

**6) Electrical and control system**

All equipment in the sewage treatment station as well as all pumps in the pump stations of the Conceicao Sewerage System shall be collectively supervised from the integrated supervisory board. This shall be installed in the control room of the administration building.

**7) Buildings and civil works**

The following building construction and civil works shall be carried out:

**(a) Buildings**

- Influent pump room: 10 m wide x 10 m long,
- Recirculation pump room: 10 m wide x 12 m long,
- Disinfection room: 10 m wide x 12 m long,
- Administration building: 20 m wide x 22.5 m long (two-storey)

The administration building shall accommodate rooms such as: control room, administration room, dehydration room, chemical room, sludge cake room, electrical room, laboratory, staff room, workshop, storage, resting room with toilet and conference room.

**(b) Civil works**

Civil works shall include miscellaneous structures in the station yard, such as: guard fence and gates, landscaping, parking lots, rainwater drainage, etc.

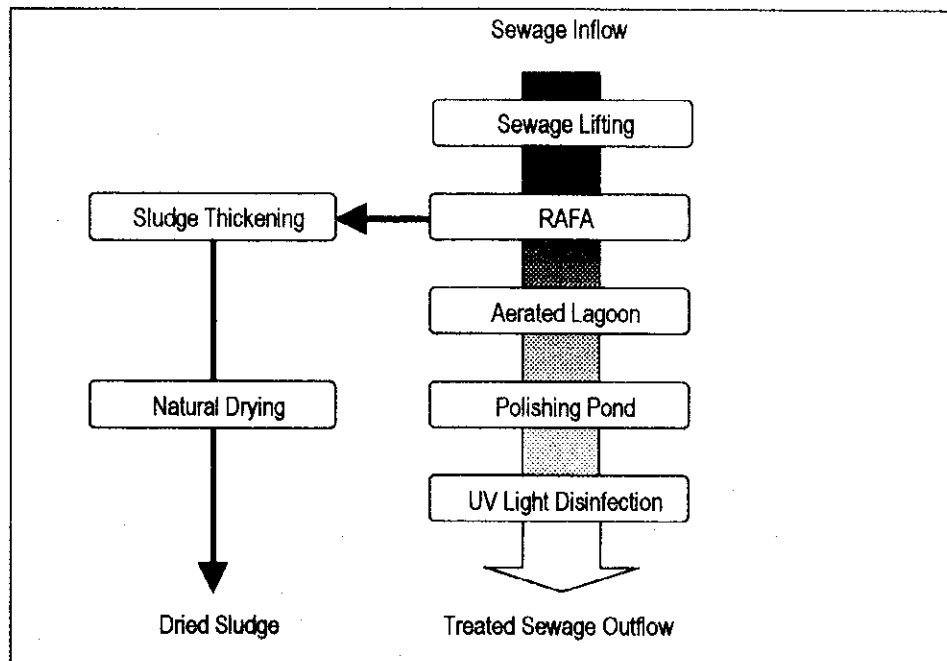
**6.7 Prazeres STF**

**(1) General**

The Prazeres STF consists of the following steps: the "RAFA + aerated Lagoon + polishing pond" for the biological treatment system and the "natural drying" for the sludge treatment system, as shown below.

Treated sewage shall be discharged by gravity into the Jaboatao River through embedded discharge pipes. The sludge generated from the treatment facilities shall be disposed of at landfill sites, after being dried naturally at the STF site and transported.

## Treatment Flow of Prazeres STF



The flow diagram, the hydraulic profile and the layout plan of the facilities shown in Fig. B.6-16, Fig. B.6-17 and Fig. B.6-18, respectively are the results of preliminary design.

### (2) Construction site

The site is situated at the locally determined coordinates, 2.87E / 90.97N, in the Municipality of Jaboatao. The site lies in an industrial zone between the BR-101 highway and a railway. The available land area is of 12.1 ha and it belongs to several private citizens.

At present, the land is almost vacant with bushes and trees. A shallow lagoon occupies a part of the site. The site is surrounded by factory buildings to the south and to the east.

The ground at the site is undulated between 6.5 m and 9 m (+ MSL). The STF shall be constructed on the plot at a level of 5.0 m (+ MSL), which is to be prepared by reclamation and grading to prevent the site from submersion and to discharge treated sewage by gravity.

### (3) Major facilities and structural works

#### 1) Influent system

##### (a) Grit chamber

The grit chambers are designed to remove coarse substances like sand by gravity separation and equipped with motor-driven bucket conveyers to remove settling

materials on the bottom of the chamber. They are mainly constructed of reinforced concrete and have the following specifications:

Type:	Rectangular concrete tank with bucket conveyers,
Quantities:	3 units,
Dimensions:	2.0 m wide x 7.0 m long x 1.0 m deep/water per unit
Water surface:	14 m <sup>2</sup> x 3 units = Total 42 m <sup>2</sup> ,
Appurtenances:	Inflow gates, coarse bar screens (manually operated), fine bar screens (motor-driven), grit hoisting crane, and biological-film type deodorization equipment.

**(b) Influent pump**

The influent pumps are designed to lift up incoming sewage to the subsequent system. They are automatically operated with a water level meter. Their specifications are as follows:

Type:	Vertically mixed flow pump,
Quantities:	4 units including one standby,
Capacity:	13 m <sup>3</sup> /min x 400 mm-ND x 16 m-Head x 75 CV per unit,
Appurtenances:	Inflow sewage flow meter, maintenance crane and influent well.

**2) Biological treatment system**

**(a) RAFA reactor**

The RAFA reactors are designed to decompose organic pollutants in sewage by anaerobic biological degradation. They are mainly constructed of reinforced concrete and equipped with gas-liquid-solid separators inside, which are comprised of inflow pipes, baffle plates, outflow troughs, etc. Their main specifications are as follows:

Type:	Rectangular concrete tank,
Quantities:	6 trains x 16 units = Total 96 units,
Dimensions:	5.0 m wide x 5.0 m long x 6.0 m deep per unit,
Volume:	Effective 125 m <sup>3</sup> x 96 units = Total 12,000 m <sup>3</sup> ,
Appurtenances:	RAFA distribution box, distribution trough, lagoon distribution box, exhaust stacks, anaerobic sludge draw-off pumps.

(b) Aerated lagoon

The aerated lagoons are designed to remove organic pollutants remaining in the outflow from RAFA reactors by aerobic biological purification. They are formed by earthen embankments with partial concrete revetment and equipped with submersible aerators. Main specifications are as follows:

Type:	Rectangular earth pond,
Quantities:	3 units,
Dimensions:	39 m wide x 130 m long x 4.3 m deep per unit,
Volume:	Effective $13,451 \text{ m}^3 \times 3 \text{ units} = \text{Total } 40,353 \text{ m}^3$ ,
Appurtenances:	Submersible aerators (5.5 kw x 15 units).

(c) Polishing pond

The polishing ponds are designed to settle suspended solids in the outflow from aerated lagoons by gravity separation and also to digest anaerobically a part of accumulating sludge. Earthen embankments with partial concrete revetment constitute their main portions. Their specifications are as follows:

Type:	Rectangular earth pond,
Quantities:	3 units,
Dimensions:	39 m wide x 200 m long x 4.3 m deep per unit,
Volume:	Effective $19,836 \text{ m}^3 \times 3 \text{ units} = \text{Total } 59,508 \text{ m}^3$ .

**3) Disinfection system**

The disinfection system is designed to reduce pathogens and parasites in biologically treated sewage so as to meet the discharge standard for total coliforms. The system consists of a disinfection tank and an ultra-violet (UV) light disinfection unit, as shown below:

Type:	Rectangular concrete tank,
Quantities:	1 unit,
Dimensions:	4.0 m wide x 10 m long x 2.5 m deep per unit,
Volume:	Effective $100 \text{ m}^3$
Appurtenances:	UV light disinfection unit.

**4) Treated sewage discharge system**

Finally treated sewage is discharged into the Jaboatao River through the following embedded pipes and the outfall:

Design water level:	3.01 m (+ MSL)
Pipe:	ND 1,200 mm x 2,900 m long

Material: Reinforced concrete

**5) Sludge treatment system**

**(a) Sludge thickener**

The sludge thickener is designed to thicken the sludge generated from the biological treatment system and homogenize it. Its main portion is constructed of reinforced concrete and a motor-driven sludge collector is attached inside. Its specifications are as follows:

Type: Cylindrical Concrete tank,  
Quantities: 1 unit,  
Dimensions: 9.5 m dia. x 5.0 m deep,  
Volume: Effective 283 m<sup>3</sup>  
Appurtenances: Sludge collector.

**(b) Sludge drying bed**

The sludge drying beds are designed to naturally dry the sludge generated from the biological treatment system. Their main portions are constructed of reinforced concrete and their specifications are as follows:

Type: Rectangular concrete tank,  
Quantities: 24 units,  
Dimensions: 10 m wide x 15 m long x 1.0 m deep,  
Volume: Effective 3,600 m<sup>2</sup>,  
Dehydrated sludge quantity: 9.7 ton-Wet (60 % moisture).

**6) Electrical and control system**

All equipment in the sewage treatment station as well as all pumps in the pump stations of the Prazeres Sewerage System shall be supervised from the integrated supervisory board. This shall be installed in the administration room.

**7) Buildings and civil works**

The following building construction and civil works shall be carried out:

**(a) Buildings**

Influent pump room: 10 m wide x 15 m long,  
Disinfection room: 10 m wide x 15 m long,  
Electrical room: 10 m wide x 15 m long,  
Administration building: 25 m wide x 40 m long (one -storey)

The administration building shall accommodate rooms such as: control room, administration room, electrical room, laboratory, staff room, workshop, storage, resting room with toilet and conference room.

(b) Civil works

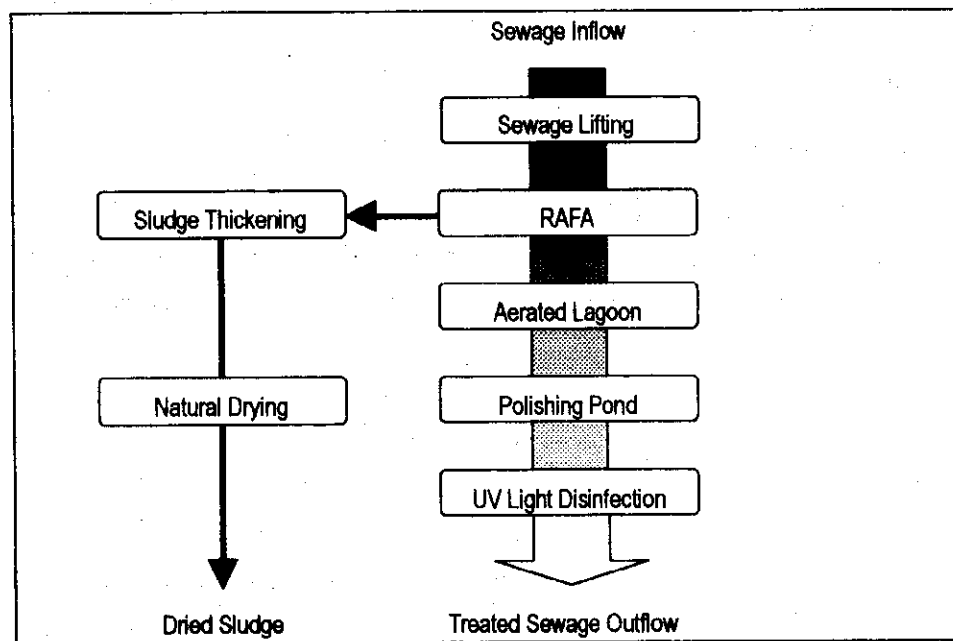
Civil works shall include miscellaneous structures in the station yard, such as: guard fence and gates, landscaping, parking lots, rainwater drainage, etc.

## 6.8 Curcurana STF

### (1) General

The Curcurana STF consists of the following steps: the "RAFA + aerated Lagoon + polishing pond" for the biological treatment system and the "natural drying" for the sludge treatment system, as shown below.

**Treatment Flow of Curcurana STF**



Treated sewage shall be discharged by gravity into the Jaboatao River through embedded discharge pipes. The sludge generated from the treatment facilities shall be disposed of at landfill sites, after being dried naturally at the STF site and transported.

The flow diagram, the hydraulic profile and the layout plan of the facilities shown in Fig. B.6-19, Fig. B.6-20 and Fig. B.6-21, respectively are the results of preliminary design.

## **(2) Construction site**

The site is situated at the locally determined coordinates, 2.86E / 90.92N, in the Municipality of Jaboatao. The site lies in the low-lying area of the Olho D'Agua Lagoon along the Curcurana Road. The available land area is of 9.5 ha and it belongs to a private citizen.

The land is low-lying and almost vacant at present with bushes and trees and a natural stream flows throughout it. The site faces residential zones to the east.

The ground at the site is undulated between 0.5 m and 1.0 m (+ MSL). The STF shall be constructed on the plot at a level of 3.0 m (+ MSL), which is to be prepared by reclamation to prevent the site from submersion and to discharge treated sewage by gravity.

As a result of the environmental survey in this Study, a mangrove area and its influential area with some 5 ha were identified to the north of the land proposed by the Counterpart. Therefore, the utilization of this area as the construction site of the STF was avoided.

## **(3) Major facilities and structural works**

### **1) Influent system**

#### **(a) Grit chamber**

The grit chambers are designed to remove coarse substances like sand by gravity separation and equipped with motor-driven bucket conveyers to remove settling materials on the bottom of the chamber. They are mainly constructed of reinforced concrete and have the following specifications:

Type:	Rectangular concrete tank with bucket conveyers,
Quantities:	2 units,
Dimensions:	2.0 m wide x 8.0 m long x 1.0 m deep/water per unit
Water surface:	16 m <sup>2</sup> x 3 units = Total 32 m <sup>2</sup> ,
Appurtenances:	Inflow gates, coarse bar screens (manually operated), fine bar screen (motor-driven), grit hoisting crane and biological-film type deodorization equipment.

#### **(b) Influent pump**

The influent pumps are designed to lift up incoming sewage to the subsequent system. They are automatically operated with a water level meter. Their specifications are as follows:

Type:	Vertically mixed flow and axial pump,
Quantities:	3 units including one standby,

Capacity: 14.5 m<sup>3</sup>/min x 400 mm-ND x 16 m-Head x 75 CV per unit,  
Appurtenances: Inflow sewage flow meter, maintenance crane and influent well.

## 2) Biological treatment system

### (a) RAFA reactor

The RAFA reactors are designed to decompose organic pollutants in sewage by anaerobic biological degradation. They are mainly constructed of reinforced concrete and equipped with gas-liquid-solid separators inside, which are comprised of inflow pipes, baffle plates, outflow troughs, etc. Their main specifications are as follows:

Type: Rectangular concrete tank,  
Quantities: 6 trains x 12 units = Total 72 units,  
Dimensions: 5.0 m wide x 5.0 m long x 6.0 m deep per unit,  
Volume: Effective 125 m<sup>3</sup> x 72 units = Total 9,000 m<sup>3</sup>,  
Appurtenances: RAFA distribution box, distribution trough, lagoon distribution box, exhaust stacks, anaerobic sludge draw-off pumps.

### (b) Aerated lagoon

The aerated lagoons are designed to remove organic pollutants remaining in the outflow from RAFA reactors by aerobic biological purification. They are formed by earthen embankments with partial concrete revetment and equipped with submersible aerators. Main specifications are as follows:

Type: Rectangular earth pond,  
Quantities: 2 units,  
Dimensions: 50 m wide x 115 m long x 4.3 m deep per unit,  
Volume: Effective 16,181 m<sup>3</sup> x 2 units = Total 32,362 m<sup>3</sup>,  
Appurtenances: Submersible aerators (5.5 kw x 10 units).

### (c) Polishing pond

The polishing ponds are designed to settle suspended solids in the outflow from aerated lagoons by gravity separation and also to digest anaerobically a part of accumulating sludge. Earthen embankments with partial concrete revetment constitute their main portions. Their specifications are as follows:

Type: Rectangular earth pond,



Quantities: 2 units,  
Dimensions: 50 m wide x 166 m long x 4.3 m deep per unit,  
Volume: Effective 22,464 m<sup>3</sup> x 2 units = Total 44,928 m<sup>3</sup>.

### 3) Disinfection system

The disinfection system is designed to reduce pathogens and parasites in biologically treated sewage so as to meet the discharge standard for total coliforms. The system consists of a disinfection tank and an ultra-violet (UV) light disinfection unit, as shown below:

Type: Rectangular concrete tank,  
Quantities: 1 unit,  
Dimensions: 3.0 m wide x 10 m long x 2.5 m deep per unit,  
Volume: Effective 75 m<sup>3</sup>  
Appurtenances: UV light disinfection unit.

### 4) Treated sewage discharge system

Finally treated sewage is discharged into the Jaboatao River through the following embedded pipes and the outfall:

Design water level: 1.36 m (+ MSL)  
Pipe: ND 1,000 mm x 1,600 m long  
Material: Reinforced concrete

### 5) Sludge treatment system

#### (a) Sludge thickener

The sludge thickener is designed to thicken the sludge generated from the biological treatment system and homogenize it. Its main portion is constructed of reinforced concrete and a motor-driven sludge collector is attached inside. Its specifications are as follows:

Type: Cylindrical concrete tank,  
Quantities: 1 unit,  
Dimensions: 8.0 m dia. x 5.0 m deep,  
Volume: Effective 201 m<sup>3</sup>  
Appurtenances: Sludge collector.

(b) Sludge drying bed

The sludge drying beds are designed to naturally dry the sludge generated from the biological treatment system. Their main portions are constructed of reinforced concrete and their specifications are as follows:

Type:	Rectangular concrete tank,
Quantities:	14 units,
Dimensions:	10 m wide x 15 m long x 1.0 m deep,
Volume:	Effective 2,100 m <sup>3</sup> ,
Dehydrated sludge quantity:	5.8 ton-Wet (60 % moisture).

**6) Electrical and control system**

All equipment in the sewage treatment station as well as all pumps in the pump stations of the Curcurana Sewerage System shall be supervised from the integrated supervisory board. This shall be installed in the administration room.

**7) Buildings and civil works**

The following building construction and civil works shall be carried out:

(a) Buildings

Influent pump room:	10 m wide x 10 m long,
Disinfection room:	10 m wide x 12 m long,
Electrical room:	10 m wide x 12 m long,
Administration building:	25 m wide x 36 m long (one-storey)

The administration building shall accommodate rooms such as: control room, administration room, electrical room, laboratory, staff room, workshop, storage, resting room with toilet and conference room.

(b) Civil works

Civil works shall include miscellaneous structures in the station yard, such as: guard fence and gates, landscaping, parking lots, rainwater drainage, etc.

## 7. REQUIRED O&M ITEMS FOR PRIORITY STF

### 7.1 Operation and Maintenance Services

#### (1) General

The services of operation and maintenance for sewage treatment facilities may be subdivided into administration, operation, maintenance, water quality control and labor works. Their respective works are shown in the following table:

**Classification of Operation and Maintenance Services**

O and M Services	
ADMINISTRATION:	Property management, Stock management, Document recordings, Personnel management,
OPERATION:	Monitoring of operation parameters, Manipulation of equipment, Recording of logs,
MAINTENANCE:	Routine inspection, Dismounting inspection, Repair, Recording logs,
WATER QUALITY CONTROL:	Measurement and analysis of water quality and other items, Establishment of operation parameters, Recording logs,
LABOR WORKS:	Replacement of equipment and chemicals, Site cleanings, Sludge removal, Miscellaneous labor works.

#### (2) Administration service

Administrative service includes the management of properties and stock, budgeting and accounting, and personnel management. In addition, security guards, building janitors, and cleaning persons are managed by an administrative unit.

#### (3) Operation service

The operation service is composed of the monitoring of operation parameters and the manipulation of equipment such as pumps, gates, valves, etc. The monitoring of facilities is required continuously without ceasing to command the operation status of the facilities. Therefore, it is proposed that the monitoring takes place by the introduction of a centralized and automatic monitoring system. The operation to manipulate equipment, on the other

hand, will be reduced to a minimum, since it requires high construction costs and is not reliable without periodical and precise adjustment/maintenance.

Table B.7-1 shows major operation parameters for the respective STFs. Of these, some items shall be supervised from the supervision board, if it is possible technically.

**(4) Maintenance service**

To maintain proper and sustainable functions/performance of component facilities over a specified duration, routine and periodical inspections of mechanical and electrical/instrumental equipment are most important. The following table shows required maintenance items in STFs, classified into daily, monthly and yearly activities.

**Required Maintenance Items**

Frequency	Categories	Maintenance Items
Daily	Mechanical	Appearance
		Unusual vibration and sound
	Electrical and Instruments	Lubricants
		Appearance
Unusual vibration and sound		
Monthly	Mechanical	Overheating
		Current
		Gland packing's wear and leakage
	Electrical and Instruments	Checking and replacement of lubricants
		Checking of chains and belts
Yearly	Mechanical	Checking of insulation
		Adjustment of instruments
		Dredging RAFA Reactor
		Drying up tanks and checking of submersible parts
		Drying up aerated lagoons and polishing ponds, and dredging, if necessary
		Drying up bio-filters and sedimentation tanks, and internal checking
		Overhaul of main equipment
		Replacement of lubricants
	Electrical and Instruments	Replacement of gland packings
		Replacement of chains and belts
		Tightening of bolts
		Checking sequential operation
		Checking protective operation

**(5) Water quality control**

Water quality control is one of the most important services to ensure the treatment performance of STFs. The main task in water quality control is to analyze the operation status from the physical, chemical and biological points of view. Major items to be

measured and analyzed are shown in the following table. The results shall be used for the adjustment and resetting the operation conditions of STFs.

### Required Measurement and Analysis Items for Water Quality

Sampling Points	Frequency	Measurement and Analysis Items	Remarks
Influent well	Daily	Appearance, Odor, Water temperature, Turbidity, pH	Incoming sewage
	Weekly	SS, COD	
	Monthly	BOD, NH <sub>4</sub> -N	
RAFA Outlet	Daily	Appearance, Odor, Water temperature, Turbidity, pH	RAFA outflow
	Weekly	SS, COD	
	Monthly	BOD, NH <sub>4</sub> -N	
Outlet of aerated Lagoons	Daily	Appearance, Odor, Water temperature, Turbidity, pH, DO	Aerated lagoon outflow
Outlet of disinfection tank	Daily	Appearance, Odor, Water temperature, Turbidity, pH	Discharged sewage
	Weekly	SS, COD, Total-Coliform	
	Monthly	BOD, NH <sub>4</sub> -N, NO <sub>3</sub> -N	
Outlet of bio-filters	Daily	Appearance, Odor, Water temperature, Turbidity, pH	Bio-filter outflow
Outlet of thickener	Daily	Appearance, Odor	Thickened sludge
	Weekly	Sludge concentration	
Sludge drying beds	Daily	Appearance, Odor	Dried sludge
	Weekly	Moisture of dried sludge	
Outlet of sludge digester	Daily	Appearance, Odor	Digested sludge
	Weekly	Sludge concentration	
	Daily	Appearance, Odor	Supernatant
	Weekly	SS	
Outlet of dehydrators	Daily	Appearance, Odor	Dehydrated sludge
	Weekly	Moisture of dried sludge	

#### (6) Labor works

Labor works are manual work to assist site works such as the replenishing of chemicals, site cleaning, dismounting of equipment, grit and sludge removal, manual operations of gates, dredging of tanks, etc.

#### 7.2 Equipment for Operation and Maintenance

Ordinary maintenance vehicles/equipment and tools such as mechanical shovel cars, forklift trucks, welding machines, lathe, lifting hoists, etc. shall be provided in the stations to repair parts and transport goods and sludge. In addition, the following apparatus necessary for the daily and weekly measurement and analysis of water quality shall be provided:

- Temperature meters,
- PH meters,
- Conductivity meters,
- DO meters,

- COD analysis apparatus,
- Turbidity meters,
- Stereo-microscope,
- Digital balance,
- Drying oven,
- Incubator,
- Flocculation test kit,
- Hot plate stirrers,
- Vacuum pumps,
- Water bath,
- Distillation kit,
- Continuous deionizer unit, and
- Miscellaneous instruments, consumables and spares for measurement and analysis.

**Table B.I-1 Existing Sewerage System besides Four Major Systems in RMR**

No.	Locations	Covered Area (ha)	Number of Connections	Served Population (People)
1	Morada Capibaribe	0.74	112	504
2	Felipe Camarao	11	608	2,736
3	Inez Andreazza	29.8	2464	11,088
4	Conj. Mal. Castelo Branco	5.0	640	2,880
5	Vinicius de Moraes	8.9	105	472
6	Conj.Resid. Bosque da Torre	2.2	400	1,800
7	Conj.Hab.Lagoa Encantada	26.7	900	4,050
8	Conj.Res.Vila Coimbra	0.91	126	567
9	COMAR-Hosp.Aeronautica	168	570	2,565
10	Residencial Torre/Banorte	17.5	1552	6,984
11	Conj.Res.Primavera	15.4	400	1,800
12	IPSEP	168	548	2,466
13	Jardim Petropolis	2	320	1,440
14	San Martim	13.6	711	3,200
15	UR-1	27.7	1201	5,405
16	UR-2	29.9	1072	4,824
17	UR-3	18.8	847	3,812
18	UR-4	7.8	352	1,584
19	UR-5	21.9	905	4,073
20	UR-7	15.8	551	2,479
21	UR-10	19	1222	5,499
22	Conj.Res.Universitario	2.9	320	1,440
23	Conj.Res.Joao Paulo II	7.1	672	3,024
24	Loteamento Apipucos	14	135	608
26	Residencial Conj.Portinari	0.75	120	540
27	Engenho do Meio	70	1744	7,848
28	Cordeiro	26	515	2,318
29	Conj.Res.Santa Luzia	2.0	192	864
30	Areias	165	4005	18,023
31	Loteamento Ipiranga	11	234	1,053
Total		635	23,543	105,943

Source: Updated based on the PQA RE-01.

**Table B.1-2 Existing Condominial Sewerage Systems in RMR**

No.	Locations	Served Area (ha)	Number of Connection	Served Population (people)
1	Joao Xavier Pedrosa	2.1	91	409
2	Alderico Pereira Rego	0.3	10	45
3	Jardim Beberibe	2.0	39	175
4	Vila Jorge Pimenta	9.0	499	2,245
5	Nova Trento	0.6	17	76
6	Cajueiro	10	52	234
7	Vila Burity	8.0	269	1,210
8	Abdias de Oliveira	1.6	118	531
9	Ind. Paulo Alimonda	1.4	25	112
10	Rio Jiquiá	0.7	31	139
11	Elpidio Branco	2.1	90	405
12	Skylab II	4.2	135	607
13	Brasilândia	2.2	63	283
14	Ruth Moura	0.5	19	85
15	Avare/Tupinare	3.0	120	540
16	Jardim Sao Paulo	8.0	141	634
17	Olegario Mariano	2.0	39	175
18	Jose da Bomba	4.0	144	648
19	Vila Sao Miguel	21	828	3,726
20	Vila Cardeal Silva	13	423	1,903
21	Vietnan	12	753	3,388
22	Vila N.Sra de Fatima	0.2	23	103
23	Coque 1-Ibipora	8.0	675	3,037
24	Coque 2-M.Luther King	9.4	1,029	4,630
25	Coque 3-Realeza	0.9	142	639
26	Coque 4-Av.Central	3.5	326	1,467
27	Coelhos	11.2	1,051	4,729
28	Joao de Barros	1.8	340	1,530
29	Alto Santa Isabel	55.2	3,120	14,040
30	Vila Tamarineira	1.6	175	787
31	Apipucos/Caetes	4.9	345	1,552
32	Cacimbao	1.6	150	675
33	Vila Santa Luzia	38.5	2,141	9,634
34	Barbalho	12	798	3,591
35	Vila Santa Marta	1.2	218	981
36	Coronel Fabriciano	1.9	87	391
37	Entra Apulso	0.7	34	153
38	Vila Teimosinho	1.8	147	661
39	Bomba Grande	5.1	219	985
40	Skylab I	5.4	313	1,408
41	Poco Alto	2.7	266	1,197
42	Odete Monteiro	0.4	55	247
43	Aritana	0.3	38	171
44	Lot.Mel.Gonçalves da Luz	0.5	55	247
45	Roda de Fogo	54	3,100	13,950
46	Conj.27 de Novembro	90	2,465	11,092
47	Sesi	11.9	642	2,889
48	Tancredo Neves	1.4	137	616
49	Ponte do Maduro	36	1,120	5,040
50	Passarinho	9.8	580	2,610
51	Burity	25.6	1,562	7,029
52	Ambale	4.1	269	1,210
53	Brasilit	4.2	397	1,786
54	Pe.Henrique	5.8	138	621
	<b>Total</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>26,063</b>	<b>117,283</b>

Source: PQA RE-04 (1998)



**Table B.1-3 Ongoing Sewerage Projects Managed by Municipalities**

Municipalities	Sewerage Systems	Financial Resources	Projects' Data	
			Components	Project Cost (R\$)
Cabo de Santo Agostinho	Curcurana		Collector and Treatment Station	552,000
	Ponte dos Carvalhos and Gaibu/Suape	PRODETUR BNDES + BIRD	Collector and Treatment Station	5,000,000
	Parque Pirapama and Charnequinha	CEF	Collector and Treatment Station	Unknown
Igarassu	Igarassu 2	PRO-MORADIA CEF	Collector and Treatment Station	900,000
	Igarassu 2	PROJETO BEIRA MAR I	Collector and Treatment Station	2,000,000
Jaboatao dos Guararapes	Prazeres		Collector and Treatment Station	3,327,754
Moreno	Moreno 1		Collector and Treatment Station (RAFA+ Biofilter)	3,732,052
	Moreno 2			1,584,431
	Moreno 3			1,061,975
	Bonanca			1,740,701
Paulista	Janga	CEF - PASS	Collector and Treatment Station 1, Sanitation Education	366,942
Recife	Cabanga	CEF	Collector, Interceptor and Treatment Station (for ETE Cabanga)	Unknown
	Peixinhos		Collector for ZEIS Jorge Pimenta and EE + Emissary (for ETE Peixinhos)	455,800
	Imbiribeira		Collector and Treatment Station (for ETE Ighes Andrezza)	613,904 166,507
	Cabanga		Collector	278,426 834,829
Sao Lourenco da Mata	Sao Lourenco 2	CEF	Collector and Treatment Station (RAFA)	285,810
	Sao Lourenco 2	CEF	Collector and Treatment Station (3 septic tanks and filters)	78,837
Total				1,477,902

Source: PQA RE-04 (1998)

**Table B.2-1 Basic Scheme of Sewerage Development (1/2)**

No.	Sewerage Systems	Sewerage Collection Facilities			Sewerage Treatment Facilities				Remarks
		Development of Facilities		Rehabilitation of Existing Facilities	Development of Facilities			Rehabilitation of Existing Facilities	
		New Installation	Additional Installation		New Installation	Additional Installation	Installation of Disinfection System		
1	Caetes		●	●		●	●	●	
2	Peixinhos		●	●		●	●	●	
3	Caixa D'agua	●			●		●		
4	Nova Descoberta	●			●		●		
5	Aguazinha		●	●	●		●		
6	Dois Unidos		●	●	●		●		
7	Ponte dos Carvalhos	●			●		●		
8	Charnequinha	●			●		●		
9	Camaragibe/Recife 1		●	●	●		●		
10	Camaragibe/Recife 2	●			●		●		
11	Camaragibe 1		●	●	●		●		
12	Camaragibe 2	●			●		●		
13	Cabanga		●	●		●	●	●	
14	Cordeiro		●	●	●	●	●	●	The existing ETEC-08 will be used as another system after modification, separately from the main Subsystem.
15	Caxanga		●	●	●		●		
16	Igarassu 2	●			●		●		
17	Ipojuca - Sede	●			●		●		
18	Itapissuma 1		●	●	●		●		
19	Itapissuma 2	●			●		●		
20	Comportas	●			●		●		
21	Curcurana		●	●	●	●	●	●	The existing ETEC-03 and ETEC-09 will be used as another systems after rehabilitation, separately from the main Subsystem.
22	Prazeres		●	●	●	●	●	●	The existing ETEC-02 will be used as another system after modification, separately from the main Subsystem.
23	Jaboatao 1		●	●	●		●		
24	Jaboatao 2	●			●		●		
25	Ibura de Cima		●	●	●		●		
26	Jaboatao 3	●			●		●		

Table B.2-1 Basic Scheme of Sewerage Development (2/2)

No.	Sewerage Systems	Sewage Collection Facilities			Sewage Treatment Facilities				Remarks
		Development of Facilities		Rehabilitation of Existing Facilities	Development of Facilities			Rehabilitation of Existing Facilities	
		New Installation	Additional Installation		New Installation	Additional Installation	Installation of Disinfection System		
27	Bonanca	●			●		●		
28	Moreno 1	●			●		●	●	
29	Moreno 2		●	●		●	●		
30	Moreno 3	●			●		●		
31	Camaragibe 3		●	●	●		●		
32	Sao Lourenco 1		●	●	●		●		
33	Sao Lourenco 2	●			●		●		
34	Boa Viagem		●	●	●		●		
35	Imbiribeira		●	●	●		●		
36	Jardim Sao Paulo		●	●	●		●		
37	Ibura de Baixo		●	●	●		●		
38	Ignes Andreazza		●	●			●	●	Only the rehabilitation and the installation of disinfection system will take place for the STF.
39	Mangueira		●	●		●	●	●	
40	Roda de Fogo		●	●	●		●	●	
41	Janga		●	●		●	●	●	
42	Paulista		●	●		●	●	●	
43	Conceicao		●	●	●		●		
44	Apipucos	●			●		●		
45	Curado		●	●		●	●	●	
46	P.P. de Galinhas	●			●		●		
47	Jardim Paulista		●	●		●	●	●	
48	Mirueira		●	●	●		●		
49	Mutirao		●	●		●	●	●	
50	Nova Cruz	●			●		●		
51	Parque Capibaribe		●	●		●	●	●	
52	Parque Pirapama		●	●		●	●	●	
53	Vila Burity		●	●		●	●	●	
54	Vila dos Milagres		●	●		●	●	●	
55	27 de Novembro		●	●		●	●	●	

Source: JICA Study Team

Note: The columns marked by "●" means that the corresponding work items are implemented for respective systems.

**Table B.2-2 Basic Planning Data of Sewerage Systems (1/2)**

No.	Sewerage Systems	Population in 2020 (people)	Sewerage Area		Capacity of Existing Treatment Facilities (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Sewage Flow in 2020 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)			BOD (mg/l)	SS (mg/l)
			Sewerage Area in 2020 (ha)	Area covered by Existing System (ha)		Daily Average	Daily Max.	Hourly Max.		
1	Caetes	60,779	884.5	705.1	8,900	11,014	12,395	16,682	299	332
2	Peixinhos	398,839	2,548.2	963.2	36,000	57,279	66,980	95,111	370	411
3	Caixa D'agua	35,305	454.7	-	-	5,134	5,868	7,820	371	413
4	Nova Descoberta	65,506	386.9	-	-	7,138	8,456	11,849	496	551
5	Aguazinha	59,005	372.6	2.7	-	6,569	7,775	10,858	485	539
6	Dois Unidos	63,495	422.9	23.6	-	8,243	9,675	13,600	416	462
7	Ponte dos Carvalhos	24,365	131.7	-	-	3,615	4,224	6,051	364	404
8	Charnequinha	15,096	66.5	-	-	2,174	2,552	3,684	375	417
9	Camaragibe/Recife 1	61,043	954.4	80.4	-	11,254	12,722	17,022	293	325
10	Camaragibe/Recife 2	16,477	268.7	-	-	3,220	3,642	4,882	276	307
11	Camaragibe 1	24,870	446.3	89.3	-	4,450	4,952	6,464	302	335
12	Camaragibe 2	26,107	246.3	-	-	3,380	3,906	5,327	417	463
13	Cabanga	304,394	2,260.4	1,799.4	80,000	55,239	64,163	91,362	314	348
14	Cordeiro	100,048	675.3	129.2	4,416	16,319	18,995	27,034	331	368
15	Caxanga	37,326	508.9	31.3	-	6,690	7,624	10,337	301	335
16	Igarassu 2	50,251	816.7	-	-	9,690	10,906	14,595	280	311
17	Ipojuca - Sede	17,856	105.4	-	-	2,687	3,134	4,473	359	399
18	Itapissuma 1	10,679	101.7	20.8	-	1,614	1,828	2,522	357	397
19	Itapissuma 2	10,416	99.2	-	-	1,574	1,783	2,460	357	397
20	Comportas	49,970	487.1	-	-	8,275	9,545	13,265	326	362
21	Curcurana	123,636	909.9	46.2	4,975	21,280	24,678	35,051	314	349
22	Prazeres	233,403	1,547.7	71.5	1,625	32,581	38,122	53,840	387	430
23	Jaboatao 1	45,472	396.2	151.2	-	5,956	6,865	9,442	412	458
24	Jaboatao 2	56,231	803.3	-	-	9,656	10,780	14,435	314	349
25	Ibura de Cima	51,984	321.9	153.3	-	6,097	7,137	10,010	460	512
26	Jaboatao 3	36,974	528.2	-	-	6,349	7,088	9,492	314	349
27	Bonanca	5,025	114.2	-	-	1,046	1,147	1,473	259	288
28	Moreno 1	18,792	208.8	-	-	2,969	3,345	4,566	342	380
29	Moreno 2	6,435	71.5	32.6	854	1,017	1,145	1,564	342	380

Table B.2-2 Basic Planning Data of Sewerage Systems (2/2)

No.	Sewerage Systems	Population in 2020 (people)	Sewerage Area		Capacity of Existing Treatment Facilities (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Sewage Flow in 2020 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)			BOD (mg/l)	SS (mg/l)
			Sewerage Area in 2020 (ha)	Area covered by Existing System (ha)		Daily Average	Daily Max.	Hourly Max.		
						547	617	842	342	380
30	Moreno 3	3,465	38.5	-	-	5,967	6,599	8,555	274	304
31	Camargibe 3	30,238	621.8	150.9	-	9,619	10,737	14,115	257	286
32	Sao Lourenco 1	45,783	921.7	298.9	-	6,981	7,813	10,309	258	286
33	Sao Lourenco 2	33,288	652.7	-	-	27,794	32,113	45,402	311	346
34	Boa Viagem	159,314	1,281.3	152.1	-	10,103	11,627	16,251	302	336
35	Imbiribeira	56,497	550.4	168.2	-	8,384	9,723	13,511	375	416
36	Jardim Sao Paulo	56,102	497.1	104.6	-	23,557	27,391	38,075	406	451
37	Ibura de Baixo	179,179	1,399.9	93.9	-	988	1,148	1,620	360	400
38	Ignes Andreazza	6,579	47.4	37.9	2,217	6,430	7,505	10,641	363	403
39	Mangueira	42,642	285.8	112.8	3,732	3,892	4,564	6,477	386	429
40	Roda de Fogo	27,810	170.8	144.6	4,752	59,891	68,821	97,013	285	317
41	Janga	316,075	2,878.7	1,105.7	34,214	11,052	12,460	16,997	337	374
42	Paulista	68,930	783.3	345.2	6,750	12,515	14,281	19,888	269	299
43	Conceicao	62,445	709.6	50.0	-	2,076	2,374	3,281	279	311
44	Apipucos	10,339	129.7	-	-	2,031	2,414	3,399	495	550
45	Curado	18,626	102.5	102.5	7,021	621	695	936	322	358
46	P.P. de Galinhas	3,705	49.4	-	-	3,954	4,451	6,066	339	377
47	Jardim Paulista	24,851	282.4	282.4	3,085	5,478	6,169	8,386	335	372
48	Mirueira	34,009	401.5	401.5	-	1,334	1,525	2,132	258	287
49	Mutirao	6,380	72.5	65.3	1,700	1,053	1,184	1,577	269	299
50	Nova Cruz	5,244	92.0	-	-	4,923	5,510	7,270	258	286
51	Parque Capibaribe	23,475	460.3	425.2	2,735	4,845	5,665	8,124	366	406
52	Parque Pirapama	32,794	172.6	51.8	3,060	1,350	1,578	2,220	456	507
53	Vila Burity	11,397	68.1	20.5	1,250	1,853	2,139	2,994	416	463
54	Vila dos Milagres	14,289	99.4	99.4	1,853	963	1,150	1,620	525	584
55	27 de Novembro	9,369	48.6	3.2	963	530,710	611,682	852,970	336	374
Total of 55 Systems		3,292,602	29,958	8,516	210,102					

Source: JICA Study Team

**Table B.2-3 Development Works of Sewage Collection Facilities (1/2)**

No.	Sewerage Systems	Basic Planning Conditions			Sewers							Pump Stations	
		Sewerage Area in 2020 (ha)	Existing Sewerage Area (ha)	Hourly Maximum Sewage Flow in 2020 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Condom. Collectors (km)	Conventional Collectors (km)	Branch Sewers (km)	Trunk and Pressure Sewers			Total Length (km)	Quantities of Pumps (set)	Motor Power (CV)
								Maximum Diameter of Pipes (mm)	Length of Trunk Sewers (km)	Length of Pressure Sewers (km)			
1	Caetes	884.5	705.1	16,682	-	32.3	16.6	350	2.2	0.4	51.5	3	4.9
2	Peixinhos	2,548.2	963.2	95,111	89.3	151.4	157.4	700	2.5	1.2	401.7	12	164.6
3	Caixa D'agua	454.7	-	7,820	23.7	46.4	43.1	500	2.5	1.1	116.7	12	141.1
4	Nova Descoberta	386.9	-	11,849	37.5	13.5	38.0	700	2.1	1.8	92.9	18	200.8
5	Aguazinha	372.6	2.7	10,858	41.7	4.0	34.8	500	2.2	1.5	84.3	24	228.6
6	Dois Unidos	422.9	23.6	13,600	26.1	32.7	39.9	500	0.8	2.4	101.9	15	145.1
7	Ponte dos Carvalhos	131.5	-	6,051	-	23.7	12.2	400	1.0	0.7	37.5	6	51.1
8	Chamequinha	66.5	-	3,684	-	12.0	6.7	300	-	0.4	19.0	3	29.7
9	Camaragibe/Recife 1	955.0	80.4	17,022	14.6	135.6	86.0	900	1.5	2.7	240.3	15	478.4
10	Camaragibe/Recife 2	268.7	-	4,882	4.5	41.7	26.6	500	0.3	0.1	73.1	3	24.5
11	Camaragibe 1	446.3	89.3	6,464	3.7	58.7	35.7	500	-	0.1	98.2	3	59.0
12	Camaragibe 2	246.3	-	5,327	9.1	30.7	24.6	400	-	0.0	64.4	3	46.1
13	Cabanga	2,260.4	1,799.4	91,362	19.9	53.1	46.1	300	-	0.1	119.2	3	35.4
14	Cordeiro	675.3	129.2	27,034	19.7	68.7	51.0	700	5.4	1.4	146.3	15	330.4
15	Caxanga	508.9	31.3	10,337	11.2	69.2	44.6	500	3.2	0.5	128.7	9	106.4
16	Igarassu 2	816.7	-	14,595	-	147.0	76.9	700	11.5	1.4	236.7	6	124.3
17	Ipojuca - Sede	105.4	-	4,473	-	19.0	9.9	700	1.0	0.3	30.1	6	50.4
18	Itapissuma 1	101.7	20.8	2,522	-	14.6	7.3	300	0.5	0.5	22.9	12	43.4
19	Itapissuma 2	99.2	-	2,460	-	17.9	9.3	300	0.6	0.5	28.3	9	40.9
20	Comportas	487.1	-	13,265	11.5	70.4	47.3	800	6.5	0.8	136.4	6	142.4
21	Curcurana	909.9	46.2	35,051	13.0	136.0	84.3	900	3.2	3.8	240.2	9	401.4
22	Prazeres	1,547.7	71.5	53,840	69.3	161.8	143.6	1,000	9.1	2.7	386.5	18	1,239.8
23	Jaboatao 1	396.2	151.2	9,442	5.0	36.6	23.3	900	6.8	0.9	72.6	6	211.8
24	Jaboatao 2	803.3	-	14,435	-	144.6	76.9	900	4.9	1.6	227.9	18	629.0
25	Ibura de Cima	321.9	153.3	10,010	8.8	17.1	15.8	500	2.3	1.1	45.1	12	154.5
26	Jaboatao 3	528.2	-	9,492	-	95.1	50.9	700	2.1	1.7	149.8	6	172.7
27	Bonanca	114.2	-	1,473	-	20.6	10.3	200	2.5	0.3	33.6	6	14.7
28	Moreno 1	208.8	-	4,566	-	37.6	18.4	500	2.8	1.5	60.3	12	105.5

**Table B.2-3 Development Works of Sewage Collection Facilities (2/2)**

No.	Sewerage Systems	Basic Planning Conditions			Sewers							Pump Stations	
		Sewerage Area in 2020 (ha)	Existing Sewerage Area (ha)	Hourly Maximum Sewage Flow in 2020 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Condom. Collectors (km)	Conventional Collectors (km)	Branch Sewers (km)	Trunk and Pressure Sewers			Total Length (km)	Quantities of Pumps (set)	Motor Power (CV)
								Maximum Diameter of Pipes (mm)	Length of Trunk Sewers (km)	Length of Pressure Sewers (km)			
30	Moreno 3	38.5	-	842	-	6.9	3.9	200	1.2	0.4	12.3	3	12.1
31	Camaragibe 3	621.8	150.9	8,555	2.6	80.8	46.0	600	2.2	1.7	133.4	12	177.5
32	Sao Lourenco 1	921.7	298.9	14,115	0.1	112.0	59.0	900	6.2	4.1	181.3	9	114.2
33	Sao Lourenco 2	652.7	-	10,309	-	117.5	61.3	500	4.5	1.1	184.4	6	34.5
34	Boa Viagem	1,281.3	152.1	45,402	17.6	176.9	103.8	1,000	13.1	3.7	315.1	33	612.7
35	Imbiribeira	550.4	168.2	16,251	8.2	56.5	31.5	700	8.1	3.5	107.8	27	307.8
36	Jardim Sao Paulo	497.6	104.6	13,511	13.7	50.2	37.9	1,000	7.1	5.2	114.1	36	2,016.4
37	Ibura de Baixo	1,400.4	93.9	38,075	55.1	152.6	121.5	800	2.4	1.4	332.9	9	115.2
38	Ignes Andreazza	47.4	37.9	1,620	-	1.7	0.9	-	-	-	2.7	-	-
39	Mangueira	285.8	112.8	10,641	9.0	17.7	17.3	-	-	-	44.0	-	-
40	Roda de Fogo	170.8	144.6	6,477	0.9	3.4	2.6	-	-	-	6.9	-	-
41	Janga	2,878.7	1,105.7	97,013	-	319.1	174.7	900	4.7	5.1	503.6	6	341.5
42	Paulista	783.3	345.2	16,997	-	78.9	42.0	800	1.8	2.5	125.2	15	324.2
43	Conceicao	709.6	50.0	19,888	-	118.7	63.3	800	2.7	4.0	188.7	9	304.7
44	Apipucos	129.7	-	3,281	1.6	21.0	13.0	-	-	-	35.5	-	-
45	Curado	102.5	102.5	3,399	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	3.2	-	-
46	Praia Porto de Galinhas	49.4	-	936	-	15.6	8.7	-	-	-	24.3	-	-
47	Jardim Paulista	282.4	282.4	6,066	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
48	Mirueira	401.5	401.5	8,386	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
49	Mutirio	72.5	65.3	2,132	-	1.3	0.7	-	-	-	2.0	-	-
50	Nova Cruz	92.0	-	1,577	-	16.6	9.2	-	-	-	25.8	-	-
51	Parque Capibaribe	460.3	425.2	7,270	-	6.3	3.5	-	-	-	9.8	-	-
52	Parque Pirapama	172.6	51.8	8,124	-	21.7	12.1	-	-	-	33.8	-	-
53	Vila Burity	68.0	20.5	2,220	4.1	2.4	4.8	-	-	-	11.3	-	-
54	Vila dos Milagres	99.4	99.4	2,994	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55	27 de Novembro	48.6	3.2	1,620	5.7	-	4.5	-	-	-	10.3	-	-
<b>Total of 55 Systems</b>		<b>29,959</b>	<b>8,516</b>	<b>852,970</b>	<b>530.2</b>	<b>3,076.5</b>	<b>2,063.0</b>	<b>24,600</b>	<b>133.0</b>	<b>65.0</b>	<b>5,867.7</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>9,748</b>

Table B.2-4 Installation Record of RAFA Reactors in Parana State (1/2)

No.	Sewerage System	Treatment Plant	Type of Process	No.	Sewerage System	Treatment Plant	Type of Process	No.	Sewerage System	Treatment Plant	Type of Process
1	Iboiti	ETE Norte	RAFA + Biological Filtration	32	Cidade Gaucha		RAFA + Lagoon			ETE I-4	RAFA
		ETE S. Lourenco	RAFA + Lagoon	33	Cruzeiro do Oeste	ETE I	RAFA + Lagoon	59	Pinhais	ETE Jardim Paulista	RAFA
		ETE Sul	RAFA + Biological Filtration			ETE II	RAFA + Sedimentation	60	Sao Jose dos Pinhais	ETE Vila Tebas	RAFA + Lagoon
		RALF Santos Dumont	RAFA	34	Doutor Camargo	ETE I	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE Afonso Pena	RAFA
		RALF Selinhos	RAFA			ETE II	RAFA + Lagoon	61	Anaularia	ETE Graha Azul	RAFA
2	Cambe	ETE Cacadores	RAFA + Biological Filtration	35	Ivapore		RAFA			ETE Cachoeira	RAFA
		ETE Sao Domingos	RAFA + Storage	36	Jandaia	ETE I	RAFA			ETE Coateria I	RAFA
		ETE Castelo	RAFA			ETE II	RAFA	62	Colombo	ETE Coateira II	RAFA
				37	Loanda		RAFA + Lagoon			ETE Guaraituba	RAFA
3	Assis Chateaubriand	ETE Assis Chateaubriand	RAFA + Lagoon	38	Rondon		RAFA	63	Araucaria		RAFA
4	Palotina	ETE Palotina	RAFA + Lagoon	39	Sao Joan do Caiua		RAFA + Lagoon	64	Bocaiuva do Sul		RAFA
5	Guaria	ETE Guaria	RAFA	40	Sao Pedro do Ivaí	ETE I	RAFA + Lagoon	65	Ipiranga		RAFA
6	Campo Muroo	ETE Rio do Campo	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE II	RAFA + Lagoon	66	Iratí I		RAFA
7	Balsa Nova	ETE Balsa Nova	RAFA	41	Terra Boa		RAFA	67	Iratí II		RAFA
8	Cruz Machado	ETE Cruz Machado	RAFA	42	Paranavaí	ETE Vila Operaria	RAFA + Lagoon	68	Ivaí		RAFA + Lagoon
9	Vila dos Brasileiros	ETE Vila dos Brasileiros	RAFA			ETE Vila City	RAFA + Lagoon	69	Lapa		RAFA
10	Anapongas	ETE Campinho	RAFA + Lagoon	43	Campo Largo	ETE Cambui	RAFA + Filtration	70	Mallet		RAFA + Filtration
		ETE Bangeirante Norte	RAFA + Lagoon	44	Cerro Azul		RAFA	71	Ortigueira		RAFA
11	Rolandia	ETE Cafezal	RAFA	45	Mandirituba		RAFA	72	Ponta Grossa		RAFA + Lagoon
		ETE Ribeiro Vermelho	RAFA + Lagoon	46	Morretes		RAFA	73	Prudentopolis		RAFA
12	Porecatu	ETE Capim	RAFA	47	Metinhos		RAFA + Lagoon	74	Telemaco Borda	ETE II-6 Mutirão	RAFA
13	Bela Vista do Paraíso	ETE Indiana	RAFA + Lagoon	48	Lapa		RAFA			ETE I Bendeirantes	RAFA
14	Nove Esperanca	ETE Coxanga	RAFA + Lagoon	49	Quatro Barras		RAFA + Lagoon	75	Tibagi		RAFA
15	Parana City	ETE Parana City	RAFA	50	Rio Azul		RAFA	76	Vila dos Brasileiros		RAFA
16	Astorga	ETE Jaboticabal	RAFA + Lagoon	51	Rio Negro		RAFA + Sedimentation	77	Ponta Grossa	ETE Verde	RAFA + Lagoon
		ETE Taquari	RAFA + Lagoon	52	Sao Joan do Triunfo		RAFA			ETE Ronda	RAFA + Lagoon
17	Mandaguagu	ETE Mandaguagu	RAFA + Lagoon	53	Sao Mateus do Sul		RAFA			ETE Cristo Rei	RAFA
18	Mandaguari	ETE Keller I	RAFA	54	Uniao da Vitoria	ETE Sao Bernardo	RAFA			ETE Rubine	RAFA
		ETE Keller II	RAFA			ETE Joao Paulo II	RAFA			ETE Verona	RAFA
		ETE Keller III	RAFA			ETE Cristo Rei	RAFA			ETE Coneicao	RAFA
19	Guaraniaçu		RAFA + Lagoon	55	Foz do Iguaçu	ETE 01	RAFA	78	Apucarana	ETE Olanias	RAFA + Lagoon
20	Pitanga		RAFA + Lagoon			ETE 02	RAFA			ETE Jaboti	RAFA
21	Laranjeiras do Sul		RAFA			ETE 03	RAFA			ETE Biguacu	RAFA
22	Pinhao		RAFA			ETE 09	RAFA	79	Rosario do Ivaí		RAFA
23	Quedas do Iguaçu		RAFA + Anaerobic Bio-filtration			ETE Europa	RAFA + Anaerobic Filtration	80	Andara	ETE Antas	RAFA
24	Medianeira		RAFA			ETE Apore	RAFA			ETE Barbeiro	RAFA
25	Metelandia		RAFA			ETE 06	RAFA	81	Cambara	ETE Alambary	RAFA
26	Versa Cruz do Oeste		RAFA + Lagoon							ETE Elevat. Vila Sao Jose	RAFA
27	Vila dos Brasileiros		RAFA	56	Renascentia		RAFA			ETE Xavantés	RAFA
28	Alto Parana		RAFA	57	Pranchita		RAFA	82	Caripolis	ETE Rio Vermelho	RAFA + Filtration
29	Barbosa Ferraz		RAFA + Lagoon	58	Tolado	ETE I-7	RAFA	83	Conselheiro Mairinck	ETE Tangara	RAFA
30	Candido de Abreu	ETE I	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE I-6	RAFA	84	Cornelio Procopio	ETE Ribeirao Veado	RAFA
		ETE II	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE II-7	RAFA			ETE Sao Luiz	RAFA
		ETE I	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE III-4	RAFA			Elevat. Jardim Panorama	RAFA
31	Cianorte	ETE I	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE III	RAFA				
		ETE II	RAFA + Lagoon								



**Table B.2-4 Installation Record of RAFA Reactors in Parana State (2/2)**

No.	Sewerage System	Treatment Plant	Type of Process	No.	Sewerage System	Treatment Plant	Type of Process	No.	Sewerage System	Treatment Plant	Type of Process
85	Jacarezinho	ETE Ourinhos	RAFA			ETE Jerusalem					
86	Joaquim Tabora	ETE Ourinhos	RAFA			ETE Juliana Liz					
87	Pinhalao	ETE Pinhalao	RAFA			ETE Lisboa					
88	Salto Itarare	ETE Itarare	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE Mal Cadido Rondon					
89	Santa Mariana	ETE Araras	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE Marumbi					
90	Santa Antonio Platina	ETE Boi Pintado	RAFA + Lagoon			ETE Monte Verde					
91	Siquira Campos	ETE Fartura	RAFA			ETE Moradias da Cunha					
92	Uraí	ETE Congonhas	RAFA + Sedimentation			ETE Nossa Sra. Da Luz					
93	Wenceslau Braz	Noste-Olho A'agua	RAFA			ETE Nova Orians					
		Sul-Matadouro	RAFA			ETE Osevaldo Cruz V					
94	Curitiba	ETE Aete	RAFA			ETE Ouro Verde					
		ETE Ana Celina	RAFA			ETE Padiha					
		ETE Araucaria I	RAFA			ETE Parque Verde					
		ETE Araucaria II	RAFA			ETE Pinus					
		ETE Atuba Sul	RAFA			ETE Pinheus					
		ETE Augusta	RAFA			ETE Porto Seguro I					
		ETE Azeiteira	RAFA			ETE Porto Seguro II					
		ETE Barbacena	RAFA			ETE Santa Candida					
		ETE Blume	RAFA			ETE Santa Quitéria					
		ETE Bel Terra	RAFA			ETE Santo Andre					
		ETE Bracatinga	RAFA			ETE Sao Joao Del Rey II					
		ETE Caicaras	RAFA			ETE Saquerema					
		ETE Calcuta	RAFA			ETE Siniema					
		ETE California	RAFA			ETE Tambau					
		ETE Campo Comprido				ETE Tanque dos Muller					
		ETE Campos Eliseos				ETE Tramontina					
		ETE Capiberibe				ETE Vila Rica					
		ETE Obélia Liz				ETE Vilas Novas					
		ETE CotoLongo I				ETE Zimbros					
		ETE CotoLongo II									
		ETE Curitiba									
		ETE Damasco									
		ETE Flamboyant									
		ETE Garcas									
		ETE Girassol									
		ETE Goncalves Dias									
		ETE Granha Azul									
		ETE Greenville									
		ETE Iguaçu									
		ETE Iha do Sol									
		ETE Iha Verde									
		ETE Itacolmi									
		ETE Itatiaia									

Source: Provided by SANEPAR in the State of Parana (Jan. 6 in 2000).  
 Note: The data shows the installation numbers as of the end of 1999, which are totaled into 94 of sewerage systems and 206 of sewage treatment stations.

**Table B.2-5 Comparison of Biological Treatment Processes (1/2)**

Processes	Items	Characteristics	Applied Criteria
<b>1. Activated Sludge Process</b>			
	Major components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aeration tank</li> <li>• Sedimentation tank</li> <li>• Aeration unit</li> <li>• Sludge return pump</li> </ul>	
	BOD removal	92 % (88 to 95 %)	
	Construction cost	500 R\$/m <sup>3</sup> /d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BOD loading rate: 0.6 kg/m<sup>3</sup>/d</li> <li>• Depth of aeration tank: 4.0m</li> <li>• Surface loading rate: 24 m<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>/d</li> </ul>
	Required Space	0.17 m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup> /d	
	Required energy	0.35 kw/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Required oxygen: 1.4 kg-O<sub>2</sub>/kg-BOD</li> <li>• Aeration efficiency: 0.80 kwh/kg-O<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>
	Surplus sludge	0.33 kg-DS/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Generation rate: 1.0 kg-DS/kg-SS</li> </ul>
	Control points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Control of MLSS concentration</li> <li>• Control of DO level in aeration tanks</li> </ul>	
	Possible problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bulking</li> <li>• Generation of scum in sedimentation tanks</li> <li>• Foaming in aeration tanks</li> </ul>	
<b>2. Oxidation Ditch Process</b>			
	Major components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oxidation ditch</li> <li>• Sedimentation tank</li> <li>• Aeration rotor</li> <li>• Sludge return pump</li> </ul>	
	BOD removal	90 % (85 to 95 %)	
	Construction cost	530 R\$/m <sup>3</sup> /d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BOD loading rate: 0.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>/d</li> <li>• Depth of ditch: 3.0m</li> <li>• Surface loading rate: 24 m<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>/d</li> </ul>
	Required Space	0.54 m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup> /d	
	Required energy	0.39 kw/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Required oxygen: 1.6 kg-O<sub>2</sub>/kg-BOD</li> <li>• Aeration efficiency: 0.80 kwh/kg-O<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>
	Surplus sludge	0.25 kg-DS/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Generation rate: 0.75 kg-DS/kg-SS</li> </ul>
	Control points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Control of MLSS concentration</li> <li>• Control of DO level in aeration tanks</li> </ul>	
	Possible problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bulking</li> <li>• Generation of scum in sedimentation tanks</li> </ul>	
<b>3. Aerated Lagoon Process</b>			
	Major components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aerated lagoon</li> <li>• Aerator</li> </ul>	
	BOD removal	80 % (70 to 85 %)	
	Construction cost	260 R\$/m <sup>3</sup> /d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BOD loading rate: 0.04 kg/m<sup>3</sup>/d</li> <li>• Depth of lagoon: 4.0m</li> </ul>
	Required Space	0.19 m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup> /d	
	Required energy	0.47 kw/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aeration intensity: 1.6 kw/kg-BOD</li> </ul>
	Surplus sludge	0.17 kg-DS/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Generation rate: 0.5 kg-DS/kg-SS</li> </ul>
	Control points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nothing particular</li> </ul>	
	Possible problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low transparency of treated water</li> </ul>	

**Table B.2-5 Comparison between Biological Treatment Processes (2/2)**

<b>4. Bio-Filter Process</b>			
Major components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Bio-Filter</li> <li>Sedimentation tank</li> <li>Circulation pump</li> </ul>		
BOD removal	75 % (70 to 80 %)		
Construction cost	460 R\$/m <sup>3</sup> /d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BOD loading rate: 1.0 kg/m<sup>3</sup>/d</li> <li>Depth of filter media: 2.0m</li> </ul>	
Required Space	0.23 m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup> /d		
Required energy	0.07 kw/m <sup>3</sup>		
Surplus sludge	0.17 kg-DS/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Generation rate: 0.5 kg-DS/kg-SS</li> </ul>	
Control points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Circulated flow of treated water</li> </ul>		
Possible problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Low transparency of treated water</li> <li>Generation of flies and offensive odor</li> </ul>		
<b>5. RAFA + Lagoon Process</b>			
Major components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RAFA</li> <li>Lagoon (Stabilization pond)</li> </ul>		
BOD removal	90 % (80 to 90 %)		
Construction cost	210 R\$/m <sup>3</sup> /d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BOD loading rate of RAFA: 1.5 kg/m<sup>3</sup>/d</li> <li>Retention time of lagoon: 3 days</li> </ul>	
Required Space	2.0 m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup> /d		
Required energy	Neglected		
Surplus sludge	0.12 kg-DS/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Generation rate in RAFA: 0.35 kg-DS/kg-SS</li> </ul>	
Control points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sludge volume in RAFA</li> </ul>		
Possible problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wash-out of granular sludge</li> <li>Generation of offensive odor</li> </ul>		
<b>6. RAFA + Bio-Filtration Process</b>			
Major components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RAFA</li> <li>Bio-Filter</li> <li>Sedimentation Tank</li> <li>Circulation pump</li> </ul>		
BOD removal	90 % (85 to 92 %)		
Construction cost	370 R\$/m <sup>3</sup> /d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BOD loading rate of RAFA: 1.5 kg/m<sup>3</sup>/d</li> <li>BOD loading rate of Bio-filter: 1.0 kg/m<sup>3</sup>/d</li> </ul>	
Required Space	0.13 m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup> /d		
Required energy	0.07 kw/m <sup>3</sup>		
Surplus sludge	0.12 kg-DS/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Generation rate in RAFA: 0.35 kg-DS/kg-SS</li> </ul>	
Control points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sludge volume in RAFA</li> </ul>		
Possible problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wash-out of granular sludge</li> <li>Generation of offensive odor</li> </ul>		

Note: The cost of land acquisition is exclusive from construction costs.

Source: JICA Study Team.

**Table B.2-6 Modification Methods of Existing Treatment Facilities**

No.	Sewerage System	Item No. of Existing Facilities	Daily Average Sewage Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /day)			Existing Treatment Process	Expansion Methods
			In 2020	Existing	Capacity to be Expanded		
1	Caetes	ETEJ-03	11,014	8,900	2,114	AL	RAFA(new) + LG(AL to be converted)
2	Peixinhos	ETEX-01	57,196	36,000	21,196	PS + BF + SS	RAFA(new) + BF(new and existing) + SS(new and existing)
3	Cabanga	ETEC-01	55,146	80,000	-	PS	RAFA(new) + BF(new) + SS(PS to be converted)
4	Moreno 2	ETES-13	1,017	854	163	SP	RAFA(new) + LG(existing)
5	Ignes Andreazza	ETES-01	988	2,217	-	EA	Only rehabilitation of existing facilities
6	Mangueira	ETEC-10	5,815	3,732	2,083	RAFA + LG	RAFA(new) + LG(new), using existing RAFA + LG
7	Roda de Fogo	ETEC-07	3,892	4,752	-	ST + AF	RAFA(new) + LG(new)
8	Janga	ETEJ-01	59,885	34,214	25,671	OD	RAFA(new) + LG(new), using existing Oxidation Ditch
9	Curado	ETES-02	2,031	7,021	-	AL	RAFA(new) + LG(AL to be converted)
10	Jardim Paulista	ETEJ-04	3,954	3,085	869	AL	RAFA(new) + LG(AL to be converted)
11	Mutirao	ETEJ-06	1,334	1,700	-	SP	RAFA(new) + LG(existing)
12	Parque Capibaribe	ETES-04	4,923	2,735	2,188	AL	RAFA(new) + LG(AL to be converted)
13	Parque Pirapama	ETES-03	6,700	3,060	3,640	AL	RAFA(new) + LG(AL to be converted)
14	Vila Burity	ETEX-02, 03, 04, 05	1,350	1,250	1,350	ST + AF	RAFA(new) + LG(new)
15	Vila dos Milagres	ETES-16	1,853	1,853	-	RAFA + LG	Only rehabilitation of existing facilities
16	27 de Novembro	ETES-05	963	963	-	SP	RAFA(new) + LG(existing)
17	Paulista	ETEJ-02	11,052	6,750	4,302	AL	RAFA(new) + LG(existing)
18	Prazeres	ETEC-02	32,581	1,625	30,956	AL	RAFA(new) + LG(existing), to be used as another facilities after improved to (RAFA + LG), separately from the main Subsystem.
19	Curcurana	ETEC-03 ETEC-09	21,280	1,833 3,142	16,305	OD RAFA + LG	To be used as another facilities after rehabilitated, separately from the main Subsystem.
20	Cordeiro	ETEC-08	16,319	4,416	11,903	RAFA	RAFA(existing) + LG(new), to be used as another facilities after improved, separately from the main Subsystem.
Total			220,081	210,102			

Note: The abbreviations in table represent the following:

AL: Aerated Lagoon, PS: Primary Sedimentation, BF: Bio-Filter, SS: Secondary Sedimentation, SP: Stabilization Pond, EA: Extended Aeration, RAFA: RAFA Reactor, ST: Septic Tank, OD: Oxidation Ditch, AF: Anaerobic Filter, LG: Lagoon

Table B.2-7 Development Works of STF's (1/2)

No.	Sewerage System	Basic Planning Conditions			Applied Unit Process of Sewage Treatment												Remarks
		Daily Ave. Sewage Flow in 2020 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Existing Capacity (Daily Ave. Flow) (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Capacity to be Expanded (Daily Ave. Flow) (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Influent Pump	Grit Chamber	Primary Sedimentation Tank	RAFA Reactor	Lagoon	Bio-Filter and Final Sedimentation Tank	Aeration Tank and Final Sedimentation Tank	Chlorination Unit	Sludge Thickener	Sludge Digester	Dehydrator	Sludge Drying Bed	
1	Caetes	11,014	8,900	2,114		●		●	□			●				●	
2	Peixinhos	57,279	36,000	21,279		●		●		●		●	●	□	●		
3	Caixa D'agua	5,134	-	5,134	●	●		●		●		●				●	
4	Nova Descoberta	7,138	-	7,138	●	●		●		●		●				●	
5	Aguazinha	6,569	-	6,569	●	●		●		●		●				●	
6	Dois Unidos	8,243	-	8,243	●	●		●		●		●				●	
7	Ponte dos Carvalhos	3,615	-	3,615		●		●	●		●					●	
8	Charnequinha	2,174	-	2,174	●	●		●		●		●				●	
9	Camaragibe/Recife 1	11,254	-	11,254		●		●	●		●					●	
10	Camaragibe/Recife 2	3,220	-	3,220		●		●	●		●					●	
11	Camaragibe 1	4,450	-	4,450		●		●	●		●					●	
12	Camaragibe 2	3,380	-	3,380	●	●		●		●		●				●	
13	Cabanga	55,239	80,000	55,239	□		□	●		⊙		●	●	□	●		
14	Cordeiro	16,319	4,416	11,903	●	●		●		●		●				●	The existing ETEC-08 will be used as an another station.
15	Caxanga	6,690	-	6,690	●	●		●		●		●				●	
16	Igarassu 2	9,690	-	9,690		●		●	●		●					●	
17	Ipojuca - Sede	2,687	-	2,687		●		●	●		●					●	
18	Itapissuma 1	1,614	-	1,614	●	●		●		●		●				●	
19	Itapissuma 2	1,574	-	1,574		●		●	●		●					●	
20	Comportas	8,275	-	8,275		●		●	●		●					●	
21	Curcurana	21,280	404	20,876	●	●		●		●		●				●	The existing ETEC-11 will be used as an another station.
22	Prazeres	32,581	1,625	30,956	●	●		●		●		●				●	The existing ETEC-02 will be used as an another station.
23	Jaboatao 1	5,956	-	5,956		●		●	●		●					●	
24	Jaboatao 2	9,656	-	9,656	●	●		●		●		●				●	
25	Ibura de Cima	6,097	-	6,097	●	●		●		●		●				●	
26	Jaboatao 3	6,349	-	6,349		●		●	●		●					●	
27	Bonanca	1,046	-	1,046	●	●		●		●		●				●	
28	Moreno 1	2,969	-	2,969	●	●		●		●		●				●	
29	Moreno 2	1,017	854	163	●	●		●	□		●					□	

Table B.2-7 Development Works of STFs (2/2)

No.	Sewerage System	Basic Planning Conditions			Applied Unit Process of Sewage Treatment												Remarks
		Daily Ave. Sewage Flow in 2020 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Existing Capacity (Daily Ave. Flow) (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Capacity to be Expanded (Daily Ave. Flow) (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Influent Pump	Grit Chamber	Primary Sedimentation Tank	RAFA Reactor	Lagoon	Bio-Filter and Final Sedimentation Tank	Aeration Tank and Final Sedimentation Tank	Chlorination Unit	Sludge Thickener	Sludge Digester	Dehydrator	Sludge Drying Bed	
30	Moreno 3	547	-	547	●	●		●		●		●				●	
31	Camaragibe 3	5,967	-	5,967		●		●	●			●				●	
32	Sao Lourenco 1	9,619	-	9,619	●	●		●		●		●				●	
33	Sao Lourenco 2	6,981	-	6,981	●	●		●		●		●				●	
34	Boa Viagem	27,794	-	27,794	●	●		●		●		●				●	
35	Imbiribeira	10,103	-	10,103		●		●	●			●				●	
36	Jardim Sao Paulo	8,384	-	8,384		●		●	●			●				●	
37	Ibura de Baixo	23,557	-	23,557	●	●		●		●		●				●	
38	Ignes Andreazza	988	2,217	-	□	□					□	●				□	
39	Mangueira	6,430	3,732	2,698		●		●	●			●				●	
40	Roda de Fogo	3,892	4,752	3,892	●	●		●	●			●				●	
41	Janga	59,891	34,214	25,677		●		●	●			●				●	
42	Paulista	11,052	6,750	4,302		●		●	□			●				●	
43	Conceicao	12,515	-	12,515		●		●	●			●				●	
44	Apipucos	2,076	-	2,076	●	●		●	□	●		●				●	
45	Curado	2,031	7,021	2,031	□	□		●	●			●				●	
46	Praia Porto de Galinha	621	-	621		●		●	●			●				●	
47	Jardim Paulista	3,954	3,085	3,954		●		●	□			●				●	
48	Mirueira	5,478	-	5,478	●	●		●		●		●				●	
49	Mutirao	1,334	1,700	1,334	□	□		●	□			●				●	
50	Nova Cruz	1,053	-	1,053		●		●	●			●				●	
51	Parque Capibaribe	4,923	2,735	2,188	●	●		●	□			●				●	
52	Parque Pirapama	4,845	3,060	1,785	●	●		●	□			●				●	
53	Vila Burity	1,350	1,250	1,350	●	●		●	●			●				●	
54	Vila dos Milagres	1,853	1,853	1,853	□	□		□	□			□				□	
55	27 de Novembro	963	963	963	□	□		●	□			●				●	
Total		530,710	204,146	428,658													

Note: 1) The unit processes marked by "●" are newly installed and the ones marked by "□" represents existing components.

2) The existing primary sedimentation tank marked by "⊙" are used as the final sedimentation ones.

**Table B.2-8 Rehabilitation Works of Existing Sewerage Systems (1/2)**

No.	Sewerage System	Pump Stations to be Rehabilitated	Sewage Treatment Facilities
1	Caetes	EEJ-4(Caetes-3), EFJ-22(Caetes-1)	ETEJ-03(Caetes): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts of screen, flow meter, aerators, etc., and dredging of lagoons.
2	Peixinhos	EEJ-14(Varadouro), EEX-1(Arruda), EEX-2(Encruzilhada), EEX-3(Rui Barbosa), EEX-11(Convention Center), EEX-12(Joao Paulo-II), EEX-13(Varadouro-II), EEX-14(COHAB),	ETEX-01(Peixinhos): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts of screen, grit chambers, primary sedimentation tanks, bio-filter, final sedimentation tanks, pumps and digesters, repair of civil and architectural structures, and replacement of filter-media.
3	Aguazinha	EEX-20(Passarinho), EEX-21(Varadouro-I), EEX-22(Canaa)	None
4	Cabanga	EEX-4(Aurora), EEX-5(J. Brasil), EEX-7(Ponte Velha), EEX-10(Henrique Dias), EEC-1(Afogados), EEC-2(Internacional), EEC-8(D-3), EEC-9(Jiquia), EEC-15(Abdias de Carvalho), EEC-17(Prive da	ETEC-01(Cabanga): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts for influent pumps, screens, grit chambers, primary sedimentation tanks, digesters, etc. and repair of civil and architectural structures.
5	Cordeiro	None	ETEC-8(Vila Iputinga) to be used as another system, separately from the main Subsystem: Repair and replacement of machinery parts for influent pumps, etc. and civil and architectural structures.
6	Curcurana	EEC-10(Barra de Jangada), EEC-21(Costa do Sol)	ETEC-03(Barra de Jangada) and ETEC-09(Praia Grande) to be used as another facility, separately from the main Subsystem: Repair and replacement of machinery parts of influent pumps, etc., civil and architectural structures.
7	Prazeres	EEC-16(Jardim Piedade), EEC-29(Praia Grande)	ETEC-02(Jardim Piedade) to be used as another facility, separately from the main Subsystem: Repair and replacement of machinery parts of influent pumps, aerators, etc., civil and architectural structures and dredging of a lagoon.
8	Moreno 2	None	ETES-13(Vila Liberdade): Repair of mechanical parts, internal pipings and desludging of a septic tank.
9	Boa Viagem	EEC-6(D-18), EEC-13(D-20), EEC-19(Boa Viagem)	None
10	Imbiribeira	EEC-20(Imbiribeira)	None
11	Ignes Andraza	None	ETES-01(Ignes Andraza): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts of influent pumps, screens, grit chambers, a sedimentation tank, aeration tanks, aerators, etc. and repair of civil and architectural structures.
12	Mangueira	None	ETEC-10(Mangueira): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts for influent pumps, screens, grit chambers, etc., repair of civil structures and dredging of a lagoon.
13	Roda de Fogo	EEC-24(Roda de Fogo-01), EEC-25(Roda de Fogo-02), EEC-26(Roda de Fogo-03), EEC-27(Roda de Fogo-04)	ETES-07(Vila Roda de Fogo): Repair of mechanical parts, internal piping and desludging of a septic tank.

**Table B.2-8 Rehabilitation Works of Existing Sewerage Systems (2/2)**

No.	Sewerage System	Pump Stations to be Rehabilitated	Sewage Treatment Facilities
14	Janga	EEJ-2(Maranguape-II), EEJ-3(pedras Altas), EEJ-5(Managuape-II), EEJ-8(Bairro Nova), EEJ-X(Dona Duda), EEJ-18(Inoccop Janga)	EFEJ-01(Janga): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts of screens, grit chambers, a sedimentation tank, aeration tanks, aerators, etc. and repair of civil and architectural structures.
15	Paulista	EEJ-19(Arthur Lundgren)	EFEJ-02(Arthur Lundgren): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts of screen, flow meter, aerators, etc., and dredging of lagoons.
16	Conceicao	EEJ-17	None
17	Curado	EES-1(Curado-IV), EES-4(Curado-II),	ETES-2(Curado-IV): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts of screen, flow meter, aerators, etc., and dredging of lagoons.
18	Jardim Paulista	EEJ-7(Paulista)	EFEJ-04(Jardim Paulista): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts for screen, flow meter, aerators, etc., and dredging of lagoons.
19	Mutirao	EEJ-11(Engenho Maranguape), EEJ-21(EE-2)	EFEJ-06(Mutirao): Repair of mechanical parts, internal pipings and desludging of a septic tank.
20	Parque Capibaribe	EES-13(Parque Capi-II), EES-14(Parque Capi-III)	ETES-04(Capibaribe Park): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts of screen, flow meter, aerators, etc., and dredging of lagoons.
21	Parque Pirapama	None	ETES-03(Pirapama Housing): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts for screen, flow meter, aerators, etc., and dredging of lagoons.
22	Vila Burity	EEX-16(vila Burity-I), EEX-17(vila Burity-X), EEX-18(vila Burity-III)	ETEX-02 to 05(Burity Village): Repair of mechanical parts, internal pipings and desludging of a septic tank.
23	Vila dos Milagres	EEX-16(Cabo-III), EES-21(vila dos Milagres), EES-22(vila dos Milagres)	ETEC-10(Mangeira): Repair and replacement of mechanical parts of influent pumps, screens, grit chambers, , etc. and repair of civil and dredging of a lagoon.
24	27 de Novembro	None	ETES-05(UR-II-Ibura): Repair of mechanical parts, internal pipings and desludging of a pond.

Source: Compiled by JICA Study Team based on the results of site investigation, reviewing the data prepared by



**Table B.4-1 Operation Data of Mangeira Treatment Plant**

Parameters	Units	Influx to RAFA			Outflow from RAFA (Inflow to Lagoon)			Outflow from Lagoon		
		Min.	Average	Max.	Min.	Average	Max.	Min.	Average	Max.
Temperature	°C	26	31	36	27	30	34	27	31	35
pH	-	7.0	7.0	8.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	7.0	8.0	10.0
Conductivity	μ S/cm	819	1,553	2,790	718	1,429	2,520	782	1,322	2,070
Salts	%	0.1	1.0	1.0	0.1	1.0	1.0	0.1	1.0	1.0
Total COD	mg/l	78	380	1,638	46	153	405	74	167	540
Filtered COD	mg/l	47	225	523	13	97	310	22	91	498
Total BOD	mg/l	48	152	549	11	33	412	7	47	278
Filtered BOD	mg/l	49	109	259	13	26	238	7	38	110
Alkalinity	mg-CaCO <sub>3</sub> /l	238	464	860	250	430	945	206	382	660
Chlorates	mg-Cl/l	55	201	335	80	194	316	20	187	288
Total Solids	mg/l	429	1,230	2,102	431	977	1,654	268	956	1,535
Filtered Total Solids	mg/l	44	831	1,336	66	729	1,339	53	683	1,088
Soluble Volatile Total Solids	mg/l	72	389	1,032	32	250	549	168	256	799
Soluble Total Solids	mg/l	20	203	1,028	16	78	220	36	97	336
Soluble Filtered Solids	mg/l	4	98	632	2	37	160	2	33	144
Soluble Volatile Solids	mg/l	12	109	508	6	40	108	2	65	192
Total Kjeldale Nitrogen	mg/l	49	66	84	32	56	88	21	37	57
Ammoniac Nitrogen	mg/l	21	63	78	22	52	97	21	35	52
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.16	0.17	0.18
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l	0.02	0.02	0.04	-	0.01	0.01	0.14	0.80	0.12
Sulphate	mg/l	15	48	79	8	32	50	6	43	67
Phosphorus	mg/l	3.0	5.0	9.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	2.0	4.0	5.0
Total Coliforms*	MPN/100ml	9.0E+05	1.0E+09	6.4E+14	3.0E+04	1.9E+07	1.5E+11	4.9E+03	3.0E+05	3.0E+09
Fecal Coliforms*	MPN/100ml	7.0E+05	1.5E+08	3.1E+14	3.0E+04	1.5E+06	2.3E+09	1.1E+03	3.0E+04	1.0E+08

Source: Presented at the Technology Transfer Seminar by Mario Takayuki Kato of Environmental Engineering, the Federal University of Pernambuco, on 23rd. May.

Remark: The data were collected during the period between December 1997 and March 2000.

**Table B.4-2 Evaluation of Combined Anaerobic Treatment Processes**

Items	RAFA + Bio-Filtration	RAFA + Lagoon	
		RAFA + Facultative Lagoon	RAFA + Aerated Lagoon + Polishing Pond
<p><b>1. Characteristics of Processes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Process configurations</li> <li>• BOD removal</li> <li>• Experience in application</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Sewage is treated by bio-filtration, which is accompanied by sedimentation after the pre-treatment of RAFA.</li> <li>➤ The BOD removal rate is 75 % at RAFA and 60 % at bio-filtration, resulting in overall 90 %</li> <li>➤ The State of Parana has the experience in the installation of "RAFA + Bio-Filtration."</li> <li>➤ Bio-Filtration process has countless experience in diverse kinds of wastewater treatment.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Sewage is treated by facultative lagoons with about 3-day HRT, after the pre-treatment of RAFA.</li> <li>➤ Overall removal rate of 90 % is not possible in the facultative lagoon with 3-day HRT. To achieve 90 % removal rate, extremely long HRT is needed.</li> <li>➤ In the Mangueira ETE, which employs this process, significant removal in a facultative lagoon cannot be found.</li> <li>➤ There are two actual ETEs in the RMR and many in the State of Parana. However, these are not aimed at 90 % BOD removal and facultative ponds are mainly for the disinfection of treated sewage.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Sewage is treated by aerated lagoons with about 1-day HRT, after the pre-treatment of RAFA, and finally clarified by polishing ponds with 1.5- day HRT.</li> <li>➤ Following RAFA with the removal rate of 75 %, overall rate 90 % can be achieved by the combination of aerated lagoons and polishing ponds with 60 % removal rate.</li> <li>➤ Certain numbers of actual plants are under construction in Brazil.</li> <li>➤ The utilization of aerated lagoons and polishing ponds are countless throughout the worlds.</li> </ul>
<p><b>2. Required land area</b></p>	Small	Large	Medium
<p><b>3. Construction cost</b></p>	High	Low	Medium
<p><b>4. Operation and maintenance cost</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Electricity consumption</li> <li>• Easiness</li> <li>• Sludge generation and removal</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Large, due to required for recirculation and others.</li> <li>➤ Complicated</li> <li>➤ Continuously draw-offed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Not required.</li> <li>➤ Easy</li> <li>➤ Periodical dredging every several years.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Medium, because aerators request electricity.</li> <li>➤ Medium</li> <li>➤ Periodical dredging every several years.</li> </ul>

**Table B.4-3 Treatment Process Applied for Priority STFs**

STFs	Biological Treatment System		Sludge Treatment System		
	RAFA + Bio-Filtration	RAFA + Aerated Lagoon + Polishing Pond	Sludge Digestion	Mechanical Dehydration	Natural Drying
Conceicao		●			●
Janga		●			●
Cabanga	●		●	●	
	➤ The land area is very constrained.		➤ Existing Facilities will be used after being rehabilitated.	➤ The land area is very constrained.	
Boa Viagem		●		●	
				➤ The site is adjacent to residential zone.	
Cordeiro	●			●	
	➤ The available land area is limited due to the road and park construction plan.			➤ The site is adjacent to residential zone.	
Prazeres		●			●
Curcurana		●			●

**Table B.7-1 Major Operation Parameters in STFs**

Systems	Component Facilities	Check Parameters	STFs						
			Conceicao	Janga	Cabanga	Boa Viagem	Cordeiro	Prazeres	Curcurana
Influent System	Coarse Bar Screen	Trapped screenings volume	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Water levels of pre-screen and post-screen	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Grit Chamber	Grit collector running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Settling grit volume	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Fine Bar Screen	Trapped screenings volume	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Water levels of pre-screen and post-screen	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Influent Pump	Pump running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
	Discharged quantity	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
Biological Treatment System	RAFA Distribution Box	Distributed sewage flow	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	RAFA Reactor	Distributed sewage flow	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Gas generation flow	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Accumulated sludge level	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	RAFA Sludge Draw-off Pump	Pump running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Drawn sludge volume	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Lagoon Distribution Box	Distributed sewage flow	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Aerated Lagoon	Aerator running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Polishing Pond	Algae growth and scum generation	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	B/F Distribution Box	Distributed sewage flow	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Bio-Filter	Spray arm running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Odor generation	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Recirculation Pump	Pump running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Recirculation flow	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Sedimentation Tank	Sludge collector running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Scum generation		●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
S/T Sludge Draw-off Pump	Pump running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
	Drawn sludge volume	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
Disinfection System	UV disinfection Unit	Unit running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Disinfection Tank	Treated sewage flow	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Treated Sewage Outfall	Treated sewage flow	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Discharge water appearance	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Sludge Treatment System	Sludge Thickener	Sludge rake running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Scum generation	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Thickened Sludge Pump	Pump running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Drawn sludge volume	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Sludge concentration	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Sludge Digester	Sludge recirculation pump running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Gas generation	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Drawn sludge volume	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Drawn sludge supernatant	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Gas Holder	Drawn sludge concentration	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Generated gas volume	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Dehydrator and related equipment running	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	Dehydrator	Dehydrated sludge quantity	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Sludge moisture	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		Polymer coagulant consumption	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Polymer coagulant storage volume		●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
Sludge Drying Bed	Dried sludge quantity	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
	Dried sludge moisture	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	

Remark:

(1) Operation parameters necessary for respective STFs are shown by the mark "●".

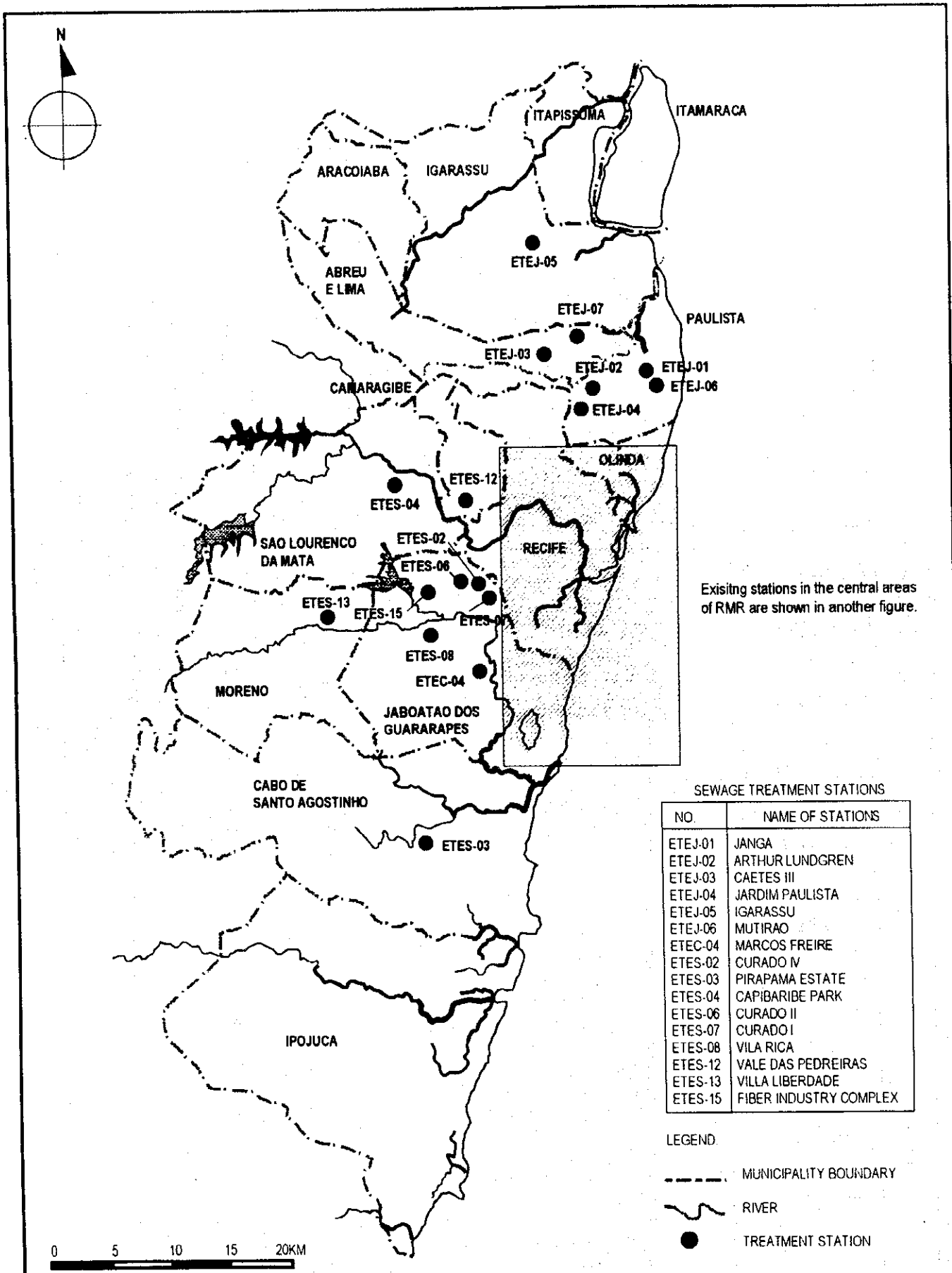
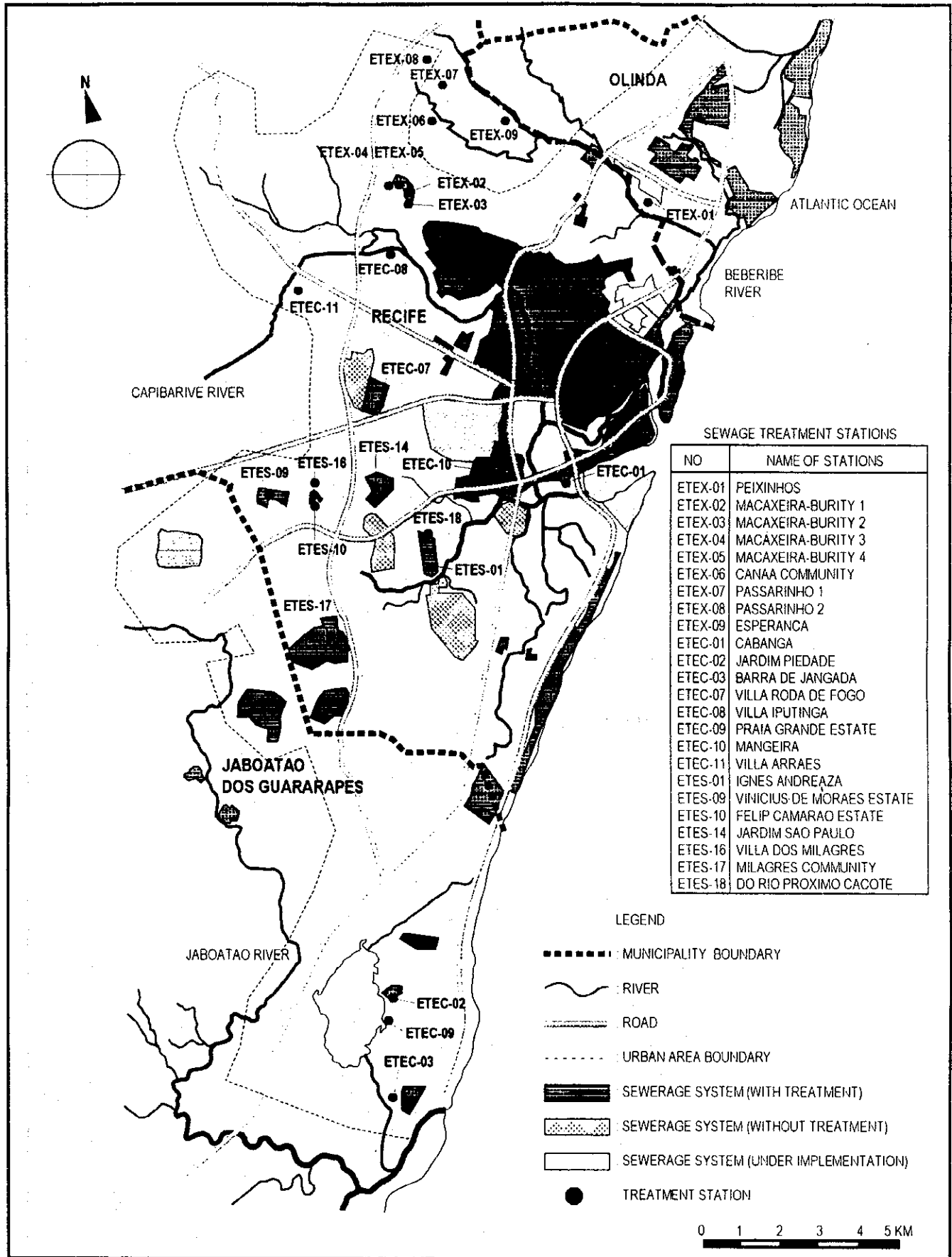


Fig. B.1-1

Locations of Existing Sewerage Systems in Entire RMR

THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR



SEWAGE TREATMENT STATIONS

NO	NAME OF STATIONS
ETEX-01	PEIXINHOS
ETEX-02	MACAXEIRA-BURITY 1
ETEX-03	MACAXEIRA-BURITY 2
ETEX-04	MACAXEIRA-BURITY 3
ETEX-05	MACAXEIRA-BURITY 4
ETEX-06	CANAA COMMUNITY
ETEX-07	PASSARINHO 1
ETEX-08	PASSARINHO 2
ETEX-09	ESPERANCA
ETEC-01	CABANGA
ETEC-02	JARDIM PIEDADE
ETEC-03	BARRA DE JANGADA
ETEC-07	VILLA RODA DE FOGO
ETEC-08	VILLA IPUTINGA
ETEC-09	PRAIA GRANDE ESTATE
ETEC-10	MANGEIRA
ETEC-11	VILLA ARRAES
ETES-01	IGNES ANDREAZA
ETES-09	VINICIUS-DE MORAES ESTATE
ETES-10	FELIP CAMARAO ESTATE
ETES-14	JARDIM SAO PAULO
ETES-16	VILLA DOS MILAGRES
ETES-17	MILAGRES COMMUNITY
ETES-18	DO RIO PROXIMO CACOTE

**Fig. B.1-2**      **Locations of Existing Sewerage Systems in Central Area of RMR**

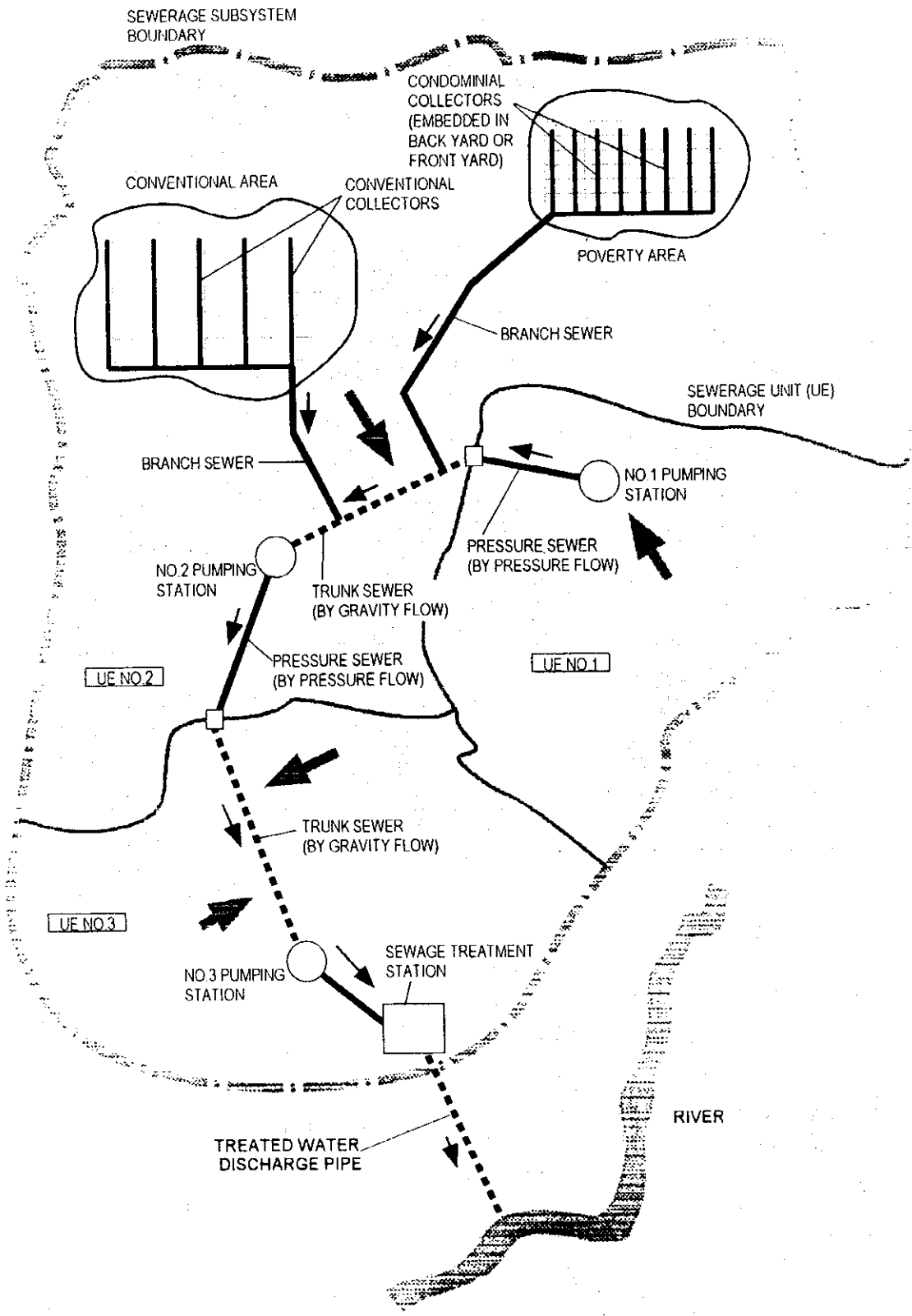


Fig. B.2-1

**Conceptual Layout of Sewerage Collection Facilities**

**THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR**

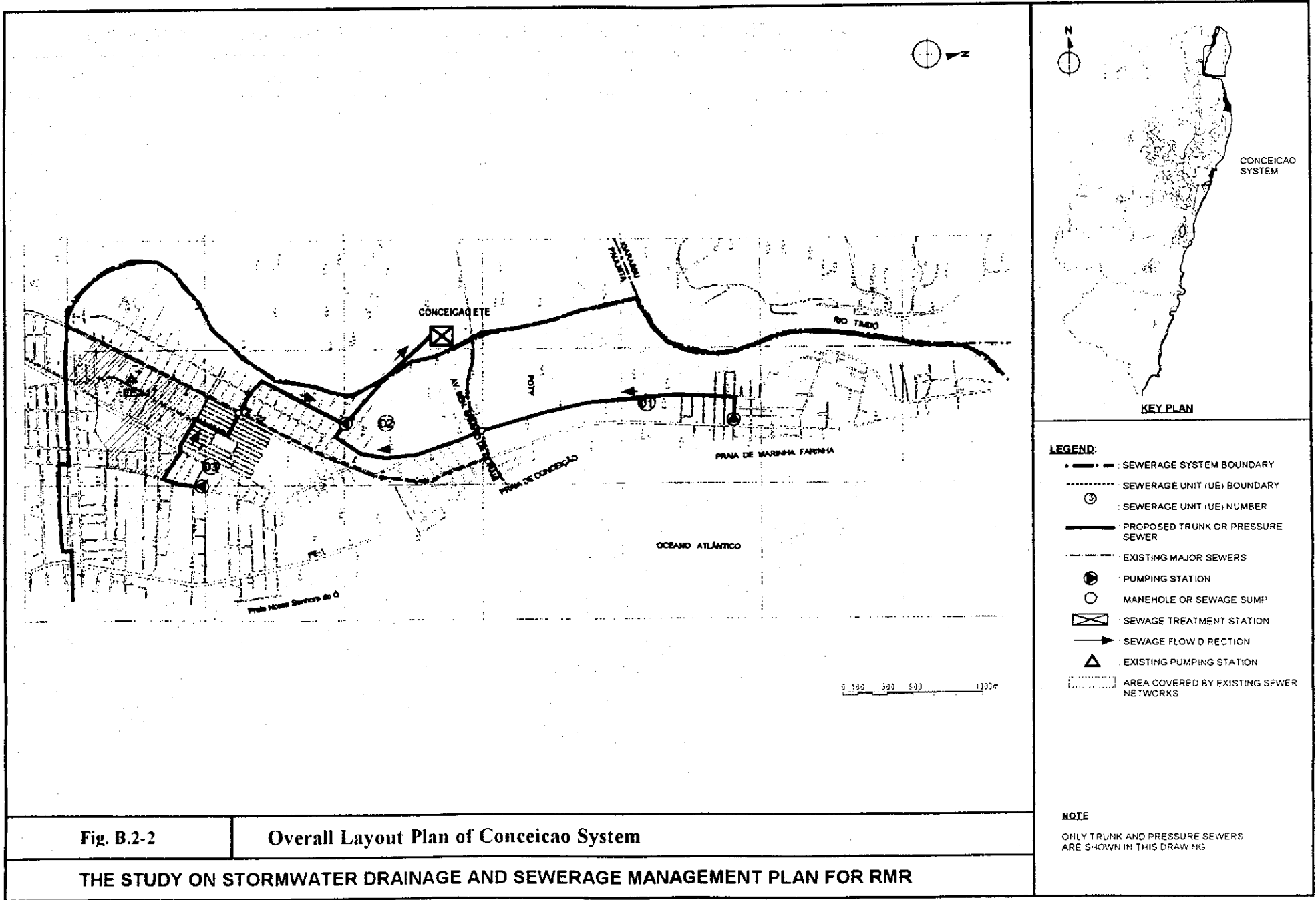


Fig. B.2-2

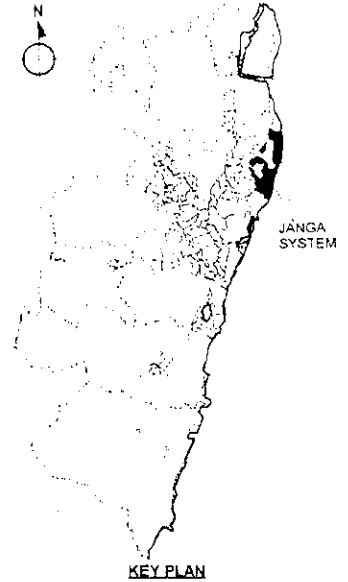
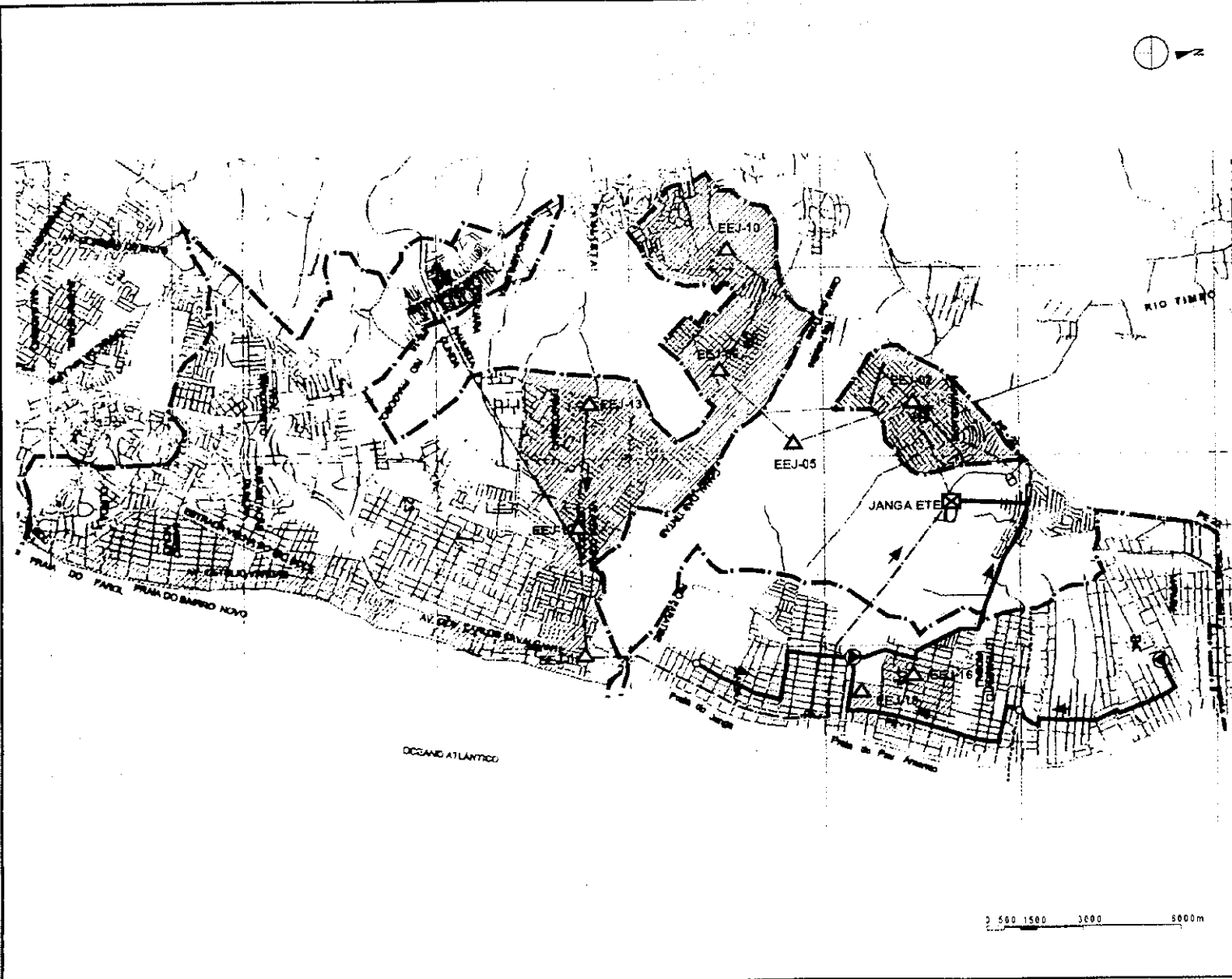
Overall Layout Plan of Conceicao System

THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR

- LEGEND:**
- SEWERAGE SYSTEM BOUNDARY
  - - - SEWERAGE UNIT (UE) BOUNDARY
  - ⊙ SEWERAGE UNIT (UE) NUMBER
  - PROPOSED TRUNK OR PRESSURE SEWER
  - - - EXISTING MAJOR SEWERS
  - PUMPING STATION
  - MANHOLE OR SEWAGE SUMP
  - ⊠ SEWAGE TREATMENT STATION
  - SEWAGE FLOW DIRECTION
  - ▲ EXISTING PUMPING STATION
  - ⋯ AREA COVERED BY EXISTING SEWER NETWORKS

**NOTE**  
 ONLY TRUNK AND PRESSURE SEWERS ARE SHOWN IN THIS DRAWING



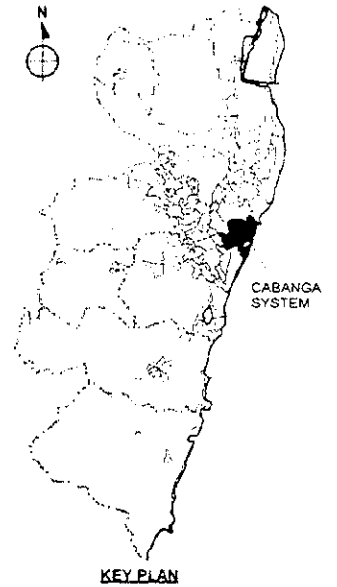
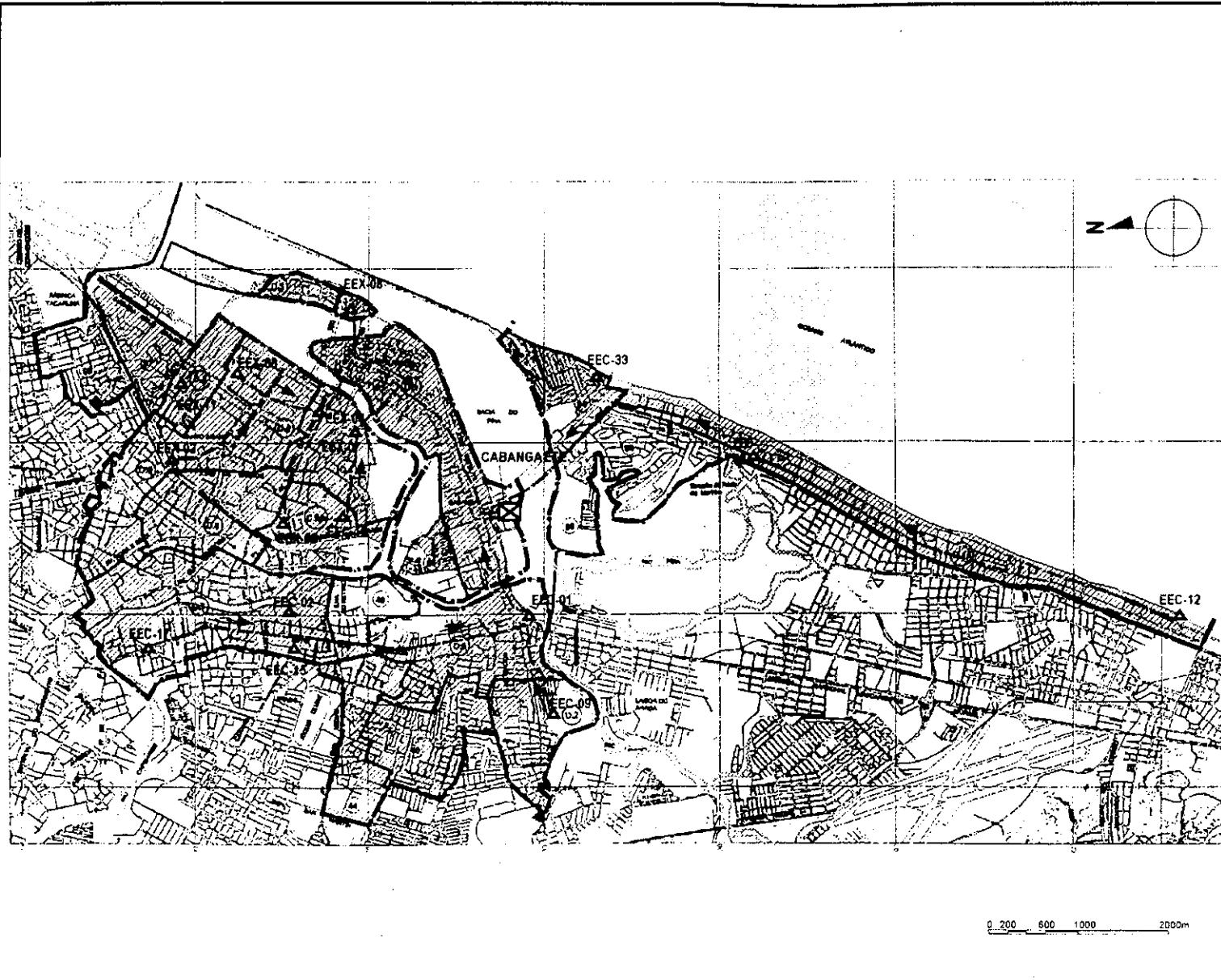


- LEGEND:**
- Sewerage System Boundary
  - - - Sewerage Unit (UE) Boundary
  - ⊙ Sewerage Unit (UE) Number
  - Proposed Trunk or Pressure Sewer
  - - - Existing Major Sewers
  - Pumping Station
  - Manhole or Sewage Sump
  - ⊠ Sewage Treatment Station
  - Sewage Flow Direction
  - △ Existing Pumping Station
  - ⋯ Area Covered by Existing Sewer Networks

**NOTE**  
 ONLY TRUNK AND PRESSURE SEWER ARE SHOWN IN THIS DRAWING

Fig. B.2-3

**Overall Layout Plan of Janga System**



- LEGEND:**
- SEWERAGE SYSTEM BOUNDARY
  - - - SEWERAGE UNIT (UE) BOUNDARY
  - ⊙ SEWERAGE UNIT (UE) NUMBER
  - PROPOSED TRUNK OR PRESSURE SEWER
  - - - EXISTING MAJOR SEWERS
  - ⊙ PUMPING STATION
  - MANHOLE OR SEWAGE SUMP
  - ▭ SEWAGE TREATMENT STATION
  - SEWAGE FLOW DIRECTION
  - △ EXISTING PUMPING STATION
  - ⋯ AREA COVERED BY EXISTING SEWER NETWORKS

**NOTE**  
 ONLY TRUNK AND PRESSURE SEWERS ARE SHOWN IN THIS DRAWING

Fig. B.2-4

**Overall Layout Plan of Cabanga System**

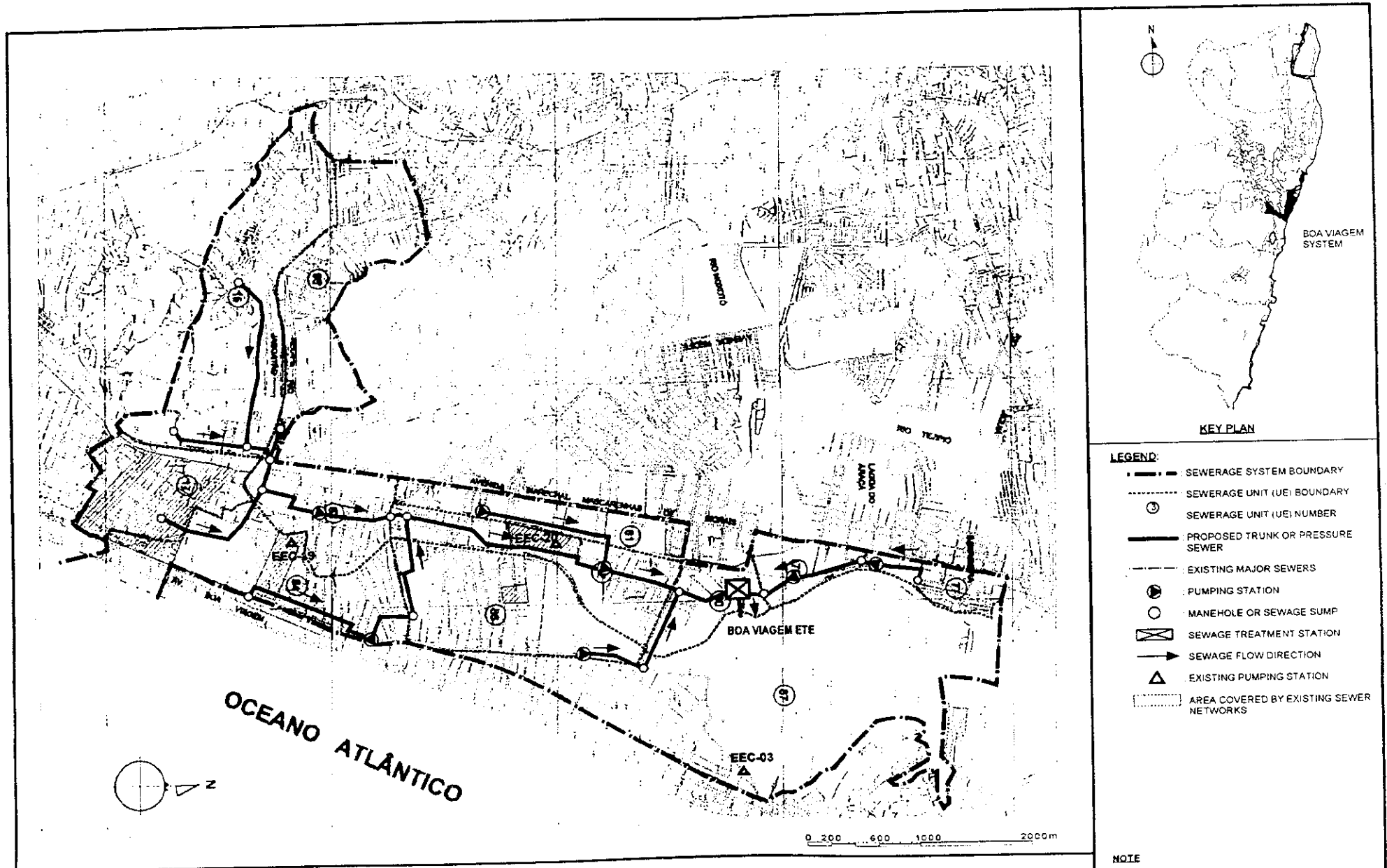


Fig. B.2-5

Overall Layout Plan of Boa Viagem System

NOTE  
ONLY TRUNK AND PRESSURE SEWERS  
ARE SHOWN IN THIS DRAWING

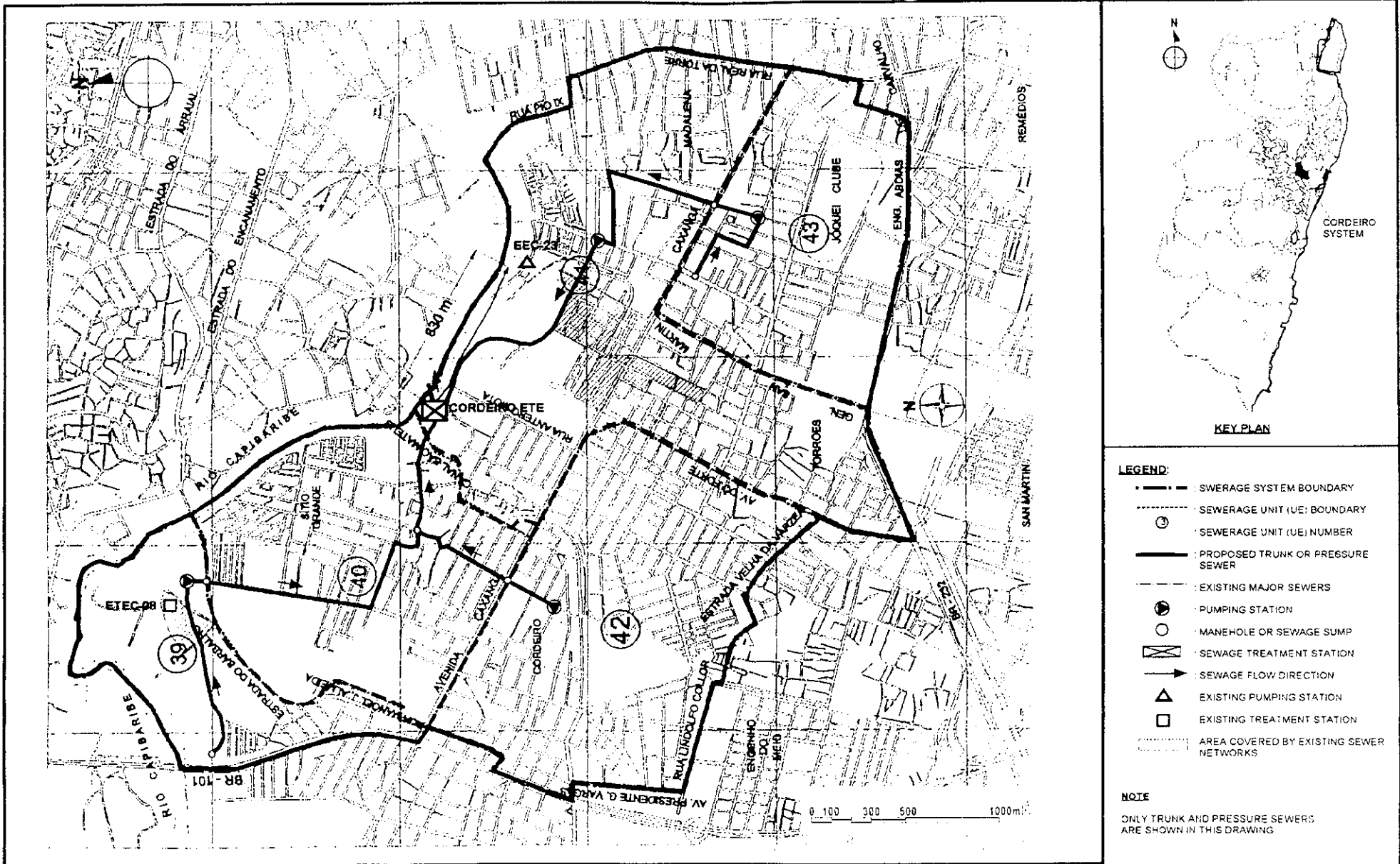


Fig. B.2-6

Overall Layout Plan of Cordeiro System

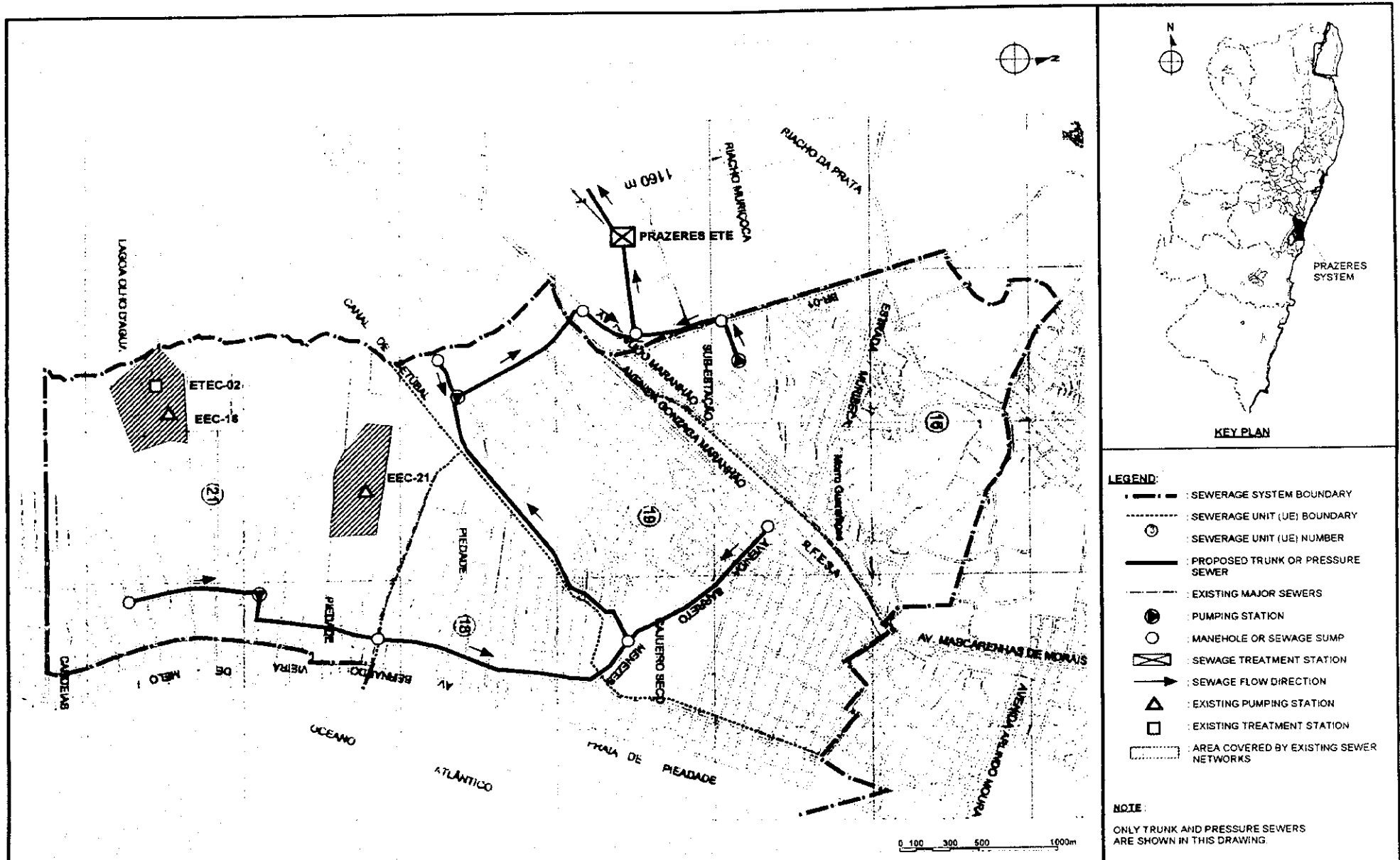


Fig. B.2-7

Overall Layout Plan of Prazeres System

THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR

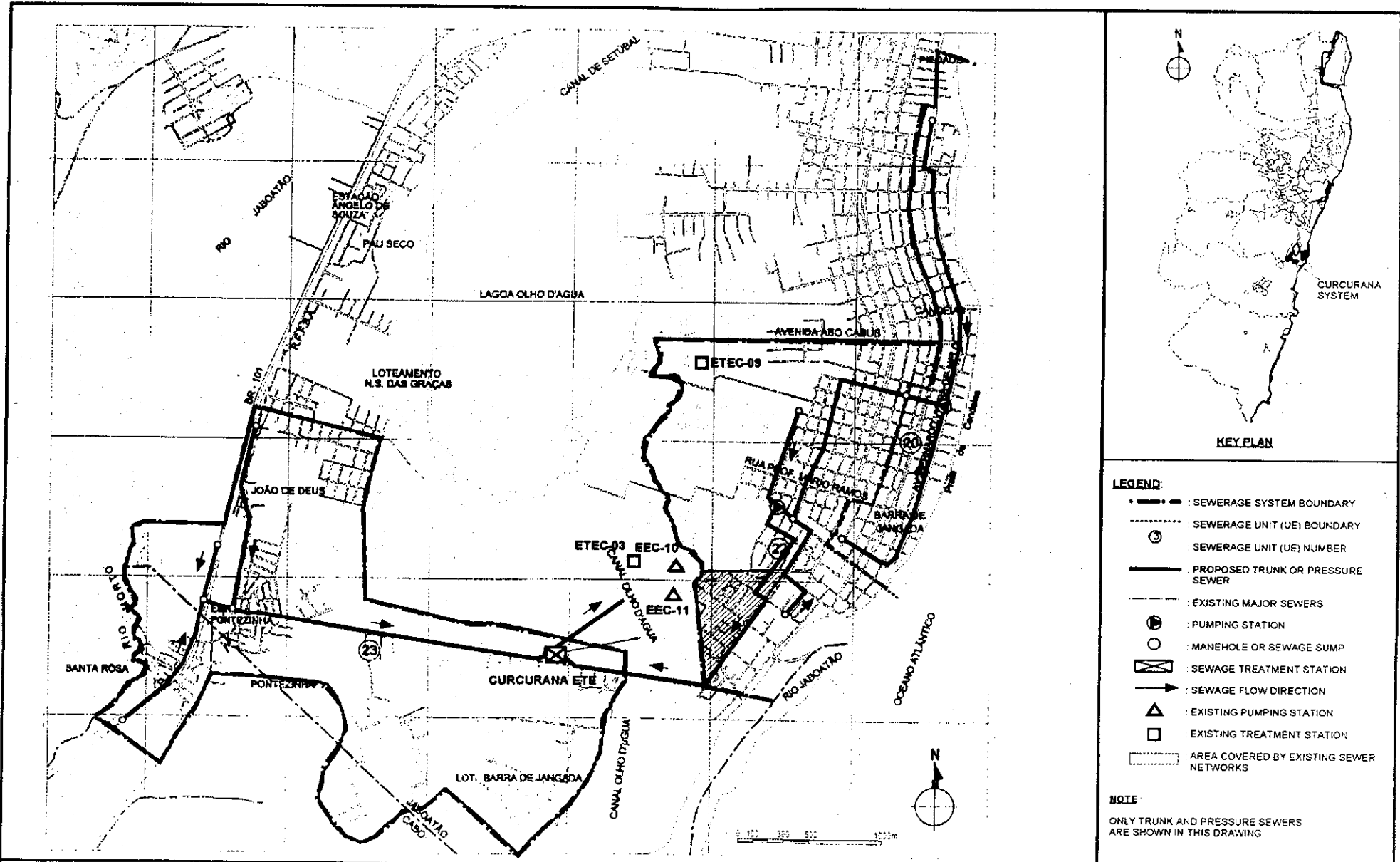
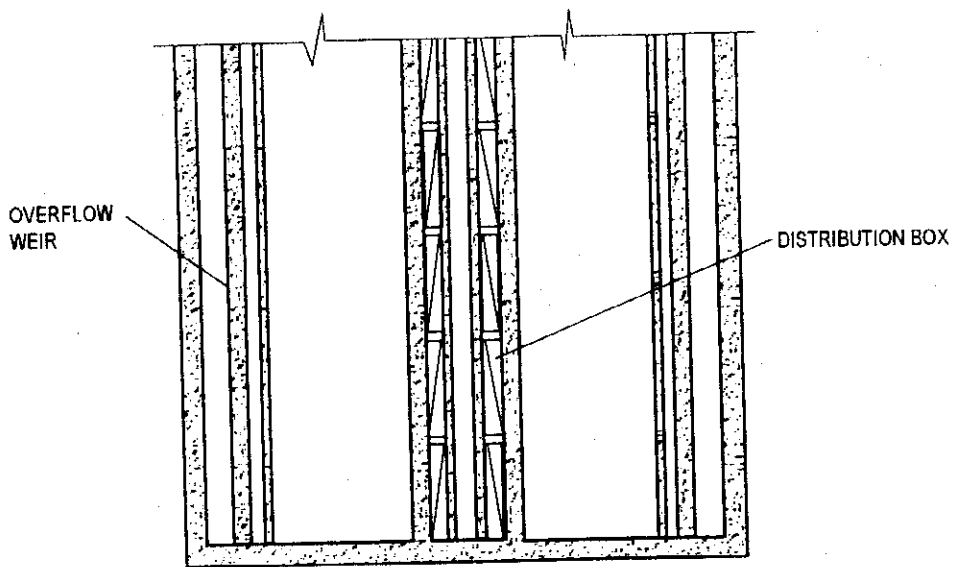


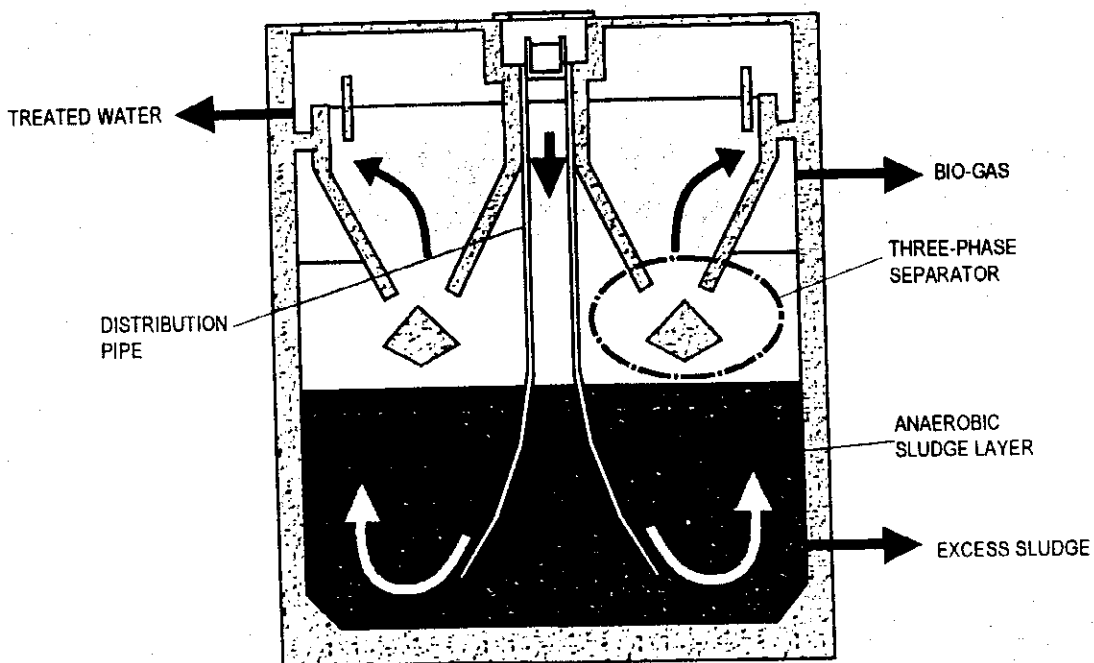
Fig. B.2-8

Overall Layout Plan of Curcurana System

THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR



**PLAN VIEW**



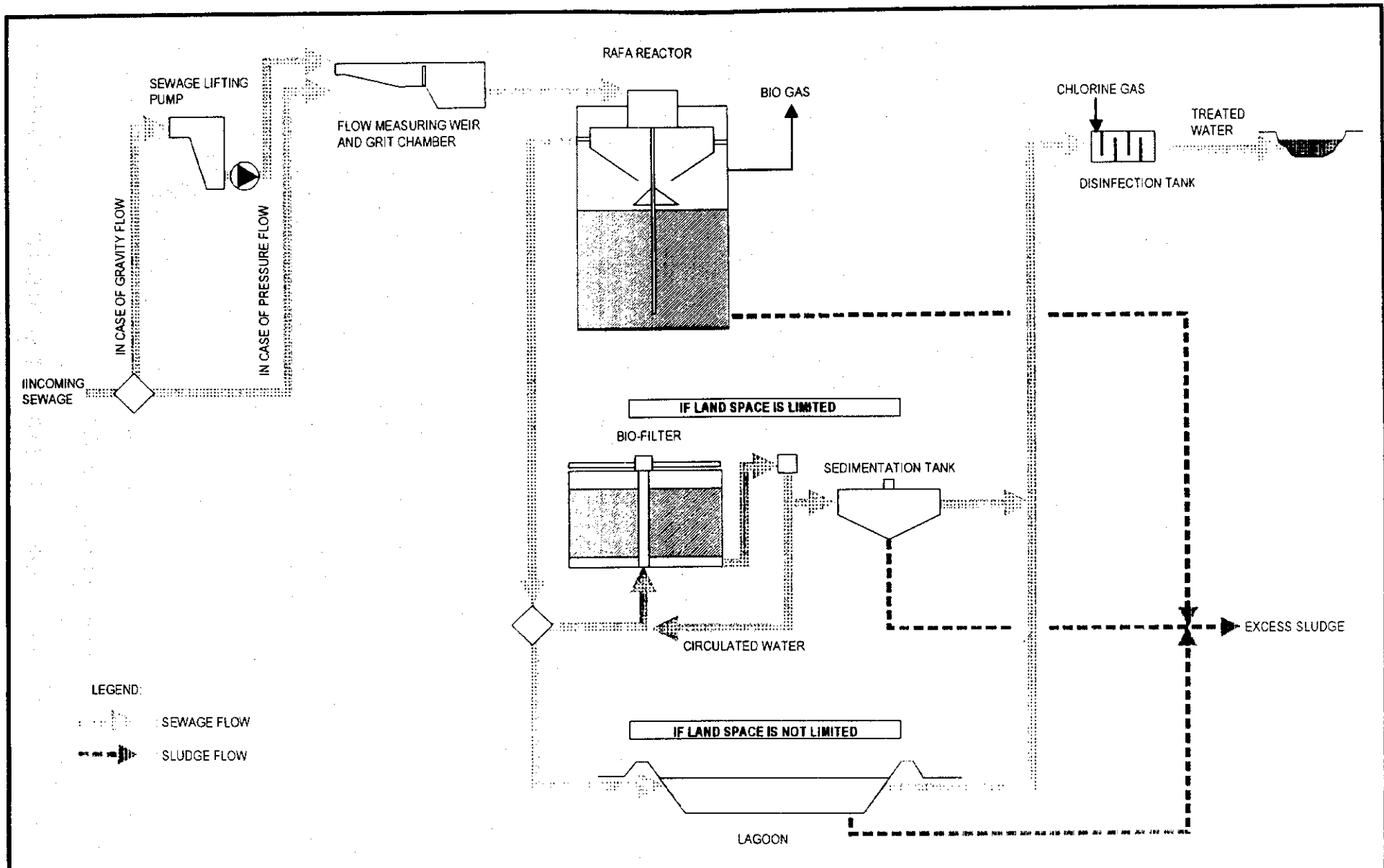
**SIDE VIEW**

NOTE: RAFA IS THE ABBREVIATION OF REATOR ANAEROBICO DE FLUX ASCENDENTE (UPFLOW ANAEROBIC SLUDGE BLANKET) IN PORTUGUESE.

**Fig. B.2-9**

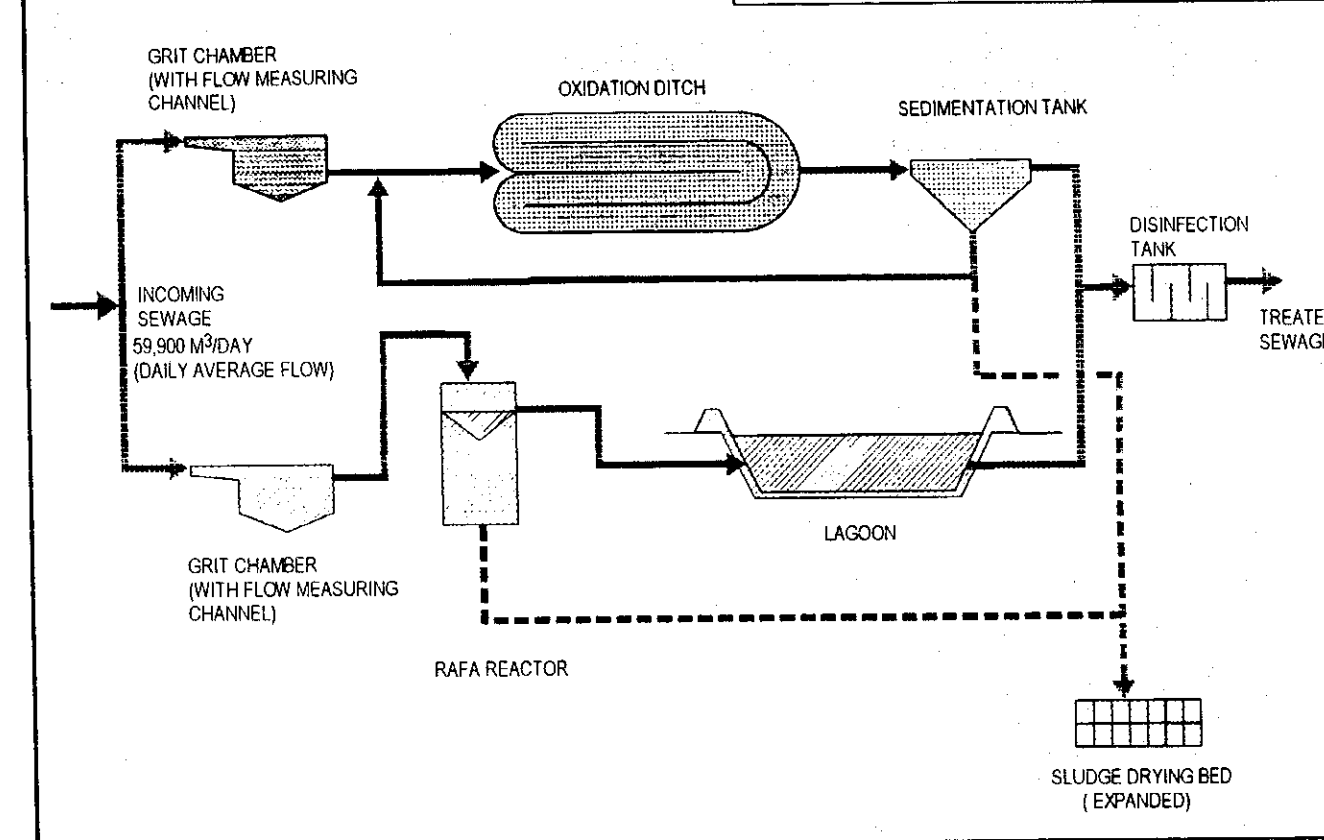
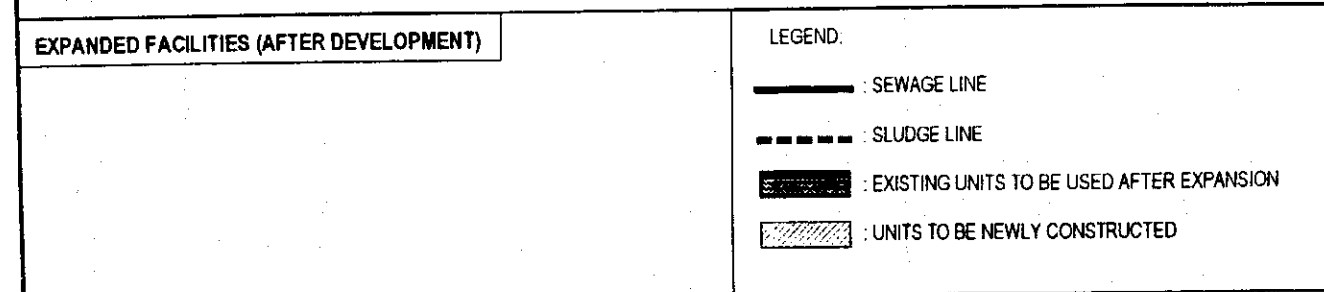
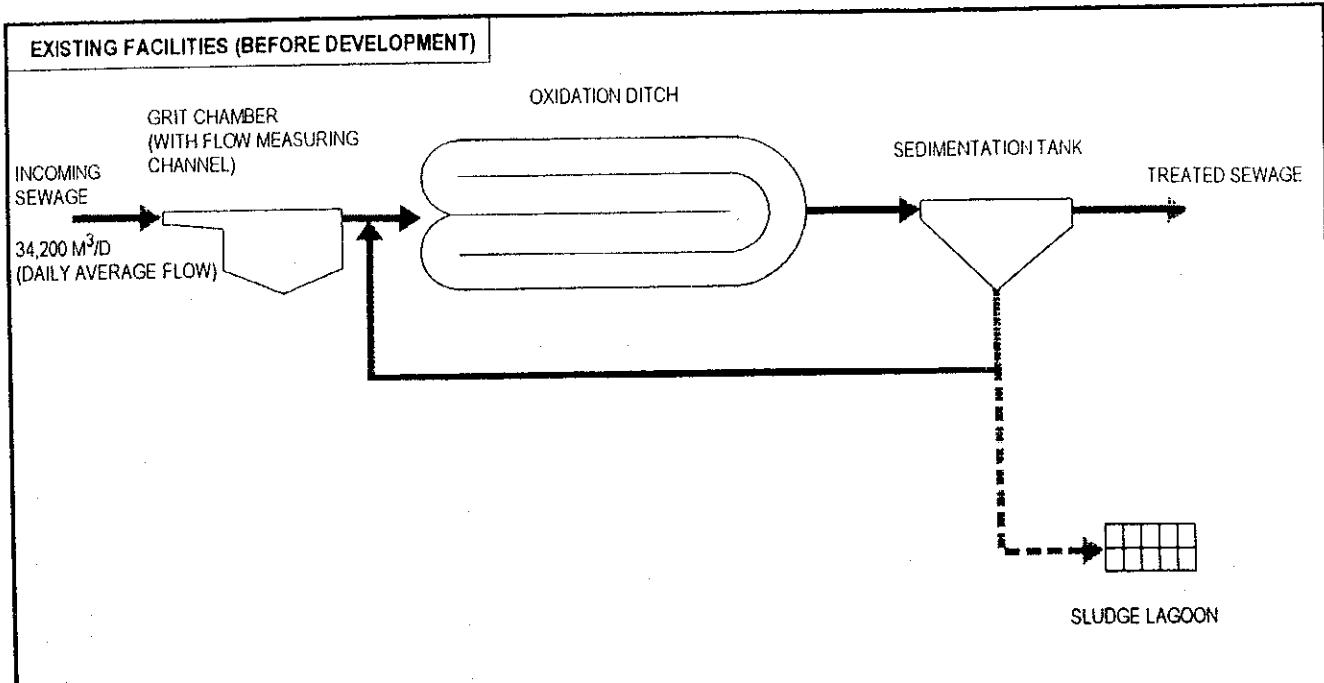
**Typical Configuration of RAFA Reactor**

**THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR**



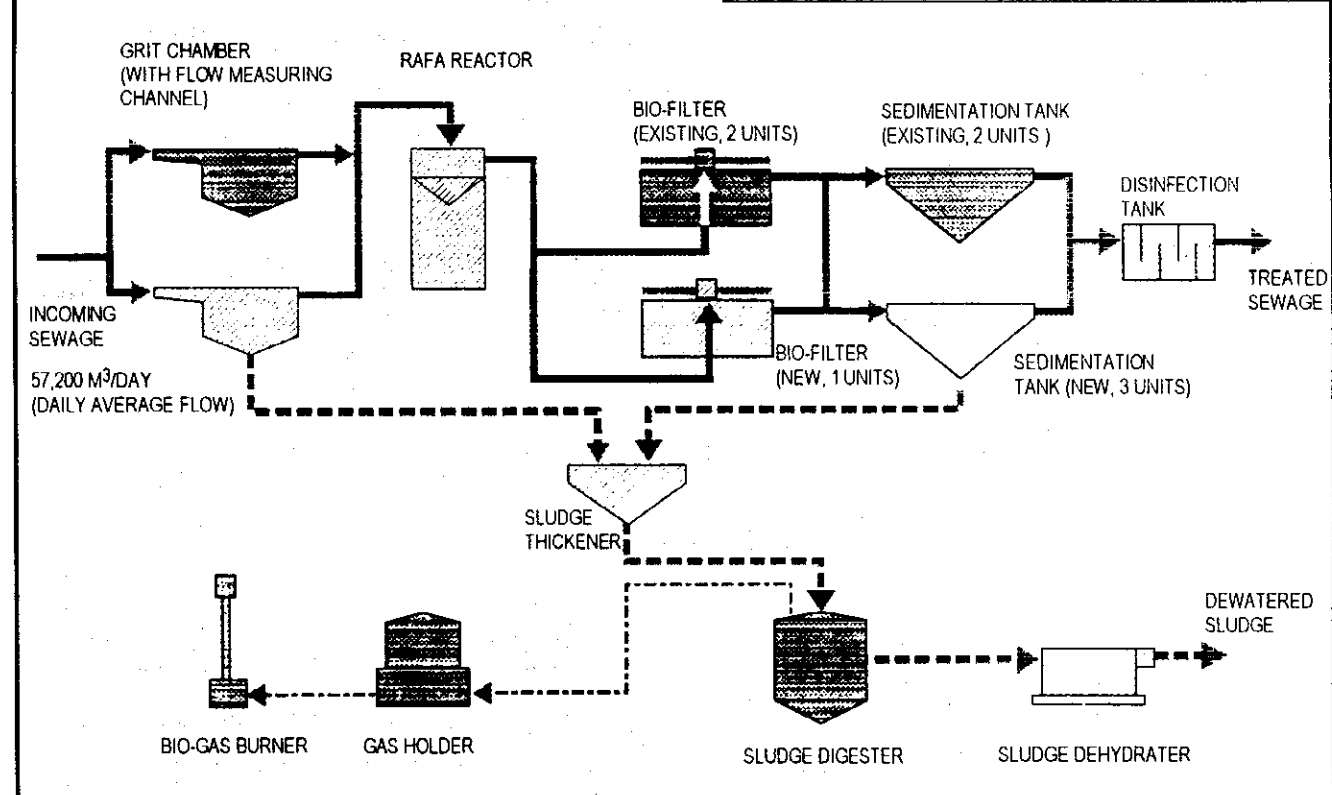
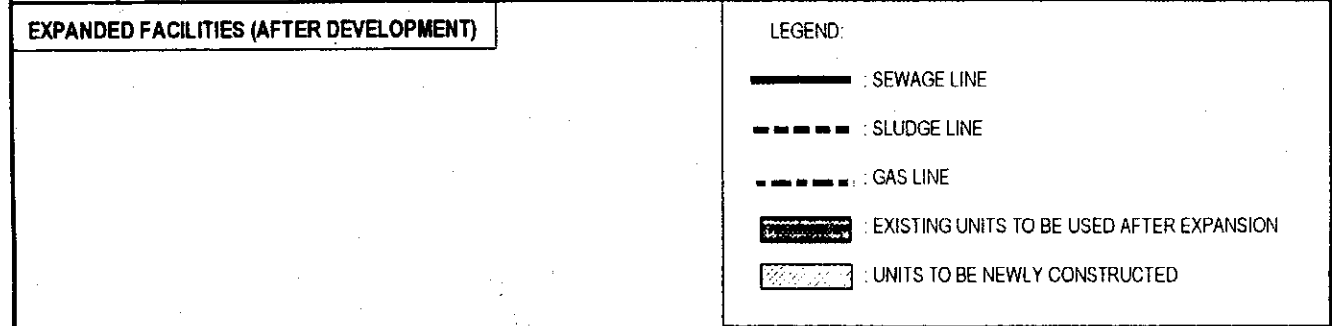
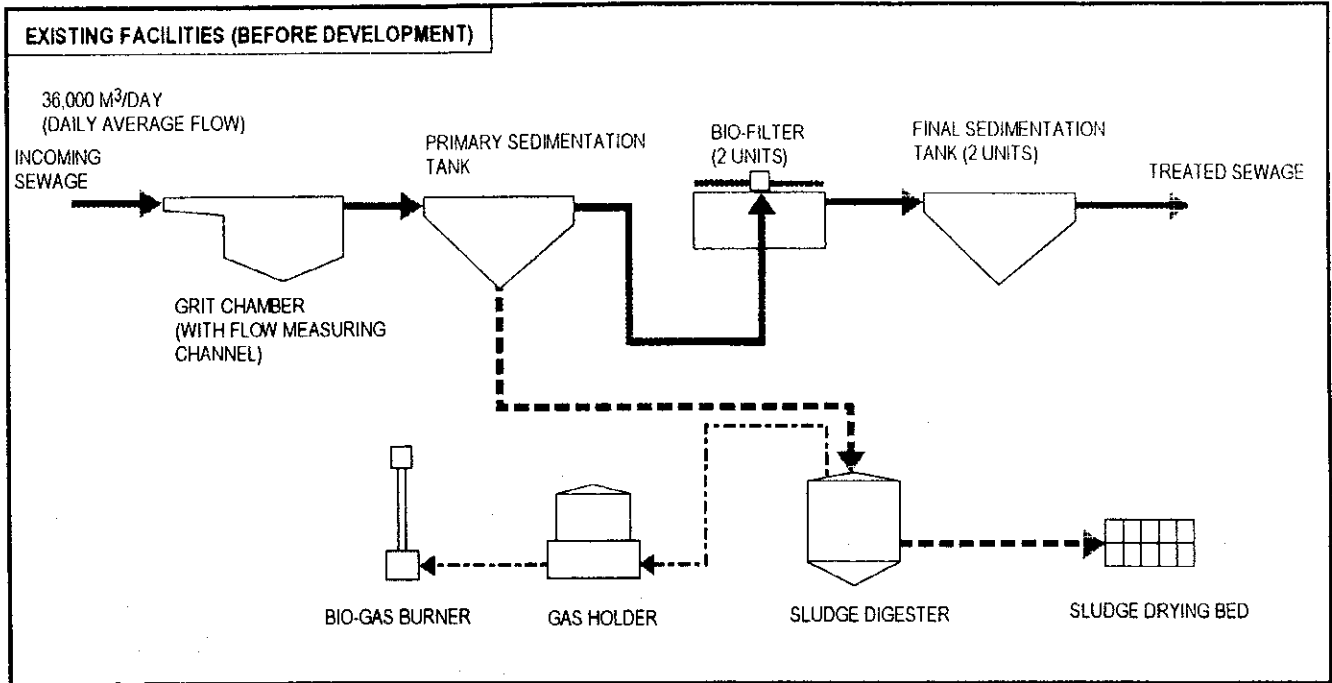
**Fig. B.2-10**      **Flow Diagram of Combined RAFA Process**  
**THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR**





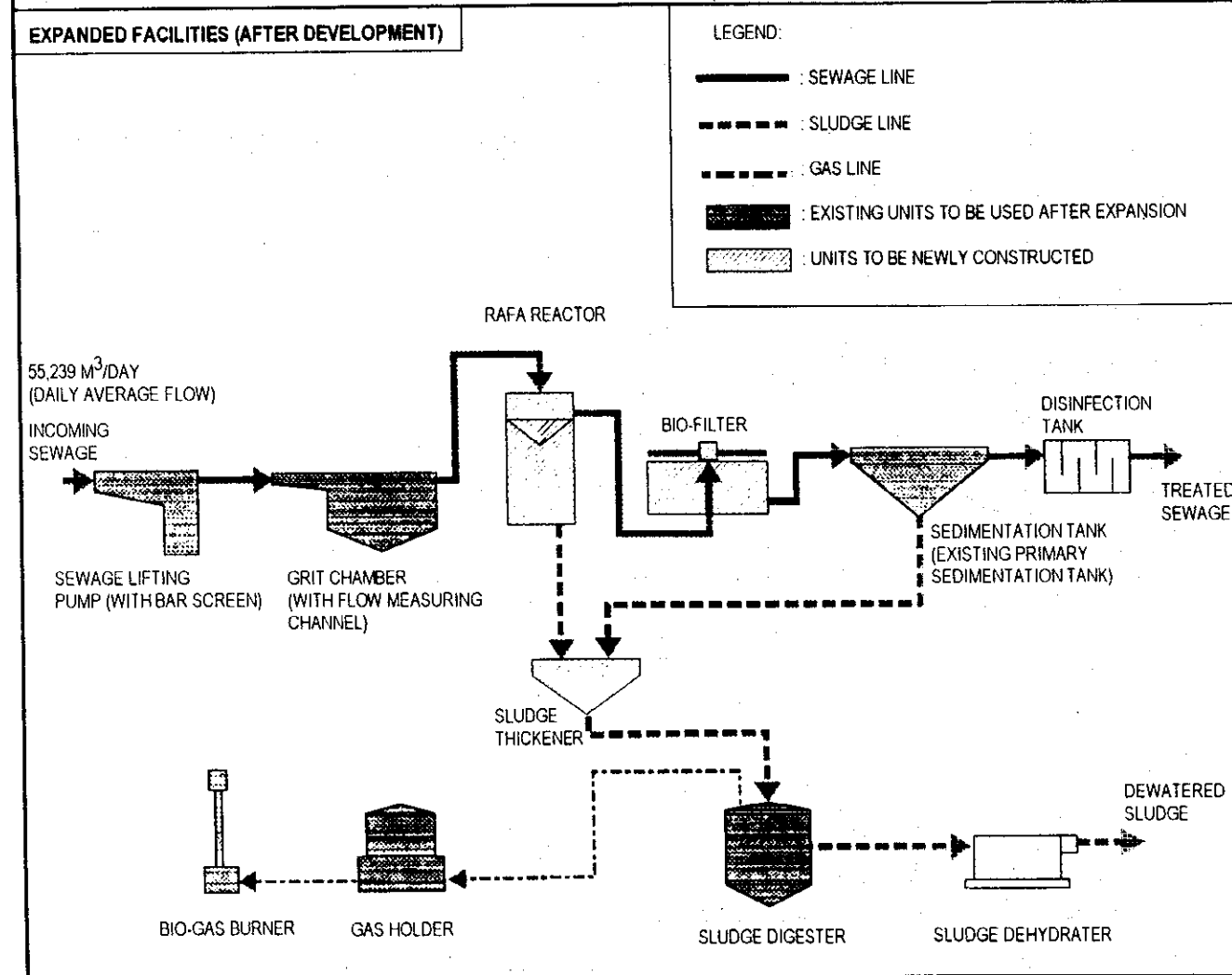
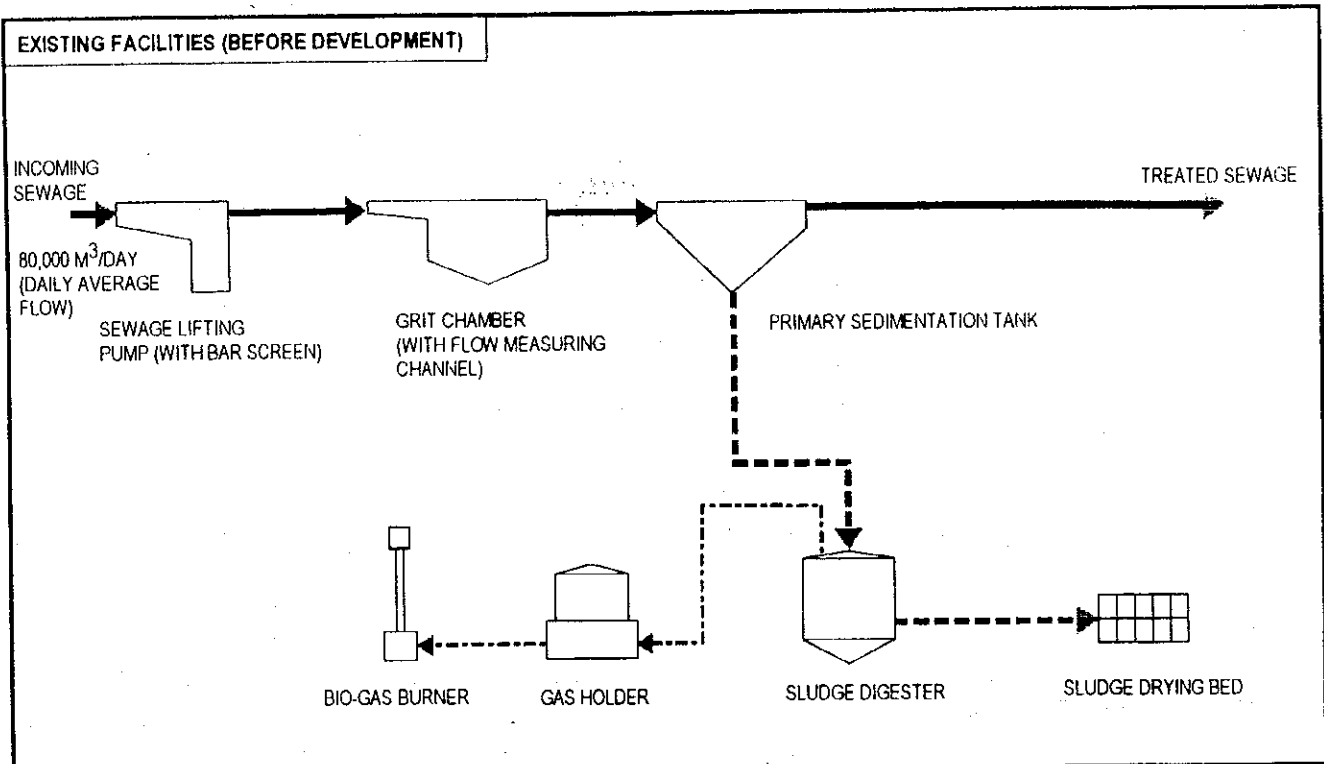
**Fig. B.2-11**

**Flow Diagram of Janga STF**



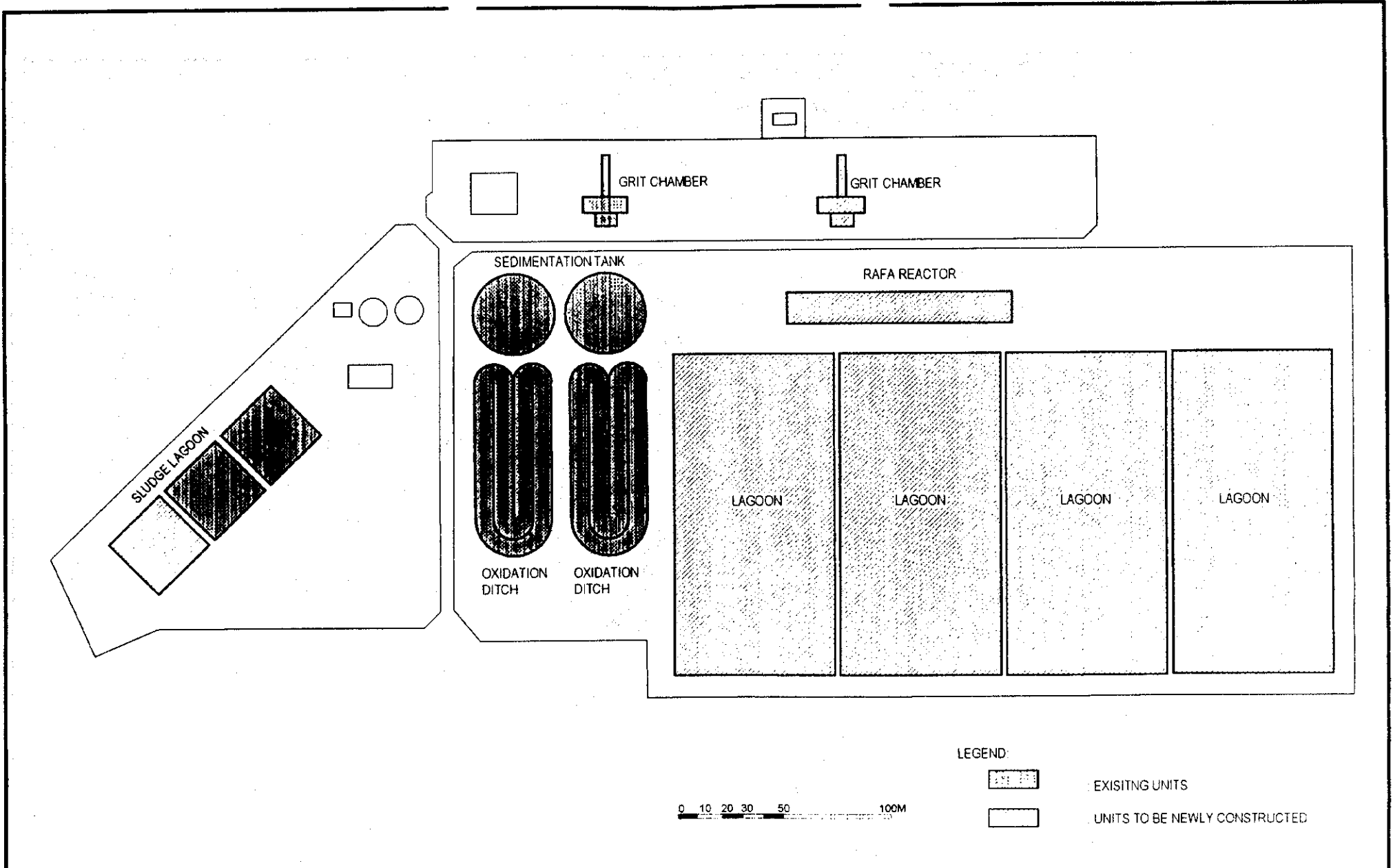
**Fig. B.2-12**

**Flow Diagram of Peixinhos STF**

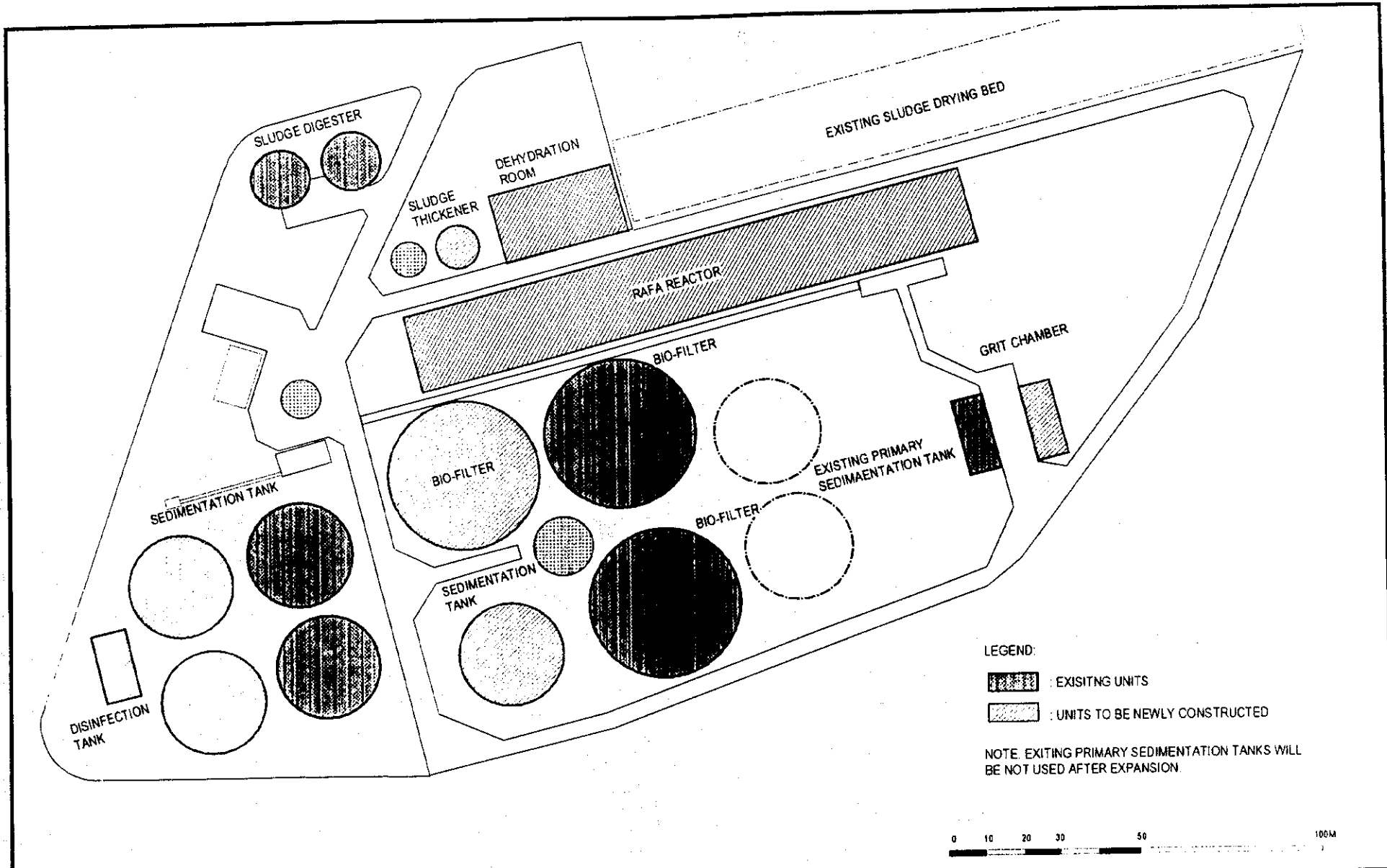


**Fig. B.2-13**

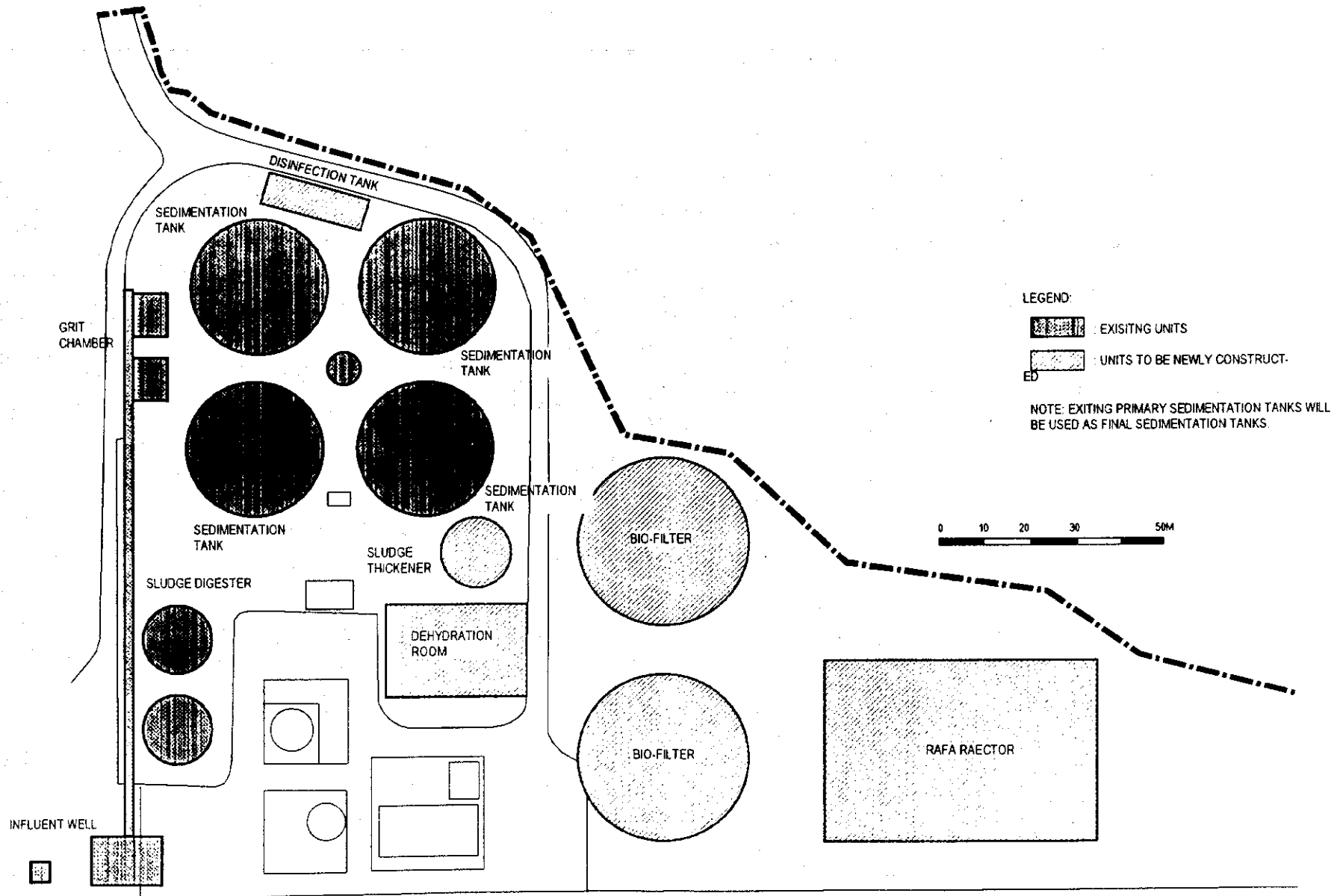
**Flow Diagram of Cabanga STF**



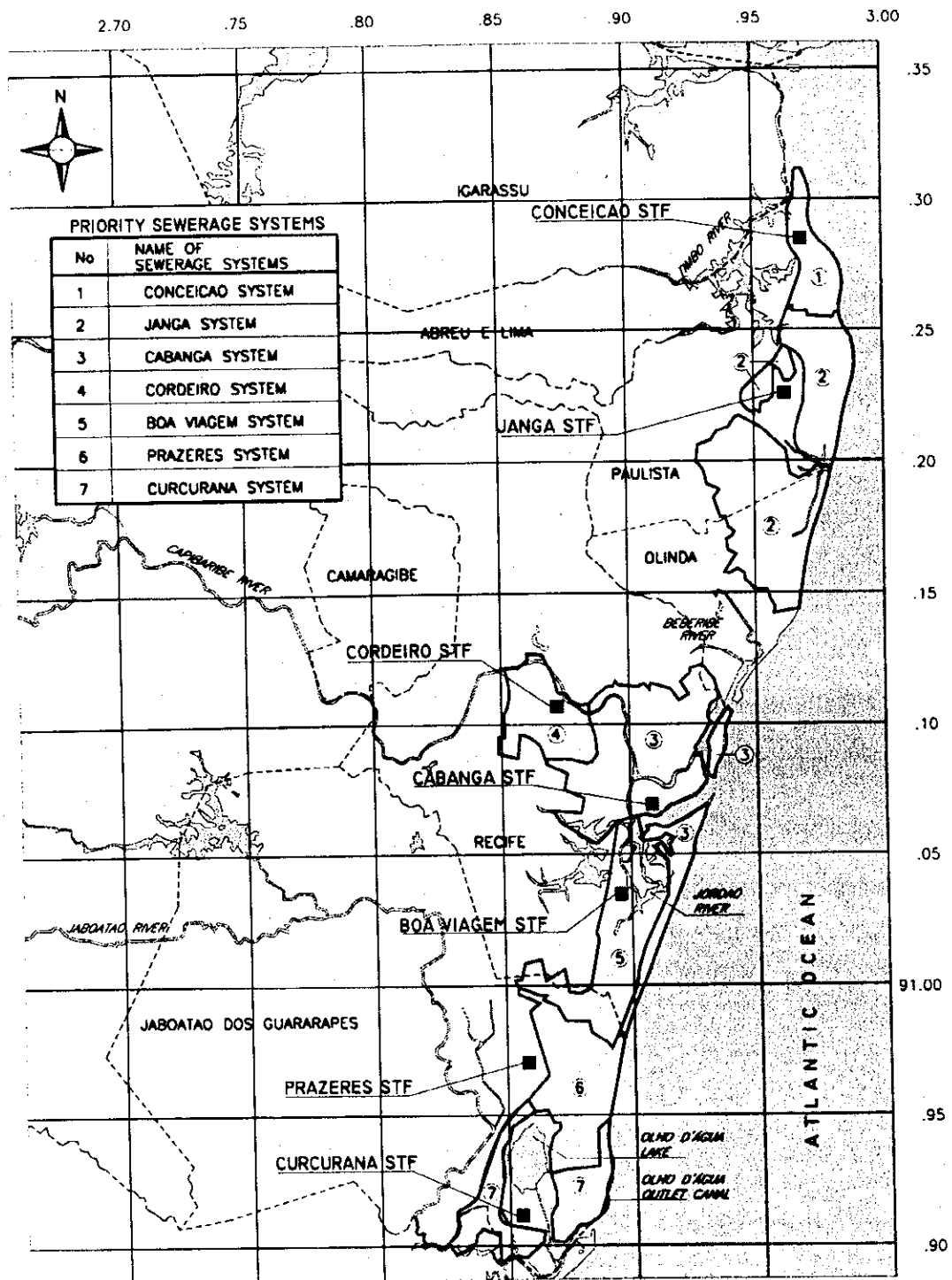
**Fig. B.2-14**      **Layout Plan of Janga STF**  
**THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR**



**Fig. B.2-15**      **Layout Plan of Peixinhos STF**  
**THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR**



**Fig. B.2-16**      **Layout Plan of Cabanga STF**  
**THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR**



LEGEND :

- SEWERAGE AREA BOUNDARY
- - - MUNICIPALITY BOUNDARY
- STF's

SCALE 0 2 4 6 8 10 (KM)

Fig. B.3-1

Location of Priority Sewage Treatment Facilities

THE STUDY ON STORMWATER DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RMR