

No.	Sample No.	Mineral	$^{40}\text{Ar}_{\text{rad}}$, nl/g	%K	$^{40}\text{Ar}_{\text{air}}$	Age(Ma)
1	D-2	amphibole	2.76	0.29	16.1	237.1±9.8
2	D-3	K-feldspar	74.39	6.33	2.1	284.7±4.9
3	D-4	K-feldspar	54.58	4.35	13.1	302.6±9.1
4	D-5	K-feldspar	73.15	6.43	1.1	276.0±6.5
5	D-6	K-feldspar	85.23	6.99	0.8	294.4±8.9

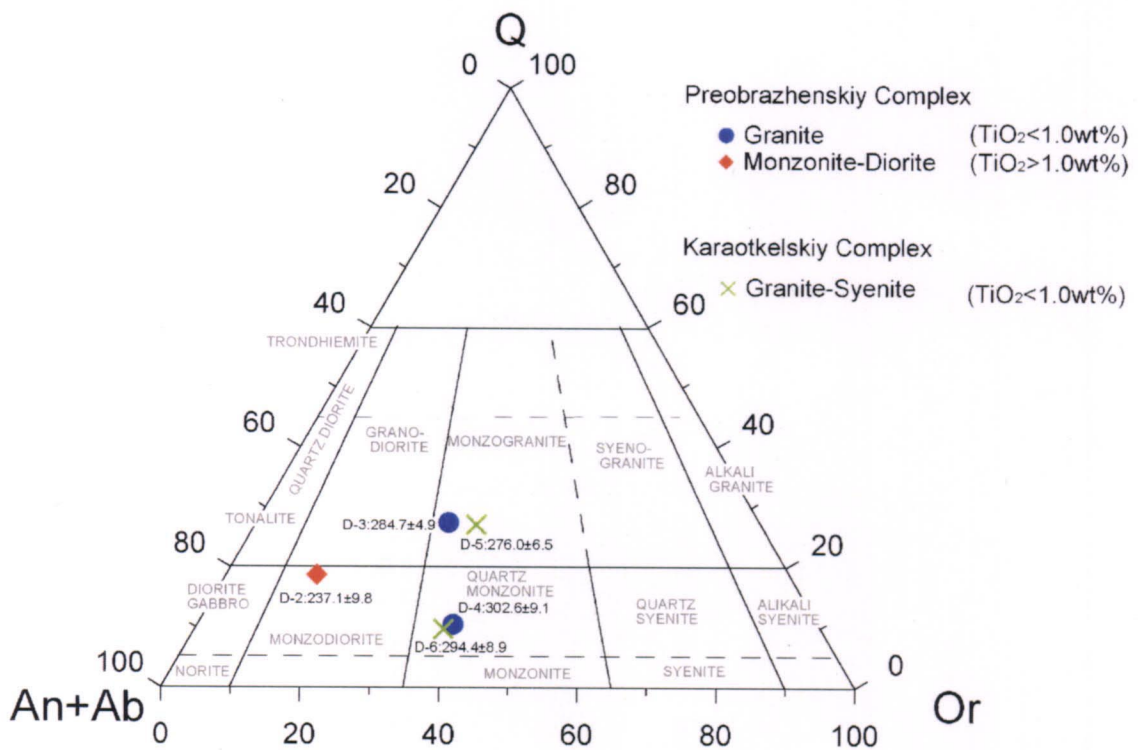
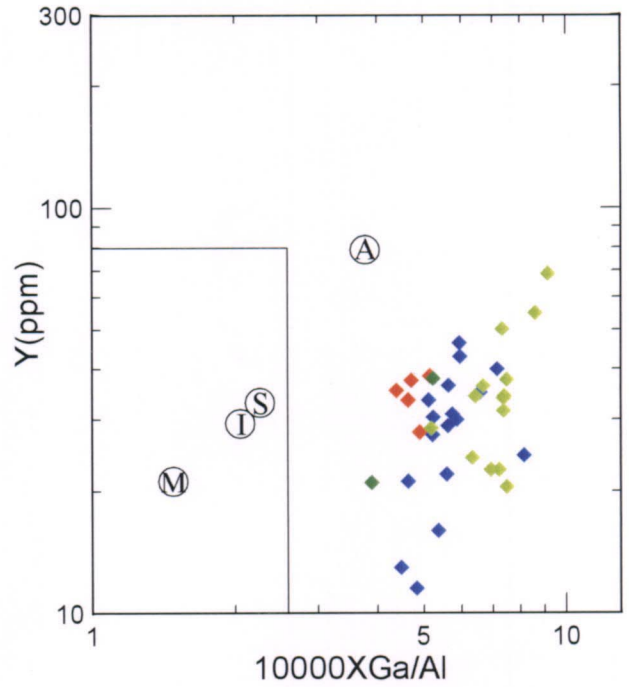
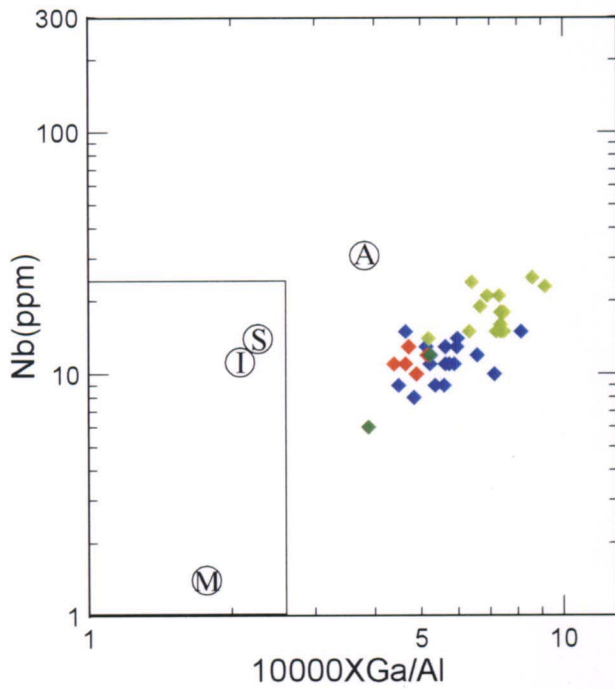
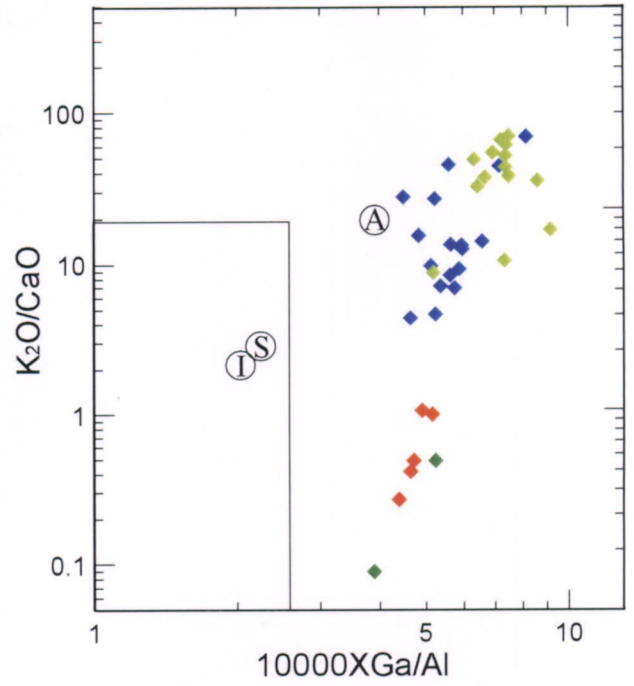
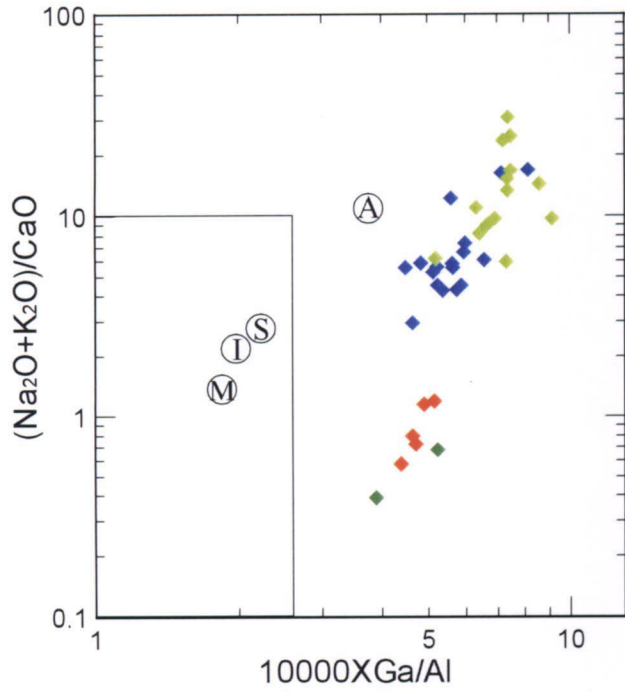


Fig.II-2-16 The Results of K-Ar Dating



Preobrazhenskiy Complex

- ◆ Granite (TiO₂<1.0wt%)
- ◆ Monzonite-Diorite } (TiO₂>1.0wt%)
- ◆ Gabbro

Karotkelskiy Complex

- ◆ Granite-Syenite (TiO₂<1.0wt%)

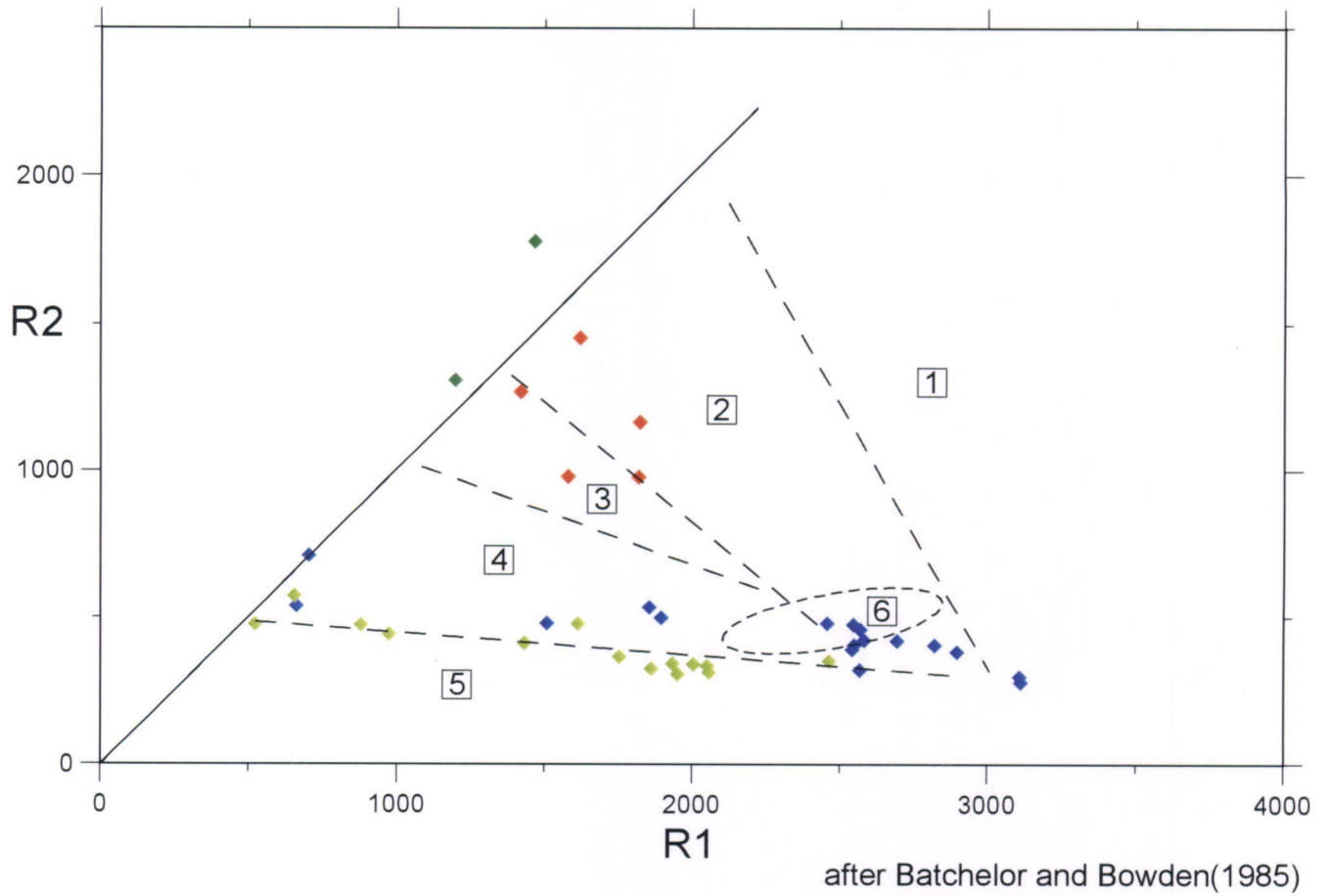
Ⓐ A-type granites

Ⓘ I-type granites

Ⓢ S-type granites

Ⓜ M-type granites

Fig.II-2-17 A-type granite discrimination diagram



LEGEND

- ① Mantle fractionates
- ② Pre-plate collision
- ③ Post collision
- ④ Late-orogenic
- ⑤ Anorogenic
- ⑥ Syn-collision

Preobrazhenskiy Complex

- ◆ Granite (TiO₂<1.0wt%)
- ◆ Monzonite-Diorite (TiO₂>1.0wt%)
- ◆ Gabbro (TiO₂>1.0wt%)

Karotkelskiy Complex

- ◆ Granite-Syenite (TiO₂<1.0wt%)

$$R1 = 4Si - 11(Na + K) - 2(Fe + Ti)$$

$$R2 = 6Ca + 2Mg + Al$$

Fig.II-2-18 R1-R2 diagram

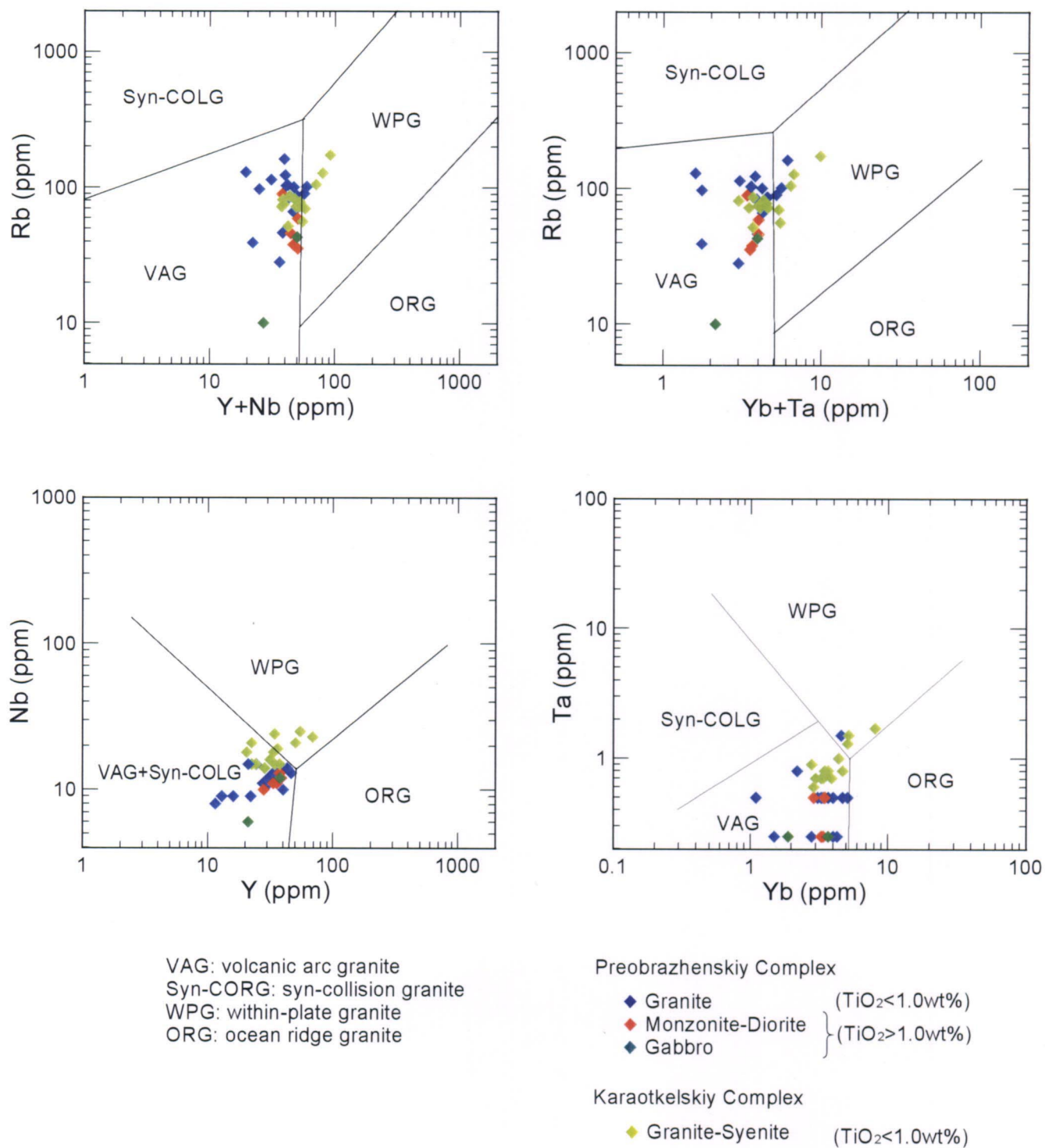


Fig.II-2-19 Trace element discrimination diagram (after Pearce, 1984)