CHAPTER 8 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

8.1 Conclusions

The Study presents the framework and strategies for sustainable irrigation development for Zanzibar to the target year of 2020, aiming to contribute to creation of an enabling and conducive environment for improving the productivity and profitability of the agricultural sector.

In order to achieve this target, the Study prepared the development programme to the year 2020 considering five elements: Economically Sound, Technically Appropriate, Sociologically Sustainable, Environmentally Friendly and Institutionally Reliable. As a result, the Study determined 31 components of a Subject-wise Improvement Program and selected 16 Scheme-wise Developments from the "A", "B" and "C" Groups. These programs were grouped into time zones for implementation, namely Short Term (2003 – 2007), Medium Term (by 2012) and Long Term (by 2020), taking into account the need for urgent execution of the Subject-wise Improvement Programme and priority ranking for the Scheme-wise Development Programme.

It is expected that completion of the proposed Scheme-wise Development Programme supported by the Subject-wise Improvement Programme would increase additionally the rice production to 10,000 tons at 2020. This increase would bring about the cost saving of about US\$ 2.3 million for rice import at 2020. In addition, it would result in an increase of farm income. The income for a single crop season would be estimated at US\$ 450 for a typical smallholder which would be about three times of current level. Furthermore, it would contribute to creation of job opportunity. The additionally required farm labor would be estimated at 222,000 man-days at 2020 at the national level. From these impacts, it is concluded that the investment to the implementation of the proposed Scheme-wise Development Programme supported by the Subject-wise Improvement Programme would be appropriate from a national viewpoint.

In Unguja, nine pump irrigation schemes using groundwater are listed in the results of the inventory survey. These pump facilities mostly require renewal because of severe damage rather than deterioration. According to the preliminary economic and financial analysis, the pump schemes would be economically viable, but financially un-feasible even if high-valued crops were introduced. This would be mainly due to the small holding size per household, high operation cost and low marketing price. In Unguja, the abundant water resource is groundwater, which requires pumping, and surface water is much more limited. Due to the

importance of irrigation development for stable food production, the government should provide certain subsidies for the pump irrigation schemes if the financial situations of the surrounding farmers do not improve.

In preparation of development programme, the Study established a prioritization system for the implementation of many irrigation schemes, and then ranked them in priority order for implementation using the data and information obtained through the inventory survey. The availability of data and information on the schemes largely affected the priority ranking and therefore it is essential to check for the availability of new data at all times, and if necessary review and modify the selected schemes for early implementation using this updated information.

8.2 Recommendations

(1) Urgent Commencement of ZIMP Implementation

The food shortage poses a serious problem in Zanzibar. The increasing population pressure will further aggravate the situation if appropriate countermeasure are not taken in time. Irrigation development is a key factor to improve the productivity in agriculture. It is therefore recommended that the ZIMP be implemented as early as possible.

(2) Urgent Need of Strengthening the DARI

The Study presents the needs of implementation of 31 components in the Subject-wise Improvement Programme and 16 irrigation schemes in the Scheme-wise Development Programme. The DARI of MANREC will be responsible for smooth implementation of them as a coordination agency with the different organizations involved. However, the present constitution of DARI makes it, unfortunately, incapable of achieving the demarcated roles of coordinating and harmonizing the different organizations pertaining to irrigation development and, more importantly, unable to make prompt decisions. The DARI also needs stronger mandates of the personnel administration and budget allocation and generally requires a stronger institutional and organizational position.

The Institutional Strengthening of the DARI has the following three sub-components:

- Reform of DARI with strengthening of monitoring section
- Active utilization of Kizimbani Agricultural Training Institute (KATI)
- Quick capacity building of existing technical staff

The plan should involve a stage-wise program responding to the short term (2003-2007), the medium term (by 2012) and the long term (by 2020). In order to

smoothly implement this stage-wise reform of the DARI, it is essential to organize a task force of experts, which is the important first step toward sustainable and self-reliant irrigation development and a trigger of other institutional developments.

(3) Legal Framework Strengthening for Irrigation Development

A sound legal framework is a prerequisite for successful farmers-oriented irrigation development, empowering farmers and the other private sectors to enable them to secure their ownership and take full responsibility for all decisions and matters involved in development, operation and management of the irrigation schemes. Legal status of irrigators' group, land tenure and water right, as well as ownership of and responsibility for irrigation infrastructure should be clearly defined for irrigation development. Presently these items are defined disconnectedly by a number of separate laws. In particular, a new legal framework exclusively for the irrigators' groups appears important and necessary for securing their ownership and self-reliant irrigation development.

A consultancy work for establishment of the legal framework, possibly a new Act, Ordinance or Regulations, should be undertaken through the initiative of the DARI in cooperation with the relevant governmental agencies, lawyers and technical specialists.

(4) Arrangement of Development and Recurrent Expenditures for Irrigation Development

The inadequate financial resource is one of major constraints to irrigation development. According to the past data, only 1.89 % of total government development expenditure was allocated to irrigation development. This amount could not cover adequately the recommended irrigation development. Based on this figure and assuming an increase of total government expenditures as a proportion of GDP growth rate, the Base Case budget for irrigation development was determined. An increase of about 35 % was projected for the High Case. The High Case budget would enable implementation of 31 components of Subject-wise Improvement Programme and 16 Scheme-wise Development Programme, which would lead to about 1,000 ton higher rice production than that for the Base Case. It is deemed that the required budget under High Case, would still be a procurable amount. It is thus recommended that the government should arrange necessary development and recurrent costs for the High Case, as a minimum.

(5) Urgent Need of Preparation of Water Right Act

At present, Zanzibar has no act stipulating water right. Such legislation is indispensable for ensuring irrigation development and also for avoiding any water conflict among related stakeholders. Zanzibar has significant water resources as a whole, however topographic conditions restrict the usable water amount for irrigation. In addition, increasing population pressure will create a competitive situation between irrigation water requirements and domestic water use. In order to avoid any water conflict, and from viewpoint of social environment, a Water Right Act should be prepared urgently.

(6) Need of Inter-coordination

Irrigation provides an effective environment for stabilization and increase of agricultural production. There is no doubt that irrigation itself directly links with the stabilization of agricultural production. But, in improvement of agricultural production, irrigation becomes only one of the factors for creating the physiologically suitable environment for enhancing the agricultural production. Irrigation by itself could not realize the remarkable increase of agricultural production without assistance from other sub-sectors such as agricultural inputs and extension services.

Zanzibar is currently suffering from a food production shortage and is supplementing this by imports. The increasing population pressure is also adding to the serious deterioration in food self sufficiency. Such a serious situation should be urgently improved in the appropriate spatial and time development framework.

It is therefore recommended that other sub-sectors such as agricultural inputs and agricultural extension services should be developed under the close inter-coordination with the irrigation sub-sector, to enhance the respective effects toward an increase in agricultural production.

In addition, use of groundwater should be carefully planned and designed under the inter-ministerial coordination, to avoid any water conflict among water users and overuse of limited groundwater resource.

(7) Updating of ZIMP

The ZIMP provides the overall framework and strategies for irrigation development toward the year 2020, and is generally consistent with the ASP. The ZIMP was formulated using currently available data and information obtained through the inventory survey. Therefore, when additional data and/or updated data become available, the ZIMP, especially the priority ranking of schemes, should be reviewed and modified using the established prioritization system used herein.

Also, actual progress should be reflected by updating the ZIMP from time to time. In order to reflect the actual progress accurately, monitoring is essential. In particular, monitoring should focus on the effects of subject-wise improvement, and the results should be reflected in the updated ZIMP. The monitoring and update of the ZIMP should be carried out by the central government, namely DARI of MANREC in cooperation with DADO.

Tables

Table 4.4.1 List of Inventoried Schemes

SERIAL	REGION	DISTRICT	NAME	Present	Type of	Scheme	Irrigated	Potential
NO				Condition	Irrigation	Scale	Area (ha)	Area (ha)
1101	NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH 'A' - UNGUJA	Chaani	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	3 Large		250
************	NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH 'A' - UNGUIA	Kibokwa	2 Abandoned	1 Reservoir	3 Large		250
	NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH 'B' - UNGUJA	Kílombero	2 Abandoned	3 GW	3 Large	<u> </u>	850
	NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH B' UNGUJA	Kipange	2 Abandoned	1 Reservoir	3 Large		400
*************	NORTH - UNGUIA	NORTH 'B' - UNGUIA	Mahonda/Chechele	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	3 Large		300
1204	NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH 'B' - UNGUJA	Upenja	3 Rainfed	3 GW	3 Large	1	418
1301	SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL	Bambi	2 Abandoned	3 GW	2 Medium		168
1302	SOUTH - UNGUIA	CENTRAL	Cheju Irrigation Scheme	1 Existing	3 GW	3 Large	42	1198
***************************************	SOUTH - UNGUIA	CENTRAL	Kisima Mchanga	3 Rainfed	3 GW	3 Large		800
** **** * ***** * ********	SOUTH - UNGUIA	CENTRAL	Koani/Ubango	3 Rainfed	2 Diversion	1 Small		20
***************************************	SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL	Mchangani	3 Rainfed	2 Diversion	3 Large		300
	SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL	Mwera	1 Existing	2 Diversion	1 Small	12	12
	SOUTH - UNGUIA	CENTRAL	Ubago	3 Rainfed	3 GW	1 Small		14
	SOUTH - UNGUJA	SOUTH	Mtende	3 Rainfed	3 GW	3 Large		330
1402	SOUTH - UNGUJA	SOUTH	Muyuni	3 Rainfed	3 GW	3 Large	ļ	586
	URBAN WEST URBAN WEST	WEST	Bumbwi Sudi	1 Existing	3 GW	3 Large	136	560
	URBAN WEST	WEST	Mtwango Irrigation Scheme	1 Existing	2 Diversion	2 Medium	78	120
***************************************	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Tomondo, Kijitoupele and Kwarara Bule	3 Rainfed	2 Diversion 1 Reservoir	2 Medium	ļ	53 12
***********	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Chwaka	3 Rainfed 3 Rainfed	i Reservoir	1 Small I Small	ļ	17
2603	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Kinyakuzi	1 Existing	1 Reservoir	1 Small	ν	40
2604	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Kinyasini	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	1 Small	 	23
***************	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Makwararani	1 Existing	1 Reservoir	2 Medium	 	114
	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Matangatwani	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small	·	
2607	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Mgong'ombe	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small		}9 41
2608	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Mshashani	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	1 Small		25
2609	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Mwanasoza	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	1 Small	·	32
2610	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Ngwia	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	2 Medium		76
2611	NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Saninga	1 Existing	1 Reservoir	1 Small	16.4	38
	NORTH - PEMBA	WETE	Gando	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	1 Small		24
2702	NORTH - PEMBA	WETE	Kwalempona	2 Abandoned	l Reservoir	2 Medium	13.6	53
******	NORTH - PEMBA	WETE	Mangwena	1 Existing	1 Reservoir	1 Small	10	29 65
		WETE	Mipopooni	2 Abandoned	l Reservoir	2 Medium	13.6	65
	NORTH - PEMBA	WEIE	Mleteni	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small		31 33
*******	NORTH - PEMBA	WETE	Tungamaa	1 Existing	1 Reservoir	1 Small	6	33
.,	NORTH - PEMBA	WEIE	Weni	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	i Small		35 25
***************************************	-**********	CHAKE CHAKE	Dobi	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	l Smail	ļ	25
************	SOUTH - PEMBA SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Kwamavi	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small	ļ	22
2804	SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Kwapweza	2 Abandoned	1 Reservoir 1 Reservoir	2 Medium		62
	SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Mabieni Mlemele	3 Rainfed 3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	1 Small 2 Medium		35
**********	SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Ngue	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small	····	73 5 25 19
2807	SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Tibirinzi	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small	K	20
	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Donge Manyiga	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small	<u>├</u>	10
2902	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Egeani	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small		12
*********	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Giriama	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small	1	33
*********************	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Kiguni	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir		1	16
2905	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Kimbuni	2 Abandoned	1 Reservoir	1 Small	T	
*************	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Kwamachigi	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	2 Medium	<u> </u>	51
**************************************	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Kwamkoba	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	2 Medium		21 51 93
	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Machigini/Gae la Mtungi	2 Abandoned	l Reservoir	3 Large		547
	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Makunge	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	2 Medium		547 54 13 15 29 10
	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Maotwe	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	i Small	ļ	13
2911	SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Masingini	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	1 Small	ļ	15
		MKOANI	Maumbwini	3 Rainfed	J Reservoir	l Small		1 20
2912	SOUTH - PEMBA SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Mchangapwaga	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Small	4.,	

Table 6.3:1 Projection of Financial Resources Envelope for ZIMP (Base Case)

	F			-		-	(unit: Tsh. Million
	Year	(I) GOZ Development Expenditure	(2) Local Funds of (1) ((1) x 20%)	(3) Development Expenditure Allocated to Irrigation Development (Local) ((7) x 2.0%)	(4) Development Expenditure Allocated to Irrigation Projects (Foreign) ((1) × 6)	(5) Operation & Majatalnance Expenditure	(6) Finducial Resource Envelope ((3)†(4)†(5))
	2003/04	1,189	238	5	29	84	117
1	2004/05	1,248	250	5	30	88	123
1	2005/06	1,311	262	5	31	92	129
	2006/07	1,402	280	6	34	99	138
	2007/08	1,501	300	6	36	106	148
Ų	2008/09	1,606	321	6	39	113	158
I 🖺	2009/10	1,718	344	7	41	121	169
of ZIMP	2010/11	1,838	368	. 7	44	130	181
9	2011/12	2,004	401	8	48	141	193
Execution	2012/13	2,184	437	9	52	154	21,
골	2013/14	2,381	476	10	57	168	235
5	2014/15	2,595	519	10	62	183	256
3	2015/16	2,829	566	11	68	200	279
_	2016/17	3,083	617	12	74	217	30-
ŀ	2017/18	3,361	672	13	81	237	331
	2018/19	3,663	733	15	88	258	361
!	2019/20	3,993	799	16	96	282	393
l	2020/21	4,352	870		104	307	429
				169	1,014	2,981	4,164
	100			Grand Total	1,183		7,104
		•		(@Tsh 950/USS; million USS)	1.2	3.1	47

Table 6.3.2 Projection of Financial Resources Envelope for ZIMP (High Case)

	Year	(I) GOZ Development Expenditure	(2) Local Funds of (1) ((1) x 20%)	(3) Development Expenditure Allocated to Irrigation Development (Local) ((2) x 3.0%)	(4) Development Expenditure Allocated to Irrigation Projects (Foreign) ((3) x 9)	(5) Operation & Maintainance Expenditure	(unit: Tsh. Million) (6) Firstrictal Resources Envelope ((3)1(4)*(5))
	2003/04	1,223	245	7	66	85	158
l	2004/05	1,297	259	8	70	90	168
	2005/06	1,374	275	8	74	95	178
l	2006/07	1,484	297	9	80	103	192
سها	2007/08	1,603	321	10	87	111	207
2	2008/09	1,731	346	10	93	120	224
of ZIMP	2009/10	1,870	374		101	129	242
7	2010/11	2,019	404	12	109	140	261
	2011/12	2,221	444	13	120	154	287
Į. <u>5</u>	2012/13	2,443	489	15	132	169	316
Execution	2013/14	2,688	538	16	145	186	347
e e	2014/15	2,957	591	18	160	205	382
益	2015/16	3,252	650	20	176	225	420
	2016/17	3,577	715	21	193	248	462
	2017/18	3,935	787	24	213	272	.509
	2018/19	4,329	866	26	234	300	559
Ì	2019/20	4,762	952	. 29	257	330	615
L_	2020/21	5,238	1,048	31	283	363	677
		:		288	2,592	3,323	6,203
				Grand Total	2,880		
				(27tsh. 950/US\$: m25cm US\$)	3.0	3 5	

Table 6.3.3 Projection of Financial Resources Envelope for ZIMP (Low Case)

	Year	(I) GÖZ Development Expenditure	(2) Local Funds of (1) ((1) x 20%)	(2) Development Expenditure Altocated to frrigation Development (Local) ((2) x 1.0%)	(4) Development Expenditure Allocated to Irrigation Projects (Foreign) ((3) x 3)	(5) Operation & Maintainance Expenditure	(unit: Tsh. Million (6) Fhancis! Resolrces Excelose ((3)+(4)+(5))
	2003/04	1,172	234	5	14	83	10
	2004/05	1,225	245	5	15	87	10
	2005/06	1,280	256	5	15	91	11
. 1	2006/07	1,337	267	5	16	95	11
	2007/08	1,398	280	6	17	100	12
3	2008/09	1,460	292	6	18	104	12
ZIME	2009/10	1,526	305	6	18	109	13
70	2010/11	1,595	319	6	19	114	13
	2011/12	1,667	333	7	20	119	14
ğ	2012/13	1,742	348	7	21	124	15
5	2013/14	1,820	364	7	22	130	15
Ехесипон	2014/15	1,902	380	8	23	135	10
ă	2015/16	1,988	398	8	24	142	17
	2016/17	2,077	415	8	25	148	18
	2017/18	2,170	434	9	26	155	18
	2018/19	2,268	454	9	27	162	15
	2019/20	2,370	474	9	28	169	20
	2020/21	2,560	512	10	31	176	21
				126	379	2,242	2,74
				Grand Total	505		
				(OTel MOTICE -Jon 1954)	Λ.	~	

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Table 6.3.4 Staple Foods Demand Forecast

											(Unit: ton)
			Zanzibar					2005	2010	2015	2020
C	Crops .	Unmilled	Edible	exclude	Kcall	Total			Estimated Po	pulation	
4.00		kg	kg	loss	100g	Kcal	kg	1,080,294	1,265,463	1,485,504	1,747,449
N	Maize	24	21.6	19.7	335	66,065	24	25,927	30,371	35,652	41,939
R	ice	90	60.3	58.8	335	196,955	90	97,226	113,892	133,695	157,270
V	Vheat	37	27.75	27.1	340	91,991	37	39,971	46,822	54,964	64,656
S	orghum				345	0	0	0	0	0	0
N	lillets				340	0	0 -	0	. 0	0	0
P	ulses	26	26	25.4	320	81,120	26	28,088	32,902	38,623	45,434
С	assaba	89	30.26	30.3	320	96,832	89	96,146	112,626	132,210	155,523
В	ananas	109	21.909	73.0	106	77,412	109	117,752	137,935	161,920	190,472
P	otatoes	56	14.28	47.6	93	44,030	56	60,496	70,866	83,188	97,857
		1.1	202.1	282		654,405			·		
	4.*		554	g/day		1,793	Kcal/day/pe	erson (staple fo	ods only)		

Table 6.7.1 Results of Priority Grouping

		1			8	10.00					6 (A) (A) (A)		core *	(() () () () ()	0.000	
				1000			1							3.00		1000
Serial No. Island Region	District	Name	Typel	Type2	Type3	Type4	Type5		Potential EIRR	Technica	Economic	Environ	Rase of	Social	Total Score	Grouping
						1000		Arta (ba)	Area (na)			-ment	Implementation		SCOLE	4 ()
2603 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENT	Kinyakuzi	1 Improvement	1 Existing	l Reservoir	I Gravity	1 Small	8	40 22.7%	17	32	10	3	14	76	A
1102 1 Unguja NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH 'A' - UNGUJA	Kibokwa	2 Restore		1 Reservoir	1 Gravity	3 Large		250 19.0%	19	33	8	1	13	74	A
1502 1 Unguja URBAN WEST	WEST	Miwango Irrigation Scheme	l improvement	1 Existing	2 Diversion	1 Gravity	2 Medium	78	120 23.5%	17	34	8	3	11	73	A
1202 1 Unguja NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH B'- UNGUIA	Kipange	2 Restore		l Reservoir	1 Gravity			400 19.4%	17	33	8	3	11	72	A
2706 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	WETE	Tungamaa	1 Improvement		l Reservoir	1 Gravity		6	33 20.8%	17	32	8	3	10	70	В
2611 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Saninga	1 improvement		i Reservoir	I Gravity	i Small	16.4		15	26	10	3	14	69	В
1305 I Unguja SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL	Mchangani	3 Construction		2 Diversion	1 Gravity	3 Large		300 22.8%	9	36	5	3	11	64	В
1501 I Unguja URBAN WEST	WEST	Bumbwi Sudi	1 Improvement	1 Existing		2 Pump	3 Large	136			28	6	5	9	64	B
2605 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Makwararani	1 Improvement	1 Existing			2 Medium		114 19.2%	17	29	8	3	1 5	64	B
2601 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA 2602 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI MICHEWENI	Buls Chwaka	3 Construction	3 Rainfed 3 Rainfed	-	1 Gravity	1 Smail	 	12 16.9% 17 16.9%	17	29	8	3	7	64 64	B
2602 2 Pembs NORTH - PEMBA 2805 2 Pembs (SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Miemele	3 Construction 3 Construction	3 Rainfed			2 Medium	 	73 15,3%	17	31	8		7 5	64	3
2803 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Kwepweza	2 Restore	2 Abandon			2 Medium		62 14.1%	19	28	8	3	13-	63	B
1306 I Unguia SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL	Mwera	1 Improvement	1 Existing		1 Gravity		12		17	26	5	3	11	62	3
2904 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Kiguni	3 Construction	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	1 Gravity			16 12.5%	19	26	8	3	5	61	В
1101 It Unguja NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH 'A' - UNGUJA	Chasni	3 Construction	3 Rainfed		1 Gravity			250 16.8%	. 9	33	8	3	7	60	- c
2702 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	WETE	Kwalempona	2 Restore	2 Abandor		1 Gravity	2 Medium	13,6	53 8.2%	19	25	10	1	5	60	С
2908 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Machigini/Gae la Mtungi	2 Restore		I Reservoir	1 Gravity			547 9.3%	17	27	8	1	7	60	С
1301 1 Unguja SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL	Bambi	2 Restore	2 Abandos			2 Medium		168 16.6%	18	26	5	1	9	59	С
1302 1 Unguja SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL		I Improvement	1 Existing			3 Large	42		10	30	5	3	11	59	C
2608 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI		3 Construction		1 Reservoir		1 Small	 	25 13.5%	17	26	8	3	5	59	C
2801 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Dobi	3 Construction		i Reservoir			1	25 12.3%	17	26	3	3	5	59	c
2704 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	WETE	Міророспі	2 Restore		1 Reservoir I Reservoir		2 Medium	13.6	65 9,6%	17	25	8	3	5	58 58	Ç.
2905 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA 2907 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI MKOANI				1 Reservoir	1 Oravity	2 Medium		21 14.8% 93 12.0%	17	25	8	3	1 5	58 58	C
1503 I Unguja URBAN WEST	WEST		3 Construction		2 Diversion		2 Medium		53 20.9%	10	34	5	3	5	57	- C
2604 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI		3 Construction		1 Reservoir	1 Gravity			23 11.5%	16	23	8	3	7	57	- č
2802 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE		3 Construction		Reservoir	1 Gravity		~~~	22 16.9%	17	20	5	1	5	57	c
2909 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI		3 Construction		I Reservoir		2 Medium		54 12.1%	17	28	6	1	5	57	Ċ
2911 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI		3 Construction	3 Rainfed	l Reservoir	1 Cravity	1 Small		15 12.9%	19	26	6	1	5	57	C
2914 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI		2 Restore	2 Abandos	l Reservoir	1 Cravity	i Small		25 12.1%	17	25	6	3	5	57	C
2610 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Ngwia	3 Construction	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Gravity	2 Medium		76 11.9%	17	25	8	3	. 3	56	c
2606 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI	Marangatwani	3 Construction	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Gravity	l Small		19 11.3%	17	23	8	3	_ 5	56	C
2804 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Mahieni	3 Construction		l Reservoir	1 Gravity	I Small		35 12.7%	19	26	5	1	_ 5	56	C
2607 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI		3 Construction		l Reservoir	J Gravity			41 7.0%	17	20	8	3	7	55	C
2705 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	WETE		3 Construction		1 Reservoir	1 Gravity			31 10.4%	19	23	5	3	5	55	С
2707 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	WETE		3 Construction		1 Reservoir		1 Smell		35 7,0%	17	20	8	5	5	55	C
1203 1 Unguja NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH B'-UNGUJA		3 Construction		Reservoir	I Gravity			300 12.3%	11	30	5.	1	7	S4	<u>c</u>
2901 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI		3 Construction	3 Rainfed	Reservoir	1 Gravity			19 11.2%	19	23	6	- 1	5	54	c
2903 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI		3 Construction		l Reservoir	1 Gravity			33 11.6%	19	23	6		5	. 54	- c
1304 i Unguja SOUTH - UNGUJA 2703 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	CENTRAL	Marrie Ma	3 Construction I Improvement		2 Diversion 1 Reservoir	1 Gravity	1 Small	10	20 26.3% 29 11.2%	10	23	5	3	3	53 52	C
2910 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Mangwena Maotwe	3 Construction		l Reservoir	1 Gravity		10	13 16.6%	7	29	8	3	12	52	č
2609 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	MICHEWENI		3 Construction		1 Reservoir	1 Gravity		 	32 10.6%	17	23	5	3	1 3	51	Ċ.
1201 1 Unguja NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH B'- UNGUJA		2 Restore	2 Abandor			3 Large	 	850 10.3%	9	22	5		11	50	<u>a</u>
2913 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI		3 Construction		1 Reservoir		1 Small		10 14.6%	- 6 -	26	8	1	5	49	D.
2906 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI			3 Rainfed			2 Medium		51 8.8%	9	25	8	I	5	48	D
1402 1 Unguja SOUTH - UNGUJA	SOUTH		3 Construction	3 Rainfed :	3 GW		3 Large	-	586: 8.8%	10	22	5	3	7	47	D
2807 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE		3 Construction	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir		i Smell	6		7	20	7	3	10	47	D
2806 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	CHAKE CHAKE	Ngue	3 Construction	3 Rainfed	I Reservoir	1 Gravity	1 Small		5 6.3%	10	20	6	5	5	46	D
2912 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI	Maumbwini	3 Construction	3 Rainfed	1 Reservoir	1 Gravity	1 Small		29 9.8%	9	23	8	3	3	46	D
1401 1 Unguja SOUTH - UNGUJA	SOUTH		3 Construction	3 Rainfed			3 Large		330 8.8%	10	22	5	3	5	45	מ
1204 Lunguja NORTH - UNGUJA	NORTH 'B' UNGUIA			3 Rainfed			3 Large		418 11.2%	- 8	22	3	3	9	45	Δ
2701 2 Pemba NORTH - PEMBA	WETE			3 Rainfed			I Small		24 10,8%	7	23	5	3	6	44	D
1307 1 Unguja SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL		3 Construction	3 Rainfed		2 Pump	1 Small		14 13.3%	8	21	3	3	9	44	D
2902 2 Pemba SOUTH - PEMBA	MKOANI			3 Rainfed		1 Gravity	1 Small		12 11.1%	6	23	8	1	5	43	D
1303 1 Unguia SOUTH - UNGUJA	CENTRAL	Kinima Mchanga	3 Construction	3 Rainfed .	GW د	2 Pump	3 Large	L i	800 10.7%	11	22	5	1	3	42	D

 Table 7.3.1
 Proposed Components of the Subject-wise Programme in ZIMP

Reference	Programme Title	Target organization or	Outlines of the Programme	Remarks
No		groups Irrigation Sector and	Institutional improvement plan of the IS's organization is authorized. And the	
1-1	13 Institutional Improvement Programme	LGAs	institutional improvement plan of the IS is certied out.	To be originally prepared
11-1	IS Working Mandate Formulation Programme	Irrigation Sector and LGAs	Proper Waking mandate of 1S is regulated and started to be applied.	To be originaly prepared
II-2	Regulatory Networking System Establishment between LOAs and IS	Irrigation Sector and LOAs	Regulatory Networking System between LGAS (districts) and IS is established, and the system starts to work.	To be originally prepared
	NGOs' Intervention in Irrigation Development Encourage Programme	Any	Encouragement plan for NGOs' intervention in irrigation development is established. The encouragement plan for NGOs' intervention in irrigation development is started.	To be utilized outcome B4 for the Mainland
11-4	Cooperation Channeling within Irrigation-Sector Establishment Programme	Imigation Sector and LGAs	Properly linked mandate and duties of each agency in irrigation sector are established.	To be originaly prepared
II -5	Sub-sectors Coordination System Establishment	Any agencies related	Proper coordination directive among every sub-sectors related to irrigated agriculture are established.	To be originally prepared
10-1	Survey and Investigation Guideline Establishmena Programme	Any	Survey and Investigation (S&I) Guideline which is convenient for survey and investigation of new irrigation planning is completed. A copy of the S&I Guideline is placed in each district and section related irrigation development.	To be utilized outcome C1 for the Mainland
JH-2(1)	Planning Guideline Establishment Programme	Апу	Pfaming Guideline which is convenient for planning of new irrigation scheme is completed. A copy of the Planning Guideline is placed in each district and section retated irrigation development.	To be utilized outcome C2.1 for the Mainland
111-2(2)	Designing Guideline Establishment Programme	Алу	Designing Guideline which is convenient for designing of new irrigation scheme is completed. A copy of the Designing Guideline is placed in each district and section telated intestion development.	To be utilized outcome C2.2 for the Mainland
III-3(1)	O&M Guideline Establishment Programme	Any	O&M Childeline which is convenient for the works of operation and mainlenance of any intigation schemes is completed. A copy of the O&M Guideline is placed in each district and section related intigation development.	To be utilized outcome C3.1 for the Mainland
111-3(2)	Monitoring & Evaluation Guideline Establishment Programme	Алу	M&E Guideline which is convenient for monitoring and evaluation of my irrigation schemes is completed. A copy of the M&E Guideline is placed in each district and section related irrigation development	To be utilized outcome C3.2 for the Mainland
111-4	Farmers' Participation in Irrigation Development Programme	Farmers and Farmers' Group	A Guideline for farmers participation is prepared. Some numbers of pilot model irrigation schemes for farmers participation are established, and replicable effects of the pilot models for farmers participation are expanded to other areas.	To be utilized outcome C4 for the Mainland
111-5	Village Irrigation Development Guideline Establishment Programme	L GAs and Farmers	the pilot models for farmers participation are expanded to other area. Village brigation Development (VID) Guideline which is convenient for planning, designing, construction and O&M of new village irrigation scheme is completed. A copy of the VID Guideline is placed in each district and organization related.	To be utilized oulcome C5 for the Mainland
111-6	Farmers' O&M Manual Establishment Programme	Farmers and Farmers Group	Farmers' O&M Manual which is convenient for the farmers' works and activities to be taken during operation and maintenance of any irrigation schemes is completed. A conv of the F'O&M Manual is placed in each district, section related tritezion.	To be utilized outcome C6 for the Mainland
III-7	Establishment of DADP Formulation Guideline for Irrigated Agriculture Development (DADP-IA)	LGAs	DADP-IA Guideline which is convenient for planning of new trigation scheme dealt with Districts is completed. A copy of the DADP-IA Guideline is placed in each district and organization related irrigation development (Including NGOs).	To be utilized outcome C7 for the Mainland
IV-1	Technical Manuals Handling Guideline Establishment Programme	Any	Technical Manuals Handling TMH Guideline Which is convenient for handling and managing, all technical references is completed. A copy of the TMH Guideline is placed in each action related irritation development in central eaventment and	To be utilized outcome D2 for the Mainland
1V-2	Information and Database Unprovement Programme	Irrigation Sector and LGAs	Databases related to irrigation development and mamagement are completed and started for its services.	To be utilized outcome D3 for the Mainland
IV-3	Irrigation Development Contactors and Consultants' Listing Programme	Any	Contractors and consultants' inventory for the contract works of irrigation development is completed. Up-dating system for the contractors and consultants' inventory is established.	To be utilized outcome D4 for the Mzinland
IV-4	LGA Networking System Establishment Programme	LGAs	Inrigation offices of districts are enabled to access intra-new of 18 and ZIOs individually and at any time, so as to communicate any matters of irrigation development.	To be originally prepared
IV-5	Existing-scheme Monitoting System Establishment Programme	Irrigation Sector and LGAs	An existing irrigation monitoring system is established. The monitoring system starts its operation as required.	To be originaly prepared
V-1(I)	Irrigation Technology Research Center Establishment Programme	Imigation Sector and LGAs	An Irrigation Technology Research Center is established in suitable maruners. The Irrigation Technology Research Center starts its operation as required.	To be utilized outcome E1.1 for the Mainland
V-1(2)	Perenial Irrigation Method Improvement Programme		Improving measures for perennial irrigation practice in Tanzania are established on the basis of real hindrances and inconveniences.	To be utilized outcome E1.2 for the Mainland
	Flood irrigation Development Programme	Irrigation Sector and LGAs	Sustainable flood irrigation (water harvesting) know how for marginal areas in Tanzania is established on the bases of the previous failures. And proper methods of flood jurigation (water harvesting) take the place of improper ones which were Adequate small dam technology for irrigation development to meet circumstances in	To be utilized outcome E1.3 for the Mainland
V-1(4)	Small Dam Technology for Irrigation Development Establishment Programme	Irrigation Sector and LGAs	Tanzania is established on the bases of the previous lessons. Proper method of	To be utilized outcome E1.4 for the Mainland
V-1(5)	Environmental Assessment Study for Irrigation Practice in Tanzania	Imigation Sector and LGAs	water willication by small dam is introduced to engineers in interation. Environmental issues affected presently in and by irrigation practice in Tanzania are clucidated. Measures of avoiding environmental deterioration by irrigation practice are worked out.	To be utilized outcome E1.5 for the Mainland
V-1(6)	Study of River-Bezin Approach in Irrigation Development	Irrigation Sector and LOAs	Proper river-basin approach for irrigation sector is established as a form of guideline. And the proper river-basin approach for irrigation sector is expanded for irrigation sector is expanded for irrigation.	To be utilized outcome E1.6 for the Mainland
V-2	Hydrantic Experimental Center Establishment Programme	Irrigation Sector and LGAs	A Hydraulic Experimental Center is established in suitable manners, The Hydraulic Experimental Center status its operation as required.	To be utilized outcome E2 for the Mainland
V-3	Farmers' Participation Training Programme	Farmers and Farmers' Group	Farmers' participation training programme for irrigated agriculture is established. The farmers' participation training programme is executed.	To be utilized outcome E5 for the Mainland
	imigated Agriculture Training Programme for Rice Production Increase	Farmers and Farmers' Group	Productivities of rice increases in the model sites through the KATC's training.	To be utilized outcome E6.1 for the Mainland
V-4(1)				
V-4(1)	Irrigated Agriculture Training Programme for Cash Crops Production Incresse	Farmers and Farmers' Group	Productivities of irrigated cash crop increase in the model sites through training of the programme. Pilot models of integrated irrigation development which is irrigated agricultural	To be utilized outcome E6.2 for the Mainland

Reference No.	Programme Title	Target organization or groups	Location	Objectivies	Major Outputs							
				Institutional improvement plan of the IS's organization is authorized.	Institutional improvement plan of the IS's organization is finalized.							
		Irrigation Sector		And the institutional improvement plan of the IS is carried out.	2 Organizational structure of IS is legitimately changed.							
I-1	iS Institutional Improvement Programme	and LGAs	Zanzibar	Outline of Proposed Development Programmes in ZIMP	2 Personnel changes and if necessary recruitment of staff are done in the IS in line with the							
					institutional improvement plan. 4 New greanization of IS is enabled to work.							
			<u> </u>	Proper waking mandate of IS is regulated and started to be applied.	1 Mission statement of IS is established.							
II-1	IS Working Mandate Formulation Programme	Irrigation Sector	Zanzibar	Topal many managed to a pogazzos and souther to be appared.	2 Task duties of IS is established in line with the Mission statement of IS.							
	To the particular to the parti	and LGAs										
				Regulatory Networking System between LGAs (districts) and IS is established, and	3 Procedures on scheme implementation are systemized and formalized.							
	Regulatory Networking System Establishment between	Irrigation Sector		the system starts to work.	Communication channel for transferring information between districts and IS is set up.							
П-2	LGAs and IS	and LGAs	Nationwide		2 Necessary equipment to make communicate between both parties possible is installed.							
					3 Arrangement for open utilization of useful tools and information in IS to districts is made.							
П-3	NGOs' Intervention in Irrigation Development Encourage Programme			To be applied the outcome of component	B4 for the Mainland							
	Cooperation Channeling within Imagation-Sector	Irrigation Sector		Properly linked mandate and duties of each agency in irrigation sector are established.	Cooperative mission statement of every parties in intigation sector is established in consideration with linkage each other.							
II-4	Establishment Programme	and LGAs	Nationwide	as another in the second of th	2 Cooperative Duties and Mandate of imigation sector is established in line with the Mission statements.							
			·	Proper coordination directive among every sub-sectors related to imigated	Coordination system (or directive and rules system) among sub-sectors related to imigated							
II-5	Sub-sectors Coordination System Establishment	Any agencies related	Nationwide	agriculture are established.	agriculture development are established. The coordination system among sub-sectors works on retaining of good progress of imigated							
IÚ-1	Survey and Investigation Guideline Establishment			To be applied the outcome of component	agriculture. C1 for the Mainland							
III-2(1)	Programme Planning Guideline Establishment Programme			To be applied the outcome of component								
-												
III-2(2)	Designing Guideline Establishment Programme			To be applied the outcome of component								
· · · · · ·	O&M Guideline Establishment Programme Monitoring & Evaluation Guideline Establishment			To be applied the outcome of component (_ 							
III-3(2)	Programme			To be applied the outcome of component (C3.2 for the Mainland							
III-4	Farmers' Participation in Irrigation Development Programme			To be applied the outcome of component	C4 for the Mainland							
Ш-5	Village Irrigation Development Guideline Establishment Programme			To be applied the outcome of component	CS for the Mainland							
Щ-6	Farmers' O&M Manual Establishment Programme	To be applied the outcome of component C6 for the Mainland										
Ш-7	Establishment of DADP Formulation Guideline for Irrigated Agriculture Development (DADP-IA)			To be applied the outcome of component	C7 for the Mainland							
IV-1	Technical Manuals Handling Guideline Establishment Programme	,···		To be applied the outcome of component	D2 for the Mainland							
IV-2	Information and Database Improvement Programme			To be applied the outcome of component	D3 for the Mainland							
	Irrigation Development Contactors and Consultants'			To be applied the outcome of component	D4 for the Mainland							
<u></u>	Listing Programme											

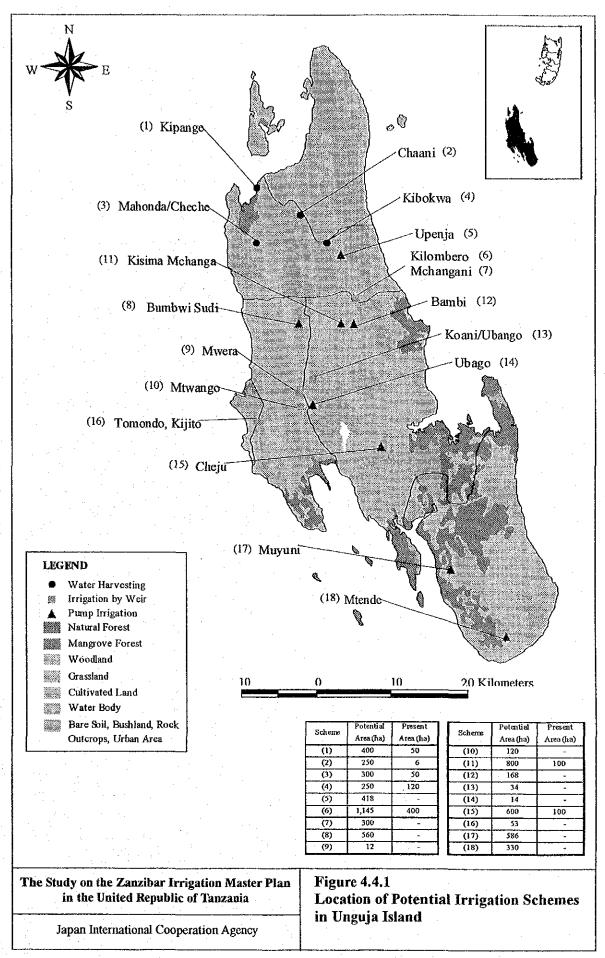
Reference No.	Programme Title	Target organization or groups	Location	Objectiviës	Major Outputs					
IV-4	LGA Networking System Establishment Programme	Irrigation Sector and LGAs	Nationwide	Imigation offices of districts are enabled to access intra-new of IS and ZIOs individually and at any time, so as to communicate any matters of irrigation	1 Information facilities so as to access to internet is installed in the irrigation offices of districts. 2 Staff of the irrigation offices of districts can operate the installed system to access to internet. The network system linked to internet installed in the irrigation offices of districts utilize effectively for the purpose of irrigation development.					
		:		An existing irrigation monitoring system is established.	1 Hardware of the monitoring system is stationed.					
	Existing-scheme Monitoring System Establishment Programme	Istigation Sector and LGAs	Nationwide	The monitoring system starts its operation as required.	2 Software of the monitoring system (database of schemes, and necessary information etc.) is prepared. 3 Operation and utilized arrangement is systemized.					
ļ					4 Up-dating system for the monitoring system is systemized.					
V-1(I)	Irrigation Technology Research Center Establishment Programme			To be applied the outcome of component	EI. I for the Mainland					
V-1(2)	Perenial Irrigation Method Improvement Programme			To be applied the outcome of component	E1.2 for the Mainland					
V-1(3)	Flood Irrigation Development Programme			To be applied the outcome of component	E1.3 for the Mainland					
	Small Dam Technology for Imigation Development Establishment Programme			To be applied the outcome of component	E1.4 for the Mainland					
V-1(5)	Environmental Assessment Study for Irrigation Practice in Tanzania			To be applied the outcome of component	E1.5 for the Mainland					
V-1(6)	Study of River-Basin Approach in Irrigation Development			To be applied the outcome of component	E1.6 for the Mainland					
	Hydraulie Experimental Center Establishment Programme			To be applied the outcome of componen	1 E2 for the Mainland					
V-3	Farmers' Participation Training Programme			To be applied the outcome of componen	t E5 for the Mainland					
	Imigated Agriculture Training Programme for Rice Production Increase			To be applied the outcome of component	E6.1 for the Mainland					
V-4(2)	Imgated Agriculture Training Programme for Cash Crops Production Increase			To be applied the outcome of component	E6.2 for the Mainland					
				Pilot models of integrated irrigation development which is irrigated agricultural development with fulfilling rural development comprehensively, are implemented.	1 Development concept of integrated inigation development is clanified.					
V-5	Integrated Imigation Development Model	Алу		2 Method and modality for integrated irrigation development are established.						
*-5	establishment Programme	Auty	Nationwide		3 Works for pilot model development are implemented at selected sites (villages).					
	.1.				4 A monitoring routine is established, and starts operation.					

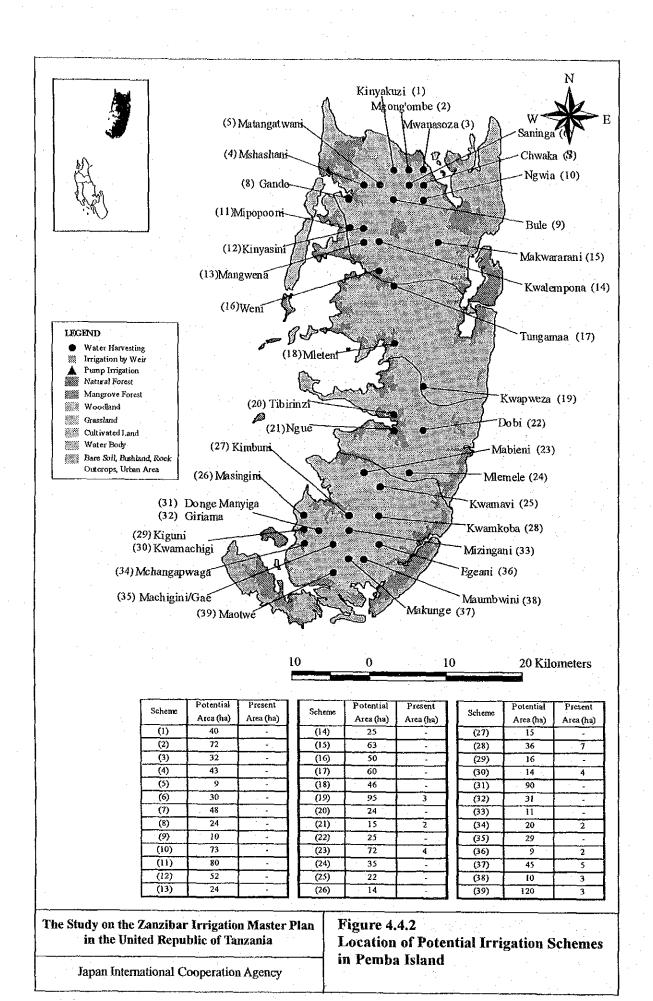
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Table 7.8.1 Tentative PDM for Implementation of ZIMP

Name of Project : Zanzibar Irrigation Master Plan			
Project Area : Zanzibar in Tanzania	A-44 (144 (144 (144 (144 (144 (144 (144 (Duration : 18 years	Date : October 15, 2002
Executing Agency : Ministry of Agricuture, Natural Resources,	Environment and Cooperatives (MANREC)	Target Group : Government and Private Sect	or
Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Means of Verification	Important Assumptions
Overall Goal			
1.1 Promote sustainable development of the agricultural sector	1.1 Food Production progressively increases by 2020.	1.1 Monitoring reports of MANREC	The Government does not change the
for economic, social and environmental benefits of its	1.1. 1 Coult to decide progressively mercases by 2020.	1.1 Wolldoring reports of WANGE	agricultural policy.
people			agrountaria poncy.
Project Purpose			The Government does not hinder the
2.1 Excution of sustainable irrigation development through	2.1 Total irrigable area progressively increases by 2020,	2.1 Monitoring reports of DARI,	implementation of irrigation development
effective use of national resources	and stable food production is realized.	MANREC MANREC	Adequate resources are allocated.
Outputs	and stable food production is featized.	IVIATABO	Additional Controls are anothers.
3.1 Irrigation facilties are rehabilitated/improved/newly	3.1.1 Irrigation facilties are rehabilitated/improved/newly	3.1.1 Monitoring reports of DARI,	Implementation of other sub-sectors
constructed.	constructed with participatory approach by 2007.	MANREC MANREC	(marketing of farm inputs and outputs,
COIBI BORG.	- Total irrigable areas developed 624 ha	MANAGO	credit services, rural infrastrucure) are
	3.1.2 Irrigation facilities are rehabilitated/improved/newly	3.1.2 Monitoring reports of DADO	executed concurrently.
	constructed with farmers-oriented approach by 2012.		Required fund is available on time.
	- Total irrigable areas developed 1,066 ha	The state of the s	DARI has enough capacity to make
	3.1.3 Irrigation facilties are rehabilitated/improved/newly	3.1.3 Monitoring reports of DADO	coordination for implementation
	constructed with self-relient philosopy by 2020.		of irrigation schemes.
	- Total irrigable areas developed 2,383 ha		
	Lotter in 1940/20 di onto di volopoto di di		·
3.2 Subject-wise improvement programme for sustainable	3.2.1 12 components of Subject-wise Improvement Programme	3.2.1 Monitoring report of DARI and	
irtrigation development is completed.	are completed by 2007.	DADO	1
	3.2.2 31 components of Subject-wise Improvement Programme	,	
	are completed by 2010.	DADO	1
			}
			1
			j
			1
			1
Activities	Inputs		Pre-conditions
4.1 Implementing Scheme-wise Development Programme	Foreign Donor		● Zanzibar Government raises all
4.1.1 Construction of dam reservoir type irrigation schemes	 Mobilization, awareness and training costs 	 Recurrent cost for project implementation 	project funds including foreign cur-
4.1.2 Construction of diversion weir type irrigation schemes	Adequate financial assistance	 Technical support to the private sector 	rency portion and local currency portion.
4.1.3 Constructing pump irrigation schemes.		RADO/DADO	
	Cost for preparation and executrion of	Manpower	
4.2 Implementing Subject-wise Improvement Programme	supporting programme	 Technical support to the private sector 	
4.2.1 Implementing institutional and organizational		Farmers	<u> </u>
development programme	Zanzibar Side	 20% of total costruction cost 	J i
4.2.2 Implementing research and technology programme.	(1) Central government	● 100% of operation and maintenance cost	
4.2.3 Implementing capacity building programme	 Arrangement of 80% of total construction cost 	for surface irrigation schemes	
4.2.4 Implementing legal framework development	 95 % of operation and maintenance cost 	 5 % of operation and maintenance cost 	
programme.	for pump irrigation schemes	for pump irrigation schemes	J t
	(2) DARI		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Figures





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The Study on the Zanzibar Irrigation Master Plan in the United Republic of Tanzania

Japan International Cooperation Agency

Figure 7.3.2
Implementation Schedule of
Subject-wise Improvement Programme

Reference No.	Component Title	Implementation period	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2097	2908	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
	rd in Siage-wise Development Programme				Short	Term	Oct. Season and	7	1	vlediun	Term	by 20	12			Lo	ng Ter	m by 2	920			Romanics
2007 110	to at Singerwise Development 110g amount					Refor	n.			C	wners	i p					Self-r	eliance				
-1	IS Institutional Improvement Programme	2.0	<u> </u>	30	7 12	5										<u>j</u>						
7-1	IS Working Mandate Formulation Programme	1.0			30	3	L															
Ţ-2	Regulatory Networking System Establishment between LGAs and IS NGOs Intervention in Irrigation Development	1.0				45																
1-3	NGOs Intervention in Irrigation Development Encourse Programme	1.0]			I^-	7	1							}						To be utilized the outcome of the ND
1-4	Encourage Programme Cooperation Charactery within Irrigation-	1.0					43	5														
2-5	Sector Establishment Programms Sub-sectors Coordination System Establishment	1.0						30														
II-1	Survey and Investigation Guideline	0.1	1	2	7	1									_					-		To be utilized the outcome of the ND
	Establishment Programme Planning Guideline Establishment Programme	1.0	\dagger		-	1	 	 			 -											To be utilized the outcome of the ND
11-2(2)	Designing Guideline Establishment Programme	1.0			;	-	 	-						_		 				_		To be utilized the outcome of the ND
	O&M Guideline Establishment Programme	1.0	-	 		;	-	 	 	 				 						_		
11-3(1)	Monitoring & Evaluation Guideline	1.0		-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 	 	 												-	To be utilized the outcome of the NIA
II-3(2)	Establishment Programme Farmers' Participation in Irrigation	1.0			 -			-				<u> </u>			 -							To be utilized the outcome of the NIA
11-4	Development Programme Village Inggalion Development Guideline		F	<u> </u>	 	 	-	1	 			<u> </u>		ļ	 -	1						To be utilized the outcome of the NB
D-5	Establishment Programme Farmers' O&M Manual Establishment	1.0	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>]		 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			_						To be utilized the outcome of the ND
II-6	Programme Establishment of DADP Formulation	1,0			<u> </u>	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1	<u> </u>	ļ					·	ļ							To be utilized the outcome of the ND
I-7	Guideline for irrigated Agriculture	1.0			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Sections	-	<u> </u>													To be utilized the outcome of the ND
	Technical Manuais Handling Guideline Establishment Programme Information and Database Improvement	0.5		ŭ.,	<u> </u>	ļ													_	•		To be utilized the outcome of the NE
V-2	Information and Database Improvement Programme	1.5					1								_						ì	To be utilized the outcome of the ND
V-3	Programme Irrigation Development Contactors and Consultants Listing Programme LGA Networking System Establishment	1.0			1																	To be utilized the outcome of the ND
V-4	LGA Networking System Establishment Programme	1,0							22									-				
	Programme Existing-scheme Monkoring System Establishment Programme	3,0						26	25	25												
	Irrigation Technology Research Center	2.0		-		-		1			-										- ·	To be utilized the outcome of the NR
	Establishment Programme Perential Impetion Method Improvement	1.5						1			-				_							To be utilized the outcome of the NI
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Programme Flood Irrigation Development Programme	2.0	 	 		 	ऻ——		¥.,,,,,,,,,,												- 	
-1(0)	Small Dam Technology for Irrigation	2.0		-	-	\vdash			-						 -	-						To be utilized the outcome of the NB
/-I(4)	Development Establishment Programme Environmental Assessment Study for Irrigation	2.0			2	1			<u> </u>													To be utilized the outcome of the ND
	Practice in Tenzenia Study of River-Basin Approach in Irrigation					1	 	1	ļ													To be utilized the outcome of the NIA
-1(6)	Development Hydraulic Experimental Center Establishment	1.0			Par	1			;							<u> </u>						To be utilized the outcome of the NIN
1-2	Programme	2.5					<u> </u>		`~~~							<u> </u>				<u> </u>		To be utilized the outcome of the NIA
1	Formers' Participation Training Programme Irrigated Agriculture Training Programme for	1.0																				To be utilized the outcome of the NIA
<u>-4(1)</u> [Rice Production Increase	5.0		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7																To be utilized the outcome of the NIA
-4(2)	rrigated Agriculture Training Programme for Cash Croos Production Increase Integrated Irrigation Development Model	3.0				-	V															To be utilized the outcome of the ND
-5	ntegrated Irrigation Development Modei stablishment Programme	3.0			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			20	. 50	20						1		1			
	Annual Cost (Thousand US\$)		ł I	30	45	45	45	56	68	46	20	7]	. 7			$\neg \neg$	T	Ţ		T	

Attachment 1

Minutes of Meeting for the Study

MINUTES OF MEETINGS

FOR

THE STUDY

ON

THE ZANZIBAR IRRIGATION MASTER PLAN

IN

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

AGREED UPON BETWEEN

THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, NATURAL RESOURCES, ENVIRONMENT

AND COOPERATIVES, ZANZIBAR

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

AND

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

Dar es Salaam, 9th May, 2002

Ms. Rahma M. Mshangama

Principal Secretary

Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources,

Environment and Cooperatives,

Zanzibar

Mr. Sumio Aoki

Resident Representative

Tanzania Office,

Japan International Cooperation Agency

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Mr. Wilfred Ngirwa

Permanent Secretary

Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security,

Dar es Salaam

1. Introduction

Both the Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security of Main Land Tanzania (hereinafter referred to as "MAFS") and the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA") agreed to the Scope of Works (hereinafter referred to as "S/W") for the Study on National Irrigation Master Plan (hereinafter referred to as "NIMP") which was signed on 10th April, 2001, at Dar es Salaam. In accordance with the S/W, the Study on NIMP for Main Land Tanzania commenced in October 2001, and is scheduled to be completed by March 2004.

In the course of the Study, the Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources, Environment and Cooperatives, Zanzibar (hereinafter referred to as "MANREC") requested JICA through MAFS to include Zanzibar in the Study Area of the NIMP.

In this regard, JICA finally with the consent of MAFS, agreed to include Zanzibar in the Study area of the NIMP provided that:

- MANREC shall complete the Inventory Survey for irrigation schemes and subjects by May 2002 using the questionnaire forms prepared by JICA.
- Government of Zanzibar (hereinafter referred to as "GOZ") shall undertake Items 7.1 and 7.2 mentioned in the S/W.

The scope of works for the Study for Zanzibar in the NIMP are stipulated below.

2. Objectives of the Study (Define "the Study" in this M/M)

Objectives of the Study for Zanzibar are as follows:

- (1) To formulate the Master Plan on Irrigation Development for Unguja and Pemba Islands with reference to the NIMP for the Main Land; and
- (2) To prepare the Implementation Plan for priority irrigation schemes selected in the Master Plan.

3. Study Area

- (1) The Master Plan for Zanzibar shall cover both Unguja and Pemba islands.
- (2) The Implementation Plan shall be prepared for one or two irrigation scheme(s) for both the Unguja and Pemba islands, which shall have been selected in the Master Plan.



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- 4. Scope of the Study
- 4.1 Phase 1

4.1.1 Data Collection

- (1) To complete the Inventory Survey for irrigation schemes on the Unguja and Pemba islands executed by the GOZ.
- (2) To collect and review the existing information and/or data mainly on the following aspects:
 - (a) Natural, social and economic conditions,
 - (b) National, regional and district development policies/strategies/plans,
 - (c) Agricultural and social infrastructure,
 - (d) Water and land resources allocation,
 - (e) Operation and maintenance of existing agricultural facilities,
 - (f) Water management,
 - (g) Farming system,
 - (h) Agricultural extension and credit,
 - (i) Post harvesting and marketing,
 - (j) Environmental issues,
 - (k) Others.
- (3) To conduct field surveys for supplementary data as required.
- (4) To identify potential irrigation area through analysis of existing data and information collected.

4.1.2 Formulation of a Master Plan

- (1) To cover the following aspects in the Master Plan:
 - (a) Irrigation and drainage development,
 - (b) Institutional building,
 - (c) Water management,
 - (d) Monitoring and evaluation,
 - (e) Others.
- (2) To use the existing data and information for formulation of a Master Plan.
- (3) To set the target year of 2020 for the Master Plan.



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- (4) To select the priority irrigation schemes by referencing the selection criteria prepared for the Main Land,
- (5) To refer to the priority irrigation subjects selected for the Main Land.

4.2 Phase 2

The Implementation Plan for the priority irrigation schemes will be studied in response to the recommendation and content of the Master Plan. As for the Implementation Plan for priority irrigation subjects, the plan for the Main Land will be referred for Zanzibar. In the course of presentation for the Implementation Plan, an Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) will be conducted in accordance with the relevant environmental law in Zanzibar.

5. Study Schedule

The Study will be carried out in accordance with the Tentative Schedule attached as Annex.

6. Reports

JICA shall prepare and submit the following reports, written in English, to the GOZ;

- (a) Inception Report 1:Twenty (20) copies at the commencement of the Study in Zanzibar.
- (b) Draft Master Plan Report:Twenty (20) copies at the end of first work in Zanzibar.
- (c) Master Plan Report:Thirty (30) copies at the start of second field work in Zanzibar.
- (d) Inception Report 2:Twenty (20) copies at the start of second field work in Zanzibar.
- (e) Progress Report:Twenty (20) copies in the process of second field work in Zanzibar.
- (f) Draft Implementation Plan Report:
 Twenty (20) copies at the end of second work in Zanzibar
- (g) Implementation Plan Report:
 Thirty (30) copies about 2 month after the submission of Implementation Plan Report



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7. Counterpart Agency

MANREC will act as a counterpart agency to the JICA Study Team and also as a coordinating and guiding body in relation with other governmental and non-governmental organizations and donors concerned for the smooth implementation of the Study.

8. Counterpart Personnel

MANREC shall assign the necessary number of counterpart personnel to the JICA Study Team during the field work period.

9. Steering Committee

MANREC shall organize a steering committee consisting of representatives from the relevant agencies for the smooth and effective implementation of the Study.

10. Stakeholder Meeting

MANREC shall hold Stakeholder Meeting(s) for recognizing the process and outputs of the Study among related actors.

11. Consultation

JICA, MAFS and MANREC shall maintain constant communication and consult with each other in respect to any matters that may arise from or in connection with the Study.



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TENTATIVE SCHEDULE for ZANZIBAR

	MONTH *	1 2 3	3 4	5 6	7 8	9 10 11 12 1	3 14 15 16 1	7 18	19 20 21 22 23 24	25 26 27 28 29 30
	WORK IN TANZANIA									
	WORK IN JAPAN									
AT - 6	REPORT				<u>\(\)</u>	<u>\(\text{\sigma} \) \(\text{2} \)</u>	∆ ③and④	<u>\(\)</u>	△ △ ⑥ ⑦	
	PHASE				4	PHASE1	→		PHASE2	

^{*} indicates the period from the commencement of the study for Main Land

- ① Inception Report 1
- ② Draft Master Plan Report
- 3 Master Plan Report
- 4 Incepion Report for Phase 2
- ⑤ Progress Report for Phase 2
- **6** Draft Implementation Plan Report

7 Implementation Plan Report

Attachment 2

Minutes of Meeting for Scope of Work for the Study and Minutes of Meeting on Scope of Work

SCOPE OF WORK

FOR

THE STUDY

ON

THE NATIONAL IRRIGATION MASTER PLAN

IN

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

AGREED UPON BETWEEN

THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

AND

THE JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

Dar Es Salaam, 10, April, 2001

Mr. Wilfred Ngirwa

Permanent Secretary

Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security

The United Republic of Tanzania

Mr. Norio KUNIYASU

Leader

The Preparatory Study Team

Japan International Cooperation Agency

Mr. P. J/Ngumbulu Permanent Secretary Ministry of Finance

The United Republic of Tanzania

I. INTRODUCTION

In response to the request of the Government of The United Republic of Tanzania (hereinafter referred to as "GOT"), the Government of Japan has decided to conduct the Study on National Irrigation Master Plan (hereinafter referred to as "the Study") in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in force in Japan.

Accordingly, the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA"), the official agency responsible for the implementation of the technical cooperation programs of the Government of Japan, will undertake the Study in close cooperation with the authorities concerned of GOT.

The present document sets forth the scope of work with regard to the Study.

II. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The objectives of the Study are as follows:

- 2.1 To formulate the Master Plan in line with the prevailing policy, strategy and program of GOT, in particular, Agricultural Sector Development Strategy and Agricultural Sector Program;
- 2.2 To formulate the Implementation Plan in accordance with the priority which will be set in the Master Plan;
- 2.3 To conduct the Verification Study, aiming at capacity building for irrigation development; and
- 2.4 To carry out technology transfer to Tanzanian counterpart personnel through on-the-job training in the course of the Study.

III. STUDY AREA

- 3.1 The Master Plan Study will be carried out at national level for the whole country.
- 3.2 The Implementation Plan and the Verification Study will be examined in the area(s) prioritized in the Master Plan.

IV. SCOPE OF THE STUDY

In order to achieve the objectives above, the study shall consist of the following activities.

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4.1 Phase 1

4.1.1 Data collection

- (a) To collect and review the existing information and/or data mainly on the following aspects;
 - (i) Natural, social and economic conditions.
 - (ii) National, regional and district development policy/strategy/plan.
 - (iii) Agricultural and social infrastructure.
 - (iv) Water and land resources allocation.
 - (v) Operation and maintenance of existing agricultural facilities.
 - (vi) Water management.
 - (vii) Farming system.
 - (viii) Agricultural extension and credit.
 - (ix) Post harvesting and marketing.
 - (x) Environmental issues.
 - (xi) Others.
- (b) To conduct field surveys for supplementary data collection.

4.1.2 Formulation of the Master Plan

- (a) The Master Plan will mainly cover the following aspects;
 - (i) Irrigation and drainage development.
 - (ii) Institutional building.
 - (iii) Water management.
 - (iv) Monitoring and evaluation.
 - (v) Others.
- (b) To select the priority area(s) in accordance with the social, economic, physical and environmental conditions.

4.2 Phase 2

4.2.1 Formulation of the Implementation Plan.

The Implementation Plan in the priority area(s) will be studied in response to the recommendation and content of the Master Plan.

4.3 Phase 3

4.3.1 Implementation of Verification Study.

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To carry out the Verification Study among the Implementation Plan(s) for aiming at capacity building of stakeholders in irrigation development. The detail content of the Verification Study will be examined in Phase 2.

V. STUDY SCHEDULE

The Study will be carried out in accordance with the Tentative Schedule attached as Annex.

VI. REPORTS

JICA shall prepare and submit the following reports, written in English, to the GOT;

- (i) Inception Report for Phase 1:Thirty (30) copies at the commencement of the Study.
- (ii) Progress Report for Phase 1:

 Thirty (30) copies in the process of first work in Tanzania.
- (iii) Draft Master Plan Report:
 Thirty (30) copies at the end of first work in Tanzania.
- (iv) Master Plan Report:
 Fifty (50) copies at the beginning of second work in Tanzania.
- (v) Inception Report for Phase 2: Thirty (30) copies at the beginning of second work in Tanzania.
- (vi) Progress Report for Phase 2:
 Thirty (30) copies in the process of second work in Tanzania.
- (vii) Draft Implementation Plan Report:
 Thirty (30) copies at the end of second work in Tanzania.
- (viii) Implementation Plan Report:
 Fifty (50) copies at the beginning of third work in Tanzania.
- (ix) Inception Report for Phase 3:
 Thirty (30) copies at the beginning of third work in Tanzania.
- (x) Progress Report for Phase 3: Thirty (30) copies in the process of third work in Tanzania.
- (xi) Draft Verification Study Report:
 Thirty (30) copies at the end of third work in Tanzania.
- (xii) Verification Study Report:
 Fifty (50) copies at the fourth work in Tanzania.

Tanzanian side shall submit the comments on each Report at the

meetings/workshops to be held in the process of work in Tanzania.

VII. UNDERTAKING OF THE GOT

- 7.1 To facilitate the smooth conduct of the Study, GOT shall take necessary measures:
 - (i) To secure the safety of the Study Team:
 - (ii) To permit the members of the Study Team to enter, leave and sojourn in Tanzania for the duration of their assignment therein, and exempt them from alien registration requirements and consular fees:
 - (iii) To exempt the members of the Study Team from taxes, duties and other charges on equipment, machinery and other materials to be brought into and out of Tanzania for the conduct of the Study in accordance with the laws and regulations existing in Tanzania.
 - (iv) To exempt the members of the Study Team from income tax and charges of any kind imposed on or in connection with any emoluments or allowances paid to the members of the Study Team for their services in connection with the implementation of the Study;
 - (v) To provide necessary facilities to the Study Team for remittance as well as utilization of the funds introduced into Tanzania from Japan in connection with the implementation of the Study;
 - (vi) To secure permission for the Study Team to enter private properties or restricted areas for the implementation of the Study;
 - (vii) To secure permission for the Study Team to take all data and documents, including photographs and maps, relevant to the Study out of Tanzania to Japan for the purpose of the Study, and
 - (viii) To provide medical services as needed. Its expenses will be chargeable to members of the Study Team.
- 7.2 The GOT shall bear claims, if any arises, against members of the Study Team resulting from, occurring in the course of, or otherwise connected with the discharge of their duties in the implementation of the Study, except when such claims arise from gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the members of the Study Team.
- 7.3 The Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security (hereinafter referred to as MAFS) shall act as a counterpart agency to the Study Team and



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also as a coordinating and guiding body in relation with other governmental organizations and non-governmental organizations concerned for smooth implementation of the Study.

- 7.4 MAFS shall, at its own expense and in cooperation with other organizations concerned, provide the Study Team with the following;
 - (i) Available data and information related to the Study,
 - (ii) Counterpart personnel,
 - (iii) Suitable office space with necessary equipment in Dar Es Salaam, and
 - (iv) Credentials or identification cards.

VIII. UNDERTAKING OF JICA

For the implementation of the study, JICA shall take the following measures;

- (i) To dispatch, at its own expense, study teams to Tanzania, and,
- (ii) To pursue technology transfer to the Tanzanian counterpart personnel in the course of the Study.

IX. CONSULTATION

JICA and MAFS shall maintain constant communication and consult with each other in respect of any matters that may arise from or in connection with the Study.

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TENTATIVE SCHEDULE

MONTH	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
WORK IN TANZANIA			
WORK IN JAPAN			
REPORT	Δ Δ Δ ① ② ③	△ △ △ ④ and⑤ ⑥ ⑦	\triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \otimes
PHASE	PHASE1	PHASE2	PHASE3

- ① Inception Report for Phase 1
- ② Progress Report for Phase 1
- 3 Draft Master Plan Report
- Master Plan Report
- ⑤ Incepion Report for Phase 2
- Progress Report for Phase 2

- 7 Draft Implementation Plan Report
- 8 Implementation Plan Report
- Inception Report for Phase 3
- 10 Progress Report for Phase 3
- ① Draft Verification Study Report
- Verification Study Report



MINUTES OF MEETINGS

FOR

THE STUDY

ON

THE NATIONAL IRRIGATION MASTER PLAN

IN

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

AGREED UPON BETWEEN

THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

AND

THE JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

Dar Es Salaam, 10, April, 2001

Mr. Wilfred Ngirwa

Permanent Secretary

Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security

The United Republic of Tanzania

Mr. Norio KUNIYASU

Leader

The Preparatory Study Team

Japan International Cooperation Agency

In response to the request of the Government of The United Republic of Tanzania (hereinafter referred to as "GOT"), the Preparatory Study Team (hereinafter referred to as "the Team") headed by Mr. KUNIYASU Norio was sent to The United Republic of Tanzania by the Japan International Cooperation Agency from 18th March, to 11th April, 2001.

The Team held a series of discussions in relation to the Scope of the Study on National Irrigation Master Plan (hereinafter referred to as "the Study") with representatives of the Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security of GOT (hereinafter referred to as "MAFS") and other relevant organizations. The list of participants in the series of meetings is attached as ANNEX 1. The following were agreed upon by both Tanzanian and Japanese sides in relation to the Study.

1. Title of the Study

Both sides agreed that the title of the study should be changed from "The Master Plan Study on National Irrigation Development Promotion" to "The Study on National Irrigation Master Plan".

2. Undertakings

Refer to the undertakings of the GOT written in the Scope of Works, MAFS expressed difficulties in providing vehicle(s), a photocopy machine, a personal computer, an air conditioner, a facsimile and an electric generator by its own expense to the Study Team and requested JICA to make the arrangements of such equipment. The Team promised to convey the requests to the Government of Japan.

JICA requested MAFS to make necessary arrangement in providing temporary office space(s) in Dar Es Salaam preferably within the proximity of the Irrigation Section office and in the respective zonal irrigation unit office in the prioritized area(s) which will be decided in the course of the Study. MAFS promised to undertake this responsibility.

3. Counterpart Agency

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Both sides confirmed that MAFS acts as a counterpart agency to the Study Team and also as a coordinating and guiding body in relation with other governmental and non-governmental organizations and donors concerned for the smooth implementation of the Study. Both sides also confirmed that

the Study will be implemented under the cooperative manner between both sides, with respect of the ownership of GOT.

4. Target Year

MAFS requested that the duration of the Master Plan should be set forth 15 years, taking into consideration of the existing irrigation master plan (National Irrigation Development Plan) target year as 2014.

5. Steering Committee

For the smooth and effective implementation of the Study, both sides agreed upon the need for establishment of a steering committee consisting of representatives from the following ministries and organizations before the commencement of the Study.

- (1) Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security
- (2) President's Office, Planning and Privatization Commission
- (3) President's Office, Regional Administration and Local Government
- (4) Vice President's Office, Environment Department
- (5) Prime Minister's Office
- (6) Ministry of Finance
- (7) Ministry of Water and Livestock Development
- (8) Ministry of Natural Resources and Tourism
- (9) Ministry of Energy and Minerals
- (10) Ministry of Lands and Human Settlement Development
- (11) JICA Tanzania Office
- (12) Embassy of Japan (as an observer)
- (13) Any other co-opted members

6. Counterpart Personnel

MAFS promised to assign the necessary number of counterpart personnel for the Study Team from the organizations concerned. The member list of counterpart personnel is attached as ANNEX 2.

MAFS expressed difficulties in providing travel allowance for them and requested JICA to make necessary arrangements, because of the budget limitation.

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7. Counterpart Training in Japan

MAFS requested the training of counterpart personnel on specific relevant subjects in Japan for the efficient implementation of the Study. The Team promised to convey it to the Government of Japan.

8. Workshop/Stakeholder Meeting

Both sides agreed to hold the workshops and/or stakeholder meetings for recognizing the process and outputs of the Study among related actors.

9. Data Base

The Tanzanian side requests to establish an irrigation data base. The Japanese side promised to examine the matter in the course of the Study in consultation with the Tanzanian side.



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(A) LIST OF MAFS STAFF MET BY THE JICA PREPARATORY STUDY TEAM

Mr. W. NGIRWA Permanent Secretary
 Dr. N. P. SICILIMA Director of Crop Development

3. Mrs. J. BITEGEKO Director of Policy and Planning

4. Eng. G. M. KALINGA Assistant Director for Irrigation

5. Eng. A. H. SIMBA Irrigation Engineer

6. Eng. D. B. E. URASSA Civil Engineer

7. Mr. P. MAFURU Agricultural Economist, Head of Monitoring and

Evaluation Unit

8. Mr. A. L. SIMUKANGA Environmental Engineer

9. Eng. F. MBOGO Irrigation Engineer

10. Eng. I. MASENZA Water Resources Engineer

11. Mrs. E. NNYITI Soil Scientist, Zonal Irrigation Unit, Morogoro

12. Eng. C. K. CHIZA National Project Coordinator, Rehabilitation of

Traditional Irrigation Project

13. Eng. A. E. R. ISSAE Civil Engineer

14. Dr. J. NOZAKA Irrigation Advisor(JICA expert)

(B) LIST OF PARTICIPANTS FOR STAKEHOLDERS MEETING ON THE NATIONAL IRRIGATION MASTER PLAN STUDY

Mr. W. NGIRWA Permanent Secretary, MAFS

2. Dr. N. P. SICILIMA Director of Crop Development, MAFS

3. Eng. R. J. MTEMU Head of Technical Advisory Unit, ASPS

4. Mr. P. J. ZOUTEWELLE Irrigation Advisor, ASPS, DANIDA

5. Dr. S. LUGEYE Agricultural Advisor, Ireland Aid

Agricultural Invisor, regarded

6. Mr. E. OCLEIRIGH Programme Officer, Ireland Aid

7. Mr. J. SALMON Rural Livelihoods Advisor, DFID

8. Mr. G. S. NGAREYA Assistant Director, Prime Minister's Office

9. Dr. I. K. ALOO Senior Forest Officer, Ministry of Natural Resources

& Tourism

10. Ms. M. TAKADA Programme Officer, WFP

11. Mr. J.K. KABYMERA Programme Officer, FAO

12. Mr. H. V. PEDERSEN Chief Technical Advisor, ASPS, DANIDA

13. Eng. G. M. KALINGA Assistant Director for Irrigation, MAFS

14. Eng. A. H. SIMBA Irrigation Engineer, MAFS

15. Dr. J. NOZAKA Irrigation Advisor, MAFS

16. Mr. N. ITO Second Secretary, Embassy of Japan

17. Mr. I. RUGEMALILE Economist, Embassy of Japan

18. Mr. Y. SASAOKA Special Advisor, JICA

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19. Mr. R. SASAKI Advisor, JICA 20. Mr. Y. AIZAWA Advisor, JICA 21. Mr. S. OKUBO Advisor, JICA

(C) List of the Preparatory Study Team, JICA

1.	Mr.	KUNIYASU Norio	Leader, Irrigation Policy
2.	Mr.	MITSUGI Hiroto	Member, Donor Coordination
з.	Dr.	YOSHIDA Koji	Member, Farming
4.	Mr.	JITSUHIRO Noboru	Member, Water Resources
5.	Mr.	FURUDONO Seigo	Member, Irrigation/Agricultural Infrastructure
6.	Mr.	AZEGAMI Naoya	Member, Agricultural Organization/Management
7.	Mr.	HAYASHI Kenji	Member, Project Planning



LIST OF PROPOSED COUNTERPART PERSONNEL

1. Eng. A. H. SIMBA Irrigation/Civil Engineer (Irrigat:

2. Mr. P. F. MAFURU Agricultural Economist (Irrigation HQ)

3. Mr. H. MEDADI Irrigation Agronomist (Irrigation HQ)

4. Mrs. E. NNYITI Soil Scientist (Morogoro Zonal Irrigation Unit)

5. Mr. I. MASENZA Water Resources Engineer/Hydrologist (Irrigation HQ)

6. Mr. R. KOMANGA Sociologist (Morogoro Zonal Irrigation Unit)



Attachment 3

Minutes of Meeting on Inception Report 1

MINUTES OF MEETING
ON
INCEPTION REPORT 1 (ZANZIBAR)
FOR
THE STUDY

ON

THE NATIONAL IRRIGATION MASTER PLAN

IN

THE REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

The Study Team submitted twenty (20) copies of the Inception Report 1 of the 1st field work of the Study on the National Irrigation Master Plan for Zanzibar (hereinafter referred to as "the Study") to the Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources, Environment and Cooperatives (hereinafter referred to as "MANREC"), in accordance with the Minutes of Meeting for the Study signed between MANREC and the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA") on May 9, 2002.

The meeting on the Report was held with the Steering Committee on May 15, 2002, although prior discussions on it were made between counterpart personnel of MANREC and the Study Team on May 14, 2002. In the meetings, the Study Team explained the contents of the Report and further highlighted the outline, basic concept and basic approach of the Study. This was followed by discussions on the contents of the Report among the Participants. As a result of the discussions, the contents of the Report were accepted by the Steering Committee. The main issues discussed among Participants and the list of Participants are shown in ANNEXES attached hereto.

Mr. Ali Khamis Makarani

Deputy Principal Secretary

Ministry of Agriculture Natural Resources,

Environment and Cooperatives,

Zanzibar

Date: May 16, 2002

Mr. Hitoshi Shimazaki

Leader

The Study Team

Date: May 16, 2002

Eng. A.H.Simba

Chief Counterpart Personnel

Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security,

Main Land

Date: May 16, 2002

Main Issues Confirmed and Agreed at the Meetings

1. Technical Issues

- MANREC shall submit to the Study Team all the results of inventory survey for the irrigation schemes to be rehabilitated and to be proposed by June 15, 2002.
- (2) MANREC shall submit to the Study Team all the relevant data and reports by June 15, 2002. In this connection, the Study Team shall provide the list of required data and reports to counterpart personnel on May 15, 2002.
- (3) Problems envisaged with farmers which will be found through inventory survey, shall be reflected upon the Study.
- (4) Environmental study like the IEE shall be conducted in the Study in accordance with the relevant government regulations.
- (5) The Study Team shall execute technology transfer for the counterpart personnel assigned in the course of the Study.

2. Operational Issues

- (1) Assignment schedule (Figure 3) attached to the Inception Report

 It was confirmed that assignment schedule (Figure 3) attached to the Inception Report
 presented the experts assignment for the master plan study for both Main Land and Zanzibar.
- (2) Steering Committee
 It was confirmed that a Steering Committee should function as a final decision making board for the Study.
- (3) Attendance of Chief Counterpart Personnel, MAFS It was agreed that the Chief Counterpart Personnel of MAFS, Main Land would attend at the Steering Committee Meeting as an observer.
- (4) Operational Fund for Counterpart Personnel MANREC explained that operational fund required for counterpart personnel were under request to the Ministry of Finance.
- (5) Attendance at Stakeholder Meeting The Study Team will explain the progress of Zanzibar Irrigation Master Plan in the Stakeholder Meeting to be held at Dar es Salaam, therefore MANREC was requested to attend at the Meeting for donor coordination.

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List of Participants

1. Tanzanian Side

(1) Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security, Main Land

(a) Mr. A.H. Simba

Chief Counterpart Personnel

Senior Irrigation Engineer

(b) Dr Jiro Nozaka

Irrigation Advisor

(2) Steering Committee, Zanzibar

(2.1) Committee Members

(a) Mr. Ali Khamis Makarani

Deputy Principal Secretary, MANREC

(b) Mr. Kassim M. Biwi

Deputy Commissioner, Commission of Agric, Research,

Extension

(c) Mr. Mberik Rashid Said

Director, Department of Environment

(d) Mr. Hemed Salim

Director, Department of Water

(e) Mr. Juma M. Mbarouk

Planning Officer, Ministry of Local Government

(f) Ms. Fatma G. Bilal

Senior Planning Officer, Ministry of Finance &

Economic Affairs

(g) Mr. Adam Kh. Haji

For Director of Planning - MANREC

(h) Mr. Shaaban Abdulmalik

Chief Counterpart Personnel, Commission of Agric,

Research, Extension

(2.2) Invited Members

(a) Mr. Ali Haji Ramadhan

Planning Officer, MANREC

(b) Mr. Shaame M. Shaame

Irrigation engineer, Commission of Agric, Research,

Extension

(c) Mr. Andrea S. Mbinga

Irrigation/Rural Infrastructure engineer, Commission of

Agric, Research, Extension

(d) Mr. Mahmoud V. Pandu

Land Resource engineer, Commission of Agric,

Research, Extension

(e) Mr. Ali M. Omar

Agronomist, Commission of Agric, Research, Extension

Mr. Mchenga A. Mchenga

Irrigation engineer, Commission of Agric, Research,

Extension

(g) Mr. Juma Ali Juma

Head of Kizimbani Research Station

2. Japanese Side

(a) Mr. Hitoshi Shimazaki

Leader of JICA Study Team

(b) Dr. Shuichi Matsushima

Staff of JICA Study Team

(c) Mr. Takeshi Kuroda

Staff of JICA Study Team

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Attachment 4

Minutes of Meeting on Draft Master Plan Report

MINUTES OF MEETING
ON
Draft Master Plan Report
FOR
THE STUDY
ON
THE ZANZIBAR IRRIGATION MASTER PLAN

THE REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

The Study Team submitted twenty (20) copies of the Draft Master Plan Report of the Study on the Zanzibar Irrigation Master Plan (hereinafter referred to as "the Report") to the Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources, Environment and Cooperatives (hereinafter referred to as "MANREC"), in accordance with the Minutes of Meeting for the Study signed between MANREC and the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA") on May 9, 2002.

The meeting on the Report was held with the Steering Committee on August 26, 2002. In the meeting, the Study Team explained the contents of the Report and further highlighted the framework for irrigation development plan, development scenario and development programme for the year 2020 including basic plans of institutional development and agricultural development. This was followed by discussions on the contents of the Report among the Participants. As the results of the discussions, the contents of the Report were accepted by the Steering Committee. The main issues discussed among Participants and the list of Participants are shown in ANNEXES attached hereto.

Dr. Mwatima A. Juma

Commissioner for Agriculture

Research and Extension

Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources,

Environment and Cooperatives,

Zanzibar

Date: August 27, 2002

Mr. Hitoshi Shimazaki

Leader

The Study Team

Date: August 27, 2002

Eng. A.H.Simba

Chief Counterpart Personnel

Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security,

Main Land

Date: August 27, 2002

Main Issues Confirmed and Agreed at the Meetings

1. Technical Issues

- Draft Water Policy, Land Policy and Environmental Policy should be briefly mentioned in the Report. In this regard, the MANREC will submit the relevant reports to the Study Team on August 27, 2002.
- (2) Groundwater schemes should be carefully planned and designed through inter-ministerial coordination, in order to avoid any water conflict among relevant ministries, and considering the recharge mechanism of groundwater which is supplied only from rainfall water.
- (3) Poverty status should be mentioned from the viewpoints of income poverty and non-income poverty if relevant data is available.
- (4) The MANREC requested that Chapter 8 should be excluded from the Final Master Plan Report due to its inconsistency with the Report, and be included in the coming Implementation Plan Report.
- (5) The MANREC requested to consider the execution of PCM Workshops for strengthening of Irrigation Section, Local Governments, and WUAs, in connection with preparation of the Implementation Plan Report:
- (6) The MANREC requested the Study Team to provide the data of inventory survey results in a form of computer file for the coming updating of the ZIMP.
- (7) The MANREC will submit to the Study Team further comments on the Report if any, by the end of September 2002.

2. Operational Issues

- (1) The MANREC requested to consider the following issues, in connection with the execution of field works for the Implementation Plan and also the coming smooth implementation of the ZIMP:
 - (a) Provision of the following office facilities
 - Desk-top Computer (2 sets)
 - Scanners A3 size (2sets)
 - Printers (2 sets)
 - Fax Machine (1 set)
 - Photo Copy Machine (1 set)
 - (b) 4WD Vehicle (long chassis: 1 no.)
- (2) The MANREC requested to consider the overseas or in-country training of counterpart personnel.

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(3) MANREC requested that the counterpart personnel should take part in presentation of the Implementation Plan Report in cooperation with the Study Team, as one of technology transfers.

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List of Participants

1. Tanzanian Side

(1) Steering Committee, Zanzibar

<u>Comm</u>		

(a) Mr.Khalid S. Mohd Director of Planning, MANREC (b) Dr. Mwatima A. Juma Commissioner, for Agriculture, Research, and Extension (c) Mr. Alawi H. Hija For Director, Department of Environment (d) Mr. Hemed Salim Director, Department of Water Mr. Abdulrahman Mnoga Local Governments Officer, Ministry Local Government (f) Mr. Abdalla S. Abdalla Commissioner for Sectoral Policy Project Development, Ministry of Finance & Economic Affairs Mr. Shaaban Abdulmalik Chief Counterpart Personnel, Commission Agriculture, Research, Extension Director, Department of cash crops, Fruits and Forestry. (h) Dr. Bakari S. Asseid Mr. Ismail S. Mgeni Officer In charge MANREC Pemba. Invited Members Mr. Ali Haji Ramadhan Planning Officer, MANREC Engineer, Commission of Agriculture, Mr. Shaib J. Khalfan Irrigation Research, Extension Pemba. Mr. Andrea S. Mbinga Irrigation/Rural Infrastructure Engineer, Commission of Agriculture, Research, Extension (d) Mr. Mahmoud V. Pandu Land Resource Engineer, Commission of Agriculture, Research, Extension Mr. Abdallah Kh. Hamad Irrigation Engineer Commission for Agriculture, Research Extension, Pemba. Mr. Mchenga A. Mchenga Irrigation Engineer, Commission of Agriculture, Research, Extension

(2) Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security, Main Land

Mr. Juma Ali Juma

(h) Ms. Aisha Alawy

(a) Mr. A.H. Simba Chief Counterpart Personnel
Senior Irrigation Engineer



Counterpart on Organization and Institution

Macro-economy

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Counterpart

Coordination

2. Japanese Side

JICA Tanzania Office

(a) Ms.Kaori Matsushita

Assistant Resident Representative

JICA Study Team

(a) Mr. Hitoshi Shimazaki

Leader of JICA Study Team
Staff

(b) Dr. Shuichi Matsushima

Stan

(c) Dr. Mamoru Osada.

Staff

(d) Mr. Hiroyasu Onuma

Staff

(e) Mr. Takuya Igawa

Staff

(f) Mr. Takeshi Kuroda

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