatch of expers in land consolidation or the project-type technical cooperation is desired to promote the project implementation more efficiently and more vigorously.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/A 305/84

1. COUNTRY	Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY	South Hussinia Valley Agricultural Development Project (Phase II)		
3. SECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT ST	GARPAD(General Authority for Rehabilitation Project and Agricultural Development) TUDY		
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
	Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Naigai Engineering Co., Ltd.		
	Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Sep.1983 ~ Jun.1984 9month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA	Southern Hussinia Valley, a part of Sharqiya Governorate, left shore of lower Suez Canal		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Reclamation and cultivation of back area of Manzala Lake facing the Mediterranean.

1)Reclamation: farmland of 23,400 ha (salt leaching and land consolidation)

- irrigation facilities to take water from El Salamun Lake
- drainage facilities to discharge to Manzala Lake.

2)Houses and public facilities:

- 9,359 houses
- water supply and sewerage facilities
- electricity transmission and distribution facilities

3)Process of farm products:

- Tomato process factories
- milk treatment
- process factories.

南部ホサイニア・バレイ農業開発計画 Phase II

EGY/A 305/84 (F/S)**MEA**

PRESENT STATUS	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description ·		

Description :

The proposed project has been integrated into the Second Five-Year Development Plan (1987-92).

Subsequent Studies:

1987-88 D/D (GARPAD)

1986 Financed by the National Investment Bank and the Ministry of Finance(Foreign Currency:15mil.E.P. Local Currency:72.2 mil.E.P)

Construction:

Jul.1987 Commenced

Jun.1986 Completed

Most of the infrastructural facilities have been constructed.

Approximately 10,000 feddan of land was consolidated and planting was started in a part of that area. Fish farms were constructed,

Detail:

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Land consolidation and house and public facilities construction have been steadily in progress. The number of those who desire to settle in this area exceeds its capacity.

The facilities to drain to the Lake Manzara was constructed and salt leaching is being currently implemented. The Egyptian government desires JICA either to undertake the project-type technical cooperation or to dispatch experts (agronomist, plantation instructor, farm manager, self-management farm consultant, etc.).

The construction of a farm products processing plat (a milk processing plat, etc.) will be commenced after settlers move in the area.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/A 306/84

1. COUNTRY		Egypt
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Fayoum Agricultural Development Project
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY Fayoum Governorate
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc. Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jan.1984 ~ Mar.1985 14month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Com Osheem District, Wahby downstream District, Lake Qarun Shore District, North Wahby, Fayoum Governerate
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)

The Fayoum basin is the important farming area for Egypt which has only 3% of the cultivable area out of the national area. The project is aiming at developing desert areas which are located edge of the Fayoum basin by water source of Wahby Canal, including improvement of irrigation and drainage conditions in the farm land which is already cultivated.

Therefore, the project area is composed of 4 areas, that is Com Osheem(1260ha), North Wahby (1760ha), Downsteam of Wahby (7220ha), South of Quarn Lake (2830ha). Two area of the former are desert land which will be reclaimed in the project.

- Reclamation

Land reclamation 3020 ha
Pump station 8 places
Canal 51 km
Drainage canal 34 km
Improvement of Farm Land
Pump station 5 places

Main canal 21 km (improvement)

Branch/lateral canal 80 km (of which, 16 km is constructed)

Dike 3.5 km

Drainage canal 44 km (of which, 41 km is constructed)

- Model Farm 130 ha

MEA EGY/A 306/84 (F/S)

LA EG 1/A 300/84	(F/S)	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	•
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		
FY 1991 Overseas Survey) This project was not integrated into the Sec Plan and is considered one of high priority p		n the project delay. However, it is integrated into the Third Five-Year Development
FY 1994 Domestic Survey) In June 1994, the Pats Drain Project, which	will be the main water resource of this project, was completed.	
subsequent Studies: In 1993, the request for D/D was submitted	to GARPAD.	
Finance: The negotiation with National Investment E	Bank has been conducted to secure the finance for this project.	
FY 1995 Domestic Survey) The Project has been Partially implemented	l with own fund.	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/S 307/84

1. COUNTRY	Egypt	
2. NAME OF STUDY	El-Arish Sewerage and Drainage System in the North Sinai Province	
3. SECTOR	Public Utilities / Sewerage	
4. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	North Sinai Governorate, Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt TUDY	
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Nihon Suido Consultants Co., Ltd.	
7. STUDY PERIOD	Jul.1984 ~ Mar.1985 8month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA	El-Arish City, North Sinai Governorate	
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)	

Sewers :200-900mm dia. 173,635 m length Force Main :100-500mm dia. 26,970 m length Pumping Station:0.06-5.88cu.m min 22 pumps

Plant :20,000m3/day Test Farm :8 feddan farm

Note: Cost 1)is total cost. Cost 2)is for the first stage of development.

エル・アリッシュ市下水道整備計画

EGY/S 307/84 (F/S)**MEA**

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

The project was integrated into the Fifth Five-Year Plan. Although the preparation to apply for an OECF loan was made, it was discontinued.

Finance:

Own fund

Total project Cost: 25,388 mil.E.P.

(Local Currency-17,650 mil.E.P.and Foreign Currency-8,737.38mil.E.P.)

The executing agencies: the Sinai Development Authority and Ministry of Development, New Communities, Housing and Public Utilities

Construction

1.Sewers

The diameter was changed to 200- 1,200mm. 126km out of 132km were completed.

2.Force Main

The diameter was changed to 900mm. The construction (11km) was finished.

3. Pumping Stations

13 out of 19 stations with the capacity of 0.05-5.88m3/sec. have been completed up to 70%. The construction of the remaining six stations has not been commenced due to the difficulty in the land acquition.

4.Treatment Plant (20,000m3/day)

Phase I commenced in 1992 and 40% of the construction was finished.

Phase II has not been commenced.

5.Pilot Firm (2,000 feddan)

D/D was implemented from 1987-1990 by NOPWASD. The construction has not been commenced. This is due to the poor soil condition. The construction will be financed by National Investment Bank.(107 mil.E.P.) Scheduled to be completed in December 1995.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Construction of remaining parts is not started.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

M

EA EGY	Y/S 308/84			
1. COUNT		Egyp	ypt	
2. NAME	Sharqiya Water Supply System Sharqiya Water Supply System			
3. SECTO	R	Publi	blic Utilities / Water Supply	
4. TYPE O		F/S		
AGE AT T	NTERPART NCY 'HE TIME OF ELOPMENT S'	TUDY	National Organization for Potable Water and Sanitary Drainage	
	SENT NTERPART NCY	Niho	non Suido Consultants Co., Ltd.	
6. CONSU	LTANT(S)	1 (1110)	1011 0111 0 0 0 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111	
7. STUDY	PERIOD		Aug.1983 ~ Dec.1984 16month(s) ~	
8. SITE OI	R AREA	Who	hole Sharqiya Governorate	
	Service Area:90,6 (incl. Distribu Service Area:60,6 (incl. Distribu	000m3/da ution Fac 000m3/da	acility) /day capacity	

シアルキア上水道整備計画

MEA EGY/S 308/84 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

*The construction of two plants was commenced in 1992 with own fund and is scheduled to be completed in 1995.

Subsequent Studies:

1990-1991 D/D implemented by NOPWASD

Faqus 50,000m3/day at the first stage

Kafr Saqr 50,000m3/day at the first stage

Expansion of the capacity of Zagazig Water Treatment Plant from 200 l/sec. to 600 l/sec.

Expansion of the capacity of El Abbasha Water Treatment Plant from 650 l/sec. to 1,050 l/sec.

Finance:

NOPWASD fund

Construction:

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

The construction of Zagazig WTP, Faqus WTP and Kafr Saqu was commenced. However, because the total amount which NOPWASD can be invested has not been finalized, the date of the completion is unknown.

(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

The improvement of water supply facilities (ground water) was undertaken in some cities of this region.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

No additional information.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

The down-sized project is under implementation in accordance with the available budget.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/S 201B/85

1. COUNTRY	Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY	Refuse Collection Treatment and Disposal in Alexandria		
3. SECTOR	Public Utilities / Urban Sanitation		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	General Follow-up Dept. of Alexandria Governorate TUDY		
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd. Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Aug.1984 ~ Mar.1986 19month(s)		
8. SITE OR AREA	<m p=""> Whole region of Alexandria City (394 sq.km) <f s=""> The Middle District (6.3ha), Abis for compost and Moharam Bey for disposal</f></m>		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

<M/P>

1)New Abis Compost Plant Construction Project. Considering both of the financial scale for the s.w.m. in Alexandria and expected contribution to development of farmland in adjacent areas. Composting would be the only system for Alexandria. However, for the moment, the compost plant capacity should not be the whole amount of waste collected but only a part of the amount from financial viewpoint.

2) Moharam Bey Square Disposal Site (MBSDS) construction Project.

3)Collection, Haulage and Street sweeping in Middle District.

<F/S>

1) Waste collection plan: Stationary collection with combined solid waste is applied. 2) Street sweeping plan: Street sweeping shall be carried out by manual operation and shall be separated from general waste collection.

3)Intermediate treatment plan: The intermediate treatment facility shall be confined to the existing Abis Compost Plant (with a treatment capacity of 10 t/hr), where 48,000 tons of waste is to be treated annually. As composting will lead to the waste amount reduction to be disposed of, resource recovery and the possibility to contribute to deserts greening around. Alexandria, the composting project shall be evaluated economically, to confirm the feasibility and shall be promoted as much as the financial conditions permit.

4)Final disposal: The existing disposal sites are continuously used for the time being, while in the mid-and long-range aspect, sanitary landfill sites shall be secured in the neighborhood area, including the Green Belt.

アレキサンドリア市都市廃棄物処理計画

MEA EGY/S 201B/85

(M/P+F/S)

Completed or In Progress Promoting

Completed

PRESENT STATUS

Partially Completed

Implementing

Processing

Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1)Waste disposal improvement in the Middle District

1.Phase I (Provision of Machinery)

Subsequent Studies:

Sep.1994 B/D completed

*Contents of B/D

(1)construction of compost plant and the donation of related materials

(2)the donation of vehicles for waste collection

(3)the donation of necessary equipment at the site of terminal refuse disposal

Finance

Mar.1994 E/N 1,161 mil.Yen (Project for Improvement of Solid Waste Management in Alexandria City (I))

Provision of Equipment:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Mar.1996 completed

Operation and Maintenance:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

1 year and a half have passed since the handover. Each cars and machines are operating without problem.

Effect:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Alexandria government highly appreciates the improvement observed in waste collection in the central area.

2.Phase II (Construction of Compost Plant)

Subsequent Studies:

Nov.1995 E/N 69 mil. Yen (Project for Improvement of Solid Waste Management in Alexandria City (II)(D/D))

This is the first time that the Japanese grant aid assistance is to be provided for the construction of this kind of facilities. The capacity of the Plant will be 150 t/day, half of that initially planned.

Finance:

Jun. 1996 E/N 1,980 mil.yen (Project for Improvement of Solid Waste Management in Alexandria City (II)

Construction:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey) (FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Oct.1996 started

Mar. 1998 completed

Contractor/ Dainihon doboku, Ebara Factory, Mitsubishi shouji

Operation & Management:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Alexandria City

Effect:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Compost is in great demand and it is taken by the farmers in neighborhood.

Detail:

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

 $48\ vehicles$ for waste collection were procured from USAID.

130 feddan was landfilled with refuse in order to prepare the land as an international park.

Private companies have been working for refuse collection and their operating area covers approximately 10% of the residential area in Alexandria.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Alexandria city government will request a grant aid assistance for implementation of same type of project at Eastern district, evaluating the improvement obtained at the Middle district.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/S 309/85

ĽΑ	EG 1/3 309/83			
1. C	OUNTRY	Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY		New Alexandria International Airport Construction Project		
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Air Transportation & Airport		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Egyptian Civil Aviation Authority (ECAA) Ministry of Civil Aviation TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Jul.1984 ~ Jul.1985 12month(s) ~		
8. SI	TTE OR AREA	Alexandria and its environs		
9. M	IAJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		
	onstruction of new interunway	rnational airport (45km southwest of Alexandria City):		

- induction way, apronterminal building
- air security facilities
- air fuel facilities
- 2. Redevelopment plan of part of existing Nozha Airport (5km from Alexandria City)
 - improvement of pavement
 - extension of a parking zone

アレキサンドリア新国際空港建設計画

MEA EGY/S 309/85 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description:		

Cost for Survey:

Budget of the government.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

50 mil.E.Pond was added up to 5 year-Plan (1997~2002).

(1)Partial Renovation of Nozha Airport (Domestic Airport)

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

Most of the proposed projects have been implemented with local fund. The Ministry of Economic Cooperation requested an OECF loan, but it was not realized.

(2)Construction of New International Airport

Presently 20 international flights a week are in service at the Alexandria Airport. Because it is expected the demand on the international flights will increase in future, the revision of JICA F/S of 1985 is requested.

Situation:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Expansion and rehabilitation have not been implemented for 5 years. ECAA constructed prefabricated terminal building, apron and parking lot at the site for a new airport. The airport starts to operate in near future using the existing runway for military use.

ECAA has announced P/Q for F/S review.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

M

F.A	EGY/S 310/85	(175)
1	OUNTRY	Egypt
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Safety Improvement of the Suez Canal
3. SI	CCTOR	Transportation / Marine Transportation & Ships
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) The Japan Association for Preventing Marine Accidents
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Aug.1983 ~ Aug.1985 24month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Suez Canal
	AJOR PROPOSED I y improvement plan o	PROJECT(S) f the Suez canal was studied through review of present conditions and analysis of past accidents.
2)Ins 3)Pro 4)To 5)En		nal aids (ex. establishment of route beacon, etc.) s for prevention of accident unication system network

スエズ運河航行安全計画

MEA EGY/S 310/85 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1)Navigation Aid Facilities

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

A lighthouse equipped with navigation-supporting systems (hectometer 80) was completed. Powerful rescue boats(2 traction boats) were built.

(2)Vessel Traffic Management Systems

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Finance:

Own fund (Suez Canal Authority)(34,280,940 Krona)

Construction:

Feb.1, 1994 - Apr.2, 1996

Effect:

Enhance safety of transit

(3)Ship Handling Simulator

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Finance:

Own fund (Suez Canal Authority)(1,378,000USD)

Construction:

1995-1996

Effect:

Enhance safety of transit.

(4)Canal Traffic Communication System

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

A new canal communication systems (trunking system) was established and establishment of GMDSS systems for the tugboats and in the marine communication center has started.

(5)Emergency Information Network

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

It was decided to establish the emergency information network.

Situation:

(FY1991 Overseas Survey)

Project equipment was procured from Denmark, Sweden, U.K. and U.S.A. from 1985.

(FY1996 Overseas Survey)

Suez Canal Authority is continuously devoting its effort to improve the safety of transit in Suez Canal. The improvement of the Marine Communication Center, the upgrading of the navigation system and the vessel traffic management system and the introduction of the ship handing simulator have been implemented.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/S 203B/86

1. COUNTRY	Egypt
2. NAME OF STUDY	Development Plan of Suez Canal Area
3. SECTOR	Development Plan / Integrated Regional Development Plan
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S'	Egyptian Steering Committee FUDY
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD	Feb.1985 ~ Jul.1986 17month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA	Suez Bay Area of 2000 sq.km
9. MAJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)

<M/P>

The establishment of export processing zone will contribute to gain foreign currency. Basic material industries such as cement and grass will be promoted. The port area willbe completely equipped. All these will solve the overcrowding in Cairo and Alexandria.

<F/S>

- Adabia Commercial Port, Multi-purpose berth. (420m)
- Ataqua Commercial Port, Grain terminal. 1 Berth, Bulk Cargo
- 2 Berthes
- Ataqua Fishiery Port.
- Ataqua Industrial Estate, Reclamation.(82ha) etc.
- Adabia Industrial Estate, Reclamation of FTZ (400ha) etc.

スエズ湾臨海部開発計画

MEA EGY/S 203B/86 (M/P+F/S)

		Completed or In Progress	Promoting
		Completed	
PRESENT S	TATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
		Implementing	
		Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

<M/P>

The M/P report was translated into Arabic and has been widely consulted. The pamphlet was distributed among investors.

F/C

(1)Renovation and Development of Ataqua Fishing Port

Subsequent Studies:

Nov.~Dec.1989 B/D

Oct.~Nov.1988 JICA Development Study "Development Plan of Suez Canal Area (follow-up) (EGY/S 601/88)"

Mar.1992~Nov.1993 D/D (JICA) "The Urgent Development Plan of the Suez Bay Coastal Area Development (EGY/S 401/93)"

D/D financed by the Japanese grant aid

Oct.- Nov.1988 After-care study (JICA) "Development Plan of Suez Canal Area (follow-up) (EGY/S 601/88)"

Mar.1992-Nov.1993 D/D (JICA) "The Urgent Development Plan of the Suez Bay Coastal Area Development (EGY/S 401/93)"

Finance:

Jan.1991 E/N 979 mil.Yen

Rehabilitation and Development of Ataqa Fishing Port (I)

Sep.1991 E/N 898 mil.Yen

Rehabilitation and Development of Ataqa Fishing Port (II)

Total Project Expense: 1,877 mil.yen and 11 mil. E.P.

Construction:

1991-1993 Implemented and completed

(2)Other Projects

Subsequent Studies:

Mar.1992- Sep.1993

Refer to D/D of "Development Plan of Suez Canal Area Study (1993)"

*The land acquision problem caused the change of the project sites for the Adabiya Free Zone and Adaqua Industrial Estate.

Adabiya Port Loop Road 1989-1994 31 mil.E.P. Industrial Estate and Free Zone June.1994-June.1995 100 mil.E.P.

Water Treatment Plant (Phase I) 1994-1996 65 mil.US\$

These projects are either implemented or scheduled to be implemented.

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

Detail:

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

The Ministry of Marine Transport of the Egyptian Government has been implementing the Expansion Plan of Adabiya Port.

The Ministry of Development of the Egyptian Government have had a private consulting firm prepare for the implementation of Tourism Development Plan in the western part of Suez Canal area. Furthermore, the construction of Loop Road connecting Cairo and Adabiya is ordered to a local contractor and will be implemented with the local fund.

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Upon the completion of this study, CDO was established to supervise the Northern Suez Gulf Investment Project and has been in charge of the implementation of any related project to this study.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/S 311/86

1. C	OUNTRY	Egypt
2. N	AME OF STUDY	New TV Center at 6th October City
3. SI	ECTOR	Communications & Broadcasting / Broadcasting
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Egyptian Radio and Television Union (ERJU) FUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	NHK Integrated Technology
7. STUDY PERIOD		Aug.1985 ~ Jun.1986 10month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Six October City (27 km west of Cairo)
9 M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Construction of a new TV station (2 sq. km)

13 TV studios with related facilties and equipment

The Government of Arab Republic of Egypt had a plan to construct a new TV production center of which site area is 200 hectare, in Six October City, a new industrial and cultural city which the Government is going to develop as the national project with top priority to take a countermeasure against the more and more increase of population in the capital, Cairo.

Building	(Total floor space	ce) Equipment for Programme Pro-	duction
Studio block	24,100m2	TV large-sized studio (900m2)	1
Scenery material block	33,100m2	TV middle-sized studio (600m2)	5
Centralized equipment rooms	6,500m2	TV small-sized studio (300m2)	7
Producer offices	4,200m2	Utility studio	3
Programme production offices	5,300m2	Continuity studio	1
Artist rooms	10,900m2	Sound dubbing equipment	5
Electric machine rooms	4,100m2	Sound recording studio	3
Administration offices	6,600m2	Centralized VTRs and telecines	
Total	94,800m2	Master control equipment	
		Electronic Field Production equip	ment

シックスオクトーバシティテレビセンター建設計画

MEA EGY/S 311/86

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Studies:

1993 Tender for D/D (Sofre Tave of France was appointed)

May.1993~Oct.1995 D/D (Studio Complex Center)

May.1995 The committee was held to examine interested contractors to entitle them with the qualification to participate in the international tender.

(F/S)

Difference between JICA proposals:

JICA D/D

-Total Floor Area 118,000 180,000 -Phase 1 fl.area 88,200 150,000 -Phase 2 fl.area 28,840 30,000

(1)Set No.1

Studio Complex (Phase 1 and others)

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The new T.V. center is privatized.

Subsequent Study:

Review of the studios complex scale and composition.

Consulting Company / The Fourth Consortium (U.K.)

Finance:

Private Fund EP 650mil.

Construction:

Jan.1998~Jan.2001

*Contents

Improving the economic viability of the studios complex by increasing Phase 1's studios to 14 in number instead of 6.

Convert the two 900 studios assembly halls to 4 studio (350m2) and convert 4 rehearsal rooms to 4 studios (285m2). All new studios have their associated technical and stars rooms.

(2)Set No.2

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Study:

Review and D/D of the service and shooting areas composition.

Consultant / ERTU, Arab Contractor

Finance / ERTU's own fund

Finance:

Government budget(ERTU) approx. EE 13mil.

Construction:

Jun.1997~May.1998

*Contents

Converting some existing structures to studios and associated facilities.

 $\boldsymbol{7}$ studios in the shooting open area and service complex.

3 studios have been completed by the end of 1997.

Detail:

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

The land has been acquired and the construction of in-site infrastructure is in progress with local fund (fences, internal road, waterpipe network, electricity supply, etc.) This implementation is undertaken referring to the concept plan proposed by this F/S.

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

Scheduled to be implemented from Oct.1996 for Five years.

Construction Trader:Consortium of U.K. Trafarga and SONY U.K.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/S 202B/88

1. C	OUNTRY	Egypt
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Sharqiya Sewerage System
3. SI	ECTOR	Public Utilities / Sewerage
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S'	TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Tokyo Engineering Consultants Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jun.1987 ~ Sep.1988 15month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Sharqiya Governorate(4,200 sq.km, population 3.25million) F/S for 4 cities in Sharqiya Governorate (Zagazig, Bilbeis, Faqus, Minya el Qamh)

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

M/P(target year:2005, 13 cities with 1.18 million population, total service area:6,639ha)

- 1) 12 treatment plants(total sewage volume; 230,637 cu.m/day)
- 2) 34 pumping stations
- 3) Ditches 125.11km trunks, 2,656km branches
- 4) Treated water to be reused for irrigation; sludge to be dried for agricultural use

F/S(Stage I for 4 cities)

- 1) Zagazig City: Rehabilitation of the existing ditches and pumping station, construction of branch ditch (333km) and trunk ditch (11km), construction of two pumping stations
- 2) Faqus City: Rehabilitation of the existing ditches and pumping station, construction of branch ditch (170km) and trunk ditch (14km), construction of three pumping stations, construction of treatment plants (10,200m 3/d)
- 3) Bilbeis City: Rehabilitation of the existing ditches and pumping station, construction of branch ditch (52km) and trunk ditch (6km), construction of treatment plant (22,300 m 3/d)
- 4) Ninya el Qamh City: Rehabilitation of the existing ditches and pumping station, construction of branch ditch (40km) and trunk ditch(7km), construction of treatment plant (9,600m 3/d)

シャルキア州下水道整備計画

MEA EGY/S 202B/88 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting		
	Completed			
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended		
	Implementing			
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled		
Description:				

(1)Sewage Treatment Plant in Zagazig

Constructed with the government fund. Phase II should be implemented.

(2)Sewage Treatment Plants in Faqus, Bilbeis and Minya el Qamb

Subsequent Studies:

D/D (NOPWASD) (1)Faqus STP (20,000m3/day) (2)Bilbeis STP (40,000m3/day) (3)Menya el Qamh STP (20,000m3/day)

Construction:

The construction was commenced, however, the financial resource has not been confirmed.

Detail

In December 1989, the request was submitted for the Japanese grant aid to finance the improvement of the Sewage Treatment Plants in three cities (Zagazig is not included), however, it was not successful.

In 1992 NOPWASD commenced D/D for the Sewage Treatment Plants in 12 cities with the own fund. The Sewage Treatment Plans in Faqus, Bilbeis and Minya el Qamh were included.

(FY 1994 Domestic Survey)

The request was submitted to the Japanese government for the Yen credit to procure electric equipment and machinery necessary for 50 pumping stations. It has not been replied yet.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Other Studies)

MEA EGY/S 601/88

1. COUNTRY Egypt 2. NAME OF STUDY Development Plan of Suez Canal Area (Follow-Up) 3. SECTOR Development Plan / Integrated Regional Development Plan A TEXTOR OF STUDY Other Studies
2. NAME OF STUDY 3. SECTOR Development Plan / Integrated Regional Development Plan
A TINDE OF CIPLIDAY Other Challes
4. TYPE OF STUDY Other Studies
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Ministry of Development, New Communities, Housing and Public Utilities Ministry of Development, New Communities, Housing and Public Utilities
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY
The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) 6. CONSULTANT(S)
7. STUDY PERIOD Oct.1988 ~ Nov.1988 1month ~
Ataqua and Adabya areas 8. SITE OR AREA
areas, and coordinated with the Suez Canal Authority and the Ministry of Marine Transport.

EA EGY/S 601/88	(Other Studies)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Domyed
	Discontinued
Description :	
serth No.7 was scheduled to be completed by 1	Development Plan of Suez Area (1983-86)", the renovation of the port in front of the Adabiya area was in progress and the general cargo wharf of 986/1987. ged, which was approved by High Technical Council of MOMT, and the project was integrated into the current Five-Year Development Plan.
2)The fishery port plan in the Ataqua area has b an.21.1991 E/N 979 mil.Yen (Rehabilitation and Development of Ataqua F ep.26.1991 E/N 898 mil.Yen	ishing Port I)
(Rehabilitation and Development of Ataqua F	
	per 1993 D/D for the Development Plan of Suez Area (except for the Ataqua Port) was implemented with the Japanese grant aid.
Refer to "Development Plan of Suez Canal Are The date of S/W is for "Development Plan of S	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

M

	EGY/S 103/89	Т	
1. C	OUNTRY	Egypt	
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Greater Cairo Re	gion Transportation Masterplan
	ECTOR	Transportation	/ Urban Transportation
	YPE OF STUDY	M/P	
5.	COUNTERPART	Cairo Go	vernorate
	AGENCY		
	AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY	
	DE VEEOT MENT S	TODI	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
		Yachiyo Enginee	ring Co., Ltd.
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Mitsubishi Resea	rch Institute Inc.
L			
7 87	TUDY PERIOD	Jul.1987	~ Jun.1989 23month(s)
1.5	LODITEMOD		~
		.	
		The Greater Cair	ro Metropolitan Area
8. SI	TE OR AREA		
	AJOR PROPOSED I		
	Construction of Express		
(F	ustat area-Bab Al Shaa	iria Sq.)	
(2) (Construction of Express	sway No.3 (7.3Km)	
(B	8ab Al Shaaria Sq Isr	nailia Desert Road)	
(2) (Construction and Exten	sion of Ding Dood Nor	thorn Arg (12 OVm)
(3) (construction and exten	Sion of King Road Not	therii Aic (13.9Kiii)
	Extension and Construc		
(R	lamses Sq Gueish St.	/ Gueish St Autostra	de)
(5) I ₁	mprovement of Heliop	olis Metro (15Km)	
	amses - Nozha)	(10111)	

カイロ大都市圏都市交通計画

MEA EGY/S 103/89

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

Situation of utilization:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

The study report and data are utilized as the lecture materials in Cairo University, etc.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

In Oct. 1998, the seminar on the urban transportation pollution was held jointly by Cairo University, Ministry of Transportation, and Environmental Agency with the support of Ministry of Transportation, Japan, and with utilizing the data of this study on urban transportation.

(1)Construction of Expressway No.2 and No.3

Pre-F/S was completed. JICA was requested to implement F/S at the end of December, 1992.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Construction has not been started.

(2)Construction of Ring Road

Finance:

Own fund

Construction:

55km of northern part of Ring Road has been completed (FY 1994 Overseas Survey). The improvement of parking lot has been partially implemented. The implementation of Long-Term Traffic Regulation Plan was just commenced (FY 1993 Overseas Survey).

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Construction was completed.

(3)Widening and Construction of Kamel Sidky Street

The construction has not been commenced (FY 1997 Domestic Survey).

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Construction is not started yet.

(4)Improvement of Heliopolis Metro (Ramses-Nozha)

In September 1994 the Egyptian Government allocated 38 mil. E.P. to procure the motors for 400 streetcars running in Heliopolis Metro.

(M/P)

(FY1996 Domestic Survey)

The Heliopolis Metro Corporation has been merged into the Cairo Transportation Corporation.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Construction has not been started.

Detail

In 1990 USAID sent an appraisal mission. Tender documents for the Nile bridge of the Southern Ring Road are being prepared with USAID loan.

The dispatch of a JICA expert to CTA was requested.

DRTPC has been conducting the study concerning the subway fare system, utilizing the demand projection of the traffic network formulated in this M/P.

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

Approximately 20% of the projects proposed by this M/P has been implemented.

The request was made to the Japanese government for the promotion of the scholarship program, in which the latest technical know-how can be acquired, in addition to the economic assistance program.

Perspective:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Implementation of remaining projects would be difficult unless department in charge is established.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/A 201B/89

1. COUNTRY	Cornet			
I. COUNIKI	Egypt			
2. NAME OF STUDY	North Sinai Integrated Rural Development			
3. SECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General			
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Development, New Communities, Housing and Utilities (MOD). TUDY			
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
	Sanyu Consultants Inc.			
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
7. STUDY PERIOD	Apr.1988 ~ Dec.1988 8month(s)			
8. SITE OR AREA	Area: Rabaa, Qatia 22,400 ha Population: 27,000 Household: 620			
9. MAJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

<M/P>(1993 - 2005): total Project Cost 2,923 million LE

- 1. Canal plan
- 1) Siphon under the Suez Canal: 750m 2) Pumping station : 4 places
- 2. Land reclamation: 106,680ha(gross)
- 3. Settlement plan: 32,500 households, 162,500 person
- 4. Fishery Development: 650 sq.km in the Bardawil Lake
- 5. Tourism Development: coastal area along the mediterranean sea
- 6. Social Infrastructure: road, drinking water, sewage water
- <F/S> 1) Construction of the El Salam Canal to El Hilba including construction of Siphon under the Suez Canal.
- 2) Land reclamation of 22,400 ha in Rabaa, Qatia area
- 3) Settlement of 7,720 households and 38,600 persons.
- 4) Village plan: 12 villages will be constructed.
- 5) Social Infrastructures: village roads, drinking water, communication
- 6) Agro-processing: slaughters house, meat processing factory

北シナイ農村総合開発計画

MEA EGY/A 201B/89 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1)Construction of Siphon under Suez Canal

Subsequent Studies:

Aug.15.1991~Nov.10.1993 D/D undertaken by British consultant financed by Kuwait Fund

Finance

121 mil. E.P. from Kuwait Fund and 67 mil. E.P. from the National Investment Bank (Total 188 mil.E.P.).

(Contractors: JV of CMC of Italy and BESIX of Belgium).

Construction

The capacity of Siphon is 160m/3sec. covering 400,000 feddan.

Jan.1994 Commenced

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Oct.1996 penetrated, under construction of lining and entrance.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Feb.22.1999 Completed

Maintenance & Operation:

After the completion of the construction, the North Sinai Develpment Organization will be in charge of the management for the infrastructure. For the on-farm level, big investors will be responsible for own area while a water users association will manage the area allocated to small holders.

(2)Land Reclamation

In the area of 265,000 feddan, the construction of the irrigation and drainage facilities and related facilities have been in progress. The request for F/S for Phase II, covering 135,000 feddan, was made to JICA. JICA conducted F/S.

Subsequent Study:

Jan.1996~Jan.1997 JICA Development Study (F/S) "North Sinai Integrated Rural Development Project".

Finance:

Kuwait fund.

Technical Cooperation:

Feb.1997 Request for D/D on pumping station and aqueduct was submitted.

(3)Village Plan

Finance:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

The National Investment Bank will be responsible for the financing of the village infrastructure.

*Contents: Construction of administrative buildings and small holders' houses for village 1,2,3,4,7 in Tina plain zone.

Construction:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Village 4 and 7 are under implementation.

(4)Agro-Processing

Finance

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

There are approaches presently with the Social Funds for the financing of agro-processing for smallholders.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

It will be financed by National Investment Bank

Perspective for remaining works:

Water conduction including land reclamation (area 5, 135,000 feddan JICA F/S conducted) will be started at all trunk canals in 2001. Financial resources are Kuwait and Saudi fund.

Others:

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Present couterpart agencies are Sinai Development Authority, Ministry of Development; Ministry of Public Works and Water Resources; Irrigation Dept., Ministry of Agriculture.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/A 307/92

1. COUNTRY		Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Rehabilitation and Improvement of Delivery Water System on Bahr Yusef Canal		
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Irrigation Department, Ministry of Public Works and Water Resources TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Mar.1991 ~ Dec.1993 33month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Service Area (about 322,000ha and 4,366,000 pepoples lived in) of the Bahr Yusef canal which covers three governorates of Faiyum, Minia, Beni Suef and Giza)		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S) -Project Component

- -Priority Project
- 1. Lahoun Regulator, 2. Giza intake facility, 3. Hassan Wasef Intake facility, 4. Construction materials and equipment, Total Project Cost about 11,545,000 US\$(2.44 million yen)
- -Disbursement Schedule(1,000US\$)

	LC	FC
PhaseI	29,909	53,272
PhaseII	34,970	53,303
PhaseIII	36,848	49,304
TOTAL	101,728	155,878

バハルヨセフ地区灌漑整備計画

^{1.} Rehabilitation of Bahr Yusef canal of 310Km, 2. Replacement of Barrage and regulator 5 places, 3. Rehabilitation and replacement of intake facilities; small scale 28 places, medium scale 14 places and large scale 2 places, 4. Remodeling of 46 branch canals, 5. Rehabilitation of 6 Irrigation pump stations, 6. Rehabilitation of 9 drainage pump stations (for reuse of water), 7. improvement of O/M system and training, 8. Rehabilitation of On-farm facilities

MEA EGY/A 307/92

(F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1) Lahoun Regulator (one of five barrages and regulators to be required), Giza Intake and Hassan Wasef Intake

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Studies:

Jan.1995 Grant Aid E/N 9.4 mil.Yen (Project for the Improvement of Delivery Water System on Bahr Yusef Canal)

1995 D/D

Finance:

16 May 1995 E/N 963mil.yen (Project for the Improvement of Delivery Water System on Bahar Yusef Canal Phase-1/2)

16 May 1995 E/N (provided in FY 1996) 1,424 mil. Yen (Project for the Improvement of Delivery Water System on Bahar Yusef Canal Phase-2/2)

Construction:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Lhoun Regulator:Sep.29.1995~Mar.15.1997

Construction Trader: Dainippon Doboku Co., etc.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Completed.

Operation and management:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Beni Suef Office of Irrigation Department is in charge of operation and management. Eight staff are assigned to Lahorn regulator management office.

Effect:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

It has become easier to operate the gate and water distribution in the benefited area has been improved. The quality of water has also been improved due to decrease of dump garbage.

(2) Mazora Barrage

Subsequent studies:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

March ~ Aug. 1998 B/D (JICA)

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

D/D by Japan's grant aid (7 Jan. 1999 E/N 87mil.yen).

Finance:

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Request for Japan's grant aid was submitted (amount: 2,200mil.yen, project components: Mazora regulator, bridge, revetment, control tower, approach road, etc.).

(3) Sakoula and Mansyattoereguhab Barrages

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Request for a grant aid assistance has been submitted.

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

It has not been approved.

(4) Rehabilitation of the Bahryusef Canal

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Local finance and the American financial assistance are desired.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Financial assistance (grant or loan) from Japan is expected.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

Regarding the Harica sub-channel pilot farm project, the request for a grant aid assistance has been submitted. It is desired to establish the total irrigation system including other sub-channels with Japanese technical cooperation and OECF loan.

(5) Technical Assistance from Japan:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Dec. 1995 (10 days) Acceptance of a trainee (technical training).

3-16 Nov. 1997 Acceptance of three trainees (irrigation facilities planning, design and control).

June 1996 ~ June 1999 Dispatch of experts (irrigation water distribution plan, irrigation technology) to Irrigation Improvement Sector, Irrigation Department, Ministry of Public Works and Water Resources.

(6) Others

The technical transfer concerning the irrigation technology is desired through either the establishment of a training center or the dispatch of experts. (FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Basic Study)

MEA EGY/S 501/92

1. COUNTRY		Egypt	
2. N	AME OF STUDY	North Sinai Groundwater Resources	
3. SI	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development	
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	Basic Study	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Research Institute of Water Resources UDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI) Dowa Koei	
7. STUDY PERIOD		Dec.1988 ~ Oct.1992 46month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA		Whole area of North Sinai	
0 1/4	A TOD DDODOCED I		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

1. SOUTH SINAI GROUNDWATER DEVELOPMENT STUDY

To establish the complete hydrogeological maps which covers the entire Sinai Peninsula, the groundwater development study of the south Sinai is proposed.

The major project components are geological survey, hydrogeological survey, geo-physical prospecting, test drilling water quality survey and groundwater hydrological study.

2. THE WATER SUPPLY PROJECT IN THE NAQB AREA, SINAI GOVERNORATE

The Naqb area is located in the middle of Sinai Peninsula, and it has been nominated by the Government of Egypt as one of the important area to develop, in particular for tourism. In accordance with the governmental policy of Egypt, the water supply project for Naqb area is proposed. The proposed water source is groundwater surrounding the Naqb area. The population served is approx. 3200, the scheduled pipe length for transmission and distribution is about 80 Km. Other facilities included in the project are submergible pumps and service reservoir.

シナイ半島地下水開発計画

EGY/S 501/92 **MEA** (Basic Study) In Progress or In Use PRESENT STATUS Delayed Discontinued **Description:** (1)Deep Wells The North Sinai State Government has been constructing deep wells, based on the study result. Construction: (FY 1994 Overseas Survey) <Phase I> 36 wells were selected and 24 of them were constructed by the Egyptian companies (Sina and Regwa). <Phase II> A tender for 16 wells will be called for this year.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Well drilling and construction of water supply pipe line and tanks are underway (period/ 5 years).

(2)"South Sinai Groundwater Resources" (Mar.1996~Oct.1998)

This Study was implemented in the North Sinai. Upon the request to undertake the Basic Study targeting the South Sinai, the "South Sinai Groundwater Resources" was decided to be implemented. It aims to formulate a hydrogeological map of the South Sinai and to update the data of the North Sinai.

The hydrogeological map produced in this study has been utilized in the formulation of the development plans for this area.

In order to promote the agriculture development along the coastal area of the North Sinai, the construction of canals to convey water from the Nile has been in progress. It is feared that the completion of this construction may trigger the mass migration of the nomads in this area. To mitigate the impact of such migration, the authority is planning to undertake the well-digging project on a large scale, referring to the hydrogeological map formulated in this Study.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The results of the study have been utilized for executing related water projects.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA EGY/S 109/93

1. COUNTRY		Egypt
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Transportation System and National Road Transportation Masterplan
3. SF	ECTOR	Transportation / Land Transportation
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Transport Planning Authority (TPA) Ministry of Transport TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
	l.	Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1992 ~ Oct.1993 19month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		All Egypt
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)

1)Land Development Aimed Project: 35 routes, 2986.9km

2)Maintenance Level of Service Project: 60 routes, 2998.1km

3)Highway network (option): 2 routes, 325km

4)Bus and Taxi Terminal Improvement: 551 terminals

5)Truck Terminal Projects: 3 terminals 6)Nile Bridge Projects: 19 bridges 7)Railway Cross Improvement: 40 crosses

EGY/S 109/93 MEA (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The results of the study have been utilized to elaborate 5 year successive plan (1994~).

The proposed master plans are thoroughly used together with the detailed roadway and bridges inventory computer programs and the O/D movement matrices for passengers and freight by Road & Bridge Authority and Transport Planning Authority.

Land Development Aimed Project, Maintenance Level of Service Project and Nile Bridge Project have being implemented since 1994 with Government budget (approx. EP 610mil.).

Consulting Company / Road & Bridge Authority, local consultants

The implementation of two routes proposed in the study as higher level of service projects is not scheduled at the time being. Plans are intended now to implement 4 major roads by BOT systems in the desert land reclamation areas

Local governments will implement bus and taxi terminal improvement projects in the future.

Truck terminals proposed in the study, are considered in the freight transport improvement plans on the National level.

Egypt National Railways and the Roads & Bridges Authority take railway-crossing improvements into consideration.

(1)Expressways (Cairo-Alexandria and Cairo-Damietta)

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

The request for F/S is now in preparation to submit to JICA.

Finance:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Service level maintenance projects are being implemented by own fund at each site.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

1.Cairo-Alexandria development

BOT scheme

*Difference with JICA project: Length 180km

2.Cairo-Damietta development

Government Fund 1,626mil.L.E.

Construction:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

1.Cairo-Alexandria development

2001~ (construction period: 10years)

2.Cairo-Damietta development

2007-2012

(2)Railway

It is planned to formulate M/P based on database produced in this M/P.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

In December 1994, M/P on the rationalization of the National Railways of Egypt was conducted as a part of M/P on the national transport system.

Data base established by this study was utilized to implement "Egypt National Railways (EGY/S 114/96)"

Detail:

It is expected that the demand for the construction of the expressway (Cairo-Ismailya-El Arish) will increase as the importance of sinai Peninsula grows. The preliminary survey mission will visit Egypt from late January to early February of 1995 in order to formulate M/P on behalf of the National Railways of Egypt, targeting the year of 2010.

The Road Network Registration System, which was produced in the process of this M/P, has been under revision.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Related Study:

JICA D/D "Construction of the Suez Canal Bridge (EGY/S 404/96)"

JICA F/S "Crossing Structure (Bridge) over the Suez Canal at Ismailia Zone (EGY/S 310/96)"

Impeding factors regarding the remaining projects:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Investment and assistance are mainly given to the bridge construction over Suez.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(D/D)**

MEA EGY/S 401/93

1. COUNTRY		Egypt
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Urgent Plan of the Suez Bay Coastal Area Development
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	D/D
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Development, New Communities, Housing and Public Utilities (MODANC) TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
		Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Ocean Consultant Japan Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD		Mar.1992 ~ Nov.1993 20month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Suez City, Ataqua and Adabiya
9. MAJOR PROPOSED F		ROJECT(S)
	etmotion1	

[Construction]

1)Ataqua I.E. and Adabiya I.F.Z

2)Water Treatment Works 3)Waste Water Treatment Works

4)Dredging and Reclamation/Quaywall

5)Grain Silo Terminal

6)Bulk Cargo Terminal

7)Railway

8)Buildings in Center Areas

9)Ataqua I.E. Coastal

10)Coastal Road

11)Storm Water Drainage

[Procurement]

1)Grainage Unloaders

2)Tugboats

3)Radar System

スエズ湾臨海部開発計画調査

MEA EGY/S 401/93

(D/D)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1994 Domestic Survey)

The project is to be divided into 11 packages of civil engineering work and 3 packages of mechanical work. The project is expected to be complete within seven years.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Government budget and private fund are financial sources.

Contractors are local.

(1)Projects Implemented by the Sinai Development Corporation (CDO) with its Budget

Construction

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Completed : Improvement of Ataqua-Sea-Front Line, El Shatt Ferry, El Khore Bridge, Reclamation of El Khore and Suez Cornice

Implementing: Link road connecting Suez-Cairo express way (90% completed)

A fisherman service area at the Ataqua Port (80% completed)

Fence installation at the free zone (6% completed)

Under Bidding: Construction of infrastructural facilities in the industrial estate and free zone (water treatment facilities, drainage, green belt, electricity, telephone lines, maintenance buildings, roads, etc.)

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

All projects which were implementing had completed.

(2)Ataqua Industrial Estates and Ataqua Free Zone

(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

The construction of road, water supply network and power service network and the installation of fence for the Free Trade Zone are planned to be implemented.

Finance: the Egyptian government (98 mil.E.P.)

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

EP.10mil. has been allocated in 5 year plan (1997~2002) for road expansion.

Construction:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Free Processing Zone and Industrial Zone are to be completed by March 1998. Free Processing Zone will be transferred to Free Zone Authority in June 1998. The existing railway will be utilized to transport raw materials to a steel company, which is to be constructed.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Infrastructure network for the free zone and Industrial Zone will be completed by June 1998.

The expansion area of the Industrial Estate Zone and part of the housing area have been added to the Industrial Estate Zone and 70% of all the resulted area has been allocated to investors.

The Ministry of Electricity constructed the electricity transformer stations.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

98% has completed. The development of Free Processing Zone, Industrial Zone and Free zone will complete by Jun. 2000. 85% of Industrial Estate Zone were allocated to the investors.

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

Construction: completed

1) 90% of Industrial Estate Zone has been allocated to the investors.

2) The allocation of the Free Processing Zone for the Investment Agency of the Ministry of Economy is under arrangement.

3) The New Industrial Estate (78km2) in Ein Sohkna that is located to the 40km south of Ataqua was also delivered allocated to the investors.

(3)Water Treatment Facility

Finance

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Implementation of the project in 5-year-plan (1997~2002) was decided.

Cost: 90mil.E.P.

*Contents: 3000m3/day, pump station, water tank, intake facility

Contractor/ Arab Contracting Company

Construction:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

90% has completed. A study is now undergoing to consider whether a new water purification construction is applicable or reinforcement of existing facilities are appropriate.

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

The 30,000m3 water supply from the existing purification plant that was hold by the Suez Canal Agency temporarily agreed.

Future construction plan:

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

1) Construction of the new purification plant with the capacity of 100,000 m3/day is planned on the fringe of the Suez Water Supply Canal and the intake of the plant by their own fund(1.8 mil Eygpt Pound)

2) The improvement construction for 200,000m3/per day increase is planned by BOT.

(4)Waste Water treatment Plant

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Implementation of the project in 5-year-plan (1997~2002) was decided.

Cost: 86.5mil.E.P.

*Contents: Urgent project will be implemented for 4 months to develop capacity of 3000m3/day facility. Capacity of 52000m3/day facility will be constructed in 24 months.

Contractor/ Arab Contracting Company

Construction:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

It will start at the beginning of 2000.

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

Jun. 1999-: The construction is expected to complete within 2 years.

Situation in progress: the temporary plant with the capacity of 3,000 m3/day has already been completed and under trial operation.

スエズ湾臨海部開発計画調査

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/A 202/95

	EG 1/A 202/	
1. CO	OUNTRY	Egypt
2. NAME OF STUDY		Farmland Environmental Improvement Project
3. SECTOR Agriculture		Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5.	COUNTERPA AGENCY AT THE TIMI DEVELOPME	E OF
	PRESENT COUNTERPA AGENCY	RT
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S	Sanyu Consultants Inc.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1994 ~ Feb.1996 23month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Alexandria
9. M	AJOR PROPOS	SED PROJECT(S)
	Item	M/P F/S
1) Dı	rainage area (ha)	180,710 26,600
2) M	ain product	wheat, verseem, vegetable, wheat, verseem, vegetable, corn, cotton, paddy-rice corn, cotton
dra dra	ain facilities inage machinery inage canal vert drainage	8sites 1 month 10.6km 10.6km 74,630ha 22,440ha

オモウム地区農村地域排水改良計画

MEA EGY/A 202/95

PRESENT STATUS

Comp	pleted or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey) (FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

1-Completed projects

- 1.Excavation of Haris main drain. [World Bank]
- 2. Periodic maintenance for branch drains network in El Nahda drainage center.
- 3.Installation of 4 pumps at Haris pump station for emergency.
- 4.El Max pump station. [Islamic Bank]
- 5.Catchment development[NDPI] (FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Total area(1 fed=0.42ha)

Haris catchment 1&2 : 8,200 fed Haris catchment 6 : 7.000 fed El Saaida catchment 1&2: 11,900 fed Abd el Hady catchment: 8,500 fed El Omoum catchment : 4,965 fed

6.Excavation of Omoum drain by using pumps. (FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

2-under execution

- 1. Annual maintenance for weeds control for El Omoum drain.
- 2. Asphalt pavement for the road leading to Haris pump station.
- 3. Construction of Harris pump station (FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

Civil work and construction were conducted by a cement company. Consturction is delayed due to water distribution work. Imported parts of machines and electric equipments were arrived.

3-projects under tendering

Catchment area Haris 1&2 with total area 8,200 feds. has been advertised.

Remaining Projects:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

- Construction of Haris pump station
- Discharge channel of El Max pump station
- Separation of El Omoum drain from Maruit lake

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

1. Discharge channel of El Max pump station

No channel expansion work is in progress because some residents still live abong the channel and alternative houses for them have not been consturcted by Alexandria State.

2. Separation of El Omoum drain from Maruit Lake.

No progress.

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

Request letter was drawn up at organization in charge after M/P and F/S were completed.

The content consists of 2 parts.

- 1) Omoum Trunk Drainage Canal Rehabilitation Plan (EPADP)
- 2) Elharis Drainage Machinery Construction Plan (MED)

It is heard that 2 projects above have been requested formaly.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

EPADP requested a grant aid assistance for farmland environment improvement project in West Delta in 1996. JICA gave low priority to this project, so EPADP requested OECF loan for the same project in 1997. Depending on the result (suspension or delay), EPADP will research for another financial source.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

A request for Japan's grant aid to implement the Omoum Trunk Drainage Canal Rehabilitation Plan and Elharis Drainage Machinery Construction Plan seemed to be submitted, however, the Japanese government has not received it yet.

El Max pump station was rehabilitated by a foreign fund. No progress is seen at the other pump stations and the diversion bank of Maruit Lake.

(M/P+F/S)

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) (FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA EGY/S 114/96

1. COUNTRY		Egypt
2. NAME OF STUDY		Egypt National Railways
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Railway
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Japan Railway Technical Service (JARTS) Daiwa Institute of Research Ltd. Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
7. STUDY PERIOD		Nov.1995 ~ Dec.1996 13month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Cairo, Alexandria, Port Said, Suez
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	ROJECT(S)

- 1. Market orientated tariff policy
- 2. Reinforcement of ticket checking system
- 3. Faster trains on main lines
- 4. Improve freight transport
- 5. Compensation from government
- 6. Reduce staff
- 7. Raise rolling stock availability
- 8. Close lines (low traffic lines)
- 9. Market oriented organization
- 10. Data collection system
- 1) Maintenance & expand train security facilities
- 2) Improve track security system
- 3) Develop related projects
- 4) Conversion of ENR as an individual organization
- 5) Promote national production of train vehicles

国鉄経営改善計画調査

MEA EGY/S 114/96 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

One of the most important items which should be implemented immediately is to improve data collection and information system, including analysis of this data for improvement of ENR. This is the main subject to be followed up after the Master Plan Study for Egyptian National Railways, and in this connection "Study on Modernization of Information System for ENR" is now under negotiation between the two countries on its conduct.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

Following measures have been taken in order to improve management.

Passenger Business: Train service besed on market research, Introduction of ticket reservation system

Freight Business: Private sector participation into operation and maintenance

Facilities: Construction of commercial center, Instrallation of telecom network

Financial Sector: Cost control by restructuring, Increase of passenger revenue by appropriate tariffs, Private sector participation in O/M sectors.

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

Technical cooperation:

Dispatch of expert:

Long term expert: Management of Railroad, Maintenance and Administration, Safety Management (1 personnel each)

Period:Jan.2002-Feb.2002

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/A 303/96

1. COUNTRY		Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY		North Sinai Integrated Rural Development Project		
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	North Sinai Development Organization TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Mar.1996 ~ Jan.1997 10month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		North Sinai		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I		PROJECT(S)		
1) 33	latar Canvayanaa Cana	1. 44 1km Decign Discherge 52 66m2/g		

- 1) Water Conveyance Canal; 44.1km, Design Discharge 52.66m3/s
 2) No.7 Pumping Station; d1,200 x 10,400km x 8 units, Total Head 115m
 3) Land Reclamation and irrigation / Drainage Systems; 46,620ha, Canal Length 1,018km
- 4) On-farm Irrigation and Drainage Facilities; 46,620ha
- 5) Agricultural Development Supporting Services; 14 offices
- 6) Settlement and Social infrastructure; Housing, Water & Electric Supply etc.
- 7) Agro-industries;35 Factories

北東シナイ地区総合農業開発計画

MEA EGY/A 303/96 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Upon receipt of the draft final report, North Sinai Development Organization, the counterpart organization, made an official request to the Government of Japan in February, 1997 for conducting detail design regarding No.7 pumping station and conveyance facilities composed of 23.7 km concrete lining canal, 7.8 km box culvert canal, and 12.6 km steel pipeline. This request is given top priority among those requested from the Government of Egypt to the Government of Japan. The Government of Egypt is now waiting for the technical cooperation regarding the detail design. Besides the request, preceding parts of the El Salam canal has been under implementation with financial assistance from Kuwait and Saudi Arabia. The construction is approaching the end of Bir EL Abd Zone which borders on the area undertaken in this Feasibility Study. Therefore, Egyptian government urgently needs the technical cooperation in order to proceed the construction covering the area undertaken during this Study.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Kuwait funds, Saudi funds, and funds from Egyptian Investment Bank are to be provided for North Sinai Development Project.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

The President annouced the transfer of the North Shinai Development Organization to its stock holders within one or two years. Minister of Water Resource and Irrigation explained the new organization as a company serves for investers/farmers and controls distribution of irrigation water, maintenance systems, agriculture, introduction of marketing, and technical consulting. The Ministry will continuously posess the ownership of natinal irrigation/drainage facilities including the project pump stations even after the transfer. The new company will manage and maintain the facilities by collecting necessary expense from the users.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

Subsequent study: North Sinai Integrated Rural Development Project (Phase III)(Detailed Design Study) in the Arab Republic of Egypt (refer, EGY/A 401/00)

Implementing period: 1998/Aug - 2000/Oct

Implementing body: JICA

Subsequent project: Water conveyance canals in El ser and El Kwwareer area.

Finance: Kuwait fund

Fund procurement situation: to be implemented within the approved budget.

Amount: 315 million Egypt Pounds

Date of pledge or approval: No information available

Contents: Purchase of equipments for the seventh pump staton and water conveyance pipelines. (Application for JBIC loan is being considered because of lack of internal money.)

other constructions:

1) Water Conveyance Canal

Preiod: 3 years

Contents: 1, Culvert. 2, Open Channel

Situation of progress: Tender Documents have been prepared.

2) No.7 Pumping Station

Period: 3 years

Contents: Pumping Station and Pipelines

Situation of Progress: Tender documents have been prepared.

3) Land Reclamation and Irrigation/Drainage Systems

Period: 5 years

Contents: Main irrigation and drainage branches and pumping stations if required.

4) On-farm Irrigation and Drainage Facilities

Period: 3 years

Contents: On-farm system.

5) Agricultural Development Supporting Survices

Period: 1 year

 $Contents: Supporting \ Services \ (responsible \ for \ land \ leveling/advice \ for \ land \ reclamation \ and \ cropping \ patterns/seeds \ and \ fertilizer/\ loans)$

6) Settlement and Social Infrastructure, Housing, Water & Electric Supply, etc.

Period: During the contact of irrigation and drainage systems.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA EGY/S 310/96

1. COUNTRY		Egypt	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Crossing Structure (Bridge) over the Suez Canal at Ismailia Zone	
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Road	
4. TYPE OF STUDY		F/S	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	STUDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. CC	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI) Chodai Co., Ltd.	
7. ST	UDY PERIOD	May.1995 ~ Oct.1996 17month(s) ~ The Suez Canal	
8. SI	TE OR AREA		
	AJOR PROPOSED P		
Cons	truction of Bridge cros	ssing over the Suez Canal.	

スエズ運河横断構造物計画調査

MEA EGY/S 310/96 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :	, g	
(FY 1997 Domestic Survey) Please refer "the Construction of the Suez C	anal Bridge (EGY/S 404/96)"	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (D/D)

M

EA	EGY/S 404/96		
1. CO	OUNTRY	Egypt	
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Construction of the Suez Canal Bridge	
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Road	
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	D/D	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. C(ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI) Chodai Co., Ltd.	
7. ST	UDY PERIOD	Sep.1996 ~ Feb.1997 5month(s) ~	
8. SI	TE OR AREA		
1		PROJECT(S)	
9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S) 1. Japan Grant Aid Main Bridge: Cable stayed Center Span 404m, Total Length 730m Approach Bridges PC Continuous Rigid Frame 2 x 14 x 40 = 1,120m 2. Egypt West Approach Bridges Continuous Rigid Frame 500m Continuous Rigid Frame 500m Continuous Girder 671m PC 40m Span Approach Road 1,787m 3. Egypt East Approach Bridges Continuous Rigid Frame 22 x 40 = 880m Approach Bridges Continuous Rigid Frame 22 x 40 = 880m Approach Bridges Continuous Rigid Frame 22 x 40 = 80m Approach Cost US\$1,000] Local Cost 6,000 (Egyptian Portion) Foreign Cost unknown [Implementing Period] 1. 1997/Sep - 2001/Mar, 2. 1997/May - 2000/Oct, 3. 1997/May - 2000/May			

スエズ運河架橋建設計画調査

MEA EGY/S 404/96 (D/D)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

1. Japanese Grant Aid Portion

This study is derived from "Crossing Structure (Bridge) over the Suez Canal at Ismailia Zone" (EGY/S 301/96)

Finance: 1997/Aug/25 E/N concluded, 9,779 million JPY Content: Construction of the Suez Canal Bridge) Construction Period: 1998/April 1998 - 2001/April

Contractors: KAJIMA, Consortium of NKK/ Nippon Steel Corporation

Progress

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey) Preparation works was completed. (FY 2000 Domestic Survey) Completion planned in fall 2001.

2. West Portion

Finance: Own fund, etc.

Contractor: General Nile Company for Roads & Bridges(GNCRB)

Contents: Construction of 31 spans of 4 lane approach pre-stressed concrete bridges(1,171m), Construction of access road(1,884m)

Progress:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Footing is being constructed smoothly. Regarding the construction of pier and abutment, 36.3% had been completed by the end of Oct. 1998.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

71.8% of the construction has completed.

3. East Portion

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

This study is derived from "Crossing Structure (Bridge) over the Suez Canal at Ismailia Zone" (EGY/S 301/96)

Finance: Own fund, etc.

Contractor: The Arab Contractors(AC)

Contents: Construction of 27 spans of 4 lane approach pre-stressed concrete bridges(1,080m), Construction of access road(3,015m)

Progress:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Pile driving was started. Concrete experimental mixing was completed. Footing was started. 7.8% of the preparation works have been completed by the end of Oct. 1998.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

65.5% of the construction has completed.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/S 212/99

1. COUNTRY		Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study of Master Plan and Rehabilitation Scheme of the Greater Alexthandria Port		
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Maritime Transport TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Mar.1998 ~ Dec.1999 21month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Greater Alexandria Port, Damietta Port, and Portside Port		
9 M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROIECT(S)		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Development Guideline for the Ports along Mediterranean Coast

- 1. Allocation of Local Container to the Existing Terminals
- 2. Increase of Container Handling Capacity in Damietta Port
- 3. Allocation of Conventional Freight to Greater Alexandria Port
- 4. Redevelopment of Facilities for Solid Bulk in Alexandria Port
- 5. Renewal of Facilities for Liquid Bulk
- 6. Instrallation of Common Port Facilities such as Vessel Traffic Control System

Master Plan (2017)and Short-term Plan (2007)for Greater Alexandria Port Development

- $1.\ Construction\ of\ Multi-purpose\ Terminal:\ Construction\ of\ Berth,\ Stockyard,\ Road\ and\ Stockhouse,\ Procurement\ of\ Cranes$
- 2. Redevelopment of Existing Terminal for Grains: Construction of Berth, and Procurement of Facilities
- 3. Redevelopment of Existing Terminal for Coal: Construction of Berth
- 4. Redevelopment of El-Mahmoudiya Quay: Removal of Stockhouse, and Construction of Yard
- 5. Deepening of Anchorage
- 6: Construction of Innerport Road Bridge
- 7. Instralltion of Common Port Facilities such as Vessel Traffic Control System

大アレキサンドリア港湾整備計画調査

MEA EGY/S 212/99 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY2000 Domestic Survey)

There is no information after this project.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

The Alexandria Port Authority who is the responsible body is taking action for requesting the Yen loan in the government of Egypt. But it cannot reach to the official request due to the difficulty of administrative procedure and approval in the government.

The structural reform on each fields is under implementation. The infrastructure building by BOT system is also mapped out a course from 1996. The deregulation policy in the field of port management is also in effect, e.g., the permission not only for the national but also the private firms to participate in from 1998.

The first example in the port sector is the conclusion of BOT project contract with the consortium of Netherlands and Egypt for the project on the container yard construction at East Portside Port in Aug. 1995.

As above, the reason of delay to materialize the project is the port management project procedure is under such a transition period in addition to the financial problem.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

- 1) A pier exclusively for oil and fats products for export was constructed in EL-Dekniela by BOT
- 2) The construction project of Pier No. 85 in the grain terminal was completed by its own funds.
- 3) Open bids are invited for construction of piers.
- 4) Construction of coal terminal, berth, and multi-purpose terminal of Alexandria Port has not been implemented with no prospects for funds. The government desires to obtain cooperation from Japan.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

Funding requests:

- 1) Requested Party: the World Bank
- 2) Requested Period: Around May 2004
- 3) Status of actualisation: In regard to a loan (100 million USD) made to multi-purpose terminal construction in Alexandria Port, proposed in JICA study, the World Bank mission was dispatched and are holding talks with the Alexandria Port Authority. Loan requests and subsequent status are unknown.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

1. Loan Requests

Although requests of loans to other donors (the World Bank and EU) for the major project proposed in the study were made due to its stupendous capital requirement, replies have not been given.

2. Status of the proposed project

Almost all of the projects are in progress

- 1) Removal of warehouses near Pier14, 15, 16 and in third zone (26, 27, and 46), which is blocking distribution channel of materials.
- 2) Construction of major roads.
- 3) Construction of the gate.
- 4) Introduction of management system and electric management network.
- 5) Preservation of ocean environment and reducing contaminative materials.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

Regard a multi-purpose terminal construction in Alexandria Port proposed in JICA study, the World Bank mission was dispatched around May 2004 and held discussions with the Alexandria Port Authority.

Subsequent study: Master Plan Study on Marine Transportation Services

Implementing period: S/W concluded in July 2001

Implementing body: JICA

Details: A study on transport service system between the Alexandria Port and the Cairo metropolitan area, which utilises the Nile river, was conducted.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/A 224/99

1. COUNTRY		Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study for the Improvement of Irrigation Water Management and Environmental Conservation in the North-east Region of the Central Nile Delta		
3. SF	CCTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Royal Irrigation Department, Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Mar.1998 ~ Jul.1999 16month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		M/P: Service area of Bahr Shebin (about 335,800ha) F/S: Upper service area of Bahr Tera in Kafr Sheik District (about 26,000ha)		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)		

M/P

1)Improvement Plan of Main Irrigation and Drainage Facility(Improvement of Regulators, Intake facilities) 2)Improvement Plan of Delivery Canals(Slope Protection, Rehabilitation and improvement of Intake facilities) 3) Improvement Plan of Meska(Improvement of in- farm canals) 4))Improvemen of Water management system 5)Tile Drainage Project(190,610ha) 6)Pilot Project(Improvement of on-farm facility and organization of water user's association in 1,680ha) 7)Establishment of Agricultural Demonstration Farm(51 places, about 3.3ha each) 8)Water environment conservation plan (Environment of water quality mortaring team) 9)Establishment of Repair shop for pump, gate and apparatus(Establishment for small pump equipment)

F/S:

Improvement Plan of Main Irrigation (Improvement Rahabin Regulators, improvement of Intake facilities of Bahr Tera main canal, improvement of Ibushan Chech, Transfer of Hamol Mixture Pump Station, slope protection and embankment of Bahr Tera canal) 2)Improvement of Delivery Canals(Installation of check gates, Slope Protection, Rehabilitation of Intake facilities) 3) Improvement of Meska(23,900ha) 4)Betterment of Water Management 5)Construction and Replacement of Time Drainage Facilities 6)Pilot Project 7)Agricultural Demonstration Farm 8)Water conservation plan 9)Establishment of Repair shop for pump, gate and apparatus(Establishment for small pump equipment)

中央デルタ農村地域水環境改善計画調査

MEA EGY/A 224/99 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent project: Water Management Improvement Project in Nile delta (Project Type Technical Cooperation)

Implementation period: Mar. 1, 2000 ~ Feb. 28, 2005

Implementing body: Royal Irrigation Department, Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Relationship with the study: Pilot project proposed in the study has been implemented.

Content/progress:

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

- Formulate the current condition of irrigation, water management system by farmers at Bahr El Nour pilot area.
- Pre-organize the water user's association and workshop at the site.
- Study of women's living condition concerning farmer's activities.
- Research of on-farm annual plan for the crops as well as small scaled irrigation system.

Situation:

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

Needs of the project will become clear, which depend on the progress of project-typed technical cooperation.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

Two years extension is planned for the Project-Type Technical Corporation, which was till FY 2004. It is assumed that pipeline meska conducted as Project-Type Technical Corporation will be diffused to cover whole Nile delta on account of the result of this extension.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

The report proposes rehabilitation of two parts of the dam and pump space, and development of the pilot project to the central delta area in addition to this pilot project. A proposal for further development needs to be submitted for these projects to be implemented after this subsequent project. Therefore, implementation of additional projects depends upon success or failure of the pilot project (Technical assistance project).

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Request for the Grant Aid has been submitted to the Japanese Government to improve Rahbin regulator and Absham lock.	The Rahbin regulator is in control of the water on the main canal feeding
the WMIP project area.	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA EGY/S 101/00

1. COUNTRY		Egypt		
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study on Tourism Development Projects in the Arab Republic of Egypt		
3. SE	CTOR	Tourism / (Tourism in) General		
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P		
	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Tourism Development Authority, Ministry of Tourism, Egypt STUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
		Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jun.1999 ~ Mar.2000 9month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		M/P: Whole Country of Egypt Detailed Master Plan and Pre-F/S: Upper Nile Region and Red Sea Region		
9 MA	JOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- Pre-F/S on Service Area (Highway Oasis) Development along Highway Route 77, 88 and 99.
 Pre-F/S for Development of Passenger Landing Facility and the Nile River Environment Conservation.
 Re-evaluation of Feasibility of Water Conveyance from the Nile River to the Red Sea Coast.
- 4. Implementation Program for Tourism Institute Development of EGOTH (the Egyptian General Company for Tourism and Hotels).

観光開発総合計画調査

MEA EGY/S 101/00 (M/P)In Progress or In Use PRESENT STATUS Delayed Discontinued **Description:** (FY 2001 Domstic Survey) No request is issued for any prioriy project. (FY 2004 Domestic Survey) No in formation to be specifically mentioned (FY 2004 Overseas Survey) Fund for ht project proposed in this study can not be secured at the moment. According to the priorities of public investment of the tourism sector, the implementation of the project will be commenced after the major national project, which results in delay. Therefore, funding source of the project is limited. Implementation of the project with Japanese Grant Aid is required. However, request has not been submitted. (FY 2005 Domestic Survey) No information to be specified. (FY 2005 Overseas Survey) According to the development achieved in the tourism sector, related institutions are considering to adopt concept of integral tourism development proposed in the study. However, update of the study is required. In addition, projects proposed in the study have lowered its priority due to financial constraints. The Egyptian government is considering to request JICA for an update of the study, and to promote realisation of the project through the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (D/D)

MEA EGY/A 401/00

1. COUNTRY		Egypt			
2. NAME OF STUDY		North Sinai Integrated Rural Development Project (Phase III)(Detailed Design Study) in the Arab Republic of Egypt			
3. SE	CCTOR	Agriculture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation			
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	D/D			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	North Sinai Development Organization(NSDO), Ministry of Water Resources and Irrigation TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc. Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Aug.1998 ~ Oct.2000 21month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		From 86.5km on El Sheikh Gabra canal to the offtake of El Ser and El Kwwareer area.			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)			

1.Construction (Item, Description, Local, Foreign, Total)

-1st package: Upper conveyance canal:22km, road: 3.9km; 96,431; 0; 96,431 -2nd package: No.7 PS, pipeline 9.3km, road 5.1km; 61,372; 72,003; 133,375

-3rd package: Lower conveyance canal 13.9km; 24,942; 0; 24,942 -4th package: Sub-station 25MVA and building; 10,879; 0; 10,879

Sub-total: 193,624; 72,003; 265,627

2.Others

OM equipment, engineering/administration; 23,703; 10,802; 34,505

Total: 217,327; 82,805; 300,132

北東シナイ地区総合農業開発計画導水路施設実施設計

MEA EGY/A 401/00 (D/D)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
PRESENT STATUS	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

The tender documents have been prepared. While the issuing the relevant adjudication for conveyance system (including P.S. 7) and El ser and El Kwwareer area is up to the decision of the supreme Ministeral Committee.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

Egyptian Government has continuously made efforts to arrange budget for the project implementation since the detailed design documents were received from the Government of Japan. However, no action has been taken to implement the water conveyance project in El ser and El Kwwareer area.

According to the original plan, The package of No.7 pumping station and water conveyance pipelines is to be funded by the Kuwait fund, and the other 3 packages are to be finded by internal budget

However, the government is considering to procure the additional foreign fund, i.e., JBIC loan, due to shortage of local budget for project implementation.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

Water conveyance pipelines and a development of the settlement has been progressively conducted, securing its fund from the national budget, the Kuwait fund, Arab fund, and investments from Arab investors. However, No. 7 pumping station, conducted with the heading of this project, has been delayed due to lack of funds.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/S 214/01

1. COUNTRY		Egypt			
2. N	AME OF STUDY	The Study of Management and Development and Oprate Plan of the Suez Canal			
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port			
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Suez Canal Authority FUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) Mitsubishi Research Institute Inc.			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Aug.2000 ~ Aug.2001 12month(s) ~			
8. SI	TE OR AREA				
0 1/	A IOD DDODOSED E	DOTECT(S)			

- 1. Forecast of Suez transit: The operational forecast model that can be easily handled by personal computer has been prepared.
- 2. Management and operation policy: Basic policy on management and operation are proposed.
- 3.Toll structure and rates: Toll rates should be based on a standard saved distance. In addition to this point, it is recommended to introduce a fixed rebate rate system regarding saved distance by main O-D pairs. Another major modification involves revising the toll structure for Container Ships to be able to reflect the earning capacity of the ship. Currently applied weather deck surcharge based on the number of tiers on deck should be revised once the EDI system is introduced. Currency unit to which the toll is to be pegged is also evaluated from various viewpoints.
- 4.Marketing system: Marketing management system is proposed for each of the sub-systems.
- 5.Improving management and operation: The improvement of management and operation in the fields of Canal transit service, business diversification, financial management and the modification of some parts in the rules of navigation are proposed.
- 6.Project evaluation: Re-evaluation of the projects including Deversoir By-pass Extension Plan is conducted based on the newly forecast data on transits.

スエズ運河経営改善計画調査

MEA EGY/S 214/01 (M/P+F/S)

201/0211/01	(1721 1175)	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :	· · · · ·	
(FY 2002 Domestic Survey) Suez Canal Authority revises the toll structur concrete application methods of various prop		ity is considered to use the forecast model and to study the timing for introducing and/or
(FY 2004 Domestic Survey) As of 2004, there are no activities for toll str	ucture and tariff revision. In addition, execution of the Deve	rsoir By-pass Extension Plan is from 2010, which there are no information.
(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) Soft components proposed in the study have	been applied to several measures. For an example, result of	the study has been applied to Suez Canal toll structure revision.
(FY 2005 Overseas Survey) There is a possibility to carry out a study for	long-term forecasting of WSB trade and Suez Canal toll's st	ructure. To realize the project, cooperation from JICA is necessary.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/S 219/02

1. C0	OUNTRY	Egypt			
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Development Study on Inland Waterway Transport in the Arab Republic of Egypt			
3. SF	ECTOR	Transportation / Marine Transportation & Ships			
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S				
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Oct.2001 ~ Nov.2002 13month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		M/P: River Nile Delta Area F/S: Beheiry/Nobaria Canal and Cairo Area along River Nile			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)			

M/P:

To improve waterway from Alexandria to Cairo to be capable for new large size barge to navigate in 24 hours operation by providing waterway dredging, navigation aids, constructing an extension of maritime lock at Alexandria port and river port at Cairo district.

Furthermore, to construct connection canal at Bolin between Beheiry/Nobaria Canal junction and Rosetta Branch for inbound materials and outbound cargo transportation by barge to/from industrial district located along Rosetta Branch.

F/S:

In order to cope with cargo demand in 2010, to improve waterway from Alexandria to Cairo to be capable for new large size barge to navigate in 24 hours operation by providing waterway dredging, navigation aids, constructing an extension of maritime lock at Alexandria port and river port at Cairo district. In addition, to construct connection canal at Bolin between Beheiry/Nobaria Canal junction and Rosetta Branch for inbound materials and outbound cargo transportation by barge to/from industrial district located along Rosetta Branch.

Project Cost(US\$ 1,000)

1) Maritime Lock

M/P: Local Cost: 9,468 Foreign Cost: 7,434

2) Alex-Cairo Waterway

M/P: Local Cost: 7,155 Foreign Cost: 3,859 F/S: Local Cost: 13,285 Foreign Cost: 12,066

3) Caro River Port

M/P: Local Cost: 16,220 Foreign Cost: 25,561 F/S: Local Cost: 6,057 Foreign Cost: 15,131

4) Bolin Canal

M/P: Local Cost: 11,185 Foreign Cost: 8,563 F/S: Local Cost: 11,775 Foreign Cost: 5,880

海運·内水運総合輸送計画調査

MEA EGY/S 219/02 (M/P+F/S)

A EG1/5 219/02	(141/1 +17/5)	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
DD DGES	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		*** ***
FY 2003 Domestic Survey)		
Request for grant aid for Japanese Government	nt for Alexandira- Cairo Waterway Improvement Project by dr	edging & imstallation of Naviationa aids.
FY 2003 Overseas Survey)	re incorporated into "Five Year Plan for Development of Inland	1 Waterway"
in of the projects proposed in the study wer	to incorporated into Tive Teal Flair for Development of Infant	Tracerway .
FY 2004 Domestic Survey)		
No information to be specifically mentioned		
FY 2005 Domestic Survey)		
Preparatory study is being conducted with a	plan to conduct Nobaria canal improvement project (Grant Aid	1).

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA EGY/S 201/03

1. COUNTRY		Egypt			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Transportation Master Plan and Feasibility Study of Urban Transport Projects in Greater Cairo Region in the Arab Republic of Egypt			
3. SE	CTOR	Transportation / Urban Transportation			
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Egypt National Institute of Transport TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CC	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Mar.2000 ~ Sep.2001 18month(s)			
8. SITE OR AREA		Greater Cairo Region			
9 M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROIECT(S)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- 1. To reallocate resources for development within transportation sector from vehicle mobility to human mobility, focusing on public transportation system.
- 2. To promote existing plans with high priority, such as expansion of subway line 1, line 2 & maintenance of line 3, to increase overall public transportation capacity of Great Cairo.
- 3. To implement structural reform, which will establish the "user prioritized public transportation system" described below by promoting integrations of policies and transportation infrastructure.
- 1) To stratify differing levels of transportation facility through restructuring public transportation lines services.
- 2) To strategically improve transport hub and facilities
- 3) To introduce integrated ticketing system
- 4) To organize park & ride system
- 4.To introduce Transport Demand Management (TDM) policies to efficiently promote modal shift from private cars to public transport
- 5. To create a multi-nuclear urban structure along large transport ways in Great Cairo, by promoting strategically selected sub-sector development & expanding employment opportunities in service sector.

大カイロ都市圏総合交通計画調査

MEA EGY/S 201/03 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
PRESENT STATUS	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2004 Survey)

Since the study was completed only short while ago, it is not clear if the government has implemented a project, though the reaction to recommendation seems to be consider

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

Subsequent study: Overseas Basic Study on Establishment of Transportation Agency in Great Cairo (Organisation/System)

Implementing period: Early March 2004-end of November 2004

Implementing body: JICA

Objective: Population of Egypt is concentrated in Cairo and the delta area, which is establishing a new city around the desert within 50 km from Cairo due to over population. The population of Great Cairo including Cairo and these satellite cities is about 14 million and expected to reach 22 million in 2022.

Great Carro including Carro and these satellite cities is about 14 million and expected to reach 22 million in 2022.

However, only two subway lines for north-bound and south-bound exists in Cairo, and national railways hardly provide city transportation services. Means of transportation are provided by cars in the city, though public bus services are not functioning with congestion created by vans and taxis. In addition, the only highway is also in congestion.

Under these circumstances, the Egyptian government established Higher Committee for Greater Cairo Transport Planning and requested plans for city transportation in order to establish city transportation facilities, including railroads, organisation, and systems. The Japanese government conducted a person trip survey as a response, which proposed a master plan on city transportation targeting year 2022. In addition, Japanese government conducted a feasibility study on the prioritised projects (East-West transportation, Heliopolis public transportation, No. 4 subway corridor transportation management plan, and the improvement of organisation of bus public corporation).

However, coordination of planning, implementation, approval, and management is necessary, which covers many ministries, autonomies, and public corporations, is necessary in implementing the plan. In addition, strengthening of supervision is required in order to secure new financial source and prevent deterioration of services. The Egyptian government is preparing a government ordinance to establish Transportation Agency as the central organisation, which coordinates these various functions. The main role of the organisation is to propose most adequate transportation plan based on future transportation demand estimate, financial procurement, management, allocation, and supervision of city transportation services. In addition, it will also consider amendments. The most notable among these functions are the development of mass transportation services and city motorways, significantly running short in Cairo. With large scale of investment required, well-planned arrangement is expected for the institution.

With the context above, this study aims to conduct basic preparation to establish the institution, surveying role of related institutions and utilisation of traffic reports to traffic planning preparation.

Subsequent study: Study on management cost planning for Cairo city toll motorway project

Implementing period: Early April 2005-end of April 2006

Implementing body: JICA

Objective: The population of Great Cairo was about 14 million in 2002 but expected to reach 22 million in 2022. It is expected that traffic problems resulting from traffic congestion will become more serious without drastic measures for the future.

JICA implemented Cairo Regional Area Transportation Study (Phase I, hereinafter CREATS) in 2000, and proposed M/P in 2002. The main strategy of the M/P is to conduct comprehensive improvement, not a partial improvement. Most sufficient scenario has been set for future traffic increase. Within, construction of highway network (total length of about 78km) in addition to maintaining public transport and existent trunk roads was proved to be most efficient in maintaining the current trip speed. CREATS estimates that trip speed will be 18.0km/h by combining motorway, while trip speed with the current trunk roads will slow down from 19.0km/h to 11.6km/h.

On the other hand, financing to implement constructions of road based on the M/P is difficult, which requires two folds of current budget relying on taxes. Thus, toll road is proposed as one of the measures to overcome the difficulty, which simple it is difficult to promote the scenario of new motorway construction, while the cost relies on the tax-based budget of the government, simplified institutional analysis were conducted. Although, private funding should also be considered in terms of prompt implementation, which requires considerations on selection of PPP schemes and issues in BOT plans. In addition, sufficient organisational plan is needed for private participation, to prepare detailed financing plan including risk analysis, which BOT had lacked.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

ME

$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{A}$	IRN/A 101/86				
1. COUNTRY		Iran			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Caspian Sea Coastal Area Agricultural Development Project			
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture	/ (Agriculture in) General		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P	•		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S			of Agriculture		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
		Sanyu Consultant	s Inc.		
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd.			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Sep.1984 ~ Dec.1986 27month(s)			
8. SITE OR AREA		Haraz River Basi	n, Amol, Mazandaran Province		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)			
			Drainage System for 70,000ha present paddy field.		
2)Improvement of Drainage			S		
3)Animal Husbandry Promo					
4)Improvement of Cultivation		-	n Management		
	at Hamiastina Immerian				

- 5)Post Harvesting Improvement
 6)Modernization of Farm Village Establishment of Development Center is proposed for promoting the above plans.

*The cost above includes only projects 1)A`3).

カスピ海沿岸地域農業開発計画

MEA IRN/A 101/86 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

Technical Cooperation:

The Iranian government requested the Japanese Government for the technical cooperation for the establishment of the Development Center, in which the training would be provided for the people, who would undertake the proposed projects.

Oct.1988 The Ministry of Foreign Affairs dispatched a mission for technical cooperation. The implementation of the project-

type technical cooperation for the establishment of the Cener was agreed.

Apr.1990~Mar.1996 (including one-year follow-up Period)

The project-type technical cooperation "Caspian Sea Coastal Area Agricultural Development Project" was implemented over six years.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Project type-cooperation for "CPIC Training Center". The establishment of the training center in CAPIC for the purpose of nurturing the experts and the technicians of agricultural, and development, mechanization of paddy cultivation, and port-harvest treatment is planned. Government of Iran desires dispatch of experts and provision of materials and they are negotiation for the implementation has been exchanged.

Effect:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Upon the implementation of technical cooperation, land consolidation and mechanized rice cultivation will be extended throughout the country. Consequently, increase of rice production and introduction of secondary cropping are expected, and increase of farmers income and improvement of their living standard will be attained. Also, the establishment of the center aims to supply sufficient number and qualified engineers and key farmers and the Iranian Government has scheduled to sterngthen the function of the center.

Subsequent Studies:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Nov. 1990 ~ July 1993 "Irrigation and Drainage Development Project in Haraz River Basin".

Please refer to IRN/A 301/93 for detail.

D/D is to be conducted with their own fund within the Third Five-year Plan (2000~2004).

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

MEA IRN/A 301/93

1. COUNTRY	Iran		
2. NAME OF STUDY	Irrigation and Drainage Development Project in Haraz River Basin		
3. SECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT			
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc. Nippon Giken Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Nov.1990 ~ Jul.1993 32month(s)		
8. SITE OR AREA	Haraz River Basin Project Area; 100,000ha Population; 425,000		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED	···		
(1)Diversion Dam: 20 uni	ts		

(2)Canal and River: 6

Canal	New Coust	Rehabilitations	Total
Irrigation C.	302	662	964
Drainage C.	407	507	914
River	1	17	18
Total	710	1,186	1,896

(3)Land Consolidation: 76,000ha

MEA IRN/A 301/93 (F/S)

PRESENT STATUS	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Study:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

D/D is to be conducted with their own fund within the Third Five-year Plan (2000~2004).

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

D/D and implementation project named "Haraz River exective project" has been implemented since 2000 to 2004.

"Haraz River exective project" covers 3,000 ha.

Finance:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

A loan from OECF, Islamic Development Bank or the World Bank is desired.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Relations with U.S. have improved, and loan for this project is expected.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

"Haraz River exective project" is funded by government and farmers. 30% of fund comes from government and 70% from farmers throughout long-term loan system. The amount of fund would be decided on the base of topo & cadasteral maps of D/D.

Detail:

The project-type technical cooperation (CAPICS) Mar.1996 finished.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

The study results are considered very useful. To realize them, the financial resources need to be secured and the project staff need to be trained.

This project has been given high priority under the Second Five-Year Plan.

* This F/S is derived from "Caspian Sea Caspian Area Agricultural Development Project (M/P, IRN/A 101/86)".

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

D/D and implementation project named "Haraz River exective project" has been implemented since 2000 to 2004.

"Haraz River exective project" will

M

	IRN/S 201/95			
1. COUNTRY		Iran		
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Port Sector Study		
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Port		
 	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	PSO		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
		The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI)		
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Oct.1993 ~ May.1995 19month(s) ~		
	TE OR AREA	PROJECT(S)		
Ger Bag, Tot (Anz Por ber	Cargo, Large vesseles al berth: 33 (At the tire cali Port, M/P)	me M/P completes (2010)) and east, extension/expansion of western breakwater, construction of New eastern breakwater, Dolphine, Container		

総合港湾整備計画

MEA IRN/S 201/95 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Sep.18.1996~Oct.10 JICA 2 short-term experts scheduled to be dispatched (port preservation and set up of fare).

(1)Anzali Port

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

-Reinforcement of the western and eastern breakwaters (Completed)

-Development of five new jetties (Partially Completed)

-Constructing a new extension which is perpendicular to the existing eastern breakwater in the channel, about 150m in length (90% completed)

-Jetty No.4 elevated to the height of 1.40 meters (completed)

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Extension of jetties.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

The elavation of old quays is under implementation.

Fund for Construction of New Eastern Breakwater was procured by PSO revenue.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

The extension of breakwater and rehabilitation of berth were completed

(2)Imam Khomeini Port

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

-60 meter extension to the existing silo jetty is completed.

-Transfer of iron powder jetty to a new place on the southwest (after the silo jetty) (partially completed)

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

Extension of container quays is considered by PSO and would be implemented by PSO revenue.

The development of 4 general cargo quays is completed.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

- The quay was extended from 5,602 m of 29 berths in 1993 to 7,300 m of 37 berths in 2000.
- 8 berths for general cargo and container were expanded.

Situation:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The forecasts and related statistics of M/P need to be updated and F/S needs to be reviewed.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

30% of proposed projects in Iman Khomeini port and 80% of projects in Anzali port have been realized. The reason for unaccomplishment of the rest is misforecast of demand in the study. (FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

The one of the reasons of partial delay for materializing the project seems to be the slump of cargo handling at port due to the critical economic situation because of the minus growth caused by the sudden drop of the oil price in 1989 and by the agricultural depression under a drought even the oil price was high in 1999.

The new 5 year plan (from Mar.2000 to Mar.2005) is targeting the liberalization such as a economic structural reform, privatization of principal firms, reduction of subsidy etc. Moreover, it is the policy for the Port of Khomeini which is the principal port in the Persian Gulf to reinforce the function as the entrance port of the rising central Asian countries.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

Local government is continuing the rehabilitations of both ports with its own funds in a difficult financial situation, where Yen loan have not been made since the hydro power plant project in year 2000.

Existing plan needs to be revised since 10 years have passed since its planning and preparation.

MEA IRN/S 104/97

1. COUNTRY	Iran		
2. NAME OF STUDY	Integrated Master Plan for Air Pollution Control in the Greater Tehran Area		
3. SECTOR	Administration / Environmental Problems		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Teheran Municipality AQCC (Air Quality Control Company) TUDY		
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	Teheran Municipality AQCC (Air Quality Control Company)		
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Japan Weather Association UNICO International Corporation		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Mar.1995 ~ Nov.1997 32month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA	The Greater Tehran Area, Iran.		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

1. Strengthening of vehicle inspection system:

Inspection capacity is to be expanded including modification of contents of inspection item and procedure.

2. Scrappage program:

Stepwise retirement program of high-aged vehicle is to be planned through elaboration of retirement master plan.

3. Establishment of vehicle engineering center:

Engineering center aiming improvement of in-use engine for emission reduction in engineering and repairment technology.

4. Establishment of municipal environment research and promotion center.

[Project Cost]

- 1. Strengthening of vehicle inspection system: 25,300 (Foreign Cost)
- 2. Scrappage program: 53,560 (Foreign Cost)

大テヘラン圏大気汚染総合対策計画調査

EA IRN/S 104/97	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description :	
FY 1998 Domestic Survey) The project formation study for air pollution cont	trol in the Greater Tehran Area has been implemented in December 1998 by JICA.
	follow: 1. New Vehicles, 2. Used Vehicles, 3. Public Transport, 4. Fuel, 5. Inspection & Maintenance, 6. Traffic Management and 7. Training d Master Plan for Tehran Transport Emission Reduction" has been implemented by the government fund since 2000 to 2009. The amount of
FY 2002 Domestic Survey)(FY 2002 Overseas St Subsequent Studies: Sep.2002~ The Study for Strengthening and i	urvey) improving Air Quality Management in Greater Tehran Area (JICA)
FY 2003 Domestic Survey)	
he monitoring program and study on expansion of	of the monitoring station that was proposed in this study (Islamic Republic of Iran Environmental Management Support Project) are expected sfahan, Kosyatto, Marakku from August 2003 for five years.
FY 2003 Overseas Survey)	
	pacity of 26lines for vehicles and 10lines for motorcycles. ystem, the rate of fine increased from Dec. 6. 2003 according of low ratified by the Islamic Gaurdian Council.

MEA IRN/S 110/00

1. COUNTRY		Iran		
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study on Seismic Microzoning of the Greater Tehran Area in Islamic Republic of Iran		
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Meteorology & Seismology		
4. TYPE OF STUDY		M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Center for Earthquake and Environmental Studies of Teheran (CEST), Tehran Municipality TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Mar.1999 ~ Nov.2000 20month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Greater Tehran Area		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)		

- Recommendation for Organisational Structure
 Recommendation for Financial Measures
 Recommendation for Comprehensive Urban Seismic Disaster Prevention and Management Plan
 Recommendation to formulate Action Plans and Programs
- 5. Recommendation on Structural Design

大テヘラン首都圏地震マイクロゾーニング調査

MEA IRN/S 110/00 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

As a result of the JICA study, Tehran Municipality representatives are aware of the importance of disaster management, and they decided to grapple with seismic disaster prevention and mitigation master plan in Greater Tehran Area. However, in the present condition of Iran, there is no sufficienct technology, human resources and budget to prepare such an important plan, therefore, they officially requested continuous support from the Governmento of Japan. On the other hand, from the experience of the project, JICA has officially announced to the Tehran Municipality to strengthen the structure of the organization in order to increase the implementation ability. By accepting this request, Tehran Municipality is being reorganized now.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

The second project which can be considered as continuation of the first one is also admitted by JICA and is expected to start in April 2002.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Study: Comprehensive Master Plan on Urban Seismic Disaster in Greater Teheran Area

Implementing body: JICA, Tehran municipality

Implementation period: from 2002

Funding: 2,633.480 thousand USD

Objective: With the result of the study, micro-zoning, it aims to formulate a master plan to reduce damage by a systematic approach, such as normal condition, immidiate aftermath of earthquakes, and reconstruction period, and to formulate action plans for priority issues.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Study: The Comprehensive Master Plan Study on Urban Seicmic Disaster

Implementation period: 2002/Sep-2004/Jul (23 months)

Funding: World Bank Loan, 200 million USD

Content: Renovation of old fabric zones in Teheran

Progress:

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey) Under survey. Some of old fabric zones in Teheran are planned to be renovated by the loan.

(FY 2004 Domestic Study)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

The study has been approved as an official disaster prevention plan in Tehran by the Iranian government. Thus, proposed issues are considered to be implemented in the future. Currently, 3 requests for a technical cooperation has been submitted, which plans for emergency measurement within 72 hours has been selected.

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Tehran Seismic Micro zoning Study had a great impact to perception of the people regarding an earthquake. The study has founded a basis for the people to be alerted to seismic disasters and vulnerability of different districts in the Greater Tehran Area. As a result, Tehran Municipality has made efforts to reduce vulnerability of the most vulnerable districts. Establishment of the Tehran Disaster Mitigation and Management Centre (TDMMC) and Districts Disaster Management Headquarters are one of the outcomes of Tehran micro zoning projects. In addition, the project created an incentive to managers and officials in different organisations to produce relevant data/maps to be implemented in the future studies.

However, despite all the benefits achieved, programming skills to integrate individual data and project output to manipulate results are lacking.

MEA IRN/S 302/01

1. COUNTRY		Iran		
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study on Water Management in the Capital Tehran		
3. SI	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S'				
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Mar.2000 ~ Sep.2001 18month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Three river basins of Karaji, Taleghan and Almout and regions of Tehran, Karai, Hashtgerd and Qazvin: 16,100 km2		
0.34	A TOD DDODOGED D			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- 1) Tehran water conveyance project in order to convey Karaj Dam water to the proposed Tehran No.6 water treatment plant (2001-2009)
- 2) Taleghan Dam construction Project in order to develop the water resource for Tehran and Qazvin irrigation area

Construction of Qazvin Central Irrigation system

3) Almout Water Diversion Project(2003-2011):

Water resource development in Almount and diversion of water resource to Qazvin irrigation area

Almout water intake sluice: concrete, height 10m, length 56m

Almout water duct: pipeline, extension 6.0km, water conveyance capacity 22.5m3/Sec

Almout water transmission tunnel: radius 4.0m, extension 33.8m

Project budget: 123,600,000(US\$), water price 0.05/m3 (US\$)

4) Ground and Surface Water Management (2001-)

テヘラン西部首都圏水資源開発・管理計画調査

MEA IRN/S 302/01 (F/S)

PRESENT STATUS	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

1) Tehran water conveyance project

The Ministry of Energy intends to request for Yen Loan. The Feasibility Study has been done in cooperation with JETRO, and the final report will be submitted around January 2003.

2) Talgham Dam construction Project

Under construction by the Chinese consortium

3) Aimout Water Diversion Project

Though it has not reached the Embassy as of December 2002, the Ministry of Energy sent the request form to apply for JICA Study.

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

Ministry of Energy, Tehran Regional Water Board, the Govt. of Iran, has decided to implement the project. Currently, F/S is in practice. Financed by JETRO, Sanyu Consultants, is conducting F/S for constructing project of tunnel and water supply facility, requested by Iran. The Govt. is planning to request for Yen Loan officially for FY 2003.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO) conducted the Feasibility Study during August 2002 to January. The Yen loan request by the Iranian government in the end of March 2003, but no response was received on this term from the Japan side.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

Aiming for a reconstruction of 6th filtration plant and after in Tehran city, JICA has conducted P/S on "Tehran City Water Distribution Network Reconstruction Plan".

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent project: Tehran tunnel with capacity of 16?/sec.

Implementing period: 2003-2009

Funding:

Requested party: Yen Loan - No response received from Japanese government yet.

Amount: 133,687,000 USD

Progress: First study completed, some progress

Subsequent project: Tehran No.6 Water Treatment Plant with capacity of 15 square meters per second

Progress: First study completed

Implementing period: 2005-2020 (in 3 constructing phases)

Funding:

Requested party: Yen Loan - No response received from Japanese government yet.

Amount: 53,264,000 USD

MEA IRN/S 120/02

1. COUNTRY		Iran		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Study on Watershed Management Plan for Karoon River in the Islamic Republic of Iran		
3. SECTOR		Social Welfare / Disaster Relief		
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Jihad Agriculture TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Sanyu Consultants Inc. INA Corporation		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Feb.2000 ~ Apr.2002 26month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Vastegan, Chaman Goli-Bazoft, Sarbaz, Tang Sorkh, Zeras		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

Project Cost(USD1,000):Local Cost: 1) Vastegan(Total 2.3) 2) Chaman Goli-Bazoft(Total 2.2) 3) Sarbaz(Total 3.2) 4) Tang Sorkh(Total 0.7) 5) Zeras(Total 2.3)

- I. Vastegan: 1. Construction of check dam, 2. River treatment, 3. Rangeland vegetation improvement, 4. Orchard terracing, 5. Groundwater monitoring, 6. Increase of irrigated agriculture, 7. Diversification to milk cow, 8. Rural water supply improvement, 9. Rural road improvement, 10. Establishment of cooperative, 11. Community Enhancement
- II. Chaman Goli-Bazoft: 1. Construction of check dam, 2. River treatment, 3. Landslide protection and rock-fall protection, 4. Soil erosion protection, 5. Rangeland vegetation improvement, 6. Forest land vegetation recovery, 7. Increase of irrigated agriculture, 8. Fish culture promotion, 9. Diversification to milk cow, 10. Rural water supply improvement, 11. Rural road improvement, 12. Establishment of cooperative, 13. Community Enhancement III. Sarbaz: 1. Construction of check dam, 2. River treatment, 3. Landslide protection, 4. Soil erosion protection, 5. Rangeland vegetation improvement, 6. Increase of irrigated agriculture, 7. Collecting and grading center of apple, 8. Diversification to milk cow, 9. Rural water supply improvement, 10. Rural road improvement, 11. Establishment of cooperative, 12. Community Enhancement
- IV. Tang Sorkh:1.Construction of check dam, 2.Soil erosion protection, 3.Rangeland vegetation improvement, 4.Forest land vegetation recovery, 5. Increase of irrigated agriculture, 6.Collecting and grading center of apples and vegetable, 7. Rural water supply improvement, 8.Rural road improvement, 9.Establishment of cooperative, 10.Community Enhancement
- V. Zeras:1.Construction of check dam, 2.Relocation houses, 3.Landslide protection, 4.Soil erosion protection, 5.Rangeland vegetation improvement, 6.Milk processing and Marketing, 7.Rural water supply improvement, 8.Rural road improvement, 9.Establishment of cooperative, 10.Community Enhancement

カルーン川流域管理計画調査

MEA IRN/S 120/02 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

The Study Team recommends implementing a pilot project, namely the orchard terrace project for soil erosion protection at Vastegan, Chahar Mahal & Bakhtiari Province, in prior to implementing the other projects interventions proposed in the M/P. The project can be initiated in a small scale (15ha) with rather small amount of budget, and farmers can get direct profit through their ownership of orchard terrace. Vastegan area is selected because of its accessibility, and is located in about 80 km south of the province capital Sharekord It can be approached from Sharekord within one hour drive.

Iranian counterparts, representatives of Ministry of Jihad Agriculture, expressed its hope for the Japanese assistance of the next stage at the Meeting for draft final report, held on January 30, 2002 in Tehran. Japanese side recommended that the new request for the assistance to start the next stage should be submitted to the Embassy of Japan in Iran.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

1) In order to next stage of Karoon watershed management, we requested Japanese Embassy and JICA two pilot projects which has been selected from five master plan areas, as a sample of integrated activities in watershed to control all parameters which affect the natural resources, but we have received response yet.

2) Referring the Master Plan, Watershed Management Deputy invested 3,445 million Rials to construct some structures and series of activities to control erosion and preserve the nature against negative factors. In this regard "Vastegan" and "Bazoft (especially in Tabarak area)" selected and following activities has been done.

- 1. Feasibility study and design study (4,500 ha): 2003-2004, WMD provincial department
- 2. Design study for flood spreading and river treatment (100ha): 2003-2004, WMD provincial department
- 3. Gabion and masonry works (16,350m3)
- 4. Seed Sowing (250ha)
- 5. Tree planting (154ha)
- 6. River treatment work (Bank protection)(22,000m3)
- $7.\ Flood\ prevention\ works (Earth\ dam\ etc.) (52,\!000m3)$
- 8. Maintenance of existing check dams(1,310m3)
- 9. Completion of meteorological and hydrological station (3 stations):

Beneficiaries - 5,000 residents in targeted sites in Vastegan and Tabarak

Effect: To predict characteristics of floods more accurately by collecting meteorological and hydrological data

3) In addition, there are two problems about this project.

One hydrological measuring station in Esfahan Province dose not work, because of bad location. There is mistake for selecting the place which we install measuring station.

Another problem is data collection system. The JICA team provided one laptop computer which is installed Japanese OS and Japanese application software for collecting data from data logger in each measuring station. But combination between data logger and the computer is very bad and dose not work well.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(F Y2005 Overseas Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

MEA IRN/A 302/02

1. COUNTRY		Iran
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study of Improvement of Irigation, Drainage and Agricultural Development for Gorgan Plain, Golestain Province
3. SECTOR		Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Golestain Agriculture organization TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
7. STUDY PERIOD		Dec.2001 ~ Mar.2003 15month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Tazeh Abad Irrigation / Drainage Scheme
10 M	A IOR PROPOSED E	POIFCT(S)

1) Farming Plan:

Livestock introducing hybrid cows for milk production; Integrated Farming Model joining livestock and crop rotation; Faming Management to stabilize the agriculture production and farmer's income; introduction of Plastic Greenhouse cultivation for the small scale farmers to save water; introduction of collective use Equipment for Pasture Production; and Assistance Plan for production techniques, marketing and rural credits.

2) Irrigation and Drainage Facilities Development Plan:

Planning for Intake Facilities, Drainage Facilities, Land Consolidation and Rural Roads

3) RPC Pavand (Cooperative) Strengthening Plan:

3 stages 15 years to Strengthen the Existing Functions, Add New Functions and Establish the Enhanced and Added Functions.

Suggested projects budget (1,000 IRR/1,000 USD)

IRR 1) 34 million 2) 24 million 3) 2 million

USD 1) 4 thousand 2) 3 thousand 3) 328

Project Period

1) 7 years 2) 5 years 3) 15 years

ゴルガン平原かんがい排水及び農業開発計画調査

MEA IRN/A 302/02 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

It is now under preparation a project related to the water resources development in the Gorgan basin. There is also an environment conservation project under realization, by the same JICA, in the neighboring Mazandaran province, where the Lamsar treat was established. So, the Iranian government has given great importance to the region since 3 projects (including the present one) has being planned and executed within only 2 or 3 years.

The climatological and hydrological data has being measured for many years in Iran. For example, the Caspian Sea water level variation has being measured for many centuries. So, the climate and hydrological equipment installed by the project will be very helpful. It will contribute, with the results of the present study, for the water management of the Gorgan basin to mitigate the water availability problem in the region.

The present study was realized with the participation of the counterpart, and the inhabitants' voice was heard through a socio-economical survey. So, the projects and ideas included in the results of the survey can be base for the future plans of the government.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

The government of I.R.IRAN has policy to strengthen NGO, such as farmer's organizations. And the Ministry of Jihad-e-Agriculture tried to strengthen concerned farmer's activities. As result of that many Rural Productive Cooperation (hereinafter RPC) was established.

RPC has roles to make connections between government and farmers. For example to get some subsidy from the government (loan, fertilizer, chemicals, etc.)

And base on an agreement between Ministry of Energy and Ministry of Jihad-e-Agriculture, RPC must establish Water User's Association (hereinafter WUA).

This function of RPC is not so common. And, participatory development is not so common method in I.R.IRAN.

In the meantime, task allocation of water management is not clear in Iranian system. Main facilities are responsible for the Ministry of Energy and inside irrigation schemes are for the Ministry of Jihad-e-Agriculture. It means each WUA has a duty O/M their irrigation facilities. But, the task, duty, rights are not clear in detail infield level.

According to these situations, Agricultural organization of Golestan Province made some requests to Government of Japan to support RPC &WUA to strengthen (or introduce) participatory development.

And during the activities by participatory development Provincial Government wants to try suggested programs in the development study.

Requested supports are project type cooperation, short term experts and leader farmers training in Japan (to change their way of thinking).

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Iranian government made a request for project type cooperation. Golestain prefecture has conducted several preparation activities for the requested project.

-Preparation for proposed model farming system. Farmer's association made discussions inside and decided model farm area inside the area.

-Preparation for water management. Golestan prefecture constructed canal, irrigation facilities to prepare for water management cooperation.

The study team and C/P institutions has conducted discussion with the Ministry of Energy, Agriculture, and WUA on Gharasu basin agricultural development project, which have included the Ministries role in the study. Agricultural organisation in Kermanshah province has considered several project to implement the project based on the study, though there is no experience in Iran for soil improvement. Thus, the Kermanshah province have requested the Japanese government for a short-term expert on the assistance for soil improvement for stock breeding.

MEA IRN/A 201/03

1. CO	DUNTRY	Iran
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	The Study on Gharasu River Basin Agricultural infrastructure Development Project
3. SE	CCTOR	Agriculture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Agriculture TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jan.2003 ~ Dec.2004 23month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Gharasu River Basin (14,000ha)
9. M.	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)

- Foundation maintenance of Lanbasaar irrigation area / water management improvement plan
 Karab Kiranbaar dam irrigation plan
 Sanjabi Plains drainage improvement plan
 Multiple agriculture development
 Multiple agriculture development plan

- 6. Agriculture promotion system enhancement plan

ガラス川沿岸農業基盤整備計画調査

MEA IRN/A 201/03 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :	-	
(FY 2004 Survey)		
Since the study was completed only short when the study was completed on the study was	ile ago, it is not clear if the government has implemented a	project, though the reaction to recommendation seems to be consider
(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)	a decument has been made for a request of expert, request h	as not yet been submitted. The project competes with the similar requested assistance,
		e for short-term experts from JICA within the Ministry of Agriculture.

MEA IRN/S 101/04

1. COUNTRY	Iran
2. NAME OF STUDY	Comprehensive Master Plan Study on Urban Seismic Disaster Prevention and Management for the Greater Tehran Area in the Islamic Republic of Iran
3. SECTOR	Social Welfare / Disaster Relief
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Teheran Disaster Mitigation and Management Centre (TDMMC), Kerman Water and Sewage Co. TUDY
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	Tehran Disaster Management Organization (TDMO)
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
7. STUDY PERIOD	Aug.2002 ~ Mar.2005 31month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA	Greater Tehran Area, comprising all 22 section in Teheran city and the surroundings, and Bam city

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

155 projects have been enlisted. Of 15 projects has been proposed as a prioritized project. Total cost of 155 projects has been estimated to be 1.931 billion USD (from the national government: 540 million USD, Teheran city: 980 million USD, lifeline-related companies: 350 million USD). Water supply system was constructed at Bam city in the project.

- 1. Enhancement of earthquake safety of public buildings
- 2. Enhancement of earthquake safety of private buildings
- 3. Improvement of earthquake safety of buildings
- 4. Promotion of urban redevelopment
- 5. Establishment of evacuation places in regional areas and preparation of necessary equipment
- 6. Strengthening and rebuilding bridges near major roads
- 7. Reinforcement of water supply facilities and networks
- 8. Introduction of center control system for urban gas supply system
- $9.\ Establishment\ of\ model\ schools\ for\ promoting\ disaster\ prevention\ education$
- 10. Establishment and promotion of disaster prevention organizations in model communities
- 11. Increase of the organization's capacity of Teheran Disaster Mitigation and Management Centre (TDMMC)
- 12. Establishment of emergency traffic control system
- 13. Development of disaster information and telecommunication networks
- 14. Strengthening emergency response abilities of fire department in Teheran City
- 15. Strengthening emergency response abilities of health and medical centers

大テヘラン圏総合地震防災管理計画調査 (地球環境部)

MEA	IRN/S 101/04	(M/P)
		In Progress or In Use
	PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
		Discontinued
(FY The	scription: 2005 Domestic Survey) e mentioned plan has been adopted as an thermore, preparation of plans for urgen	n official disaster prevention plan in Tehran city. In addition, community disaster prevention activities are continuously conducted in Tehran. It measures within 72 hours has been selected as a new project by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

MEA IRN/S 102/04

1. COUNTRY		Iran
2. N.	AME OF STUDY	The Study for Strengthening and improving Air Quality Management in Greater Tehran Area
3. SI	ECTOR	Administration / Environmental Problems
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)		PADECO Co,. Ltd. Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Sep.2002 ~ Dec.2004 27month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Greater Tehran Area
9 M	IAJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Greater Tehran Area, comprising all 22 section in Teheran city and the surroundings, and Bam city

Greater Tehran City

- 1. Capacity building of EC secretariat
- 2. database development
- 3. Preparation of white paper and establishment of committee to give advice for the preparation
- 4. Training of traffic police officials and improvement of training courses
- 5. Development and implementation of joined training courses targeting related ministries
- 6. Establishment of PMU for vehicle maintenance project
- 7. Installment of organized training system
- 8. Collaborative experiment system for two-wheeled vehicle manufacture
- 9. Capacity building on prioritized bus project implementation for Tehran Traffic and Transportation Department
- 10. Establishment of organization for enlightenment activities
- 11. Establishment of approval system for supplementary equipment
- 12. Introduction of street parking management improvement and traffic supervisor system
- 13. Establishment of on road idling exhaustion gas inspection
- 14. Development of training courses targeting management officials of the Department of Environment
- 15. Development of advanced training courses for newcomers of the Department of Environment

大テヘラン圏大気汚染管理強化及び改善調査 (地球環境部)

EA IRN/S 102/04	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Deland
TRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description: (FY 2005 Domestic Survey) Subsequent project: Continuation of the pilot projec Implementing body: Department of Environment, Objective: To continue the pilot project. Status: In progress	ct (Strengthening of EC secretariat, inventory management for solid and fluid source, and preparation of the Environment white paper Teheran office

MEA IRN/S 103/04

1. COUNTRY	Iran
2. NAME OF STUDY	The Study on Integrated Management for Ecosystem Conservation of the Anzali Wetland in the Islamic Republic of Iran
3. SECTOR	Administration / Environmental Problems
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	ORMVA/TF TUDY
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD	Feb.2003 ~ Mar.2005 25month(s)
8. SITE OR AREA	Anzali Wetland
9. MAJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- 1. Ecological management plan: environmental zoning, maintenance of wildlife, maintenance of habitat, promotion of wise-use, monitoring and feedbacks
- 2. Basin management plan: prevention of soil erosion progress, forest and grazing land management, plains management, living improvement solution, environment monitoring, enforcement of organizations/regulations
- 3. Waste water management plan: urban life drainage management, regional life drainage management, industrial drainage management, stockbreeding drainage management, contamination load management from farmlands, environmental monitoring,
- 4. Waste management plan: general wastes management, industrial/medical wastes management, environmental monitoring
- 5. Environmental education plan: environmental education and environmental enlightenment and people's participation
- 6. Institutional plan: an establishment of Anzali Wetland management organization/ability development

アンザリ湿原生態系保全総合管理計画調査 (地球環境部)

TEA IRN/S 103/04	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description: (FY 2005 Domestic Survey) No inforantion to be specifically mentioned.	

MEA IRN/S 101/05

1. CO	DUNTRY	Iran	
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	The study on integrated management for ecosystem conservation of the Anzali wetland in the I Republic of Iran	slamic
3. SECTOR		Administration / Environmental Problems	
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	UDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Feb.2003 ~ Feb.2004 12month(s) May.2004 ~ Mar.2005 10month(s)	
8. SI	TE OR AREA		

イラン国アンザリ湿原生態系保全総合管理計画調査 (地球環境部)

EA	IRN/S 101/05	(M/P)
		In Progress or In Use
	PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
Des	cription :	Discontinued
(FY 2	0006 Domestic Survey) formation to be specifically mentioned.	
NO III	formation to be specifically mentioned.	

MEA IRN/S 102/05

1. CO	OUNTRY	Iran		
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	The comprehensive master plan study on urban seismic disaster prevention and management for the Greater Tehran area in the Islamic Republic of Iran		
3. SE	ECTOR	Socia	al Infrastructure / (Social Infrastructure in) General	
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	ГUDY	Center for Earthquake and environmental Studies of Tehhran (CEST)	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		Tehran Disaster Mitigation and Management Organisatino (TDMMC)	
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacif	ic Consultants International (PCI)	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD		Aug.2002 ~ Aug.2004 24month(s) ~	
8. SI	TE OR AREA			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJEC	T(S)	

| | イラン国大テヘラン圏総合地震防災管理計画調査 (地球環境部)

ÆA.	IRN/S 102/05	(M/P)	
		In Progress or In Use	
	PRESENT STATUS	Delayed	
	TRESENT STATES	Delayed	
		Discontinued	
(FY 2 No in	cription: 2006 Domestic Survey) formation to be specifically mentioned.		

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA IRQ/A 301/79

1. COUNTRY		Iraq		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Kahla Rice Farm Project		
3. SECTOR		Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Ministry of Agriculture and Agrarian DEVELOPMENT STUDY		Ministry of Agriculture and Agrarian Reform TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Oct.1978 ~ Mar.1980 17month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Amarah City, Maysan Province, about 400km southeast of the capital Baghdad		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Construction of state Rice Farm:

construction of state rich farm of 8,160 ha

Water Resource Development:

Provision of pumping station at Kahalla river (branch of Tigris river)

Farm Management Plan:

Production of rice (main crop), wheat and barley

Project facility plan:

Pump : Irrigation pump Q = 27 m3/sec (dia. 1,000mm x 11 units)

Drainage pump Q = 4.4 m3/sec (dia. 900mm x 3 units) Irrigation/drainage canel: Main canel 30km, Lateral canal 77km

Farm road : Main and Lateral 198km

Green Belt: 330 ha Buildigns : L.S

カハラ稲作農場計画

MEA IRQ/A 301/79 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting			
	Completed				
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended			
	Implementing	Bodyed of Buspended			
		Discontinued or Cancelled			
D : "	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled			
Description: No information is available owing to the Iran-Iraq War (the project site was close to a battle field of the War). Because of the subsequent Iraqi invasion of Kuwait and the Gulf War, the project should be judged as discontinued.					
(FY1994 Domestic Survey) No information.					

MEA IRQ/S 101/84

1. COUNTRY		Iraq			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Vocational Training Center Project Study in Bagdad and Mosul			
3. SI	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / Architecture & Housing			
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY The Foreign E The Foreign E		The Foreign Economic Relations Committee, etc. FUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Overseas Vocational Training Association Nikken Sekkei Ltd.			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jul.1984 ~ Feb.1985 7month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		Baghdad, Mosul			
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I		ROJECT(S)			

- 1. Training courses of Baghdad Centre
- 1) TV/video, tape recorder, radio repair course
- 2) automobile repair course
- 3) air conditioner and electric appliances repair course
- 4) elevator repair and maintenance course
- 2. Training courses of Mosul Centre
- 1) TV/video, tape recorder, radio repair course
- 2) automobile repair course
- 3) air conditioner and electric appliances repair course

職業訓練センター設立計画

EA IRQ/S 101/84	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
Description :	Discontinued
The report was appreciated but no action was sub	osequently taken for various political reasons.
FY1994 Domestic Survey) No information	

M

		(1142)			
r	IRQ/S 102/87				
1. COUNTRY		Iraq Bagdad City Urban Transport Improvement			
2. NAME OF STUDY					
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Urban Transportation			
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Amanat Baghdad TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Aug.1986 ~ Mar.1988 19month(s) ~			
9. MAJOR PROPOSED P Phase 1: O/D and person trip survey Phase 2: Formulation of the urgent p 1) Improvement of road trar 2) Improvement of traffic s 3) Improvement of pedestri 4) Improvement of parking 5) Improvement of the publ 6) Improvement of traffic s		program estimate transportation planning program estimate transportation estimate estimate transportation estimate			

バグダッド都市交通改善計画

EA IRQ/S 102/87	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description .	Discontinued
Description: Owing to the Iraqi invasion to Kuwait and the sub	bsequent Gulf War, the proposals of the study were virtually discontinued.
(FY1994 Domestic Survey)(FY1995 Domestic St	
No additional information.	uvey)

MEA JOR/A 301/76

1. COUNTRY		Jordan		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Wadi Arab Dam and Irrigation Project		
3. SEC	TOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. TYP	PE OF STUDY	F/S		
A A	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Jordan Valley O	Commission	
(PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Apr.1976	~ Nov.1976 7month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA		Northern part of Jordan valley which is located in northwest of Jordan. Projected area of 1,600ha		
0 MAIOD DDODOSED D		DO FECTION		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

1)Irrigation area

Net irrigation area: 1,250 ha Pipe line: total length of 3,260 m

Irrigation Practice: semi-portable sprinkler system

Main drainage canal: 3.5 km Farm road: Rehabilitation of 35.0 km Construction of 12.4 km

2)Reservoir

Catchment area: 262 sq.km Storage capacity: 12.1 MCM

3)Dam

Type: Homogenious rolled earthfill type

Height of dam: 54 m Crest length: 424 m

ワディアラブダムかんがい計画

MEA JOR/A 301/76 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Studies:

1979~1981 (Jordan Govt 56,296 JD, Japanese Govt 2,380,000 JD)

Finance

Jun.20.1977 L/A 7.5 bil.Yen (Wadi Arab Dam Irrigation Project)

*Components of the Project

Construction of Rockfill dam and sprinkler system

(loan for equipment for civil engineering, construction, CS)

Construction:

1981~1987 Construction(Jordan Govt 1 mil JD, Japanese Govt 7 mil JD)

1986 Started to operate (officially completed in 1987)

The water volume of 20mcm is stored in the dam which has total copacity of 21.1mcm. The height of the dam was changed from 65.5m to 82.5m, because the capacity of impoundment was increased. Water delivery structure is the same as the initial plan, but additional one is pumping station at King Abdular canal, which has four electric turbines consuming 750kw/h each and has the pumping power of 400l/sec, delivery height of 120m from the canal to the reservoir. Necessary expense is mainly running cost to operate the pump. The irrigation area is 10, 200ha. The efficiency of the hydro-pressure nextwork is 85% or more.

Modified Point of JICA F/S:

- -Digging wells in the upstream of the dam to supply water to Ilbit city,
- -Cancellation of Arwada Dam construction proposed in the upstream of Yarumuka river along the international boundary between Jordan and Syria.
- -Execution to deliver water from the King Abdular canal to Amman.

MEA JOR/S 101/79

1. COUNTRY		Jordan			
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Integrated Regional Development of Northern Jordan			
3. SI	ECTOR	Development Plan / Integrated Regional Development Plan			
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S'		Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs Irbid Urban Regional Planning Group FUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CONSULTANT(S)		International Development Center of Japan (IDCJ)			
7. STUDY PERIOD		May.1978 ~ Mar.1980 22month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		Northern Area (pop. of Greater Irbid 140,000 in 1975)			
0 1/4	A TOD DDODOGED I	DO IECT(C)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Phase 1 study (FY 1978)

- Formulation of a basic framework of regional development

Phase 2 study (FY 1979)

- Selection and preliminary evaluation of priority projects
- (1) Industrial Estate of Irbid
- (2) Ring Roads of Irbid
- (3) Ajlun-Dibbin-Jerash Tourism Plan

北部地域総合開発計画

MEA JOR/S 101/79 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description :	

(1) Irbid Industial Estate

Subsequent Studies:

Because it took six years to conclude L/A, this M/P has been partially modified.

The initial project site (Approximately 26.6ha, Northeastern Irbid) was changed to another area (42.6ha with the newly developed 40-50ha) due to the increase of the land price in the original site.

1989 A loan from Saudi Arabia

Construction:

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Completed

Detail:

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

The proposed projects was integrated into M/P of Irbid Municipality.

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

As of January 1994, the Industrial Estate was fully occupied and the contact has been concluded for 60% of new development area.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

40ha of land has been purchased by Industrial Estate Corporation as an expansion for Irbid Industrial Estate. JIEC is seeking finance for developing the already purchased 40ha.

(2) Irbid Ring Road

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Partially completed.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Almost completed.

(3) Tourism Development

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Jerash Ruin is under rehabilitation continuously and attractions for tourist are developed.

Saradin Castle in 'Ajlun was rehabilitated for tourism also and events contribute to vary tourism resources.

(4) Others

"Ring Roads Construction Project in Irbid City (1982)" and "F/S on Irbid Industrial Estate Project" were conducted by JICA.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET

M

FΛ	JOR/S 301/82	(F/S)
	OUNTRY	Jordan
	AME OF STUDY	Ring Roads Construction Project in Irbid City
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Road
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Municipality of Irbit
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1981 ~ Mar.1982 12month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Irbid City
The for in	ntra-city and inter-region ndary ring road 13.81	missing ring road in Irbit city which will form the backbone for planning the future city of Irbid, and serve as an arterial stree onal traffic and as a by-pass for through traffic. km 4 lane 2 way
		km 2 lane 2 way km 2 lane 2 way km

イルビット市環状道路計画

MEA JOR/S 301/82 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Finance:

Local budget of Irbid city (covering 48% of total project budget, 14.6 mil. JD).

In 1994 the Irbid city allocated 200,000 JD to the project.

Construction:

1986 Commenced

15.1km has been completed (FY 1994 Overseas Survey).

Detail:

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

Parts of the project were implemented while other parts were suspended due to the land aquision problem. Although Priority of this project is not ranked high, the project is integrated into the National Plan. There is a possibility that the project may be resumed.

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

Although the Jordanian Government was willing to promote the project as proposed in M/P, the difficulty to procure fund, the occurrence of the Gulf War, the inflow of refugees, the devaluation of JD, the soring of land price, etc. caused the project to be delayed. However, because the decentralization of the administrative power has been promoted, the remaining project may be implemented.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Construction of remained parts has been discontinued since 1986 due to the lack of funds.

Review study to up-date (specially in costing) is to be carried out to meet recent economic damages.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The implementation of the project has been delayed because of the Gulf war and its flow of refugees, depreciation of currency, economic fatigue etc. However, the area of Irbid City is continuing to grow and needs toward constructing ring road is increasing.

The initial construction plan of the entire length had been enlarged from 24km to 32km.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

	JOR/S 102/87						
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY 3. SECTOR		Jordan					
		Integrated Regional Development Master Plan for the Karak-Tafila Development Region					
		Development Plan / Integrated Regional Development Plan					
4. TYPE OF STUDY		M/P					
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S						
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY						
		Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.					
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)						
		Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.					
7. ST	UDY PERIOD	Jul.1986 ~ Mar.1988 20month(s) ~					
		Y I I'M CI					
. ar	TE OD ADEA	Karak and Tafila area					
3. SI	TE OR AREA						
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED	PROJECT(S)					
l) Ra	in-fed Intensive Agric	culture Project					
	ulti-purpose Pilot Proj arak Urban Developm						
	uta-Mazar Urban Dev						
5) G1	een Badia Project						
5) To	ourism Development of	f Dana Valley					

カラク地域総合開発計画

MEA JOR/S 102/87

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(1) Rain-fed Intensive Agriculture Project

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Finance

Grant aid by Spanish Government 750,000JD

The government is receiving a loan of 1,300,000\$ from IFAD for agricultural resource management project.

Construction:

On-going

(2) Multi-purpose Pilot Project of Hot Springs

The total development cost is estimated six mil.DJ.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

F/S under implementation (2 years)

Implementing Organization / MOP, Taliela Government

 $Consulting\ company\ /\ Subeh\ Consultant\ Co.$

Cost / 50,000JD (own fund)

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

This project was implemented with their own fund.

(3) Karak Urban Development

No change is observed in the Karak Urban Development Plan.

USAID promised to construct a museum and a guest house at a castle. Private investors have been developing the most part of the old city.

(M/P)

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

No progress.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The land was gained for the construction of handcraft center in 1998. No further progress has been made.

(4) Muta-Mazar Urban Development

JICA has been conducting F/S on the Muta Industrual Estate Development Project. The Urban Development Department of the Ministry of Urban and Local Environment formulated the New Land Use Plan for the lake district (Summary of JICA F/S).

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Target area was changed to be whole southern region.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Although the project has been reviewed, there has not been any progress.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The project fell into abeyance. Similar development project has started in Lajoon city.

(5) Green Badia Project

U.K. has been revising this project into "Badia Development Project". However, the fund has not been secured.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Only the dissemination of water supply and electricity project has been implemented.

(6) Tourism Development of Dana Valley

The proposed project has been largely changed. The project has been implemented with the emphasis on the environmental education, the sustainable development and the support for the agricultural method practiced by the indigenous peoples. The project was financed by the World Bank and implemented by the Global Environmental Facility. There is no plan for the construction of Resort Hotel.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

This project was implemented with their own fund

Others:

Sep.1989-Aug.1990 "Agricultural Development for Karak-Tafila Development Region (1990)" was conducted.

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

A part of the study results have been utilized in the formulation of the Land Use Program.

(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

The Southern Region Development Study including the Muta Industrual Estate Development Plan has been implemented since September 1995.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Basic Study)

MEA JOR/S 501/87

	3010301/07						
1. COUNTRY		Jorda					
2. NAME OF STUDY		Hydi	rogeological and Wate	er Use Study of the Mujib Watershed			
3. SECTOR		Socia	Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development				
4. TYPE OF STUDY Basic Study							
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Water Authority of Jordan		f Jordan					
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY						
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Nipp	oon Koei Co., Ltd.				
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD		Oct.1985 ~	Jun.1987 20month(s)			
8. SI	TE OR AREA		Greater A	mman			
	ace water development nd water aquifer in and			e dams, including "Wale" "Oatrana" and "Siwaqa" which aim to enhance the potential of			

ムジブ水系水利用計画

MEA JOR/S 501/87

(Basic Study) In Progress or In Use

PRESENT STATUS

Delayed

Discontinued

Description:

Eleven projects were proposed in the basic study as follows.

(1)Sultani-Siwaga pipeline project

Construction: 1990 completed (operating fully (100%))

Water supply to southern part of Anman with volume of 15.9MCM per annum. There are twelve wells at siwaga stagnant water layer.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

This project was not implemented due to lack of water resources to convey water from Sultani to Siwaga.

(2)Rumeil-Madaba pipeline project

Situation:1992 started to operate (operating 80%)

Water supply to southern part of Anman with volume of 7MCM per annum (12MCM per annum is possible).

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

This project has not been implemented, since there is no enough water resources to be transferred from Rumeil to Madaba.

(3)Wala dam project

Second priority project for the area.

Subsequent Study:D/D (EC loan)

*JICA study was changed due to the reasons as follows.

The reservoir site proposed by JICA narrows stagnant water layer, because its location is over stagnant water layer. Howard Hamfree Consultants (U.K.) is examining the plan to construct a dam at small sites of upper-stream. These sites enable the direct recharge even located over stagnant water layer. The cost is estimated 23 million JD.

Finance:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Request for finance of the project was submitted to Arab Fund for Social and Economic Development. No action has been taken since then.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

113mil.US\$ Arab fund

*Contents

Wala Dam, Tanur Dam, the conveyor, Irrigation Network

(4)Quatrana dam project

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

This project has not been implemented.

(5)Sultani dam project

The capacity of the dam is only 1.1MCM. Accumulated soil of the dam was removed several times since 1992. The dam site is at lower stream of big Phosphoric Mine and exhausted slag level is high and water quality is low. The dam keeps water for 3 or 4 months per year.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

No action has been taken since 1992.

(6)Siwaga dam project

Subsequent Study:1992 F/S (CIDA loan)

Consultant:Hydrosalt Company (Canada)

Finance:Own fund

Construction:1992~1993 Completed (by armed forces)

Situation: The capacity is 2.5MCM. This dam is Rockfill dam and there are concrete canals in both sides. Analysis in 1993 showed the improvement in water quality of stagnant water layer.

(7) Hamam irrigation project

The dam is not yet implemented.

(8)Quatrana irrigation project

This facility remains as experiment farm constructed in early 1970 by Ministry of Natural Resources. Beduin of the area cultivate the land Iha each. Feed grains and some commercial vegetables are grown at farm. Ministry of Agriculture still gives slight support for farm.

(9)Nukheila dam project

Water usage of the dam was stopped 18MCM out of 19MCM (total capacity), because of the promotion of bigger site development at the cross point of Kings Highway and Waji-Mujib lower-stream. This site has capacity of 25MCM and 8MCM out of total will be used for urban water supply. JICA initial survey estimated 7MCM at the same site. D/D was financed by EC loan and the cost was 1.6 million JD. A series of tests were implemented by Howard Homfree Consultants and the geological problem at alluvium of southern river was discovered. Therefore the construction cost of this site is estimated to be considerable high (63 million JD) because of the technical problem.

Consequently, the initial site, Nukheila, as proposed by JICA becomes desirable. Nukheila dam will be designed for the purpose of water supply to oil shale processing plant and the volume of 22MCM will be required, in case the oil shale exploitation plan becomes feasible. Lajun Plant plans to utilize 17MCM of storaged water and 5MCM of ground water. (FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Request for finance of the project was submitted to Arab Fund for Social and Economic Development. No action has been taken since then

(10)Khagra dam project

Subsequent Study:1990 F/S (CIDA loan)

Situation: While drill test was being conducted close to the JICA site, Ministry of Natural Resources stopped the development, because of high posibility of contamination by drainage from upper-stream, Lajun oil shale area. Oil shale exploitation has been stopped due to the financial problem. CIDA loan was transferred to Jordana dam at Jafr basin.

(11)Green belt

It is not implemented yet because of financial shortage.

Situation

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

ムジブ水系水利用計画

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Basic Study)

MEA JOR/S 502/89

1. COUNTRY		Jordan				
2. NAME OF STUDY		Water Resources of the Jafr Basin				
3. SF	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development				
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	Basic Study				
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT		Ministry of planning (MOP) in association with Water Authority of Jordan (WAJ) TUDY				
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.				
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jul.1988 ~ Mar.1990 20month(s) ~				
8. SITE OR AREA		Western Highland in Jafr Basin Upper Hasa Basin, Middle to West Jafr Basin				
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)				
1						

- Efficient use of ground water and of flood water by ground water recharge dams (6 potential sites) in Western Highland in Jafr Basin
- Potential wellfields of South Hasa & East Ma'an
- Deep sandstone aquifer development

エル・ジャファル水系地下水開発計画

MEA JOR/S 502/89

(Basic Study)

	In Progress or In Use	
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed	
	Discontinued	

Description:

(1)Ground Water RechargeDams (6 potential sites)

1-1.Jardaneh dam

Subsequent Study:D/D (loan from CIDA)

Consultant:Hydrosult (Canada)

Situation: This study was conducted because the Jardaneh area had been selected for alternative plan, since 2 detailed designs among 3 plans at Mujib Basin had been suspended due to ecological and financial problem. The study of Hydrosalt was re-conducted by local consultant.

Restudy:1992~1993 Review of D/D (Own fund)

Finance:Own fund

Construction:1996~1997 Being implemented

(Construction Trader:Al-Zeer)

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

1997/98 Completed

Main reasons that enabled the construction of dam:

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

- 1) the importance of new water resources development had been recognized with the decline of the competence of existing well
- 2) The increase of irrigation demand and livestock water demand
- 3) Government fund had been raised

1-2.Abusafat dam

The short-time-study had implemented by Hydrosalt, however, this site was not put in the list for detailed survey by dam bureau.

(2)Potential wellfields of South Hasa & East Ma'an

2-1.Hasa

Construction:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

7 new wells were drilled in south west Hasa for Tafila drinking supply in 1995.

2-2.East Ma'an

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

12 productive wells were drilled for the phosphate Co. in the east of Ma'an according to the study recommendation.

Utilization of the results

The National Water Master Plan was updated with EC assistance during 1991-1992.

Background:

Although Water Resources Development has been put high priority by related persons, some problems occured in Jafr Basin like deep well digging, comparatively low productivity, changeable water quality and recharge.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Except for Jardaneh Dam, no progress or new construction have been accomplished due to either lack of funds or water resources.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Due to the new drilling activities in the said area, it is suggested that the potential recharge dam sites should be revised and modified according to the new situation.

(3)Other situation

Jordan Phosphoric Company is digging 10 wells for production purpose and one for observation purpose at Shidiya. These wells have 21.9MCM/year of potential productivity. D/D was conducted by Howard Hambfree. Groundwater recharge dam will be necessary when the wells start to work.

Out of 5 test wells, 3 wells were digged by JICA and are being monitored every month by Hydrological Section of Jordan Water Dept.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Some of the above monitoring wells were destroyed by unknowns, and this needs fund for rehabilitation.

Project related:

The basic study has not yet been linked with any development project of this area. This is mainly because loan had not been received to construct deep aquifer and concrete dams (FY 1994 Overseas Survey). But related projects as follows are under implementation.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA JOR/A 302/90

1. COUNTRY		Jordan				
2. NAME OF STUDY		Agricultural Development for the Karak-Tafila Development Region				
3. SE	CCTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General				
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S				
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Regional Planning Department, Ministry of Planning (MOP) TUDY				
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.				
7. STUDY PERIOD		Sep.1989 ~ Aug.1990 11month(s) ~				
8. SITE OR AREA		Karak-Tafila Development Region				
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)				

The project area is one of the least developed areas in Jordan with no other industries than agriculture and government services industries. The area is under arid conditions with an annual average rainfall of about 200 mm. The rainfall has been very variale and unreliable causing frequent droughts to the agriculture. The present project is to develop and apply traditional rainwater utilization methods in large scale to agriculture to get stable crop production in three areas(Dhiban, Abyad ant Tafila).

Main project components:

1.Crop production scheme by water harvesting measures, checking dam and winter irrigation.

Fodder shrub production scheme.

Water harvesting
Winter irrigation
Check Dam
Rainfed Wheat
8,510ha
33.9ha
93ha
270ha

2.Fodder shrub production scheme 4,480ha

MEA JOR/A 302/90 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

IFAD Financed Project:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Project contains soil and water conservation, agricultural development, institutional reinforcement, WID and project management.

Finance:

Local 3,903,104 JD (Government budget)

Foreign 8,761,877 JD (IFAD)

*Contents

Civil work, establishment and rehabilitation of tree plantations, equipment and materials, training, water conservation, operating cost.

Implementation Period:

1996~2002

The priority is high in the National Development Plan, but they have technical and financial difficulties.

Background:

(FY 1994 Overseas Survey)

MOP considers the IRR of this project low. Thus, priority of this project is ranked low, compared with the tourism development whose IRR is expected high. However, in order to create employment and subsequently increase the income in rural area, it is an urgent need to adopt the rain-fed agriculture scheme. The fund must be secured for the project implementation.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Finance is requested for the project implementation. Although this F/S estimated 385,200JD for the project cost, we believe this amount is unrealistic due to the fact the cost of 1.0ha of range development is at least 200JD.

Related Projects:

The Ministry of Agriculture, the Ministry of Public Works and Housing and the Water Resources Agency have been implementing the development projects along Sarka River with the German loan. The pilot project covers 140ha of Waji-Karak in the northern part of Karak. The implemented projects are as follows:

*Construction of gabion in the Waji area

*Forestation to stabilize the bani and to prevent the further soil

erosion

*Installation of small scale ponds to prevent the further soil

erosion and to increase the agricultural productivity

*Renovation and construction of irrigation canals and construction of

rural road

More than 2km-long gabion has been constructed and the installation of the new irrigation system was commenced. The Ministry of Agriculture believes that this pilot project will show the effectiveness of Karak project.

*Refer to "Integrated Regional Development Master Plan for the Karak-Tafila Development Region (1987)".

Prospects for the remaining projects:

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The priority of the development policy has been changed, with giving higher priority to horticulture and conservation of the natural resources. Lack of financial sources has delayed some projects. Although the local government has acquired loan for some projects, those projects have not been implemented due to the land problem.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

Fodder shrub production scheme is not being implemented.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA JOR/S 103/95

г	JUN/S 103/93							
1. COUNTRY		Jorda						
2. NAME OF STUDY		Bracl	kish Groundwater D	esalination				
3. SECTOR		Socia	al Infrastructure		/ Water Resour	rces Developm	ent	
4. TYPE OF STUDY		M/P						
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		ГUDY	Ministry of Irriga	tion				
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY							
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Yach	iyo Engineering Co	., Ltd.				
7. S	TUDY PERIOD		Mar.1994 ~	Aug.1995	5 17month(s)			
8. SITE OR AREA 9. MAJOR PROPOSED P			nn Valley					
Jord	an Valley.							

地下汽水淡水化計画

MEA JOR/S 103/95 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

Subsequent studies:

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

In case of supplying water to Amman metropolitan area, the problem is to elevate and supply water from the bottom of Jordan Valley. USAID has commenced the feasibility study for the construction of the trunk lines and the condition for the desalination has been prepared gradually.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

Other than at the target area by the Study, a Study on the blackish water development has been proceeding at the Dead Sea coastal area and measures for the proposed area by the Study have become a long-term plan, because the water there had a lower salinity than that at the proposed area and had a better quality for the desalination. Meanwhile, the proposed water supply system facility was adopted

Implementation Period: May 2000 to Aug.2001

Type of Study: F/S

Implementing Agency: USAID

Difference from the proposal by JICA: The desalination process is done with the blackish water from the Dead Sea coastal area mixed with newly developed surface water.

* The USAID will provide the grant aid after the Study

Finance:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

1999 A request for a Japan's grant aid was submitted.

Amount of request: 7,000 mil. yen

*Contents: Construction of desalination plant(30mil. m3/year)

Construction of trunk line between desalination plant and national park pump station, to supply water for Greater Amman Area.

Background:

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

Jordan side submitted the request for Grant Aid after the completion of the Development Study, the request has not been accepted as there was competition with another project on river allocation.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

The Minister of Water and Irrigation notified the Ministry of Planning on Oct.9.1995 that the ground water desalination project has now fourth priority in the Japanese aid programs.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

This project is listed to request grant aid assistance.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The outputs of the study have been utilized for elaboration of water strategy and the Capital Investment Program (1997~2011), and for re-assessment of the Demand-Supply Table.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

It was planned to be implemented with Japan's grant aid assistance. However, it has become possible to conduct water from Israel due to the peace agreement of Israel and Jordan. Therefore, this project is given lower priority by Jordan government and has not been implemented.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

This survey was practically used in water resources development project and capital investment project in Jordan (1997-2011). It is also utilized in evaluating water demand.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Due to the scarcity of water available in Jordan, the proposed project is considered as first priority project in the coming five years Emergency Plan.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

The nationwide survey on the water resource management in Jordan has been proceeding and the proposed project was scheduled as the mid-long term plan among the survey.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

Although the construction of the desalination treatment plant proposed in the study has been planned to conduct B/D with the Yen Grant Aid in the past, implementation has continuous been delayed. On the other hand, consideration to implement the project with the US aid has not been implemented which was planned within the Ministry of Irrigation.

Desalination is the last water resource available in Jordan as revealed in the master plan. Therefore, realisation of the project would occur in the near future considering water demands in Amman.

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Study: Abu Zeighan" Deir Alla (Abu-Ezzeighan) desalination plan

Implementation period: 3 years from 2002

Implementing party: Ministry of Irrigation

Objectives: To supply 1,500 to 2,500 cubic metres per hour.

Funding: Own funding: 5.11 million JOD

Details: 1) Freshwater processing facilities - 3.2 million 2) Water conveyance pipes - 1.08 million, 3) Water supply point - 0.23 million, 4) Well - 0.60 mil

Progress: 100% (operated since 2004)

Benefits:

Beneficiaries: Greater Amman city

Benefits: 10 % of water was supplied to the Amman city.

Others

Although USAID has initiated Zara Ma' water supply project in the southern part of JICA project area, the project aims to supply water to Greater Amman. Meeting local demand is requisite for JICA project. However, both USAID and JICA has not yet satisfied the objective. In addition, utilisation of water supply pipe for environmental protection as an additional proposal made in the study has not been included in Abu-Exxeihan project.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA JOR/S 201/95

1. COUNTRY		Jordan				
2. NAME OF STUDY		Improvement Plan of the Aqaba				
3. SE	CTOR	Transportation / Port				
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S				
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Aqaba Port Public Corporation TUDY				
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
		The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI)				
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Ocean Consultant Japan Co., Ltd.				
		Pasco International Inc.				
7. STUDY PERIOD		Nov.1994 ~ Jan.1996 14month(s) ~				
8. SITE OR AREA		Aqaba port				
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)				

- 1)Deepening work and extension/expansion of conveyor at Grain wharf.
- 2)Extension of wharf and yard improvement work at Container Port.
 3)Construction of new bridge and deepening/extension work of existing wharf at industry area.

アカバ港改善計画

MEA JOR/S 201/95 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1)Deepening work and extension / expansion of conveyor at Grain wharf

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Reason for Cancellation:

Ministry of Supply stopped to import grain. As a result, the present facility is able to handle requirement.

Construction:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Wharf No.1: Deepning was done to increase to 11m in order to enable ships of 70,000DWT to discharge comfortably.

Wharf No.4: Deepening was done to increase to 12.5m in order to enable ships of 53,000DWT to discharge safely.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

No major works have taken place with regard to the extension of the conveyor system or the deepening of the wharf.

(2)Extension of wharf and yard improvement work at Container Port

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

The Ports Corporation is now preparing specs for purchasing new gantry clane.

Reason for Delay:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Financial problem.

Situation:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

The Ministry is now considering the proposed projects to implement the expansion of wharf and yard.

In order to improve the capacity of containers port, 6 straddle carriers were bought and will be delivered by April 2000. One panamax Gantry Crane will be in operations by Feb. 2000. Construction:

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

- 1. A third Grance was purchased and put into operation in April 2001.
- $2. \ Six \ straddle \ carriers \ were \ also \ purchased \ and \ put \ into \ operation \ in \ June \ 2002.$
- 3. The highway crossing the terminal will be removed as an alternative road is being constructed and is expected to be opened for traffic by Sep. 2002.

(3)Construction of new bridge and deepening / extension work of existing wharf at industry area

1.New Industrial Jetty / Wadi 2.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Finance:

Private fund

Oct.1997 European Investment Bank L/A 60mil. US\$

*Contents of loan: Civil work, handling equipment

Difference with JICA's proposal: 2 berths (475.75m x 25.5m)

Construction

Mid1998~Mid2000

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Implementing

Contractor/ Hyundai Constructions Company

2.Extension of Industrial Berth

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Studies:

D/D was implemented.(R.P.T (British) awarded)

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

This project was cancelled.

Remaining Project:

Extension/ Operation Berth No.2

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

1) A grain quay, deepening depth of water, extension of conveyor

To increase an capacity of vessels, Ministry of Supply changed an ageing side of ships without dragging sea bottom.

2) A container port area, extension and yards improvement

Yard extension work I and II were implemented by ADC (Akaba Development Company), scheduled for 2days.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA JOR/S 202/95

1. COUNTRY		Jordan				
2. NAME OF STUDY		Tourism Development Plan				
3. SE	CCTOR	Tourism / (Tourism in) General				
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S				
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT		Ministry of Tourism TUDY				
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. PADECO Co,. Ltd.				
7. STUDY PERIOD		Nov.1994 ~ Mar.1996 16month(s) ~				
8. SITE OR AREA		Throughout the country				
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)				

- 1) Amman Downtown Tourism Zone
 - -Coar Facility Formation of Jordan Tourism
- 2) National Museum
 - -Establishment of National Museum with international-level
- 3) Karak Tourism Development
 - -Level-up of Karak tourism facility
- 4) Salt Historical Area Rehabilitation Project
 - -Creation of new tourism projects
- 5) Dead Sea Observation Platform Complex
 - -Services for tourism subject, facility, amenities at Dead Sea
- 6) Dead Sea-Madaba Parkway (Excursion Route Servicing)

観光開発計画

MEA JOR/S 202/95 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

6 proposed projects of Jordan Tourism Study are being promoted in order to be accepted as set-plan of tourism item. Set implementation is proposed to display mutual effect considering the oil resources in Jordan, avoiding to implement each small-scale project. At present, follow-up study is being carried out to link as OECF loan project. (FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

Subsequent Study:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Upon the request of the Government of Jordan, the Japanese government decided to dispatch an OECF SAPROF team in Jan.1997.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

It is possible that OECF appraisal mission will be dispatched around January to March, 1998. (for sector loan of approx. 10 bil.yen)

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

SAPROF was carried out in Jan.~Mar.1997. The implementation of the project is scheduled in the middle of 1998~2003.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

JICA is conducting D/D on the proposed project "National Museum" in collaboration with OECF (Apr.1999 - Mar.2000). Then, the proposed projects will be started around 2000 by Japan's ODA Loan.

Finance:

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

2 Dec.1999 L/A 7,199mil.yen

*Contents: 1) Amman Downtown Tourism Zone: National Museam at Ras Al-Ain, Renovating Raghadan Bus Terminal, Developing tourism street(King Talal St.), Developing trails between Roman Theatre, 2) Tourism Development of Karak Downtown and adjecant areas, and Karak citadel, 3) Tourism Development of Salt Downtown and adjecant areas, and Salt citadel, 4) Construction of Dead Sea PKWY to link Dead Sea Coast(Suweimeh-Zara) and Maadaba-Maain road, 5) Construction of Dead Sea Panoramic Complex

Construction:

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

1) Amman Downtown Tourism Zone.

Period: 18 months.

Contents: 1. Tourist Street for King Talal St., and Visitor Center. 2. Lookouts (Central Lookout, Al-Hojhinis, and Citadel Lookouts). 3. Stairways.

Situation of progress: 1. Contractor mobilized in Oct. 2001. Survey work is in progress. 2. Construction of Visitors Center starts in Dec. 2001. 3. Construction of first segment of King Talal St. starts in Dec. 2001.

Perspective for remaining works: 1. Tourist St. work will be carried out in segments in coordination with traffic police/employer.

2. All works will be carried out according to work programe.

2) Tourism Development of Karak Downtown and Adjacent Areas and Karak Citadel.

Period: 16 months

Contents: 1. Castle Museum/pathways. 2. King Hussein (Tourist St.) 3. Visitors Center/Busways 4. Observation Points (2 locations: Upper/Lower).

Situation of progress: 1. Contractor mobilized in Oct. 2001. Survey work is in progress. 2. Construction of Visitors Center starts in Dec. 2001. 3. Construction of Tourist St. starts in Nov. 2001. Perspective for remaining works: 1. Tourist works will be carried out in segments in coordination with traffic police/employer.

2. All works will be carried out according to work programe.

3) Tourism Development of Salt Downtown and Adjacent Areas and Salt Citadel

Period: 18 months

Contents: 1. Abu Jaber Building 2. Four Lookouts / Four public areas. 3. Trails for Tourist.

Situation of progress: 1. Awaiting Salt municipality's response to documents/drawings. 2. Expropriation of Abu Jaber Building has not been completed yet. 3. Expropriation of land for Lookouts has not been completed yet.

4) Dead Sea PKWY to link Dead Sea Coast and Maadaba-Maain road

Period: 24 months. Contents: Road/Bridges.

Situation of progress: Awaiting JBIC's concurrence for pre-qualification to proceed.

5) Dead Sea Panoramic Complex

Period: 18 months.

 $Contents: \ Building \ works \ for \ Museum, \ Restaurant, \ Conference \ Hall, \ and \ Lookouts.$

Situation of progress: Awaiting MPWH to send letters to invited tenderers to purchase documents.

6) Ragadan Amman Bus Terminal

Period: 24months.

Contents: Building, Landscaping, Dikes, and Bridges.

Situation of progress: Waiting for JBIC's approval for Pre-appraisal document.

7) National Museum:

Period: 24 months

Situation of progress: The projects cannot progress unless the government completes the operation and management system of the road for the National Museum.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

1) Amman Downtown Tourism Zone: component which has not been completed is now in article placement phase and is planned to be completed in December, 2005.

2) Karak Tourism Development: Completed in 2004-03

3) Salt tourism development 2004-06 2006-06 (67%)

4) Dead Sea-Madaba Parkway (Excursion Route Servicing) 2003-03 2005-11 (progress: 98)

5) Dead Sea Observation Platform Complex: Completed 2004-04

7) National Museum: 2005-02-15 2007-02 (progress: 20%)

観光開発計画

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

MEA JOR/S 311/96

1. CO	DUNTRY	Jordan
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Improvement of Water Supply System for the Zarga District
3. SECTOR Public Utilities / Water Supply		
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Water Atuthority of Jordan (WAJ) TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Tokyo Engineering Consultants Co., Ltd.
7. ST	UDY PERIOD	Oct.1994 ~ Aug.1996 22month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Zarga district, Jordan
9. M	9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)	

- 1. Utilization of abandoned existing wells
- Setting up of Zoning
 Improvement of Pumping Station and conveyance Pipe
- Improvement of Distribution Pipe
- Leakage Detection
- 2. Leakage Detection
- Utilization of abandoned wells
- Setting up of zoning

[Imp. Period]

- 1. 1997~2015
- 2. 1997~2005

ザルカ地区上水道施設改善計画調査

MEA JOR/S 311/96 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
PRESENT STATUS	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description:		

(FY 1997 and 1998 Domestic Survey)(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Financial state of the WAJ is constantly in deficit, which rely external funds for project implementation.

The government of Jordan is suspending a grant-aid request once considered because the higher priority project, namely Zai expansion project being considered as a grant-aid project. This Zai Project will be completed by November 2001.

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

A JICA expert for leakage detection was dispatched to WAJ in April 1999.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Request for Japan's grant aid (2,500 million JPY) was submitted in September 1999.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

The amount of Yen Grant requested is 2,300 million JPY.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey) 2001/Nov-2002/Mar B/D(JICA)

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

12 Sep.2002 E/N 968 mil.yen (Project for Improvement of the EaterSupply System to Zarqa District 1/2)

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

Construction period: 2003/Mar-2004/Mar

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (D/D)

MEA JOR/S 403/00

Jordan	
The Detailed Design Study of the Tourism Sector Development Project in the Hashmite Kingdom of Jordan	
Tourism / (Tourism in) General	
D/D	
Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities TUDY	
Pacific Consultants International (PCI)	
Mar.1999 ~ Aug.2000 17month(s) ~	
City of Amman, Dead Sea Coastal Area (City of Madaba), City of Karak, City of Salt.	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- 1. Amman Downtown Tourism Zone (Project Cost: 2,438 thousand USD, Construction Period: 2001/Oct-2003/Mar) Tourist Street (1,700m) Tourist Trails (2.5km), View Terraces, Downtown Visitor Center (46.5m2 floor area)
- Raghadan Bus Terminal (Project Cost: 11,791,000US\$, Construction Period: Aug.2002~Oct.2004)
 Bus Terminal (23,437m2), Tourist Deck (8,230m2), Corner Towers (2,297.86m2)
- 3. National Museum (Project Cost: 17,743,000US\$, Construction Period: Oct.2002~Oct.2004) Exhibition (3,200m2), Collection Management (2,320m2), Visitor's Services (1,150m2)
- 4. Dead Sea Parkway (Project Cost: 12,369,000, Construction Period: Jul.2002~Jul.2004)
 - Parkway (11.6km), Bridges (Wadi El Asal Bridge / Wadi Hammara Bridge), Intersections, Road side facility at panoramic area (2,500m2).
- Dead Sea Panoramic Complex (Project Cost: 4,718,000 US\$, Construction Period: Apr.2002~Oct.2003)
 Panoramic Terraces (1,249m2), Access road (7,494m2), Central Garden (675m2), Main Building (floor area: 1,388m2), Restaurant (floor area: 626m2)
- Karak Tourism Development (Project Cost: 2,438,000 US\$, Construction Period: Oct.2001~Mar.2003)
 Castle Museum (485m2), Castle Pathway (1.35km), Observation Points (Lower/Upper), Tourist Street (8,900m2), Visitor Center
- Historic Old Salt Development (Project Cost: 4,254,000 US\$, Construction Period: Jun.2002~Nov.2003)
 Historic Old Salt Museum and Visitor Center (Floor area 1,242m2), Tourist trails (7,000m), Lookouts (4 places), Public Space (4 places)

観光施設建設事業実施設計計画調査

JOR/S 403/00 (\mathbf{D}/\mathbf{D}) **MEA**

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent project: Tourism sector development project

Funding:

Funding party: Yen Loan (E/N concluded: 1999/Dec/2)

Amount: 7.199 million JPY

Content:

The project consists of 6 sub-projects.

- 1. Dead Sea Parkway Development (2003/Mar 2005/Mar)
- 2. Historic Old Salt Development (2004/Feb 2005/Oct)
- 3. National Museum construction (2004/Feb 2006/Mar)
- 4. Amman Downtown Tourism Zone Development (2001/Nov 2004/Mar)
- 4.1. Raghandan Bus Terminal development (2003/Aug 2005/Aug)
- 5. Dead Sea Panoramic Complex construction (2004/Mar)
- 6. Karak Tourism Development (2001/Nov 2004/Feb)

Benefit:

Tourism development is regarded as one of the most important political tasks for the Jordan government because the tourism infrastracture development will contribute to the country's economic stability.

Situation

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

2000/May/25: The government of Jordan put the agreement into force, which decided to implement the project.

2001/Jan/28: Pacigic Consaltant International (PCI) has been employed by the Ministry of Puublic Works and Housing as a Project Management Consultant (PMC).

2001/Mar: PCI opened their office in Ammam and commenced consulting services.

Weekly meetings have been arranged every Saturday morning for PMU, MPWH, GAM and PMC to confirm the progress of the Project and to discuss issues to be solved.

PMC have been reviewing and revising the draft tender documents prepared by the JICA Study Team in coordination with the Implementing Agencies to proceed tendering process. (FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

Preparation for an executive training project in four main projects (Site management, museum management, environmental conservation, and promotion) is in progress

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

As a commissioned JBIC study, short-term experts for museums were dispatched progressing discussions on museum management organisation and on exhibition concept. Counterpart government has requested technical transfer to JICA for future independence of financing and technology.

(FY 2005 Domestic/Overseas Survey)

Seminars on the project design, and display concepts were held before the Board of Trustees of the national museum and Queen Rania and Princes Sumaya, which have asked for additional inputs to future BOT. Selection of a director of the museum is required.

Progress

1. Dead Sea Parkway Development

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey) Preparing for tender.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey) 15.17 % (FY 2004 Overseas Survey) 72.35 %

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) 97.04 %

2. Historic Old Salt Development

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey) Preparing for tender.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey) 4.25 %

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey) 8.04 %

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) 62.80 %

3. National Museum construction

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey) Preparing for tender

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) 16.65 %

4. Amman Downtown Tourism Zone Development

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey) mid 2001/Nov Construction started.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey) 63.39 % (FY 2004 Overseas Survey) 63.39 %

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) 95.87 %

4.1. Raghandan Bus Terminal development

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey) Preparing for tender.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey) 50.28 %

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) 81.83 %

5. Dead Sea Panoramic Complex construction

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey) Preparing for tender

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey) 67.50 %

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey) 100 % completed

6. Karak Tourism Development

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey) mid 2001/Nov Construction started

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey) 93.06 %

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey) 100 % completed

Technical Cooperation:

Training: JICA Study on Museums seminars - the end January 20005 - the beginning March

Dispatch of experts:

Local based activities in Museums, total of 3 long term-experts were dispatched in August 2005. 2 short-term experts were dispatched twice in October 2005 and December 2005. The short term experts guided about the documentation of collections and educational activities

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA JOR/S 601/03

1. C	OUNTRY	Jordan	
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Study on Digital Self-learning Material Development in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan	
3. SI	ECTOR	Human Resources Development / Education	
4. TYPE OF STUDY M/P		M/P	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		Ministry of Education TUDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	PADECO Co,. Ltd.	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Apr.2002 ~ Jul.2003 15month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA		Direct beneficiaries (as a counterpart): material development section in the government, well-experienced teachers. Indirect beneficiaries: teachers and students in each school, specialists in each local educational committee, staff members in the Ministry of Education	
I .			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

To develop digital learning materials and to utilize information technology (IT) for education, a great deal of cost and work force are necessary. For effectively using limited resources, it is needed to plan and implement appropriate short- and long-term programs, as well as to invest in the most effective and efficient sector. Furthermore, it takes a long period of time to develop digital learning materials, which also requires continuous improvement and maintenance after development. Therefore, it is necessary to consider measures to improve conventional classes at school as well and to include following elements into the development planning premised on that;

- students use digital learning materials at computer classes
- a few computers are used in each class
- teachers use printed learning materials for the computer classes

To promote the project, it is necessary to formulate a short-term plan for one or two fiscal year(s), similar to the one conducted during the study, under a long-term master plan for the period of 3-5 years. Such plan needs to be concrete and feasible, consisting of training for teachers, development of learning materials, conducting pilot projects, evaluation, and others.

デジタル教材開発調査

EA JOR/S 601/03	$(\mathbf{M/P})$
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Description:	
(FY 2004 Domestic Survey) No information to be specifically mentioned.	
(FY 2005 Overseas Survey) The Ministry of Education has conducted a su	rvey on effectiveness of digital education material to students results and attitudes, and effect to efficiency of teaching methods.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA LBN/S 216/01

1. COUNTRY	Lebanon	
2. NAME OF STUD	The Study of Environmental Friendly Integrated Transportation Plan for Greater Tripoli	
3. SECTOR	Transportation / Urban Transportation	
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S	
5. COUNTERPA AGENCY AT THE TIM DEVELOPMI	E OF	
PRESENT COUNTERPA AGENCY	RT	
6. CONSULTANT(S	Katahira & Engineers International	
7. STUDY PERIOD	Sep.2000 ~ Nov.2001 14month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA	Greater Tripoli Area	
9. MAJOR PROPO	SED PROJECT(S)	

- 1) Road Network Development (Road and Grade Separation),
- Public Transport (Bus and Taxi),
 Traffic Management (Signals, Parking, Marking and Pedestrians)
- 4) Education and Enforcement.

- 1) Tripoli Boulevard Underpass
- 2) Transport Management3) Behsass Transport Center

大トリポリ都市圏交通計画調査

MEA LBN/S 216/01 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

Lebanon Government is willing to undertake the steps required to start the Tripoli Boulevard Underpass and Transport Management in Central Tripoli projects. JBIC loan seems to be appreciated in this regard especially for the underpass project.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

For implementing the proposed projects under the Study, funds to be allocated can be obtained from national budget and loans from international institutions. CDR has requested JICA to assist in the detailed engineering feasibility of the tunnel project by means of a technical assistance and is waiting JICA's response.

(EV 2002 Oversoos Survey)

CDR has requested JICA to assist in detailed engineering dessign for the Toripoli West Ring ROAD by means of technical assistance. And Financing of the construvtion of the TWRR is proposed to EIB.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No plans for an implementation of the proposed project.

(FY 2004 Overseas Suevey)

1. Finance

- 1) D/D for the Tripoli Boulevard under-pass: Funds has still not been for the study and the project.
- 2) TWRR: EIB is planned to assist 2.5 million EUR.
- 3) Western Tripoli Pan Arab Highway: ISDB is to assist the fund.

2. Other Progress:

Tripoi city has started a street toll parking, using parking metres.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA LBN/S 101/03

1. COUNTRY	Lebanon	
2. NAME OF STUDY	Study on Water Resources Management Master Plan in the Republic of Lebanon	
3. SECTOR	Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development	
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT ST	STUDY	
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	Ministry of Energy and Water	
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc. Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.	
7. STUDY PERIOD	Jun.2002 ~ Aug.2003 15month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA		

水資源管理計画調査

LBN/S 101/03 **MEA** (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(2004 Domestic/Overseas Survey)

When the submission of IT/R, it was discontinued. Proposal from Lebanon side is "the model is based on inappropriate data, enough identification is not done. Therefore, result is inappropriate, they are not accepted". For the Lebanon side, they were afraid the current inappropriate figures to be publicized (been reported). Lebanon's forthcoming responses are considered to be two points below.

- 1. Changing S/W contents, study group would spend a few years to maintenance and measure under water, identifying it based on this data, after making sure of the result is trustable, drawing up a master plan.
- 2. Changing the contents of S/W, this study only to make database and model, when the data is maintenanced in the following project (maintenance of hydrological measurement line), then this

Above requires a wide range of changes, it is not considered to be the issue to be handled by the study group. However, according to the Lebanon ambassador to Japan, if Lebanon side and study group would be both consented, it would be the expedient to collect along the previously described line 2. In other word, the current situation has been changed when S/W has been taking place, this study has reached its most of first targets, change S/W along this line, it was agreed although study group had no rights, this study would conclude. Later on, while the study group responses

to the comments to IT/R, amend where its applicable, endeavor to collect necessary documents for phase 2 work. However, Lebanon side's intention was not a simple technical part, but they were not eager to accept the analysis which was based on contained un-trustable yet inadequate data, either these data not to be reported, it was not certainly a technical problems, it was to do with their sensitivity regarding the water problem, was rather based on political judgment, therefore, this problem would no be the case to be solved with further technical discussion. Accordingly, there were no response for the requested documents, it was considered that it was impossible to continue further and unnecessary, after the discussion with the embassy, it was assumed that the study to be discontinued.
Finally, Japanese side agreed that 1. Discontinuing the study in the middle stage, 2. As a result of the study, quantity of water resource, study result of possible quantity of water resource development, deleting discussed water resource management strategy and scenario, 3. GIS database, DBM model as a system, SSM model as a system, 4. It was agreed as: the study result was closed for the public, only one original report was submitted to the Lebanon side, importance of continuous developing human resources in the water management fields, seminars within Lebanon, and Japan, supporting, studying, implementation, management of moisture, measurement of water network - all Lebanon side's demands to be reported to the head quarter. However, Japanese side has been claiming that the reason for the Lebanon side did not accept IT/R contents was not inadequacy of data, but according to the Lebanon side's internal circumstances and also the reason for report to be not open to the public - were all not only acknowledged by the Lebanon government, but also the internal circumstances within Lebanon.
(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)
No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA LBN/S 201/03

2/1	LD11/03 201/03								
1. C	OUNTRY	Lebano	on						
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study on the Integrated Tourism Development Plan							
3. SI	ECTOR	Touris	sm / (Tourism in) General						
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S							
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY	Ministry of Tourism						
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY								
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)		ECO Co., Ltd. International Inc.						
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD		May.2003 ~ Mar.2004 11month(s) ~						
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Niha Eco-Village Develpment and Site Management Pilot Project, Aanjar Site Management and Village Tourism Project Qadisha Cedars Management Project, Crown Village Destination Project							

観光開発計画

MEA LBN/S 201/03 (M/P+F/S)

EA LDIV/S 201/05	(M/1 TF/S)	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
		C
DDDGGDVIII GID 1 TOTA	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		
(FY 2004 Domestic Survey) The Ministry of Tourism and the Developme	ent and Rehabilitation Agency of Lebanon have jointly requeste e of local embassy and JICA is currently unknown.	ed JICA for a dispatch of experts, who is to function as a secretariat of PIU and to
(FY 2005 Domestic Survey) Implementation of the plan is prospected to l	be proceeded by USAID.	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

M

FΛ	MAR/S 301/84			(278)		
	OUNTRY	Morocco				
	AME OF STUDY		port Construction P	Project		
3. SI	ECTOR	Transporta	ation	/ Air Transportation & Airport		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S				
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		Steering Committee of Administration of AIr Bureau			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Ko	oei Co., Ltd.			
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	No	ov.1983 ~ J	Jun.1984 7month(s)		
8. SI	TE OR AREA		Nador Provinc	nce		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED	PROJECT(S)				
Apr	way ninal Building					

ナドール新空港建設計画

MEA MAR/S 301/84 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Finance:

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

The Government is in negotiation with the financial institutes for the project implementation.

Detail

Some claim that if the territory, where the Melilla Airport is located, were returned by Spain to Morocco, no new airport would be needed.

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

This project is still integrated into the National Development Plan. The Government is willing to implement it at any time when the political and the economical conditions are stabilized.

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

The land acquision has been in progress. If higher priority is given to the project, it is likely to be implemented.

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

There is a perspective that this project may be commenced once the projects on the Airports of Agadir and Casabranca are finished. However, no step has been taken for the project implementation, so far.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

There has not been any request from Government of Morocco.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The proposed project was incorporated twice in the national development plan after the survey. The development of Nador Province is seriously considered still, but the priority of constructing airport is becoming lower.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

M

						(F /	3)						
EA MAR	/A 301/86												
1. COUNTR	Y	Morocco)										
2. NAME OI	STUDY	The Oujo	da Province (Groun	ndwate	er/ Rura	l Deve	lopme	ent Pro	ject			
3. SECTOR		Agricultu	ıre			/	(Agric	culture	e in) G	eneral			
4. TYPE OF	STUDY	F/S											
AGENO AT TH	TERPART CY E TIME OF LOPMENT S		Ainestere de	l'Agri	cultur	e et de	la Refo	orme A	Agrair	е			
PRESE COUN AGEN	TERPART												
		Nippon (Giken Inc.										
6. CONSULT	TANT(S)	Chuo Ka	ihatsu Corpo	oratior	n								
		Sanyu Co	onsultants In	iC.									
7. STUDY P	ERIOD	J	Jan.1986	~	Sep	.1986 8	3month	(s)					
Entire Plan Well construc Pump Station	s 52 loc	ects ecations 2 eations 2	23 locations 3 locations										
Storage tanks Communal sp domestic wat	igots for	ocations 1	18 locations										
livestock wat Irrigated area		ocations 2 070 ha	21 locations 65 ha										
*The Cost 1)	pertains to the	total plan ai	nd the Cost 2)	pertain	ns only	y to the t	urgent a	ction _J	plan.				

ウジュダ州地下水/農村開発計画

MEA MAR/A 301/86 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Studies:

Apr.~May.1987 B/D Consulting Firm / Nippon Giken, Inc.

Oct.1987 Grant Aid E/N 677 mil.Yen

Construction and the Donation of Machinery:

1988~1989 Seven pumping stations were constructed. The boring have been conducted at other six places. The donated equipment are utilized for boring in another region. (FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

1993~1998 The boring has been conducted at 36 places.

13,000 residents in Oujda have been benefited.

The Moroccan government digged up 55 wells with the provided machinery. As a result, 30,000 people have now an access to clean potable water.

Detail:

(FY 1993 Domestic Survey)

Boring operation has been suspended since June 1993 because the equipment granted by the Japanese government has been out of order. The request for the additional assistance was made to procure parts for repair.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

No additional information on remaining project. Ministry of Public Works is digging wells with own fund, based on this F/S and B/D conducted with Japanese assistance.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The local residents will bear the management and its expense of the source of the water supply under the support of state government, but its implementation is in difficulty as most of the residents live a nomadic life.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA MAR/S 302/87

1. CO	OUNTRY	Morocco					
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Development Project of the Elevated Type Urban Transport System in Casablanca					
3. SE	ECTOR	Transportation / Railway					
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S					
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Department of the Interior FUDY					
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY						
		Japan Railway Technical Service (JARTS)					
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Tonichi Engineering Consultants, Inc.					
		Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.					
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Oct.1985 ~ Jul.1987 21month(s) ~					
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Casablanca					
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	ROJECT(S)					
TEL:		- t fG ti i - G blan d t b d b b b					

This project aims to alleviate traffic congestion in Casablanca and promote urban development of the city in future. A F/S was then conducted on a plan of constructing an urban high-speed railway that uses viaduct structure for its major portions. In the study, passenger transport demand (target year, 2005) was estimated for the railway between the city center and Sidi Moumne, taking into consideration the actual situation of transport and the Master Plan on urban development. Alternative plans were drawn up in terms of transport systems, type of construction(underground semi-underground, ground level, elevated railway), and routes. In view of the local situation and based on the results of the demand forecast, approximate costs of construction for the alternatives were estimated, and these alternatives were compared from technical and economic standpoints, resulting in the selection of optimum transport systems and routes.

New railway construction(Double track) 15.2km

Track and structures: underground section 7.0km, ground level section 2.2km, elevated section 6.0km, Stations: 17 stations(including station plazas and connection facilities), Electric facilities: substations contact wires, power distribution, signalling, and telecommunications facilities, etc. Rolling stock and rolling stock workshop: 64 electric railcars, building of rolling stock bases, and mechanical facilities.

カサブランカ新高架交通システム建設計画

MEA MAR/S 302/87 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

After completion of the F/S, the project was suspended and its future prospects are not clear. According to recent information, the government of Morocco seems to have a strong desire to implement this project with the financial cooperation of both Japan and France.

The mass railway transit proposed by the study was included in the master plan of urban transport in Casablanca. Before the implemention of this project, the government gives first priority to the increase of the bus fleet and the second priority to the improvement of the existing railway. The new MRT will be implemented after these priorities are completed.

The Government of Morocco is considering a F/S on the improvement of the existing conventional railway in Casablanca (2nd priority).

Additional information is unavailable. (as of Mar.1993)

(FY 1992 Overseas Survey)

Waiting for the answer.

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

Compared the time when this F/S was carried out, the situation of Casablanca was greatly changed. So a total study on the transportation sector should be done and a French consultant will be appointed.

So this feasibility study done by JICA should be renewed on the basis of it.

Totally saying, difficulties on financial resources must be settled.

(FY 1994 Domestic Survey)(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

No additional information.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The proposed plan is included in the urban development project of Casablanca and will be implemented in the future. However, comprehensive survey on the transportation fields needs to be done according to the dramatic change of Casablanca city.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA MAR/S 201B/89

1. CO	OUNTRY	Morocco				
2. NAME OF STUDY		Rheris River Basin Small and Medium Scale Dam Construction Project				
3. SE	CCTOR	Social Infrastructure / River & Erosion Control				
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S				
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Direction Generale de L'administration de L'hydraulique TUDY				
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Sanyu Consultants Inc.				
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Dec.1988 ~ Mar.1990 15month(s) ~				
8. SITE OR AREA		<m p=""> Rheris River Basin (C.A. 14,500 sq.m) <f s=""> Rheris Valley in Errachidia province</f></m>				
9. M.	AJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)				

<M/P>

The study area has little precipitation of 250-100 mm/year, and flood water is not fully utilized due to poor water conservation capacity of the area and less water regulating facilities. Out of 32 studied dams, three dams were selected for further study. Those dams will have functions to store flood water and to recharge groundwater of downstream reaches.

<F/S>

As a result of the study on present water use, potential of water resources to be developed, and on future water demand, etc., sixteen areas were finally selected as promising damsites. Of the above sixteen, three sites of Timkit, Oukhit and Oulhou were selected for feasibility study in view of urgency.

レリス盆地ダム建設計画

MEA MAR/S 201B/89 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Three dam sites are assigned as high priority due to poor water conservation capacity of the area. These dam projects are expected to meet the water demand. The project, therefore, is highly recognized in the development plan of water resources.

(1)Timkit (medium size)

Subsequent Studies:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

D/D has been implemented with own fund (970,000DH)

Consulting firm/Counseil Ingenierie et Developpment

Finance:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

FY 1998/1999 budget 156 mil DH

Construction:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Jul.1998~Jun.2000 implemented

(2)Oukhit (small size)

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Studies:

Jul.1992 D/D completed (Own fund 89,000DH)

Consultiong firm/ Hydro-Technica Maroc

Difference with JICA Proposal:

The material to cover the upperstream of the dam is changed from stone to earth.

(3)Oulhou (small size)

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Studies:

Jan.1994 D/D completed (Own fund 143,000DH)

Consulting firm/Hydro-Technica Maroc

Difference with JICA Proposal:

The material to cover the upperstream of the dam is changed from stone to earth.

(4)Related project

Study on Tadighoust dam (medium size) is being carried out with the government fund.

Situation

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

The JICA follow-up study on three dams have been conducted. The project implementation depends on the availability of fund.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Procurement of funds for construciton of Oulhou dam and Oukhit dam is needed.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Basic Study)

MEA MAR/S 501/90

1. COUNTRY		Morocco
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Topographic Mapping
3. SI	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / Survey & Mapping
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	Basic Study
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	DCFTT UDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)		International Engineering Consultants Association Aero Asahi Corporation
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Oct.1988 ~ Mar.1991 29month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		The coastal area of Atlantic Ocean(8500 sq.km)
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	OJECT(S)

1. Aerial Photography : Scale: 1/40000 ; Area : 8500 sq.km

2. National Base Mapping:

Scale: 1/25000; Area: 8500 sq.km; No. of Sheet: 57 sheets The base maps of scale 1:25,000 are the first of this scale in Morocco.

国土基本図作成

MEA MAR/S 501/90 (Basic Study)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

In Oct. 1991, DCFTT held a JICA-sponsored seminar on the national base maps prepared by the present study. DCFTT sells the maps to be used for regional development planning. (FY1991 Overseas Survey)

DCFTT considers that the maps prepared by the present study constitute basic and indispensable assets for planning any type of physical development efforts in the country. (FY1993 Overseas Survey)

The government of Morocco intends to use a scale map of 1/25,000 as a new standard instead of the existing one the scale of 1/50,000.

Now maps of Tanjier, and Mekne's are in process of drawing.

Utilization of Products:

- 1) Based on the products of the Study, ACFCC
- 1. produced a new map in the scale of 1/25,000 of Northern part of Doccara.
- 2. made a collection on the map in the scale of 1/50,000 produced by IGN.
- 2) The produced maps have been on high demand among various research institutes and ministries. In particular, they played an important role in various projects initiated by the Agriculture Development Agency.
- 3) The produced map has been utilized as the reference in implementing the OECF-financed project, Doccara Irrigation Project.

Condition of production maintenance:

The produced maps have been well maintained.

Proposals for Further Study:

The current situation of ACFCC in 1995 -

- 1. Need to update the maps in the scale of 1/50,000 and 1/10,000.
- Need to produce a map in the scale of 1/25,000 of areas where the concentration of the population and the rapid population growth are observed (especially Metropolitan areas).
- 3. Need to produce digital data with GIS which can be offered to users.

Considering these factors, ACFCC has been examining the project to improve the existing maps. JICA is required to strengthen the capability of ACFCC and to implement a new technical cooperation project.

MEA MAR/A 101/92

1. COUNTRY		Morocco			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Ouergha River Basin Irrigated Agricultural Development Project			
3. SF	ECTOR	Agriculture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation			
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT		Ministry of Interior, Ministry of Agriculture and Agriculture Reforme, Ministy of Public Works TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Nippon Giken Inc. Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd.			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Feb.1991 ~ Nov.1992 21month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		Ouergha river basin in central Morocco			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)			

The Study Area is Ouergha river basin at 6,153 sqkm upstream of Sebu River which is a major stream of Garub plain as the largest irrigated area in Morocco.

The Master plan for agricultural development through constructing medium dams, small dams and mini dams was formulated. Components of the Master plan are divided into 2 stages of urgent development plan and medium term development plan in consideration with urgency and benefit of implementation as follows:

Urgent Development Medium term
Components Scale Plan Development plan
Major Irrigation Development medium dam 4 0
Rural Electrification medium dam 0 2
Rural Development medium dam 0 2

small dam 12 24 mini dam 53 118

Improvement of Road network 149.0 km 224.6 km

MEA MAR/A 101/92

(M/P)

In Progress or In Use

PRESENT STATUS

Delayed

Discontinued

Description:

(1)Small-Scale Dam Project in Taounate

Subsequent Studies:

Nov.1994~Mar.1995 B/D on the project implementation and the provision of equipment and materials (66mil.Yen)

Mar.1995 Final report scheduled to be submitted

Finance

Sep.1995 E/N 466mil.Yen

(Ouergha River Basin Agricultural Development Project-Phase 1/2)

*Components of project

D/D of Gharbia (44mil.Yen) procurement of bulldozer, motor grader, wheel roller, back hoe, vibration roller, dump truck (412mil.Yen).

Jun.1996 E/N 715mil.Yen

(Ouergha River Basin Agricultural Development Project-Phase 2/2)

*Components of project

D/D and preparation of tender documents (76mil.Yen)

Construction of dam, alternative road, irrigation canal facility, water supply facility (639mil.Yen) and technical transfer on

execution of works.

Provision of Equipment:

Sep.1995~Dec.1996 Completed (Mitsubishi Shoji Co., Ltd.)

Construction:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Nov.1996~Feb.1998 Completed (Hazama Gumi Co., Ltd.)

Maintenance & Operation:

Phase I:Generale de l'Hydraulique has been managing equipment with which small and medium size dams along Ouergha river basin

were constructed.

Phase II:The water users association has been managing equipment with which the Gharbia dam is operated and managed and the

related facilities are maintained.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The machineries provided in Phase I are being used for construction of Bouhouda Medium-scale dam in Taounate.

Effect:

The agriculture infrastructure was improved. As a result, the self-sufficiency of cereals have been achieved and even unexpected drought can be overcome. The living standard of farmers has been improved.

(2)Other Small-Scale Dams

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

2-1. Taounate

1992~1997 Studies were undertaken

Sites / Douar El Hajra, Merj Douar, Mechkour, K.El Assassa, Bousfoul, Gaadiine, O.Merzaine, Addad, Daroua

Counsulting Firm / SCET-MAROC

2-2. Chefchaouen

1992~1997 Studies were undertaken

Sites / Mokrissate, Douaher, El.Koucha, Sidi Abdessalam, Tiliouine

Consulting Firm / EQUITER

2-3 Taza

1992 Study was undertaken

Site / Amlilis

Consulting Firm / H.M

(3)Medium-Scale Dam

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

No.1 Tizimellal D/D undertaken.

No.2 Zrizer Constructed with government budget.

No.11 Ain Abdoun D/D being implemented.

No.12 Sahela Constructed with government budget.

No.14 Tazarane D/D undertaken.

Out of 6 sites selected for Pre-F/S, project has been implemented only at Rharbia. The situation of other sites are as follows.

Zrizer Constructed.

Mokhfi Not realized yet.

Sidi Abdessalam Study undertaken.

Tder Hammad Study not undertaken due to land acquisition problem.

Koudiat Chaib 3 DGH is not in charge of the study of lakes anymore.

Others:

The construction of Sidi Abdeslam dam, a part of the project proposed by this Study, was not implemented with the grant aid assistance mentioned above. However, the Government of Morocco desires to construct it with the Japanese assistance.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The government can allocate no more than 50 mil.DH annually. There is no sufficient budget to implement projects at all sites.

MEA MAR/A 201/94

1. COUNTRY	Morocco			
2. NAME OF STUDY	Forestry of Firewoods and Charcoals			
3. SECTOR	Forestry / Forestry & Forest Conservation			
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Direction des Eaux et Forets et de la conservation des solos TUDY			
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Japan Forest Technical Association			
7. STUDY PERIOD	Apr.1992 ~ Jan.1995 33month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA	Study Area: 3 provinces of Marrakech, Beni Mellal and Khourib'ga (total 2.7 million ha) Intensive Area: About 30,000ha under the control of Local Forestry Office of Marrakesh			
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Project Area is settled in the Intensive Area,

1)Cutting Plan : Mali 96.3ha, chene vert 554.7ha 2)forestation Plan : 1,746.5ha 3)Seedling Plan : 2,091,056pcs 4)Forestry road const. Plan: 28.5km

(Total planned period to carry out the project is expected 40 years.)

薪炭林計画調査

MEA MAR/A 201/94 (M/P+F/S)

PRESENT STATUS	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Finance:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

The Ministry of Agricultural Development was advised by UNDP about the project implementation with the financial assistance from the World Environment Fund. According to its advice, the Ministry submitted the request to implement the Tahanaout pilot farm project in Marrakech province within the range of the Japanese technical cooperation.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Request for Global Environment Facility(GEF) through UNDP has been submitted in March 1996. The amount is 21.4 mil.DH. Government budget is to be also allocated. (FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The Regional Direction of Water & Forestry compile a development budget of 1,747 billion DH for 1998 budget. The implementation of the proposed project is within the bounds of possibility with the budget.

Dispatch of Expert:

(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

The dispatch of experts in the field of charcoal kiln relating to this project was requested.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Dispatch of expert was requested but not approved yet.

Others:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

The proposed improvement project of the 30,000ha in Marakech will be undertaken over the period of five years and consists of the following components.

-Reforestation:1,746ha

-Forestry Development and Processing:788ha

-Road Construction:28.5km

-Promotion of Agroforestry in Private Land: approximately 7,000ha

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Cooperation for firewood forestation and charcoal burning technique improvement is necessary.

MEA MAR/S 122/96

		T			
1. COUNTRY		Morocco			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Rural Water Supply in the Pre-rif Region			
3. SE	CTOR	Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development			
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P			
	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.			
7. ST	UDY PERIOD	Sep.1994 ~ Aug.1996 23month(s) ~			
8. SIT	TE OR AREA	Covering whole Tanaut Province, Sidi Kacem Province and part of Taza Province			
9. MA	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)			
1.Wat	ter supply for 3 model	areas			

Area, Served Population, Source, Water Demand (2010)

Ain Defali, 22,415, groundwater, 990m3/d

Teroual, 10,745, groundwater, 468m3/d

El Bibane, 5,781, groundwater, 248m3/d

2.Detailed groundwater investigation for 10 high potential areas

プレ・リフ地方飲料水供給計画調査

MEA MAR/S 122/96

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

(M/P)

Description:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The Embassy of Japan in Morocco provided financial assistance as Small Scale Grant to Ain Defali and Teroual in 1996 upon their request. These communities had wished to use the wells successfully exploited by the JICA study.

1) Water Supply Project for 3 Model Areas

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Subsequent studies:

March ~ Oct. 1998 B/D

Finance: (FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

1999/Feb/03 E/N 255 million JPY

1999/Dec/08 E/N 371 million JPY

Contents:

Ain Defali Teroual El Bibane Served Population 15,310 6,970 3,820 3 Hydraulic Pump 2 1 Distribution Reservoir 1 1 Length of Pipe 21.5km 3km 47km Spigot 47 16 10

Construction:

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

1st Phase: from Jun.1999 to Feb.2000 2nd Phase: from Jun.2000 to Jun.2001

* Although the water supply facility plan was divided into two parts like the gravity supply system and the pumping supply system, this grant aid cooperation implemented only the former part.

M

EA]	MAR/S 105/97				
1. COUNTRY		Morocco			
2. NA	ME OF STUDY	The Study on the National Guideline for Solid Waste Management			
3. SE(CTOR	Public Utilities / Urban Sanitation			
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P			
1	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
		EX Corporation			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.			
7. STU	UDY PERIOD	Jan.1996 ~ Jul.1997 18month(s) ~			
8. SIT	E OR AREA	1st year: Rabat 2nd year: Safi & El Jadida			
9. MA	JOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)			
	nstruction of sanitary				
1) Sa	afi city (5,270,000\$)				
2) El	Jadida city (5,850,00	0(\$)			

2. Contraction out of the waste collection and disposal

全国廃棄物管理計画

M	EA MAR/S 105/97	(M/P)
		In Progress or In Use
	PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
		Discontinued
	Description:	
	(FY 1998 Domestic Survey) 1.Construction of Proposed Disposal Site The government of Morocco officially requested	the Japanese Government to provide a grant for the project. However, it has not been approved.
	2.Utilization of the Waste Guideline Prepared The Ministry of Environment has delivered the gu	uidelines to all the local government in Morocco.
	(FY 2001 Overseas Survey) Date of request submitted : January 1997 Financial source : Japan Grant Aid Contents of Study : Detailled draft study, Construc	ction of landfills, Acquisition of equipment, Trainig of counterparts

MEA MAR/A 223/98

1. COUNTRY		Morocco			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Fishing Villages Development Plan			
3. SECTOR		Fishery / Fishery			
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY		Ministry of Ocean Fishery and Merchant Marine TUDY			
Ministry of Ocean Fishery (since FY 1997) PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Overseas Agro-Fisheries Consultants Co., Ltd. IC Net Ltd.			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Nov.1996 ~ Jun.1998 19month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		<m p="">Coastal fishing villages from Saidia on the Mediterranean to the east to Sidi-Ifni on the Atlantic to the south <f s="">Souira Kedima(Atlantic), Sidi Hasaine(Mediterranean), Tafedna(Atlantic), Tifnite(Atlantic), Kaa Sras(Mediterranean), Moulay Bousselham(Atlantic)</f></m>			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

<M/P>Marine Fisheries Production Reform Plan

Plans to Improve Procedures for the Processing and Shipment of Marine Products

Plans for the Administration of Fishing Grounds and Conservation of Resources

Plans to Improve Distribution System

Regional Socio-economic Development Plan for Fishing villages

Plans for Fisherman Training and Education

Plans for Organizing Fisherman

<F/S>1)Souira Kedima Fisheries Development Project:

Construction of break-water, slip-way, ice-making facility, fish market, fishermen's lockers, fishery center, etc.

2)Sidi Hasaine Fisheries Development Project:

Construction of break-water, slip-way, ice-making facility, fish market, fishermen's locers, fishery center, etc.

3) Tafedna Fisheries Development Project: Construction of ice-making facility, fish market, fishery center, etc.

4) Tifnite Fisheries Development Project:

Construction of break-water, wharf, slip-way, fish market, fishermen's lockers, fishery center, etc.

5)Promotion of joint activities by fishermen through establishment of fishermen's cooperative association

Project Cost(111,249,000DH) Imp. Period(2002.4.-2003.3)

6)Realization of sustained fisheries activities through resource management and diffusion of fisheries technologies

Project Cost(22,632,333DH) Imp. Period(2003.4.-2004.3)

*The project numbers from 1 to 4 correspond to the numbers of project cost and imp. period.

MEA MAR/A 223/98 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

1)Souira Kedima Fisheries Development Project

Finance:

(FY1999 Domestic Survey) 8 Jan. 1999 E/N 549mil.yen 19 Aug. 1999 E/N 438mil.yen

Construction:

(FY2001 Domestic Survey) Period:Jan. 1999 - Sep.2000

Contents: Fishing port facilities, Fishing market, etc.

Contractor: Shimizu Kensetsu

Description: Each institutions were handed over after the completion of construction to the local government in Sep. 2000, and there are henceforth used by small fishermen.

2) Plans for the Administration of Fishing Grounds and Conservation of Resources (M/P)

Finance

(FY2001 Domestic Survey)

Japan's grant aid (22 Dec. 1999 E/N 1,114mil.yen).

Contents :One fishery reseach ship is built by the Japanese grant aid, and is provided INRH with it .

Construction:

(FY2001 Domestic Survey)

Period: Jun. 2000 - Jan. 2001

Contractor:Sumitomo Heavy Industries,ltd.

Description: The fishery reseach ship is used in reseach of the Coastal water resources in Morocco.

(FY1999 Domestic Survey)

Higher priority was put into the enforcement of fishery research, in line with the plans for resource management and control of fishing grounds advised in the M/P. Accordingly, the project on construction of fishery research vessel is under way by Japan's grant aid and Sidi Hasaine Fisheries Development Project which was the next project to be implemented was put afterward.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

The local priority on the Sidi Hasaine Fisheries Development Project to be implemented next was decreased because of the delay of access road construction to the site. Alternatively, the third Project on the F/S, Tafedna Fisheries Development Project includes the development of fishing port that has not been planned by the F/S, was requested to the Japanese Government as the Grant Aid. Nevertheless, it would seem that the JICA Preliminary Survey Team in 2001 pointed out on the technical matters regarding to the development of fishing port.

3)Small fishery village development program in Sidi Hasein, Morocco

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

Next stage study: Basic Design (B/D): May 24, 2002 - February 14, 2002

* Details of study: In relation to the referenced program that the government of Morocco has requested Japan for a grant aid, while the details and background of the program request were grasped and effects of the project and its appropriateness as a grant aid project were validated, a basic design (B/D) was prepared in terms of the details and scales necessary and optimum for implementation of this program.

Fund raising: Grant Aid: January 29, 2003 (1/2 term) E/N 515 million yen July 22, 2003(2/2 term) E/N 219 million yen

* Project contents: Construction: breakwater, quay for fishery boats, land reclamation, slipway, dredging, administration building, fish market, workshop and public toiletsEquipment: ice machine and ice storage facilities, equipment for the workshop Construction conditions: Construction schedule June 2003 - July 2004 (Progress: 1/2 term 55%- breakwater, quay for fishery boats, land reclamation and slipway construction have been completed)

4) Acceptance of Technical Training Participants

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

from one month from October 2003

JICA Morocco Nation-focused Training "Fishery Harbor Operational Management" - one person, "Distribution of Fisheries Products/Quality Management" - one person

MEA MAR/S 118/01

1. COUNTRY		More	оссо		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Feasi	ibility Study for Water F	Resources	Development in Rural Area
3. SECTOR		Socia	al Infrastructure		/ Water Resources Development
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P			•
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF		Une Partie a ete Real	isee	
	DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)		on Koei Co., Ltd. on Giken Inc.		
			Dec.1999 ~	Iul 2001	19month(s)
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD		~	Jul.2001	171101111(6)
		N'Fif	ikh, Taskout, Timkit, ar	nd Azghar	
8. SI	TE OR AREA				
0.34	A LOD DDODOGED I	DOIEC			
	AJOR PROPOSED Fikh Taskout Timkit a			lmented for	r the construction of irrigation facilities and the middle-scale dams.
	, 1 10110 000, 1 1111111, 0		and work series to be map		and constitution of intiguitor meaning and the integral contraction

MEA MAR/S 118/01 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

At the beginning, though D/D was planned for 4 prioritised project with collaboration with JICA, D/D has not been started due to objections made by JBIC. The objection lies on uncertainty of Moroccan governments policy towards the issue of the transfer of residents.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

It seems that there is a misunderstanding on the part of JBIC in the annual consultation between JBIC and Morocco in terms of the issue of residents relocation. JBIC seems to be wishing to avoid the loan assistanc on the dam construction project if possible under the current climate.

At present, JICA's development studies on rehabilitation of Khettara (a traditional underground channel) constructed at the TODORA river are in progess(FY 2002 -2004). A part of this basin (approximately 50%) is the service area of the Timkit Dam, one of priority projects in the studies, and in the water resources development of this region, the rehabilitation of Khettara becomes effective only after a new water resource is developed by construction of the Timkit Dam.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

- 1. From the time of D/S implementation, formal request for a Yen loan for 4 mid-sized dam construction was submitted. In fiscal year 2000, request for a D/D was submitted to JICA taking Yen loans into account.
- 2. Discussion for a Yen loan on in October 2001, needs for immediate measures against environment and social issues concerning dam construction was considered
- 3. Presently, construction of 4 dams are difficult with the budget of Morrocon government, where there are no progress in any concrete measures. In addition, it has not even been listed in the long-list of the Yen loan.

No information to be specifically mentioned.

MEA MAR/S 101/03

	MAK/S 101/03										
1. C	OUNTRY	Moro									
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Maste	er Plan Study o	n flood fore	casting system	m for Atlas re	egion in the	kingdom	of Moroco	co	
3. SECTOR		Social Infrastructure			/ Rive	/ River & Erosion Control					
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+	F/S								
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT		ГUDY									
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY										
		CTI E	Engineering Int	ernational C	Co., Ltd.						
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)		iyo Engineerin		,						
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD		Mar.2001	~ May	y.2002 14mo	nth(s)					
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Tensh	nift' river basin	(3,500Km2)						

アトラス地域洪水予警報システム計画調査

MEA MAR/S 101/03 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

Morocco side requests Japan side for fund to undertake master plan. Japan side has decided to dispatch experts to support use of the systems installed by the pilot project. Three experts has already sent 2004/6-8.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

- 1. The treaty relates to use of warning system, maintenance management among Al Haouz prefecture, facility branch in Al Haouz refecture was signed. In the same treaty, setting up of application and following up committee is regulated, and are expected to follow up implementation of master plan.
- 2. Three short -term experts (warming system, tele meter, sand prevention technology) has already sent by JICA for following up the pilot projects and guiding of sand prevention technology.
- 3. Construction of two measurement stations; Ait Bouzguia, Ouaguejdit in the targeting development study area of Issyl river area by ABHT own budget in 2004, and beginning to set up each rain gauge, water level indicator.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

Considering for a gradual implementation (i.e. establishing few stations annually) of the proposed M/P.

Subsequent project: Installation of Issyland Arab Hydrological Stations

Implementing period: 2005/Jun-2005/July
Implementing body: Tenshift basin corporation

Objective: Construction of Issyl automatic survey stations and Agrab automatic survey stations to expand flood forecasting system established in the pilot project in Urika Valley underthe mentioned study.

Funding:

Funding party: Own fund

MEA MAR/S 101/05

	MAN/9 101/09					
	OUNTRY	Morocco				
2. NAME OF STUDY		The basic education improvement program for rural areas in the Kingdom of Morocco				
3. SECTOR		Human Resources Development / Education				
	YPE OF STUDY	M/P				
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Ministere de Education Nationale, de Enseignement Superieure, de la Formation de Recherches Scientifiques						
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
		International Development Center of Japan (IDCJ)				
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	KRI International Corporation				
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	May.2003 ~ Dec.2005 31month(s) ~				
8. SI'	TE OR AREA					

し モロッコ国地方基礎教育改善計画調査 (人間開発部)

MEA	MAR/S 101/05	(M/P)	
		In Progress or In Use	
	PRESENT STATUS	Delayed	
		Discontinued	
(FY Sub In Ol	escription: 7 2006 Domestic Survey) 9 sequent project: Provision of BEIP months and plementing body: Ministry of Education 1 bjective: Improvement of School Managelation with the study: National level professional study: National study study study study study stu	n	

MEA MAR/A 201/05

1. COUNTRY		Moro		
2. NAME OF STUDY		The d	development study of the King	on rural community development project in semi-arid east Atlas regions with khettara gdom of Morocco
3. SE	CCTOR	Agric	culture	/ (Agriculture in) General
4. TYPE OF STUDY		M/P+		,
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippo	on Koei Co., Ltd.	
7. ST	UDY PERIOD		Feb.2003 ~ ~	
8. SI	ΓE OR AREA			

モロッコ国東部アトラス地域伝統灌漑施設(ハッターラ)改修・農村開発調査 (農村開発部)

MEA MAR/A 201/05 (M/P+F/S)

	(1121 1175)	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :	-	
(FY 2006 Domestic Survey)		
1. ORMVA/TF is implementing a project on	improvement of farmers' income by its own fund as an Action P ation) is planned in an agricultural land with size of 5-20 hactare	lan.
Water-saving irrigation system (Bitp irrig While rehabilitation project of Hettara and	Yen Loan project on water-saving irrigation are in process betw	een JBIC and Ministry of Agriculture, no specific request has been made.

MEA OMN/A 301/82

1. COUNTRY		Oman			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Wadi Jizzi Agricultural Development Project			
3. SECTOR		Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General			
4. TYPE OF STUDY		F/S			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME O DEVELOPMENT		Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc.			
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1981 ~ Jan.1983 22month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		Batinah District (180km north of the capital Muscat)			
	A TOD DRODGED D	DO TEOTE(O)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Water Resources Development:

Water resources development by detention dam and dispersion facilities.

Agricultural Development:

Construction of 100 ha of farm land and introduction of irrigated farming for fruit-crop (dates, limes), vegetable (cabbages watermelons eggplants) and fedder crops (alfalfa)

Farm Management Plan:

Extension of farm land by settlement of 20 farm households

Project facilities Plan:

Detention Dam: Dam capacity 5.4 MCM

Full water surface area 1.3 MCM Design flood discharge 1,890 m3/s

Dispersion Facilities: Crest length 112 m

Dam height 2.0 m(max)

ワジ・ジジ農業開発計画

MEA OMN/A 301/82 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1) Development of Water Resources

Subsequent Studies:

Jan.1985~Jun.1986 D/D (JICA) "Wadi Jizzi Agricultural Development Project (OMN/A 401/86)"

Finance

Own fund (The Third Five-Year Plan (1986-1990)) (2.7 mil.OR).

Construction

The construction of the dam was commenced in March 1988 and completed in August, 1989. Since then, it has been effective in flood control.

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

Upon the request of the Government of Oman, D/D, which focused on the dam construction, was conducted. Initially, it was agreed that D/D would be financed by the Japanese ODA and the construction would be conducted with a loan from the Export and Import Bank of Japan. However, the Iran-Iraq war caused the project delay and a loan from the Export and Import bank of Japan was canceled.

This project was integrated into the Third Five-Year Plan (1986-1990) as one of high priority projects and the project was resumed as the improvement of the economic condition.

(2) Agricultural Development Plan through Water Resources Development

 $(Land\ Reclamation, Construction\ of\ Modern\ Farm\ and\ Training\ of\ Farmers,\ ect.)$

The constant observation of grandwater needs to be conducted for the long-term period and it is currently implemented. In case it is confirmed that the water supply satisfies the future demand, D/D will be commenced.

(FY 1995 Overseas Survey)

After the construction of the dam, available water is insufficient to irrigate new farm area. Thus, the Agricultural Development Project and the Farm Management Program have not been implemented.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Basic Study)

MEA OMN/S 501/85

1. COUNTRY		Oman				
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Hydrologic Observation Pr	oject in the Batinah Coast			
3. SECTOR		Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development				
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	Basic Study				
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT ST			Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries UDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY					
	1	Pacific Consultants Interna	tional (PCI)			
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc.				
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1982 ~ ~	Mar.1986 48month(s)			
8. SITE OR AREA		Batinah Coast				
0.35	A TOD DRODGED I					

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- 1)Continuation of hydrologic observation network previously conducted by JICA study
- -To increase staff and to strengthen the organization
- -To follow the ovservation and maintenance manual and training for staff.
- -To raise the level of observation networks
- 2)Promotion of water resources development plan
- -To prepare basic data such as hydrological data and topographic map
- -To analyze flood outflow and sediment discharge
- 3)Groundwater preservation and water utilizaion
- -To carry out intensive water use survey and water use rationalization scheme
- -Facility plan, project evaluation and implementation program

バチナコスト地区水文観測計画

MEA OMN/S 501/85 (Basic Study)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

Background:

Requires some time to collect basic data on Oman's side.

At Batinah Coast Area, underground water is converted to salty water and the human life and various industries including agriculture face on very critical situations.

Detail

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

Experts from JICA continued the observation of the project. At present this project is placed under the purview of the Ministry of Water Resourses. No problem has been observed from this transfer. Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries remains in charge of the dam. The dam is under construction.

The facilities and observation equipment are still in good condition, and utilized effectively. At present, 42 dams are planned to be constructed. Among them, 20 dams are scheduled to be constructed during the 4th Five-Year Plan of Oman.

(FY 1994 Domestic Survey)(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

No additional information.

(FY 1995 Overseas Survey)

The data provided by the observation network has been fully utilized and published as hydrologic or hydrometeorologic data reports. In this study area three dams have been constructed and one is planned to be constructed.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

There is no JICA expert since 1997, but facility installed during the study period and machinery are being utilized effectively. Based on the data collected by observation system, water resources development is on going. 4 under ground water dams were constructed in the study area.

Moreover, establishment of permission system for well construction and rationalization of water utilization are being promoted.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

At present a metering survey for water rationalization on the saline flow processes in Wadi Ahin are in progress.

the data provided by the project has been published in a report and the Ministry of Water Resources is the main organization utilizing these outputs.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(D/D)**

MEA OMN/A 401/86

1. COUNTRY		Oman			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Wadi Jizzi Agricultural Development Project			
3. SE	CCTOR	Agriculture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation			
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	D/D			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Agriculture UDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Sanyu Consultants Inc. Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jan.1985 ~ Jun.1986 17month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		North Batina coast in the outskirts of Sohal city			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	ROJECT(S)			

- 1) Detention Dam
- Dam Height: 21 m - Dam Length: 820 m
- Embankment Volume: 600 thousand m3
- Dam Capacity: 5.4 MCM
- Flood Discharge: Max 7,800 m3/sec - Outlet Discharge: Max 13 m3/sec
- 2) Diffusion Facilities3) Groundwater Observation Well (5 points)

ワジ・ジジ農業開発計画

MEA OMN/A 401/86 (D/D)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Finance:

It was agreed that the construction would be financed by loan of the Export Import Bank of Japan. However, the loan fell through because of the Iran-Iraq War, and the project implementation was put off.

Construction:

The construction of the dam was completed by a British engineering firm

Aug.1989 completed

Contractor Executor: Mott Mcdonald International Ltd.

Construction: J&P (Muscat)

Effect:

The dam operated effectively against more than 10 floods after the completion. Ground water is in good condition also. The project has contributed considerably.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

An irrigation project which covers 20 householdes and area of 100 ha cultivating fruits and vegetables is being prepared in Sohar. EIRR 11.7 which was set at the beginning of the project, progresses favorably. Cooperation in groudwater survey and water quality survey will be recommendable.

*Refer to "Wadi Jizzi Agricultural Development Project (OMN/A 301/82, JICA F/S)" for detail.

MEA OMN/A 101/89

1. COUNTRY		Oman		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Agriculture Development Project in the Nejd Region		
3. SECTOR		Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Sep.1987 ~ Sep.1989 24month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Southern Oman, 8,000 sq.km from Nejd region		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

A phased agriculture development plan is proposed in this study, based on the actual conditions and limitations of the Nejd.

- 1. Phase 1
- Establishment of pilot farm; experimentation at pilot farm and collection data.
- 2. Phase 2
 - Development of up to 500ha area based on the result of Phase 1.
- 3. Phase 3
 - Further development based on the result of Phase 2.

ネジド地方農業開発計画

MEA OMN/A 101/89 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

The project was integrated into the Agriculture Development Plan.

Jan.1992 JICA submitted the final report on Phase I of F/S.

Phase II (JICA Development Study 1991~1997)

Jan.1992 Geological survey for Agriculture Development Project in the Nejd Region (II) commenced.

(Scheduled to be completed in 1995) This survey aims at D/D on a pilot farm (a final report is in preparation).

Continued observation of underground water (two observation wells will be constructed by Jan.1992);

Monitoring of agricultural production; and Formulation of guidelines for the next agricultural development plan.

Feb.1993~Dec.1994 Pilot farm completed with own fund (2.1 mil.OR)

*Changes from the JICA Study (FY 1995 Overseas Survey)

-Construction of a laboratory, Storages and veterinary clinic.

-Costruction of irrigation system for trees.

Apr.1995 The suspended Phase II study was resumed.

This study is to monitor the agricultural production and to formulate the agriculture development program for the second phase development plan in this area.

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

Apr.1997 Phase II Study scheduled to be completed.

Maintenance & Operation:

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

The Pilot farm was renamed to the Nejd Agriculture Experiment Station and has been well operated.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

A long-term expert was dispatched in Dec.1993 and continues the guidance.

Effect:

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

The obtained data concerning groundwater level, soil fertility and crop yields is to be utilized in the formulation of the next Development Plan.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

After the opening of the Pilot farm, the number of birds has been increased. Interest in the activity of the farm is growing among farmers and officers of other agricultural centers.

Situation:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

The increase of intake water risks the sustainability of the development in large-scale. Study to take measures against intake water management and recuperation of water level is indispensable. MAF which has effects on transforming desert area into farmland, has been highly estmimated. Development of 500 ha of pilot farm, scheduled in phase II, has been delayed. Assistances as follows will be encouraged at the present pilot farm.

- 1.Dispatch of expert in areas of water resources and farming.
- 2.Dispatch of expert specialised in legislation of hydro-agriculture management.
- ${\bf 3. Dispatch\ of\ JOCV\ in\ area\ of\ agricultural\ machinery\ manipulation.}$

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

There is no plan for Phase III. Oman side desires more experts for the farm and technical cooperation in other related areas.

MEA OMN/S 101/90

LA OMIN/S 101/90	
1. COUNTRY	Oman Part Development for Northern Owen
2. NAME OF STUDY	Port Development for Northern Oman
3. SECTOR	Transportation / Port
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT ST	Ministry of Communication Port Service Corporation TUDY
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD	Oct.1989 ~ Oct.1990 12month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA	Port of Qaboos & Sohar (Northern Oman)
included. 2.Short-term Development I	Plan of the new port in northern Oman (Sohar) up to the year 2000 is proposed to handle increasing cargo after 1995.

北部地域港湾整備計画

MEA OMN/S 101/90

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(1) Port of Qaboos

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Study:

1990~1991 F/S (Expansion Plan)

1990~1991 D/D

Consulting Firm / Indian Consultancy Eng. (Oman)

Study Cost / approx. 10mil. US\$ (R.O. 3mil.)

Government budget

Finance:

1990 Government budget R.O.25mil.

*Components

Almost as the same as JICA's proposal. Number of Container Crane is increased, two to three.

Construction:

1991 Commenced

Oct.1994 Dredging was completed

Jun.1996 Completed

Contractor / M/S. WIMPEY ALASI, ANAR ASSRIA

Hani-Archirodon (Greece/Gulf countries JV)

M&O:

The Government has a policy to privatize M&O of the port.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The port faced the serious loss of its container traffic due to the way out of main shipping line to the UAE port since 1994.

(M/P)

To improve this situation, short term JICA Expert services were requested and a total of three man-months (twice, total three staff) input was made in 1995 and 1996.

The port's financial situation has been improved and it recorded a small amount of net surplus in 1996, though the container handling capacity of the port is yet heavily under utilized. Construction of two new berths, cold storage, three more gantry cranes is plan for the future.

The government made up a policy of privatization of port development. In October of 1996, an English consultant Travers Morgan Ltd. made a successful bid for the revise of new port development. Now an investigation is on going.

(2) Expansion of Port of Sohar

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Proposed new port project did not take up until 1995 due to the fact that the anticipated industrial development (natural gas based development) the necessary trigger of this project had been delayed.

The project has been incorporated into the 5th Economic Development Plan (1996~2000) and pout into implementation.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

The Government of Oman is currently implementing a long-term economic development plan "The Vision for Oman's Economy: Oman 2020", which puts priority on reducing economic dependence on oil, and instead diversifying its domestic industries. The Government is especially emphasizing the development of industries that utilize domestically produced natural gas. The construction of a port in the Sohar area will assist Oman in promoting the economic development plan.

Subsequent Study:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

1996 M/P assessment

Consulting firm / J.V. of ACER (U.K.) and Travers Morgan (Oman)

A new M/P and with its phase one development plan has been approved by the Ministerial Meeting I Jun.1997.

Dec.1997 Detailed Site Investigation to start

Feb.1998 D/D, preparation for tender to start

Consulting Firm / Travers Morgan, other consultants are not decided yet

Study Cost / R.O. 1mil.

Difference with JICA's Proposal:

Proposed site has been shifted.

Finance

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Request for a loan with amount of R.O. 85mil. has been submitted to EXIM Bank of Japan.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

 $10\ Mar.\ 1999\ L/A\ Export-Import\ Bank\ of\ Japan\ US\$250mil.$

*Contents: Civil works (dredging, land reclamation, construction of berths, breakwater, buildings and access roads), Procurement of equipment, Engineering services.

The completion of the project is expected in Apr. 2002.

(3)Japanese Technical Cooperation

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Dispatch of two long-term JICA experts (1997 -2000).

Detail

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

The Port Development for Northern Oman formulated based on this Study report was integrated into the Fourth Five-Year Plan under the project title of Port Development Strategy in Northern Oman.

北部地域港湾整備計画

MEA OMN/A 102/90

1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY 3. SECTOR		Oman		
		The Agricultural Development		
		Agriculture	/ (Agriculture in) General	
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		griculture and Fisheries	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Japan Agricultural La	and Development Agency	
7. STUDY PERIOD		Oct.1989	~ Nov.1990 13month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA		Whole country area (a 60 degrees East)	Area 300,000 sq.km, Population 1.5 mil, latitude 16 to 27 degrees North, longitude 53 to	
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

1.Irrigation and Dam sector

Improvement of irrigation system and centrally-controlled water distribution system / Recharge dams / Sub-surface dams / Aflaj / Wells / Springs

2. Agricultural research / extension sector

Support for agricultural research stations / Establishment of new research units and laboratories / Forestry-improvement program / Improvement and development of extension centers and facilities / Agricultural technology transfer to farmers

3.Livestock sector

Animal health and disease control / Small farm development support

4.Distribution sector

Establishment of whole sale market / Fortification of PAMAP Integrated agricultural development project in Nejd

農業開発基本計画

MEA OMN/A 102/90 (M/P)In Progress or In Use PRESENT STATUS Delayed Discontinued **Description:** Utilization of the Study: (FY 1991 Overseas Survey) The alternative judged as optimal in the JICA study was adopted by the Government of Oman as the basic agricultural plan. Based on the hydrological findings, the location of dams is slightly changed, but most of the proposals of the study were adopted. May.1995~May.1997 "Agricultural Development Project in Najd Area (Phase II)" *For detail, please refer to OMN/A 112/97. Situation: (FY 1995 Overseas Survey) The technical reports and financial reports concerning the project were produced and the meetings have been held regularly to promote the project implementation. It became impossible to implement all proposed project because only half of expected budget is allocated for agriculture sector in the 4th 5-year plan. There is slight possibility of starting immediately this project. Ministry of Water Resources is in charge of dam and irrigation, in place of Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. (FY 1999 Overseas Survey) Main building named agricultural development center is for supporting agriculture and animal husbandry and giving subsidy to farmers and animal breeders.

MEA OMN/S 301/94

1. COUNTRY		Oman			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Road Development Project in the Sultanate of Oman			
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Road			
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	F/S			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Bureau of Transportation TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
	I	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Fukuyama Consultants International, Inc.			
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jan.1994 ~ Jan.1995 12month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		Batina Highway (Seeb to Agr:250km) and major 3 bridges in Oman			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)			

(1)Select the location of two-level crossing at eight rotaries (round abouts) and twelve underground crosswalks along Batina Highway, settle the preference for these items to distribute each fiscal years of 5th five year development plan (1997-2002).

道路施設整備計画

⁽²⁾ Carry out the loading test and other inspections for bridges, and recommend adequate methods of maintenance/administration for all of major bridges and methods of repairment for inferior bridges. Specially for the bridges which are very much damaged, recommendation was made to repair them during surveying period, urgently.

MEA OMN/S 301/94 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1) Construction of roundabout, etc.

Subsequent Studies:

Dec.1995~Mar.1997 "Road Development Project (D/D)" (JICA)

*The construction of the roundabout was commenced, however, the implementation of other projects depends on the allocation of budget in the Fifth Five-Year Development plan (1996~2000).

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Because of financial problem and construction limit, realization of project is at low stage. Department of Traffic has requested assessment of two-level crossing and sidewalk and study to realize the project for JICA.

(2) Renovation of bridges, etc.

Subsequent study:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey) Dec. 1995 ~ March 1997 D/D

Construction:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

They are conducting and will conduct the rehabilitation works for the bridge by own fund.

Background:

(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

In 1996, the consultants appointed by the Ministry of Communications will implement D/D. Allocation of 3.5 mil. RO has been proposed in the Fifth Five-Year Development Plan (1996-2000).

Detail

In July 1995, after the completion of F/S, JICA dispatched a survey mission to conclude S/W for the implementation of D/D. The renovation of bridges in an urgent need has been conducted with the government fund. Therefore, no foreign assistance on this matter will be expected.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

The progress has not been made because of financial problem.

MEA OMN/S 405/96

1. COUNTRY		Oman			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Road Development Project			
3. SE	CCTOR	Transportation / Road			
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	D/D			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Bureau of Transportation, Directorate General of Roads, Ministry of Communications TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	Directorate General of Roads, Ministry of Transport and Communications			
	l	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Fukuyama Consultants International, Inc.			
7. ST	CUDY PERIOD	Dec.1995 ~ Mar.1997 15month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		National Highway No.1			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)			
Grad	a Caparation of the rou	indehouts along the National Highway No. 1			

Grade Separation of the roundabouts along the National Highway No.1

- (1) Construction of 8 flyovers over the roundabouts
- (2) Construction of 12 pedestrian underpasses

道路施設整備計画調査

MEA OMN/S 405/96

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

The budget for the construction was not allocated in the Fifth-Five year plan (1996~2000).

However, the special budget allocation is going to be prepared because of the high priority of the project in the Sultanate of Oman.

(D/D)

(1) Construction of roundabout, etc.

Subsequent Studies:

Dec.1995~Mar.1997 "Road Development Project (D/D)" (JICA)

*The construction of the roundabout was commenced, however, the implementation of other projects depends on the allocation of budget in the Fifth Five-Year Development plan (1996~2000).

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Because of financial problem and construction limit, realization of project is at low stage. Department of Traffic has requested assessment of two-level crossing and sidewalk and study to realize the project for JICA.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

No funds available in the current Five-Year Plan (2001-2005). All the 8 fly-over over the roundabouts need to be funded.

(2) Renovation of bridges, etc.

Subsequent study:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Dec. 1995 ~ March 1997 D/D

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

No information.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

No funds available in the current Five-Year Plan (2001-2005).

One pedestrian under-pass at Al Bidaya has already been constructed, however the constructions of 11 pedestrian under-passes need to be funded.

*Refer to "Road Development Project in the Sultanate of Oman (OMN/S 301/94, JICA F/S)" for detail.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

One additional pedestrian underpass near Shinas has been constructed, and another one is under construction.

The study for the rehabilitation of bridges is currently in progress which includes 5 bridges out of the 9 bridges studied by JICA

MEA OMN/A 112/97

	OWINA 112/9/	Oman			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Agriculture Development Project II in Nejd Region			
		A cui culture (/A - : - 1/ : -) Consul			
3. SECTOR 4. TYPE OF STUDY		Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General M/P			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries		Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)			
7. ST	UDY PERIOD	Jan.1991 ~ May.1997 76month(s) ~			
8. SI	ΓE OR AREA	Nejd Region (8,100km2) in Southern Oman.			

MEA OMN/A 112/97 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

- 1. During the study of Phase I the Government of Oman issued a new regulation and reformed water resources management system with concentrating all aspects to Ministry of Water Resources (MWR).
- 2. Due to the new regulation results of groundwater monitoring were handed over to the Ministry to let them examine groundwater resources condition, its potential and optimum development yield of the study area.
- 3 Contents of Development Plan, based on phased development were agreed by both of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries (MAF) and the Ministry of Water Resources (MWR). And the implementation is to be defined after issuing the conclusion of the examination by MWR, but never been completed by now.
- 4. MAF constructed a Pilot Farm in the study area, aimed to conduct groundwater monitoring continuously before starting JICA Phase II study with their own finance. The Government of Japan decided to dispatch an individual JICA expert as requested by Omani Government just before expiring the study, to keep continuous technical transfer on researching cultivation conditions and of crop cultivation. The schedule of his assignment was from the end of 1996 to 1999.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

1. The pilot farm is not operated because of the oil price slump.

2. The equipment which enable to analyze the soil, water and food was provided as the individual equipment and almost normal analysis can be done. Moreover, the meteorological observation equipment was also installed.

Effect by the dispatch of expert: Three experts have been dispatched to implement the technical transfer on cultivation, analysis and soil investigation to the counterparts who had been guided the management of the Nejd experimental farm from Mar. 1996 to Nov. 2000.

3. The exchange of research with the other research institutes has been done well. Under the national policy, the Nejd experimental farm maps out a course on the investigation and research under the supervision of the RUMEISU agricultural experimental station which is the central station. Moreover, the station has been improving as the base of citrus fruits production in Oman.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

After this Study, no proposed projects were conducted at NARS (Najd Agricultural Research Station) because of the absence of researchers and experts. NARS concentrated on monitoring and conserving the existed situation of the station. At the site, the different activities by their own fund were achieved as follows;

- Fruits Field: Thousands of lime seedlings production in order to distribute as at Witches-broom disease infected area.
- Field Crops: Rhodes grass cultivation used as hay production sold to livestock keeper
- Vegetable Field: an experiment of evaluation of three different cultivars of Onion in order to evaluate and compare them under Nejd conditions
- Soil and water: the analysis of water, soil and plants at the laboratory by the Omani staff trained by JICA experts
- Meteorological Station: NARS staff prepares monthly report at the station established by JICA in 1998
- Field Survey: the field survey achieved by NARS at the beginning of 2002 in order to use as a background for future planning
- Other activities

Since 2000, two nurseries were constructed at NARS.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

Field crops

-At Nejd Agricultural Research Station, observational plots for growing several cereal crops and forage legumes were established.

It was evident from observations recorded that: Cola and Across had exrllent growth and production. Barely and suger cane are still under investigation.

-An experiment was conducted in the beginning of 2003, to evaluate 3 varieties of Alfa alfa (Medicago sativa): South Africa, Albatna and Dakhlia. In general, and after one year of the experiment results were shown that: yield of the first variety vary significantly from the other two local varieties.

-The mechanized production of hay from irrigated grass (Chloris Gayana) has increased greatly in importance in recent years.

In 2002, the area under irrigated Rhodes grass fodder in NARS 14.5 hectares. In this year the area is increased by cultivation 8.5 ha with Rhodes gross. This resulted in increase of cultivated area to 23 ha. The recorded productivity at the end of November 2003 accounted about 14,800 bales hay of 12-16 kg.

2.Fruit tree:

The part of witches-broom control project conducted at NARS is now merged in a new project titled "Oman Citrus Certificate Programme".

3.Sold and Water:

-Soil and Water laboratory is the only laboratory completed by all instruments and equipment required for reserch. Therefore, this laboratory has been used to make different analysis of water and soil, even plants. The Omani staffs trained by JICA expart are doing the most analysis required.

-The programme of water quality survey in Nejd area continued, and selection of 6 boreholes; 3 of them at depth between 200-300m and the other 3 between 20-50m was made in 2003, to monitor changes in water quality in Nejd area.

4.Meteorological Station:

The station was established by JICA since July 1998 and NARS staff that trained by JICA staff prepares monthly reports.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA OMN/S 119/00

1. COUNTRY		Oman		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Master Plan Study of Salalah Port and its Hinterland		
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Directorate General of Ports and Maritime Affairs, Ministry of Transport and Housing TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) Sanyo Techno Marine,Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Aug.2000 ~ Mar.2002 19month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Salalah Port and its Hinterland		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I		PROJECT(S)		
M/P	[/P·			

Additional berths 18m draft container quay: 1,050m

16m draft container quay: 1,750m Passenger berth, Government berth

Additional terminal, Handling equipment, Breakwater, Dredging, Reclamation

Container handling capacity: 6 million TEU/year

Phases of plans:

Additional berths: 18m draft container quay: 1,050m

Government berth

Additional terminal, Handling equipment, Breakwater, Dredging, Reclamation

Container handling capacity: 3.5 million TEUs/year

サラーラ港並びに周辺地域開発計画調査

MEA OMN/S 119/00 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

There is no information available on this project.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

The port management (Salalah Port Sevices Company) has used the study to determine the port's immediate development programme.

Request for fund procurement or request of subsequent studies for Salalah Port has not been made yet. However, the Ministry of Transport and Communications has requested JICA for approval of a study to develop a National Port Development Policy.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

The tenders for consultancy services for the extension of the breakwater and construction of two container berths with associated works have been received on the 17 November 2003. Immediately after the designs/ tendering of the works is completed within 280 days after award of consultancy works, the construction for the extension of the breakwater and the container berth will be taken up.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

- 1. Subsequent Study: "Study on Oman National Port Development Strategy"
- 1) Contents: Preparation of a master plan for national port development strategy targeting fiscal year 2025 and preparation of a guideline for 7th 5 year plan.
- 2) Study Period/terms:
- 8th December 26th December 2003 (1st P/S)
- 1st February 14th April 2004 (2nd P/S)

June, 2004 - May, 2005 (Main Study)

2. Finance

- 1) Funding party: Own funding 73 %, private funding 27 %
- 2) Amount: 74 million OR (approximately 2,200 million YEN)
- 3) Content: Container quay 700m (-18m), depth extension (-18.5m), breakwater extension 2,400m, gantry crane, and etc
- 3. Design/construction: Salalah No. 5/6 Container Terminal Berth Extension Plan
- 1) Construction start date: early 2005
- 2) Completion: planned in 2007
- 3) Content: Container quay 700m (-18m), depth extension (-18.5m), breakwater extension 2,400m, gantry crane, and etc
- 4. Technical Cooperation
- 1) Acceptance of Trainee
 - 1 personnel for JICA Port Engineering Course June-August, 2004
 - 1 personnel for JICA Counterpart Training November 2004

(FY2005 Domestic Survey)

18 metre deep container berth may be equipped with a private fund (concession scheme).

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA OMN/S 101/04

1. COUNTRY		Oman		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Master Plan Study on Restoration, Conservation and Management of Mangrove in the Sultanate of Oman		
3. SE	CCTOR	Administration / Environmental Problems		
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jun.2002 ~ Aug.2004 26month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA				
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

- 1. Establishment of Qurm Environmental Information Centre (QEIC) to provide opportunities for cooperation between the government, ministries, and local people. QEIC will conduct activities described below;
- 1) Establishment of information monitoring centre to collect and edit data required for mangrove preservation and management.
- 2) Provide necessary facilities and equipment to conduct educational programs for mangrove and coastal environment.
- 3) Cooperation and assistance to personnel conducting research on mangrove or coastal environment.
- 4) Training and education to personnel involved in preservation of mangrove ecosystem
- 2. Institutional reform
- 3. Public Private Participation

マングローブ林再生・保全・管理計画調査 (地球環境部)

EA OMN/S 101/04	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Bolayea
	Discontinued
Description: FY 2005 Domestic Survey) Request for a technical project has been submitted liscussion for realisation, which subsequently has	ed by the Omani government in establishing Qurm Environmental Information Centre (QEIC). JICA has dispatched a preparatory mission to hold as dispatched a R/D mission in June 2005.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

M

LA	OMN/S 102/04				
1. COUNTRY		Oman			
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study on Road Network Development in the Sultanate of Oman			
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Road			
	PE OF STUDY	M/P			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Katahira & Engineers International			
7. ST	UDY PERIOD	Jan.2004 ~ Mar.2005 14month(s) ~			
8. SI	ΓΕ OR AREA	Throughout Oman except for the Muscat subdivision			
	AJOR PROPOSED I				
1 . Al 2 . M 3 . Al 4 . Ha 5 . Ha	Hamra-Rustaq road: 15kr adha-Dafta road: 15kr hij-Flim road: 15km (ahla-Ismaiyah road: 37 asik-Shuwaymiyah roa	28.3km (2 lane) n (2 lane) 2 lane) 7.9km (2 lane)			

全国道路網開発戦略調査 (社会開発部)

MEA OMN/S 102/04	(M/P)	
	In Progress or In Use	
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed	
TRESERVI STITLES	Detayed	
	Discontinued	
Description: (FY 2005 Domestic Survey) No information to be specifically mentioned.		
. ,		

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA OMN/S 101/05

1. COUNTRY		Oman		
2. NAME OF STUDY		National ports development strategy study in the Sultanate of Oman		
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Port		
4. TYPE OF STUDY		M/P		
	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)			
7. ST	UDY PERIOD	Jun.2004 ~ Jun.2005 12month(s) ~		
8. SIT	TE OR AREA			
9. MA	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)		

MEA	A OMN/S 101/05	(M/P)
		In Progress or In Use
	PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
		Discontinued
D	escription :	Discontinued
(F	Y 2006 Domestic Survey) Dinformation to be specifically mentioned.	
No	o information to be specifically mentioned.	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA OMN/S 102/05

1. COUNTRY		Oman	
2. NAME OF STUDY		The study on road network development in the Sultanate of Oman	
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Road	
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	M/P	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	CUDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Katahira & Engineers International	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	~ ~	
8. SI	ΓE OR AREA		

オマーン国全国道路網開発戦略調査 (社会開発部)

IEA OMN/S 102/05	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
112021(1011110)	Delayed
Description	Discontinued
Description:	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA PLE/S 211/97

1. COUNTRY		Palestine
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Sewerage Development Plan in the Area of Khan Yunis
3. SE	CCTOR	Public Utilities / Sewerage
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
		Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	Nihon Suido Consultants Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD		Sep.1996 ~ Nov.1997 14month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Palestine, Gaza Strip, Kham Yunis city.
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)
(M/P	")	

Sewerage. (Imp. Period 1998~2010) Drainage. (Imp. Period 1998~2006) (F/S) (Imp. Period 1998~2002)

Sewerage Facility. Sanitation Facility. Drainage Facility.

ハン·ユーニス市下水道整備計画調査

MEA PLE/S 211/97 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

1. The Project for Improvement of Sanitation in Khan Yunis

Finance:

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey) 25 Mar. 1999 E/N 283 mil.yen. *Provision of materials/equipment.

Profit effects:

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

The provided equipment is engaged in carrying the wastewater from the cesspits dug and contributes to improve the sanitary situation in Khan Yunis Area.

2.Development of Sewerage System in Khan Yunis

Subsequent Study:

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey) (FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

1999-2000 B/D(JICA)

Financing (Request):

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey) Financial source(s): JICA grant aid

Amount: 4 billion Yen

Progress situation: The local works was suspended after the completion of D/D under the direction by JICA because the risk degree became level 4 due to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict since Oct.2000.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

There is no sewerage facility in Khan Yunis City, located in Gaza Strip of Palestine. The residents are discharging their wastewater from toilets to cesspits dug in underground. This practice is deteriorating the environment. On the other hand the city is suffering from flooding several times a year, in spite of dry area.

The Study identified 3,632 ha of the total study area of 4,458 ha, as the sewerage district, aiming at year 2015. The drainage area was identified with 423ha for implementation.

The total beneficiaries are estimated at about 480,000 (year 2015) by treating 54,000m3/day.

For F/S the first stage (1998~2002) will be implemented to benefit about 160,000 (year 2015) by treating 161,000m3/day generated from the central area of 874 ha.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

M

	QAT/S 301/86 OUNTRY	Qatar
	AME OF STUDY	Drainage Improvement Plan, Doha City
3. SECTOR		Public Utilities / Sewerage
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S Water Dept., Ministry of Electricity and Water
J.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Since 1989, Ministry of Industry and Public Works and the Municipal Government of Doha
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Dec.1985 ~ Apr.1987 16month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Musherib and Rayyan, Doha City

MEA QAT/S 301/86 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

Background:

As of July 1989, the executing agencies of the project have been changed to the Ministry of Industry and public Works and the Municipal Government of Doha City. At the time, the Ministry of Industry and Public Works already had its own drainage improvement plan, and the plan proposed by the JICA study was partly utilized for revising the guidelines for drainage improvement. It was decided that the implementation be carried out by consulting both plans.

Subsequent Studies:

D/D PENCOL (England) conducted utilizing the JICA study.

Finance:Own fund

Construction:

The construction was implemented by seven national companies. (construction management by PENCOL)

Construction in Musherib and Rayyan Destricts was completed in areas of Doha City, updating of the Master Plan is considered necessary, involving the integration of the existing small irrigation plan with the growth of the City. The project implementation was delayed in 1988 when the oil prices declined. It is expected that the entire plan area will be provided with drainage facilities by the end of 1993.

1994 completed. (FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

Maintenance & Operation:

The constructed facilites have been well operated.

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

*Mangrove Park Project

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

The JICA study suggested the construction of canals from Rayyan District through a mangrove park proposed on the west coast, but due to the problem of public finance, the mangrove park project was not adopted. The west coast area is now being developed as residential areas.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Other Studies)

MEA SAU/S 601/83

1. COUNTRY		Saudi Arabia		
2. NAME OF STUDY		General Hospital : Establishment Project		
3. SE	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure / Architecture & Housing		
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	Other Studies		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Health TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Azusa Sekkei Co., Ltd. Nihon Sekkei, Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jul.1983 ~ Nov.1983 4month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		138,703 sq.m in Jeddah (the same site for the cancer centre)		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED PRO		PROJECT(S)		

1) Number of Beds:

General Hospital: 500 beds Cancer Centre: 300 beds Total: 800 beds

Number of Out Patients: 300 P./Day
 Preliminary Clinics: 1,400 P./Day
 General Hospital: 1,000 P./Day
 Cancer Centre: 600 P./Day
 Number of emergency cases: 250 P./Day

The out patients for Ceneral Hospital and Cancer Centre should be recommended by other institutions.

総合病院設立計画基本設計

MEA SAU/S 601/83 (Other Studies) In Progress or In Use PRESENT STATUS Delayed Discontinued **Description:** After the completion of the B/D study, the implemantation was delayed. (FY1994 Domestic Survey) No information

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Other Studies)

MEA SAU/S 602/83

1. COUNTRY		Saudi Arabia		
2. NAME OF STUDY		National Cancer Center : Establishment Project		
3. SI	ECTOR	Social Infrastructure	/ Architecture & Housing	
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	Other Studies		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Azusa Sekkei Co., Ltd.		
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Nov.1982 ~ A	Aug.1983 9month(s)	
8. SI	TE OR AREA	East of the old international a	irport in Jeddah, the area of the site is 138,703 sq.m	
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

Cancer Center will have:

200 beds, which would extend to 300 in total in the future, special diagnosis and therapy departments, such as radioisotope diagnosis, radiotherapy, chemotherapy and radioisotope therapy, clinical research department, cancer information center.

The Join-Use Facilities will have:

General clinic, radiodiagnosis, endoscopy diagnosis, physiology diagnosis,

clinical laboratory, autopsy, surgery, C.C.R.U., rehabilitation and blood bank sections, common service, maintenance, recreation administration units.

国立がんセンター設立計画基本設計

MEA SAU/S 602/83 (Other Studies) In Progress or In Use PRESENT STATUS Delayed Discontinued **Description:** Reasons for Discontinuance: Because of the financing problem, the construction was delayed, but one JICA expert was dispatched as part of the health care cooperation program. (FY1994 Domestic Survey) No information

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA SAU/S 107/99

1. COUNTRY	Saudi Arabia			
I. COUNTRI				
2. NAME OF STUDY	The Study on Coastal/Marine Habitat and Biological Inventries in the Northern Part of the Red Sea Coast			
3. SECTOR	Administration / Environmental Problems			
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT ST	National Commission for Wildlife Conservation and Development TUDY			
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
5. CONSULTANT(S)	Japan Wildlife Research Center			
7. STUDY PERIOD	Dec.1997 ~ Feb.2000 26month(s)			
8. SITE OR AREA	Jedda and the area on the north of the city in the Red Sea Coast.			
9. MAJOR PROPOSED P	ROIFCT(S)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- Establishment of sealife protective zone in the selected protective zones.
 Formulation of a management plan for the priority areas.
 Formulation of a management plan for the strategic environmental management area and the multi-purpose use area.
 Implementation of necessary study and monitoring.

北部紅海沿岸生物環境・生物インベントリー調査

MEA SAU/S 107/99 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY2000 Domestic Survey)

There is no information after the study.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

Prospect for the implementation of the proposed projects: within 1-2 years

After the study completed, the NCWCD accomplished several field trips to the area to collect the tide gages and temperature gages to analyze their data. These studies lead to master plan of the northern part of the Read Sea coast and management plans of Al-Wajh, Ras Swahal and Ras Al-Qasbar. NCWCD held a workshop to discuss these management plans and master plan. In the time being, the special survey are being prepared to collect more information concerning the social and economic and zonation for proposed protected area to discuss with the committee from different agencies and solve the conflict if it occurs and have their opinion on the proposed protected areas. After the survey, the memorandum are prepared to be submit to the board of the NCWCD to approve it, then to be declared as a protected area by the Council of Ministers.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

1) In 2002, JICA and NCWCD formulated a study associated with the sea mammal (dugong) inhabiting along the shore of the Northeast part of the Red Sea and its protection plan. In February 2002, an aerial transect study and a hearing survey were implemented between Al-Wajh and Yanbu. During the study, 18 dugongs in all including a group consisting of three dugongs, two groups consisting of two dugongs respectively and 11 individuals were observed. Those dugongs were all adults of over 3 m in length and no young dugongs were found.

2) In 2003, a joint study (check) on fishes inhabiting the coral reef was executed by staff of NCWCD.

3) In order to facilitate the declaration that the selected coastal area of the Northern Red Sea was appointed as a reserve for wildlife, a technical committee was established. As the first proposal, the execution of a socioeconomic study was advocated by the technical committee as the first proposal which is considered essential partly for the purpose of bringing about equal profits to concerned parties of the target region.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

In February 2004, Protected Areas Planning Department has implemented a study in order to identify the current status and to settle a boundary of the protective zone within proposed Ra's Suwayhil/Ra's al-Qasbah region. Proposed boundary stretches from south most part of Haqil autonomous region to South most part of Burquan Island, which was proposed in the previous study. This is set to 100 metres from the land at high tide. However, for the coast lines which is less than 100 meters from the land, coastal line will be the boundary line. All of the private land, municipal land, and other public land will be excluded from the protective zone. Mountains and hills between Wadi Kulayb and Maqna, and surfaces which includes wadi (dry river except for the rainy season) have been determined by studying/discussing with coastal guards and Muhafiz in Al-Bad region.

For the proposed shallow areas in Al-Wajh, D/S is planned to be conducted in early 2005.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MI

1A	SAU/S 108/99	
1. C	OUNTRY	Saudi Arabia
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study on an Environmental Assessment and Monitoring of Arabian Gulf
3. SECTOR		Administration / Environmental Problems
	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5. COUNTERPAR AGENCY AT THE TIME O DEVELOPMEN		Meteorology and Environmental Protection Administration (MEPA) FUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	Presidency of Meteorology and Environment
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	
7. S	ΓUDY PERIOD	May.1999 ~ Mar.2000 13month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		The coast of Arabian Gulf in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (The north end: Jazirat Abu Ali Island, The south end: Ras Al Qurayyah) ROJECT(S)

アラビア湾環境モニタリング計画調査

MEA SAU/S 108/99 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

The 2nd field survey (Jun.-Jul. 1999):

The study team prepared monitoring plan in the Arabian Gulf in cooperation with MEPA Eastern Province. The preparatory field survey was conducted in the intensive study area to collect information necessary for the preparation of monitoring plan. During the works, the technologies needs for the field and laboratory works were transferred to counterpart. MEPA and the study team held the workshop jointly and presented the results of this stage.

The 3rd field survey (Sep.-Nov.1999):

In order to identify the characteristics of seawater in the Gulf during the autumn season, the 1st round monitoring work was conducted with jointly MEPA. A set of equipment for field and laboratory works was installed in this stage. During the course of each operation, all technologies including the laboratory management, data management and statistical methods, as well as operation and maintenance of the equipment were transferred to MEPA. Also in this stage, MEPA and the study team held the workshop and presented the results of this stage to the relevant organizations.

Discussions and investigations to develop the organization for the planning and execution of monitoring in the near future were conducted. The analysis of the water pollution by using satellite image was also conducted.

This project will be continued hereafter, the 2nd monitoring work(in the summer) and further technology transfer including the satellite image analysis will be implemented. In the final stage, the study team and MEPA will jointly hold technology transfer seminar to present the results of the project and to discuss the future prospect and management of the coastal environmental along the Arabian Gulf.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

The technical transfers by means of OJT and tutorial manner both technically and theoretically on this development study are as follows:

- 1) Monitoring planning method of coastal seawater characteristics
- 2) Field survey technique
- 3) Scientific analysis technique
- 4) Data analysis method
- 5) Satellite image analysis technique

The MEPAEP has acquired the skill to implement a basic monitoring independently around the coastal area as a result of the technical transfer mentioned above. The future targets to be covered are the establishment of continuous monitoring implementation system, and reflection and suggestion of the analysis to the administration.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

In 2002, The Director-general of PME changed to a member of the Royal family and the PME has been reorganized. The Eastern Office of PME, C/P of this Study will be reorganized after the nest fiscal year.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA SDN/S 301/77

1. COUNTRY	Sudan		
2. NAME OF STUDY	Road Project of Obeid-Um Ruaba		
3. SECTOR	Transportation / Road		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	RBPC:Roads and Bridges Public Corporation STUDY		
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Mitsui Consultants Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Apr.1977 ~ Mar.1978 11month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA	Trans-African Continental Road (El Obeid - Um Ruaba about 130 km)		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

An inter-regional transport system in the Sudan has been developed in parallel to the River Nile which runs from south to north through the country. The next target of the development programme will be to improve the transport lines crossing the vast country from Port Sudan to the western areas. Also this project is based on the strategy of the above.

The project road starts from El obeid and runs eastward to Um Ruaba(130 km) in a sand dune savanna areas.

The optimum construction plane proposed after the economic evaluation is divided into three sections $El\ Obeid$ - Nawa (46 km), Nawa - Semeih (40.50 km), Semeih - $Um\ Ruaba$ (46.95 km).

Construction Period: Year of 1978 - 1982 (including detail design period).

Design Conditions

Design Speed: 100 Km/hr for flat terrain and 80 Km/hr hilly terrain

Alignment : Minimum horizontal curve R=1,000m Maximum longitudinal gradient 4.67%

Pavement: DBST on 6 m cariage way

Bridge: 166 m

Box Culverts : 20 phases Pipe Culverts : 696 m

道路建設計画

MEA SDN/S 301/77 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Decemention .		

Description:

The section examined by the study (130km between El Obeid and Um Ruaba) was changed as "Western Agricultural Marketing Road".

(1)Kosti-Temedeli (116km) Subsequent Studies: D/D (Norwegian assistance) Review Study (USAID finance)

AFDB finance (US\$ 15 mil.)

Construction: Jun.1987 Started Mar.1991 Completed

(2)Temedeli-(Um Ruaba)-El Obeid (133km) Subsequent Studies: Review Study (USAID Finance)

Finance:

USAID Finance (US\$ 63 mil.)

Construction: Oct.1987 Started Sep.1991 Completed

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA SDN/A 301/79

1. COUNTRY		Sudan		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Rice Development Project in Abu Gasaba Basin		
3. Sl	ECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.		
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	May.1977 ~ Oct.1979 29month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		About 20,000ha along White Nile, 200km south of the capital Khartum.		
9. M	IAJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)		
1 Irrigation Area : 15 600 ha				

1.Irrigation Area: 15,600 ha

2.Irrigation Canal : Main canal 52km, Feeder canal 121km 3.Drainage Canal : Main canal 73km, Feeder canal 103km

4.Road: Main road 206km, Farm road 260km 5.Embankment: height 2.5-4.5m, length 155km 6.Pump station: 14 caliber 1,000-1,100mm total discharge 2,100 cu. m/min.

7.Rice processing facilities: 3, 20t/hr

アブ・ガサバ地区農業開発計画

MEA SDN/A 301/79 (F/S)

PRESENT STATUS	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description:		

(1) Construction of Pilot farm

Completed

Aug.24,1977 E/N 500 mil. Yen for the construction of pilot farm and provision of the agricultural machinery

1978 B/D Mar.1979 Completed

Jul.21,1979 E/N 1,000 mil. Yen for the expansion of pilot farm

1979 B/D Completed

Apr.6,1982 E/N 150 mil. Yen for the expansion of pilot farm

(2) Main Project

Finance:

(FY 1994 Domestic Survey)

Request was made for an OECF loan.

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

No progress has been made. (FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

There is little possibility to realize the Main Project.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA SDN/S 302/89

1. COUNTRY		Sudan		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Construction of the New White Nile Bridge		
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Road		
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Commissionerate of Engineering Affairs, National Capital Khartoum (NCK) TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Central Consultant, Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Dec.1988 ~ Mar.1990 15month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Khartoum and Omdurman cities		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)		
Brids		g 4-lane concrete type bridge with sidewalks;		

Bridge : A 757.2 m long 4-lane concrete type bridge with sidewalks;

consisting of 80 m span PC box girders, 36.2 m span PC I-girders and RC hollow slab.

Approach : Omdurman side = 2,285 m

Khartoum side = 1,357 m

Intersection : 2 at-grade intersections (Omdurman and Khartoum)

新白ナイル橋建設計画

MEA SDN/S 302/89 (F/S)

EA SDIVIS 302/09	(175)	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		
2 6501-2011 (
Finance: (FY 1995 Domestic Survey)		
Paid to the Chinese contractor with raw cot	ton	
Construction:		
Mar.1994 The contract was concluded with		
(China Gillin International Economic of Aug. 1994 Commenced the construction only	& Technology Corp.) ly for the access road. Any work concerning the bridge co	onstruction has not been commenced.
1998 scheduled to be completed		
Detail:		
	nted with the Japanese grant aid of FY 1990, it was postpo	
Furthermore, the bridge construction, for w	hich the Japanese grant aid had been approved, was susper	naed due to the pointear instability.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

M

EA	SDN/A 302/91		
1. CO	DUNTRY	Suda	ın
2. NAME OF STUDY Hurga and Nur El Din Pump Scheme Re		Hurg	ga and Nur El Din Pump Scheme Rehabilitation Project
3. SECTOR		Agri	culture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation
4. TY	PE OF STUDY	F/S	<u> </u>
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY	Ministry of Irrigation (MOI)
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	Ninn	on Voci Co. I td
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)		oon Koei Co., Ltd. usai Kogyo Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD		Nov.1990 ~ Aug.1991 9month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA		study area is located about 220km south east of Khartoum and extends over the east bank of the Blue Nile zeen the Rahad and the Dinder rivers.
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJEC	T(S)
1. Pu	mping Station: Rated of Design head 2		e 148sq.m/min./unit X 4sets
2. Po	wer Supply System: 33	3kv distr	ibution line 9.5km
	nk Canal: 450m		
4. Canal System: New 12.75km Rehabilitation 89.51km Drain 57.35km		.51km	
5. O&M Facilities: 7nos.			

フルガ・ヌルエルディンポンプ灌漑計画

MEA SDN/A 302/91 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
DDECENTE OF A FRAC	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed Implementing	Delayed or Suspended
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		
Reasons for Delay or Suspension: Instability of public order		
Subsequent Studies: Oct.1991-Mar.1992 B/D		
(FY 1998 Domestic Survey) There are no changes in the situation.		

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA SYR/S 213/96

1. COUNTRY	Syria			
2. NAME OF STUDY	National Telecommunications Network Expansion Plan			
3. SECTOR	Communications & Broadcasting / Telecommunication			
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	STE(Syrian Telecommunication Establishment) STUDY			
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	STE			
6. CONSULTANT(S)	NTT International Corporation			
7. STUDY PERIOD	Mar.1995 ~ Oct.1996 19month(s)			
8. SITE OR AREA	M/P: Whole country of Syria F/S: Damascus city, Damascus and Aleppo, Five big cities			
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

<M/P>

- 1. Telephone Network Expansion: 1,378,239 lines, Mobile Telephone Expansion: 211,190 subs, Computer System Expansion: 1,332 terms
- 2. Telephone Network Expansion: 1,750,000 lines, Computer System Expansion: 68 terms

< F/S >

- Telephone Network Expansion: 208,000 lines
 Mobile Telephone Expansion: 52,000 subs.
 Computer System Expansion: 339 terms
- 2. Telephone Network Expansion: 288,000 lines Mobile Telephone Expansion: 52,000 subs. Computer System Expansion: 68 terms

Implementing period

<M/P>

1. 1996~2010 2. 1996~2000

<F/S>

1,2 1996~2000

全国電気通信網計画調査

MEA SYR/S 213/96 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(1) First five-year Plan (targeting the whole country of Syria)

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Finance:

1997/Sep Loan from Arab (84 million USD) Kuwait and Abu Dhabi (100 million USD) funds.

Own Fund STE 130 million USD

Construction: 24 months from 1999

Constructors: 1. Exchanged (Ericsson, Siemens, Samsung)

2. Transmission (Ericsson)

3. MW (BOSCH)

4. OSP (Siemens Turkey)

(2) Second five-year Plan

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

STE express their intentions to implement the second five-year plan, and examine the introduction of cellular (GSM) after the completion of the five-year plan. However, it will be hard to implement the plan due to financial problem.

* The proposed projects will be implemented by the first and second five-year plans.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

The 2nd phase project is divided into telephone network expansion and its computer system, and introduction of GSM.

Finance: Loan from Arab, Kuwait and Abu Dhabi funds (Telephone Network Expansion) The amount of funds is unknown.

BOT (Introduction of GSM)

Construction: 48 months until Dec. 2001 (389 Telephone Center for Network Expansion)

Constructors: 1. Exchanged (Ericsson, Siemens, Samsung)

2. Transmission (Ericsson)

3. MW (BOSCH)

4. OSP (Siemens Turkey)

Backgrounds:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

The Master Plan on National Telecommunications Network Expansion Plan in the Syrian Arab Republic included the (3) phase of five-year plan up to the year 2010.

As for the first five-year plan up to the year 2000, it was seriously studied how they should be able to implement the plan by using Yen Loan of Japanese Government. Japanese Government had provided loan to Syria for Electric Power Project in 1993. As for telecommunications project, there were not submissions of request letter to Japanese Government due mainly to delicate situation of the country.

Syrian Telecommunications Establishment (STE) had experience of using loan of Arab Fund for telecommunications project in the past. Thus, STE requested loan to Arab fund for this project again.

Kuwait fund and Abu Dhabi fund decided to provide loan 100 million US dollars each out of 500 million US dollars of total cost for the Project. 250 million US dollars is STE's own funds. 50 million US dollars will expectedly be provided by other Arab fund.

It is said that Mr. Obeid, Chairman-Director General of STE is eager to use Japanese Government 's Yen Credit Finance for the second five-year project after 2000.

Concerning the first five-year plan, STE made a public announcement of international tender in September, 1996 in line with the Feasibility Study extracted form Master Plan formulated by NTT International Corporation. Details are as follows:

1. Switching: 1.65 million lines expansion

2. Transmission: Microwave inter-city and spur route

FOTS inter-city and spur route

3. Billing System

4. Outside Plant

Total is 7 packages. This tender was closed in February, 1997 and evaluation is being proceeded. NEC and Fujitu are participating in this tender.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA SYR/S 214/96

1. COUNTRY		Syria
2. NAME OF STUDY		Ports Development Plan
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	General Company of Lattakia Port GCLP General Company of Tartous Port GCLP Ministry of Transport (for the new port) TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	General Company of Lattakia Port: GCLP General Company of Tartous Port: GCTP Ministry of Transport (for the new port)
6. CONSULTANT(S)		The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. ST	ΓUDY PERIOD	Mar.1995 ~ Jun.1996 15month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Latakia, Tartous, Hamidiya
9. M	IAJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

<M/P>

- 1. Latakia: Construction of container and grain terminals
- 2. Tartous: Improvement of the existing container terminal and construction of general cargo berths
- 3. Hamidiya: Construction of new bulk cargo port

<F/S>

- 1. Latakia: Construction of grain terminal and improvement of the existing container terminal
- 2. Tartous: Improvement of the existing container terminal and construction of general cargo berths
- 3. Hamidiya: Construction of new bulk cargo port

[Imp. Period]

<M/P>

1, 2, 3:2010

<F/S>

1, 2, 3:2003

港湾開発計画調査

MEA SYR/S 214/96 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Presently, the projects proposed by the JICA Study is examined by the Government of Syria.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

The request for OECF loan has been submitted.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

Fund Procurement

1. Lattakia Port Rehabilitation

Source: JBIC, 122.6 million USD (Foreign 107.247 million USD, Local 15.843 million USD)

Contents of project: Modernization of Existing Countainer Terminal, Moderneization of Current Grain-Handling Operations, Reinforcement of Existing Conventional Berths

2. Tartous Port Rehabilitation

Source: JBIC, Total Cost: 56,860,000 USD), Date of approval: Near future, Contents of project: Reinforcement of Multi-purpose Terminal at Pier B, Establishment of Multi-purpose Terminal at Pier B of Tartous Port, Dredging of Fairway and Basin.

3. New Port Construction in Hamidiya

Source: JBIC, Total Cost: 466,548 mil. US\$, Date of approval: Un known, Contents of project: Phosphate Terminal, Pellet Terminal, Scrap Terminal, Sulfur Terminal, Fertilizer Terminal, Prepararion of Public Berths

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

This study suggested to implement the rehabilitation project at Latakia and Tartous and the new port construction project at Hamidiya. The Yen loan request on the modernization project of port of Latakia has been made since 1997 as the priority project of the present two merchant ports (Latakia and Tartous) rehabilitation projects. The selection of this project as Yen loan was delayed because the provision to the electric power sector for the purpose of resolving the problem between supply and demand of power has been attached greater importance, however the selection was made in Sep.2001. The contents of request are as follows although the official loan contract is not concluded yet.

Amount: about 9.7 billion ver

Contents: Provision of cargo handling equipment and facilities (2 Container Gantry Cranes etc.) to the container and general cargo berths, provision of cargo handling equipment and construction of silo to the grain terminal.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA SYR/S 224/97

1. COUNTRY		Syria			
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Improvement and Extension of Water Distribution System for Damascus City			
3. SECTOR		Public Utilities / Water Supply			
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.			
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jan.1996 ~ Feb.1998 25month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		Damascus City			
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)			
1					

1. DMA System

Location: Distribution network in Damascus City

Total number of DMA: Large block system 22, Medium block system 36

Total number of monitoring chambers: 165 Flow meter : Ultrasonic meter (52 units) Proposed pipes (DIP) : DN200~600mm X 2,000m

Distribution Pipe extension
 Location: Kafar Souseh district

Planned service area: 191ha Planned population served: 46,800 Improved informal population: 32,000

Distribution main (DIP) : DN500~600mm X 1,800m Secondary (DIP) : DN100~400mm X 13,700m

Tertiary & Service Pipe (PE): DN50~63mm X 20,700m

ダマスカス市給水システム改善拡充計画調査

N

EA	SYR/S 224/97	(M/P+F/S)	
		Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	PRESENT STATUS	Completed	
		Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
			Belayed of Buspended
		Implementing	
		Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Desc	ription :		
Progre	ss Situation after Phase I		
	98 Overseas Survey)		
	uction of distribution pipe and water p	pipe.	
Financ			
Conten	SSA budget.		
		m) and water pipe (42,351m) in the eight squatter areas.	
		e areas including the commercial area.	
Constr	uction:		
	pleted in 1997.		
(ii) cor	mpleted in 1998.		
Progre	ss Situation after Phase II		
_	tribution Pipe Replacement Project (F	Priority Area)	
	quent Studies:	•	
(FY 19	998 Domestic Survey)		
		roject of rehabilitation of water distribution pipelines in Damasco	as city.
	Period: 1997.12~1998.3		
	ementation Plan (Procurement) : se I Wali and Malki areas		
Filas	DIP DN200~600mm X 16km and		
	Maintenance equipment 1 lot		
Phas	se II Old city area		
	DIP DN200~600mm X 13km		
Phas	se III Nasv and Presidential areas		
	DIP DN200~500mm X 17km		
i) Distr	ribution Pipe Replacement Project I		
Financ			
	998 Domestic Survey)		
The p	roject for Rehabilitation of water dist	ribution pipelines	
	cus city (Grant aid).		
	: 1998.3.26 (597mil.yen)	7. 1000 511	
	tract of Consulting Services (for Phase tract with the supplier (for Phase I): 1		
	tracted period of the work: 1998.7.31		
	999 Domestic Survey)	-1///3.1	
	ar.1999 E/N 436 mil.yen		
0	tract of Consulting Services : May 3.1	1998.	
Con			
Con	tract with the supplier (for Phase II):	Jul.30.1999	
Con	tracted period of the work: Jul.30.199	Jul.30.1999	
Con Con (FY 20	tracted period of the work: Jul.30.199 002 Domestic Survey)	Jul.30.1999 99~Mar.1.2000	city Phase I)
Con Con (FY 20 13 Ma	tracted period of the work: Jul.30.199 002 Domestic Survey) ar.2000 E/N 452 mil.yen (The Projec	Jul.30.1999	

Finance:

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

 $4 \ Apr.\ 2003 \ E/N\ 334 \ mil. yen\ \ (The\ Project\ for\ Rehabilitation\ of\ Water\ Distribution\ Pipelines\ in\ Damascus\ city:\ Phase\ 2)$

(2) Replacement project of the water pipes with small diameter

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey) Finance: DAWSSA budget Construction: 100km

Construction: Squatter area (about 100km)

7 areas among planned 11 areas were completed until Apr.2000.

Perspective for remaining works:

In May last year, one area was under construction, one area was under procedure for the construction contract and the other two areas were planned to be materialized in FY2001.

(3) Japanese Technical Cooperation

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

JICA expert (protection of leakage of water supply) is dispatched.

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

JICA expert was being dispatched from 29 Jul. 2002 to 15 Mar.2003.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

JICA expert is being dispatched from Apr. 2003 to Mar. 2005.

Effect:

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

It is evaluated that the study has been contributed to the stable water supply in Damascus City due to the following reasons:

The rate of the UFW has been decreased;

Existing water resources have been utilized through construction of distribution pipe and installation of flow maters; and

- Financial situation of the DAWSSA has been improved since the rate of water charge collection has been increased.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA SYR/S 209/98

1. COUNTRY	Syria
2. NAME OF STUDY	National Tourism Development Plan
3. SECTOR	Tourism / (Tourism in) General
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)	PADECO Co,. Ltd. Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD	Mar.1997 ~ Jun.1998 15month(s)
8. SITE OR AREA	<m p=""> All of Syria. <f s=""> Damascus, Aleppo, Homs and Hama, Mediterranean Coastal zone.</f></m>
9. MAJOR PROPOSED	PROJECT(S)

<M/P>

Overall Tourism Development Policy: 1)Demand Driven, 2)Clear Roles of Public and Private Sectors, 3)Efficient and Sustainable Development. Overall Strategy: 1)Sector Expansion, 2)Sector Efficiency, 3)Sustainable Sector Development.

Demand Projections: 1)2000, 2)2005, 3)2015.

Component Plan: 1)Resource and Product Development Plan, 2)Marketing and Promotion Development Plan, 3) Organization and Institutional Development Plan, 4) Facilities and Infrastructure Development Plan.

<F/S>

Priority Programs: 1)Improving Marketing and Promotion. 2)Improving Satisfaction of Tourists, 3)Improving Intentional Air Access, 4)Improving Planning Function of MOT, 5)Encouraging Private Investment.

Priority Projects: 1)The Damascus Great Heritage, 2)Old Hama of Norias, 3)Historic Tartous-Arwad, 4)Latakia Cultural Circuit, 5)Aleppo the Silk Road, 6)Tourist-Friendly Syria.

Implementation Period: Priority Programs (1998 - 2005), Priority Projects (2000 - 2005).

MEA SYR/S 209/98 (M/P+F/S)

21 81148 207770	(1,2,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	Delayed of Suspended
		Discontinued or Cancelled
Demonstration .	Processing	Discontinued of Canceried
Description: (FY 1999 Domestic Survey) Some of priority programs were already important investment, etc. An official request of the Yen Loan for the		oint Promotion Committee, Improvement of Media Exposure, Provision of further incentives
The ODA loan for this project has not been a	greed by the Japanese government yet.	
Japanese Technical Cooperation (Dispatch of Long-term expert: from Dec. 2003 to Dec. 200	f expert): 05 (1 person)	
Long term expert. Hom Bee.2003 to Bee.200	22 (1 person)	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA SYR/S 213/99

1. C	1. COUNTRY Syria		
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study on Urban Transportation Planning of Damascus City	
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Urban Transportation	
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		Ministry of Interior/ Damascus Governorate TUDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd. Katahira & Engineers Inc.	
7. STUDY PERIOD		Dec.1997 ~ Aug.1999 20month(s)	
8. SITE OR AREA		M/P: Damascus Governorate and a part of Damascus Countryside Governorate Area F/S: Damascus Governorate Area	
9 MAJOR PROPOSED PRO		DO IECT(S)	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

M/P:

- 1) Roads improvement
- 2) New roads
- 3) Intersection improvement
- 4) ATC System
- 5) On/Off-Road parking facilities
- 6) Pedestrianway improvement
- 7) Bus terminal
- 8) Bus fleets improvement

F/S:

- 1) ATC System(YR 2000-2002)
- 2) Umawyeen Square(YR 2001-2004)
- 3) Al Yarmouk Square(YR 2001-2004)
- 4) Hejat Tunnel(YR 2005-2009)
- 5) Armous Underground(YR 2000)

ダマスカス市都市交通計画調査

MEA SYR/S 213/99 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

After the final report being submitted in Jul.1999, the result of the Study were presented in seminars broadly held in Damascus, Allopo and Latakia.

Damascus Govenorate, one of counterpart agencies, established the Department of Follow-up for Japanese Transport Study, which is responsible to implement the results of the Study.

Al-Yarmouk Square Underpass Project is in Detailed Design stage, and another priority project, Umaween Square Under Pass is now being considered for implementation.

New JICA project related to this Study, Damascus Governorate proposed a Signalization System Improvement during the Study period as a Grant Aid Project, but it was unaccepted. The Damascus Government also proposed a Feasibility Study of Public Bus System Improvement, but it was not realized.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

Although the City of Damascus is forward-looking for the implementation, the projects are not progressed because of the following factors:

- -- The governor was changed twice in three years so that the policy cannot be fixed (three times since the time of the Study).
- -- The City of Damascus demands to be implemented by the grant aid, which does not meet with the Japanese assistance policy.

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

The Govt. has implemented construction work of 1 fry-over self financially, one of the Underpass projects proposed by the Study. The Govt. submitted the proposal to JBIC for improving road network (beltway and radiating roads) which is currently under consideration within JBIC. As related projects, a French organization is conducting F/S on public transportation projects, and examining on project funds as well.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

We have been reported that a request for a grant aid has been made for the traffic signal system. However, this project has been once sounded out during JICA's study and viewed as difficult then. Also there had been an intention before that the nation wanted to improve the signal system by yen loan, which was discontinued due to a change of mayor. On the other hand, the yen loan request for highway network improvement of Damascus city is under consideration, which is confronted with an objection that it should be considered after the improvement of Latakia Harbor settles. City roads and intersection improvement (underpass) has been under construction on its own budget, with some of them partly completed.

As for future trend, the municipal intention often changes depending on the administrative management of the Mayor of Damascus, who is ranked at same level as the prefectural governor). And it has been reported (from participants from Damascus City to JICA's training in FY2003) that the position of the traffic department was upgraded associated with the reform of the organization within the city government recently.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

Three years have passed since the start of Bshar al-ASAD's presidency, where political infiltration of his policy can been seen. Within this situation, economic infrastructure development, especially improvements in road networks and port facilities, and railway modernisation, have the highest priority to promote further economic reforms. For Damascas city, transportation construction of roads are conducted in line with JICA M/P within the budget.

Among the projects, Umawyeen Square Underpass has opened, Aba-shin crossing is in construction, Al Yarmouk is in detail design process, and grade separation of Al Hourien St. in Northern Umawyeen Square and Lbarahim Al Qouwatly St. is being considered.

Hejat Tunnel proposed in JICA M/P requires advanced technology to cut cross centre of the city. Therefore, they requires Japanese technical cooperation.

Urban Development Policy Study in Damascas City, which is now prepared for a request, requires revision of M/P, where urban transportation is viewed as an important sector along with the water sector and has been 5 years since the completion of M/P.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

- 1. Extended Projects: Anwar kamel street, Al-Hajia street
- 2. New Projects: Northern beltway, Barzeh Altal, Northern Street in former city.
- 3. An overhead crossing Project: North-South highway, Mujtahed, Hasean Al-karrat, Kafer Sousch, Yarnouk, Zi Qar, Qasioun-Demmar, Alo-jamark, Al-Mahdi bin Baraka
- 4. Street Parking: Has been publicly announcd
- 5. Alleyway Parking: Souk Al-Hal, kassa
- 6. Various pedestrian overpasses and underpasses
- 7. Terminal: Northern terminal, Southern terminal, and Western terminal

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA SYR/S 307/99

1. C	OUNTRY	Syria		
2. NAME OF STUDY 3. SECTOR		Study on Water Resources Development in the Northwestern and Central Basins (PhaseII)		
		Social Infrastructure / Water Resources Development		
4. TYPE OF STUDY		F/S		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		Directorate of Irrigation and Water Resources, Ministry of Irrigation (MOI) FUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
		Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Sanyu Consultants Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Nov.1996 ~ Feb.2000 39month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		The north western and central basin in Syrian Arab Republic		
0 M	MATOR PROPOSED PROTECT(S)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- 1. Overall Water Resources Management System is recommended to be established in the whole country area, which will be centralized in a main management station (called "Central Station") in Damascus.
- 2. Water Resource Management Model: Water resources management model consists of 4 parts.
- 1) Database with Oracle computer software handles data sharing among the models, water quality data and meteo-hydrogical information.
- 2) Water demand model has functions of the calculation of water demand, the visualization of meteorology stations and sub-basin boundaries in the basin.
- 3) Synthetic Storage Model (SSM) is applied for unsteady and quasi-three dimensional state, and deals with a basin-wide hydrological balance analysis for both surface systems simultaneously.
- 4) Local model estimates the components of the velocity vector adjacent to Damascus Ghouta.
- 3. Water Resources Management System for Barada and Awaj Basin
- 1) The meteorological monitoring network is used for preparing meteorological input data required for the computer simulation of the Synthetic Storage Model (SSM). Meteorological Input Data includes rainfall, snowfall, snowmelting, air-temperature, wind speed, evaporation, sunshine hour, and relative humidity.
- 2) The hydrological monitoring network is used for preparing verification data that will be necessary to revise parameters of the SSM in future. Hydrological Verification Data comprises river runoff and spring discharge.
- 3) The groundwater monitoring system is used for monitoring groundwater level for estimating storage amount, and to monitor groundwater quality for revealing groundwater flow.
- 4) The water quality-monitoring program is used for monitoring compliance with established water quality standards, identifying sources of pollution, providing data for development of water quality model in the future.
- 5) Telemetry system obtained timely and periodically. Meteorological data of mountain are in winter is necessary on operation of the water resources management system.

北西部・中部水資源開発計画調査(フェーズ2)

MEA SYR/S 307/99 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

After the completion of the Feasibility Study, the JICA regional office in Syria sent two short-term experts in order to formulate the concrete development plan. In addition, the JICA regional office sent a member of JOCV to the Ministry of Irrigation that should be the counterpart agency in case that the project is implemented. In order to realize the Trans-basin Project from the Coastal Region aims to transfer water form the Coastal area where they have a certain amount of surplus water to Damascus City where they will face serious problem of water shortage in near future. For the implementation of the Trans-basin Project, the potential of water resources in the Coastal region should be investigate and clarified in advance. The Government of the Syria express their intention to request a technical cooperation to the Japanese government for the clarification of water resources in Coastal Region. Now JICA regional office arranges the framework of the project between the Ministry of Irrigation and Ministry of House to formulate the technical cooperation.

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

The "Water Resources Information Management Center Equipment and Materials Improvement Project" is expected to be implemented in December 2002 under the Grant Aid. The said project has important relations with this project and the Equipment and Materials Improvement Project will lead to implementation of the proposed project.

(FY 20003Domestic Survey)

A short-term dispatch of experts is expected to be implemented in 2003 as the "Water Resources Information Center Improvement Project".

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

Some proposal projects as a result of the study has been implemented as flowing;

1) The project for Development Hydrological and Meteorogical Observation Network

Finance: 10 Dec.2003 E/N 650 mil. yen 2) Rehabilitation irrigation project Finance: Syrian Government

The plan will be executed through numbers of years; the found for rehabilitation plan was about 12 billion Syrian pounds for the last three years.

3) Building new dams Finance: Syrian Government

The amount of money needed is about 7.4 billion Syrian Pounds will be secure thought numbers of years.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mendtioned...

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

- 1. Design/Construction
- 1) Construction Period: 15th June, 2002 14th June 2005
- 2) Maintenance/Management Body: Water Resources Information Centre, Ministry of Irrigation
- Subsequent Studies
- 1) Project Name: Development of Hydrological and Meteorological Observation Network in the Syrian Arab Republic
- 2) Contents: To supply hydrological and meteorological observation system to facilitate management of coastal area
- 3) Funding Request: Grant Aid (approved on 10th December 2003), $650\ million\ YEN$
- 3. Technical Assistance
- 1) Detachment of Technical Experts
- 2003 3 long-term experts, 3 short-term experts, 5 consultants
- 2004 long-term experts, 3 short-term experts, 5 consultants
- 2) Training
- 2003 Hydrological observation (13th 31st July) 3 personnel. Water resource management (26th October 9th November) 2 personnel
- 2004 Database, GIS, and Network (8th February 7th March) 5 personnel, Hydrological observation (10th 31st July) 5 personnel, Water resource management (4th 19th September) 2 personnel, Water resource planning (10th 31st October) 5 personnel
- 2005 Database, GIS, and Network (undecided)

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA SYR/S 215/01

1. COUNTRY Syria		
2. NAM	Æ OF STUDY	The Master Plan Study on the Development of Syrian Railway
3. SEC	TOR	Transportation / Railway
4. TYP	E OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		Ministry of Transport, General Establishment of Syrian Railway, General Establishment of Hidjas Railway TUDY
C	RESENT COUNTERPART GENCY	
6. CON	SULTANT(S)	Japan Railway Technical Service (JARTS) Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.
7. STU	DY PERIOD	Apr.2000 ~ Aug.2001 16month(s)
8. SITE OR AREA		M/P: GESR and GEHR railway network system operation areas and planned areas F/S: GESR area , 1) Tartous-Homs-Al-Sharqia area, 2) Jublin- Muslimia area
9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)		

M/P: (2001-2020)

(GESR)

- 1) Rehabilitation and modernization of existing facilities (8 projects by section, 5 projects by sector such as workshop)
- 2) New line construction (9 projects by section)

(GEHR)

1) Rehabilitation of existing facilities (3 projects by line (measures for ensuring safety in train operation))

F/S:

 $1)\ Rehabilitation\ and\ Modernization\ of\ Tartous,\ Homs\ and\ Al\ Sharqia\ Section\ (F/S-1)(2001-2020)$

This project covers the route of about 270km running from Tartous (an important port for import and export) to Al Sharqia (with phosphate ore mimes) via Homs. For this route, the project aims at the rehabilitation and modernization of the existing track facilities, electric facilities and so forth; as well as the additional construction of signal stations and double tracking for the smooth operation of trains which will be increased to cope with the growth of demand.

2) Locomotive Workshop Modernization (F/S-2)(2001-2015)

Since the existing locomotive maintenance workshop in Jublin is narrow and has superannuated, this project aims at the construction of a new workshop at a separate place so as to promote locomotive workshop modernization.

Specially, it is planned to construct a new workshop a place of about 38ha neighboring the present Muslimia Station. The scale of main shop of the new workshop will be about 34,000km2 in total, and about 1,000 units of inspection devices and so forth will be installed.

MEA SYR/S 215/01 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY2002 Overseas Survey)

The Syrian Ministry of Transport and GESR have highly estimated the results of the Master Plan and Feasibility Studies.

GESR will make efforts to implement measures that can be materialized by themselves, however, based on the consideration in the Syrian side, they have the wish to obtain Japanese cooperation regarding the following items.

1) Advice by railway experts to promote improvement of software aspects (especially, Management improvement, education, etc)

2)Financial assistance by Yen Loans, for the Locomotive Workshop Modernization project on which a feasibility study has been conducted.

3) Project -Type technical cooperation for reinforcing Railway Education/ Training Center.

Technical cooperation of Japan: Dispatch of short-term expert (railway management adviser)

(FY2003 Domestic Survey)

Period: 2002/Nov/05 - 2003/Feb/04

Number of experts: 2

Objective: Examination of an improvement plan for the management of Syria Railway by analyzing the present financial condition of Syria in more detail for the purpose of implementing the suggestions conducive to efficient transportation proposed in this study.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

M

EA	SYR/S 303/01	
1. C	OUNTRY	Syria
2. N	AME OF STUDY	The Study on Solid Waste Treatment Plan at Local City
3. Sl	ECTOR	Public Utilities / Urban Sanitation
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Local Administration, Ministry of State Environment Affairs, Homs City and Lattakia City TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Dec.2000 ~ Jan.2002 13month(s) ~
8. SI	ITE OR AREA	Lattakia (population: 375 thousand), Jableh (population: 93 thousand), Qurdaha (population: 49 thousand), Al-Haffeh (population: 24 thousand), and Homs (population: a million)
	IAJOR PROPOSED I	
plan		ollection equipment (47 collection vehicle), Construction of Al-Bassa recycle center (sorting center (20 ton/day) and compost lay)), Rehabilitation of the existing (Al-Bassa) disposal site. Public awareness campaign, Establishment of a new organization

(Homs) Procurement of collection equipment (59 collection vehicle), Construction of Homs cleansing center (Compost plant (50 ton/day), transfer station (800 ton/day)), Rehabilitation of the existing (Dir-Baalbeh) disposal site, Establishment of medical waste management, Establishment of new organization for Homs cleansing center

地方都市廃棄物処理計画調査

MEA SYR/S 303/01 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY2002 Domestic Survey)

Grand Aid Application was submitted from Ministry of Local Administration, Homs city and Lattakia city with following priority .

- (1) First priority Supply of collection disposal equipment for Lattakia and Homs
- (2) Construction of compost plant for Lattakia and Homs
- (3) Construction of sorting center for Lattakia and transfer station for Homs

(FY2003 Domestic Survey)

In Homs City, improvement of existing garbage disposal facilities was put into practice on the budget of Homs City and completed in 2002 after the JICA's study. The counterpart of the JICA's study played a central role in the implementation.

A grant aid was requested in January 2002 with prioritization. In the prioritization, improvement of garbage collection and equipment in garbage disposal facilities were assigned the highest priority. The details of the request are as follows.

Request amount 27 million USD

Details of request Latakia City and the three surrounding cities: improvement of garbage collection, improvement of recycle centers, improvement of existing garbage disposal facilities Homs City: improvement of garbage collection improvement of waste disposal centers (compost plants, relay stations)

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

- 1. Subsequent Studies:
- 1) Project Name: "The Study on Solid Waste Treatment Facilities Improvement Plan at Local City" B/D
- 2) Content: Syrian government has requested Japanese government for a Yen Loan for solid waste treatment facilities improvement project in August, 2003. Japanese government has commissioned JICA for a study of this plan, which JICA has conducted its P/S in June 2004 to identify and to organise project components. This study aims to prepare a fundamental material by researching the context of the request, objective, benefit, and management capability required for an implementation, and analysing its validity from social/economic aspect, which the basic concept will be discussed with the counterpart government to make an agreement make a settlement for B/D and estimated project cost.
- 3) Project Period: From mid November 2004 to mid March 2005
- 4) Finance: Grant Aid (E/N is planned to be concluded after the completion of B/D), the amount will be determined within B/D
- 5) Design/Construction:
- Completion date: Approximately 1 year from the start of D/D
- Content: Preparation of equipments decided in B/D, guidance on collection and transportation as a soft component
- 6) Dispatch of Experts: 1 personnel, collection and transportation system operation and equipments maintenance and management assistance, after D/D completion.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

- 1. Study Name: "The Study on Solid Waste Treatment Plan at Local City"
- 1) Content: B/D
- 2) Period: July December 2004
- .2 Project Name: "Improvement of the Existing Disposal Site in Al-Bassa
- 1) Content: Improvement plan is based on the proposal made in the improved plan for Zone II prepared by JICA. At present, construction for Zone III improvement is in progress conducting covering of reclaimed land, setting of tariff, isolation of land, and instalment of gas removal equipments.
- 2) Period: started in 2003. Continued till June 2005 using special fund of the government.
- 3) Finance: 50 million SYP
- 3. Design/Construction EIA study has been implemented for new Oasia treatment plant
- 1) Period: October 2004 2008
- 2) Content: reclamation has been conducted for the establishment of new Oasia treatment plan, which will be used by Lattakia, Jableh, Quardaha, Al-haffeh and neighbouring municipals.
- 4. Technical Cooperation: Training, 1 personnel Training in Japan (1 month)
- Progress
- 1) Reclaimed land has been rehabilitated in accord with the proposal made by JICA
- 2) Reclamation has been conducted by private sector.
- 3) Private sector is participating in solid waste disposal collection.
- 4) The waste collection site has been transferred to public land.
- 5) In December 2004, a law cleaning to be the responsibility of municipal was enforced.
- 6) Based on the M/P prepared by Ministry of Local Administration and Environment and French corporation, management department will be newly established in the Cleaning Office.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

Subsequent Study: Solid waste treatment equipment improvement plan at local city

Implementing period: November 2004 to March 2005

Implementation body: Homs city, Latakia city and three surrounding cities.

Objectives: To increase collecting rates of urban and medical waste from 80% to 95 % to 100% respectively in Homs city, Latakia city, and three surrounding cities, in overcoming inefficient waste collection

Relation with the study: In response to the results of study, the Syrian government has requested Japan for a grant aid for waste management improvement in Homs city, Latakia city and three surrounding cities in 2003. As a result, B/D study was implemented from November 2004 to March 2005. E/N is planned to be concluded in 2006 for a grant of waste collection vehicles.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA SYR/A 105/02

1. C	OUNTRY	Syria
2. N.	AME OF STUDY	The Study on Quality Improvement of Agricultural Products
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Department of Agriculture Economics, Ministry of Agricultural and Agrarian Reform TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd.
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Jan.2001 ~ Aug.2002 19month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		The Study area covers the main cultivation area, processing area and marketing area of the commodities. However, data analysis will cover the whole territory of Syria and other countries related to the Syria commodities depending on the necessity of the Study objectives.
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)

Project on Collective Marketing by Producers:

The project intends to establish collective marketing system of citrus by producers of two villages in Lattakia, aiming at increasing income from citrus marketing through improvement of the produce.

Wholesale Market Improvement Plan:

The proposed improvement plan aims at providing basic ideas on modernization of the market responding to requirements, particularly of the institutional and management system, assigned to the wholesale markets. Transparent trading, fair price formulation an efficient transactions to contribute to food security of the country is the most important element, together with the introduction of modernized facilities.

Market Information Services Project :

The directorate of Agricultural Economy of MAAR is the core of the system, connecting other directorates in MAAR, wholesale markets and other organizations by computer network, for providing market information of the country and abroad, more quickly and accurately.

農産物品質向上計画調査

MEA SYR/A 105/02 (M/P) In Progress or In Use PRESENT STATUS Delayed Discontinued **Description:** (FY2003 Domestic Survey) There is no information available on the current situations of this project. (FY2003 Overseas Survey) The proposed projects have not executed yet. Ministry of Agriculture mistrusted Committee Planning to ask JICA for a fund to the proposed project. However, answer was not received. (FY 2004 Domestic Survey)(FY 2004 Overseas Survey) No information to be specifically mentioned. (FY 2005 Domestic Survey) No information to be specifically mentioned.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Basic Study)

MEA TUN/S 501/87

	101/8 501/6/		
1. C	DUNTRY	Tunisia	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Topographic Mapping Project	
3. SI	CCTOR	Social Infrastructure / Survey & Mapping	
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	Basic Study	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S'	Ministry of Housing and Equipment DDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	International Engineering Consultants Association	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jun.1985 ~ Feb.1988 32month(s) ~	
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Entire country	
2)Ae	rophotos covering 165,	00 sq. km	

地図作成事業

EA TUN/S 501/87	(Basic Study)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
2) Technical transfer is considered effective,	n extensively used for development planning and implementation. and the counterparts, after their training in Japan, are active in their respective capacities. study which is currently preparing maps of scale 1:50,000.
(FY1994 Domestic Survey)(FY1995 Domest No additional information.	tic Survey)

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA TUN/S 301/90

1. C	OUNTRY	Tunisia	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Construction of the Rades - La Goulette Connection Facility	
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Road	
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Equipment and Housing TUDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	Ministry of Equipment and Housing	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Aug.1989 ~ Dec.1990 16month(s) ~	
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Western part of Rades port, Tunisia	
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)	
		y deviction around the town of La Coulette and its extension towards Corthago	

Construction of the highway deviation around the town of La Goulette and its extension towards Carthage.

Cable stayed concrete bridge 75+150+75= 300m

= 1,300m = 2,100m Access viaducts Approach road Access road for Voie Express = 2,000m Total length 5,700m

ラデス・グーレット橋建設計画

MEA TUN/S 301/90 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Studies:

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

Oct.1996~Feb.1997 OECF SAPROF Extrudes type bridge was proposed.

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

30 Mar. 1999 L/A 8,403mil.yen "Rades - La Goulette Bridge Construction Project"

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)
Request for finance was submitted to OECF in 1996 and it was selected for 1997.

Construction:

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey) Imp. Period: 2000 - 2006

Contents: Extradosed girder bridge (260m)

South access road (2,190m)
Approach bridge (460m) Ramp bridge (1,020m) Ramp road (780m)

Relocation of existing highway (1,837m) North extension of access road (2,250m)

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA TUN/A 101/91

1. C	OUNTRY	Tunisia	
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Forest Mana	ement in the Mejerdanet Basin
3. SI	ECTOR	Forestry	/ Forestry & Forest Conservation
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Min	ion General of Forestry ry of Agriculture
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Japan Fores	Cechnical Association
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Dec	988 ~ May.1991 29month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA		00sq. km extended over Jandouba and other 4 province in the part of the Tunisia.
9 M	A IOR PROPOSED I	PROTECT(S)	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- (1) The forest management plan was proposed for the Intensive Area by means of:
- Demarcation of national forests
- Compilation of forest register & volume table
- Development of technology of reforestation and natural regeneration
- Formulation of a management plan for the whole area based on the model plan
- (2) The forest conservation plan was formulated for the dam's water-catchment area(30,000ha) within the Intensive Area. Accordingly, the model designs of those works were prepared.

メジュルダ川流域森林管理計画

MEA TUN/A 101/91 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

Subsequent Study:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Forest management study over an area of 30,000 ha in Jandouba and Ain Draham was carried out with KFW and WB funding.

(1) Forest Management Plan

Based on the basic plan and model plan formulated by M/P, the Department of Forestry is currently preparing a forest management plan itself.

Finance:

KFW 240000 Dinars World Bank 20000 Dinars

(2) Forest Conservation Plan

It has not been implemented due to the budget constrains. The Tunisian government desires the Japanese government to assist the implementation of the model plan. The formulation of the forest conservation plan covering the whole Mejerdanet Basin has never been tried in Tunisia. Therefore, the government has an intention to learn the Japanese management method through the implementation of the model plan.

(3)Other Projects

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

- 1. The results of the study have been used as a basis for forest types mapping and forestry resources assessment in the national inventory and comprehensively used in the planning process and policy formulation for the preparation of the forestry and pasture-land resources development plan.
- 2. Timber harvesting, natural regeneration and silvicultural operations have been performed in line with the recommendations formulated in the document.
- 3. Infrastructures have been improved including forest road opening and maintenance.
- 4. Integrated projects are being carried out for the improvement of local population's well-being based on the study findings, for an effective participation of populations in natural resources management.

Detail

(FY 1993 Overseas Survey)

The model plan formulated in M/P will be utilized in Tunisia as the standard plan to conduct the development study in future. Local governments will conduct further study. In addition, the central government has been effectively utilizing the map.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Forest Management Study has been utilized for formulation of plans and policy. There is a request for mapping project for the area where this project didn't cover.

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

Forest Management Plan and method to formulate it are being utilized by Direction General of Forestry.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Integrated projects targeting the local populations as main beneficiary, are being implemented financed by WB over the area covered by the study.

More projects are being contemplated for forest management through WB, KFW and Northern Investment Bank financing.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA TUN/S 201/93

	1011/8/201/93	
1. C	OUNTRY	Tunisia
2. NAME OF STUDY Flood Protection for Greater Tunis and Sousse		
3. SECTOR Social Infrastructure		Social Infrastructure / River & Erosion Control
	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY Ministry of Equipment and Housing (MOEH) DEVELOPMENT STUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Feb.1993 ~ Mar.1994 13month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Greater Tunis and Sousse
river	in Greater Sousse.	tudy on flood protection for 11 urban drainages, F/S was conducted on Ennkhilet river in Greater Tunis and on Hammam tection works for all river stretches and construction of a diversion channel and four retarding basins. ection works for the upper and lower river stretches.

______ 都市洪水対策計画調査

MEA TUN/S 201/93

(M/P+F/S)

Completed or In Progress Promoting

Completed

PRESENT STATUS

Partially Completed

Delayed or Suspended

Implementing

Processing

Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

1. Ennkhilet River Improvement Project

Subsequent Study:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

OECF appraisal mission was dispatched in June 1997.

Finance:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

30 March 1998 L/A 313 mil. yen ("Inundation Protection Project")

Contents of the Project:

- 1) Ariana Area: Rehabilitation of exsting channels and provision of reservoirs and drainage channels to prevent flooding, with a target return period of 20 years, along the Enkhit River in the city of Arian, north of Tunis.
- 2) Kairouan Area: The flood-prevention project for the Merguellil and Zeround Rivers, which flow into the Kairouan Plain in central Tunisia, where Kairouan is located.

Construction:

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

"Ennkhilet River Improvement Project" will be started at the end of 2001 for 30 months period.

2. Hamman River Improvement Project

Subsequent Study:

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Local consultant is carrying out a study.

Construction:

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

"Hamman River Improvement Project" was executed by Tunisian Government.

Backgrounds:

(FY 1994 Domestic Survey)

In the F/S report, it was recommended MOEH to take immediate necessary actions for further steps such as securing finance, land acquisition of proposed retarding basins and river stretches, and so forth.

(FY 1995 Domestic Survey)

According to the officers in charge of MOEH, they eagerly wish to make detail design by means of Japanese aid, and to implement the construction works continuously.

(FY 1996 Domestic Survey)

No progress has been made.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

In 1996, the request for OECF loan was submitted but not approved. Regarding the emergency of the project, request is supposed to be sent in 1997 again.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Basic Study)

MEA TUN/S 502/93

1. CO	COUNTRY Tunisia	
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	Topographic Mapping of Central Region
3. SE	CCTOR	Social Infrastructure / Survey & Mapping
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	Basic Study
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Office de la Topographie et de la Cartographie Ministere de l'Equipment et de L'Habitat TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CO	ONSULTANT(S)	International Engineering Consultants Association Pasco International Inc.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Aug.1990 ~ Mar.1994 43month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Central Region in Tunisia
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)

中部地域国土基本図作成調査

¹⁾Aeral photography of 1/60,000(35,000km2) 2)Topographic Mapping of 1/50,000(45 sheets, 27,000km2)

MEA TUN/S 502/93 (Basic Study) In Progress or In Use PRESENT STATUS Delayed Discontinued **Description:** The study was started in Aug. 1990 and completed in March 1994. 1/50,000 topographic maps of Central Region (45 sheets) were produced as final products. They will be published for official use and are expected to be used for the planning of the 8th Social Economic Development Plan. (FY1996 Overseas Survey)
The outputs are being utilized to make plans like development plan, road and dam construction and so forth. They will be utilized for the 9th Social Economic Development Plan (1997-2001).

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA TUN/A 304/96

1	1011/A 304/30	
1. C	OUNTRY	Tunisia
2. N	Irrigated Area Improvement in Oasis in the South	
3. SECTOR		Agriculture / Irrigation, Drainage & Reclamation
4. TYPE OF STUDY F/S		F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY		TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyu Consultants Inc. Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1995 ~ Jul.1996 16month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	153 Oasis located at four provinces (Gatsa, Kebili, Tojur, Gabes) in the South
	nage Canal 1,613km Period] ars	

南部オアシス地域灌漑施設整備計画

MEA TUN/A 304/96 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Finance:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

13 Dec. 1996 L/A 8,106 mil. yen.

(Irrigation Perimeters Improvement Project in Oasis in South Tunisia)

General untied, Interest rate: 2.1%~2.7%

Payment Period/ Grace Period: 25 / 7 years

Project Contents: The objective of the project is to improve irrigation efficiency by rehabilitating, with P.V.C. or concrete pipes, the small branch channels in 153 oases (23,435 ha in total) in four prefectures located 250 km to 390 km south of Tunis (Gabes, Gafsa, Kebili, Tozeur). The rehabilitation will reduce irrigation water loss, and thus economize on water, as well as improve agricultural production. Improvement of the scenery at oases, which can be vulnerable tourism resources for Tunisia, is also expected. The loan is to be used for procurement of equipment and civil works and consulting services.

Bid:

(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)

In 1997s, selection of consultant is started.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Contracts were signed.

BAS RHONE LANGUEDOG (French) and STUDI INGENIERIE (Tunisian) for Gabes, Kebili and SCET TUNISIE (Tunisian) for Gafsa oasis.

Construction:

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Oct.1998~ D/D was started.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

The construction will be completed in 2003.

Contents of construction: Irrigation canal and drainage canal

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (D/D)

MEA TUN/S 408/00

1. C	OUNTRY	Tunisia	
2. NA	AME OF STUDY	The Detailed Design Study on the Rural Water Supply Project in the Republic of Tunisia	
3. SI	ECTOR	Public Utilities / Water Supply	
4. TY	YPE OF STUDY	D/D	
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Directorate General of Agricultural Engineering, Ministry of Agriculture FUDY	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd.	
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Feb.2000 ~ Mar.2001 13month(s) ~	
8. SITE OR AREA		41 project sites covering 15 local governments in the whole Tunisia.	
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

The Study carried out the design works of water supply system such as Basic Study, Detailed Design and Tender Documents for 41 projects. The major facilities of water supply system are; intake facilities taking water from the existing water pipeline, shallow and deep wells, springs, and the dam; water treatment facilities; transmission pipelines; pump facilities; water tanks; distribution pipelines; and service points. All the quantities designed by the Study are summarized in below:

- 1) Pipeline Length: 550km
- 2) Water Tank: 31
- 3) Pumping Station: 18
- 4) Relay Pumping Station: 17
- 5) Booster Pumping Station: 8
- 6) Bank Pressure Tank: 28
- 7) Public Water Tap: 430
- 8) Potance: 28
- 9) Individual Connections: 55
- 10) Water Treatment Plant: 1
- 11) Disinfection Equipment: 2
- 12) Electrical Equipment: 28
- 13) GIC Office: 20

地方給水事業実施設計調査

MEA TUN/S 408/00 (D/D)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Finance:

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

Mar. 2000 L/A 3,352 mil.yen (Rural Water Supply Project I)

Construction:

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

The Study was carried out as JICA Detailed Design. Tendering of the consulting services for the construction supervision was conducted during the Study period.

The Consultant performing the construction supervision was selected in Feb. 2001 and commenced the services from Mar. 2001.

Tendering of the construction works of each project was commenced from Mar. 2001 in order and the construction of the earliest project was started from Apr. 2001.

The construction works of 26 projects among 41 projects are implemented in Nov. 2001 and tendering works are proceeding for the remaining 15 projects.

The whole project will be completed in August 2003 as scheduled in the original planning.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

Construction completed for 11 systems.

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

Construction:Mar. 2001~Dec. 2003

Future Prospect:

(FY 2002 Domestic Survey)

"Rural Water Supply Project: Phase 2" expected to be selected as JBIC project.

Finance:

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

March 2003 L/A 4,495 million YEN (Rural Water Supply Project II)

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

For "Rural Water Supply Project: Phase 2", implementation design was conducted for the project, planned for a Yen loan. Started from November 2003.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

1. Design/Construction

37 plan has completed and 4 projects are in progress (progress: 97%). Completion date is December 2005. Management and operation after its completion will be conducted by GIC.

2. Water supply to rural area (zone II)

1) Contents: Design study targeting 94 projects for water supply in rural areas conducted by JICA.

- 2) Study period: 2004 05
- 3) Finance
- Funding Party: JBIC (No. TS-P24)
- Amount: 4,495 million YEN (Decided on 31st March, 2003, Project cost, 65 million Dinar)

4) Construction

- Period: February 2004 March 2008
- Progress 13 % (as of 2004)

(FY 2005 domestic survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent project: Rural water supply plan

Implementing period: 2001/4 - 2006/12

Progress:

99% achieved for the FY 2000 implementation, with 36 projects completed and 3 projects in progress.

96% achieved for the FY 2001 implementation, with 37 projects completed and 4 projects in progress.

Preparing for tender documents for the FY 2006 implementation including 4 projects.

Management and operational body: GIC

Subsequent project: Rural water supply plan phase II

Implementing period: 2003 - 2005

Implementing body: JICA

Objectives: Detailed design for 94 project in rural areas

Contents: Detailed design for 94 project in rural areas

Funding:

Funding party: Yen Loan L/A concluded 2003/3/31

Construction period: 2004/2-2009/12

Progress:

New projects:

60% achieved for the FY 2004, with 22 out of 56 projects completed

14% achieved for the FY 2005, including 44 projects

Preparing for tender documents including 46 projects

Improvement projects:

47% achieved for the FY 2004, with 6 out of 26 projects completed.

5% achieved for the FY 2005, including 26 projects

Preparing tender documents for the FY 2006 including 24 projects.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA TUN/S 120/01

1. C	OUNTRY	Tunisia
2. N	AME OF STUDY	The Study on Tourism Development Master Plan (Preparatory Study)
3. SI	ECTOR	Tourism / (Tourism in) General
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Tunisia National Tourism Office FUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	PADECO Co., Ltd. Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.2000 ~ May.2001 14month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	
0 M	IA IOR PROPOSED I	POIFCT(S)

M------ Dl--- f--- 2016

Master Plan for 2016

- 1) Tourism Product Development Plan(cultural tourism, Sahara tourism, nature-based tourism) (project budget 536,160 thousand USD)
- 2) Tourism Resource and Environmental Preservation Plan(urban environment, natural environment) (project budget 88,400 thousand USD)
- 3) Marketing and Promotion Plan(project budget 573,625 thousand USD)
- 4) Tourism Industry Vitalization Plan(related to lodging industry and other industries) (project budget 84,400 thousand USD)
- 5) Human Resource Development Plan(tourism public corporation, hotel employees, curators) (project budget 26,080 thousand USD)
- 6) Infrastructure Development Plan(road network, public transportation, parking lot) (project budget 79,840 thousand USD)

Action Plan for 2006

- A) Development of Carthage Heritage Park
- B) Rehabilitation of Islamic Urban Heritage
- C) Tourism development of Sahara and Oasis Life
- D) Cultural Circuit Upgrading
- E) Improved Competitiveness for Beach Resort
- F) MICE Tourism Promotion

観光開発計画

Y 2002 Domestic Survey) It winter 2002, a TV conference that connected Japan and Tunisia was held in Tunisian Embassy in Tokyo in order to discuss the action plans proposed in the Study report. The Tunisian Naturism Office is considering the possibility to apply for Japanese Loan. Related grant project for Carthage Heritage Park has been implemented. Y 2004 Domestic Survey) In the sequent Studies: May will make a progress predicting from the actions taken by the embassy. Y 2004 Overseas Survey) In information to be specifically mentioned. Y 2005 Domestic Survey) In project supervisor was invited for luncheon with the Minister of Ministry of Tunisian Tourism and Ambassador and has been asked for a investment possibility from Japan to Tunisian to	A TUN/S 120/01	(M/P)
Discontinued Pescription: Y 2002 Domestic Survey) It winter 2002, a TV conference that connected Japan and Tunisia was held in Tunisian Embassy in Tokyo in order to discuss the action plans proposed in the Study report. The Tunisian Naturism Office is considering the possibility to apply for Japanese Loan. Related grant project for Carthage Heritage Park has been implemented. Y 2004 Domestic Survey) Ibsequent Studies: May will make a progress predicting from the actions taken by the embassy. Y 2004 Overseas Survey) Information to be specifically mentioned. Y 2005 Domestic Survey) Information to be specifically mentioned. Y 2006 Domestic Survey) Information to be specifically mentioned.		In Progress or In Use
Discontinued Pescription: Y 2002 Domestic Survey) It winter 2002, a TV conference that connected Japan and Tunisia was held in Tunisian Embassy in Tokyo in order to discuss the action plans proposed in the Study report. The Tunisian Naturism Office is considering the possibility to apply for Japanese Loan. Related grant project for Carthage Heritage Park has been implemented. Y 2004 Domestic Survey) Ibsequent Studies: May will make a progress predicting from the actions taken by the embassy. Y 2004 Overseas Survey) Information to be specifically mentioned. Y 2005 Domestic Survey) Information to be specifically mentioned. Y 2006 Domestic Survey) Information to be specifically mentioned.		
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Y 2002 Domestic Survey) It winter 2002, a TV conference that connected Japan and Tunisia was held in Tunisian Embassy in Tokyo in order to discuss the action plans proposed in the Study report. The Tunisian Naturism Office is considering the possibility to apply for Japanese Loan. Related grant project for Carthage Heritage Park has been implemented. Y 2004 Domestic Survey) In the sequent Studies: May will make a progress predicting from the actions taken by the embassy. Y 2004 Overseas Survey) In information to be specifically mentioned. Y 2005 Domestic Survey) In project supervisor was invited for luncheon with the Minister of Ministry of Tunisian Tourism and Ambassador and has been asked for a investment possibility from Japan to Tunisian to		Discontinued
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o information to be specifically mentioned. Y 2005 Domestic Survey) The project supervisor was invited for luncheon with the Minister of Ministry of Tunisian Tourism and Ambassador and has been asked for a investment possibility from Japan to Tunisian to	Y 2004 Domestic Survey) ubsequent Studies: May will make a progress pre	dicting from the actions taken by the embassy.
Y 2005 Domestic Survey) the project supervisor was invited for luncheon with the Minister of Ministry of Tunisian Tourism and Ambassador and has been asked for a investment possibility from Japan to Tunisian to	Y 2004 Overseas Survey) o information to be specifically mentioned.	
	Y 2005 Domestic Survey)	ith the Minister of Ministry of Tunisian Tourism and Ambassador and has been asked for a investment possibility from Japan to Tunisian to

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA TUN/S 201/05

1. COUNTRY Tunisia		Tunisia
2. NA	2. NAME OF STUDY The study on the rural water supply project (phase II) in the Republic of Tunisia	
3. SECTOR Public Utilities / (Public Utilities in) General		Public Utilities / (Public Utilities in) General
4. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C0	ONSULTANT(S)	Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd. Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Nov.2003 ~ Mar.2006 28month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)

L チュニジア国地方給水計画調査フェーズ2 (地球環境部) MEA TUN/S 201/05 (M/P+F/S)

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		***********
(FY2006 Domestic Survey)		
As of October 2005, nearly half of the constr little ahead of the schedule. (Financed by JB	ruction work of projects planned for the year 2005 has already be	een started. Although the current progress has not been confirmed yet, it seems to be a
inthe ahead of the schedule. (Phianced by 3B)	ic).	

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA TUR/S 101/85

1. C	OUNTRY	Turkey		
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Ankara Air Pollution Control Project		
3. SI	ECTOR	Administration / Environmental Problems		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STU		General Directorate of Environment, Prime Ministry, Republic of Turkey JDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Nov.1984 ~ Dec.1985 13month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Ankara		
O NA	A TOD DDODOGED I	$\mathbf{D} \cap \mathbf{H} \cap \mathbf{C} \mathbf{T}(C)$		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

The project is to construct plants to produce biocoal and rentan.

- 1) Biocoal plant 100,000t/yr 6plants
- 2) Rentan plant 80,000t/yr 4plants

The amount of investment are follows;

- 1) Biocaol Plant 29,640 (million Turkey Lira)
- 2) Rentan Plant 7,720

Other proposed projects are;

improvement of heating systems, and development of boiler systems. The investment is estimated 10,270 million Turkey Lira. It is also proposed that clearer energy than coal, oil and so on should be introduced in future.

アンカラ市大気汚染対策計画

IEA TUR/S 101/85	(M/P)				
	In Progress or In Use				
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed				
	Delayed				
	Discontinued				
Description:					
Reasons of Stoppage: The application for yen credit for the rentar use natural gas and withdrew the application	n plant was approved at the OECF's internal meeting attended by representatives of four Ministries. Subsequently the Government of Turkey decided to h.				
But, it is heard that in the middle of 1993,					

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA TUR/A 301/89

1. C	OUNTRY	Turkey	
2. N.	AME OF STUDY	Adatepe Irrigatio	n Project
3. SECTOR		Agriculture	/ (Agriculture in) General
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY			ı Isleri(DSI), or General Directorate of State Hydraulic Works
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
		Chuo Kaihatsu C	orporation
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Naigai Engineeri	ng Co., Ltd.
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Sep.1988	~ Dec.1989 15month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Central Kahrama	an Maras province (600 sq.km, population 75,000)
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)	

(gravity irrigation 31,218ha, pumped irrigation 7,220ha)

Dam: Adatepe dam(89.0m height, 651.0m crest length)

Main canal: 76km (concrete lined, open canal)

Tunnel: 280m

Pump station: 8 sites (0.18-3.98cu.m/s discharge)

アダテペ灌漑開発計画

MEA TUR/A 301/89 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Adatepe Project (dam + irrigation network) is included in the investment programme of the Government in 1991. Total cost of the project is 71.948 billion TL by estimated prices of 1998.

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

As the cost of the project on dam, tunnel, main canal, and pump stations, 14 trillion TL has been used up to present and 185 trillion TL will be used.

(1)Adatepe Dam

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

Finance:

Dec.1994 Government budget approved (Bidding price:644,700mil.TL)

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The money spent for the project by the end of 1997 is 3,522 billion TL by estimated prices of 1998.

Construction

1994~2000 Being implemented

Operation & Management:

DSI is in charge.

(2)Irrigation Facilities (38,438ha)

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

DSI is seeking the financial source.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Final engineering designs is being prepared. Irrigation area will be decreased due to the discovery of new coal mines. A part of the area will be irrigated by sprinkling system. Construction is planned to be financed by Government funds. Operation and maintenance of the irrigation network will be DSI's responsibility.

Other:

As to the implementation of the Irrigation Project in Karakuz, which is similar to this project, the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries received the inquiry (Dec.1991).

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

It will be delayed quite considerably if the Government cannot allocate enough money to the project.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA TUR/S 201B/90

1. C	COUNTRY Turkey				
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Development Project of Filyos Port			
3. SECTOR		Transportation / Port			
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S			
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		DLH, General Directorate of Railways, Ports and Airports Construction, Ministry of Transport TUDY			
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY				
		The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI)			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Japan Port Consultants Co., Ltd.			
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Nov.1989 ~ Feb.1991 15month(s) ~			
8. SITE OR AREA		Filyos			
0.34	A TOD DDODOGED D	DO HC(F)(G)			

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

<M/P> The Study prepared a port development strategy to improve cargo transport efficiency to and from the Ankara Metropolitan Area (AMA) and its adjacent areas, formulated a two-stage master plan with the target year of 2010, and analyzed the feasibility of the short-term plan (up to 2000) of developing a possible new port (Filyos Port).

Development Plan (through 2010):

- 1)Container terminal: depth -12m, 4 berths, 1,000m (for 270,000TEUs)
- 2)General cargo berths: depth from -10 to -12m, 5 berths, 1,150m(for 1.21 million tons)
- 3)Coal & ores berth: depth -20m, 400m (for 5 million tons)
- 4)Grain berth: depth -12m, 1,000 (for 150,000 tons)
- 5)Steel berth: depth from -10 to -12m, 1,000m
- 6) Other facilities: Breakwater 2,550m, and Cargo handling machinery

(container cranes, unloaders, transfer cranes, fork lifts, etc.)

- <F/S> The Study formulated a two-stage master plan with the target year of 2010, and analyzed the feasibility of the short-term plan (1st Stage up to 2000) of developing a new port (Filyos Port).
- 1) Multi-purpose terminal (depth -12m, 600m)

Cargo handling capacity:

container cargo 97,000TEUS others 6.32 million tons, of which 5.5 million tons connected to the Steel Mill

- 2) Breakwater (500m)
- 3) Cargo handling machinery

フィリオス港建設計画

MEA TUR/S 201B/90 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Studies:

(FY1996 Overseas Survey)

JICA has been requested for the implementation of a review study.

Finance:

(FY1996 Overseas Survey)

In order not to lose time, the Turkish Government has decided to start the project implementation with the BOT scheme. The tender is going to be made in April. Only if it is unsuccessful, foreign loan will be of question.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The Turkish Government decided to start the project implementation on BOT scheme. The tender has been made in April 1996 and a recently privatized company KARDEMIR Iron and Steel Plant, Inc. is awarded to implement the project based on a 5 million tons cargo handling capacity. However, the decision related to this tender will be finalized upon approval of the High Planning Council followed by positive opinion to be acquired from the Council of State. Foreign loan could be required by KARDEMIR either at the initial stage, in order to start up the implementation of the project, or at forthcoming stages, in order to up-grade the ports capacity and enhance the service volume.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

The details of BOT scheme is as follows.

Name of Project: Port of Filyos

Amount of Fund: 700 mil US\$

Date of Pledge or Approval: Mar. 11, 1999

Contents of Project: Port Infrastructure and Port Superstructure (Construction of main and secondary break water, deep wharfs, container terminal and bulk quays, cargo handling equipment, multi-purpose terminal units, administration building and others)

DLH has already finished the bidding. The project is in the process to obtain "Approval of Construction" from the local government.

(FY1996 Overseas Survey)

The project should be reviewed because the construction of a new port should be implemented, taking into the consideration the political, economical and social changes both inside and outside the country as follows.

*USSR has been divided into a number of independent countries, which now develop bilateral trade relationships on their own.

*There is an on going construction of a channel for connecting River Danube and River Rheine, which will enable a non-stop river navigation from Baltic Sea to Black Sea.

*Turkey is on the way to be a member of EEC and has already joined custom union.

*War is over in Middle East Countries.

*The marine route to transport goods between West Europe, Middle East and Far East countries pass through Mediterranean close to Turkish ports.

*The operation of thermal power plants is considered to necessary to meet future energy demand. Thus, the port facility will be necessary to handle imported coal.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Circumstances have changed as follows in addition to above mentioned changes.

- Russia seeks new dominant roles in the Black Sea trade and business sphere.
- Member countries of the Black Sea Economic Cooperation including Turkey, undertake new infrastructural projects to promote their trade and business opportunities.
- Turkey has already joined the European Customs Union, however her EU membership came recently to a critical phase, which can lead to substantial changes in international trade relations.
- Bosphorus and Dardanelles will perpetually gain importance in respect to increasing commodity flow volume having Black Sea origin and / or destination.
- Turkey stands short before an enormous energy demand, which could alternatively be met by thermal power plants with port facilities to handle imported coal.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

Since a high potential of cargo traffic is expected to densify in Turkish long coastal strip on the Black Sea, Turkey decided to create new traffic capacities in order to Anatolian Market to Asian, Black Sea and East European Countries. On the other hand, the prevailing transportation line via Bosphorus and Dardanelles straits cause safety and environmental problems. Therefore, Port of Filyos will play a vital role in minimizing the traffic volume via the straits.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

M

NTRY	Turkey
	•
IE OF STUDY	Motorway Maintenance, Operation and Traffic Management System
ГOR	Transportation / Road
E OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
OUNTERPART GENCY T THE TIME OF EVELOPMENT S'	General Directorate of Highway(KGM), Ministry of Public Works and Settlement TUDY
RESENT OUNTERPART GENCY	
SULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI) Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.
DY PERIOD	Apr.1992 ~ Jul.1993 15month(s) ~
OR AREA	3,000km Motorway Network in Turkey
OR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S) Maintenance and Operation shown as follows:
nications system an ibility of each office	nong headquarters, regional division offices, main maintenance centers and maintenance offices, and extent of activities are activities and extent of activities and extent of activities are activities and extent of activities are activities and extent of activities are activities and activities are activities activities are activities and activities are activities and activities activities are activities and activities are activities activities activities activities are activities activit
r and type of equipm	ment required for maintenance and operation
se and management ntenance works, etc	system consisting as-built drawings and design documents of road structure and facilities, records of extraordinary incidents .
operate motorway r	maintenance for timely execution
	OR PROPOSED Frm Basic Plan for Mications system an bility of each officer and type of equipment and management intenance works, etc.

高速道路維持管理·交通管理計画調査

MEA TUR/S 211/93 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Finance:

Own fund

Construction:

1993 commenced

The establishment of the Maintenance Centers, the assignment of necessary personnel, the placement of machinery, the compilation of manuals concerning the maintenance and operation works and the installation of emergency telephone system have been completed. The further works will be implemented continuously.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

The establishment of 18 Maintenance Centers out of 38 and the installation of emergency telephone system have been complete.

Completion of the telecommunications system is in progress. But is confronted with financial constraints.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

23 out of 43 maintenance centers have been established by 2000.

Detail:

Based on the study results, the Turkish government has been steadily implementing necessary arrangement concerning Motorway Maintenance, Operation and Traffic Management System; establishment of offices, set-up of the management system, the compilation of data base, etc.

The installation of equipment for M&O, such as the telecommunication machinery, has not been implemented as it had been planned because of the financial constraints. The Government has no plan to request the foreign assistance, like an OECF loan, for the procurement of the equipment.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Compilation of manuals concerning motorways maintenance guidelines and operation instructions; set-up of the information management system; as well as, preparation of data-base are essential works which need more effort and effective support.

The extension of the motorway network has a high priority and stands in the political agenda of the Government. Although motorways maintenance has not yet gained the political priority it deserves, there is no doubt that its relevance will rise in near future as Turkey's motorway network gets longer and older.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (Basic Study)

MEA TUR/A 504/93

1. C	OUNTRY	Turkey	
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Demersal Fisher	ies Resource Survey
3. SECTOR		Fishery	/ Fishery
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	Basic Study	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S		Forestry	of Aguriculture. and Rural Affairs.
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Sanyo Techno M	Iarine,Inc.
7. STUDY PERIOD May.1991 ~ Jun.1992 13month(s)		- Jun.1992 13month(s)	
Republic of Turkey (Population 5,554 million. Area 814,758km2); Areas covered a roughly 52,000k water depths of 20-500m in the Sea of Marmara, Aegean Sea and Mediterranean Sea 8. SITE OR AREA			
0 34	LA TOD DDODOGED D		

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- Collection of fisheries data and establishment of a management organization.
- Expansion and strengthening of fisheries administration and research institutions.
- Continuation of fisheries resource survey (re-analysis of acquired data, re-arrangement of survey species and items)
- Fisheries regulations (enlargement of cod end mesh size, and reallocation of fishing efforts)
- Rational utilization of marine resources (utilization and development of unutilized and unexploited marine resources, utilization of marine resources other than trawling gear).
- Promotion of propagation and aquaculture.

水産資源調査

MEA TUR/A 504/93 (Basic Study) In Progress or In Use PRESENT STATUS Delayed

Description:

Based on the final report, development of statistical system on fisheries is under consideration.

A report is being prepared to request IBRD loan.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Following the submission of the Report at November 1993, a briefing was organized within MARA, in order to explain the study results to the related technical personnel. Later on the Report has been translated into Turkish, printed and distributed among related institutions.

Another meeting was held with the World Bank Resident Mission in order to determine the work to be done following the recommendations of the Report.

Discontinued

With the exception of the above mentioned actions, nothing has been done by MARA in order to put the recommendations of the survey into implementation.

The administration of MARA at the time of preparation has viewed this survey as an academic study which was carried out for informative purposes. There was not a political will supporting the survey.

Related Project:

Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs (MARA) is requesting to the Japanese Government to carry out feasibility study on environment and fisheries resources survey in the Black Sea.

*Project-Type Technical Cooperation

Apr.1997~Mar.2002 "The Fish Culture Development in the Black Sea"

The purpose of this project is development of turbot fishery by rearing, propagating and releasing fries to save natural stocks.

σk	辞	咨	源	諨	杏

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

M

EA TUR/S 301/94	
1. COUNTRY	Turkey
2. NAME OF STUDY	Flood Control, Forecasting and Warning System for Seyhan River
3. SECTOR	Public Utilities / Urban Sanitation
4. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD	Mar.1993 ~ Oct.1994 19month(s) ~
	The Basin of Seyhan River, Southern Turkey
8. SITE OR AREA 9. MAJOR PROPOSED I To establish/install:- 1) Hydrological meteorolog	gy observation system (alternative 1)
2)Information collecting sy 3)Information processing sy 4)Dam operating system 5)Control Center 6)Information transmission	
Imp. Period 2 years.	

セイハン川洪水予警報システム計画調査

MEA TUR/S 301/94 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY1995 Overseas Survey)

Based on the findings of F/S, the Turkish government does not give high priority on the project. However, the implementation of the project is considered to help the counterparts to have the experience and technology required in this field.

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

DSI planned to incorporate this project in the Yedigoze Dam project, which was scheduled to be implemented with DSI budget. However, the implementation of Dam project with BOT scheme was decided, thus, DSI is now seeking new financial sources.

(FY 1997 Overseas Survey)

Construction of the Catalan Dam has been completed in 1997. Irrigation function was assigned to Yedigoze Dam which will be constructed on the Seyhen river at upstream of Catalan Dam. So, Catalan Dam will be functioning to regulate water flow for flood control and for producing electricity.

The for F/S the Yedigoze dam have been completed. Construction of the Yedigoze dam will be implemented through BOT system.

Observation stations proposed by the F/S have not been installed, and project was not put into implementation.

The probabilities of flood have been highly decreased after the completion of the Catalan Dam.

The project investment cost was considered very high. So, one of the main reasons of discontinuation of the project is financing problem due to limited funds available domestically.

For these reasons, the priority of the project was considered lower than irrigation projects and other DSI projects.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

The project plans to control flood by dams including Catalan Dam. It also plans to utilize high and low water by FFWS system.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

The proposed projects are needed, but not urgent. They have lower priority in the project list.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

There has not been any progress.

Related project:

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

2000~2006 Yedigoze dam and HEPD

Finance: US\$ 251,000,000 (BOT scheme, ERG Insaat Kollektif Sirketi)

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA TUR/A 201/96

1. C	OUNTRY	Turkey		
2. N	2. NAME OF STUDY Kuchuk Menderes River Basin Irrigation Project			
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General		
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY DSI		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Nippon Giken Inc.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Jan.1995 ~ Jun.1996 17month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		7 provinces of Izmir Prefecture, Western part of Turkey		
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)		
T /1	1 : (0.1 :11) C	T 1 M 1 D 1 (0.07 11) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

In the plains (0.1 mil.ha) of Kucuk Menderez Basin (0.35 mil.ha), irrigation agriculture depending on ground water is being performed and inhabitants live on cultivation and forwarding of raw cotton, fresh vegetables and fruits. However, the decrease of rainfall in recent years caused remarkable lowering of ground water and is affecting agriculture production. To resolve the situation, the study to establish balanced irrigation project was undertaken, reviewing surface water resources and ground water resources. On M/P, ground water amount is estimated 160 mil.ton/year and potential amount of surface water exploitation, 3.9 mil.ton/year. For the exploitation of surface water dam is indispensable, after examining 12 points of main and branch river, 4 points (Beydag, Engenli, Aktas, Burgaz) were considered promising. Out of them, irrigation development impact of Beydag dam is the highest and given high priority owing also to its social and economic situation. F/S on Irrigation Development Project of Beydag dam was undertaken. The study's points were 1)Irrigation with ground water and surface water introducing water consumption economize system 2)Introduction of advanced agriculture system 3)Establishment of effective administration and maintenance system of facilities. As a result, it becomes possible to irrigate 20,670ha with surface water and 10,340ha with ground water, in total 31,010ha, (planting percentage 140%) after the dam construction. Vegetables, fruits, rare cotton will be main products. Moreover, to reinforce support service, agriculture promoting activity, agriculture finance service, establishment of village development association, managing organization and an irrigation association were proposed.

クチュクメンデレス川流域農業開発計画

MEA TUR/A 201/96 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Subsequent Study:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Sep. 1998 OECF Appraisal Survey

The survey estimates that the total cost of the project (excluding the dam construction) will be 24.6 billion yen, 70 % of which will be provided by OECF loan.

Finance:

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

DSI submitted the implementation of Beydag Dam Irrigation Project to NPO as the first priority project among loan requesting projects to Japan (May.1996).

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

The ceiling of OECF loan to Turkey in 1999 is set 40 billion yen. Therefore there is low possibility to approve this project since higher priority will be given to the large-scale projects such as the Bosporus Subway Tunnel Project.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

It is thought to be financed by ODA loan for irrigation and drainage facilities, on-farm development works, procurement of O&M equipment and consulting service, however, the decision of the Japanese Government about financing has not been received yet.

(FY 2000 Domestic Survey)

In FY1998, the request for loan was screened by OECF(present JBIC), however the request was not accepted because of the excess of the limit to the amount of loan.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

Although the request for Yen loan was submitted and the evaluation was done by the JBIC appraisal mission, the following the consultation of the four ministries concerned seemed to decide the suspension of the project continuation.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

1. A yen loan request for Beydag Dam Irrigation and Drainage System Project has been submitted to JBIC.

Amount: 97.8 million US\$.

Contents of the projects to be funded: Beydag dam irrigation and drainage facilities construction, operation and maintenance equipment construction, and consulting services.

2. Odemis Irrigation System Study

To be implemented by domestic budget (2003-2007).

(FY 2002 Oversea Survey)

Construction: 16% completed by National Budget

The following components has been completed;

Cutting and cement concrete lining at diversion tunnel, Tunnel portal structures and intake structure, Contact and consolidation grounting in the tunnel, Connection roads of dam and material area, Upstream and downstream cofferdam alluvial grounting

Background:

(FT 1996 Overseas Survey)

The Construction of Beydag Dam, which is the prerequisite for the implementation of Beydag Dam Irrigation Project, has been undertaken by DSI. Also, F/S of Aktas dam has been completed and this dam is in implementation program.

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

DSI, the implementing agency, promises to strengthen the support services such as agricultural extension services and agricultural financial services, to establish village development cooperative associations, management organizations, and water users' associations by the completion of the project facilities by OECF loan.

Related project:

Construction of Beydag Dam (as a precondition of realizing the proposed project)

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey) (FT 1998 Overseas Survey)

Finance: Own fund

Construction: 1993~2001

Progress: Diversion tunnel has been completed cofferdam foundation grounting works area on-going.

Operation & Management: to be done by DSI

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA TUR/S 215/96

1. COUNTRY	Turkey	
2. NAME OF STUDY	Maintenance and Rehabilitation of Highway Bridges	
3. SECTOR	Transportation / Road	
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S	
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY	
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY		
	Oriental Consultants Co., Ltd.	
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Japan Overseas Consultants Co., Ltd.	
7. STUDY PERIOD	Mar.1995 ~ Aug.1996 17month(s)	
	Arterial state highways which connect Ankara to Izmir, Rize, Brusa and Antalya	
8. SITE OR AREA		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJ

<conditions>

- 1. 4 Bridges Repair:Improvement, Repair, and Reconstruction of seriously deteriorated parts and components
- 2. 2 Bridges Repair:Repair for Alkali Aggregate Reaction
- 3. 4 Bridges Repair:Since many deteriorated parts and components, improvement and repair are necessary

<Project Cost>(Unit: 1,000 USD)

 4 Bridges Repair: 358.0(Foreign Cost)
 2 Bridges Repair: 418.0(Foreign Cost)
 4 Bridges Repair: 133.0(Foreign Cost)

国道橋梁の維持補修とリハビリ計画調査

MEA TUR/S 215/96 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting	
	Completed		
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended	
	Implementing		
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled	
Description:			
(FY 1997 Domestic Survey)			
Although Turkish side acknowledges the impo	ortance of maintenance of the bridges, there is financial constrain	nt and it is anticipated to be difficult to continue the rehabilitation and maintenance of	

Although Turkish side acknowledges the importance of maintenance of the bridges, there is financial constraint and it is anticipated to be difficult to continue the rehabilitation and maintenance of the bridges on its own. To start rehabilitation in early stage, loan should be considered as one of financial sources.

(FY 1998 Overseas Survey)

Some actions have been taken for realizing the proposed projects of 5 out of 10 bridges (Akcay, Gelincik, Candu Hasanpasa, Babadat, Selyeri) .

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

Many bridges are deteriolated. The rehabilitation of deteriorated bridges will be implemented in order with the government budget. However, the budget has not been brought into existence.

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

The proposed projects of 5 bridges have not been realized. The analytical machine provided by this Study is utilized.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

Since the related ministry could not allocate budget, the maintenance and rehabilitation of highway Bridge cannot be implemented.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET

M

		(M/P+F/S)
EA	TUR/S 210/97	
1. C	OUNTRY	Turkey
2. N.	AME OF STUDY	Ports Development at the Sea of Marmara
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT		General Directorate of Railways, Ports and Airports Construction, Ministry of Transport TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
	1	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI)
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. S	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1996 ~ Oct.1997 19month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Thrace Area
(M/F Cor Cor (F/S)	ntainer Berths 3 Berth enventional Berths 7 Berth	PROJECT(S) as Imp. Period: 2007~2009 ths Imp. Period: 2009~2014 as Imp. Period: 2000~2004

マルマラ海港湾開発計画調査

MEA TUR/S 210/97 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

It is not necessary to construct Derince New Container terminal by the year 2005 since private container and cargo port proposals for which no objection has been raised by other organizations on the stage of approval of settlement plans by the Ministry of Public Works and the ones which already have approved settlement plans are taken into consideration for container handling capacity of Izmit area.

However, DLH announced BOT bidding for Derince new container terminal project in November 1997.

(FY 2000 Overseas Survey)

The followings are recognition to water transportation in Marmara region by Minstry of Transport.

1)Among all regions, the trend in traffic increase in Marmara Region is considerably rapid.

2) Many of the Southeast European Corridors meet at Istanbul.

3)It is important that the Turkish Government is recommended to induce private sector not to attempt to construct any small-scale container terminal within the same hinterland as a new port. Small-scale terminal, in general, never can compete against large-scale one. A large-scale and efficient terminal attracts more ships services, and eventually would be more convenient for the exporter and consignee.

4)Marmara Region will be subjected to a rapid increase in container traffic in coming years.

Although there exists a certain capacity introduced by small facilities of private sector, Derince Container Terminal Project is tendered on BOT in November 1997 with a capacity of one million TEU to act as a large-scale efficient port.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

Although there is movement toward the facility construction by the private sector participation by the BOT method, the necessity for "a long-term and comprehensive national port policy for carrying out suitable guidance, examination, etc. of the private sector development by the government, since the small-scale port facility development by the private sector may become inefficient" is proposed also in this study.

Since it was decided upon a "National Long-term Comprehensive Plan" by the Development Study in August, 2000, it is thought that it moves concretely from now on according to increase probabilities, such as container cargo.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

The Final Reports has been already distributed to related public organizations, universities, semi public organizations, and related chambers, to be used as reference for required cases. Studies have been started in accordance with the results of the study, on organizational bases.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

Derince Container Terminal Project has been contracted on BOT basis. Yet due to lack of progress the action plan within the scope of contractor's liabilities, the contract is now the stage of termination.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA TUR/A 220/97

1. COUNTRY Turkey National Small-Scale Irrigation and Rural Development Project 3. SECTOR Agriculture (Agriculture in) General 4. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+F/S 5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY AGENCY
2. NAME OF STUDY 3. SECTOR Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General 4. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+F/S 5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY PRESENT COUNTERPART COUNTERPART
4. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+F/S 5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY PRESENT COUNTERPART COUNTERPART
4. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+F/S COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY PRESENT COUNTERPART COUNTERPART
AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY PRESENT COUNTERPART
COUNTERPART
Sanyu Consultants Inc. 6. CONSULTANT(S)
7. STUDY PERIOD Dec. 1996 ~ Jan. 1998 13month(s) ~
56 provinces out of 80 provinces in the whole country. 8. SITE OR AREA
9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S) (F/S) Inventory study on small scale irrigation with dams, weirs and groundwater and soil conservation and land consolidation. (M/P) Dam irrigation 2 projects Groundwater irrigation 3 projects Weir irrigation 3 projects Soil conservation 1 project Land consolidation 1 project [Imp. Period] (F/S) 9 years. (M/P) 2-3 years.

小規模灌漑および農村開発計画

MEA TUR/A 220/97 (M/P+F/S)

Completed or In Progress Promoting

Completed

PRESENT STATUS

Partially Completed

Implementing

Processing

Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1998 Domestic Survey)

GDRS expected implementation of this project by the sector loan project of Japanese Government.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

ODA loan was informally asked the Embassy of Japan.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

1. Tokato, Merkez, Camlibel Land Consolidation

Period: 1998-2005

Construction: Bidding has not been started.(as of Feb.2003)
Financial Sources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 1,551 Billion TRL (2002)

Difference with JACA proposal: The project has been completely changed.

2. Kirikkale, Luleburgaz, K.Karistiran Underground Water Irrigation Project.

Period: 1998-2003

Construction: In progress.(as of Feb.2003)

Financial Sources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 180 bil. TRL (2002)

Difference with JICA proposal: No difference regarding projects implemented.

3. Izmir, Torbali, Aslanlar Underground Water Irrigation Project.

Period: 1999-2003

Construction: comleted (as of Feb.2002)

Financial Sources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 125 bil. TRL

Difference with JICA proposal: No difference regarding projects implemented.

4. Konya, Cumra, Urunlu Underground Water Irrgation Project.

Period: 1999-2003 Construction: completed.

Financial Resources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 68 bil. TRL

Difference with JICA proposal: No difference regaring projects implemented.

5. Adana Saimbeyli Kalesekisi, Weir Irrigation

Period: unknown

Construction: Bidding has not been started.

Financial Resources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 2,405 bil. TRL(2002)

Difference with JICA proposal: No difference regaring projects implemented.

6. Samsun Terme Kozluk, Wier Irrigation

Period: unknown

Construction: Bidding has not been started.

Financial Resources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 2,470 bil. TRL(2002)

Difference with JICA proposal: No difference regaring projects implemented.

7. Kastamonu Merkez Kuskara, Soil Conservation

Period: unknown

Construction: Bidding has not been started.

Financial Resources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 499 bil. TRL(2002)

Difference with JICA proposal: No difference regaring projects implemented.

8. Yalova Ciftlik Ilyaskoy, Dam Irrigation

Period: unknown

Construction: Bidding has not been started.

Financial Resources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 2,496 bil. TRL(2002)

Difference with JICA proposal: No difference regaring projects implemented.

9. Eskisehir Alpu Ozdenk, Dam Irrigation

Period: unknown

Construction: Bidding has not been started.

Financial Resources: Domestic budget (Turkish government budget)

Amount: 3,709 bil. TRL(2002)

Difference with JICA proposal: No difference regaring projects implemented.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

Name of the proposed project: Small-scale Irrigation Project

This project is a small-scale irrigation project with an area per project of dozens of hectares to hundreds of hectares. Therefore the party government is implementing the project on their own budget at the present time.

Source of capital: Own budget

Details: construction of weirs, small-scale pump plants, water channels and pipelines and improvement of farm lands with the objective of realizing small-scale irrigation

Commencement time of construction: gradual start from 2000

Progress of construction (degree of progress in percent): approximately 10%

Completion time of construction: 2020

Details: construction of weirs, small-scale pump plants, water channels and pipelines and improvement of farm lands with the objective of realizing small-scale irrigation

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET **(F/S)**

MEA TUR/S 305/98

1. COUNTRY		Turkey
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Arterial Highway Maintenance
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Road
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	General Directorate of Highways (KGM), Ministry of Public Works and Settlement. TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Oriental Consultants Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1997 ~ Jul.1998 16month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		National and Provincial Highway whole Turkey (length 60,000km).
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJECT(S)

- Management and Inspection Manual.
 Evaluation and Repair Manual.
 Implementation Plan of Road Maintenance System.
 Implementation Plan of Maintenance System in Selected 18 Sub-Divisions.

EIRR: 35.9%~156.8%

幹線道路維持管理計画調査

MEA TUR/S 305/98 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 1999 Domestic Survey)

- 1. The Study Team proposed a management by computers in each Sub-Division. As a result, KGM provided computer to each Sub-Division. KGM will develop the database network by computer. 2. Each Sub-Division is using the manuals.
- 3. KGM will arrange the manuals in new maintenance handbook.

(FY 1999 Overseas Survey)

Maintenance Manuals which is prepared by JICA Study Group have been sent to all Divisions and Sub-Divisions. A Database Program which has been developed to manning the data obtained from the preliminary road inspection will be sent to the Divisions and Sub-Division. In order to use this Program, computers were bought to all Sub-Divisions last year.

The road maintenance manuals, which have been revised based on the proposed manuals, are currently utilized.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

All KGM Sub-Division has been computerized in recent years as proposed in JICA Report. However, The Database program doesn't work because of some trouble and difficulty to solve the troubles. For this reason, the database program has not been used and the study has been delayed.

(FY 2003 Domestic Survey)

This project was a preparation and instruction of a road maintenance manual and the manual has been distributed to road maintenance offices all over the nation and used. Thus, although it is not related to a new project, reeducating Turkish engineers as a part of follow-up study is an important issue.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA TUR/S 214/99

1. COUNTRY		Turkey
2. NAME OF STUDY		The Study on Regional Solid Waste Management for Adana-Mersin
3. SECTOR		Public Utilities / Urban Sanitation
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P+F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	The Ministry of Environment, Adana Greater Municipality, Mersin Greater Municipality FUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jul.1998 ~ Nov.1999 16month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		M/P: Areas under the jurisdiction of the greater municipalities of Adana and Mersin F/S: Areas under the jurisdiction of the greater municipalities of Adana and Mersin
9. M	AJOR PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)

M/P:

Adana:

1)Introduction of separate collection system(100% in 2020), 2)Increase of collection vehicles(compactor truck:256 vehicles), 3)Lengthening of served road(1,363km), 4)Construction of sorting plant(treated amount463,331 t/year), 5)Construction of compost plant(treated amount379,089 t/year), 6)Construction of municipal solid waste disposal site(Sofulu site), 7)Construction of medical waste disposal site (Sofulu site)

Mersin:

1)Introduction of separate collection system(100% in 2020), 2)Increase of collection vehicles(compactor truck:125 vehicles), 3)lengthening of served road(1,230km), 4)Construction of sorting plant(treated amount279,656 t/year), 5)Construction of compost plant(treated amount202,509 t/year), 6)Construction of municipal solid waste disposal site(Cimsa site), 7)Construction of medical waste disposal site(Cimsa site)

F/S: (Adana/Mersin)

1)Introduction of separate collection system(Compactor truck 69/54, Communal container 3,828/632), 2)Construction of sorting plant(Capacity 190/100 t/day), 3)Construction of compost plant(Capacity 250/110 t/day), 4)Construction of municipal solid waste disposal site(Area 95/24 ha, Disposed amount 352,693/196,729 t/year), 5)Construction of medical waste disposal site (Area 3/2 ha, Disposed amount 2,263/803 t/year)

MEA TUR/S 214 /99 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY2000 Domestic Survey)

According to a counterpart of the Study, Adana City strongly expects implementation of the proposed projects. The City submitted an investment plan for the projects to State Planning Organization of Prime Minister's Office and it was already approved. As for an budget source, the City wishes a loan from the Japanese Government. On the other hand, the Ministry of Environment desires the implementation of the projects that conform to EU regulation regarding solid waste management in Adana City.

(FY 2001 Domestic Survey)

Although some works are implementing by self-effort, whole plan can not be implemented due to the financial shortage.

At the time of the Study, the technical transfer as a pilot project was made like the improvement of the Sofulu disposal site in Adana City to reduce smoke, smell and penetration. At the time of completion of the Study, the Adana City took over the pilot project, and improve and operate it by its own budget. As the result, the Sofulu disposal site scarcely discharge smoke, smell and penetration.

Future Perspective:

- 1. Purchase of compactors(Adana City): The Adana City will buy compactor trucks of total of US\$ 0.2 million. The financing source is though to be ODA credit or Seller Credit, Leasing. Although the request will be made, the concrete sources to request are not yet decided.
- 2. Separate collection system at the source of waste (Adana City): The Adana City will commence the separate collection system at the source of waste within 5 years with a cost of US\$ 3 million. The time and financing source to be requested are not yet known.
- 3. Recycle plant(Adana City): The Adana City plans to construct a recycle plant and the cost for the first step is US\$ 6 million. They expect the Japanese government to be a financing source for it.

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent project: Rehabilitation of Opening Dump Site

Implementation Period: Apr. 1999 - Mar. 2002

While conducting the rehabilitation works in accordance with the principles stipulated in the Final Report of JICA on one hand, same landfill will be used for further disposal on the other (These are the works referred as the "Most urgent" by JICA team.).

Financial Sources: JICA and allocations by the Greater Municipality of Adana.

Difference with JICA proposal: Basically all the works performed so far have been and will be in accordance with the descriptions of the JICA team. By the M/P and F/S JICA has essentially proposed Sorting and Composting Plants. These were the concludion reached taking into consideration of the insufficient finance conditions of the municipality and were concluded that there can be applied the other solutions if good available technologies and suitable financial opportunity have been found in Adana. Adana Greater Municipality is already in contact with a greater number of companies that are regarded by the embassies to reach the suitable implementation alternatives in respect to finance and tecnology to construct Solid Waste Treatment Plants. Within this concept, the Municipality is also keeping contac with Japanese companies. What the Municipality is trying to get at the end is the most appropriate "cost/technology" relation that could be implemented in Adana. The municipality is expecting that the total credit necessity for investment determination shall be available from early March 2002.

Subsequent project: Purchase of Compactor for Sanitary Landfill.

Funding:

 $Financial\ Sources:\ Not\ yet\ defined.\ \ Alternate\ sources,\ the\ ODA\ credit,\ Seller\ Credit\ or\ eventually\ Leasing.$

Amount: The proforma offers indicate a cost of about USD 200,000 for a compactor.

Subsequent project: Public Training to Start "Source Separation" (A 5 year Project)

Funding:

Financial Sources: Not yet worked out. It shall be implemented if ODA possibilities can be obtained.

Amount: USD 3,000,000 (USD 800,000 first year, USD 500,000 second year, USD 500,000 third year, USD 700,000 fourth year and USD 500,000 fifth year.)

Subsequent project: Solid Waste Treatment and Recycling Plant.

Funding:

Financial Sources: Although it has not yet been defined. Adana Greater Municipality is willing to cooperate the Japanese Government for this Project. For purpose, some preliminary contacts with Kokusai Kogyo Ltd, the Consultant, have been made and it is saught to intensify such contacts after the definition of the technology to be applied.

Amount: not yet defined. (Municipality presume it will be a first stage investment of about 60 million USD, that is assumably a plant to treat nearly half of the solid waste.)

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

Bahgeli Municipality applied to court for Cimsa Solid waste Location against the Ministry of Environment, however the sentence of court has not been declared. Therefore, this project has not been started yet.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

Although the requests has been submitted from municipal to the Ministry of Finance for the compost plant and disposal site project proposed for Mersin city, it has not been approved by the Ministry of Finance.

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent study: Solid waste treatment facilities

Implementing period: 2006/Apr - 2007/Dec

Situation: Municipality has released tender document for construction and operation of 3 to 4 solid waste treatment plants, which two are in tender operation. The tender document requests the participants to submit their own concepts and technologies on BOT or BOOT, against electric or bio-gas or liquid fuel payment from the municipality for a period to be agree upon mutually.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA TUR/S 111/00

1. COUNTRY		Turkey
2. NAME OF STUDY		Study on the Regional Development Plan for the Eastern Black Sea Region in the Republic of Turkey (DOKAP)
3. SECTOR		Development Plan / Integrated Regional Development Plan
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY State Planning Organization, The Republic of Turkey Organization Turkey		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. RECS International Inc.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Mar.1999 ~ Sep.2000 18month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		The Eastern Black Sea Region in the Republic of Turkey (DOKAP) (The seven provinces: Artvin, Bayburt, Giresun, Gumushane, Ordu, Rize, and Travzon)
	LION DROBER D	D 0 TD 0TD (0)

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Proposed projects are composed of 4 programs with 52 projects, in line with the basic development strategy plan of DOKAP region. Basically, 3 programs are formulated to strengthen the economic structure of DOCAP region, and one of the 4 programs is formulated to establish DOKAP identity.

1) Strategy for Economic Development: (1) Agriculture: Diversification and intensification / Entrepreneurial development / Land tenure improvement / R&D enhancement / Extension courses for farmers. (2) Forestry: Private forest development / Strengthening forest management / R&D enchancement / Land tenure improvement. (3) Fisheries: Resource inventory / Experiments on sea farming / Freshwater aquaculture supports. (4) Industry: Expansion of the existing industries / Selective introduction of new industries / Industrial support measures. (5) Tourism: Products development / Market development. (6) Trade and Other Services: Structural changes / Growth in international trade / Growth of spacialized services.

- 2) Strategy of specialized services: (1) Education: Eight year ompulsory education / Devolution of education services / Innovative education system and program. (2) Skill development: Value development / Capacity increase for vocational and technical education. (3) Health services: Devolution with community involvement / Health education / Health referral system / Health personnel disposition.
- 3) Strategy of Environmental Development: (1) Forest ecosystem: Forest resources inventory / Comprehensive forest management planning / Extending KTU faculties / Reforming protected area management system. (2) Marine ecosystem: Comprehensive coastal management planning / Local alliances for wastewater treatment and solid waste management / Extending KTU faculties. (3) Urban environment: Preparation of waterfront development plans / Provision of core urban areas/facilities / Competitive cooperations between municipalities (4) Rural environment: Rural tourism promotion / Land tenure improvement / Agricultural land use rationalization.
- 4) Strategy for Spatial / Infrastructure Development: (1) Transportation: Institutional re-sturucturing / EIA for natural and social environments / Port management / Multimodal transportation. (2) Telecommunications: Multi-purpose, multi-media telecommunication system / Establishment of center functions (3) Urban System: Urban development with hierarchy / Promotion of local government alliances / Creation of larger urban centers inland / Strengthening of urban planning and control functions. (4)Water Resources: Multi-purpose dams with community development / Watershed management / Irrigation for crop diversification / Water supply by alliances of local governments. (5) Energy: Local participation in hydropower development / Increase in power exchange with neighbouring countries / Development of renewable energy resources / Demand side management / Price regulation.

東部黒海地域開発計画調査

MEA TUR/S 111/00 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

The Study results were published and distributed to the concerned organizations. Objectives of the study were given importance in the eighth five-year development plan which was approved by Supreme Planning Committee. English version of the study results (compact disk PDF format version) was completed in the study while the Turkish version is awaited. The complete Turkish version will be utilized on the internet to raise public awareness on the study.

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Study: Mini-development Study on Tourism Development in DOKAP Region

Implementing period: 2003/Aug/15 - Dec/31

Funding: Own fund

Content: data collection, analysis of present condition on turism industry, arrangement of town meetings among stakeholders, setting up the basic tourism development strategy, formulation of regional development plan, setting up a website on DOKAP tourism and overall evolution and recommendation.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Studies: Development Study on Environmental Awareness on Solid Waste Management in Eastern Balck Region

Implementing period: 2005/May - Nov

Content: The study consists of various activities for solid waste management in Eastern Black region, where solid waste has been a serious problem, and a promotion of 3R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle) to raise environmental awareness. Objective of the study is to prepare an action plan to raise environmental awareness in solid waste management (SWM), to implementation pilot projects to raise environmental awareness for SWM and to implement capacity building of stakeholders, and to prepare corporation project for JICA, which is feasible in the future.

Technical Cooperation:

Training

Industrial Wastewater Treatment Technique II: 1 personnel, 2004

Afet Onlemleri: 2 personnel 2004

Marine Farming for Stock Enhancement: 1 personnel, 2004 Feed Development of Nutrition Analysis: 1 personnel, 2004 Mineral Exploration in Hopa Area: 1 personnel, 2003

Dispatch of Experts:

Related Sector: 1996 - 2004

Fishery: long-term experts, 1999/Apr - 2002/Mar, Short-term experts, 2002/Mar - 2004/Oct

Mining: 2002/Aug/28 - 2005/Mar/31 Basin development: 2002/Apr - 2004/Jan Related Sectors - Phase 1: 2002May/5 - Jul/7 Related Sectors - Phase2: 2002/Sep/16 - Nov/13

Rural development: 2003/Apr/30 - May/22, 2003/Apr/8 - Apr/18

Rural community development: 2003/Oct/16 - 18

Regional development: 2003/Oct/29 - Dec/28, 2004/Sep/27 - Oct/8

Agriculture: 1st - 2003/Dec/27

Tourism: 2003/Dec/5 - 11, 2003/Oct/22 - 2004/Oct/14 Environment: 2004/Mar/30 - May/18, 2004/Nov/7 - Nov/13

Related Sector: 2003/Sep/18 - 2004/Sep/12

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Technical cooperation:

Training:

Human Resources Development for DOKAP region: 13 personnel, 2005

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA TUR/S 113/00

1. COUNTRY		Turkey
2. N	AME OF STUDY	The Study on Long Term National Port Development Plan in the Republic of Turkey
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S'	General Directorate of Railways, Port and Airports Construction Ministry of Transport and Communication TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI)
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Jul.1999 ~ Sep.2000 14month(s) ~
8. SITE OR AREA		Turkey

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- A. Strategy for Port Infrastructure Development
- (1) Classified port development system (Selection of major ports): Since a major-port has a significant effect on the national interest. The government has to pay special attention to the development and maintenance of the function of the port, even if the port is constructed and managed by a private sector. Twenty-nine(29)ports are selected as major ports. Mediterranean:5 ports, Aegean:6ports, Marmara:10 ports, Black Sea:8 ports (2) Container facilities
- 1)The Mediterranean Sea: Mersin Port handles 240 thousand TEUs at the existing container terminal. Since it is certain that the container volume will exceed the existing capacity within several years, the new terminal should be constructed step by step to work in that case. Full capacity of 1.0 million TEUs of the new terminal is necessary after 2010. 2)The Aegean Sea: Izumir Ports handles 399 thousand containers at the existing terminal. Since it is certain that the container volume will exceed the existing capacity within a few years, the new terminal should be constructed as soon as possible. Even if the new terminal will be completed, the shortage of capacity of 300-400 thousand TEUs in 2010 and the shortage of 0.9-1.1 million TEUs in 2020 will be expected in a Aegean Sea. Another new terminal with sufficient capacity should be constructed. 3) The Marmara Sea: Because of shortage of the existing capacity within several years, new terminals should be prepared. Large-scale container terminals, namely Derince container terminal and Marmara Port, should be given high constructed. 4) The Black Sea: New facilities for containers should be constructed in a timely manner, watching the future progress of container volume of each port.
- (3) Long term development: The total berth length is assumed 5,900m in Turkey by 2020.
- (4) Short term development: It is essential to prioritize port facilities that should be constructed in the short term(2010).
- 1) Container terminal: The construction of a calling port of mother type in the Aegean and Marmara region respectively will be required by the target year(2010). Two container cargo berths, including all container port type, will be required in the Mediterranean and Aegean region respectively, and three berths in the Marmare region. The total berth length is assumed 2,200m. 2) General cargo berths: Five general cargo berths will be required for the Mediterranean region, 18 berths for the Aegean region and 21 berths for the Marmara region. Total length is assumed 10,000m. B. Strategy for Port Management C. Strategy for Port Investment Finance D. Strategy for Port Institutional Framework E. Strategy for Port Operation F. Environmental Consideration

Container Terminal	Long Term Plan 879,000	Short Term Plan	362,000
General Cargo Terminal	1,64,000		654,000

港湾整備長期総合計画策定調査

MEA TUR/S 113/00 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

Subsequent studies:

(FY 2001 Overseas Survey)

The Final Report of the Study was published and distributed to the concerned organizations (public organizations, universities, semi public organizations, and concerned councils). Based on the study results, or on the organizational basis, subsequent studies were started.

(FY 2002 Overseas Survey)

Mersin Container Port & North Aegean Port: The feasibility and EIA studies are to be handled under a foreign grant program.

Izmir extension & dredging work: Bidding documents on BOT basis has been prepared.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

Mersin container port F/S and Candarli port F/S are conducted with foreign Grant Aid. It is planned to be completed in the end of 2004.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)
No information to be specified.

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Although the contracts for Derince container terminal and Filyos port have been concluded using BOT scheme, the projects have been cancelled due to default of the contractors.

Subsequent study: Mersin container port feasibility study

Implementing period: 2003 - 2005

Implementing body: General Directorate of Railways, Ports, and Airport Construction

Objectives:

To create and expand port capacity, which can also provide hub-port services while improving efficiency and profitability. The port forms part of the international transportation system, which act as a gateway to middle east, Caucasian, landlocked Asian, and Commonwealth of Independent states.

Funding

Funding party: Dutch Grant Aid Amount: 259,630 EUR

Subsequent study: North Aegean (Canarh) port feasibility study

Implementing period: 2003 -2005

Implementing body: General Directorate of Railways, Ports, and Airport Construction

Objectives: To overcome physical constraints and to meet future demands of Izmir port facilities, which will also provide hub-port services to potential traffics between Europe, Middle East, East, and West American historical and

and West Anatolian hinterland. Funding:

Funding party: Dutch Grant Aid Amount: 261,393.55 EUR

 $Status: \ Final\ report\ of\ the\ F/S\ has\ been\ submitted\ and\ the\ project\ will\ be\ completed\ after\ the\ approval.$

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA TUR/S 121/02

1. COUNTRY	Turkey		
2. NAME OF STUDY	The Study on a Disaster Prevention/Mitigation Basic Plan in Istanbul including Seismic Microzonation		
3. SECTOR	Social Welfare / Disaster Relief		
4. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P		
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	TUDY		
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)		
7. STUDY PERIOD	Mar.2001 ~ Dec.2002 21month(s)		
8. SITE OR AREA	Istanbul city		
9. MAJOR PROPOSED P	ROIFCT(S)		

9. MAJUK PRUPUSED PRUJ

Short-term strategies

- 1. Rehabilitation of constructions of hospitals
- 2. Rehabilitation of school buildings (constructions)
- 3. Rehabilitation of constructions of public facilities, city offices, and government offices
- 4. Rehabilitation of bridges
- 5. Rehabilitation of port facilities
- 6. Rehabilitation of RAY FY Line
- 7. Construction of disaster-prevention(/mitigation) management center
- 8. Implementation of awareness raising programs against natural disaster and the prevention

Medium and long-term strategies

- 1. To formulate M/P for earthquake disaster prevention
- 2. To formulate Urban Renewal plans to develop urban cities with structure resistant to earthquakes
- 3. To stimulate studies on earthquake-resistant construction
- 4. To establish concrete credit system for earthquake-resistant construction
- 5. To improve disaster prevention schemes

イスタンブール地震防災計画基本調査

MEA TUR/S 121/02 (M/P)

	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued

Description:

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent survey: Istanbul earthquake master plan

Implementing period: 2003/Jan - Aug

Implementing body: Bosphorus University, Istanbul technical University, Middle East Technical University, Yildiz Technical University

Funding:

Funding party: Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality (IMM)

Amount: 1 millioni USD

Objectives: To prepare a way map on earthquake disaster prevention/mitigation for Istanbul and Trukey. To propose new regulation, technical reforms, and relevant laws required, in accord with the development study conducted. In addition, the study has addressed importance of peoples participation in disaster prevention / mitigation, as well as volunteering. Furthermore, the study have proposed to initiate a training to increase awareness of the people against earthquake, which provided opportunity to explain long-term strategy of the project.

Status:

IMM and the Ground and Earthquake Research Directorate, aims to prepare a mobile truck with a moving stage in order to train students, young workers and public under a situation of earthquake.

Others

Furthermore, with the valuable supports of JICA, our academicians have completed the Scientific Reduction of geological maps for Europe Side of Turkey. This map will be the base of development plans scaled 1/5000 and also scientific reduction of 1/5000 scale geological maps for Anatolian Side which will be finished with supports from JICA.

(FY 2004 Domestic Survey)

No information to be specifically mentioned.

(FY 2004 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent Study: The Study on A Disaster prevention / Mitigation Basic Plan in Istanbul including Seismic Microzonation

Funding request: Grant Aid

Objectives: Proposal of seismic resistant designed urbanisation and to accumulate detailed seismic microzaonation map to be the basis of disaster prevention/mitigation plan for Istanbul city and province in conducting effective technical transfer for appropriate planning techniques.

- (1) Integration and development for detailed seismic microzaonation analysis, conducted in Istanbul, for disaster prevention/mitigation measures from scientific and technical perspective.
- (2) Recommendations for citywide disaster prevention/mitigation against building and infrastructure damage based on detailed seismic microzaonation analysis and fragility assessment of the construction.
- (3) Recommendations for disaster prevention issues to adopt in urban planning of the Istanbul city including land utilisation plan and seismic resistant restrictions.
- (4) Technical transfer of planning techniques to Turkish counterpart officials through the study.

Progress: Construction plan and building research has not been started. However, fragility assessment for construction and city structure is planned to be started in 2005.

Technical cooperation:

Dispatch of experts:

JICA operation team member: 6 personnel, Advisory committee member: 5 personnel, JICA study team member: 15 personnel Other technical cooperation: To monitor microscopic earthquake, additional 6 bases were established by JICA.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

Subsequent project: Earthquake disaster prevention/mitigation project

Implementing period: May 2005-September 2010

Implementing body: the World Bank

Objective: Improvement of disaster prevention capacity

Details: The following four components are included as part of the improvement project

- Establishment institution with a capacity to prevent disaster
- Diagnosis and reinforcement of important public facilities, hospitals, and schools
- Review of earthquake-resistance standard and its complete application
- Improvement of organisational disaster prevention capacity (soft/hard)

Funding:

Funding party: the World Bank Amount: 4 million USD

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

Subsequent project: Zeytinburnu district pilot project based on IEMP

Objectives: 1) To define buildings heavily damaged by the Marmara earthquake in Zeytinburnu. 2) To analyse sectoral risks. 3) To propose urban renovation and transformation, and reinforcement of the building

Benefits:

Beneficiaries: All sectors, and 350,000 of Zeytinburnu residents

Others:

"Microzoning project in Istanbul" is in adjudication process.

"Geological, geotechnical, and seismilogical researches in Marmara Sea" is in progress.

"The project for Istanbul to constitute risk management system" is in progress, cooperated by IMM and Turkish Science and Technical Researches Foundation (TUBITAK), funded by EU funds (FORSIGHT project).

"Earthquake vuolnerability, risk and risk transfer in Istanbul" is in progress, cooperated by IMM, Kandilli Observatory and Earthquake Research Institute (KOERI), Geoforschungs Zentrum Potsdam (GFZ), and Karlsruhe University.

Technical Cooperation:

Training:

Disaster management course (JICA): 4 personnel, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005

イスタンブール地震防災計画基本調査

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA TUR/S 201/03

1. COUNT	RY	Turkey
2. NAME (OF STUDY	Mater Plan Study on Partcipatory Watershed Rehabilitation in Coruh River in The Republic of Turk
3. SECTOR	2	Social Infrastructure / River & Erosion Control
4. TYPE O	F STUDY	M/P+F/S
AGEI AT T	NTERPART NCY HE TIME OF ELOPMENT S'	Ministry of Forestry, General Directroate of Afforestation and Erosion Control TUDY
PRES COUL AGE	NTERPART	Ministry of Environment and of Forestry, General Directroate of Afforestation and Erosion Control
6. CONSUI	TANT(S)	Pacific Consultants International (PCI) RECS International Inc.
u. CONSUI	LIANI(S)	RECS international inc.
7. STUDY	PERIOD	Sep.2002 ~ Nov.2003 14month(s) ~
8. SITE OF	R AREA	The Study Area covers the Coruh River catchment which has a total area of about 2 million ha. The catchment is located in the northeaset of Turkey, south of the Black Sea and next to the national border with Georgia, and ranges among the three Provinces of Artvin, Erzurum and Bayburt.
9 MAIOR	PROPOSED P	ROJECT(S)

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

Natural resource rehabilitation management/natural resource management plan for several small streams

- 1) Group 1: Savsat (BT-04): multi-purpose forest management, national park, protection area management, increases in income and improvements of livelihood
- 2) Group 2: Yusufeli (MC-03): multi-purpose forest management, pastureland management, afforestation, increase in incomes and improvements of livelihood
- 3) Group 3: Uzundere (TR-06): forest management, pastureland management, land erosion control, increases in incomes and improvements of livelihood
- 4) Group 4: Ispir (UC-14): pastureland management, afforestation, increases in income and improvements of livelihood
- 5) Group 5: Bayburt (UC-03): pastureland management, increases in incomes and improvements of livelihood
- 6) Group 6: Oltu (OL-04): pastureland management, land erosion controls, increases n income and improvements of livelihood

チョルフ川参加型流域復旧管理計画調査

MEA TUR/S 201/03 (M/P+F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

(FY 2003 Overseas Survey)

There are six microcatchment plans in The Master Plan. Three of them will have been started to application in 2005 for afforestation, erosion control activities. The others activities and microcatchment plans will be started to implementation in 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010.

(FY 2005 Domestic Survey)

Subsequent study: DOKAP region agricultural development preparatory study (technical type cooperation project)

Implementing period: FY 2004 Implementing body: JICA

Objective: Preparatory study for the formation of technical cooperation project. The main contents of the project are soil erosion control and improvement of living standard.

Status: C/P of the mentioned study is the Ministry of Environment and Forestry, and the C/P of subsequent project is the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs.

(FY 2005 Overseas Survey)

No budget has been acquired in FY 2006 for the project implementation, due to financial shortage. JBIC is contacted for project implementation.

Subsequent study: Erosion control Implementing period: 2005

Implementing body: General Directory of Forestation and Erosion Control (Erzurum and Artvin Environment and Forestry Province Directory)

Relation with the report: The study is in accord with the objectives of the JICA study conducted.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA YEM/A 101/80

1. C	OUNTRY	Yemen
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Hajjah Province Integrated Rural Development
3. SI	ECTOR	Agriculture / (Agriculture in) General
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Central Planning Organization, Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Public Works TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Agricultural Development Consultants Association
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Dec.1978 ~ Mar.1980 15month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Hajjah Province is locatd at north-west part of Yemen. Its capital, Hajjah city, is 70km away by a straight distance from state capital, Sanaa.
	A TOD DDODOGED I	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- 1)Simple waterworks: 4 towns and villages
- 2)Improvement of road network: main road 80km and branch roads
- 3)Agricultural development: establishment of water observatory network, comprehensive laboratory, and training center of mechanization.
- 4)Improvement of irrigation: implementation of pilot projects of four districts
- 5)Improvement of afforestation field
- 6)Improvement of agricultural social infrastructure:

establishment of health and hygiene facilities, and simple medical facilities, improvement of communication and electric power.

7)Others: improvement of organization, training of staffs, etc.

*	The	COST	10	1n	19/9	prices
	1110	COSt	10	ш	1/1/	prices

ハッジャ州農業総合開発計画

MEA

A YEM/A 101/80	(M/P)
	In Progress or In Use
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed
	Discontinued
Assorintian :	Discontinued
Referring to this M/P, ARDA formulated the stallation of Simple waterworks: Financed load Network Improvement is unknown rigation Improvement is Financed by Pilot Project) Agri.Mechanization Cener is Financed by Vater Resource Development is Financed by Pilot Project) Agri.Mechanization Cener is Financed by Pilot Project is Finance	emen, this project has been under the jurisdiction of ARDA in the Ministry of Agriculture. e M/P report of NORAP, which was financed by IDA,UNDP and Own fund etc by the Arab Fund IDA y IDA by UNDP he Yemen Gov. implemented the Northern Regional Agricultural Development Project which covers three provinces (Sanaa,Sadah,Hajjab).

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA YEM/S 303/80

DUNTRY	Yem	nen	
AME OF STUDY	Rura	al Water Supply Project Part 2	
AME OF STUDY			
CCTOR	Publi	lic Utilities / Water Supply	
YPE OF STUDY	F/S		
COUNTERPART		Rural Water Supply Department, Ministry of Public Works	
AGENCY			
DEVELOPMENT S	STUDY		
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
	Pacif	ific Consultants International (PCI)	
ONSULTANT(S)	1 4011	(
(0)			
		Sep.1979 ~ May.1980 8month(s)	
UDY PERIOD		~	
	Hajja	ja(5site), Al-Mahwee(4sites), Sana'a(4sites), Hodeidah(3sites), Taiz(10sites)	
TE OR AREA			
AJOR PROPOSED I	PROJEC	CT(S)	
well construction			
ine To		5 /km for 76 sites	
	otal: 175.	5.2441.167 20 5.165	
	otal: 175.	5.2AH 161 25 SACS	
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	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY ONSULTANT(S) TUDY PERIOD TE OR AREA AJOR PROPOSED I well construction or storage tanks	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY Pacing ONSULTANT(S) Pudy PERIOD Haji TE OR AREA AJOR PROPOSED PROJECT Well construction 60r	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT STUDY PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY Pacific Consultants International (PCI) DNSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants International (PCI) Sep.1979 ~ May.1980 8month(s) — Hajja(5site), Al-Mahwee(4sites), Sana'a(4sites), Hodeidah(3sites), Taiz(10sites) TE OR AREA AJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S) Evell construction 60m-300m 26 sites Submersible pumps 19kw-30kw 26 sites

し 地方水道計画(パート2)

MEA YEM/S 303/80 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

- 1) Great appreciation from residents where water was supplied;
- 2) The 3rd rural water supply project is expected;
- 3) Rural water supply has a high priority in desert areas; and
- 4) Counterpart agency is perticularly strong within the Ministry of Public Works.

Subsequent Studies:

Mar.1985 D/D completed

Oct.1986-Mar.1987 A basic design study on rural water supply development implemented.

May.1987-Feb.1988 D/D and S/V implemented

Finance:

1. Excavation of deep wells and construction of water supply facilities for the chronic shortage of water.

Nov.1981 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase1/3, 500 mil.Yen)

Jun.1982 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase2/3, 500 mil.Yen)

Jul.1983 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase3/3, 600 mil.Yen)

2. Water Supply in 3 regions

Apr.1987 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase1/3, 319mil.Yen)

Jul.1987 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase2/3, 915 mil.Yen)

Sep.1988 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase3/3, 961 mil.Yen)

3.Improvement on water supply facilities to obtain clean drink water in 10 villages.

Nov.1991 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase 1/3, 587 mil.Yen)

Jul.1992 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase2/3, 531 mil.Yen)

Jun.1993 E/N (Project for the Rural Water Supply -Phase3/3, 542 mil.Yen)

Construction:

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

Of 26 locations proposed by the present study, the Japanese grant helped to implement the project at 14 locations with some reduction in scale at the time of the basic design.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA YEM/S 301/81

1. C	OUNTRY	Yemen
2. N	AME OF STUDY	7th Berth Construction Project of the Port of Hodeidah
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Port
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	F/S
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Ministry of Public Works TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
		The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute (OCDI)
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Kiso-Jiban Consultants Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Nov.1981 ~ Mar.1982 4month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Port of Hodeidah
0 3/	A TOD DDODOGED D	

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

- Short-term Plan Phase 1(urgent plan):

container berth(7th Berth) 1 berth(depth -10m, extension 250m)

reclamation 271,000 cu.m, pavement 31,000 sq.m

dredging 85,000cu.m, road 850m, container crane 1 unit

building 1 unit, Total number of container handled 75,000TEU

- Middle-term Plan by 1993

1)General Cargo Berth(-10m,200m) 2)Container wharf(-12m,250m)

3)Channel(-12m, 200m wide)

- Long-term Plan by 2000

Additionally

1)General Cargo Berth(ditto) 2 2)Container wharf(ditto),

3)Channel(ditto)

The project cost 1),2) and 3) above are for the short-term plan, the middle-term plan and for the Long-term plan.

ホデイダ港第7バース建設計画

MEA YEM/S 301/81 (F/S)

Completed or In Progress Promoting

Completed

PRESENT STATUS

Partially Completed

Delayed or Suspended

Implementing

Processing

Discontinued or Cancelled

Description:

Finance:

Nov.2, 1982 L/A 8,200 mil. Yen for 7th Berth Construction Project of the Port of Hodeidah (Construction of Container Berth etc.) The OECF loan was provided for the short-term development plan with substantial changes in project components, as shown below.

1981 1989

 Container berth
 250m
 Dredging channels
 4.72 mil. cu.m

 RO/RO berth
 1unit
 Reclamation
 289,000cu.m

 Reclamation
 271,000cu.m
 Wharf (Berth 7)
 295m

 Dredging
 85,000cu.m
 Paving (apron, yard)
 89,000m

 Paving
 31,000m
 Shed, Substation
 2,520cu.m

Road 850m Service facilities (electricity, lighting, water supply & drainage) 1set

Container Crane 1unit Cargo handling equip. 1set

Building 1unit

The details of the project was changed because of the earthquake in Dec. 1982 and the stagnation of petroleum industries in the neighboring oil-exporting countries.

Construction:

July 1986 - Nov.1990

(FY 1996 Overseas Survey)

British Consultant implemented D/D for 8th Berth Construction Project. And now,the government of Yemen looks for a financial source.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (F/S)

MEA YEM/S 302/84

1. COUNTRY	Yemen
2. NAME OF STUDY	Rural Telecommunications Network
3. SECTOR	Communications & Broadcasting / Telecommunication
4. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S
5. COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S'	Ministry of Communication and Transport (MOC), Public Telecommunications Corporation Headquarters (PTC) TUDY
PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
6. CONSULTANT(S)	Nippon Telecommunication Consulting Co., Ltd.
7. STUDY PERIOD	Aug.1984 ~ Mar.1985 7month(s)
8. SITE OR AREA	Sana'a, Dhamar, Ibb, Taizz, Hudaydah, Hajjah
9. MAJOR PROPOSED P	PROJECT(S)

1)Contents

- a) Composed of 6 sub-rural networks
- b) Digital Radio Concentrator System (DRCS) to each sub-rural network
- c) Provision of subscriber lines of each sub-rural network in the existing switch or line concentrator of sub-rural network 2)Facilities
- Base station; 6 sites (23 base units)
- Repeater station; 38 sites (55 repeater units)
- Subscriber station; 436 sites

地方電気通信網整備計画

MEA YEM/S 302/84 (F/S)

	Completed or In Progress	Promoting
	Completed	
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended
	Implementing	
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
Description :		

Description:

Subsequent Studies: Nov.~Dec.1988 B/D Change from F/S:

F/S Basic Design

Base stations 6 5 Repeater Sts. 38 32 Subscriber Sts. 436

Phase 1 100 (Sana'a), 18 (Dhamar)

Phase 2 $\,$ 20 (Ibb), 20 (Taizz), 20 (Hudaydah), 2 (Sana'a)

(FY 1991 Overseas Survey)

Phase 1

Finance:

Jun.18.1989 E/N (Rural Telecommunication Network Expansion Project-Phase1/2, 540 mil.Yen)

Feb.18.1990 Contracted

Mar.1991 Completed
Additional work of lightning damage is under implementation.

Phase 2

Finance:

Jun.25.1990 E/N (Rural Telecommunication Network Expansion Project -Phase2/2, 663 mil.Yen)

Construction:

Dec.3.1990 Contracted Mar.1992 Completed

Phase 3

Ministry of Comm. and Transport has requested in Oct.1991 a Japanese grant for the construction of 159 additional subscriber stations and 2 small-sacle satelite stations in the eastern region of Yemen.

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P)

MEA YEM/S 101/88

1. C	OUNTRY	Yemen
2. N	AME OF STUDY	Urban Transport Study
3. SI	ECTOR	Transportation / Urban Transportation
4. T	YPE OF STUDY	M/P
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	Dept. of Planning, Ministry of Cities and Housing TUDY
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY	
	1	Pacific Consultants International (PCI)
6. C	ONSULTANT(S)	Yachiyo Engineering Co., Ltd.
7. ST	TUDY PERIOD	Oct.1987 ~ Nov.1988 13month(s) ~
8. SI	TE OR AREA	Sana'a, Taizz, Hudayda
9 M	AJOR PROPOSED F	PROJECT(S)

- Inprovement of interchanges
 Expansion and replacement of the signal system
 Construction of fences, sign boards, etc.

都市交通計画

EA YEM/S 101/88	(M/P)	
	In Progress or In Use	
PRESENT STATUS	Delayed	
	Delayed	
	Discontinued	
Description:		
he dispatch of an expert: Mar.1990-Mar.1992 The Japanese government of	dispatched an expert.	
The following projects were implemented in Sar Interchange Improvement: Implemented in 1990 Installation of Fences, Boards, etc.: Own fund Maintenance of Traffic Lights: German fund pro		
No action has been taken in Taizz and Hudayda.		

STUDY SUMMARY SHEET (M/P+F/S)

MEA YEM/S 201B/89

1. COUNTRY		Yemen		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Improvement of Ma'alla and Tawahi Sewerage System in Aden		
3. SECTOR		Public Utilities / Sewerage		
4. TYPE OF STUDY		M/P+F/S		
5.	COUNTERPART AGENCY AT THE TIME OF DEVELOPMENT S	General Directorate for Local Government (O & M Aden Municipality) TUDY		
	PRESENT COUNTERPART AGENCY			
6. CONSULTANT(S)		Tokyo Engineering Consultants Co., Ltd.		
7. STUDY PERIOD		Nov.1988 ~ Jan.1990 14month(s) ~		
8. SITE OR AREA		Ma'alla, Tawahi, Crater and Khormaksar Districts in Aden. Area: 2,132 ha, Population: 151,602 (1988) <m p=""> Ma'alla and Tawahi Districts in Aden. Area: 485 ha, Population: 72,219 (1988)<f s=""></f></m>		
A MA IOD DDODOGED DDO IECT(G)				

9. MAJOR PROPOSED PROJECT(S)

<M/P>(target year: 2010, service population: 186,000)

Construction of 4 major pumping stations (Ma'alla, Tawahi, Crater and Khormaksar). Construction of force mains (dia. 400/700mm, total length 23km) connecting these pumping stations to the treatment plant.

Construction of a treatment plant (oxidation pond process, capacity48,800 cu.m./d). Construction of sewer pipes, total length 3km. Rehabilitation of 20 existing pumping stations. Improvement of sweeper-passages (open channel sewerage) into ordinary sewerage at 131 locations.

<F/S>(target year: 2000)

Construction of gravity sewers, dia. 200-600 mm, length 2,534m, rehabilitation of the four small pumping stations and improvement of sweeper passages, length 5,215 m in the two districts. Construction of a sewage treatment plant, stabilization pond, capacity 16,300 cu.m/d, two pumping stations and force mains, dia. 400-700 mm, length 13,090 m.

MEA YEM/S 201B/89 (M/P+F/S)

	(1721-1275)			
	Completed or In Progress	Promoting		
		-		
DDECEMB OF A FELIC	Completed			
PRESENT STATUS	Partially Completed	Delayed or Suspended		
	Implementing			
	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled		
Description :	, <u>6</u>			
Description:				
Reasons for Delay or Suspension: (FY 1994 Domestic Survey) Due to the political chaos, which can be attributed to the Gulf War in 1991, the unification of North and South Yemen in April 1991, the civil war in 1994, etc., no information is available concerning the progress of this project.				
Detail: (FY 1991 Domestic Survey) General Directorate for Local Government requested the Japanese government for a grant aid in March 1990. (Approximately US\$24 mil. or 3,100 mil.Yen) However, the Japanese government officially announced the provision of a grant aid for this project would not be possible.				
(FY 1996 Overseas Survey) Subsequent Studies: 1993~ Revision of JICA project by Germany				
Finance:				
Construction: 1998 scheduled to be commenced.				