

Appendix 1. Member List of the Survey Team

Member List of the Survey Team

1. Field Survey

Goro SAKAI Leader for the Study

Grant Aid Management Department, JICA

Takao AKIMOTO Technical Advisor

Ministry of Transport, Kanto District Transport Bureau

Kenji MAEDA Project Manager / Railway Planner

Pacific Consultants International

Saburo ARAKAWA Facility Planner (Drainage, River Bank)

Pacific Consultants International

Takashi OHORI Facility Planner (Sloop Protection)

Tonichi Engineering Consultants, INC.

Kunio TAKAHASHI Facility Planner (Bridge)

Pacific Consultants International

Kentoku KOUKA Natural Conditions Survey (Geography, Environment)

Tonichi Engineering Consultants, INC.

Kenji MORITA Natural Conditions Survey (Hydrology)

Pacific Consultants International

Masato TAKEI Natural Conditions Survey (Topography)

Tonichi Engineering Consultants, INC.

Kosei TANIWAKI Construction Planner/Cost Estimator

Pacific Consultants International

Toshiyuki HANDA Interpreter

Pacific Consultants International

2. Explanation of Draft Report

Keizo KAGAWA Leader for the Study

Tohoku Branch Office, JICA

Kenji MAEDA Project Manager / Railway Planner

Pacific Consultants International

Saburo ARAKAWA Facility Planner (Drainage, River Bank)

Pacific Consultants International

Takashi OHORI

Facility Planner (Sloop Protection) Tonichi Engineering Consultants, INC.

Toshiyuki HANDA

Interpreter Pacific Consultants International

Appendix 2. Survey Schedule

2-1 Filed Survey

Interpreter	Mr.T. Handa			Interpreting Translation							Interpreting	Translation					Interpreting	Translation				111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Interpreting Translation				Interpreting Translation		Interpreting	ransiacioni			nterpreting	
Construction Planner/	Cost Estimator Mr. K. TANIWAKI											Data Collection				Meeting with MR	Т			Investigation	local Contractor					Tariff survey	Optical Fiber cable Machinery survey Concrete Plant Train Time Table	Construction Method	Hotwater Pipe Survey Market Research	1			Report to EOJ/JICA Interpreting	
Natural Condition (Survey)	Mr. M. TAKEI											Site Survey				Bid Explanation Contract	Data Collection						Inspection for Site	Sarvey			Study on Topographic Survey		Study on	for mo outdaysodo.				
Natural Conditions Natural Condition Surveyor	Mr. K. MORITA		100	of Inception Report							Meeting with Consul	Data Collection	Visit Meteorology		:	Meeting with MR	Σ				Site Survey	Data Arrangement	Tara Arangement	7		Meeting with Consul	Meeting with MR			Result to MR			Data Analysis	
Natural Conditions Surveyor	Mr. K. KOUKA		Moeting with MD country	Courtesy call to Ministry of Infrastructure and Development (MOID). Ministry of External Relation(MOER) and Mongolian Railway. In Mondolian Report Report						Survey Data Study		Site Survey	Cito Cimios	s ourvey.	Data Arrangement	Contract	Data Arrangement	Site Survey	Data Arrangement		Site		Site Survey	Data Arrangement	Data Arrangement		Data Arrangment	Data Arrangement		Report on Survey Besuit to MB	Data Arrangement	and UICA		Final Meeting with MR UB. Beijing to Narita
1	Planner Mr. K.TAKAHASHI		Ž	R) and Mongolian Rail				Data analysis, Internal Meeting					71.0	210	Cara		Data Collection						Site		Data A	Study on Bridge		Data A				E		Final Mee UB. Beij
Facility Planner (Slope protection)	Mr. T. OHORI			xternal Relation(MOE				Data analysi				Data Collection				Meeting with MR	Data (Data Arrangement				7			Meeting with MR						Report to EOJ and JICA	
Facility Planner (Bank Protection	& Drainage) Mr. S. ARAKAWA			(MOID), Ministry of E	Site Survey	Site Survey	vestigation		vestigation		Meeting with Consul	7					Visit Meteorology				Site Survey		Site Survey										Report to	
Project Manager Railway Planner	Mr. K. MAEDA		EOJ) and JICA	re and Development	Site	Site	Site Investig		Site Investig	he Minutes		III to EOJ/JICA						Meeting with MR					Meeting with MR											
Technical Advisor	Mr. T. AKIMOTO		Beijing to Ulanbaatar(UB) Courtesy call to Japanese Embassy (EOJ) and JICA	nistry of Infrastructu						Discuss with MOID/MR on the drat of the Minutes		Sign of the Minutes, Courtesy call to EOJ/JICA	מו נס ואשוונש																					
Team Leader	Mr. G. SAKAI	Narita to Beijing	Beijing to Ulanbaatar(UB) Courtesv call to Japanes	Courtesy call to Mi						Discuss with MOID		Sign of the	00, 360																					
Day			4 Tue	5 wed	6 thu	7 fri	8 sat	9 sun	0 mon	-		the the			Ľ		_	Tu Fri.		Ш	2 Tue	wed				Mon.	2 Tue 3 wed 4 Tu 5 Fri.		Mon.					Tue
Date			April 4				April 8	April 6	oril 10			April 13						April 20 April 21 April 22		oril 24		April 26				May 1	May 3 May 4 May 4 May 5 May 6		May 8 May 9 May 10	_	May 12 May 13			May 16 May 17
o O V			2 A	3 Apri			6 Ap	7 A		9 April	10 April	12 April						18 19 Ap 20 Ap Ap Ap		_	23 Ap		25 Ap		28 April		32 32 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3				04 4 M M	42 M		4 4 4 5 8 8

2-2 Draft Final Report Explanation

ó Z	Date	Day	leam Leader	Project Manager Railway Planner	Facility Planner (Bank Protection	Facility Planner (Slope protection)	Bridge (Rehabilitation Planner)
					& Drainage)		
Ī			Mr. K. KAGAWA	Mr. K. MAEDA	Mr. S. ARAKAWA	Mr. T. OHORI	Mr. K.TAKAHASHI
-	July 3	31 Mon.		Narita to Beijing			
2	August	1 Tue		Beijing to Ulanbaatar(UB), Cou	Beijing to Ulanbaatar(UB), Courtesy call to Japanese Embassy(EOJ)	()(
3	April	2 Wed	:	Courtesy call to JICA, Report explanation to MOID and MR	explanation to MOID and MR		
4	April	3 Thu	Narita to Beijing	Meeting with MR Counter Part			
			Beijing to Ulanbaatar(UB), Courtesy call to Japanese Embassy(EOJ) and JICA	Meeting with MR Counter Part			
2	April	4 Fri					
9	April	5 Sat	Site Survey and Meeting with MR Counter Part				
F	April	e sun		Holiday			
8	April	7 Mon	Meeting with MR, MONE, MIOD, MOF and MOER	10F and MOER	Meeting with MR Counter Part		
6	April	8 Tue	Meeting for Minutes of Discussion		Meeting with MR Counter Part		
10	10 April	9 Wed	Sign to Minutes of Discussion		Meeting with MR Counter Part		
=	April 10	10 Thu		Rep	Report to EOJ and JICA		
12	12 April 1	1 Fri.		7	UB, Seoul to Narita		

List of Party Concerned in the Recipient Country Appendix 3.

List of Party Concerned in the Recipient Country (Filed Survey) (April 3, 2000 to May 17, 2000)

Embassy if Japan in Mongolia Marokimi Hanada Ambassador plenipotentiary Kouji Fukazawa First Secretary Hiroshi Fujimoto Third Secretary JICA Mongolia Office Kenji Matumoto Resident Representative Keizou Egawa Councilor Mr. M. Ganzorig Senior clerk Ministry of Infrastructure and Mr. B. Batjav Director General of Policy Development(MOID) Implementation Coodination Dept. Mr. S. Jamts Senior Officer Mongolian Railway(MR) Mr. B. Rash President Mr. J. Nyamaa Chief Engineer of Mongolian Railway Mr. N. Batmunkh Vice-president Director of Track Dept. Mr. G. Vandandagva Chief engineer of Track Mr.Yu. Nyamjargal Dept. Senior engineer of Track Mr.Zorigsayhan Dept. Senior engineer of Bridge Mr.Ch. Erdenedalai Track Facilities Dept. Mr. Norvoo Track Facilities Dept. Mr. Dagvagonchig Locomotive Dept Mr. Altangerel **Housing Section** Mrs.Yumchinsuren Director of Signal&Telecom Mr.D.Sukhtumur Dept. Financial Dept. Mr.Arslan Passenger Transport Dept. Mr.Janchiv Fright Transport Dept. Mr.P.Bat-Erdene Housing Dept. Mrs.Altanchimeg Ministry of External Mr. D. Davaasambuu Assistant Director of Foregin Relation(MOER) Trade and Economic Cooperation Dept. Ministry of Finance(MOF) Mr. D. Chimeddagva Director of Treasury Dept. Ministry of Nature and the Mr. B. Ganbaatar Section chief of Association Environment(MONE) cooperation Ms. D. Sodnom Senior engineer

Keiji Fujimura

JICA Expert

Ms. L. Dolgormaa

Yasushi Fujimoto

Senior engineer

Expert

Expert

Ulaanbaatar City Major Working Unit Mr. Munkhjargal

Expert

US ERDENE Co.

Mr. Myagmar

President

GEOTECH CO.LTD

Mr. S. Doljin

Dire

TSN

Mr. M. Myagmarjav Mr. Lhanasuren

Senior engineer

(Survey Company) Mr. Hattoriventu

Senior engineer Senior engineer

SAN-INDUSTRIAL Co., Ltd

(Concrete Plant)

Mr. D. Dorjpurev

President

List of Party Concerned in the Recipient Country (Draft Final Report Explanation) (July 31, 2000 to August 11, 2000)

Embassy if Japan in Mongolia

Marokimi Hanada

Ambassador plenipotentiary

Kouji Fukazawa Hiroshi Fujimoto

First Secretary Third Secretary

JICA Mongolia Office

Kenji Matumoto

Resident Representative Councilor

Tetsuo Amagai Mr. M. Ganzorig

Senior clerk

Ministry of Infrastructure and Mr. R. Bud

Development(MOID)

Director General

Department of Strategic Planning and Integrated

Policy

Mr. S. Munkhtuya

Senior Officer

Mongolian Railway(MR)

Mr. B. Rash

Mr. J. Nyamaa

President

Chief Engineer of Mongolian Railway

Mr. G. Vandandagva

Vice-president

Mr. Uurdmandakh Mr.Yu. Nyamjargal

Director of Track Dept. Chief engineer of Track

Dept.

Mr.Ch. Erdenedalai

Senior engineer of Track

Dept.

Ministry of External Relation(MOER)

Mr. Munkhbat

Director of Foreign Trade and Economic Cooperation

Dept.

Mr. D. Davaasambuu

Assistant Director of Foreign

Trade and Economic Cooperation Dept.

Ministry of Finance(MOF)	Mr. Munkhbat	State Secretary of MOF
	Mr. L. Dashdorj	Head, Physical Policy Dept.
	Mr. Enkhbayar	Assistance physical Policy
		Dept.
	Mr. B. Batjargar	Assistance Physical Policy
35.		Dept.
Ministry of Nature and the	Mr. B. Ganbaatar	Section chief of Association
Environment(MONE)		cooperation
	Ms. D. Sodnom	Senior engineer
	Ms. L. Dolgormaa	Senior engineer
JICA Expert	Keiji Fujimura	Expert

Appendix 4. Minutes of Discussion

MINUTES OF DISCUSSIONS ON BASIC DESIGN STUDY ON THE RAILWAY REHABILITATION PROJECT IN MONGOLIA

In response to a request from the Government of Mongolia, the Government of Japan decided to conduct a Basic Design Study on the Railway Rehabilitation Project (hereinafter referred to as "the Project") and entrusted the study to the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA").

JICA dispatched to Mongolia the Basic Design Study Team (hereinafter referred to as "the Team"), which is headed by Mr. Goro Sakai, Deputy Director, Office of Technical Cooperation and Examination, Grant Aid Management Department, JICA, and is scheduled to stay in the country from April 4 to May 16, 2000.

The Team held discussions with the officials concerned of the Government of Mongolia and conducted a field survey at the study area.

In the course of discussions and field survey, both parties confirmed the main items described on the attached sheets. The Team will proceed with further works and prepare the Basic Design Study Report.

Ulaanbaatar, April 13, 2000

Goro SAKAI

Leader,

Basic Design Study Team,

JICA

Bat-khuyag BATJAV

Director General,

Policy Implementation & Coordination Dept.

Ministry of Infrastructure Development

Chief Engineer, Mongolian Railway

Dalrai DAVAASAMBUU

Deputy Director,

Foreign Trade & Economic Cooperation Dept.

Ministry of External Relations

Khandsuren PUREVSUREN

Director General,

State Treasury Department,

I thaufrain

Ministry of Finance

ATTACHMENT

1. Objective

The objective of the Project is to improve the efficiency of the railway transport by rehabilitating their physical facilities for increased demands in both international and domestic transportation.

2. Project Area

The Project area is from northern border station of Sukhbaatar to Bayan station as shown in ANNEX-1.

3. Responsible and Implementing Agency

The Responsible Agency of the Project is the Ministry of Infrastructure Development. The Implementing Agency of the Project is the Mongolian Railway.

4. Items requested by the Government of Mongolia

After discussions with the Team, the following items shown in ANNEX-2 were finally requested by Mongolian side. JICA will assess appropriateness of the request and will recommend to the Government of Japan for approval.

5. Japan's Grant Aid Scheme

- (1) Mongolian side understands the Japan's Grant Aid Scheme explained by the Team, as described in ANNEX-3.
- (2) Mongolian side will take necessary measures, as described in ANNEX-4 for smooth implementation of the Project, as a condition for the Japanese Grant Aid to be implemented.

6. Schedule of the Study

- (1) The consultants will proceed with further studies in Mongolia until May 16, 2000.
- (2) JICA will prepare the draft report in English and dispatch a team in order to explain its contents in the end of July 2000.
- (3) In case that the contents of the report are accepted in principle by the Government of Mongolia, JICA will complete the final report and send it to the Government of Mongolia by November 2000.

7. Other Relevant Issues

- (1) Both sides confirmed that the Mongolian Railway should not be privatized in the future.
- (2) Mongolian side shall ensure enough budget and personnel to operate and maintain the facilities after the completion of the Project.
- (3) Mongolian side shall submit answers to the questionnaire which the Team handed to the Mongolian side by May 15, 2000.

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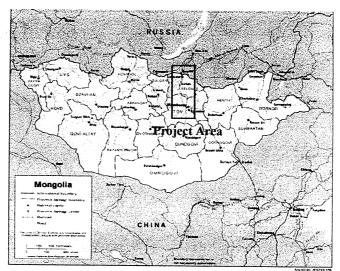
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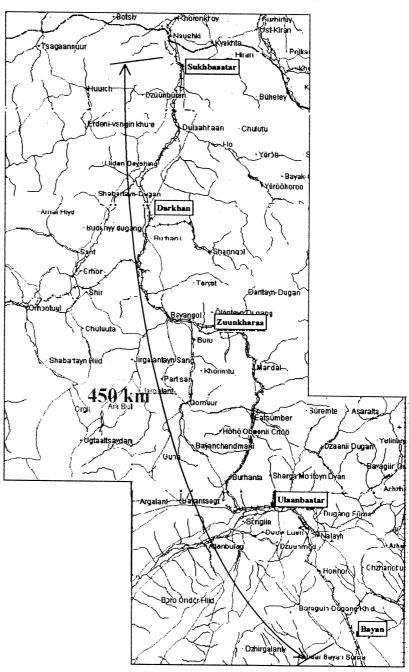
- (4) The Mongolian Railway has agreed to provide an inspection train and necessary number of counterpart personnel to the Team during the period of their studies.
- (5) Mongolian side promised to exempt Japanese juridical and physical nationals engaged in the Project from customs duties, internal taxes including VAT, and other physical levies which may be imposed in Mongolia regarding the supply of products and services under the verified contracts.



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ANNEX - 1





PROJECT AREA MAP

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ANNEX - 2

ITEMS REQUESTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF MONGOLIA

As a consequence of the discussions with the Team, the following items were finally requested by Mongolian side.

- 1. Mongolian side acknowledged that for the smooth implementation of the project the exchange of opinions and effective coordination of the all concerned governmental agencies and bodies are very important.
- 2. In order to ensure the safe and reliable train operation and to prevent from natural disasters, MR necessitates urgently the rehabilitation of the 101 locations mentioned in the Project Application by the work items following the table below.

No.	Work Items	Number of Locations
1.	River Bank Revetment (including Groyne)	8
2.	Railway Track Re-Alignment	1
3.	Slope Stability	20
		11
5.	Drain Improvement	59
6.	Provision of Drainage Facilities in Sukhbaatar Station	1
7.	River Widening near Railway Bridge	1
	Total:	101 locations

- 3. Transfer of the up-to-date technology and know-how on the construction work under the train operation along the "life-line" of Mongolian people.
- 4. Mongolian side requested the counterpart training in Japan concerning railway substructure maintenance and management.



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Japan's Grant Aid Program

- 1. Japan's Grant Aid Procedures
- (1) The Japan's Grant Aid is executed by the following procedures.
 - Application (request made by a recipient country)
 - Study (Preparatory Study / Basic Design Study conducted by JICA)
 - Appraisal & Approval (Appraisal by the Government of Japan and Approval by the Cabinet of Japan)
 - Determination of Implementation (Exchange of Notes between the Governments of Japan and the recipient country)
 - Implementation (Implementation of the Project)
- (2) Firstly, an application or a request for a Project submitted by the recipient country is examined by the Government of Japan (the Ministry of Foreign Affairs) to determine whether or not it is suitable for Japan's Grant Aid. If the request is deemed appropriate, the Government of Japan entrusts a study on the request to JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency).

Secondly, JICA conducts the study (Basic Design Study), using a Japanese consulting firm(s). If the background and objective of the requested project are not clear, a Preparatory Study is conducted prior to a Basic Design Study.

Thirdly, the Government of Japan appraises the Project to see whether or not the Project is suitable for Japan's Grant Aid Program, based on the Basic Design Study report prepared by JICA and the results are then submitted for approval by the Cabinet.

Fourthly, the project approved by the Cabinet becomes official when pledges by the Exchange of Notes signed by the both Governments.

Finally, for the implementation of the Project, JICA assists the recipient country in preparing contracts and so on.



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2. Basic Design Study

(1) Contents of the Study

The purpose of the Study (Preparatory Study / Basic Design Study) conducted on a Project requested by JICA is to provide a basic document necessary for appraisal of the Project by the Japanese Government. The contents of the Study are as follows:

- (a) to confirm background, objectives, benefits of the Project and also institutional capacity of agencies concerned of the recipient country necessary for Project implementation;
- (b) to evaluate appropriateness of the Project for the Grand Aid Scheme from a technical, social and economical point of view;
- (c) to confirm items agreed on by both parties concerning the basic concept of the Project;
- (d) to prepare a basic design of the Project;
- (e) to estimate cost involved in the Project.

The contents of the original request are not necessarily approved in their initial form as the contents of the Grant Aid Project. The Basic Design of the Project is confirmed considering the guidelines of Japan's Grant Aid Scheme.

The Government of Japan requests the Government of the recipient country to take whatever measures are necessary to ensure its self-reliance in the implementation of the Project. Such measures must be guaranteed even though they may fall outside of the jurisdiction of the organization in the recipient country actually implementing the Project. Therefore, the implementation of the Project is confirmed by all relevant organizations of the recipient country through the Minutes of Discussions.

(2) Selecting (a) Consulting Firm(s)

For smooth implementation of the study, JICA uses (a) consulting firm(s) registered. JICA selects (a) firm(s) through proposals submitted by firms which are interested. The



firm(s) selected carry(ies) out a Basic Design Study and write(s) a report, based upon terms of reference made by JICA.

The consulting firm(s) used for the study is(are) recommended by JICA to a recipient country after Exchange of Notes, in order to maintain technical consistency.

3. Japan's Grant Aid Scheme

(1) What is Grant Aid?

The Grant Aid provides a recipient country with non-reimbursable funds needed to procure facilities, equipment and services for economic and social development of the country under the following principles in accordance with relevant laws and regulations of Japan. The Grant Aid is not in a form of donation as such.

(2) Exchange of Notes (E/N)

The Japan's Grant Aid is extended in accordance with the Exchange of Notes by both Governments, in which the objectives of the Project, period of execution, conditions and amount of the Grant Aid, etc., are confirmed.

- (3) "The period of the Grant Aid" means Japanese single fiscal year which the Cabinet approves the Project for. Within the fiscal year, all procedure such as Exchange of Notes, concluding contracts with (a) consulting firm(s) and (a) contractor(s) and a final payment to them must be completed. However in case of delays in delivery, installation or construction due to unforeseen factors such as weather, the period of the Grant Aid can be further extended for a maximum of single fiscal year at most by mutual agreement between the two Governments.
- (4) Under the Grant, in principle, products and services of origins of Japan or the recipient country are to be purchased.

When the two Governments deem it necessary, the Grant may be used for the purchase of products or services of a third country origin.



M S J.Cf However the prime contractors, namely, consulting, construction and procurement firms, are limited to "Japanese nationals" (The term "Japanese nationals" means Japanese physical persons or Japanese juridical persons controlled by Japanese physical persons).

(5) Necessity of the "Verification"

The Government of the recipient country or its designated authority will conclude into contracts in Japanese yen with Japanese nationals. Those contracts shall be verified by the Government of Japan. The "Verification" is deemed necessary to secure accountability to Japanese taxpayers.

(6) Undertakings required to the Government of the Recipient Country

In the implementation of the Grant Aid project, the recipient country is required to undertake necessary measures such as the following:

- (a) to secure land necessary for the sites of the Project and to clear and level the land prior to commencement of the construction work,
- (b) to provide facilities for distribution of electricity, water supply and drainage and other incidental facilities in and around the sites.
- (c) to secure buildings prior to the installation work in case the Project is providing equipment,
- (d) to ensure all the expenses and prompt execution for unloading, customs clearance at the port of disembarkation and internal transportation of the products purchased under the Grant Aid,
- (e) to exempt Japanese nationals from customs duties, internal taxes and other fiscal levies which will be imposed in the recipient country with respect to the supply of the products and services under the verified contracts,
- (f) to accord Japanese nationals whose services may be required in connection with the supply of the products and services under the verified contracts, such facilities as may be necessary for their entry into the recipient country and stay therein for the performance of their work.



(7) Proper Use

The recipient country is required to maintain and use facilities constructed and equipment purchased under the Grant Aid properly and effectively and to assign staff necessary for their operation and maintenance as well as to bear all expenses other than those to be borne by the Grant Aid.

(8) Re-export

The products purchased under the Grant Aid shall not be re-exported from the recipient country.

(9) Banking Arrangement (B/A)

- (a) The Government of the recipient country or its designated authority shall open an account in the name of the Government of the recipient country in a bank in Japan (hereinafter referred to as "the Bank"). The Government of Japan will execute the Grant Aid by making payments in Japanese yen to cover the obligations incurred by Government of the recipient country or its designated authority under the contracts verified.
- (b) The payments will be made when payment requests are presented by the Bank to the Government of Japan under an Authorization to Pay issued by the Government of the recipient country or its designated authority.



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ANNEX - 4

MAJOR UNDERTAKINGS TO BE TAKEN BY EACH GOVERNMENTS

No.	Items	To be Covered	To be Covered
	A COMIS	by Grant Aid	by Recipient Country
1.	To secure land	Ofant Alu	O
2.	To clear, level and reclaim the site when needed		0
3.	To construct gates and fences in and around the site		0
4.	To bear the following commissions to the Japanese foreign exchange		
i .	bank for the banking services based upon the B/A		
1	1) Advising commission of A/P		0
	2) Payment commission	ĺ	ŏ
5.	To ensure unloading and customs clearance at port of disembarkation		
l	in the recipient country		
1	1) Marine (Air) transportation of the products from Japan to the		
	recipient country	•	
	2) Tax exemption and custom clearance of the products at the port		
	of disembarkation		0
	3) Internal transportation from the port of disembarkation to the		
6.	Project site		0
0.	To accord Japanese nationals whose services may be required in		
	connection with the supply of the products and the services under the		
	verified contract, such facilities as may be necessary for their entry into		0
	work.		
7.	To exempt Japanese nationals from customs duties, internal taxes and		
	other fiscal levies which may be imposed in the recipient country with		
	respect to the supply of the products and services under the verified		\circ
	contracts.		
8.	To maintain and use properly and effectively the facilities constructed		
	and equipment provided under the Grant Aid.		0
9.	To bear all the expenses, other than those to be borne by the Grant		
	necessary for construction of the facilities as well as for the		0
	transportation and installation of the equipment.	İ	
10.	To coordinate and solve any issues related to the Project which may be		
	raised from the third parties or inhabitants in the Project area during		\circ
	implementation of the Project.		

B/A: Banking Arrangement A/P: Authorization to Pay



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MINUTES OF DISCUSSIONS ON BASIC DESIGN STUDY ON THE RAILWAY REHABILITATION PROJECT IN MONGOLIA (EXPLANATION OF DRAFT REPORT)

In April 2000, the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA") dispatched a Basic Design Study Team on the Railway Rehabilitation Project (hereinafter referred to as "the Project") to the Mongolia, and through discussion, field survey, and technical examination of the results in Japan, JICA prepared a draft report of the study.

In order to explain and to consult Mongolian side on the components of the draft report, JICA sent to Mongolia the Draft Report Explanation Team (hereinafter referred to as "the Team"), which is headed by Mr. Keizo Kagawa, Deputy Director, Tohoku Branch Office, JICA, from August 1 to August 11, 2000.

As a result of discussions, both parties confirmed the main items described on the attached sheets.

Ulaanbaatar, August 9, 2000

Keizo KAGAWA

Leader,

Draft Report Explanation Team,

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JICA

Rentsen BUD

Director General,

Strategic Planning & Integrated Policy

Department,

Ministry/of Infrastructure Development

Luvsandash DASHDORJ

Head.

Fiscal Policy Department,

Ministry of Finance

Jigjid NYAMAA
Chief Engineer,

Mongolian Railway

Anya MUNKHBAT

Director,

Foreign Trade and Economic

Cooperation Department,

Ministry of External Relations

ATTACHMENT

1. Components of the Draft Report

The Government of Mongolia agreed and accepted in principle the components of the draft report explained by the Team.

2. Japan's Grant Aid Scheme

The Mongolian side understands the Japan's Grant Aid Scheme and the necessary measures to be taken by the Government of Mongolia as explained by the Team and as described in ANNEX-3 and ANNEX-4 of the Minutes of Discussions signed by both parties on April 13, 2000.

3. Schedule of the Study

JICA will complete the final report in accordance with the confirmed item and send it to the Government of Mongolia by November, 2000.

4. Other Relevant Issues

- The Mongolian side shall ensure enough budget and personnel to operate and maintain the (1) facilities after the completion of the Project.
- The Mongolian side will execute formalities related to the environmental approval of the (2) Government of Mongolia for smooth implementation of the Project by the end of October, 2000.
- The Mongolian Railway shall take necessary measures for usage of the land necessary for (3)the Project.
- The Mongolian Railway shall coordinate and solve any issues related to the Project which (4) may be raised from third parties or inhabitants in the Project area during implementation of the Project.
- The Mongolian side promised to exempt Japanese juridical and physical nationals engaged (5) in the Project from customs duties, internal taxes including VAT, and other fiscal levies which may be imposed in Mongolia regarding the supply of products and services under the verified contracts.

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ANNEX - 3

Japan's Grant Aid Program

- 1. Japan's Grant Aid Procedures
- The Japan's Grant Aid is executed by the following procedures. (1)
 - Application (request made by a recipient country)
 - Study (Preparatory Study / Basic Design Study conducted by JICA)
 - Appraisal & Approval (Appraisal by the Government of Japan and Approval by the Cabinet of Japan)
 - Determination of Implementation (Exchange of Notes between the Governments of Japan and the recipient country)
 - Implementation (Implementation of the Project)
- (2) Firstly, an application or a request for a Project submitted by the recipient country is examined by the Government of Japan (the Ministry of Foreign Affairs) to determine whether or not it is suitable for Japan's Grant Aid. If the request is deemed appropriate, the Government of Japan entrusts a study on the request to JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency).

Secondly, JICA conducts the study (Basic Design Study), using a Japanese consulting firm(s). If the background and objective of the requested project are not clear, a Preparatory Study is conducted prior to a Basic Design Study.

Thirdly, the Government of Japan appraises the Project to see whether or not the Project is suitable for Japan's Grant Aid Program, based on the Basic Design Study report prepared by JICA and the results are then submitted for approval by the Cabinet.

Fourthly, the project approved by the Cabinet becomes official when pledges by the Exchange of Notes signed by the both Governments.

Finally, for the implementation of the Project, JICA assists the recipient country in preparing contracts and so on.

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Basic Design Study 2.

(1) Contents of the Study

The purpose of the Study (Preparatory Study / Basic Design Study) conducted on a Project requested by JICA is to provide a basic document necessary for appraisal of the Project by the Japanese Government. The contents of the Study are as follows:

- (a) to confirm background, objectives, benefits of the Project and also institutional capacity of agencies concerned of the recipient country necessary for Project implementation;
- (b) to evaluate appropriateness of the Project for the Grand Aid Scheme from a technical, social and economical point of view;
- to confirm items agreed on by both parties concerning the basic concept of the (c) Project;
- to prepare a basic design of the Project;
- (e) to estimate cost involved in the Project.

The contents of the original request are not necessarily approved in their initial form as the contents of the Grant Aid Project. The Basic Design of the Project is confirmed considering the guidelines of Japan's Grant Aid Scheme.

The Government of Japan requests the Government of the recipient country to take whatever measures are necessary to ensure its self-reliance in the implementation of the Project. Such measures must be guaranteed even though they may fall outside of the jurisdiction of the organization in the recipient country actually implementing the Project. Therefore, the implementation of the Project is confirmed by all relevant organizations of the recipient country through the Minutes of Discussions.

(2) Selecting (a) Consulting Firm(s)

For smooth implementation of the study, JICA uses (a) consulting firm(s) registered. JICA selects (a) firm(s) through proposals submitted by firms which are interested. The

sted. The

firm(s) selected carry(ies) out a Basic Design Study and write(s) a report, based upon terms of reference made by JICA.

The consulting firm(s) used for the study is(are) recommended by JICA to a recipient country after Exchange of Notes, in order to maintain technical consistency.

3. Japan's Grant Aid Scheme

(1) What is Grant Aid?

The Grant Aid provides a recipient country with non-reimbursable funds needed to procure facilities, equipment and services for economic and social development of the country under the following principles in accordance with relevant laws and regulations of Japan. The Grant Aid is not in a form of donation as such.

(2) Exchange of Notes (E/N)

The Japan's Grant Aid is extended in accordance with the Exchange of Notes by both Governments, in which the objectives of the Project, period of execution, conditions and amount of the Grant Aid, etc., are confirmed.

- "The period of the Grant Aid" means Japanese single fiscal year which the Cabinet approves (3) the Project for. Within the fiscal year, all procedure such as Exchange of Notes, concluding contracts with (a) consulting firm(s) and (a) contractor(s) and a final payment to them must be completed. However in case of delays in delivery, installation or construction due to unforeseen factors such as weather, the period of the Grant Aid can be further extended for a maximum of single fiscal year at most by mutual agreement between the two Governments.
- (4) Under the Grant, in principle, products and services of origins of Japan or the recipient country are to be purchased.

When the two Governments deem it necessary, the Grant may be used for the purchase oducts or services of a third country origin ps. Pol of products or services of a third country origin.

However the prime contractors, namely, consulting, construction and procurement firms, are limited to "Japanese nationals" (The term "Japanese nationals" means Japanese physical persons or Japanese juridical persons controlled by Japanese physical persons).

(5) Necessity of the "Verification"

The Government of the recipient country or its designated authority will conclude into contracts in Japanese yen with Japanese nationals. Those contracts shall be verified by the Government of Japan. The "Verification" is deemed necessary to secure accountability to Japanese taxpayers.

(6) Undertakings required to the Government of the Recipient Country

In the implementation of the Grant Aid project, the recipient country is required to undertake necessary measures such as the following:

- (a) to secure land necessary for the sites of the Project and to clear and level the land prior to commencement of the construction work,
- (b) to provide facilities for distribution of electricity, water supply and drainage and other incidental facilities in and around the sites,
- (c) to secure buildings prior to the installation work in case the Project is providing equipment,
- (d) to ensure all the expenses and prompt execution for unloading, customs clearance at the port of disembarkation and internal transportation of the products purchased under the Grant Aid,
- (e) to exempt Japanese nationals from customs duties, internal taxes and other fiscal levies which will be imposed in the recipient country with respect to the supply of the products and services under the verified contracts,
- (f) to accord Japanese nationals whose services may be required in connection with the supply of the products and services under the verified contracts, such facilities as may be necessary for their entry into the recipient country and stay therein for the performance of their work.

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(7) Proper Use

The recipient country is required to maintain and use facilities constructed and equipment purchased under the Grant Aid properly and effectively and to assign staff necessary for their operation and maintenance as well as to bear all expenses other than those to be borne by the Grant Aid.

(8) Re-export

The products purchased under the Grant Aid shall not be re-exported from the recipient country.

(9) Banking Arrangement (B/A)

- The Government of the recipient country or its designated authority shall open an (a) account in the name of the Government of the recipient country in a bank in Japan (hereinafter referred to as "the Bank"). The Government of Japan will execute the Grant Aid by making payments in Japanese yen to cover the obligations incurred by Government of the recipient country or its designated authority under the contracts verified.
- The payments will be made when payment requests are presented by the Bank to the Government of Japan under an Authorization to Pay issued by the Government of the recipient country or its designated authority.

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MAJOR UNDERTAKINGS TO BE TAKEN BY EACH GOVERNMENTS

No.	Items	To be Covered by Grant Aid	To be Covered by Recipient Country
1.	To secure land		0
2.	To clear, level and reclaim the site when needed		O
3.	To construct gates and fences in and around the site		О
4.	To bear the following commissions to the Japanese foreign exchange		
	bank for the banking services based upon the B/A		
	1) Advising commission of A/P		O
<u></u>	2) Payment commission		0
5.	To ensure unloading and customs clearance at port of disembarkation		
1	in the recipient country		
	1) Marine (Air) transportation of the products from Japan to the		
	recipient country		
	Tax exemption and custom clearance of the products at the port of disembarkation		0
	3) Internal transportation from the port of disembarkation to the		
	Project site		0
6.	To accord Japanese nationals whose services may be required in		
"	connection with the supply of the products and the services under the		
}	verified contract, such facilities as may be necessary for their entry into		0
1	the recipient country and stay therein for the performance of their		
	work.		
7.	To exempt Japanese nationals from customs duties, internal taxes and		
	other fiscal levies which may be imposed in the recipient country with		
	respect to the supply of the products and services under the verified		0
	contracts.		
8.	To maintain and use properly and effectively the facilities constructed		
ļ	and equipment provided under the Grant Aid.		0
9.	To bear all the expenses, other than those to be borne by the Grant,		_
	necessary for construction of the facilities as well as for the		0
	transportation and installation of the equipment.		
10.	To coordinate and solve any issues related to the Project which may be		
	raised from the third parties or inhabitants in the Project area during		0
	implementation of the Project.	1	

B/A: Banking Arrangement A/P: Authorization to Pay

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Appendix 5. References

5-1 Hydrological & Meteorological Data

- 1. Position of Meteorological Stations
- 2. Average Air Temperature (1961-1998)
- 3. Maximum Air Temperature (1961-1998)
- 4. Minimum Air Temperature (1961-1998)
- 5. Average Monthly Precipitation (1961-1998)
- 6. Maximum Dairy Precipitation (1961-1998)
- 7. Average Rainy days (1961-1998)
- 8. Maximum Precipitation (1961-1998)
- 9. Maximum Minutely Precipitation (1961-1998)
- 1 0. Maximum Dairy Precipitation for Various Recurrence Intervals
- 1 1. Average Wind Velocity (1961-1998)
- 1 2. Maximum Wind Velocity (1961-1998)
- 1 3. Average Humidity (1961-1998)
- 1 4. Average Discharge and Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals in Normal Times
- 1 5. Average Discharge and Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals in Rainy Season
- 1 6. Average Discharge and Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals in Snowmelt Season

1. Position of Meteorological Stations

Š.	Station	Establishment	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude (m)
-	Sukhebaatar	1965.	50°.14'	1060.11	621
2.	Darkhan	1983.	49°.28′	1050.59	707
က်	Baruunharaa	1939.	48°.55'	1060.047	807
4.	Zuunharaa	1965.	480,557	106°.52′	861
5.	Ulaanbaatar	1965.	470.56	106°.59′	1306
9.	Buyant-Uhaa	1936.	470,51	106°.45′	1979
7.	Maanvt	1956.	470,187	1070 29'	1420

2. Average Air Temperature (1961-1998)

)	_	Ŧ						-19.1 0.1 -19.4 -0.2 -20.6 -0.7 -21.8 -1.3 -19.3 -1.0
	L	_	_		+	\bot		-10.4 -10.8 -9.0 -2.0 -11.1 -13.1
		<u> </u>		T	++	+++		1.6 0.6 -0.2 -1.1
	Sep.	6.6		9.6	9.6	9.8	9.9	9.6 9.3 8.8 8.4 7.5
	Aug.	17.0		16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8 16.4 15.7	16.8 16.4 15.7 15.1 14.8
	Jul.	19.2		18.9	18.9	18.5	18.5 17.9 17.1	18.5 17.9 17.1 16.7
	Jun.	16.9		15.5	16.4	16.3	16.4 16.3 14.8	16.4 16.3 14.8 14.7
	May	11.1	0 7 7	11.3	10.9	10.0	10.9	11.3 10.9 10.0 9.5
	Apr.	3.4	0	0.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8 2.1 1.1 0.5
	Mar.	-7.0	89-	2.5	-7.8	-7.8	-7.8 -8.9 -8.3	-7.8 -8.9 -8.3 -9.5
	Feb.	-18.4	-18.7		-20.4	-20.4	-20.4 -21.1 -17.3	-20.4 -21.1 -17.3
	Jan.	-22.8	-23.9		-24.5	-24.5	-24.5 -24.2 -21.7	-24.5 -24.2 -21.7 -24.8
	Station	Sukhebaatar	Darkhan		Baruunharaa	Baruunharaa Zuunharaa	Baruunharaa Zuunharaa Ulaanbaatar	Baruunharaa Zuunharaa Ulaanbaatar Buyant-Uhaa
	Š.	-	N		ဧ	8 4	8 4 3	ю 4 с 9

3. Maximum Air Temperature (1961-1998)

														C : LIND	
No.	Station	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	lar. Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual/Day	
-	Sukhebaatar	-2.8	8.0	19.8	30.5	35.0	37.0	40.5		29.7	27.0	11.6	12.3	12.3 40.5 /1992.7.3	
7	Darkhan	-2.0	8.3	21.5	27.8	36.5	40.4	43.0		30.0	27.2	13.7	7.0	43.0 /1999.7.24	
3	Baruunharaa	1.9	9.0	21.5	29.8	36.0	37.5	43.0	36.4	31.6	27.0	14.1	8.4	43.0 /1999 7 24	
4	Zuunharaa	-0.2	6.2	17.2	30.0	34.5	36.5	40.0	35.0	30.2	26.9	15.1	4.0	40.0 /1977 7 16	
5	Ulaanbaatar	-1.8	8.5	18.3	25.0	31.6	34.5	38.0	34.6	29.1	22.5	13.0	6.1	38.0 /1999 7 24	
9	Buyant-Uhaa	-1.9	9.8	17.0	25.5	34.7	34.7	38.0	36.9	30.8	24.1	12.9	7.3	38.0 /1999.7.24	
7	Maanyt	-0.5	6.7	16.3	23.4	33.2	35.2	39.4	35.8	28.3		1	7.0	39.4 /1972.7.12	

4. Minimum Air Temperature (1961-1998)

Station	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	No.	Dec	Annual/Day
Sukhebaatar	-42.9	-43.0	-36.1	-25.1	-9.4	-3.0	3.1	-1.4	-8.5	-23.1	-33.1	-40.9	-43.0 /1969.2 21
Darkhan	-42.4	-40.9	-38.7	-24.3	-9.7	-6.5	-0.4	0.0	-10.6	-21.9	-36.3	-40.3	-42.4 /1998.1.16
Baruunharaa	-45.7	-43.7	-37.7	-23.1	-10.4	-6.7	-8.7	-2.3	-10.2	-24.5	-37.4	-42.8	-45.7 /1967 1 14
Zuunharaa	-47.2	-42.4	-40.3	-22.9	-9.8	-3.9	-0.7	-3.6	-9.5	-22.5	-36.6	-43.1	
Jlaanbaatar	9.66-	-37.3	-33.0	-26.1	-10.4	-3.1	-0.2	-3.3	-13.5	-22.5	-33.1	-38.5	-39.6 /1979 1.30
Buyant-Uhaa	-44.2	-42.7	-35.1	-24.7	-16.1	-6.5	-3.0	-5.6	-18.0	-32.4	-38.5	-41.6	-44 2 /1998 1 13
Maanyt	-44.7	-45.4	-39.0	-34.9		-7.4	-2.5	-4.1	-18.0	-30 4	-37.5	-45.7	-45 7 /1966 12 2E

5. Average Monthly Precipitation (1961-1998)

Š.	Station	Jan.	Jan. Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Nov Mar. Apr Oct. Annual	Apr Oct.	Annual
														Total	Total	Total
-	Sukhebaatar	3.1	2.3	2.9	10.1	17.9	52.9	76.8	69.4	35.6	10.1	5.7		17.0	272.9	289.9
7	Darkhan	4.5	2.9	3.2	9.6	19.9	58.1	83.8	82.7	38.7	13.5	5.0	۱.			327.1
က	Baruunharaa	3.6	3.0	3.9	8.5	17.7	54.4	82.4	74.2	36.2	11.0	5.8			284.9	305.9
4	Zuunharaa	2.3	2.1	3.1	10.3	19.0	59.3	84.4	80.3	30.7	10.2	2.7				307.6
2	Ulaanbaatar	1.7	1.9	3.2	7.7	13.1	48.4	74.4	70.5	30.2	8.4	4.4	_	14.1		266.9
ဖ	Buyant-Uhaa	1.2	1.7	2.6	7.9	12.2	47.7	71.0	65.5	29.0	6.7	3.7	١.			251.9
7	Maanyt	0.7	1.2	1.6	5.0	11.6	39.9	71.8	6 5.0 11.6 39.9 71.8 66.9 23.3 5.4 3.3 1.4	23.3	5.4	3.3 1.4	1.4			232.1

6. Maximum Dairy Precipitation (1961-1998)

1				,											UNIT: mm
Š.	Station		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Ang.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
I _	Sukhebaatar		6.0	7.7	11.2	17.5	38.9	40.1	49.4	51.7	35.6	19.8	10.7	6.5	51.7
		Year	1972	1973	1973	1967	1997	1990	1975	1990	1969	1967	1994	1965	1990.8.7
0	Darkhan		8.9	3.8	6.6	13.4	37.1	43.4	56.9	68.3	30.7	15.8	11.0	7.7	68.3
- 1		Year	1987	1996	1993	1994	1988	1990	1997	1996	1994	1998	1984	1996	1996.8.9
က	Baruunharaa	:I	10.2	12.1	12.3	24.8	25.8	57.4	9.92	43.4	37.7	22.8	17.7	0.9	76.6
		Year	1984	1970	1968	1997	1968	1990	1991	1985	1994	1969	1965	1964	1991.7.27
4	Zuunharaa		3.0	4.0	8.0	19.0	21.0	67.8	44.0	39.0	29.0	18.0	5.0	4.0	67.8
		Year	1972	1970	1968	1967	1965	1978	1965	1969	1975	1969	1965	1972	1978.6.28.
2	Ulaanbaatar	1	2.0	3.9	6.7	14.3	29.4	45.4	51.4	51.7	36.0	14.2	5.6	8.0	51.7
1		Year	1994	1993	1981	1979	1978	1992	1984	1984	1975	1984	1972	1969	1984.7.27
9	Buyant-Uhaa	I	3.1	4.0	5.2	25.6	23.0	74.9	60.1	48.8	34.2	12.9	6.9	5.4	74.9
		Year	1978	1976	1987	1979	1980	1967	1995	1994	1991	1994	1993	1978	1967.6.27
	7 Maanyt		2.4	2.5	4.4	8.9	27.2	55.3	51.0	43.5	30.0	12.5	7.1	3.8	55.3
- 1		Year	1974	1971	1971	1979	1991	1967	1993	1961	1973	1993	1961	1967	1967.6.16.

7. Average Rainy days (1961-1998)

UNIT: Day	Annual	29	65	58	54	62	49
	Oct.	9	7	9	4	9	4
	Sep.	10	10	0	8	o	7
	Aug.	15	16	14	14	16	14
	Jul.	17	17	16	17	18	13
•	Jun.	14	15	13	11	13	1
	Station	Sukhebaatar	Darkhan	Baruunharaa	Zuunharaa	Ulaanbaatar	Maanyt
	No.	1	2	3	4	5	9

8. Maximum Precipitation (1961-1998)

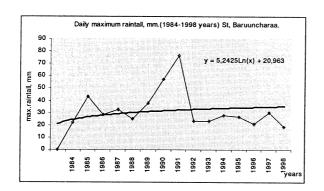
								5	UNIT: mm/min.
No.	Station	5'	10,	20'	40,	-09	-06	1440	2880'
	Darkhan	6.4	8.0	12.0	16.4	18.8	19.2	48.0	68.7
2.	Baruunharaa	12.9	13.9	20.4	22.8	32.1	45.8	93.2	93.2
დ	Ulaanbaatar	6.4	10.0	12.8	15.3	15.3	15.3	51.7	62.1
4	Maanyt	9.1	16.3	19.0	23.1	29.9	35.0	62.5	65.6

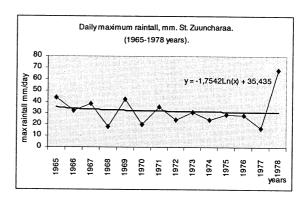
9. Maximum Minutely Precipitation (1961-1998)

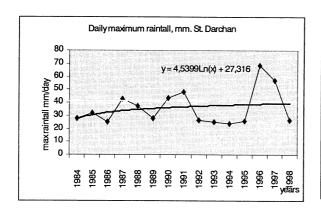
						5		
No.	Station	May	Jun.	Juľ.	Aug.	Sep.	Annual	
- -	Sukhebaatar	0.08	0.25	0.82	0.58	0.05	0.82	
2.	Darkhan	0.70	1.68	1.05	1.72	0.80	1.72	
Э.	Baruunharaa	0.27	0.46	1.85	0.70	0.29	1.85	
4.	Ulaanbaatar	0.13	1.12	1.28	1.00	0.40	1.28	
5.	Buyant-Uhaa	0.05	0.43	0.43	0.23	0.33	0.45	
6.	Maanyt	0.15	0.58	1.22	1.12	0.41	1.22	

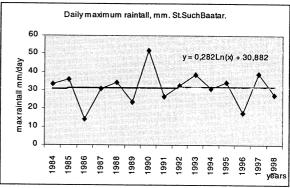
10. Maximum Dairy Precipitation for Various Recurrence Intervals

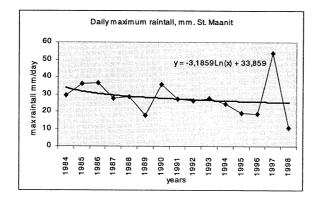
				n Dairy Recui [mm			
	Year	100	50	20	10	5	2
Station							
Sukhebaatar		65	51	49	44	38	32
Darkhan		75	70	60	43	40	31
Baruunharaa		80	75	55	41	39	26
Zuunharaa		70	65	45	42	40	31
Ulaanbaatar		80	75	63	47	38	29
Maanyt		64	60	55	42	36	29

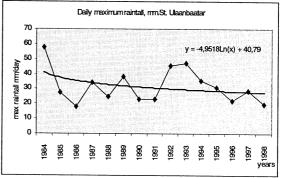












11. Average Wind Velocity (1961-1998)

	Station	Jan.	Jan. Feb.	Mar	Anr	Int. and. VeM	u i	Ξ	Διια	Son	į	N	200	Nov Dec Appril
\dashv						,			3	<u>i</u>	;	·		
\dashv	Sukhebaatar	1.0	1.3	1.6	2.7					l	1.4	1.2	6.0	1.6
\dashv	Darkhan	0.7		1.6	2.6	2.9	2.5	1.9	4.1	2.0	1.9	1.6		1.8
\dashv	Baruunharaa	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.9	3.1	l			1	1		1.6	2.1
-	Zuunharaa	0.7		1.4	2.4	2.5	1		ı		l	1.2	0.8	1.5
-	Ulaanbaatar	1.4	1	2.7	3.5	3.6							1	2.5
	Buyant-Uhaa			2.4	3.8	4.0	1			1	i	1	1	2.3
	Maanyt			3.4	4.6	4.9			1	1	1	1	1	3.5

12. Maximum Wind Velocity (1961-1998)

															UNIT: m/s
Š.	Station	_	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual /Dav
-	Sukhebaatar		16	14	18	24	24	18	18	24	16	18	16	16	24
		Year	1967	1975	1991	1998	1993	1991	1992	1974	1993	1976	1993	1976	1974.8.13
0	Darkhan		14	20	14	20	24	18	14	20	18	23	14	21	24
		Year	1988	1992	1990	1992	1985	1990	1996	1993	1989	1991	1993	1989	1985.5.5.
ო	Baruunharaa		18	18	50	24	24	18	16	16	18	17	18	18	24
		Year	1966	1968	1964	1988	1990	1979	1989	1968	1967	1971	1965	1992	1990.5.15.
4	Ulaanbaatar		18	30	19	24	20	18	15	14	16	18	16	20	30
		Year	1988	1998	1981	1986	1983	1984	1982	1995	1983	1993	1989	1997	1998.2.29.
2	Buyant-Uhaa		12	14	20	58	20	40	20	17	17	17	17	13	40
		Year	1990	1998	1975	1972	1986	1949	1976	1983	1987	1987	1991	1996	1949.6.20.
9	Maanyt		18	17	20	24	18	50	16	20	16	18	18	24	24
		Year	1995	1968	1967	1968	1994	1990	1989	1965	1993	1976	1976	1965	1968.4.21.

13. Average Humidity (1961-1998)

													\supset	WIT: %
No.	Station	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
-	Sukhebaatar	92	73	62	48	47	22	67	89	99	65	72	76	65
2	Darkhan	84	81	69	51	49	62	73	92	72	69	77	83	70
3	Baruunharaa	77	22	63	49	46	99	65	29	64	63	20	77	64
4	Zuunharaa	79	22	29	54	51	61	71	73	70	70	73	79	69
5	Ulaanbaatar	77	72	61	51	47	22	အ	65	62	61	20	12	63
9	Buyant-Uhaa	80	77	64	54	20	69	69	71	89	29	77	81	67
7	Maanyt	22	74	65	54	50	58	99	89	64	ၽ	73	78	99
											1		-	

14. Average Discharge and Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals in Normal Times

		Doriog	River	River Basin	Obcient	Standar	Discharg	e for Var	Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals (m³/s)	urrence l	ntervals
o Ž	River – Position	(Year)	Area (km²)	Average Altitude	(m ₃ /s)	d (m³/s)	100 Year	20 Year	10 Year	4 Year	2 Year
_	Selenge—Hutag Vil.	24	69800	1909	140	142	325	243	208	161	126
7	Selenge – Sukhebaatar	13	281700	1316	348	439	809	587	260	481	348
က	Orhon - Orhon /Bulgan Pre.	53	23600	1900	46.8	46.8	98,5	79.8	70.07	55	42.8
4	Tuul – Ulaanbaatar	53	6300	1852	28	28.3	70	66.8	53.8	36.5	23.5
2	Haraa – Baruunharaa	45	9580	1331	10.5	10.5	33	23.1	18.8	13.2	8.89
9	Haraa-Darkhan	2	11928	1	18.3	15.4	,				
^	Yeroo – Dulaanhaan	13	2930	696	2.09		8.1	5.48	4.36	2 87	1 74

15. Average Discharge and Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals in Rainy Season

UNIT: m³/s

Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals Year Year (m^3/s) Year Year Year Average (m³/s) 89.1 Year Maximum (m^3/s) Ø Orhon - Orhon /Bulgan Pre. Haraa – Baruunharaa Yeroo - Dulaanhaan Selenge - Hutag Vil. Tuul - Ulaanbaatar River-Position Š N က

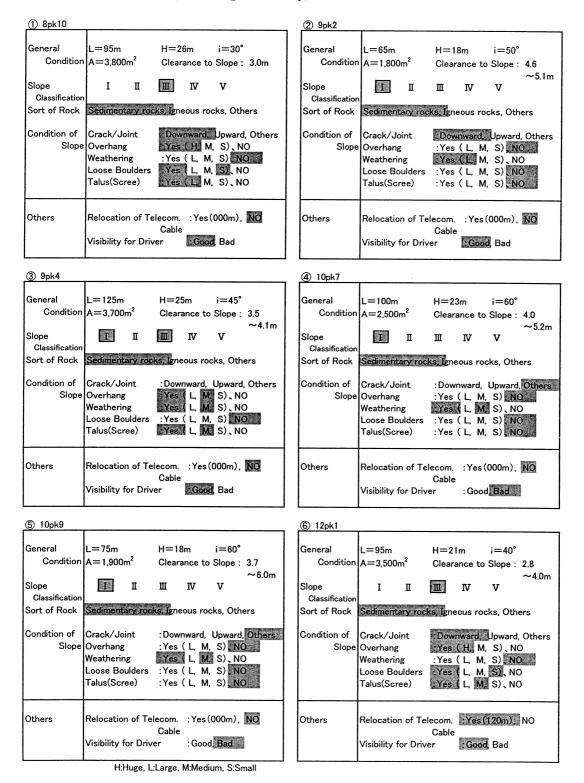
16. Average Discharge and Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals in Snowmelt Season

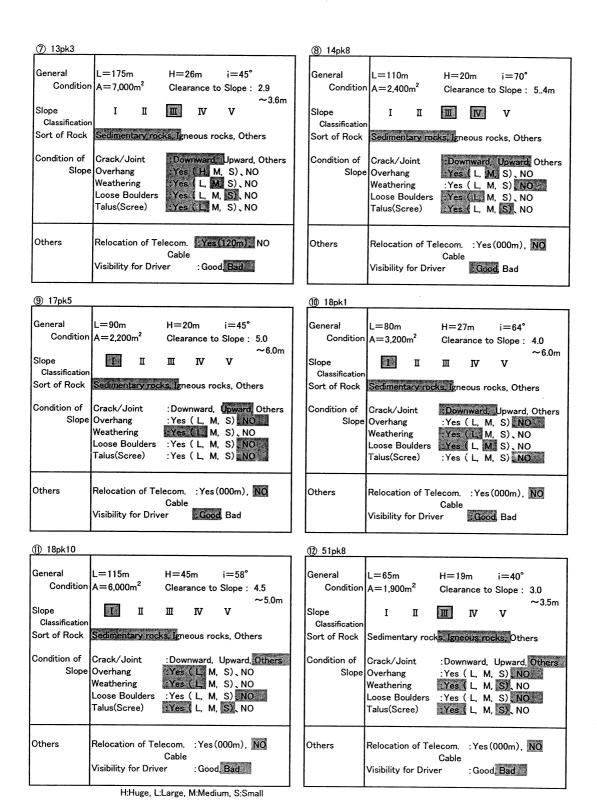
Discharge for Various Recurrence Intervals Year 195 Year Year Year Year Average (m³/s) 27.5 95.2 Year Maximum (m^3/s) g Orhon - Orhon /Bulgan Pre. Haraa – Baruunharaa Yeroo-Dulaanhaan Tuul-Ulaanbaatar Selenge -- Hutag Vil River-Position

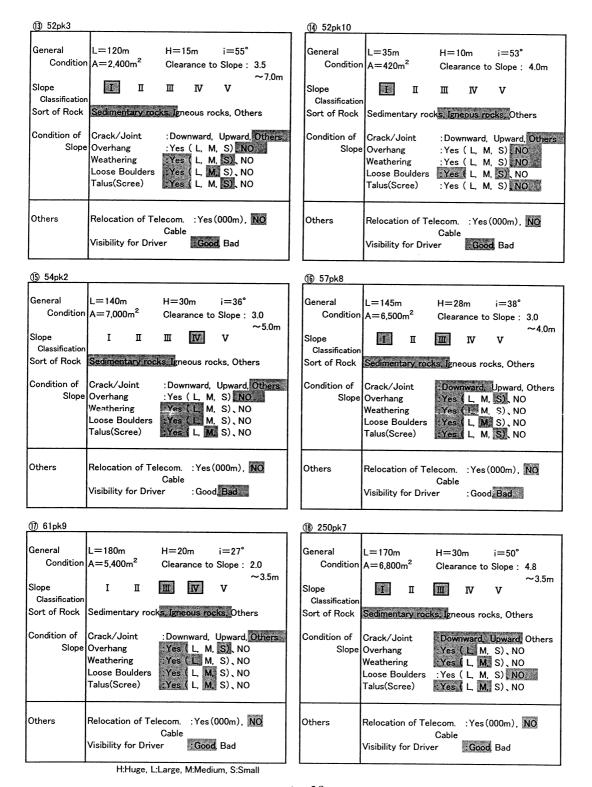
Š.

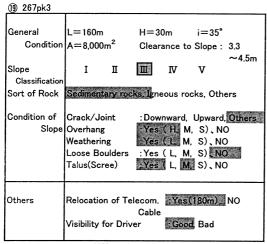
2 8 4 5

5-2 Soundness Analysis (Slope Stability)

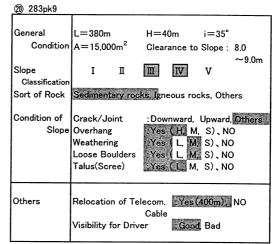








H:Huge, L:Large, M:Medium, S:Small



5-3 Soundness Analysis (bridge)

①235PK3+5

						s	upers	tructi	ıre					
			Ma	in Gi	rder				c	Over	hangi	ng Sla	ь	
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	M	S)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	5)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	8)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	5)	No

							Subst	ructu	re					
			A	butm	ent						Pier			
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Scour	Yes	7	L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No

②245PK10

	<u></u>					S	upers	tructi	ire					
			Ma	in Gi	rder				(Ver	hangi	ng Sla	ь	
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	5)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	14	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	7	L.	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No

	\vdash					_	Subst	ructu	re_					
			A	outm	ent						Pier			
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	8)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S.)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Scour	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	7	L	м	s)	No

3255PK3

		_				Sı	pers	truct	ure					
			Mai	n G	irder			l	0	vert	angi	ng SI	ab	
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	5)	No	Yes	(L	M	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	M	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	5)	No	Yes	7	L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	M	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	M	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	м	5)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No

	_					S	ubst	ructu	re					
			AŁ	utm	ent						Pier			
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Scour	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No

@285PK1

	L_					S	upers'	tructi	ure					
			Ma	in G	irder				0	verh	angi	ng Sl	ab	
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	м	s	7	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	м	s	7	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	7	L	М	S)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	5.)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	м	s	7	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	7	L	м	. S.)	No

						8	Subst	ructu	re					
			AŁ	utm	ent						Pier			
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s	7	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Scour	Yes	(м		٦	No	Vac	7		м		$\overline{}$	NI-

\$289PK1

						Sι	pers	truct	ure					
			Ma	in Gi	rder				0	vert	nangi	ng S	lab	
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	M	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L.	М	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No

						٤	Subst	ructu	re					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Al	outm	ent			L			Pie	r		
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	5)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Score	Yes	(L	м	s)		Yee	(L	м	s)	***

6334PK3

						Su	pers	truct	ure					
			Ma	in G	irder				0	vert	nangi	ng Si	ab	
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	\$)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	M	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	M	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	7	L	М	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	5)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	7	L	М	s)	No

							Subst	ructu	re					
			AŁ	utn	nent						Pie	r		
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s	<u>,</u>	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s	<u>,</u>	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	·S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S	<u>,</u>	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s	5	No
Scar	Yes	(L	м	160)	No	Yee	(м	s	,	#4

⑦338PK10

						Sι	pers	truct	ure					
			Mai	n G	irder				0	verh	angi	ng SI	ab	
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S	<u> </u>	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S	7	No
Fissility	Yes	(I.	м	s	7	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	7	L	м	S)	No

			Sub	stru	cture		
	_		AŁ	utm	ent		
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s	•)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Scour	Yes	7	L	м	s)	No

<u>®344PK1</u>

	L_					Su	pers	tructi	ure					
			Ma	in Gi	rder				0	vert	angir	ng Sl	ab	
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	M	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S.)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(ī	м	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	7	L	м	S)	No

	L	_	Sub	struc	ture		
			AŁ				
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	N
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	Ne
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	Si)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Scour	Yes	7		м	•	1	41.

9349PK10

	L					Su	pers	tructi	ure											
			Ma	in Gi	rder			L	0	verh	angi	ng Sla	S) N S) N S) N S) N							
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No						
Isolation	Yes	(L	M	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No						
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No						
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No						
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No						
Crack	Yes	(L	М	5)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No						
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No						
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No						

						ructu	re							
			ΑŁ	utm	ent						Pie	r		
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	N
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	Nk
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s	7	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Scour	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L,	М	s)	No

@356PK1

	L		Superstructure													
	1	Main Girder Overhanging S											ab			
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No		
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No		
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No		
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No		
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No		
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No		
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	5-)	No		
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No		

	Substructure														
	Abutment Pier														
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	
Crack	Yes	(L	М	ıs,)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	
Janka	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	
Scour	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	

①438PK7

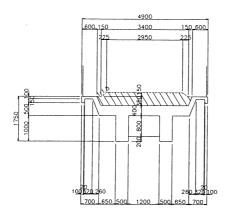
	_					S	upers	truct	ure					
		Main Girder Overhanging												
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	м	S	7	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	м	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	М	s	7	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No

	_					S	ubst	ructu	re					
			ΑŁ	utm	ent		Pier							
Reinforced Concrete Exposure	Yes	(L	М	S	,)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Isolation	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Leakage of Water	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Omission Dropping	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	s)	No
Fissility	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	s)	No
Crack	Yes	(L	М	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No
Janka	Yes	(L	м	S)	No	Yes	(L	м	S.)	No
Check Hammer	Yes	(L	М	s)	No	Yes	(L	М	S)	No
Frost Heave	Yes	(L	M	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	8)	No
Scour	Yes	(L	M	s)	No	Yes	(L	м	S)	No

5-4 Basic Design (Bridge)

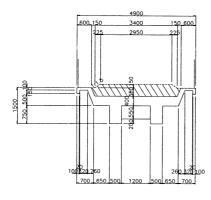
1) Bridge beam Section

①. 235pk3+5 ②. 245pk10 ④. 285pk1 (Upper Beam Repair)



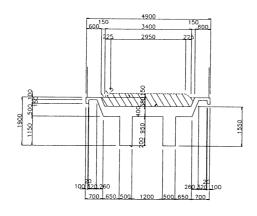
Section in bridge of current state

③. 255pk3 ⑩. 356pk10 (Upper Beam Repair)

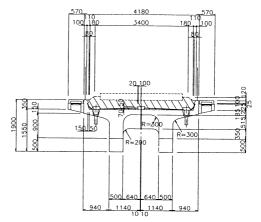


Section in bridge of current state

⑤. 289 p k 1 (Replacement of Beam)

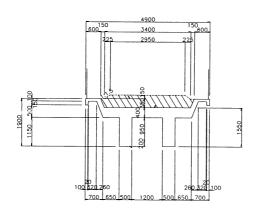


Section in bridge of current state



Section in bridge of replacement

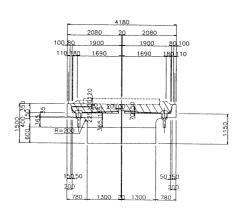
(6). 3 3 4 p k 3 (Upper Beam Repair))Section in bridge of current state

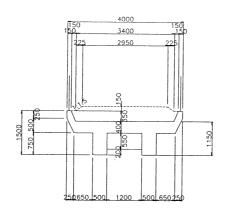


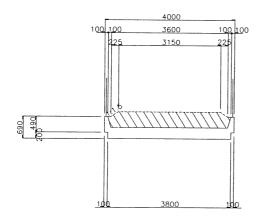
⑦. 3 3 8 p k 1 0 8. 3 4 4 p k 1 (Replacement)

Section in bridge of current state

Section in bridge of replacement







5-5 Basic Design (Drainage)

