REPORT ON THE MINERAL EXPLORATION IN THE EAST JAVA AREA THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA CONSOLIDATED REPORT

MARCH 2004

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY JAPAN OIL, GAS AND METALS NATIONAL CORPORATION

MPN JR 04-072 **PREFACE**

In response to the request by the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, the Japanese Government

decided to conduct a mineral exploration project in the East Java Area and entrusted the survey to the Japan

International Cooperation Agency (JICA). The JICA entrusted the project to Metal Mining Agency of

Japan (MMAJ, current Japan Oil, Gas and Metal National Corporation) because contents of the survey

belong to a very specialized field of mineral exploration.

The survey was conducted for three fiscal years. JICA and MMAJ sent survey teams to the Republic of

Indonesia five times in the three year. The teams exchanged views with the officials concerned with the

Government of the Republic of Indonesia and conducted cooperative field surveys in the East Java Area.

This report is the consolidated report of the surveyed carried out during the three fiscal year and is the final

report. We hope that this report will serve the development of the Republic of Indonesia and contribute to

the promotion of friendly relations between our two countries.

We wish to express our deep appreciation to the officials concerned of the Government of the Republic of

Indonesia for close cooperation extended to the Japanese team.

March 2004

Tadashi Izawa Vice President,

Japan International Cooperation Agency

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SUMMARY

During the three years of the East Java Mineral Resources Exploration, regional geochemical survey, semi-detailed geochemical survey, geological survey, geophysical survey and drilling were carried out within the Project Area with a total extent of 19,000km². Of the area, five districts were selected for detailed survey; namely Tempursari, Purwoharjo, Seweden, and Prambon and Ponorogo South districts. The geology of all these districts consists mainly of Tertiary and Quaternary volcanic and pyroclastic rocks, and limestone also occur in two districts. Gold, silver, copper, lead, and zinc mineralization was observed mainly in Oligocene to Miocene volcanic and pyroclastic units

(1) Tempursari District

Pyrite dissemination and alteration minerals such as sericite are widely developed in Tertiary volcanic • pyroclastic rocks and intruding dioritic rocks. Gold, silver, copper mineralization was observed in parts of these alteration zones. Soil geochemical prospecting results show that parts of the high copper and gold anomalies overlap these alteration zones. Geophysical survey revealed that the chargeability in the area trends to be higher in the western part and lower in the eastern part. Some chargeability anomalies were detected in all four survey lines. The anomalous zones show vertical structure and would reflect pyrite dissemination in intruding rocks and silicified vein zones because of its high chargeability, high resistivity and vertical structure. It is interpreted from analysis of the distribution of diorite intrusive bodies and faults and the high chargeability that Ngrawan River Basin in the northern part has the highest mineral potential.

(2) Purwoharjo District

Results of the geological survey do not indicate the existence of mineralization in the Purwoharjo District, and the high copper content in the stream sediments discovered during the second-year survey is inferred to be the results of high copper in the source areas. Thus it was concluded that further survey is not warranted.

(3) Seweden District

In this district, wide spread white-colored argillization and pyrite dissemination is observed. Silicification and argillization are particularly strong in the dacite intrusive bodies and their vicinity in the Putih River Basin where cooper and gold mineralization was observed. Also on the western side, although on small scale, quarts veinlets associated with copper, lead, and zinc mineralization are found and either epithermal gold-silver or mesothermal deposit of the porphyry copper type can

be anticipated. Soil geochemical exploration of these zones shows concentration of high Au, Cu, Pb. Zn. As anomalies in the Putih Basin and the vicinity which was confirmed to largely coincide with the silicified and argillized zones. From the above, it is concluded that Putih River Basin has the highest mineral potential in this District. Some chargeability anomalies exceeding 30 mV/V are detected in the central-eastern deep parts by geophysical survey. They form two north-south trending anomalous zones at the elevation of -100 m. Drilling Results show that argillic alteration continues from 37.30m depth, the lower boundary of oxidation zone, to the bottom of the hole. No significant base and precious metal mineralization was encountered by one hole that was drilled at the western high chargeability zone, while strong pyrite dissemination occurs quite consistently. The pyrite occurs as dissemination in altered andesitic rock or in-veinlets along hair cracks such as joints. A molybdenite-pyrite-quartz-clay occurs at deeper part, while copper mineral occurs only as exsolution mineral from pyrite under microscopy. However, these mineral phenomena are considered to be manifestations of porphyry copper deposits. It is recommended that the lateral extension of the wide alteration zones which were intercepted by one scout drilling should be followed.

(4) Prambon District

Many gold-silver-bearing quartz veins and silicified veins occur in the northern part of this district, and they all strike in the N-S to NNW-SSE direction, and those extending more than 1km can be divided into at least 4 zones. The highest gold assay result of rock samples is 3g/t Au, but gold mineralization is observed throughout the zones. Soil geochemical exploration shows that the high gold content of soil occurs intermittently and its distribution generally agrees with the surface occurrence of quartz and silicified veins. Considering the results of the survey of the southern part of the district carried out during the second year, the potential of vein deposits occurrence in the northern quartz-silicified vein zone is high in this District. Two holes of the four intercepted wide silicified and agillized zones. The assay results show the highest gold values 10.40g/t over 0.60m width intercepted by MJIE-P1. Three samples contained 1-5 g/t Au, and most samples contained However, 14 samples among 16 polished samples contains sphalerite, chalcopyrite and galena, indicating these minerals may be related with gold mineralization. Acanthite is identified in two samples form MJIE-P2 adjacent to pyrite grains. The gangue and alteration minerals in and adjacent to veins are quartz, calcite, sericite, chlorite and mixed-layer minerals. The study of fluid inclusions in quartz or calcite veins show the homogenization temperatures of about 200 °C and salinities are low. Therefore, it is concluded that epithermal mineralization occurs widely, mainly in the northern part. The quartz veins in the northern extension of the vein that intercepted by two holes should be given higher priority. Also the zones on both eastern and western sides of the above two zones are also important targets and drilling should be carried out. Also the zones on both eastern and western sides of the above two zones are also important targets and drilling should be carried out.

(5) Ponorogo South District

A prominent copper mineralization zone was identified in the Nepo sub-district. The two outcrops in the Salak River and the upstream of the main Nepo River appear to be in one mineralized zone. The mineralization occurs as quartz vein or silicified vein with chalcopyrite and minor amount of galena. The width of the vein is 1.1 to 1.5 m and the veining zone is expected to continue about 2 km between the two outcrops. Existence of quartz veins are anticipated in the silicified zones in the footwall side and/or northward extension of the Salak River. The deeper zones near the barren quartz veins along the Nepo River should also be investigated.

Further, other geochemical anomay districts are left for the next step survey: 5 districts of Selogiri district, Sentul East district, Purwodadi district, K. Jinggring district, Seweden East identified by phase 2 geochemical survey and 5 districts of Lorok, Nawangan, Pacitan, and Purwoharjo were extracted after integrated analysis for the next-step survey.

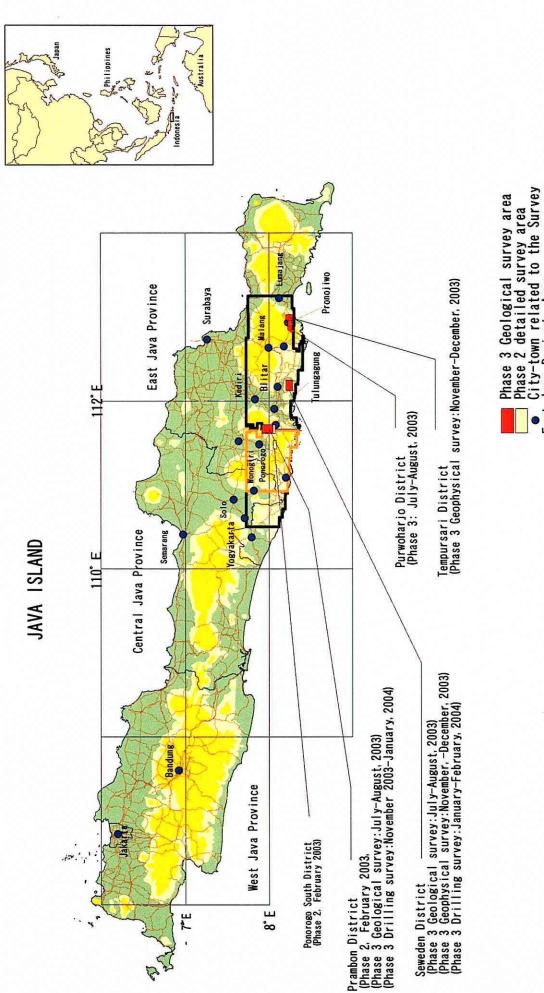
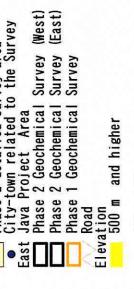


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500 km

300

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