### 8.6 Facilities, Equipment and Rehabilitation Required to Meet the Target Services

8.6.1 Water Supply

9

### (1) Required water supply facilities

Urban water supply:

Urban water supply facilities required by target year shown in Table 8.6.1 were estimated as the required number of house connections based on the additional service coverage.

As reference, the following requirements were also estimated:

- daily average water demand at 100 lpcd consumption rate, and
- number of deep wells to meet the daily maximum water demand based on the groundwater productivity.
  - (daily maximum water demand = 1.3 x daily average water demand)

Information pertaining to the expansion plan of Level III systems was arranged to be indicated in Table 8.6.1 and the details presented in Table 8.6.2. However, the required data were not available during this PW4SP preparation.

### Rural water supply;

Rural water supply facilities required by target year shown in Tables 8.6.3 (a) and (b) were estimated as the number of Level II systems with number of communal faucets and the number of Level I wells broken-down to deep and shallow wells. However, Level II systems shall be excluded from medium-term plan due to no Level II projects under ADB-assisted project.

(2) Required well drilling and rehabilitation equipment

Presently, the DPWH-DEO (Maasin) has one unit of percussion type drilling rig (not operational) applicable for 8" of bore hole diameter and 300 ft well depth, but it is not operational.

Taking into account the utilization of existing equipment, additional number of required equipment is estimated as described below.

Applicable type of well drilling equipment is determined considering the geological formation of the province, the easiness to technically operate. Both types of percussion and rotary are suitable for soft and hard formations, and the percussion type can be easily operated and maintained without special training to drillers compared with the latter, it is very useful to bores in the boulders or cobbles formations. Thus, the drilling equipment of percussion type is recommendable to be selected in the PW4SP preparation.

				1 2015 5.0	L UFDAN	Water Suy	DIY FALIN	'n na untra o	Table S.o.1 Urban water Supply Facilities included of Facilities					
	Reference on		tansion of El	Exnansion of Existing Level 111 System	111 System			Phase I (2004)	Phase I (2004) Requirements	Cumbas		Phase 11 (2010	Phase II (2010) Requirements	Aumber of
Name of Municipality	Name of Operating Body		Coverage in 1998 No. of Served Barangay Populati	e in 1998 Served Population		Plan for Expansion	Additional Population to be Served	Additional Number of Population House to be Served Connections	Demand mand	Spring Devit/ Deen Well	Additional Number of Population House to be Served Connections	Number of House Connections	Vater Demand (m <sup>2</sup> /Aav)	Spring Dev't./ Deen Well
Anahawan	SWW newshenA	Urban Rufal Total	5 4 F	1,483 955 2,438	SP	o V V	539	115	्र इ.स. स्ट्रे	-	579	: 541	\$\$	-
Bontoc	Bontoc WWS	Urban Rural Total	~- e	1.008	dS/MQ	04	694	661	69	_	1,749	437	\$21	<del></del>
	Mahayahay WS	Urban Rural Total		240	SP	: V				:				
	PAWASA	Urben Rural Total		706	SP	No								
	Brgy, San Vicente	Urban Runal Totat		192	e,	Ŷ								
تقرر بر مربع	Municipal Total	Urben Rumi Foral	ν4 φ	1,068										
Hinnangan	Hounangan	Urban Rural Total	2 19	1.226 5,638 6,864	Ş	No	şč	82	Ŷ		275	\$	53	-
	Manlico	Urban Rurel Total		459	8	Ň								
	Municipal Total	Urban Rural	202	1,226 6,097 7,323				: :						
Hinundayan		Urban Rural Total	<b>8</b> 12	1,270 2,328 3,598	ŝ	°N N	992	510	8	<del>.</del> .	3,066	767	307	-
L, İbayon	Libagon WS	Urban Runal Total	7 7 7	409 859 1,268	SP	ŶZ	ς.		. :		- 526	ភ	8	-
Liloan .	Liloan	Urban Kurai Totat		1.075		0N N					3,184	98 1 1	318	-
L, imasawa	ž	Urban Runal Totsi	¥.2	V V Z Z	× N	N.A.	244	\$	- 24	_	1.031	270	301	-
Maasin (Capital)		Urban Rural Total	14 	10,815 5,210 16,025	SP	Ŝ.	7.772	1.606	777	2	21.202	105.2	0212	- •
Macrohon	Amparo WS	Urban Rural Total		200		Ž			-		4.179	1,045	418	-
	Ichon	Urban Rural Total		243	SP	²,						• ₽ −. • −		

Table 8.6.1 Urban Water Supply Facilities Required by Target Year

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(Cont'd)
Year
Target
ò
Required
Facilities
Water Supply
Urban
<b>Table 8.6.1</b>

	Referen	ce on Fy	nansion of F	Reference on Expansion of Existing Level [1] System	1 UL Systen			Phase 1 (2004)	) Requirements			Phase [] (2010	Phase II (2010) Requirements	
	VEICIAN						-		Daily Average	Number of			Duily Average	Number of
Name of Municipality	Name of Operating Body	Area	No. of Barangay Served	Vo. of Served Irangay Population	Type of Water Source	Plan for Expansion	Additional Population to be Served	Number of House Connections	Water Demand (m <sup>2</sup> /dav)	Spring Dev't./ Deep Well	Additional Population to be Served	Number of House Connections	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /dav)	
Macrohon	San Roque WWS	Urban	-	340					-		;			
		Rumal	ń	285	2	Ž		 : .						
		Total	4	625							-			
	San Vicente	Laen L	4	52.4 1					•					
:		Runa			5	°2				:				
		Tota		1.775			• •	۰.			•			
				3111	and the second second					•			:	
-	Musicinal Total			107								•		- <u>dente</u>
				C10 C										
	Mattered W.W			1.740										Ī
Sicconstruction			ł.		MC	No No	673	101	62	_	1,805	451	181	
		Total	4	1,240										
Padre Bureos	Pedres Burkos	Urban		2,065						·		-		
	•	Rural		1,123		Ŷ					858	215	8 <b>6</b>	
-		Total	4	3,188										
Pintuyan	Pintuyan WWS	Urban		283	00		LUL	÷		-		 \$	ç	-
			*	1 175	ंदः			ī	ī	_	ŝ	2	3	-
Saint Remark	Mun WWS	i Irhan		1400	T		ſ							Ī
			Ľ	4004	a.	9Z	837	174	24	-	174	4	51	-
		Total	ŀ	8.76						•		:	;	•
San Francisco	San Prancisco WW	Urban	- <b>1</b>	1 844	3									
		Rumi			ŝ	ž					 13	ត	ŭ	
		Tota		1,844										
San Juan (Cabalian)	Not Applicable	Urban		₹ Z	201				ş		210 5	;	Joe	
		Total	× z	V V	Ċ.	₹. z	940	ç.	5	-		₹	ą	-
Can Picando	San Birando	i that	-	487			-							
		Run R	- ~ -	120	SP	ov V	128	58	ü				·	
		101	-	100		ľ								
Silago	batagawan	Croan	-	144 C	0	Ż					1350	338	551	-
-		Total		400	<b>.</b>	 								
	Catmon	Urban									•=/			
		Runal		80 85	ŝ	Ŷ								-9:55
	Hingatungan	Urban												
		Rural	-	198	ŝ	ž	:							
		Totat		196										F
~~~~	Invelda	Crben												
		Total		4	5				 . '					
;	Katipunan	Urban												-2-2
		Rural		201	SP	°Z.								
		Total		102							• • •			
	amugal	Urban Rusa		US1	Ş	°?								
		Total	-	250		• •								<b>*</b>

Table 8.6.1 Urban Water Supply Facilities Required by Target Year (Cont'd)

		ļ		the state of the s	111 Cartes			Phote 1 12004	Phase I (2004) Requirements			Phase II (2010	Phase II (2010) Requirements	
	Reference on	Ce on Ext	JO UCHSHOL	Expansion of Existing Level 111 System	IT SYSTEM	T	r		Daily Average	Vumber of			Daily Average	Number of
Name of Municipality	Name of Operating Body	Area	Coverage No. of Barangay	Coverage in 1998 Vo. of Served rangay Population	Type of Water Source	Plan for Expansion	Additional Population to be Served	Number of House Connections	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /Jav)	Spring Dev't/ Deep Well	Additional Number of Population House to be Served Connections	Number of House Connections	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /dov)	Spring Devic/ Deen Well
Silago	Mercedes	Urban Rural		8.8 6	SP	0 N	;						:	
	Puntana WWS	Urban Rumal Total		824	SP	Ŷ						;		
	Salvacion	Urthan Runal Total		237 237	Sp	9 No		· · · ·						
	Sep-ang	Urban Runal Total		139	Sp	Ŷ		•		· · · ·	:			
	Sudmon	Urban Rural Totai		161	S.	Ŷ					·····			
	Tuba-on	Urben Rural Total		148	¢\$	ž								
	Tubod	Urben Runal Total		338	SP	Ř	-							
	Municipal Total	Urban Rural Total	1 - 1 12 13	824 3,390 4,214										:
Sogod	Segod WD	Urban Rumi Total	5 8 13		SP	Ň	2.183	445	218	-	3,454	3¢4	345	-
Tomas Oppus	Tomus Oppus	Urban Runal Total	2	122	SP	No					1.005	251	101	
Provincial Total		Runa Runa	44 108 14	35,958 38,837 38,837			1521	5,170	1,532	) <b>a</b>	48,453	5112	4,847	6
		10[3	- 10th	100										

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Name of Municipality	Name of Operating	Additional Arcas Barangay to be	Additional Population to		ial Water
	Body	Covered	be Served	Туре	Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
Anahawan	Anahawan WWS				
Bontoc	Bontoc WWS				
	Mahayahay WS				
	PAWASA				
	Brgy. San Vicente				
· · · · ·	Municipal Total				1
Hinunangan	Hinunangan				
:	Manlico				
	Municipal Total				
Hinundayan	Hinundayan				1
Libagon	Libagon WS				
Liloan	Liloan				
Maasin (Capital)	Maasin WD				
Macrohon	Amparo WS				
	Ichon				
	San Roque WWS	1		1 A.	
	San Vicente	· · · · · ·			
	Municipal Total				
Malitbog	Malitbog WW				
Padre Burgos	Padres Burgos				ļ
Pintuyan	Pintuyan WWS				
Saint Bernard	Mun. WWS				
San Francisco	San Francisco WW				
San Ricardo	San Ricardo		and the second		
Silago	Balagawan		14.14		
	Catmon		en en ser un		
	Hingatungan				
	Imelda		· · · · ·		
	Katipunan		and a second second		:
	Laguma				
	Mercedes				1
	Puntana WWS				
:	Salvacion	,	· · · ·	· · · · ·	
	Sap-ang			· · ·	
	Suđmọn			1:	1
	Tuba-on		1	· · ·	1
	Tubod	Į		1	-
	Municipal Total	1	· ·	t	
Sogod	Sogod WD			1	1 .
Tomas Oppus	Tomas Oppus		1		1

# Table 8.6.2 Plan for Expansion of Existing Level HI Systems

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Table 8.6.3(a) Rural Water Supply Facilities Required by Target Year

			Phase	Phase I (2004) Requirements	equirement	23				roas	(VIV2) 11 9	Pase II (2010) Requirements		
		1 1			Level	elĬ					Level I	el I		
	LCV LCV	TCVEL II									;		No. of	<u> </u>
Name of Municipality	Number of	No. of		Number of Deep Wells	Deep Wells		No. 01	Tata Inter		Number of Deep Wells	Deep Wells		Shallow	Total
	System	System	u (F	80 円	120 m	Sub-total	Wells		40 m	80 m	120 m	Sub-total	Wells	
		r aucers					61	171						
Anahawan						5	· ·	40		56		56	9	62
Bontoc				7		77	4 -	10				9	33	28
Hinunangan								1 6		)   				
Hinundayan			-			-	*					2		9
Libagon				2		7		4						
Lioan						-	ł						0	100
[ imasoura			-		-		24	47			8			30
Marrie (Carinel)					50	50	5	55			77		4	F C
Maasin (Lapitary				16		191	1.	17				5		, U
Macrohon						0		27		59		59	25	84
Malitbog				12		20		24						
Padre Burgos				25		λ° Γ							3	63
Pintuyan								1-		17		171	2	<b>₽</b>
Saint Bernard									1				52	36
San Francisco			1			-		* -					24	24
San Juan (Cabahan)														
San Ricardo								ļ						
Silago			7				4	7.6			35	5	- 22	57
Sogod					4			77			2			
Tomas Oppus				12				14			5		1000	227
Durvin vial Total			4	113	2	181	89	270		14/	ñ	C17		

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# Table 8.6.3(b) Rural Water Supply Facilities Required by Target Year

Name of Municipality Anahawan Bontoc Himundayan Libagon	Å			A Acquire the subset of											
Aunicipality 40 m	•	ercenatge	Percenatge Allocated to		Public Facility (100%)	(%)			F	ercenatge	Percenatge Allocated to Public Facility (50%)	o Public Fa	cility (50%)	(	
6 <del>1</del> 1	Percenta	rcentage A ige Alloca	Percentage Allocated for Percentage Allocated for Publ	1	Public Wells (80%) and c Spring Development (2	and ht (20%)			Percent	rcentage A age Alloca	Fercentage Allocated for Public Wells (80%) and Percentage Allocated for Public Spring Development (20%)	Public We ic Spring L	lls (80%) 21 evelopment	د (20%) د (20%)	
	Number of Deep Wells	Deep Wel	ls	No. of	1	No of	Grand		Number of Deep Wells	Deep Wel	ls -	No. of Shallow	Tom!	No. of Saring	Grand
Anahawan Bonioc Hinutabgan Hinutaban Libagon	80 H	120 m	Sub-total	Wells	1 OLDI	opring		40 m	80 m	120 m	120 m Sub-total	Wells		Dev.	Total
Bontoc Hinunangan Hinundayan Libagon	10		10	i	01		1 : 1	17		· · ·	-				
Hinunangan Hinundayan Libagon	19I		16	1	17		7	24	23		- 23	2	251	9	15
Hinundayan Libagon							2	2			3	8	11	5	7
Libagon	-				1		2 .	3[			-				
			2				1	2]		2			2	***	θ
Liloan	1	11 A 31 A	1		1			1	•						
Limasawa	2		2	21	23		1	24	•		а а	3	3	1	4
Maasin (Capitul)	37		37	4	41	1 .	. 5	55			9 9	-	101	7	12
Macrohon	4		4	9	10		1	17	2		5		6		11
Malithov	~	- - - - -		20	21		6	27	24		24	10	34	8	42
Padre Buroos	20		80	30	38		5 4	43 -							
Pintuvan								8				26	- 26	6	32
Saint Bernard								1				10	17	4	:1
San Francisco	1	1	I · · · ·		1			2	2		5	6	14	4	S
San Juan (Cabalian)				1	1			1	-	· · · ·	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	01	101	17	21
San Ricardo	1														
Silago	: 4		4	2	11		1 + 1 + 1	12		•	1.11				
Sogod	. 3		3	16	19		3 : 22	2		14	14	6	23	Ś	29
Tomas Oppus	2 2	1997 - 1994 1997 - 1994	1	3	01	7	4	14   15							-
Provincial Total	95		56 -	601	204	99	5 27	0	20 61	23	89	88	177	- 43	220

Medium size percusion drilling rig (truck-mounted type for deep well): Average performance

1 well/30 days (5 m/day of drilling rate with finishing work)
 Annual accomplishment

- 9 wells/year (365 days/year ÷ 30 days/well x 0.75 ) Required number

- 2 sets for the total 95 deep wells under the ADB-assisted project

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### Well rehabilitation equipment:

Average performance

- I well/7 days (well redevelopment and finishing work Annual accomplishment

- 39 wells/year (365 days/year ÷7 days/well x 0.75) Required number

- 1 set for 10% of 95 Level I deep wells

Support vehicle:

Type - pick-up truck with winch, double cab Required number

1 unit for well rehabilitation

Considering the non-operational existing percussion drilling rig, it is necessary for the province to mobilize at least two (2) units of medium size percussion rig for implementation of the ADB-assisted project. In addition, two (2) units of service truck equipped with crane are required for a percussion rig for hauling drilling tools and water. However, the following equipment shall be considered for medium-term development plan to the physical targets:

1 set of well rehabilitation equipment for 10% of deep wells (at least 1 set shall be

held by the provincial government); and

1 unit of support vehicle for well rehabilitation.

			Ph	Phase I (2004)	4) Requirements	ents					Phas	Phase II (2010) Requirements	Requirem	nents		
Name of Municipality	Add	Additional HHs to be Served	4s to be Se			No. of HHs to be Served	be Served		Add	litional HH	Additional HHs to be Served	ved	Z	o. of HHs t	No. of HHs to be Served	
	Flish	Flush Pour Flush VIP/ Drv	VIP/ Drv	Total	Flush	Pour Flush VIP/ Dry	TP/ Dry	Total	Flush	Pour Flush VIP/ Dry	VIP/Drv	Total	Flush	Pour Flush VIP/ Dry	VIP/ Drvi	Total
A anhawan									316	:		316	316	· ·		316
Bontoc				,					339			339	339			339
Himmanoan	8	86		<b>76</b>	8	86		5 75	<u>8</u>			195	195			195
Hinindavan	85	ſ		227	58	169		227	563			563	563			563
l'ibason								·	163			163	163			: 63
1 ilean	43			3	48			\$	446			446	346			545
T imasawa	25			25	25			25	141			141	141		-	[4]
Massin (Canital)	647	3.034		3.681	647	3.034		3,681	4,187			4,187	4,187			4.187
Macmhon	127			139	127	12		139	660			660	660		tay	660
Malithae	24	ſ		126		102		126	401			107	401			105
Dades Burgos	14F			336	34	302		336	10			314	314	_	_	314
District	20			581		:		58	117			117	117			117
Saint Bernard	91			237	19	221			467			467	467		••••	467
Can Francisco	18				18	2		53	202			202	202			202
San Juan (Cabalian)	25			252	25	227		252	368			368	368			368
San Ricardo	14	9		20	14	9		20								
Silado	44			44	44			44	228			228	228			228
Scool Scool	173	599		772	173	665		772	1,185			1,185	1,185	11.1		1.185
Tomas Oppus									211		1 1 1	:: 211]	57 (213)	-		211
Provincial Total	1 1.297	4.831		6,128	1,297	4,S31		6,128	10,503			10.503	10,503			10.503

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Table 8.6.4 Urban Household Toilets Required by Target Year

8.6.2 Sanitation

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Table 8.6.5 Rural Household Toilets Required by Target Year

											Phase	e II (2010) .	Phase II (2010) Requirements	S		
				<u>r nase 1 (2004)</u>			nenus No of title to be Semied	1	Ad	Additional HHs to be Served	s to be Ser	ved	No. 0	No. of HHs to be Served	ke Served	
Name of Municipality	νpγ	ditional H	Additional HHs to be Served	21			13 10 06 061	1000	Eluch	Pour Fluck VTP/ Drv	VTP/ Drv	Total	Flush Pou	Pour Flush VIP/ Dry	P/ Dry	Total
:	Flush	Pour Flus.	Flush Pour Flush VIP/ Dry	Total	Flush	- 1	Pour Flush VIP/ Dry		ж	1071.1 10.1						
Асарауан						·						1.22	000	000		190
Allalia wali		120		010		4	430	430	852	209		<b>1</b> 8	70	272	-	
Bontoc		ř.							808			898	898		<b>.</b>	222
Hinunangan									267			267	267			267
Hinundayan									202			395	395			395
Libagon									145			341	341	:		341
Liloan							:	ľ		160	Ī	126		271		271
limasawa		5	1	<u>σ</u>		_	3			1777						
Manufacture (Constant)														101		503
MBasin (aprile)		04		64		24	40	2	577	48	•	- 625	- //s	3		30
Macrohon	4 J	ľ					277	222		1351		1,351		1,351 -		102
Malitbog		777		777					223			223	223			223
Padre Burgos									2.5.2	Ŷ		615	353	99		419
Pintuyan						:		120	102			1.027	794	233		- 1.027
Saint Bernard		271		1/2		<b>7</b> :: ::		1,7	5			90		30		30
San Francisco								01-0		247		290		262		262
San Juan (Cabalian)		372		372			3/2	7,0								
San Ricardo									152			353	353			353
Silago								YUY		751	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	566	839	15		565
Sogod	15	591		000								238		238		238
Tomas Oppus									ľ	ŀ		0 754	\$ 207	2 862		8.754
Description Total	10	1 1 020		2068		39	929	1,90	769"	700'7		20,00				

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	Phase 1 (2004) 1				Destin	
Name of Municipality	Additional Public School Students to be Served	No. of Toilet Unit	No. of Toilet Facilities	Phase II (2010) Additional Public School Students to be Served	No. of Toilet Unit	nents No. of Toilet Facilities
Anahawan		•• <del>••••</del> •••				
Bontoc	900	23	5	1,634	41	0
Hinunangan	105	3	1	.,00	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Hinundayan	340	9	2	321	9	2
Libagon	51	2	1		<u>_</u>	
Liloan						
Limasawa	159	4	1	14	1	1
Maasin (Capital)	2,325	59	12	1,604	41	9
Macrohon	296	8	2	100	3	1
Malitbog	550		3	523	14	3
Padre Burgos	456	12	3	242	7	2
Pintuyan	38		1	176	5	1
Saint Bernard	100		1			
San Francisco	200	5	1			
San Juan (Cabalian)	369	10	2	376	10	2
San Ricardo						· · · ·
Silago	47	2	<u> </u>	138	4	1
Sogod	1,041	27	6			
Tomas Oppus	400	10	2			
Provincial Total	7,377	192	44	5,224	138	32

### Table 8.6.6 Public School Toilets Required by Target Year

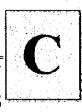
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Table 8.6.7 Public Toilets Required by Target Year

		nase I (2004) H			P	hase II (2010)	Requirements	
Name of		Number of Pu	blic Toilets			Number of Pu	blic Toilets	
Municipality	Public Market	Bus/Jeepney Terminal	Parks/ Playground	Total	Public Market	Bus/Jeepney Terminal	Parks/ Playground	Totat
Anahawan	1				1			
Bontoc	1			1			•••···	··· <del>··</del> ·······························
Hinunangan	· ·	1		1			··	
Hinundayan								и н <u>а по</u>
Libagon								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Liloan	1 . 1			1	[			· · ·
Limasawa					[		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Maasin (Capital)		1		1	the second second second			
Macrohon		[					· · · · · · · · ·	
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# SECTOR IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENTS

### 9. SECTOR MANAGEMENT FOR MEDIUM-TERM DEVELOPMENT

### 9.2 Sector Management

### Accessing ODA Funds for Level III Systems

When considering sources of financing for new Level III systems or for existing Level III systems that are expanding, LGUs may tap their IRA or they may borrow funds from commercial or ODA institutions. In the case of LGUs that have formed a Water District to operate their system, a ready source of loan funds is the LWUA.

This section discusses how an LGU can access funds from an ODA agency in order to develop its Level III water system. It is presumed that the proposed Level III project has gone through the Project Development process stipulated by the NEDA in Rule 7, Articles 24 – 26 of its IRR of Board Resolution No. 4 (Series of 1994), Clause (G). Specifically, the proposed Level III project must be consistent with the Provincial/City/Municipal Water Supply, Sewerage and Sanitation Sector Plan that has been prepared and annually updated by their respective Planning and Development Office(s). On the basis of these local council approved sector plans, water supply investments will have been identified and developed into a local investment program that includes an appropriate financing plan.

It is worthwhile to reiterate the following NEDA prescriptions regarding project identification:

- "proposed investments shall be developed according to a demand-driven approach that would allow beneficiaries to select from among cost-effective technical options and from financing options. The LGUs may avail of technical assistance from the DILG in the proparation of these project packages (Rule 5)."
- "LGU systems shall be constructed on the basis of choosing among technical options that are affordable through the financial resources made available by users, communities and LGUs. The process of determining demand for a particular service delivery shall be concluded through a negotiated agreement between the LGU, water utility and the users, on how the costs will be shared at the town, barangay, and household levels."
- "for any Level III service, at least two technical options shall be explored: those of an inter-LGU service delivery organization involving amalgamation of service areas and of single LGU management systems."

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(1) Project Initiation Stage

Based on their respective approved water sector plans, the province/municipality proposes a specific Level III water system following the NBDA guidelines on project identification. The provinces and component municipalities may submit their respective project proposals for ODA funding to the DILG. The DILG examines such requests and ensures that they are in conformity with the NEDA's Medium Term Public Investment Program (MTPIP), a master list of projects from which ODA agencies can select specific projects that they can fund. From the MTPIP, the ODA loan agency prepares its own short list of potential province and municipality beneficiaries/ grantees of its loan program. The ODA loan agency then proceeds to conduct its own feasibility study concerning its loan program and discusses this extensively with both the NEDA and the DILG (since the DILG will be the implementing agency for the ODA loan).

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While the DILG is designated as the implementing agency for the ODA loan program, a domestic lending institution (e.g. the Development Bank of the Philippines or DBP) can be contracted to administer the loan package and on-lend ODA funds to specific LGUs. [Note that the LWUA has served and continues to serve as a conduit for loans to Water Districts.] Under such a working arrangement, the DILG, the ODA agency, and the domestic lending institution affix their signatures on the ODA program loan documents.

The DILG now prc-screens LGUs who have expressed intent to borrow funds from the ODA loan facility. Together with consultants from the ODA agency, the DILG conducts briefings on the loan conditions to make sure that the province/municipality fully understands the financial and institutional commitments they have to make once they contract the loan. The respective local councils (e.g. Sanggunians) deliberate whether they are able to and will partake of the loan. Should the Sanggunian decide that they can meet the loan commitments, they submit an official letter of interest (LOI) to the DILG. The DILG, with assistance provided by the ODA agency, evaluates the various LOIs from different LGUs and selects which specific projects will be eligible to borrow from the ODA loan facility.

(2) Project Implementation Stage

At this point, the province/municipality with the Level III system project can now sign the loan documents with the designated local on-lending institution. For the construction of the Level III water system, the LGU itself (or the LGU company formed to undertake the project) is expected to bid out the job to contractors from the private sector. The bidding process should be a transparent one with a public announcement of the bidding,

publication of pre-qualified construction companies, and a well-documented decision by the bids and awards committee. During the construction of the Level III water system, the LGU unit tasked to monitor the construction activity should carry out periodic inspections. Final inspection is done upon completion of the construction contract. Throughout the period of the bidding process and actual construction, the DILG can be tapped by the LGU for assistance on various technical and institutional-building matters.

The private sector contractor submits its periodic billings to the LGU. After the necessary inspections are done, the LGU in turn forwards this bill to the domestic lending institution for payment. Given that all documents are in order, the domestic lending institution requests for fund remittance from the ODA agency. Once the funds are remitted, the domestic lending institution settles the bills with the private contractor.

As far as repayment of the loan is concerned, the LGU is responsible for paying the loan since it was the signatory of the loan. Through the operations of the completed Level III water system, the LGU is able to collect the corresponding tariffs from the different consumer households. From these revenues, the LGU re-pays the loan capital and interest to the domestic lending institution, which in turn remits these proceeds to the ODA loan agency. This process is repeated throughout the term of the loan.

### 9.4 Project Management Arrangements

### 9.4.1 Project Approach/Strategy

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### Integration of Waterworks

The province may also initiate the establishment of an Integrated Waterworks (IWW) facility that will merge the management operations of adjoining municipalities, which have existing or proposed Level III water systems. This may not necessarily involve the integration of the physical facilities because of the distance and sparse location of municipalities, but rather only the management aspect of it. Article 8 of the IRR of NEDA Board Resolution No. 4 (Series of 1994), Clause (G) states that: "An LGU may also consider amalgamating or consolidating its system with that of its neighboring LGUs in order to benefit from economies of scale that could expand water supply services to consumers at the lowest possible cost."

### The advantages of an IWW facility are as follows:

Comprehensive water sector planning at the provincial level is facilitated. Investments in developing larger water sources and reservoirs can be considered at the planning stage (in the case of municipalities that are in close proximity with each other).

• The overhead cost involved in maintaining and operating a large waterworks system can be reduced since redundancies in equipment and manpower resources will be eliminated. Municipalities will no longer have to purchase and maintain their own waterworks construction equipment. As a result, there will be greater utilization of such equipment. Engineering and management staff that are currently needed to run the municipal waterworks system can be transferred to other functions.

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- The province will be able to hire and retain professional engineering and management staff who will assume greater responsibilities and duties. This will eventually translate to a higher level of service to the communities served by the IWW facility.
- Access to loan funds (from both ODA and commercial sources) for the construction of the waterworks system will be easier since the lending institution will deal with a single entity. Lending institutions prefer such a set-up since the loan evaluation and the corresponding to an monitoring is simpler.
- The IWW facility will be more attractive to more reputable private sector corporations, both local and foreign. The province will be able to generate more interest from private sector players who may want to develop waterworks systems on a BOT/BO/BOO basis or jointly with the LGU. The LGU may also tap these same private sector players to operate and maintain the existing distribution network under any form of contract – service, management, lease, or concession.

The organizational structure of the IWW should contain, at the least, 5 sections – Administration, Finance, Engineering, Operations & Maintenance, and a Meter Reading and Tariff Collection unit. The Administration and Finance departments will handle matters related to human resources development, financial planning and control, and other related concerns. The Engineering section is expected to concentrate on water system planning and design. The Operations & Maintenance unit will ensure that the water system is operating efficiently (e.g. minimal system losses) and that water quality is always satisfactory by conducting strict monitoring activities. Any construction activity, including the installation of water meters, will be contracted out to the private sector so there will be no need for a large pool of both equipment and manpower. Water samples can be tested in existing private or government laboratories if the IWW will not maintain its own laboratory. The Meter Reading and Tariff Collection unit will be in charge of the all-important task of determining individual household consumption and collecting the corresponding tariff due. The actual conduct of these two activities can be contracted out to the private sector through a service contract.

The financial and operating condition of the IWW facility should be reported periodically to the provincial and municipal governments. In addition, the rates that the IWW will charge

consumers will be set under the supervision of a regulatory authority and any proposed changes should first be presented and discussed in a public hearing.

The success of the IWW facility depends on the full support of the local governments of both the province and the component municipalities. Such support shall be in the form of strengthening the management and engineering capabilities of the IWW staff. Any loan needed by the IWW should be endorsed, and if possible guaranteed, by the LGUs concerned. Initial capital requirements can even be sourced from these LGUs.

### 9.4.2 **Project Implementation Arrangements**

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### **Project Implementation Arrangement and Procedure**

Together with the Figures (Figure 9.4.1 and 9.4.2), the following are the project implementation arrangement and procedure for Level I and sanitation from national level to barangay levels, which are designed to encourage active participation of implementers and beneficiaries in undertaking the project.

(1) National Government Level

Project Planning/Launching Workshop as start-up activity will be conducted to introduce and orient the implementers on the Project, define their roles, responsibilities and relationships among them and formulate provincial action plans. The Consultant, upon completion of the training needs assessment and development of appropriate training programs shall conduct capacity enhancement for the WSS-PMO Staff, NGOs, DPWH and DOH representatives. This activity aims to strengthen their competence in technical, managerial, training and community organizing and gender responsiveness. The trained members are responsible to facilitate the organization/reactivation of the PWSU and information dissemination for the provincial officials to secure their support and commitment to the Project. With the assistance from the Consultant, they will enhance the capacity of the PWSU, the MSLT and COs/NGOs in planning, implementing, monitoring and evaluating the project.

### (2) Local Government Level

The PWSU shall assist the MSLT in each municipality and conduct information dissemination for the municipal officials to orient them on the project and obtain their support and commitment. With the PWSU assistance, the trained MSLT members shall select priority barangays, in coordination with the municipal development council. The Team will be responsible for facilitating barangay activities such as consultation nucctings with barangay officials and community members, barangay survey and spot mapping,

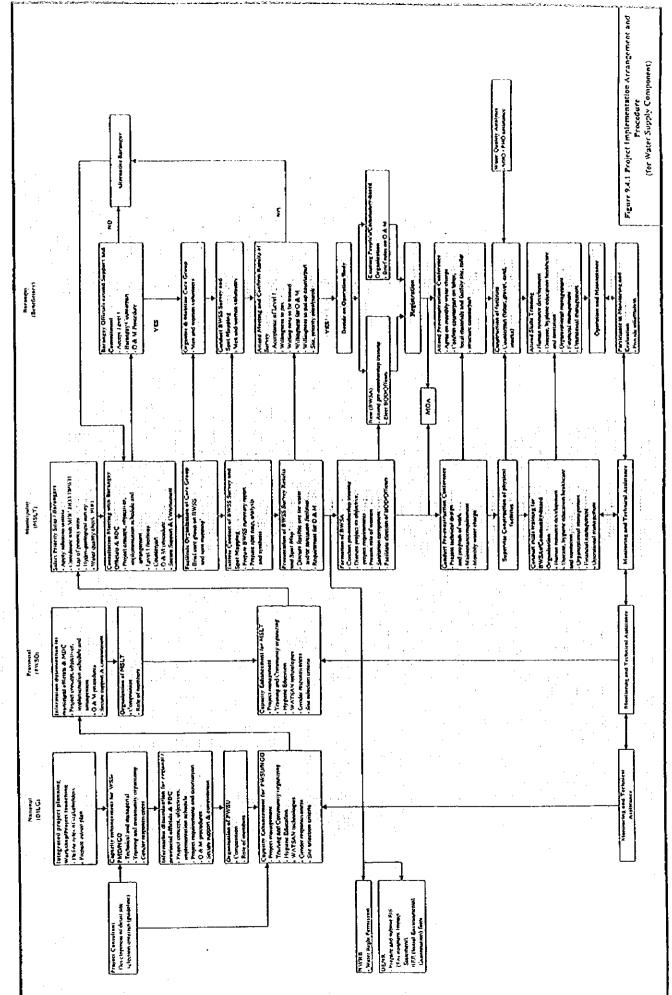
formation of BWSA/RWSA, pre-construction conference, and supervision of construction. Skills training will be conducted for the operating body in maintaining and managing the project. They shall also provide continuing assistance and monitor the activities of the beneficiaries and status of the project.

(3) Barangay Level

The barangay officials/development councils shall provide support to the PWSU and MSLT members in conducting activities and mobilizing resources in the barangay. Men and women volunteer shall conduct barangay survey and spot mapping to confirm their demand for the level of service, HH latrines and willingness to operate and maintain the facilities and counterpart. The community members decide on the operating body, tap existing community-based organization or organize a BWSA/RWSA. They have also to agree on the monthly water fees and provide labor and local materials during the construction of facilities. The BOD/Officers, Bookkeeper and Caretaker of the operating body shall attend skills training to develop their competence in performing their jobs. The beneficiaries shall provide information and request assistance from the PWSU/MSLT members, if necessary.

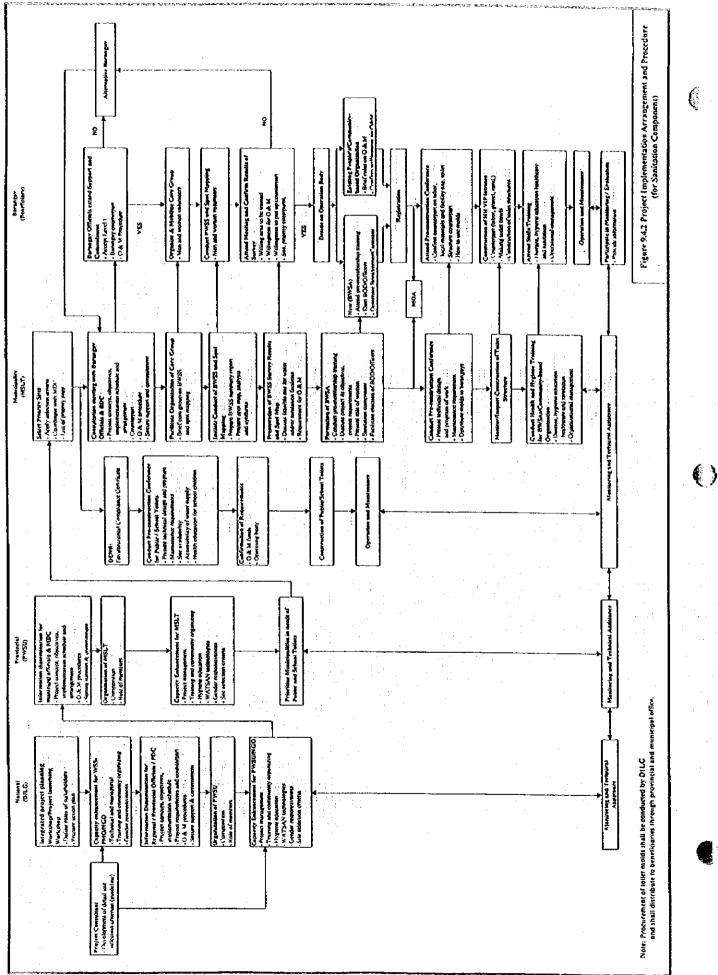
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## PROPOSED SITE SELECTION CRITERIA

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Barangay:	Municipality: Prov	/ince:
(1). Required Iter	ns	
Item No.	Description	Score
1.	No alternative water source except ground water	OK or Not
2.	Acceptance of Level I facility	OK or Not
(2) Technical &	Socio Economical Requirements 60%	
Item No.	Description	Score
1.	Water source availability (quality and quantity)	20%
2.	Incidence of water-borne disease	25%
3.	Accessibility of well drilling machine to water source	15%
(3) Community I	Interest and Involvement	40%
Item No.	Description	Score
1.	Willingness to assume responsibility for operating and maintenance of the facility/ies	10%
2.	Willingness to be trained on O&M	5%
3.	Willingness to pay for water fees	15%
<b>4.</b>	Willingness to put up counterpart	10%
(4) Total Score		
Item No.	Description	Score
(1)	Required items	OK or Not
(2)	Physical requirements	

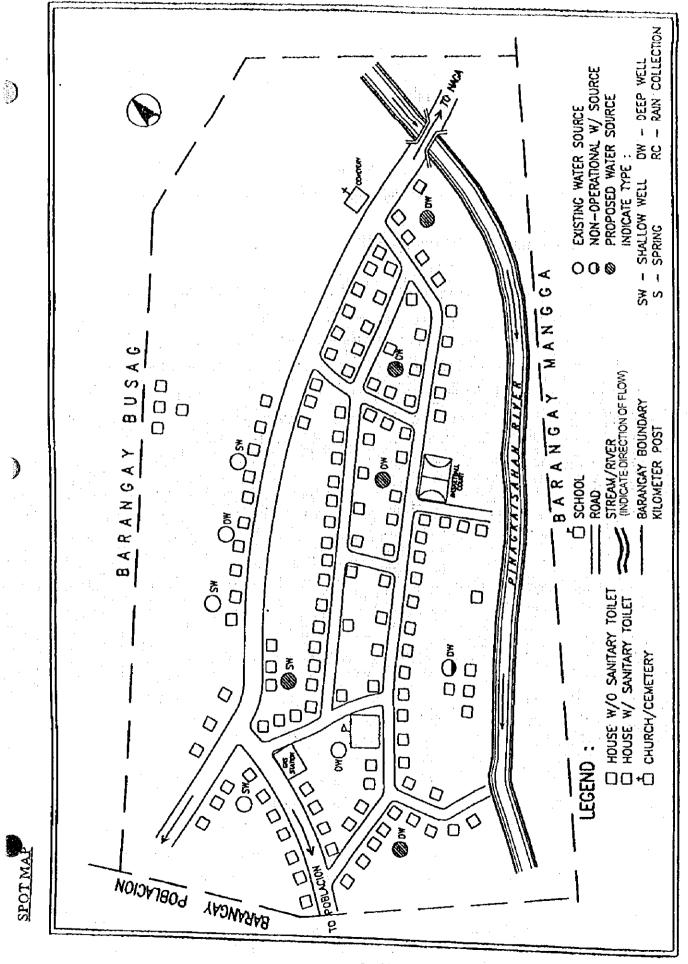
Total Score

### Proposed Capacity Enhancement Program

	Activity/Participation		Course Content
1.	Project Planning/Launching	1.	Project Concept, Objective, Project Requirements, Implementation
	Workshop		schedule and arrangements
	DILG (WSS-PMO)	2.	Role and responsibility of national government agencies, LGUs
ĺ	DPWH, DOH, NWRB		(provide and municipalities and project beneficiaries)
	NEDA, DOF, OECF	3.	Action Plan by province
2.	Capacity Enhancement for	1.	Project Concept (objectives, components, requirements,
	WSS-PMO, NGOs, DOH and		implementation arrangement, O&M systems and procedure, etc.)
	DPWH	2.	Sector Development and existing Policies
		3.	Project Planning, Management and Control
		4.	Team Building Exercise
	· · · · ·	5.	Presentation and Facilitating Skills
		6.	Methods of Instruction
		7.	Community Organization/Community Development
			Barangay Surveys and Spot Mapping
	· · · ·		Formulation of BWSA
			Health and Hygiene Education
1			Technical Training
		.	- Designing and Construction
	· · ·		- Water Source Investigation
		12	Skills Training for Operating Body
		۰ <i>۵</i> ۰	- Organizational Management
			- Financial Management
			- Operational Management
		112	Gender Responsiveness
			Monitoring
3.	Capacity Enhancement for		
3.	LGUs (PWSU, MSLT,	1.	Project Concept (objectives, components, requirements,
	CO/NGOs)		implementation arrangement, O&M systems and procedure, etc.)
	CO/NGOSJ	2.	Sector Development and existing Policies
		3.	Project Planning, Management and Control
		4.	Team Building Exercise
		5.	Methods of Instruction
	:		Presentation and Facilitating Skills
		7.	Community Organization/Community Development
1			Barangay Surveys and Spot Mapping Formulation of BWSA
		9.	
1			Health and Hygiene Education
		11.	Technical Training
	•	1	- Designing and Construction of WATSAN facilities
			- Water Source Investigation
		12.	Skills Training for Operating Body
			- Organizational Management
		1	- Financial Management
		1	- Operational Management
1			Gender Responsiveness
	<u> </u>	14.	Monitoring
4		1.	Project concept (objectives, components, requirements,
1	Operating body	1 -	implementation arrangements, O&M systems and procedures, etc.)
	(BOD/Officers, Bookkeeper,	2.	Human Resources Development (Team Building, Leadership and
	Caretakers)		Value Formation)
		3.	•
I.			Liquid and Solid Waste Disposal)
		4.	Organizational Management (BWSA Management Skills)
	· · · ·	5.	Operational Management (Operation, repair and maintenance skills)
	. *	6.	Financial Management (Simplified Bookkeeping Procedures)
		7.	Greater Participation of Women

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### Instructions for Completing Barangay Map

This sample barangay map is a rough sketch of an entire barangay showing the households, with and without sanitation facilities. The map also shows location, type and condition of existing water facilities and plot location of proposed water sources.

- 1) The map will be used for BWSA planning
- 2) The map can be used as a planning tool to determine best locations for future water sources.

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- 3) The map can also be used to support funding request for other water and/or sanitation facilities.
- 4) The map may also be entered into a national data base.

To make a map of your barangay, use the legend at the bottom of the sample to indicate information and landmarks. Follows these procedures when completing the map:

- 1) Indicate location of highways and road, including name and number of road if any.
- 2) Draw approximate boundaries for your barangay and indicate names of adjacent barangays
- 3) Indicate direction of north line.
- 4) Locate public building, cemeteries, schools, or other prominent landmarks.
- 5) Locate natural land features (like river, rice field, hills, etc.) and animal pens.
- 6) Show households by drawing a clear square.
- 7) Show all sanitation facilities in households by darkening bottom of square.
- 8) Show water sources location and condition by drawing a clear circle for existing water sources, a half dark circle if source is not in operation and a darkened circle for proposed facility. (Proposed facilities should be at least thirty (30) meters away from the nearest latrine and animal pen).
- Show water source type like deepwell, shallow well, spring, etc. Following legend on the map.
- 10) Next to existing facilities, write the distance in meters to the nearest latrine or animal pen. Proposed facilities should be at least 30 meters away from the nearest latrine and animal pen.
- 11) Show kilometer posts along the road by drawing a darkened small square.

### **BWSA Formation**

A BWSA (Barangay Waterworks and Sanitation Association) is an organization of water supply and sanitation beneficiaries in a barangay whose objective is to own, operate and maintain the water systems. RA 6716 requires its formation to ensure the provision of adequate, potable and accessible water supply to its members through proper operation and maintenance of the water facilities. The organizational structure of BWSA is quite simple and depends on the number of facilities, need, culture and situation in a particular barangay.

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The decision to tap existing community-based organization, merge/consolidate with the existing water association or to form a new association is lodged with the community members. Should the decision is to form a new association as operating body of the facilities, it shall be known as BWSA.

The formation activities of the BWSA are divided into three phases: pre-formation/social preparation, formation and post formation (refer to Proposed Community Management Program attached here for the detailed activities in each phase). During the formation phase, pre-membership training and election of BDO and Officers are held. In this phase, individual member interest and community commitment are manifested through application for membership in the association and signing of Manifesto Resolution (refer to the sample formats attached hereafter).

	Barangay Activities	Responsible Party	Duration (Day)	Cost
	Pre-Formation/Social Preparation Phase Consultation with barangay officials/development councils (First Meeting) The activity aims to obtain the support, commitment and active participation in planning, implementation and managing the project. They are primarily responsible for the identification and prioritization of community needs. The decision on the acceptance of Level I water facility and barangay counterpart shall emanate from them.	CO/NGO; PWSU/MSLT; Barangay Officials Development Council	0.5	
લં	Barangay Water Supply and Sanitation Survey/Spot Map A core group composed of men and women volunteers will conduct BWSS and spot mapping. The BWSS results provide information on the prospective users willingness to undertake the responsibility for the O&M as well as provision of counterpart. Spot map will identify the most feasible site for Level I facilities, HH latines, school and public toilets.	CO/NGO; PWSU/MSLT; Men and Women Volunteers	Ś	P600
r.	Presentation of survey results and spot map (Second Meeting) The survey results and spot map will be presented to the barangay officials, core group and prospective water users of the facilities. The decisions of the community members will be confirmed in terms of acceptance of Level I water facilities, site of the water facility/ies, willingness to contribute for water fee, operate and maintain the facilities, to be trained and to put up counterpart such as labor, site, and local materials. The results of the survey and spot map are discussed relative to the most feasible site of the water facilities in the barangay as well as the most feasible site of samitation facilities and houses in need of latrine. The community members will decide among themselves which sitios/puroks will be given priority in the provision of water and samitation facilities. The community members will also decide on the operating body, whether to tap existing community-based organization, form a new one (BWSA) or merge/consolidate with existing water association.	CO/NGO; PWSU/MSLT; Prospective Users	so	P500

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<u>Proposed Community Management Program</u>

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Formation Phase Pre-membershif A core group attendance in users of the fa role of BWS aspects, succe The Board of	Barangay Activities	Responsible Party	(Day)	Cost
Pre-meml A corv attenda users o role o aspect				
Presid	Training and election of BOD and Officers (Third Meeting) will be mobilized to conduct house to house campaign to ensure membership the Pre-membership Training. The training is conducted for prospective water eilities. The project concept is discussed including its objectives, importance and A and members. Other modules such as women's role, sanitation, technical ss factors, etc. are discussed during the pre-membership training. I Directors is elected by the general membership and the Board elects among are officers of the BWSA. Bookkeeper and Caretaker are designated by the ith the initiative of the newly elected officers, the organizational documents are	CO/NGO; PWSU/MSLT; Prospective Water Users	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	000 14
Meeting ( The fi of the policient	Meeting of the Board of Directors (Fourth Meeting) The first meeting of the BOD is conducted to discuss in details the dunes and responsibilities of the Board /Officers, how to conduct a meeting, formulate administrative and operational policies (collection of water fees, dates and place of regular meetings, etc.) and prepare an action plan. The registration procedures and requirements are also discussed.	CO/NGO; PWSU/MSLT; BOD/Officers		P1.000
Registration The opera personalit	sting body (existing community organization or BWSA is registered to give it legal y to enter into a contractual obligation).	BOD/Officers CO/NGO; PWSU/MSLT;		
Pre-const The ty facility techni requir presen collec counte	Pre-construction Conference (Fifth Meeting) The technical design and program of work for the construction of water and samitation facilities are presented to the officers and members of the operating body. Based on the technical design, the financial computation to determine the operation and maintenance requirements of the facilities is discussed. The proposed estimates on monthly water fees are presented and the beneficiaries must agree among themselves the monthly water charge to be collected. The commitment of the beneficiaries to actively participate in the construction and counterpart shall be confirmed	CO/NGO; PWSU/MSLT; BOD/Officers members	Ś	0059 

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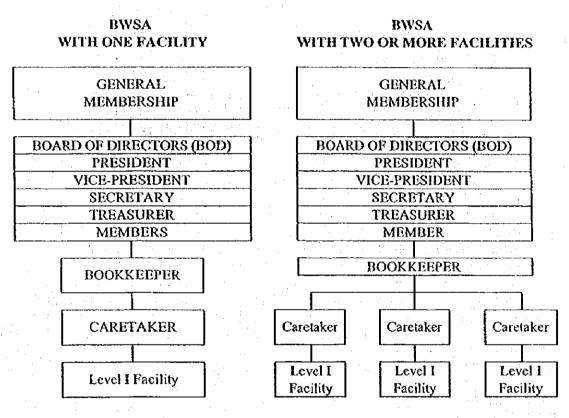
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### Sample Manifesto

### MANIFESTO RESOLUTION

We, household heads (men or women) of Barangay \_\_\_\_\_\_, Municipality of \_\_\_\_\_\_, Province of \_\_\_\_\_\_, seek the assistance of the Provincial Government in putting up a Level I water system in our area.

Conscious of the attendant responsibilities in operating and maintaining the facilities, we constitute ourselves into an association in accordance with R.A. 6716 and hereby declare:

ilitics and provide me at the association shal	formed primarily to ov mbers with adequate sup I maintain office of Bara maintain office at Baran	oply of water for don	
at the following shall esident ce-President cretary easurer	e al fair e particul		; ;
esident ce-President cretary easurer	maintain office at Baran	gay	<b>;</b>
ce-President cretary easurer			
1			
	be open to household h	eads (men or wome	en) who shall use
at this Resolution ma e association.	y be amended or repeale	d by majority vote (	of all members of
		per maintenance of	the water supply
nat we will provide a s	suitable site for the proje	ct;	: ·
		vater fees to raise fu	nds for the repair,
nat we will attend n sociation;	neetings and seminars	conducted by PWS	U/MSLT for the
hat we will provide co	ounterpart needed for the	water facilities;	
	at this Resolution ma e association. the construction, sm rselves to the following that we will provide a so that we will collect mo aintenance and cost re- that we will attend m sociation;	e association. the construction, smooth operation and propurselves to the following: nat we will provide a suitable site for the project nat we will collect monthly contributions for we aintenance and cost recovery of the system; nat we will attend meetings and seminars of sociation;	at this Resolution may be amended or repealed by majority vote of association. the construction, smooth operation and proper maintenance of inselves to the following: nat we will provide a suitable site for the project; nat we will collect monthly contributions for water fees to raise fur aintenance and cost recovery of the system; nat we will attend meetings and seminars conducted by PWS

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- 5. That we will exercise the following rights:
  - Right to vote a.

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- b. Right to hold elective office
- Right to be informed of the association's affairs Right to use the association's facilities c.
- d.
- That we will hold an annual meeting every \_\_\_\_\_\_, to discuss the association's business and to clect officers for one year. 6.

NOW, THEREFORE, we hereunto set our hands this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_.

PRINTED NAME	SIGNATURE	CTN
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(Name of	BWSA)
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### (Barangay, Municpality)

(Province)

The Board of Directors

Date \_\_\_\_\_

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Barangay Waterworks and Sanitation Association

Gentlemen:

I hereby apply for membership in \_\_\_\_\_\_ Barangay Waterworks and Sanitation Association to avail of its services of providing potable water for domestic use. I pledge to faithfully obey and comply with the rules and regulations, which may be promulgated by the Board of Directors.

I hereby further pledge to:

- 1. Attend all meetings which will be called by the BWSA Board of Directors/Officers;
- 2. Attend training/seminars which will be conducted by PWSU/MSLT for BWSA members;
- 3. Pay monthly water fee contributions for operation, repair, maintenance and cost recovery of the facilities as may be prescribed by the Board;
- 4. Observe proper utilization of water and preventive maintenance of facilities as required by the Association;
- 5. Assist in the installation of the water facility by providing labor, local materials and snacks, and
- 6. Help attain the objectives of the Association.

For information about myself and my household, please refer to my information sheet at the back page.

Signature of Applicant Over Name in Print

**Right Thumbmark** 

### **BWSA Member Information Sheet**

Name of Prospective Member:		
Age: Civil Status:	Scx:	
Place of Birth:	Date of Birth:	
Household Members (include household help):		ł
Household Memoers (menude household help);		
Name	Age Relation to Mem	ber
	- 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	
۵۰ مالی کار ایک کار میں معامل کا میں معامل کا میں معامل کا معامل کا معامل کا معامل کا معامل کا معامل کا معامل ک مالی معامل کا	······································	<u></u>
		<u>-</u>
Present Water Source used by Household (Please C	heck).	
an tean an an an ann an Airte an ann an ann an Airte Ann ann an Airte an Airte an Airte an Airte an Airte		•
Handpump	Artesian Well	
Dug Well	Spring	
Others		
Present Expenses for Water per Month		-
Distance of Water Source to the House	meters	.*
I hereby certify that the information above are true	and correct to the best of my knowledge.	•
Signature	Date	

### **Duties and Responsibilities of BOD/Officers and Members**

The management of the BWSA rests on the Board of Directors/Officers who are elected by the general membership. The Board elects from among themselves the Officers of the association: President, Vice-President, Treasurer and Secretary. The President designates the Bookkeeper and Carctaker of the BWSA. The duties and responsibilities of the Board/Officers, Bookkeeper and Carctakers are shown below.

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(1) Duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors

- Oversee the activities of the BWSA
- Formulate policies and procedures to carry out the affairs of the BWSA
- Elect the BWSA officers
- Attend all meetings of the Board and the General Assembly
- Attend training for BOD/Officers conducted by PWSU/MSLT

(2) Duties and responsibilities of the President

- Conduct/Preside over all meetings of the General Assembly and BOD meetings
- Execute policies relative to the management of the Association and the maintenance of the water facility
- Act as arbitrator in settling conflicts among members regarding BWSA operations
- Represent the Association in any activity involving BWSA operations
- Investigate the current condition of the Association and recommend measures for its improvement or solutions to its problems
- Perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors
- (3) Duties and responsibilities of the Vice-President

In the event of death, incapacity or refusal of the President to perform higher duties and responsibilities, the Vice-President shall assume the Presidency. He shall perform the duties of the President and such other duties as may be assigned by the BOD.

- (4) Duties and responsibilities of the Secretary
  - Attend all meetings and record the minutes
  - Call meetings in the absence of the President and the Vice-President and preside until a temporary presiding officer is chosen
  - Prepare and send notice to all Association meetings
  - Keep all papers/documents pertinent to the Association
  - Perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors

(5) Dutics and responsibilities of the Treasurer

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(7)

- Attend all meetings of the Board and the General Assembly
- Take proper custody of all funds and properties of the Association
- · Ensure the proper issuance of official receipts for money received by the Association
- · Ensure that all expenses are authorized by the Board and covered by official receipts
- · Deposit all funds of the Association in a bank designated by the Board; and
- Produce periodic reports and account reconciliation as prescribed
- · Perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors
- (6) Duties and responsibilities of Bookkeeper
  - Keep the financial records of the Association;
  - Collect water fee contributions from and issue receipts to user members;
  - Remit collected water contributions to the BWSA treasurer;
  - Submit a quarterly financial status report to the Board of Directors or as often as the Board may require;
  - Attend BOD meetings and BWSA training/activities conducted by the PWSU/MSLT
  - Perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors

Duties and responsibilities of Caretaker

- Remind the members of the proper use of the facility
- Ensure that the water facility is in good operating condition
- Keep the record of the operation and maintenance of the water facility
- Report to the Board of Directors (BOD) any damage or repair needs of the facility
- Perform minor repairs of the water facility
- Assist in the collection of water fee contributions
- Attend meetings of the Board as may be required
- · Attend skills training on operation and maintenance conducted by the PWSU/MSLT
- Perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors
- (8) Duties and responsibilities of Members
  - Pay monthly water fee contribution;
  - Attend meetings and training activities designed for members;
  - · Observe rules and regulations and policies approved by the BOD/Officers;
  - Remind other water users to use the facility properly;
  - Keep the premises of the water facility clean, sanitary and free from excess water which may cause contamination of the water source; and
  - Adopt proper health and sanitation practices.

### Procedures for BWSA Financial Operations

Bookkeeping records an organization's financial transactions involving the receipt and expenditure of money in an organization. The organization may be a small business or large corporation. It may be government or a non-government organization. Regardless of the size of the organization, it provides a standard method for recording and reporting financial transactions of all kinds. The information obtained from accurate and timely bookkeeping provides timely information on the financial health of the operation.

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The information contained herein will enable the BWSA bookkeepers to record financial transactions and prepare financial reports. The manual presents the overall picture, through the General Accounting Plan procedures. A step-by-step guide follows the General Accounting Plan through all the transactions, entries and reports. Each transactions, entry and report has a corresponding form. Each form is presented with explanations on its function and how it relates to the other forms. Instructions are provided line-by-line for a clear understanding.

### (1) BWSA Business Operation

The BWSA business operation is simple. Funds are generated through water fees. Although there may be other sources of income, user fees will be the main source of income. Money is spent to maintain the barangay water system and other properties owned by the association. Other funds spent include expenses for administration, parts and supplies.

With only a few sources of income and expenses, financial transaction entries can be made quickly as they occur. If transactions pile up, even a simple operation can become very complicated. It is recommended that all transactions be recorded daily. If this is done regularly, periodic reports can be prepared quickly and accurately.

### (2) Maintenance and Custody of Documents and Records

Safekeeping the books of accounts, related records, accounting forms and reports is a major responsibility of the bookkeeper. Accounting forms used as the basis for recording should be arranged and filed separately in sequence. All records and documents should be locked up and access should be limited to authorized BWSA officers and personnel.

The BWSA officers should agree on the reports to be prepared, who receives the reports and how frequently. It is recommended that certain records be maintained and certain reports be complied. It is up to the BWSA officers to determine how often these reports are to be made and if

additional reports are necessary. Some larger BWSAs may need monthly reports. Smaller BWSAs may only require quarterly reports.

### (3) General Accounting Plan (GAP)

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The flow of accounting and reporting is shown in the General Accounting Plan, Figure 1. The GAP will guide users through this section as each procedure is explained. The GAP contains four columns of boxes. Columns are headed:

- Transactions consisting of cash and non-cash transactions
- Document for recording different types of financial transactions
- Books to maintain a record of financial transactions
- · Reports to summarize all financial transactions for given period.

### (4) Transaction Defined

The BWSA financial transactions are classified as:

- Cash Transactions
  - Cash-In (cash receipts)
  - Cash Out (cash disbursements)
- Non-Cash Transactions

Money, incoming and outgoing, is classified as cash transactions. The GAP shows two kinds of cash transactions, cash-in (cash receipts) and cash-out (disbursement). There are also non-cash transactions, which document money owed to the BWSA or money that the BWSA owes.

1) Documents for Cash Transactions

The Official Receipt (OR), (See Figure 2) and the Voucher (See Figure 3) are the source documents for cash transactions. ORs and vouchers are called source document because they initiate the bookkeeping process.

Each time a person gives money or its equivalent to the BWSA, an OR is issued to the person. Each time the BWSA pays money to a person, a voucher is completed to show that it is an authorized expenditure. The voucher also records to whom the money was given and for what purpose. Both the OR and voucher are numbered and all numbered documents should be accountedfor. This means that if an OR or a voucher has been incorrectly filled out, it must be kept for the record.

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- a) The OR records all money received by the BWSA and must specify:
  - The date funds are actually received
  - The name and address of the person paying the money.
  - The amount received, both in words and in figures
  - An explanation or purpose of the payment
  - Confirmation of receipt as shown by the authorized collector's signature, usually the bookkeeper
  - The billing form number, if money is for payment of water fees
- b) The voucher records all money paid out by the BWSA. Each numbered voucher must specify:
  - The date money is actually paid
  - The name and address of the person receiving the money
  - The total amount of money paid, is words and in figures
  - Details of payment, including invoice number
  - Signature of person authorized to approve payment
  - Confirmation of receipt as shown by the authorized collector's signature,
  - usually the bookkeeper, of the person paying money
  - Signature of person receiving the money and date received

### 2) Document for Non-Cash Transactions

The sources for recording non-cash transactions are the billing form and the invoices. The billing form documents money that is owed to the BWSA. Invoices or statements of account are documents made by others showing money owed by the BWSA. These are transactions, which do not involve cash collection or payments, and therefore, are not to be recorded in the Cash Record Book.

- a) The Billing Form (See Figure 4) is used to notify water consumers of the fees owed to the BWSA covering a certain billing period. Billing forms may be made monthly or quarterly as the Association decides. Billing forms must specify:
  - List of services rendered
  - The name and address of the person being billed
  - Period covered by this bill, beginning and ending dates

- The total amount of money owed
- Date of billing
- Date the bill should be paid
- Official signature, usually the bookkeeper

Unaccounted Water Fees are examples of non-cash transactions which should be recorded in the Receivable Book.

- b) The Invoice or Statement of Account (See Figure 5) is a document prepared by the seller and presented to the BWSA showing money owed to the seller by the BWSA. Invoices usually contain:
  - An invoice number
  - The person or company sending the invoice
  - The name of the BWSA that owes the money
  - Particulars of goods or service provided
  - The breakdown of money owed and total amount due
  - A payment due date
  - Name or signature of the person requesting payment

Unpaid invoices on repair and maintenance and other unpaid expenses, such as honoraria are recorded in the Payable Book.

#### (5) Book of Accounts

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The book of accounts are basic records used to record all financial transactions. Three books of accounts are maintained as described below.

### 1) Cash Record Book

The Cash Record Book is used to record all cash incoming and out-going transactions. The OR is recorded in the Credit column (Money Received). The voucher is recorded in the Debit Column (Money Disbursed). All entries are recorded by date, including all cancelled forms, properly noted. After each credit or debit entry, the amount is added or subtracted from the Daily Balance. At the end of the month, the entries form the bases for preparing the Statement of Operation and the Cash Position Statement.

#### 2) Receivable Book

Unaccounted accounts from the members and outside parties are recorded in the Receivable Book (See Figure 7). This book shows the transaction date, the billing number, household head, the amount and explanation or remarks about the nature/condition of the account.

### 3) Payable Book

Unpaid accounts on the expenses incurred by the BWSA such as salaries or wages, repair and maintenance and other expenses are recorded in the Payable Book (See Figure 8). This book shows the transaction date, the payee, the nature/explanation of the unpaid account and the amount.

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### (6) Financial Reports

The BWSA reports are usually prepared monthly or quarterly. The financial reports are prepared to inform the BWSA financial members of the Association's financial status. In preparing the BWSA financial reports, the bookkeeper reviews all source documents supporting the transaction to countercheck the amount appearing in the books. The recorded transactions should be summarized and arranged chronologically to produce a report easily understood by BWSA officers and members.

### 1) Statement of Operations

The statement of Operations (See Figure 9) is prepared monthly to record the income and expenses incurred by the Association in its operation during the period. The statement shows the revenues earned, the operating expenses incurred and the income or loss as a result of operation.

#### 2) Cash Position Statement

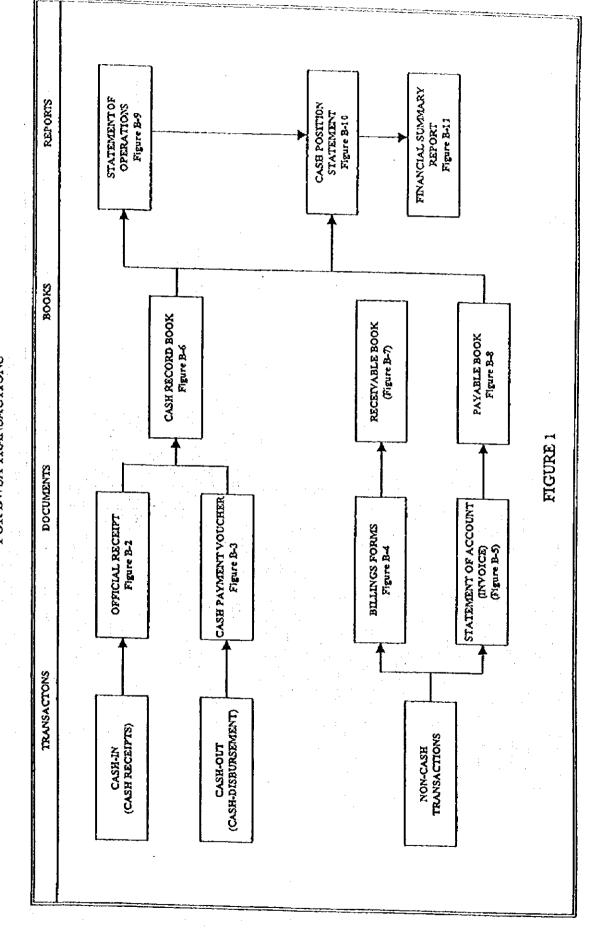
The sources of information when preparing the Cash Position Statement (See Figure 10) are the cash record books and the statement of operations. The report is prepared to determine if the Association can cover its operating expenses. This statement shows the beginning cash balance, the cash receipts for the period, the cash disbursement, and the cash balance ending for the period.

### 3) Financial Summary Report (Annual Report)

The financial Summary Report (See Figure 11) is prepared to summarize the periodic reports prepared during the year and the supporting schedules.

### (7) Bookkeeping Procedures

A step-by-step review of all BWSA transactions can be accomplished by following the accounting entries and reports.



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GENERAL ACCOUNTING PLAN (GAP) FOR BWSA TRANSACTIONS

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OFFICIAL RECEIPT BWSA		OR. NO. Date:		
Received from			:  :	
the sum of				
in payment of				:
Billing Form #	(For pay	yment of water fees only	<b>)</b> .	
	: •			
			urer/Collector ookkeeper)	
	:			
Note: Print Name Below Si	gnature	(IN TI	RIPLICATE)	
omplete Official Receipt in Triplicate				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
theial Receipt must be issued for all pay	HINNIG TELETYED BY THE BOOKLEE			
			· · · · ·	
an Alberta (Alberta) Alberta (Alberta)			FIG	URE 2

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9 - 30

CASII PAYMENT VOUCHER	CPV No Date:
Paid to :	
Address :	
In the sum of :	(P)
PARTICULARS	AMOUNT
Approved By:	Received from
	The amount of
	As payment for the above described.
and a start of the second s Second second	Received By
	Date Received
	VOUCUED
	V O U C H E R (IN TRIPLICATE)

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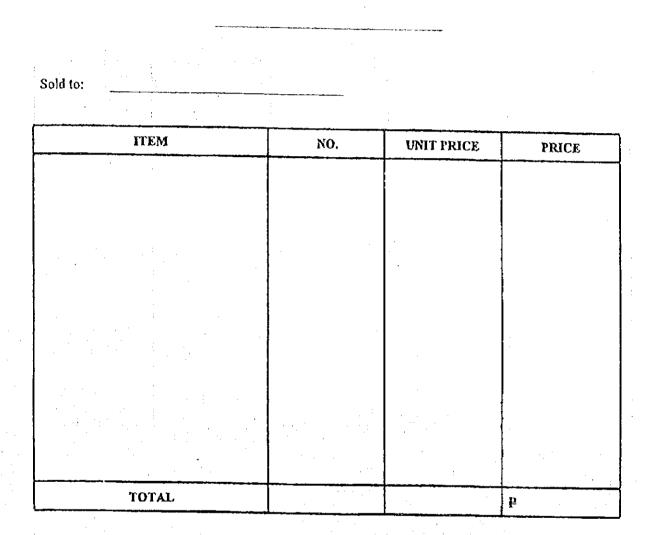
FIGURE 3

		Nam	e of BWSA	,			
<b>₽•</b>		Barangay	, Municipal	ity			
-		P	rovince		· · · · ·		
		BIU	ING FOR	IM			
			for				•
		WATER C	CONSUMP	rion			:
Name of Mer	nber						
Address:	· · · · ·						
		<u> </u>	· · · · · ·	No.			
			•				
	PE	RIOD COVE			<u></u>		.1
FRO MONTH	DM DAY	MONTH	TO DAY	YEAR	AMOUNT		
			ļ — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —				
	· ·		<u></u>				
			<u> </u>				
							{ ·
Date of Billi	ng:	·	Please p	ay On or Befor	e:	- 1. 1.	1 : 
							}
Please pay y	our bill at th	e Office on o	or before the	date shown ab	ove.		·
•					· · · ·		
		· ·		B	WSA Treasurer		
							ļ
Note: Print	Name Belo	w Signature				-	
		~					ł

Billing must be prepared and sent to all BWSA members for their monthly dues as their monthly obligation to the Association.

FIGURE 4

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



## INVOICE

Received By: (Print Name below Signature)

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FIGURE 5

BWSA

### CASH RECORD BOOK COLLECTION/DISBURSEMENT Month: \_\_\_\_\_Year: \_\_\_\_\_

 DATE
 PARTICULARS
 CREDIT (Money Received)
 DEBIT (Money Disbursed)
 DAILY BALANCE

This book records all cash transactions (collection/disbursements) made by the BWSA, and calculates a daily balance.

**FIGURE 6** 

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Name of BWSA

Barangay, Municipality

Province

### **RECEIVABLE BOOK**

DATE	BILLING FORM NO.	HOUSEHOLD HEAD (Family Name)	AMOUNT DUE	REMARKS
				1
			1	
		· · · ·		
1. J.			ļ	
			:	:

This form records all accounts due to the Association

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**FIGURE 7** 

# BWSA

## Barangay, Municipality

1 · · · · · ·

Province

DATE	INVOICE NO. AND DATE	CREDITOR	EXPLANATION	AMOUNT DUE	VOUCHER NO. DATE PAID
i.					
•					
4 					

PAYABLE BOOK

This form records all incoming invoices that have not been paid by the Association.

FIGURE 8

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Name of BWSA

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Barangay, Municipality

Province

## STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Month \_\_\_\_\_\_

Revenues:				
	Water Fees Others (Specify)		<u>p</u>	
	Total Revenues		₽	
Operating Exp	cnses: Salaries Supplies Repair and Maintenance Others (Specify)		<b>4</b>	
• •	Total Operating Expenses	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	₽	
Net Income/Lo	SS		₽ ₽	
Prepared By:			Date Prepare	d:
			: 	
Certified true a	nd correct:		Date Certifie	d:
BWSA	Тгеазигег			

Note: Print Name below signature

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At the end of each month, the bookkeeper prepares the Statement of Operations for the previous month.

**FIGURE 9** 

Name of BWSA

### Barangay, Municipality

Province

### CASH POSITION STATEMENT For the Month

Revenues:		•		
	Water Fees	·	₽	• •
	Contribution			
	Others (Specify)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Total Revenues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	₽	
Less: Opera	ting Expenses:			
	Salaries		P	
	Supplies		4.	
	Repair and Maintenance		· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Others (Specify)			
	Total Operating Expense	ES	₽	
Cash Balanc	e, During the Period		P	
Add: Cash	Balance, Beginning		₽	
Cash Balance, Ending			-₽	
· · ·	: 1			
Prepared By	•		Da	Prenarad.

BWSA Bookkeeper

## Note: Print Name below signature

Cash Position Statement summarizes the Association's transactions for the month ended. The Bookkeeper fills up this form every end of the month.

### **FIGURE 10**

Date Prepared:

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<u></u>	Name of F	WSA	
В	arangay, Mu	nicipality	
	Provin	ce	
		•	
FINANC	IAL SUMN Year End	IARY REPO	DRT
· · · ·	rout End		
Financial Results			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1. Total Revenues			₽.
2. Total Expenditures			₽
3. Total Cash on Hand			P
4. Total Cash in Bank			₽
5. Total Accounts Receivable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		₽
6. Total Accounts Payable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		₽ ₽
	·		<b>T</b>
Findings/Recommendations:			
	- <u></u>		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		· .	
	<u> </u>		
		<del></del>	
Prepared By:	:		Date Prepared;
·		• •	
BWSA Bookkeeper			

Note: Print Name below signature

Financial summary report is made after a year of operation. It provides information to show whether the association profited or not.

FIGURE 11

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11.

			- -	······································
			LIPROJECT DATA	
• • • • • •		II be accor	nplished upon instruction	of PST/PWSD
7	1.1 Barangay/Silio		1.3 Province	
LOCATION			· · · ·	
E	1.2 Municipality			
Š	1.2 WINNEIPERCY		L4 Region	
_	2.1 Total Community/Barangay Population		2.3 Proposed Population to 8	De Served
POP. DATA				
À				·
PO PO	2.2 Total Number of Households		2.4 Proposed Number of Ho	useholds to be Served
 μι	3.1 Ownership :		3.3 Location:	
LIS.	Public	Private	2.3 FOCEDOU:	and a start of the
VELI		111000		
N EH.	3.2 Description :			
INFORMATION ON THE WELL SITE			ļ	
			3.4 Donor (If Private Lot):	
AATI AATI				
<sup>1</sup> 0R				
Z				
 :	4.1 Type of Point Source:	4.3 For we		
	Deep Well	Casing	diameter	in. orm
		Casing	depth	ft. orm.
cessary)	Shallow Well	Water	evel Well	ft.orm
		Well c	ipacity/yield	gpm. or lps
(Use separate sheets if ne	Spring		ings : Capacity/yield	spm. orlps.
shee		Арргол	. elevation above or below	
arate	Others (dug well pond)		Service Area	Λ. or m
(Use separate sheets if n	4.2 Ownership :	Locati	Inside of servic	
•	Public		Outside of serv	and the second
;		Appro	cimate distance from center	
	Private		of service area	km.
	1	<u> </u>		1. W. 1
	:	Prepared b	y:	- ·
			Municipal Liason Staff	Date

# Table 9.4.1 Format for Level I Project Data

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	<b>[</b>	and		Barangay	Form Municipality		
)		FEASIBILITY STUDY					
÷.	(Level II) Notice : This form shall be accompliated upon instruction of the #ST/PWSO.			Province	Region		
	PROJECT SUMMARY						
	N DATA	1. Present Population	2. Design Population		3. Number of Households		
	POPULATION DATA				6. Number of Faucets		
		4. Type of Source	5. Type of System	Pumped			
	TECHNICAL DATA	Well Surface Water	7. Pump Horsepower		8. Pumping Time Hours per Day		
	TECH	9. Total Average Daily Demand	10. Storage Tank Capa	acity iters	11. Pump Discharge Capacity 1&S		
)		12. Total System Cost	13. Maximum Loan As P	mount	14. Interest Rate		
· · ·	L DATA	IS. Local Equity P	16. Funding Cost per l P		17. Repayment Period (months)		
	FINANCIAL DATA	18. Type of Local Equity	] Labor	Materials	Others,		
		19. Total Monthly Expenses		20. Monthly Fee Per H P	lousehald		
		I Survey Form	5 Design of Pipe	Lines 🗍 9A Fi	ittings Schedule 🔲 12 Financial Analysia		
	ANNEXES	2 Map of the Project Area     3 Design Criteria and     Basic Design Data	6 Design of Reset and Pump 7 Detailed Design	rvoir (G. 98 Fi n Plan 10 Bi	I. Pipes) II Availability of Local ittings Schedule Equity Il of Materials		
	Pr	4 Schematic Diagram of the System	B Pipes Schedule	Endorsed by :	ost Summary		
		Municipal Liason Staff	Date	PST/PWSO C	Coordinator Date		

# Table 9.4.2 Format for Level II Feasibility Study

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## Aunex 1

## SURVEY FORM Rural Water Supply Project

Rural Water Supply Project	61
A. LOCATION	
Municipality : Region Number	
B. GENERAL INFORMATION	
1. Population         2. Number of households         3. Distance from poblacion         4. Availability of electricity         5. Distance from electric line         6. Power cost per kilowatt hour         7. Availability of public transportation         8. Main livelihood of residents         9. Main livelihood of residents         9. Farming         9. Industry         9. Oth         9. Fishing	13
1. Are there reliable sources of potable water?	
a) For Wells	
Well capacity       :       lps         Casing diameter       :       .         Casing depth       :       .	
Water level from top of well : Location : Within service area	
	n service area
b) For Springs Average dry season flow : GPN Relative elevation of spring	m 🗍 lps
2 ft. 💭 m.a	bove service area pelow service area
Outside m. fr	com service area

	2.	Are there water supply system materials and equipment (pumps, pipes, fittings) which can be
		donated for this project from other source?
		Yes No
9		For pumps : Type : Power : HP
		For pipes : Galvanized Iron DVC
	3.	Is there an existing water tank that can be used?
		Type: D Steel Concrete
		Capacity : Gallons Gallons Cubic Meters
		Location: (Please indicate in the map of the project area)
		Relative elevation with respect to service area [] ft [] m.
	4.	Are there other sites where water tanks may be erected? Location : (please indicate in the map of the project area)
		Relative elevation with respect to service area [] ft [] m.
$\mathbf{b}$	5.	Does the barangay have skilled personnel?
		If yes, how many? Estimated Number
		Plumbers : Masons :
		Carpenters :
		If no, are there competent contractors near the area?
		Plumbing contractor :  Yes  No
		Tank fabricator   Image: Contraction
		Are there suppliers of materials (pumps, pipes, fittings) in the municipality?
		n en

## D. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1.	What can the barangay provide as local equity?

							6)
	Cash :	P					
	Labor :		man-day	/s		: · ·	
	Materials :	Sand	:		cu, m.		
	`	Gravel	:		cu, m.		
		Cement	•		bags		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Others, spe	cify :	***	_ 0253		
2.	Have the people been informed of the monthly fees required to repay 1	he current finance	ing policies for	r Level II syste	 mis, particular	ly	
	C Yes	5	□ No				
					1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -		
3.	How much are the people willing to	pay per househ	old per month a	as a water fee?			
	Bclow P 6.00	P 10.00 -	15.00	Others	ר		
	₽ 6.00 - 10.00	15.00 -		Specify :	-		
		· .			· · · · ·		
4.	Average income per household	<b>P</b>	per month	<b>1</b>			
					· ·		
E. INST	<b>TUTIONAL INFORMATION</b>			· · ·			
1. 2.	Is there an existing association who Yes If yes, please specify. Are people willing to join a water a	No No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<b>m</b>		(
	water supply system?	-	Yes			e de la de la composición de la composi La composición de la c	
		•				. i.	
З.	How many households are willing t	o be members?			households.		•
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•	·
4.	Name at least three (3) leaders of th if required.	e community wh	10 can act as of	ficers of the as	sociation,		
	Name		Address				
			······				
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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### F. MAP OF THE AREA

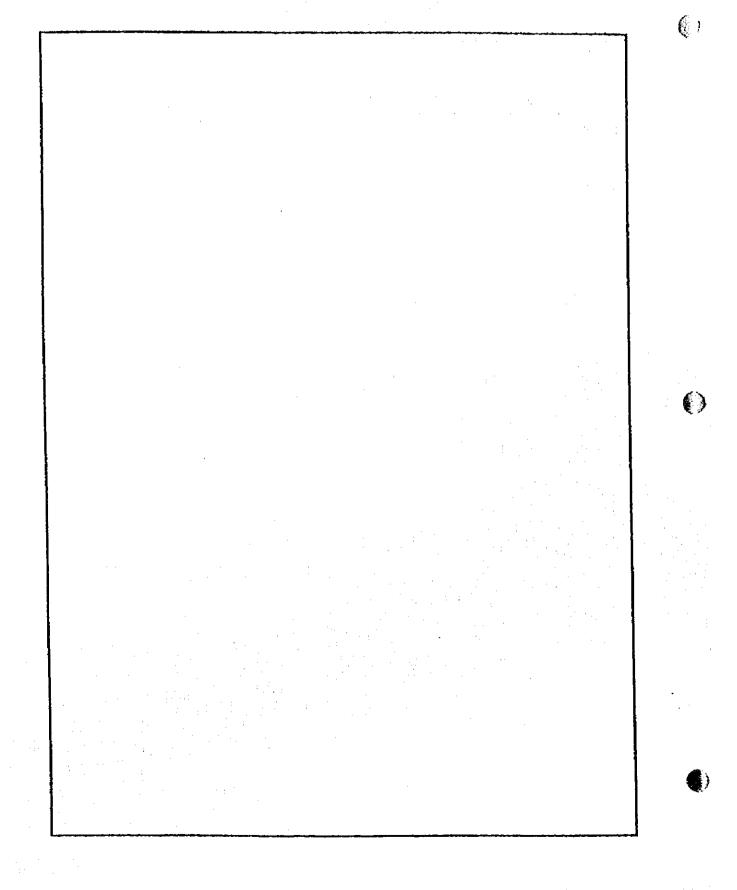
Please attach map of the area proposed to be served. Indicate location of houses, buildings and other structures to be served including roads, the water source(s) and possible locations of storage tanks. The map should preferably be drawn to scale.

Important : If map cannot be drawn to scale, indicate distance measurements between important points along roads, or possible routes of distribution pipes with households properly indicated. For rolling terrain, indicate elevation differences between measurement points.

G. REMARKS ;

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### Annex 2 MAP OF THE PROJECT AREA Rural Water Supply Project



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### Annex 3

## DESIGN CRITERIA AND BASIC DESIGN DATA Rural Water Supply Project

## I. Design Criteria

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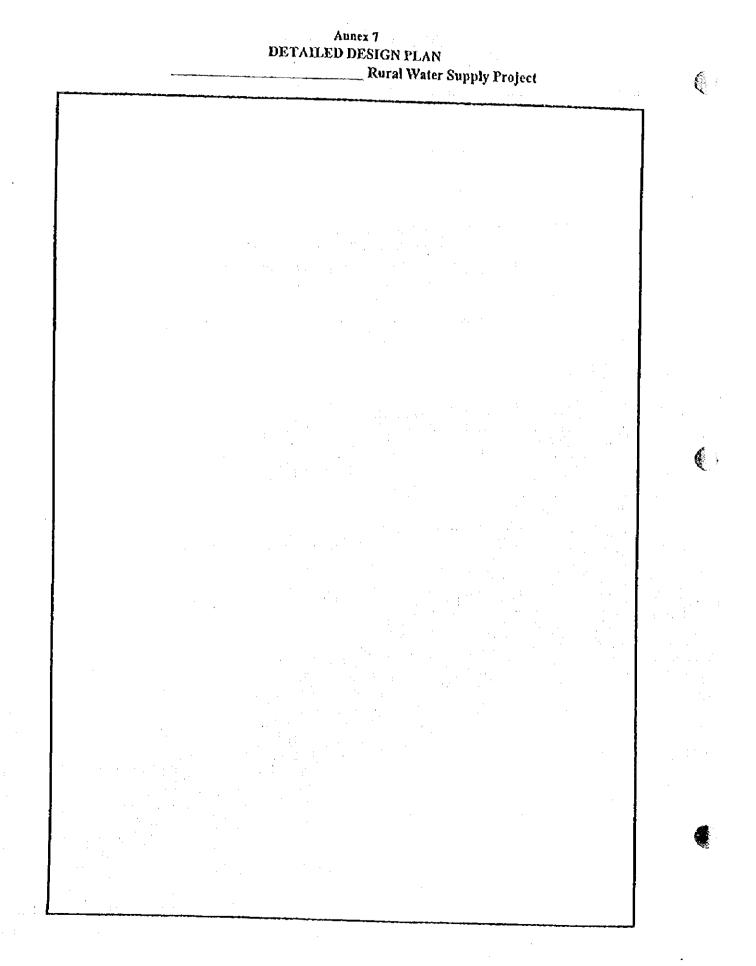
	1,	Design Period	
	2.	Population	: 5 years
		Annual Growth	: 3%
	;	Average Household Size	: 6 persons/HH
		Design Population	: Present Population x 1.16
	3.	Per Capita Water Consumption	
		Level II	: 60 lpcd
		Level II with garden	: 75 lpcd
		Level III	: 100 lpcd
		en an an tao amin' an an an tao amin' an	
	4.	Water Demand	
		Average Day Demand	: Design Population X Per Capita Consumption
		Maximum Day Demand	: 1.3 X Average Day Demand
		Maximum Hour Demand	: 2.5 X Average Day Demand
	5.	Pump Operation	$   _{L^{\infty}(M_{1})}^{\infty} = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{1}}     _{L^{\infty}(M_{1})}^{\infty} = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{1}}      _{L^{\infty}(M_{1})}^{\infty} = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{1}}                                    $
		Pumping Hours	: 8 - 15 hours
. •		Puraping Rate	: Maximum Day Demand/PumpingHrs. ==
	6.	Storage Capacity	: 1/4 of Average Day Demand
	7.	System Pressure	: 5 - 10 psi at faucet
	8.	Households Served Per Faucet	: 4 - 6 HH
Π.	Basic D	esign Data	
	1.	Present Population	÷
	2.	Design Population (Present Population X 1.)	16
	3.	Average Day Demand:	X
	:		mption) (Design Pop.)
	4.	Maximum Day Demand: 1.3 X	
	:	(Average D	)ay Demand)

### Annex 5

### DESIGN OF PIPE LINES Rural Water Supply Project

	NO		SECTION	HOUSEHOLD	PEAKFLOW	PIPE DIA	HEAD LOSS	ACTUAL	1	
ECTION	From (2)	То (3)	LENGTH(M) (4)	SERVED (5)	(LPS) (6)	(MM) (7)	PER 100M (8)	HEADLOSS	REMARK (10)	(
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	Annex 6	
	DESIGN OF RESERVOIR AND PUMP	
	Rural Water Supply Project	
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Υ <b>Α</b> . Ε	DESIGN	
	1. Determine Capacity of Reservoir, (C, )	
	$C_{t} = 1/4 x$ Average Day Demand	
	$C_{1} = 1/4 \times D_{1} (LPD)$	
	C <sub>r</sub> =liters	
	2. Determine Minimum Water Elevation, (WLm)	
	1 BV	
	WL 👝 = total head loss + Minimum Pressure in Main (Meters) For Barangay System, Min. Pressure = 5 psi (use 3M.)	
	For Poblacion System, Min. Pressure = 10 psi (use 3M.)	
	$WL_{m} = \underline{M}.$	
	Note : The bottom of the storage tank should be higher than	
	this elevation.	
B, E	DESIGN OF PUMP	
· .	1. Determine Pump Capacity, Q, (LPS)	
	Q = Max. Day Demand (LPD)/ Operating Time (Sec.)	
	$Q_p = 78 P_d/T$ where: $P_d = Design Population$	
-	T = Operating Time in Seconds $Q_p = \LPS$	
	2. Calculate Total Dynamic Head, TDH (Meters)	
	TDH = Depth of Pumping Level + by Maximum Reservoir Elevation + friction loss	
:*		
	TDH = m	
•		
н 1	3. Calculate Brake Horsepower Requirement :	
· · · ·		
. <u>`</u>	Brake Horsepower = $Q_p \times TDH$	
	75 x Efficiency	
	Brake Horsepower = Hp	
	Where:	
	Efficiency for Centrifugal Pump, 30-60 %	
	Efficiency for Submersible Pump, 50-60 %	
	Efficiency for Jetmatic Pump, 20-30 %	•
		;



Auner 8 PIPES SCHEDULE Rurał Water Supply Project

PIPE (1)	DIAMETER	SECTION LENGT (2) m	TH REQUIRED PIPES (3)	ACTUAL NO OF PIPES (4)	ADDITIONAL PIPES (5)
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Annex 9A FITTINGS SCHEDULE (G.I. PIPES) Rural Water Supply Project

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VALVES																		
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FAUCET																		
REDUCER																		
ELBOW ELBOW																		
BUSHING																		
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	166.310	-																
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JNG UNION	Size									-								
COUPLING	95																	
	LENGTH					, ,												
NODES																		

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			OTHERS										
ADDEX 9B FITTINGS SCHEDULE (PVC PIPES) Rural Water Supply Project			ELBOW									· <b></b> · · · ·	
	· .	G. L FITTNOS	FAUCET										
			VALVES										
		SOCKET	REDUCER										
		SOCICET	ADAPTOR						-				
		Ē	REDUCER		 - - -								
		STD.	REDUCER								 		
		SOCKET	Qty. Size			 	 	 		 	 		
		1	TENOTH		 	 	 	 	 	 	 		
		NODES											

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## Annex 10 BILL OF MATERIALS \_\_\_\_\_\_ Rural Water Supply Project

QUANTITY	UNIT	DESCRIPTION	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
				E
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				an the special sector
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## Auner 11 COST SUMMARY Rural Water Supply Project

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P

## I. ESTIMATED COST OF THE SYSTEM

1. a) Cost of Pipes

- b) Cost of Fittings
  - Total Cost of Pipes and Fittings
- 2. Cost of Reservoir
- 3. Cost of Pump
- 4. Labor Cost
  - a) 10% of Pipes & Fittings (For G.I. Pipes)
  - b) 25% of Pipes & Fittings (For PVC Pipes)
- 5. Cost of Freight and Handling
- 6. Contingencies 5% (Pipes & Fittings Labor) Total Cost of the System

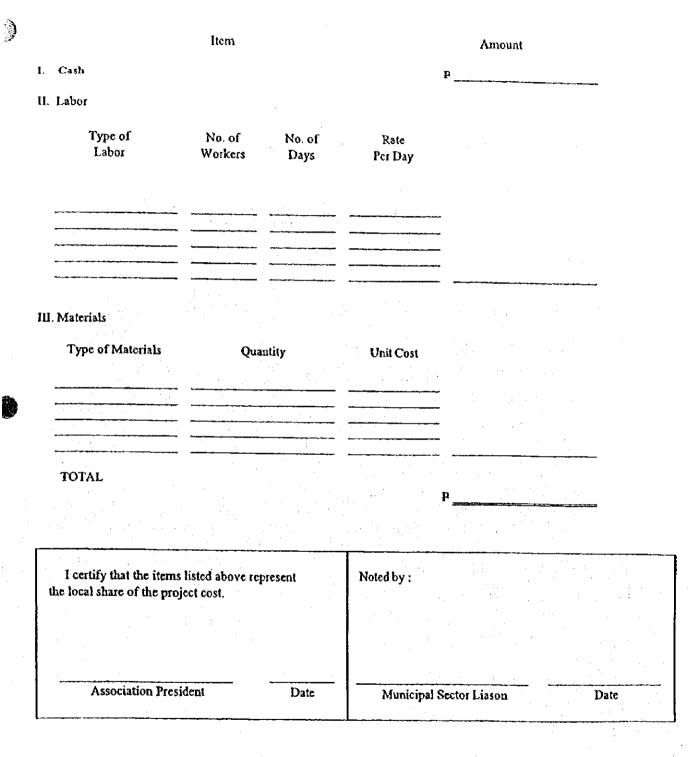
For gravity system, omit cost of pump.

## II. FINANCIAL DATA

- 1. Total Cost of the System
- 2. Local Equity
- 3. Amount of Loan

1	Anuex 12 FINANCIAL ANAL	VSIS		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		I Water Supply Pro	nicet	
		11-2		
A. RELEVANT DATA				
1. Pumping Hours	:	hrs.		
2. Pump Horsepower		HP		
3. Cost/KWH	: P			
4. Pump Cost	: P	• <b></b> .		
5. Amount of Loan	: <del>P</del>			
6. Loan Terms	•	% (interest per	(maxima)	
	·	years (Repaym		
7. Number of Households		Jears (Repayin	сні геноа)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
B. COMPUTATION OF MONTHLY	EXPENSES (Omit n	ion-applicable item	(c)	
and the second	•			
1. Operations a. Salaries				
	X		= P	
b. Office Supplies c. Power	X		= P	
d. Chemical	X	•	= P	
	X	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	= P	
e. Miscellaneous	X		= P	
				<b>N</b>
2. Asset Replacement		· · ·		
a. Pump	/		= P	· · ·
1 51 11		Life (mos.)		
b. Pipelines	/		= P	
	· · · · ·	Life (mos.)		1997 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 -
c. Tank			= P	1
		Life (mos.)	a de la construction de	
d. Others	/		= P	1.1
<b>3 .</b>		Life (mos.)		
3. Amortization	X		_ = P	
	(CRF)	(Loan Amt.)		
4. Maintenance (2% of Ca	pital Equipt.costs and	nually)	· · · ·	
.02 X	/12		= P	•
6. Total Monthly Expenses	· · ·		= P	
C. COMPUTATION OF WATER FEI	E			
Monthly Water Fee Per Household	•			
			- D	
(Total Monthly	Expenses)	of HH)	= P	4
(Total Monthly)	underses) (NO	. or nnj		<b>N</b> .

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## Annex 13 AVAILABILITY OF LOCAL EQUITY

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### 9.5 Community Development

### 9.5.2 CD Structure and Linkages

#### Responsibilities and Qualifications of a CO/CD Worker

### 1. Tasks of a CD/CO Worker

### (a) As Facilitator

 Enhances individual and group strengths and helps minimize weaknesses and conflicts; ()

- ➢ Heightens community unity; and,
- > Assists individuals and groups to respond to common interests.

### (b) As Trainor and Educator

- > Discerns educational needs of people;
- Helps in consciousness-raising to enable group or individual capability development;
- Assists leaders in developing new leaders;
- Continually dialogues with people; and,
- > Helps develop self-determination among leaders and members.

#### (c) As Advocate

- Helps analyze and articulate critical issues;
- > Assists others to understand and reflect upon these issues; and
- > Evokes and provokes relevant discussion and actions.

#### (d) As Researcher

- > Conducts social analysis
- > Engages in participatory research with the people as partners;
- > Helps create research designs for people's use and interest; and
- > Integrates with the people to understand social phenomenon from the people's viewpoint.

### (e) As Planner

- Conducts initial analysis of area resources and potentials;
- > Assists local group's planning, strategizing and creative action; and
- > Helps systematize people's actions to attain desired goals.

### (f) As Catalyst

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- Initiates discussions and actions regarding critical issues; and
- Monitors and nurtures growth of individuals and groups to facilitate long-term social change for people's welfare.

### 2. Personal characteristics of a CD/CO Worker

- a) Must possess an innate and genuine love for people, which enables them to share with the people in their desire for change;
- b) Must have a commitment to help people in the desire to participate in changing society. The commitment sustains them and enables them to persevere.
- c) Must have a basic trust in the people, be willing to learn from them, and have faith with them.
- d) Must be adaptable, flexible, able to adjust to people and circumstances and able to move with people when and where they decide to move.
- c) Must be ready to learn and unlearn, be open to self-assessment and accept criticism; be able to drop pre-determined notions and stereotypes; and swallow their pride while remaining resourceful in the process.
- Must have patience with people but not with situations so that they can keep the people moving. The people must not be pushed. A CO must keep pace with them.
- g) Must be able to analyze problems, communicate with the people in their own language and work at the people's level. Only then can they start a process of critical awareness.
- h) Must be able to follow the growth of critical awareness by generating with the people appropriate action towards change and transformation of the community.

### 3. Lifestyle and Method of Work of CD/CO Worker

### (a) In Method of Work

- People-oriented, i.e. serving the interest of the people by not insisting on own project proposals.
- Able to work informally among people, and not be overburdened with committee structures.
- > Able to protect the community from outside intervention such as inappropriate projects.

(b) In Lifestyle

- > Humble, simple and immerse oneself in the life of the community;
- > Free of self-interest and committed, and expects no reward;
- > Able to identify with the people, see themselves as different, and be aware of the limitations of such;

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- > Open to be transformed by identification with, and involvement in the community;
- > Able to develop the internal strength to accept frustrations and loneliness at times.

### 4. The CD/CO Worker: A Catalyst, Missionary and Visionary

- a) He/she works with people, not for them.
- b) He/she considers people as intelligent and with numerous experiences.
- c) He/she lets the people grow.
- d) He/she builds up the people's cohesiveness.
- e) He/she builds up the people's organization.
- f) He/she believes that people can change and can bring about change in society.

### 5. Desired Characteristics of a CD/CO Worker

- a) Should have respect for and faith in the people they are working with; believe in the potential power and age-old wisdom of the masses.
- b) Should go to the people as learners, not as teachers; listen more than talk; facilitate more than lead. Should not have the messianic or redeemed complex but instead believe that it is the masses who will be their own redeemer.
- c) Should try to know the people, their socio-economic, political and cultural situation and problems before starting any program or action.
- d) Should be simple and austere in lifestyle.
- e) Should have the capacity and humility to withdraw as soon as the people are ready to manage their own affairs; aims at becoming dispensable.
- f) Capable of improving other's skills and knowledge.
- g) Is needed in order to maintain the community's interest and participation, as well as, to maintain and accelerate the momentum needed.
- h) Requires that the CO be at least several steps ahead of the community, but having in mind the direction of the community will be going and how to reach the desired goals.