#### CHAPTER 7 FINANCIAL REQUIREMENT AND AFFORDABILITY OF EMP

#### 7.1 Implementation and Financial Requirement of EMP

#### (1) Overall Requirement

The overall financial requirement for the implementation of EMP for environmental management and environment-related services, is shown in Table 7-1 and summarized below.

#### Capital and Recurrent Costs for EMP

Unit: US\$ 1,000

	2000 - 2010	2011 - 2020	Total
Projects for Sanitary Water			
- Capital Cost	335,626	59,411	395,037
- Recurrent	2,913	14,091	17,004
Projects for Clean Water			
- Capital Cost	275,577	396,921	672,498
- Recurrent	17,403	45,186	62,589
Projects for Sanitary Water & Sanitary			
Water (Reform of HSDC)		į	
- Capital Cost	4,415	1,310	5,725
- Recurrent	5,816	9,355	15,171
Projects for Clean City			
- Capital Cost	85,020	49,105	134,125
- Recurrent	38,158	97,283	135,441
Sub-Total			
- Capital Cost	700,638	506,747	1,207,385
- Recurrent	64,290	165,915	230,205
Projects for Institutional			
<u> </u>	9,172	7,682	16,855
Grand Total			
	774,100	680,345	1,454,445

As shown above, US\$1,454 million would be required in total for the implementation of the recommended projects and measures for EMP for the period of 21 years from 2000 through 2020, which comprises the capital cost of about US\$1,207 million and about US\$247 million for institutional project cost and incremental recurrent costs including O&M and personnel costs.

(2) Implementation Schedule and Financial Requirement for the Urgent and Priority Projects

Among the recommended projects, preparatory works should be started as soon as possible for the urgent project and construction should be commenced in 2002 to be completed around the beginning of 2004, aiming at receiving the solid wastes after using up the existing landfill capacity. Construction schedules of the structural type priority projects are set considering:

- a) Urgency of the projects
- b) Continuation of the ongoing previous stages/phases
- c) Time required for pre-construction works including financing and design works

Accordingly, all the recommended priority projects of structural type will be started before 2005 and completed in 2010 at the latest.

Total initial investment cost will amount to about US\$514 million as summarized below

#### **Initial Investment Cost**

(US\$1,000)

Urgent/Priority Projects	Period	Investment Cost
Nam Son Landfill/Transfer System	2002-2005	45,848
To Lich River Drainage Project, Stage 2	2002-2006	153,941
Public Sewerage for Old City Center	2002-2010	219,039
West Lake Water Quality Improvement	2000-2003	36,421
Main City Lakes Improvement	2002-2005	10,258
Primary Waste Collection	2000-2010	32,980
Septage Collection & Disposal	2000-2010	16,000
Total		514,487

Considering the urgent need, reinforcement of the Hanoi DOSTE should be started from 2000 in particular the upgrading of the Environmental Management Division of Hanoi DOSTE to and agency under DOSTE. In order to upgrade the current activities as well as to prepare for the development of the new facility recommended in EMP, institutional and organizational type priority projects are recommended to be started in 2000.

#### 7.2 Affordability of Implementation

In the reality, capital costs will be financed through various fund sources including general revenue of HPC and the Government, international financial organizations, bi-lateral official development aid, etc. Financing costs varies according to the sources. Specific fund sources and their conditions are yet to be known at this moment. Considering the characteristics of the EMP projects as well as the fund sources in the past and possible international finance assistance in the future, in this JICA Study, the total cost is capitalized, assuming 25 year repayment period with 5 % interest rate.

Affordability of EMP costs or its implementability was checked by the capitalized cost of EMP added with all the recurrent costs including the current against the total revenue of HPC and GRP of the city. It is assumed that HPC revenue grows at the same rate as that for GRP.

Two cases of economic growth are assumed, high and low cases. The calculated ratios for 2010 and 2020 are given below for the two cases.

Range of Ratios of EMP Costs to HPC Revenue and GRP

	2010	2020
Environmental Cost - Amortized capital cost +		
Recurrent cost (US\$ million)	76.5	118.4
High Case		
- HPC revenue (US\$ million)	1,089	4,406
- GRP (US\$ million)	8,025	32,481
- Ratio to HPC revenue (%)	7.0	2.7
- Ratio to GRP (%)	1.0	0.4
Low Case		
- HPC revenue (US\$ million)	453	935
- GRP (US\$ million)	3,341	6,887
- Ratio to HPC revenue (%)	16.9	12.7
- Ratio to GRP (%)	2.3	1.7

For the High Case, the ratios are considered in the reasonable range. In the Low Case, the ratios become much higher but are considered to be within the acceptable range. By these analysis, EMP is judged to be affordable and therefore financially implementable.

#### 7.3 Fund Raising for the Implementation of EMP

Though all the projects and measures recommended for EMP should serve for the common purpose of the preservation and improvement of the environment, their characteristic varies according to the project. Namely, some would serve for the city population as a whole, others serve for particular population. Some projects would necessitate large outlay of capital while some need small budget for implementation. Some projects need big capital cost but small O&M cost while some need relatively small outlay but big annual O&M. Though EMP should serve for the city of Hanoi, Hanoi being the capital of the country and its environmental improvement might serve for the State's interest by upgrading the image and impression of the country.

Characteristics of the recommended projects are shown below.

Purpose/Sector Particular Beneficiaries Whole City Sanitary Water В В - Drainage Clean Water В A Public sewerage В - Lake conservation Α Clean City В Solid waste management A Institutional & Organizational  $\mathbf{C}$ - Environmental management A C - Service providers

Characteristics of the recommended projects

Remarks;: A Strong relevance, B Limited relevance, C Not relevant

Funding facility conceivable comprise the following:

- a) Hanoi City budget
- b) Government budget
- c) Own fund of the companies or service providers
- d) Concessionary term loans by Official Development Aids (ODA) or international financing organizations
- e) Grants by ODA

Considering these project characteristics, the following application of funding can be conceivable.

#### Various Application of Funding

Fund Sources	Drainage	Sewerage	Lake	SWM	EM
Hanoi City budget	Α	Α	Α	Α	A
Government budget	В	С	c	С	С
Own funds	С	В	С	A	С
Concessionary loans	A	A	Α	A	С
Grants by ODA	С	С	С	A	С

Remarks: A Strong relevance/possibility, B Limited relevance/possibility,

C No relevance/possibility

It should be noted that concessionary loans are extended through the Government or Hanoi City and are components of the budgets.

## CHAPTER 8 SUBSEQUENT ACTIONS RECOMMENDED FOR MATERIALIZING EMP

Following the completion and submission of this JICA EMP, it is recommended that actions be taken to bring the recommendations into reality including the following.

#### 8.1 Recommended Actions for the Finalization and Authorization of EMP

After the completion and submission of JICA EMP, appraisal committee which includes not only HPC members but also Ministries and Central bodies concerned with the environment in the Hanoi City, should be set up for the evaluation and finalization of the EMP. EMP thus prepared should be approved at national level like the case of Hanoi Urban Master Plan for 2020, considering the status of the Hanoi City as the state capital.

## 8.2 Recommended Actions for Solving the Urgent Problem of Solid Waste Management

Considering the urgency of the waste disposal in the urban districts of the city, detailed design of the recommended urgent project of Nam Son Landfill/Waste Transfer System should be carried out as soon as possible. Financing arrangement should also be started. Efforts should be continued for securing the cooperation of the residents in and around the Nam Son landfill site.

Location of the waste transfer station should be finalized in consideration of the JICA Study recommendation, and arrangements for land acquisition and compensation should be started.

Detailed design should be carried out for the recommended priority project of Primary Collection of Solid Waste that includes expansion of garages and building new one, which is eventually an integral part of the whole waste management system from collection up to disposal. Procurement of the vehicles should be started at the earliest timing and land acquisition arrangement for the new garage construction, should be started in plenty of time.

#### 8.3 Recommended Actions for Sanitary Water Environment

Detailed design for the To Lich Drainage Project Stage 2 should be carried out considering the progress of the ongoing Stage 1, desirably in 2002 together with the financial arrangement.

#### 8.4 Recommended Actions for Clean Water Environment

It may be advisable to carefully study the possible impacts of water diversion from the Red River to the West Lake in order to avoid the adverse impact on the ecology of the lake for supporting the planning of the water quality improvement of the lake.

Feasibility study for the proposed Public Sewerage Development Project for the Old City Center should be started at the earliest timing.

#### 8.5 Recommended Actions for Clean Air and Quiet City Environment

Traffic is the major cause both for air pollution and noise. Especially in the urbanized area, road network as well as traffic regulation and management affects the urban living environment. These environmental consideration should be incorporated in the transport planning and traffic management.

# **Tables**

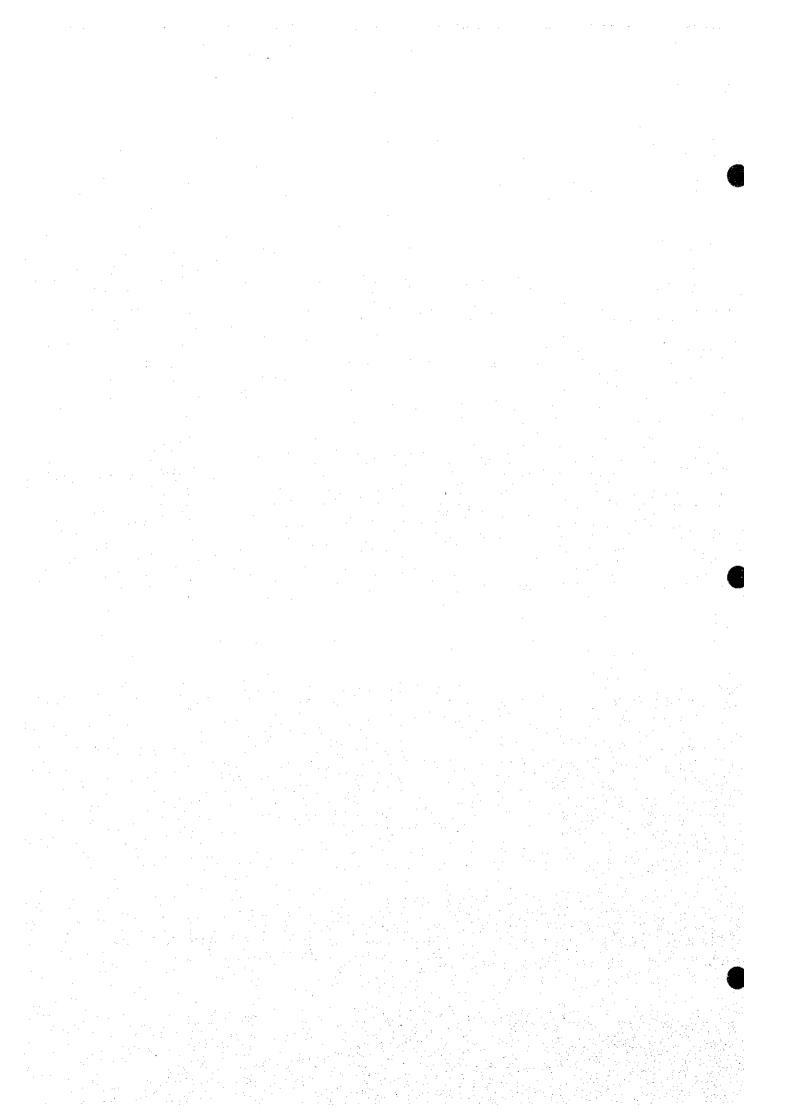


Table 2-1 Future Land Use by Development Area of Hanoi Jurisdiction in 2020

and Use		<b>4</b>		٥			70	٥	-		<u>ا</u>		[	
/		Forest/		Building		Building	Resi-	is.	Defence/	River/	Other	Nature	Total	Remarks
Area	culture	Green	Indry.	Cmml.	Public	Total	dential		Security	Lake		(a+b+g)	(ha)	(Planned pop.)
Development	O	160	32	640	095	1 232	1 120	490	114	370	P	530	2 499	800 000
Restricted	* % -	4 6%	2000	18 20%	16.0%	36.25	32.0%	14.0%	3 30%	10.8%	6	15 400	100.0%	
Development	C	910	451	260	490	1501	1 820	1,680	955	2.155	7.4	3 065	8 696	700,000
Extended	%0	10.5%	5.2%	6.4%	5.6%	17.3%	20.9%	19.3%	6.4%	24.8%	0.9%	35.2%	100.0%	
New	250	1,800	985	1,000	906	2,885	2,800	2,400	462	2,204	19	4,254	12,820	1,000,000
Development	2.0%	14.0%	7.7%	7.8%	7.0%	22.5%	21.8%	18.7%	3.6%	17.2%	0.1%	33.2%	100.0%	
Central City	250	2,870	1,468	2,200	1,950	5,618	5,740	4,570	1,132	4,737	76	7,857	25,014	2,500,000
TOTAL (1)	1.0%	11.5%	5.9%	8.8%	7.8%	22.5%	22.9%	18.3%	4.5%	18.9%	0.4%	31.4%	100.0%	
Soc Son Urban	234	117	430	187	163	. 780	909	443	9	112	21	463	2,319	233,166
Thanh Tri Urban	221	131	77	63	50	190	200	157	4	259	95	611	1,257	62,609
Other Urban	455	248	507	249	213	696	807	909	10	371	116	1,074	3,576	295,775
TOTAL ②	12.7%	6.9%	14.2%	7.0%	6.0%	27.1%	22.6%	16.8%	0.3%	10.4%	3.2%	30.0%	100.0%	
Sub-urban	38.303	6.737	10	425	30	465	4 420	1 360	768	199 2	7 290	102 65	620 63	0.7 - 0.8 mil
TOTAL ®	61.7%	10.9%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	0.7%	7.1%	2.2%	1.3%	12.3%	3.7%	84.9%	100.0%	
									,					
Hanoi Jurisdiction	39,008	9,855	1,985	2,874	2,193	7,052	10,967	6,530	1,968	12,769	2,503	61,632	90,652	3.5 -3.6 mil.
(O+O+O)	43.0%	10.9%	2.2%	3.2%	2.4%	7.8%	12.1%	7.2%	2.2%	14.1%	2.8%	68.0%	100.0%	

Table 2-2 Future Cleanliness in terms of Solid Waste Uncollected without Counter-measures

	1998	2010	2020
1. Urban Districts	407	1,689	2,943
·	(25%)	(58%)	(71%)
2. Sub Urban Districts			
2.1 Soc Son	68	92	118
	(75%)	(80%)	(84%)
2.2 Dong Anh	77	153	288
·	(81%)	(89%)	(94%)
2.3 Gia Lam	77	151	218
	(63%)	(77%)	(83%)
2.4 Tu Liem	47	76	108
	(71%)	(80%)	(85%)
2.5 Thanh Tri	62	96	136
	(76%)	(83%)	(88%)
2.6 Total of Sub Urban Districts	332	568	868
	(73%)	(82%)	(88%)
3. Total of Hanoi city	739	2,257	3,811
	(35%)	(63%)	(74%)

Note1: "Without counter-measures" means that waste collection capacity of HPC would remain same as the current level without increases.

Note2: Figures in parenthesis are ratios of uncollected waste to generation amount without countermeasures.

Table 2-3 Noise Pollution for the Present, 2010 and 2020 without Counter-measures

Environmental Zones		Present	2010	2020
	Morning	P		
1, Old City Center	Daytime	P	P	P
	Nighttime	P		
2, Red River Right Bank	Morning	P		
North- West	Daytime	P	P	P
	Nighttime	P		
	Morning	P		
3, Red River Right Bank South 4, Dong Anh urban area 5, Gia Lam urban area	Daytime	P	P	Р
	Nighttime	P		
	Morning	υ		
	Daytime	Р	P	P
	Nighttime	υ		
	Morning	Р		
	Daytime	P	P	P
	Nighttime	U		
	Morning	Р		
6, Sub-urban Arca	Daytime	P	P	P
	Nighttime	U		
	Morning	P		
7, Ho Tay Area	Daytime	P	P	P
	Nighttime	P		

Note: P: Polluted U: Unpolluted

Table 2-4 Future Conditions of Nature and Amenity without Counter-measures

THUNCUS	Connect-me	asures	
Environmental Zones	Present	2010	2020
1. Old City Center	В	С	С
2. Red River Right Bank North- West	В	В	С
3. Red River Right Bank South	В	В	С
4. Dong Anh urban area	В	В	С
5. Gia Lam urban area	В	В	С
6. Sub-urban Arca	Α	В	В
7. Ho Tay Area	В	C	С

Note: A: Fully satisfied, B: Partially satisfied, C: Not satisfied

Table 2-5 Future Conditions of Cultural & Historical Assets without Conter-measures

Environmental Zones	Present	2010	2020
1, Old City Center	В	С	С
2, Red River Right Bank North- West		<u>.</u>	•
3, Red River Right Bank South	-	-	<u>.</u>
4, Dong Anh urban area	_	-	<b>-</b> ·
5, Gia Lam urban area		<u>-</u>	-
6, Sub-urban Area	_	-	
7, Но Тау Агеа	В	С	С

Note: A: Fully satisfied, B: Partially satisfied, C: Not satisfied

Table 5-1 Definition of Target Satisfaction Levels

### Sanitary Water Environment

Effective Area	<del></del>	Protection Level	
	less than 5-year return period	Between 5-year and 10-year return period	more than 10-year return period
Less than 50 %	0	0	1+
Between 50% and 75 %	0	1+	2+
Mre than 75 %	0	2+	3+

#### Clean Water Environment

Effective Area		Water Pollution Level	
	Polluted	Slightly-Polluted	Un-Polluted
Less than 50 %	0	0	1+
Between 50% and 75 %	0	1+	2+
More than 75 %	0	2+	3+

### Clean City: Waste collection service coverage in terms of population (%)

Coverage Area	Collection Level
100	3+
Between 50 to 100	2+
Less than 50	1+

#### Green

Effective Area		Area of Green Park	
	Less than 10 m <sup>2</sup> per capita	10 m <sup>2</sup> or more than 10 m <sup>2</sup> per capita	20 m <sup>2</sup> or more than 20 m <sup>2</sup> per capita
Less than 50 %	0	0	1+
Between 50% and 75 %	0	1+	2+
More than 75 %	0	2+	3+

#### Friendly Water

Recreation Area		Water Front	
	Polluted Water Bodies	Slightly-Polluted Water Bodies	Un-Polluted Water Bodies
without Recreation Area	0	1+	2+
with Recreation Area	1+	2+	3+

Table 5-2 Target Satisfaction Levels by Sector

Priority Project	Zone				[	
		Sanitary	Clean Water			P.1
		Water	Environment	Clean City	Green	Friendly Water
		Environment				water
To Lich River Basin	1_1_	3+	0	0	0	0
Drainage Project	2	1+	0	0	0	0
	3	3+	0	0	0	0
	4	0	0	0	0	0
	5_	0	0	0	0	0
•	6_	1+	0	0	0	0
	7	3+	0	0	0	0
	8					
Waste Lake Water	1	0	2+	0	00	0
Quality	2	0	0	0	0	0
Improvement Project	3	0	0	0	0	0
	4	0	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	0	0
	7	0	3+	0	0	3+
77.0	8					
Main City Lakes	1	1+	0	0	1+	1+
Improvement Project	2	0	0	0	0	0
	3	0	0	0	0	0
	<u>4</u> 5	0	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	0	0
	7	0	0	0	0	0
	8			0	1+	1+
Public Sewerage	1	0	3+	0	0	<u> </u>
Development for	2	$-\frac{0}{0}$	0	0	0	2+ 0
Old City Center	3	0	2+	0	0	1+
	4	0	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0	0
	6	0	Ö	ŏ	0	0
·	7	0	0	ō	0	0
	8					
Improvement of the	1	0	1+	3+	0	0
Primary Collection	2	0	1+	3+	0	0
System of Solid	3	0	1+	3+	0	0
Waste	4	0.	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	0	0
	7	0	1+	3+	0	0
	8					
Establishment of	i	0	1+	0	0	0
Septage Collection	2	0	l+	0	0	0
and Disposal System	3	0	1+	0	0	0
	4	0	1+	0	0	0
	5	0	1+	0	0	0
	6	0	0	U	0	0
	7	0	1+	0	00	0
	8					

Table 5-3 Benefits of Structural Priority Project

	E	:	J T	A Company of the Comp
Thomy Project	target	Arca	Beneficiaries in 2020	Omer tangiore Deuerties
To Lich River Basin Drainage Project	Sanitary Water	75.4 km² (To Lich River)	1,085,895	<ul> <li>The project will ensure the average protection level corresponding to 10 year return period storm water.</li> <li>Enhanced economic activities and reduction of interruption of traffic</li> <li>Enhancement of land value and securing the urban development</li> </ul>
West Lake Water Quality Improvement Project	Clean Water     Friendly Water	39.1 km² (EZ 1 & 7)	854,090	<ul> <li>Provision of suitable waterfront on West Lake with total 520 ha water surface and 12 km shoreline</li> <li>Water pollution generation load of BOD 6,432 kg/day in 2010 is to be treated properly by the sewerage system to be constructed by the project,</li> <li>Water quality of the Lake is to be improved to Un-polluted level.</li> </ul>
Main City Lakes Improvement Project	Sanitary Water     Friendly Water	39.1 km² (EZ 1 & 7)	854,090	<ul> <li>Provision of suitable waterfront on 14 lakes with total 83.7 ha water surface and 13.5 km shorelines,</li> <li>Activating tourist industry in Hanoi, especially in EZ 1 &amp; 7</li> <li>Sustaining the living environment and amenity for residents in EZ 1 &amp; 7</li> <li>Reduce the flood damages,</li> <li>Improvement of welfare and social security.</li> </ul>
Public Sewerage Development for Old City Center	• Cleap Water	28.8 km²	712,493	<ul> <li>Water pollution load of BOD 74,700 kg/day in 2010 is to be treated properly by the sewerage system of the project</li> <li>Improvement of water quality in urban rivers in Environmental Zone 1 &amp; 3 by way of the above treatment is as shown below.</li> <li>Improvement of the living environment and health with reduction in disease contraction in EZ 1,</li> <li>Tourism promotion due to preparing clean water environment in Hanoi,</li> <li>Improvement of water resources, such as lakes and groundwater, and Securing the agriculture and fishery activities in EZ 1 and 3,</li> <li>Sustaining the living environment and amenity for residents EZ 1</li> </ul>
Improvement of the Primary Collection System of Solid Waste	• Clean City	84.1 km² (7 urban district)	1,433,861	<ul> <li>Preparation of clean city area of 84.1 km²</li> <li>Improvement of water environment by way of free from uncollected garbage</li> </ul>
Establishment of Septage Collection and Disposal System	• Clean Water	250.3 km²	648,972	<ul> <li>Improvement of the living environment and health condition with reduction in disease contraction,</li> <li>Improvement of water environmental condition of rivers, lakes and groundwater, and securing the agriculture and fishery activities,</li> </ul>

Table 5-4 Cost Effectiveness

	Investment Cost up to 2010 (US\$1,000)	Cost per Beneficiary (US\$)
1) To Lich Basin Drainage Project Stage 2	153,941	10.6
2) City Lake Conservation (14 Lakes)	10,128	0.9
3) Waste Lake Conservation	36,421	3.3
4) Public Sewarage	223,563	24.7
5) Septage	16,000	3.0
6) Waste Primary Collection	32,980	4.5
7) Nam Son Landfill/transfer System	52,040	4.2
Total	525,073	+

Table 5-5 Relationship between priority projects

Toy Implementation				101	To From		ompli	nenta	Complimentary project	ject			
1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12	Priority Project Selected for Implementation		Struc	tural					Non	struct	ural		
ement         O         ©         O <th>Structural</th> <th>- 2</th> <th>ო</th> <th>4</th> <th>'n</th> <th>ဟ</th> <th>^</th> <th>ω</th> <th>თ</th> <th>2</th> <th>Ξ</th> <th>12</th> <th>5</th>	Structural	- 2	ო	4	'n	ဟ	^	ω	თ	2	Ξ	12	5
tement	oject	0	<b>®</b>	<b>®</b>	<b>®</b>	<b>®</b>	•	<b>③</b>	•	•	•	O	0
O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O	/ement	0	Ο	О	<b>®</b>	<b>®</b>	•	<b>()</b>	<b>③</b>	<b>(3)</b>	<b>②</b>	<b>(</b>	<b>•</b>
trem for Solid Waste	3 Main City Lakes Improvement			О	<b>®</b>	•	0	•	<b>②</b>	<b>©</b>	•	<b>(</b>	<b>©</b>
tem for Solid Waste O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	4 Public Sewerage Development	O •	O		<b>®</b>	•	<b>②</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>③</b>	•	•	O	O
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10   2 4 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10   2 4 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10   2 4 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10   2 4 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9   2 4 11   2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 10   2 4 11   2 3 4	5 Improved Primary Collection System for Solid Waste		0	0		О	•	<b>②</b>	<b>③</b>	<b>(3)</b>	О	•	0
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ental monitoring system ation Committee  District Level  M organizations  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11  © © © © © ©  © © © © ©  M organizations	6 Septage Collection and Disposal		0	•	0		•	<b>(</b>	<b>®</b>	0	•	0	0
Committee	Non-structural	- 8	ო	4	ഗ	ဖ	7	€	တ	10	Ξ	12	13
dination Committee       non-dependent       •       <	7 Establish and reinforce environmental monitoring system							O	•		O	O	O
at District Level  www.morganizations	8 Establish Environmental Coordination Committee						0		<b>9</b>	О	O	0	O
at District Level  WWW organizations	9 Reinforce Hanoi DOSTE		p uou	epend	ent		•	•		•	О	О	0
WM organizations	10 Strengthen Env. Management at District Level						0	•	•		O	O	<b>@</b>
WWM organizations	11 Reform HSDC											0	0
0	12 Reform URENCO and other SWM organizations												О
oddododod Gooddoodd Carlos Control Con	13 Establish Environmental Fund						•	•	0	О			

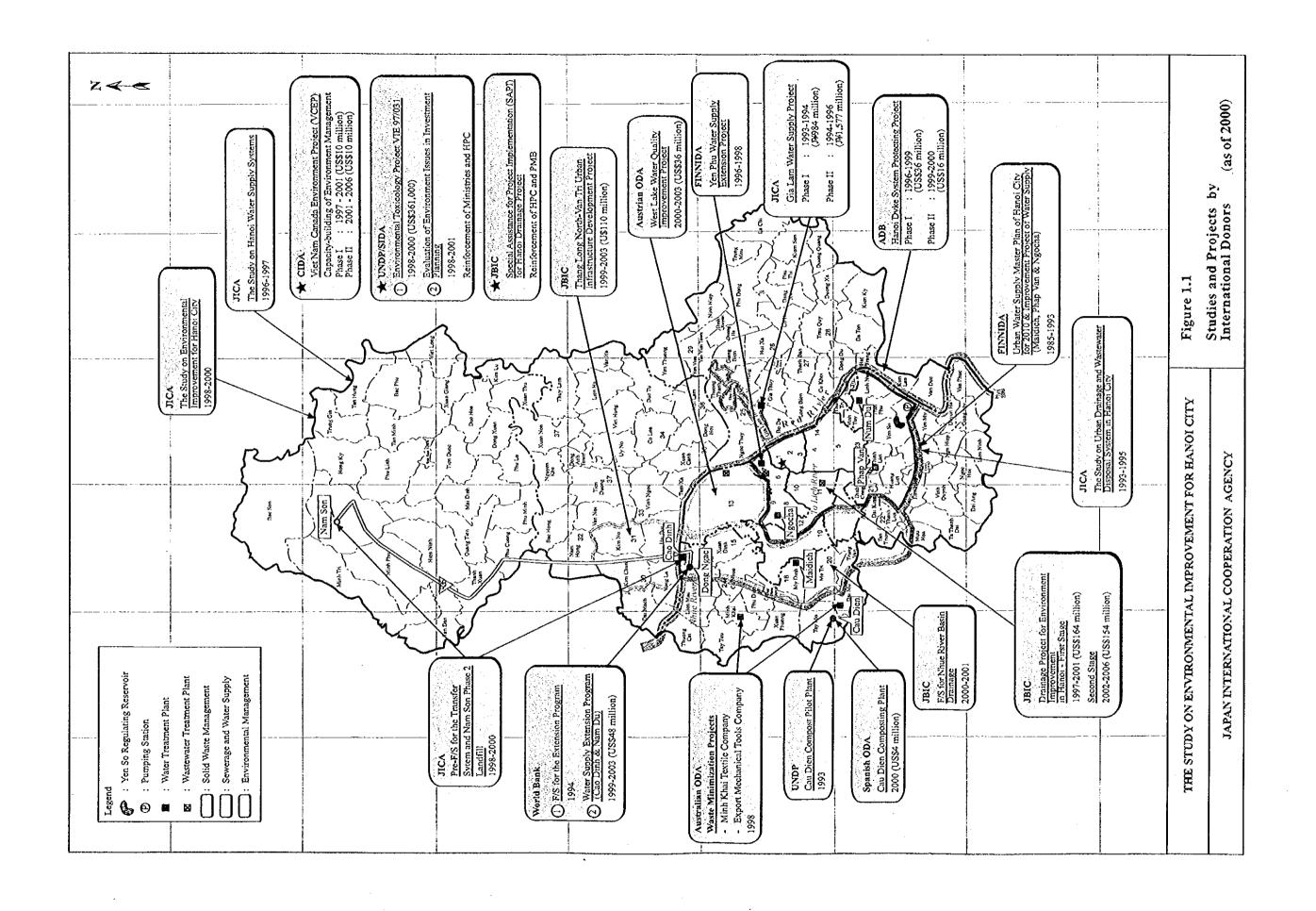
	0	independent
Dedice of dependency	•	partially dependent
	•	dependent

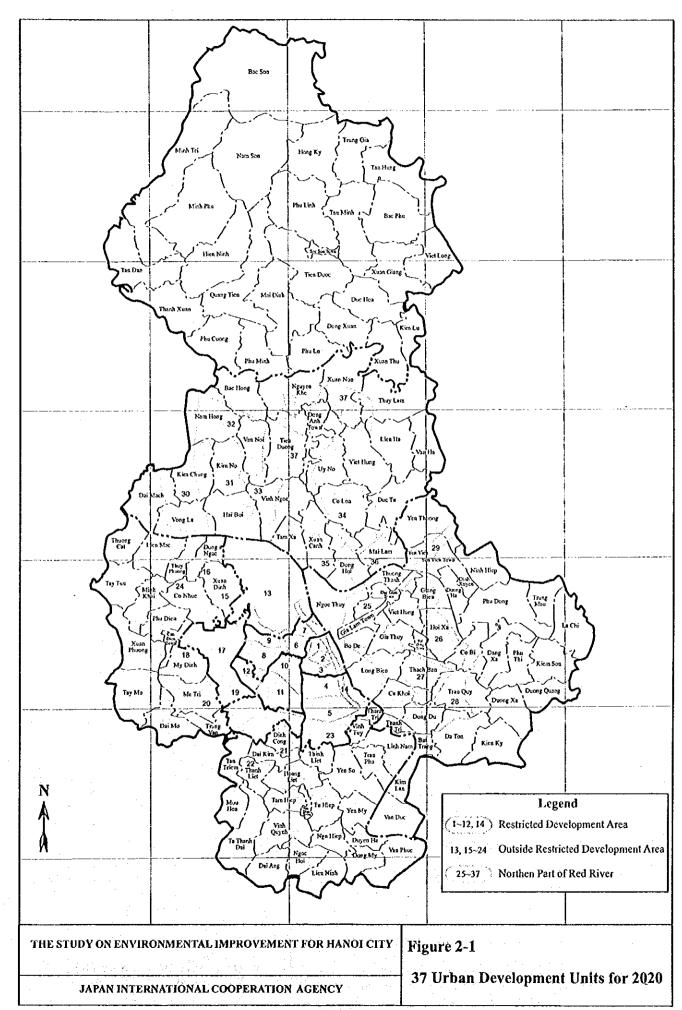
Complementary Projects - Other priority projects whose implementation increases the benefits and/or likelihood of success and sustainable implementation of a given priority project.

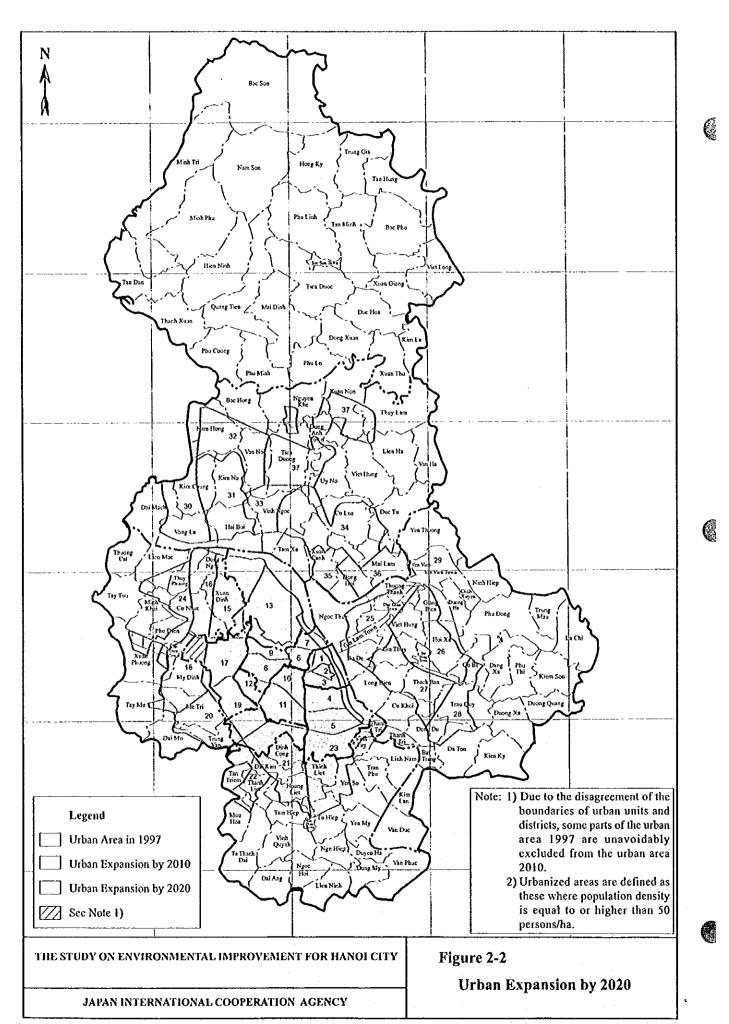
	-		ľ	-	٢	Table 7-1	Summary	ofAnnu	of Annual Investment	Ě	Operating (	Costs of EMP		(Unit: US\$ 1,000)	8	-	-	ŀ	-	-	-	-	ſ
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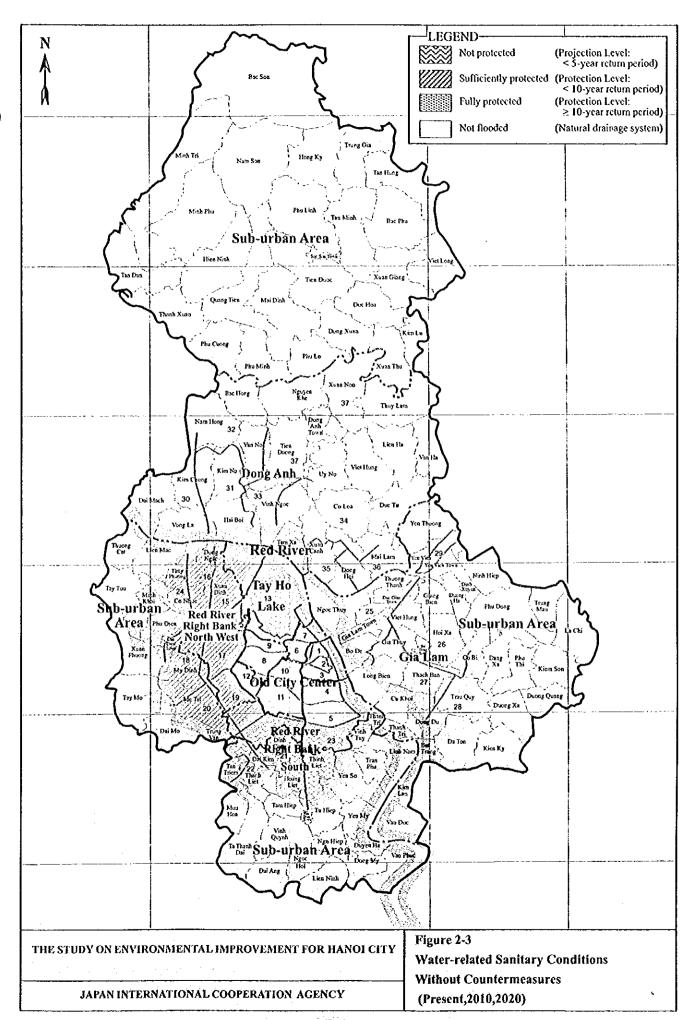
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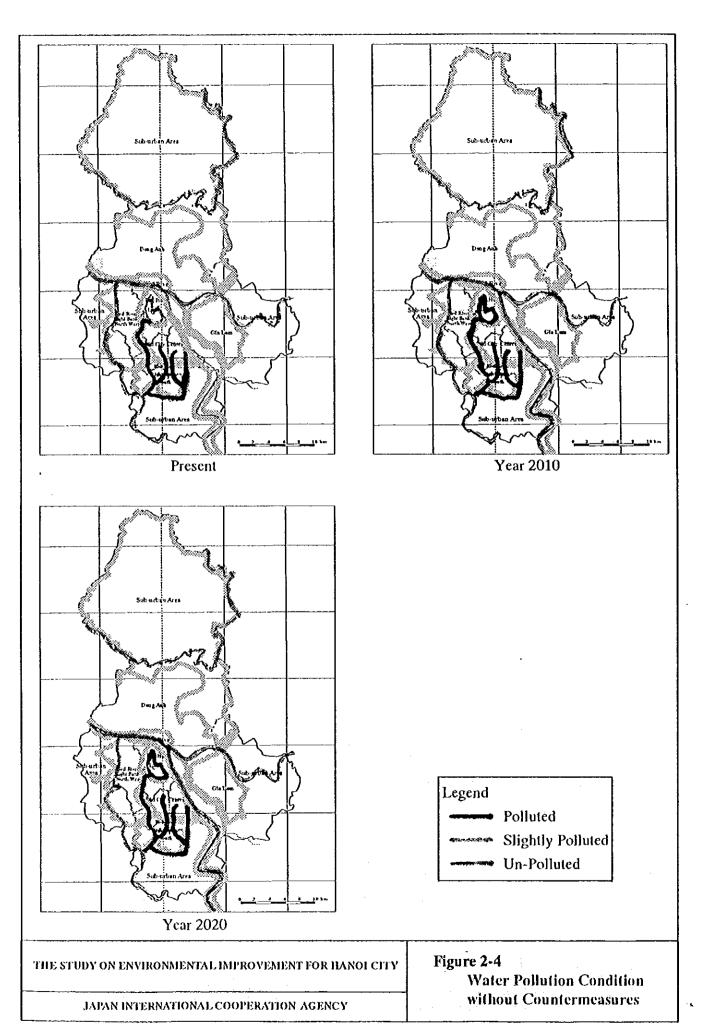
# **Figures**

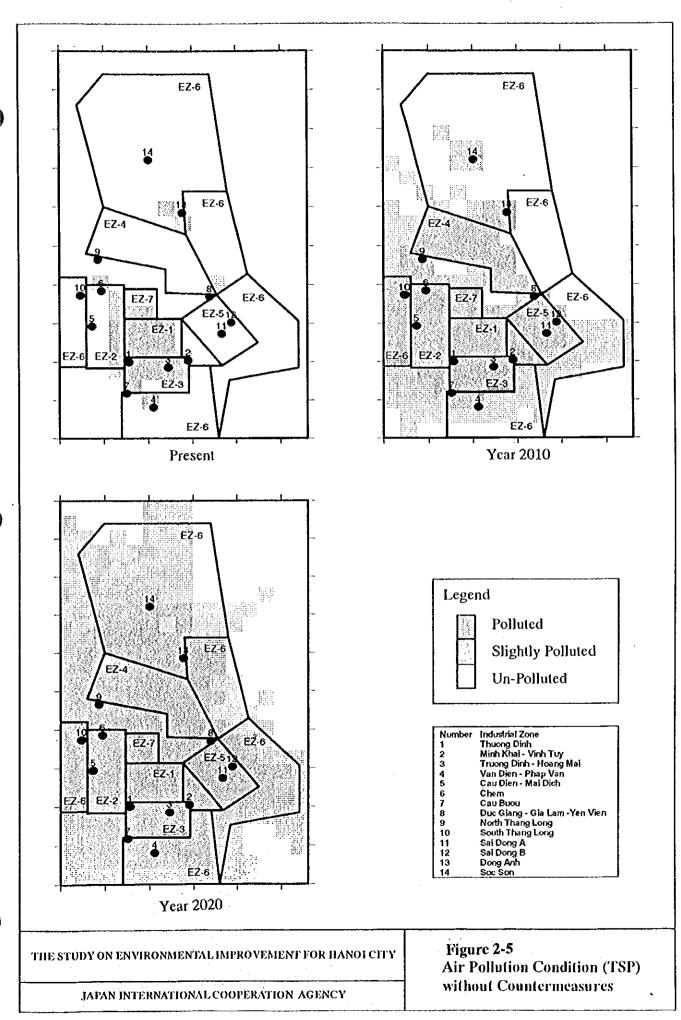


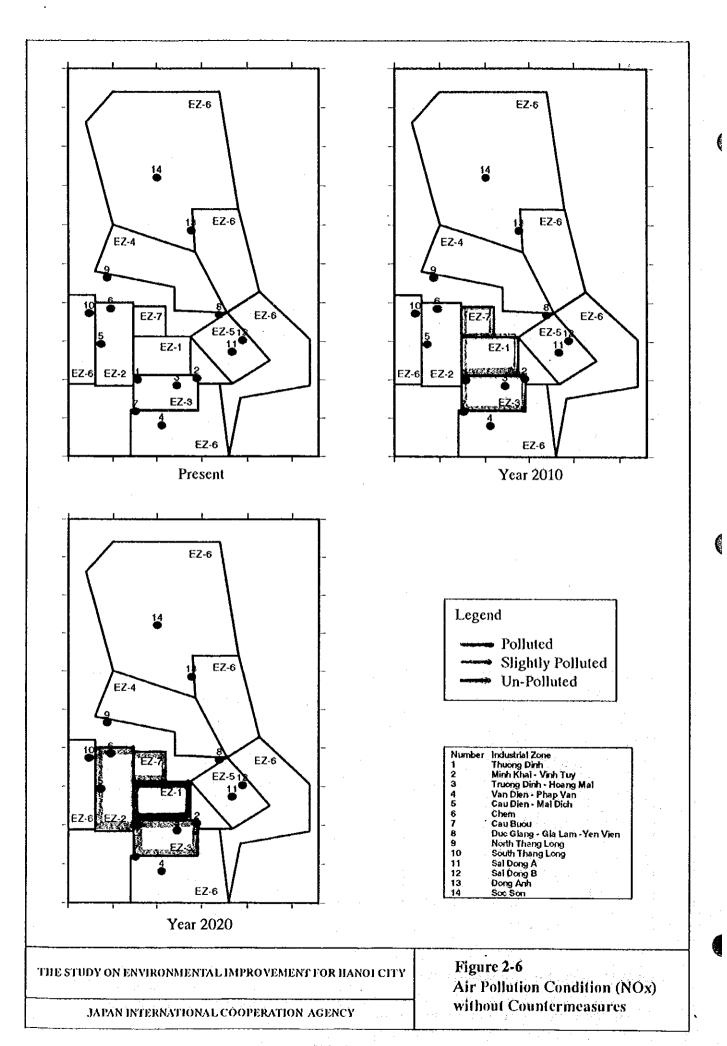


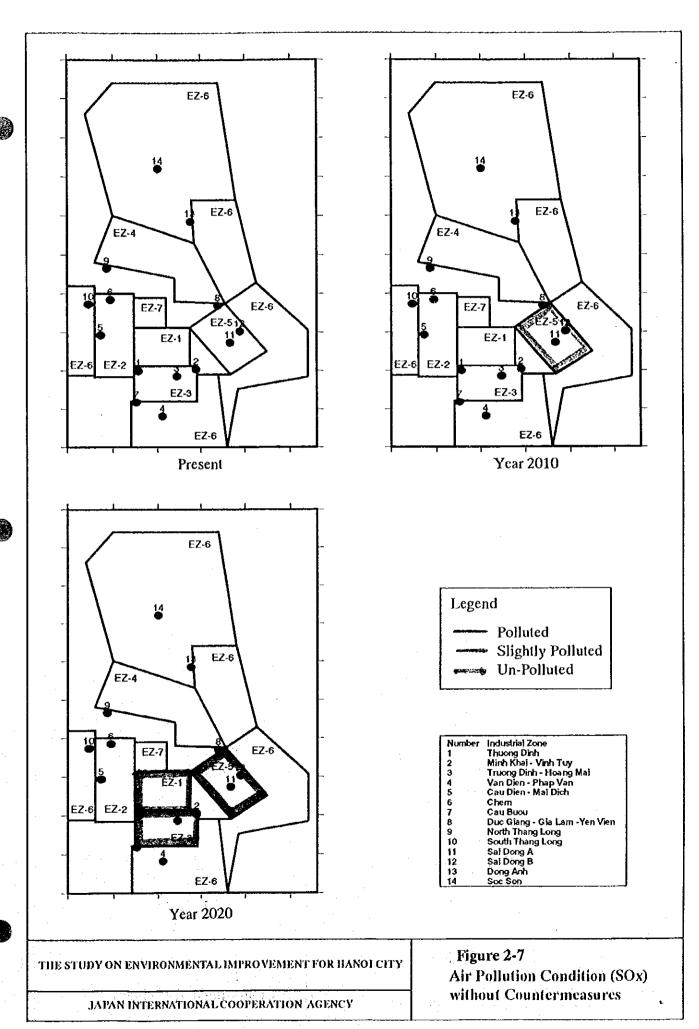


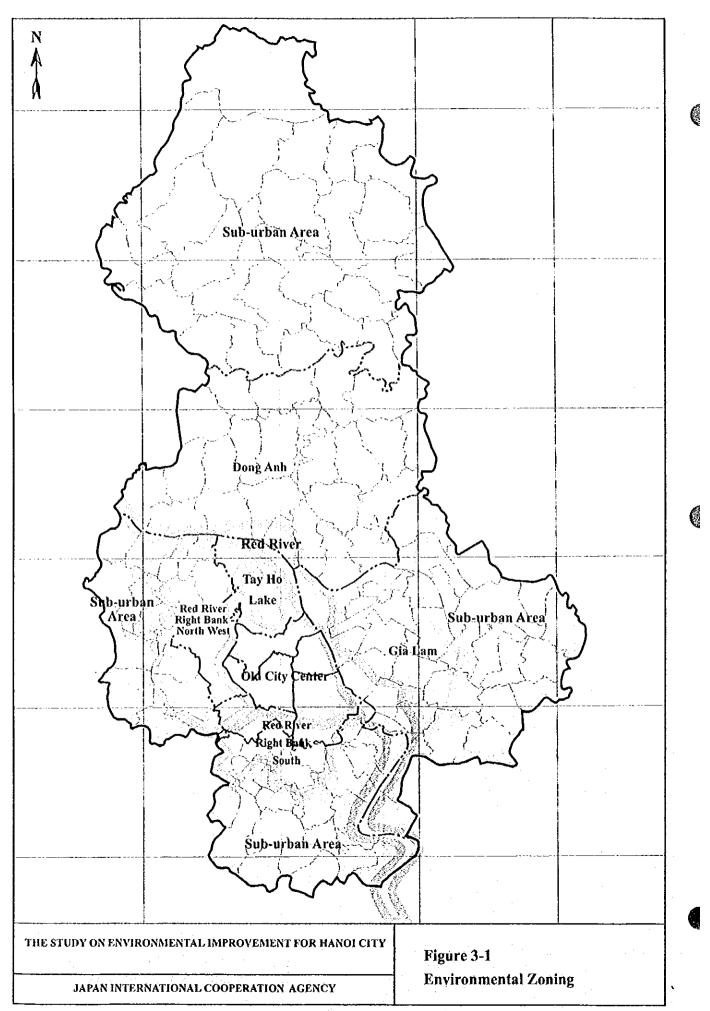


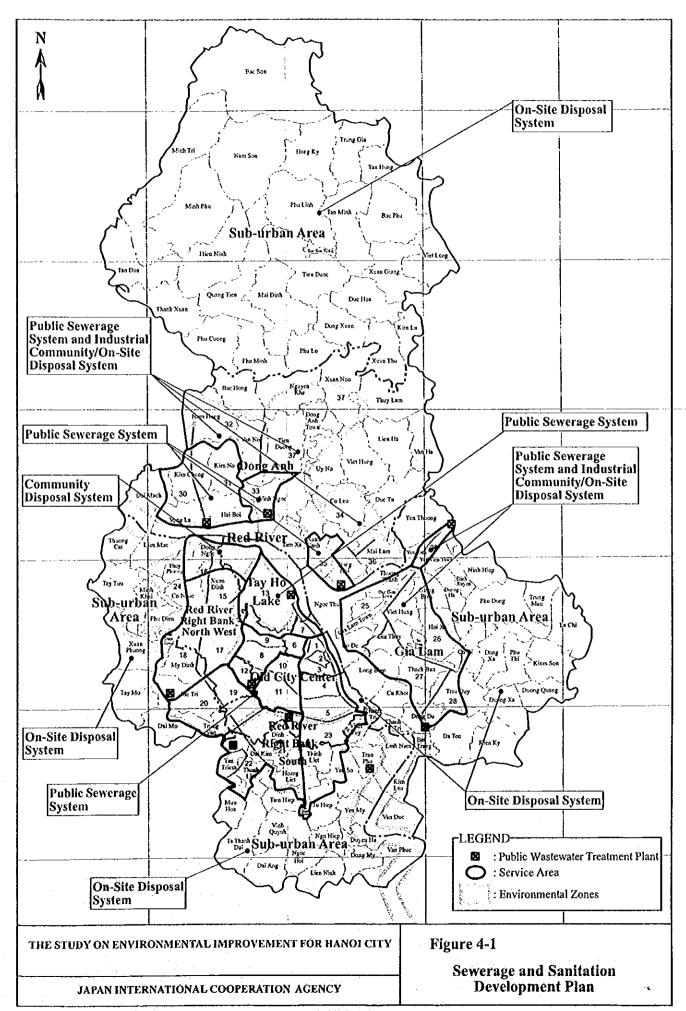


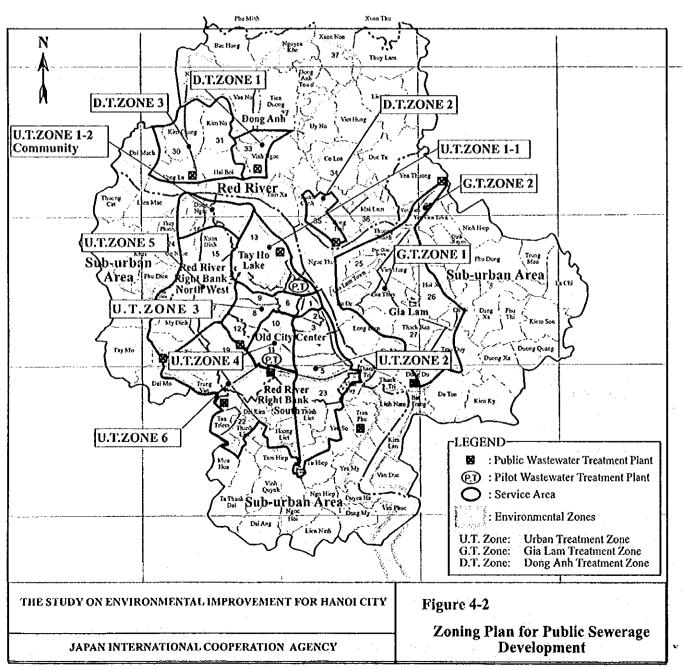


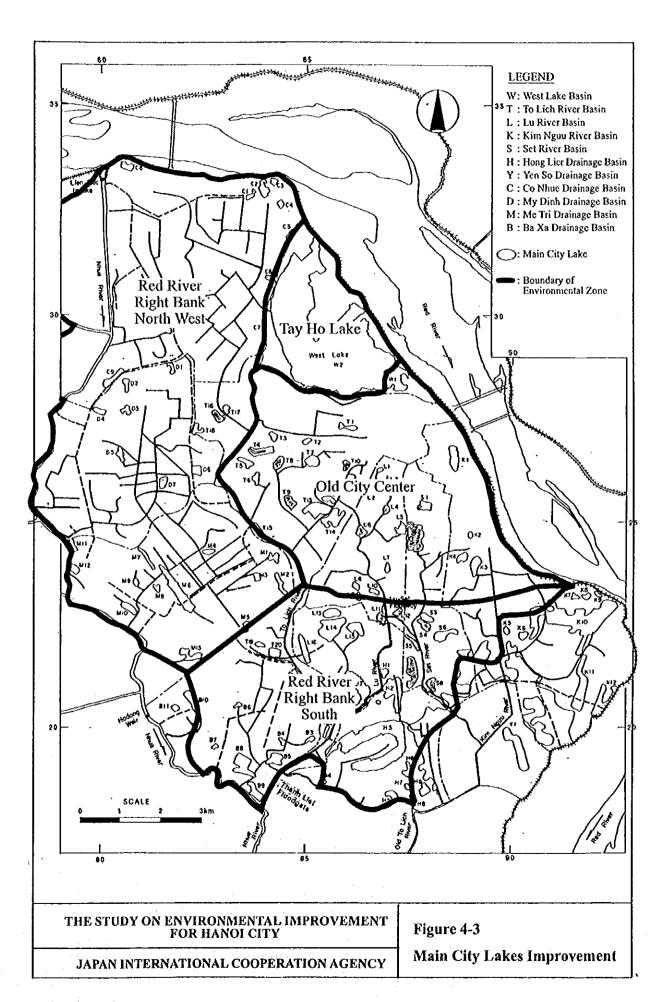












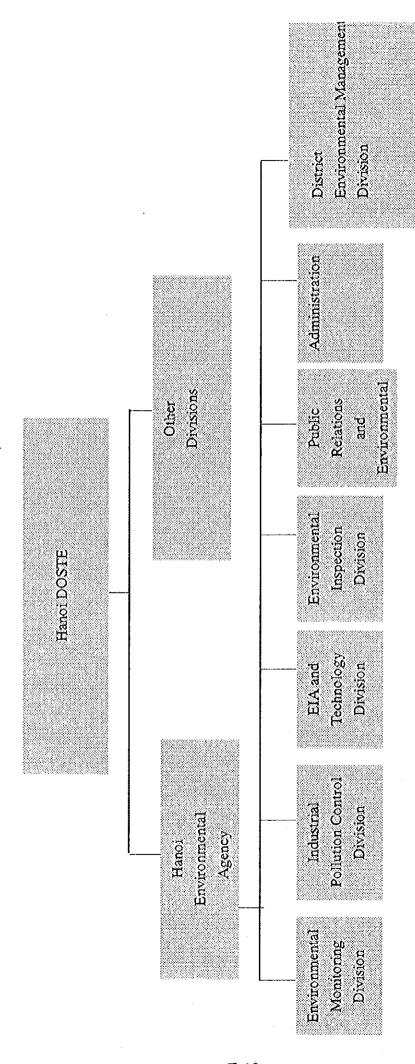


Figure 4-4 Hanoi Environmental Agency

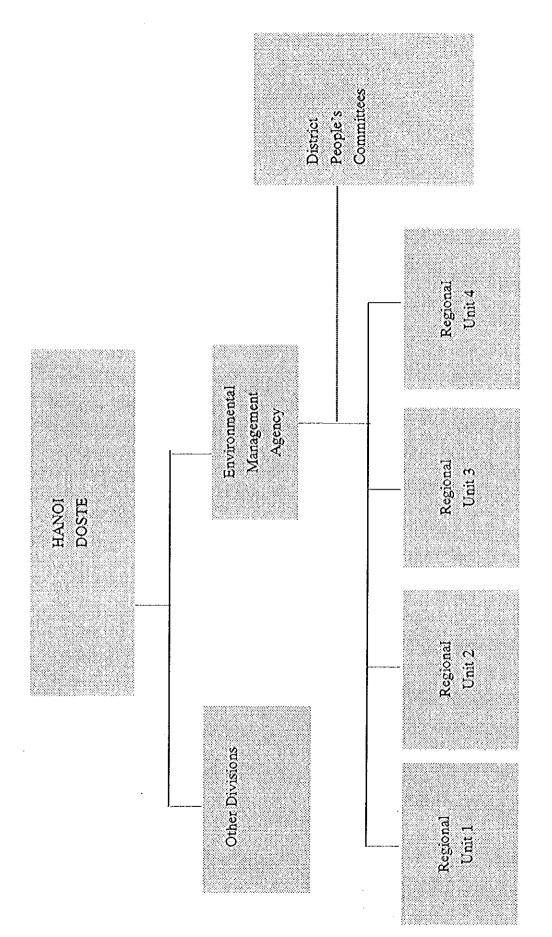
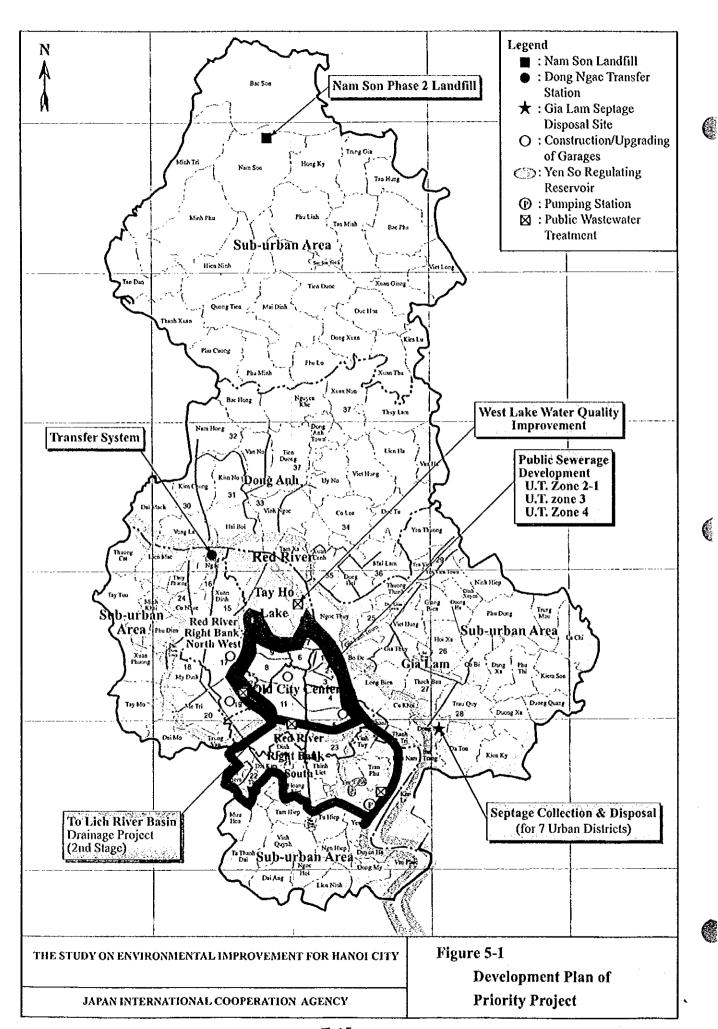


Figure 4-5 District Environmental Management Responsibility in Regional Unit in EMA



Financial/Inder-Contract

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ápnes Sandy

ž	Priority Project	8	5	3		3	L	8	9	-	⊢		<b> -</b>	3	!	9	- I-
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l	(1) Yes So Pump Station (45m3/s)				╁╴	$\vdash$		<u> </u>	T	+	+		<u> </u>		T	İ	┢
	(T. Regulating Reservoir (132ha)				5	Clob Dam	Dam/Dinh Cong Lakes)	Ar Jano	(6.8)		_	L	L				-
	(3) Prelinge Channel Improvement (31km)				Н		Ц		Н	$\vdash$	$\vdash$		_				-
ŀ	(4) Lake Dredging (14 main lakes)			_1	+	$\sqcup$	Ц			Н	H	_					
- [	(£ Lakeshare Protection Works (11 lakes)				ı	$\dashv$			Н								
- 1	(S. Rehabilitation of existing stormwater sewers			1		γ (V	(Additional installation in parallel	โทรเลไใดที	on in p	ındlei	Н						
- 1	(7. installation of new alomnwater sowers				+	₩.	with the construction of new city road)	nstructic	20 of 10		(pro.						$\vdash$
1 ''	2 PUBLIC SEWERAGE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT		-		╁	$\vdash$			T	+	+-	<del> </del>	$\perp$		T	1	╁
	Urban Treatment Zone 2-1					$\vdash$			<del> </del>	$\vdash$	├-	-	_			l	╁┈
ļ	(1) Tealment Plans (66,300 m3/d)		Ľ	П		$\vdash$		Ĺ	T	-	$\vdash$	<del> </del>					╁╌
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- 1	Urban Treatment Zone 3		888							-		-	L		Γ	$\vdash$	-
- 1	(1) Treetment Plant (77,700 m3/d)					Щ			<del> -</del>	-	-	ļ					<del> </del>
ı	(2) Sewempe (Area: 1,350 hn)					$\coprod$	Ц		Ħ	age ja	ual hour	(Individual house connection works)	\$ [ (4) (4)	orks)		-	-
ı	Urban Treatment Zone 4	original Property of the Prope	8000							-						-	-
- 1	(1) Treasment Plant (35,300 m3/d)					$oxed{+}$				-	-				_	-	-
- 1	(2) Sewerage (Arte: 500 ha)				Н	$\  \cdot \ $		(Judiya	(Individual house connection works)	0	nection	works)					-
ıl	LAKE CONSEREVATION PROJECT			-	<del> </del>	-			†	+	╂	-	1		T	1-	╁
100	3 West Lake Water Quality Improvement	//// SSSSS		(F/S by Austrian Aid)	Austra	a Aid)			Г			_			Γ	1	┢
4	4 Main City Lake Improvement (14 lakes)						$\square$		H		H					Н	
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: I	Procurement of Vehicles				╫					$\vdash$	L	L	<u> </u>		T	$\dagger$	-
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	(2) Phane 11				H	$\prod$			h	-	-				T		┞
ı	Construction & Upgrading of Carages								T	-	-				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	┢
- 1	(1) Upgndlig & expansion of 3 parages				Н				$\vdash$	-					_	-	-
- 1	(2) Construction of new games																
- 1	Procurement of Maintainance equipment for the Central workshop	n			-	$\left  \cdot \right $			$  \cdot  $		$\dashv$						
lο	6 SEPTAGE COLLECTION & DISPOSAL				╁	-			T	-	+	-			T	†	╁┈
ì	(1) Cin Lam (4.5 ha)					-					-	_			Г	H	$\vdash$
	(2) Vehicle Procurement	1		T	$\forall$		$\prod$									$\vdash$	H
*-	7 TRANSFER SYSTEM & NAM SON PHASE 2 LANDFILL					-			T	╁	╢	-	<u> </u>		†	╁╴	$\vdash$
- 1	(1) Nam Son Phase 2 Landfill		-1-		Н				H	-							-
	(2) Waste Transfer System			+	Т							_	L				
- 1	(3) Upgrading of Road and Bridges		-1.		Ī	<u></u>			-	-		L	_			-	
ı			H		Н	-			П	Н	H	Н	Н			-	Н

