Appendices

Appendix 1: Handbook of Textbook Analysis for Developing Digital Self-Learning Materials

Objectives

A textbook has a hierarchical structure containing chapters, sections, which in turn have content comprising concepts, rules, definitions and exercises. Textbook analysis¹ seeks to clarify the educational aims and objectives of each Chapter, Section, and Content & Activity of a textbook, and to set out the relevant content in a form for ease of digitization.

The objectives are different for each stage of the textbook hierarchy as illustrated below:



Method of Analysis

During the process of textbook analysis, 'analysis sheets' are developed for each objective described above. The first sheet will provide information on the Chapter and an overview of the goals and materials.

¹ The term 'curriculum analysis' is widely used and refers to a comprehensive approach. However, the term 'textbook analysis' is used in this study as the main analysis focuses solely on the textbook. Notwithstanding, supplemental materials were also analyzed to enrich digitized material.

For the analysis sheet relating to Terminal Objective, several items are described depending on the volume of each section. For the identified Enabling Objectives, the contents of the textbook are further analyzed and sheets are prepared and classified according to:

- Description of teaching contents
- Examples: Exercise & Quiz
- Concept/terminology
- Supplemental materials (workbooks, reference books, etc)

Steps to Develop Textbook Analysis Sheet Step 1: Determine Identification Number

An Identification Number (ID, Code Number) should be determined for the clear classification in each item. Any notation (sign or symbol) can be adopted to classify each item. In this analysis, the following symbols and numbers are used:

- 1) Material ID: OPM (for Chapter 9, OMW for Chapter 10)
- 2) Terminal Objectives ID: OPM-S#-TO## (S#: Section Number)
- 3) Enabling Objectives ID: OPM-S#-TO##-EO%
- 4) Exercise ID: OPM-S#-TO##-EX&
- 5) T-L ID: OPM-S#-TO##-TL¥
- 6) CT ID: OPM-S#-TO##-CT@* #, %, &, ¥,@: Arabic number

Step 2: Identify Objectives and Goals

The teaching objectives/goal in each level (Chapter / Section / Content and Activity) should be clarified so that digitized material can be developed effectively for both input and outcome.

- Chapter: Course Objective/ Goal
- Section: Terminal Objectives
- Content and Activity: Enabling Objectives

Step 3: Analyze Textbook Contents

Textbook contents should be itemized according to the following categories under each enabling objective. An analysis sheet should be developed for each category:

- A: Teaching contents (Concept, Law, Formula, Experiment, others)
- B: Examples: Exercise & Quiz
- C: Concept/terminology
- D: Supplemental materials (workbooks, reference book, etc)

Pilot Test

Two chapters of a Physics textbook used in Grade 11, and having a two-month duration of instruction, were piloted as digital self-learning materials in February and March 2003. The following appendices provide sample analysis sheets based on the results of the pilot Textbook Analysis.

List of Analyzed Items in Textbook Analysis

(Chapter 9: Optical Properties with Matter List of Objectives)

Sector Objectives		Terminal Objectives		Enabling Objectives	
	The goal of the chapter is			OPM-S1-TO1-EO1	To explain the meaning of light.
	to ensure that students		To explain the interaction of light to matter	OPM-S1-TO1-EO2	To remember the properties of light.
	properties of materials, and master the following			OPM-S1-TO1-EO3	To practically classify samples of materials in terms of transmission of light, filtration, transparency, etc.
	concepts:			OPM-S1-TO1-EO4	To relate thickness of material to its transparency of light.
	 transmission medium, transparent material 			OPM-S1-TO1-EO5	To explain the meaning of reflection.
	refraction,			OPM-S1-TO1-EO6	To explain the meaning of incident angle.
	- virtual images,	-T01		OPM-S1-TO1-EO7	To explain the meaning of reflected angle.
MAO	 diopeter. focal length 	OPM-S1-		OPM-S1-TO1-EO8	To define the two laws of reflection.
	 Dispersion, spectroscope 			OPM-S1-TO1-EO9	To discriminate between uniform reflection and non-uniform reflection.
	- farsightednes			OPM-S1-TO1-EO10	To understand the concept of energy.
	- near sightedness.			OPM-S1-TO1-EO11	To understand the relationship between incident energy and transmitted, absorbed, and reflected energy.
				OPM-S1-TO1-EO12	To understand the working principle of the photometer.
				OPM-S1-TO1-EO13	To solve problems using laws and relations.
				OPM-S1-TO1-EO14	To provide examples on the conversion of light energy to other forms when it is absorbed.

Sector Objectives		Terminal Objectives		Enabling Objectives		
	The goal of the chapter			OPM-S2-TO1-EO1	To solve different types of problems utilizing Snell's law.	
	is to ensure that students understand the optical	2-T01	To understand dispersion	OPM-S2-TO1-EO2	To state the conditions for deriving the angle of minimum deviation in a prism.	
	and master the		of light by a prism	OPM-S2-TO1-EO3	To solve various problems relating to the prism	
	following concepts:	OPI	-	OPM-S2-TO1-EO4	To state the colors which constitute white light.	
	 Transmission medium, Transparent 			OPM-S2-TO1-EO5	To explain the analysis of light dispersed by a prism.	
OPM			To understand the refraction of light by a prism	OPM-S2-TO2-EO1	To explain refraction.	
	material,			OPM-S2-TO2-EO2	To define the coefficient of refraction.	
	- Refraction,	Γ02		OPM-S2-TO2-EO3	To define the angle of minimum deviation.	
	- diopeter.	M-S2-7		OPM-S2-TO2-EO4	To explain the (incidental) refraction phenomena of light depending on varying speed of light.	
	 Focal length, Dispersion, Spectroscope 	OP		OPM-S2-TO2-EO5	To calculate the speed of light in different media with different coefficients of refraction.	
	 Specifoscope, Farsightedness. 			OPM-S2-TO2-EO6	To state the two laws of refraction.	
-	- Near sightedness	3	To understand reflection	OPM-S2-TO3-EO1	To state the equation of refraction by spherical refraction plane.	
		-S2-TO		OPM-S2-TO3-EO2	To solve numerical problems on refraction by spherical refraction plane.	
		OPM	by two spherical planes	OPM-S2-TO3-EO3	To state the conditions for no refraction when light passes through two different media	

Sector Objectives		Terminal Objectives		Enabling Objectives		
OPM	The goal of the chapter is to ensure that students			OPM-S3-TO3-EO1	By practical work, to calculate the focal length of a convex lens.	
	understand the optical properties of materials, and master the following concepts: - Transmission	OPM-S3-TO3	To solve question on the equation of lens maker as a thin lens.	OPM-S3-TO3-EO2	To calculate the focal length of a concave lens.	
				OPM-S3-TO3-EO3	To solve numerous exercises on the general law of lenses.	
				OPM-S3-TO3-EO4	To appreciate the efforts of scientists in utilizing lenses in human civilization.	
	medium,			OPM-S3-TO3-EO5	To derive the equation of lens-makers for thin lenses.	
	- Transparent material,			OPM-S3-TO3-EO6	To solve numerous problems using the lens-maker's equation.	
	- Refraction,		To understand how to measure the focal length of Lenses.	OPM-S3-TO4-EO1	To understand the concept of dioptric power of a lens.	
	- Virtual images,	M-S3-T04		OPM-S3-TO4-EO2	To understand the concept of diopter.	
	- Diopeter.			OPM-S3-TO4-EO3	To calculate dioptric power of several lenses.	
	- Dispersion,			OPM-S3-TO4-EO4	To be able to numerate defects in vision.	
	- Spectroscope,			OPM-S3-TO4-EO5	To explain the method used to correct farsightedness.	
	- Farsightedness,			OPM-S2-TO4-EO6	To explain the reason for farsightedness.	
	- Near sightedness	OF		OPM-S3-TO4-EO7	To explain the reason for near sightedness (myopia).	
				OPM-S3-TO4-EO8	To explain the method used to correct myopia.	
				OPM-S3-TO4-EO9	To explain the concept behind a contact lens.	
				OPM-S3-TO4-EO10	To solve several exercises related to correction of defects in vision.	

T-L Contents ID :	T-L Contents Title :			
OPM-S1-To1-TL1	To define light.			
OPM-S1-To1-TL2	To state the properties of light			
OPM-S1-To1-TL3	To classify examples of materials to demonstrate transmission of light filtration, transparency, etc.			
OPM-S1-To1-TL4	To relate the thickness of material and its transparency to light			
OPM-S1-To1-TL5	To define the meaning of reflection			
OPM-S1-To1-TL6	To explain the interaction of light with matter			
OPM-S1-To1-TL7	To define the angle of reflection			
OPM-S1-To1-TL8	To state the two laws relating to the angle of reflection			
OPM-S1-To1-TL9	To differentiate between uniform (specular) and non-uniform (diffuse) reflection.			
OPM-S1-To1-TL10	To state the law of conservation of energy			
OPM-S1-To1-TL11	To explain the relationship between incident energy, and transmitted, absorbed, and reflected energies.			
OPM-S1-To1-TL12 To explain the principle for the functioning of a photometer				
OPM-S1-To1-TL14	To provide examples on the conversion of light energy to other forms of energy when it is absorbed			
OPM-S2-To1-TL1	To state the condition that determines the occurrence of minimum deviation in a prism			
OPM-S2-To1-TL2	To state the colors comprising white light			
OPM-S2-To1-TL3	To explain the dispersion of light by a prism			
OPM-S2-To2-TL1	To explain the concept of refraction angle			
OPM-S2-To2-TL2	To explain the meaning of the coefficient of refraction.			
OPM-S2-To2-TL3	To explain the meaning of angle of minimum deviation			
OPM-S2-To2-TL4	To explain the refraction of light based on varying speeds of light.			

List of Teaching-learning Contents

T-L Contents ID :	T-L Contents Title :			
OPM-S2-To2-TL5	To state the two laws of refraction			
OPM-S2-To3-TL1	To state the equation of refraction by a spherical plane.			
OPM-S2-To3-TL2	To state the conditions that determine the absence of refraction when light goes between two media			
OPM-S3-To1-TL1	To define what is meant by a lens.			
OPM-S3-To1-TL2	To classify lenses into convex and concave lenses.			
OPM-S3-To1-TL3 To diagrammatically clarify concepts relating to a lens: center of curvature, principal axis, vertex of a lens, plane, optical center, first focal point, second focal point, focal length, real image, virtual image, real object				
OPM-S3-To1-TL4	To determine the behavior of rays incident on a convex lens after being refracted for three special cases.			
OPM-S3-To1-TL5	To explain the way a lens works modeled as connected pieces of prism.			
OPM-S3-To2-TL1	To distinguish the properties of images formed by a convex lens at various distances from the lens.			
OPM-S3-To2-TL2	To define the concept of a thin lens			
OPM-S3-To2-TL3	To obtain the general law of lenses.			
OPM-S3-To2-TL1	To understand the meaning of linear magnification			
OPM-S3-To2-Eo5	To mention the properties of images by lenses			
OPM-S3-To2-TL6	To mention the sign convention to be followed in applying the general law of lenses			
OPM-S3-To3-TL1	To derive the lens-maker equation for thin lenses.			
OPM-S3-To4-TL1	To understand the concept of dioptric power of a lens			
OPM-S3-To4-TL2	To evaluate some defects of vision			
OPM-S3-To4-TL3	To explain the methods used to correct defects of vision			

List of Exercise and Quiz						
Exercise ID :	Exercise Title :					
OPM – S1-TO1-EX1	Define transparent materials					
OPM – S2-TO1-EX1	Define deviation angle					
OPM – S2-TO1-EX2	Calculate the index of refraction, displacement, virtual distance (I)					
OPM – S2-TO1-EX3	Calculate the index of refraction, displacement, virtual distance (II)					
OPM – S2-TO1-EX4	Calculate the index of refraction, displacement, virtual distance (III)					
OPM – S2-TO2-EX1	Explain or give a practical method on how to measure integer, minimum angle					
OPM – S2-TO2-EX2	Calculate deviated angle, index of refraction, minimum deviation angle					
OPM – S2-TO2-EX3	Calculate deviated angle, index of refraction, minimum deviation angle (I)					
OPM – S2-TO2-EX4	Calculate deviated angle, index of refraction, minimum deviation angle (II)					
OPM-S2-TO3-EX1	Calculate the focal length and distance of the image					
OPM- S3-TO2-EX1	Define terminology					
OPM- S3-TO3-EX1	Explain or state the procedure for measuring coefficient (f.r)					
OPM- S3-TO3-EX2	Calculate the distance of the image, magnification and focal length (I)					
OPM- S3-TO3-EX3	Calculate the distance of the image, magnification and focal length (II)					
OPM- S3-TO3-EX4	Calculate the distance of the image, magnification and focal length (III)					
OPM- S3-TO4-EX1	Explain or give a reasons for some phenomena related to the application of lens					
OPM- S3-TO4-EX2	Calculate the dioptric of lenses, and explain the defects of eyes (I)					
OPM- S3-TO4-EX3	Calculate the dioptric of lenses, and explain the defects of eyes (II)					

ID Concept / Terminology :	Concept / Terminology Title :
OPM-S1-To1-CT1	Reflection
OPM-S1-To1-CT2	Transmission
OPM-S1-To1-CT3	Absorption
OPM-S1-To1-CT4	Diffuse reflection
OPM-S1-To1-CT5	Specular reflection
OPM-S1-To1-CT6	Reflection coefficient.
OPM-S1-To1-CT7	Law of reflection
OPM-S1-To1- CT8	Transmission coefficient
OPM-S1-To1- CT9	Absorption coefficient
OPM-S1-To1- CT10	Incident light energy
OPM-S2-To2- CT1	Refraction
OPM-S2-To2- CT2	Angle of refraction
OPM-S2-To2-CT3	Angle of deviation
OPM-S2-To2-CT4	Snell's law
OPM-S3-To1-CT1	Lens
OPM-S3-To1-CT2	Convex lens
OPM-S3-To1-CT3	Concave lens
OPM-S3-To1-CT4	Concepts relating to the lens (Center of curvature)
OPM-S3-To1-CT5	Concepts relating to the lens (Principal axis)
OPM-S3-To1-CT6	Concepts relating to the lens (Lens vertex)

ID Concept / Terminology :	Concept / Terminology Title :
OPM-S3-To1-CT7	Concepts relating to the lens (Principal plane)
OPM-S3-To1-CT8	Concepts relating to the lens (Optical center)
OPM-S3-To1-CT9	Concepts relating to the lens (First focal point)
OPM-S3-To1-CT10	Concepts relating to the lens (Second focal point)
OPM-S3-To1-CT11	Concepts relating to the lens (Focal length)
OPM-S3-To2-CT1	Real image
OPM-S3-To2-CT2	Virtual object
OPM-S3-To2-CT3	Thin lens I
OPM-S3-To2-CT4	Thin lens II
OPM-S3-To2-CT5	Linear magnification
OPM-S3-To4- CT1	Dioptric power of a lens
OPM-S3-To4-CT2	Diopter
OPM-S3-To4-CT3	Contact lens

	Title of Related Supplemental Materials			
1	Contents, Questions, and Applications about light			
2	Animation and Simulations about light			
3	Experiments about Light			

Chapter 10 Oscillatory Motion and Waves

List of Objectives

	Sector Objectives		erminal Objectives		Enabling Objectives
	The goal of the chapter is to make students understand	r	To understand Simple Harmonic Motion	OMW-S1-TO1-EO1	To understand how to determine the shape of trajectories traversed by a moving object.
	these properties, then master			OMW-S1-TO1-EO2	To understand the concept of periodic motion.
	wave displacement,			OMW-S1-TO1-EO3	To understand the concept of oscillatory motion.
	amplitude, period time, frequency, restoring force			OMW-S1-TO1-EO4	To understand the concept of simple harmonic motion.
	simple pendulum, wave			OMW-S1-TO1-EO5	To conduct an experiment that demonstrates the concept of simple harmonic motion.
	harmonic motion, simple			OMW-S1-TO1-EO6	To understand the concept of a complete oscillation.
	harmonic motion, reflection	Simple Harmonic Motion		OMW-S1-TO1-EO7	To be able to represent simple harmonic motion on a Cartesian graph.
1W	Transverse waves, interference of waves,			OMW-S1-TO1-EO8	To understand the concepts related to simple harmonic motion: (period, frequency, amplitude of oscillation).
ON	standing waves, diffraction of waves, polarization of light,			OMW-S1-TO1-EO9	To be able to determine the forces that affect the motion of a simple pendulum.
	refraction waves, constructive phase, stand waves, resonance, first harmonic mechanical wave, electro-magnetic wave, compression, expansion, white and dark fringes, coherent, incoherent.			OMW-S1-TO1-EO10	To derive the relationship that defines the frequency and period of a simple pendulum.
				OMW-S1-TO1-EO11	To solve several exercises using the equations of a simple pendulum.
				OMW-S1-TO1-EO12	To be able to experimentally determine the acceleration due to Earth's gravity using a simple pendulum.
			OMW-S1-TO1-EO13	To understand the relationship between uniform circular motion and simple harmonic motion.	
				OMW-S1-TO1-EO14	To be able to define the general equation for simple harmonic motion.
				OMW-S1-TO1-EO15	To solve varied exercises using the general equation of simple harmonic motion.

	Sector Objectives		erminal Objectives	Enabling Objectives	
	The goal of the chapter is to	2-	To understand Oscillatory Motion	OMW-S2-TO1-EO1	To explain the concept of wave motion.
	make students understand these properties, then master the following concepts:	S-WMO		OMW-S2-TO1-EO2	To be able to describe, with an experiment, the motion of the particles of a medium as a result of the propagation of a wave through it. For example: waves in water or from a length of rope.
	wave displacement, amplitude, period time.			OMW-S3-TO1-EO1	To be able to classify waves according to their nature.
OMW	frequency, restoring force, simple pendulum, wave length, longitudinal waves, harmonic motion, simple harmonic motion, reflection waves, ripple tank. Transverse waves, interference of waves, standing waves, diffraction of waves, polarization of light, refraction waves, constructive phase, stand waves, resonance, first harmonic mechanical wave, electro-magnetic wave,	OMW-S3-T01	To understand Types Of Waves	OMW-S3-TO1-EO2	To be able to classify waves according to the direction of oscillation of the particles of the medium relative to the direction of wave propagation.
				OMW-S3-TO1-EO3	To understand the concept of longitudinal and transverse waves.
				OMW-S3-TO1-EO4	To be able to practically derive the mathematical relation between wave velocity, wave-length, and frequency.
		OMW-S4-T01	To understand Properties Of Waves	OMW-S4-TO1-EO1	To be able to determine the properties of waves.
				OMW-S4-TO1-EO2	Using the ripple tank, to experimentally deduce that reflection, refraction, interference and diffraction are all properties of waves on the surface of water (mechanical waves).
				OMW-S4-TO1-EO3	To verify Huygens' Principle.
				OMW-S4-TO1-EO4	To use Huygens Principle to explain properties of mechanical waves: (reflection, refraction, interference, and diffraction).
	white and dark fringes,			OMW-S4-TO1-EO5	To learn the concept of linear superposition.
	coherent, incoherent.			OMW-S4-TO1-EO6	To understand the concept of interference.

Sector Objectives		Terminal Objectives		Enabling Objectives	
OMW	The goal of the chapter is to make students understand	OMW-S4-T01	To understand Properties Of Waves (Cont.)	OMW-S4-TO1-EO7	To distinguish between the two types of interference (constructive, and destructive).
	these properties, then master the following concepts: wave displacement, amplitude, period time, frequency, restoring force, simple pendulum, wave length, longitudinal waves, harmonic motion simple			OMW-S4-TO1-EO8	To be able to understand the concepts of: node, nodal line, and phase difference.
				OMW-S4-TO1-EO9	To learn the conditions under which interference is constructive.
				OMW-S4-TO1-EO10	To learn the conditions under which interference is destructive.
	harmonic motion, reflection waves, ripple tank. Transverse waves, interference of waves, standing waves, diffraction of waves, polarization of light, refraction waves, constructive phase, stand waves, resonance, first harmonic mechanical wave, electro-magnetic wave, compression, expansion, white and dark fringes, coherent, incoherent.	OMW-S5-T01	To understand Stationary (Standing)	OMW-S5-TO1-EO1	To understand the concept of a standing wave.
				OMW-S5-TO1-EO2	To explain the process of formation of standing waves on a rope.
				OMW-S5-TO1-EO3	To understand the concepts of node and anti-node in a standing wave.
				OMW-S5-TO1-EO4	To be able to derive the relation between the length of a tight string and the wave-length of the standing waves that can form on it.
				OMW-S5-TO1-EO5	To understand the concept of resonance.
				OMW-S5-TO1-EO6	To solve various exercises.

Sector Objectives Termi		erminal Objectives	Enabling Objectives		
	The goal of the chapter is to make students understand these properties, then master the following concepts:		To explain Interference Of Light Waves	OMW-S6-TO1-EO1	To explain how an interference fringe is formed.
	wave displacement, amplitude, period time, frequency, restoring force, simple pendulum, wave length, longitudinal waves, harmonic motion, simple harmonic motion, reflection waves, ripple tank. Transverse waves, interference of waves, standing waves, diffraction of waves, polarization of light, refraction waves, constructive phase, stand waves, resonance, first harmonic mechanical wave, electro-magnetic wave, compression, expansion,	IOL-9S-MMO		OMW-S6-TO1-EO2	To be able to appreciate the efforts of the scientist, Young.
				OMW-S6-TO1-EO3	To obtain the mathematical relation that determines the conditions under which constructive or destructive interference occurs in Young's double-slit experiment.
l				OMW-S6-TO1-EO4	To enumerate the factors that determines the width of a fringe.
				OMW-S6-TO1-EO5	To recognize everyday phenomena where interference occurs.
Δ			OMW-S6-TO1-EO6	To understand the significance of coherence in superimposed waves.	
OMW				OMW-S6-TO1-EO7	To solve numerical exercises on the interference of light diffracted by two slits.
		To understand Diffraction Of Waves	To understand	OMW-S7-TO1-EO1	To be able to explain how diffraction occurs.
			OMW-S7-TO1-EO2	To mention the condition that determines the occurrence of clearest diffraction in a ripple tank.	
	white and dark fringes, coherent, incoherent.	To understand 0 Diffraction Light 0 Of Wayes	OMW-S8-TO1-EO1	To explain the appearance of bright lines and dark lines in the single-slit experiment.	
		MW-S8-7	-82-MMQ	OMW-S8-TO1-EO2	To be able to conclude the conditions that determine the occurrence of constructive interference or destructive interference in the case of light waves diffracted by a single-slit.
		0		OMW-S8-TO1-EO3	To solve several exercises on the law of diffraction.

Sector Objectives		Terminal Objectives		Enabling Objectives		
OMW	The goal of the chapter is to make students understand these properties, then master	o er OMW-S9-TOI	To explain Polarization / Polarization Of Waves	OMW-S9-TO1-EO1	To understand the concept of polarization.	
	the following concepts: wave displacement, amplitude, period time, frequency, restoring force, simple pendulum, wave length, longitudinal waves, harmonic motion, simple harmonic motion, reflection waves, ripple tank. Transverse waves, interference of waves, standing waves, diffraction of waves, polarization of light, refraction waves, constructive phase, stand waves, resonance, first harmonic mechanical wave, electro-magnetic wave, compression, expansion, white and dark fringes, coherent, incoherent.			OMW-S9-TO1-EO2	To be able to demonstrate experimentally the significance of polarization in distinguishing between longitudinal and transverse waves.	
				OMW-S9-TO1-EO3	To understand the concepts: polarizer, analyzer, and plane of polarization.	
				OMW-S9-TO1-EO4	To understand the function of an analyzer and a polarizer in the polarization of light experiment.	
		DMW-S9-T02	To explain Polarization / Polarization By Reflection	OMW-S9-TO2-EO1	To understand the principle behind sun-glasses.	
				OMW-S9-TO2-EO2	To understand the concept of Brewster angle.	
		-		OMW-S9-TO2-EO3	To solve various problems using the relationship $n = \tan \theta_B$	

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T-L Contents ID :	T-L Contents Title :
OMW-S1-To1-TL1	To determine the shapes of trajectories traversed by a moving object
OMW-S1-To1-TL2	To define the concept of periodic motion
OMW-S1-To1-TL3	To define the concept of oscillatory motion
OMW-S1-To1-TL4	To define the concept of simple harmonic motion
OMW-S1-To1-TL5	To define the concept of a complete oscillation
OMW-S1-To1-TL6	To represent simple harmonic motion on a Cartesian graph
OMW-S1-To1-TL7	To define the concepts related to simple harmonic motion: period, frequency, and amplitude of oscillation
OMW-S1-To1-TL8	To determine the forces that affect the motion of a simple harmonic pendulum
OMW-S1-To1-TL9	To derive the relationship that defines the frequency and period of a simple pendulum
OMW-S1-To1-TL10	To define the relationship between uniform circular motion and simple harmonic motion
OMW-S1-To1-TL11	To state the general equation for simple harmonic motion.
OMW-S2-To1-TL1	To define the concept of wave motion.
OMW-S3-To1-TL1	To classify waves according to their nature
OMW-S3-To1-TL2	To classify waves according to the direction of oscillation of the particles of the medium relative to the direction of wave propagation.
OMW-S3-To1-TL3	To define the concepts of longitudinal waves and transverse waves
OMW-S3-To1-TL4	To practically reach the mathematical relationship between wave velocity, wavelength and frequency.
OMW-S4-To1-TL1	To determine the properties of waves.
OMW-S4-To1-TL2	To verify Huygens' Principle
OMW-S4-To1-TL3	To state the concept of linear superposition

T-L Contents ID :	T-L Contents Title :
OMW-S4-To1-TL4	To define the concept of interference
OMW-S4-To1-TL5	To distinguish between the two types of interference.
OMW-S4-To1-TL6	To define the concepts of: node, nodal line, and phase difference
OMW-S4-To1-TL7	To understand the conditions under which interference is constructive
OMW-S4-To1-TL8	To understand the conditions under which interference is destructive
OMW-S5-To1-TL1	To define the concept of the standing wave
OMW-S5-To1-TL2	To explain the process of formation of a standing wave on a length of rope
OMW-S5-To1-TL3	To define the concepts of node and anti-node in a standing wave
OMW-S5-To1-TL4	To derive the relationship between the length of taut rope and the wavelength of standing waves that can be formed on it
OMW-S5-To1-TL5	To define the concept of resonance
OMW-S6-To1-TL1	To explain how an interference fringe is formed
OMW-S6-To1-TL2	To obtain the mathematical relationship that determines the conditions under which constructive or destructive interference occurs in Young's double-slit experiment
OMW-S6-To1-TL3	To recognize everyday phenomena where interference occurs
OMW-S6-To1-TL4	To understand the significance of coherence in superimposed waves.
OMW-S7-To1-TL1	To explain how diffraction occurs
OMW-S7-To1-TL2	To state the condition that determines the occurrence of the clearest diffraction in a ripple-tank
OMW-S8-To2-TL1	To understand the condition that determines the occurrence of constructive interference, or destructive interference in the case of light wave diffracted by a single-slit.
OMW-S9-To1-TL1	To define the concept of polarization
OMW-S9-To1-TL2	To understand the concepts of: polarizer, analyzer, and plane of polarization
OMW-S9-To1-TL3	To understand the function of an analyzer and a polarizer in the polarization of light experiment.

T-L Contents ID :	T-L Contents Title :
OMW-S9-To2-TL1	To understand the principle behind sun-glasses
OMW-S9-To2-TL2	To define the concept of Brewster's angle.

List of Exercises and Quiz

Exercise ID :	Exercise Title :
OMW- S1-TO1- EX1	Calculate some variables related to the general formula of the wave equation
OMW-S1-TO1- EX2	Calculate some variables related to the general formula of the wave equation
OMW-S1-TO1-EX3	Define terminology
OMW-S3-TO1-EX1	Discriminate between longitudinal waves and transfer waves
OMW-S3-TO1-EX2	Discriminate between longitudinal waves and transfer waves
OMW-S3-TO1-EX3	Calculate the shortest and longest wave length transmitted by satellite
OMW- S4-TO1_EX1	Explain how the front of the wave changes
OMW- S4-TO1-EX2	Calculate the maximum angle of incident ray to pass through a prism to its second face
OMW-S4-TO1-Ex3	Define terminology
OMW-S4-TO1-EX4	Explain the changes to a wave when it enters different media
OMW – S5-TO1- EX 1	Calculate the wave length interference wave
OMW-S5-TO1-EX2	Calculate the wave length interference wave
OMW-S7-TO1-EX1	Define diffraction
OMW-S8-TO1-EX1	Explain the width of slit, and the shape of the diffracted wave after entering the slit
OMW-S8-TO1-EX2	Calculate the relationship between the wave length and the interference
OMW-S9-TO!- EX1	Discriminate between analysis and the polarizer

List of Concept / Terminology

ID Concept / Terminology :	Concept / Terminology Title :
OMW-S1-To1-CT1	Periodic motion
OMW-S1-To1-CT2	Oscillatory motion
OMW-S1-To1-CT3	Simple harmonic motion.
OMW-S1-To1-CT4	Complete oscillation
OMW-S1-To1-CT5	Amplitude of oscillation.
OMW-S1-To1-CT6	Period
OMW-S1-To1-CT7	Frequency.
OMW-S1-To1-CT8	Restoring force
OMW-S2-To1-CT1	Wave.
OMW-S2-To1-CT2	Wave motion
OMW-S3-To1-CT1	Mechanical wave
OMW-S3-To1-CT2	Electromagnetic wave.
OMW-S3-To1-CT3	Longitudinal wave
OMW-S3-To1-CT4	Transverse wave
OMW-S3-To1- CT5	Wavelength
OMW-S4-To1- CT1	Huygens' principle
OMW-S4-To1- CT2	Principle of linear superposition.
OMW-S4-To1-CT3	Interference of waves

ID Concept / Terminology :	Concept / Terminology Title :
OMW-S4-To1- CT4	Node
OMW-S4-To1-CT5	Nodal line
OMW-S5-To1- CT1	Standing wave
OMW-S5-To1-CT2	Loop.
OMW-S5-To1- CT3	Anti-node
OMW-S5-To1- CT	Fundamental frequency.
OMW-S5-To1-CT5	Resonance.
OMW-S6-To1-CT1	Fringe
OMW-S6-To1-CT2	Two coherent sources
OMW-S7-To1- CT1	Diffraction
OMW-S9-To1CT1	Polarization
OMW-S9-To1-CT2	Plane of polarization.

List of Related Supplemental Materials

	Title of Related Supplemental Materials
1	Contents, Questions, and Applications about light
2	Animation and Simulations about light
3	Experiments about Light

Appendix 2: Table of Contents of Physics Textbook

<First semester> September to February

2.1 Unit I: M	echanics
Chapter 1:	Vectors
Chapter 2:	Mechanical Equilibrium
Chapter 3:	Type of Motion (Motion along straight line, & motion in a plane)
Chapter 4:	Newton's Laws of Motion
Chapter 5:	Work & Energy
Chapter 6:	Impulse & Momentum

<Second Semester> February to June

2.2 Unit II: Properties of matter

Chapter 8: Thermal Properties of Matter (12 lessons)

Chapter 9: Optical properties with Matter (12 lessons)*

2.3 Unit III: Wave and Oscillation

Chapter 10: Oscillatory Motion and Waves (12 lessons)*

* Two chapters selected for piloting:

3 lessons per week for Physics Subject in school

Appendix 3: Sample of Textbook Analysis Sheet



	Title: : Terminal Objectives	Material ID : OI	PM			
and goals within	Subject : Physics					
the section	Chapter Title : Optical properties with matter,					
Describe all contents to be included from the section	Terminal Objectives : To understand the interaction	n of light to matte	er			
	Terminal Objectives ID : OPM-TO1					
	Classification : [x] understand concept [x] solve and operate [x] attitude change					
	 Content descriptions of Terminal Objectives : Refraction of light using prism Spectrum Phenomenon Lens and focal point Far-sighted vs short-sighted and remedial mea 	sures	Check all items dealing with in the section			
	Terminal Objectives : .					
	Terminal Objectives ID :					
	Classification : [] understand concept [] solve and operate [] attitude change					
	Content descriptions of Terminal Objectives :					
If the section	Terminal Objectives :					
than one objective they	Terminal Objectives ID :					
should be	Classification : [] understand concept [] solve and operate [] attitude change					
separately	Content descriptions of Terminal Objectives :					
	Terminal Objectives :					
	Terminal Objectives ID :					
	Classification : [] understand concept [] solve and operate [] attitude change					
	Content descriptions of Terminal Objectives :					
	Terminal Objectives :					
	Terminal Objectives ID :					
	Classification : [] understand concept [] solve and	d operate [] attitu	de change			
	Content descriptions of Terminal Objectives :					

Textbook Analysis Sheet (for Physics) : Terminal Objectives

Textbook Analysis Sheet (for Physics) Enabling Objectives

	Title : Enabling Object	tives	Material ID : OPM		Subject : Physics	Chapter Title : Optical properties with matter
	Terminal Objective: To	understand the	e interaction of light with matt	er		Terminal Objective ID : OPM-TO1
	Enabling Objectives ID :	Enabling Obj	ectives/ Content Descriptions	of Enat	oling Objectives :	Classification :
	OPM-TO1-EO1	To understand	the concepts and terminolog	y in the	Chapter	[x] Understand concept []solve and operate [] attitude change
Separately describe which contents and	O1-EO2	To calculate b	asic numerical problems	Chec	sk how	erate [] attitude change
activities students are expected to undertake in	РМ-ТО1-ЕО3	To recognize	matter optically	appro attair objec	back after back after bing the ctive.	[] Understand concept [x]solve and operate [x] attitude change
the section.						[] Understand concept []solve and operate [] attitude change
						[] Understand concept []solve and operate [] attitude change

Textbook Analysis Sheet (for Physics) Exercise and Quiz

Title: : Exercise and Quiz	Material ID : OPM	Subject : Physics	Chapter Title : Optical properties with matter			
Terminal Objectives Title : To unders	tand the interaction of light to matter		Terminal Objectives ID : OPM-S1-TO1			
Enabling Objectives ID : OPM-S1-TO1/EO12						
Exercise ID : OPM-S1-TO1-EX1	Expected Time : 5 min.	Classification: [x] Practice [] drill • re	view [x] test [] supplementary test			
Exercise Title : Index of refraction of	prism					
Classification [] Interview [] descri	ptive explanation [x] calculation []blank filling [] multiple choice [] n	natching [] operational [] others			
Related Material ID :		Difficulty [] difficult [] average [x] easy				
Exercise description : Calculate the index of refraction minimum angle of polarization =40 Describe all exer test items in the separate sheet for describe summa they are, such an	of prism, if angle of vertex=60, rcises, quizzes, drills and section and use a or each item. You can ry or just write down here s P234 of textbook	solution : <a=60, <h="40<br">$m1 \times sin (A+H)/2 = m2 \times sin (A/2)$ $1 \times sin 50 = m2 \times sin 30$ $1 \times 0.766 = m2 \times 0.500$ m2=1.532Ans. Instructional remarks :</a=60,>	Alternatively, state the reference of the solution, such as 'see page 233'.			

	Title: : Exercise List	Material ID :	Subject : Physics	Chapter Title : Optical properties with matter
	Terminal Objectives Title	: To understand the interaction of light w	ith matter	Terminal Objectives ID :
Exercise ID :		Exercise Title :		Classification :
	OPM-S1-TO1-EX1	Index of refraction of prism		[x] Practice [] drill • review [x] test [] supplementary test
		(List Exercise & quiz as many as poss	sible)	[] Practice [] drill • review [] test [] supplementary test
Make a list				[] Practice [] drill • review [] test [] supplementary test
Make from sheet Exer	a list all ss of cise			[] Practice [] drill • review [] test [] supplementary test
and	Quiz			[] Practice [] drill • review [] test [] supplementary test
				[] Practice [] drill • review [] test [] supplementary test
				[] Practice [] drill • review [] test [] supplementary test

Textbook Analysis Sheet (for Physics) Exercise and Quiz List

Textbook Analysis Sheet (for Physics) Teaching-learning Contents

Title: : Teaching-learning Contents	Material ID :	Subject : Physics	Chapter Title : Optical properties with matter				
Terminal Objectives Title : To underst	tand the interaction of light to matter		Terminal Objectives ID : OPM-S1-TO1				
Enabling Objectives ID : OPM-S1-TO1/EO11							
T-L ID : OPM-S1-TO1-TL1 Expected time : 10 min. Classification : [] example [x] rule/concept [] topic [] other							
T-L Title : Refraction of light in Prism							
T-L Classification [X] lecture [] experiment [X] observation [] discussion [] handout [] collaboration work [] exercise [] VCD etc							
Related Exercise ID :							
Description of T-L Contents :	Description of T-L Contents : Instructional remarks etc :						
When light is incident upon a prism, the	he light H	- Pr	- Present how the trace of light refracts on and inside the prism				
As the light exits the prism, the lig opposite face. Therefore, the to shown: H = The value of H is - angle of incidence, - wavelength of incident ray, index	ts in the section using tion and use a separate Either a summary can e reference noted e.g., of refraction	H2 H2 tra	raw the figure of a prism and explain how the figure of light refracts on and inside the prism. Write difficulties of students during teaching and any instruction for effective and efficient teaching.				

Title: : List of T-L Conter	nts Material ID : OPM	Subject : Physics	Chapter Title : Optical properties with matter
Terminal Objectives : To	understand the interaction	n of light to matter	Terminal Objectives ID: OPM-S1-TO1
Teaching-Learning ID :	T-L Title:		Style of Teaching-Learning
OPM-S1-TO1-TL1	Refraction of light in Pris	sm	[x] lecture [] experiment [x] observation [] discussion [] handout [] collaboration work [] quiz & exercise [] audio visual etc.
			[] lecture [] experiment [] observation [] discussion [] handout [] collaboration work [] quiz & exercise [] audio visual etc.
Make all she teachi	a list from eets of ng		[] lecture [] experiment [] observation [] discussion [] handout [] collaboration work [] quiz & exercise [] audio visual etc.
			[] lecture [] experiment [] observation [] discussion [] handout [] collaboration work [] quiz & exercise [] audio visual etc.
			[] lecture [] experiment [] observation [] discussion [] handout [] collaboration work [] quiz & exercise [] audio visual etc

Textbook Analysis Sheet (for Physics) : List of Teaching-learning Contents

Textbook Analysis Sheet (for Physics) Concept/terminology (CT)

	Title: Concept/terminology		Concept/terminology	Material ID: OPM	Subject: Phys	ics	Chapter titl matter.	e: Optic	al p	roperties	with
	Te	rmi	nal Objectives title: Interaction of			Terminal Ob	ectives II	D: OF	PM-S1-Tc	01	
Describ	e the		Objectives ID: OPM-S1-To1-F								
meaning or contents of concept or tarming or concept or tarming or Classification Others					Classification Others	n: [X] concept/theory [] terminology [] Formula [ula []	
	Transmission.										
	ĸ	.y w	ord. Transmission.								
	Co	onter	nts:			Remarks	:				
	Tra fro	ansr om t	nission is the motion of light (he first medium to the second m	when incident on the interface betwee hedium.	n two media)	Text for r	reading and a s	imple exe	rcise	c.	

	Title : CT List	Material ID : OPM	Subject : Physics	Chapter Title : Optical properties with matter
Make a list from all	Terminal Objectives Title :	To explain the interaction of light to	o matter	Terminal Objective ID : OPM – S1-TO1
terminology	CT ID :	CT Title :		Classification :
sheets.	OPM-S1-To1-CT1	Reflection.		[x] concept/theory [] terminology [] Formula [] Others
	OPM-S1-To1-CT2	Transmission		[x] concept/theory [] terminology [] Formula [] Others
Append	OPM-S1-To1-CT3	Absorption		[x] concept/theory [] terminology [] Formula [] Others
lix 3-9	OPM-S1-To1-CT4	Diffuse reflection		[x] concept/theory [] terminology [] Formula [] Others
	OPM-S1-To1-CT5	Specular reflection		[x] concept/theory [] terminology [] Formula [] Others
	OPM-S1-To1-CT6	Reflection coefficient.		[x] concept/theory [] terminology [] Formula [] Others
	OPM-S1-To1-CT7	Law of reflection		[x] concept/theory [] terminology [x] Formula [] Others
	OPM-S1-To1- CT8	Transmission coefficient		[x] concept/theory [] terminology [] Formula [] Others

Textbook Analysis Sheet (for Physics) Concept/Terminology List

Appendix 4: Design Form

1. Specification of Course

Title: : Specification of Course	Instruction Hours :
Physics in Grade 11	
Course title (Lesson title):	
Course ID(Lesson ID):	
Overview of Course:	
Overview of Teaching method:	
Target learners (needed skills)	
Method of providing (media) & developing tool an	nd software

2. Infrastructure	
Sheet name: Infrastructure (1)	PC & Server
Project name:	
School environment:	
Network(the Internet & intranet):	
[the Internet]	
Sarvar spaa:	
Server spec.	
[Software]	
Teacher's and student's PC spec:	
[Hardware]	
[Software]	

Infrastructure (2)		
Sheet name: Infrastructure (2)	Internet Layout	
Project name:		

Sheet name: Infrastructure (3)	PC class room			
Project name:	· · · ·			
3. Lesson List kSheet	Chapter title: Optical Properties of Matter	Chapter II	O OPM	
-----------------------	---	------------	---	----------------
Name: Lesson List				
Lesson ID:	Course title (Lesson title):	Time	Media	Method/Comment
			[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN []WBT-Internet	
			[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN []WBT-Internet	
			[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN []WBT-Internet	
			[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN []WBT-Internet	
			[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN []WBT-Internet	
			[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN [] WBT-Internet	

4. Common Layout				
Title: : Common Layout	Course title:		Course ID:Phy11(Sample)	

5. Framework & Cluster

Title: : Framework& Cluster	Course Name: Physics Grade 11	Course ID: PhyG11
Level:[]Course, []Chapter, []Lesson	Chapter title:	Chapter ID:
Level:[]Part	Lesson title:	Lesson ID:
No: 1	Part title:	

6. Glossary Define Sheet

Title: : Glossary	Course ID:	Glossary	
Term:			
Summary:			Lesson:
Detail:			Keyword:
			Property:

1			
Title: : Specification of Course		Instruction H	Hours :
Physics in Grade 11	Physics in Grade 11		
Lesson title:			
Lesson ID:			
Overview of Lesson:			
Overview of Object:			
O			
Overview of Teaching method:			
Pages			
Screen			
Graphic			
Picture			
Movie			
Animation			
Simple Simulation			
Complex Simulation			
Voice			
Music			
Question			
Glossary (term)			
Group (comp	1		

8. Lesson plan

Title: : L	esson pl	an	Chapter title:		Chapter ID:
Lesson ti	tle:			Lesson ID:	Instruction Hours :
Time	Pages	Main (Screen)		Objects	Action

9. Screen Design Sheet

Title: :	Screen		Lesson ID:			Screen & Media ID:	
Define	[x] Screen	[] Graphic ID []	Simulation []Animation []	movie		
							Related material: Time line ID: Narration ID:
							Interaction: Back: Next: Anther: Simple time line
							Comment

10. Storyboard

Title: : story board	Upper ID:
Define []screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID :
Screen summary	Display, move, narration

11. Define Question

	1
Title: : Q. define	Upper ID:
Define question	ID :
Correct answer	
Evaluate [bottom]	
[Hint] bottom	
Comment	

12. Detail design Sheet (for Physics)

Narration ID:	
Narration ID:	
Narration ID:	

13. Time Line

Title: : Time Line		Upper ID:
Define []sci	een []animation[]question	Time line ID :
Displa	y, move, narration	

Appendix 5: Design Form Sample

Specification of Course		
Title: : Specification of Course	Instruction Hours :	
Physics in Grade 11	12 + 12 School Lesson hours	
Course title (Lesson title): Physics in Grade 11		
Course ID(Lesson ID):PhyG11		
Overview of Course:		
This Digital self-learning material includes 2 chap	ters of physics in grade 11.	
Chapter 9 Optical Properties of Matter (ID: OPM)		
Chapter 10 Oscillatory Motion & Wave (ID: OPM)	
Each Chapter has 12 Lessons.		
2-language version (in Arabic and in English.)		
Overview of Teaching method:		
Self – learning with		
Digital material		
Real experiment		
Electric collaboration (like BBS)		
Teachers support and enhance students in classroo	m.	
Target learners (needed skills)		
Grade 11 students		
Needed computer skills:		
Basic operation (Key board, mouse, Arabic and English Type)		
Browsing, BBS		
Method of providing (media) & developing tool and	nd software	
Digital material is executed in Windows OS & Browser (IE).		
Digital material is contained in Web server or File server of Classroom Windows server and		
CD-ROM.		
(It is possible to collect data in Web server)		
Developing language (Developing tool and software)		
HTML, Flash5		
Java (Java Script, Java applet)		
(CGI (Perl, etc) or ASP (VBScript or JavaScript) f	or server programming)	

Infrastructure		
Sheet name: Infrastructure (1)	PC & Server	
Project name: Jordan Physics digital material deve	lopment	
School environment:		
Network (the Internet & intranet):		
[The Internet]		
Through Jordan Ministry of Education Intranet		
[Intranet]		
Windows NT2000Server and 100M		
Pc room intranet		
Teacher's PC *1, Student's PC * 20 or 40 in the P	'C room.	
Server spec:		
[Hardware]		
CPU: Intel P3 Xeon 933Mhz, Memory 256MB, H	IDD 36GB	
Monitor: 15", Backup Device: Tape DAT,		
[Software]		
Microsoft BackOffice Including Windows 2000 S	Server	
Teacher's and student's PC spec:		
[Hardware]		
CPU: Intel P3 833Mhz, Memory 256MB, HDD 40	GB	
VGA: I815E on board, Audio: AC'97 compliant		
CD: DVD& CD combo		
Monitor: 15" 800* 600 (1024*768)		
[Software]		
OS: Windows XP Professional		
APP: MS-Office XP, Encarta 2001		



Sheet Name: Lesson List	Chapter title: Optical Properties of Matter	Chapter II	O OPM	
Lesson ID:	Course title (Lesson title):	Time	Media	Method/Comment
OPM-L1	Reflection	45	[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN	Voice drilling review animation-
	Absorption of light		[] WBT-Internet	(simple tutorial)
OPM-L2	Transmission of light	45	[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN	Simple experiment-
			[] WBT-Internet	Voice - Text
OPM-L3	Refraction of light	45	[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN	Voice - Movie
			[] WBT-Internet	
OPM – L4	Angle of Minimum Deviation	45	[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN	Media Simulation
			[] WBT-Internet	
OPM – L5	Refraction of spherical surface	45	[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN	Animation Movie
			[] WBT-Internet	
OPM – L6	Type of lenses	45	[] CD-ROM [] WBT-LAN	Picture – Movie graph
			[] WBT-Internet	

0	T .	T 1 1	
Common	Lavout.	Enolish	version
Common	Luyout.	Linghish	version

Title: : Common Layout	Course title:		Course ID: Phy11	
	Digital Self-Learning Material Development 2002 Physics Grade 11 Menu & Current Index Area (150 * 500)	Main(Instruction & learning Area) (640 * 550)		
	Main navigation bottons (150 * 100)	Instruction & learning navigation bottons	(50 * 550) Back, Next,	



Specification of Lesson

Specification of Lesson		
Title: : Specification of lessor	1	Instruction Hours: 45min
Physics in Grade 11		
Lesson title: Reflection and absor	rption of light	<u>.</u>
Lesson ID: OPM-L1		
Overview of Lesson:		
• Interaction of light with matter	-	
 Properties of light 		
Refraction		
Overview of Object:		
OPM-S1-TO1: Define the fol	llowing concept	s, reflection transmission, absorption, uniform
reflection, incident angle, reflected	ed angle, some ex	speriments about reflection.
Overview of Teaching method:		
• Tutorial		
Explanation (text, movie, anima	tion, voice)	
Question.		
Pages	8	
Screen	13	
Graphic	8	
Picture	3	
Movie	2	
Animation	3	
Simple Simulation	2	
Complex Simulation	3	
Voice	8	
Music	8	
Ouestion	4	
Glossary (term)	6	

Screen Design Sheet



Title: story board Upper ID: OPM-L8-S02 / a Define []screen []animation []question Storyboard ID: S030-A01 Screen summary Display, move, narration Appearance of the title followed by the appearance of a Methods of determination candle in front of a screen. characteristics 1 Then a convex lens is inserted between the candle and the screen. The image of the candle forms on the screen, followed by the question: "How did the image of the candle form on the screen?" How does an image of an object form in a lens? (1)Convex lens: According to the given description the image is formed in the lens and is synchronized with the incidence of rays and the В way each is refracted. This rays appear one by one. (2)в в Upon completion of the appearance of incident and refracted (1) rays, the resulting image is drawn in a semi-transparent (2)colour. в

Detail design Sheet (for Physics)

Narratio	on ID: S020-V01	
	Real movie to demonstrate	the formation of the image on a screen for an object placed in front of a
	lens.	
	Convex lens: The text is to b	be read, accompanied by the incidence of light rays one by one + flash.
	Concave lens: The text is to	be read, accompanied by the incidence of light rays one by one + flash.
Narratio	on ID:	
Ivallation		
Narratio	on ID:	

Appendix 6: Design Sample (Lesson 8)

Basic design Sheet (for Physics) Framework & Cluster



Basic design She	et (for Physics)) Framework & Cluster
------------------	------------------	-----------------------

Title: Framework & Cluster	Course Name: Physics Grade 11	Course ID: PhyG11
Level: [X] Course, []Chapter, [X]Lesson	Chapter title: Optical Properties of Matter.	Chapter ID: OPM
Level: [X] Part	Lesson title: Characteristics of images formed for an object in lenses.	Lesson ID: OPM-L8
No: 1	Part title: Characteristics of images.	
Chaima an d	aracteristics of ages formed for object in lenses	Part (2)

Detail design Sheet (for Physics)	
Title: Screen Lesson ID: OPM-L8 Screen & Media ID: S010)
Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [] Animation [] movie	
Characteristics of images formed in lenses:	Related material:
An image formed for an object placed in front of a lens is characterized by three characteristics,	Time line ID: OPM-L8-S01-T01
so that one characteristic is taken from each of the groups 1, 2, 3 at a time:	Narration ID: S01-V01
1. Magnified, reduced in size, or equal in size.	
2. Erect or inverted.	
	Interaction:
3. <u>Real</u> or <u>virtual</u> .	Back: ——
	Anther
	Tituler.
	Simple time line
	Comment

Title: story board	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S010
Define [x] screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID: S010-A01
Screen summary	Display, move, narration
Characteristics of images	Appearance of the text.
<u>Characteristics</u> of mages	
formed in lenses:	

Title: Time Line	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S01
Define [x] screen []animation []question	Time line ID: OPM-L8-S01-T01
Display, move, narration	
□ 4 minutes.	

Detail design Sheet (for Physics)

Voice + soft music. Varration ID:
Voice + soft music. Narration ID:
Narration ID:
Narration ID:
Varration ID:
Varration ID:
Narration ID:
Narration ID:

Dasie design sheet (101 Thysics) Framework & Clusic	Basic design Sheet	(for Physics)	Framework &	Cluster
---	--------------------	---------------	-------------	---------

Title: Framework & Cluster	Course Name: Physics Grade 11	Course ID: PhyG11
Level: []Course, []Chapter, [X]Lesson	Chapter title: Optical Properties of Matter.	Chapter ID: OPM
Level: [X] Part	Lesson title: Characteristics of images formed for an object in lenses.	Lesson ID: OPM-L8
No: 2	Part title: Methods of determination of image characteristics	





Detail design	Sheet (for	Physics)
---------------	------------	----------

Title: Sc	reen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID: S020	(b)	
Define	Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [x] Animation [] movie				
c.	Concave lens:			Related material:	
	The ray which is inciden	nt parallel to the principal axis is refrac	ted off the principal plane	Time line ID: OPM-L8-S020-T01	
	in such a way that its ex	xtension passes through the focal point,	and hence the focal point	Narration ID: S020-V01	
	of a concave lens is take	en to be virtual (<i>f</i> is negative).			
	□ The ray passing through the lens' optical centre is transmitted without refraction.				
	□ The point of intersection of the two refracted rays (1) and (2) represents the tip of the				
				Interaction:	
				Back: Part (1)	
				Next: Part (3)	
	(1)			Anther:	
		B		Simple time line	
	image.			Comment	

Title: story board	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S02 / a	
Define []screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID: S030-A01	
Screen summary	Display, move, narration	
Methods of determination characteristics	Appearance of the title followed by the appearance of a candle in front of a screen.	
	Then a convex lens is inserted between the candle and the screen. The image of the candle forms on the screen, followed by the question: "How did the image of the candle form on the screen?"	
	How does an image of an object form in a lens? <u>Convex lens</u> : According to the given description the image is formed in the lens and is synchronized with the incidence of rays and the way each is refracted. This rays appear one by one.	
	Upon completion of the appearance of incident and refracted rays, the resulting image is drawn in a semi-transparent colour.	

Title: story board Upper ID: OPM-L8-S020 / b Define []screen Storyboard ID: S020-A01 []animation []question Screen summary Display, move, narration Concave lens: The concave lens appears in the frame, and the corresponding steps as in the convex lens are made. (1) В (2) В в (1)В

Detail design Sheet (for Physics)

Narration ID: S020-V01	

- **□** Real movie to demonstrate the formation of the image on a screen for an object placed in front of a lens.
- \Box Convex lens: The text is to be read, accompanied by the incidence of light rays one by one + flash.
- □ Concave lens: The text is to be read, accompanied by the incidence of light rays one by one + flash.

Narration ID:

Narration ID:

Title: Time Line Upper ID: OPM-L8-S020 Define [X] screen []animation []question Time line ID: OPM-L8-S020-T01 Display, move, narration \Box 2 minutes for the movie. The text + incidence of rays for both convex and concave lasting 4 minutes.



Title: Screen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen &	Media ID: S030 (a)
Define [X] Screen [] Gra	phic ID []Simulation [x]Animation	[] movie	
2. The mathematical meth	nod:		Related material:
a. The convex lens:			Time line ID: OPM-L8-S030-T01
			Narration ID: S030-V01
m >	B		Interaction: Back: Part (1) Next: Part (3)
			Anther: Buttons (film).
Simulation	+ Dragging		Simple time line
Distance of <i>i</i>	image Distance of object	Focal length f= 10 cm	Comment
Title: Screen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID: S030	0 (a)
--	--	------------------------------	---
Define [X] Screen [] Graphic II	[]Simulation [x]Animation [] movie		
b. The concave lens: $ \begin{array}{c} $	At every position and its character of Distance of object Focal lengt o $f = -10 cm$	h the image istics appear	Related material: Time line ID: OPM-L8-S030-T01 Narration ID: S030-V01 Interaction: Back: Part (1) Next: Part (3) Anther: Buttons (related to a film). Simple time line Comment

Title: story board	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S03 / a
Define []screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID: S03-A01
Screen summary	Display, move, narration
The mathematical method f m m m m m m m m	The mathematical method: The convex lens. The title appears, followed by a convex lens and a moveable object. During that, the graphical relation between (i, o) , and a button linking with (S031) and showing a real movie.

Title: story board	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S03 / b
Define []screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID: S03-A0
Screen summary	Display, move, narration
At every position the image and its characteristics appear in the toxes. Simulation + Description f = -10 cm	The mathematical method: The concave lens; as in the convex lens.

Detail design blieet (101 T liysles)	
Narration ID: S030-V01	
For the concave lens:	
Appearance of the title followed by narration	on then the graphical relation.
For the convex lens:	
Appearance of the title followed by narration	on then the graphical relation.
Narration ID:	
Narration ID:	

Define [X] screen []animation []auestion Time line ID: OPM-L8-S030-	T01
Display, move, narration	
□ 4 minutes for the convex lens.	
□ 4 minutes for the concave lens.	

Title: Sc	reen Lesson ID: OPM-L8 Sc	reen & Media ID: S031
Define	[X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [] Animation [X] movie	
		Related material:
	A movie demonstrating the nature of images formed in conca	ve lenses. Time line ID: OPM-L8-S031-T01
	A movie demonstrating the nature of images formed in conve	ex lenses. Narration ID: S031-V01
		Test and test
		Interaction: Back: \$020
		Next:
		Anther:
		Simple time line
		Comment

Detail design blieet (for Titysles)	
Narration ID: S031-V01	
\Box A movie demonstrating the	a nature of images formed in concave lenses
• A movie demonstrating the	nature of images formed in convex lenses.
Narration ID:	
Narration ID:	

Detail design Sheet	(for Physics)
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Betan design sheet (for Thysice	<i>'</i>)				
Title: Screen	Lesson ID	: OPM-L8		Screen & Media ID: S040	
Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [] Animation [] movie					
<u>Summary</u> :				Related material:	
1. The equation	of lenses:				Time line ID: OPM-L8-S040-T01
1 1 1					Narration ID: S040-V01
$\frac{-+-}{o} = \frac{-}{f}$					Interaction:
<i>o</i> : Distance of ot	oject, <i>i</i> : Dis	stance of image	e, f : Focal le	ength.	Back: Part (1)
					Next: Part (3)
2 Magnification $=\frac{i}{2}$	$\frac{l_i}{M} = M - l_i$	s the length of	the image and	1/ that of the object	Anther:
2. Wagiinteation 0	l_o	s the length of	the muge and	r_0 that of the object.	Simple time line
3. A table showing the si	gns of i, o, f	and their mean	nings:	_	
Lens	Sign of (<i>f</i>)	Sign of (<i>o</i>)	Sign of (<i>i</i>)		Comment
Convex	+	+	+ *		
Concave	_	+			
* i(-) Signs if (o <f)< td=""><td></td></f)<>					
4. A table showing the si	gn of magnifi	cation and its			
Object	Object Virtual				
Image		(-)		Print	
Real (+)	+	-	L		
Virtual (–)	_	+			

Title: story board		Upper ID: OPM-L8-S02
Defin	e []screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID: S04
	Screen summary	Display, move, narration
	Summary:	Gradual appearance of the text, at the end of which a button appears for printing in coordination with MsO2000.

Narrati	on ID: \$040-V01
	A taut to be read
	A text to be read.
	A button appears for printing in coordination with MsO2000.
Narrati	on ID.
NT	
Narrati	on ID:

Title: Time Line	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S040		
Define [] screen []animation []question	Time line ID: OPM-L8-S040-T01		
Display, move, narration			
The summary: 6 minutes.			

Title: Framework & Cluster	Course Name: Physics Grade 11	Course ID: PhyG11
Level: []Course, []Chapter,	Chapter title: Optical Properties of Matter.	Chapter ID: OPM
[X]Lesson		
Level: [X] Part	Lesson title: Characteristics of images formed for an object in lenses.	Lesson ID: OPM-L8
No: 3	Part title: Examples.	
	3	
	Examples	
Pa	rt (2) S050 S060	Part (4)

Detail	design	Sheet (for	Physics)
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Title: Screen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID: S050	
Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [] Animation [] movie			
		Related material:	
Examples:		Time line ID: OPM-L8-S050-T01	
		Narration ID: S050-V01	
Example (1):			
Example (9-7) on page <u>180</u> of the	ne textbook.		
		Interaction:	
		Back: Part (2)	
		Next: Part (4)	
		Anther:	
		Simple time line	
		Comment	

Title: Screen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID: S060
Define [X] Screen [] Graph	nic ID []Simulation []Animation [] r	movie
		Related material:
Example (2):		Time line ID: OPM-L8-S060-T01
		Narration ID: S060-V01
Example (9-8) on pages <u>18</u>	0-181 of the textbook.	
		Interaction:
		Back: Part (2)
		Next: Part (4)
		Anther:
		Simple time line
		Comment

Title: story board	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S05
Define []screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID: S05-A01
Screen summary	Display, move, narration
Examples:	Example (9-7) on page $\underline{180}$ of the textbook, followed by its solution.

Define [] screen [] animation [X] question Time lin Display, move, narration Image: Comparison of the second s	ne ID: OPM-L8-S050-T01
Display, move, narration	
\Box 5 minutes.	

Narration ID: S050-V01		
□ Soft music.		
Narration ID:		
Narration ID:		

Title: story board		Upper ID: OPM-L8-S060
Define [X] screen []animation []question		Storyboard ID: S06-A0
Screen summary		Display, move, narration
	Example:	Exercises: The text of exercise 11 on page 191 from the textbook appears.

Title: story board		Upper ID: OPM-L8-S060
Define	[X] screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID: S06-A01
	Screen summary	Display, move, narration
	Examples [:]	Example (9-8) on page 180 of the textbook.

Narration ID: S060-V01	
□ Soft music.	
Narration ID:	
Narration ID:	

Title: Time Line	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S060
Define [] screen []animation []question	Time line ID: OPM-L8-S060-T01
Display, move, narration	
□ 5 minutes.	

Basic design Sheet (for Physics) Framework & Cluster	r
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Title: Framework & Cluster	Course Name: Physics Grade 11	Course ID: PhyG11
Level: []Course, []Chapter,	Chapter title: Optical Properties of Matter.	Chapter ID: OPM
[X]Lesson		
Level: [X] Part	Lesson title: Characteristics of images formed for an object in lenses.	Lesson ID: OPM-L8
No: 4	Part title: Exercises	



Title: Screen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID: S07	0
Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID []Si	mulation []Animation [] movie		
			Related material:
Exercises:			Time line ID: OPM-L8-S070-T01
			Narration ID: S070-V01
Exercise (1): Exercise 11 on page	e 191 from the textbook, and its an	swer is in the teacher's	
guidebook.			
			Interaction:
			Back: Part (3)
			Next:
			Anther:
			Simple time line
			Comment

Title: Screen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID: S08	0	
Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [] Animation [] movie				
			Related material:	
Exercise (2):			Time line ID: OPM-L8-S080-T01	
An object is placed 12 cm from a co	oncave lens forming an image 4 cm from	m the lens. Calculates the	Narration ID: S080-V01	
focal length of that lens.				
Solution:				
	$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1}$		Interaction:	
	f o i		Back: Part (3)	
	$=\frac{1}{11}+\frac{1}{11}=\frac{1-3}{11}=\frac{-2}{11}$		Next:	
	12 -4 12 12		Anther:	
	$f = -\frac{12}{2} = -6$ cm.			
2		Simple time line		
			Comment	

Narration ID: \$070-V01	
Narradon 1D. 5070-701	
□ Soft music.	
Narration ID:	
Narration ID:	

Title: Time Line	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S070
Define [] screen []animation [X]question	Time line ID: OPM-L8-S070-T01
Display, move, narration	
□ 5 minutes.	

Title: st	ory board	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S08
Define	[] screen []animation []question	Storyboard ID: S08-A0
	Screen summary	Display, move, narration
	<u>Exercises</u> :	The exercise appears on the screen.

Narration ID: S080-V01	
□ Soft music.	
Narration ID:	
Narration ID:	

Title: Time Line	Upper ID: OPM-L8-S080		
Define [] screen []animation [X]question	Time line ID: S080-T01		
Display, move, narration			
□ 4 minutes.			

Title: Framework &	z Cluster	Course Name: Physics Grade 11	Course ID: PhvG11
Level: []Course []	Chapter [V]Lesson	Chapter title: Optical Properties of Matter	Chapter ID: OPM
	jChapter, [A]Lesson		Chapter ID. OF M
Level: [X] Part		Lesson title: Characteristics of images formed for an object in lenses.	Lesson ID: OPM-L8
No: Advanced.		Part title: Advanced study.	
	Lesson 8	Adva	nced
	Basic Study		
		Exercises	Web sites
		S080	
			90 S0100
			★ ↓

Basic design Sheet (for Physics) Framework & Cluster

Title: Screen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID: S010	0
Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [] Animation [] movie			
Exercise (2): An object 6 cm long is placed in front of a lens, forming an image 6 cm long on a screen 60 cm away from the object. Answer what follows:			Related material: Time line ID: Narration ID:
 Determine the type of the lens. Draw the image. Find the magnification. Calculate the distance of the image from the lens. 			
5. Calculate the focal ler	ngth of the lens.		Interaction: Back: Next: Anther:
			Simple time line
			Comment

Title: Screen	Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID: S090			
Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [] Animation [] movie					
Supplementary exercises:			Related material:		
			Time line ID:		
		Narration ID:			
Exercise (1): An object is placed 2 cm from the focal point of a convex lens, whose focal					
length is 6 cm. The image formed is magnified twice. Calculate:					
 The distance of the object. The distance of the image. 			Interaction:		
			Back:		
			Next:		
		Anther:			
			Simple time line		
			Comment		

Title: story board		Upper ID: OPM-L8-S010	
Define [] screen []animation []question		Storyboard ID: S010-	
Screen summary		Display, move, narration	
	Supplementary Exercises:	Supplementary Exercises.	
	<u>Supprementary Excretises</u> .	The text appears on the screen.	
1			

Title: story board		Upper ID: OPM-L8-S09
Define [] screen []animation []question		Storyboard ID: S09-
Screen summary		Display, move, narration
	Supplementary Exercises:	Supplementary Exercises. The text appears on the screen.

Title: ScreenLesson ID: OPM-L8S		n Lesson ID: OPM-L8	Screen & Media ID:				
Define	Define [X] Screen [] Graphic ID [] Simulation [] Animation [] movie						
	1.	http://www.glenbrook.k12.il.us/gbssci/	phys/class/refrn/u1415eb.html	Related material:			
	2.	http://www.sasked.gov.sk.ca/docs/physics/u6b2phy.html		Time line ID:			
	3.	http://www.glenbrook.k12.il.us/gbssci/phys/class/refrn/u1415db.html		Narration ID:			
	4.	http://physics.bu.edu/~duffy/PY106/Lenses.html					
	5.	http://www.place.dawsoncollege.qc.ca/~Stella_Joseph/Chap36B.htm					
	6.	http://www.uidaho.edu/LS/Physics/xp2	<u>213-09.htm</u>				
	7. http://agamemnon.cord.org/cm/leot/course06_mod08/mod06_08.htm		urse06_mod08/mod06_08.htm	Interaction:			
				Back:			
				Next:			
				Another:			
				Simple time line			
				Commont			
				Comment			

Appendix 7: How to Design Contents

Design for Developing Digital Self-learning materidal

May 2002 Padeco co,,LTD.

1.Objectives

(1) To make an effective materials.

To collect the idea of more than one person.

To check the design from the documents.

(2) To define the specification for programmer The specifications aren't vague .

To understood what kind of information is necessary for the programmer.


phase	Document	File name	Touse	Tack Al	llocation	
	name			ЛCA	Counter	Contracto
Basic Design	Infrastructure	P_Infrastructure .doc	Describe a PC & Network environment & Developing	**		1.92 * 9
	Specification of Course	B_SpecCours.doc	Beacribe a Specification of Course	**	8250	
	Lesson list	B_LessonList.do c	Describe a summary of Lessons	12	**	
	Top level cluster	B_Cluster.doc	Describe a top level structure of digital	**	8.0	
Basic Design (Interface)	Common Lavout	B_Layout.doc	material Describe a common screen layout	**	(44)	++
	Color &Font	CD_ColorSize.do	Define color & font size	**		++
Course (Lesson Design	Lesson plan	B_LessonPlan do c	Describe Lesson plan of a lessen	12	**	
	Lesson level cluster	B_Cluster.doc	Describe a lesson level structure of digital	10	**	Contracto F ++ ++ ++
Basic Design (Interface) Course (Lesson Design Design Detail Design	Story board	CD_storyboard.d	material Describe a Continuity of content	- 20	**	
	Screen	D_acreen.doc	Define text, graphic, etc		**	
	Time line	D_timeline.doc	Define a sequence of materials	10	**	
	narration	D_narration.doc	Define a narration		**	
	Glossary	D_gllossary.doc	Define a glossary	33	**	
	Reference list	D_Referece list.d	Define a Reference		**	



1 Infrastructure

Network & PC Specification

To Know and decide what media and software available.

If PC power is low, animation can't be used.

In this project, PC in school has good power to use multimedia material.

(on board VGA?)

2 Lesson list

tion -	time		Chapter	Lesson		time
Interaction of light with matter	2		Ð	1		a second
??	3		Optical	2		
Interaction of light with matter			Properties of	3		
Reflections by two spherical planes.	2	2	Matter	4		ŝ.,
Lens	7			5		
The properties of images in Lenses	2			Б		
The Question of lens				7		
The focal length of lenses				В		
Simple Harmonic Motion	2			в		
Wave Motion	1			10		
Type Of Waves	1			11		1
Properties Of Waves	2	\vee		12		
Standing Waves	1	///	10	1	Simple Harmonic Motion	
Interference Of light Waves	1		Oscillatory	2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Diffraction Of Waves	1			3	Wave Motion	
Diffraction Of Light Waves	1		Waves		Type Of Waves	
Polarization Of Light; Polarized Waves	1			5	Properties Of Waves	
Polarization Of Light; Polarization Of Light By Reflection	1			Б		
	1			7	Standing Waves	
		\mathbf{h}		В	Interference Of light Waves	
	8		1	B	Diffraction Of Waves	
				10	Diffraction Of Light Waves	
				11	Polarization Of Light; Polarized Waves	
				12	Polarization Of Light; Polarization Of Light By Reflection	

Basic Design

3. Specification of course

We have to decide

(1) storage.

- [] CD-ROM
- [x] Server Disk <- CD-ROM

(2) language (developing tool).

[x] Html + Flash + Java

[] Html + Flash + Java + Server Program

[] Authorware

(if possible, 2 or 3 lessons are developed by Author ware)

Basic Design

(3) experiment

[] only virtual experiment

[] virtual experiment + real experiment

(How about analysis)

(4) workbook and note

[] only screen

[] use workbook or note

Basic Design

(5) collaboration (interaction among students)

[] non

[x] real communication (discussion ...)

[x] virtual communication (BBS)

interaction between students and a teacher.



(7) Self learning

- [] self-learning without teacher
- [] self-learning with teacher

(8) lesson with digital material

make teacher menu

we will compare the self-learning and the lesson with digital material in the project.

Basic design

4 Top level cluster

5 Common layout

This framework is a typical design.

Course design

1. lesson plan.

define the story of the one lesson.

method.

collaboration (use card)