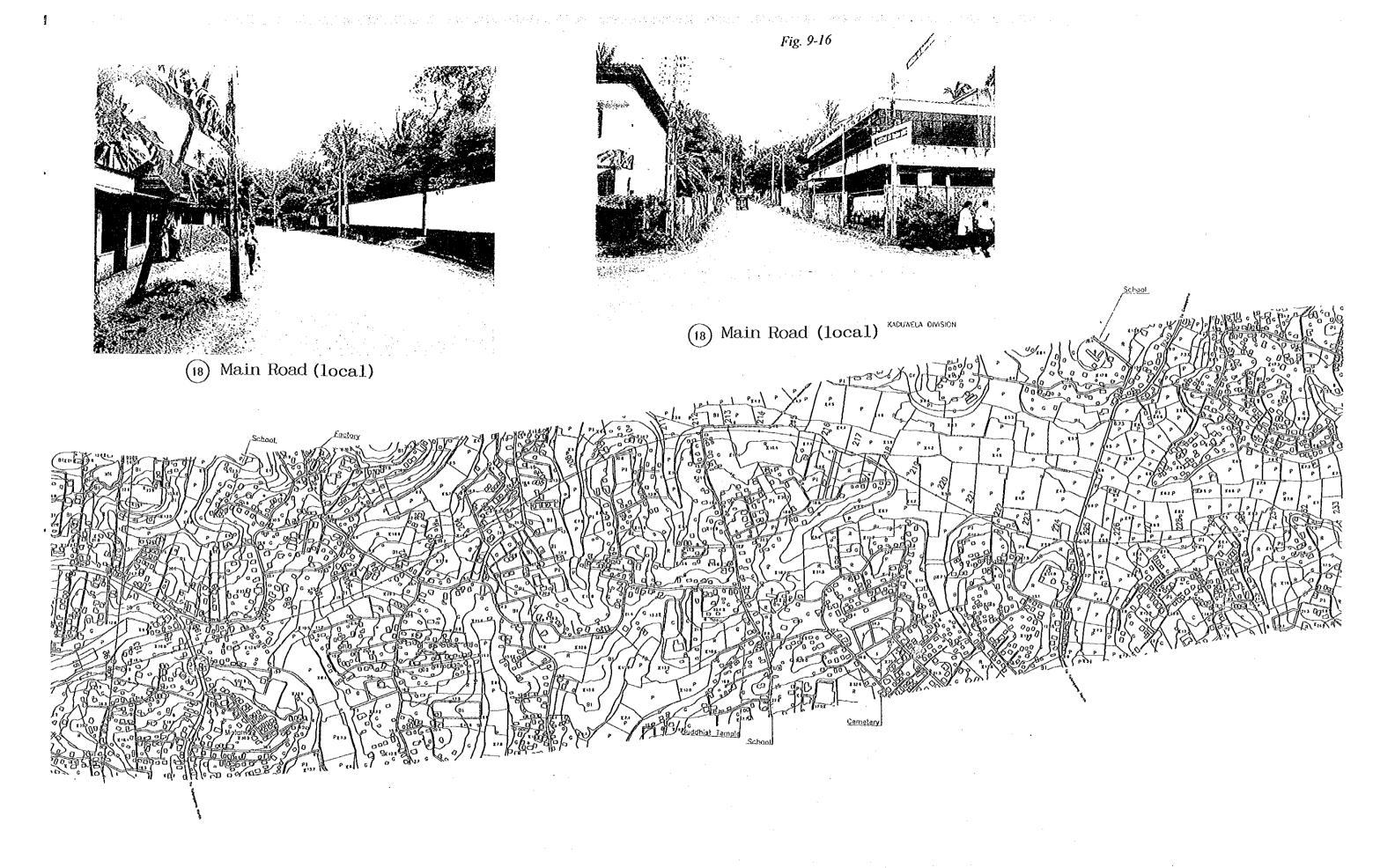
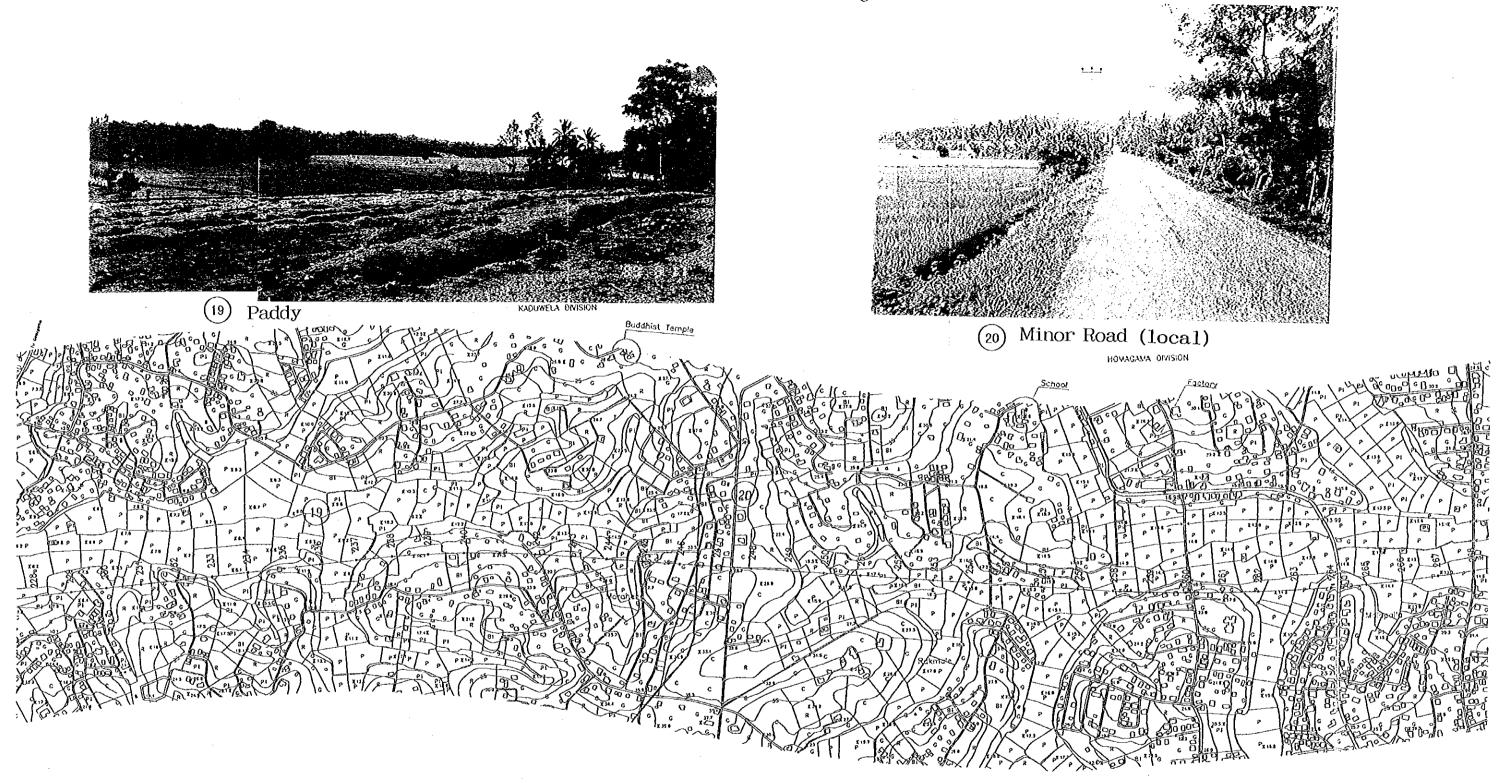
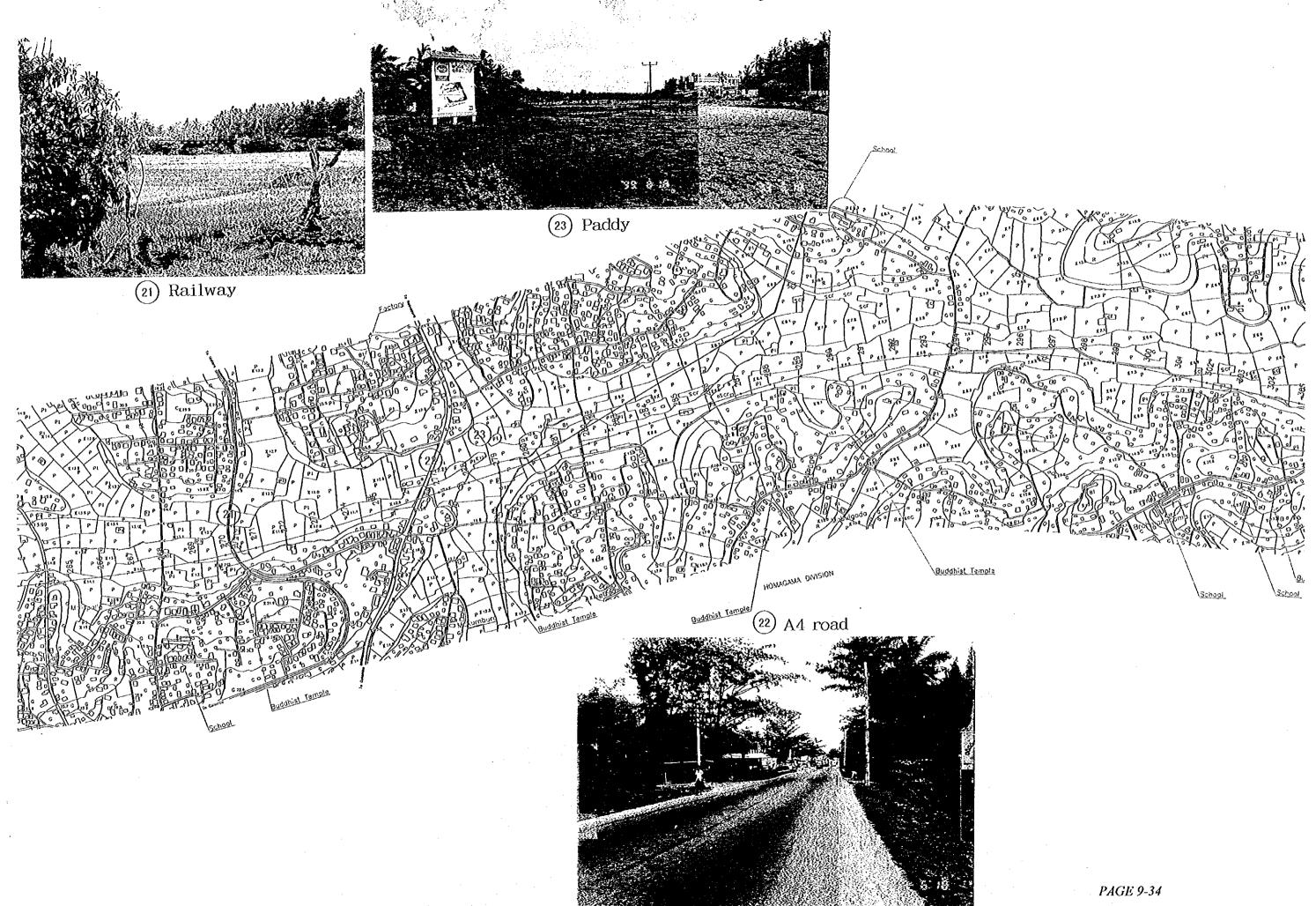
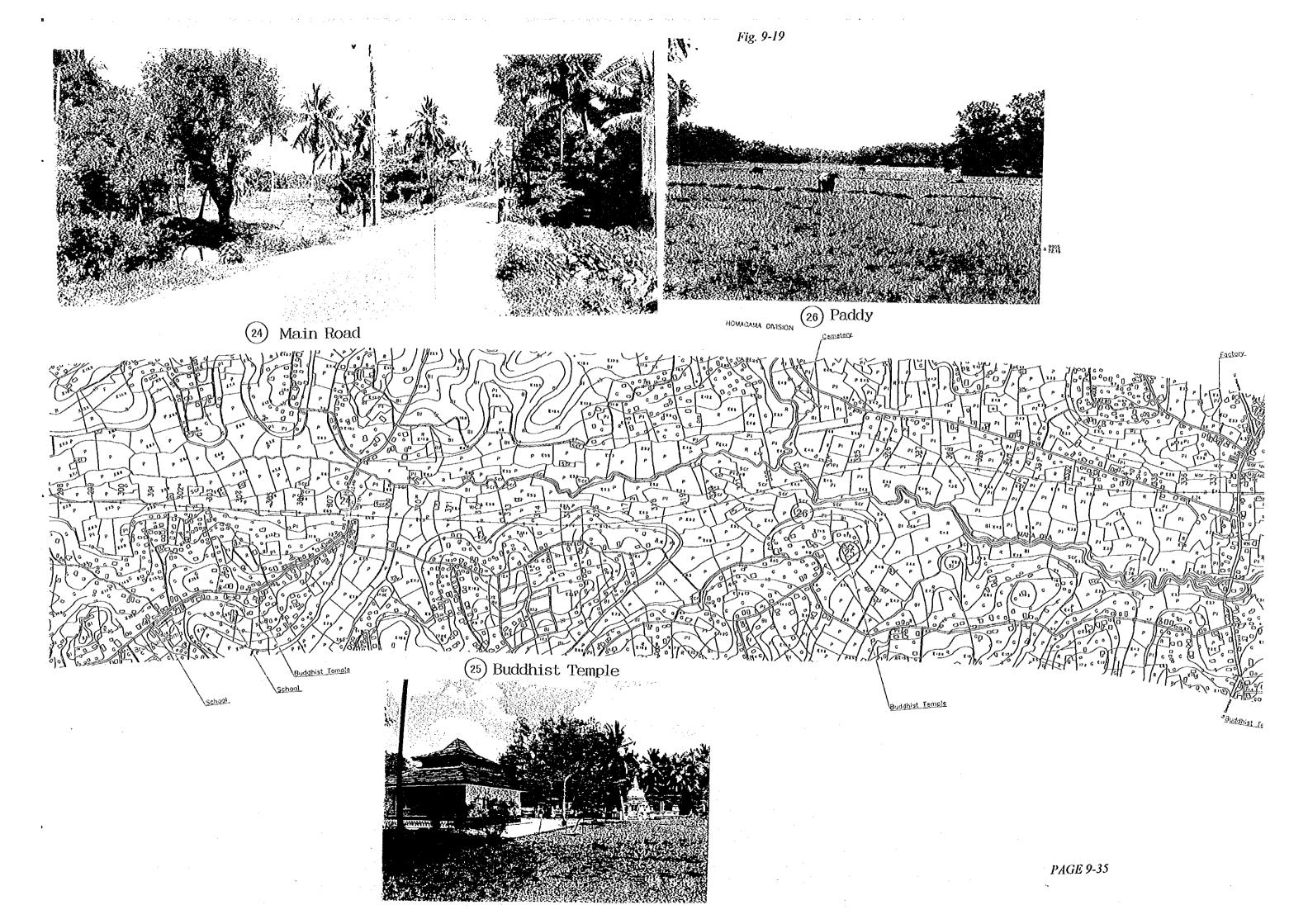
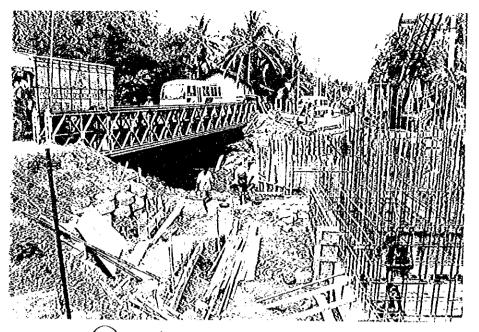
PAGE 9-31

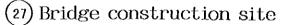


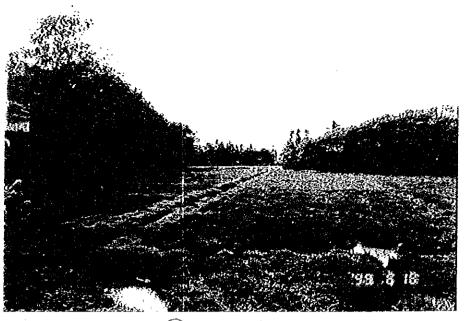




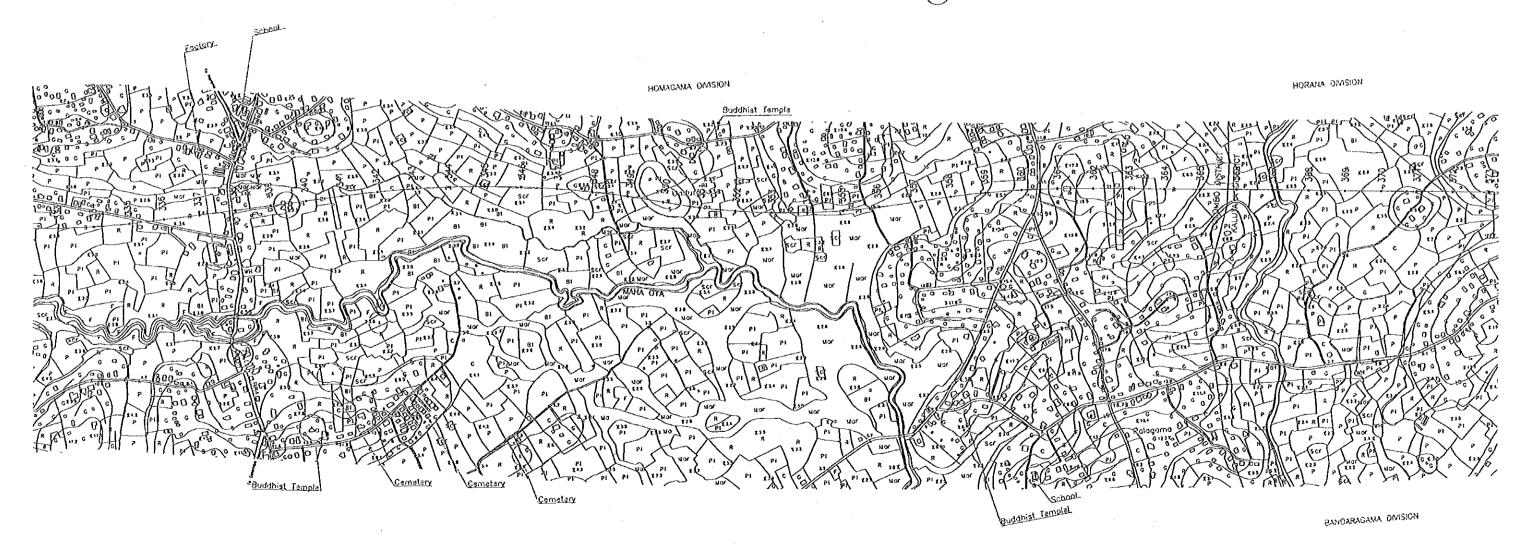


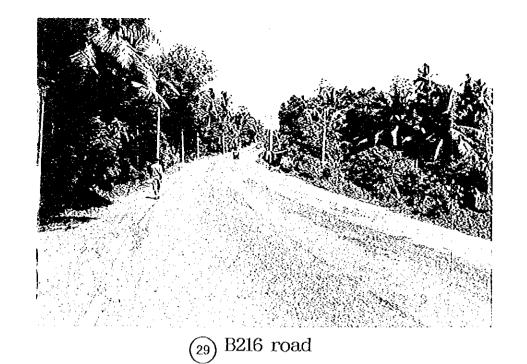


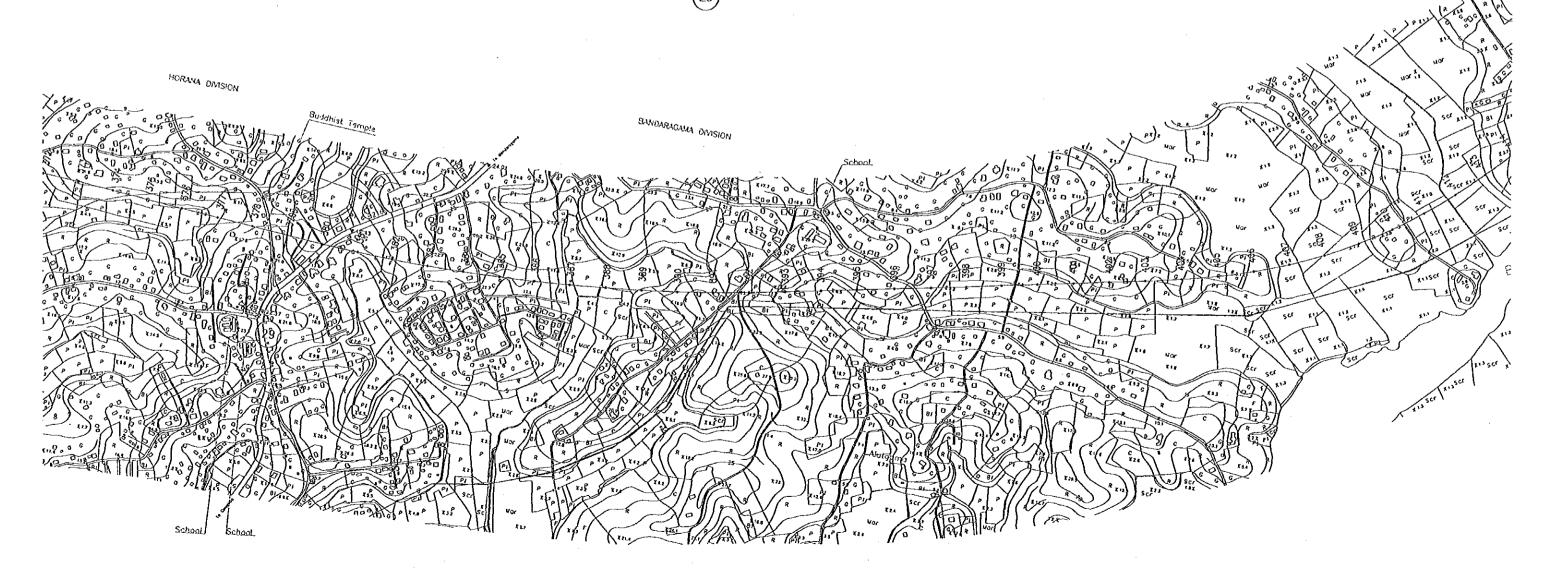




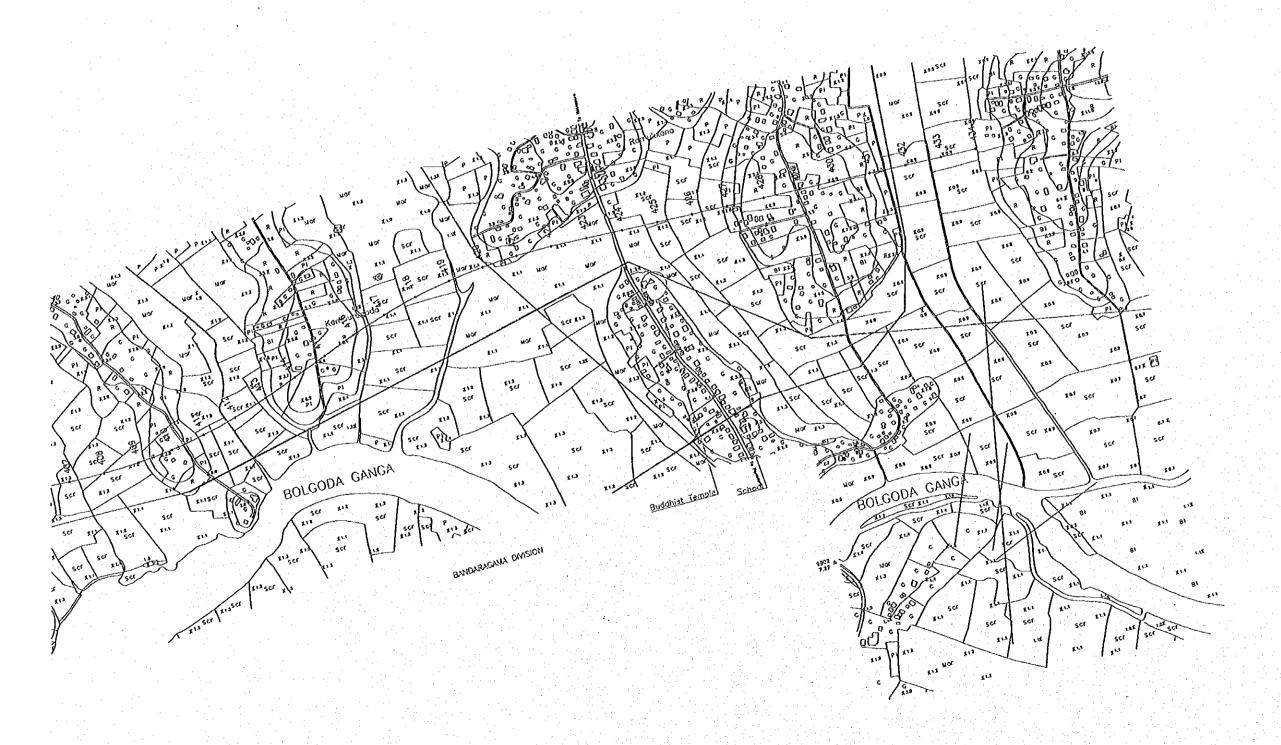
(28) Paddy

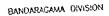


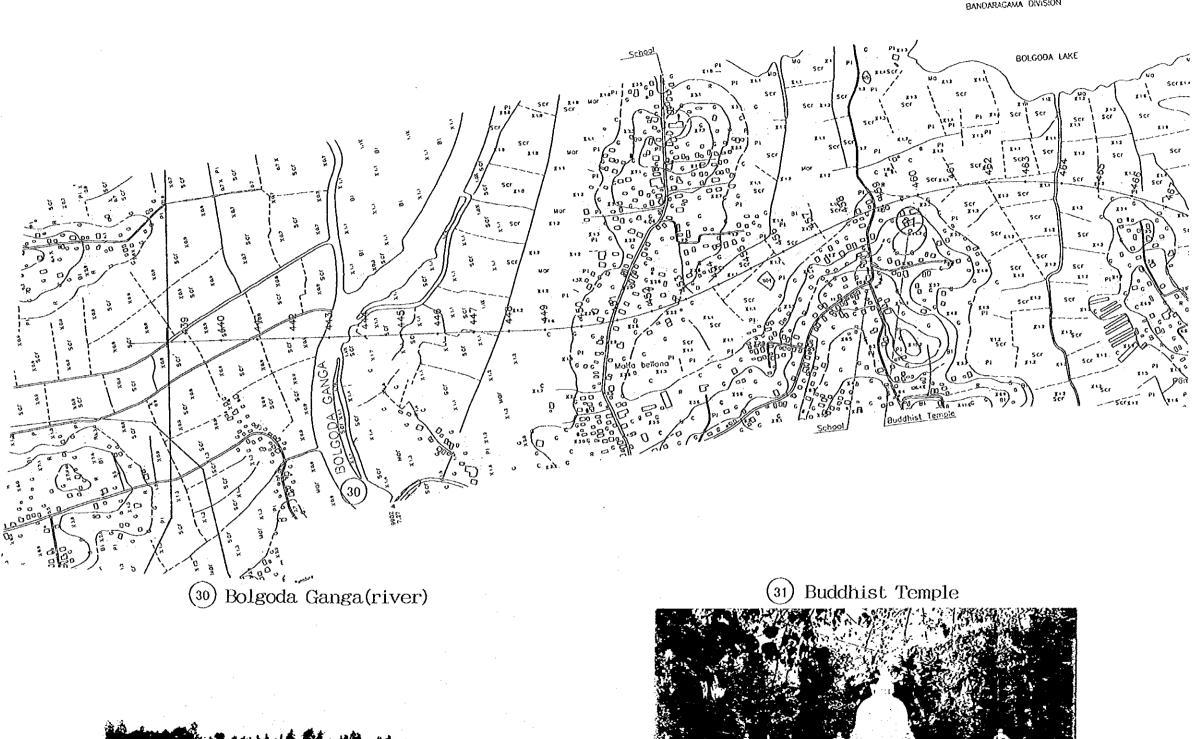


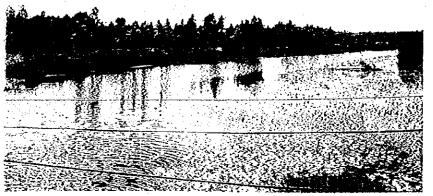


PAGE 9-37

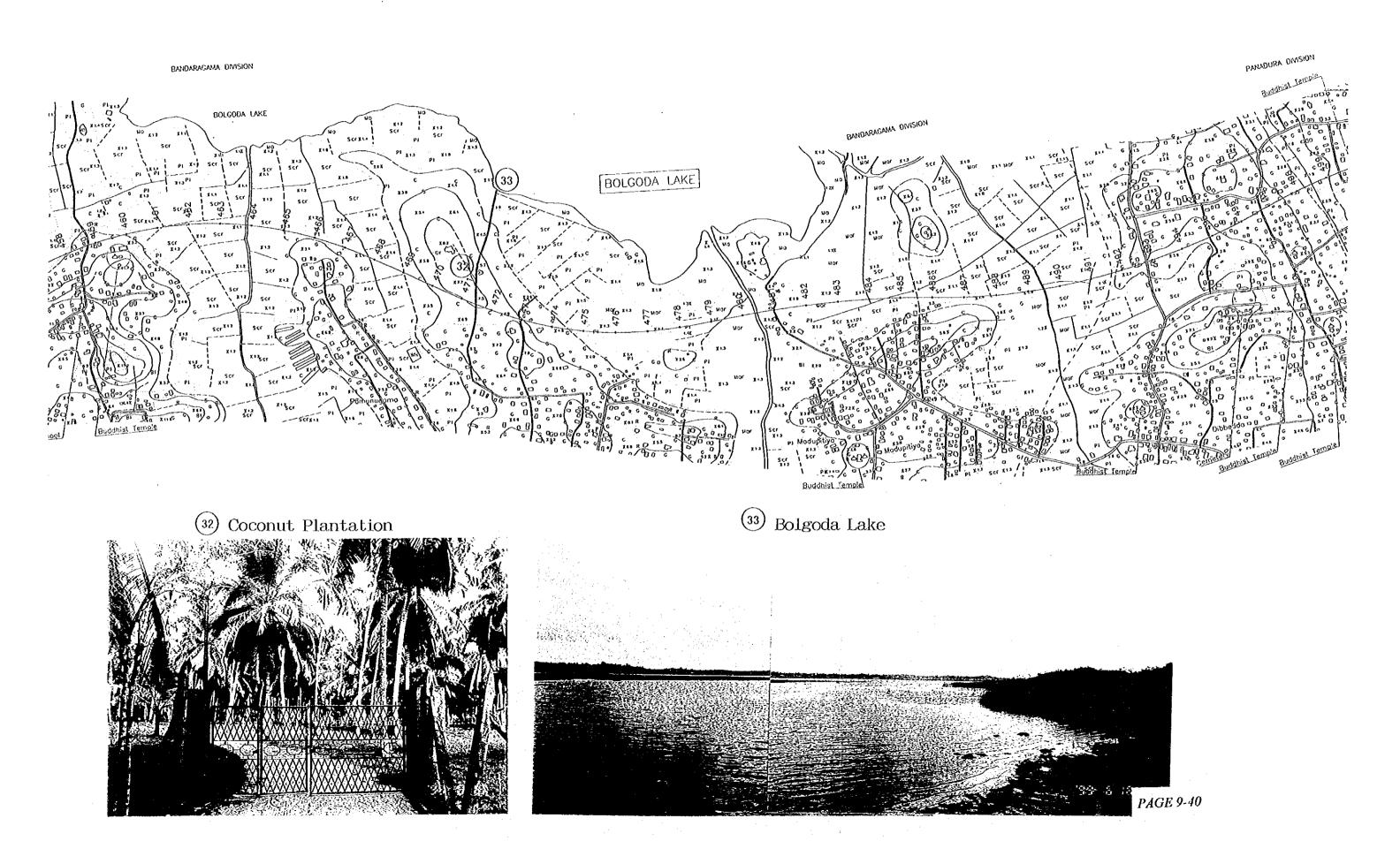


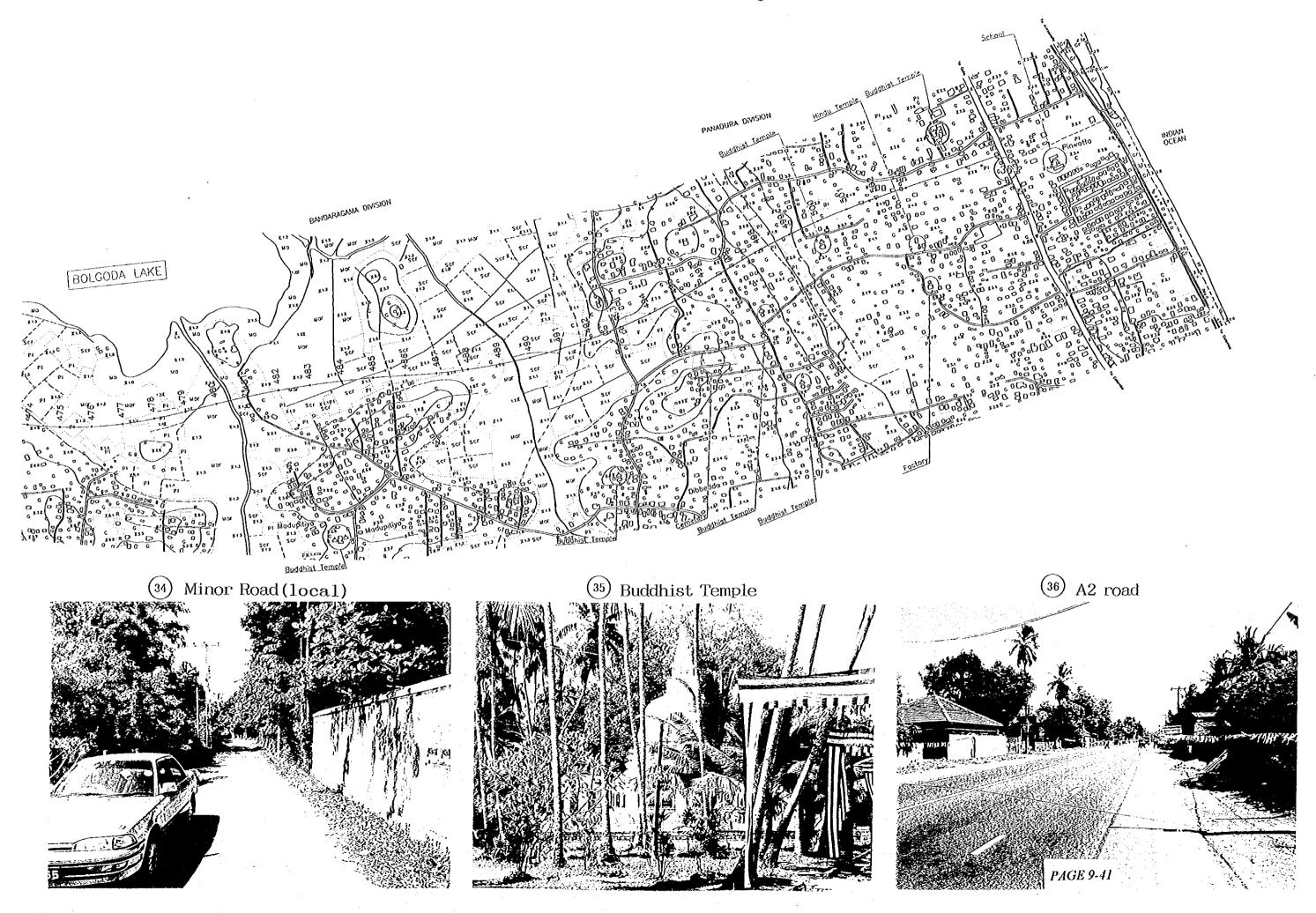


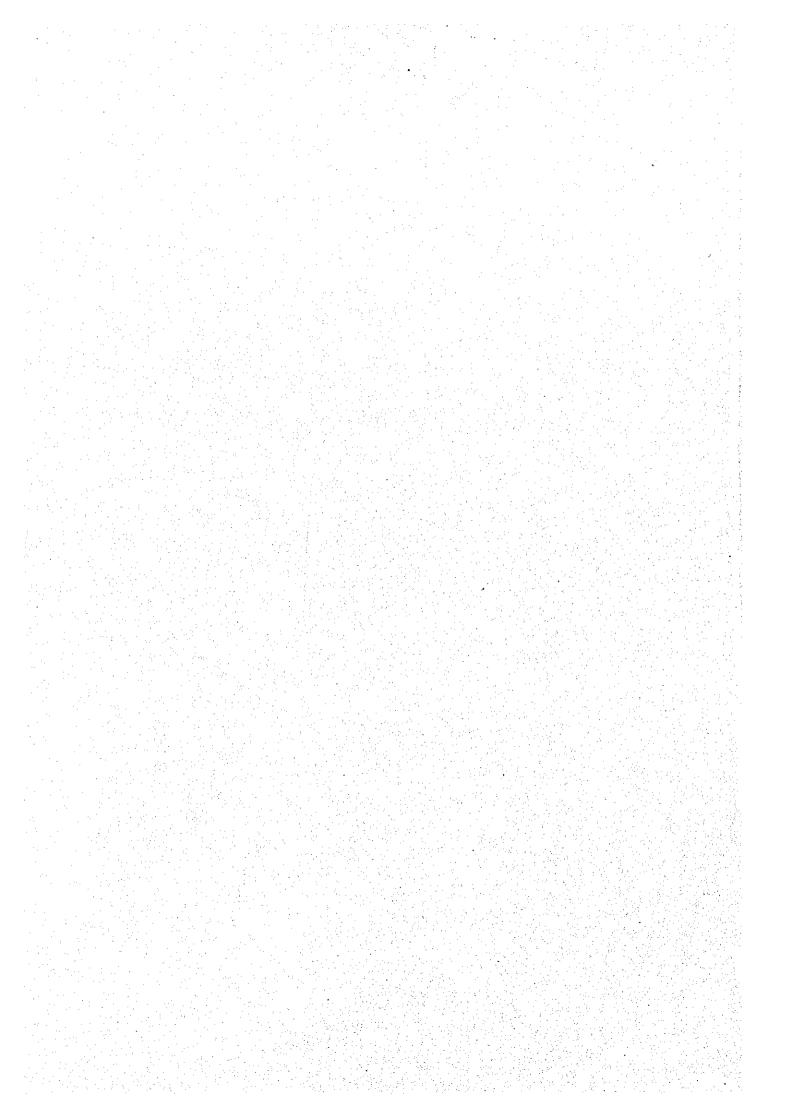












9.4.3 Alignment Setting

The horizontal alignment is set as shown in the table below.

7 4	Concents
Location	Concepts
1) CKE - A3 Road (Sta.6-	Alignment runs straight from reclaimed land to the side of a
51.4209 - Close to Sta.10)	brush plant.
	Alignment passes over existing road near milk plant.
2) A3 road - Railway (Sta.10	Alignment passes through a narrow section close to Sta.27 to
-28)	avoid milk plant schools, graveyards, and military facilities as
	well as a village.
3) Railway - B168 Road	Alignment crosses a canal (to be relocated) while avoiding a village close to Sta.33.
(Sta.28 - near 57)	
	• To increase the amount of cutting, alignment passes, through a cut structure in an area with relatively few houses close to Sta.43
	to 53.
	Alignment passes through a paddy field and intersects Rt. B168.
4) B168 Road - A1 Road	Alignment passes through highland along a paddy field in order
	to avoid schools and residences as much as possible.
(Sta.57 - close to 81)	• Rt. A1 is an interchange location. The alignment is set so that of
	the radius of horizontal curve close to the interchange becomes
	700 m or more.
5) A1 Road - close to Sta. 135	Alignment selected to avoid schools, plants, and Hindu shrine
6) Sta. 135 - close to Kelani	· Alignment avoids graveyards, temples and crosses the Kelani
River	River at a right angle
7) Kelani River - close to Sta.	Alignment passes through a paddy field to avoid villages near the
210	Sta.170 – 190 sections.
210	Alignment avoids a developed area close to Sta. 170 – 173.
8) Sta. 210 - close to A4 Road	Alignment passes through a paddy field to minimize
(close to Sta. 276)	obstructions. Since the central portion of the paddy is muddy,
	which is not desirable in terms of road construction, the
	 alignment passes slope close to the right-hand side of a village. Because the amount of the cut is small, the alignment is to pass
	by the base of a mountain to increase the amount of cut.
O) A4 D - 1 D04 D - 1 (Cto	Alignment passes through a paddy field to avoid the cookie plant
9) A4 Road – B84 Road (Sta.	and temples.
276 – close to 338)	• To minimize river crossing points, alignment passes over the
I as so in the beautiful and the	edge (right) of a paddy field.
The state of the s	Alignment intersects Rt. B84.
10) B84 Road – close to Sta.	Alignment passes through a paddy field to avoid houses and
380	temples. We have the second of
	Amount of cut to be secured while avoiding the village to the
	right of Sta.358.
11) Sta. 380 – close to Sta. 433	• Alignment set to minimize obstructions while avoiding temples, schools, and a village to the right of Sta.383 – 400.
【 以为数量数据编辑】	 Alignment passes through a paddy field to avoid villages on both
■ 解的最后,通知的解析。 电线	sides of Sta.420 - 426.
	• For the highland portion close to Sta.429, alignment divides a
	village in order to connect with the Southern Transport Corridor.
	Alignment set back from the Bolgoda River to prevent crosion
The rest first to the property of the control	and souring (close to Sta.410 – 415).
12) Southern Transport	• On the basis of site surveys, the alignment is set to cross the

Corridor – close to Sta. 463	Bolgoda River at the shortest point, taking into consideration boring and site survey conditions.
13) Sta. 436 – close to Sta. 480	 Alignment set to avoid villages scattered on both sides. Alignment runs close to the mountain base from Bolgoda Lake to avoid houses and temples.
14) Sta. 480 - End of Route	Alignment set in consideration of the IC at Rt. A2.

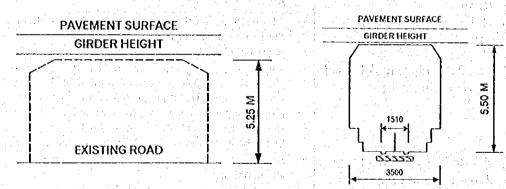
9.5 Vertical Alignment

9.5.1 Basic Concept

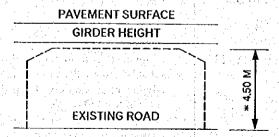
The basic concept for determining the vertical alignment is described below.

<Basic concept>

- As the amount of cut is small and borrowed material has to be used, a low (2-3) m) embankment is basically employed.
- Considering flood height, embankment height near rivers is increased by 1 m from the existing height.
- The gentlest gradient is 0.3%.
- The clearance for intersecting roads and railways is 5.25 m and 5.50m, respectively (see below).



- The clearance for intersections with agricultural and community roads is set at 4.5 m, but will be reviewed on a case-by-basis in the detailed design stage.



*: Annotations and Application of the Road Structure Ordinance" of the Japan Road Association" (February 1983)

9.5.2 Control Points

Control points to be taken into account for determination of the longitudinal alignment are shown below.

<Control points>

- Intersecting roads: Intersections with the main road must be of a grade separation type.
- Intersecting railway:

Colombo – Ragama Railway Kelani Valley Railway

Control points used for determination of the longitudinal alignment are summarized in Tab. 9.6.

Tab. 9.6 List of Control Points on Bridges and Vinduct for the Outer Circular Highway	ol Points on Brid	ges and Vinduct for	the Outer	Circular H	rhway			ŀ						į		
			-	Ground		Newgation Thickness	hekness		Thickness				€ ;	<u> </u>	दे १	í
No. Bndge or Viaduct	Reference STA.	Type of Bridge	Span	-	Clearance		ö	Ö	ŏ	Su	Superclevation		Critical	Proposed	8	Remarks
				Height		Clourson	Slab	Faunch	Pavenent	Width	Crossfall	Difference	Height	Height	Board	
		PC Composite				1/15			:	•						
Highway Bridge	0 -15.000	Girder	40.0	2.151	5.250	2.70	0.23		0.075	806	+2.500	0.225	10.631	10.721	0600	
		PC Composite				1/15		 .	1 1		c c	0			2000	GH=8.6-0.3
A-3 Road IC Bridge	9 +50.000	Girder	0.04	8.300	> 250	2,7	0 23	1	6/0.0	30.01	32.7	0.333	10.7	2007	000	A POST
Railway Bridge	28 +40 000	Girder	30	2000	\$ 250	2 00	0.23		0.075	8.250	+2.500	0.20	9.761	9.830	690.0	0.069 Railway
AND THE PERSON AND TH	2	PC Composite				1/15										
A-1 Road IC Bridge	81 -60.000	Girder	30.0	12.500	5.250	5.8	0.23		0.075	8.250	+4.000	0.330	20.155	22.370	2.215	2.215 A-1 Road
		PC Pre-tention									•					avairable up to GH=5.75m
B214 Road IC bridge	159 +80.000	Girder	22.0	5.290	5.250	1.05		-	0.075	8.250	+2.500	0.206	11.871	12.330	0.459	0.459 B214 Road
		PC Pre-tention										:				avairable up to GH=5.99m
6 Al 10 Road IC Bridge	163 +05.000	Girder	22.0	5.400	5.250	1.05			0.075	8.250	+2.500	0.206	11.981	12.575	0.594	0.594 A110 Road
ţ	0000	PC Pre-tention	,	0		6			,	9	Š		•	;	777	0.446 Dadware
/ Kauway Bridge	2/0 +10:000	ig to	120	000.5	OCT C	200		\dagger	C/0.5	200	36.74	337	166.12	41.11	2	Nati way
A-4 Road IC Bridge	276 +65 000	Box Grider	0.84	12.700	5.250	2 40			0.075	10.000	+2.500	0.250	20.675	20.881	0.206	0.206 A4 Road
C		PC Composite				1/15								1		
B84 Road IC bridge	338 +10.000	Girder	30.0	4.100	5.250	2.00	0.23		0.075	8.250	+2.500	0.206	11.861	12.447	0.586	0.586 B84 Road
		PC Pre-tention								-	-	-				
	367 +25.000	Girder	22.0	2.500	1.000	1.05			0.075	8.250	+2.500	0.206	4.831	5,480	0.649 nver	nver
		PC Pre-tention									3	٠.				
11: A-8 Road IC Bridge	423 +85.000	Girder	22.0	2.500	5.250	1.05			0.075	8.250	+2.500	0.206	180.6	9.317	0.236	0.236 A8 Road
	:	PC Pre-tention		WL							J					WL0.02
12 Bolgoda River Bridge	443 +10.000	Girder	18.0	0.020	0000	0.90			0.075	8.250	+2.500	0.206	1.201	4.208	3.007	3.007 Bolgoda River
		PC Pre-tention		mr							i-	:				WL-0.02
13 Bolgoda River Bridge	443 +90.000	Girder	18.0	0.020	000	8			0.075	8.250	+2.500	0.20	1.201	4.028	2 827	2.827 Bolgoda River
	; ;						<u></u>		74.7		·	:			-	
																
												(1) (4)				
			\$ 						*			el .	1 ₂ -			
												:		7		
			1		l											

9.5.3 Vertical Alignment Setting

The vertical alignment is set as shown below.

Location	Concepts
1) CKE - close to Sta.10	 Vertical alignment set at 5.25 m because of the CKE and Rt. A3
2) Sta.10 - close to 66	 Clearance of 5.50 m secured at intersection with railway. Since the ground near Sta17 - 27 is soft, a low embankment will be used to minimize subsidence. The ground close to Sta.32 - 42 across the railway is not soft. However, a low embankment will be used for cost reasons. For the hilly section, the vertical alignment is lowered to increase the amount of cutting due to insufficient fill material.
3) Sta.66 - close to 120	 For Sta.66 - 76, which connects a low embankment with a high embankment, the alignment is set so as to increase cutting. In view of the intersection with Rt. A1, a high embankment is to be employed.
4) Sta.120 - close to 170	 Vertical alignment set low to pass inside a paddy field. Note that the alignment is planned at a height above the ground level of houses by taking flood height into account. Clearance for the intersection with Rt. B214 and A110 near the Kelani River is controlled.
5) Sta.170 - close to 210	Alignment set to increase cutting amount.
6) Sta.210 - close to 250	Vertical alignment set low.
7) Sta.250 - close to 370	 Vertical alignment set low. However, 5.50 m clearances for railway and 5.25m for Rt. A4 and B84 are secured
8) Sta.370 - close to 400	 Alignment set to increase cutting in the hilly section. Gentle gradient of 0.3% continued.
9) Sta.400 - close to 434	 High embankment at intersection with Rt. A8 to secure space for IC construction. Low embankment for JCT because there is no intersecting road. This will allow cutting on the hilly section of the roadside on Rt. A8. Puture review necessary because no vertical alignment is set for the Southern Transport Corridor.
10) Sta.434 - Rt. A2	 Flood height taken into account for crossing the Bolgoda River. Vertical alignment set low since there are a few intersecting roads. Intersecting roads to be integrated to cross the main line by means of a box or overpass. Rt. A2 to be accessed at the current road height in view of the shape of the planned interchange.

The vertical alignment plan discussed above is shown in the subsequent pages.