### 9.5 Community Development

### 9.5.2 CD Structure and Linkages

### Responsibilities and Qualifications of a CO/CD Worker

### 1. Tasks of a CD/CO Worker

### (a) As Facilitator

- > Enhances individual and group strengths and helps minimize weaknesses and conflicts;
- > Heightens community unity; and,
- > Assists individuals and groups to respond to common interests.

### (b) As Trainor and Educator

- > Discerns educational needs of people;
- > Helps in consciousness-raising to enable group or individual capability development;
- > Assists leaders in developing new leaders;
- > Continually dialogues with people; and,
- > Helps develop self-determination among leaders and members.

### (c) As Advocate

- > Helps analyze and articulate critical issues;
- Assists others to understand and reflect upon these issues; and
- > Evokes and provokes relevant discussion and actions.

### (d) As Researcher

- > Conducts social analysis
- > Engages in participatory research with the people as partners;
- > Helps create research designs for people's use and interest; and
- > Integrates with the people to understand social phenomenon from the people's viewpoint.

### (e) As Planner

- > Conducts initial analysis of area resources and potentials;
- Assists local group's planning, strategizing and creative action; and
- > Helps systematize people's actions to attain desired goals.

### (f) As Catalyst

- > Initiates discussions and actions regarding critical issues; and
- Monitors and nurtures growth of individuals and groups to facilitate long-term social change for people's welfare.

### 2. Personal characteristics of a CD/CO Worker

- a) Must possess an innate and genuine love for people, which enables them to share with the people in their desire for change;
- b) Must have a commitment to help people in the desire to participate in changing society. The commitment sustains them and enables them to persevere.
- c) Must have a basic trust in the people, be willing to learn from them, and have faith with them.
- d) Must be adaptable, flexible, able to adjust to people and circumstances and able to move with people when and where they decide to move.
- e) Must be ready to learn and unlearn, be open to self-assessment and accept criticism; be able to drop pre-determined notions and stereotypes; and swallow their pride while remaining resourceful in the process.
- f) Must have patience with people but not with situations so that they can keep the people moving. The people must not be pushed. A CO must keep pace with them.
- g) Must be able to analyze problems, communicate with the people in their own language and work at the people's level. Only then can they start a process of critical awareness.
- h) Must be able to follow the growth of critical awareness by generating with the people appropriate action towards change and transformation of the community.

### 3. Lifestyle and Method of Work of CD/CO Worker

### (a) In Method of Work

- > People-oriented, i.e. serving the interest of the people by not insisting on own project proposals.
- > Able to work informally among people, and not be overburdened with committee structures.
- > Able to protect the community from outside intervention such as inappropriate projects.

### (b) In Lifestyle

- > Humble, simple and immerse oneself in the life of the community;
- > Free of self-interest and committed, and expects no reward;
- > Able to identify with the people, see themselves as different, and be aware of the limitations of such;

- > Open to be transformed by identification with, and involvement in the community;
- > Able to develop the internal strength to accept frustrations and loneliness at times.

### 4. The CD/CO Worker: A Catalyst, Missionary and Visionary

- a) He/she works with people, not for them.
- b) He/she considers people as intelligent and with numerous experiences.
- c) He/she lets the people grow.
- d) He/she builds up the people's cohesiveness.
- e) He/she builds up the people's organization.
- f) He/she believes that people can change and can bring about change in society.

### 5. Desired Characteristics of a CD/CO Worker

- a) Should have respect for and faith in the people they are working with; believe in the potential power and age-old wisdom of the masses.
- b) Should go to the people as learners, not as teachers; listen more than talk; facilitate more than lead. Should not have the messianic or redcemed complex but instead believe that it is the masses who will be their own redeemer.
- c) Should try to know the people, their socio-economic, political and cultural situation and problems before starting any program or action.
- d) Should be simple and austere in lifestyle.
- e) Should have the capacity and humility to withdraw as soon as the people are ready to manage their own affairs; aims at becoming dispensable.
- f) Capable of improving other's skills and knowledge.
- g) Is needed in order to maintain the community's interest and participation, as well as, to maintain and accelerate the momentum needed.
- h) Requires that the CO be at least several steps ahead of the community, but having in mind the direction of the community will be going and how to reach the desired goals.

### 9.5.5 Approaches to Participatory Community Development

# FRAMEWORK FOR COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Phase I: FORMATION OF ORGANIZATION

### A. Pre-Entry/Preparatory

Att William	Onjectiv	Striego	ProliferoriOrgianizer
×	Identify and recommend a capable CD-CO worker/s from the area	Review of track records; Interview and sereening of applicants	Provincial/Municipal CD Specialists
Orient the CD-CO worker's on the project     objectives and requirements	Familiarize the CD-CO worker/s on the project	Group discussion	Provincial/Municipal CD Specialist
3. Gather secondary data (Barangay naps, socio-economic profile, list of leaders and development workers, peace and order situation, list of organization, history of participation in previous project.)	Make an initial assessment of the barangay's capability to implement and assume responsibility for the project.	Data gathering	CD-CO worker/s
4. Conduct ocular survey of barangay	Orientation to the physical features/structures of the barangay	Site visits	CD-CO worker/s

# B. Community Entry and Integration

Provincial/Municipal CD Specialist; Barangay Captain	Municipal Gov't./ Barangsy Captain	Barangsy Leaders, CD-CO workers
Community meeting	Group meeting	Home visits; Spending time in most frequented places and look and listen attentively
Install the CD-CO worker/s by provincial and municipal level implementors	CD-CO worker's to establish rapport with barangay councils and leaders	Establish rapport with the barangay constituents
5. Deploy the CD-CO Worker/s	6. Pay courtesy call on barangay officials	7. Conduct house-to-house visit and informal interviews with the residents

Activity	Objective	Strategy	Facilitator/Organizer
8. Conduct project briefing	Orient community on the project objective and requirements, strategy of implementation, MOA, selection criteria of beneficiaries and activities in order to get their commitment and participation		CD-CO worker/s and Technical Team
9. Undertake project acceptance and signing of Memorandum of Agreement (MOA)	Delincate responsibilities of project beneficiaries and implementing agency	Community meeting	CD-CO worker/s

# C. Community Assessment

d and List down relevant data that should be gathered Group meeting CD-CO worker/s	on Determine the best way of data collection, considering Group discussion CD-CO worker/s the information needed	Establish socio-economic, political and technical Home visit; focus group CD-CO worker/s discussion; group meeting	le and Confirm with the barangay officials and leaders data Community and group meeting; CD-CO worker/s spot checking	mmunity Further enrich and refine data in the profile Community meeting CD-CO worker/s	Update/finalize community profile Group meeting CD-CO worker/s	Know the causes and implications of the problems Groun discussion
10. Identify information to be gathered and List down relevan possible source of information	11. Select the method of data collection  the information ne	12. Collect data from informants Establish socio-ec information about	13. Process /validate community profile and Confirm with the l spot mapping collected	14. Present validated profile to the Community Further enrich and	15. Finalize the community profile Update/finalize co	16. Analyze the problems identified Know the causes a

A. Activity	Objective	Strategy	Facilitator/Organizer
8. Conduct project briefing	Orient community on the project objective and requirements, strategy of implementation, MOA, selection criteria of beneficiaries and activities in order to get their commitment and participation	Community meeting	CD-CO worker/s and Technical Team
9. Undertake project acceptance and signing of Memorandum of Agreement (MOA)	Defineate responsibilities of project beneficiaries and implementing agency	Community meeting	CD-CO worket/s

# C. Community Assessment

<ol> <li>Identify information to be gathered and possible source of information</li> </ol>	List down relevant data that should be gathered	Group meeting	CD-CO worker/s
11. Select the method of data collection	Determine the best way of data collection, considering the information needed	Group discussion	CD-CO worker/s
12. Collect data from informants	Establish socio-economic, political and technical information about community	Home visit; focus group discussion; group meeting	CD-C0 worker/s
13. Process /validate community profile and spot mapping	Confirm with the barangay officials and leaders data collected	Community and group meeting; spot checking	CD-C0 worker/s
14. Present validated profile to the Community	Further enrich and refine data in the profile	Community meeting	CD-CO worker/s
15. Finalize the community profile	Update/finalize community profile	Group meeting	CD-C0 worker/s
16. Analyze the problems identified	Know the causes and implications of the problems identified.	Group discussion	CD-CO worker/s

# Phase II: DEVELOPMENT OF ORGANIZATION (Levels I and II)

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# A. Community Mobilization

	**************************************	Ktrategy	R. dusherenser
1. Formulate action plan for the community	Prepare a plan of action towards the development of a WATSAN Project	Group discussion	CD-C0 worker/s
2. Develop criteria to select core group that will comprise the water association	Enlist people who are interested to work actively that will support CO activities	Community meeting	CD-C0 worker/s; Barangay Officials
3. Conduct core group orientation and presentation to the community	Familiarize the people comprising the core group of the water association	Barangay assembly	CD-CO worker/s; Barangay Officials
B. Formation of WATSAN Association			
4A. Launch formation of WATSAN association	Community residents conduct initial meeting to formalize formation of water association	Community meeting	CD-CO worker/s; Barangay Officials
SA. Facilitate legal works and documents and mobilize committee on documentation	Prepare necessary legal documents	Committee/group discussion	Committee Chairman
6A. Finalize membership	Confirm final membership by tapstand and undertake information campaign on the importance of tapstand grouping and house rules formulation; select tapstand leader	Undertake meeting per tapstand	CD-CO worker/s
7A. Draft and ratify constitution and by-laws	Develop a set of policies and by-laws that will govern the operation of the association	Meeting of core group or tapstand leaders	CD-CO worker/s; LGU
8A. Facilitate registration and accreditation of WATSAN association	Registration of water association to appropriate government agencies	Actual registration with concerned government entity	CD-CO worker/s; Association Officers
			j

Phase II: DEVELOPMENT OF ORGANIZATION (Levels I and II)

# A. Community Mobilization

Achvity	Objective	Strategy	- Rzeilifator Organizer
<ol> <li>Formulate action plan for the community</li> </ol>	Prepare a plan of action towards the development of a WATSAN Project	Group discussion	CD-C0 worker/s
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3. Conduct core group orientation and presentation to the community	Familiarize the people comprising the core group of the water association	Barangay assembly	CD-CO worker/s. Barangay Officials
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6A. Finalize membership	Confirm final membership by tapstand and undertake information campaign on the importance of tapstand grouping and house rules formulation; select tapstand leader	Undertake meeting per tapstand	CD-CO worker/s
7A. Draft and ratify constitution and by-laws	Develop a set of policies and by-laws that will govern the operation of the association	Meeting of core group or tapstand leaders	CD-CO worker/s; LGU
8A. Facilitate registration and accreditation of WATSAN association	Registration of water association to appropriate government agencies	Actual registration with concerned government entity	CD-CO worker/s; Association Officers

## C. Project Preparation

Activities Activities	a collision of	Strategy	. Facilitator Organizer
4B. Conduct feasibility study	Identify potential water source sites	Mobilize community through committee	Technical Team; CD-CO worker/s
5B. Present technical findings	Inform the community of the results of the feasibility study conducted	Core group meeting	CD-CO worker/s
6B. Prepare technical design	Determine/design the most appropriate technology to be used for WATSAN system	Community meeting	Technical Team
7B. Present draft technical design	Come up with recommendations on the technical study	Community meeting	Technical Team
8B. Finalize technical design	Generate community decision on the proposed WATSAN scheme	Technical Team Dicsussion	Technical Team

# D. Project Implementation

9. Undertake project presentation	Present to the community the project to be implemented and the responsibilities required of the beneficiaries	Community meeting	Technical Team/CD-CO Workerls
10. Conduct Action Planning/Pre-construction Seminar	Generate work plan and tasking for the construction activities; Spell out what to expect during the construction processes	Community meeting	Technical Team
11. Mobilize committee for delivery of materials	Ensure that materials delivered at the community are all Specific committee to handle accounted for	Specific committee to handle materials	Selected Committee
12. Undertake construction of facility	Construct/Complete WATSAN Facility	Actual Construction	Technical Team

## C. Project Preparation

Activity	Objective	Strategy	Facilitator/Organizer
4B. Conduct feasibility study	Identify potential water source sites	Mobilize community through committee	Technical Team; CD-CO worker/s
5B. Present technical findings	Inform the community of the results of the feasibility study conducted	Core group meeting	CD-COworker/s
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<ol> <li>Mobilize committee for delivery of materials</li> </ol>	Ensure that materials delivered at the community are all specific committee to handle accounted for	Specific committee to handle materials	Selected Committee
12. Undertake construction of facility	Construct/Complete WATSAN Facility	Actual Construction	Technical Team

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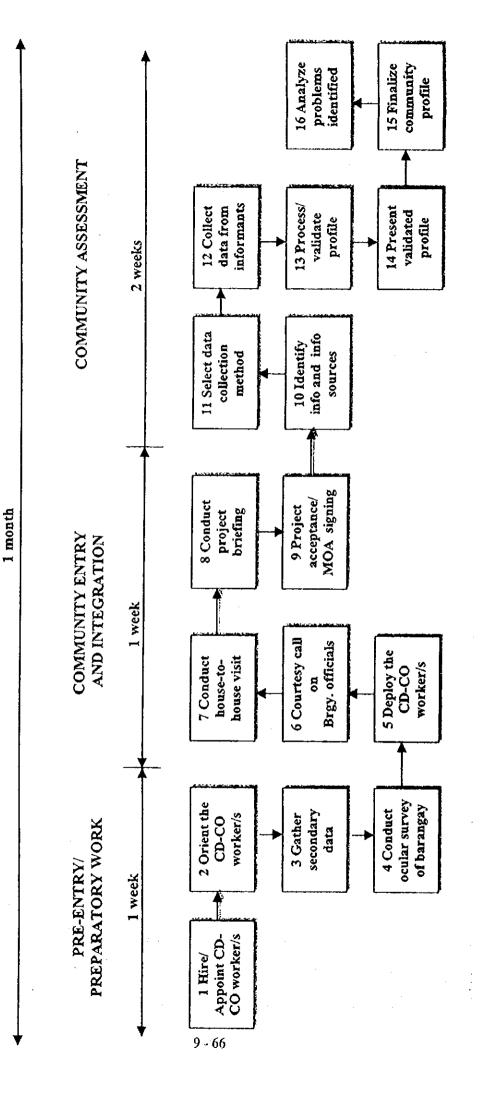
PHASE III: CONSOLIDATION AND SUSTENANCE OF ORGANIZATION

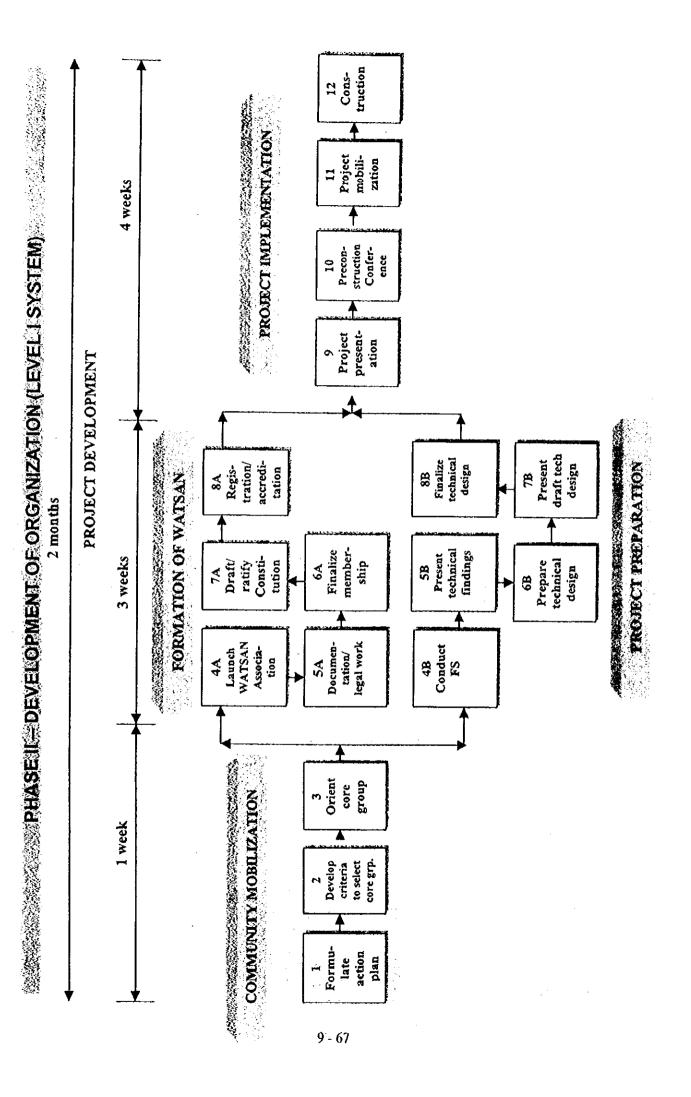
A A VORTON	n no entre de la Objective	Strategy	Fadilitiet Organtzer.
1. Conduct training on hygiene, sanitation and on health care	Conduct of training on health and sanitation	Community meeting or meeting by tapstand grouping	CD-CO worker/s; Rural Sanitary Inspector
2. Conduct training on organizational management	Conduct of training on organizational management	Seminar-workshop	LGU/CD-CO worker/s
3. Conduct training on financial management	Conduct a financial management training	Seminar-workshop	LGU/CD-CO worker/s
4. Present, compare/collate tapstand and house rules	Collate similar house rules formulated in the previous activity	Meeting of tapstand leader	CD-CO worker/s
5. Conduct test run of facility/system	Solicit community participation in ocular operation and test run of facility installed	Actual Test Run; Community meeting	Technical Team
6. Undertake water quality test	Ensure potability of water from facility	Collect water sample and submit to DOH for test	Technial Team
7. Conduct training on system operation, maintenance and repair	Conduct a training on O&M and repair	Seminar-workshop	Technial Team
8. Turn-over facility/system to WATSAN Association	To have a formal turn-over of facility/system to officers and members	Turn-over ceremony	CD-COworker/LGU
9. Conduct Final Meeting	Conduct a final meeting with the water association officers and barangay council	Community meeting	CD-COworker/s
10. EXIT			

PHASE III: CONSOLIDATION AND SUSTENANCE OF ORGANIZATION

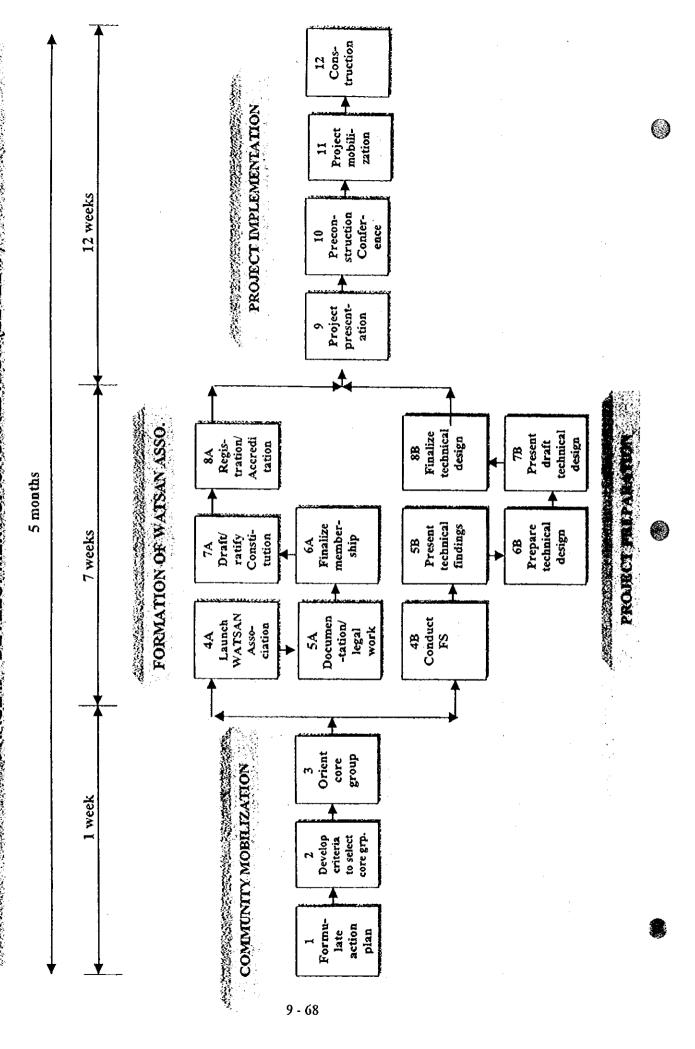
Objective Strateov?	Conduct of training on health and sanitation by tapstand grouping Sa	ational Conduct of training on organizational management Seminar-workshop LGU/CD-CO worker/s	I management   Conduct a financial management training   Seminar-workshop   LGU/CD-CO worker/s	pstand and house   Collate similar house rules formulated in the previous   Meeting of tapstand leader   CD-CO worker/s   activity	system Solicit community participation in ocular operation and Actual Test Run; Technical Team test run of facility installed	Ensure potability of water from facility to DOH for test	operation, Conduct a training on O&M and repair Seminar-workshop Technical Team	WATSAN To have a formal turn-over of facility/system to officers   Turn-over ceremony   CD-COworker/LGU   and members	Conduct a final meeting with the water association  Officers and barangay council	
	Sanitation and	2. Conduct training on organizational Condmanagement	3. Conduct training on financial management Conc	Present, compare/collate tapstand and house Colla rules	5. Conduct test run of facility/system Solic test r	6. Undertake water quality test Ensu	7. Conduct training on system operation, Conc maintenance and repair	8. Tum-over facility/system to WATSAN To h Association and r	9. Conduct Final Meeting Conc	10. EXIT

# PHASE I - FORMATION OF ORGANIZATION





# PHASE II-DEVELOPMENT OF ORGANIZATION (LEVEL II)



PHASE III — CONSOLIDATION AND SUSTENANCE OF ORGANIZATION 10 EXIT 1 day 9 Final meeting 1 day 8 Turn-over of facility/ system 1 day 2 months 5 Facility/ system test quality test 6 Water 5 days run 4 Presentation of House Rules 1 day 7 weeks organizational management 1 Training on hygiene, sanitation 2 Training on

7 Training on O & M

3 Training on financial

management

9

### Typical CD Work

### Community Organizing for Water Supply and Sanitation

Community organizing for water supply and sanitation projects is aimed at forming user groups through a process that integrates the hardware (technical aspects) and software (social aspects) components of a water supply and sanitation project.

People's participation, which can be gauged against the extent to which they themselves are involved in the decision-making processes, their willingness to stake local resources, (both in cash and in kind) and the extent to which trainings have improved the knowledge, skills and attitudes of the people are some of the indicators of a good community organizing work.

The Community organizing process is developing a partnership with the community. The Community organizer is simply a catalyst in the community's efforts to build their self-confidence to operate, maintain and sustain their water supply and sanitation service.

### The CO Framework

The CO Handbook is one of the tools that a community worker may use as a guide in organizing user's groups for community-managed water supply and sanitation facilities. It is presented in three (3) major stages following the community-organizing framework. These stages are a) Formation of Organization; b) Development of Organization; and c) Consolidation of Organization.

The process contains a chronology of activities that starts with the deployment of community organizer and ends up with his/her exit from the community.

Except for steps 9 and 10 of Stage II and Step 20 of Stage III which need not be undertaken for a Level I, all the rest applies to Levels I and II water supply projects. level I water supply projects refer to point source facility catering to a cluster of ten to fifteen households while level II refers to a waterworks that has a distribution system such as multiple tapstands.

The Formation of Organization stage covers activities intended to enlist community participation and make community understand the concepts, processes and importance of organizing a group that will become responsible for eliciting maximum participation for WATSAN activities.

The Development of Organization stage covers activities intended to build capability of water users' organization, which include trainings and full participation in both technical and social activities. It also includes the CO worker's sharing and transferring of organization development and community organizing technology to the leaders of the water users' association. In this way, the community will be able to increase their capability for self-management.

The Consolidation of Organization stage consists of activities intended to "tie loose ends." This is to ensure that at the exit of the CO worker, the water users' association can sustain its operations without an external catalyst.

The last part of the Handbook is a compilation of useful tips in recording the minutes of the community meetings, contents of a spot map, sample tapstand membership form and tapstand membership list, characteristics of a CO worker and community leaders and others. All these

are appended as additional guides to enhance the organization process and facilitate the attainment of the CO objective.

### Community Organizer

The community organization worker as a catalyst is one who believes that the people are the main actors in the processes and that his/her role is that of facilitating the community organizing process; improving the skills and knowledge of the community; and that he/she has to withdraw as soon as the people are ready to manage their affairs.

### Objectives of the CO Work

The General Objective of the CO work is to form a community-based water user's association that will operate, maintain and sustain their water supply and sanitation facilities.

### Stages of CO Work

Each of the three stages of CO work as contained in the framework is distinctly characterized by various activities needed to ensure that the organization will continue to function even after the exit of the CO worker.

Phase I is characterized by the formal entry of the CO worker to the community. This is marked by courtesy call first to the barangay leaders and then to the community. These activities require thorough understanding of the nature of the project.

The CO worker needs various tools to undertake these activities. A chart preferably in the local dialect that explains the concept of the project and the roles of the various stakeholders is very important. The community profile is one tool that also needs to be validated by the community themselves. The profile serves as a CO tool in facilitating community decisions.

Phase II is characterized by a series of trainings intended to provide adult learning processes to the water users' association. This includes practical and workable approaches needed to synchronize activities and provide appropriate mix of technical and social knowledge and skills to the water users.

Phase III begins when the organization is formalized, water system potability is ensured, legal documents are executed and facility is turned-over to the water users' association for their operation and maintenance. This phase ends when the community organizer exits from the community, leaving behind an organization with positive indicators for sustainability.

### 1. **ENTRY STRATEGIES**

### CO DEPLOYMENT

Objective : Indorse the CO worker to the community by

provincial and municipal level implementors

and the stage of the second second

Control of the Control

: CO worker is introduced to the barangay **Expected Result** 

officials and the community

Suggested Strategy

: Community meeting

Facilitator : Barangay Chairman

: Municipal Level Implementor Co-facilitator

Agenda in the first orientation meeting and courtesy call to barangay council:

- Title of the project
- Objectives
- Stakeholders and their roles, responsibilities and accountabilities
- Funding and counterparting
- Project features or components
- How the project will be executed
- Timetable
- Inputs and outputs (largely trainings)
- Role of the intermediaries (NGOs)
- Solicit/request for CO volunteers to participate in profiling and spot mapping

### VALIDATION OF COMMUNITY PROFILE AND SPOT MAPPING

Objective

To establish socio-economic, political and technical information

about community directly or indirectly related to water and

(

sanitation.

Expected Results

Validated secondary data from the community

Suggested Strategies:

- Home visits
- Focus group discussion
- Visit to RHUs, MPDO, MHO, local school
- Community meeting

### CONTENTS OF THE SPOT MAP

- Natural features (creeks, river, lakes, mountains, water sources)
- Man-made structure (houses, buildings, bridges, roads, schools, cemetery, halls, markets, water system facilities)
- Technical data ( distance, north orientation, elevations, scale, date prepared, source of information, persons/agencies involved, names of places, boundaries, legend, index to adjoining sheets, coordinates)

### 2. PRESENTATION OF VALIDATED PROFILE TO THE COMMUNITY

Objective

To further enrich and refine data in the profile

Expected Results

- Profile validated by the community
- Surfacing of thoughts on:

How project will be implemented on the site

How the facility will be designed and constructed

How the community perceived their role in the project

- Solicit counterpart
- Determine/recommend long list of potential core group members

Facilitator

CO worker

Audience

: Key informants (farmers, church leaders, teachers, etc.)

### 3. DEVELOPMENT OF CRITERIA FOR SELECTION OF CORE GROUP

Objectives

To enlist people interested to work actively that will assist in CO

activities

Expected Results

Core group members elected

- Role and function of core group drawn
- Adhoc committees formed and functions drawn
- Committee chairman selected
- Plan of action done

### IDEAL SELECTION CRITERIA FOR CORE GROUP MEMBERS

- Must have the time and commitment to do community development activities in their locality
- Proven leadership skills
- Direct exposure and experience in community development project/activities
- Have some basic knowledge and/or skills in community organizing
- Good moral standing
- No criminal record
- Should be one of the beneficiaries
- With good interpersonal relationship with the community
- Should be literate

### ROLES AND FUNCTIONS OF THE WATER CORE GROUP

- Initiates the planning and implementation of action on water related activities
- Preparation of water project feasibility study/design community survey and spot map to further validate the importance of the project to the community at large
- Mobilize community resources specifically: the time, skills and efforts of the people
- Resources of the local agency, i.e., money, technical know-how, equipment, machines
- Disseminate information, keeps the community informed about the status of the water project
- Hears and considers suggestions of people with regards to the appropriate activities of the project
- Facilitates the expansion of water core group into Barangay/Rural Waterworks Association.

### COMPOSITION OF THE CORE GROUP

- Technical persons who can be trained on the technical aspects of the project
- Individual who are trusted and respected by community
- Those who have a strong liking to work for people
- Those who have a spirit of volunteerism
- Those who are resourceful
- Individuals who are understanding and patient enough to go with the pace of the community
- Together with the community, they should be able to identify the:
  - Objectives of the group
  - Define roles and responsibilities
  - Clear expectations to members and group as a whole

### ADHOC COMMITTEES CO-TERMINUS WITH THE CORE GROUP

- Education and recruitment
- Monitoring, evaluation and control
- Coordination and manpower
- Documentation (to include preparation of legal documents)

### **FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMITTEES**

- a. Education and recruitment
  - Project information drive
    - Advocacy on water supply, sanitation, health care and hygiene

- b. Monitoring, evaluation and control
  - Inspects and accepts hardware, tools and equipment
  - Acts as property custodian
  - Monitor the evaluation
  - Initiate action planning relative to construction activities
- c. Coordination and manpower
  - Coordinate resources from stakeholders
  - Do follow-ups and issue reminders
  - planning and manpower scheduling in terms of number and distribution
  - Coordinate technical activities in project site
- d. Documentation
  - Facilitate the issuance of legal documents such as right of way permit, deed of donation, certification water source site, etc.

### 4. ASSIST IN SITE SELECTION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY

**Objectives** 

To identify potential water source sites

**Expected Results** 

Water source site for development identified (or prospecting for

wells)

Suggested Strategy

Technical data gathered

### 5. PRESENTATION OF TECHNICAL FINDINGS

Objectives

To come up with recommendations on the technical study

**Expected Results** 

Decision by the community on the technical findings

Water samples collected from agreed upon water source site (for

spring only)

Suggested Strategy

: Meeting of the core group

Facilitator

: LGU Technical Team

CO-facilitator

: CO worker

By the end of Phase I of Community organizing work, the following milestones must have been achieved:

- Water Core Group formed
- Adhoc Committees formed and chairman named
- Water source site identified and initial studies done
- Community profile and spot map completed and validated

While at this stage, there is no way yet of gauging the certainty of making the project succeed in terms of a community-managed facility, a thorough understanding by the beneficiaries of the project features, stockholders, tasks, inputs, outputs and other important information about the project which is done formally as the opening salvo of the CO to the community and, later, on a more informal manner, as the CO integrates to the community is one of the most critical part of this phase.

As community organizing progresses, the deepening sessions of the CO worker in reinforcing project concepts such as strategies for community initiatives towards addressing key issues affecting their community that are directly or indirectly related to water are reinforcing mechanisms in providing impetus to the development of an informal water users' organization, as infant as a water core group.

### 6. HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT TRAINING

Objective

: To build a strong and cohesive team

from among the core group members and barangay officials (if appropriate)

Expected Results

Trained core group members on Human Resource Development

Facilitator

CO worker

Co-facilitator

: Core group members

### 7. PRESENTATION OF TECHNICAL DESIGN

Objective

Generate community decision on appropriate technology to be

Expected Results

Generate community decision on appropriate technology to be

used

Suggested Strategy

Community meeting to discuss

- Initial findings on technical feasibility study

- Presentation of technology options

Facilitator

Technical Team

### 8. FACILITATION ON LEGAL WORKS AND DOCUMENTS

Objective

Prepare necessary legal documents

Expected Results : Legal documents required in WATSAN projects prepared

Facilitator

: Committee Chairman

CO-facilitator

: CO Worker

### LIST OF DOCUMENTS REQUIRED IN IMPLEMENTING WATSAN PROJECTS

- Barangay Resolution desiring to avail of a water facility to be submitted to the LGU
- Building permit of WATSAN facility, from LGU
- Waiver form DENR (if water system components such as the source, tank, pipelines are situated in areas other that private lands) to use the site(s) for community development
- Right of way permit from private land owners, specifically for spring sites and pipeline routes
- Deeds of donation from private landowners for water tank and tapstand sites
- Certificate of water quality source to be developed and tapped, from DOH
- Certificate of water quality produced through the water system facility, from DOH
- Letter of acknowledgment from the municipal mayor endorsing the water system management to the water users' association formed
- Accreditation pertinent papers (needed for the accreditation of RWSAs/BWSAs at the LGU level)
- Water rights
- Water permit
- Drilling permit

### 9. PRESENTATION OF DRAFT TECHNICAL DESIGN

(Skip This Activity If Level I)

Objective

: To inform the community of the results of the feasibility study conducted

### **Expected Results:**

- Location of major components such as well drilling site,

transmission and distribution pipelines

Tanks and tapstands are identified
 Community acceptance of design

Local counterpart generated

### Suggested Strategies:

Community meeting

Site visit to proposed structures/facilities' location

### INFORMATION TO BE PRESENTED TO THE COMMUNITY

- Role of technical people
- Contents of typical water system technical plan
- Presentation of design specifications and explanation of plan contents /drawings in layman's terms
- Presentation of program of work (POW), bill of materials and cost estimates
- Validation of data gathered and used in the designing
- Solicit ideas, opinions, comments and preferences
- Come-up with compromises, and if appropriate determine local counterpart

### 10. MOBILIZATION OF COMMITTEE ON DOCUMENTATION

(skip this activity if Level I)

Objective : To facilitate additional legal work requirement for tapstand, pipeline

and other major system components

To ensure a formal listing of tapstand membership

Expected Results: Completed legal documentation requirement membership per

tapstand known

Facilitator : Committee Chairman, Committee on Documentation and

**Education and Membership** 

CO-facilitator : CO worker

### 11. CONFIRMATION OF MEMBERSHIP BY TAPSTAND

Objective : To confirm final membership by tapstand

To undertake information campaign on the importance

of grouping and houserules formulation

To select tapstand leader

Expected Results : Final listing of membership per tapstand

Formulated tapstand houserules

Tapstand leader selected

Suggested Strategy

Undertake meeting per tapstand

Facilitator

: CO worker

racintator . CO in

CO-facilitator : Chairman, Committee on Education and Recruitment

### DISCUSSION POINTS IN FORMULATING TAPSTAND HOUSERULES

a. Getting water:

- How will water be fetched?

When will water be fetched?

Who can fetch water?

b. Monitoring

List down who fetches and

how much volume of water was taken

c. Water tariff due the specific tapstand

d. Sanitation around the tapstand and around the cluster

e. Beautification and physical development in the tapstand site

f. Financial management regarding water tariffs

### 12. PRESENTATION OF FINAL TECHNICAL DESIGN

Objective

To present and approve the final technical design

**Expected Results** 

Finalized counterpart agreement Construction scheduling developed

Suggested Strategy

Meeting among tapstand leaders, core group and

barangay council

### 13. TRAINING ON HYGIENE, SANITATION AND HEALTH CARE

Objective

Conduct of training on health and hygiene

**Expected Results** 

Awareness on community health aspects

Suggested Strategy

Community meeting, or Meeting by tapstand grouping

Organizer

CO Worker, community and rural sanitary inspector

Training Management:

LGU

Audience

Core Group, Barangay Officials, Barangay Health Workers,

Rural Sanitary Inspectors, and Barangay Nutrition Scholars

### 14. SOURCE FOR EXCRETA DISPOSAL MATERIALS AND/OR FACILITIES

Objective

To make available to the community facilities for excreta

disposal (if conditions and culture warrant)

**Expected Results** 

Materials/facilities for excreta disposal constructed individually

by members of the community in their households

Suggested Strategy

Core group members together with CO worker make

representations with LGUs to source materials or facilities

Facilitator

Core group members

CO-facilitator

CO worker

### 15. ORGANIZATIONAL MANAGEMENT TRAINING

Organizer

CO and the community

Training Management

LGU

Audience

tapstand leaders, core group and barangay officials

### 16. PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

Objective : To generate work plan and tasking for the construction

activities

Expected Results : Activities and roles identified

Commitment to participate generated

Suggested Strategy : Hold a community meeting

Facilitator : Technical team Co-facilitator : CO worker

### AGENDA IN THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

Presentation of schedule of work and tasking

- Determine quantities of resources needed
- Labor arrangements
- Salaries/wages, if any that will be incurred
- Mobilization of committees
- Arrangement on materials storage

### 17. MOBILIZATION FOR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS

Objective : To ensure that materials delivered at the community

are all accounted for

Expected Results : Materials delivered all accounted for and in

accordance to the agreed upon specifications in the

technical design

Suggested Strategy : Specific committee to handle delivery, and storage of

materials, and, if need be, disposition of materials

Facilitator : Committee to be agreed upon by the core group

Co-facilitator : CO worker

### 18. ACTION PLANNING FOR CONSTRUCTION

Objective : To spell out what to expect during the construction

processes

Expected Results : Smooth implementation of construction activities

Facilitator : CO worker Co-facilitator : Technical Team

Suggested Strategy : Core group meeting

### STEPS TO BE UNDERTAKEN:

- Identify activities related to construction
- Define activity schedule and resources required
- Identify the type of manpower skills required per activity
- Monitoring and documentation of major water system components
- Progress reporting, evaluation and action planning
- Monitoring and documentation on construction of major water system components
- Repeat cycle until completion

### 19. DEVELOPMENT OF EXIT PLAN

Objective : To plan for the transfer of responsibility from CO worker to core

group members

Expected Results : Core group informed of activities ahead and the expected time of

withdrawal of the CO worker

An exit plan containing task list and specific person responsible

Organizational development program developed

Suggested Strategy

: Core group meeting

Facilitator Co-facilitator CO worker Technical Team

Co-racintator
Audience

Community members

At the end of the Development of Organization Phase, the following milestone must have been achieved:

- Basic organizational development training such as value formation, leadership and team building and sanitation, health care and hygiene education must be done
- CO exit plan jointly developed by the CO together with the community
- All legal documents completed
- Pre-construction conference done
- Materials for construction delivered and accepted by the community
- Organizational strengthening such as involvement of a greater number of community members participating in mobilization activities and increased awareness on key issues through information exchange

The success of the phase rests on the extent the community had participated in the activities and learned from the processes as inputs to the community's capability for self-management. On the other hand, one of the most crucial factors to participation rests on the depth and broadness of their understanding of the project concept, features, processes, stakeholders, tasks, and responsibilities coupled with the need for water supply facility, a condition validated in the first orientation meeting done by the CO upon entry to the community.

The inputs that will be provided by the CO and the technical team will provide the necessary honing skills for the core group and tapstand leaders to have the confidence to accept more challenges in the next phase. These challenges are contained in the Exit Plan, which was formulated by the local stakeholders. The Plan will be implemented in Phase III stage to signal the weaning process of the community from the CO worker.

### 20. PRESENTATION, COMPARISON & COLLATION OF TAPSTAND HOUSERULES (skip this activity if Level I)

Objectives

Collate similar houserules formulated in the previous activity

Expected Results

Collated houserules

Identified houserules appropriate for by-laws

Suggested Strategy

Meeting of tapstand leaders

Facilitator

CO worker

Co-facilitator

Core Group Member

### 21. DRAFTING OF CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS

Objective

To develop a set of policies and by-laws that will govern the

operation of the organization.

BO THARLANDS INCAR CO.

Expected Results

Constitution and by-laws ready for ratification

Suggested Strategy

Meeting of core group and tapstand leaders

### RATIFICATION OF CONSTITUTION, BY-LAWS AND POLICIES 22.

**Facilitator** 

CO Worker

Co-facilitator

Core Group Member Constitution ratified

**Expected Results** 

Officers elected

### 23. FACILITY/SYSTEM TEST RUN

The community participates in ocular operation and test run of facility installed

Facilitator

Technical Team

### 24. WATER QUALITY TEST

Objective

To ensure potability of water from facility

Expected Result

Water facility is to provide potable water to

community

Suggested Strategy

Collect water sample from tapstand

Submit sample to DOH for test and certification

### 25. TURN-OVER OF FACILITY/SYSTEM

Officers elected organize and manage facility turnover ceremony

### 26. OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR TRAINING

Trainer

Technical team

Trainees

Community-appointed Plumber, Meter Reader (if there is a meter

installed), Tapstand leader and RWSA/BWSA officers

### 27. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT TRAINING

Trainer

NGO, LGU or Water District

Trainees

Bookkeeper, Tapstand Leader and RWSA/BWSA officer

### RWSA/BWSA REGISTRATION AND ACCREDITATION 28.

Facilitator

RWSA/BWSA officer

Co-facilitator:

CO worker

Registration of BWSA/RWSA to appropriate government agencies is done. Options on where to register shall be presented and decided upon by the organization.

### Possible Options:

In the absence of a clear national policy on B/RWSA registration, the following Registering Agencies could be presented as options:

- Securities and Exchange Commission a.
- b. Bureau of Rural Workers
- Local Waterworks Utilities Administration c.

- d. Department of Social Welfare and Development
- e. Cooperatives Development Authority

Accreditation of BWSA/RWSA is done through the municipal local government unit.

### 29. FORMAL EXIT OF THE CO WORKER

**Facilitator** 

RWSA Officer

Co-facilitator

CO worker

Suggested Strategy

Hold a community meeting

Agenda

Assessment of CO Exit Plan

Planning for the operation and management of water

facility

Scheduling of CO visits

Scheduling of RWSA/BWSA and CO formal linking

with other organizations and agencies

: Formal turn-over of CO responsibility to RWSA/BWSA

At the end of the Consolidation Phase, the following milestones are achieved:

- Facility is turned-over he RWSA/BWSA and is functioning as intended and has it set of officers, constitution and by-laws and policies

- Plan for operation, maintenance and repair of system is installed

At the end of the community organizing process, the degree of capability of RWSA/BWSA in the operation and maintenance of water supply facility and maintaining their organizational health can be gauged on the extent of participation of the members in resolving problems and making decisions. The extent of focus of team building and leadership inputs is crucial in how the members of the RWSAs/BWSAs are willing to make amend allow some compromises among each other. On the other hand, the technical soundness of the design and execution of the construction ensures the long-term sustainability of the system.

By this time, the CO has exited but maintains monitoring visits until he/she is fully confident that the organization is strong enough to take decisions, plan and implement their WATSAN related activities and knows where to access support (in terms of financial, institutional and technical) when needed.

Source: Water Supply and Sanitation Program Management Office
Department of the Interior and Local Government

### 10 COST ESTIMATES FOR FUTURE SECTOR DEVELOPMENT

### 10.2 Assumption for Cost Estimates

### 10.2.1 Unit Construction Cost

### (1) Calculation method

The base information in previous PW4SP, such as bill of quantities and unit cost of respective components facilities was fully utilized, which was referred to the standard of relevant sector agencies. Escalation rates experienced between 1995 and 1998 in terms of major construction materials and equipment rental were studied using NSO statistics (whole price index). Market prices of these items were also canvassed to compare with the calculated prices in 1998 from those in 1995 in application of the escalations rates.

In general, escalated prices meet canvassed prices in the most of the materials. Escalation rates between 1995 and 1998 were employed in round figures. Some of them (water closet, etc.) were, however, replace by current price due to considerable increase in the last two years.

The Table 10.2.1 shows the prices of the major materials by facility.

Table 10.2.1 Price of Major Materials by Facility

	Wat	Water Supply	, ŷld	Sa	Sanitatio	g,	Ą	rojection	Projection by major materials	naterials		Canvassed & collected price	Comparison
Major Materiais	<u>-</u>	Y Y Y Y Y Y	1 11	ST,	Flush	VIP.	NSO wholesale price index	esale pric	e index	Price	ce	DDWIE CIAE	(1), (2) & (3)
	<u>-</u>	1	111-	PT	type	Ţ.	1995	1998	Escalation	1995	1998(1)	ļ	
1. Aggregate	×	×	×	×	×	×	311.6	367.5	5.7%				Almost same with (2)
Sand										304	359	330 35	350 & (3).
Gravel										385	454	418 500	00
2. Cement	×	×	×	×	×	×	197.4	214.1	2.7%	117	127	126 10	105 ditto
3. Fuel	×		×				601.6	742.6	7.3%	1,100	1,358	1306	ditto
4. Metal pipe	×	×	×				208.7	226.3	2.7%				Price of GI casing is
4" x 3m, GI										2,625	2,846	2763	aimost same with (2)
4" x 3m, Screen										4,313	4,667	5291	lower than (2).
5. PVC pipe	×	×	×	×			199.2	223.4	3.9%				Price of PVC pipe is
2"×3m						•				813	912	882 85	852 and 7% higher than
1-1/2" elbow										13	15	4	40 (3).
6. Reinforcing	×	×	×	×	×	×	201.4	221.9	3.3%				Almost same with (3).
12mm x 6m										89	75	7	75
10mm x 6m										49	54		45
7. Lumber				×	×	×	268.5	296.8	3.4%				
8. Paint				×			128.0	140.1	3.1%				Almost same with (3).
Enamel, QDE										266	291	310	0
9. Machinery	×		×				254.8	254.8	%0.0				

L-I: Deep well/shallow well, L-II: Major materials are same as those of L-I spring development,

ST: School toilet, PT: Public toilet, Flush type: Flush water sealed w/ septic tank and Pour flush w/ double latrine, CIA: Construction Industry Authority of the Philippines, prevailing prices for the month of December 1998

GI: Galvanized iron steel pipe for well casing, Screen: Low carbon steel and wound wire type

Table 10.2.2 (a) Unit Cost of Level I (Gravel Packed Deep Well - 40m Depth)

(Cost: Peso)

Description	Qtý.	Unit	Unit Cost	(Cost: Pesc Amount
A. Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation	<u> </u>	LS	Cint Cost	52,00
B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen		1.0		32,00
1. Materials	•			•
(1) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with coupling	11	200	2,846	31,30
(2) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with one end closed	1	pcs.	2,840	2,99
(3) 100mm x 3m Low Carbon Steel Screen	2	pc.	-	
(4) Casing Centralizer	2	pes.	4,667 1,925	9,33 3,85
2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others	2	set	1,923	2,63
Well Drilling for 40 m depth at 200mm borehole	40		2 500	100.00
3. Borehole Logging	40	m	2,500 16,000	100,00
4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)	1	no LS	10,000	16,00
4. Pregnicosi (6% of Malerials)  Sub-Total of B		ro		3,79
				167,28
C. Well Development and Pumping Test	24	1	5 500	122.00
Well Development	24	hr.	5,500	132,00
Pumping Test	6	hr.	5,000	30,00
Sub-Total of C	tion of D	latfa		162,00
D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and Construction  1. Materials	4 10 nous  -	เสเเบริกิโ 		
4		pot.	11,815	11.01
(1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type) (2) 63mm x 6m Riser Pipe and Pump Rod	1	set		11,81
• •	6	pcs.	1,880	11,28
(3) #10 Sieved Gravel	1	cu.m	1,026	1,02
(4) Coarse Sand	1	cu.m	359	35
(5) Cement for Sanitary Seal	4	bags	127	50
(6) Pump Base and Platform		•	107	
1) Cement	4	bags	127	50
2) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	90
3) Sand		cu.m	359	35
4) Plywood (1,200nun x 2,400nun x 6nun)	1	pc.	294	29
5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800mm)	6	pcs.	52	31
6) Nail	1	kg.	40	4
Sub-Total of D-1				27,40
2. Labor (40% of D-1.)		• •	·	10,96
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		2,19
Sub-Total of D				40,56
E. Indirect Cost			. ]	40.10
Profit (10% of A, B, C & D)	j			42,18
Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D)				54,84
VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense)				20,79
Sub-Total of E				62,98
Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E)		`		- 352,83
F. Estimated Government Expenses		10		2.70
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost		LS		3,600
2. Construction Supervision		LS	· .]	2,400
3. Water Quality Analysis		LS		1,400
Sub-Total of F			: .	7,40
GRAND TOTAL	ļ			360,230
SAY				360,200

Table 10.2.2 (b) Unit Cost of Level I (Natural Gravel packed Deep Well - 40m Depth)

(Cost: Peso) Description Oty. Unit Unit Cost Amount A. Mobilization/Demobilization LS 52,000 B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen 1. Materials (1) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with coupling 11 pcs. 2,846 31,306 (2) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with one end closed рс. 2,997 2,997 (3) 100mm x 3m Low Carbon Steel Screen pcs. 4,667 9,334 (4) Casing Centralizer 1,925 set 2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others Well Drilling for 40 m depth at 150mm borehole 40 1,600 m 64,000 3. Borchole Logging 16,000 16,000 no 4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials) 3,491 LS Sub-Total of B 127,128 C. Well Development and Pumping Test Well Development 12 hr. 5,500 66,000 Pumping Test 5,000 hr. 30,000 Sub-Total of C 96,000 D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and Construction of Platform 1. Materials (1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type) 11,815 set 11.815 (2) 63mm x 6m Riser Pipe and Pump Rod 6 1.880 pcs. 11,280 (3) #10 Sieved Gravel cu.m 1,026 (4) Coarse Sand cu.m 359 359 (5) Cement for Sanitary Seal 3 bags 127 381 (6) Pump Base and Platform 1) Cement bags 127 508 2) Gravel 2 cu.m 454 908 3) Sand cu.m 359 359 4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm) 294 pc. 294 5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800mm) pcs. 52 312 6) Nail 40 kg. Sub-Total of D-1 26,256 2. Labor (40% of D-1.) 10,502 3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials) LS 2,100 Sub-Total of D 38,858 E. Indirect Cost Profit (10% of A, B, C & D) 31,399 Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D) 40.818 VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense) 14,672 Sub-Total of E 46,071 Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E) 294,057 F. Estimated Government Expenses 1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost LS 3,600 2. Construction Supervision LS 2,400 3. Water Quality Analysis LS 1,400 Sub-Total of F 7,400 GRAND TOTAL 301,457 SAY 301,500

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998

Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.2(c) Unit Cost of Level I (Gravel Packed Deep Well - 40m Depth) for Acid Water

				(Cost: Peso)
Description (1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6	Qty.	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A. Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation		LS		52,000
B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen				
1. Materials		•		i
(1) 100mm x 3m PVC Casing with Socket	11	pcs.	2,038	22,418
(2) 100mm x 3m PVC Casing with Plug	ì	pc.	980	980
(3) 100mm x 3m Stainless Steel Screen	2	pcs.	12,700	25,400
(4) Casing Centralizer	2	set	1,925	3,850
2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others				
Well Drilling for 40 m depth at 200mm borehole	40	m	2,500	100,000
3. Borehole Logging	1	no	16,000	16,000
4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		4,212
Sub-Total of B				172,860
C. Well Development and Pumping Test				
Well Development	24	hr,	5,500	132,000
Pumping Test	6	hr.	5,000	30,000
Sub-Total of C				162,000
D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and				
1. Materials				
(1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type)	1	set	11,815	11,815
(2) 63mm x 3m PVC Riser Pipe and SUS Pump Rod	12	pçs.	2,450	29,400
(3) #10 Sieved Gravel	1	cu.m	1,026	1,026
(4) Coarse Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
(5) Cement for Sanitary Seal	4	bags	127	508
(6) Pump Base and Platform				
1) Cement	4	bags	127	508
2) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	908
3) Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm)	1	pc.	294	294
5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800mm)	6	pcs.	52	312
6) Nail	ĭ	kg.	40	40
Sub-Total of D-1	- 1	••s·		45,529
2. Labor (40% of D-1.)				18,212
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		3,642
Sub-Total of D				67,383
E. Indirect Cost			·	07,303
Profit (10% of A, B, C & D)			ļ	45,424
Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D)	İ			59,052
VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense)				22,269
Sub-Total of E		İ	ļ	
Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E)				67,693 389,936
F. Estimated Government Expenses				307,730
Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost		_ [e ]		3 600
2. Construction Supervision		LS	·	3,600
Construction Supervision     Water Quality Analysis		LS		2,400
		LS	ļ	1,400
Sub-Total of F			····	7,400
GRAND TOTAL		j		397,336
SAY Note: 1.S Lump Sum	للمنيني	<u> </u>		397,300

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.3 (a) Unit Cost of Level I (Gravel Packed Deep Well - 80m Depth)

(Cost: Peso) Unit Cost Description Qty. Unit Amount A. Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation LS 54,000 B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen 1. Materials (1) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with coupling 24 pcs. 2,846 68,304 (2) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with one end closed 2,997 2,997 pc. 2 (3) 100mm x 3m Low Carbon Steel Screen pcs. 4,667 9,334 (4) Casing Centralizer 1,925 3,850 set 2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others Well Drilling for 40 m depth at 200mm borehole 80 2,500 200,000 m 3. Borehole Logging 18,000 18,000 no 4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials) 6,759 LS Sub-Total of B 309,244 C. Well Development and Pumping Test 24 5,500 Well Development hг. 132,000 30,000 Pumping Test 5,000 6 hr. Sub-Total of C 162,000 D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and Construction of Platform 1. Materials (1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type) set 11,815 11,815 8 (2) 63mm x 6m Riser Pipe and Pump Rod 1.880 15.040 pcs. (3) #10 Sieved Gravel 1,026 1,026 cu.m (4) Coarse Sand 359 359 cu.m (5) Cement for Sanitary Seal 127 508 bags (6) Pump Base and Platform 1) Cement 127 508 bags 2) Gravel cu.m 454 908 3) Sand cu.m 359 359 4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm) 294 294 pc. 5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800mm) 52 312 pcs. 6) Nail kg. 40 Sub-Total of D-1 31,169 2. Labor (40% of D-1.) 12,468 3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials) LS 2,494 Sub-Total of D 46,131 E. Indirect Cost Profit (10% of A, B, C & D) 57,138 Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D) 74,279 VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense) 34,389 Sub-Total of E 91,527 Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E) 530,902 F. Estimated Government Expenses 3,600 1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost LS 2. Construction Supervision LS 2,400 LS 1,400 3. Water Quality Analysis Sub-Total of F 7,400 GRAND TOTAL 538,302

SAY Note: LS - Lump Sum

Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998

Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

538,300

Table 10.2.3 (b) Unit Cost of Level I (Natural Gravel Packed Deep Well - 80m Depth)

(Cost-Peso)

				(Cost: Peso)
Description	Qty.	Unit	Unit Cost	Cost
A. Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation		LS		54,000
B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen				
1. Materials				
(1) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with coupling	24	pcs.	2,846	68,304
(2) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with one end closed	1	pc.	2,997	2,997
(3) 100mm x 3m Low Carbon Steel Screen	2	pcs.	4,667	9,334
(4) Casing Centralizer	0	set	1,925	o
2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others				
Well Drilling for 80 m depth at 150mm borehole	80	m	1,600	128,000
3. Borehole Logging	1	no	18,000	18,000
4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		6,451
Sub-Total of B				233,086
C. Well Development and Pumping Test				
Well Development	12	br.	5,500	66,000
Pumping Test	6	hr.	5,000	30,000
Sub-Total of C				96,000
D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and Constru	ction of P	latform		
1. Materials			]	
(1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type)	1	set	11,815	11,815
(2) 63num x 6m Riser Pipe and Pump Rod	8	pcs.	1,880	15,040
(3) #10 Sieved Gravel	o	cu.m	1,026	o
(4) Coarse Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
(5) Cement for Sanitary Seal	3	bags	127	381
(6) Pump Base and Platform		0.50	1	
1) Cement	4	bags	127	508
2) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	908
3) Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm)	1	pc.	294	294
5) Form Lumber (50nm x 75mm x 1,800mm)	6	pes.	52	312
6) Nail	1	kg.	40	40
Sub-Total of D-1	1	۸۶.	ľ	30,016
2. Labor (40% of D-1.)				12,006
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		2,401
Sub-Total of D	}	1,0		44,423
E. Indirect Cost				71,120
			] _	42,751
Profit (10% of A, B, C & D) Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D)			ļ ·	55,576
VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense)				23,833
Sub-Total of E	<b></b>		<b></b>	66,584
II	÷ :		<del> </del>	428,093
Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E)				<b>440,073</b>
F. Estimated Government Expenses		LS		3,600
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost		LS		2,400
2. Construction Supervision		LS	•	1,400
3. Water Quality Analysis	ļ	1.9	{	7,400
Sub-Total of F	<b> </b>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	
GRAND TOTAL				435,493
Note: 1.S Lump Sum	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	435,500

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.3 (c) Unit Cost of Level I (Gravel Packed Deep Well - 80m Depth) for Acid Water

				(Cost: Peso
Description	Qty.	Unit	Unit Cost	Cost
A. Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation		LS		54,000
B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen				
1. Materials				
(1) 100mm x 3m PVC Casing with Socket	24	pcs.	2,038	-
(2) 100mm x 3m PVC Casing with Plug	1	pc.	980	980
(3) 100mm x 3m Stainless Steel Screen	2	pcs.	12,700	25,400
(4) Casing Centralizer	2	set	1,925	3,850
2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others				
Well Drilling for 40 m depth at 200mm borehole	80	m	2,500	200,000
3. Borehole Logging	1	no	18,000	18,000
4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		6,331
Sub-Total of B				303,473
C. Well Development and Pumping Test				
Well Development	24	hr.	5,500	132,000
Pumping Test	6	hr.	5,000	
Sub-Total of C			•	162,000
D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and Construc	ction of P	latform		
1. Materials				
(1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type)	1	set	11,815	11,815
(2) 63mm x 3m PVC Riser Pipe and SUS Pump Rod	16	pcs.	2,450	
(3) #10 Sieved Gravel	1	çu.m	1,026	
(4) Coarse Sand	1	cu.m	359	
(5) Cement for Sanitary Seal	4	bags	127	
(6) Pump Base and Platform	· i			
1) Cement	4	bags	127	508
2) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	
3) Sand	1	cu.m	359	_
4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm)	1	pc.	294	
5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800mm)	6	pcs.	52	
6) Nail	1	kg.	40	
Sub-Total of D-1	Ţ	5.		55,329
2. Labor (40% of D-1.)				22,132
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		4,426
Sub-Total of D				81,887
E. Indirect Cost				01,007
Profit (10% of A, B, C & D)			·	60,136
Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D)	. 1			78,177
VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense)	:		·	36,045
Sub-Total of E				96,181
Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E)				565,541
F. Estimated Government Expenses				303,341
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost	, ,	LS		3,600
2. Construction Supervision		LS		2,400
3. Water Quality Analysis		LS		-
Sub-Total of F		LO		1,400
GRAND TOTAL		<u> </u>		7,400
t I				572,941
SAY Note: LS - Lump Sum	L			572,900

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.4 (a) Unit Cost of Level I (Gravel Packed Deep Well - 120m Depth)

				(Cost: Peso)
Description	Qty.	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A. Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation		LS		56,000
B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen				
1. Materials				
(1) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with coupling	37	pcs.	2,846	105,302
(2) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with one end closed	1	pc.	2,997	2,997
(3) 100mm x 3m Low Carbon Steel Screen	2	pes.	4,667	9,334
(4) Casing Centralizer	2	set	1,925	3,850
2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others	:			
Well Drilling for 120 m depth at 200mm borehole	120	m	2,500	300,000
3. Borehole Logging	1	no	20,000	20,000
4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		<b>9</b> ,719
Sub-Total of B				451,202
C. Well Development and Pumping Test				·
Well Development	24	hr.	5,500	132,000
Pumping Test	6	hr.	5,000	30,000
Sub-Total of C				162,000
D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and Constru-	ction of P	latform		
1. Materials				
(1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type)	1	set	11,815	11,815
(2) 63mm x 6m Riser Pipe and Pump Rod	10	pcs.	1,880	
(3) #10 Sieved Gravel	1	cu.m	1,026	
(4) Coarse Sand	1	cu.m	359	
(5) Cement for Sanitary Seal	4	bags	127	508
(6) Pump Base and Platform	•	080		
1) Cement	4	bags	127	508
2) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	908
3) Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm)	1	pc.	294	294
5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800mm)	6	pcs.	52	312
6) Nail	1	kg.	40	40
Sub-Total of D-1		····8·		34,929
2. Labor (40% of D-1.)				13,972
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		2,794
Sub-Total of D				51,695
E. Indirect Cost		~		31,070
Profit (10% of A, B, C & D)				72,090
Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D)				93,717
VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense)				47,978
Sub-Total of E				120,068
				708,965
Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E)  F. Estimated Government Expenses				700,703
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost		LS		3,600
Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost     Construction Supervision		LS		2,400
•		LS LS		· .
3. Water Quality Analysis		LO		1,400
Sub-Total of F				7,400
GRAND TOTAL				716,365
SAY Note: LS - Lump Sum			<u> </u>	716,400

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.4 (b) Unit Cost of Level I (Natural Gravel Packed Deep Well - 120m Depth)

(Cost: Peso)

Devil	Ω:	T1 **	TI to Co.	(Cost: Peso
Description (C) All Control (C	Qty.	Unit	Unit Cost	Cost
A. Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation		LS	<b></b>	56,000
B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen			]	
1. Materials	3.5			
(1) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with coupling	37	pcs.	2,846	105,302
(2) 100mm x 3m Steel Casing with one end closed	1	pc.	2,997	2,997
(3) 100mm x 3m Low Carbon Steel Screen	2	pcs.	4,667	9,334
(4) Casing Centralizer	0	set	1,925	•
2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others				
Well Drilling for 120 m depth at 150mm borehole	120	m	1,600	
3. Borchole Logging	1	110	20,000	20,00
4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS	<b>]</b>	9,41
Sub-Total of B				339,04
C. Well Development and Pumping Test				
Well Development	12	hr.	5,500	66,000
Pumping Test	6	hr.	5,000	
Sub-Total of C				96,00
D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and Construc	ction of P	latform		,
1. Materials				
(1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type)	1	set	11,815	11,815
(2) 63mm x 6m Riser Pipe and Pump Rod	10	pcs.	1,880	18,800
(3) #10 Sieved Gravel	0	cu.m	1,026	10,000
(4) Coarse Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
(5) Cement for Sanitary Seal	3		127	381
· · ·	٠	bags	12/	361
(6) Pump Base and Platform			,,,,	501
1) Cement	4	bags	127	508
2) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	908
3) Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm)	1	pc.	294	294
5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800mm)	6	pcs.	52	312
6) Nail	] ]	kg.	40	40
Sub-Total of D-1				33,770
2. Labor (40% of D-1.)				13,510
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS	. :	2,702
Sub-Total of D				49,98
E. Indirect Cost				
Profit (10% of A, B, C & D)				54,10
Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D)				70,33
VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense)		. 5 %		32,99.
Sub-Total of E				87,09
Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E)	1	:		562,130
F. Estimated Government Expenses		1 -	. N. F. J. S. S.	
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost		LS	;	3,60
2. Construction Supervision		LS		2,40
3. Water Quality Analysis		LS		1,40
Sub-Total of F	t	} <del></del>	[	7,40
GRAND TOTAL	<b></b>	<del>                                     </del>		569,53
SAY				569,50
Note: LS - Lump Sum	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	307,30

Note: LS - Lump Sum Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998 Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.4(c) Unit Cost of Level I (Gravel Packed Deep Well - 120m Depth) for Acid Water

(Cost: Peso) Quantity Unit Cost ription Unit Cost A. Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation LS 56,000 B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen 1. Materials (1) 100mm x 3m PVC Casing with Socket 37 2.038 75,406 pes. (2) 100mm x 3m PVC Casing with Plug pc. 980 980 (3) 100mm x 3m Stainless Steel Screen 2 12,700 25,400 pcs. 3,850 (4) Casing Centralizer 1,925 set 2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others Well Drilling for 120 m depth at 200mm borehole 300.00d 120 2,500 m 3. Borehole Logging 20,000 20,000 no 4. Freight Cost (8% of Materials) LS 8,451 Sub-Total of B 434,087 C. Well Development and Pumping Test 5,500 132,000 Well Development 24 hr. **Pumping Test** hr. 5,000 30.000 162,000 Sub-Total of C D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and Construction of Platform 1. Materials (1) Improved Deep Well Cylinder Pump (Afridev Type) 11,815 11.815 set (2) 63mm x 3m PVC Riser Pipe and SUS Pump Rod 20 2,450 49,000 pcs. (3) #10 Sieved Gravel 1.026 1.026 cu.m (4) Coarse Sand 359 359 çu.m (5) Cement for Sanitary Seal bags 127 508 (6) Pump Base and Platform 1) Cement 127 508 bags 2 454 908 2) Gravel çu.m 359 3) Sand cu.m 359 294 4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm) pc. 294 5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800mm) 52 312 pcs. 6) Nail kg. 40 40 Sub-Total of D-1 65.129 2. Labor (40% of D-1.) 26,052 3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials) LS 5,210 Sub-Total of D 96,391 E. Indirect Cost 74,848 Profit (10% of A, B, C & D) Overhead Expense (13% of A, B, C & D) 97,302 49,820 VAT (10% of Labor, Profit & Overhead Expense) 124,668 Sub-Total of E 741,146 Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E) F. Estimated Government Expenses LS 3,600 1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost LS 2,400 2. Construction Supervision LS 1.400 3. Water Quality Analysis 7,400 Sub-Total of F 748,546 **GRAND TOTAL** 748,500 SAY

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998

Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.5 Unit Cost of Level I (Deep Well Rehabilitation)

				(Cost: Peso)
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A. Mobilization/Demobilization		LS		8,000
B. Well Rehabilitation			<del>-</del>	
1. Materials				
(1) Cylinder Pump Set	1	set	9,570	9,570
(2) Cement for Surface Sealing	4	bags	127	508
(3) Pump Base and Platform		•		-
1) Cement	4	bags	127	508
2) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	908
3) Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
4) Pływood (4' x 8' x 1/4")	1	pc.	294	294
5) Form Lumber (2" x 3" x 6")	6	pes.	52	312
6) Nail	1	kg.	40	40
Sub-Total of B-1		·		12,499
2. Labor (40% of B-1)				5,000
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)				1,000
Sub-Total of B				18,499
C. Well Development		LS		31,000
D. Indirect Cost				
Profit (10% of A, B & C)		•		5,750
Overhead Expense (13% of A, B & C)				7,475
VAT (10% of Profit & Labor)				4,175
Sub-Total of D				17,400
Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D)				74,899
E. Estimated Government Expenses	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost		LS		1,300
2. Supervision		LS		800
3. Water Quality Analysis		LS		1,400
Sub-Total of E				3,500
GRAND TOTAL		<del></del>		78,399
SAY				78,400

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.6 Unit Cost of Level I (Shallow Well - 18m Depth)

				(Cost: Peso
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A. Mobilization/Demobilization	<u> </u>	LS		20,00
B. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/	Screen	1		
1. Materials	ĺ	ļ	1	
(1) 63mm x 6m PVC Pipe with socket	2	pcs.	912	1,824
(2) 63mm x 3m PVC Pipe with plug	1	pc.	452	452
(3) 63mm PVC Socket	1	pc.	12	12
(4) 63mm x 3m PVC Screen	1	pc.	1,443	1,440
(5) Casing Centralizer	2	set	725	1,450
2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others	]			
Well Drilling for 18 m depth at 150mm borehole	18	m	1,600	28,800
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		298
Sub-Total of B				34,279
C. Well Development	4	hr.	2,000	8,000
D. Gravel Packing, Installation of Handpump and	l Constru	ction of		
1. Materials				
(1) 50mm Jetmatic Handpump	1	set	2,807	2,807
(2) 50mm Riser Pipe and Foot Valve	1	pc.	118	118
(3) #10 Sieved Gravel	0.1	cu.m	1,026	103
(4) Coarse Sand	0.07		359	25
(5) Cement for Sanitary Seal	4	bag	127	508
(6) Pump Base and Platform	i	0.5	12,	300
1) Cement	4	bags	127	508
2) Gravel	i	cu.m	454	454
3) Sand	. 1	cu.m	359	359
4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm)	1	pc.	294	294
5) Form Lumber (50mm x 75mm x 1,800 mm)	1	pc. pc.	52	52
6) Nail	1	kg.	40	
Sub-Total of D-1	1	۸g.	40	40
2. Labor (40% of D-1.)				5,268
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		2,107
Sub-Total of D		F9	·	421
E. Indirect Cost				7,796
				7.007
Profit (10% of A to D)				7,007
Overhead Expense (13% of A to D)				9,110
VAT (10% of Profit & Overhead Expense)				1,612
Sub-Total of E				8,619
Total of Construction Cost (A+B+C+D+E)	İ	•		78,694
F. Estimated Government Expenses				
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost		LS	ļ	2,400
2. Construction Supervision		LS	.	1,800
3. Water Quality Analysis		LS		1,400
Sub-Total of F				5,600
GRAND TOTAL				84,294
SAY		l		84,300
SAT I	<u></u>			04,300

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Source: DPWH standard price in 1994 & LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998

Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.7 Unit Cost of Level I (Spring Development)

(Cost: Peso)

		<del></del>		(Cost: Peso)
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A. Mobilization/Demobilization		LS		24,000
B. Construction of Spring Box				
1. Materials		LS		42,700
2. Labor (35% of 1.)		LS		14,945
3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials)	L	LS		3,416
Sub-Total of B		_		61,061
C. Installation of Pipelines & Fittings				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1. Transmission Materials				
63mm dia. PVC Pipe (Class 12.5 with socket)	330	pcs.	959	316,470
63mm dia. Tee	1	no.	172	172
Solvent Cement	26	cans	140	3,640
63mm dia. Elbow (90 deg.)	3	nos.	89	267
63mm dia. Elbow (45 deg.)	1	pc.	99	99
50mm dia, Gate Valve	2	pes.	900	1,800
50mm dia. x 1m Stand Pipe	1	pc.	177	177
63mm x 50mm GI Nipple	1	pc.	123	123
50mm dia. Union Patent	3	pcs.	192	576
63mm x 50mm dia. Reducing Socket	2	pcs.	113	226
50mm dia. Gl Elbow (90 deg.)	2	pcs.	79	158
63mm x 50mm dia. Socket Adapter	2	pcs.	167	334
50mm dia. GI Gate Valve	2	pes.	791	1,582
13mm dia. Brass Faucet	2	pcs.	59	1,382
Sub-Total of Materials		pcs.	37	325,624
Labor (35% of Material Cost)		LS		113,968
Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS		26,050
Sub-Total of C		LO		465,642
D. Indirect Cost		<del></del> -		40.5,042
1. Transmission Main				
Profit (10% of C)				46,564
Overhead Expense (13% of C)				60,533
VAT (10% of Profit, Overhead Expense & Labor)				
2. Source Facilities				22,107
Profit (10% of A, B)				26 610
Overhead Expense (13% of A, B)				25,518
VAT (10% of Profit, Overhead Expense & Labor)				8,506 4,897
Sub-Total of D				~~~~~~~~~~
Sub-10(a) 01 D				168,125
Total Construction Cost (A+B+C+D)				718,828
			÷	
E. Estimated Government Expenses				* * 1
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering and RWSA Formati	on	LS		2,400
2. Supervision		LS		15,000
3. Water Quality Analysis	L :	LS		1,400
Sub-Total of E				18,800
GRAND TOTAL				737,628
SAY		-		737,600

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Source:
DPWH standard price in 1994
LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.8 Unit Cost of Level II (600 Service Population)

(Cost: Peso) Sheet 1 of 2 Unit Cost Amount Unit Description Q'ty 36,000 LS A. Mobilization/Demobilization B. Construction of Spring Box & Ground Reservoir 128,000 LS 1. Materials 44,800 LS 2, Labor (35% of 1.) 10,240 LS 3. Freight Cost (8% of Materials) 183,040 Sub-Total of B C. Installation of Pipelines & Fittings 1. Transmission Pipeline Materials 959 479,500 63mm dia. PVC Pipe (Class 12.5 with socket) 500 pcs. 172 172 no. 63mm dia. Tee 5,600 140 40 cans Solvent Cement 477 159 3 nos. 63mm dia. x 50mm Nipple 203 203 1 pc. 63mm dia. Union Patent 240 2 pcs. 123 63mm dia, x 50mm dia. Reducing Socket 89 pc. 63nım dia, Elbow (90 deg.) 99 63mm dia. Elbow (45 deg.) pc. 3,960 1,320 pcs. 63mm dia. Gate Valve 490,346 Sub-Total of Materials 171,621 LŚ Labor (35% of Material Cost) 39,228 LS Freight Cost (8% of Materials) 701,195 Sub-Total of Transmission Main 2. Distribution Pipeline Materials 10.620 20 531 50mm dia. PVC Pipe (Class 12.5 with socket) pcs. 10.590 353 30 pcs. 38mm dia. PVC Pipe (Class 12.5 with socket) 1,180 118 10 20mm dia. PVC Pipe (Class 40 with socket) pcs. 1,100 110 10 pcs. 13mm dia. x 1 m Stand Pipe 560 140 4 cans Solvent Cement **Fittings** 441 3 147 pcs. a. 50mm dia. x 150mm PVC Nipple 3 89 267 pcs. b. 32mm dia. x 150mm PVC Nipple 29 1.160 40 c. 13mm dia. x 150mm GI Nipple pcs. 192 192 pcs. d. 50mm dia. Union Patent 166 pcs. 83 2 e. 32mm dia. Union Patent 290 10 pcs. 29 f. 13mm dia. Union Patent 106 636 g. 50mm dia. x 32mm dia. Reducing Socket 6 pcs. 82 820 10 h. 32mm dia. x 20mm dia. Reducing Socket pcs. 640 64 10 i. 20mm dia. x 13mm dia. Reducing Socket pcs. 128 64 2 pcs. j. 50mm dia. PVC Elbow (90 deg.) 300 20 15 pcs. k. 13mm dia. GI Elbow (90 deg.) 480 48 10 pcs. 1. 20mm dia. x 13mm dia. Socket Adapter 791 1,582 pcs. m. 50mm dia. GI Gate Valve 2 447 894 pcs. n. 32mm dia. Gl Gate Valve 6,504 271 24 o. 13mm dia. GI Gate Valve pcs. 1.416 59 pcs. p. 13mm dia. Brass Faucet 612 153 pcs. q. 50mm dia. Tee 774 6 129 pcs. r. 32mm dia. Tee 1.00424,096 24 pes. s. Water Meter 31,128 1,297 pcs. t. Water Meter Box 96,576 Sub-Total of Materials

Table 10.2.8 Unit Cost of Level II (600 Service Population)

61 - 2 - 62			,	
Sheet 2 of 2			<del></del>	(Cost: Peso)
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
Labor (35% of Material Cost)		LS		33,802
Freight Cost (8% of Materials)		LS	ļ	7,726
Sub-Total of Distribution Pipeline			İ	138,104
Sub-Total of C				839,299
D. Indirect Cost				
1. Transmission Main				
Profit (10% of C-1)		LS		70,120
Overhead Expense (13% of C-1)		LS		91,155
VAT (10% of Profit, Overhead Expense and Labor)		LS		33,290
2. Source Facilities and Distribution Pipeline				
Profit (10% of A, B, C-2)		LS		35,714
Overhead Expense (13% of A, B and C-2)		LS	ŀ	46,429
VAT (10% of Profit, Overhead Expense and Labor)		LS		16,075
Sub-Total of D				292,783
Total Construction Cost (A+B+C+D)				1,351,122
E. Estimated Government Expenses				
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering and RWSA Formatio	ո	LS		2,400
2. Supervision		LS		15,000
3. Water Quality Analysis	i	LS		1,400
Sub-Total of E				18,800
Total Estimated Cost				1,369,922
Unit Cost per Person Served				2,283
SAY		ĺ		2,300

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source:
DPWH standard price in 1994
LWUA Water Supply Feasibility Study Methodology Manual 1998
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.9 Unit Cost of Level III (5,000 Service Population)

(Cost: Peso) Description Q'ty Unit **Unit Cost** Amount A. Mobilization/Demobilization LS 360,000 B. Source Development and Storage 1. Deep Well No. 2,001,000 2,001,000 2. Deep Well Pump No. 832,000 832,000 3. Chlorinator House & Equipment LS 632,000 632,000 4. Storage Tank (250 cu.m) 1,300,000 No. 1,300,000 Sub-Total of B 4,765,000 C. Transmission Main 1. 160mm dia. 500 LM 1,320 660,000 Sub-Total of C 660,000 D. Distribution Main 1. 160mm dia. 1,000 LM 1,320 1,320,000 2. 110mm dia. 3,000 LM 1,090 3,270,000 3. 90mm dia. 3,000 LM 684 2,052,000 4. 75mm dia. 6,000 LM 637 3,822,000 Sub-Total of D 10,464,000 E. Service Connections 1,000 Nos. 2,288 2,288,000 F. Miscellaneous 1. Vehicle 649,000 No. 649,000 2. Office & Workshop Bldg. No. 645,000 645,000 3. Office Equipment LS 118,000 118,000 4. Tools and Spare Parts LS 110,000 110,000 Sub-Total of F 1,522,000 Total Direct Cost (A+B+C+D+E+F) 20,059,000 G. Indirect Cost (25% of Direct Cost) 5,014,750 **Total Estimated Cost** 25,073,750 Unit Cost per Person Served For New Construction 5,015 5,000 SAY For Expansion of Existing System (Exclude F.) 4,634 SAY 4,600

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Cost of spring development includes additional transmission main, but it shall be confirmed by survey in the implementation stage.

Source: LWUA standard price in 1994 Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.10 Unit Cost of Level III (10,000 Service Population)

(Cart. Bara)

				(Cost: Peso)
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A. Mobilization/Demobilization		LS		360,000
B. Source Development and Storage			2 001 000	2 001 000
1. Deep Well	ļ	No.	2,001,000	
2. Deep Well Pump	l l	No.	832,000	832,000
3. Chlorinator House & Equipment	!	LS	632,000	632,000
4. Storage Tank (250 cu.m)	<u>l</u>	No.	1,300,000	1,300,000
Sub-Total of B				4,765,000
C. Transmission Main				· <del></del>
1. 160mm dia.	500	LM	1,320	660,000
Sub-Total of C				660,000
D. Distribution Main	2 000	137	1 220	2 (40 000
1. 160mm dia.	2,000	LM	1,320	2,640,000
2. 110mm dia.	5,000	LM	1,090	5,450,000
3. 90mm dia.	6,000	LM	684	4,104,000
4. 75mm dia.	9,000	LM	637	5,733,000
Sub-Total of D				17,927,000
E. Service Connections	2,000	Nos.	2,288	4,576,000
F. Miscellaneous				
1. Vehicle	1	No.	649,000	649,000
2. Office & Workshop Bldg.	1	No.	645,000	645,000
3. Office Equipment	1	ŁŚ	118,000	118,000
4. Tools and Spare Parts	1	LS	110,000	-
Sub-Total of F	***********			1,522,000
,				
Total Direct Cost (A+B+C+D+E+F)		·		29,810,000
G. Indirect Cost (25% of Direct Cost)				7,452,500
Total Estimated Cost				37,262,500
10,m1,25,m1,40,40,50,50				21,202,000
Unit Cost per Person Served				
For New Construction		1 4 4		3,726
				3,700
For Expansion of Existing System (Exclude	F.)			3,536
	<u> </u>			3,500

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Cost of spring development includes additional transmission main, but it shall be confirmed by survey in the implementation stage.

Source: LWUA standard price in 1994
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.11 Unit Cost of Level III (15,000 Service Population)

· (Cost: Peso)

				(Cost: Peso)
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A. Mobilization/Demobilization		LS		360,000
B. Source Development and Storage				
1. Deep Well	2	No.	2,001,000	4,002,000
2. Deep Well Pump	2	No.	832,000	1,664,000
3. Chlorinator House & Equipment	2	LS	632,000	1,264,000
4. Storage Tank (250 cu.m)	2	No.	1,300,000	2,600,000
Sub-Total of B				9,530,000
C. Transmission Main				<u> </u>
1. 160mm dia.	1,000	LM	1,320	1,320,000
Sub-Total of C			1,520	1,320,000
5 <b> 10</b> 51,5				1,020,000
D. Distribution Main				
1. 160mm dia.	3,000	LM	1,320	3,960,000
2. 110mm dia.	7,000		1,090	7,630,000
3. 90mm dia.	8,000	LM	684	5,472,000
4. 75mm dia.	10,000	LM	637	6,370,000
Sub-Total of D				23,432,000
E. Service Connections	3,000	Nos.	2,288	6,864,000
F. Miscellaneous	,	NI.	(40,000	C 40, 000
1. Vehiele	1	No.	649,000	649,000
2. Office & Workshop Bldg.	1	No.	645,000	645,000
3. Office Equipment	1	ĻS LS	118,000 110,000	118,000 110,000
4. Tools and Spare Parts Sub-Total of F		LO	110,000	1,522,000
Suo-Totai of F				1,522,000
				······································
Total Direct Cost (A+B+C+D+E+F)			٠.	43,028,000
G. Indirect Cost (25% of Direct Cost)				10,757,000
Total Estimated Cost				53,785,000
Total Estimated Cost	4 A 7 4			33,763,000
Unit Cost per Person Served				
For New Construction			1.	3,586
TOURSE CONSERVEDOR			•	3,600
For Expansion of Existing System (Exclude	F.)		} <del> </del>	3,459
Tot Dubanoton of Swaring of orong (President	- '			3,500

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Cost of spring development includes additional transmission main, but it shall be confirmed by survey in the implementation stage.

Source: LWUA standard price in 1994 Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.12 Unit Cost of Flush Water Sealed with Septic Tank Toilet

	Dogwindle		1		(Cost: Peso
A.	Description Demolition	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
73.	Demonton		LS		1,100
В.	Earthwork		ļ		<u> </u>
ь.	1. Materials				
	* * *				
	(1) Gravel Fill	1	cu.m	454	454
	Sub-Total of B-1		i		454
	2. Labor			]	
	(1) Excavation	6	cu.m	140	840
	(2) Backfill	2	cu.m	127	254
	(3) Gravel Fill	1	cu.m	166	166
	Sub-Total of B-2			i	1,260
	Sub-Total of B			1	1,714
C.	Concrete Work				
	1. Materials				
	Slab on wood planks				
	(1) 16 - 2" x 8" x 6' Coco Lumber	128	bd.ft	8	1,024
	(2) 10mm dia x 6.0m Rebar	3	pc.	58	174
	(3) #16 Tie Wire	0.5	kg	58	29
	(4) Cement	10	bag	137	1,370
	(5) Sand	1.5	cu.m	359	539
	(6) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	908
	(7) Stone Lining with Mortar	1	LS	1,250	
	Sub-Total of C-1		1,10	1,230	1,250
	2. Labor (30% of C-1)				5,294
	Sub-Total of C				1,588
D.	Carpentry Work				6,882
	1. Materials				
	(1) Nipa	60		۾ ا	100
	(2) 1.5m x 1.8m, amakan		pc.	2	120
	(3) 2" x 3" x 10' Coco Lumber	3	pc.	75	225
	(4) 2" x 2" x 10' Coco Lumber	20	bd.ft	11	220
	(5) 3" dia. Bamboo	33.3	bd.ft	10	333
		3	light	21	63
	(6) Assorted CWN	4	kg	43	172
	(7) Rattan wire	20	pc.	1	20
	Sub-Total of C-1				1,153
	2. Labor (30% of C-1)				346
D'	Sub-Total of C				1,499
E.	Plumbing				
	1. Materials				
	(1) Water Closet	1	set	4,900	4,900
	(2) Water line and sanitary fixtures	1	LS	1,650	1,650
	Sub-Total of E-1				6,550
	2. Labor (30% of E-1)				1,965
	Sub-Total of E				8,515
F.	Transportation Cost	1	LS	540	540
	(excluding indigenous materials)				
G.	Indirect Cost				
	Profit (10% of A - F)				2,025
	VAT (10% of Profit & Labor)				718
	Sub-Total of F				2,743
	Total of Construction Cost				22,993
	(A+B+C+D+E+F+G)			SAY	23,000

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source: DOH standard price in 1993
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.13 Unit Cost of Pour Flush with Double Pit Latrine

(Cost:	Peso)

ŧ	Description	Q'ty	Unit	I Ilnit Cast	(Cost: Peso
A.	Earthwork	L Y'IY	1 Out	Unit Cost	Amount
	I. Materials				
]	(1) Gravel Fill	1	cu.m	454	151
	Sub-Total of A-1	1	Culii	434	454
	2. Labor				454
	(1) Excavation	,		1 ,,,	
	(2) Backfill	6	cu.m	140	840
		2	cu.m	127	254
•	(3) Gravel Fill	1	cu.m	166	166
	Sub-Total of A-2				1,260
<u> </u>	Sub-Total of A	<u>.</u>			1,714
В.	Concrete Work			Į	
	1. Materials				
	Slab on wood planks			j	
	(1) 16 - 2" x 8" x 6' Coco Lumber	128	bd.ft	8	1,024
	(2) 10mm dia x 6.0m Rebar	3	pc.	58	174
	(3) #16 Tie Wire	0.5	kg	58	29
	(4) Cement	10	bag	137	1,370
	(5) Sand	1.5	cu.m	359	539
	(6) Gravel	2	cu.m	454	908
	(7) Stone Lining with Mortar	1	LS	1,250	1,250
	Sub-Total of B-1				5,294
	2. Labor (25% of B-1)				1,323
	Sub-Total of B	406			6,617
C.	Carpentry Work				0,017
	1. Materials				
	(1) Nipa	60	pc.	2	120
	(2) 1.5m x 1.8m, amakan	3	pc.	75	225
	(3) 2" x 3" x 10' Coco Lumber	20	bd.ft	11	220
	(4) 2" x 2" x 10' Coco Lumber	33.3	bd.ft		
	(5) 3" dia. Bamboo	33.3		10 21	333
	(6) Assorted CWN		light	4 1	63
	(7) Rattan wire	20	kg	43	172
		20	pc.	1 1	20
	(8) Pale (medium)	1	pc.	203	203
•	(9) 3" dia. PVC x 3m	1	pc.	665	665
	(10) 3" dia. PVC Elbow	2	pc.	70	140
	(11) PVC solvent	1	pint	54	54
	(12) Ga. 31" x 8' plain GI sheet	1	sheet	214	214
	Sub-Total of C-1				2,429
	2. Labor (25% of C-1)				607
	Sub-Total of C				3,036
D.	Plumbing				
	1. Material				
	(1) Toilet Bowl-Squat Type	1	pc.	220	220
	(2) 75mm dia x 6.0m PVČ Pipe	1	рс.	152	152
	Sub-Total of D-1		-	<u> </u>	372
	2. Labor (25% of D-1)				93
	Sub-Total of D				465
E.	Transportation Cost	1	LS	340	340
	(excluding indigenous materials)	·			3.13
F.	Indirect Cost				
	Profit (10% of A - D)	- 1			1 407
	VAT (10% of Profit & Labor)				1,487
					477
	Sub-Total of F				1,964
4.1	Total Construction Cost				14,136
	(A+B+C+D+E+F)			SAY	14,100

Note: LS - Lump Sum Source: DOH standard price in 1993 Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level Unit Cost of Toilet Bowl:ferrerd to ADB-assisted RW3SP

Table 10.2.14 Unit Construction Cost of Ventilated Improved Pit Latrine

			<del></del>		(Cost: Peso)
<u> </u>	Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A.	Earthwork				
	1. Materials				
	(1) Gravel Fill	0.5	cu.m	454	227
	Sub-Total of A-1			ļ	227
ļ	2. Labor				l
	(1) Excavation	3	cu.m	140	420
	(2) Backfill	1	cu.m	127	127
	(3) Gravel Fill	0.5	cu.m	166	83
	Sub-Total of A-2	0.5	Cu.m	100	630
	Sub-Total of A-2				[
B.	Concrete Work				857
В.		•			
	1. Materials				
	Slab on wood planks				
	(1) 2" x 8" x 6' Coco Lumber	64	bd.ft	8	512
	(2) 10mm dia x 6.0m Rebar	2	pc.	58	116
1	(3) #16 Tie Wire	0.5	kg	58	29
	(4) Cement	4	bag	137	548
	(5) Sand	0.5	cu.m	359	180
	(6) Gravel	0.5	cu.m	454	227
	(7) Stone Lining with Mortar	1	LS	1,200	1,200
	Sub-total of B-1	-		-,	2,812
	2. Labor (25% of B-1)				703
	Sub-Total of B				3,515
$\overline{\mathrm{c.}}$	Carpentry Work				3,313
L.	1. Materials				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60		,	120
	(1) Nipa	60	pc.	2	120
	(2) 1.5m x 1.8m, amakan	3	pc.	75	225
	(3) 2" x 3" x 10' Coco Lumber	20	bd.ft	11	220
	(4) 2" x 2" x 10' Coco Lumber	33.3	bd.ft	10	333
	(5) 3" dia. Bamboo	3	light	21	63
	(6) Assorted CWN	4	kg	43	172
	(7) Rattan wire	20	pc.	1	20
	(8) 3" x 3" hinges	2	pc.	32	64
	Sub-Total of C-1				1,217
	2. Labor (25% of C-1)		,	i ·	304
	Sub-Total of C			<u> </u>	1,521
D.	Plumbing				
	1. Material				
	(1) 50mm dia. PVC Pipe	1	ne	76	76
	(2) Fly Screen	1	pc.	59	59
		ı	pc.	39	
'	Sub-Total of D-1				135
	2. Labor (25% of D-1)			<b></b>	41
<u> </u>	Sub-Total of D		7.0	1.50	176
E.	Transportation Cost	i i	LS	170	170
<b> </b>	(excluding indigenous materials)				
F.	Indirect Cost	:	,		
	Profit (10% of A - E)				624
	VAT (10% of Profit & Labor)		L		230
	Sub-Total of F			T	854
	Total Construction Cost	***	*		7,093
	(A+B+C+D+E+F)		1 44 1	SAY	7,100

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source: DOH standard price in 1993
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.15 Unit Construction Cost of Pit Latrine

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	4,600
	SAY

Table 10.2.16 Unit Cost of School Toilet

Shee	. 10		1 2:	T	T	(Cost: Peso
		Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
A. B.		Mobilization and Demobilization		LS		6,000
в.		Earthwork			İ	
	Į.	Materials				
		(1) Gravel Fill	3	cu.m	454	1,362
	^	Sub-Total of B-1				1,362
	2.	Labor			1	
		(1) Excavation	16	cu.m	140	2,240
		(2) Backfill	5	cu.m	127	635
		(3) Gravel Fill	3	cu.m	166	498
		Sub-Total of B-2	*******			3,373
C.		Sub-Total of B			<u> </u>	4,735
C.	,	Concrete Work				
	1.	Materials				
		(1) Cement	61	bags	137	8,357
		(2) Sand	4	cu.m	359	1,436
		(3) Gravel	8	cu.m	454	3,632
		(4) Rebars: 12mm dia x 6m	38	pcs.	79	3,002
		10mm dia x 6m	57	pes.	58	3,306
		(5) #16 Tie Wire	8	kg.	58	464
		(6) Fornworks:				
		1/4" Plywood	6	pcs.	477	2,862
		2" x 2" x 10', Coco Lumber	200	bd.ft.	10	2,000
	•	Sub-Total of C-1				25,059
	Z.	Labor (30% of C-1)		LS		7,518
D.		Sub-Total of C Masonry Work				32,577
υ.	1	Materials				
	٠.	(1) 6" CHB	800		,	4 000
		(2) 4" CHB	260	pcs.	6	4,800
		(3) Cement	200 97	pcs.	5	1,300
		(5) Sánd	10	bags	137	13,289
		(6) Rebars: 12mm dia x 6m	30	cu.m	359	3,590
		10mm dia x 6m	11	pes.	79	2,370
		(7) #16 Tie Wire	4	pcs.	58	638
		(8) Scaffolding:	4	kg.	58	232
		2" x 4" x 8' x 10pcs., Coco Lumber	53	bf.	8	424
		Sub-Total of D-1	55	UI.		
	2	Labor (30% of D-1)		LS		26,643
	~.	Sub-Total of D		LO		7,993
Ē.		Roofing Work			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34,636
	1.	Materials			* *	
		(1) GA #26 Corr. GI (1 = 10')	20	pcs.	310	6,200
		(2) GA #24 Pln. GI Flashing	3	pcs.	300	900
		(3) GA #24 Pln. GI Gutter (Pre-Fab)	9	pcs.	300	2,700
		(4) Umbrella Nails 2-1/2"	12	kg.	50	600
		(5) Rafter - 2" $\times$ 5" $\times$ 18' = 5pcs.	75	bf.	35	2,625
		(6) Purlins - 2" x 2" x 12' = 18pcs.	73	bf.	35	2,023
		(7) WD Cleats - 2" x 2" x $10$ " = 6pcs.	20	bf.	35	700
		(8) Nailers - 2" $\times$ 2" $\times$ 12' = 30pcs.	120	bf.	35	4,200
		$-2'' \times 2'' \times 10' = 36 \text{ pcs.}$	120	bf.	35	
		- 4 A 4 A 10 - Jupus.	120	UI.	33	4,200

Table 10.2.16 Unit Cost of School Toilet

Sheet 2 of 5				(Cost: Peso
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
(9) Fascia Board				
$1'' \times 12'' \times 12' = 4 pcs.$	48	bf.	35	1,680
$1'' \times 12'' \times 18' = 2pcs.$	36	bf.	34	1,224
(10) Wood Plate				
$2'' \times 4'' \times 20' = 2pcs$ .	27	bf.	34	918
(11) 1/4" Thk. Mar. Plywood 4'x8'	14	pcs.	32	448
(12) C.W.N. Assorted	15	kg.	43	645
(13) 3" dia x 3m Downspout (PVC)	3	pcs.	91	273
(14) 3" dia Elbow (PVC)	2	pcs.	70	140
(15) 3" dia Coupling (PVC)	1	pcs.	26	26
(16) Ceiling Vent		" " "	1	
$1'' \times 1'' \times 8' = 4pcs.$	3	bf.	29	87
(17) Screen (1/8" x 1/8")	1	yd.	91	91
Sub-Total of E-1	•	, , , ,	"	30,177
2. Labor (30% of E-1)		LS		9,053
Sub-Total of E		1		39,230
F. Carpentry Work	ļ <del></del>	<del> </del>		37,230
1. Materials				
(1) D - 1 Hollow Core Tanguile				
l • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2	مافع	1.620	2.240
Flush Type Door w/ Louver (.80x2.20)	Z	sėts	1,620	3,240
(2) D - 2 Hollow Core Tanguile			1 417	
Flush Type Door (.60x2.10)	1	sets	1,216	1,216
(3) D - 3 Louver Door (.60x1.40)	5	sets	1,013	5,065
(4) Door Jambs (Apitong)				
$2^{n} \times 6^{n} \times 14^{n} = 1$ pc.	14	bf.	37	518
$2^{"} \times 6^{"} \times 10^{"} = 2 \text{pcs.}$	20	bf.	36	720
$2'' \times 6'' \times 10'' = 1$ pc.	.18	bf.	35	630
$2'' \times 4'' \times 12'' = 5pcs.$	40	bf.	34	1,360
(7) Wooden Jalousie Window			:	
With 5 Blades (.40x.50)	14	set	338	4,732
(8) Window Jambs (Apitong)				
$2'' \times 6'' \times 16'' = 5pcs.$	80	bf.	36	2,880
$2'' \times 6'' \times 14'' = 1$ pc.	14	bf.	35	490
$2" \times 6" \times 10" = 1pc.$	10	bf.	34	340
(9) Cabinet				
$3/4'' \times 4' \times 8' = 1pc.$ (plyboard)	1	pc.	878	878
Sub-Total of F-1				22,069
2. Labor (30% of F-1)		LS		6,621
Sub-Total of F				28,690
G. Tile Work				
1. Materials				
(1) 4-1/4" x 4-1/4", Glazed Tiles	1,950	pcs.	5	9,750
(2) 0.10m x 0.20m, Floor Tiles	900	pcs.	7	6,300
(3) Cement	4	bags	137	548
(4) White Cement	1	bag	742	742
Sub-Total of G-1	^	~~B	· · · · · ·	17,340
2. Labor (30% of G-1)		LS	. [	5,202
Sub-Total of G				22,542
Out- i viai vi Oj				22,394

Table 10.2.16 Unit Cost of School Toilet

Sheet	1 able 10,2,16 Unit Co				(Cost: Peso)
	Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
H.	Plumbing Work				
	1. Materials				
	(1) Toilet Bowl - Squat Type	3	sets	703	2,109
	(2) Toilet Bowl - Sit Type	2	sets	703	1,406
	(3) Lavatory	2	sets	3,300	6,600
	(4) 4" día x 3m PVC San. Pipe	4	pcs.	175	700
	(5) 3" dia x 3m PVC San. Pipe	7	pcs.	98	686
	(6) 1-1/2" dia x 3m, PVC San. Pipe	4	pcs.	59	236
	(7) 2" dia. x 3m, PVC San. Pipe	4	pcs.	62	248
	(8) 6" x 4", Floor Drain	5	pcs.	98	490
	(9) 2" dia. Elbow PVC	4	pcs.	53	212
	(10) 4" dia WYB PVC	2	pcs.	38	76
	(11) 4" dia. x 3" dia. WYB PVC	12	pcs.	35	420
	(12) 4" dia. x 2" dia. TEE PVC	4	pcs.	36	144
	(13) 4" dia. TEE PVC	3	pcs.	47	141
	(14) 1-1/2" dia. WYB PVC	1	pcs.	20	20
	(15) 4" dia. Clean Out PVC	3	pcs.	41	123
	(16) 3" dia. Clean Out PVC	1	pcs.	32	32
	(17) Faucet	3	pcs.	59	177
	(18) 3" dia. x 2" dia. WYB PVC	2	pcs.	32	64
	(19) 1-1/2" dia. Elbow PVC	6	pcs.	40	240
	(20) PVC Cement	. 1	can	142	142
	(21) Check Valve 1-1/2"	1	pcs.	214	214
	(22) 4" P-Trap	5	pcs.	77	385
	Sub-Total of H-1			·	14,865
	2. Labor (30% of H-1)		LS		4,460
	Sub-Total of H				19,325
I.	Painting				
	1. Materials				
	(1) Acrylic, Semi Gloss	8	gals.	295	2,360
	(2) Concrete Sealer	4	gals.	233	932
	(3) Acri Color: Wood	4	gals.	200	800
	(4) Enamel, QDE	6	gals.	310	1,860
	(5) Wood Putty	1 1	gals.	342	342
	(6) Paint Thinner	1	gals.	67	67
	(7) Tinting Color	4	pint	45	180
	(8) Sand Paper (Assorted)	15	pes.	8	120
	(9) Miscellaneous	1 2	LS	1,200	1,200
	(10) Roof Paint (green, ready-mix)	, ,2:	gals.	319	638
İ	Sub-Total of I-1		1.0	•	8,499
	2. Labor (30% of I-1)  Sub-Total of I		LS	,	2,550 11,049
J.	Electrical Work			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 11,049
٦.	1. Materials			2 4	
	(1) 40 Watts Fluorescent Lamp	2	sets	289	578
	(2) Elect. Wire TW #12	24	M	7	168
	(3) Elect. Conduit - 1/2" dia x 10"	4	pcs.	88	352
	(4) Entrance Cap. 1/2" dia	1	pcs.	32	32
	(5) Switch Outlet, Flush Type	2	pc. pcs.	44	88
	(6) Utility Box 2"x3"	2	pcs.	12	24

Table 10.2.16 Unit Cost of School Toilet

(Cost: Peso) Sheet 4 of 5 Amount **Unit Cost** Q'ty Unit Description 14 (7) Porcelain Receptacle 2" dia ocs. 555 555 1 set (8) Safety Switch 60A, 250V 25 25 roll (9) Electrical Tape 1,836 Sub-Total of J-1 551 LS 2. Labor (30% of J-1) 2,387 Sub-Total of J K. Hardware 1. Materials 200 20 10 (1) 3" x 3" Butt Hinges (Loose Pin) pcs. 432 (2) 4" x 4" Butt Hinges (Loose Pin) 12 pcs. 36 1.950 650 3 (3) Door Lockset (Schlage US) pes. 225 45 5 (4) Barrel Bolt (4") pes. 35 5 7 (5) Cabinet Pull (4") pcs. (6) Water Storage Cover Checkered Plate 1/4" thick 1,116 1.116 1 set 1-7/16" x 5/8", L-bar & flat bar 629 1,258 2 set 5/8" x 9/16", L-bar & flat bar 429 429 pcs. ì (7) Padlock Sub-Total of K-1 5,645 1,694 LS 2. Labor (30% of K-1) 7,339 Sub-Total of K Septic Tank and Sewage Basin L. 1. Materials 900 5 180 (1) 4" CHB pes. 137 2,466 18 bags (2) Cement 359 718 2 cu.m (3) Sand 454 454 1 cu.m (4) Gravel 1,682 29 58 pcs. (5) Rebars: 10mm dia x 6m 116 58 2 kg. (6) #16 Tie Wire (7) Formworks: Coco Lumber 660 60 bf. 11  $2'' \times 3'' \times 10' = 12pcs.$ 954 477 2 pçs. 1/4" x 4' x 8', Plywood ord. 86 43 C.W.N. (Assorted) kg. 8,036 Sub-Total of L-1 2,411 LS 2. Labor (30% of L-1) 10,447 Sub-Total of L Shallow Well (18 depth) M. a. Drilling of Well & Installation of Steel Casing/Screen 1. Materials 912 1.824 2 (1) 63mm x 6m PVC Pipe with socket pcs. 452 452 (2) 63mm x 3m PVC Pipe with plug 1 p¢. 12 12 (3) 63mm PVC Socket pc. 1,443 1,443 (4) 63mm x 3m PVC Screen pc. 3,731 Sub-Total of M-a-1 2. Labor, Fuel, Lubricant and others Well Drilling for 18m depth at 28,800 1,600 18 m 150mm borehole 32,531 Sub-Total of M-a LS 600 600 b. Well Development

Table 10.2.16 Unit Cost of School Toilet

Sheet 5 of 5 (Cost: Peso)

<del>;</del>	: <del>-</del>	Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
M.	c.	Gravel Packing, Installation of Hand-				
		Pump and Construction of Platform				
	1.	Materials				
		(1) 50mm Jetmatic Handpump	1	set	2,807	2,807
		(2) 50mm x 1m Gl Pipe (Sch. 40)	1	pc.	118	118
		(3) #10 Sieved Gravel	0.1	çu.m	1,026	103
		(4) Coarse Sand	0.07	cu.m	359	25
		(5) Cement for Sanitary Seal	1	bag	127	127
		(6) Pump Base and Platform		_		
		1) Cement	4	bags	127	508
		2) Gravel	1	cu.m	454	454
		3) Sand	1	cu.m	359	359
		4) Plywood (1,200mm x 2,400mm x 6mm)	1	pc.	294	294
		5) Form Lumber (50mmx75mmx1,800mm	1	pc.	52	52
		6) Nail	1	kg.	40	40
		Sub-Total of M-c-1	,			4,887
•	2.	Labor (40% of M-c-1)		LS	]	1,955
ĺ		Sub-Total of M-c				6,842
		Sub-Total of M				39,973
N.		Freight Cost (8% of Materials for A - M		LS		13,121
		excluding sand and gravel)				
Ο.		Indirect Cost				
		Profit (10% of A - N)				27,205
		VAT (10% of Profit & Labor)				8,059
		Sub-Total of O				35,264
		Total of Construction Cost				307,315
Ĺ		(A to O)				
P.		Estimated Government Expenses				
1	1.	Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost	1	LS	2,400	2,400
	2.	Construction Supervision	1	LS	1,800	1,800
L		Sub-Total of P				4,200
		GRAND TOTAL				311,515
		Luno Sun			SAY	311,500

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source: DOH standard price in 1993
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.17 Unit Cost of Public Toilet

Sheet Lof 5

(Cost: Peso)

Sheet		Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	(Cost: Peso
Α.		Mobilization and Demobilization	7.7	LS	Onit Cost	7,000
•		(2.4% of B - M)		17.0		7,00
В.		Earthwork				
ъ.	1	Materials				
	••	(1) Gravel Fill	3	cu.m	454	1,362
		Sub-Total of B-1	,	CG.III	454	1,362
	2	Labor				1,502
	٠.	(1) Excavation	15.88	cu.m	140	2,223
		(2) Backfill	4.97	cu.m	127	1
		(3) Gravel Fill	3	cu.m	166	
		Sub-Total of B-2		V.1.511		3,352
		Sub-Total of B				4,714
C.		Concrete Work		· · · · ·		,,,,
	1.	Materials			Į.	[
		(1) Cement	61	bags	137	8,357
		(2) Sand	4	cu.m	359	1
		(3) Gravel	8	cu.m	454	1 '
		(4) Rebars: 12mm dia x 6m	38	pcs.	79	1
		10mm dia x 6m	57	pcs.	58	· ·
		(5) #16 Tie Wire	8	kg.	58	
		(6) Formworks:				
		1/4" Plywood	6	pcs.	477	2,862
		2" x 2" x 10" (Coco Lumber)	200	bd.ft.	10	2,000
		Sub-Total of C-1				25,059
	2.	Labor (30% of C-1)				7,518
		Sub-Total of C				32,577
D.		Masonry Work				
	l.	Materials				
		(1) 6" CHB	800	pcs.	6	4,800
		(2) 4" CHB	260	pcs.	. 5	1,300
		(3) Cement	97	bags	137	13,289
		(5) Sand	10	cu.m	359	3,590
		(6) Rebars: 12mm dia x 6m	30	pcs.	79	2,370
		10mm dia x 6m	11	pcs.	58	638
		(7) #16 Tie Wire	4	kg.	58	232
		(8) Scaffolding:				
		2" x 4" x 8" = 10pcs. (Coco Lumber)	53.33	bf.	8	427
		Sub-Total of D-1	` .			26,646
	2.	Labor (30% of D-1)				7,994
		Sub-Total of D				34,640
E.		Roofing Work	Ì			
	1.	Materials				
		(1) GA #26 Corr. GI (1 = 10')	20	pcs.	310	6,200
		(2) GA #24 Pln. GI Flashing	3	pcs.	300	900
•		(3) GA #24 Pln. GI Gutter (Pre-Fab)	9	pcs.	300	2,700
		(4) Umbrella Nails 2-1/2"	12	kg.	50	600
+3-		(5) Rafter - $2'' \times 5'' \times 18' = 5pcs$ .	75	bf.	. 35	2,625
		(6) Purlins - $2^n \times 2^n \times 12^n = 18$ pcs.	72	bf.	35	2,520
20		(7) WD Cleats - 2" x 2" x 10" = 6pcs.	20	bf.	35	700

Table 10.2.17 Unit Cost of Public Toilet

Sheet 2 of 5 (Cost: Peso)

Suect 5 of 2				(Cost: Peso
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
(8) Naiters - $2'' \times 2'' \times 12' = 30$ pcs.	120	bf.	35	4,200
$-2'' \times 2'' \times 10' = 36$ pcs.	120	bf.	35	4,200
(9) Fascia Board	1			
$1'' \times 12'' \times 12' = 4$ pcs.	48	bf.	35	1,680
1" x 12" x 18' = 2pcs.	36	bf.	34	
(10) Wood Plate		01.	31	1,22
$2'' \times 4'' \times 20' = 2pcs.$	26.66	bf.	34	900
	20.00		32	l .
(11) 1/4" Thk. Mar. Plywood 4' x 8'	1 1	pcs.		i .
(12) C.W.N. Assorted	15	kg.	43	į.
(13) 3" dia x 3m Downspout (PVC)	3	pcs.	91	273
(14) 3" dia Elbow (PVC)	2	pcs.	70	L
(15) 3"dia Coupling (PVC)	1	pcs.	26	E
(16) Ceiling Vent, 1" x 1" x 8' x 4pcs.	2.67	bf.	29	i
(17) Screen (1/8" x 1/8")	1	yd.	91	91
Sub-Total of E-1				30,150
2. Labor (30% of E-1)				9,047
Sub-Total of E				39,203
F. Carpentry Work				
1. Materials				
(1) D - 1 Hollow Core Tanguile				
Flush Type Door w/ Louver (0.80 x 2.2	2	sets	1,620	3,240
(2) D - 2 Hollow Core Tanguile			1,4=0	,
Flush Type Door (0.60 x 2.10)	1	sets	1,216	1,216
(3) D - 3 Louver Door (0.60 x 1.40)	5	sets	1,013	1
(4) Door Jambs (Apitong)		3013	1,013	3,003
2" x 6" x 14" = 1pc.	14	bf.	37	518
$2^{\circ} \times 6^{\circ} \times 10^{\circ} = 2 \text{pcs}.$		bf.		4
•	20			ľ
$2'' \times 6'' \times 10'' = 1$ pc.	18	bf.	35	i
$2'' \times 4'' \times 12'' = 5pcs.$	40	bf.	34	1,360
(7) Wooden Jalousie Window				
With 5 Blades (0.40 x 0.50)	14	set	338	4,732
(8) Window Jambs (Apitong)				
$2'' \times 6'' \times 16'' = 5pcs.$	80	bf.	36	
$2'' \times 6'' \times 14'' = 1pc.$	14	bf.	. 35	490
$2'' \times 6'' \times 10'' = 1pc.$	10	bf.	34	340
(9) Cabinet				
$3/4'' \times 4' \times 8' = 1$ pc. (plyboard)	1	pc.	878	878
Sub-Total of F-1		٠.		22,069
2. Labor (30% of F-1)	]			6,62
Sub-Total of F			***************************************	28,69
G. Tile Work				
1. Materials				
(1) 4-1/4" x 4-1/4" Glazed Tiles	1,950	pcs.	5	9,750
(2) 0.10 x 0.20m Floor Tiles	900	pcs.	7	6,300
(3) Cement	. 4	bags	137	
(4) White Cement		bag	742	l .
(5) Tiles Fittings	'	LS	/42	5,65
		LS		
Sub-Total of G-1				22,99
2. Labor (30% of G-1)	<b> </b>			6,89
Sub-Total of G	<u>L.</u>		<u> </u>	29,88

Table 10.2.17 Unit Cost of Public Toilet

Sheet 3 of 5 (Cost: Peso)

	Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount
H.	Plumbing Work	<u> </u>	Oiii	Olit Cost	Amount
• • •	1. Materials				
	(1) Urinal	3	nata	1 262	3,759
	· · ·		sets	1,253	1
	(2) Toilet Bowl - Squat Type	6	sets	703	4,218
	(3) 4" dia x 3m PVC San. Pipe	6	pcs.	175	
	(4) 3" dia x 3m PVC San. Pipe	4	pcs.	98	i i
	(5) 2" dia x 3m PVC San. Pipe	3	pcs.	62	! :
	(6) 3/4" dia x 6m GI Pipe Sch. 40	5	pcs.	288	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(7) 1/2" dia x 6m GI Pipe Sch. 40	1	pcs.	213	L I
	(8) 4" x 4" WYE PVC	1	pcs.	38	E I
	(9) 3" dia Elbow PVC	10	pcs.	70	
	(10) 3" dia 45 degrees Bend PVC	2	pcs.	85	I
	(11) 2" dia Elbow PVC	6	pcs.	53	318
	(12) 2" dia 45 degrees Bend PVC	2	pcs.	68	136
	(13) 1/2" dia Elbow GI	5	pes.	40	200
1	(14) 4" dia 3" dia WYE PVC	8	pes.	52	
	(15) 3/4" dia TEE GI	7	pcs.	70	490
	(16) 1/2" dia TEE GI	5	pcs.	55	275
	(17) 4" dia x 2" dia TEE PVC	6	pcs.	36	216
	(18) 4" dia Clean Out PVC	3	pes.	41	123
}	(19) 2" dia Clean Out PVC	1	pcs.	29	29
1	(20) Faucet	10	pcs.	59	590
1	(21) 3" dia x 2" dia Elbow Reducer PVC	1	pcs.	85	85
1	(22) 3" dia x 2" dia WYE PVC	3	pcs.	29	87
	(23) 2" dia x 2" dia WYE PVC	3	pcs.	17	t I
	(24) PVC Cement	1	can	142	i i
1	(25) 4" dia x 2" dia WYE PVC	2	pcs.	47	94
1	(26) Gate Valve 3/4" dia	1	pcs.	142	142
	(27) Gate Valve 1/2" dia	. 1	pcs.	112	
	(28) Water Meter 3/4" dia	1	pcs.	1,488	
	(29) 3/4"dia x1/2"dia Elbow Reducer GI	1	pcs.	21	21
	Sub-Total of H-1	•			17,181
	2. Labor (30% of H-1)				5,154
	Sub-Total of H				22,335
Ι.	Painting				22,000
-	1. Materials				
	(1) Acrylic, Semi Gloss	8	gals.	295	2,360
	(2) Concrete Sealer	4	gals.	233	932
	(3) Acri Color: Wood	4	gals.	200	800
	(4) Enamel, QDE	6	gals.	310	1,860
	(5) Wood Putty	1	gais. gals.	342	342
	(6) Paint Thinner	1	gais. gals.	67	67
	• •	4	gais. pint	45	180
		15	-	8	120
		50 gr 13	pcs. LS	°	1,200
	(9) Miscellaneous			210	1 ' 1
]:	(10) Roof Paint (green, ready-mix)	2	gals.	319	638
	Sub-Total of I-1				8,499
	2. Labor (30% of I-1)				2,550
L	Sub-Total of I				11,049

Table 10.2.17 Unit Cost of Public Toilet

Sheet 4 of 5

(Cost: Peso)

	Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	(Cost: Peso
J.	Electrical Work	<u> </u>	1	Unit Cost	Amount
	1. Materials				
	(1) 40 Watts Fluorescent Lamp	2	sets	289	
	(2) Elect. Wire TW #12	24	m	[ 202	
l	(3) Elect. Conduit - 1/2" dia x 10"	4		88	168
	(4) Entrance Cap. 1/2" dia	1	pcs.	32	
	(5) Switch Outlet, Flush Type	2	pc. pcs.	44	1
	(6) Utility Box 2" x 3"	2	pcs.	12	1
	(7) Porcelain Receptacle 2" dia	2	pcs.	7	
	(8) Safety Switch 60A, 250V	1	set	555	
	(9) Electrical Tape	i	roll	25	*
	Sub-Total of J-1	•	1011	23	1,836
	2. Labor (30% of J-1)				551
ļ	Sub-Total of J	********	*******		2,387
K.	Hardware			<del></del>	2,307
1	1. Materials	į			1
	(1) 3" x 3" Butt Hinges (Loose Pin)	10	pcs.	20	200
	(2) 4" x 4" Butt Hinges (Loose Pin)	12	pcs.	36	
1.	(3) Door Lockset (Schlage US)	3	pcs.	650	
	(4) Barrel Bolt (4")	5	pcs.	45	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	(5) Cabinet Pull (4")	5	pes.	l "i	35
	(6) Water Storage Cover	-	P	,	]
	Checkered Plate 1/4" thick				
	1.44x0.633 w/ L bar & flat bar	1 1	sct	1,116	1,116
	(7) 0.645x0.633 w/ L bar & flat bar	2	set	629	
	(8) Padlock	1	pcs.	429	, ,
	Sub-Total of K-1		•		5,645
	2. Labor (30% of K-1)				1,694
	Sub-Total of K				7,339
L.	Septic Tank and Sewage Basin				
	1. Materials				
	(1) 4" CHB	180	pcs.	5	900
	(2) Cement	18	bags	137	2,466
	(3) Sand	1.50	cu.m	359	539
1	(4) Gravel	1	cu.m	454	
	(5) Rebars: 10mm dia x 6m	29	pcs.	58	1,682
	(6) #16 Tire Wire	2	kg.	58	116
	(7) Formworks: Coco Lumber			-	
	2" x 3" x 10' = 12pcs.	60	bf.	11	660
	1/4" plywood ord. 4' x 8'	2	pcs.	477	954
l	C.W.N. (Assorted)	2	kg.	43	86
	Sub-Total of L-1				7,857
	2. Labor (30% of L-1)		*		2,357
	Sub-Total of L				10,214
M.	Concrete Water Tank (Elevated)				-
	1. Earth Work	Ì			
	(1) Materials				
	1) Gravel Fill	1	cu.m	454	454
	Sub-Total of M-1 (1)				454

Table 10.2.17 Unit Cost of Public Toilet

Sheet-5

Sheet-5 (Cost: Peso					
Description	Q'ty	Unit	Unit Cost	Amount	
(2) Labor				<del></del>	
1) Excavation	14.70	cu.m	140	2,058	
2) Backfill	13.08	cu.m	127	1,661	
<ol><li>Gravel Fill</li></ol>	1	cu.m	166	166	
Sub-Total of M-1 (2)			]	3,885	
Sub-Total of M-1				4,339	
2. Materials					
(1) Cement	62	bags	137	8,494	
(2) Sand	4.50	çu.m	359	1,616	
(3) Gravel	8	cu.m	454	3,632	
(4) Rebars: 12mm dia x 6m	160	pcs.	79	12,640	
(5) #16 Tie Wire	.4	kg.	58	232	
(6) Formworks:					
1/4" plywood	12	pcs.	477	5,724	
$2'' \times 3'' \times 16' = 60$ pcs.	480	bf.	9	4,320	
(7) C.W.N. (Assorted)	5	kg.	43	215	
Sub-Total of M-2				49,890	
3. Labor (30% of M-2)				14,967	
Sub-Total of M				69,196	
N. Freight Cost (8% of Materials for A - M				16,234	
excluding sand and gravel)					
O. Indirect Cost					
Profit (10% of A - M)				31,546	
VAT (10% of Profit & Labor)			<u> </u>	10,413	
Sub-Total of O				41,959	
Total of Construction Cost				357,424	
(A to O)					
P. Estimated Government Expenses				· <del></del>	
1. Preliminary & Detailed Engineering Cost		LS		2,400	
2. Construction Supervision	<u> </u>	LS		1,800	
Sub-Total of P				4,200	
GRAND TOTAL				361,624	
			SAY	361,600	

Note: LS - Lump Sum
Source: DOH standard price in 1993
Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.18 Cost for New Laboratory

(Cost: Peso) Item Unit **Unit Cost** Q'ty Amount 1. Building New Building m² 15,000 57 855,000 2. Instruments Turbidity meter set 37,500 1 37,500 Color meter 10,500 set 1 10,500 pH/Residual chlorine checker set 16,000 1 16,000 Incubator 105,000 set 1 105,000 Refrigerator set 26,800 2 53,600 Sterilizer 54,000 set l 54,000 Water quality testing kits 320,000 set 1 320,000 Electric stove set 1,100 ì 1,100 Range hood sct 11,000 1 11,000 Sub-total 608,700 3. Accessories Sink LS Working table LS Shelf LS Office desk LS Chair LS Sub-total 65,000 4. Glassware/Chemicals Glassware/Chemicals LS 110,000 Total 1,638,700

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Source: DOH standard price in 1993 Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

Table 10.2.19 Cost for Upgrading Laboratory

(Cost: Peso) Item Unit **Unit Cost** Q'ty Amount 1. Instruments Turbidity meter set 37.500 37,500 1 Color meter set 10,500 1 10,500 pH/Residual chlorine checker set 16,000 1 16,000 Incubator 105,000 set 0 0 Refrigerator set 26,800 ī 26,800 Sterilizer set 54,000 0 0 Water quality testing kits 320,000 set 1 320,000. Electric stove set 1,100 1 1,100 Range hood set 11,000 11,000 Sub-total 422,900 2. Glassware/Chemicals Glassware/Chemicals LS 55,000 Total 477,900

Note: LS - Lump Sum

Source: DOH standard price in 1993 Unit Cost: Adjusted to 1998 Price Level

# 10.2.2 Unit Cost of Equipment

Unit cost (CIF Manila) of equipment was referred to the market price in 1997 as follows.

## (1) Medium size rotary drilling rig

Type: Truck-mounted top head drive mud circulation type

Rated drilling capacity: 150 m depth for \$\phi250\$ bore hole

Equipment composition:

One unit of truck-mounted drilling rig

Each one set of operating accessories, drilling tools, casing tools and fishing tools

One set of spare parts (equivalent to 10% of above equipment/tool cost)

Unit cost: Peso 32,314,000 per set

# (2) Medium size percussion drilling equipment

Type: Truck-mounted cable percussion type

Rated drilling capacity: 150 m depth for \$250 mm bore hole

Equipment composition:

One unit of truck-mounted drilling rig

Each one set of operating accessories, drilling tools, pipe handling tools and fishing

tools

One set of spare parts (equivalent to 10% of above equipment/tool cost)

Unit cost: Peso 25,582,000 per set

### (3) Well rehabilitation equipment

Equipment composition:

One unit of diesel engine driven air compressor (7.5 kg/sq.cm, 500 liter/min.)

One set of air hose and hose fittings

Unit cost: Peso 280,000 per set

#### (4) Service truck

Type: Diesel engine driven 4 tons truck equipped with crane

Unit cost: Peso 1,200,000 per unit

## (5) Support Vehicle

Type: Diesel engine driven pick-up truck with electric winch

Unit cost: Peso 590,000 per unit

## (6) Refuse collection truck

Type: Closed type compactor truck with 5 cu.m of payload capacity

Unit cost: Peso 2,057,000 per unit including spare parts

### (7) Maintenance tools

One set of maintenance tools for O&M of Level I facility shall be provided to respective municipality.

Unit cost: Peso 10,000 per unit

# (8) Water quality testing kits

One set of water quality testing kits for O&M of Level I facility shall be provided to respective municipality.

Type: Ammonia testing kit

Unit cost: Peso 15,300 per unit

# 10.2.3 Cost of Laboratory and Equipment

Required cost for new laboratory including building/facility and instruments/chemicals and additional cost for upgrading of existing laboratory are shown in Table 10.2.18 and Table 10.2.19, respectively.