

7 Community Development and Forest/Watershed Conservation Project
Phase II - Mid-term Evaluation Table

7.1 Background of the Project

<p>1. The Request from HMG and its background</p>	<p>Situated in a very active orogenic movement belt, Nepal has significant altitude diversity more than 8,500m in its 200km width. Moreover, the land is located in a heavy rainfall area as well as an earthquake zone. At the same time, Nepal is one of the poorest countries in the world, and the population has grown all of four times in recent sixty years.</p> <p>Therefore, in addition to the land disasters caused by steep terrain and heavy rain fall, there are significant deforestation/degradation of forest caused by human factor such as overexploitation of forests for farming, pasture land and/or overuse of forest production, and consequently those integrated calamities have become of the main reasons of poverty in hill areas.</p> <p>Based on the situation and the experiences of various forest/watershed management projects in Nepal including HMG/JICA Forestry Extension Project (1991 – 1994) HMG requested JICA to establish a project with a concept of 'Forest/Watershed Conservation through Community Development'. As a result, 'Community Development and Forest/Watershed Conservation Project' was started since July 1994 for five years. Followed by the success of the Phase I, HMG requested the improved project to establish a model, that is applicable to other hill areas in Nepal, in order to extend the achievements accumulated throughout the Project. Accordingly, the second phase of the Project has been started since July 1999.</p>
<p>2. Process of Planning</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Preliminary Study Team : March 1999 - the Record of Discussions: signed on the 13th of July 1999
<p>3. Process of Implementation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the Management Consultation Team: March 2000 - the Joint Coordination Committee Meeting: March 2000 - the Management Consultation Team: August 2000 - the Joint Coordination Committee Meeting: August 2000 - the R/D was amended, PDM and PO were prepared and approved: August 2000 - the Joint Coordination Committee Meeting: September 2001
<p>4. Special mention during the cooperation</p> <p>(1) Revision of Plan</p>	<p>However the Project was started as package project consisted of HMG/JICA Community Development and Forest/Watershed Conservation Project Phase II (CDFWP-II) and HMG/JOCV Greenery Promotion Cooperation Project Phase II (GPCP-II), GPCP-II was terminated on 24 August 2000 because of security reason.</p> <p>In spite of this drastic change of project implementing bodies, the basic project scheme and plan have not been changed.</p> <p>The new agreement between HMG and JICA mentioned,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Termination of GPCP-II • Strong ownership and commitment by Nepalese side • Basic approach of the Project remaining the same • Emphasis of the security, and taking necessary measurements <p>PDM and PO of the Project were prepared by C/P personnel, JICA</p>

	<p>Expert and JOCV, after the above change: and authorized by the both of HMG and JICA on 24 August 2000.</p> <p>After starting actual field activity, the PDM and PO have been revised by C/P personnel and JICA Expert based on the experience of the Project implementation; and the revision was authorized by the both of HMG and JICA on 14 September 2001.</p> <p>The revision focused on mainly "Objectively verifiable indicator" and "Means of verification".</p>
(2) Change of Project Organization	<p>As above mentioned, GPCP-II was terminated and JOCV left from the Project, until the July 2000.</p> <p>Because of this termination of GPCP-II, a contract with a NGO (Nepal Red Cross Society, Kaski Chapter) to dispatch C/P for JOCV was also terminated on 30 June 2000.</p> <p>One of JICA Expert, JOCV Chief Adviser, completed the duty and left from the Project on 1 October 2001. The successor was not dispatched because of the termination of GPCP-II. Thus, the total number of JICA Expert has been decreased into 5 from the initial 6.</p> <p>HMG increased the number of C/P personnel in DSCO Kaski and Parbat (2 Mid-Level Technicians).</p> <p>More, 20 Motivators, who had been employed by JICA for the Project, were transferred to DSCO Kaski and Parbat as temporary staff employed by HMG.</p> <p>Also HMG employed 1 Woman's Motivator in DSCO Parbat, as temporary staff.</p>
5. Relation with other projects / donors	Nothing special

7.2 Achievement of the Plan

(as of the 7th of February 2002)

Narrative summary	Objectively verifiable Indicator	Achievement	Important Assumption
<p>【Overall Goal】 Poverty is alleviated and the natural environment is improved in hill areas in Nepal through active management of community resources by the people (both men and women).</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Income of the hill area 2. Drop out ratio at schools 3. Condition/situation of disaster damage in hill areas 4. Forest coverage / situation of hill areas 	<p>These will be evaluated after the termination of the Project.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. HMG keeps policy for natural environment and poverty in hill area.
<p>【Project Purpose】 A model, which is applicable in hill areas in Nepal, of participatory community resources management on an equitable and sustainable basis with active involvement of the people in its process of planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation is developed.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Number of self-reliant WCC 2. Number of model activity started in other areas by DSCO / DSCWM 	<p><i>These will be evaluated at the final evaluation of the Project.</i></p> <p><i>However, it is reasonable to expect the Project will achieve its purpose effectively until the end; because,</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Some WCCs have already tried to mobilize their own fund / other accessible funds (such as VDC/DDC budget), including to make new proposals to other organizations • DSCO/DSCWM have already started to consider about the replication of the model developed by this Project in some of districts surrounding Kaski and Parbat. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. HMG adopts/promotes the model developed by the Project. 2. Nepalese national economy continues growing 3. Population increase in Nepal is decelerated. 4. DSCWM adopts / promotes the model.
<p>【Output】 1. The people in the target areas in Kaski and Parbat Districts increase their capabilities in: a. Organizing and managing their groups, b. Planning, implementing, monitoring and evaluating community resources management on a sustainable basis, and</p>	<p>1-a. Establishment of Well managed WCC</p> <p>1-b. CRMP and AAP formulation Completion of sub-project</p>	<p>All target Wards already established WCC (totally 88 WCC).</p> <p>Most of WCCs have been managed fairly well (based on various documents from WCC).</p> <p>88 WCCs have formulated CRMP and first year AAP.</p> <p>3WCCs have formulated second year AAP.</p> <p>75 sub-projects have been completed properly (including Adult Literacy Class as POWER Program).</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Counterparts are not transferred outside of target area frequently. 2. DSCWM continues to adopt the participatory approach.

<p>c. Managing community resources on an equitable basis.</p>	<p>1-c. Share of female member in WCC</p> <p>UG exclusively organized by women/OC</p> <p>Representation of women/OC in UG</p> <p>Transparency of WCC management</p>	<p>40 %</p> <p>88 UGs (188 UGs have been established totally) are exclusively organized by women (including POWER Group).</p> <p>88 UGs are represented by woman (including POWER Group).</p> <p>All WCCs implementing sub-project keep transparency well in sub-project administration (they submitted account report properly with approval from all user). Most of WCC also keep transparency fairly well in WCC management (most of WCC have been submitting monthly account report fairly regularly).</p>	
<p>2. Counterparts increase their capabilities in:</p> <p>a. Developing Community Based Watershed Management Prospects, and</p> <p>b. Implementing participatory community resources management projects in hill areas adopting/adapting the model developed by the Project.</p>	<p>2-a. CBWMP fomulation</p> <p>2-b. CRMP and AAP fomulation</p> <p>Completion of sub-project</p> <p>Useful guideline / training / material for replication</p> <p>Public information activity</p>	<p>C/Ps have facilitated to develop CBWMP in 88 WCCs.</p> <p>C/Ps have facilitated CRMP and first year AAP fomulation in 88 WCCs, and second year AAP fomulation in 3 WCCs.</p> <p>C/Ps have supervised and inspected sub-project, and support to complete well.</p> <p>Operational Guideline / WCC Introductory Training Manual have been prepared.</p> <p>Bi-monthly newsletter has been published. Notification for each VDC/WCC has been put up every month. Suggestion Box in each VDC has been working well (totally 26 suggestions come from 5 VDCs).</p>	

【Activities】	【Inputs - Plan】	【Inputs - Result】	
<p>1-a. To organize, strengthen and monitor Ward Conservation Committees.</p> <p>1-b. To facilitate design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of Community Resources Management Plans and Annual Action Plans.</p> <p>1-c. To integrate gender and equity consideration into the development process of the Project</p> <p>2-a. To develop Community Based Watershed Management Prospects with participation of the people</p> <p>2-b. To develop the capabilities of counterparts in implementing participatory community resources management projects.</p>	<p>Nepal side</p> <p>1. Counterparts administrative personnel</p> <p>2. Land, Buildings and Facilities</p> <p>3. Operational costs necessary for implementation</p> <p>Japanese side</p> <p>1. Long-term expert (6)</p> <p>Chief Adviser Coordinator Community Development Watershed Management Gender and Equity JOCV Chief Adviser</p> <p>2. Short-term expert</p> <p>3. C/P Training in Japan</p> <p>4. Equipment Provision</p> <p>5. Local cost expenditure</p>	<p>In around 2.5 years</p> <p>Nepal side</p> <p>1. 11 C/Ps in DSCWM and MFSC, 22 C/Ps in Kaski and Parbat DSCO have been assigned. 20 Motivators, 1 Woman's motivator and other several administrative personnel also have been assigned.</p> <p>2. An Office room in DSCWM, land for Project H.Q. Office in DSCO Kaski, and land for Project branch office in DSCO Parbat have been prepared.</p> <p>3. Around 35 million Nepali rupees has been expensed for the project (including KRII fund).</p> <p>Japanese side</p> <p>1. Long-term expert (6)</p> <p>5 Experts except JOCV Chief Adviser have been assigned. JOCV Chief Adviser was assigned until October 2001 (because of the termination of GPCP-II)</p> <p>2. Short-term expert</p> <p>11 Short-term experts have been dispatched.</p> <p>3. C/P Training in Japan</p> <p>8 C/Ps have been sent.</p> <p>4. Equipment Provision</p> <p>Around 33 million Japanese yen has been expensed.</p> <p>5. Local cost expenditure</p> <p>Around 92 million Japanese yen has been expensed.</p>	<p>1. Security condition in the target area is not aggravated.</p> <p>2. Villagers understand and actively collaborate with the Project continuously.</p> <p>【Pre-condition】</p> <p>1. The DDC of Kaski and Parbat, target VDC, and the people in target Ward accept the project.</p>

	<p>1-2. Output</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Establishment of WCC <input type="checkbox"/> Well managed WCC <input type="checkbox"/> Formulation of CBWMP, CRMP and AAP <input type="checkbox"/> Completion of sub-project <input type="checkbox"/> Share of women member in WCCs <input type="checkbox"/> UG exclusively organized by women/OC <input type="checkbox"/> Representation of women/OC in UG <input type="checkbox"/> Transparency of WCC management <input type="checkbox"/> Useful guideline / training / material for replication <input type="checkbox"/> Public information activity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> All target Wards already established WCC (totally 88 WCC). <input type="checkbox"/> Most of WCCs have been managed fairly well, especially in sub-project implementation (based on monthly report, monthly account report, sub-project implementation documents and other documents from WCC and C/P). 3 WCCs already conducted Study Tour by themselves under the Project Scheme. <input type="checkbox"/> 88 WCCs have formulated CBWMP; and 88 WCCs have formulated CRMP and first year AAP. 3 WCCs have formulated second year AAP. <input type="checkbox"/> 75 sub-projects have been completed properly (including Adult Literacy Class as POWER Program). <input type="checkbox"/> Share of women is 40 %, as average; minimum 30% and maximum 71%. The Project guides all WCCs to keep the share more than 30%. <input type="checkbox"/> 88 UGs (188 UGs have been established totally) are organized by women (including POWER Group). No UG is exclusively organized by OC. <input type="checkbox"/> 88 UGs are represented by women (including POWER Group). <input type="checkbox"/> No UG is represented by OC. <input type="checkbox"/> All WCCs implementing sub-project keep transparency well in sub-project administration(they submitted account report properly with approval from all users). Most of WCCs also keep transparency fairly well in WCC Management (most of WCCs have been submitting monthly account report fairly regularly). <input type="checkbox"/> Operational Guideline / WCC Introductory Training Manual have been prepared. <input type="checkbox"/> Bi-monthly newsletter has been published. Notification for each VDC/ WCC has been put up every month. Suggestion Box in each VDC has been working well (totally 26 suggestions come from 5 VDCs).
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	1-3. Important assumption	<input type="checkbox"/> Frequency of counterpart transfer <input type="checkbox"/> DSCWM continuity in adopting the participatory approach	<input type="checkbox"/> Almost all C/Ps work in the Project more than 2 years. <input type="checkbox"/> DSCWM keeps continuity in adopting the participatory approach.
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<p>2. Efficiency</p>	<p>2-1. Timing of input</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Adequacy of scheduling of each input <input type="checkbox"/> Inputs from both Nepalese and Japanese sides being carried out as scheduled 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Scheduling of input is adequate. <input type="checkbox"/> From Japanese side, dispatching of JOCV Chief Adviser and Community Development Expert were delayed around 3 months. Other inputs have been carried out as scheduled. <p>From Nepali side, sometimes the assignment of C/Ps were delayed but the delay affected a little to the project implementation. Other inputs have been carried out as scheduled.</p>
	<p>2-2. Quality and quantity of inputs in relation to the outputs</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Appropriateness of quality and quantity of the inputs from both Nepalese and Japanese sides in term of outputs, e.g.: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Number of Japanese expert ✓ Number of Nepali counterpart ✓ Amount of budget allocated and expensed ✓ Equipment provision ✓ Local cost expenditure <input type="checkbox"/> Justifying the scale of inputs in comparison to the achievement level of the outputs <input type="checkbox"/> CRMP and AAP implementation as scheduled <input type="checkbox"/> The counterpart capability in developing CBWMP and implementing community resource management projects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Quality and quantity of inputs from the both sides are appropriate (in comparison with the input during the 1st phase, the amount of input has been reduced drastically). <input type="checkbox"/> The scale of inputs is necessary and sufficient condition to the level of output. <input type="checkbox"/> All activities by WCC based on CRMP and AAP have been implemented as scheduled. <input type="checkbox"/> C/P's capability, in both officer-level and mid-technician-level, for developing CBWMP and implementing community resource management projects has met the demand completely.

	<p>2-3. Contribution of activities to achieve outputs</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Appropriate work shared by stakeholders, e.g. WCC, VDC, DDC, DSCO, DSCWM and the Project HQ ☐ Adequacy of scheduling in the Project management in terms of capacity of WCC ☐ Quality of the sub-project 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Each stakeholder has been sharing works appropriately based on the Operational Guideline. <i>However the details of actual situation (such as "actual decision maker") are a little different from the expectation; it will be grasped through further information collection.</i> ☐ The Project scheduling is basically adequate in terms of capacity of WCC. ☐ Quality of the sub-project is appropriate (based on the documents of sub-projects, especially the inspection report from C/P).
	<p>2-4. Management</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Appropriateness in the management of the Project operation in order to realize adequate outputs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Most of actual project operation is based on the Operational Guideline; and keeps appropriateness well. The close cooperation between field level and central level has been kept under Joint Coordination Committee Meeting, Project Management Meeting and Project Coordination Meeting.

3. Impact	3-1. Impacts on project purpose level (in terms of technical, social, economic, environmental, institutional and financial aspects)	<input type="checkbox"/> Number of self-reliant WCC <input type="checkbox"/> Number of model activities started in other areas by DSCO/DSCWM <input type="checkbox"/> Other positive and negative impacts to other factors e.g. the villagers, WCC, DSCO, DSCWM, and community resource	<i>These will be evaluated at the final evaluation of the Project.</i>
	3-2. Impacts on overall goal level (in terms of technical, social, economic, environmental, institutional and financial aspects)	<input type="checkbox"/> Income of hill area <input type="checkbox"/> Drop out ratio at schools <input type="checkbox"/> Condition/situation of disaster damage in hill areas <input type="checkbox"/> Forest coverage/situation of hill areas <input type="checkbox"/> Other positive and negative impacts to other factors	<i>These will be evaluated after the termination of the Project.</i>

4. Relevance	4-1. Relevance of overall goal	<input type="checkbox"/> Consistency of the overall goal with the government policy, e.g. the 9 th five-year plan of HMG <input type="checkbox"/> Consistency with the central and local government policy regarding decentralization and mobilization of local resource <input type="checkbox"/> Consistency with the needs for beneficiary	<input type="checkbox"/> The overall goal: "poverty alleviation and natural environment improvement" is consistent with the 9 th plan of HMG. <input type="checkbox"/> Participatory approach of the Project (especially its Ward/VDC approach) is consistent with the policy of decentralization and local resource mobilization. <input type="checkbox"/> "Poverty alleviation and natural environment improvement" is consistent with the needs of the people in hill areas.
	4-2. Relevance of project purpose	<input type="checkbox"/> Consistency of the project purpose with the policy of DSCWM and NPC <input type="checkbox"/> Contribution of the project purpose to the achievement of the overall goal	<input type="checkbox"/> The project purpose: "to make applicable model of sustainable and equitable participatory community resource management" is consistent with the policy of DSCWM and NPC. In a particular, most of the major projects carried out under DSCWM have the similar purpose. <input type="checkbox"/> The project purpose contributes to the overall goal. <i>However there is a gap between the Purpose and the Goal.</i>
	4-3. Relevance of project design	<input type="checkbox"/> Relevance of objectives (overall goal, project purpose, outputs) at the time of evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> Relevance of the project design in relation among overall goal, project purpose and outputs at the planning stage of the Project	<input type="checkbox"/> The Project objectives have relevance at the time of mid-term evaluation. <input type="checkbox"/> Relevance among the project purpose, outputs and activities is appropriate.

5. Sustainability	5-1. Policy aspects	<input type="checkbox"/> Support from Nepalese government to the Project, such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Government policy related to community development and forest/watershed conservation unchanged ✓ Various support of the DSCWM regarding the expansion of the model developed by the Project 	<input type="checkbox"/> Support from Nepalese government to the Project can be expected. The basic policy is not being changed, and DSCWM has positive attitude toward the Project and its extension/replication.
	5-2. Environmental aspects	<input type="checkbox"/> Environmental impacts on soil erosion, forest, water resource, farm land and pasture land <input type="checkbox"/> Effective use of renewable/recyclable community resource	<input type="checkbox"/> The Project essentially has positive environmental impact; and the most of sub-projects directly/indirectly improve natural environment, such as "Land slide prevention", "Gully control", and "Plantation". <input type="checkbox"/> The Project also essentially promotes sustainable community resource management including the use of renewable/recyclable resource.
	5-3. Financial and economical aspects	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuity of government budget for VDC (500,000 Rs annually) <input type="checkbox"/> Capability of WCC in utilizing various funds allocated from central/local government and donor <input type="checkbox"/> Establishment and management of WCC fund <input type="checkbox"/> Securing DSCO budget to replicate the model project	i) HMG will continue the budget. <input type="checkbox"/> Some WCCs already tried to use other funds including VDC/DDC budget on their initiative; and the Project gives information about the various funds. <i>The Project already knows several examples such as in Armala VDC and Bhadaure Tamagi VDC.</i> <input type="checkbox"/> Some WCCs already established its own fund; and the Project promotes more. <i>The actual situation will be grasped through further information collection soon.</i> <input type="checkbox"/> HMG needs to secure the budget to replicate the model.

	<p>5-4. Technical aspects</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Adopted techniques utilize of/based on indigenous skill/technique <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction by the counterpart of technique, process and scheme of the Project to their colleagues and wider audience <input type="checkbox"/> Replication of model activity in other area by DSCO/DSCWM <input type="checkbox"/> Villagers capability in making their plans of community resource and implementing sub-project properly through participatory approach <input type="checkbox"/> The counterpart ability in enhancing villagers' awareness in community resource management on equitable basis and facilitating villagers' activities through participatory approach 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The Project basically uses indigenous skill/technique, because of its participatory approach. <input type="checkbox"/> C/Ps have already started to explain the Project schemes and others to wide audience, through workshop / meeting under MFSC and/or among donors. <input type="checkbox"/> DSCO/DSCWM will acquire enough ability to replicate of the model in other area. <i>More, DSCO/DSCWM have already started to consider about the replication of the model developed by this Project in some of districts surrounding Kaski and Parbat.</i> <input type="checkbox"/> Most of the villagers under the Project scheme have already built capability in making their plans of community resource (those are CRMP and AAP), and they are implementing sub-projects through participatory approach. <input type="checkbox"/> C/Ps are building ability in enhancing villagers' awareness in community resource management on equitable basis through POWER Program and other special awareness toward gender/equity. C/Ps also are building ability in facilitating villagers' participatory activities through Community Resource Workshop and other planning, implementing and monitoring stages under the Project.
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	<p>5-5. Institutional aspects</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Support/involvement from relevant organizations, e.g. DDC, VDC, and line agencies <input type="checkbox"/> Suitability of institutions (e.g. central/local government, the counterpart organization and WCC) according to the assigned task <input type="checkbox"/> Finding/securing the adequate personnel in the counterpart organization and village <input type="checkbox"/> Securing the integration of gender and equity into the counterpart organization and village 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The Project has got support/involvement from other district/regional line agencies as well as local governance bodies i.e. DDC and VDC. <i>The Project has got support such as Various information, suggestion to adjust with the plan of VDC/DDC (e.g., from VDC/DDC), securing safety of the Project (e.g., from VDC/DDC, CDO and District Police Office), and technical support (e.g., from District Educational Office and District Water Supply Office).</i> <input type="checkbox"/> The C/P organization, DDC, VDC and WCC have suitability in accordance with the assigned task. In a particular, WCC is very suitable to establish close collaboration with VDC/DDC; because its core member is Ward member. <input type="checkbox"/> The C/P organization has secured adequate personnel, except some delay of assignment. WCC also has secured adequate personnel, except some change of members because of migrant working. <i>It is necessary to expect the affection from the local election in 2002.</i> <input type="checkbox"/> The C/P organization already has enough gender and equity awareness. The first step in the village level has succeeded, and the Project tries to promote it through POWER Program, and other special awareness toward gender and equity.
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7.4 Necessity of adjusting the Project and/or Recommendation

Same as the Recommendation (6.2), p13 – p15

Overall Summary of Input

		Nepal Calendar Year		2056		2057		2058			
		Nepalese Fiscal Year		2056		2057		2058			
		Western Calendar Year		1999		2000		2001			
		Japanese Fiscal year		1999		2000		2001			
		(Quarter)		1999		2000		2001			
				2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
Nepal side	Personnel	C/P	MFSC								
			Dr. Uday Raj Sharma	Joint Secretary							
			Mr. Damodar Prasad Parajuli	Joint Secretary							
			Mr. Sharad Kumar Rai	Joint Secretary							
			Dr. Keshav Raj Kanel	Joint Secretary							
			Mr. Damodar Prasad Parajuli	Joint Secretary							
			DSCWM								
			Dr. Mohan Prasad Wagley	Director General							
			Dr. Shiva Hari Achet	Deputy Director General							
			Mr. Basanta Rimal	Planning Officer							
			Mr. Madhukar Upadhaya	Planning Officer							
			Mr. Bhawani Prasad Kharel	Planning Officer							
			Mr. Hom Mani Bhandari	Training & Extension Officer							
			Kaski DSCO								
			Mr. Prakash Regmi	DSCO Kaski							
Mr. Hari Bhadra Acharya	ASCO Kaski										
Mr. Maheshwar Dhakal	ASCO Kaski										
Mr. Bishnu Dev Yadav	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Prakash Thapa	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Som Nath Acharya	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Sarad Babu Pageni	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Shiva Shankar Shah	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Yam Prasad Pandey	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Bidur Nath Sapkota	Mid-level Technician										
Ms. Sunita Bania	Mid-level Technician										
Ms. Sabita Sharma	Mid-level Technician										
Parbat DSCO											
Mr. Prem Prasad Poudel	DSCO Parbat										
Mr. Diwakar Poudel	DSCO Parbat										
Mr. Man Bahadur Chhetri	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Binay Kumar Jha	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Ramesh Baral	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Manmohan K. Shrestha	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Hari Bahadur Yonzan	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Ganesh Bhandari	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Prakash Basnet	Mid-level Technician										
Mr. Bishnu Hari Poudel	Mid-level Technician										
Other personnel											
Kaski DSCO											
Local Motivator	10 persons										
Parbat DSCO											
Local Motivator	10 persons										
Woman's Motivator	1 persons										
Budget	(The budget of 2058 is provisional)	10,503 (1,000 Rs)		11,034 (1,000 Rs)		13,037 (1,000 Rs)					
Others	Land and Office			Office room in the building of DSCWM in Kathmandu Land for the Project H.Q. in the site of Kaski DSCO Land for the Project branch in the site of Parbat DSCO							

Nepal Calendar Year					2056				2057				2058				
Nepalese Fiscal Year					2056				2057				2058				
Western Calendar Year					1999				2000				2001				
Japanese Fiscal year					1999				2000				2001				
(Quarter)					2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4		
Japanese side	Personnel	Expert	Long term Expert														
			Mr. Kuniyasu Yanagihara	Chief Advisor													
			Mr. Hiroki Katsuragawa	Chief Advisor													
			Mr. Yasuo Iijima	Watershed Management													
			Mr. Yoshiaki Takeda	Watershed Management													
			Ms. Naomi Umemura	Gender and Equity													
			Ms. Yoko Hoshi	Gender and Equity													
			Mr. Tadashi Shimizu	Community Development													
			Mr. Atsutoshi Hirabayashi	Community Development													
			Ms. Maki Ikkatai	Coordinator													
			Mr. Takeshi Nabeta	Coordinator													
			Short term Expert														
			Mr. Katsunori Shirai	Coordinator													
			Ms. Hiroko Matsukawa	Rural Development													
			Ms. Junko Kuninobu	Gender & Equity in the Community													
Ms. Maki Tumagari	Analysis of Cost Effectiveness																
Mr. Yoshiaki Koyasu	LAN System																
Ms. Hiroko Matsukawa	Community Development																
Ms. Naomi Umemura	Gender & Equity																
Mr. Yasuhiro Doi	Supervision Technique																
Ms. Naomi Umemura	Monitoring & Evaluation with Gender Perspectives																
Ms. Yasuko Oda	Publicity Material Production																
Mr. Yasuhiro Doi	Technical Manual Development																
			Training Course														
C/P Training	In Japan	Mr. Ramesh Barai	Mid-level Technician, Parbat DSCO	Watershed Management													
		Mr. Basanta Rimal	Planning Officer, DSCWM	Community Development													
		Mr. Prakash Regmi	DSCO Kaski	Gender & Equity													
		Mr. Hari Bhadra Acharya	ASCO Kaski	Watershed Management													
		Mr. Bidur Nath Sapkota	Mid-level Technician, Kaski DSCO	Gender & Equity													
	In the 3rd country	Mr. Hari Bahadur Yonzan	Mid-level Technician, Parbat DSCO	Community Development													
		Mr. Sharad Kumar Rai	Joint secretary, MFSC	Forest Administration													
		Dr. Mohan Prasad Wagle	Director General, DSCWM	Forest Administration													
	Technical Exchange	Mr. Sharad Babu Pageni	Mid-level Technician, Kaski DSCO	Rural Development													
		Mr. Yam Prasad Pandey	Mid-level Technician, Kaski DSCO	Management (Philippine)													
Budget	Local cost	(The budget of 2001 is provisional.)			19,565 (1,000 Yen)				32,134 (1,000 Yen)				39,909 (1,000 Yen)				
		(Expenditure for C/P Training and Dispatching Expert is not included.)															
	Equipment Provislon	(The budget of 2001 is provisional.)			14,419 (1,000 Yen)				14,284 (1,000 Yen)				4,229 (1,000 Yen)				
		(Vehicle, computer and others)															

投入実績

ネパール暦				2056年				2057年				2058年				
ネパール会計年度				2056				2057				2058				
西暦				1999				2000				2001				
日本会計年度				1999				2000				2001				
(四半期)				II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV		
ネパール側	要員	C/P	森林土壌保全省	Joint Secretary												
			Dr. Uday Raj Sharma	Joint Secretary												
			Mr. Damodar Prasad Parajuli	Joint Secretary												
			Mr. Sharad Kumar Rai	Joint Secretary												
			Dr. Keshav Raj Kanel	Joint Secretary												
			Mr. Damodar Prasad Parajuli	Joint Secretary												
			土壌保全流域管理局	Director General												
			Dr. Mohan Prasad Wagley	Deputy Director General												
			Dr. Shiva Hari Achet	Planning Officer												
			Mr. Basanta Rimal	Planning Officer												
			Mr. Madhukar Upadhaya	Planning Officer												
			Mr. Shiwani Prasad Kharel	Training & Extension Officer												
			Mr. Horn Mani Bhandari													
			カスキ郡 土壌保全事務所	DSCO Kaski												
			Mr. Prakash Regmi	ASCO Kaski												
		Mr. Hari Bhadra Acharya	ASCO Kaski													
		Mr. Maheshwar Dhakal	Mid-level Technician													
		Mr. Bishnu Dev Yadav	Mid-level Technician													
		Mr. Prakash Thapa	Mid-level Technician													
		Mr. Som Nath Acharya	Mid-level Technician													
Mr. Sarad Babu Pageni	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Shiva Shankar Shah	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Yam Prasad Pandey	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Bidur Nath Sapkota	Mid-level Technician															
Ms. Sunita Bania	Mid-level Technician															
Ms. Sabita Sharma	Mid-level Technician															
バルパット郡 土壌保全事務所	DSCO Parbat															
Mr. Prem Prasad Poudel	DSCO Parbat															
Mr. Diwakar Poudel	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Man Bahadur Chhetri	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Binay Kumar Jha	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Ramesh Baral	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Manmohan K. Shrestha	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Hari Bahadur Yonzan	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Ganesh Bhandari	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Prakash Basnet	Mid-level Technician															
Mr. Bishnu Hari Poudel	Mid-level Technician															
カスキ郡 土壌保全事務所	10 persons															
Local Motivator																
バルパット郡 土壌保全事務所	10 persons															
Local Motivator																
Woman's Motivator	1 persons															
予算	(2058年予算は暫定)		10,503 (1,000 Rs)	11,034 (1,000 Rs)	13,037 (1,000 Rs)											
その他	土地・オフィス		土壌保全流域管理局におけるオフィス(カトマンドゥ) カスキ郡土壌保全局敷地内の本プロジェクト本都用地 バルパット郡土壌保全局敷地内の本プロジェクト支所用地													

Training/study tour to DSCO/the project staffs

Type of training/study tour	Training/study tour's name	Term	Number of trainees (participants)		
			DSCO staff	Motivator	MD team
Mobilization and Group Management	MD team study tour	May 8 '00~May 13 '00	2		8
	Sanitation & income generation	Jun 2 '00~Jun 3 '00		20	
	Group Management	Jul 11 '00~Jul 14 '00		20	
	Information dissemination	Sep 6 '00~Sep 8 '00		20	
Participatory approach & Leadership	Training of trainers (TOT)	Oct 18 '00~Oct 25 '00			6
	PRA (basic course)	Oct 31 '00~Nov 4 '00		20	
	Training of trainers (TOT)	Jul 24 '01~Aug 2 '01		19	
	Training of trainers (TOT)	Aug 28 '01~Sep 6 '01	9		
	Rural development management in Philippi	Aug 13 '01~Sep 16 '01	2		
Project planning & management	Logframe approach/PCM	Sep 18 '01~Sep 22 '01	4		6
Gender & equity	Gender & equity awareness	Jan 3~Jan 5 '00	10		
	Gender basic	Jun 16 '00~Jun 17 '00		20	
	POWER/ALC orientation	Oct 31 '01~Nov 1 '01		20	
Participatory forest/watershed ma	Exchange of technical information in Thailand & Laos	Jul 31 '01~Aug 12 '01	5		
	Cost estimation	Jun 25 '00~Jun 27 '00	10		
Engineering	Quick cost estimation	Mar 8 & 19~21 '01	10		
	Drinking water supply scheme	Apr 29~Apr 30, & May 22 '0	12		
	Basic technical training	Jan 5 ~ 9 '02		10	
	Camera operation & video show	Nov 26 '00~Nov 27 '00	10		
Equipment operation	Video camera operation	Nov 12 '01 & Dec 16 '01	13		
	Computer	Sep 12~14 '01	7		
	Total		94	149	20

PDM: The Community Development and Forest/Watershed Conservation Project (Phase II)

Term of Cooperation: 16. Jul. 1999 - 15. Jul. 2004 (5 years)

Japanese implementing agency: JICA

Target area: Kaski and Parbat District (10 VDC, 88 WARD), The Kingdom of Nepal

Prepared by: JICA Experts, JOCV, DSCO/DSCWM and the Project staff (24 August 2000)

Counterpart agency: DSCWM (Ministry of Forests and Soil Conservation)

Target group: DSCO counterparts (officers and midlevel technicians) and rural people in target area

Revised by: JICA Experts and DSCO/DSCWM (14 September 2001)

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Means of Verification	Important Assumptions
<p>[Overall Goal] Poverty is alleviated and the natural environment is improved in hill areas in Nepal through active management of community resources by the people (both men and women).</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Income of the hill area 2. Drop out ratio at schools 3. Condition/situation of disaster damage in hill areas 4. Forest coverage/situation of hill areas 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reports and statistics of DDC Statistics and Census data of CBS 2. Statistics of DEO 3. 4. Statistics of DSCWM, MoFSC 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. HMG keeps policy for natural environment and poverty in hill area.
<p>[Project Purpose] A model, which is applicable in hill areas in Nepal, of participatory community resources management on an equitable and sustainable basis with active involvement of the people in its process of planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation is developed.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Number of self-reliant WCC 2. Number of model activity started in other areas by DSCO/DSCWM 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1-a. New CRMP planned by WCC 1-b. Submitted and accepted proposal based on community resource workshop, CBWMP or CRMP to other agencies from WCC 1-c. Fund establishment of WCC 2. Records at DSCO/DSCWM 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. HMG adopts/promotes the model developed by the Project. 2. Nepalese national economy continues growing 3. Population increase in Nepal is decelerated. 4. DSCWM adopts/promotes the model.
<p>[Output]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The people in the target areas in Kaski and Parbat Districts increase their capabilities in: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Organizing and managing their groups, b. Planning, implementing, monitoring and evaluating community resources management on a sustainable basis, and c. Managing community resources on an equitable basis. 2. Counterparts increase their capabilities in: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Developing Community Based Watershed Management Prospects, and b. Implementing participatory community resources management projects in hill areas adopting/adapting the model developed by the Project. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1-a. Establishment of WCC Well managed WCC 1-b. CRMP and AAP formulation Completion of sub-project 1-c. Share of female member in WCC UG exclusively organized by women / OC Representation of women/OC in UG Transparency of WCC management 2-a. CBWMP formulation 2-b. CRMP and AAP formulation Completion of sub-project Useful guideline/training/ material for replication <p style="text-align: center;">Public information activity</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1-a. Regulation and member list of WCC WCC monthly report Mid-level Technician monthly report Questionnaire to WCC 1-b. CRMP & AAP Completion & account report of sub-project from WCC Inspection report of sub-project from DSCO Self evaluation of AAP in monthly report from WCC 1-c. WCC member list UG member list Minutes of meeting from WCC Account report from WCC 2-a. CBWMP 2-b. CRMP & AAP WCC monthly report Mid-level Technician monthly report Contract and inspection report of sub-project Guideline, training manual and other materials Notification Newsletter Suggestion box 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Counterparts are not transferred outside of target area frequently. 2. DSCWM continues to adopt the participatory approach.
<p>[Activities]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1-a. To organize, strengthen and monitor Ward Conservation Committees. 1-b. To facilitate design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of Community Resources Management Plans and Annual Action Plans. 1-c. To integrate gender and equity consideration into the development process of the Project 2-a. To develop Community Based Watershed Management Prospects with participation of the people 2-b. To develop the capabilities of counterparts in implementing participatory community resources management projects. 	<p>[Inputs]</p> <p><Nepal side> HMG</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Counterparts and administrative personnel 2. Land, Buildings and Facilities 3. Operational costs necessary for implementation 	<p><Japanese side> JICA</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Long-term expert (6) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Chief Adviser b. Coordinator c. Community Development d. Watershed Management e. Gender and Equity f. JOCV Chief Adviser 2. Short-term expert 3. C/P Training in Japan 4. Equipment Provision 5. Local cost expenditure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Security condition in the target area is not aggravated. 2. Villagers understand and actively collaborate with the Project continuously. <p>[Pre-condition]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The DDC of Kaski and Parbat, target VDC, and the people in target Ward accept the project.

供 与 機 材

1) 単品で160万円以上

23-Jan-02

機材名	数量	保管場所	利用状況	管理状況
1. 日産ミニバス	1	ポカラ事務所	A	A
2. 日産トラック	1	ポカラ事務所	A	A
3. トヨタ ランドクルーザー	1	ポカラ事務所	A	A

2) 単品で10万円以上160万円未満

23-Jan-02

機材名	数量	保管場所	利用状況	管理状況
1. サーバーパソコン	1	ポカラ事務所	A	A
2. パソコン	6	ポカラ事務所	A	A
3. プリンター	1	ポカラ事務所	A	A
4. コピー機	1	ポカラ事務所	A	A
5. 自動レベル	2	ポカラ事務所	A	A
6. 製図台セット	2	ポカラ事務所	A	A
7. パソコン	6	土壤保全流域管理局及びカスキ・バルバット両郡 土壤保全事務所各2台	A	A
MS OFFICE	6			
8. パソコン	6	森林土壤保全省及び土壤保全流域管理局各1台、	A	A
MS OFFICE	6	カスキ・バルバット両郡土壤保全事務所各2台		
9. カメラ	2	ポカラ事務所	A	A

ネパールにおける地方行政組織等の概要

レベル	国家行政組織	地方自治組織
Nation 国	Ministry、 Department 省・局	
Development Region 開発地域 (全国 5 地域)	Regional Office 各省の地域〇〇局	
District 郡 (全国 75 郡)	District Office 各省・局の郡〇〇事務所	DDC: District Development Committee 郡開発委員会 →公選による 独自予算を持つ 若干の恒久スタッフを有する
Village 村 (全国で 約 4000 村)	※ Post (出張所、支所) が置かれることもある	VDC: Village Development Committee 村開発委員会 →公選による 独自予算を持つ 恒久スタッフは皆無
Ward 集落 (1 村は 通常 9 集落)		Ward Member 集落委員会 →公選による 予算・スタッフなし

※ 郡開発委員会 (DDC) 及び村開発委員会 (VDC) は、それぞれ自治体として「郡役場+郡議会」、「村役場+村議会」的な存在。したがって、その議長は、それぞれ「郡知事+郡議会議長」、「村長+村議会議長」的な存在である。

※ カスキ郡の人口は約 40 万人、パルバット郡は約 16 万人(2001 センサス速報値)。また、プロジェクト対象地域の平均では、村は約 800 世帯・4500 人程度の規模である。

※ 当プロジェクトは VDC 単位に対象地域を定め、Ward 単位で組織形成・事業実施を行う。このため

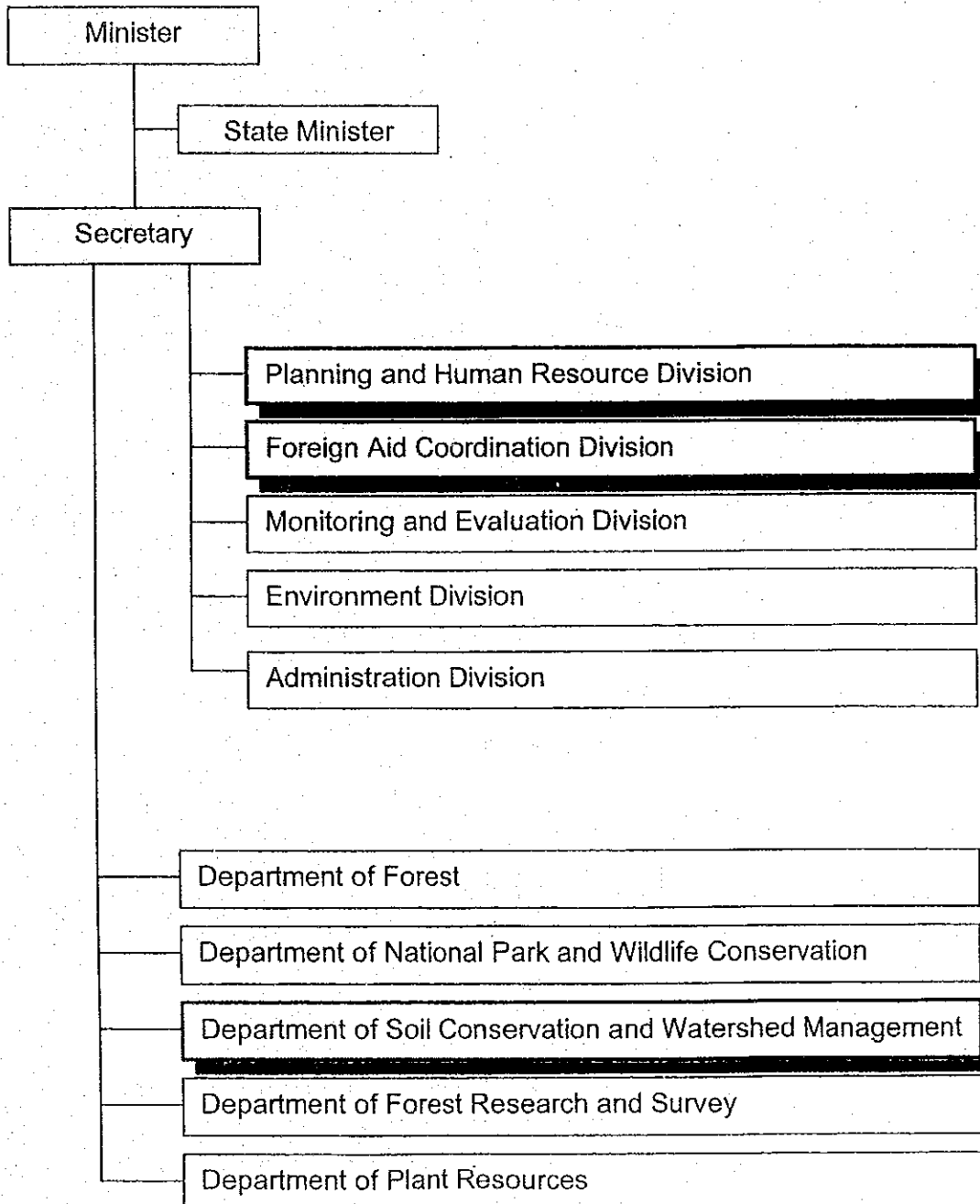
- Ward (集落) はプロジェクトに全面的に参画
- VDC (村) とプロジェクトとは全般的な連携・協力
- DDC (郡) は、全体的な調整や側面的支援を通じて、プロジェクトに協力

C/P 機関 組織図

※ プロジェクトに関係する部署は強調して示した

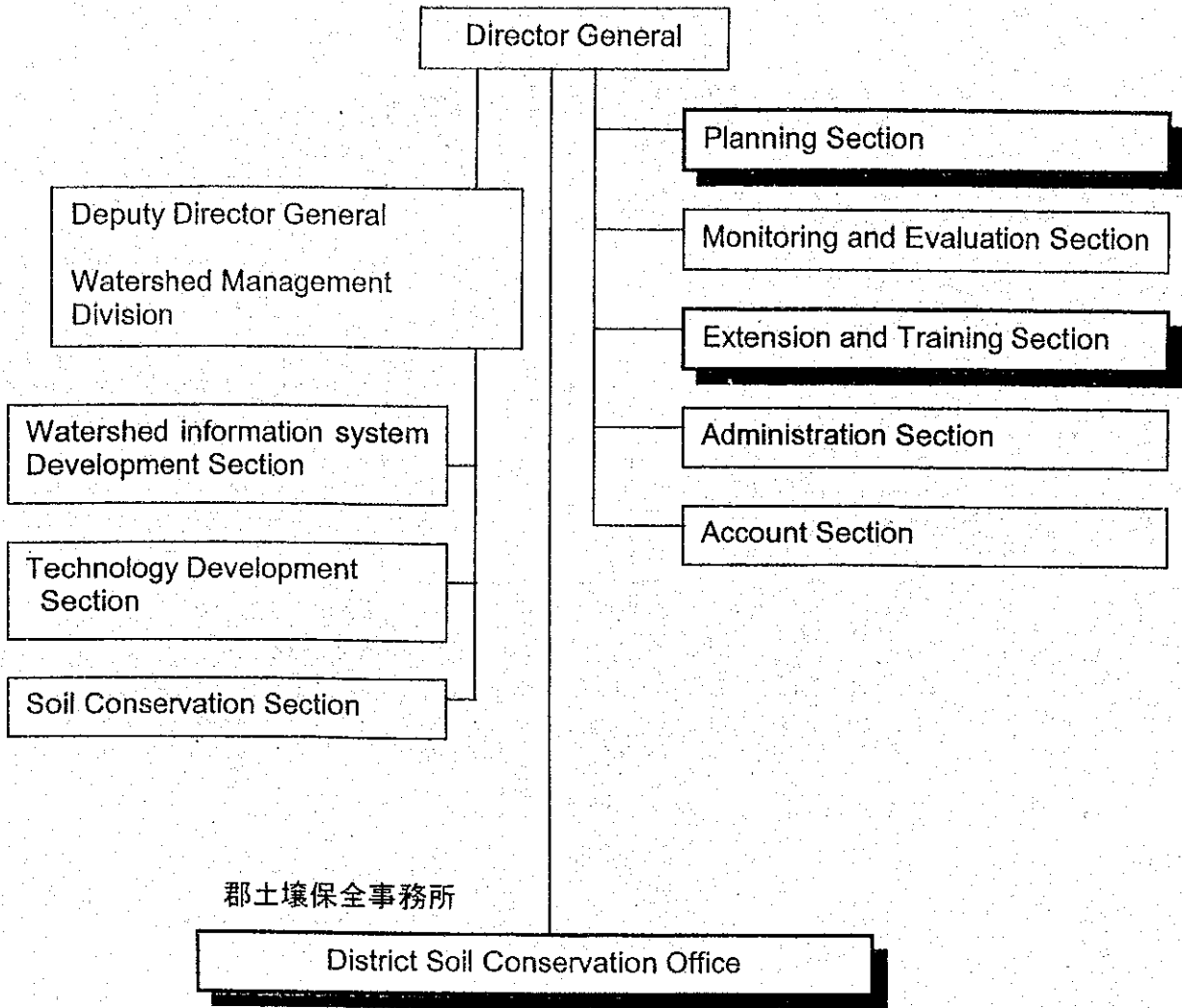
森林土壌保全省

Ministry of Forests and Soil Conservation



土壤保全流域管理局

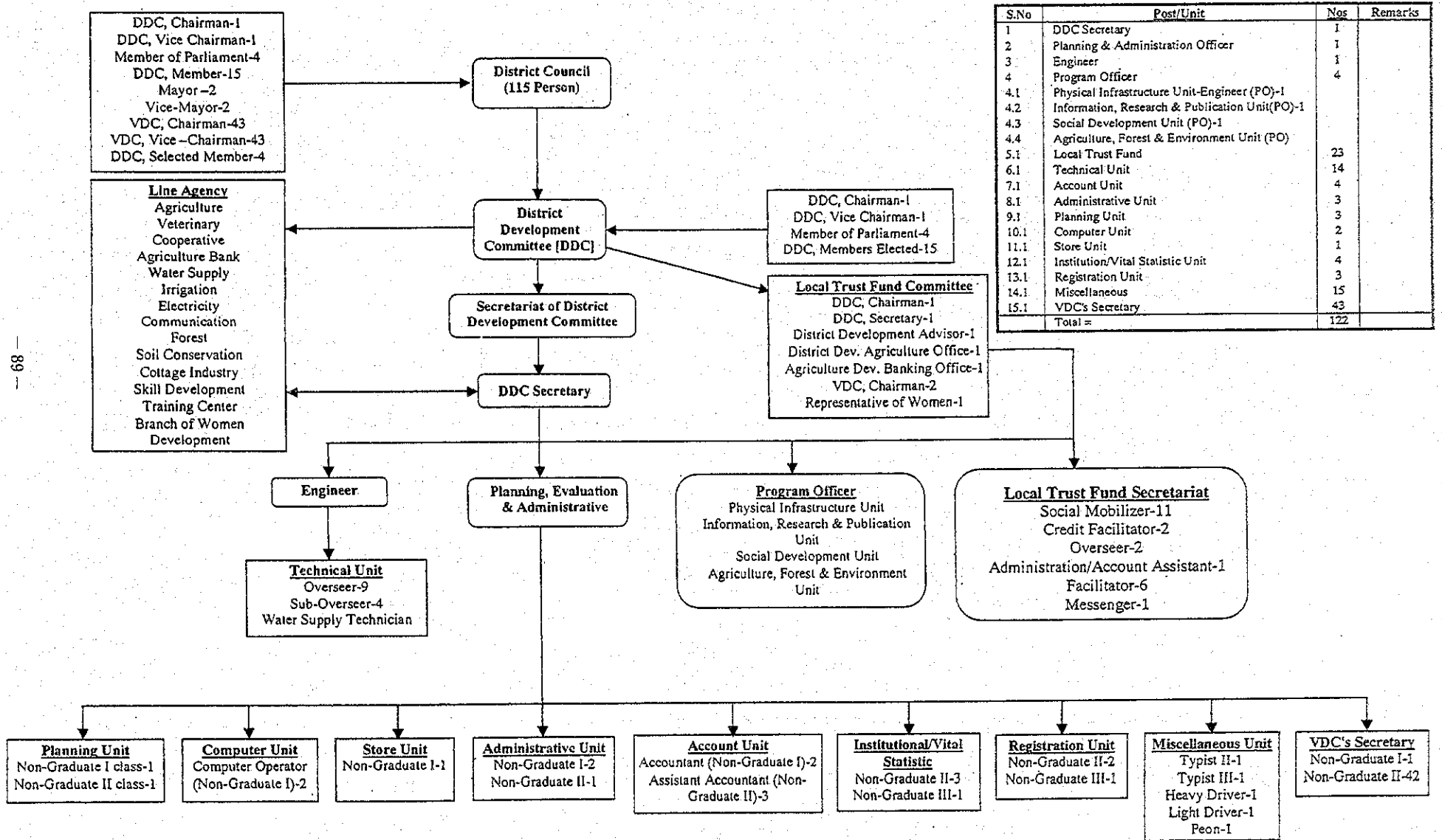
Department of Soil Conservation and Watershed Management



※ 全国 55 箇所の郡土壤保全事務所のうち、カスキ郡及びパルバット郡の 2 箇所が本プロジェクトの現場 C/P 機関となっている

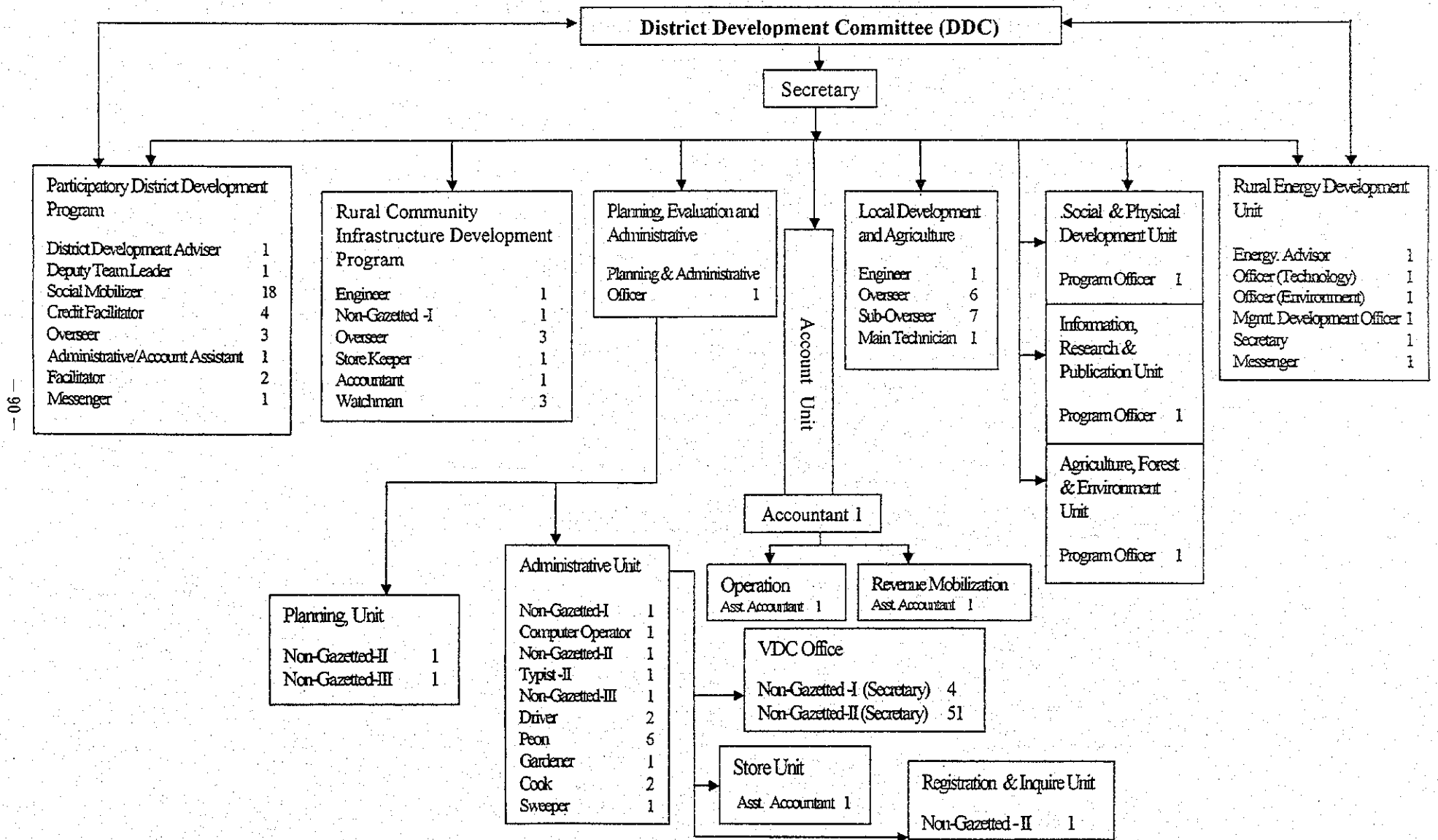
DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE : KASKI

Organization Chart

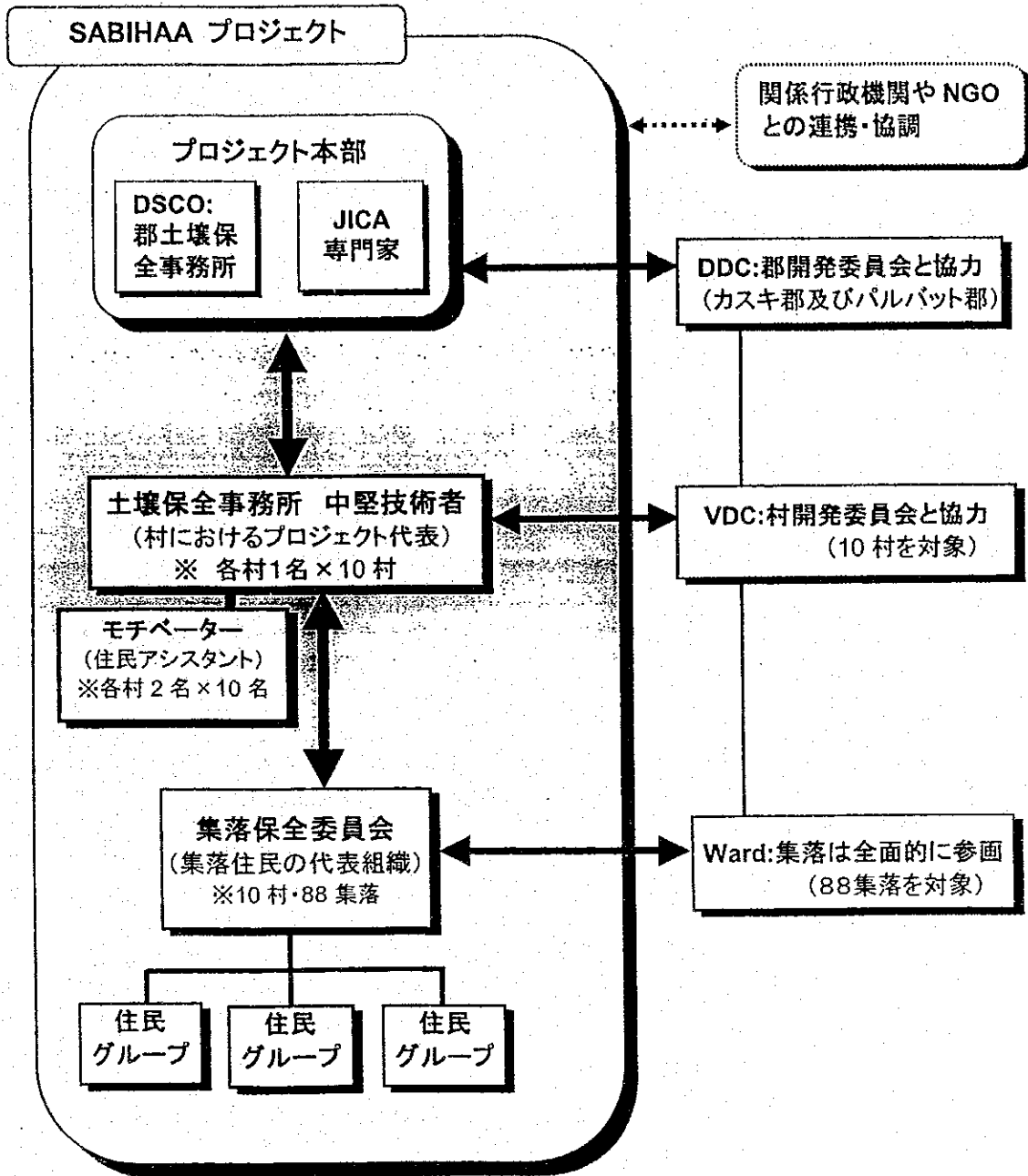


DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE : PARBAT

Organization Chart



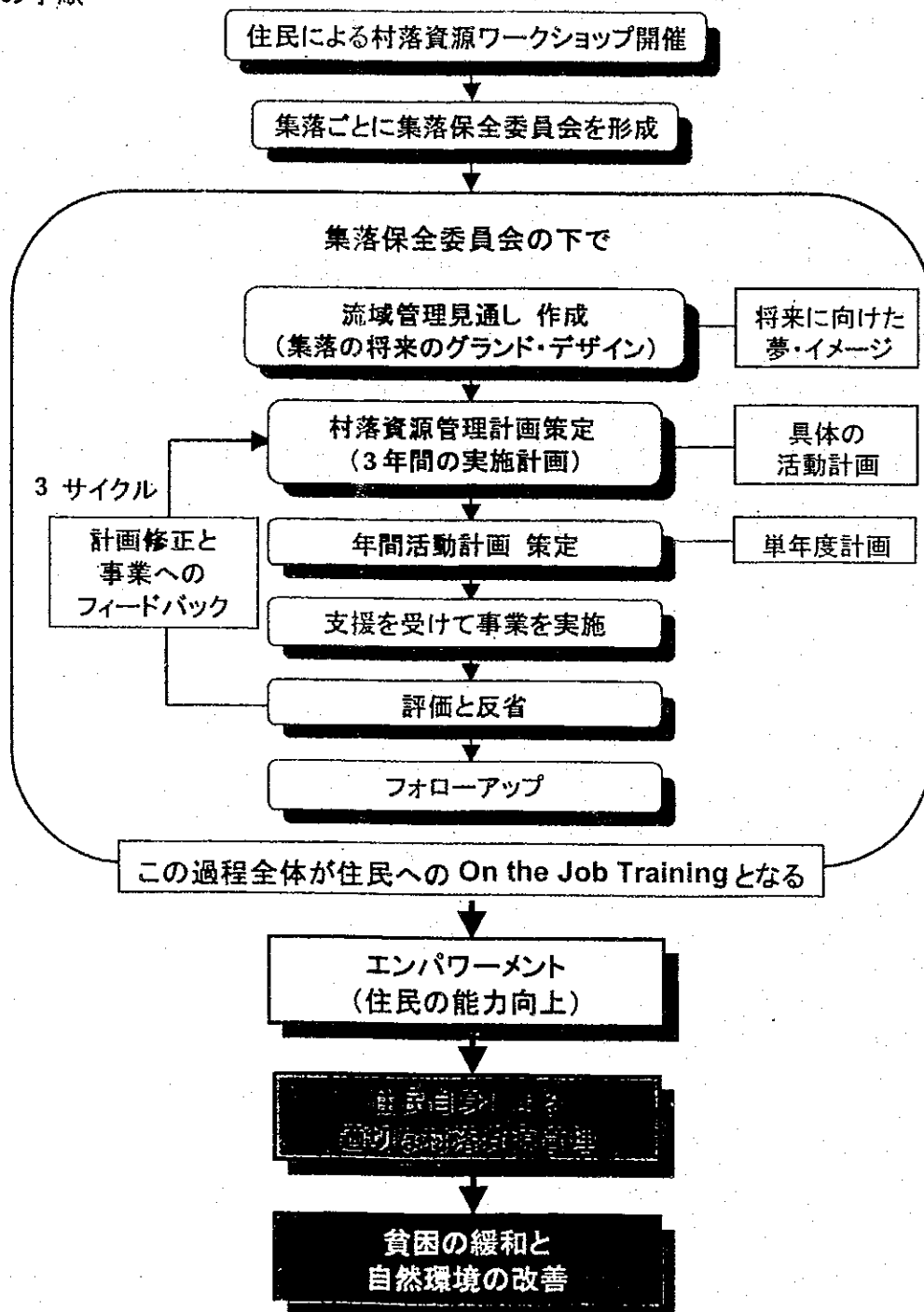
プロジェクトの組織・体制



プロジェクトの指針と活動の手順

- 指 針: 「村落振興から森林・流域保全へ」
- 絶対的貧困下に置かれている山間地域の住民に、いきなり、自然環境の保全を訴えても無理
 - 村落振興やエンパワーメントといった「助走」を十分に取って、貧困緩和とあいまって環境保全を進めるよう取り組み

活動の手順



プロジェクトのシンボルマーク

目的： 当プロジェクトについては、

- 正式プロジェクト名はあまりにも長大で住民向け普及活動に使えないこと
 - このため、実際の通称は「JICA」となってきたこと
 - それでは政府間協力プロジェクトとしての性格にも反し、ネパール政府のオーナーシップ醸成を訴えることができないこと
- 等を勘案し、正式名と別に普及啓蒙用の名称を創設。

経緯： プロジェクト関係者全員から、通称、省略名、スローガン、シンボルマークデザインを公募・選考。森林土壌保全省の承認を取得して公式使用している。

デザインの詳細

通称： 「Saamudaayik Bikaas Tathaa Hariyaalii Aayojanaa」
意味は「村おこしと緑のプロジェクト」。プロジェクトの性格を踏まえたもの。

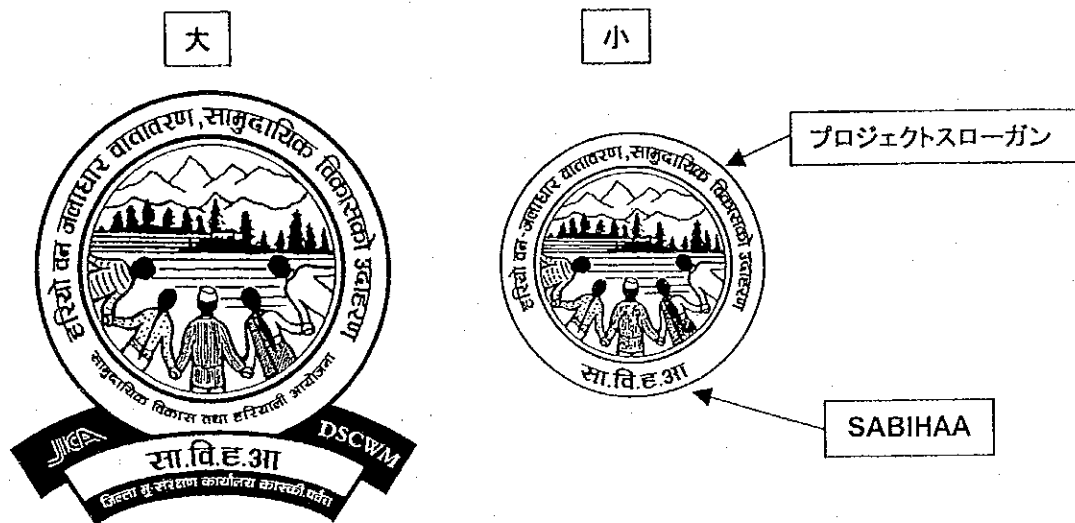
省略名： 「SABIHAA（サビハア）」 通称のネパール語の頭文字を取ったもの。

スローガン： 「緑の森と流域の環境(づくり)は、村おこしの事例」との意味。

ネパール語で発音すると尾韻が踏まれているところがポイント。

※ カタカナ発音で書けば「ハリヨー・バン・ザラダール・ワタワラン、サムダイク・ピカスコウダハラ」

シンボルマーク： 背景の山・森・水は、既存の DSCWM 公式シンボルマークから採択。中央の山はマチャプチャレ(ポカラのシボルの山岳)を意味。これに、手をつなぐ住民(特定の民族を意味しないよう配慮。ジェンダーバランスも考慮)を配して、「住民参加」や「協力」といった要素を盛り込んだ。大小2種類のデザインを制作し、用途によって使い分け。



参考： 主要略語・用語一覧表

Acronym

当プロジェクトに係る主要略語

JICA	Japan International Cooperation Agency 国際協力事業団
HMG	His Majesty's Government, Nepal ネパール王国政府
NPC	National Planning Commission 国家計画委員会
MFSC	Ministry of Forests and Soil Conservation 森林土壌保全省
DSCWM	Department of Soil Conservation and Watershed Management 土壌保全流域管理局
DSCO	District Soil Conservation Office/Officer 郡土壌保全事務所／所長
WRFD	Western Regional Forest Directorate 西部開発地域森林局長
DFO	District Forest Office 郡森林事務所
CDO	Chief District Officer 内務省郡長（郡関係行政機関中最高位の公務員）
LDO	Local Development Officer 地域開発省地域開発官（DDCにて勤務）
DDC	District Development Committee 郡開発委員会
VDC	Village Development Committee 村開発委員会
DPO	District Police Office 郡警察署
Ward	(Smallest local governance body) ワード（最小地方自治単位）
Tole	(Natural small community) ツール（自然の小集落単位）
CDFWCPII	Community Development and Forest/Watershed Conservation Project Phase II 村落振興・森林保全計画第2フェイズ
CBO	Community Based Organization CBO
NGO	Non-governmental Organization NGO
PRA	Participatory Rural Appraisal 住民参加型評価

Terminology

当プロジェクトにおける造語及び特別の定義を行った主な用語（及びその略語）

Community Resource

村落資源

村落資源とは、

- 森林、土地、水などの自然資源
- 農地、家畜、村落インフラなど人為的な資源
- 及び村落住民としての人的資源

等、村落に存在し活用可能な全ての資源を意味する。

Community Resource Workshop (CRW)

村落資源ワークショップ

プロジェクト活動開始初期段階において、各集落ごとに行われる、村落資源に係る住民集会。ここにおいてCBWMPの概要が定められるとともに、WCCの選出などが行われる。

Community Based Watershed Management Prospect (CBWMP)

流域管理見通し

CBWMPは、VDC及びWard単位の資源管理のための見通しであり、資源についての現状の把握と将来の望ましい姿によって構成される。

Community Resource Management Plan (CRMP)

村落資源管理計画

CRMPは、Ward単位のCBWMPに基づき、村落資源管理に係る、中期間（原則として向こう3年間）で達成すべき具体的な活動を掲げる計画である。

Annual Action Plan (AAP)

年間活動計画

AAPは、CRMPに基づく単年の活動計画である。

なお、個々の集落のプロジェクト活動における「年」は、暦年でも会計年度でもなくAAPによって定められる。

Ward Conservation Committee (WCC)

Ward 保全委員会

WCCは、Ward単位に設けられる、Ward委員を中核とする住民組織であり、Wardにおけるプロジェクトに関係する全ての活動を統括する。

Users' Group (UG)

ユーザーグループ

ユーザーグループは、AAPに基づくサブ・プロジェクトの実施のための住民グループであり、WCCの下に形成される。

Sub-project (SP)

サブ・プロジェクト

サブ・プロジェクトは、CRMP及びAAPに基づき、プロジェクトが支援し、WCCの下に、ユーザーグループが実施する各種の事業である。

Participatory Approach

住民参加型アプローチ

住民参加型アプローチは、村落住民が、持続的な村落資源管理について、自らの問題として、自らの知識、能力、労働力、地元の資材や資金を活用しつつ、主体的に取り組むことができるようなプロジェクトからの働きかけを行うことである。

Empowerment

エンパワーメント

エンパワーメントは、住民の村落資源管理への主体的な取り組みを助長するために、住民の各般にわたる能力向上を図ることである。

Project Headquarters (Project H.Q.)

プロジェクト本部

プロジェクト本部は、ポカラに設置され、DSCO 及び JICA 専門家によって構成され、プロジェクトの運営及び M/P チームに対する総合的な支援を行う。

Mid-level Technician (MLT)

中堅技術者

DSCO の中堅技術者は、対象村落それぞれに配置され、現場における全てのプロジェクト活動のモニター及び推進を行う

Local Motivator

ローカル・モチベーター

対象村落ごとに、住民から 2 名ずつのモチベーターが DSCO に臨時雇用され、中堅技術者とともに活動する。

Multi-disciplinary Team (MD Team)

MD チーム

MD チームは中堅技術者に対して多分野にわたる支援を行う。

MD チームは Field-based Team と Office-based Team に分けられる。カスキ DSCO の次長は、両チーム強化のために参画する。

Field-based Team は、DSCO 雇用（中堅技術者又は臨時雇用）の Forest Assistant と Woman's Motivator から構成され、主として現場支援活動を行う。

Office-based Team は、JICA 雇用の Field Coordinator, Engineer 及び POWER Coordinator によって構成され、主として後方支援活動を行う。

Consideration on Gender and Equity

ジェンダー及び社会的公正に係る配慮

社会・ジェンダー配慮は、貧困層、職業カースト及び女性といった、社会的・文化的に非優遇的な取り扱いを受けている住民が村落資源管理に主体的に参加することができるよう、プロジェクト活動全般において配慮を行うことである。

POWER Program

POWER プログラム

POWER プログラムは、非優遇的な取り扱いを受けている住民が主体的に村落資源管理に参加できるよう、これらの住民に対して行う能力向上のための特別のプログラムである。

POWER/ALC

POWER 成人識字教室

POWER 成人識字教室は、POWER プログラムの対象者に対して行う成人識字教室であるが、単なる識字教室ではなく、受講者の村落資源管理への参画を支援するための一環として位置付けられるものであり、プロジェクト独自の内容・教材を含む。

Mid-Term Report of SABIHAA

HMG/JICA Community Development and Forest / Watershed Conservation Project Phase II
Outline of the Project and summary of its achievement Jul. 1999-Jan. 2002



Foreword

Director General of Department of Soil Conservation and Watershed Management

It is well recognized that watershed resources play vital role in contributing to integrated community development in Nepal. As per the decentralization rules HMG/DSCWM has been continuously supporting the local communities in planning and implementing the activities related with watershed resources conservation since last one and half decade. "HMG/JICA Community Development and Forest Watershed Conservation Project, Phase II" has been implemented in the western hill, Kaski and Parbat districts of Nepal since July 1999. This project is designed for five years and has given major emphasis to empower and build the capacity of local people in conservation utilization of watershed resources in sustainable basis. Implementation modality followed by this project is aimed at community development through integrated watershed resources conservation.

Based on the experienced gained from the 1st phase of the project and other participatory projects in Japan, this project has adopted "Ward" level planning and implementation strategy in the VDC, as a suitable local self governance unit to promote "Participatory Integrated Community Resource Management" in the target area. Therefore, the project facilitates to establish "Ward Conservation Committee" (WCC) including the existing members of ward level committee of the VDCs. These WCCs facilitate the communities in their respective wards to formulate the three years Community Resource Management Plan and implement the activities in line with the spirit of local self governance rules. This "Mid-Term Report of SABIHAA" presents sequentially the general outline of the project and gives an overview of its progress so far achieved. I praise the effort made by the project team including both Nepali Officials and Japanese Experts, to prepare this report. I also wish every success of the project and expect the modality followed by it will be worth replicable in other mid-hill areas of the country.



A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Mohan Prasad Wagley".

Dr. Mohan Prasad Wagley

Resident Representative of JICA Nepal Office

I am very happy to express my feelings on the publication of the Mid-Term Report of SABIHAA project.

This SABIHAA project has already been recognized as one of JICA's most practical and sustainable ones among the many concerned people, even if its activities have extended in the Maoist affected region.

Since the people-oriented approach was started from the very beginning, it is quite natural that the Project could not take so easy path. The winding process revealed in this report, however, deserves to be continued.

Therefore I do hope the readers can sincerely share with us its effort taken by the Counterpart personnel and the Experts.

This report will definitely help you to find the way when it is lost.



A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Eitaro Mitoma".

Mr. Eitaro Mitoma