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1. 国際機関・二国間援助機関の北部・東部復興支援計画リスト

Table 5.1 Committed Programmes and Projects for Relief, Rehabilitation, Reconciliation and Socio-Economic Development in Conflict-Affected Areas

(1) International Organizations and Programmes

Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NGO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
Asian Development Bank (ADB)	1 North East Community Restoration and Development (NECORD) Project	On-going		NE Prov. Council	- Resettlement - Infrastructure rehabilitation - Service restoration - Productive capacity	25,000
	2 Third Road Improvement Project – Emergency Rehab. of the A9 Road	On-going		Road Dev. Authority	- Infrastructure rehabilitation	3,800
	3 Secondary School Education Modernisation Project (NE part)	On-going		Min. of Education	- Social service restoration	7,200
	4 Second Power System Expansion Project (NE part)	On-going		CEB	- Infrastructure rehabilitation	2,500
	5 Skills Development Project (NE part)	On-going		Min. of Tertiary Ed	- Service restoration	0,700
	6 Secondary Towns and Community Based Water Supply & Sanitation	Water & Sanitation	Begin 2003	NWSDB	- Service restoration - Batticaloa and Mulltūr	30,000
	7 Eastern Coastal Community Development Project	Community Infrastructure	Begin 2003		- Service restoration	49,000
TOTAL (US \$ million)						118,200
World Bank (WB)	1 Teacher Education & Deployment Project	On-going		Min. of Educ	- Restoration of services - National College of Education - Teacher training	4,000
	2 General Education Project	On-going		Min. of Educ	- Restoration of services - School construction - English and IT training	4,000
	3 Legal and Judicial Reforms Project	On-going		Min. of Justice	- Restoration of services - Improved governance and rights	2,000
	4 North East Irrigated Agric. Project	On-going		PDOI	- Infrastructure rehab.	27,000
	5 Emergency Reconstruction Programme of North and east	Infrastructure, Social Services	Begin 2002 / 2003	MRR&R	- Infrastructure rehabilitation - Resettlement - Restoration of Services	40,000
TOTAL (US \$ million)						77,000
European Union	1 Relief and Rehabilitation Assistance – UNHCR	on-going	UNHCR		- Minimise and stabilize displacement - Facilitate return/resettlement	1,900
	2 Relief and Rehabilitation Assistance – NGOs	on-going	Marie Stopes, Action Against Hunger		- Resettlement of IDPs - Reproductive Health - Mobile Medical Services - Irrigation/ Water/ Sanitation	4,000
	3 Assistance through Humanitarian Aid Office	on-going	Various NGOs		- Food Security - Resettlement	10,000
TOTAL (US \$ million)						15,900

	Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NGO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
OPFC	1 North East Community Restoration and Development (NECORD) Project	Emergency Rehabilitation (Health, Shelter, Water Supply and Sanitation, Education, Agriculture, Fisheries, Income Generation)	On-going	ADB	NE Prov. Council	- Resettlement - Infrastructure rehabilitation - Service restoration - Productive capacity	4.000
TOTAL (US \$ million)							4.000
(2) United Nations Agencies and Programmes							
FAO	Emergency Provision of Agric. Inputs to IDPs	Agriculture, Livestock	Begin Sep, 2003	EU	PDOA, GAS	- Resettle 10,000 IDPs - Cultivation of 2700 ha. of land	0.800
TOTAL (US \$ million)							0.800
UNDP							
	1 Umbrella Project for Conflict Affected Areas	Micro credit, Sustainable livelihoods	On-going	WB, UNMAS, DFID, Australia,	Australia	- Micro-credit and small business dev. - Local economic recovery - Productive capacity in conflict area - Resettle IDPs and assist host communities	1.350
	2 UN Support to Mine Action in Sri Lanka	Mine Action	On-going	WB, Australia, UNMAS	OPM	- Capacity for mine action - Safety of population in mine-affected areas	1.430
	3 Strengthening Office of Commissioner General for Relief, Rehabilitation and Reconciliation	Coordination	Preparatory	DFIID	OPM, MRR&R, GAS	- Capacity strengthening for national, local authorities for coordination of Triple-R	0.050
	4 Investment in Peace Project and Initiative for Socio-Economic Reconstruction	Private Sector	Preparatory		MPDI, BOI	- Foreign investment in context of peace promotion	0.200
TOTAL (US \$ million)							3.030
UNFPA	1 Strengthening Reproductive Service Health Delivery -- Mamar Programme	Health	On-going	PSL		- Service provision and restoration - Reproductive Health	0.030
TOTAL (US \$ million)							0.030

Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NGO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
ILO	1 Start and Improve Your Business Project in Sri Lanka (NE Component)	On-going	SIDA	IDB	- Productive capacity and employment	0.100
	2 International Programme for Elimination of Child Labour	On-going	DANIDA	MOEL	- Service restoration – IDB capacity - Resettlement – rehab. of child	0.055
	3 Emergency Employment for Returned and Relocated IDPs	Begin 2003		GA's, RDA, NWSDB, PDOI	- Productive capacity – for IDP families - Resettlement – employment for 10,000 IDPs and others	1.336
	4 Technical Advisory Services for Wider and Improved Use. Labour-Based Tech. in Infrastructure Rehabilitation	Begin 2003		Infrast. Line Agencies	- Rehab. of infrastructure - Restoration of services	0.140
	5 Reintegration of Ex-Combatants into Civilian Life in Sri Lanka	Begin 2002		CG for Triple RR	- Productive capacity & employment - Resettlement – rehab. ex-combatants	2.200
	6 Rehabilitation of Children From North and East of Sri Lanka	Begin 2003		NCPA, MOEL, NYSC	- Restoration of services - Productive and admin. capacity - Resettlement – rehab. children	0.480
TOTAL (US \$ million)						4.311
WFP	Food	On-going	Various	MRR&R	- Resettlement of IDPs – 217,00 IDPs targeted for assistance - Rehab. of infrastructure - Productive capacity building – community asset creation and employment - Community organisation capacity building	22.800
		TOTAL (US \$ million)				

	Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NGO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
WHO	1. Emergency and Humanitarian Action Programme	Health	On-going		MOH, PDOH	- Restoration of health services	0.120
	2. Organisation of Health Services	Health, Administration	On-going		MOH, PDOH	- Institutional capacity building	0.125
	3. Malaria Control Programme	Health	On-going		MOH	- Restoration of services	0.081
	4. Immunisation and vaccination Development Programme	Health	On-going		MOH	- Productive capacity - through	0.144
	5. Health and Environment Programme	Health	On-going		MOH, Local Govt.	- Restoration of services	0.050
	6. Mental Health and Substance Abuse Programme	Health	On-going		MOH	- Productive capacity - through	0.060
TOTAL (US \$ million)							0.580
IMO	1. Assisted Voluntary Returns: Reintegration and Resettlement of Denied Asylum Seekers and IDPs	Re-Settlement	On-going		MFA, MRR&R	- Resettlement and re-integration	0.175
	TOTAL (US \$ million)						
UNICEF	1. Mine Risk education Programme	Mine Action	On-going	EU	GA's, DOE, NGOs	- Community-based mine risk education - Facilitate resettlement	0.150
	2. Victim Assistance Programme	Mine Action	On-going	EU	GA's, DOE, NGOs	- Help to boost productive capacity - Rehabilitation of disabled people - Facilitates resettlement - Facilitate reconciliation	0.036
	3. Health and Nutrition Programme	Health	On-going	SIDA	MOH, PDHS, GA's, NGOs	- Improves productive capacity - Restoration of health / nutrition services - Improvement of capacity of health staff	0.612
	4. Access to water and sanitation for returnees and host	Water and sanitation	On-going	SIDA	PDHS, GA's, NGOs	- Facilities for 250,000 IDPs and others	0.296
	5. Basic Education Programme	Education	On-going	SIDA	MOE, PMOE, NGOs	- Restoration of services - Educational services to 150,000 children	0.250
	6. Provision of essential education supplies and upgrading of school facilities	Education	On-going	SIDA	MOE, PMOE, NGOs	- Training and development of teachers - Restoration of services - Provision of essential supplies	0.250
	7. Special Protection for children affected by armed conflict	Child Welfare	On-going	SIDA, CIDA, Australia, Italy	NGOs	- Up-grading of facilities - Human rehabilitation and advocacy	0.760
	8. Essential relief items for returnees	Non-Food Items	On-going	SIDA, Italy	GA's, PDOE	- Provision of non-food items to IDP families	0.275
TOTAL (US \$ million)							2.629

	Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NGO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
1	National Protection and Durable solutions for IDPs and Returnees – 2002	Shelter, Protection, Domestic Needs, Income Generation, Community Services, Water, etc	On-going	ECHO, USA, Japan, NL	MRR&R, RRAN, GA's, HRC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resettlement of IDPs – provision of basic items and emergency shelter materials to 10,000 families (40,000 people) - Protection – for IDPs with emphasis on women and children - Monitor rights of returnees - Improve Productive capacity of IDPs – provide small start-up grants 	3,657
2	National Protection and Durable solutions for IDPs and Returnees – 2003	Shelter, Protection, Domestic Needs, Income Generation, Community Services, Water, etc	Begin 2003		MRR&R, RRAN, GA's, HRC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resettlement of IDPs – provision of basic items and emergency shelter materials to 20,000 families (80,000 people) - Protection – for IDPs with emphasis on women and children - Monitor rights of returnees - Improve Productive capacity of IDPs – provide small start-up grants 	4,000
3	Supplementary Programme	October 2002 to December 2003	Subject to HQ approval		MRR&R, RRAN, GA's, HCR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resettlement of IDPs – provision of basic items and emergency shelter materials to 20,000 families (80,000 people) - Protection – for IDPs with emphasis on women and children - Monitor rights of returnees - Improve Productive capacity of IDPs – provide small start-up grants - Facilitate return of priority repatriation cases from India 	8,750
TOTAL (US \$ million)							16,407

UNHCR

Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NGO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
(3) Bilateral Agencies and Programmes						
Japan						
1 Food Security for IDPs	Food	On-going	WFP		- Resettlement of IDPs - Supply food	1.100
2 Development of 30 Villages on SR Strategy	Rural Dev.	On-going	NGOs		- Rehab. of infrastructure - Restoration of services	0.043
3 Revitalisation of Rural Economy by Rehabilitation of Irrigation Tanks in Trincomalee	Irrigation	On-going	NGO		- Rehab. of infrastructure - Productive capacity	0.056
4 Vavunia Drinking Water Supply Projects	Water	On-going		NWSDB	- Rehab. of infrastructure	0.101
5 Low-income housing improvement	Housing	On-going		NHDA	- Shelter of re-settlers	1.200
6 Fishing community selfhelp housing scheme	Housing	On-going		MFARD	- Shelter of re-settlers	3.500
7 Promote peace building through publication	Publication	On-going	NGO (National Peace Council)		- book & newsletter publication	0.029
8 Promote peace building through news paper campaign	Publication	On-going	NGO		- News paper campaign	0.056
9 National blood transfusion services	Medical	On-going			- Victims of armed conflicts	12.000
10 Construction of Community Centres for IDP returnees	Rural Dev.	On-going	NGO (JCCP)		- Resettlement of IDPs	0.046
11 Provision of Accommodation and Relief to IDPs	Housing, Relief	On-going	UNHCR		- Resettlement of IDPs	4.600
12 Assistance to Victims of the armed conflict	Human security, medical care, Jively food assistance	On-going	ICRC		- Victims of armed conflicts	1.128
13 Assistance to reproductive health	Health	On-going	UNFPA		- Health education	1.022
14 UNHCR Programme in S. Asia Region for Human Security	Relief, Resettlement	On-going	UNHCR		- Resettlement of IDPs	2.400
TOTAL (US \$ million)						27.281
Germany						
1 Jaffna Rehabilitation Project	Rehab., Housing, education, water	On-going	GTZ, KFW		- Infrastructure rehab. - Restoration of Services	12.500
2 North East Community Restoration and Development Project	Rehabilitation	On-going	ADB		- Infrastructure rehab. - Restoration of Services	2.500
3 Integrated Food Security Programme	Food, Agriculture, Nutrition, Educ.	On-going	GTZ		- Resettlement of IDPs - Provision of food - Rehab. farming facilities	6.020
4 Water Supply -- Vavuniya	Water	On-going	GTZ		- Rehab. water facilities	5.800
5 BECARE	Education, Child Welfare	On-going	GTZ		- Education - Care for traumatised children	1.500
6 Fonds Initiative in Conflict Transformation		On-going	GTZ			1.150
7 Support for Peace Process	Education, Vocational Training	On-going	GTZ			1.500
8 Resettlement and Human Assistance in Vanni	Resettlement	On-going	GAA / Sewa Lanka		- Resettlement	0.850
TOTAL (US \$ million)						8.520

Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NCO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
Australian Aid	1 Assistance to Conflict Affected Households	On-going	CARE		- Restoration of services - Productive capacity	0.214
	2 Community Reintegration and Resettlement Project	On-going	ZOA		- Resettlement of IDPs - Productive capacity	0.150
	3 Economic Rehabilitation of N & E	On-going	UNDP		- Restoration of services - Productive capacity	0.100
	4 Rapid Mine / UXO Assessment Survey	On-going	UNDP			0.325
	5 Capacity Building for Financial Services (Batticaloa)	Start Oct. 2003	CARE		- Restoration of services	0.100
	6 Resettlement and Rehab. Project (Trincomalee)	Start Oct. 2002	LEADS		- Productive capacity - Resettlement of IDPs	0.075
	7 Peace Activities through Community Activities and Empowerment (East)	Start Oct. 2002	OXFAM		- Reconciliation / governance - Productive capacity	0.075
TOTAL (US \$ million)						
Netherlands	1 UNHCR Appeal for 2002	On-going	UNHCR		- Resettlement - Reconciliation / Governance	1.039 0.500
	2 Reconstruction and Rehabilitation	On-going	ICRC		- Resettlement of IDPs - Restoration of services - Reconciliation / Governance	1.000
	3 Butterfly Garden Project (Batti)	On-going	HIVOS		- Reconciliation	0.022
	4 Economic Dev. - Batticaloa	On-going	ZOA		- Resettlement of IDPs - Productive capacity	0.200
	5 Medical Assistance - Wanni	On-going	MSF		- Restoration of services	0.443
	6 Strengthening Coord. of Humanitarian Activities	On-going	UNDP		- Capacity building	0.040
	7 Peace and Conflict Assessment Methodology - Clingendaal	On-going	RNE		- Reconciliation	0.012
	8 VOICE Project	On-going	CARE		- Reconciliation	0.150
	9 Gender and PRSP	On-going	RNE		- Reconciliation, - Capacity building	0.075
	10 Coordination of Humanitarian Aid	On-going	UNDP		- Restoration of services - Coordination / Capacity	0.236
	11 Assistance to Conflict affected Households	On-going	CARE		- Resettlement to IDPs - Reconciliation - Productive capacity	0.265
	12 Support to NECORD	On-going	ADB		- Resettlement - Infrastructure rehabilitation - Services restoration - Productive capacity	0.500
	TOTAL (US \$ million)					
13 Support to Quick Impact Project under NECORD		On-going	(NECORD)		- Resettlement	2.000
						5.343

Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NGO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
Sweden - SIDA	1 Children Affected by Armed Conflict	On-going	UNICEF		- Child welfare	2.826
	2 Early Childhood Care and development Centre at Eastern University	On-going	SCF - Norway		- Child Welfare	0.634
	TOTAL SIDA					3.460
United States - USAID	1 Improved Integration of Targeted Disadvantaged Groups in the Community	On-going		GOSL	- Resettlement	2.000
	2 Community-Based Conflict resolution through Children's Programmes	On-going	INGO		- Reconciliation - Reconciliation	1.000
TOTAL (US \$ million)						
United Kingdom - DFID	1 Security Sector Transformation	Some committed			- Restoration of services	3.000
	2 Diploma in Conflict resolution and Peace Process	Committed	Social Sciences Society of SRL		- Social integration - Reconciliation	0.454
	3 Office of the Commissioner for 3R	Some committed	CG of 3R		- Coordination	0.318
	4 Save the Children UK	Committed	SCF - UK		- Child Welfare	0.379
	5 OXFAM	Committed	OXFAM		- Social integration	5.000
	6 MSI/PSL - Mamar	Committed			- Resettlement	5.300
	7 MSI/PSL - IDPs in North and East	Committed			- Restoration of services	
	8 Civil Society Challenge Fund Programme	Committed	MSI/PSL		- Social integration	
	9 Business and Conflict	Committed	Intern'l Alert		- Restoration of services - reprod. - Social integration - Reconciliation - Reconciliation Productive capacity	0.606 2.121 0.379 0.682
TOTAL (US \$ million)						
						15.239

Programme / Project	Sectors	Status	Other Donors / NCO	GOSL Agency	Priority Areas / Key Outcomes / Beneficiaries	Total Outlay
Norway - NORAD	1 Development and Rehabilitation Project for Batticaloa	On-going		MERD	- Resettlement - Rehab of infrastructure - Restoration of services - Reconciliation - Restoration of services	7.039
	2 Community development in Batticaloa	On-going	SAREERAM		- Reconciliation - Restoration of services	0.065
	3 Community Development in Vavuniya	On-going	NCC		- Reconciliation	0.047
	4 Jaffna Water and Environ. Mngt. Project	Start 2003	MRR&R		- Restoration of services	1.529
	5 Railway Line - Valaichenai to Batticaloa	Start 2003	MOT		- Rehab. of infrastructure - Restoration of services	1.176
TOTAL (US \$ million)						
Canada - CIDA	1 Local Initiatives for Tomorrow (LIFT)	On-going	CARE		- Resettlement - Infrastructure - Human Rights - Productive capacity - Productive capacity - Social integration - Social integration / Basic human - Infrastructure - Restoration of Services - Social Integration - Medical assistance	9.876 0.187
	2 Project for Rehabilitation through Education & Training	On-going	WUSC		- Productive capacity	0.263
	3 Child rights Project	On-going	FT		- Social integration	0.045
	4 Canada Fund	On-going	Various		- Social integration / Basic human	0.110
	5 MSF - Holland Medical Assistance Programme	On-going	MSF - Holland		- Infrastructure - Restoration of Services - Social Integration - Medical assistance	0.280
	6 Canadian Red Cross (CANCROSS) Medical assistance Programme	On-going	CANCROSS		- Restoration of Services - Social Integration - Medical assistance	0.562
	7 Shakti Gender Equity Project	On-going	Shakti		- Social Integration - Women's empowerment	0.050
	8 Sri Lanka - Canada Development Fund	On-going	SAP Canada		- Social Integration - Service restoration - basic social services - Productive capacity - small-scale economic activities	0.060
	9 Peace Building Fund	On-going			- Reconciliation - Peaceful resolution	0.013
	10 Human Rights Fund	On-going			- Social integration - Reconciliation	0.005
	11 Capacity Development Fund	On-going			- Capacity building	0.005
TOTAL (US \$ million)						

2. 停戰覺書

AGREEMENT ON A CEASEFIRE BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA AND THE LIBERATION TIGERS OF TAMIL EELAM.

Preamble :

The overall objective of the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka (hereinafter referred to as the GOSL) and the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (hereinafter referred to as the LTTE) is to find a negotiated solution to the ongoing ethnic conflict in Sri Lanka.

The GOSL and the LTTE (hereinafter referred to as the Parties) recognize the importance of bringing an end to the hostilities and improving the living conditions for all inhabitants affected by the conflict. Bringing an end to the hostilities is also seen by the Parties as a means of establishing a positive atmosphere in which further steps towards a lasting solution can be taken.

The Parties further recognize that groups that are not directly party to the conflict are also suffering the consequences of it. This is particularly the case as regards the Muslim population. Therefore, the provisions of this Agreement regarding the security of civilians and their property apply to all inhabitants.

With reference to the above, the Parties have agreed to enter into a ceasefire, refrain from conduct that could undermine the good intentions or violate the spirit of this Agreement and implement confidence-building measures as indicated in the articles below.

Article 1 : Modalities of a ceasefire

The Parties have agreed to implement a ceasefire between their armed forces as follows :

1.1 A jointly agreed ceasefire between the GOSL and the LTTE shall enter into force on such date as is notified by the Norwegian Minister of Foreign Affairs in accordance with Article 4.2, hereinafter referred to as D-day.

Military operations

1.2 Neither Party shall engage in any offensive military operation. This requires the total cessation of all military action and includes, but is not limited to, such acts as :

- a) The firing of direct and indirect weapons, armed raids, ambushes, assassinations, abductions, destruction of civilian or military property, sabotage, suicide missions and activities by deep penetration units;
- b) Aerial bombardment;
- c) Offensive naval operations.

1.3 The Sri Lankan armed forces shall continue to perform their legitimate task of safeguarding the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Sri Lanka without engaging in offensive operations against the LTTE.

Separation of forces

1.4 Where forward defence localities have been established, the GOSL's armed forces and the LTTE's fighting formations shall hold their ground positions, maintaining a zone of separation of a minimum of six hundred (600) metres. However, each Party reserves the right of movement within one hundred (100) metres of its own defence localities, keeping an absolute minimum distance of four hundred (400) metres between them.

Where existing positions are closer than four hundred (400) metres, no such right of movement applies and the Parties agree to ensure the maximum possible distance between their personnel.

1.5 In areas where localities have not been clearly established, the status quo as regards the areas controlled by the GOSL and the LTTE, respectively, on 24 December 2001 shall continue to apply pending such demarcation as is provided in Article 1.6.

1.6 The Parties shall provide information to the Sri Lanka Monitoring Mission (SLMM) regarding defence localities in all areas of contention, cf. Article 3. The monitoring mission shall assist the Parties in drawing up demarcation lines at the latest by D-day + 30.

1.7 The Parties shall not move munitions, explosives or military equipment into the area controlled by the other Party.

1.8 Tamil paramilitary groups shall be disarmed by the GOSL by D-day + 30 days at the latest. The GOSL shall offer to integrate individuals in these units under the command and disciplinary structure of the GOSL armed forces for service away from the Northern and Eastern Province.

Freedom of movement

1.9 The Parties' forces shall initially stay in the areas under their respective control, as provided in Article 1.4 and Article 1.5

1.10 Unarmed GOSL troops shall, as of D-day +60 days, be permitted unlimited passage between Jaffna and Vavuniya using the Jaffna - Kandy road (A 9). The modalities are to be worked out by the Parties with the assistance of the SLMM.

1.11 The Parties agree that individual combatants shall, on the recommendation of their area commander, be permitted, unarmed and in plain clothes, to visit family and friends residing in areas under the control

of the other Party. Such visits shall be limited to six days every second month, not including the time of travel by the shortest applicable route. The LTTE shall facilitate the use of the Jaffna – Kandy road for this purpose. The Parties reserve the right to deny entry to specified military areas.

1.12 The Parties agree that as of D-day individual combatants shall, notwithstanding the two-month restriction, be permitted, unarmed and in plain clothes, to visit immediate family (i.e. spouses, children, grandparents, parents and siblings) in connection with weddings or funerals. The right to deny entry to specified military areas applies.

1.13 Fifty (50) unarmed LTTE members shall, as of D-day + 30, for the purpose of political work, be permitted freedom of movement in the areas of the North and the East dominated by the GOSL. Additional 100 unarmed LTTE members shall be permitted freedom of movement as of D-day + 60. As of D-day + 90, all unarmed LTTE members shall be permitted freedom of movement in the North and East. The LTTE members shall carry identity papers. The right of the GOSL to deny entry to specified military areas applies.

Article 2 : Measures to restore normalcy

The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka :

2.1 The Parties shall in accordance with international law abstain from hostile acts against the civilian population, including such acts as torture, intimidation, abduction, extortion and harassment.

2.2 The Parties shall refrain from engaging in activities or propagating ideas that could offend cultural or religious sensitivities. Places of worship (temples, churches, mosques & other holy sites etc) currently held by the forces of either of the Parties shall be vacated by D-day + 30 days and made accessible to the public. Places of worship which are situated in their respective "high security zones" shall be vacated by all armed personnel and maintained in good order by civilian workers, even when they are not made accessible to the public.

2.3 Beginning on the date on which this Agreement enters into force, school buildings occupied by either party shall be vacated and returned to their intended use. This activity shall be completed by D-day + 160 at the latest.

2.4 A schedule indicating the return of all other public buildings to their intended use shall be drawn up by the Parties and published at the latest by D-day + 30.

2.5 The Parties shall review the security measures and the set-up of checkpoints, particularly in densely populated cities and towns, in order to introduce systems that will prevent harassment of the civilian population. Such systems shall be in place from D-day + 60.

2.6 The Parties agree to ensure the unimpeded flow of non-military goods to and from the LTTE-controlled areas in accordance with Annex A. Quantities shall be determined by market demand. The GOSL shall regularly review the matter with the aim of gradually removing any remaining restrictions on non-military goods.

2.7 In order to facilitate the flow of goods and the movement of civilians, the Parties agree to establish checkpoints on their line of control at such locations as are specified in Annex B.

2.8 The Parties shall take steps to ensure that the Trincomalee - Habarana road remains open on a 24-hour basis for passenger traffic with effect from D-day + 10.

2.9 The Parties shall facilitate the extension of the rail service on the Batticaloa-line to Welikanda. Repairs and maintenance shall be carried out by the GOSL in order to extend the service up to Batticaloa.

2.10 The Parties shall open the Kandy - Jaffna road (A 9) to non-military traffic of goods and passengers. Specific modalities shall be worked out by the Parties with the assistance of the Royal Norwegian Government by D-day + 30 at the latest.

2.11 A gradual easing of the fishing restrictions shall take place starting from D-day. As of D-day + 90, all restrictions on day and night fishing shall be removed, subject to the following exceptions : i) fishing will not be permitted within an area of 1 nautical mile on either side along the coast and 2 nautical miles seawards from all security forces camps on the coast; ii) fishing will not be permitted in harbours or approaches to harbours bays and estuaries along with coast.

2.12 The Parties agree that search operations and arrests under the Prevention of Terrorism Act shall not take place. Arrests shall be conducted under due process of law in accordance with the Criminal Procedure Code.

2.13 The Parties agree to provide family members of detainees access to the detainees within D-day + 30.

Article 3: The Monitoring Mission

The Parties have agreed to set up an international monitoring mission to enquire into any instance of

violation of the terms and conditions of this agreement. Both Parties shall fully cooperate to rectify any matter of conflict caused by their respective sides. The mission shall conduct international verification through on-site monitoring of the fulfilment of the commitments entered into in this Agreement as follows

3.1 The name of the monitoring mission shall be the Sri Lankan Monitoring Mission, hereinafter referred to as the SLMM.

3.2 Subject to acceptance by the Parties, the Royal Norwegian Government (hereinafter referred to as the RNG) shall appoint the Head of the SLMM (hereinafter referred to as the HoM), who shall be the final authority regarding interpretation of this Agreement.

3.3 The SLMM shall liaise with the Parties and report to the R N G.

3.4 The HoM shall decide the date for the commencement of the SLMM's operations

3.5 The SLMM shall be composed of representatives from the Nordic countries

3.6. The SLMM shall establish a headquarters in such places as the HoM finds appropriate. An office shall be established in Colombo and in Wannai in order to liaise with the GOSL and the LTTE, respectively. The SLMM will maintain a presence in the districts of Jaffna, Mannar, Vavuniya, Trincomalee, Batticaloa and Amparai.

3.7 A local monitoring committee shall be established in Jaffna, Mannar, Vavuniya, Trincomalee, Batticaloa and Amparai. Each committee shall consist of 5 members, two appointed by the GOSL, two by the LTTE and one international monitor appointed by the HoM. The international monitor shall chair the committee. The GOSL and the LTTE appointees may be selected from among retired judges, public servants, religious leaders or similar leading citizens.

3.8 The committees shall serve the SLMM in an advisory capacity and discuss issues relating to the implementation of this Agreement in their respective districts, with a view to establishing a common understanding of such issues. In particular, they will seek to resolve any dispute concerning the implementation of this Agreement at the lowest possible level.

3.9 The parties shall be responsible for the appropriate protection of and security arrangements for all SLMM members.

3.10 The Parties agree to ensure the freedom of movement of the SLMM members in performing their task. The members of the SLMM shall be given immediate access to areas where violations of the

Agreement are alleged to have taken place. The Parties also agree to facilitate the widest possible access to such areas for the local members of the six above-mentioned committees, cf Article 3.7.

3.11 It shall be the responsibility of the SLMM to take immediate action on any complaints made by either Party to the Agreement, and to enquire into and assist the Parties in the settlement of any dispute that might arise in connection with such complaints.

3.12 With the aim of resolving disputes at the lowest possible level, communication shall be established between Commanders of the GOSL armed forces and the LTTE area leaders to enable them to resolve problems in the conflict zones.

3.13 Guidelines for the operations of the SLMM shall be established in a separate document.

Article 4: Entry into force, amendments and termination of the Agreement

4.1 Each Parties shall notify their consent to be bound by this Agreement through a letter to the Norwegian Minister of Foreign Affairs signed by Prime Minister Ranil Wickremasinghe on behalf of the GOSL and by leader Velupillai Pirabakaran on behal of the LTTE, respectively. The agreement shall be initialled by each Party and enclosed in the abovementioned letter.

4.2 The Agreement shall enter into force on such date as is notified by the Norwegian Minister of Foreign Affairs.

4.3 This Agreement may be amended and modified by mutual agreement of both Parties. Such amendments shall be notified in writing to the RNG.

4.4 This Agreement shall remain in force until notice of termination is given by either Party to the RNG. Such notice shall be given fourteern (14) days in advance of the effective date of termination.

ANNEXES

ANNEX A : List of goods

The Parties agree to ensure the flow of non-military goods to and from LTTE dominated areas of the Northern and Eastern Province, as well as unimpeded flow of such goods to the civilian population in these areas. Non military goods not covered by article 2.6 in the Agreement are listed below :

Non military arms/ammunition

Explosives

Remote control devices

Barbed wire

Binoculars/Telescopes

Compasses

Penlight batteries

Diesel, petrol, cement and iron rods will be restricted in accordance with the following procedures and quantities :

Diesel and Petrol

The Government Agents (GA) will register available vehicles; tractors and motorcycles in the LTTE controlled areas. The GA will calculate the required weekly amount of diesel and petrol based on the following estimate :

Trucks/Buses - 250 litre/week

4 wheels tractor - 310 litre/week

2 wheel tractor - 40 litre/week

Petrol vehicle - 30 litre/week

Motorcycles - 7 litre/week

Fishing vessel - 400 litre/week

Cement

Cement required for rehabilitation and reconstruction of Government property; registered co-operatives; or approved housing projects implemented by the GOSL and international NGOs and more affluent members of the society; will be brought in directly by relevant institutions under licenses issued by Government Agents. The GA shall stipulate the monthly quantities permitted for such project based upon planned and reported progress.

Cement required for individual shops/construction/house owners/rehabilitation- initiatives will be made available through the co-operations on a commercial basis. The monthly import for this purpose will be limited to 5,000 bags during the first month and thereafter 10,000 bags/month. Individual sales by the co-operatives will be registered and limited to 25 bags per household.

Iron rods

Iron rods for building constructions will be brought in to the LTTE controlled areas under licenses issued by the GA.

A monthly re-assessment will be made to assess the possibilities of removal of the above restrictions.

ANNEX B : Checkpoints

Checkpoints agreed in Ch.2.7 are as follows :

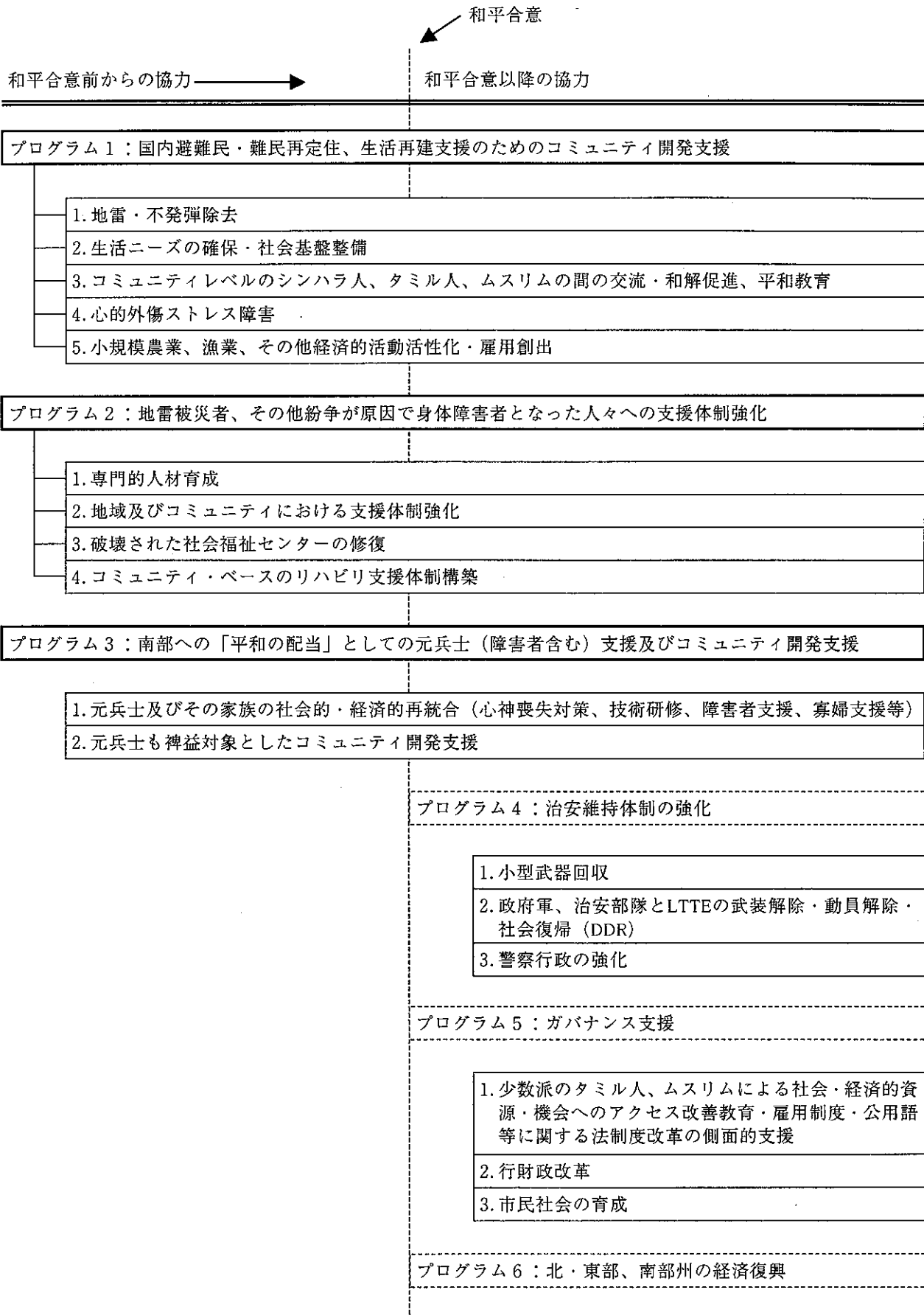
- Mandur
- Paddirupur
- Kaludaveli Ferry Point
- Anbalantivu Ferry Point
- Mamunai Ferry Point
- Vanvunateevu
- Santhiveli Boat Point
- Black Bridge
- Sitandy Boat Point
- Kiran bridge
- Kinniyadi Boat Point
- Valachenai
- Makerni
- Mahindapura
- Muttur
- Ugilankulam
- Omanthai.

3. 紛争分析 (JPCIA) 手法に基づいた復興支援ニーズと復興支援プログラム

和平前合意前から対応すべきニーズ

復興支援分野	紛争分析	2. 各分野における復興支援策 (案)	3. 復興支援プログラム (案)	4. スキーム (案)
人道緊急援助	紛争要因・再発要因以外 の復興支援ニーズ (区分C)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	1. 草の根無償 (1)(2)(6) ・草の根技協 (2)~(6) ・現地研修 (3)(4) ・緊急開調 (2)(3)(4)(6) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・専門家JOCV派遣 (2) ~(5)
和解	紛争結果生み出され ない事項(区分B)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	2. (1)~(4) ・専門家派遣 (旧開 発福祉) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・草の根無償 3. (1)~(2) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・専門家派遣 4. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・現地研修 ・草の根無償 ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) 5. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・研修
治安維持	紛争結果生み出され ない事項(区分B)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	2. (1)~(4) ・専門家派遣 (旧開 発福祉) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・草の根無償 3. (1)~(2) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・専門家派遣 4. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・現地研修 ・草の根無償 ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) 5. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・研修
社会整備	紛争結果生み出され ない事項(区分B)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	2. (1)~(4) ・専門家派遣 (旧開 発福祉) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・草の根無償 3. (1)~(2) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・専門家派遣 4. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・現地研修 ・草の根無償 ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) 5. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・研修
ガバナンス	紛争結果生み出され ない事項(区分B)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	2. (1)~(4) ・専門家派遣 (旧開 発福祉) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・草の根無償 3. (1)~(2) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・専門家派遣 4. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・現地研修 ・草の根無償 ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) 5. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・研修
経済開発	紛争結果生み出され ない事項(区分B)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	2. (1)~(4) ・専門家派遣 (旧開 発福祉) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・草の根無償 3. (1)~(2) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・専門家派遣 4. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・現地研修 ・草の根無償 ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) 5. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・研修
社会的弱者支援	紛争結果生み出され ない事項(区分B)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	国内避難民・再定住民の再定住・生活再建の妨げ ない事項(区分A)	2. (1)~(4) ・専門家派遣 (旧開 発福祉) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・草の根無償 3. (1)~(2) ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) ・草の根技協 ・JOCV派遣 ・専門家派遣 4. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・現地研修 ・草の根無償 ・現地NGO支援 (旧開 発福祉) 5. (1)~(3) ・専門家派遣 ・研修

4. スリランカ復興支援策（案）



5. 貧困削減関連資料

Main Donor Partners by Poverty Reduction Strategic Thrust

Strategic Thrust	Main Donor Partners
1) Economy-wide Policy for Poverty Reduction	
a. Revenue Reform	IMF, ADB
b. Public Expenditure Reform	IMF, ADB, World Bank
c. Stemming Quasi-fiscal Losses	ADB, World Bank
d. Monetary Policy	IMF
Structural Policy Reform	
a. Trade and Investment Policy	ADB, World Bank
b. Labor Market Reform	ILO, ADB, World Bank
c. Financial Sector Reform	IMF, ADB, Sweden, World Bank
d. Public Enterprise Reform	ADB, World Bank, Japan
e. Power Sector Reform	ADB, World Bank, Japan, Germany
2) Reducing Conflict Related Poverty	
a. Forging Peace	Norway, India
b. Providing More Effective Relief	UNDP, ICRC, UNHCR, bilateral donors
c. Fostering Rehabilitation	Germany, ADB, World Bank, UNDP, EU, bilateral donors
d. Investing in Social Harmony	Netherlands, UNDP, Canada, UK, World Bank, EU, UNICEF
<hr/>	
Strategic Thrust	Main Donor Partners
3. Creating Opportunities for Pro-Poor Growth	
Connecting Poor with Dynamic Regions	
a. Developing Ports	Japan, ADB
b. Building a Modern Road Network	Japan, ADB, Sweden, Korea
c. Fostering Road Safety	Sweden, ADB
d. Enhancing Performance of the Bus System	India
e. Modernizing the Railways	Japan, World Bank, India
f. Improving Access to Telecommunications Services	Japan, IFC
g. Transforming the Postal System	World Bank
h. Bringing internet connectivity	Japan, Sweden, Norway
Revitalizing Rural Development	
a. Land Resources Management	World Bank, Sweden
b. Agricultural Development	ADB, World Bank, Japan
c. Transforming Plantations	Netherlands, ADB, Japan, Norway
d. Upgrading the Agricultural Marketing System	IFC
e. Water Resources Management	ADB, Norway, Japan, Netherlands, EU
f. Rural Electrification	Japan, ADB, Sweden, Norway
SME Development	ADB, Japan, Germany, Sweden
Assisting Ultra-Poor Communities Directly	Japan, ADB, World Bank, UNDP, bilateral donors
Mainstreaming Poverty Reduction in Sectoral Development Strategies	
a. Poverty Reduction and Industrial Policy	Japan, Germany, ADB, USAID, Sweden, Norway
b. Poverty Reduction and Tourism Policy	UNDP, WTO
c. Poverty Reduction and Overseas Employment	ILO, UNDP

Strategic Thrust	Main Donor Partners
Investing in People	
a. improving education	World Bank, ADB, UK, Japan, Germany, Norway
b. improving health and nutrition	Japan, Korea, China, France, Austria, World Bank, Japan, WHO, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNAIDS
c. better water supplies, sewage and sanitation	ADB, UNDP, Japan, Germany
d. Solid waste management	ADB, Germany, Norway, Japan
Social Protection	
a. caring for the poorest groups	WFP, UNDP, UNICEF, Australia
b. Samurdhi reform	-
Improving Under-served Settlements (USS)	
a. affordable housing/USS improvement	ADB, Japan, World Bank, Netherlands, Norway
b. reducing urban pollution	World Bank
Pro-poor governance and empowerment	
a. Developing public sector human capital	ADB, World Bank, UNDP, Sweden, Norway, Japan, Australia
b. Decentralization and governance reform	UNDP, Norway, Sweden
c. Community-driven development and environmental sustainability	
-coastal conservation and fisheries	ADB, Netherlands, Norway
-forest management	ADB, Australia
-eco-tourism and wildlife preservation	ADB, Netherlands
d. Making the law accessible to the poor	World Bank
e. Combating gender discrimination	UNDP, ILO, Canada
f. Developing micro-credit services to empower the poor to better manage risk	Japan, ADB, Canada
Poverty Monitoring and Evaluation	UNICEF, UNDP, World Bank, Germany

Poverty Reduction Target Figures

PRIORITY OBJECTIVES AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	TARGET FIGURES							
	Year	Unit	Baseline	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Reduce Poverty Incidence								
National headcount index (lower poverty line)*	1995	%	25	25	24	23	22	20
Real rural wage index (2001=100)	2001	index	100	100	103	107	111	114
Real plantation wage index (2001=100)	2001	index	100	100	103	107	111	114
Accelerate Economic Growth								
GDP growth rate	2000	%	6.0	-1.4	3.7	5.5	6.0	6.5
Per capita GDP	2000	US\$	901	839	939	1030	1130	1239
Investment/GDP ratio	2000	%	28	22	24	26	28	29
Growth of exports	2000	%	20	-12.8	5.0	12.8	12.9	13.0
Preserve Macroeconomic Stability								
Rate of inflation	2000	%	6.2	14.3	9.0	6.0	5.5	4.5
Expenditure/GDP ratio	2000	%	27	27	27	26	25	24
Revenue/GDP ratio	2000	%	17	18	19	19	19	20
Budget deficit/GDP ratio	2000	%	-9.9	-10.9	-8.5	-7.5	-6.5	-6.0
Current account balance/GDP Ratio	2000	%	-6.4	-2.2	-2.6	-2.7	-2.8	-2.5
Gross reserves (in months of importation)	2000	-	1.7	2.7	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5
Improve Overall Level of Education								
Net enrollment rate in primary education*	2000	%	96	96	97	98	99	99
Net enrollment in secondary education	2000	%	75	75	77	80	83	85
Schools with computer facilities	2000	%	5	6	7	8	9	10
Schools with library facilities	2000	%	15	25	35	40	45	50
Students qualifying for A.L. at O.L. exam	2000	%	40	41	41	42	43	44
Students completing primary school education (up to Grade 5)	2000	%	96	97	97	98	99	100
Achieve gender equity in primary and secondary schooling*	2000	% female share	52	52	52	52	52	52
Improve Overall Health Situation								
Reduce infant mortality rate*	1998	per 1,000	17	17	16	16	15	15
Reduce maternal mortality Rate*	2000	Per 100,000	23	23	22	21	20	19
Reduce prevalence of under-nutrition among children under 5 years (weight-for-age)	2000	%	29	28	27	26	25	24
Improve access to reproductive health services (contraceptive prevalence)*	2000	%	72	74	76	77	78	80
Increase in number of trained nurses	2000	#	19,000	19,000	20,000	20,000	21,000	21,000
Increase Access to Drinking Water								
Households with safe drinking water	2000	%	70	72	74	75	77	79
Improve Living Standards In Rural Areas								
Poverty headcount (rural)	1995	%	27	27	26	25	24	22
Agricultural growth rate	2000	%	1.7	-2.1	3.2	2.1	2.1	2.3
Access to electricity (households)	2000	%	60	65	68	72	76	80

*These are the Millenium Development Goals agreed to under the OECD/DAC Guidelines.

Annex 6: PRR Strategies and Priority Actions, 2002 to 2005

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Reducing Conflict-Related Poverty	a) Forge a lasting Peace	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cease-fire agreed • Negotiation of a political settlement • Set up interim administration • Evolve an inclusive political and constitutional framework based on democracy, respect for human rights and rule of law • Undertake peace building efforts utilizing effective and culturally appropriate strategies 	2002 2003 2004 2003 2002
	b) Consolidated Peace Process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Launch post-conflict participatory planning exercise inclusive of strategies for integration of demobilized soldiers and ex-combatants into civil society and mainstream economy • Strengthen de-mining capacities and action for civilian purposes including safe return of IDPs • Move towards acceding to Ottawa convention • Prepare plans for reconstruction of economic and social infrastructure in NE • Ensure freedom of movement of people • Maintain RRR dialogue in search for more effective partnerships for peace also involving interim administration 	2002 2002 2005 2002 2002 2002
	c) Deliver more effective relief to the victims of ethnic conflict	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue relief and other humanitarian assistance to affected populations in conflict areas based on need • Allow freedom of movement of goods except for prohibited items with a view to lessening civilian hardships • Increase the frequency and capacity of transport services to and from conflict affected areas • Government to establish national, provincial and district coordinating committees on relief and rehabilitation 	2002 2002 2002 2002
	d) Foster better institutional coordination so as to improve relief delivery and rehabilitation efforts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review, revise and implement relief and assistance packages taking into account cost increases since 1990 • Better coordination and rationalization of services by different agencies and work towards unified assistance programs • Provide incentives for inhabitants in welfare centers to move to resettlements/relocations by restructuring assistance packages • Develop policies towards better integration of re-settlers and re-locatees with surrounding communities • Skill development of resettled/relocated people 	2003 2002 2002 2002
	e) Ensure that conflict-affected people can meet basic needs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government agencies and others to undertake projects to restore essential economic and social services and foster income generation for the poor and displaced • Improve capacities and resources of relevant agencies • Undertake projects to develop agriculture, fisheries and other economic activities as well as social services in the affected areas • Drinking water and schooling to be given priority • Provide incentives for qualified personnel to serve in the conflict affected areas • Conduct projects only with full consultation and participation of civil society and parties to the conflict 	2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002
	f) Promote voluntary resettlement of all IDPs by 2005		
	g) Fostering Rehabilitation in Conflict-Affected Areas		

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Reducing Conflict-Related Poverty	h) Promote Post-conflict Development planning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Help develop appropriate data bases • Capacity building of planning/development personnel • Institutional development including rationalization of existing institutions and prohibited items with a view to lessening civilian hardships • Develop appropriate infrastructure and communication facilities • Ports development 	2003 2002 2003 2003
	i) Foster social harmony	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strengthen human rights commission and establish human rights ombudsman • Expedite the issue of valid identity documents through computerization of services • Promote multiculturalism in schools • Textbook Review Committee to review books for biased treatment of ethnic issues • Promote social harmony and mutual understanding among different ethnic groups via teacher training and university teaching and research • Improve bilingualism among public servants • Strengthen the role of English as a link language • No. of qualified interpreters and translators to be increased • Govt., NGO and private sector partnerships in promoting ethnic harmony • Expand English education to develop a bridge language • Expand number of trained court interpreters and translators • Government and the private sector to sponsor NGO/CBO inter-cultural social events to foster ethnic understanding and national identity 	2003 2003 2003 2004 2003 2003 2002 2003 2002 2002 2003 2003
Create Opportunities for Pro-Poor Growth	Connect Poor Regions to Dynamic Markets		
	a) Ensure the poor can efficiently reach dynamic global markets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain Colombo port as a major regional trans-shipment hub • Develop the South Harbor, with private sector participation • Establish a ports regulatory authority • Develop the Galle port for break water cargo 	2002 2005 2003 2004
	b) Build a modern expressway network to lower the transport and marketing costs faced by the poor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish a Highway Authority to lead major construction projects • Construct the Southern Highway • Begin construction of the Outer circular Road • Construct the Colombo-Katunayaka highway • Plan and secure financing for the Colombo-Kandy Expressway • Establish Expressway Authority 	2003 2002 2004 2002 2004 2003
	c) Repair, maintain and rehabilitate strategic roads to lower farm-to-market costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Undertake improvements to selected provincial roads which are linked to major road networks • Private sector role in road provision and O&M to be increased by providing some Rs.2 billion in RDC outlays by 2004 • Road Development Fund will be established to finance road O&M; the fund will be originally supported by the Budget • Develop and implement Greater Colombo Traffic Master Plan • Implement, rehabilitate and maintain major strategic road network • Road safety secretariat established and operative • Promote an integrated set of measures aimed at improving traffic and safety management 	2003 2003 2003 2004 2003 2002 2004
d) Reduce road safety risks facing the poor			

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Create Opportunities for Pro-Poor Growth	Connect Poor Regions to Dynamic Markets		
	e) Improve the passenger transport most used by the poor: the bus system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restructure the Sri Lanka Central Transport Board, regional transport companies, and the National Transport Commission to become an independent bus regulator • Private operators to form associations with no less than 50 buses • Introduce commercial tariff policy with explicit subsidies for franchise routes to remote areas 	2003 2003 2003
	f) Modernize the railways	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government to rehabilitate tracks, improve station yards and establish new railway O&M systems • Open-access policy for freight services to be fully implemented • Expand private sector role by public-private partnerships for freight services and one Colombo line • Modernize railway capital stock through various public-private partnerships • Revise tariff policy in medium-term to encourage cost-recovery and raise returns to modernization of the rail system 	2003 2003 2004 2004 2003
	Bridging information to the poor: closing the digital divide		
	a) Making telecommunications facilities accessible to the poor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telecom's regulations will be revised to create equal license and regulatory treatment amongst service providers • Regulations will be passed to enable e-commerce • Development of IT techno-parks • Liberalize voice telephony and fixed wire line services • Upgrading IT programs in secondary schools and Universities to boost the number of IT literate persons 	2002 2003 2003 2002 2002
	b) Transforming the postal system into an information and finance portal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Postal rates increased in 2002 to reduce losses • Where viable, telephone and internet facilities will be introduced in sub-post offices • Postal services will be restructured and commercialized • Private sector will be allowed to compete in postal services • Postal services will be integrated with a major bank to provide selected financial services 	2002 2002 2003 2004 2004
	c) Bringing internet into the countryside	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish rural internet kiosks • Improve computer facilities in rural secondary schools • Public support will be provided for post-secondary computer training centers • Community radio stations will be developed with digital radio-cum-internet facilities • Internet connections provided to SME promotion agencies in small towns 	2002 2002 2002 2003 2003
	Revitalizing Rural Development to Reduce Rural Poverty		
	a) Promote structural transformation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve the quality of rural education via public and private investment to empower rural youth with skills applicable to employment • Foster regional competitiveness by establishing five regional investment promotion zones, with local business promotion initiatives (science parks, venture funds, innovation funds), involving associations, business leaders, universities and local governments 	2002 2002
	b) Improve property rights and the management of rural lands	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restrictions on farm size and sale, lease and transfer of rural lands will be removed • LDO and Jayabhoomi land titles will be converted to freehold titles • Fast track the on-going pilot testing of the new land titling program • IT technology will be used for digital mapping, data updating and records preservation 	2002 2002 2002 2003

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Create Opportunities for Pro-Poor growth	Revitalizing Rural Development to Reduce Rural Poverty		
	c) Raise productivity and incomes in small-holder agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A tariff of about 60 percent is to be applied to locally produced agricultural staples to reduce protectionism and trade policy uncertainty • Introduce a farm inputs voucher scheme targeted to poor farmers • Diversification into high-value, high return agricultural commodities (fisheries, livestock, horticulture) to be emphasized in R&D and extension • Local government autonomy in agricultural extension and applied research to be increased • BCI to establish a special facility for clearing imports of seeds and planting material for commercial investors • Government will continue to divest itself of commercial agro-input firms, dairy, livestock farm and seed farms • Contracting out of agr. extension to the private sector will be pilot tested, both regionally and for minor perennial crops • Promote private sector R&D with emphasis on post-harvest losses 	2002 2002 2003 2003 2002 2002 2002 2004
	d) Transform tree crop plantations into engines for regional development and poverty eradication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Special programs will be mounted by Government and NGOs to combat addiction and encourage better lifestyle skills • Improved social and economic infrastructure, and training programs in up-country areas and estates • Small-holders will be assisted to upgrade field productivity, encourage replanting and rehabilitation, crop diversification, and development of new marketing approaches • Government will provide training for non-farm income earning activities to plantation workers • Government will support tea industries plan to upgrade product quality and marketing approaches and plan for greater long-term involvement of the estate workforce in the plantations • Permit plantation industrialists to manage industry-funded R&D • Permit plantation sector to maximize returns from plantation lands via diversification including timber and extraction of minerals 	2003 2003 2002 2002 2002 2003 2003
	e) Modernize the Agricultural Marketing System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New dedicated economic centers to be established with private finance and management • New wholesale markets to be developed, with public-private partnership, that are linked to the dedicated economic centers 	2003 2003
	f) Improve water resource management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create a system of transferable water use entitlements for large scale water users and community based water users • Establish effective river basin organizations • Establish a water-resources tribunal to mediate water disputes 	2004 2004 2004
	g) Foster off-farm employment by enhancing access to sustainable rural electrification. Bring electricity to 80 percent of all villages by 2005	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide electricity to another 600 villages • Foster use of alternative energy sources through private sector participation • Upgrade 600 km of rural transmission lines to reduce losses and ease burden on overloaded lines 	2002 2002 2004

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Create Opportunities for Pro-Poor growth	Foster SME Development		
	a) Improve the policy setting for SMEs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish an SME policy unit • Publish a white paper on SME policy • Deregulation Committee will assess policy barriers to SME development and provide recommendations to government • Industrial development board to be rationalized 	2002 2003 2002 2003
	b) Improve business support services aimed at SMEs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government will provide financing for private technical and managerial services for SMEs • Business Services Support Fund for SMEs will be established • Long term lending for SMEs will be supported and commercial bank SME risk-management systems improved 	2002 2002 2002
	Assist Ultra-Poor Communities with Direct Interventions		
	a) Mount projects in ultra-poor regions aimed at generating community-based employment opportunities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government to provide seed-capital and matching grants for community-based interventions • Full-participation of beneficiary groups, including cost-sharing, business plans and CBO management of project assets; • National Youth Corps established to combat unemployment • Donors to finance innovative approaches to expand income generating activities for the ultra-poor and socially excluded 	2002 2002 2002 2002
	Poverty Impact of Sector Strategies		
	a) Integrating Poverty Reduction and Industrial Policy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expand textiles market by gaining quota-free entry into OECD • Establish a tourism development zone to expand investment and employment • Reduce restrictions on foreign investment in areas hitherto retained for domestic firms • Foster public-private partnerships to establish industrial zones in secondary towns and cities • Implement the plan put forward by the Apparel exporters association to address post 2004 • Establish tourism development zones to expand investment and employment 	2002 2002 2002 2003 2003 2003 2003
	b) Integrate Poverty Reduction and Tourism Policy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reorient rural vocational training to provide more rural youth skilled in construction and hospitality 	2002
	c) Integrate Poverty Reduction and Overseas Employment Promotion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expand overseas employment through promotion missions, skills development and by allowing foreign employment bureaus • Improve migrant worker housing, insurance and credit schemes • Develop better programs aimed at prevention of mal-treatment and better reproductive health 	2003 2002 2002

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Investing in People	Equip all students with the necessary knowledge and skills to better suit the employment market By: Improving the quality of the basic education system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement basic education reforms in all schools by 2005, including improved planning and management, curriculum development, provision of sufficient quality inputs and infrastructure for better teaching and learning • Carefully track education performance through school based assessment and total quality control • Enhance education programs for children with special education needs • Redress regional inequity through special investments to upgrade plantation schools and schools in remote rural regions • Rationalize and consolidate schools • Raise ratio of funding for government schools vis-à-vis national schools and better link education block grants to needs • Improve teacher training, teacher terms, quality circles • implement a fair teacher transfer policy • Institute a school-based management system • Focus non-formal education on the functional literacy requirements of child school leavers • Formulation of clear policies and standards for pre-school education • Ensure education for street children 	2002 2002 2003 2003 2002 2003 2002 2002 2002 2003 2003 2003
	Modernize the secondary schools	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Upgrade quality of English, Science and Maths teaching • Provide new technology courses, teacher training programs, multimedia rooms, computer centers and career guidance • Upgrade at least one school in each divisional secretariat • Expand private sector provision of textbooks and establish a registration system • Open up for PSP in secondary education and regulate them 	2002 2003 2003 2004 2004
	Better match vocational training and labor market demands	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Private sector as main provider of pre-employment and job-entry training • introduce competency based training, expand IT training, establish an institute of technological studies • Vocational institutes to be provided autonomy; but required to produce business plans and have competency based training programs • Establish higher institute of applied technology • Retrain workers to meet current environment 	2002 2002 2002 2004 2004
	Expand access and improve the quality and relevance of tertiary training	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create endowment funds in each university and increase autonomy of the universities in the utilization of income generated • Expand University decision-making authority in hiring and placement of all staff • Establish an independent accreditation authority • Raise academic standards and strengthen key fields such as English, IT and Agri-Business • Introduce competitive funding and self generation of funding and reduce reliance on state funding • Expand open-university opportunities by developing regional centers • Introduce voucher system for students • A human resource endowment fund will be established with public-private partnership 	2002 2003 2004 2003 2003 2003 2003 2004 2003

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Investing in People	Equip all students with the necessary knowledge and skills to better suit the employment market		
	Create a generation of young people who are tolerant and have pride in the nation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The school curriculum will be opened to scrutiny by multicultural textbook review panels; • Teachers and students will be exposed to efforts in other countries to promote social harmony in the school system • Concept of social harmony, conflict resolution and democratic living will be integrated into secondary and tertiary curriculum 	2002 2002 2002
	Provide comprehensive health services that are of high quality for the entire nation,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The private sector will be encouraged to develop secondary and tertiary care hospitals • Introduce hospital-based management system at local level • New health promotion programs will be mounted to address emerging health problems • Human resources and health facilities will be rationalized • Government will encourage health insurance to meet rising health financing requirements 	2002 2004 2003 2004 2005
	Expand access to affordable health care for the poor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Health Sector Program and Action Plan to be adopted • Maternal and child health care programs to be strengthened • Plantation Health facilities to be integrated with national health system • Four regional mental health centers and outreach programs to be established • Expand training in nurses and para-medicals to overcome shortage and cater to internal market demands by 2005 	2003 2003 2003 2004 2003
	Rationalize medical care delivery to focus more resources on the needs of the poor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction of Private Medical Institutions Bill and establishment regulatory authority to certify quality and harmonize public and private care provision • Special programs to be launched on to combat water related and vector borne diseases • Special program on HIV/AIDS and STDs aimed at high risk groups to be launched, including better availability of affordable drugs • Involve para-medicals staff to play greater role in CBR programs • Regional disparities in per capita public health outlays to be reduced • Real public outlays on health to be protected at 8-10 % of total government spending • Adoption of health insurance promoted and hospital based management promoted 	2003 2003 2003 2004 2004 2004 2004
	Make progress in reducing child malnutrition (to 10% in 2005)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Institute community-based monitoring and intervention • Strengthen and expand care for malnourished mothers and children • Strengthen IEC programs on proper weaning and feeding practices • Enhanced Mother and Child Health Programs • Improve adolescent reproductive health programs • Embark on program to control of illicit alcohol and drug abuse 	2003 2003 2003 2003 2003 2004

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Investing in People	Provide safe-water and suitable sanitation systems to all		
	Ensure safe water to the entire population by 2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In rural areas, community based, demand-driven systems (community and house-hold systems) will be expanded with local cost-recovery to operate and maintain systems • PCs and LAs will take the lead, supported by RWSSD and other national agencies, on promoting expansion of Rural Water Supplies • Township and urban water supply delivery to be expanded with public-private partnership • Rationalize water tariffs to reflect economic costs and phase-out heavy cross-subsidies • Develop and independent regulatory body for water supply • Facilitate water consumer societies, with NGO/CBO participation in the under-served urban settlements • Rehabilitate urban water supply in Colombo • Ensure protection of water sources • Improvement of water supply, sanitation, health and welfare facilities in the estates 	<p>2002</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2003</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2004</p> <p>2002</p>
	Improve access to sewage and sanitation systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government to implement the solid waste disposal strategy, by facilitating private investment and expanding supply of disposal sites • Public investment to be concentrated on expanding sewage services in major cities along with introduction of sewerage tariff • Increase coverage of sanitation with sanitary latrines 	<p>2003</p> <p>2004</p> <p>2003</p>
	Restructure the Social Protection System		
	By improving access and quality of care for the poorest groups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish divisional community welfare centers by CBOs • Better protect disabled and destitute children by expanding rehabilitation centers, with the participation of NGOs • Expand mental health reintegration programs • Increase access and training for the disabled and strengthen special teacher training programs • Reduce disaster risks by developing better disaster management and early warning systems, and avoid duplication by giving the responsibility of coordinating resources to one agency • Extend the community-based rehabilitation program to a national basis for the disabled • Revise the public assistance scheme to support minimal living requirements for the elderly poor • Continue to support community and family care for the elderly, including "foster schemes" • Regional funds to be established through mobilizing community philanthropy. • Priority to be given to participation of NGOs in providing services 	<p>2003</p> <p>2003</p> <p>2003</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2004</p> <p>2003</p> <p>2003</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2004</p> <p>2003</p> <p>2002</p> <p>2004</p> <p>2003</p>

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Investing in People	Restructure the Social Protection System		
	Sharpen the Focus and Impact of the Samurdhi Program	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exit criteria established and eligibility criteria revised so as to limit program to deserving beneficiaries A new social welfare benefit law will be introduced which will involve better exit and entry criteria for public assistance Tighten eligibility and only those community development projects that are well designed and thoroughly endorsed by the local community will be financed. A far greater measure of community financing and inputs will be required Samurdhi Bank Societies will be placed under an autonomous apex body and will forge formal linkages with the commercial banking sector. The banking system will be subjected to a regulatory body and the Samurdhi Act will be amended accordingly Social insurance, both provided by Samurdhi and by NGOs and the private sector will be expanded—government will provide a regulatory environment and help partly defray premium costs for the poor Under the envisaged restructuring of the Samurdhi Program, while keeping 15,000 in the main Samurdhi Program, the balance will be re-deployed mainly in the Samurdhi Bank, and other extension services after empowering them with the relevant skills, by 2005 	2002 2002 2002 2003 2004 2003
	Expand the supply of affordable, quality housing for the poor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sustainable townships program to expand re-housing in Colombo Special housing programs provided for rural disabled, handicapped, those displaced by disasters, fishing communities and overseas migrant workers involving housing grants and concessionary financing Provision of housing units in cluster townships for plantation workers and provision of an upgrading package to families wishing to improve their houses Provision of community services shelter for urban USS upgrading on a community-driven approach Access to long term credit on concessionary terms through Financial Institutions for construction and improvements 	2002 2005 2002 2002 2003
	Reduce urban air pollution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation of the Clean Air Action Plan, by enforcing tighter vehicle emission, fuel quality and vehicle importation standards and by using tax policy to reduce number of old, second-hand motor vehicles Usage of leaded gas and high sulphur fuel to be phased out Regular vehicle emission monitoring to be instituted Industrial waste clean-up financed partly from Pollution Funds Introduction of public awareness programs in air pollution 	2002 2002 2003 2002 2003
Reforming Governance and Empowering the Poor	Develop human capital in the public sector to foster better governance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establish independent commissions for police, judiciary, public service, and elections Recruitment and promotion for government posts at the level of director or above to be placed on an open, competitive basis, starting in 2003 on a pilot basis Introduce appropriate incentives for staff management systems in core govt. agencies Introduce corporate governance framework for public enterprises and statutory boards to improve the efficiency, accounting and transparency Modernizing public work processes in all government agencies by conducting regular stakeholder meetings, preparing 3-year business plans and one-year action plans in consultation with stakeholders, and monitoring progress in an open, transparent manner Rationalize of cadre of agencies and consolidate functions between and within relevant agencies 	2002 2003 2003 2002 2003 2003

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Reforming Governance and Empowering the Poor	Foster Decentralization to Tap Local knowledge for poverty reduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased loans and grants will be used to meet local poverty reduction priorities and with better targeting Improved fiscal equalization measures will be implemented to insulate it from any political interference and to ensure transparency and accountability Local government revenues and expenditures to be published and disseminated through modern means of communication such as Internet. Existing legislation to be reformed to facilitate this process Single code of local government law issued Local government strategic planning, M&E and financial management capacities will be improved Partnerships, between Provincial Councils/other local government bodies, and the private sectors, and other stakeholders expanded 	2003 2003 2004 2004 2004 2003
	Community Driven Development used to Foster Environmental Sustainability In the area of coastal preservation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement ban on coral mining and develop alternative sources of employment Community-based resource management, involving inventories, planning and social control, initially in Northwest and Southern Provinces Enhanced participatory regulatory mechanisms of fishing efforts and preparation of fishing equipment and facilities for small fisherman Develop enabling legislation for greater community participation (i.e. amend Coastal Conservation and Fisheries Aquatic Resources Acts) Focus investment to address coastal erosion from Galle to Chilaw 	2003 2002 2002 2002 2003
	In the area of Forestry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Participatory approach to forest management to be adopted Government will re-survey and demarcate the forest areas and such mappings would be made available to the relevant authorities and stakeholders (i.e. Divisional Secretaries, Grama Niladaris, Schools, etc.) Best-management practices will be used as NGOs, CBOs outreach models Poor farmers will be provided leases to farm and maintain protected buffer zones. In implementing this measure, Government will strictly adhere to a policy of non-recognizing encroachments New forest boundaries will be gazetted Low income communities and private sector involved directly to replant degraded forests, manage buffer zones and adopt conservation farming Community ranger partnerships will be developed to protect forests 	2003 2003 2003 2003 2004 2003 2003
	Involve communities in eco-tourism and wildlife preservation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local communities will be encouraged to form buffer communities adjacent to national parks Visitor access restrictions to the parks will be eased Local community organizations will be trained and empowered to assist in wildlife preservation, and will share in park income 	2003 2003 2004
	Empowering the poor by enhancing their legal rights	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Encourage adoption of alternative dispute resolution mechanisms, such as island-wide mediation boards Expand Legal Aid Centers and community based legal assistance to help vulnerable groups Major commercial laws to be revised, modernized and simplified, so becoming more relevant to businesses commonly operated by the poor 	2003 2003 2002

Area	Objective/Strategy	Priority Actions	Reforms Initiated Starting
Reforming Governance and Empowering the Poor	Combat Gender Discrimination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase access of women to decision-making positions in the public service • 50% of seats in parliament to be reserved for women • Diversify vocational training opportunities for women and encourage women to enroll in technical training programs • Support improvement of working conditions of women in factory employment, in overseas domestic services, plantations and in the informal sector • Ensure women's equal access to agricultural extension programs and promote opportunities for off farm employment • Government will continue to support the entrepreneurship development program for women by aiming to link female-headed businesses to established sources of commercial financing • Promote the extension of micro-credit programs to include information, skills, technology and market service to ensure more productive utilization of credit • Quality early childhood and pre-school education for all children • Build capacity for child-care centers and regulate these in a suitable fashion to maintain proper standards • Expand Guidance and Counseling Centers for Victims of Violence against Women • Collaborate with community based organizations to assist female heads of households in poverty groups and in conflict affected areas • Provide elderly women in poverty groups with geriatric care and economic assistance • Partnership will be made with community organizations to assist women's groups build larger and more dynamic organizations that can advocate more effectively against gender discrimination • Mount gender sensitization programs in government and large private companies, and promote gender mainstreaming in all programs 	2004 2003 2004 2004 2004 2002 2003 2003 2003 2003 2003 2003 2003 2003
	Micro-Credit Facilities will be Promoted to Help the Poor Effectively Manage Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The many existing micro-credit organizations will be encouraged to mobilize savings as well as seek finance from official sources • Micro-credit operations linked with commercial banks to improve prudential management • Fund micro-credit programs on a commercial basis 	2003 2003 2002
Monitoring and Evaluating Progress in the Implementation of the PRS	To effectively track implementation of the PRS and provide feedback for revision and mid-course correction of the PRS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establishment of an Inter-Ministerial PRS Monitoring Committee with representation from suitable non-governmental agencies, stakeholders and women's organizations • Gender disaggregated data collection and report compilation for an annual monitoring report • Stakeholder consultations to review the monitoring and field survey findings • Preparation of an annual PRS update note 	2002 2003 2003 2003

Annex 9b: PRS Progress Monitoring Indicators

Area	Input	Output/Intermediate Indicators	Outcome	
Reform Structural Policy to Support Pro-Poor Growth	Power Sector Reform			
	c) Maintain a lifeline tariff policy to ensure that a basic allotment of affordable electricity is available to the poor	Lifeline subsidy on first electricity block to be financed through the budget by 2005	Improved access by the poor to power and energy	
	d) Ensure that CEB, after unbundling and restructuring, can continue to play a positive role in power sector development	CEB/LECO financially restructured by 2003	Lower budget deficit and reduced government borrowing from the domestic banking system	
	a) Forge a lasting Peace	Mutual Cease-fire in 2002	Pre-conditions satisfied	
	b) Consolidating Peace	Establish post conflict planning and mine action by 2003	RRR process facilitated	
	c) Deliver more effective relief	Free movement of goods	Increased labor mobility	
	d) Ease, within bounds posed by security concerns, restrictions inhibiting private and public relief delivery	Restrictions on currency, food, transport services and civilian crossing days eased prior to 2005	Decrease in incidence of poverty and malnutrition in conflict areas	
	e) Foster better institutional coordination on relief delivery	National and district coordinating committees on relief and rehabilitation established by 2003	Decrease in incidence of poverty and malnutrition in conflict areas	
	f) Ensure that the conflict-devastated poor can meet minimum consumption needs	Review and improve assistance packages by 2003	Decrease in incidence of poverty and malnutrition in conflict areas	
	g) Promote voluntary resettlement of internally displaced persons to reduce the numbers of those in welfare centers from about 700,000 to a third or less by 2005	Review and revise terms of the resettlement and assistance grant by 2003	Decrease in extent of deprivation, isolation and alienation in conflict areas	
Reduce Conflict-Related Poverty	h) Fostering Rehabilitation in Conflict-Affected Regions	Rehabilitation projects mounted to improve economic and social services	Increase in quality of life in conflict areas	
	i) Foster social harmony by investing in ethnic reconciliation	Identify cards issued to all plantation workers and IDPs by 2005	Process of social integration facilitated	
	Connect Poor Regions to Dynamic Markets			
	a) Ensure the poor can efficiently reach dynamic global markets	SLPA restructured by 2004; Southern Port initiated by 2004; Funding Secured for the Galle Port	Increased export opportunities for SMEs	
	b) Build a modern expressway network to lower the transport and marketing costs faced by the poor	Construction of southern highway and outer circular ring road initiated by 2004; Colombo-Kandy expressway initiated by 2005	Expansion of income-generating opportunities for the poor	
	c) Repair, maintain and rehabilitate strategic roads to lower farm-to-market costs	Private sector to be provided some Rs. 4 billion to maintain roads by 2004	Expansion of income-generating opportunities for the poor	
	d) Reduce road safety risks facing the poor	Road safety secretariat established by 2002/2003	Reduced number of road accidents in poor areas	
	Create Opportunities for Pro-Poor Growth			

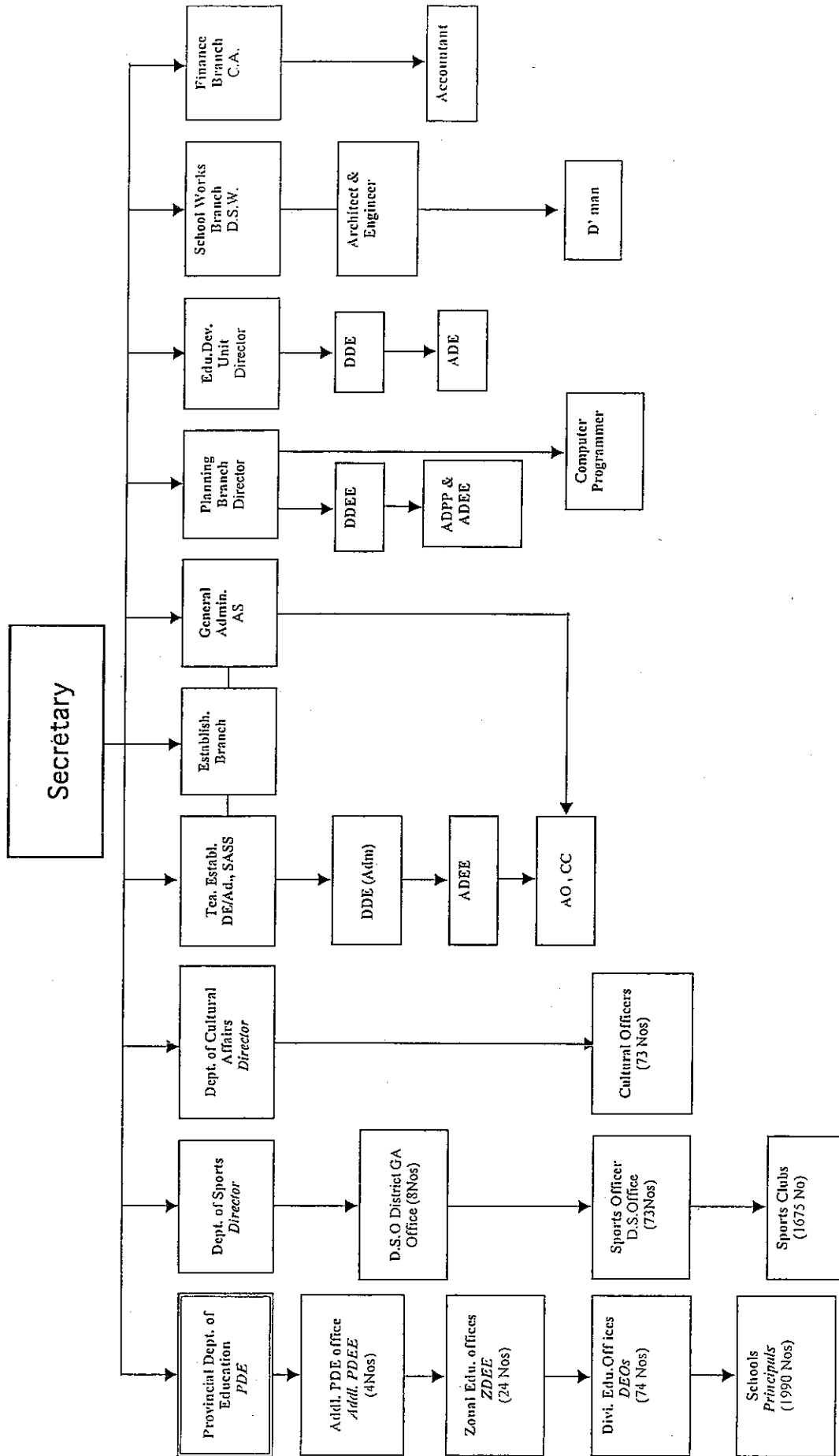
Area	Input	Output/Intermediate Indicators	Outcome
Create Opportunities for Pro-Poor Growth	Connect Poor Regions to Dynamic Markets		
	e) Improve the bus system	Explicit subsidies to be provided for uneconomic bus routes in rural areas by 2004	Increased labor mobility in poor areas
	f) Modernize the railways	Evidence of private sector involvement in operating specific lines; Adjustment in tariffs to reflect costs	Increase in labor mobility among the poor
	Bridging information to the poor: closing the digital divide		
	a) Making telecommunications facilities accessible to the poor	Telephone access raised from 6.4 per 100 in 2000 to 13 per hundred by 2005 through private provision	Improved access by the poor to information
	b) Transforming the postal system into an information and finance portal	Postal services restructured and commercialized by 2005	Improved access by the poor to information
	c) Bringing internet into the countryside	Internet penetration raised to 6 per 1000 by 2005 and computer training centers established in all districts by 2005	Improved access by the poor to information
	Revitalizing Rural Development to Reduce Rural Poverty		
	a) Promote welfare-increasing rural to urban migration	5 to 10 percent increase in urban share by 2005	Increase in standard of living of the poor
	b) Improve property rights and the management of rural lands	Implementation of new land titling pilot program; Deregulation measures introduced into the Land Development Ordinance, the Land Grants Act and the State Land Ordinance	Improved land market in rural areas
	c) Raise productivity and incomes in small-holder agriculture	Tea output to reach 306 mn kg, rubber output to reach 110 mn kg; and coconut output to reach 3000 million nuts by 2004; Private sector participation in dairy, agro-input provision and extension services increased through divestiture and other public reform	Increased growth of real incomes in rural areas
	d) Transform tree crop plantations into engines for regional development and poverty eradication	Target programs for combating alcoholism and indebtedness reach a majority of the estate work force by 2005	Improved social and economic welfare of the estate labor force
	e) Modernize the Agricultural Marketing System	Dedicated economic centers established and Dambulla expanded with private investment	Environment created for high-income agriculture in rural areas
f) Improve water resource management	Water use entitlement system is operable by 2005	Increase in yields of irrigated crops	
g) Foster off-farm employment by enhancing access to sustainable rural electrification. Bring electricity to 80 percent of all villages by 2005	Electricity reaching 80 percent of all households by 2005	Expansion of rural industries and employment opportunities for the poor	
Foster SME Development			
a) Improve the policy setting for SMEs	Deregulation committee operable	Increased trade and investment	

Area	Input	Output/Intermediate Indicators	Outcome
Create Opportunities for Pro-Poor Growth	Foster SME Development		
	b) Improve business support services aimed at SMEs	Public funding provided to link SMEs with private sector business service providers	Improved competitiveness through technology transfer
	Assist Ultra-Poor Communities with Direct Interventions		
	a) Mount projects in ultra-poor regions aimed at generating community-based employment opportunities	Increased community and private sector participation in design and implementation	Enhanced pro-poor growth
	Mainstream Poverty Reduction Objectives in Sector Development Strategies		
	a) Integrating Poverty Reduction and Industrial Policy	Industrial zones to be expanded in secondary cities	Growth of non-farm income and employment opportunities
	b) Integrate Poverty Reduction and Tourism Policy	Vocational training to be competency based; private sector participation rises by 2005 to reach more than half of total vocational training support	Development of skills required for high-value tourism
	c) Integrate Poverty Reduction and Overseas Employment Promotion	Migrant housing, insurance and self-employment schemes introduced	Improved welfare of migrant labor force
Investing in People	Equip all students with the necessary knowledge and skills to suit the modern employment market		
	By: Improving the quality of the basic education system	At least 80% of schools serving poorer areas have been staffed with trained teachers by 2005	Higher level of human capital accumulation among rural poor
	Modernize the secondary schools	At least 60% of in-service teachers receive appropriate training in subject content and pedagogy in accredited, continuing teacher-education institutions by 2005	Regional disparities in education reduced
	Better match vocational training and labor market demands	Government institutions restructured to focus on small business development	Increased employment opportunities for educated youth
	Expand access and improve the quality and relevance of tertiary training	University Competitive Funds Created & Accreditation system established for quality control	Increased employment opportunities for university graduates
	Create a generation of young people who are tolerant and have pride in the nation	Social harmony programs introduced in secondary and tertiary curriculum	Prospects for future ethnic conflicts minimized
	Provide comprehensive health services that are of high quality for the entire nation, in order to improve nutrition levels for vulnerable groups, to free the nation of malaria and other communicable diseases, to ensure that patients receive medical care of an international standard and to provide maximum care for disadvantaged groups	Health public awareness programs mounted	Increase in share of population with access to health insurance
	Expand access to affordable health care for the poor		
		National Health Sector Program adopted by 2003	Increase in health standards of rural and urban poor

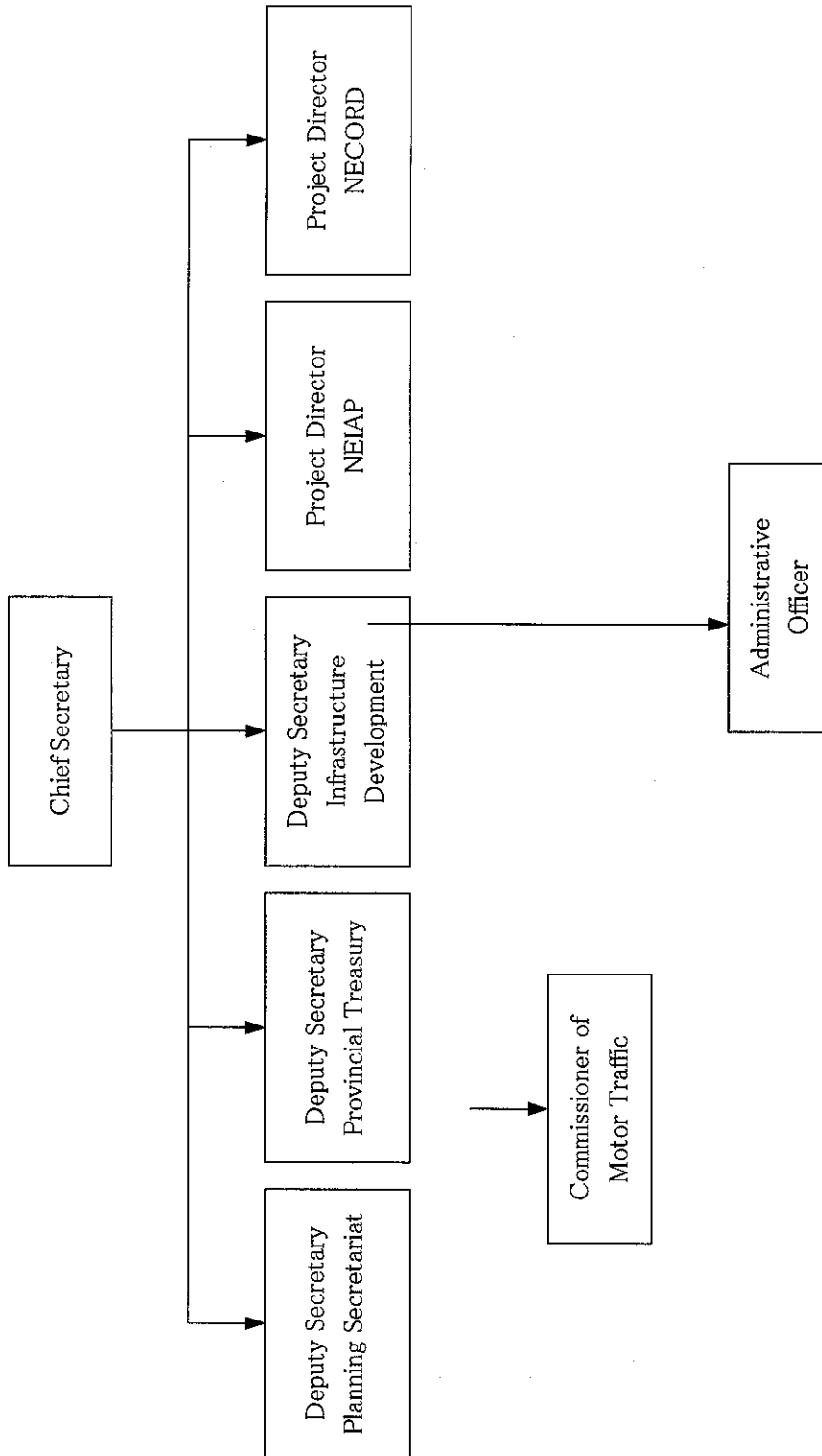
Area	Input	Output/Intermediate Indicators	Outcome
Investing in People	Equip all students with the necessary knowledge and skills to suit the modern employment market	Public spending on health maintained at 8-10 percent of total expenditures	Increase in health standards of rural and urban poor
	Rationalize medical care delivery to focus more resources on the needs of the poor	Improved MCH programs implemented with focus on nutrition improvement	Increase in nutritional standards of rural and urban poor
	Make progress in reducing child malnutrition (to 10% in 2005)	RWSSP rural drinking water expansion policy adopted & implemented	Increase in share of population with access to safe drinking water
	Provide safe water and suitable sewage and sanitation systems to all	Sewage improvement projects in Greater Colombo and Industrial parks implemented; Private-public partnerships in local municipal landfills implemented	Quality of environment in industrial zones improved
	Ensure safe water to the entire population by 2010	Spending for social services to increase by 30 percent from Rs.1.4 billion in 2002 by 2004	Increase in health and nutritional standards among hardcore poor and socially excluded groups
	Improve access to sewage and sanitation systems	Exit mechanism introduced and limited to deserving beneficiaries by 2004	Type I and Type II errors reduced or eliminated from targeted assistance
	Restructure the Social Protection System, by: Improving access and quality of care for the poorest groups	Community-led development of under served settlements to deliver a range of services: target coverage of >10%	Increase in share of urban poor with adequate shelter and sanitation
	Sharpen the Focus and Impact of the Samurdhi Program	Provision of 200,000 housing units in township clusters to estate workers	Increase in share of estate population with adequate shelter and sanitation
	Improve urban habitats for the poor	Clean Air Action Plan Implemented	Foundation laid for democratic pluralism
	Expand the supply of affordable, quality housing for the poor	Establishment of independent commissions for police, judiciary, elections and public service	Decrease in the incidence of poverty in the provinces
Reduce urban air pollution	Increased volume of concessionary loans and grants awarded to local government for poverty reduction		
Reform public service to make it more accountable to the poor	Community groups established to inventory and manage coastal zones; Coastal erosion control investment mounted on southwest coast	Mechanisms for facilitating sustainable pro-poor growth established in coastal areas	
Foster decentralization to tap local knowledge for poverty reduction	Leases provided to poor farmers to farm and maintain protected forest buffer zones	Mechanism for facilitating sustainable pro-poor growth established in remote rural areas	
Community Driven Development used to Foster Environmental Sustainability			
In the area of coastal preservation			
In the area of Forestry			

Area	Input	Output/Intermediate Indicators	Outcome
Reforming Governance and Empowering the Poor	Community Driven Development used to Foster Environmental Sustainability		
	Involve communities in eco-tourism and wildlife preservation	Buffer communities formed; CBOs participate in park management	Sustainable pro-poor growth generated through community development
	Empowering the poor by enhancing their legal rights	Increased number of legal aid centers	Scope for broad-based social development expanded
	Combat Gender Discrimination	Increased support for women's micro-credit through the EDP; Increased number of guidance and counseling centers for victims of violence against women	Gender biases reduced in micro-enterprise development
	Micro-Credit Facilities will be Promoted to Help the Poor Effectively Manage Risk	Increased number of programs linking micro-credit organizations to commercial banks	Pro-poor growth promoted through sustainable micro-enterprise development

ORGANIZATION CHART MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, CULTURAL AFFAIRS & SPORTS



Management Arrangement Chart



Equipments Issued to Handicapped Persons in the North East Province - 2000 & 2001

District	Tri Cycle		Wheel Chair		Spectacles		Earphone		Crutches		White Cane		Artificial Leg	
	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
Ampara	31	10	14	21	170	47	18	30	7	2	1	1	-	-
Batticaloa	24	10	14	3	162	101	48	33	7	-	10	9	-	-
Jaffna	16	16	7	4	78	45	8	2	-	-	-	5	8	2
Kilinochchi	5	1	-	1	32	4	-	1	-	4	-	-	-	-
Mullaitivu	11	8	-	-	72	26	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Mannar	5	5	-	-	23	-	-	6	-	1	-	-	-	-
Trincomalee	25	19	21	17	32	6	30	9	6	4	-	-	-	-
Vavuniya	11	10	4	3	-	-	3	4	8	1	2	-	-	-
Total	128	79	60	49	569	229	107	85	30	12	13	15	8	2

Source:- Department of Social Welfare, N.E.P.

No. of Pre-Schools in NEP 2001

District		No. of Pre Schools				Total
		Tamil	%	Sinhala	%	
1	Jaffna	635	100%	0	0%	635
2	Kilinochchi	180	100%	0	0%	180
3	Mullaitivu	238	100%	0	0%	238
4	Mannar	122	100%	0	0%	122
5	Vavuniya	212	88%	29	12%	241
6	Trincomalee	278	68%	131	32%	409
7	Batticaloa	467	100%	0	0%	467
8	Kalmunai	357	98%	6	2%	363
9	Ampara	0	0%	277	100%	277
Total		2,489	85%	443	15%	2,932

Source:- Department of Social Welfare, N.E.P.

Teaching Cadre - Provincial & National Schools - 2001

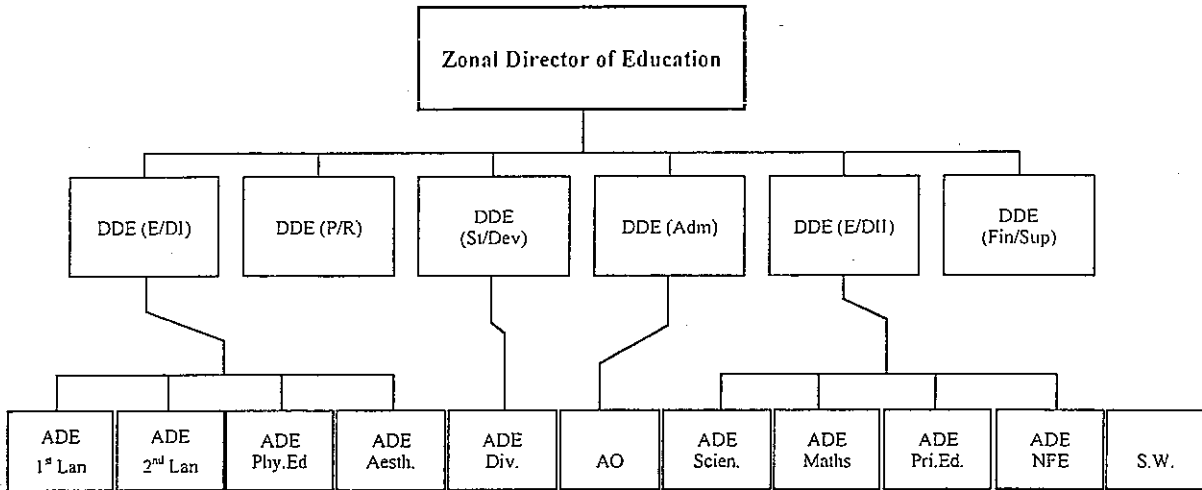
	Category	Cadre	Available	Vacancies
Tamil Medium	Principals	1,539	1,058	481
	Teachers	23,001	18,458	4,543
Sinhala Medium	Principals	280	160	120
	Teachers	4,045	4,213	-168

Number of Schools by Zonal Education Division Wise - 2001

No.	Zone	Race						Total
		Tamil		Sinhala		Muslim		
1	Jaffna	108	94%	1	1%	6	5%	115
2	Valikamam	150	99%	1	1%	0	0%	151
3	Thenmaradchi	80	100%	0	0%	0	0%	80
4	Vadamaradchi	82	100%	0	0%	0	0%	82
5	Islands	76	100%	0	0%	0	0%	76
6	Mannar	51	69%	3	4%	20	27%	74
7	Madhu	36	88%	0	0%	5	12%	41
8	Kilinochchi	79	98%	1	1%	1	1%	81
9	Mullaitivu	49	94%	1	2%	2	4%	52
10	Thunukkai	53	100%	0	0%	0	0%	53
11	Vavuniya North	87	100%	0	0%	0	0%	87
12	Vavuniya South	71	69%	22	21%	10	10%	103
13	Trincomalee	46	59%	14	18%	18	23%	78
14	Muthur	51	41%	2	2%	71	57%	124
15	Kantale	2	3%	61	88%	6	9%	69
16	Kalkudah	75	77%	2	2%	20	21%	97
17	Batticaloa	96	68%	6	4%	40	28%	142
18	Paddiruppu	81	100%	0	0%	0	0%	81
19	Kalmunai	22	39%	0	0%	35	61%	57
20	Akkaraipattu	36	38%	3	3%	55	59%	94
21	Sammanthurai	17	29%	1	2%	40	69%	58
22	Ampara	1	1%	93	99%	0	0%	94
23	Mahaoya	0	0%	36	100%	0	0%	36
24	Dehiyattakandiya	0	0%	65	100%	0	0%	65
	Grand Total	1,349	68%	312	16%	329	17%	1,990

Source: NE Provincial Education Department

Organization Chart of Zonal Education Office



Number of Schools Temporarily Closed – 2001

No.	Zone	Total No. of Schools	Temporarily Closed Schools				Function Schools	
			Race				No.	%
			Tamil	Sinhala	Muslim	Total		
1	Jaffna	115	6	1	6	13	102	89%
2	Valikamam	151	21	1	0	22	129	85%
3	Thenmaradchi	80	9	0	0	9	71	89%
4	Vadamaradchi	82	6	0	0	6	76	93%
5	Islands	76	28	0	1	29	47	62%
6	Mannar	74	1	3	12	16	58	78%
7	Madhu	41	0	0	5	5	36	88%
8	Kilinochchi	81	4	0	0	4	77	95%
9	Mullaitivu	52	2	1	2	5	47	90%
10	Thunukkai	53	3	0	0	3	50	94%
11	Vavuniya North	87	2	0	0	2	85	98%
12	Vavuniya South	103	5	4	0	9	92	89%
13	Trincomalee	78	10	4	2	16	64	82%
14	Muthur	124	0	1	0	1	123	99%
15	Kantale	69	0	6	0	6	63	91%
16	Kalkudah	97	3	2	0	5	92	95%
17	Batticaloa	142	1	6	0	7	135	95%
18	Paddiruppu	81	2	0	0	2	79	98%
19	Kalmunai	57	0	0	0	0	57	100%
20	Akkaraipattu	94	1	0	0	1	93	99%
21	Sammanthurai	58	0	0	0	0	58	100%
22	Ampara	94	0	0	0	0	94	100%
23	Maha Oya	36	0	3	0	3	33	92%
24	Dehiyattakandiya	65	0	0	0	0	65	100%
Total		1,990	104	32	28	164	1,826	92%

Day Care Centres in the North East Province - 2001

District	Division	No	Name of Day Care Centres	Approved Children	Expenditure 2001		
					No.of Beneficiaries	Maintenance Grant	Ad Hoc Grant
Jaffna	Jaffna	1	Kuninagar Day Care Centre	100	100	116,100.00	16,500.00
	Kopay	2	Kopay Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Kopay	3	Neervely Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Jaffna	4	Pasaiyoor Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Sandilipay	5	Sandilipay Day Care Centre	50	-	-	
	Chavakachcheri	6	Parasakthi Day Care Centre	45	-	-	
	Chavakachcheri	7	Kodikamam South Day Care Centre	50	-	-	
	Chavakachcheri	8	Kalainagal Day Care Centre	60	-	-	
	Chavakachcheri	9	Manthuvil East Day care Centre	40	-	-	
Mannar	Mannar Town	10	St. Sebastian's Day Care Centre	60	60	72,000.00	115,000.00
	Mannar Town	11	St. Lucias Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Mannar Town	12	St. Mary's Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Nanaddan	13	St. Anne's Day Care Centre	25	25	32,500.00	
Ampara	Sammanthurai	14	Eraq Day Care Centre	45	45	54,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	15	AlBathoor Day Care Centre	40	40	12,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	16	Ramsiya Day Care Centre	45	45	54,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	17	Zahira Day Care Centre	25	25	30,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	18	Saboor Day Care Centre	65	65	78,000.00	
	Akkaraipattu	19	Akkaraipattu Day Care Centre	25			
	Alayadivembu	20	Vipulananda Day Care Centre	75	75	90,000.00	
	Alayadivembu	21	Makasakthi Day Care Centre	60	60	72,000.00	
	Ninthavur	22	Patima Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Ninthavur	23	Al Hamra Day Care Centre	42	42	50,400.00	
	Sainthamaruthu	24	Sainthamaruthu Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Kalmunai (Tamil)	25	Panddirippu Day Care Centre	25	25	30,000.00	
	Sainthamaruthu	26	Al Ameen Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Ninthavur	27	Rahumaniya Day Care Centre	62	62	62,880.00	
	Addalaichenai	28	Igras Day Care Centre	80	76	87,000.00	
	Ninthavur	29	Al Hutha Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	30	Al Hikma Day Care Centre	75	75	90,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	31	Al Uswa Day Care Centre	75	75	90,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	32	Slyda Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	33	Milhan Day Care Centre	65	65	78,000.00	
	Thirukovil	34	Manatkadu Vani Day Care centre	30	30	36,000.00	
	Sammanthurai	35	Jhhus Day Care Centre	30	30	36,000.00	
Akkaraipattu	36	Mowi Day Care Centre	75	66	72,000.00		
Akkaraipattu	37	Tharuipiham Day Care Centre	90	48	55,200.00		
Sammanthurai	38	Faswa Day Care Centre	40	40	48,000.00		
Ninthavur	39	Alhikma Day Care Centre	50	50	57,000.00		
Ninthavur	40	Al Akeela Day Care Centre	50	50	60,000.00		
Akkaraipattu	41	Hesso Day Care Centre	60	57	55,290.00		
Ninthavur	42	Al polah P.C.C	65	49	39,184.00		
Batticaloa	Vellaveli	43	Vivekananda Day Care Centre	25	25	30,000.00	39,712.50
	Mannunaipattu	44	Mahavishnu Day Care Centre	50	50	57,200.00	
	Mannunaipattu	45	Sktly Day Care Centre	50	50	57,500.00	
	Mannunaipattu	46	Thannapuram Day Care Centre	40	28	32,400.00	
	Thirukovil	47	Uthayatharagai	65	36	18,000.00	
	Kaluwanchikudy	48	Kalaivani P.C.C	65	65	58,500.00	
	Mannunaipattu	49	Chandra P.C.C	40	40	36,000.00	
	Mannunaipattu	50	Swaami Nallathambiy P.C.C	40	40	36,000.00	
Total				2,599	2,214	2,483,154	206,398

Source:- Department of Social Welfare, N.E.P.

Home for Children in North East Province - 2001

District	Division	No.	Name of Children Home	Approved Children	Expenditure 2001		
					No. of Beneficiaries	Maintenance Grant	Ad Hoc Grant
Batticaloa	Nallur	1	State Children Home, Nallur	50	8	150,000.00	
		<i>Sub-Total</i>		50	8	150,000.00	
		2	Ramakrishna Mission Boys Home	123	56	172,230.00	75,000.00
		3	Ramakrishna Mission Girls Home	75	40	134,820.00	
		4	Manikavasagar Children Home	25	20	46,500.00	
		5	Jeevajothe Children Home	40	-	-	
		6	St. Joseph's Girls Home	40	10	32,630.00	
		7	Muslim Children Home	70	64	178,080.00	111,262.50
		8	Thirugnasampanthar Kurukulam	40	40	138,220.00	95,700.00
		9	Assisi Children Home	40	29	96,900.00	
		10	Swami Vipulanda Children Home	50	37	114,370.00	
		11	Nadaranda jee Children Home	40	26	71,510.00	
		12	Thilagavathiyar Children Home	25	25	86,400.00	
		13	Mangayakarasiyar Children Home	40	33	106,640.00	40,000.00
		14	Piyantha Children Home	50	26	93,600.00	39,920.00
		15	Shanthibawan Children Home	50	-	-	39,862.50
16	Vidyayothy Children Home	50	-	-			
		25	-	-			
<i>Sub-Total</i>		783	406	1,271,900.00	401,745.00		
Ampara	Karaitivu	17	Ramakrishna Mission Girls Home	30	31	104,400.00	75,000.00
		18	Thirunaykarasu Nayanar Kurukulam	25	25	90,000.00	
		19	St. Mary's Boys Home Pandiruppu	75	23	77,000.00	
		20	Swami Vipulananda Children Home	50	50	170,100.00	75,000.00
		21	Little Flower Girls Home	30	-	-	
		22	Dava Boys Home	52	-	-	75,000.00
<i>Sub-Total</i>		262	129	441,500.00	225,000.00		
Trincomalee	Town & Gravets	23	Sivananda Thabovanam	60	60	216,000.00	115,000.00
		24	Sri Shanmuga Girl's Home	60	40	144,000.00	115,000.00
		25	Sri Shanmuga Boy's Home	60	10	26,400.00	115,000.00
		26	Annai Saratha Girls Home	25	21	75,450.00	
		27	St. Joseph Girls Home	45	43	131,400.00	
		28	Nooria Children Home	30	26	92,850.00	
<i>Sub-Total</i>		280	200	686,100.00	345,000.00		
Jaffna	Karavetty	29	Sri Paramananda Children Home	70	34	103,245.00	
		30	Hindu Board Children Home	200	235	608,750.00	34,653.75
		31	Ilayalai RC Girls home	100	63	221,350.00	40,000.00
<i>Sub-Total</i>		370	332	933,345.00	74,653.75		
<i>Total</i>		1745	1075	3,482,845.00	1,046,398.75		

Sources: Department of Social Welfare, N.E.P and Dept. of Probation & Child Care Services, N.E.P

HOME FOR DISABLED IN N.E.P. - 2000 & 2001

District	Division	Home	Approved No.		No. of Beneficiaries		Expenditure 2000				
			2000	2001	2000	2001	Maintenance Grant		Ad Hoc Grant		
Jaffna	Chavakachcheri	Nuffield School for the deaf and blind, Kallady	275	275	129	130	423,900	390,000	-	-	40,000
	Manipay	Vazvakam Visually Handicapped	30	30	15	22	54,000	79,200	-	-	75,000
	Kilinochchi	Association for rehabilitation of the disabled - Jaffna road, Kilinochchi.	200	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ampara	Uthana	Sarana Disabled Children Home Uthana.	50	50	34	28	-	100,800	-	-	94,000
Batticaloa	Manmunai North	Dharisannam school for the visually handicapped	25	25	21	27	60,500	73,340	-	-	18,428.5
Manmunai North	Kattankudy	Osannam Centre for the Mentally Retarded Children	24	24	29	32	93,900	106,200	-	-	75,000
		Eastern Islamic Disabled Welfare Association - Kattankudy	36	40	39	40	88,800	101,100	-	-	92,990
Trincomalee	Town & Gravets	School for Hearing Impaired	45	45	42	28	-	75,600	-	-	-
		Total	685	689	311	307	721,100	926,240	172,055	320,419	

Source:- Dept of Social Welfare, N.E.P

HOME FOR ELDERS IN N.E.P. - 2000 & 2001

District	Division	Home	Approved No.		No. of Beneficiaries		Expenditure 2001				
			2000	2001	2000	2001	Maintenance Grant		Ad Hoc Grant		
Jaffna	Chavakachcheri	State Home for Elders Kallady	350	350	150	150	3,500,000	2,500,000	-	-	2001
	Karavaddy	Paramamanda Elders Home	29	29	10	6	16,800	17,400	-	-	-
	Sandilipay	Illavali Elders Home	29	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Kayis	Island Elders Welfare Society	20	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trincomalee	Vavuniya	St. Joseph Elders Home	100	100	31	25	94,800	85,200	113,100	-	-
Ampara	Ampara	Adambasoka Elders Home	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Sri Sarvananda Sillivaiyalar Aiyala Multiyior Samajam	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Batticaloa	Kattankudy	Sarana Elders Home, Uthana	60	60	60	25	-	151,500	75,000	-	-
		Sarana Elders Home, D. Mandiya	50	50	25	17	62,400	55,800	-	-	-
Kilinochchi	Kattankudy	Kattankudy Elders Home	10	40	16	19	52,800	58,200	93,375	25,840	75,000
		St. Joseph Elders Home	105	105	94	92	327,600	329,700	-	-	75,000
Total	Karachchi	Yogar Swami Thiruvady Nilayam	75	75	61	75	326,400	247,050	115,000	115,000	175,840
		Total	943	973	447	409	4,380,800	3,444,850	396,475	175,840	

Source:- Department of Social Welfare, N.E.P

List of NGOs by District in the North East Province

No.	Name of NGO	Address	Contact No.	Others
1.	Ampara District (Source: D.P.S., Kachecheri, Ampara.)			
1	Deepaloka Foundation	169, Hospital Road, Ampara	063-22250	
2	Ampara district N.G.O. Consortium	Alayadivembu, Akkaraipattu.		
3	Sahajeevana Praja Samvardana Padanama	Buddist Centre, Dehiyattakandiya		
4	Saba Dahan Surenkeeme Sanvidanaya	Gamini Vidyalaya Road, Ampara.		
5	Seva Lanka Foundation	145, Kalmunai Road, Ampara		
6	Saabor Sanasa	Ampara Road, Sammanthurai.		
7	Digamadulla Sinhala Buddhist Association	13A, Senanayake Road, Ampara.	067-77276	
8	Social Welfare Organisation of Ampara District (SWOAD)	Sagama Road, Akkaraipattu		
9	Sarvodaya	Ampara		
10	Sarvodaya District Centre	Rest House Road, Kalmunai	065-29274	
11	Al-Quraish Social Development Society	Al-Quraish Road, Akkaraipattu-4		
12	Women's Development Foundation	R.K.M Road Akkaraipattu-7		
13	Organisation for Environmental Protection and Economic Development (OEPED)	Bazaar Street, Sammanthurai 3.	065-29341	
14	WUSC - Sri Lanka	WUSC Field Office, Ampara Rd, Sammanthurai		
15	Care International Sri Lanka	N.H.D.A. Building, Kalmunai	065-29274	
16	Lanka Neyam Organization	Rest House Road, Kalmunai		
17	Sareean Sri Lanka National Foundation	Thalankuda, Puthukudiyiruppu, Baificaloa.		
18	Galayaveley Community Development Foundation	Police Quarters Rd, Ampara		
19	Digamadulla Community Development Foundation	67A, Thiranga Building,		
20	Foundation of Friendship among Ethnic	8, Hospital Road, Ampara.		
21	Family Rehabilitation Centre	C/o Sarvodaya Centre, Ampara		
22	Al-Anneen Creche Development Centre	550, Faffoor Road, Matigaiadu, Sainthamarathu		
23	Kalmunai District Sanasa	Main Street, Nintavur.		
24	Mahasakthi Foundation	Sagama Road, Akkaraipattu.	067-77696	
25	Social welfare society.	300/A, Aliyamaraiakar road, Akkaraipattu	067-78268	
26	Affected Women's Forum	R.K.M. Road Akkaraipattu	067-78194	
27	Women Development Centre	8-9 Common Road, Akkaraipattu	067-77034	
28	People Progressive Development society	Manthiavur Road, Akkaraipattu-08.	067-78135	
29	Mother and Child Care society	Fouzi place, Sainthamarathu-07	067-29512	
30	Kalam Rural Reconstruction Foundation	8-9, Common Road Akkaraipattu-7.	067-77034	
31	Marumalarchy society	132, Central Road, Addalachenai-15.	067-78128	
32	Socio Economic and environmental development Org.	139, Beach road, Addalachenai-11	067-78379	
33	Al-Anneen emmunity Development Center	50, Dr. Gaffar Road, Sainthamarathu-16.	067-21336	
34	Akkaraipattu Women's Association.	Aliyamaraiakar Road, Akkaraipattu	067-78268	
35	Thiruvavukarasu Nayana Kurukulam.	Kurukula Road, Thambiluvil-02	065-29720	
36	Kalmunai Pence Foundation	Main street, Kalmunai.	067-20322	

No.	Name of NGO	Address	Contact No.	Others
2. Batticaloa District (Source: Kachcheri, Batticaloa.)				
1	Dry zone Development Foundation	163, Boundary Road, Chenkalady	065-22904	
2	Koinonia	1, Mahilady Street, Batticaloa	065-22500	
3	Mandru	16, St. Michael's Street, Batticaloa	065-22175	
4	Jeeva Jothi	52/1, Hospital Rd, Batticaloa,		
5	Cherikalady Women Economic Development Association	Vaithi Veethi, Old Village, Chenkalady		
6	Poorathivu Pattu Development Rehabilitation Organisation	Mumal Theevu, Periya Porathivu		
7	Women Development Forum	8, Arasady Pillaiyar Kovil Street, Batticaloa		
8	Young Women's Christian Association	10, Corner Road, Batticaloa	065-22312	
9	Sareeram Sri Lanka	Thalankudai, Putlukudyiruppu	065-24677	
10	ZOA Refugee Care	55/1, New Vanniyas Lane, Batticaloa	065-22036	
11	Be Friends	No. 1A, Upslair Road, Batticaloa	065-22324	
12	SLEAT	No. 9, Adigar Road, Batticaloa	065-23081	
13	EDROS	Main Road, Kalivanchikudy		
14	Gandhi Seva Sangam	15/4, Adigar Road, Batticaloa		
15	Y.M.H.A	4/1, Thamarakkeny Road, Batticaloa	065-24322	
16	Y.M.C.A	Kannagai Amman Kovil Rd, Batticaloa	065-22495	
17	Sri Lanka Red Cross Society	9, Lake Road No. 1, Batticaloa	065-24309	
18	W.W.D.E	11, Mannungam Road, Batticaloa	065-22433	
19	Lions Club	24, Sina Uppodai Road, Batticaloa	065-22201	
20	TRRO	16, Kalainagal Road, Kallady, Uppodai.		
21	CARE International	Area Office, 221, Bar Road, Batticaloa	065-24779	
22	Rofacy Club	14, Corner Rd, Batticaloa	065-22230	
23	EHED	52, Bishop's House, Batticaloa,	065-22125	
24	Sarvodaya	9, Buntings Lane, Batticaloa	065-22206	
25	World Vision Lanka	40, Central Road, Batticaloa	065-23048	
26	IVS	Peilhalai, Valaichenai		
27	Redd Barna	34, 1st Cross Railway Rd, Batticaloa		
28	World of Friends	Co-operative Council Building, Batticaloa	065-22581	
29	WJSC	27, Barathy Lane, Batticaloa	065-24306	
30	GDF	Main Road, Vantharumoolai		
31	Thudham	Korakallinadu, Kiran		
32	Y.M.H.A Federation	Putlukudyiruppu, Valaichenai		
33	ICRC	18, Covington Road, Batticaloa	065-22709	
34	MSF	Lady Manning Drive, Batticaloa	065-22858	
35	Eastern Rehabilitation Organisation	2A, Muthandram Road, Batticaloa	065-2219	
36	Association of Helping Hands	Main Street, Kiran.		
37	CONGOB	No.9, Fernando Lane, Batticaloa.		
38	T. Arunathirathan	NG.OO Forum, Easwaran lane, Batticaloa.		
39	Seoriva	27, Lady Manning Drive, Batticaloa.		
40	Family Rehabilitation Centre	57, Lolyeds Avenue, Batticaloa.		
41	Terre Des Homes	18, Pioneer Road, Batticaloa.		

No.	Name of NGOO	Address	Contact No.	Others
42	Sustainable Farmers of East	No.16, St. Michales Street, Batticaloa.		
43	Subodhi Institute	9, Fernando Lane, Batticaloa.		
44	Paddipalai Development Rehabilitation Organization	Kokkaddichalal		
Trincomalee District (Source: Kachcheri, Trincomalee)				
1	World University Service of Canada, W.U.S.C	No. 144, Power House Road, Trincomalee.	026-22178	
2	Federation of Trincomalee District Young Men's Hindu Association, F/T D.Y.M.H.A	No.393, Thirugnana Sampanthaar Road, Trincomalee.	026-22719	
3	Sri Lanka Red Cross Society S.L.R.C.S	No.474, Power House Road, Trincomalee.	026-22185	
4	Eastern Human & Economic Development	No.295, Dockyard Road, Trincomalee.	026-22207 or 22474	
5	Trincomalee Women's Welfare Organisation T.W.W.O	Court Road, Trincomalee.		
6	Seva Lanka Foundation	No.300, Central Road, Trincomalee.	026-22817	
7	OXFAM	No.148/1 Lower Road, Orr's Hill, Trincomalee.	026-22700	
8	Save the Children	No.138/5, Orr's Hill, Trincomalee.	026-22701	
9	United Nation High Commission for refugees U.N.H.C.R	Main Street, Trincomalee		
10	Lions Club of Trincomalee District	No.49, Thirunana Sampantha Road, Trincomalee.	026-22157	
11	Rotary Club	No.23, Vidyalayam Lane, Trincomalee		
12	Trincomalee Islamic Development Society	Channel lane, Trincomalee		
13	ZOA, South East Asian Refugees Caree	No.210/2, Lower Road, Orr's Hill, Road, Trincomalee.		
Vavuniya District (Source: Kachcheri, Vavuniya)				
1	Centre for Human Development	54, Sri Nagar, Poonthoddam, Vavuniya		
2	Community Technical Education Centre (COMTEC)	Industrial Estate, Poonthoddam, Vavuniya	024-21208	
3	Community Trust Fund	P.O.Box 5, Kaddumankulam rd, Puttalam.		
4	Family Rehabilitation Centre (FRC)	345/122, Joseph Vas Lane, Rambaikulam, Vavuniya	024-21243	
5	FORUT - Vavuniya South	88, 3rd lane of Kandy Rd, Sinthamani Pillayar Temple View, Vavuniya	024-22287	
FORUT - Vavuniya North				
6	Human Rights Commission (HRC)	Pathiniyar Mahilankulam, Vavuniya		
7	National Gender and Community Development Organisation	82, 2nd Cross Street, Vavuniya	024-22029	
8	Organisation for Rehabilitation of the Handicapped (ORHAN)	Mathavuvathakulam, Vavuniya		
9	Population Services Lanka (PSL)	94, Thekkavatta, Vavuniya		
10	RDF - TRC	Station Rd, Vavuniya	024-20519	
11	Rural Development Foundation	Kandy Rd, Thekavatte, Vavuniya	024-22962, 024-22973	
12	SANASA (Vavuniya District Thrift & Credit Co-operative Societies Union Ltd)	17, 1st lane, Mannar Rd, Vavuniya	024-22671	
13	Sarvodaya Shramadhama sanganyaya	Good Shed Road, Vavuniya	024-22341	
14	Social Economic Development Reserch centre (SEDRC)	Sarvodaya District Centre Office, (Vav.South) Kandy Rd, Vavuniya	024-22847	
15	Sevalanka Foundation	212, Station Road, Vavuniya	024-22924, 024-22466	
16	Social Development Organisation (SDO)	Vavavapuliyankulam, Vavuniya	024-20490	
17	Social Eco. & Environ. Developers (SEED)	22, Karappankadu, Vavuniya	024-21295	
18	Social Organisation Networking for Development (SOND)	P.O.Box 5, Vavuniya	024-22911	
19	South Asian Partnership - Sri Lanka	No.7, 6th Lane, Vavavapuliyankulam	024-22638	
20	Sri Lanka Red Cross Society (SLRCS)	Sri Beddy Dhakksharameya, Kandy Rd, Vavuniya	024-21695	
21	Survivors Associated	Offpark Rd, Vavuniya	024-22447	
MOH Office, Alagalla, Vavuniya			024-22448, 01-735408	

No.	Name of NGO	Address	Contact No.	Others
22	World University Services of Canada(WUSC)	No.30, Temple Rd, Kurumankadu, Vavuniya	024-22974, 01-585812	
23	WTPSP	1st Cross Street, Vavuniya	024-21487	
24	YMCA	Outer Circular Rd, Vavuniya	024-22423	
INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION				
1	CARE International	No.519e3, Jeyanthi Mavatha, Anuradhapura	025-22929	
2	GTZ	Sub Office Station Rd, Vavuniya	024-22769, 024-22929	
3	ICRC	Project Cell, GTZ, Off Park Rd, Vavuniya	024-22269	
4	MSF	Station Rd, Vavuniya	024-22855	
5	OXFAM	Mannar Rd, Vavuniya	024-22262	
UN AGENCIES				
1	UNHCR	19, 3rd Lane, Paddanichchoor, Vavuniya	024-20374	
2	UNICEF	Kurumankadu, Vavuniya	024-22550	
5.	Mannar District (Source: Kachcheri, Mannar)	UNICEF Base, UNHCR Kurumankadu	024-21965	
1	CARE International	Uppukulam Mannar		
2	Inter Co-operation (Swiss Organisation for Development Organisation)	1st Floor, Raymond Road		
	Self- Help Support Programme	Nuggoda		
3	International Committee of the Red Cross	Main Street, Mannar		
4	World University Services of Canada	C/o UNHCR, Mannar		
5	ZOA Refugee Care Netherlands	C/o UNHCR, Mannar		
6	Medicines Sans Frontieres - Holland	Madhu Church, Mannar		
7	Medicines Sans Frontieres - France	Madhu Church, Mannar		
8	OXFARM - United Kingdom -Ireland	C/O MSF- Holland, Mannar		
9	Danish Refugee Councils	596/55, Bandaranayake Mavatha, Anuradhapura.		
10	FORUT	No.296, Bouthaloga Mavatha, Colombo 7		
11	Save the Children Fund(UK)	Madhu Church, Mannar.		
12	Community Trust Fund	Valaamathy St, Sebastian lane, Hospital Road, Mannar		
13	Family Rehabilitation Centre	C/o RDF, Pettah, Mannar.		
14	Lanka Jathika Sarvodaya Shramadana Sangam	1st Cross street, Mannar		
15	Lions Club	The President, Lions Club, Kachcheri.		
16	Rural Development foundation	Pettah, Mannar		
17	Socio Economic Development Centre	Main Street, Mannar		
18	Sri Lanka Red Cross Society	Main Street, Mannar		
19	World Vision Lanka	Moor Street, Mannar		
20	YGRO LTD	Moor Street, Mannar		
21	Y.M.C.A	Hospital Road, Mannar		
22	World Food Programme	204, Bauddhaloka Mavatha, Colombo-7		
23	Survivors Associated	56, Sinsaba Road, Wellawatta, Colombo.		
24	Seva Lanka	Vavuniya		
25	Population Services Lanka	5 Satton Road, Mannar.		
26	Juthu Sannaya Valarchchi Sangam	C/O Mpr'Sithivayagar, Hindu College, Mannar.		
27	Mannar Association for Relief & Rehabilitation	Convent road, Mannar.		

No.	Name of NGO	Address	Contact No.	Others
28	Mannar District Thirt & Credit Co-op. Societies Union Ltd.	Main Street Mannar.		
29	Mannar Non-governmental Organizations co-ordinating Committee.	Covent Road Mannar.		
30	Vaiyolayam	Sinnakadai Mannar.		
31	Vishva Hindu Parishad	Irranai Iluppaikulam, Mannar		
32	Irranai Iluppaikulam Rehabilitation centre	Madhu Church, Mannar.		
33	Mannar Development Rehabilitation centre	Periyamadhu		
34	Mannar District Development Organization	Madhu Church, Mannar.		
35	Mannar District NGO Consortium	Vidattaliyu, Mannar.		
36	Manthai West Development Organization	Iluppaikadavai, Mannar		
37	North East Development Rehabilitation Organization	Thudhanamanuthamadu, Palampiddy.		
38	Organization of Education Development	Madhu Church, Mannar.		
39	Seed Paddy Association-Mannar District	Alkaddyvely, Adampan.		
40	Social Development Centre.	Valankulam, Mannar.		
41	Social Development Organization	Periyamadhu		
42	Tamil Rehabilitation Organization	Iluppaikadavai, Mannar		
43	The Economical Consultancy House.	Agrarian Service Centre, Palampiddy.		
44	Women's Development Rehabilitation	Palampiddy, Madhu Church, Mannar.		
45	Young Mens Christian Association	YMCA, Hospital Road, Mannar.		
46	Mannar Development and Rehabilitation Organization	Madhu Church, Mannar.		
47	Food and Agriculture Organization	202, Baudataloka Mawatha, Colombo.		
6.	Jaffna District (Source: Katchcheri, Jaffna.)			
1	UNHCR	223, Temple Road, Jaffna.		
2	UNICEF	Temple Road, Jaffna.		
3	U.N.D.P	121A, Temple, Road, Jaffna.		
4	CARE International	No.15, Kandy Road, Jaffna.		
5	Save The Children's Fund	146a, Temple Road, Jaffna.		
6	Medicines sans frontiers (MSF)	49, Ambalavanar Road, Ahiyady Road, Jaffna.		
7	G.T.Z (Jaffna Rehabilitation Project	11, Kandy Road, Jaffna.		
8	Action Centre La Frain(Action Against Hunger)	5, Rackka Road, Jaffna		
9	FORUT	67, Temple Road, Jaffna.		
10	World Food Programme(WFP)	ACAS Office, Jaffna.		
11	ICRC	120, Temple Road, Jaffna.		
NATIONAL LEVEL NON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATION - JAFFNA DISTRICT -2000				
1	Methodist Church of Sri Lanka	Methodist Church, Vannar Pannai, Jaffna.		
2	Lanka Jathika Sarvodaya Sharmadana Sangamaya	Sarvodaya District Centre, Jaffna.		
3	Sri Lanka Social Economic Development Centre(SEDEC)	Hudec, Bishop House, Mathveys Road, Jaffna.		
4	Sri Lanka Churches Child Care Association	IDCHL, Vaddukottai.		
5	Sri Lanka Red Cross Society(SLRC)	Kandy Road, Chundikulai, Jaffna.		
LOCAL NON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATION REGISTERED IN DISTRICT SECRETARIAT, JAFFNA				
1	Oorn Organisations	Pulloty South, Point Pedro.		
2	Refugees Rehabilitation Fund 1983 (RRF)	374, Point Pedro, Road, Nallur.		
3	The Refugees Rehabilitations Organisations (TRRO)	106,4 th Cross Street, Jaffna.		

No.	Name of NGO	Address	Contact No.	Others
7.	Mullaitivu District (Source: DRCC Office, Kachcheri, Mullaitivu.)			
	1 Social Economic Development Organization (S.E.D.O)	Moonkilari, Visuvamadu		
	2 Visuvanadu Development Organization (VMDO)	Visuvamadu		
	3 Pandiyankulam Thunukkai Development Organization (P.T.D.O)	Yokanuram - Mallavi		
	4 Mullaitivu Refugees Rehabilitation Organisation (M.R.R.O.)	Katchilainadu, Oddusuddan		
	5 Tamil Rehabilitation Organization (T.R.O)	TRC, Mullaitivu		
	6 Mankulam Development Organization (MKDO)	NGOO Consortium, Puthukkudiruppu		
	7 North East Development Rehabilitation Organization (N.E.D.R.O)	Ward No.8, Manihuvil, Puthukkudiruppu		
	8 Mullaitivu Economic Development Organization (MEDO)	Mulliyavalai		
	9 Displaced People Welfare Organisation (DPWO)	Kaiveli, Puthukkudiruppu.		
	10 Mullaitivu People Welfare Society (MPWS)	Mullaitivu		
	11 Social Development Organization (SDO)	NGOO Consortium, Puthukkudiruppu.		
	12 Social Needs Aids Organization (SNAO)	NGOO Consortium, Puthukkudiruppu.		
	13 Human Development Centre (H.U.D.E.C)	Susiyappan Church.		
	14 Women Development & Rehabilitation Organization (C.W.D.R.)	Puthukkudiruppu		
	15 The Economy Consultancy House (TECH)	No.30, Kalvilan, Thumukkai		
	16 The Refugees Rehabilitation Organization (TERO)	Puthukkudiruppu		
	17 Pandiyankulam Thunukkai Rehabilitation Organization (P.T.R.O)	Yohapuram, Mallavi		
	18 Social Development Council (SDC)	Vavunikulam, Palinaagar.		
	19 Thunukkai Economic Development Organization	Kalvilan, Thumukkai		
	20 Myrukanthy Development Organization	Puthuvedduvan		
	21 Anpazapuram Kodaikadaiyankulam Development Organization (AKDO)	Kodaikadaiyankulam, Thumukkai.		
	22 Sri Lanka Red Cross Society (SLRC)	Puthukkudiruppu		
	23 Working Women Development Organisation (WWDO)	Puthukkudiruppu		
	24 Mullai Seeds Production Organization (MSPO)	Vithiya puram, Oddusuddan.		
25 Rural Economic Education Research & Development Organisation (REERDO)	Director REERDO, Palinaagar, Vavunikulam			
1 Co-op Agency for Relief Every where (CARE)	Area Director, Care International, 4th Unit, Yohapuram, Mallavi			
2 OX Fam Committee for Famine Relief (OXFAM)	Project Officer, OXFAM, 767 Yohapuram, Mallavi			
3 International Committee of RedCross (ICRC)	Head of Sub Delegation, ICRC, Mallavi.			
4 For Development and Solidarity (FORUT)	Project Co-ordinator, Jeyapuram.			
5 Medecins San Frontieres (MSF)	Project Co-ordinator, M.S.F, Anichankulam,			
UN Agencies	Yohapuram, Mallavi			
1 United Nation High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)	Field Officer, UNHCR, Mallavi			
2 United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	Project Officer, UNICEF, Mallavi C/O UNHCR, Field Office Mallavi.			
8.	Kilinochchi District (Source: Kachcheri, Kilinochchi.)			
	1 Tamils Rehabilitation Organization	Arokiyapuram, Kilinochchi		1985
	2 Sri Lanka Red Cross Society	Standapuram, Kilinochchi		1990
	3 Kilinochchi Development & Refugee Rehabilitation Organisation	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1987
4 Church of South India.	Samathapuram, Kilinochchi		1947	

No.	Name of NGOO	Address	Contact No.	Others
5	Human Development Centre	Amathipuram, Kilinochchi		1973
6	CARE International	Malavi, Mullaitivu.		1981
7	OXFAM	Akkaravan, Kilinochchi		1993
8	Poonigary Development Rehabilitation Organization	Jeyapuram, Kilinochchi		1988
9	FORUT - Wanni	Jeyapuram, Kilinochchi		1993
10	Industrial Development Organisation	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1995
11	Association for Rehabilitation of the Disabled	Anaivilunthan, Kilinochchi		1991
12	North-East Development Rehabilitation Organisation	Vannerikulam, Kilinochchi		1994
13	The Refugees Rehabilitation Organisation	Anaivilunthan, Kilinochchi		1976
14	Poonakary Mulankavil Development Organisation	Mulankavil, Kilinochchi		1994
15	Karachchi North Development Organisation	Tharmapuram, Kilinochchi		1995
1	Centre for Women's Development Rehabilitation	Amathipuram, Kilinochchi		1991
2	Pre-School Education Development Centre	Arokiyapuram, Kilinochchi		1994
3	Social Development Organisation	Mulankavil, Kilinochchi		1995
4	Kilinochchi East Rehabilitation Organisation	Ramanathapuram, Kilinochchi		1996
5	Working Women Development Organisation	Ivanapuram, Kilinochchi		1995
6	Akkarayan Development Organisation	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1995
7	Kilinochchi Economic Development Organisation	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1994
8	The Economic Consultancy House	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1994
9	Displaced Islands Welfare Organisation	Mulankavil, Kilinochchi		1992
10	Social Need Aid's Organisation	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1994
11	Council of Siddha Ayyurvedha Medical Services	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1997
12	Youth Men Hindu Association	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1995
13	Rural Rehabilitation Development Organisation	Skandapuram, Kilinochchi		1996
14	AJI Ceylon Ghandi Seva Sangam	Mulankavil, Kilinochchi		1957
15	Social Development Centre	Mtukompan, Kilinochchi		1996
16	Council of NGOO, Kilinochchi	Arokiyapuram, Kilinochchi		1993