5-5 Minutes of meeting at the start-up of the 3<sup>rd</sup> year field work (Oct. 7,1997)

MINUTES OF MEETINGS
FOR
THE TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING
OF
SOUTHERN PART OF THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA
BETWEEN
SURVEY DEPARTMENT OF GHANA
AND
JICA STUDY TEAM

ACCRA GHANA, 7th OCTOBER 1997

c

NA AL-HAJI IDDRISU ABU DIRECTOR OF SURVEYS

SURVEY DEPARTMENT OF

GHANA

MINISTRY OF LANDS AND

FORESTRY

TOKIHIKO KAMINISHI

LEADER

JICA STUDY TEAM

The JICA Study Team headed by Team Leader Mr. Tokihiko KAMINISHI visited the Republic of Ghana from 29th September, 1997 to carry out the third year programme for the Study on Topographic Mapping of Southern Part of Ghana.

Prior to the commencement of the third phase survey work, a series of meetings were held from 1<sup>st</sup> to 7<sup>th</sup> October, 1997 and the following items have been confirmed and agreed by Survey Department of Ghana (SDG) and JICA Study Team.

- 1. Twenty (20) copies of Second Year Reports were submitted to SDG by JICA Team.
- Twenty (20) copies of Third Year Plan of Operation were submitted to SDG by JICA
   Team. The Third Year Plan of Operation was discussed and accepted by both sides.
- 3. Both sides agreed that the recommendation for improvement of management and operation systems and maintenance system of control points and maps should be made by JICA Team in the final report.
- 4. SDG requested that digital data of final maps should be added and delivered to SDG at the final stage and JICA Team took note for conveying this request to JICA Head Office of Tokyo.





#### LIST OF ATTENDANTS

# 1. Ghanaian Side (SDG)

Na Al-haji Iddrisu Abu
Mr. J. Dotse
Mr. Marcus Tabil
Mr. K.N.Arku-Lawson
Mr. I. Andoh-kesson
Mr. E.R. Tetteh
Mr. Jones Ofori Boadu
Mr. Jerry Awambigo
Mr. Nii Quarshie Quartey

Director of Surveys
Asst. Director
Examiner
Chief Cartographer
Chief Photogrammetrist
Chief Lithographer
Assistant Staff Surveyor
Senior Survey Technician
Senior Survey Technician

Headquaters
Great Accra Region
Examinations Section
Cartographic Section
Photogrammetric Sec.
Lithographic Section
Great Accra Region
Great Accra Region
Great Accra Region

# 2. Japanese Side (JICA Study Team)

Mr. Tokihiko KAMINISHI

Mr. Kouichi MIKI

Mr. Kozo OKUMURA

Mr. Hitoshi YOSHIDA

Mr. Hideaki SAKAI

Team Leader

Deputy Team Leader

Mapping Planner

Chief Surveyor

Coordinator





# PLAN OF OPERATION

FOR

# TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF SOUTHERN PART

OF

# THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA

(THIRD YEAR)

SEPTEMBER, 1997

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

#### I. INTRODUCTION

In response to the request of the Government of the Republic of Ghana (hereinafter referred to as Ghana), the Government of Japan (hereinafter referred to as Japan) has decided to conduct the topographic maps of southern part of the Republic of Ghana (hereinafter referred to as the Study) in accordance with the relevant laws and regulation in force in Japan.

Accordingly, the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as JICA), the official agency responsible for the implementation of the technical cooperation programs of Japan, will undertake the Study in close cooperation with the authorities concerned in Ghana.

Survey Department of Ghana (hereinafter referred to as SDG) shall acts the counterpart agency to the JICA Study team and also as the coordinator in relation to other governmental and nongovernmental organizations concerned of Ghana for the smooth implementation of the Study.

The Plan of Operation (P/O) for the Third Year's Study is proposed with the tentative schedule for succeeding years as shown in Fig. 1, and the flowchart for the production of topographic map is as shown in Fig. 2.

#### II. OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

The objective of the Study is to prepare the 1/50,000 topographic maps covering an area of approximately 25,500 square kilometers (see attached map) and to transfer technology to the counterparts personnel of Ghana.

#### III. SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of work to achieve the captioned objective is stated in a document entitled "Scope of Work for Topographic Mapping of Southern Part of the Republic of Ghana" agreed between SDG and JICA on 17th March 1995. It covers: Aerial photography, Ground control point survey, Leveling, Pricking, Field verification, Aerial triangulation, Stereo plotting & Compilation, Field completion, Drafting and Printing.

The work volumes and standards for respective work items are shown in Table 1 and Table 2.

Table 1. Work volume of the Study

	ITEM		VOLUME	REMARK
1.	Aerial photography	approx.	25,500 km <sup>2</sup>	See Fig.3 progress.
	(scale 1/60,000)			
2.	Ground control point	-	74 points	Completed.
	survey (GPS)		·	
3.	Leveling		1,230 km	Completed.
4.	Pricking			
	GPS point		74 points	35 points finished.
	Leveling point		1,230 km	approx. 580km finished.
٠.	Existing BMs		102 points	Completed.
5.	Field verification	approx.	25,500 km <sup>2</sup>	3rd year's work.
6.	Aerial triangulation	approx.	680 models	-ditto
7.	Stereo plotting	approx.	25,500 km <sup>2</sup>	-ditto S=1/50,000
8.	Compilation	арргох.	25,500 km <sup>2</sup>	4th year's work.
9.	Field completion	approx.	25,500 km <sup>2</sup>	-ditto
0.	Drafting	approx.	25,500 km <sup>2</sup>	4th & 5th year's work.
1.	Printing		40 sheets	-ditto 1,000 copies each.

Table 2. Standard of the Study

i	
Reference ellipsoid :	Clarke 1880
Map projection :	Ghana Modified Transverse Mercator
Datum of height :	M. S. L. (Based on the existing BMs)
Map scale :	1/50,000
Neat line :	15' x 15'
Contour interval :	10meters (Mountainous area 20meters)
Map style & application rule :	One adopted by SDG
Ground control point survey :	1/100,000 (Relative accuracy)
Leveling:	5cm/s (s: km)
Number of colors :	5 colors

#### IV. GENERAL UNDERTAKINGS

The Study shall be conducted in close cooperation between the two countries of Ghana and Japan. Responsibilities of each side set forth in S/W are summarized as follows:

#### 1. Ghana side:

-Necessary arrangement to ensure the entry, exit and stay of the team members as well as personnel of an aerial photography company contracted by the Team for the Study together with related materials and equipment to bring in and out of Ghana.

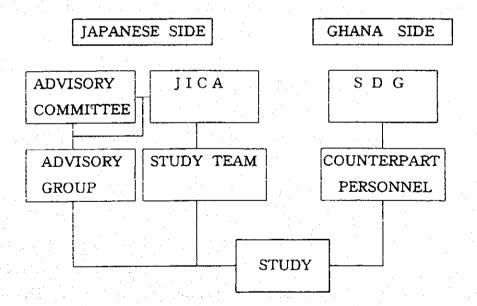
-Assistance to facilitate issuance of permit necessary for implementation of the Study.

#### 2. Japanese side:

- -Implementation of the Study in Ghana and Japan.
- -Technology transfer through the execution of the Study.

#### 3. Organization:

Parties involved in this Study shall be organized as follows;



#### V. STUDY SCHEDULE

The Study shall be planned five years from January, 1996 to June, 1999 as shown in Fig. 1. The flowchart for the production of topographic map is as shown in Fig. 2.

#### VI. REPORT AND FINAL PRODUCTS

An annual report shall be prepared by Study team at the beginning of field survey stage II, III and IV. The report on the final year (fiscal) shall cover all of the activities in this Study.

The final products to be delivered to the Government of Ghana are as follows;

(1) Aerial photo original negatives1 set	
(2) Aerial triangulation diapositives1 set	
(3). Contact prints (including aerial triangulation photos)2 sets	
(4) Photo index map 1 set	
(5) GPS control points descriptions & results1 set	
(6) Vertical control (leveling) results1 set	
(7) Pricked & field verified aerial photographs (enlarged) 1 set	
(8) Aerial triangulation results1 set	
(9) Color separation scribed sheets 1 set each	
(10) Color separation combined negatives or positives 1 set each	
(11) 1/50,000 topographic maps1,000 copies each	h

#### VII. PROGRESS OF SECOND YEAR WORK

The progress and details of second year work are described in Report II.

#### W. PLAN OF OPERATION FOR THIRD YEAR WORK

The field work and the laboratory work in Japan for the third year (aerial photography III, pricking II, field verification, aerial triangulation and stereo plotting) shall be carried out for a period from September, 1997 to March, 1998.

The members of the Study team and their assignment for the third year's field work are as shown in Table 3.

# 1. Preliminary Work in Japan

Prior to the start of the work as above, chief engineer together with other responsible engineers shall be prepared a detailed plan and equipment for each work process so as to facilitate the field work.

#### 2. Preliminary Work in Ghana

Upon arrival in Ghana, the Study Team shall start preparing for field operations. Team Leader and his staff shall discuss administrative matters same as previous year's work with SDG.

#### 3. Aerial Photography III

Aerial photography shall be carried out continuously based on the previous year's progress. One Japanese engineer is assigned to Ghana to supervise the operations and check the results.

#### 3-1 Specifications for aerial photography

Main specifications for the aerial photography shall be as follows (work volume includes previous year's);

- Camera: Super wide angle camera

Photo scale : approx. 1/60,000

- Coverage: approx. 25,500Km<sup>2</sup>

- Flight course: 24 courses

Flight length : approx. 3.500km

- Film: Panchromatic film

Forward overlap: 60 ± 5%
Lateral overlap: 30 ± 10%

- Crab: Less than 10 degree

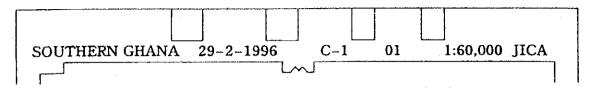
- Tip & tilt: Less than 5 degree

- Cloud coverage: Amount of cloud shall not exceed approx. 3% in successive 5 photos. However, important areas for orientation and cartography shall not be covered with clouds.

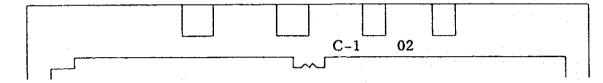
# 3-2 Implementation of photography

- Base air port: The flight plan shall be made with Accra Airport as the base.
- Test flight: Test flight and test photographing shall be made over the site before launching the scheduled operations.
- Checking: Supervisor for aerial photography inspects developed photos to ensure sidelaps, overlaps and other specified items. If the results do not fulfill the specifications, the aerial photography company shall re-fly the same portions.

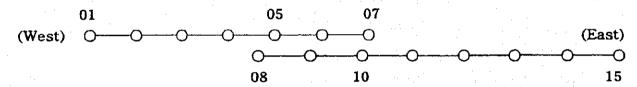
- Film editing: Course numbers and photo numbers, etc. shall be annotated on the negatives as follows;
  - (1) Both end photographs in each strip



(2) Other inside photographs



- Index map: The photo index map shall be prepared on the existing 1/500,000 topographic map by assigning principal points of photos as follows;



#### 4. Pricking I

Pricking work shall be performed for GPS points and new leveling points using enlarged photos same as previous work for aerial triangulation control.

#### 4-1 Work volume

Pricking work volume are as follows;

Horizontal & vertical control

39 points (GPS & Existing control)

650 km (leveling points) Vertical control points

#### 4-2 Implementation

- Horizontal and vertical control points shall be carefully pricked on the enlarged aerial photos in the field.
- Eccentric points for horizontal control shall be selected and pricked at clear points on the aerial photos, and the eccentric elements shall be measured using EDM, theodolite, plane-table, etc..
- Pricking of new leveling points shall be done at intervals of 3~4 km for the succeeding aerial triangulation and stereo plotting orientation.

# 5. Field Verification

In compliance with the map symbol's specification, necessary items to indicate on the map shall be collected and identified in the field using aerial photos.

Map symbols and application rules shall be used as agreed to by SDG (see Attachment).

The results shall be inscribed on the two times enlarged aerial photographs for succeeding plotting and compilation works.

# 5-1 Planning and preparation

Prior to the survey, preliminary study for photo interpretation shall be made to the best possible extent fully utilizing aerial photos and other available materials.

Administrative boundaries and place names, etc. necessary for annotation on the map shall be based on the information to be supplied by SDG.

#### 5-2 Implementation

Following items shall be investigated and/or confirmed in the field.

- Confirmation of the results of pre-interpretation.
- Keys for photo-interpretation of topography and geographical features.
- Items difficult to interpret on the aerial photographs.
- Items necessary for the application of map symbols, such as road, railways, rivers, buildings, specified area, vegetation, etc..
- Collection of materials at local administrative offices.

#### 6. Aerial Triangulation

Based on the ground control point survey data and the scale of 1/60,000 aerial photos, coordinates of pass points and tie points necessary for stereo plotting orientation shall be determined by aerial triangulation.

Pass points and tie points shall be selected at such locations that are adequate for photogrammetric orientation and accurate determination of coordinates on the photographs.

Pass points, tie points and control points as pricked on the diapositives using pricking device shall be measured by stereo comparater or equivalent, and adjustment computation shall be performed using block adjustment program.

Orientation elements of each model on the stereo plotting machine shall also be computed.

The tolerance (discrepancy) for pass points, tie points, and also limits of residuals of ground controls as used for adjustment shall be less than JICA procedural rules.

Layout of control points are as shown on Fig. 4.

## 7. Stereo Plotting

Based on the results of aerial triangulation and field verification, all items to be indicated on the scale of 1/50,000 topographic maps shall be measured from scale 1/60,000 aerial photos and delineated at 1/50,000 by plotting machine to produce restitution manuscript.

Detailed terrain features and vegetation shall be carefully measured, and also contour lines shall be drawn every 10 meters (mountainous area 20 meters).

Main specifications for stereo plotting are as follows;

- Stable polyester sheet shall be used for plotting materials.
- Neat lines, grid lines and control points for plotting orientation shall be plotted on the polyester sheet using an automatic coordinategraph.
- Neat lines shall be 15' (longitude) x 15' (latitude)
- Map projection shall be Ghana modified transverse mercator.
- After the absolute orientation of horizontal, the discrepancy between the plotted points and their model points shall not exceed the values specified in the IICA specifications.
- For the absolute orientation of height, vertical controls pricked on the photos shall be used as much as possible for the sake of accuracy of height in the map.
- Stereo plotting shall be executed in accordance with the map symbols and their application rules in the order of linear elements, such as roads, rivers, buildings, vegetation and contour lines.
- Contour lines shall be drawn every 10 meters (20 meters for mountainous area).
- Care must be taken of the representation of micro topography, like hills, plains, forests, seasonal rivers, cultivated lands, etc..
- Density of spot height on the map shall be discussed with SDG.

## IX. TENTATIVE WORK PLAN FOR SUCCESSIVE WORK

Following is the work plan covering successive work. It is tentative at this time because it is subject to change depending on the progress of a preceding process or due to unexpected reasons (see Fig.1).

#### 1. Compilation

On the basis of the plotted manuscript, compilation shall be carried out using the results of field verification with the symbols and specifications as agreed between the Study team and SDG.

Main specifications for compilation are as follows;

- For the compilation work, stable synthesized polyester sheet shall be used and the specifications shall be same as the stereo plotting.
- Care must be taken to keep the density of drawn lines uniform and avoid error or omission during compilation work following the rules for map representation.
- If any doubtful point arises during compilation, it shall be noted to clarify it at the time of field completion.
- On the basis of plotted sheet, control point data sheet and materials collected in the field. various kind of data sheets shall be prepared as follows;
  - \* Compiled manuscript.
  - \* Annotation data sheet.
  - \* Road information sheet.
  - \* Vegetation data sheet.
  - \* Water information data sheet.
  - \* Forest information data sheet.
  - \* Marginal information data sheet.

#### 2. Field Completion

Field completion shall be carried out on the items which are unidentified in the process of plotting and compilation. Also important changes that have happened in the meantime, if any, shall be incorporated and modified.

At the time of the field completion, test printed sample sheet shall be prepared for discussion with SDG to finalize the colors and other matters.

### 3. Drafting

Based on the original manuscripts, scribing shall be carried out on the stable polyester base for five color separation plates. Map style and symbols shall be those adopted by SDG.

The original maps shall consist of scribed sheets, masking sheets, annotation sheets and marginal information sheets.

Annotation shall be in English (Latin alphabet). Every map sheet to be product in this survey work shall have the following annotation printed at the lower margin the following;

"This map was prepared jointly by Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) under the Japanese Government Technical Cooperation Programme and Ministry of Land and Forestry, Survey Department of the Government of Ghana"

#### 4. Printing

Printing plates shall be prepared by photo lithography using 1/50,000 scribing negatives. Color applied for printing shall be five, and 1,000 final copies shall be printed for each map sheet.

Specification of printing paper to be used shall be determined through talks with SDG.

#### 5. Recommendations

Recommendations for improvement of management and operation systems and maintenance system of control points and maps shall be provided.

#### 6. Work Flow

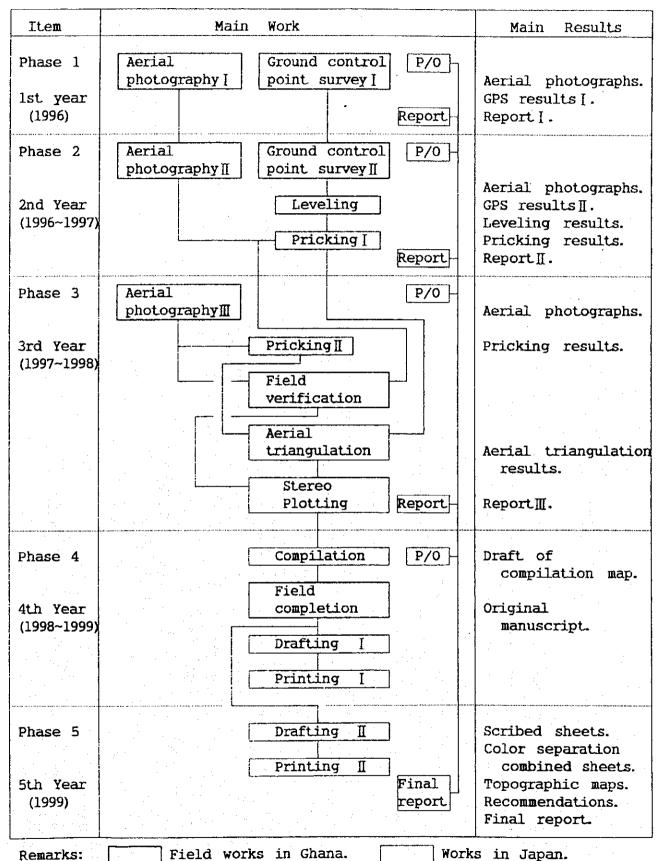
The flow of the entire work is schematically shown on the Fig. 2.

TABLE 3. MEMBERS OF STUDY TEAM AND THEIR ASSIGNMENT IN THE THIRD YEAR

NAME	ASSIGNMENT	DURATION	CONTENTS
Tokihiko KAMINISHI	LEADER	281*Sep.'97 ~ 91*Oct.'97 251*Nov.'97 ~ 41*Dec.'97 1*1Mar.'98 ~ 161*Mar.'98	Total Management     General Discussion
Koichi MIKI	SUBLEADER	28 <sup>14</sup> Sep.'97 ~ 12 <sup>14</sup> Nov.'97 6 <sup>14</sup> Jan.'98 ~ 16 <sup>14</sup> Mar.'98	Sub Management     General Discussion     Assistance of Leader     General Supervision
Kozo OKUMURA	MAPPING PLANNER	28 <sup>13</sup> Sep.'97 ~ 12 <sup>13</sup> Nov.'97 6 <sup>13</sup> Jan.'98 ~ 16 <sup>13</sup> Mar.'98	Fundamental Map Planning     General Coordination     Reporting
Hitoshi YOSHIDA	CHIEF SURVEYOR	28 <sup>18</sup> Sep.'97 ~ 12 <sup>18</sup> Nov.'97 6 <sup>18</sup> Jan.'98 ~ 16 <sup>18</sup> Mar.'98	Planning of Implementation     Supervision of Works     Coordination of Works     Quality Checking
Daikichi NAKAJIMA	PHOTOGRAPHER	61*Oct.'97 ~ 41*Dec.'97	Inspecting of Photograph &     Photo Process
Shinpei ISHIWATA	MECHANICAL ENGINEER	281*Sep.'97 ~ 121*Nov.'97 61*Jan.'98 ~ 161*Mar.'98	Management of Vehicle     Maintenance of Vehicle
Masahiko OHASHI Kouzou ASANO	SURVEYOR	281*Sep.'97 ~ 121*Nov.'97 61*Jan.'98 ~ 161*Mar.'98	Field Verification     Pricking
Tuyoshi YAMASAKI Michio SATOJI			
Masaru TERADA Kensuke KIMURA			
Sanenori OHNAKA  Tsuyosi NEMOTO		6 <sup>18</sup> Jan.'98 ~ 16 <sup>18</sup> Mar.'98	
Hideaki SAKAI	COORDINATOR	28 <sup>4</sup> *Sep.'97 ~ 12 <sup>4</sup> *Oct.'97 2 <sup>4</sup> Mar.'98 ~ 16 <sup>4</sup> *Mar.'98	1. Coordination

FIGURE 1				NAT	TATIVE	WORK ING	Ø	CHEDULE	<b>a</b>							ſ
	1ST YEAR	2 ND	1D YEAR				YEAR			4 TH	YEAR			표	YEAR	
YEAR	1996		ş	1997		1997	ı	1998		1998	1	1999		1999	-	].
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GROUND CONTROL SURVEY																
AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY																
LEVELLING SURVEY				- Ferral												
PRICKING SURVEY							(minus)									
AERIAL TRIANGULATION																
PIELD IDENTIFICATION						·										
PLOTTING																
COMPILATION																
FIELD COMPLETION																
DRAFTING													U			
WAP-REPRODUCTION																
REPORT			0													
INSPECTION	==															
DELIVERY OF GOODS	- ▼			7				য					ব	4		
																]
		A**										-				
LEGEND P	PREPARATION		FIELD SURVEY		WORK IN JAPAN	¥										

Fig. 2 Flowchart for Production of Topographic Map



(First year & Second year) Adopted Photograph LEGEND 0°30' ¥ C-20 C-19 1,00,1 Z.00.W C-18 C-13-C-11-C-12-C-14-C-15-C-10-C-9 C-8 -1 79-5 C-7 C-5-4 C-3 ,0°, ° (154) 6.00'N-5.00'N-

Fig. 3 PHOTO INDEX MAP

OPS Point (Heritantal & Vertical control points) OPS Paint ( Vertical control paints ) Existing Bills & New leveling paint Existing Control Point 810 820 Existing Banch Mark LEGEND M,02,0 20 4000 207.620 3 GUINEA 8 9 £0 L 20.M 00 50 ĝo Ž0 20 20 20 #o Fig. 4 Ç.C žo 20 go. ٣o Fo ∆ 6CS.234 ğo **2**0 йo go. 3.00M 1000 , 00 E 2,30° (155)

Aerial Triangulation Control Points

K.00.9 - 5°30'N N.00.S -W.0E.0 1.00.H SHEET INDEX MAP 0402 | |-|-0602 -0502-7 m Z.00.H Fig. 5 2°30'# 0603 0403 63 3.00.H 6.00'N --5.30' N — (156)

# MAP SYMBOLS AND APPLICATION RULES

- REVISED -

SYMBOLS FOR 1:50,000 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP OF GHANA

APPLICATION RULES 適用規定	*Apply symobi to four lanes or more with central reserve.	*中央分離帯を持つ片側2車線 (計4車線) 以上の道路に 適用する *モーターウエイに適用する	*Apply symbol to paved road. *Route No. shall be indicated on both ends of each map sheet. *SNG shall provide route No. * 精笼道路心窗用了。 * 路線卷号を図斯の両端付近に表示する * SNGが道路番号を提供する	*Apply symobl to unpaved road(maintained) *Route No. shall be indicated on both ends of each ************************************	*Apply symobl to unpaved road(not maintained) *SDG shall provide route No. *夫舗装で維持管理もされていない道路に適用する *SDGが道路番号を建伏する	*Apply symbol to street in the city and town. *A Street width less than 20m shail be plotted as 0.4mm. The actual scale shall be plotted for a street width more than 20m. *Hain roads through the city and town shall be indicated as Noi or No2. *Historial plants as Noi or No2. *Historial plants as Noi or No3. *Noi L No3. *N			
COMPILATION 編集記号									
PLOTTING EXPLES 9									
INTERPRETATION HEIGHT									
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МАМЕ	名 4% Motorway(dwal carriage)	自動車道(片側2 車線以上)	Roads:Class 1 Notorable throughout the year 1 极道路: 選年自動車通行可	Roads:Class 2 Netorable, occasionally closed 2数道路: 司動車道 (時により通行不 司	Roads:Class 3 Notorable in dry seasons only 易数消略 自動工術(飲料のみ過行可)	Street k main roads passing through the city and town. through the city and town. diabate the city and town.	Road under construction 建設中道路	Tracks and Najor Footpaths 小道及び主要な歩道	Other Footpaths その他の歩道(踏み分け道)
	_		2	က	4	*4	ഹ	9	r-
CLASS NO					<u> </u>	<del></del>			

each other. (b) Apply symbol to 3 line running parallel with each other. (c)Apply symbol to 4 line running parallel with each other. (a) Apply symbol to I or 2 line running parallel with \*SDG shall draw International border on the map(manuscript)
\*Red screen shall be put in the Ghana side. (c) Discontinued railway shall be annotated as "Abandoned".
(shall not apply annotation to temporary closed railway) \* SDG shall draw boundery on the map(manuscript) if necessary. \*Annotation shall fittingly be put along the lines. \*SDG shall draw boundery on the map(manuscript). \*Annotation shall be put in the center of its area. \* Apply symbol to fence or wall which is more than 500m long. (c) 廃終は Abandonedと注記をする (運行体止中の路線にはAbandonedの注記はしない) (4)1本、又は2本の送電機が平行の場合に適用する (b)3本の設電機が平行の場合に適用する (c)4本の設電機が平位の場合に適用する (送電機相互が開成は発電しない) \*現地権測時に測量局が偏集業別に表示する \*中等位置に国立公園、保護林等の注記をする \*現他補別時に測量局が編集素図に表示する \*網点はカーナ国側に表示する \*現地捕獲時に測量局が編集素図に表示する \*長さか500m以上の棚及び塀に適用する APPLICATION RULES 通用规定 \*適宜の位置に注記する COMPILATION 編集記号 GHANA OF SYMBOLS FOR 1:50,000 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP PLOTTING 阿克克斯 INTERPRETATION MARKETS 201.00 EB Black Red-sc reen Green screen **禁肥** % %#% Black Black Black Black Black Black Black Black Biack 無無 EF. 貾 畔 H. H El: Đ! 暖 睐 Station (2.1 U.4 ) 0.15 (b) Sta (c) Abandoned 0.4 0.15 1 0.3 0.5 0.25 0.3 <u>.</u> 0.30 ...-0.3 m.0.4 3 0.15 3.0 3.0 1.5 ı , C.3 6.0 1 0.3+1.0 ø0 3 EXCANCED 女大図 0 0,5 5.0 ø 0.4 40.4 \$ 0.3 5.0 1.0 1.0 10 as 10.0 0.5 3 3 ઉ SKIBOL 配場 Other boundaries 境界:<u>閉立</u>公園、保護林、狩 瀬区域その他特定界 Boundary: City, Municipal or town Cable ways, Conveyer belt Boundary: District (Local council) lailway (Standard guage): (a) double line (b) single line (c) Discontinued railway Pence Concrete or block wall 切り又はコッケリー)項 Power transmission line Boundary:Nationaol park Forest Reserve Boundary: International 素道, ベルトコンベア・ MARE SA 铁道(模堆机道): (a) 複綠 (b) 單線 (c) 连線 Boundary:Regional (代間線 (防火棉) Telephone line 境界:国界 Cut line 法電線 電話線 2 3 6 0 . 2 1 6 욷

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5 <del> </del>   5	40 帮	M. 7.83	<b>a</b> D	現湖記号	图化指导	真集記号	arcicalton avecs 適用塊定
#   5	City, Town		black screen				• If there is any prominent building in the congested (generalized) area, it shall be indicated (protted) as such,
=	市街	58	展ので				<ul><li>・・総価地域内に配号等を表示すべき建物等がある場合、当該等のが独立建物で数示できる場合は建物を表示し、その達物がいさい場合は十つ真位置を表示する。</li></ul>
:	Village		black screen		!         		*ditto. * 被指于你切了即每据外海泥上人外验室水光火焰《计》155
(S) ##	村務 (a)Conpound & luts (b)Prominent & hilding (a)小原 (村務節の建物)	(a) (b)	9 % black				,
(e)	(b) 著名な建物 Harket		Plack				(b) コンクリート及びプロック建築の建物に適用する *Big market shall be indicated with building. If buil- ding can't be drawn, A.A. shall be indicated on the
	市場 (a) flosoital, (b) Clinic	(a) (b)	n black				*大規模なものを表示し、独立建物を表示できない場合はその地域の中等位置に表示する (4)1f building can be drawn, cross symbol shan't be
(g) 0	(a) 浜院, (b) 医院	+ Hosp + Cln	耳				incloated. (b) Notice A siso to the prominent clinic. (a) 独立な物が表示できる場合は十を表示しない (b) 著名なものを表示する
<u> </u>	Tier No.	(a) (b) H + Sch (c) (d) + PS + Ct H	black black				(a) Apply A.A. to the prominent hotel only.  (b) University polytechnic, college, institute etc. shall be indicated with building and its full name shall  (b) - (d) If building can be drawn, cross symbol shan't  (c) be indicated.
<u> </u>	(c) (c) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d	(e) Barrier	el.				著名なホテルに適用する 著名なホテルに適用する 投稿】として注析文字、単科大学、 が象別として注析である。 ・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・
13838	(a) Military Station (b) Barracks (a) 單格的 (b) 兵令	(a) (b) HS BKS	black A				
33	(a) Church, (b) Mission (c) Temple	(a) (b) + Ch + H	black				(a) Apply A.A. also to the big chapel.  (a) (b) If building can be drawn, cross symbol shan't be indicated.
33	教会, (b) 伝導本部 寺院	© .∵	<b>E</b> .				at citet and a citet

SEE SEE	名 KANE 你	4.2指 3.54	BALARGED MAKED	COLOUR EB	INTERPRETATION AUTHOR	PLOTTING SERVERS SP	COMPILATION 開業記号	APPLICATION RULES 通 用 規 定
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. w			2.2					"Actual position shall be set at right angle to the road
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	(a) Post Office		(a) (b)	black				(a). (c) Indicate its position by cross s
ر. در	(b) Telecommunication offic (c) Fost & Telecommunication		± 4. (3)					* Shall apply (c) to common use of post & telecon-
3			P-1	RE				************************************
60	Electricity substation 数算所		2.0	black				
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ກ ກ	<b>第3支場</b>		3.5	Ħ				*この記号より大きい場合は実形で表示する
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38	(a) Light house (b) Navigation beacon (c) 打台東部 (b) 新路漢數		(a) A 2.5 A 1.8	black 編				
	(a) Fort, (b) Castle (c) Palace		(a) (b) Fort Castle	black				* shall not apply (a)&(b) to present use. (c) Very big palace shall be amotated with full
n n	(a) 器 (b) 城 (c) 宮殿		(c) Pal	軠				(a) (b) 現在に別の目的で使用されている場合でも、 を適用する (c) 大きい場合は注記する
4 0	Tower 高級		41.0 P.2.5	black				*shall apply symbol to clock tower etc.
	(a) Ruin, (b) Ancient wall		1.0 (a) \$0.5 (b) 0,8	3				* 時計台のような高格に適用する
*	(C) Ancient 5116		2.5	30 T		-		
	(a) 遺跡, (b) 城隍(c) 史跡		(6)	<b>35</b> 7				

APPLICATION RULES 透用规定		*shalf opply symbol also to fV/telecommunication tower etc. *テレビ基環路, マイクロウエーブ, 黄核中経路等にも適用する		*International airport shall be annotated with full name. ** 国際空港はフルネームを注記し、記号は表示しない	*shall indicate symbol with the name and number. (no elevation when GPS points shall not be indicated. *三角点には横路を表示セプ、点名、点部号を表示する	(b)Line number shall be indicated on both ends of each map sheet. (b) 写真主点のコース番号、写真登号は谷コースの商権の主点のみに表示する	*shall indicate fundamental bench mark only. (no elevation and no danaged bench mark) * 特徴大導点の多数示し、標高は数示しない (故難点は数示しない)					
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UR INTERPRETATION 取協記号	:											
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	APPLICATION RULES 適用規定	* Indicate limits with green solid line, and annotate product's name in the center. *外周を縁の実線で表示し、ココア、ゴム等の超頻を中央に生記する	*Limits shall not be indicated.(Put the symbol in the area suitable) * 植生界は表示しない、(範囲内に記号を適宜表示する)				
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# PROGRESS REPORT

OF

THE FIELD WORK OF THE THIRD YEAR (FIRST STAGE)

FOR

TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF SOUTHERN PART

OF

THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA

7th NOVEMBER, 1997

STUDY TEAM

OF

TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF SOUTHERN PART

OF

THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The topographic mapping of the southern part of the Republic of Ghana started in January, 1996, in a five years plan, as a technical cooperation program of JICA.

In compliance with the Scope of Work agreed between the Survey Department of Ghana and JICA on 17th March,1995, the JICA Study Team arrived in Accra on 29th September,1997, for implementation of the first stage of third year's field work. After consultation with the SDG, the team set up the field headquarters in Accra for the aerial photography III and a part of field verification work. Meanwhile Ghana counterparts from the SDG joined the work from time to time. In accomplishing the field work of first stage of the third year, hereinafter, the summary of the progress of the work is reported.

#### 2. OUT LINE OF THE THIRD YEAR WORK (First Stage)

#### 2-1 Objective

The objective of the Study are: (1) To prepare 1/50,000 topographic map covering an area of approximately 25,500 km<sup>2</sup> in the southern part of the Republic of Ghana, (2) To transfer technology to the counterparts personnel of SDG through the implementation of the work, and (3) To promote the friendship between Ghana and Japan through the implementation of the Study.

The first stage of third year's work is consisting of the aerial photography III, field verification (in part) and office work.

#### 2-2 Period of Survey Work

Field work

( Aerial photography II ) 6<sup>th</sup>October,'97 ~ 6<sup>th</sup>December,'97 ( Field verification ) 28<sup>th</sup>September,'97 ~ 12<sup>th</sup>November,'97

#### 2-3 Formation of the Study Team

Leader Mr. Tokihiko KAMINISHI 28<sup>th</sup>Sep.'97 ~ 9<sup>th</sup>Oct.'97

Deputy Leader Mr. Koichi MIKI 28<sup>th</sup>Sep.'97 ~ 12<sup>th</sup>Nov.'97

Mapping Planner Mr. Kozo OKUMURA

Chief Surveyor Mr. Hitoshi YOSHIDA

Photographer	Mr. Daikichi NAKAJIMA 6 <sup>th</sup> Oct.'97	~	4 <sup>th</sup> Dec.'97
Mechanical Engr.	Mr. Shinpei ISHIWATA 28 <sup>th</sup> Sep.'97	~	12 th Nov. '97
Surveyor	Mr. Masahiko OHASHI	1	
. 1	Mr. Kouzou ASANO	1	
*	Mr. Tuyoshi YAMASAKI	1	
3	Mr. Michio SATOJI	1	
	Mr. Masaru TERADA	ı	
	Mr. Kensuke KIMURA	1	
Coordinator	Mr. Hideaki SAKAI 28th Sep. '97	~	10 <sup>th</sup> Oct.'97

# 2-4 Amount of the Survey Work (Plan and Results)

Progress, until 6th Nov. '97, are as follows.

ITEM	ORIGINAL PLAN	RESULTS		
Aerial photography II				
Scale	approx. 1/60,000	approx. 1/60,000		
Flight length	approx. 2,454 km	approx. 177 km		
Photo No.	approx. 490 photos	40 photos		
Field verification				
(in part)	approx. 4,270 km <sup>2</sup>	approx. 4,270 km <sup>2</sup>		

# 2-5 Counterparts of SDG

Headquarters ;

Na Al-haji Iddirisu Abu	Director of Surveys	Headquarters
Mr. J. Dotse	Asst Director	Great Accra Region
Mr. Marcus Tabil	Examiner	Examination Section
Mr. K.N.Arku-Lawson	Chief Cartographer	Cartographic Section
Mr. I.Andoh-Kesson	Chief Photogrammetrist	Photogrammetric Sec.
Mr. E.R. Tetteh	Chief Lithographer	Lithographic Section
Field Work;		
Mr. J. Ofori-Boadu	Asst. Staff Surveyor	Great Accra Region
Mr. Jerry Awambigo	Senior Survey Technicia	an ,
Mr. Nii Q. Quartey		

#### 3. FIELD WORK

# 3-1 Aerial Photography Ⅲ

Aerial photography was started again after the rainy season. The team contracted with Aircraft Operating Company(Pty) Ltd.(A.O.C., South Africa) same condition as first and second year's for all aerial photography. Unfortunately due to the bad weather condition, until now, little progress was made in aerial photography.

### (1) Base for aerial photography

KOTOKA International Airport was used for the base for aerial photography.

#### (2) Aircraft and Camera

Details of aircraft and camera are as follows;

Aircraft

: CESSNA 404, ZS-KUZ

Aerial Camera

: WILD RC-10, Sag II 2067

Super wide angle lens cone

Navigation equipment

: Garmin 100 GPS

#### (3) Photographic work

Test flight was made on 10<sup>th</sup>October,'97 and full scale aerial photography was commenced from 11<sup>th</sup>October,'97.

#### (4) Materials of aerial film

Panchromatic film was used for aerial photography, and details are as follows.

Film type: AGFA AVIPHOT PAN 200 PEI & KODAK DOUBLE X

#### 3-2 Photo Processing

#### (1) Development

The instruments and materials to be used were as follows;

Developer

: ILFORD PQ UNIVERSAL

Paper

: ILFORD Gr2+3 44M

Film development

: ZEISS REWIND No.111079

Contact printer

: ZEISS KG-30

Drier

: ZEISS TG-24 No.20209

### (2) Printing and inspection

After printing and inspection of the aerial photos, reflight was made, in case of necessity.

Items to be inspected were as follows;

- 1 Forward overlap & lateral overlap
- 2 Cloud, cloud shadow, and uneven development
- 3 Deviation of flight course
- 4 Halation, Haze, and smoke of field fire, etc.

#### (3) Film annotation

The form of film annotation and numbering on each frame of aerial photos shall be same as previous study.

#### (4) Amount of work (until 6th November '97)

Film roll

1 roll

Available photographs

: 40 photos

The list of photographs in this period is shown as follows, and coverage is shown in Fig. 1.

Run No.	Frame No.	Available Photos	Photo No.
C-09	0013 ~ 0023	non	
1 1 p. 1	4847 ~ 4857	4849 ~ 4857	supplementation
C-10	0001 ~ 0011	non	
	4859 ~ 4881	4866 ~ 4871	6 photos
C-11	4842 ~ 4843	non	<del></del>
1	5061 ~ 5071	5062 ~ 5067	6 photos
C-15	5036 ~ 5060	5051 ~ 5059	9 photos
C-17	5017 ~ 5028	5017 ~ 5021	5 photos
C-18	4883 ~ 4888	4883 ~ 4887	5 photos
C-21	4982 ~ 4994	non	
<b>j</b>	5030 ~ 5034	non	erga i <del></del> ergeig
C-22	4890 ~ 4900	4890 ~ 4898	9 photos
,	4971 ~ 4980	4971 ~ 4976	supplementation

# 3-3 Field verification

Field verification (first stage; Accra ~ Cape coast) was started by the team

members and SDG counterparts on 2<sup>nd</sup> of October 1997 in compliance with the map symbols and their application rules.

Confirmation and investigation of various expressions and names specified by map symbols were conducted. The survey results were described on two times enlarged aerial photographs to be used as data for succeeding stereo plotting and compilation work.

### (1) Discussion with SDG for Map Symbols

Survey work was started based on the map symbols and their application rules agreed between SDG and JICA study team on 20<sup>th</sup>Jan.'97. At the meantime of survey work, amendment/modification for map symbols and application rules were discussed continuously between SDG and JICA.

### (2) Implementation

Main items verified in the field are as follows, and the results were indicated on the enlarged aerial photographs.

- (1) Classification of roads and their attributes.
- 2) Public buildings and structures.
- 3 Linear structures (railway, power transmission line, etc.).
- 4 Key for photo-interpretation of vegetation and topographic features.
- ⑤ Collection of toponomy and designation of ground features (village, mountain, river, etc.).
- 6 Other necessary items for map representation in accordance with the map symbols and their application rules.

The above progress report covered the period from 28<sup>th</sup> September, 1997 to 6<sup>th</sup> November, 1997.

**ATTACHMENT** 

(ADDENDUM)

## PLAN OF OPERATION

FOR

TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF SOUTHERN PART

OF

THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA

(THIRD YEAR)

FEBRUARY, 1998

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

### I. INTRODUCTION

Based on the progress of third year's aerial photography and the additional request from Survey Department of Ghana (SDG) for the digital mapping works, the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) sent a Mission to Ghana in the middle of December 1997, to discuss its feasibility with SDG. And subsequently on December 18th, 1997, the Minutes of Meeting was agreed to between the two governments.

In compliance with the Minutes of Meeting, the survey procedure and time schedule shall be changed and the Plan of Operation (P/O) for the third year's latter work is proposed as follows.

### II. DETAILS OF THE THIRD YEAR'S LATTER WORK

### 1. Additional Ground Control Point Survey

Based on the aerial photography progress and the aerial triangulation's new amount, four (4) additional horizontal control points shall be surveyed to keep aerial triangulation accuracy.

Observation shall be made simultaneously via plural units of GPS equipment to form an observation network connected to Phase 1 and 2 new control points. Observation, computation, allowable errors, etc., shall be the same as in Phase 1 & 2 work procedure.

### 2. Pricking (continuation)

Control point pricking necessary for the third year's new photographed and aerial triangulation area shall be performed using enlarged photos in the same manner as previous work procedure. Additional pricking work volumes are as follows;

Horizontal & vertical control 20 points (GPS & Existing control)

Vertical control points 230 km (leveling points)

### 3. Field Verification (West zone)

In compliance with the map symbol's specifications, necessary items to indicate on the map shall be collected and identified in the field under the same specifications as for the former part of work (East zone). The work volume

shall be 6,830 km, and the total volume including the former part of work shall be 11,100 km (20 sheets).

### 4. Aerial Triangulation

Based on the ground control point survey data and the scale of 1/60,000 aerial photos, coordinates of pass points and tie points necessary for stereo plotting orientation shall be determined by aerial triangulation.

Pass points and tie points shall be selected at such locations that are adequate for photogrammetric orientation and accurate determination of coordinates on the photographs.

Pass points, tie points and control points as pricked on the diapositives using pricking device shall be measured by stereo comparater or equivalent, and adjustment computation shall be performed using the block adjustment program.

Orientation elements of each model on the stereo plotting machine shall also be computed.

The tolerance (discrepancy) for pass points, tie points, and also limits of residuals of ground controls as used for adjustment shall be less than the JICA procedural rules.

Aerial triangulation work volumes are as follows;

East zone 147 models

West zone 176 models. Total 323 models (for 20 sheets mapping)

### 5. Digital Stereo Mapping

Based on the results of aerial triangulation and field verification, all items to be indicated on the scale of 1/50,000 topographic maps shall be digitized using 1/60,000 scale aerial photos and analytical stereo plotters.

Detailed terrain features and vegetation shall be carefully measured, and contour lines shall be measured every 10 meters. Main specifications for digital stereo measurement are as follows;

- Neat lines shall be 15' (longitude) x 15' (latitude)
- Map projection shall be Ghana modified transverse mercator.
- After the absolute orientation of horizontal, the discrepancy between aerial triangulation pass point's coordinates and their model coordinates shall not exceed values as specified in the JICA specifications.
- For the absolute orientation of height, vertical controls pricked on the

photos shall be used as much as possible for the sake of accuracy of height in the map.

- Digital stereo measurement shall be executed basically in accordance with the SDG's map symbols and their application rules in the order of linear elements, such as roads, rivers, buildings, vegetation and contour lines.
- Contour lines shall be measured every 10 meters.
- Care must be taken of the representation of micro topography, like hills, plains, forests, seasonal rivers, cultivated lands, etc..
- Density of spot heights on the map shall be  $5 \sim 7$  cm on the map.

### 6. Topological Data Structure

Based on the Ghana Environmental Resource Management Project (GERMP) code table and SDG's map symbols & application rules, JICA study team produced tentative new code as attached. These new code application rules shall be discussed with SDG and JICA study team to finalize. (See Appendix)

### 7. SPOT Image Production

The existing SPOT images shall be prepared for the succeeding updating work for the area 1/60,000 scale aerial photographs did not fully cover. (approx. 14,400 km, 20 sheets).

Printing photo scale shall be  $1/30,000 \sim 1/40,000$ , or an appropriate the field verification work and so on.

### 8. Time Schedule

The field survey of third year's latter part of work and members are as shown in Table-1, and the time schedule including subsequent 4th and 5th fiscal year's work are as shown in Fig.-1.

TABLE 1. MEMBERS OF STUDY TEAM AND THEIR ASSIGNMENT IN THE THIRD YEAR ( LATTER )

NAME	ASSIGNMENT	DURATION	CONTENTS
Tokihiko KAMINISHI	LEADER	3' Mar. '98 ~ 18' Mar. '98	Total Management     General Discussion
Koichi MIKI	SUBLEADER	1*'Feb.'98 ~ 18'*Mar.'98	Sub Management     General Discussion     General Supervision
Kozo OKUMURA	MAPPING PLANNER	1*'Feb.'98 ~ 18'*Mar.'98	Fundamental Map Planning     General Coordination     Reporting
Hitoshi YOSHIDA	CHIEF SURVEYOR	1*1Feb.'98 ~ 1814Mar.'98	Planning of Implementation     Supervision of Works     Quality Checking
Fujio ITO	D/M PLANNER	1*'Feb.'98 ~ 15'*Feb.'98	Digital Mapping Data     Discussion & Design
Shinpei ISHIWATA	MECHANICAL ENGINEER	1**Feb.'98 ~ 18**Mar.'98	Management of Vehicle     Maintenance of Vehicle
Masahiko OHASHI	SURVEYOR	1*'Feb.'98 ~ 18''Mar.'98	Ground Control Survey (GPS)     Pricking     Field Verification
Kouzou ASANO			
Tuyoshi YAMASAKI	•		
Michio SATOJI			
Minori OHNAKA		- 4	
Masaru TERADA		<b>#</b>	
Takesi NEMOTO			
Masaaki MIZUOCHI			
Hideaki SAKAI	COORDINATOR	4'*Mar.'98 ~ 18'*Mar.'98	1. Coordination

Fig. 1 REVISED TENTATIVE WORKING SCHEDULE

TTEMS   1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1
100 July 100

Fig. 3 TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING AREA

# CODE TABLE FOR THE TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF SOUTHERN PART OF THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA

-DRAFT-

Remarks		old code-2006,2051						Line→Poly								Symbol(small square)																	
No of Attributes Symbol														38(b)	24(a)	24(b)	)(a)	27(d)	26(a)		27-1(b)		27(c)	33(a)		27(a)	27(b)	26(b)	2	27(e)	27-1(a)	28(b)	28(c)
A 称 No			村落 23		ズリ捨て場	アンロナイターで	Morking 人したっち しょう			小池、井戸、泉(試 64		杯		航路標載 36			協会 28							郵便局 3、			学校 2.			検問所 2		伝導本部 [2]	寺院
Name	City, Town	City, Town	Village	Village	Mine Dump ( Mineral Working		Mine Dump ( Mineral Working   Area?)	Quarry(Line)	Quarry (Centroid)	Waterhole, Well, Spring	(Borehaole)	Water tower (works)	Embankment	Navigation beacon	Compound & Huts	Prominent Building	Church	Court House	Hospital	Market	Barracks	Mosque	Police Station	Post Office	Station	Hotel	School	Olinic	Cemetry	Barrier	Military Station	Mission	Temple
Code	2006	2051	2121	2122	3101		3102	3007	3103	1001		1028	3104	2001	2003	2004	2008	2009	2012	2015	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022	2024	2025	2037	2043	2101	2102	2103	2104
Feature	Line	Centroid	Line	Centroid	Centroid		Line	Line	Centroid	Point		Point	Line	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point	Point
Layer	01 Cult-poly	Cult-poly	Cult-poly	Cult-poly	01 Cult-poly		01 Cult-poly	01 Cult-nolv	01 Cult-poly	02 Cultural		02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural	02 Cultural

Point	2105	Silo	ナイロ	29		
Point	2106	Telecommunication Office	電話局	33(p)		
Point	2107	Post & Telecommunication Office	郵便·電話局	(၁)은은		
Point	2108	Electric substation	変電所	34		
Point	2109	Sports ground	競技場	36	(Angle)	
Point	2110	Shed	集荷場	37		
Point	2111	Light House	负台	38(a)		
Point	2112	Fort	北	39(a)		
Point	2113	Castle	城	(q)6E		
Point	2114	Palace	宮殿	39(c)		
Point	2115	Tower	高塔	40		
Point	2116		<b>括</b> 類	41(a)		
Point	2117	Ancient site	伊琴	41(c)		
Point	2118	Radio transmission station	ラジオ送信所	43		
Point	2119		小型空港	46(a)		
Point	2120		国際空港	46(a)	Name	
Line	3005		伐開線	19		
Point	3004	Mine	鉱山	44		
Line	3105	Calble ways, Conveyer belt	索道、ベルトコンベヤー	10		
Line	3106	Fence, Concrete or block	栅、塀	21		
èci.	3107	ent well	45.80	41(4)		
Line	3108		<u>%</u> 防波堤	42(a)		
Line	3109		埠頭	42(b)		
Line	3110		评き技橋	42(c)		
Line	3111	Sports ground ( to Scale)	競技場	36		
Line	3112		滑走路	46(b)		
Point	7002		写真主点	48(b)	Cource & No	
Line	4006		保護林	17		
Centroid	4021		保護林	17		
Line	1006	Area liable to flood	ナンも換	61(a)		
Centroid	1007		漫水しやすい地域	61(a)		
Centroid	1009	Lake ( Centroid)	斑	63(a)		
Line	1010	Marsh or Swamp	沼地又は低湿地	61(b)		
Centroid	101	Marsh or Swamp (Centroid)	氢	61(b)		
Line	1014	Sand or Mud (Flats)		55		
Centroid	1015	Sand or Mud ( Centroid)	砂堆又在泥垢	55		

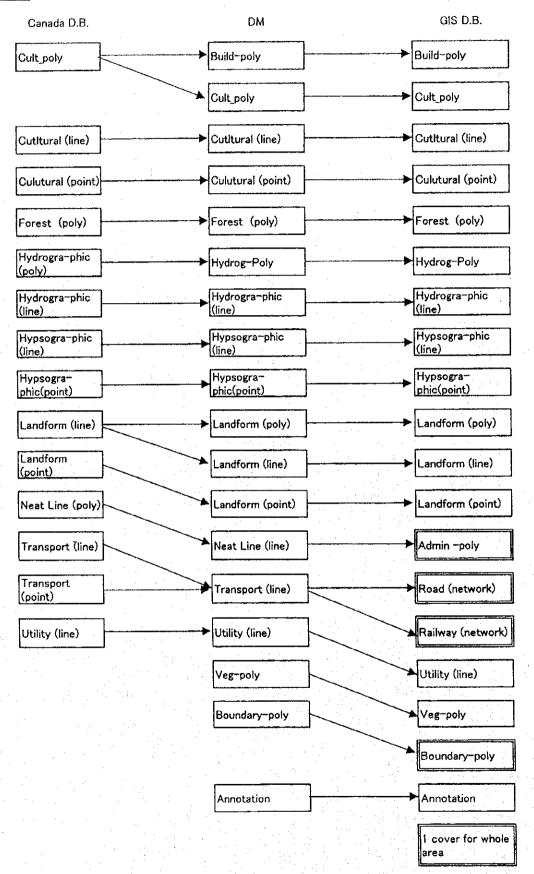
8008 8009 80008 80008 80008 8100 1001 1001
3001         Cliffs           3113         Steep slopes           1003         BoulderRock           1004         Flat Rock           1013         Water cources Rapids           Scale         Scale           3008         Outcrop Rock(outline)

				Polv→Line										Standard guage	Motorable throughout the vear	Motorable occasionally closed	Motorable in dry seasons		centerline of dual carriage	passing through the city and	towns			Standard guage	Standard guage				1 or 2 line running parallel	3 line running parallel	4 line running paralle!			
(52(a)	60(c)	67-1(a)	67-1(b)	13	14	15	16		(P)99	(e)(e)	(e)99	(q)99	(2)99	8(a)	2	3	4			路 4.		5	34 7	8(b)	8(c)		65	12	11(a)	11(b)	11(c)	69		7.0
如	急流	岩石海岸	岩塊の海岸	国境					徒涉所	フェリー	學	徒步橋	カルバート	鉄道(複線)	1級道路	2級道路	3級道路	小道及び主要な歩	自動車道	街路及び貫通道路		建設中道路	その他の歩道(踏み 分け道)	鉄道(単線)	鉄道(廃線)	円形交差点	送水管	電話線	送電線(a)	送電線)b)	送電線(3)	疎林	植生界	草原
Outcrop Rock(Centroid)	ls to		Ŧ	land		Boundary: District	Boundary: City, Municipal or	town	Ford	Ferry	Bridge	Footbridges	Culvert	(double line)		2	3	Tracks and Major Footpaths	Motorway	Street & main roads		Road under construction	Other Footpaths		Railway (Discontinued)		ipe	line	ssion line	line	Power transmission line	Light Forest(Centroid)	Vegetation boundary	Savannah(Centroid)
3116	3117	3118	3119	4007	4101	4102	4103		5001	5002	2002	5102	2039	5104	5007	2008	5009	5012	5105	5106		5107	5108	5109	5110	5111	6101	6001	6003	6102	6103	9101	9102	9103
Centroid	Centroid	Centroid	Centroid	Line	Line	Line	Line		Line	Line	Point	Point	Point	Line	Line	Line	Line	Line	Line	Line		Line	Line	Line	Line	Point	Line	Line	Line	Line	Line	Centroid	Line	Centroid
08 Landform-Poly	08 Landform-Poly	08 Landform-Poly	08 Landform-Poly	08 Neat Line	08 Neat Line	08 Neat Line	08 Neat Line		09 Transport	09 Transport	09 Transport	09 Transport	09 Transport	09 Transport	09 Transport		09 Transport	09 Transport	09 Transport	09 Transport	09 Transport	10 Utility	10 Utility	10 Utility	10 Utility	10 Utility	11 Veg-Poly	11 Veg-Poly	11 Veg-Poly					

!				111111111111111111111111111111111111111		
11 1/0 m Doly	Centroid		9105 (Plantation (Centroid)	漢國	1.5	
in veg roly	2000	1				
				431 6.2	re	
11 Vog-Dolv	Centroid		9107 Cultivation(Centroid)	耕地		
11 405 1 00		•				
12 Barragani-Doly Centroid	Controid	9109	Boundary: National Park	国立公園		
12 Doublad y 1 Dix	200			47 L 124 L	**	
110 Downston - Dohy	Centroid	9110	Boundary: Hunting area	<b>沙美</b> 对身		
12 Doulldary 1 019		, 		田山井寺		
10 Dougland	Centroid	<u> </u>	Boundary: Other	トワに付たか		
12 Doublidary Loty	-			(B) / 千五		開着し
10 Daniadonic Doly	2	9110	Boundary National Park	国の大大国		
17 Doningary Long	2			47 LL 73.45		施製り
40 Day indon in Doly	2	9113	Boundary: Hunting area	<b>光紙內</b> 與	11	王汉:
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12 Build-Doly	- ue	2005	Prominent Building	有口の建物		
Co. Compo or		0300	Octo Desminent Building	一茶么左键物	24(b)	to scale
113 Build-Poly	Centrold	0007	Prominent Dunding			

																roid?	C.																
	Remarks								Point			Point				Mine Dump Centroid?	Mine Dump Area?																
	Attributes																																
	No of Symbol																																
i	名称	転石	平石	管				貯水池	橋	無線局		カルバート	タンク	乾船渠	パイプライン	鉱物採掘場	鉱物採掘場	砂州	砂地·泥地	地物外郭線	砂利坑	砂利坑	境界杭	マイル標	測量抗		国境中心点	高架部			引込線	<b>受</b> 信所	図郭線
	Name	Boulder Area	Flat Rock Area	Island Centroid	Shoreline Virtual Segment	Coastline Virtual Segment	Watercource Virtual	Reservoir	Bridge	Wireless Station	Health Point	Culvert Symbol	Tank Symbol	Dry Dock	Pipeline	Mineral Working Centroid	Mineral Working Area	Sand Bar	Sand/Mud Outline	Feature Outline (Misc.)				Mile Post	Survey Pillar	Trig Station	International Centroid	Level Crossing	Railway L.G.	Railway U/C	Siding	Telegraph V/S	Neatline
	Code	1002	1005	1008	1017	1019	1025	1027	2002	2033		2039	2040	2041		3005	3006	3009	3010	3012	3015	3016	4002	4008	4012	4016	4022	5003	5005	2006	5010	6002	7001
DB	Feature																																
Only In Existing DB	Layer																-																

### Coverage



5-6 Minutes of meeting at the end of the  $3^{rd}$  year field work (Mar. 12,1998)

# MINUTES OF MEETINGS

AΤ

THE END OF THE THIRD YEAR (SECOND STAGE) FIELD WORKS

FOR

THE TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING

OF

SOUTHERN PART OF THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA

BETWEEN

SURVEY DEPARTMENT OF GHANA

AND

JICA STUDY TEAM

ACCRA GHANA, 12th MARCH 1998

NA AL-HAJI IDDIRISU ABU

DIRECTOR OF SURVEYS

SURVEY DEPARTMENT OF

GHANA

MINISTRY OF LANDS AND

**FORESTRY** 

TOKIHIKO KAMINISHI

LEADER

JICA STUDY TEAM

Survey Department of Ghana (SDG) and JICA Study Team (Team) had a series of meetings at the end of the third year's field works for the "Topographic Mapping of Southern Part of the Republic of Ghana" from March 9<sup>th</sup> to 12<sup>th</sup> 1998.

At the meetings the following items were confirmed by both sides.

- 1. Twenty (20) copies of Addendum Third Year Plan of Operation were submitted to SDG by the Team. The Plan of Operation was discussed and accepted by both sides.
- 2. Team reported briefly the progress of the third year field work for the study, and presented the "Progress Report of the Field Work of the Third Year (Second stage) for Topographic Mapping of Southern Part of the Republic of Ghana" prepared by the Team (attachment), SDG accepted the report.
- 3. Both sides have promised to continue the discussion of the digital mapping code production.
- 4. SDG requested that the representation of contour lines in the updating work area (20 sheets, approx.14,400 km) should be indicated in metric (contour interval 10 meters, mountainous area 20 meters) based on the existing contour lines represented in feet.

Team promised to convey the request to Tokyo JICA Head Office.



### LIST OF ATTENDANTS

SDG side

Na Al-haji Iddirisu Abu

Mr. E.S. Sai

Mr. J. Dotse

Mr. R. Brimah

Mr. J.A. Abbosev

Mr. Marcus A.Tabil

Mr. K.N.Arku-Lawson

Mr. I.Andoh-Kesson

Mr. E.R.Tetteh

Mr. S.Oppong-Antwi

Mr. E.Addo-Tawiah

Mr. J. Ofori-Boadu

Mr. Ian K. Isaacs

Director of Surveys

Ag. Deputy Director

Asst. Director

Asst. Director

Headquarters Staff

Examiner

Chief Cartographer

Chief Photogrammetrist

Chief Lithographer

D.M. Planner

D.M. Planner

Data Examiner

Observer

Headquarters

Great Accra Region

Headquarters

Examination Section

Cartographic Section

Photogrammetric Sec.

Lithographic Section

Digital Mapping Sec.

Digital Mapping Sec.

Great Accra Region

Terra Surveys

Team side

Mr. Tokihiko KAMINISI

Mr. Koichi MIKI

Mr. Kozo OKUMURA

Mr. Hitoshi YOSHIDA

Mr. Hideaki SAKAI

Team Leader

Deputy Leader

Mapping Planner

Chief Surveyor

Coordinator

### PROGRESS REPORT

OF

THE FIELD WORK OF THE THIRD YEAR (SECOND STAGE)

FOR

TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF SOUTHERN PART

OF

THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA

MARCH, 1998

STUDY TEAM

OF

TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF SOUTHERN PART

OF

THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

M

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The topographic mapping of the southern part of the Republic of Ghana started in January, 1996, in a five year plan, as a technical cooperation program of JICA.

In compliance with the Scope of Work and the Minutes of Meeting agreed between the Survey Department of Ghana and JICA on 18th December,1997, the JICA Study Team arrived in Accra on 2nd of February,1998, for implementation of the second stage of third year's field work. After consultation with the SDG, the team set up the field headquarters in Accra for the field verification and a part of ground control survey works. Meanwhile Ghana counterparts from the SDG joined the work from time to time. In accomplishing the field work of second stage of the third year, hereinafter, the summary of the progress of the work is reported.

### 2. OUT LINE OF THE THIRD YEAR WORK (Second Stage)

### 2-1 Objective

The objective of the Study are: (1) To prepare 1/50,000 topographic map covering an area of approximately 25,500 km<sup>2</sup> in the southern part of the Republic of Ghana, (2) To transfer technology to the counterparts personnel of SDG through the implementation of the work, and (3) To promote the friendship between Ghana and Japan through the implementation of the Study.

The second stage of third year's work is consisting of the additional ground control survey, field verification (west zone) and office work.

### 2-2 Period of Survey Work

Field work

(Ground control survey) 1st February, '98 ~ 11th February, '98

(Field verification) 11th February, '98 ~ 20th March, '98

### 2-3 Formation of the Study Team

Leader Mr. Tokihiko KAMINISHI 3'd Mar.'98 ~ 18th Mar.'98

Deputy Leader Mr. Koichi MIKI 1st Feb. '98 ~ 18th Mar.'98

Mapping Planner Mr. Kozo OKUMURA

Chief Surveyor Mr. Hitoshi YOSHIDA 1<sup>ST</sup> Feb.'98 ~ 20<sup>th</sup> Mar.'98

(193)

D.M. Planner	Mr.	Fujio ITO	1 s t Feb.'98	~	15 th Feb. '98
Mechanical Engr.	Mr.	Shinpei ISHIWATA	1 s t Feb.'98	~	18 <sup>th</sup> Mar.'98
Surveyor	Mr.	Masahiko OHASHI	1 s t Feb.'98	~ ·	20thMar.'98
ı	Mr. 1	Kouzou ASANO	·	•	
1	Mr.	Tuyoshi YAMASAKI			
<b>J</b>	Mr. 1	Michio SATOJI	1 s 'Feb.'98	~	27 <sup>th</sup> Feb.'98
· 1	Mr. 1	Minori OHNAKA	1 s 'Feb.'98	~	20 th Mar. '98
•	Mr. 1	Masaru TERADA		•	
•	Mr. I	Masaaki MIZUOCHI			· ·
<b>F</b>	Mr.	Takesi NEMOTO		,	
Coordinator	Mr. I	Hideaki SAKAI	4 <sup>th</sup> Mar.'98	~	20 th Mar. '98_

# 2-4 Amount of the Survey Work ( Plan and Results ) Survey progress are as follows.

Item	Original plan	Results
Ground control survey		
Additional GPS survey	4 points	4 points
Pricking (GPS points)	20 points	20 points
(leveling points)	230 km	230 km
Field verification		
(West zone)	6,830 km²	6,830 km <sup>2</sup>

# 2-5 Counterparts of SDG

# Headquarters ;

Na Al-haji Iddirisu Abu	Director of Surveys	Headquarters
Mr. E.S. Sai	Ag. Deputy Director	
Mr. J. Dotse	Asst. Director	Great Accra Region
Mr. R. Brimah	Asst. Director	Headquarters
Mr. J.A. Abbosey	Headquarters Staff	
Mr. Marcus A.Tabil	Examiner	Examination Section
Mr. K.N.Arku-Lawson	Chief Cartographer	Cartographic Section
Mr. I.Andoh-Kesson	Chief Photogrammetrist	Photogrammetric Sec.
Mr. E.R.Tetteh	Chief Lithographer	Lithographic Section
Mr. S.Oppong-Antwi	D.M. Planner	Digital Mapping Sec.

At

Mr. E.Addo-Tawiah D.M. Planner Digital Mapping Section
Mr. J. Ofori-Boadu Data Examiner Great Accra Region

Mr. Ian K. Isaacs Observer Terra Surveys

Field Work;

Mr. Paul Essien Surveyor Western Region

Mr. Daniel Asiedu

Mr. Seth Korangteng

Mr. Francis Sodokey

### 3. FIELD WORK

### 3-1 Additional Ground Control Survey

Additional ground control point survey was executed by satellite geodesy applying Global Positioning System (GPS). Three Trimble 4000SSE instruments of dual frequency model were used for the simultaneous observation at the control points.

### (1) Placement

Four additional control points were established in the field based on the enlarged aerial photographs. Each point was selected for easier location for succeeding pricking work for the aerial triangulation.

### (2) Observation

GPS observation was executed at three points (two known points & one new point) simultaneously. To take account of obtaining height accuracy, five or six satellites were observed two hours and the elevation angle of satellites were adopted more than 15 degrees.

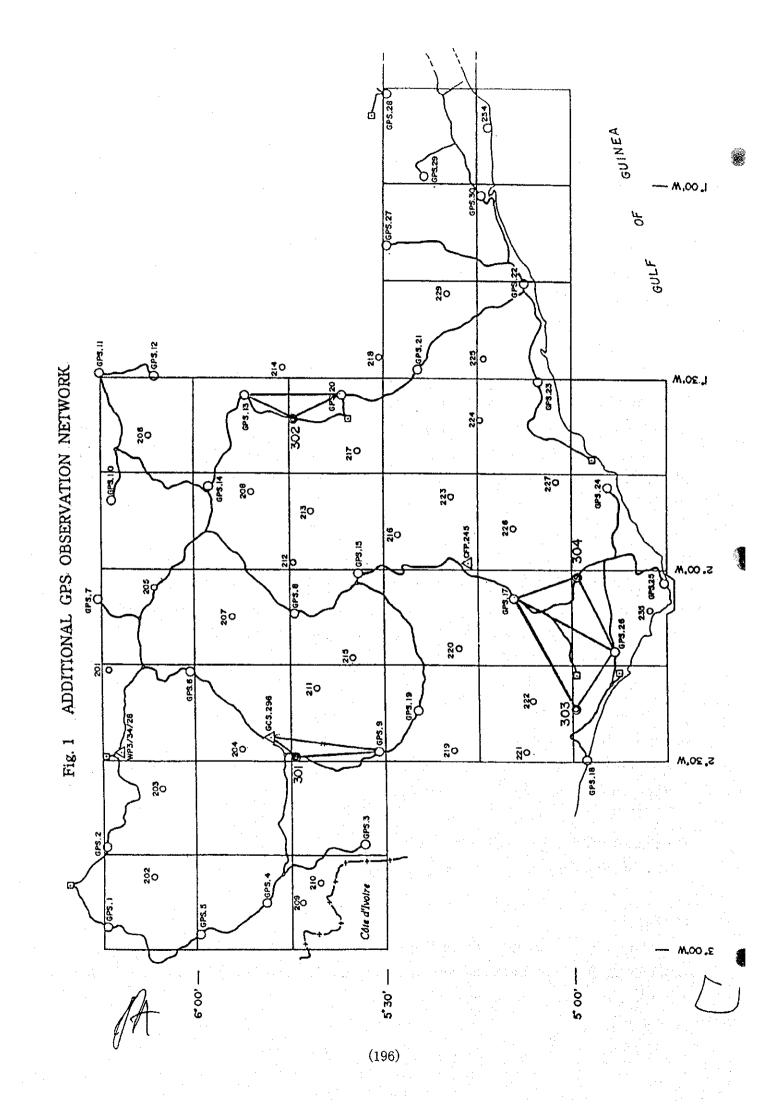
### (3) Observation scheme

The observation network is shown in Fig. 1.

### (4) Results

The coordinate closures of each group were calculated in the field to check the reliability of the observation. The results are tentatively obtained as follows.





# Closure error

Observation st.	Station	Distance	Closure error
301/296/9	301 ~ 296	9,178.465m	Total dist.=66,231.011m
	296 ~ 9	32,022.304m	dx = -0.0114m, $dy = +0.0132m$
	9 ~ 301	25,030.241m	dz=-0.0325m
			Ratio=0.5562ppm
302/13/20	302 ~ 13	15,197.265m	Total dist.=59,631.815m
	13 ~ 20	28,382.447m	dx = -0.0046m, $dy = -0.0077m$
	20 ~ 302	16,052.102m	dz=+0.0114m
			Ratio=0.2433ppm
303/17/26	303 ~ 17	33,460.373m	Total dist.=82,975.844m
	17 ~ 26	32.855.475m	dx=+0.0069m, dy=-0.0076m
	26 ~ 303	16,659.996m	dz=+0.0069m
			Ratio=0.1494ppm
304/26/17	304 ~ 26	25,348.159m	Total dist.=78,018.068m
	26 ~ 17	32,855.475m	dx=+0.0128m, $dy=-0.0045m$
	17 ~ 304	19,814.434m	dz=-0.0162m
			Ratio=0.2708ppm

# Double observation difference

dx + 2,899.106m + 2,899.124m	dy - 4,136.354m	dz -31,621.387m
		-31,621.387m
+ 2,899.124m	4 120 200	1
	~ 4,136.386m	-31,621.407m
- 0.018m	+ 0.032m	+ 0.020m
+ 2.837.442m	+ 396.848m	-28,237.463m
+ 2,837.456m	+ 396.844m	-28,237.469m
- 0.014m	+ 0.004m	+ 0.006m
+ 1,950.879m	-15,277.521m	-29,021.966m
+ 1,950.883m	-15,277.534m	-29,021.944m
- 0.004m	+ 0.013m	- 0.022m
+ 1,950.883m	-15,277.534m	-29,021.944m
+ 1,950.920m	-15,277.534m	-29,021.949m
- 0.037m	$0.000 \mathrm{m}$	+ 0.005m
	- 0.018m + 2,837.442m + 2,837.456m - 0.014m + 1,950.879m + 1,950.883m - 0.004m + 1,950.883m + 1,950.920m	- 0.018m + 0.032m + 2.837.442m + 396.848m + 2.837.456m + 396.844m - 0.014m + 0.004m + 1,950.879m -15,277.521m + 1,950.883m -15,277.534m - 0.004m + 0.013m + 1,950.883m -15,277.534m + 1,950.920m -15,277.534m





### 3-2 Pricking (continuation)

Pricking of the horizontal and vertical control for aerial triangulation was executed using third year's first stage aerial photographs.

### (1) GPS points

Positions of twenty(20) GPS points were pricked on the enlarged aerial photos, and the eccentric elements were measured by sun azimuth observation method, if necessary.

### (2) Leveling points

Leveling points (approx.230 km) conducted period of second year's work were pricked on the enlarged aerial photos at every 4 to 5 km interval for aerial triangulation vertical control.

### 3-3 Field Verification

Field verification (second stage; West zone) was started by the team members and SDG counterparts in compliance with the map symbols and their application rules agreed between SDG and JICA study team on the first stage of the third years work.

Confirmation and investigation of various expressions and names specified by map symbols were conducted. The survey results were described on two times enlarged aerial photographs to be used as data for succeeding digital stereo plotting and compilation work.

### (1) Implementation

Main items verified in the field are as follows, and the results were indicated on the enlarged aerial photographs.

- ① Classification of roads and their attributes.
- 2 Public buildings and structures.
- 3 Linear structures (railway, power transmission line, etc.).
- Mey for photo-interpretation of vegetation and topographic features.
- ⑤ Collection of toponomy and designation of ground features (village, mountain, river, etc.).
- 6 Other necessary items for map representation in accordance with the map symbols and their application rules.

## 3-4 Topological Data Structure

Based on the Ghana Environmental Resource Management Project (GERMP) code table and SDG's map symbols and application rules, new application rules were discussed with SDG and JICA study team.

The above progress report covered the field work period from 1<sup>st</sup> of February, 1998 to 20<sup>th</sup> March, 1998.

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