

1. Member List of the Study Team

(1) Field Study of the Basic Design

Name	Designation	Affiliation
Ms. Sachiko Misumi	Team Leader	Japan International Cooperation Agency Pakistan Office
Mr. Katuya Kuge	Project Coordinator	Japan International Cooperation Agency
Mr. Norihiro Noda	Project Manager/ Environmental Monitoring Planning	CTI Engineering International Co., Ltd.
Mr. Humio Arai	Environmental Facilities Planning	YAMASHITA SEKKEI INC.
Mr. Akio Okazaki	Facility Planning / Quality Survey on Planning	CTI Engineering International Co., Ltd.
Mr. Toshiharu Ochi	Environmental Monitoring Equipment Planning	Green Blue Corporation
Mr. Minoru Hirao	Laboratory Analysis Equipment Planning / Quality Survey on Planning	OOSUMI Co., Ltd.
Mr. Takashi Onuma	Coordinator on Consultant Team	CTI Engineering International Co., Ltd.

(2) Briefing of Draft Basic Design Report

Name	Designation	Affiliation		
Mr. Yoshio Hukuda	Team Leader	Japan International Cooperation Agency		
Mr. Norihiro Noda	Project Manager/ Environmental Monitoring Planning	CTI Engineering International Co., Ltd.		
Mr. Humio Arai	Environmental Facilities Planning	YAMASHITA SEKKEI INC.		
Mr. Toshiharu Ochi	Environmental Monitoring Equipment Planning	Green Blue Corporation		

2. Study Schedule

(1) Field Study of the Basic Design Study

No.	Date	Day	Activity
1	2/20	Sun	Tokyo (TG647/11:00) Bangkok (TG505/20:00) Karachi (22:40)
2	2/21	Mon	Karachi (PK300/07:00) Islamabad(08:55) Meeting in JICA Office / Courtesy Call to EAD / Explanation of Inception Report in Pak-EPA Office
3	2/22	Tue	Explanation of Inception Report for Pakistan , Sindh , Punjab , NWFP and Balochistan EPA in Pak-EPA Office / Meeting in JICA Office
4	2/23	Wed	Meeting in JICA Office / Courtesy Call to Ministry of Environment
5	2/24	Thu	Field Survey on Construction Site of Pak-EPA New Laboratory
6	2/25	Fri	Laboratory Equipment Survey and Discussion in Pak-EPA
7	2/26	Sat	Signing to M/D / Other Member : Survey on Laboratory Equipment and Fixed Air Monitoring Station Site in Peshawar
8	2/27	Sun	Internal Meeting
9	2/28	Mon	Islamabad (PK363/9:45) Quetta(11:30) / Survey on Laboratory Equipment and Fixed Air Monitoring Station Site in Quetta
10	3/1	Tue	Survey on Fixed Air Monitoring Station Site in Quetta / Explanation to Town Nazim Zasghoon in Hotel / Explanation to Quetta City District / Quetta (PK311/16:45) Karachi (18:00)
11	3/2	Wed	Survey on Laboratory Equipment and Fixed Air Monitoring Station Site in Karachi (Memorial Park, Library. Army Monitoring Center etc.) / Karachi(PK306/19:00) Lahore (21:30)
12	3/3	Thu	Survey on Laboratory Equipment and Fixed Air Monitoring Station Site in Lahore / Lahore (PK388/20:20) Islamabad (21:40)
13	3/4	Fri	Report to JICA / Data collection on Pak-EPA Office
14	3/5	Sat	Data collection on Pak-EPA Office
15	3/6	Sun	Field Survey in Islamabad
16	3/7	Mon	Data collection on Pak-EPA Office
17	3/8	Tue	Data collection on Pak-EPA Office
18	3/9	Wed	Data collection on Pak-EPA Office
19	3/10	Thu	Islamabad (PK301/10:00) Karachi(12:30) Visite to SUPARCO and PCSIR (Noda , Ochi and Okazaki) / Data Collection (Arai , Hirao and Onuma)
20	3/11	Fri	Karachi (PK308/16:00)
21	3/12	Sat	Survey on Fixed Air Monitoring Station Site in Peshaware (Noda , Arai and Okazaki) / Data collection on Pak-EPA Office (Ochi , Hirao and Onuma)
22	3/13	Sun	Internal Meeting / Data Arrangement
23	3/14	Mon	Islamabad (PK363/10:30) Quetta(12:00) Survey to the Related Agency (Mr. Ochi and Mr. Okazaki) / Quetta (PK352/16:30) Islamabad (18:00)
24	3/15	Tue	Meeting about Technical Note on JICA Office / Data collection
25	3/16	Wed	Discussion with Pak-EPA
26	3/17	Thu	Signing of Technical Note Islamabad (PK319/22:30) Karachi(1:00) (Arai , Hirao and Onuma)
27	3/18	Fri	Report and Meeting in JICA/EOJ Karachi(TG508/3:35) Bangkok (TG640/11:20) Tokyo (19:30) (Arai , Hirao and Onuma)
28	3/19	Sat	Data arrangement in Pak-EPA Office
29	3/20	Sun	Islamabad (PK852 / 22:55) (Noda, Ochi and Okazaki)
30	3/21	Mon	Tokyo (Noda , Ochi and Okazaki)

(2) Briefing of Draft Basic Design Report

No.	Date	Day	Activity
1	5/31	Tue	Tokyo (JL717/11:00) Bangkok(TG505/20:00) Lahore(22:40) (Noda/Arai/Ochi)
2	6/1	Wed	Lahore (PK356/08:00) Islamabad (08:50) (Noda/Arai/Ochi) JICA Office/ Courtesy Call to Embassy of Japan, Economic Affairs Division, Ministry of Economic Affairs & Statistics (EAD), Ministry of Environment(MOE), Pakistan Environment Protection Agency (Pak-EPA)
3	6/2	Thu	Explanation and Discussion about Draft Final Report to MOE on Pak-EPA Office Mr. Fukuda (Tokyo (JL717/11:00) Bangkok (TG505/20:00) Lahore (22:40))
4	6/3	Fri	Mr. Fukuda (Lahore (PK356/08:00) Islamabad (08:50)) Discussion about Minutes of Discussions (M/D)
5	6/4	Sat	Discussion about Minutes of Discussions (M/D)
6	6/5	Sun	Internal Meeting
7	6/6	Mon	Signing of M/D with MOE , Pak-EPA and EAD
8	6/7	Tue	Report to JICA Pakistan Office and Embassy of Japan Islamabad (PK381/19:30) Lahore (TG506/23:50) Bangkok (6:20)
9	6/8	Wed	Bangkok (JL708/8:35) Tokyo (16:35)

3. List of Parties Concerned in the Recipient Country

Mr. M. Irfan Saeed Alrai

Dr. Z.H.Lodhi

Mr. Masashi Ito

Mr. Satoru Narahara

Mr. Koich Kuwano

Mr. Nadia Aftab

Name	Designation	Affiliation
Government of Pakistan		
Ministry of Environment		
Mr. Arif Alauddin	Manager Director	National Energy Conservation Center
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Director General	Ministry of Environment
Mr. Khalid Masood Ahmed	Joint Secretary	Ministry of Environment
Ministry of Water & Power		
Dr. Abudul Hameed Qureshi	Senior Joint Secretary	Ministry of Water & Power
Ministry of Finance & Economic A	Affairs	
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan	Joint Secretary	Economic Affaires Division
Ms. Yasmin Masood	Deputy Director	Economic Affaires Division
Ministry of Science & Technology		
Mr. G. H. Shaikh	Principal Scientific Officer	PCSIR Laboratories Complex karachi
Mr. Akhtar Shareef	Scientific Officer	PCSIR Laboratories Complex karachi
Ministry of Petroleum and Natura	d Resources & Power	
Mr. Rizla Zareen	General Manager	SUPARCO
Mr. Muhammad Ashiq	General Manager	SUPARCO
Mr. Rahmatullah Jilani	General Manager	SUPARCO
Dr. Badar Munir Khan Ghori	Deputy Chief Manager	SUPARCO
Pakistan Space & Upper Atmosph	ara Reseach Commission	
Mr. Muhammad Sakhwat	Chief Geophysicist	Geological Survey of Pakistan
Pakistan Environmental Protectio	n Ageney	
Mr. Asif S Khan	Director General	Pak-EPA
Mr. Zia-ul-Islam	Director	Pak-EPA
Dr Javed Iqbal	Director	Pak-EPA
Mr. M.Fahim Riaz Khan	Director	Pak-EPA
Mr. Zia-ud-din- Khattak	Deputy Director	Pak-EPA
Mr. Mis Sajjad Hussaim talpur	Deputy Director	Pak-EPA
Mr. Zaigham Abbas	Assistant Inspector	Pak-EPA
Mr. Imran Ali Malik	Assistant Inspector	Pak-EPA
Mr. Sajid Mahmood	Laboratory Assistant	Pak-EPA

United Nations Development Programme

Pak-EPA/ JICA

Pak-EPA/ JICA

Pak-EPA/ JICA

Pak-EPA/ JICA

Pak-EPA/ JICA

Programme Manager

Chief Chemist

JICA Expert

JICA Expert

Technical assistant

JICA SU

Government of Sindh

Mr. Iqbal Nafees Khan Director EPA Sindh
Mr. Irfanullah Tunio Deputy Director EPA Sindh
Mr. A.H.K. Yousufzai Water Quality Specialist EPA Sindh
Mr. Ashique Alilangah Sciencific Officer EPA Sindh

Government of Punjab

Mr. Iqbal Shaikh Secretary EPA Punjab
Dr. Shaguhta Shahjahan Director EPA Punjab
Mr. Shenic Khoursheed Kunka Deputy Director EPA Punjab
Mr. Shahid Hassan Deputy Director EPA Punjab

Government of N.W.F.P.

Mr. Shaukat Zaman Director General EPA NWFP
Dr. M.Bashir Khan Director EPA NWFP
Dr. Muhammad Bashir Khan Director EPA NWFP
Dr. Hussan Ahamed Deputy Director EPA NWFP
Mr. Shamsur Rehaman Chief Analyst EPA NWFP

Government of Balochistan

Mr. M.K.Uthman Khail Engineer EPA Balochistan

City District Government Lahore

Mr. Tariq Zaman Khan District Officer City District Government ,Lahore

City District Government Karachi

Dr. M. Tahir Soomro P.E. Executiv District Officer Transport & Communication Department

Government of Quetta

Mr. M. Muhammad Rahim Kakar Nazim City District Quetta City
Mr. Abdul Qahar Wadan Nazim Zarghoon Town Quetta City

Embassy of Japan

Mr. Kazunobu SHIMURA Second Secretary

JICA Pakistan Office

Mr. Nobuyuki Yamaura Resident Representative

Ms. Sachiko Misumi Deputy Resident Representative Mr. Mitsunobu Inaba Deputy Resident Representative

Mr. Keiji Isigame Staff

4. Minutes of Discussion

(1) Field Study of the Basic Design

MINUTES OF DISCUSSIONS

ON

THE BASIC DESIGN STUDY

ON

THE PROJECT FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SYSTEM

IN

ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF PAKISTAN

Based on the results of the Preparatory Study, the Government of Japan decided to conduct a Basic Design Study on the Project for Establishment of Environmental Monitoring System (hereinafter referred to as "the Project") and entrusted the study to the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA").

JICA sent to Islamic Republic of Pakistan (hereinafter referred to as "Pakistan") the Basic Design Study Team (hereinafter referred to as "the Team"), which is headed by Ms. Sachiko MISUMI, Senior Deputy Resident Representative, JICA Pakistan Office, and is scheduled to stay in the country from 20 February to 20 March, 2005.

The Team held discussions with the officials concerned of the Government of Pakistan and conducted field survey at the study area.

In the course of discussions, both sides agreed that keeping in view the sustainability of the project and capacity of the EPAs the PC-1 will be implemented in two stages i.e. priority I components and priority II components. The Government of Japan will take priority I components and the remaining priority II components may be implemented through some other donor, Government of Japan or providing local resources. The priority I components are described on the attached sheets. The Team will proceed to further works including field survey and prepare the Basic Design Study Report on the priority I components. Both sides further agreed to seek concurrence of Planning and Development Division of the Government of Pakistan on the implementation arrangement of the PC-I as proposed (Priority Component I, Priority Component II)

Islamabad, 26 February, 2005

Sachiko MISUMI

Leader

Basic Design Study Team

Japan International Cooperation Agency

Japan

Muhammed Ashraf Khan

Joint Secretary

Ministry of Economic Affairs & Statistics

Islamic Republic of Pakistan

Khalid Masood Ahmed

Joint Secretary

Ministry of Environment

Islamic Republic of Pakistan

Asif S. Khan Director General

Pakistan Environment Protection Agency

Islamic Republic of Pakistan

ATTACHMENT

Objectives of the Project

The objective of the Project is to establish the environmental monitoring system and to contribute to the extension of the self-sustaining capacity for the environmental management and monitoring in Pakistan. Japan's Grant Aid was requested to support the Project with provision of environmental monitoring equipment and facilities.

2. Project Site

The sites of the Project are Islamabad, Karachi, Peshawar, Lahore and Quetta.

Japan's Grant Aid Scheme

The Pakistani side understood the Japan's Grant Aid Scheme and the necessary measures to be taken by the Government of Pakistan as explained by the Preparatory Study Team, as described in ANNEX-1 and 2 of the Minutes of Discussions signed by both parties on 29 January, 2004.

- 4. Responsible and Implementing Agency
- 4-1 The Responsible Agency is Pakistan Environmental Protection Agency, (hereinafter referred to as "Pak-EPA").
- 4-2 The Implementing Agency is Pak -EPA in collaboration with
- (a) Environmental Protection Agency, NWFP
- (b) Environmental Protection Department, Punjab
- (c) Environmental Protection Agency, Balochistan and
- (d) Environmental Protection Agency, Sind

Project Steering Committee

- 5-1 The Pakistani side shall establish the Project Steering Committee (hereinafter referred to as "the PSC") for smooth implementation and operation/maintenance for the Project.
- 5-2 The PSC consists of the representatives of following agencies.
 - <Chairman>
 - Secretary, Ministry of Environment
 - < Members>
 - Director General, Pak-EPA (Member/Secretary)
 - Director General, NWFP- EPA
 - Director General, Punjab-EPD
 - Director General, Baluchistan-EPA
 - Director General, Sind-EPA
 - Representative, Economic Affairs Division
 - Representative, Planning & Development Division

<Observer>

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5-3 The Pakistani side shall invite JICA as an observer to the PSC meetings in which items of agenda concerning Japan's Grant Aid or Technical Cooperation are to be discussed.

6. Policy of Basic Design

- 6-1 The Team explained the results of the Preparatory Study, as shown in Annex-1.
- 6-2 Both sides confirmed that the objectives of the Project were shared by both sides.
- 6-3 As the Pakistani side expressed their regret about the reduced scope to be covered in the Japan's Grant Aid by the proposal of the Preparatory Study, the Team pointed out that the balance between equipment and capacity of operation and maintenance should be realistically considered for the system sustainability and that the capacity building should be given priority at this time for steadily development of the environmental monitoring system.
- 6-4 It was mentioned that a proposal for expending the Pak-EPA is under active consideration of the Government and additional staff is being recruited for the project in accordance with the PC-1
- 6-5 In particular, the Pakistani side explained that the air pollution is severe all major cities. Both side agreed that the number of the fixed automatic air monitoring stations in Lahore and Karachi shall be further considered in Japan if the Pakistani side prepared the distribution maps of air pollution and submitted them to JICA Pakistan Office by the end of March, 2005.
- 6.6 Pakistani side showed concern on the deletion of the fixed mobile water monitoring system from the Grant Aid as water pollution is a serious issue of Pakistan.
- 6-7 Both side agreed that the basic design of this Grant Aid would be carried out based on the components shown in Annex-2, which will partially meet requirement of EPAs as envisaged in the PC-1. The final components shall be further considered and decided in Japan.

Schedule of the Study

- 7-1 The Team will proceed to further survey and study in Pakistan until 20 March, 2005.
- 7-2 JICA will prepare the draft report in English and dispatch a mission in order to explain its contents on the condition that;
 - the PSC described in No.5 of this Minutes of Discussions will work as a counterpart body of JICA (the Team and JICA Pakistan Office)
 - staff training plan in the year 2004-2005 and 2005-2006 will be presented to JICA Pakistan Office by the end of April, 2005.
- 7-3 In case that the contents of the report are accepted in principle by the Government of Pakistan, JICA will complete the final report and send it to the Government of Pakistan in two months after the explanation on the draft final report.

8. PC-1

8-1 Both sides agreed that, Japanese Grant Aid will contribute to partially implementing PC-1 and the remaining components of the project will be implemented by involving some other donor or providing local resources.

- 8-2 The Team requested that if the approved PC-1 should be revised as necessary procedure of Government of Pakistan, the Pakistani side would report it to JICA Pakistan office by the end of March 2005 and explained that the approval of the revised PC-1 by Executive Committee of National Economic Council (hereinafter referred to as "ECNEC") would be one of the inevitable conditions for the cabinet approval of this Grant Aid in Japan,
- 8-3 The Pakistani side confirmed that it was not necessary to revise the approved PC-1 at this stage.
- 9. Training Plan for Staff
- 9-1 The Pakistani side explained the newly employment plan (number of each EPA, academic background, field, expenditure), as shown in PC-1.
- 9-2 The Pakistani side explained that Pak-EPA was responsible for arrangement and budgetary measures of local training of all EPA's staff.
- 9-3 The Pakistani side already secured the training expenditure including travel and lodging expenses in the PC-1 as the portion borne by Pakistani side.
- Requested Facilities in Islamabad
- 10-1 The Pakistani side additionally requested a laboratory for Pak-EPA in Islamabad because the existing laboratory is located in a part of commercial building and its condition is not suitable for analysis work.
- 10-2 The Pakistani side understood that the land acquisition by the mid of May, 2005, is one of the inevitable conditions for the cabinet approval of this Grant Aid in Japan. If it is not completed by the deadline, the construction of facilities in Islamabad may be considered for exclusion from this Grant Aid.

11. Other Relevant Issues

- 11-1 The Pakistani side shall commission private sector to perform periodic inspection and maintenance for equipment for which budget is provided in PC-1.
- 11-2 The Pakistani side requested technical cooperation to realize approved PC-1 from the view point of capacity building of EPA staff. A separate request in this regard shall be submitted to the Government of Japan.
- Government of the Pakistani side prometer of the Pakistani sid 11-3 The Pakistani side promised to hand in the all answers for the questionnaire of the Study to the

Summary of the Preparatory Study on the Project for Establishment of Environmental Monitoring System

Necessity of the support for the relevant fields.

In Pakistan, while the air pollution and water pollution are becoming more serious, environmental policies and administration such as the start of SMART (voluntary environmental impact evaluation report) system operation are being implemented. However, due to insufficient monitoring plan and equipment and materials that comply with the world standards, it is difficult to provide business establishments with adequate basis for regulation and it hinders the promotion of environmental policies and administration.

In order to improve such situation, although Ministry of Environment and the respective state environmental protection agencies have to achieve the following six items and build an environmental policy and monitoring system as shown in the next page, they face a shortage of funds and experiences.

On the other hand, our country has the world-leading knowledge in the relevant field and also has had experiences of providing support to China, Thailand, Egypt, etc.

In view of this, Japan's Grant Aid to the relevant field in Pakistan will be considered to make great contribution to the promotion of environmental policies and administration and its implementation is considered highly significant.

- 1) Recognition of the importance of environmental monitoring by each EPA management class
- 2) Investigation on health condition due to envioronment pollution
- Implementation of the high-quality and sustainable environmental and source origin monitoring
- 4) Establishment and review of the environmental and source origin standard value
- 5) Reinforcement of laws and regulations and the enforcement system

6) Disclosure of environmental information

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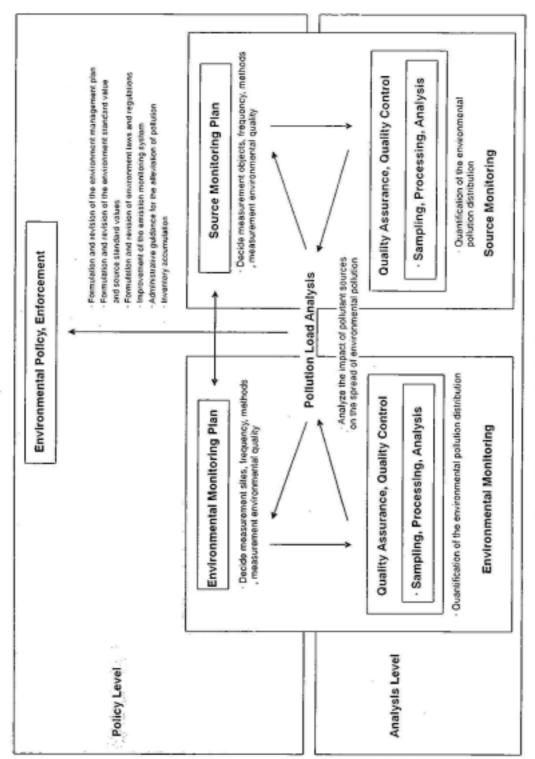


Figure 1 Environmental policy, Monitoring System

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2. Summary of the Current Conditions and Problems of the Relevant Fields The table and graph in the following pages were prepared to summarize the current conditions and problems of the relevant area mentioned previously.

		Current condition and problems
is level	Laboratory Analysis	Analysis equipment and methods conforming to the international standards aren't used and accuracy and reproducibility of the analysis results are not secured enough. At the same time, rigorous comparative analysis with the pollution data from other country can't be performed. Due to the lack of standardized national analysis method, the analysis results between Pakistan government and EPA of each Province can't be compared rigorously. Analysis data isn't managed and accumulated systematically.
Analysis level	Environmental Monitoring	Although source monitoring is conducted, environmental monitoring is hardly done and the environmental pollution distribution by region, season and time isn't quantified. Monitoring equipment conforming to the international standard isn't established and it's impossible to make an analysis with secured accuracy and reproducibility. Environmental monitoring plan (measurement items, frequency, time, site, etc)isn't formulated.

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Source	· Monitoring equipment and methods conforming to the international standards
Monitoring	aren't used and accuracy and reproducibility of the analysis results are not
	secured enough.
	· In spite of the emission and effluent control standard, its analysis method isn't
1	established.
	· Source monitoring plan (measurement object, frequency, time, etc) isn't
	formulated and the accuracy and reproducibility of the monitoring results are
	not secured enough.
	· Continuous source monitoring isn't conducted and the pollutant source
	distribution and seasonal and time changes in the emission and effluent of the
	environmental quality aren't quantified.
1	· Systems Management, Analysis, and Reporting network (SMART) system
	obliging a business proprietor to self-report of the environmental quality
	emission and effluent is being implemented, measurement items aren't
	developed sufficiently and pollutant source distribution can't be quantified.
Monitoring	· Environmental quality and source monitoring data aren't analyzed and the
Data Analysis	impact of the source on the environmental pollution distribution isn't reported
	to the policy decision level,
	Current condition and problems
Environmental	· Environmental load analysis grasping the correlation of environmental quality
load analysis	and emission density and their relationship with the changes of emission isn't
ន	performed and the environmental policy and monitoring plan considering the
olicy	correlation between the scientifically analyzed source and the environmental
E E	pollution distribution aren't proposed and formulated. Consequently, the
mem .	emission regulation best suited to the real world and economy isn't enforced.
load analysis Environmental Environmental standard value	· Environmental standard values aren't formulated except for NOx and the targe
standard value	value of the environmental quality density isn't established.

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State of The state of health hazard due to environmental pollution isn't analyzed and the necessity to promote environmental policy and environmental monitoring isn't thoroughly recognized by the citizens Environmental		Information	about the state of environmental pollution.					
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Health Hazard due to thoroughly recognized by the citizens Environmental Pollution	1	State of .	· The state of health hazard due to environmental pollution isn't analyzed and the					
due to thoroughly recognized by the citizens Environmental Pollution	É	Health Hazard	necessity to promote environmental policy and environmental monitoring isn't					
Environmental Pollution	1	due to	thoroughly recognized by the citizens					
Pollution	1	Environmental						
	1 3	Pollution						
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Scope of cooperation of grant aid (plan)

The table 4 in the Inception Report summarizes the tentative scope of cooperation of the Grant Aid. The tentative scope of cooperation proposed by the Preparatory Study should be further examined on the Basic Design Study. Pakistani side has a plan for increasing

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budget and personnel. However, the basic design for the Project at this stage should not be prepared on the future improvement of the skill for the operation and maintenance excessively because the improvement of the skill needs time.

For the training center requested to be built in the premises of Pakistan Environmental Protection Agency, since the training plan for the analysis members including 64 newly employed by Pakistan government isn't definite, necessity for a training center and its size should be examined upon confirmation of the same plan (training content, site, instructor supplier etc.).

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Comparison between the Request of Pakistanis Side and the Result of the Preparatory Study

		Pakistanis Side									
	Name of equipment	mark			The Preparatory Study *; to be examined by the Basic Study						
A	Air quality monitoring	Pas	Shindh	Punjab	NWFP	Balo	Total				
1	Fixed automatic air quality monitoring station	1	4	4	2	2	13				
		1	1*	1*	1	1	5				
2	Portable air sampler	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		5*	15*	15*	10*	5* .	50*				
3	Mobile automatic air quality monitoring station	1	1	1	0	1	4				
		1	1	1	0*	0*	3				
4	Stationary source (flue gas) measuring instrument and vehicle	2	5	5	2	3	17				
		1	. 1	1	1	1	5				
В	Water quality monitoring	Pak	Shindh	Punjab	NWFP	Balo	Total				
1	Fixed automatic continuous water quality monitoring station	1	2	3	1	0	7				
		0	0	0	0	0	0				
2	Water quality monitoring vehicle	1	1	1	0	1	4				
	4	0*	0×	0*	0*	0.	0.				
3	Portable water quality monitoring, water, sludge sampling equipment	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		2	15	15	10	5	47				
Ç	Major laboratory Equipment	Pak	Shindh	Funjab	NWEE.	Balo	Total				
1	A set of atomic absorption spectrophotometer	1	1	1	1	1	5				
		1	0	1	0	1	3				
2	Accessories to the atomic absorption spectrophotometer	0	0	0	0	0	0				
	*	0	1	0	1	0	2				
3	UV-VIS spectrophotometer	1	1	1	1	1	5				
-		1	1	0	0	0	2.				
4	Gas chromatograph (ECD+FID*)	1	1	1	0	0	3				
		1	1	1	. 1	1	5				
5	Ion chromatograph	1	1	1	0	0	3				
		1	1	1	1	1	5				
6	COD automatic analyzer	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		1	1	1	1	1	5				
7	TOC automatic analyzer	0	0	1	1	1	5				
		0*	0	0	0	0	0				
8	Sulfur content in fuel analyzer	1	1.	1	1	1	5				
		í	0	0	0	0	1				
9	Oil content meter	1	1	1	0	0	3				
		1	1	1	1	1	5				
10	High-pressure liquid chromatograph	1	1	1	0	0	3				
		0	0	0	0	0	0				
11	ICP spectrophotometer	1	1	1	0	0	3				
		0	0	0	0	0	0				

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				Pakista	nis Sid	е .	
	Name of equipment	mark	The Preparatory Study mark*; to be examined by the Basic				Study
12	X-ray fluorescence analyzer	1	1	1	1	1	5
_		0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Electrophoresis equipment	1	1	1	1	1	5
		0	0	0	0	0	0
D	Supporting laboratory equipment and others	Pak	Shindh	Punjab	NWFP	Balo	Total
1	pH, EC, and DO meters	. 1	1	1	0	0	3
		1	1	1	1	1	5
2	Pure water supply unit	1	1	1	1	1	5
		1	1	1	1	1	5
3	High volume air sampler	1	1	1	1	1	5
_		2	2	2	2	2	10
4	Andersen air sampler	1	1	1	1	1	5
_	06	1	1	1	1	1 -	5
5	Others	U Separate	TERRITOR OF	Dispose.	anus vta	lesson.	15900503
馬	Data Center equipment	Pak.	Shindh	Punjab	NWFP	Elako	Total
1	Data collection analysis related equipment (For the Data Control Center of Pak-EPA)	1	0	0	0	0	1
		1	0	0	0	0	1
2	Data collection - analysis related equipment (for each province)	0	1	1	1	1	4
10000		0	1 respects	1 ordects	1	1	4
を開発	Buildings	P.A	Shinidh	Funjab	NWIP	Balo	Total
.1	Training center	1	0	0	0	0	1
		1	0	0	0	0	1
2	Data surveillance center	1	0	0	0	0	1
	*	1	0	0	0	0	1
3	Laboratory (new)	1	0	0	0	0	1
-		1	0	0	0	0	1
4	Laboratory (rehabilitation)	0	0	1	1	1	3
	· ·	0	1	1	1 -	1	4
5	Fixed air monitoring compartment	1	4	4	2	2	13
		1	1	1	1	1	5
6	Mobile air monitoring station garage	0	0	0	0	0	0
		2	2	2 .	1	1:	8
G	Equipment	Para	Shind		NWIP.	Balo	Total
1	Wastewater treatment equipment	Q.	0	0	0	0	0
		1	0	0	0.	0	0
2	Wastewater treatment equipment (simple type)	0	0	0	0	0	0
i		0	1 -	1	1	1	4
3	Flue gas treatment equipment (draft chamber with scrubber)	0	0	0	0	0	0
	*	2	1	1.	1 1	.1	6

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