Appendix to Chapter 1

Study Related Members

Name	Position	Institution
Dr. Kimiro Meguro	Committee Leader	The University of Tokyo
Dr. Shuichi Takeya	Member	Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport
Dr. Shingo Nagamatsu	Member	Disaster Reduction and Human Renovation Institution
Mr. Katsunori Ishida	Observer	Hyogo Prefecture Government

JICA Study Team

Name	Position	
Mr. Itaru Mae	Team Leader	
Mr. Ichiro Kobayashi	Deputy Team Leader / Urban Disaster Management	
Mr. Osamu Nishii	Deputy Team Leader / Disaster Prevention and Management	
Mr. Kanao Ito	Urban Planning (1)	
Ms. Mihoko Ogasawara	Urban Planning (2)	
Dr. Akio Hayashi	Building Structure	
Mr. Ryoji Takahashi	Infrastructure and Lifeline	
Dr. Nahoko Nakazawa	Community Disaster Prevention and Management (1)	
Ms. Junko Okamoto	Community Disaster Prevention and Management (2)	
Ms. Tomoko Show	Social Analysis	
Mr. Masatoshi Kaneko	Economic Analysis	
Mr. Schneider Klaus-Dieter	Organization and Institution for Disaster Management (1) / Project Implementation	
Mr. Makoto Nakamura	Organization and Institution for Disaster Management (2)	
Mr. Kazumi Akita	Disaster Rescue and Medical Response	
Mr. Hiroyuki Maeda	GIS Specialist	
Mr. Masahiro Satake	Disaster Information and Communication Management	
Mr. Kazunori Seki	Reconstruction and Structure Plan	
Mr. Shukyo Segawa	Seismology	
Mr. Toshitsugu Shimodaira	Coordinator	
Mr. Kazushige Mizui	Coordinator	
The Study on Reconstruction I	Plan for Bam Water Supply System	
Mr. Ichiro Kobayashi	Deputy Team Leader / Urban Disaster Management	
Dr. Akio Hayashi	Building Structure	
Mr. Nobuyuki Gonohe	Water Supply and Facility Plan	
Mr. Yarai Sato	Pipeline Network Design and Cost Estimate	
Mr. Naoki Yasuda	Cost Estimate	
Ms. Atsuko Tsuruta	Community Restoration	
Ms. Hitomi Tomizawa	Agricultural Restoration Plan	

Name	Position	
Mr. Keigo Obara	Social Environment and Impact Survey	
Mr. Shuichi Yoshida	Structure Planning and Construction Supervision (2)	
Mr. Ichiro Tanaka	Groundwater Recourses Planning (1)	
Mr. Hiroyoshi Yamada	Groundwater Resources Planning (2)	
Mr. Osamu Abe	Operation and Maintenance Planning	
Mr. Mamoru Nakamura	Construction Supervision (1)	
Mr. Osamu Heki	Construction Supervision (3)	

JICA Tokyo Headquarters

Name	Position
Mr. Itsu Adachi	Group Director, Group III (Water Resources and Disaster Management), Global Environment Department
Mr. Masafumi Nagaishi	Team Director, Water Resources and Disaster Management Team II, Group III (Water Resources and Disaster Management), Global Environment Department
Ms. Ai Yamazaki	Staff, Water Resources and Disaster Management Team II, Group III (Water Resources and Disaster Management), Global Environment Department

JICA Expert

Name	Position
Mr. Junji Wakui	JICA Expert, ODA Advisor in Iran

Major Activities of the Study

Date	Topics and Activities	
January 2004	Preparatory mission	
May 14 2004	Contract with Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)	
May 24 2004	Commencement of the Study at Bam in Kerman province	
June 20 2004	Signing on Minutes of Meeting on the objectives of the study, scope, schedule, reporting schedule, demarcation of the responsibilities between counterpart agencies in Iran and JICA Study Team	
July 28 2004	Commencement of the construction of test boreholes	
August 1 2004	Commencement of the construction of distribution reservoir	
October 23 2004	Workshop for the Study on Draft Final Report	
October 23 2004	Signing on Minutes of Meeting on the submission of the draft final report	
October 2004	Completion of test boreholes	
December 25 2004	Hand-over ceremony for distribution reservoir	
March 9 2005	Submission of completion letter to WSCK	

Appendix to Chapter 2

Structural Design of Baravat Reservoir

1. Introduction

A typical detailed design of ground type water reservoirs was published by Research and Technical Standard Office of Management and Planning Organization (MPO) in 1993. The package of the drawings proposed by MPO was widely used for detailed design of reservoirs in Iran. WSCK also follows the detailed design, using these drawings, proposed by MPO when constructing a new reservoir.

As for detailed design for new reservoir, volume of which is 2,000 m³, in Baravat, application of these drawings was considered. However, in order to endure a future seismic event, JICA insisted to take into consideration the seismic condition, and the Study Team conducted structural design. The results of structural design were used for actual bidding documents for Baravat reservoir construction project.

2. Design Load

Three cases of design load are described below:

- Case 1: ordinary condition (two basins: full of water)
- Case 2: test condition (one basin: full of water, the other basin: empty of water)
- Case 3: earthquake condition (two basins: full of water) (horizontal seismic coefficient: 0.3, vertical seismic coefficient: 0.15)

(1) Unit Weight

Unit Weight of Materials is as follows:

Reinforced concrete:	2.5 t/m^3
Covered soil (gravel):	1.8 t/m^3
Soil:	1.7 t/m^3
Water:	1.0 t/m^3

(2) Dead Load

(a) Top Slab

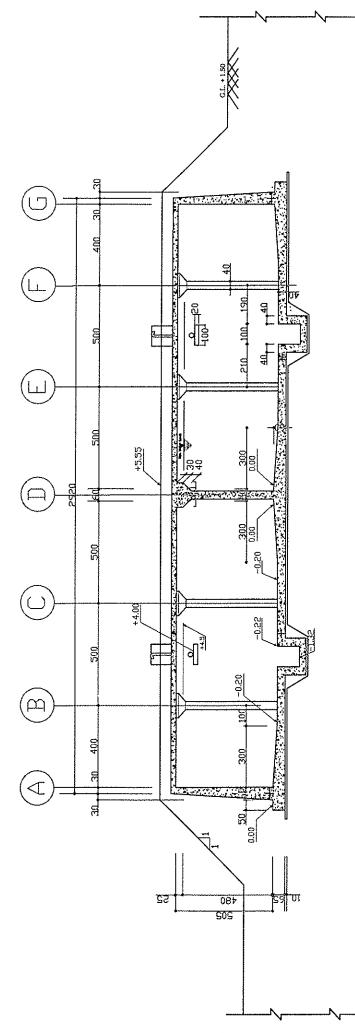
• Case 1&2

Dead load of Top slab is calculated by sum of those of top soil and reinforced concrete.

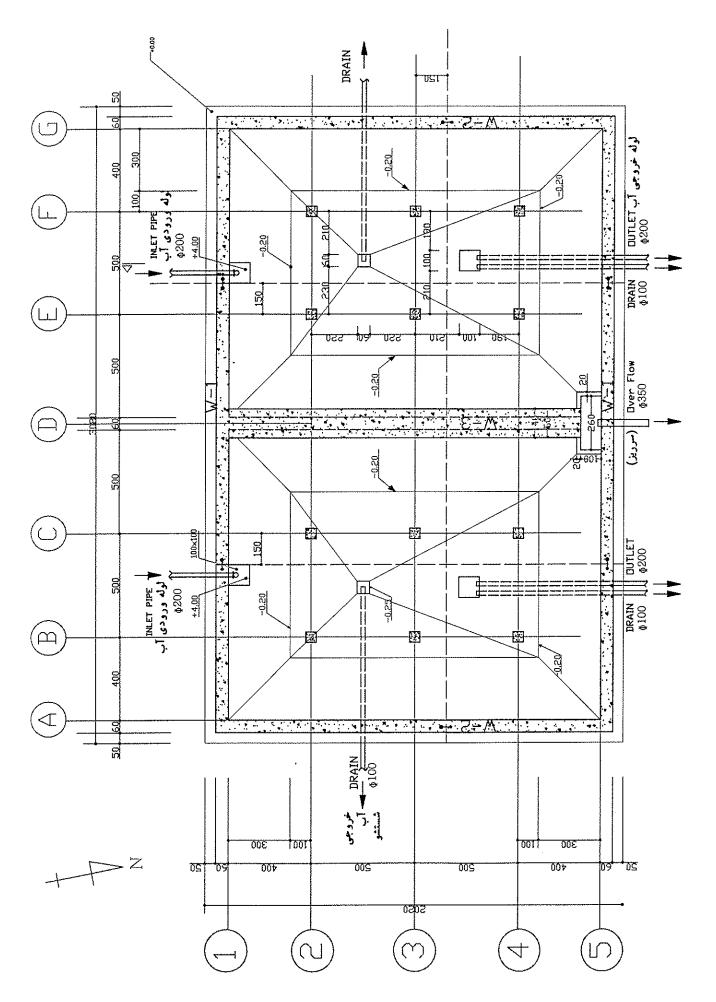
Top Soil:	0.5 m (height) x 1.8 t/m^3	=	$= 0.9 \text{ t/m}^2$
Reinforced Concrete:	0.25 m (thickness) x 2.5 t/m^3		$= 0.625 \text{ t/m}^2$
		Total	1.53 t/m^2

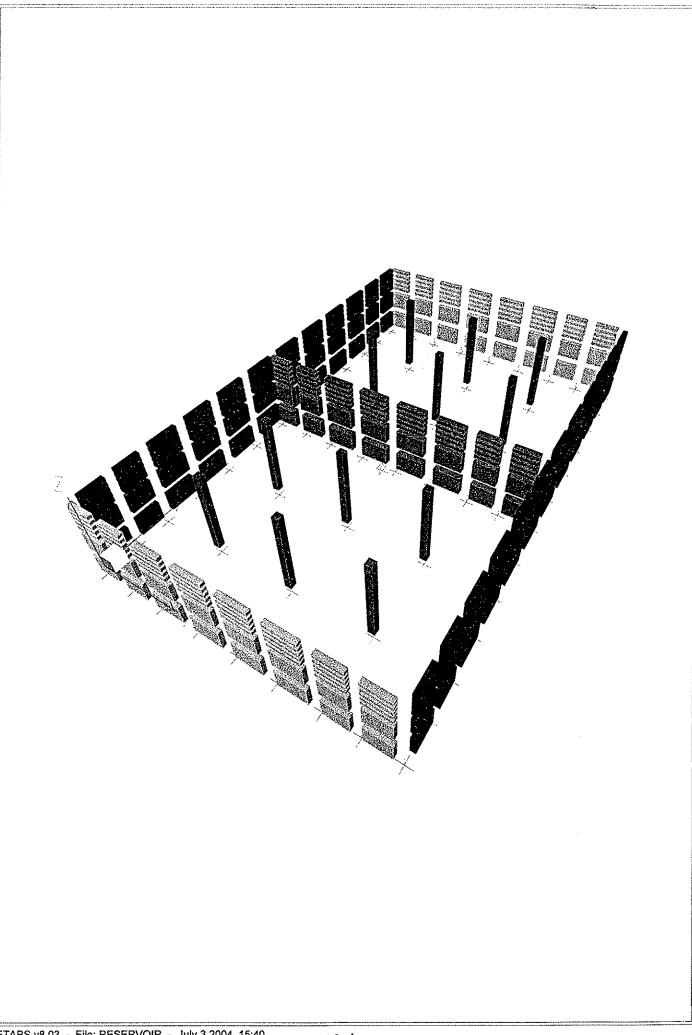
• Case 3

Design load at seismic condition is calculated with use of horizontal seismic coefficient (= 0.3)



A2--2





and vertical seismic coefficient (= 0.15) as follows:

Vertical load at seismic condition:	$1.53 \text{ x} (1.0 + 0.15) = 1.76 \text{ t/m}^2$
Horizontal load at seismic condition:	$1.53 \ge 0.3 = 0.46 \text{ t/m}^2$

Therefore, dead load in each case is calculated as below.

		(Unit: t/m^2)
Case	Vertical	Horizontal
Case 1&2	1.53	-
Case 3	1.76	0.46

(b) Bottom Slab

Reinforced Concrete: 0.5 m (average of height) x 2.5 t/m³ = 1.25 t/m^2

The load is calculated in the same way as top slab calculation.

		(Unit: t/m^2)
Case	Vertical	Horizontal
Case 1&2	1.25	-
Case 3	1.44	0.375

(c) Outside Wall (W-1 & W-2)

Reinforced Concrete: 0.45 m (average of width) x 1.0m x 2.5 t/m³ = 1.13 t/m

		(Unit: t/m)
Case	Vertical	Horizontal
Case 1&2	1.13	-
Case 3	1.30	0.34

(d) Partition Wall (W-3)

Reinforced Concrete: 0.6 m (average of width) x 1.0m x 2.5 t/m³ = 1.50 t/m

(Unit: t/m)

		(01111, 0111)
Case	Vertical	Horizontal
Case 1&2	1.50	-
Case 3	1.73	0.45

(e) Column

Reinforced Concrete: $0.4 \text{ m x } 0.4 \text{ m x } 2.5 \text{ t/m}^3$

= 0.4 t/m

		(Unit: t/m)
Case	Vertical	Horizontal
Case 1&2	0.4	-
Case 3	0.46	0.12

(3) Live Load

Live load by people on the top slab:

 $= 0.1 \text{ t/m}^2$

		(Unit: t/m^2)
Case	Vertical	Horizontal
Case 1	0.1	-
Case 2&3	-	-

(4) Horizontal Earth Pressure (PS)

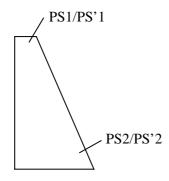
Horizontal earthquake pressure is calculated as the following formula:

$\mathbf{PS} = \mathbf{K} \mathbf{x} \gamma \mathbf{x} \mathbf{h}$	
where:	
K: coefficient	0.3 for case 1&2 (assumption)
	0.5 for case 3 (assumption)
γ : unit weight of soil	1.7 t/m^3
h: depth from ground surfac	e (elevation 5.55 m)
	0.625 m at top slab
	5.95 m at bottom slab
efore,	

Therefore,

PS1=0.3 x 0.625 m x 1.7	$=0.32 \text{ t/m}^2$
PS2=0.3 x 5.95 m x 1.7	$=3.03 \text{ t/m}^2$
PS1'=0.5 x 0.625 m x 1.7	$=0.56 \text{ t/m}^2$
PS2'=0.5 x 5.95 m x 1.7	$=5.06 \text{ t/m}^2$

The following horizontal trapezoidal distributed load is working to the outside wall.



		(Unit:	t/m ²)
Case	Upper	Lower	
Case 1&2	0.32	3.03	
Case 3	0.56	5.06	

(5) Water Pressure

(a) Hydrostatic Pressure (ordinary condition)

Hydrostatic pressure for ordinary condition is calculated as the following formula:

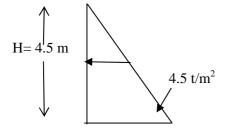
 $P_w = w_0 \cdot h$

Where:

 P_w : Hydrostatic pressure on depth h from surface water level (t/m²)

 w_0 : Unit weight of water (t/m³) 1.0

h: Depth from surface water level (m)



(b) Hydrodynamic pressure (earthquake condition)

The following distribution load is acting to wall inside additionally in case of earthquake.

 $Pdw = \pm 7/8 \ x \ K_h \ x \ (H \ Y) \ ^{0.5}$

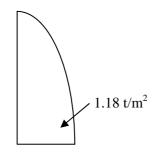
Where:

Pdw: Hydrodynamic pressure force (t/m^2)

Kh: Horizontal design seismic coefficient: 0.3

H: Water depth: 4.5 (m)

Y: depth from water surface

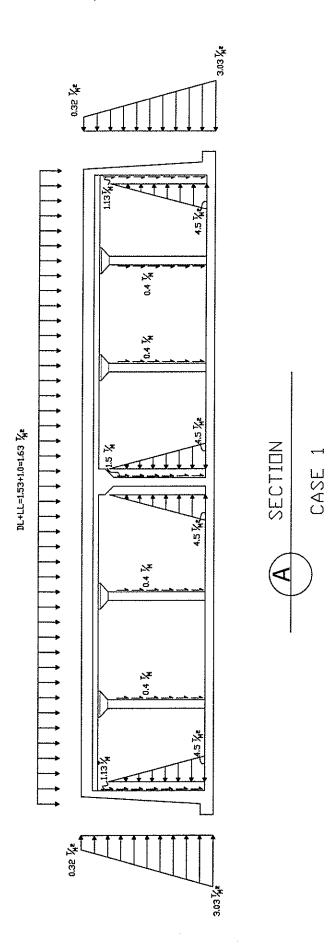


(I Init.	$+/m^{2}$
(Unit:	t/m~)

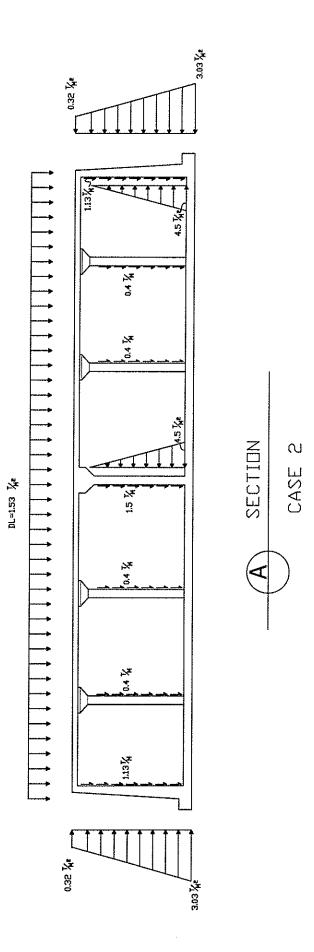
Case	Vertical	Horizontal
Case 1&2	4.5	0~4.5
Case 3	4.5	0~(4.5±1.18)

Load Combination (Vertical View)

Case 1

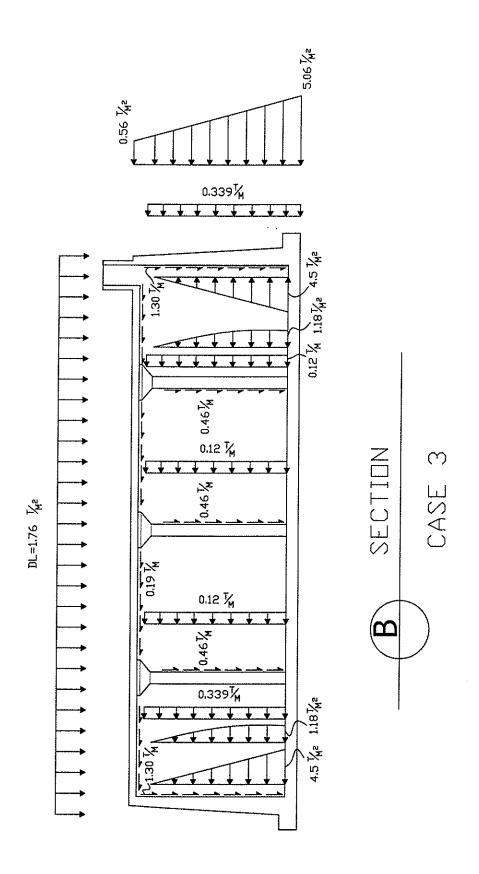


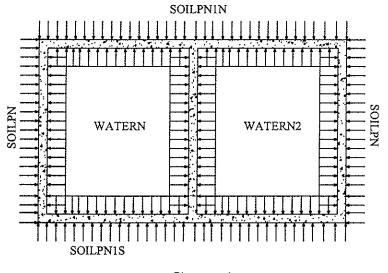
Case 2



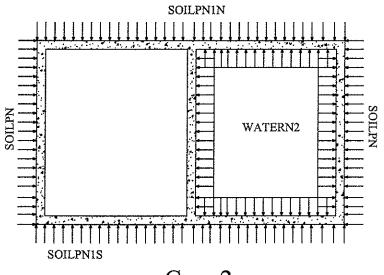
A2-9

Case 3

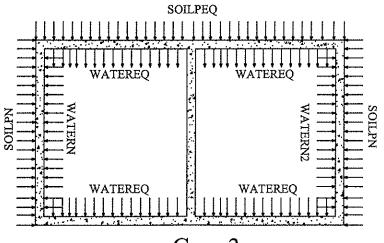




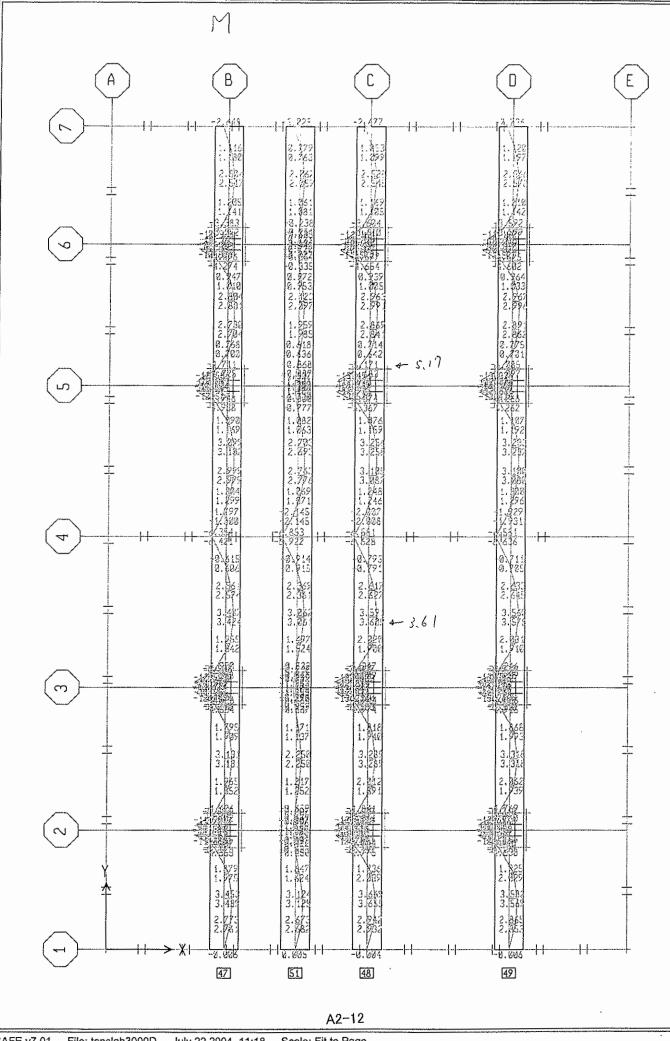
Case 1



Case 2

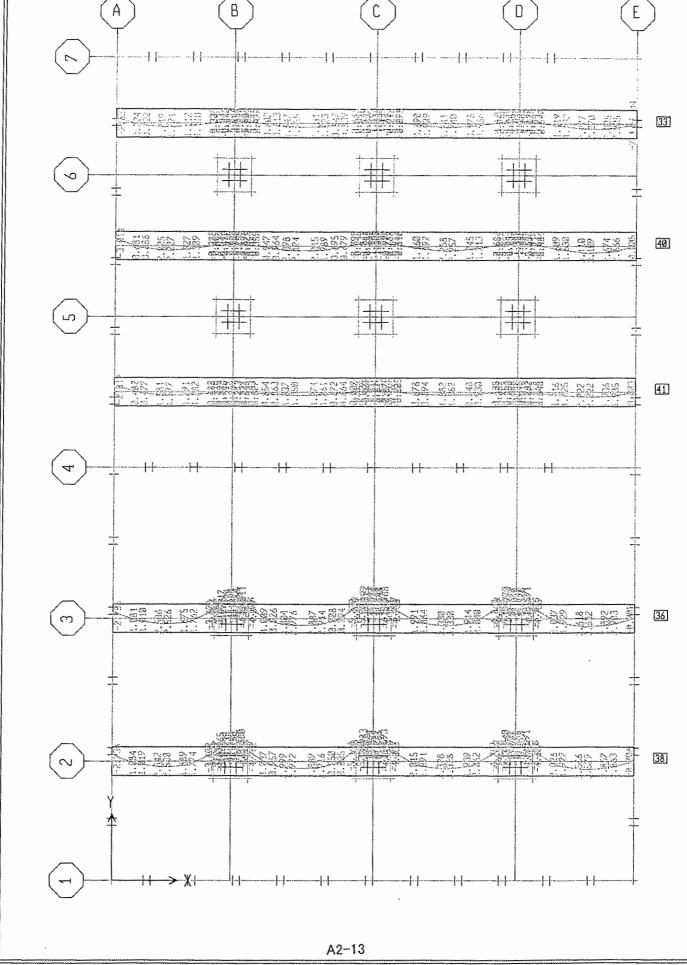


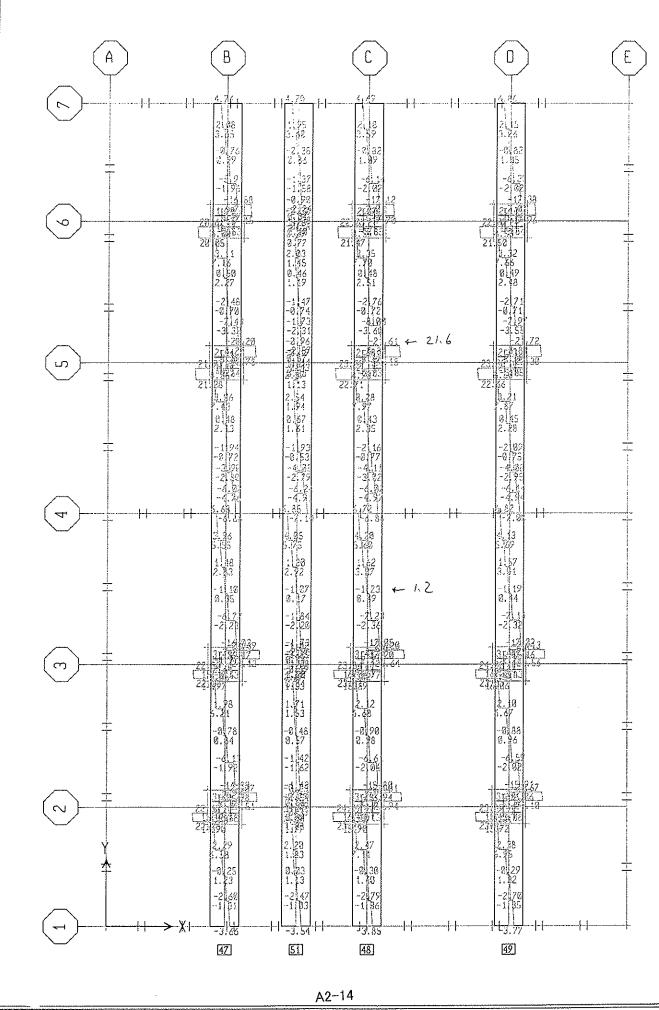
Case 3



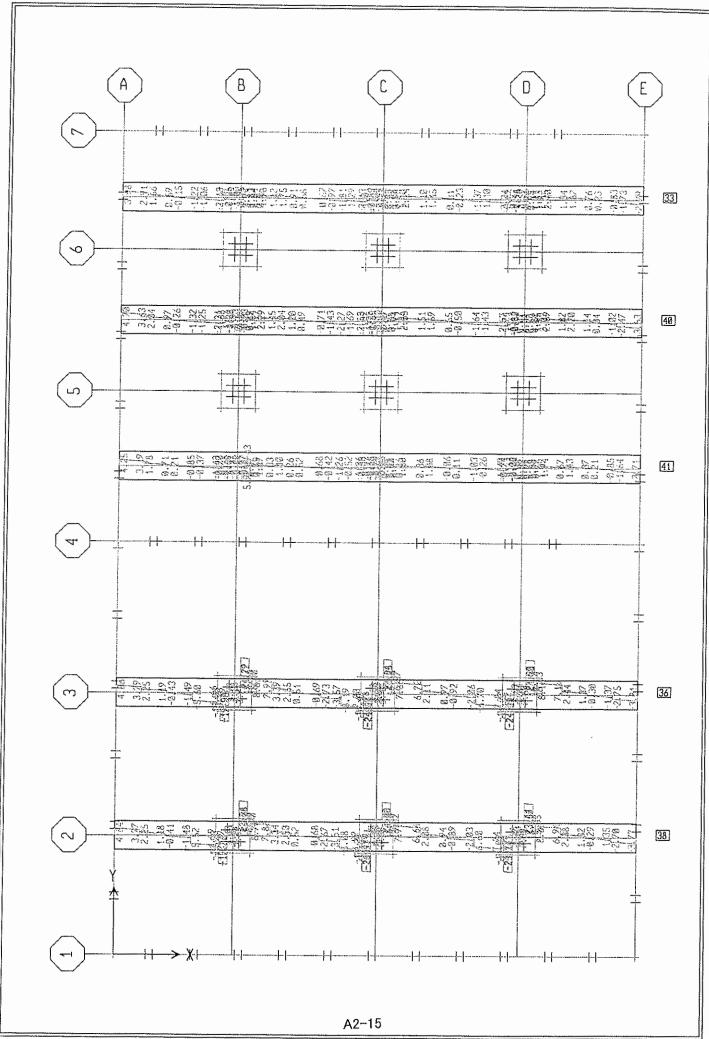
SAFE v7.01 - File: topslab3000D - July 22,2004 11:18 - Scale: Fit to Page Y-Strip Moment Diagram - (CASE1) - Ton-m Units

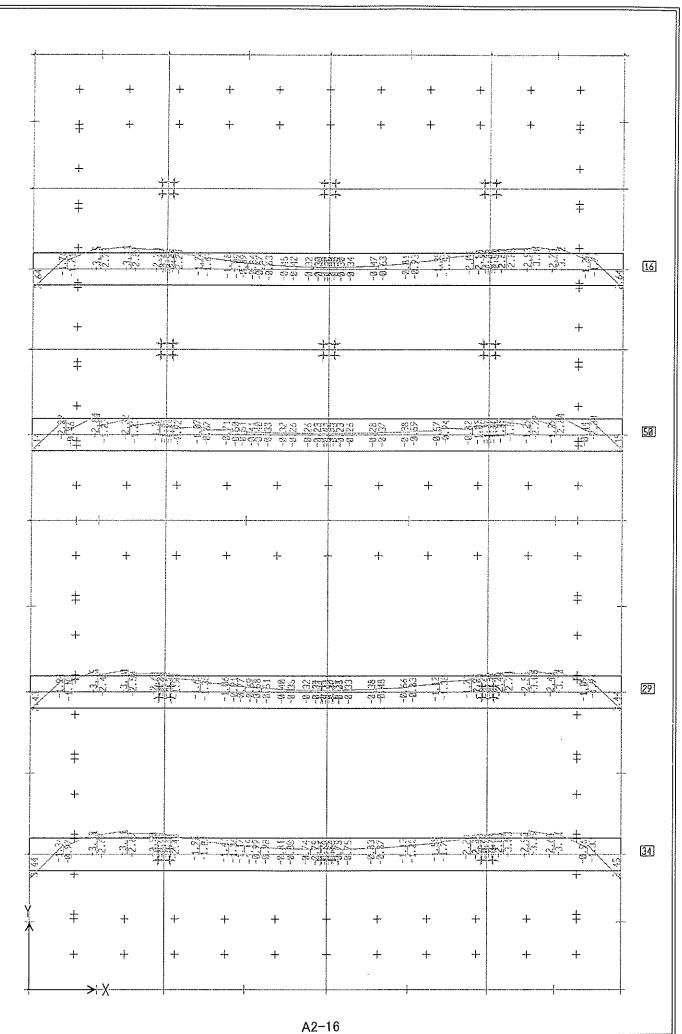
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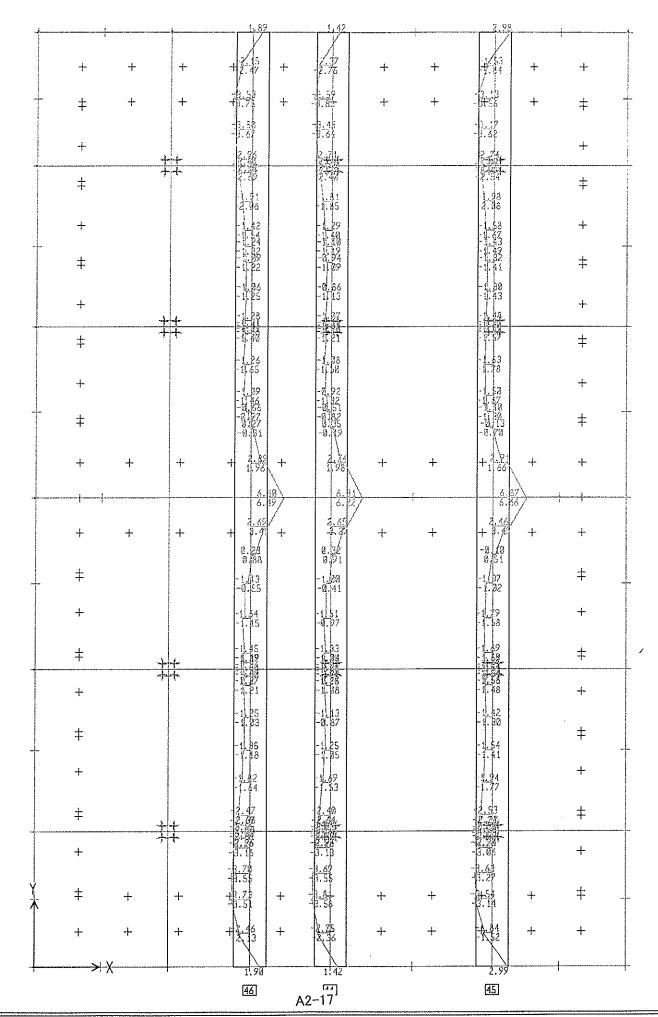


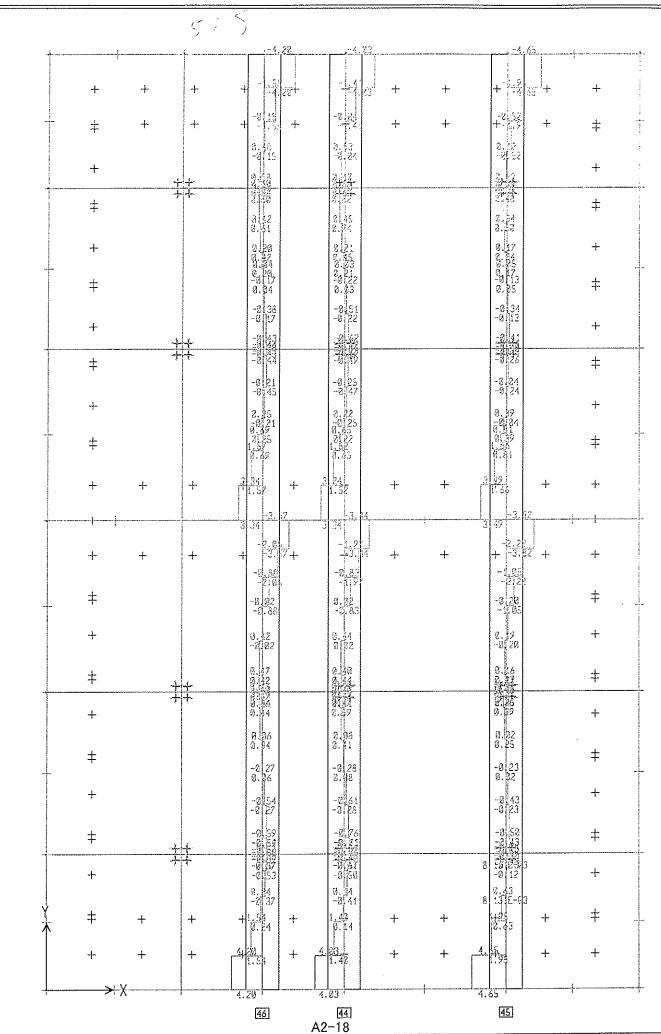
SAFE v7.01 - File: topslab3000D - July 22,2004 11:17 - Scale: Fit to Page Y-Strip Shear Diagram - (CASE1) - Ton-m Units



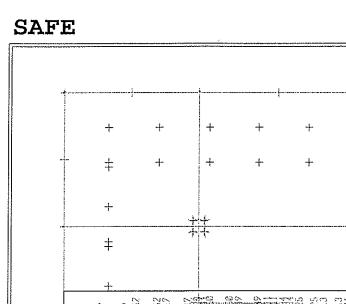


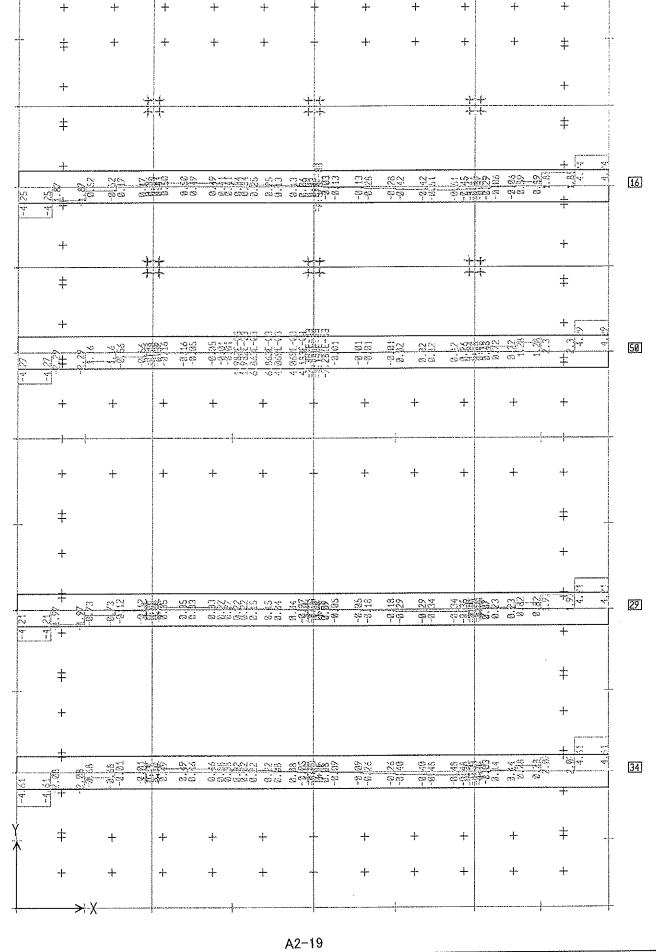




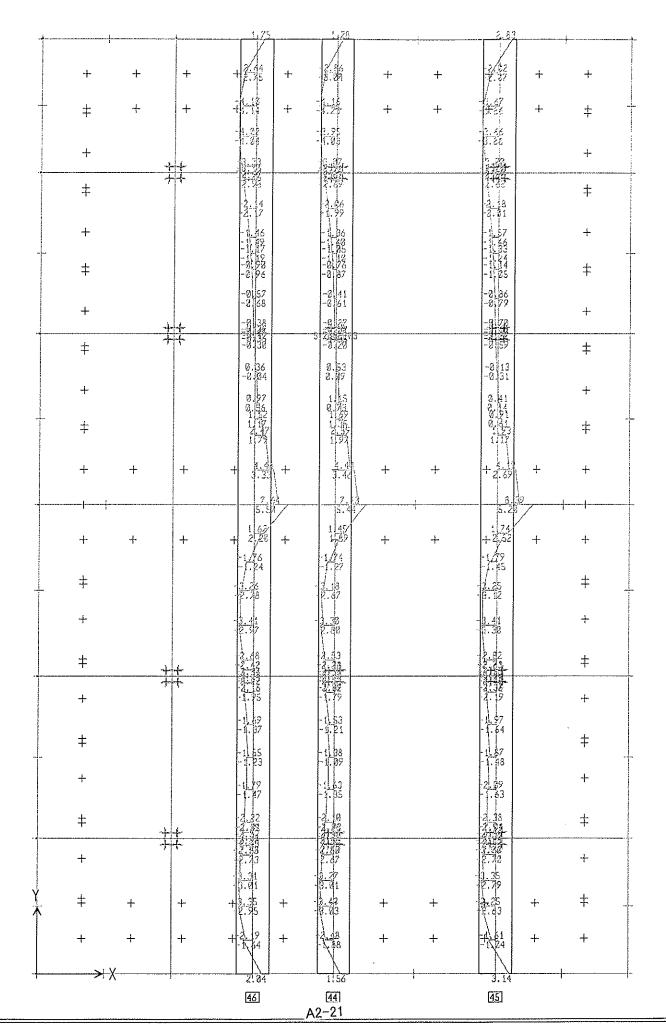


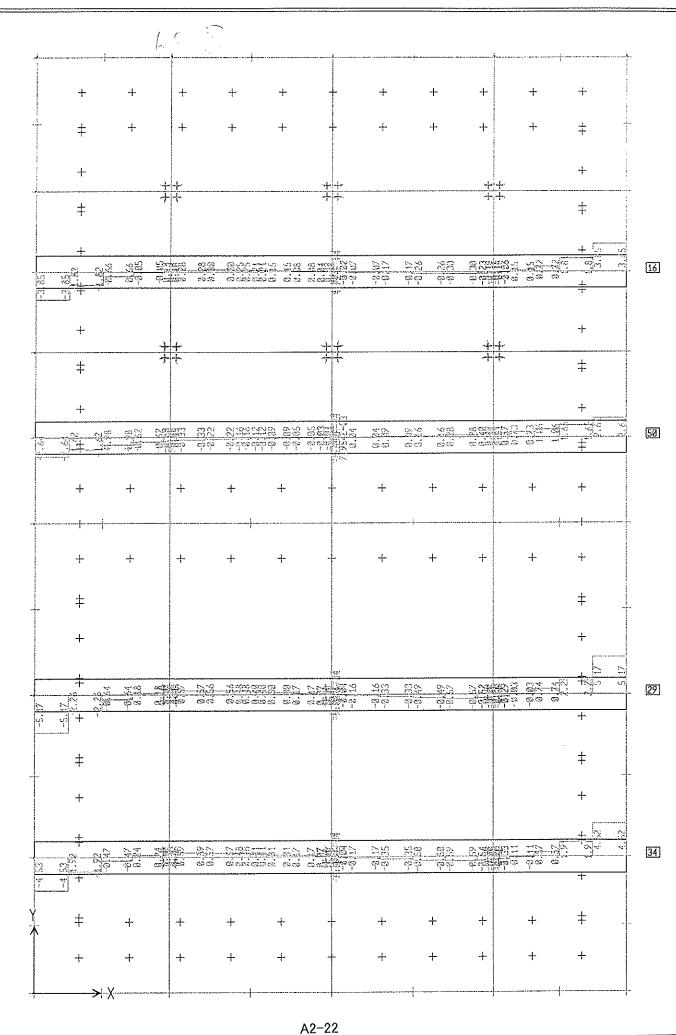
SAFE v7.01 - File: base - July 22,2004 16:01 - Scale: Fit to Page Y-Strip Shear Diagram - (CASE1) - Ton-m Units

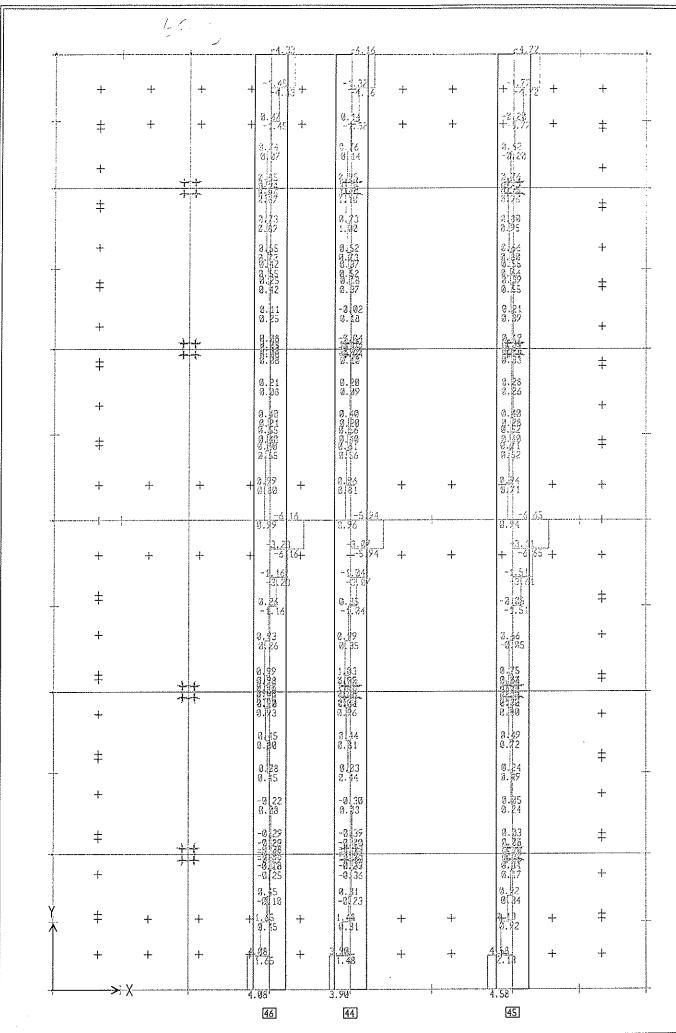




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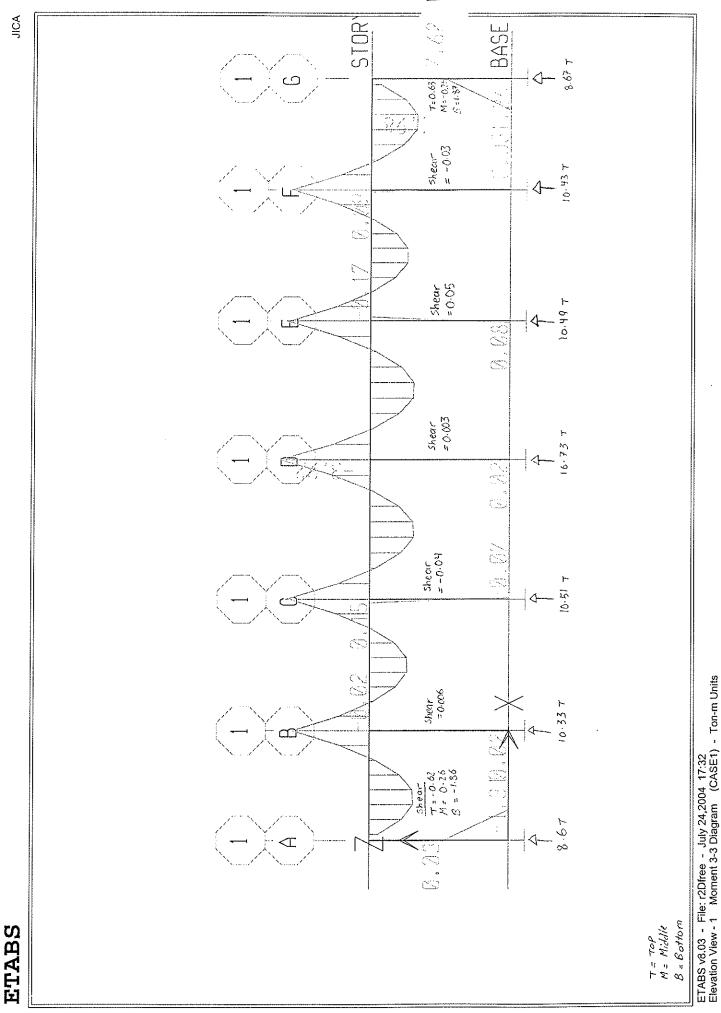


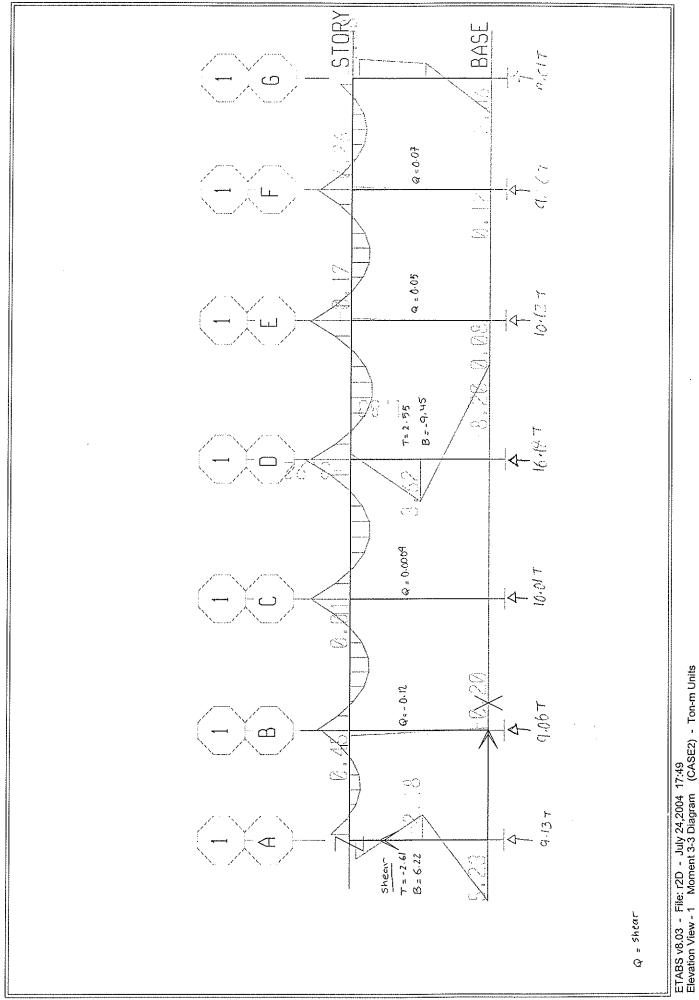




SAFE v7.01 - File: base - July 22,2004 16:02 - Scale: Fit to PaA2-23 Y-Strip Shear Diagram - (CASE2) - Ton-m Units

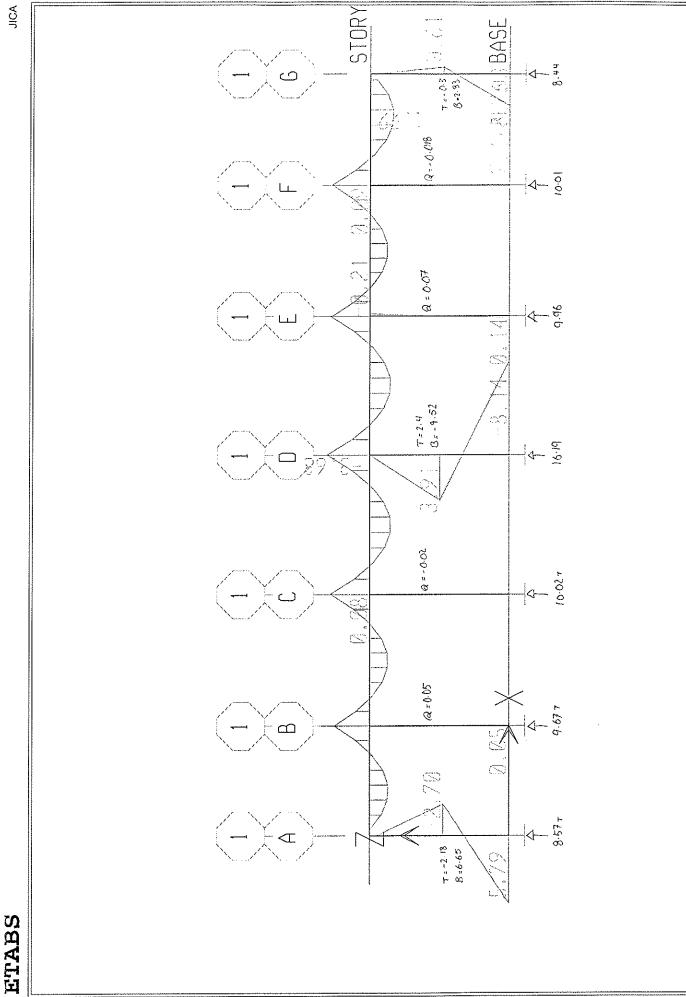
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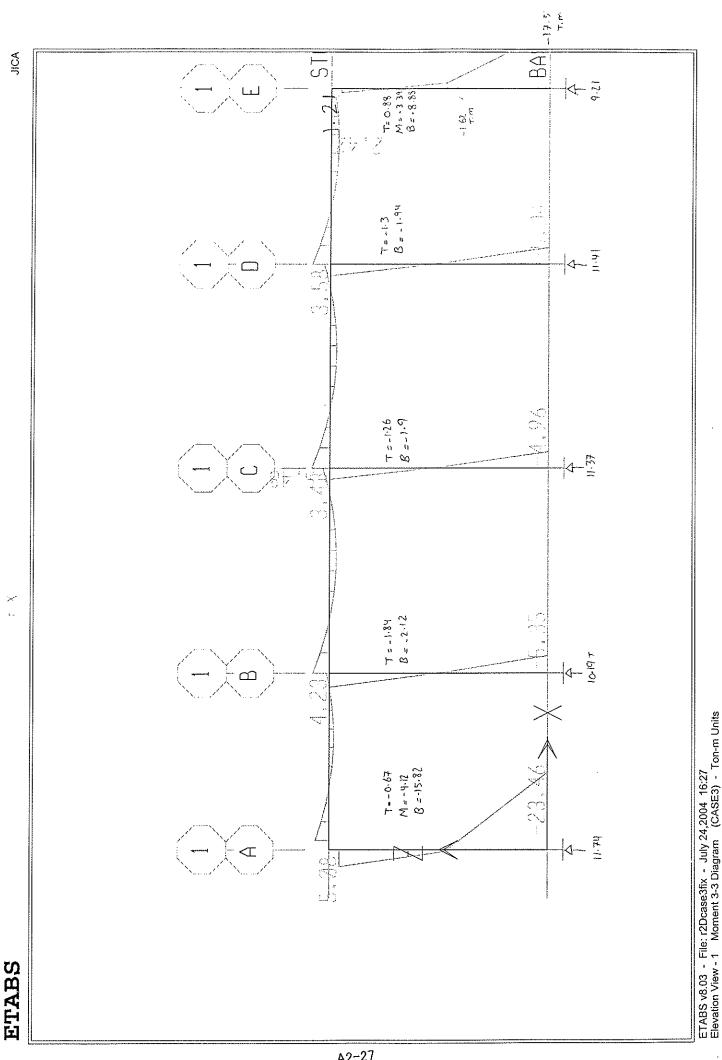


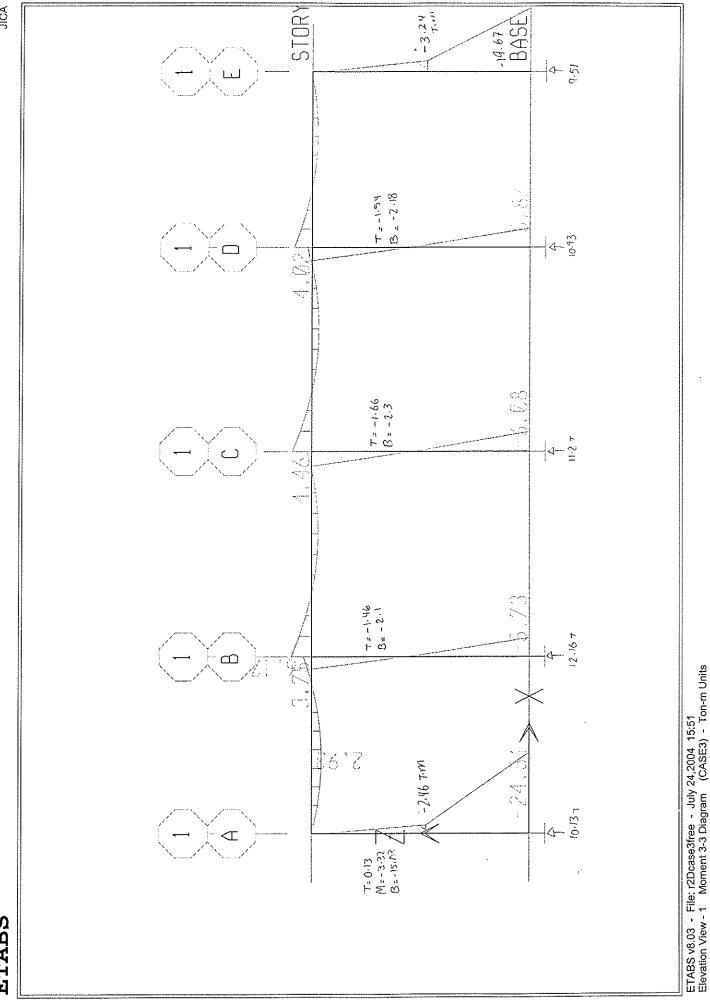
JICA

A2-25



ETABS v8.03 - File: r2Dfree - July 24,2004 17:29 Elevation View - 1 Moment 3-3 Diagram (CASE2) - Ton-m Units





JICA

ETABS

Member		s	Slab		Bottom Slab	n Slab		Wai	Wall 182
Check Point		column	middle	column	zone		middle zone	Ó	lower
Load case		1	-	+	2	~	2		3
W	t-m	5.17	3.61	6.87	8.39	3.83	4.23	7.18	24.51
z	t	ł	I	1	I	1	1	8.44	10.13
Ø	<u>+</u>	21.6	1.2	3.82	6.65	1.41	1.32	2.83	15.03
width	сŋ	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
height	cm	25	25	60	60	45	50	60	60
covering	с В	5	5	5	5	5	ទ	5	5
bar arrangement		D14@75	D14@150	(D10+D12) @150	(D10+D12) @150	D16@150	D16@150	D25@200	D25@200
bar AS	cm2	20.53	10.27	12.78	12.78	13.4	13.4	24.55	24.55
C (nomogram))		4.5	5.9	8.5	8.5	7.1	7.5	5.1	6.1
compressive (M'/b*d^2)*C	C kg/cm2	58	53	19	24	17	16	16	55
allowable	kg/cm2	90	90	90	112.5	90	112.5	112.5	06
S(nomogram)		7.5	14.5	30	30	21	25	9.5	13
	(M'/b*d^2)*S*n kg/cm2	1,454	1,963	1022	1248	754	783	483	1743
allowable	kg/cm2	1,800	1,800	1800	2250	1800	1800	2250	2700
2		1.17	1.13	1.08	1.08	1.09	1.09	1.08	1.09
shear (Q/b*d)*Z	kg/cm2	12.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	0.4	0.3	0.6	3.0
allowable	kg/cm2	18.0	2.4	2.4	3.0	2.4	3.0	2.4	3.6
Member		Wall	Wall 1&2	Wa	Wall 3		Col	Column	
Check Point		đ	upper	bottom	middle	lower			upper
Load case		F :	۳ ۳	5	2		8		с С
X	t-m	1.68	5.08	8.2	3.91	0.08	6.08	0.45	4.46
N	t	3.02	4.82	16.19	12.19	10.49	11.2	6.93	8.75
Ø	ų	1	1	1	I	ł	2.3	1	1.66
width	cm	100	100	100	100	40	40	40	40
height	cm	30	30	60	60	40	40	40	40
covering	сIJ	2	2	2	5	5	5	5	5
bar		D18@200	D18@200	D25@200	D18@200	3×D18	3xD18	3xD16	3xD16
bar AS	cm2	12.75	12.75	24.55	12.75	7.65	7.65	6.03	6.03
C(nomogram)		5.4	5.08	4.5	4.5	2.9	4.8	e	5.3
compressive (M'/b*d^2)*C	C kg/cm2	17	52	18	10	10	76	6	62
allowable	kg/cm2	06	135	90	112.5	90	135	90	135
S(nomogram)		10	12	6.5	5	1.5	8		9.5
	(M'/b*d^2)*S*n kg/cm2	475	1,601	395	173	76	1,900	46	1,678
aliowable	kg/cm2	2,250	2,700	2,250	2,250	1,800	2,700	1,800	2,700
2		1	1	ł	1	1	1.11	1	1.10
shear	kg/cm2	1	1	I	I	1	1.8	J	1.3
allowable	kg/cm2	1	ı	1	1	1	3.6	I	3.6

Table Stress by Load Case

1

Sheet
Calculation
Stress (
Table

Mambau)								
MICHA	Jet	ดี	Stab		Ъ	Footing		Wa	Wall 1&2
Check point	ooint	Column Zone	Middle Zone	Colum	Column Zone	Middl	Middle Zone	Low	Lower Part
Load Case		-			6	-	6	¢	<
As	cm2	20.53	10.27	12.78	12.78	13.40	13.40	24 EE	34 EF
ρ	cm	100	100	100	100	100	100	1001	100
q	сm	20	20	55	55	40	45	22	22
p=As/b*d		0.01027	0.00514	0.00232	0.00232	0.00335	0.00298	0.00446	0.0046
n*p=15p		0.15398	0.07703	0.03485	0.03485	0.05025	0.04467	0.06605	0.06606
N (axial force)	t	Ι	1	1	ſ	1	1	8 44	1010
S	nomogram	4.5	5.9	8.5	8.5	71	75		10.13
M (bending moment)	t-m						2.	7 18	0.1
M'	t-m	5.17	3.61	6.87	8.39	3 83	4 23	0.00	10.42
Compressive	M'*C/(b*d^2)	58	53	19	24	17	16	16	55
S	nomogram	7.5	14.5	30.0	20.0	0+0	0.50	l	
Tensile	M'*S/(b*d^2)	1 454	1 962	1 000	1 040	75.4	002	C.A	13.0
			2021	1,042	0+7'1	104	/83	438	1,743
Q (Shear)	+	216	19	2 0.0	S CE	1 44	00 7	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
7	nomorram	0'17 1 + 7	1.6	20.0	0.00	1.41	1.32	2.83	15.03
Chooine	1101110gr an	11.1	1.13	1.08	1.08	1.09	1.09	1.08	1.09
Oriearing	(p*a)/2*h	12.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	0.4	0.3	0.6	3.0
Member	er	Wall 1&2	1&2	Wall	11 3		Col	Column	
Check point	oint	Upper	er	Lower	Middle	Lo.	Lower		Upper
Load case		2	3	2	2	-	3	-	
As	cm2	12.75	12.75	24.55	12.75	7.65	7.65	6.03	6.03
0	cm	100	100	100	100	40	40	40	40
	cm	25	25	55	55	35	35	35	35
p=As/b*d		0.00510	0.00510	0.00446	0.00232	0.00546	0.00546	0.00431	0.00431
		0.07650	0.07650	0.06695	0.03477	0.08196	0.08196	0.06461	0.06461
N (axial force)	t	3.02	4.82	16.19	12.19	10.49	11.20	6.93	8.75
	nomogram	5.4	5.9	4.5	4.5	2.9	4.8	3.0	5.3
M (Dending moment)	t-m	1.68	5.08	8.20	3.91	0.08	6.08	0.45	4.46
Ξ	t-m	1.98	5.56	12.25	6.96	1.65	7.76	1.49	5.77
Compressive	M *C/(b*d 2)	17	52	18	10	10	76	6	62
6									
0 F	nomogram	10.0	12	6.5	5.0	1.5	8.0	1.0	9.5
l ensile	M'*S/(b*d [*] 2)	475	1,601	395	173	76	1,900	46	1,678
O (Shaar)	+								
		1	0.67	1	1	1	2.3	1	1.66
	nomogram	1	1.09	ı	-	t	1.11	5	1.1
Snearing	(D*a)/7*D	1	0.3	1		-	1.8	I	1.3

3. Conclusion

The following bar arrangement revisions were made against the MPO typical design for new reservoir construction project in Baravat.

Item	Original	After Revision
Top Slab	D12/10	D14
Bottom Slab	D24	D25
Column Lower Part	8 x D16	8 x D18
Shearing Bar of Top Slab around columns	Not specify	2352 (196 x 12) shearing bars are installed

The structure type of top slab of the MPO typical design is nearly flat slab. However, drop panel is not installed in typical design. Therefore, many shearing bars are necessary around column capital. JICA Study Team recommends introduction of the following drop panels in the next version of typical design of reservoir by MPO :

Column Span (ctc)	Area	Thickness
4.5 m	1.8 m x 1.8 m	150 mm
5.0 m	2.0 m x 2.0 m	150 mm
5.5 m	2.2 m x 2.2 m	150 mm

Photo Album

1. Bam Earthquake Damage

1) Building Damage

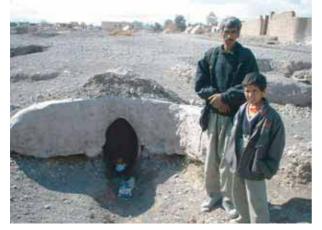








2) Damaged Qanat





3) Damaged Water Pipe





4) Earthquake Victims





5) International Assistance





2. Reconstruction of Reservoir













3. Reconstruction of Water Pipe Line













4. Formulation of Long Term Water Supply System









5. Observation of Water Level



