

TS – 09250 – GYPSUM PANEL

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This work shall cover the furnishing and installation of all gypsum panel and frames for the work as indicated in the Drawings and/or herein after specified.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. Australian Standard (AS).
- b. American Standard for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
- c. Technical Specification AR 0602 Carpentry.
- d. Technical Specification AR 0914 – Painting.

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

Samples and Technical Data

Samples and technical data of materials to be used shall be submitted to the Engineer to be approved, prior to delivery to the site.

Shop Drawings

Prior to installation, Contractor shall prepare and submit Shop Drawings to be approved by the Engineer.

Shop Drawings shall consist of type of materials, dimension, sizes, quantity of materials, detail of connection, detail of installation and other details to be required to complete the installation.

Handling and Storage

Gypsum panel shall be delivered to the site immediately prior to installation to reduce the risk of damage.

Gypsum panel shall be stacked neatly and supported properly on strong level bearer spaced at 450 mm centres, with end bearers not more than 150 mm from ends of stack.

Gypsum panel shall be stored under cover off the ground on a level surface and adequately protected from the weather.

4.0 MATERIALS

4.1 Gypsum Panel

Gypsum panel shall be from a product having *control density* technology and having minimum thickness and sizes as indicated in the Drawings, such as CSR, Jayaboard or approved equal.

Gypsum panel shall consist of the followings :

- a. Standard type for rooms with ordinary treatment, which complying with AS 2588-1983.
- b. Water resistant type for wet area which complying with AS 3740-1989 and ASTM C630.

4.2 Jointing Cement

Jointing cement for gypsum panel shall be in accordance with the manufacturer.

4.3 Fasteners

Fasteners such as screw from the type in accordance with the type of installation shall be as recommended by the gypsum panel manufacturer and complying with AS 2589-1983.

4.4 Miscellaneous Accessories

Other accessories for installing gypsum panel, such as mentioned below, shall be as recommended by the gypsum panel manufacturer :

- Adhesive,
- Perforated tape,
- Prime coat specially for gypsum panel surfaces,
- And other as required to complete the installation.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 General

Prior to installation, Contractor shall check the elevation, the alignment of the surfaces, partial area, sizes and type of construction and/or installation against the specified Drawings.

Installation of gypsum panel and its accessories shall be in accordance with the manufacturer instruction manual.

Edge type of gypsum panel, whether recessed or square, shall be selected based on the type of installation as shown in the Drawings.

5.2 Installation

Frames for gypsum panel to be installed for ceiling, partition or other places as shown, which consist of wood sizes 5 cm x 10 cm x 6 cm, or as specified in the Drawings, shall be in accordance with the requirements of Technical Specification AR 0602.

Frames made of hot dip galvanised steel shall be in accordance with the standard from the gypsum panel manufacturer.

Prior to installation, frames made of wood shall have been coated with preservative treatment specified in Technical Specification AR 0602.

Gypsum panel shall be installed to the frames using nail, screw or fasteners in adequate diameter and length.

Joints between gypsum panels shall be finished by jointing tape and adhesive and shall be carried out in accordance with the manufacturer instruction.

5.3 Painting

Gypsum panel surfaces shall be dry, free from dust, oil, grease or any other foreign material and all imperfect surfaces shall have been repaired prior to painting work.

Apply the gypsum surfaces with prime-coat specially made for gypsum panel to cover the porous surfaces.

Allow the prime-coat to dry overnight and after lightly sanding, apply and approved finish paint as specified in Technical Specification AR 0914.

Colour of finished paint shall be as stated in Colour Scheme.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes the need for transparency and accountability in financial reporting.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and techniques used to collect and analyze data. It highlights the importance of using reliable sources and ensuring the accuracy of the information gathered.

3. The third part of the document discusses the challenges and risks associated with data collection and analysis. It identifies common pitfalls and provides strategies to mitigate these risks.



TS – 09300 – TILE WORK

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

The work shall consist of the furnishing and installation of all tiles as shown in the Drawings and/or hereinafter specified.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. Persyaratan Umum Bahan Bangunan di Indonesia (PUBI – 1982).
- b. Spesifikasi Bahan Bangunan Bagian A (SK SNI S-04-1989-F).
- c. Standar Industri Indonesia (SII).
- d. Technical Specification AR0404 – Cement Mortar.

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

3.1 Samples and Technical Data

Samples and technical data of proposed materials shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to delivery.

Provide full range of colours and textures for tile as available for selection and samples of those selected.

Cost of samples shall be the Contractor's responsibility.

3.2 Handling and Storage

All materials shall be delivered to the project site in original containers, bundles or packages with seals unbroken and labels intact, and shall be stored in a clean dry place and protected from damage or rain.

Extra materials shall consist of not less than two standard packages for each colour, type and size of field tile used in this work, and one standard package for each colour and type of base tile.

4.0 MATERIALS

4.1 General

All tiles shall be new, free from any defect and of first quality, from a manufacturer with a proven record in this field of production. Tiles shall be of the type as specified herein and in colour as specified by Colour Scheme to be issued later.

4.2 Ceramic Tiles

Glazed ceramic tiles for toilet's floor in sizes as indicated by the Drawings shall be of non-slip type.

Glazed ceramic tiles for other places in sizes as indicated by the Drawings shall be of normal glazed surface type.

4.3 Granito Tiles

Granito tiles in sizes as indicated in the Drawings shall be of polished type, such as from Essenza or approved equal.

4.4 Cement Mortar

Cement mortar shall consist of cement and sand mixture with addition of some admixture in quantity as recommended by the manufacturer. Material of cement mortar and admixture shall be in accordance with the requirements of Technical Specification AR 0404.

Special adhesive for fixing the tiles, if specified in the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer, shall comply with the requirements of AS 2358, ANSI 118.1, 118.4 and BS 5385, such as AM 30 Mortarflex or approved equal.

4.5 Cement Grout

Cement grout shall be factory prepared port land powder mixture grout, factory pre-coloured in colour as selected, such as AM 50 Coloured Ceramic Grout or approved equal, and AM 55 Epoxy Grout or approved equal specifically for chemical/acid resistant tiles.

4.6 Water Repellent

Water repellent to prevent fungus on tile surfaces without affecting the breathing of tiles and to dry out the moisture through the surfaces, shall be from a proven product, such as Barra Sil N, Silicosol, Febsilicon or approved equal.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 Preparation

Installation of tiles shall be deferred until hangers, electrical, mechanical, and other works that are to be upon, in or behind tiles have been installed and satisfactory protection of adjoining work has been provided.

Stops, returns, caps, trimmers and special shapes shall be provided as required for sills, jambs, stair nosing and other conditions to provide a complete and neatly finished installation.

5.2 Setting Tiles

Surfaces to receive application of tiles shall be dry, clean and free of dirt, dust, oil, grease and other deleterious matter.

Cement mortar for tiles on floor, exterior wall and other waterproof part shall consist of the mixture of 1 cement, 2 sand, and some admixture as recommended, unless otherwise specified in the Drawings.

Cement mortar for tiles on other places shall consist of 1 cement and 3 sand. The thickness of mortar shall be 2.5 cm minimum, except otherwise noted in the Drawings.

Prior to installation, all ceramic tiles shall be submerged into the water.

Mortar for tiles on wall shall be applied both on wall and back of tiles, and then fix the tiles to their place as planned and as shown in the Drawings.

Mortar for tiles on floor shall be placed on sand layer of thickness as shown in the Drawings, unless otherwise specified. Tiles for toilet's floor shall be applied incline towards the floor drain hole.

Tile bases or coves shall be solidly backed with mortar as required and specified herein. Each tile shall be brought to true, even and level plane using a beating block. A test of plane distortion shall be made with a trade

approved level. Positive compression of each tile is required to establish proper bond. Tile that is out of true plane or misplaced shall be removed and reset.

Tile shall be laid from the centrelines of borders, if any, so as to symmetrize the patterns with no cuts less than one-half of the tile width.

Joints shall be straight, level, perpendicular and of even width exceeding 1.6 mm. Walls shall be built of full courses, that may extend to a greater height but in no case lower than the height shown on Drawings.

Vertical joints shall be maintained plumb for the entire height of the tile work.

Tile shall be cut with a suitable trade approved cutting tool and rough edges shall be ground smooth.

Damaged, defective or badly cut tile shall be replaced by the Contractor at his expense.

5.3 Grouting

Tile shall have the edges wetted and shall be grouted full with a plastic mix of neat suitably coloured cement grout, immediately after a respective area of tile has been set. The joints shall be tooled slightly concave, and the excess cement mortar shall be cut off and wiped from the face of the tile.

Interstices or depressions left in the mortar joint after the grout has been cleaned from the surface, shall be roughened at once and filled to the spring line of the cushion edge before the mortar begins to harden.

5.4 Cleaning and Protection

Upon completion, wall and floor surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned. Acid shall not be used for cleaning glazed tiles.

Protect adjacent construction, membranes and finishes as necessary.

Protect tile work under construction. Provide coverings, barrier and other as necessary.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions.

2. It then goes on to describe the various methods used to collect and analyze data.

3. The next section details the results of the study, showing a clear trend in the data.

4. Finally, the document concludes with a summary of the findings and recommendations for future research.

5. The overall goal of this study was to provide a comprehensive overview of the current state of the field.

6. The data collected over the course of the study was extensive and provided valuable insights.

7. The results of the study are presented in the following tables and graphs.

8. The first table shows the distribution of data points across different categories.

9. The second table provides a more detailed breakdown of the data.

10. The graphs illustrate the trends and patterns in the data over time.

11. The overall findings of the study are consistent with previous research in the area.

12. The study has several limitations, including a limited sample size and potential biases.

13. Despite these limitations, the study provides a valuable contribution to the field.

14. The results of the study have important implications for practice and policy.

15. Further research is needed to explore the underlying causes of the observed trends.

16. The study also highlights the need for more robust data collection methods.

17. In conclusion, the study provides a comprehensive overview of the current state of the field.

18. The findings of the study are presented in the following tables and graphs.

TS – 09545 – METAL PANEL

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

The work shall cover the furnishing and installation of all metal panel and accessories for ceiling as indicated in Drawings and/or hereinafter specified.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
- b. Technical Specification AR 0914 – Painting.

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

3.1 Samples and Technical Data

Prior to material delivery, Contractor shall submit samples and technical data of materials to be used to the Engineer for approval and review.

3.2 Shop Drawings

Prior to fabrication and installation, Contractor shall submit Shop Drawings to the Engineer for review and approval.

Shop Drawings shall include information on type and data of material, dimension, quantity, method of connection, fabrication and installation and other details as required.

3.3 Handling and Storage

All materials shall be delivered to the project site in original containers, bundles or packages with seals unbroken and labels intact, and shall be stored in a clean dry place and protected from damage.

4.0 MATERIALS

4.1 Aluminium Spandrel

Aluminium spandrel shall be YKK Spandrel Type K 98702 or approved equal complete with all accessories.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 General

Prior to commencement all above-ceiling work shall be inspected and approval.

5.2 Installation

Aluminium spandrel panels shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction.

The panel pattern shall be as shown on the Drawings. The pattern shall be symmetrical about the centreline.

All joints shall be as tight as practicable.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The Federal Government is composed of the President, the Vice President, and the Congress. The Congress is divided into two houses, the Senate and the House of Representatives. The President is elected for a four-year term and has the power to veto legislation passed by the Congress. The Vice President is elected alongside the President and can assume the presidency if the President is unable to perform his duties.

The Executive Branch is headed by the President and includes various departments such as the State, Defense, and Justice. The Legislative Branch is composed of the Senate and the House of Representatives, which are responsible for creating laws and overseeing the executive branch. The Judiciary Branch is headed by the Supreme Court and is responsible for interpreting the laws and ensuring they are consistent with the Constitution.

The Federal Government also includes various agencies and departments that are responsible for implementing and enforcing laws. These include the Federal Reserve, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Social Security Administration. The Federal Government also has the power to raise and spend money, and to regulate interstate and foreign commerce.

The Federal Government is responsible for protecting the rights and liberties of all Americans and for promoting the general welfare. It also has the power to declare war and to make treaties with other nations. The Federal Government is a complex and powerful institution that plays a central role in the lives of all Americans.

The Federal Government is a system of checks and balances designed to prevent any one branch from becoming too powerful. The President can veto legislation, but the Congress can override a veto with a two-thirds vote. The Supreme Court can declare laws unconstitutional, but the Congress can amend the Constitution. This system of checks and balances is a key feature of the Federal Government and is designed to ensure that the government remains accountable to the people.

TS - 09930 - TRANSPARENT COATING

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

The work shall consist of the provision and application of all wood and timber coatings work as shown in the drawings or Colour Scheme and in related Specification, unless otherwise noted.

The work shall include but not to be restricted to supply or labours, materials, equipment and tools to be used for preparation surfaces, application of paint, making good any defects and cleaning of any splashes to other work.

All coatings shall be as required in this Specification or determined by the engineer.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
- b. British Standard (BS).
- c. Technical Specification AR 0602 -Carpentry.

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

3.1 Detail and Colour Card

Full details and colour card of proposed materials and manufacturers shall be submitted before construction. Failure to do so may lead to rejection of materials on site and failure to meet program requirements.

All materials shall be of such quality as to produce first class and durable finishes and to be equal requirements of the relevant standards.

3.2 Sample Panels and Test Areas

Before painting with a particular system commences, the Contractor shall paint test areas or sample panels to the paint film is being obtained.

The paints, equipment and method of application used for test areas or samples panels shall be representative of those to be used for the work.

Test areas or sample panels shall be retained and shall form the standard for all subsequent work.

Contractor shall be responsible in providing samples and sample panels.

3.3 Delivery and Storage

All coating shall be fresh stock and be of new and first quality, delivered at job site in unopened original manufacturer's containers, and stored in the dry, watertight, lockable enclosure.

All coating materials shall be in sealed containers and labelled that plainly show the designated name, formula or specification number, batch number, colour, date of manufacture and manufacturer's directions.

3.4 Inspection and Testing

The Engineer shall have free access to all work locations, and warehousing facilities and the right to inspect the preparation of all surfaces and the application of all paintings.

3.5 Non conformity

Before any deviation from this specification, the Engineer shall be consulted. Failure to do so will in no way relieve the Contractor of his responsibility for satisfactory compliance with standards and procedures set forth in this Specification.

The Engineer shall have the right to reject any work which is not carried out in accordance with this or any other applicable Specifications. All Expense incurred by the contractor.

Causes for rejection of work or portions shall include but not be limited to the following:

- a. Surface preparation considered unsatisfactory by the Engineer for any reason.
- b. Failure of Contractor to apply the minimum number of coats of the appropriate thickness.
- c. Failure of Contractor to allow minimum specified drying time between coats.

4.0 MATERIALS

4.1 General

All coating materials shall conform to the Specification shown in the painting schedule herein and to the requirements hereinafter specified.

All painting materials to be used in this work shall be provided by the same designated manufacturer, and shall not be mixed with paint from other sources or dissimilar compositions.

For the purpose of establishing a basis of quality, the paints specified herein are based upon paints as manufactured by Ultrac or approved equal, but the designation thereof shall not be construed as being proprietary.

4.2 Wood Filler

Wood filler of Ultrac WF - 115 or approved equal, shall be used to fill and to close pores of wood surfaces.

4.3 Colour Varnish

Colour varnish of colour as specified in Colour Scheme which shall be issued later, shall be of Ultrac P - 01 or approved equal.

4.4 Sandpaper

Type of sandpaper shall be suitable with the requirements in point 5.2.2. of this Technical Specification and shall be approved by the Engineer.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENT

5.1 General

Varnish coating shall be applied to all wood surfaces as shown in the Drawings.

Varnish coating shall be applied after all wood / timber works have been installed in accordance with the Drawings and Technical Specification AR 06200.

5.2 Application

5.2.1 General

Application of varnish coating shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction.

Application of varnish coating shall be carried out as follows:

First coating

1 x coat wood filler shall be used to fill and cover all wood pores and scouring all wood surfaces by using sandpaper no. 300, shall be carried out after wood filler has dried.

Second Coating

2 – 3 x coats of varnish in colour as specified in the Colour Scheme which shall be issued later.

Prior to application of the next coat, the former coat which shall be dried in between 3 hours minimal, shall be scoured with soft sandpaper and continued by cleaning all the dirties away.

Third Coating

1 x coat of varnish clear matt shall be applied as a finished coat.

5.2.2 Application to Doors

Varnish shall be applied in the method as described in 5.1 except that second and third coatings shall be applied by spraying.

Dear Mr. [Name],

I have received your letter of the 15th and am pleased to hear that you are well.

I am sorry that I cannot be of more help to you at this time.

I will be glad to discuss this matter further with you if you wish.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

[Address]

[City, State, Zip]

[Phone Number]

[Additional Information]

AR – 1011 – WASHROOM ACCESSORIES

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This work shall cover the provision and installation of all items, articles, equipment and materials for washroom or toilet area as shown in the Drawings and/or as specified and including labour supervision and incidentals required and necessary to complete the system for successful operation.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. Standar Industri Indonesia (SII)
- b. Technical Specification AR-0825 - Glass and Glazing.
- c. Technical Specification MP-1504 - Plumbing System.

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

3.1 Samples and Technical Data

Samples and technical data of specified washroom accessories shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval, prior to delivery.

Technical data shall show types, dimension, colours and other data required for installation.

3.2 Shop Drawing

Prior to installation, Contractor shall submit Shop Drawing which shall consist of detail of layout, fastening, installation, dimension, and other necessary details, to the Engineer for approval.

3.3 Handling and Storage

The washroom accessories and fittings shall be stored in a clean dry place and protected from damage prior to and after installation.

4.0 MATERIALS

4.1 Water Closets

WC shall be close-coupled siphon jet, in colour as specified later.

Entire unit shall be supplied with all necessary fittings and fixtures.

Each WC pan shall have a closed front seat and cover.

Fittings shall be chrome plated brass.

Squatting toilet shall be as approved by the Engineer in colour as specified later.

4.2 Urinals

Urinals shall be of the single unit wall mounted type with San-Ei V92 fittings, in colour as specified later.

4.3 Lavatory Basins

Lavatory basins shall be of wall mounted type, in colour as specified.

They shall be supplied with a chromium plated and screwed outlet and trap with requisite connector sleeve for the joint.

Each basin shall have provision for one cold water faucet and have liquid dispenser soap deck type, such as W12 of San-Ei or approved equal.

White enamelled support brackets and one chrome plated chained rubber plug shall be provided per unit.

4.4 Kitchen Sink

Kitchen sink shall be stainless steel and consist of 2 (two) sinks/bowls with a drip pan, and air trap with clean-out plug shall also be provided to the sink.

4.5 Water Faucets

Faucets for wall mounted shall be of San-Ei Y20C type or approved equal.

Faucets for lavatory basins shall be of San-Ei Y51C type or approved equal.

Faucets for kitchen sink shall be of San-Ei A10C type or approved equal.

Faucets for garden use shall be of San-Ei Y30C type or approved equal.

4.6 Floor Drain

Floor drain cover shall be chrome plated brass strainer, grid cover of 10 cm or 4 inch diameter and shall be recessed 10 mm into the floor and equipment with air trap, such as San-Ei H-510 type or approved equal.

4.7 Clean Out Cover

Clean out cover shall be chrome plated brass of 10 cm diameter, such as San-Ei H-58 or approved equal.

4.8 Shower Accessories

Shower accessories shall consist of wall shower San-Ei S13 or equal and shower valve San-Ei V10T or equal.

4.9 Accessories

Accessories shall be as follows or approved equal :

- Soap dispenser : San Ei W12
- Paper/tissue holder : San-Ei W30
- Towel holder : San-Ei W565.

All the above accessories shall be of colour as specified later.

4.10 Mirror

Mirror shall be as specified in Technical Specification AR-0825, in thickness and sizes as indicated in the Drawings.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 General

All equipment shall be installed in strict accordance with manufacturer's recommendation and this Specification unless otherwise approved in writing.

Vertical and horizontal dimensions to all fixtures and quantities of each item shall be as indicated on the Drawings.

Unless otherwise specified, fixing shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instruction, fitting and details.

5.2 Installation

All joints shall be water and gas tight. Caulking of threaded connections or apertures will not be permitted.

Paint, varnish, putty and others will not be permitted on meeting faces of joints until joints are set tight and tested.

Exposed traps and supply pipes for all fixtures and equipment shall be connected to rough pipe at wall with requisite adapter connection unless otherwise specified.

Water connections to individual fixtures shall be not less than as specified on the Drawings.

Lavatory basins and sinks shall be fixed so that the top of the outer rim is 800 mm above finished floor level.

Urinals shall be fixed so that the top of the front rim of the basin is 530 mm above finished floor level.

Mirror shall be hung at elevation as indicated in the Drawings, and shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of Technical Specification AR-0825.

Support and hang-up system shall be in accordance with recommendation of the manufacturer or as approved by the Engineer.

5.3 Protection and Cleaning

The Contractor shall provide and maintain adequate protection for all sanitary fixture until completion of whole work or as directed by the Engineer. All damage sanitary fixture shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor.

Before handing over or when directed by the Engineer, all sanitary fixture shall be cleaned to satisfaction of the Engineer.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions.

2. It then goes on to describe the various methods used to collect and analyze data from these records.

3. The next section details the specific steps involved in the data collection process, from initial data entry to final reporting.

4. This is followed by a discussion of the challenges faced during data analysis and the strategies used to overcome them.

5. The document then provides a comprehensive overview of the results obtained from the data analysis.

6. Finally, it concludes with a summary of the key findings and recommendations for future research.

7. The appendix contains additional information, including raw data and detailed calculations.

8. The bibliography lists the sources used in the research, and the index provides a quick reference to the various sections of the document.

9. The document is intended for use by researchers and practitioners in the field of data analysis.

MP – 1504 – PLUMBING SYSTEM

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This work shall cover the providing of all materials, labour, equipment and installation of a complete plumbing system as specified herein and/or as shown in the Drawings.

This system shall include an internal distribution piping system for plant water, sanitary piping, as well as testing, balancing and all other incidentals required so as to make all the system perfect in every respect and ready for operation.

This work shall also include connection to distribution piping as shown by the Drawings.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
- b. British Standard (BS)
- c. Standar Industri Indonesia (SII)
- d. Pedoman Plumbing Indonesia
- e. Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS)
- f. Technical Specification AR-0914 – Paintings
- g. Technical Specification AR-1011 - Washroom Accessories.
- h. TS 2 Earthworks.

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

3.1 Samples and Technical Data

Contractor shall submit samples and technical data and/or brochures of all materials to be used to the Engineer for approval, prior to delivery.

All the costs of samples shall be the Contractor's responsibility.

If the submittals differ from the requirements of the contract documents, the Contractor shall make specific mention of such difference in a letter, with a request for substitution, together with his reason for this, in order that, if acceptable, suitable action may be taken for proper adjustment. Otherwise, the Contractor will not be relieved of the responsibility for executing the work in accordance with the Contract Drawings.

3.2 Shop Drawing

The Contractor shall prepare and submit detailed Shop Drawings for the piping work described herein which is complex in nature, or which requires close co-ordination with other trades on the job.

The Drawings are diagrammatic and indicate generally the location of materials and equipment. These Drawings shall be followed as closely as possible. The architectural, structural and other Drawings of related trades, and all elements thereby constructed shall be checked for dimensions and clearance before installation of any work.

All Shop Drawings shall be submitted sufficiently in advance of field requirements to allow ample time for checking, and no claim for extension of

the contract time will be granted to this Contractor by reason of his failure in this respect.

All submittals shall be complete and shall contain all required and detailed information.

The Contractor shall obtain, at his expense, all necessary permits and arrange for all inspection that may be required in connection with the plumbing system specified herein.

3.3 Handling and Storage

Each length of pipe, fittings, trap, fixtures and device used in the piping system shall have cast, stamped or indelibly marked on it the manufacturer's name and the classes of products when so required by the standard mentioned.

All materials shall be stored at a proper place and shall be protected from damage.

3.4 Non Conformity

The Contractor shall carefully check the Contract Drawings towards the possibility of mistakes in dimensions, capacities, quantities, installation and others.

All plumbing fixtures and fittings delivered or installed without any trade mark shall be removed and replaced with properly marked fixtures and fitting, without any extra cost to the Owner.

3.5 Guarantee

The Contractor shall furnish to the Owner a written guarantee covering the satisfactory operation of the plumbing installation in all its parts for a period of one year after date of final acceptance. During this period the Contractor shall repair or replace any defective work and pay any repair or replacement costs.

4.0 MATERIALS

4.1 General

All materials, equipment and accessories furnished shall be brand new and of acceptable quality.

4.2 Water Supply System

Pipes

Pipes for water supply shall be PVC complying with the relevant JIS Standard.

Fittings

All pipe's fittings such as socket, elbow, reducer, knee, nipple, tee and others shall be made from PVC complying with the relevant JIS Standard.

4.3 Sewer System and Vent Pipe

Pipes

Pipes for sewer system and vent shall be PVC pipe which comply with JIS standard with a working pressure 10 kg/cm² such as Pralon or Rucika or equal.

Length and diameter of pipes shall be as specified in the Drawings.

Fitting

PVC pipe's fittings such as elbow, reducer, knee, tee and others shall be made from the same material and class as the pipes and shall be from a good quality product.

Adhesive

Adhesive for PVC's pipes and fittings shall be as recommended by the PVC's manufacturer.

4.4 Roof Tank

Where applicable a roof tank of the capacity and material shown on the drawings shall be furnished. The make shall be subject to the Engineer's approval

4.5 Pump and Accessories

Where applicable, pump pressure system shall be furnished in accordance with the Drawings and the directions of the Engineer.

Where applicable pump for supplying header tank shall be of self-priming centrifugal type with capacity, head and working voltage as indicated in the Drawings, and of GAE, Torishima product or approved equal.

Where applicable, the pump for supplying water to a header tank shall be provided with water level control (WLC) in capacity as specified in the Drawings.

Wiring diagram shall be as indicated in the Electrical Drawings and electrical system shall be according to Technical Specification EL-1601.

4.6 Sanitation Fixtures

Sanitation fixtures such as closets, sinks, faucets, floor drain and others required shall be in accordance with Technical Specification AR-1011.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 General

All labour shall be neat and workmanlike and be qualified and experienced tradesman as approved by the Engineer.

All dimensional locations of fixtures, equipment, floor and drains, risers and pipe shall be verified on the Architectural Drawings and manufacturer's catalogues.

All items, whether specifically mentioned or not, or indicated in the Drawings, shall be furnished and installed if necessary to complete the system in accordance with the best practices of the plumbing trade and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

5.2 Installation

All plumbing systems to be installed in this building shall be kept clean, and in working order through periodic testing by Contractor until the building has been turned over and accepted by the Owner.

All pipes shall be installed to the defined co-ordinate outside of the buildings.

The Contractor shall be responsible for providing those portions of fittings which are not provided with the fittings required for the complete installation. All fittings shall be carefully checked to determine the portions which to be provided to complete the installation.

The pipes shall be used in full length pipe wherever possible.

All changes in pipe size shall be made with reducing fittings or reducers.

Valves provided as specified for proper control system shall be placed in accessible location with the ample room for full opening, re-packing, replacement of internal part with operating stem horizontally or vertically upward.

Vent pipe shall extend 30 cm above the roof and shall be flashed with lead. The lead flashing shall be returned on the inside of the vent and finished in a neat manner as detailed in the Drawings.

Sewer piping shall run a minimum grade of 1 cm per 100 cm length of pipe unless otherwise noted in the Drawings. Before any waste piping is installed, the Contractor shall field-check all proposed waste piping to verify the piping system so that the said piping can be installed at the required grade.

All plumbing fixtures including floor equipment connected to the sanitary drainage system of floor drain shall be equipped with a trap, as indicated in the Drawings.

Each fixture shall be provided with shut-off valves for water as positioned in the Drawings, so that any fixture may be separately controlled without effecting any other fixtures supplied.

Traps specified here are to be supplied with the fixtures exposed or accessible traps shall be fitted with a thumb screw clean-out plug at the bottom of trap diameter.

Piping work which shall need excavation and backfilling, shall be carried along in accordance with Technical Specification TS 2.

Pump shall be connected to water supply distribution pipe in a manner as shown in the Drawings and in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instruction.

5.3 Supports and Fastenings

All pipes, fittings and equipment shall be supported and fastened in a safe and durable manner.

Pipes' support shall be installed in such a way that pipes direction and slope can be kept in place and strong enough to hold the pipes and expansion caused by heat exchange.

Inserts shall be safely anchored and the anchors shall be installed flush with the finished wall and shall be completely concealed when the fixtures are installed.

5.4 Roughing-In

Roughing-in for pipes and fittings shall be carried along with building construction, and shall be co-ordinated between Engineer and Contractor.

Correctly located openings of proper sizes for the passage of pipes shall be provided when required. Locations shall be established on Drawings, co-ordination of final positions shall be consulted with the Engineer.

All items such as gutter straps and like appurtenances to be embedded in concrete or masonry shall be thoroughly cleared free from all rust, scale and paint.

5.5 Cleaning and Adjusting

During construction, the Contractor shall properly cap all lines, so as to prevent entrance of sand, dirt and others. Each system of piping shall be blown through with air after completion for as long a time as necessary to thoroughly clean the systems.

After the entire installation has been completed, Contractor shall operate the equipment under normal conditions making all necessary adjustments to balancing valves, automatic pressure controls and others, until all performance requirements are met.

5.6 Sewer System Test

The entire sewer and vent system shall be supplied with all incidental appurtenances to permit plugging as necessary to enable the entire system specified herein, to be filled with water to the level of the highest vent stack and/or vent stack above the roof.

The system shall hold water for a full 30 minutes during which time there shall be no drop in the water's level.

In the event that the Engineer decides that additional tests are needed, such as an air smoke test on the drainage system, the Contractor shall perform such tests without any additional cost to the Owner.

5.7 Pressurised System Test

Upon completion of the plumbing installation and of the roughing-in and before setting fixtures, the entire piping system shall be tested at a hydrostatic pressure one and a half times the nominal working pressure in the system in operation, and proved tight at this pressure for at least 8 hours. The nominal working pressure is 10 bar.

Where a portion of the piping system is to be concealed before completion, this portion shall be tested separately at a pressure similar to that described for the entire system and in the presence of the Engineer.

5.8 Manholes

Where applicable manhole shall be constructed from concrete in accordance to the line and grade shown in the Drawing.

Concrete work shall be formed, placed and cured in accordance with Technical Specification TS 3. The steps shall be placed and embedded as indicated by the Drawing.

Clean out shall be installed for the sewer system smaller than 150 mm dia., for each plate easily to be stacked.

Where the pipe cannot be laid through the manhole, the base shall be carefully formed so as to make invert channels for the sewers.

After Installation, any manhole cover or inlet lid or grate which is not firmly seated and rocks in the frame, shall be replaced at the Contractors expense.

EL - 1601 - ELECTRICAL WORKS

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

The work shall cover all delivery, materials, labour, equipment, tools for the installation and satisfactory operation of all electrical works as shown in the Drawings and/or as specified herein. This work shall include but not be limited to the following :

- Main distribution panels and lighting panels at places as indicated in the Drawings.
- Installation of all lighting and accessories inside and outside the buildings.
- Medium Voltage (MV) Cubicle.
- Cable feeder network from the MV Cubicle to transformer and from transformer to LV main distribution panel and lighting panels as indicated in the Drawings.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. Peraturan Umum Instalasi Listrik (PUIL-1987)
- b. Peraturan Umum Instalasi Penangkal Petir (PUIPP-1983)
- c. International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)
- d. Verband Deutscher Electrotechniker (VDE)
- e. Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS)
- f. Standar Industri Indonesia (SII)
- g. British Standard (BS)
- h. TS 2 Earthworks.

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

3.1 Samples, Technical Data and Material Lists

Prior to delivery, all samples and technical data/brochures of materials and equipment for this work shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval.

Contractor shall make a list of materials and equipment to be used and shall submit all those to the Engineer for approval.

3.2 Shop Drawings

The Contractor shall prepare and submit Shop Drawings of the electrical work to the Engineer for approval.

All Drawings shall be submitted sufficiently in advance of field requirements to allow ample time for checking and no claim for extension of the contract time will be granted to the Contractor by reason of his failure in this respect.

All submittals shall be complete and shall contain all required and detailed information.

In the event of any discrepancy between one Drawing and another or between the Drawings and this Specification, The Contractor shall bring such a discrepancy to the attention of the Engineer for resolution.

The Electrical Drawings generally indicate the location of materials and equipment, cable lane and connections.

These Drawings shall be followed as closely as possible. The Architectural, Structural and other Drawings of related trades, as well as all elements shall be checked for dimensions and clearances in preparing Shop Drawings.

The Contractor shall carefully check space requirements with other Contractors which might work at the same location to ensure that all equipment can be installed in the spaces allocated for them.

3.3 Delivery and Storage

All materials and equipment to be delivered shall be in good condition, new, free from any defect, and shall be completed with labels, technical data and other data required as specified.

All materials and equipment shall be orderly kept in their packages and shall be kept free from damage and humidity.

3.4 Non Conformity

The Engineer has the right to reject any material delivered or installed which does not comply with the specified Drawings and/or Specification.

The Contractor shall immediately correct and/or replace any work deemed inferior by the Engineer without any cost to the Owner.

If the submittals differ from the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall make specific mention of such difference in a letter, with a request for substitution, together with its reason for same, in order that, if acceptable, suitable action may be taken for proper adjustment. Otherwise, the Contractor will not be relieved of the responsibility for executing the work in accordance with the Contract Drawings.

3.5 Other Requirements

The Contractor shall employ the necessary supervisors, electrical workers and labourers to complete the work in a timely manner and shall certify to their competency, if requested.

All materials, equipment and systems shall be installed in a workmanlike manner by skilled workman under the supervision of competent foremen who are thoroughly experienced in the class of construction work specified herein. The Contractor shall immediately correct any work deemed inferior by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide all tools, construction equipment, test equipment and make tests and keep records as specified herein.

To conduit the works, the Contractor must have installation passes (C class minimum), issued by PLN.

4.0 MATERIALS

4.1 Panels

All sub-panel frames and bodies shall be made from galvanized steel sheet in 1.6 mm thickness with dimensions as indicated in the Drawings.

Cubicle panel shall be of free standing-indoor type and wall mounted type made of steel sheet in 2 mm thickness with dimensions as indicated in the Drawings.

All panels shall have oven-baked coating with colour as specified in Colour Scheme.

Enclosure shall be gasketed for use in an industrial atmosphere. Hinged doors shall have keyed-alike flush type cylinder locks.

All components for all panels shall be of Telemecanique, Merlin Gerin, Siemens or approved equal.

Circuit breakers shall be of the mini circuit breaker and moulded case circuit breaker type unless otherwise noted in the Drawings.

Type and capacities of components shall be as specified and indicated in the Drawings and shall be suitable with the type of equipment to be installed.

Every panel shall be provided with power indicator lamps for every phase.

4.2 Cables

Cable feeder or multi-conductor cable for direct burial application at 600 V or higher shall be as indicated in the Drawings such as Kabelindo, Supreme or others equal.

Sizes shall be as indicated in the Drawings.

All single conductor cable for power, lighting and control circuits installed in conduit for operation at 600 V or below shall be NYY or NYM.

Sizes shall be as indicated in the Drawings.

Minimum cable cross section shall be 2.5 mm², except when otherwise indicated by the Drawings.

Cable colour code shall be as follow :

- Neutral : Blue
- Ground : Yellow with green stripe
- Phase : Red, Black, Yellow.

Cable splicing/terminating shall be from a good product such as 3M or Raychem, Supreme and shall be from the type suitable with the cable type to be spliced/terminated.

4.3 Raceways

Conduits

Cables leading to sockets, switches and lights shall be installed in a conduit of high impact heavy duty PVC type such as Ega, Clipsal, or approved equal and shall comply with BS 6099, with minimum diameter of 20 mm unless otherwise noted in the Drawings.

Conduits which shall be installed under floor up to 1.50 m outside the buildings shall be from PVC pipes of 5 kg/cm² working pressure and shall comply with JIS standard such as Pralon, Rucika or approved equal.

Diameter shall be as indicated by the Drawings.

Conduits which shall be installed underground across the road shall be of galvanized steel pipe class medium and shall comply with BS-1387 or SII-0161 standard, with diameter as indicated by the Drawings.

Flexible/corrugated conduit shall be of high impact PVC such as Ega, Clipsal or approved equal, and shall comply with BS 6099.

Flexible conduit shall be suitable for tropical climate, and shall be hard to break, dustproof and waterproof.

Cable Trays

Cable trays shall be made of galvanized perforated steel in shape, type and size as indicated in the Drawings. Cable trays shall be from an approved product, such as Nobi or equal.

Flush Floor Trunking

Flush floor trunking shall be constructed from 1.6 mm and 2.5 mm thick galvanized sheet steel, such as FXT 280/2 type by Ega or approved equal. This flush floor trunking shall be provided with suitable accessories recommended by the same manufacturer.

Wall Trunking

Wall trunking shall be used to distribute power, data and telecommunication services around and through buildings from power source to service outlet. Wall trunking shall be made from uPVC, such as Assembly E type by Ega or approved equal.

4.4 Outdoor Lighting

HRC 511 luminaire for HPL-N 80 W lamp including ballast and capacitor with power factor 0.85, shall be manufactured by Philips or approved equal

Lighting poles shall be made from galvanized steel pipe such as TSL 10S type by PPI or approved equal.

4.5 Indoor Lighting

The Electrical Drawing indicates the types of lamps used for different way of mounting:

Surface Mounting:

TL'D 1 x 36 W, which shall include all component such as ballast, starter and capacitor, which capacity shall be sufficiently high to obtain the power factor of 0.85 - 0.95. The lamps shall be manufactured of Philips or approved equal.

Downlight SL 18 W shall be of Philips product or approved equal. Colour of downlight fixture shall be in general white, except differently specified by the Engineer.

Baret Type TL'D 36 W shall be of circular type, manufactured by Philips, or Artolite or approved equal.

These ceiling lights shall be provided with suitable ring, made by the same manufacturer in colour as specified by the Engineer.

Incandescent fixture 60 W lamps shall be of rectangular type, provided with acrylic cover and lamp holder.

The armature shall be the product of Philips, or Artolite, or approved equal.

Spot Light 100 W shall be of incandescent type, and manufactured by Philips or approved equal.

Colour of fixture shall be in general white, except differently specified by the Engineer.

Recessed Mounting

Recessed lamps shall be product of Phillips or approved equal.

Suspended Mounting

Suspended Lamps shall be product of Phillips or approved equal.

4.6 Exit/Emergency Lamp

Exit/emergency lamps shall have the following specifications :

- 2 x 8 W fluorescent lamps,
- Battery 2.4 V 4AH high temperature nickel-cadmium,
- Single rate constant current,
- 2 hours duration,
- Surface mounting direct to wall or ceiling,
- A test switch to simulate mains failure,
- Having a red light emitting diode indicates supply healthy and charging is on, as monitoring, such as TEJ 208 by PNE or approved equal.

4.7 Sockets, Switches and Plug

Socket outlets with side earthing contacts, shall be of flush mounting type (complete with box) and shall comply with CEE 7 standard, such as MK, Clipsal, Legrand product or approved equal.

Minimum capacity of each socket shall be 250 V 10A/16A.

Sockets which shall be placed at 30 cm from floor shall be provided with cover and shall be of waterproof type.

Switches shall be of flush mounting type (complete with box) with minimum capacity of 10 A and shall comply with BS3676, such as MK, Clipsal, Legrand or approved equal.

Switches shall be placed 150 cm above floor, unless otherwise indicated in the Drawings.

Unless otherwise noted, all sockets, switches and plugs shall be of white colour.

4.8 Supports

All necessary supports for equipment installed under this Specification shall be provided.

Supports shall consist of steel frames, plates, brackets, racks and other shapes of adequate size and shall be fastened with bolts, screws or by welding, to rigid supports.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 General

Power Supply

Distribution of power supply shall be radial system, 220 V and 50 Hz.

Power shall be distributed the interface with PLN as shown on the Drawings.

Protection

Electrical system shall be provided with protection device against short circuit, at lighting panels; protection device against overload and short circuit, at main distribution panels and power panel, except otherwise indicated in the Drawings.

All non-current carrying metal parts of electrical equipment and installations shall be connected to the ground loop as required by the Drawings.

These will include, but not necessarily be limited to building structural columns, track, lightning arresters, raceways, electrical equipment enclosures, ground bus, transformers, motor frames and others.

Grounding system shall be in accordance with Peraturan Umum Instalasi Penangkal Petir (PUIPP) and Technical Specification EL-1652.

5.2 Panels and Components

Prior to fabrication of panels, Contractor shall submit detailed Shop Drawing to the Engineer for approval

Panels shall be fabricated and installed to places as indicated in the Drawings.

All circuit breakers, overload devices, protective relays and timer shall be set in accordance with notations in the Drawings and/or Engineer's instruction.

All cabinets of control panel, power panel, circuits breaker, safety switches and other electrical equipment, if not identified by factory, shall be furnished and attached with nameplates for identification.

The name plate/directory at each panel board shall be neatly marked showing the destination of each circuit installed. Name plate shall be made of metal plates with embossed letters. Name plates shall be sized of 1,5" (3,81 cm) height with necessary width. Letter heights shall be of 1,0" (2,54 cm).

Name plate thickness shall be 3 mm minimum. Name plates shall be installed in such a way that they remain strongly in place.

Labels shall have to be written in Bahasa Indonesia.

Pullboxes and cabinets shall be inspected for size and number of conduits, conductors and conductor configuration.

Each panel shall be grounded with maximum 2 ohms. Grounding system is PNP, complying with PUIL-1987.

Each panel shall be provided with wiring diagram and directory card which shall be mounted on the inside of the door panel.

The card shall be completely filled out by the Contractor, listing all connected loads.

Each panel of each door shall be connected with grounding cable to the panel enclosure.

At all entrances to panel boards, pull boxes, or outlet boxes without threaded hubs or based, conduit runs shall be secured in place with galvanized lock nuts outside the box and lock nuts and bushings on the inside. Bushings shall be of the insulating type.

Each panel shall be provided with surge arrester lightning protection and installed at places as indicated in the Drawings.

5.3 Cable Installation, Outdoor and Indoor

Outdoor

Installation of cables underground shall be carried out in such a way that the cables are protected against mechanical and chemical damage which might happen where the cables are to be buried.

Cables shall be buried in accordance with the Drawings.

Cables which shall be buried across the road shall be placed in a galvanized steel pipe as specified in point 4.3. of this Specification.

Installation shall be in accordance with the Drawings.

All excavation, trenching and backfilling work shall be carried out in accordance with Technical Specification TS 3.

All disturbed surfaces shall be restored to original condition, and properly installed to eliminate any settlement.

Position of buried cables shall be marked with strong signed poles from steel plate and support.

Each cable feeder which shall need to be spliced shall be furnished with a suitable splicing kit.

Indoor

A conduit system shall be furnished and installed as required by the Drawings. This system shall connect all outlet boxes (including sockets and switches), junction boxes, lighting fixtures, panel boards, cabinets and others as indicated in the Drawings.

Field bends and offsets shall be uniform and symmetrical, without conduit flattening or finish scarring.

Field bends shall be made with standard tools and equipment manufactured specifically for conduit.

Cables leading to sockets, switches, lamp points and equipment, whether on the walls or over the ceilings, shall be placed in a conduit as specified in this Specification.

Wherever conduits are run on the walls they shall be spaced out, not mounted directly on the surface, except otherwise specified in the Drawings.

All horizontal conduits shall drain toward the vertical conduit to which they are connected.

All conduits installed in floor slabs shall be PVC pipes, except otherwise as indicated in the Drawings. Types of PVC pipes shall be as specified in this Specification.

Conduits installed in floor slabs shall have a minimum cover of 50 mm.

All splices and/or taps shall be made only in approved junction or terminal boxes.

Cable connection at busbar terminal shall be furnished with cable lug.

5.4 Testing, Commissioning and Inspection

The contractor shall, upon completion of the works and before acceptance, perform complete functional operating tests of all systems governed by this section in the presence of the Engineer.

All systems and equipment shall be demonstrated to function in accordance with their intent and the requirement of this specification.

The contractor shall furnish all required instruments and personnel for the tests and maintain the test equipment and apparatus in an approved condition at all times during the tests.

Test records shall be maintained by the contractor and formally transmitted to the Engineer prior to final acceptance of the facility.

Testing and commissioning shall be determined by the Engineer.

Test (except high-potential tests) shall be completed with all switchboards, panel boards, fuse holders, switches, fuses and overcurrent devices in place.

All circuits shall be tested and operated to demonstrate the followings:

- Proper phase sequences and correct motor rotation.
- Circuit continuity and intended operation.
- To be free of grounds.
- To be free from shorts.

All equipment shall pass functional test.

Insulation resistance of all major electrical equipment such as rotating equipment, transformers, circuit breakers, switchgear and control centres shall meet or exceed minimum acceptable standards as specified for the equipment tested.

The contractor shall be responsible for replacement of any damaged or defective fixture, including glassware, plastics or diffusers up to the time of final inspection and acceptance by the Engineer.

Contractor shall submit to the Engineer all equipment's original manual operation and maintenance book, in English and Indonesian, which will be forwarded to the Owner.

5.5 Cleaning Up

The Contractor shall at all times keep the premises free from accumulation of waste material or rubbish caused by his employees or work. At the completion of work, he shall remove all his rubbish, tools, scaffolds and surplus materials from and about the site, leaving his work clean and the areas ready for occupancy.

EL – 1652 – LIGHTNING PROTECTION AND GROUNDING SYSTEM

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

The work shall cover the furnishing and installation of lightning protection and grounding system as shown in the Drawings and/or as specified herein.

The work shall include but not be limited to the following :

- Lightning rod
- Base and supports
- Copper conductor
- Earthing box
- Grounding rod
- Conduits
- Lightning Arrestors
- Potential Equalisation Bars

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. Peraturan Umum Instalasi Listrik (PUIL-1987)
- b. Peraturan Umum Instalasi Penangkal Petir (PUIPP)
- c. British Standard (BS)
- d. Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS)
- e. International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

3.1 Sample and Technical Data

Prior to delivery, all samples and technical data/brochures of materials and equipment for this work shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval.

If the submittals differ from the requirements, the Contractor shall make specific mention of such difference in a letter, with a request for substitution, together with its reason for this, in order that, if acceptable, suitable action may be taken for proper adjustment.

Otherwise, the Contractor will not be relieved of the responsibility for executing the work in accordance with the Drawings.

3.2 Shop Drawing

The Contractor shall prepare and submit Shop Drawings of the electrical work to the Engineer for approval.

All Drawings shall be submitted sufficiently in advance of field requirements to allow ample time for checking and no claim for extension of the contract time will be granted to the Contractor by reason of his failure in this respect.

All submittals shall be complete and shall contain all required and detailed information.

In the event of any discrepancy between one Drawing and another or between the Drawings and this Specification, The Contractor shall bring such discrepancy to the attention of the Engineer for resolution.

The Drawings generally indicate the location of materials and equipment, cable lane and connections.

These drawings shall be followed as closely as possible. The Architectural, Structural and other Drawings of relates trades, and all elements shall be checked for dimensions and clearances in preparing Shop Drawings.

3.3 Delivery and Storage

All materials to be delivered shall be in good condition, new, free from any defect, and shall be completed with labels, technical data and other data required as specified all materials shall be orderly kept in their packages and shall be kept free from damage and humidity.

3.4 Non Conformity

The Engineer has the right to reject any material delivered or installed which does not comply with the specified Drawings and/or Specification.

The Contractor shall immediately correct and/or replace any work deemed inferior by the Engineer without any cost to the Owner.

4.0 MATERIALS

Refer to section 5.0. of this Specification.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 System

The system to be applied is the cable on ridge (primary protection) and secondary protection systems.

The Contractor shall complete all necessary equipment and fixtures, in order to get the best and complete system.

5.2 Primary (External) Lightning Protection System

The lightning spikes/rod shall be made from copper material connected to 2.5 cm diameter galvanizing pipe fastened with bolt and nut.

Lightning rod which are located due to the Drawing shall be grounded with 50 mm² bare copper conductor and grounded in grounding boxes.

The joints between copper conductors shall be a copper clamp screw type, and shall have minimum resistance.

5.3 Grounding and Bonding

The grounding rod of minimum diameter 2 cm with length as shown on the Drawing shall be made of galvanised steel pipe class medium of BS-1387/SII-0161 standard and/or PVC pipe of 5 kg/cm² working pressure, and shall be furnished with copper, or steel plated by 2.5 mm copper grounding electrode.

The grounding rod complete with grounding electrode shall be buried underground, as shown on the Drawing.

The ground resistance at grounding box shall be less than 2 ohm measured on dry condition or after 2 days without rain.

The grounding system shall have a hand hole (test point) for measuring purposes as indicated in the Drawings.

A perimeter grounding around the building shall be constructed as indicated in the Drawings.

Hand hole shall be constructed of masonry with a concrete plate cover in sizes as indicated by the Drawings.

At the bottom of the hole shall be placed a sand layer of minimum thickness 15 cm or as specified in the Drawings.

The building steel construction and the electrical system grounding shall be connected with the lightning grounding as indicated in the Drawings.

Connection of grounding wires shall be made completely both electrically and mechanically.

Down conductor which going down shall be clamped as specified in the Drawings.

All non-current carrying metallic bodies, such as pipe stacks, air handling equipment, pumps, etc. shall be bonded and grounded to the ground loop or to nearest grounding bus in the equipment room.

5.4 Testing and Inspection

The whole installation must be inspected mechanically and electrically.

Each grounding box shall reach 2 ohms earthing resistance in dry soil condition.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes the need for transparency and accountability in financial reporting.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and techniques used to collect and analyze data. It includes a detailed description of the experimental procedures and the statistical tools employed.

3. The third part of the document presents the results of the study, including a comparison of the different methods and a discussion of the implications of the findings. It also includes a section on the limitations of the study and suggestions for future research.

4. The fourth part of the document provides a summary of the key findings and conclusions. It highlights the main points of the study and offers a final perspective on the overall results.

5. The fifth part of the document contains a list of references and a bibliography. It includes citations to the works of other researchers in the field and provides a comprehensive overview of the literature related to the study.

6. The sixth part of the document includes a section on the acknowledgments, where the author expresses gratitude to the individuals and organizations that provided support and assistance during the course of the research.

7. The seventh part of the document contains a section on the author's biography and contact information. It provides a brief overview of the author's background and offers a way for readers to reach out if they have any questions or comments.

8. The eighth part of the document includes a section on the disclaimer, where the author clarifies the scope and limitations of the study and disclaims any liability for the results or conclusions presented.

9. The ninth part of the document contains a section on the copyright notice, which states the author's rights and provides information on how the work can be reproduced or distributed.

10. The tenth part of the document includes a section on the appendix, which contains additional information and data that are not included in the main body of the text but are relevant to the study.

11. The eleventh part of the document contains a section on the glossary, which defines the key terms and concepts used throughout the document to ensure clarity and consistency.

12. The twelfth part of the document includes a section on the index, which provides a quick reference to the various sections and topics covered in the document.

13. The thirteenth part of the document contains a section on the conclusion, where the author summarizes the overall findings and offers a final thought on the significance of the study.

CS – 0304 – PRECAST CONCRETE

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

The work shall consist of constructing and placing of precast concrete material of dimension and shape in accordance with the Drawings.

It shall include but not be limited to the following :

- Supply of material, labour, equipment and tools,
- Excavation and backfilling to the acceptance of the Engineer.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- a. Peraturan Beton Bertulang Indonesia (NI-2, 1971).
- b. Persyaratan Umum Bahan Bangunan di Indonesia (PUBI).
- c. Standar Industri Indonesia (SII).
- d. TS 2 Earthworks
- e. TS 3 Concrete Works
- f. TS 8 Handling and Erection of Precast Concrete Units.
- g. Technical Specification AR-0404 - Cement Mortar.

3.0 GENERAL PROCEDURES

3.1 Technical Data

Technical data of specified materials shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval, prior to delivery and installation.

Technical data shall show type/shape, dimension, manufacturer's installation instruction and all information required for installation and erection.

3.2 Shop Drawing

The Contractor shall submit Shop Drawings which shall show details, placing diagrams, instructions and notes on materials, finish and others in accordance to the lines, elevations of the Drawings and shall be approved by the Engineer.

4.0 MATERIALS

All precast concrete materials shall be of concrete with minimum quality of K-250.

All reinforcing steel shall be deformed bars as specified in Technical Specification TS 3.

Cement mortar for sealing joint shall comply with Technical Specification AR-0404.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 General

All excavation shall be made to the required depth and dimensions as shown by the Drawings.

The foundation where the precast concrete materials will be set or located shall be properly tamped and layered with sand blinding layer.

Prior to placing of the precast concrete, all the requirements in the Drawings shall be followed.

Compaction procedures shall be in accordance with TS 2 Earthworks.

5.2 Drainage Installation

The forms shall be set so that the drain is inverted and top of walls shall conformed to the desired lines and grades.

All weep holes and inserts shall be formed or block out as shown by the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer.

Both side walls shall be brought to the level of the back of shoulder, except where it shall be reduced in height to accommodate a cover slab and/or where the side wall adjacent to shoulder is raised to form a curb.

Backfill shall be immediately placed after the placing of precast concrete drain and shall be tamped to the level of the top of the drain.

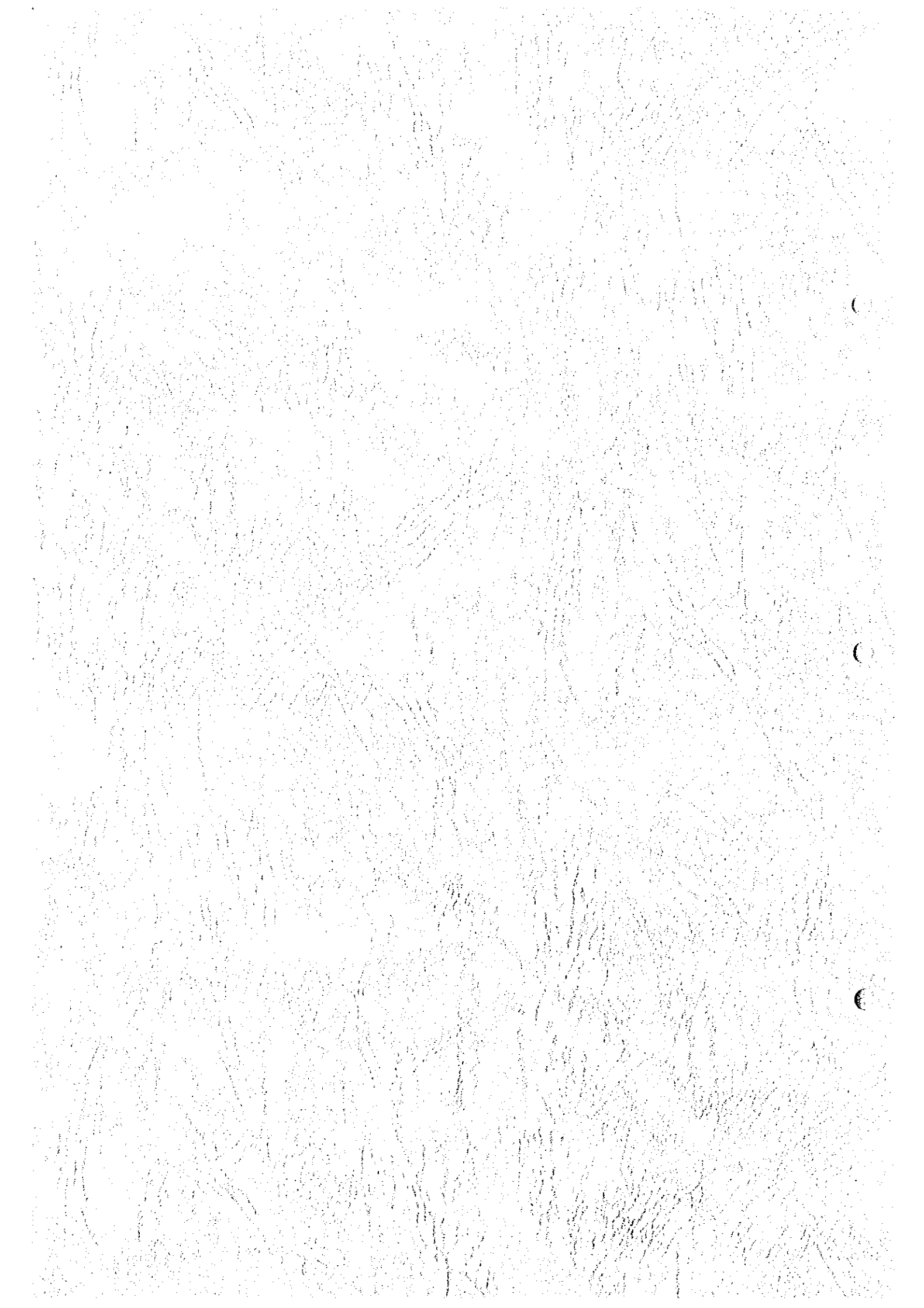
The distance of the backfill from the edge of drain wall shall be in accordance to the direction of the Engineer.

All precast concrete drain shall be placed at designated interval as shown in the Drawings.

All joints shall be 2 cm spaced and sealed tightly with 1 : 3 mix of cement mortar and/or as directed by the Engineer.

All cover slabs shall be furnished at particular locations as determined by the Engineer.





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