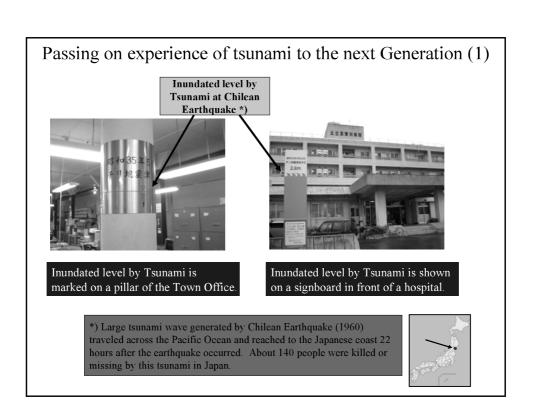
- 2) Spreading the knowledge of Tsunami to the public
 - (1) Passing on experience of tsunami to the next Generation
 - (2) Spreading knowledge about Tsunami Threat
 - (3) Disaster Drill



Passing on experience of tsunami to the next Generation (2)



"Tsunami Tenden-ko"

"Tenden-ko" is a dialect meaning "uncoordinatedly".

"Tunami Tenden-ko" is a traditional phrase of Sanriku-region, north-east part of main island of Japan, which have often been suffered from large tsunamis, and means that you should run as soon as possible uncoordinatedly without caring for even your family when tsunami is coming.

Passing on experience of tsunami to the next Generation (3)



Tsunami Legend



Picture of a village attacked by the Tsunami of Ansei-Nankai Earthquake (1854).

<u>"Inamura-no-hi"</u> (Fire on Rice Straws)

This is a story of a man who noticed a precursor of a large tsunami at the earliest stage and led village inhabitants to a high ground by burning rice straws. This story was based on a true story at the time of Ansei-Nankai Tsunami (1854) and was printed in a textbook of elementary school.

This story is also used for a puppet show.

Spreading Knowledge about Tsunami Threat (1)

CD-ROM on Tsunami

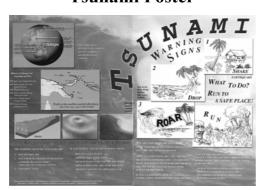


(http://www.jma.go.jp/JMA_HP/jma/press/0406/16a/tsunami20040616.pdf/)

CD-ROM on tsunami threat is published by the Japan Meteorological Agency. This CD-ROM introduces tsunami mechanism, historical tsunami disasters, etc and is used for notifying the public of tsunami menace.

Spreading Knowledge about Tsunami Threat (2)

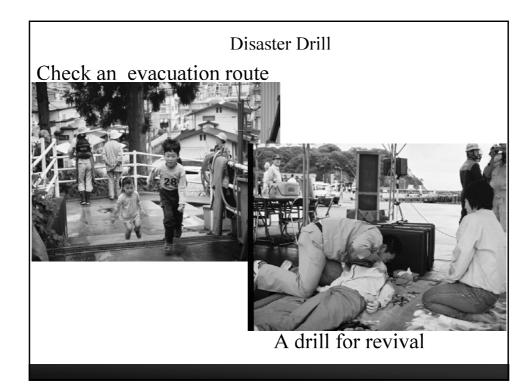
Tsunami Poster



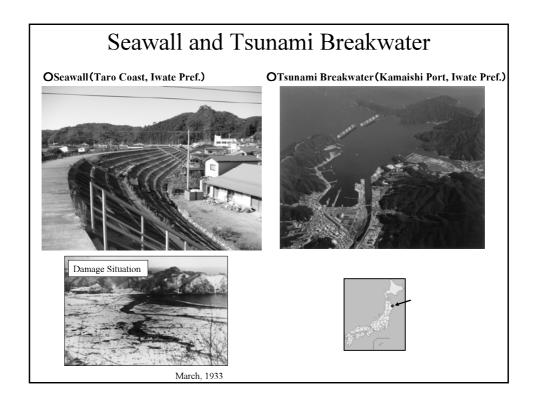
Papua New Guinea (PNG) was attacked by tsunami in 1998 and 2,600 people were killed.

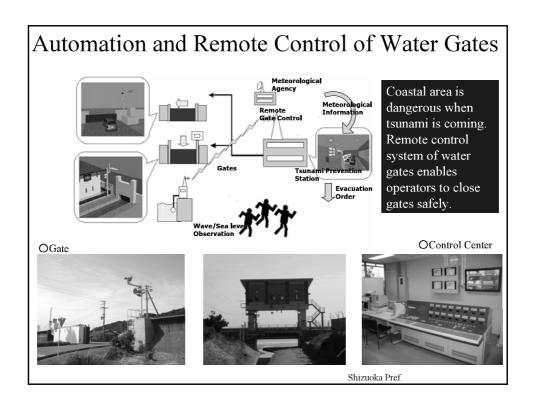
After this event, poster and pamphlet on Tsunami threat were completed by the Asian Disaster Reduction Center (ADRC) and provided to the inhabitants. Knowledge of tsunami threat became spreading in PNG.

In 2000, PNG was attacked by tsunami again and many houses were collapsed, but no one was killed by the tsunami.



- 3) Equipments against Tsunamis
 - (1) Seawall and Tsunami Breakwater
 - (2) Automation and Remote Control of Water Gates





- 4) Transmitting Tsunami Warnings quickly and accurately
- (1) Tsunami Warning System in Japan
- (2) Disaster Management Radio Communications
- (3) Broadcasting

