

## CHAPTER 5 PLAN OF WATER SUPPLY FOR SMALL RURAL AREA

Deep wells were applied for water resources development in small rural areas. Assuming that a deep well is installed in each village with 100 inhabitants by unit supply rate of 70 lit./capita/day, a deep well should supply 7 m<sup>3</sup>/day of residential water. As expected yield in Sergipe State is estimated to be 40~600m<sup>3</sup>/day, a deep well has enough water potential. Taking into account of 10% of water loss rate and fresh water rate according to aquifers, the required number of wells and desalinizers in 2020 is estimated by municipalities and shown in Table-5.2.

The plan of water resources development and supply is shown in Table-5.1 and Figure-5.1. Additionally, present water supply facilities is planned to be gradually replaced to private-tap systems, then present water supply capacity will be decreased toward 2020.

Table-5.1 Plan of Water Resources Development and Supply for Small Rural Area

PRESENT WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM						
Name	Water Source			Present Water Supply Capacity		
Small Rural Area (Single Well System)	Deep Well Development			2,333 m <sup>3</sup> /day		
POPULATION PROJECTION						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Population	144,907	144,750	145,802	148,735	154,000	162,311
WATER DEMAND PROJECTION						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
<b>&lt;Municipal Water&gt;</b>						
Unit Consumption Rate (lit/day/capita)	70	70	70	70	70	70
Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	10,143	10,132	10,206	10,411	10,780	11,362
Water Supply Rate (%)	48.4	52.7	59.9	67.3	75.1	83.3
Planned Water Consumption (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	4,913	5,343	6,119	7,012	8,092	9,468
Water Loss Rate (%)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Necessary Water Supply (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	5,458	5,936	6,798	7,791	8,991	10,520
Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	3,125	3,755	4,871	6,117	7,571	9,353
WATER SUPPLY PROGRAM						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Present Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	2,333	2,181	1,928	1,674	1,420	1,167
(I) Deep Well Development	0	1,220	3,253	5,286	7,320	9,353
Planned Water Supply (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	2,333	3,401	5,181	6,960	8,740	10,520

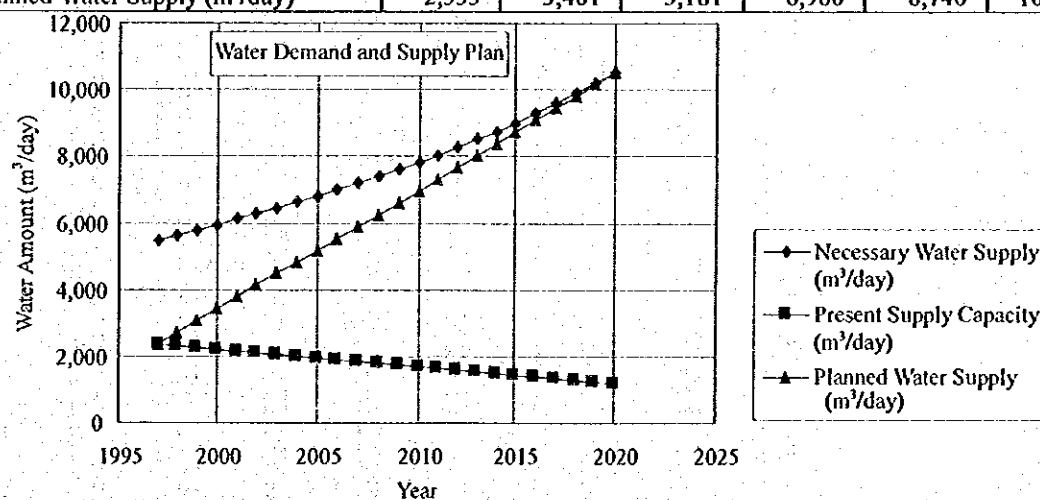


Figure-5.1 Plan of Water Resources Development and Supply for Small Rural Area  
Table-5.2 Plan of Small Rural Water Supply in 2020



## CHAPTER 6 PLAN OF IRRIGATION WATER SUPPLY

Irrigation water resources development plan is proposed in Table-6.1. Of the eight proposed projects, water resources development for Sao Francisco and Vaza Barris projects are newly proposed as following multi-purpose projects with domestic and industrial water supply project.

- Xingo Dam Pipeline Project
- Vaza Barris Dam Project

Another six projects were proposed by COHIDRO. In view of water resources, the three irrigation projects to draw water from Sao Francisco River have no water source problem because of plenty water resources. The Ladeirashas irrigation projects is located in the east side of Sergipe State, around where has large surface potential. Although Mundeu River has no flow data, Santo Antonio River near Ladeirashas site has abundant surface potential of about 140 m<sup>3</sup>/s/km<sup>2</sup> of (Q7,10) discharge. The irrigation projects of Entre Rios and Estancinha are located in Piauitinga River Basin, which has surface potential of 50-120 m<sup>3</sup>/s/km<sup>2</sup> of (Q7,10) discharge. Therefore these irrigation projects are estimated to be feasible in view of water resources.

Table-6.1 Plan of Irrigation Water Resources Development

Project Name	Irrigation Area (ha)	Peak Irrigation Water (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Water Sources	Water Resources Development Plan
Quixabeira	3,668	2.944	SFR: Direct Intake from Xingo Dam Reservoir	The irrigation site is located 11 km upstream from the dam. Thus irrigation water should be abstracted from the Xingo Dam reservoir with direct intake facilities.
Jacare-Curitiba	3,681	3.051	SFR: Xingo Dam Conduit	This is a on-going project, which has been constructing pipeline from Xingo Dam conduit to the irrigation site.
Sao Francisco	16,000	10.454	SFR: Xingo Dam Conduit	To utilize the water from two conduits prepared for Sergipe State. This project should be implemented as a multi-purpose project with domestic and industrial water supply sector.
Ladeirashas	890	0.721	Mundeu R./ JR: New Dam	The irrigation site is located in the place with high potential of both surface water and groundwater as well as water quality. Mundeu River Dam to be constructed is the water sources of irrigation.
Jacarecica II	1,100	1.097	Jacarecica R./ SR: Jacarecica II Dam	The dam construction, which has been implemented by CEHOP, is almost complete but the irrigation pipeline and land reclamation has not yet been constructed.
Vaza Barris	2,500	2.912	VR: Vaza Barris Dam	The dam is planned in the main stream of Vaza Barris River at 2 km downstream from the Ribeira River confluence. This project should be implemented as a multi-purpose project with domestic and industrial water supply sector.
Entre Rios	261	0.180	Grotão R. or Quebradas R. and Piauitinga R./PR: Direct Intake	The irrigation site is located in the place with high potential of both surface water and groundwater as well as water quality. Since water requirement is small, direct intake from Quebradas River and Piauitinga River is estimated to be possible.
Estancinha	109	0.062	Piauitinga River	The irrigation site is located in the place with high potential of both surface water and groundwater as well as water quality. Since water requirement is small, direct intake from Piauitinga River is estimated to be possible.

## CHAPTER 7 WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOR RIVER BASINS

### 7.1 Plan of Sao Francisco River Basin

#### (1) Water Demand and Shortage

Water demand and shortage in Sao Francisco River basin is estimated as shown in Table-7.1.

**Table-7.1 Water Demand and Shortage in Sao Francisco River Basin**

River	Year	1997	1998	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Urban and Large Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	34,679	35,502	37,150	47,808	60,945	77,542	98,762
	Private Industrial Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	6,773	7,170	7,964	11,620	15,725	20,240	24,418
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	40,744	41,294	42,395	52,108	63,609	78,080	97,646
	-Industrial Water	370	387	421	2,508	6,549	13,189	24,100
	-Municipal Water: Urban Area	31,660	32,169	33,188	40,788	48,234	56,050	64,675
	-Municipal Water: Large Rural Area	8,714	8,738	8,736	8,813	8,825	8,840	8,871
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	28,472	28,472	28,472	28,472	28,472	28,472	28,472
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	12,273	12,823	13,923	23,637	35,137	49,608	69,175
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	43	45	49	83	123	174	243
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	14,727	15,387	16,708	28,364	42,164	59,530	83,010
Small Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	2,332	2,306	2,255	2,147	2,060	1,992	1,941
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	866	914	1,010	1,231	1,432	1,619	1,797
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	369	361	345	305	265	225	185
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	496	553	665	926	1,167	1,394	1,612
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	134	154	193	303	440	620	873
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	866	914	1,010	1,231	1,432	1,619	1,797

#### (2) Plan of Water Resources Development and Supply

Plan of water resources development and supply in Sao Francisco River basin for the target year 2020 is shown in Table-7.3 and Figure-7.1. Source water to be developed within the basin and supply water to be consumed inside of the basin are explained in Table-7.2 and summarized as follows:

- As for urban and large rural water supply, 242 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day of water is newly developed within the basin. Of this source water, 69 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (29 %) of water is supplied to the own basin and 173 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (71 %) to other basins. Supply water into the basin is supplied with almost 100% from the own basin.
- Surface water is the main source in the basin, accounting for 98 % in domestic/industrial water supply and for 99.7 % include irrigation water.
- Irrigation water is supplied from the own basin by surface water, occupying 85 % of total inner source water.

**Table-7.2 Source and Supply Water in Sao Francisco River**

Item	U/L Rural			S Rural	Irrigation	Total		
	S/W	G/W	Total	G/W	S/W	S/W	G/W	Total
Source water to inner basin	66,525	2,565	69,090	1,612	1,421,227	1,487,752	4,177	1,491,929
Source water to outer basin	172,816	49	172,865	-	-	172,816	49	172,865
Total inner source water	239,341	2,614	241,955	1,612	1,421,227	1,660,568	4,226	1,664,794
Supply water from inner source	66,525	2,565	69,090	1,612	1,421,227	1,487,752	4,177	1,491,929
Supply water from outer source	0	85	85	-	-	0	85	85
Total supply water	66,525	2,650	69,175	1,612	1,421,227	1,487,752	4,262	1,492,014

Note: Source water in U/L rural is expressed as supply water base.

Table-7.3 Water Resources Development Plan of Sao Francisco River Basin

Project	Water Resources	Source Water Development (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Benefited Municipality	Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)			
				Total	Inner Water Source	Outer Water Source	
Municipal/Industrial Water Supply	Surface Water	287,211	-	239,341	66,525	172,816	
	Groundwater	4,853	-	4,311	4,262	49	
Urban and Large Rural Area (Total)	Surface Water	287,211	-	239,341	66,525	172,816	
	Groundwater	3,241	-	2,699	2,650	49	
Urban and Large Rural Area (Inside)	Surface Water	287,211	-	239,311	66,525	172,816	
	Groundwater	3,139	-	2,614	2,565	49	
Urban and Large Rural Area (Outside)	Surface Water	0	-	0	0	0	
	Groundwater	102	-	85	85	0	
Integrated System (Total)	Surface Water	256,531	-	213,776	40,960	172,816	
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0	
Integrated System (Inside)	Surface Water	256,531	-	213,776	40,960	172,816	
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0	
Integrated System (Outside)	Surface Water	0	-	0	0	0	
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0	
Sao Francisco	SFR: Direct Intake at Propria (north)	181,919	Total	151,600	0	151,600	
			Laranjeiras (SR)	61,090	0	61,090	
			Aracaju (SR/VR)	63,799	0	63,799	
			N. S. do Socorro (SR)	26,711	0	26,711	
Xingo Dam	SFR: Xingo Dam Conduit	52,799	Total	43,999	25,260	18,739	
			Caninde do S. F.	18,484	18,484	0	
			N. S. da Gloria	13,473	6,776	6,697	
			Carira	3,033	0	3,033	
			Frei Paulo	3,031	0	3,031	
			N. S. Aparecida	831	0	831	
			Pedra Mole	186	0	186	
			Pinhao	797	0	797	
			Ribeiropolis	2,064	0	2,064	
			Sao Miguel do A.	226	0	226	
			Moita Bonita	1,875	0	1,875	
			Propria	SFR: Direct Intake at Propria (south)	7,427	Total	6,189
Malhada dos Bois	830	814				16	
Cedro de Sao Joao	155	155				0	
Propria	5,097	5,097				0	
Telha	107	107				0	
Alto Sertao	SFR: Direct Intake at Amparo do Sao Francisco	6,594 New Dev. 1,879	Total	5,495	5,495	0	
			Monte Alegre de S.	2,507	2,507	0	
			Poco Redondo	1,808	1,808	0	
			Porto da Folha	1,180	1,180	0	
Sertaneja	SFR: Direct Intake at Porto da Folha	7,792 New Dev. 0	Total	6,493	4,032	2,461	
			Feira Nova	1,891	0	1,891	
			Gararu: (half of large Rural)	135	135	0	
			Gracho Cardoso	416	221	195	
			Itabi	387	387	0	
			Aquidaba	2,202	2,179	23	
			Cumbe	287	0	287	
			Amparo de S. F.	126	126	0	
			Canhoba	0	0	0	
			N. S. de Lourdes	1,050	1,050	0	
Independent System (Total)	Surface Water	30,680	-	25,565	25,565	0	
	Groundwater	3,241	-	2,699	2,650	49	
Independent System (Inside)	Surface Water	30,680	-	25,565	25,565	0	
	Groundwater	3,139	-	2,614	2,565	49	
Independent System (Outside)	Surface Water	0	-	0	0	0	
	Groundwater	102	-	85	85	0	
Gararu (Urban and Half of Large Rural)	SFR: Direct Intake	612	Gararu (urban and half of large rural)	510	510	0	
Muribeca	Deep Well: 0/7 wells	2	Muribeca	2	2	0	
Brejo Grande	Deep Well: 2/2 wells	867	Brejo Grande	722	722	0	
Ilha das Flores	Deep Well: 2/2 wells	946	Ilha das Flores	788	788	0	
Neopolis	SFR: Direct Intake	20,300	Neopolis	16,916	16,916	0	
Santana do Sao Francisco	SFR: Direct Intake	4,610	Santana do S. F.	3,841	3,841	0	
Japarutuba	Deep Well: 0/16 wells	100	Japarutuba	83	83	0	
Japoata	Deep Well: 4/4 wells	566	Japoata	471	436	35	
Pacatuba	Santo Antonio R/ Betume R/ SFR	5,158	Pacatuba	4,298	4,298	0	
Pirambu	Deep Well: 1/7 wells	312	Pirambu	260	260	0	
Sao Francisco	Deep Well: 4/4 wells	448	Sao Francisco	373	359	14	
Small Rural Area	Groundwater	1,612	-	1,612	1,612	0	
Single Well System	Deep Well: 2/7 wells	1,612	-	1,612	1,612	0	
Irrigation W. Supply	Surface Water	1,421,227	-	1,421,227	1,421,227	0	
Quixabeira	SFR: Direct Intake from Xingo Dam Reservoir	254,394	-	254,394	254,394	0	
Jacare-Curituba	SFR: Xingo Dam Conduit	263,607	-	263,607	263,607	0	
Sao Francisco	SFR: Xingo Dam Conduit	903,226	-	903,226	903,226	0	

Note: Italic characters mean outer water resources of this river basin.

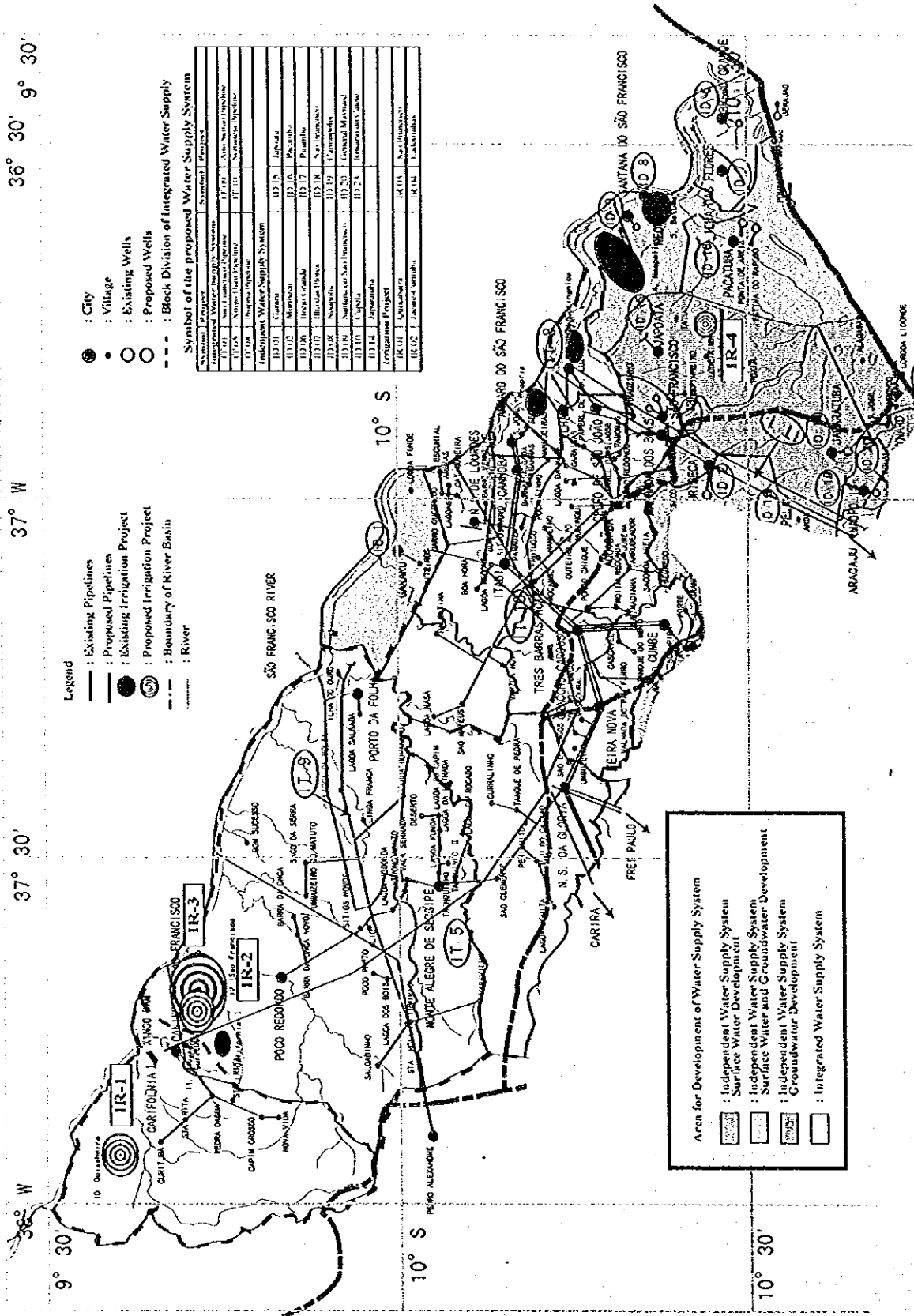


Figure-7.1 Water Resources Development Plan of São Francisco River Basin

## 7.2 Plan of Japaratuba River Basin

### (1) Water Demand and Shortage

Water demand and shortage in Japaratuba River basin is estimated as shown in Table-7.4.

**Table-7.4 Water Demand and Shortage in Japaratuba River Basin**

River	Year	1997	1998	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Urban and Large Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	27,816	28,982	31,313	39,583	50,018	63,303	80,271
	Private Industrial Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	15,791	16,717	18,569	23,324	28,660	35,239	42,891
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	18,140	18,405	18,935	23,645	30,183	38,316	49,174
	Industrial Water	4	5	5	2,362	6,381	11,670	19,183
	Municipal Water: Urban Area	15,525	15,746	16,186	18,326	20,593	23,109	25,998
	Municipal Water: Large Rural Area	2,611	2,655	2,744	2,958	3,210	3,537	3,993
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	14,312	14,312	14,312	14,312	14,312	14,312	14,312
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	3,828	4,093	4,623	9,333	15,871	24,004	34,862
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	27	29	32	65	111	168	244
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	4,594	4,911	5,547	11,199	19,045	28,805	41,834
Small Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	754	755	757	768	788	821	873
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	415	427	451	516	592	685	809
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	177	173	165	146	127	108	89
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	238	254	285	370	465	578	720
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	134	147	173	253	366	536	814
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	498	512	541	619	710	822	971

### (2) Plan of Water Resources Development and Supply

Plan of water resources development and supply in Japaratuba River basin for the target year 2020 is shown in Table-7.6 and Figure-7.2. Source water to be developed within the basin and supply water to be consumed inside of the basin are explained in Table-7.5 and summarized as follows:

- As for urban and large rural water supply, 35.2 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day of water is newly developed within the basin. Of this source water, 33.2 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (94 %) of water is supplied to the own basin and 2.0 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (6 %) to other basins. Supply water into the basin is supplied with 95% from the own basin.
- Surface and ground water sources in the basin is nearly equal, accounting for 48 % and 52 % respectively in water supply for urban and large rural area, but 81 % and 19 % if including small rural and irrigation water supply.
- Irrigation water is supplied from the own basin by surface water, occupying 63 % of total inner source water.

**Table-7.5 Source and Supply Water in Japaratuba River**

Item	U/L Rural			S Rural	Irrigation	Total		
	S/W	G/W	Total	G/W	S/W	S/W	G/W	Total
Source water to inner basin	15,025	18,204	33,229	720	62,300	77,325	18,924	96,249
Source water to outer basin	1,871	99	1,970	-	-	1,871	99	1,970
Total inner source water	16,896	18,303	35,199	720	62,300	79,196	19,023	98,219
Supply water from inner source	15,025	18,204	33,229	720	62,300	77,325	18,924	96,249
Supply water from outer source	1,493	140	1,633	-	-	1,493	140	1,633
Total supply water	16,518	18,344	34,862	720	62,300	78,818	19,064	97,882

Note: Source water in U/L rural is expressed as supply water base.

Table-7.6 Water Resources Development Plan of Japarutuba River Basin

Project	Water Resources	Source Water Development (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Benefited Municipality	Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)		
				Total	Inner Water Source	Outer Water Source
Municipal/Industrial Water Supply	Surface Water	35,495	-	29,578	16,518	13,060
	Groundwater	22,854	-	19,023	19,061	99
Urban and Large Rural Area (Total)	Surface Water	35,495	-	29,578	16,518	13,060
	Groundwater	22,134	-	18,303	18,341	99
Urban and Large Rural Area (Inside)	Surface Water	20,276	-	16,896	15,025	1,871
	Groundwater	21,966	-	18,303	18,204	99
Urban and Large Rural Area (Outside)	Surface Water	15,219	-	12,682	1,493	11,189
	Groundwater	168	-	140	140	0
Integrated System (Total)	Surface Water	15,219	-	12,682	1,493	11,189
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Integrated System (Inside)	Surface Water	0	-	0	0	0
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Integrated System (Outside)	Surface Water	15,219	-	12,682	1,493	11,189
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
<i>Propria</i>	<i>SFR: Direct Intake at Propria (south)</i>	7,427	<i>Total</i>	<i>6,189</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>6,173</i>
			<i>Matxada dos Bois</i>	<i>830</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>814</i>
			<i>Cedro de Sao Joao</i>	<i>155</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>155</i>
			<i>Propria</i>	<i>5,097</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>5,097</i>
			<i>Telha</i>	<i>107</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>107</i>
<i>Sertaneja</i>	<i>SFR: Direct Intake at Porto da Folha</i>	New Dev: 7,792	<i>Total</i>	<i>6,493</i>	<i>1,477</i>	<i>5,016</i>
			<i>Feira Nova</i>	<i>1,891</i>	<i>972</i>	<i>919</i>
			<i>Gararu: (half of large Rural)</i>	<i>135</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>135</i>
			<i>Gracho Cardoso</i>	<i>416</i>	<i>195</i>	<i>221</i>
			<i>Itobi</i>	<i>387</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>387</i>
			<i>Aquidaba</i>	<i>2,202</i>	<i>23</i>	<i>2,179</i>
			<i>Cumbe</i>	<i>287</i>	<i>287</i>	<i>0</i>
			<i>Amparo de S. F.</i>	<i>126</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>126</i>
			<i>Canhoba</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>N. S. de Lourdes</i>	<i>1,050</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1,050</i>			
Independent System (Total)	Surface Water	20,276	-	16,896	15,025	1,871
	Groundwater	22,134	-	18,443	18,344	99
Independent System (Inside)	Surface Water	20,276	-	16,896	15,025	1,871
	Groundwater	21,966	-	18,303	18,204	99
Independent System (Outside)	Surface Water	0	-	0	0	0
	Groundwater	168	-	140	140	0
Muribeca	Deep Well: 7/7 wells	558	Muribeca	465	463	2
Nossa Senhora das Dores	Pinol R / Siriri R / JR	3,963	Nossa Senhora das Dores	3,302	1,440	1,862
Capela	Siriri R / JR, Adeira R / JR	8,033	Capela	6,694	6,694	0
Divina Pastora	Deep Well: 0 4 wells	26	Divina Pastora	22	22	-
Siriri	Deep Well: 4/5 wells	618	Siriri	515	515	0
Japarutuba	Deep Well: 16/16 wells	3,353	Japarutuba	2,791	2,711	83
Japoata	Deep Well: 0 4 wells	42	Japoata	35	35	-
Pirambu	Deep Well: 6/7 wells	2,286	Pirambu	1,905	1,905	0
Sao Francisco	Deep Well: 0 4 wells	17	Sao Francisco	14	14	-
Carmopolis	Deep Well: 4/4 wells	1,070	Carmopolis	891	891	0
General Maynard	Deep Well: 3/3 wells	466	General Maynard	388	388	0
Maruim	Deep Well: 0 19 wells	48	Maruim	40	40	-
Rosario do Catete	Siriri R / JR	8,280	Rosario do Catete	6,900	6,891	9
	Deep Well: 50/50 wells	12,758		10,631	10,617	14
Santo Amaro das Brotas	Deep Well: 0 3 wells	35	Santo Amaro das Brotas	29	29	-
Barra dos Coqueiros	Deep Well: 1/13 wells	857	Barra dos Coqueiros	714	714	0
Small Rural Area	Groundwater	720	-	720	720	0
Single Well System	Deep Well: 104 wells	720	-	720	720	0
Irrigation W. Supply	Surface Water	62,300	-	62,300	62,300	0
Ladeirinhas	Mundeu R / JR: New Dam	62,300	-	62,300	62,300	0

Note: Italic characters mean outer water resources of this river basin.



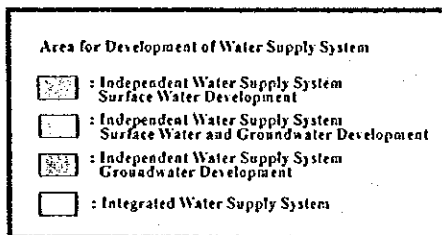
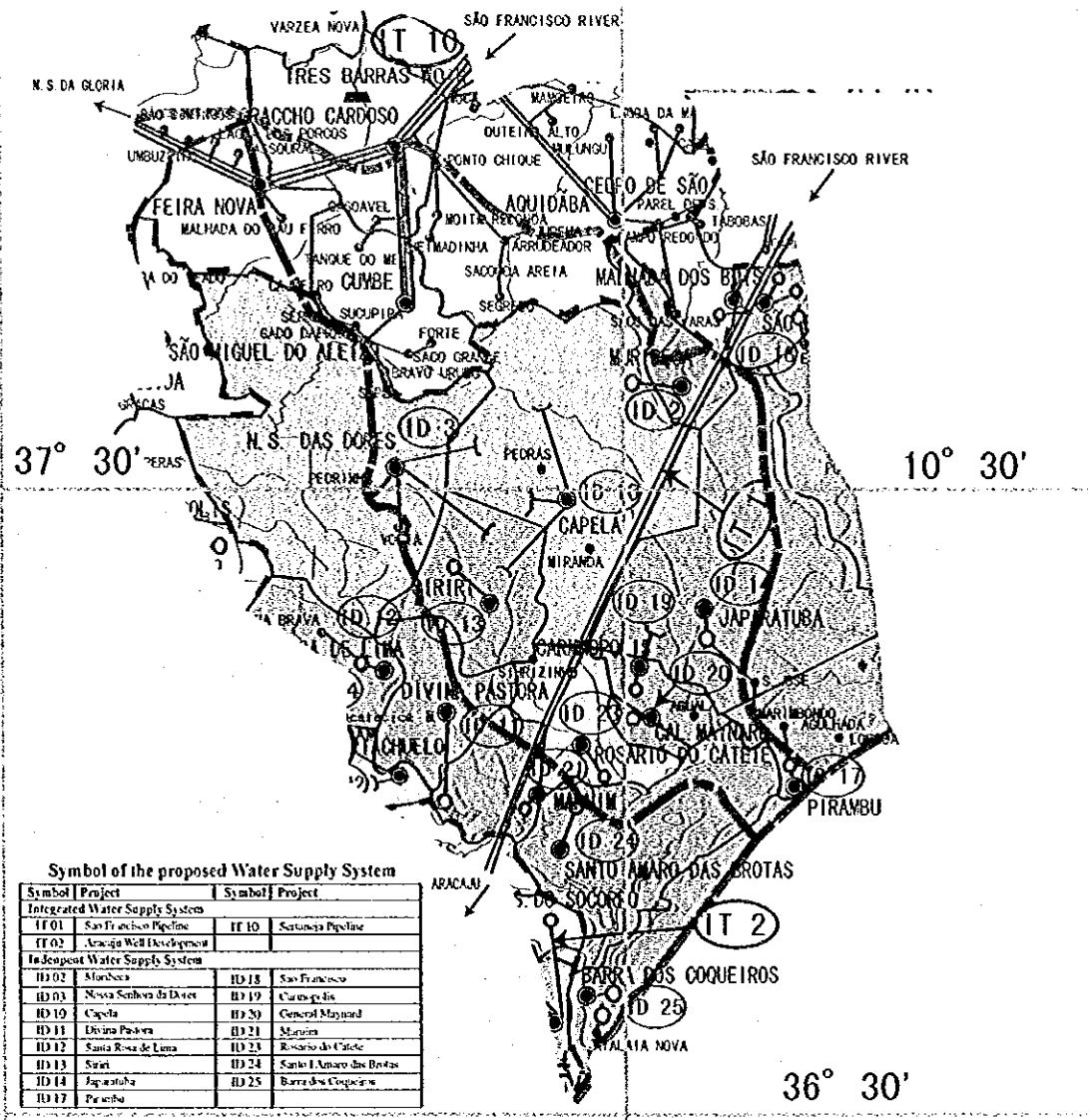


Figure-7.2 Water Resources Development Plan of Japarutuba River Basin

### 7.3 Plan of Sergipe River Basin

#### (1) Water Demand and Shortage

Water demand and shortage in Sergipe River basin is estimated as shown in Table-7.7.

**Table-7.7 Water Demand and Shortage in Sergipe River Basin**

River	Year	1997	1998	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Urban and Large Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	271,523	283,391	307,127	363,208	433,888	522,545	633,454
	Private Industrial Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	129,772	137,382	152,601	183,363	218,398	258,066	302,250
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	233,993	238,803	248,424	274,895	313,711	367,323	439,623
	Industrial Water	17,516	18,314	19,911	38,076	63,578	98,854	147,057
	Municipal Water: Urban Area	215,141	218,807	226,138	232,705	244,062	259,941	280,679
	Municipal Water: Large Rural Area	1,336	1,682	2,375	4,114	6,071	8,528	11,887
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	180,272	180,272	180,272	180,272	180,272	180,272	180,272
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	53,722	58,532	68,152	94,624	133,439	187,051	259,352
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	30	32	38	52	74	104	144
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	64,466	70,238	81,782	113,549	160,127	224,461	311,222
Small Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,702	1,710	1,724	1,806	1,958	2,209	2,600
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,047	1,066	1,104	1,242	1,463	1,822	2,408
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	448	438	418	370	321	272	224
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	600	628	686	872	1,142	1,550	2,184
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	134	144	164	236	356	569	976
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,047	1,066	1,104	1,242	1,463	1,822	2,408

#### (2) Plan of Water Resources Development and Supply

Plan of water resources development and supply in Sergipe River basin for the target year 2020 is shown in Table-7.9 and Figure-7.3. Source water to be developed within the basin and supply water to be consumed inside of the basin are explained in Table-7.8 and summarized as follows:

- As for urban and large rural water supply, 54.9 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day of water is newly developed within the basin. Of this source water, 52.6 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (96 %) of water is supplied to the own basin and 2.3 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (4 %) to other basins. Of 259.4 m<sup>3</sup>/day of total supply water, 80 % of water comes from other basins (mainly from Sao Francisco River) and 20 % inside of the basin.
- Groundwater sources are larger than surface water sources, occupying 69 % and 31 % respectively in water supply for urban and large rural area. To the contrary, surface water sources become larger than groundwater sources if including small rural and irrigation water, accounting for 74 % and 26 % respectively.
- Irrigation water is supplied from the own basin by surface water, occupying 62 % of total inner source water.

**Table-7.8 Source and Supply Water in Sergipe River**

Item	U/L Rural			S Rural	Irrigation	Total		
	S/W	G/W	Total	G/W	S/W	S/W	G/W	Total
Source water to inner basin	14,651	37,932	52,583	2,184	94,742	109,393	40,116	149,509
Source water to outer basin	2,190	91	2,281	-	-	2,190	91	2,281
Total inner source water	16,841	38,023	54,864	2,184	94,742	111,583	40,207	151,790
Supply water from inner source	14,651	37,932	52,583	2,184	94,742	109,393	40,116	149,509
Supply water from outer source	206,755	14	206,769	-	-	206,755	14	206,769
Total supply water	221,406	37,946	259,352	2,184	94,742	316,148	40,130	356,278

Note: Source water in U/L rural is expressed as supply water base.

Table-7.9 Water Resources Development Plan of Sergipe River Basin

Project	Water Resources	Source Water Development (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Benefited Municipality	Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)		
				Total	Inner Water Source	Outer Water Source
Municipal/Industrial Water Supply	Surface Water	408,663	-	340,553	221,406	119,147
	Groundwater	47,830	-	40,221	40,130	91
Urban and Large Rural Area (Total)	Surface Water	408,663	-	340,553	221,406	119,147
	Groundwater	45,646	-	38,037	37,946	91
Urban and Large Rural Area (Inside)	Surface Water	20,210	-	16,841	14,651	2,190
	Groundwater	45,629	-	38,023	37,932	91
Urban and Large Rural Area (Outside)	Surface Water	388,453	-	323,712	206,755	116,957
	Groundwater	17	-	14	14	0
Integrated System (Total)	Surface Water	361,082	-	300,903	214,703	86,200
	Groundwater	27,950	-	23,292	23,292	0
Integrated System (Inside)	Surface Water	14,140	-	12,033	9,813	2,190
	Groundwater	27,950	-	23,292	23,292	0
Integrated System (Outside)	Surface Water	346,642	-	288,870	204,860	84,010
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Sao Francisco	SFR: Direct Intake at Propria (north)	181,919	Total	151,600	151,600	0
			Laranjeiras (SR)	61,090	61,090	0
			Aracaju (SR VR)	63,799	63,799	0
			N. S. do Socorro (SR)	26,711	26,711	0
			Total	23,292	23,292	0
Aracaju Well Development	Deep Well: 9 wells	27,950	Total	23,292	23,292	0
			Laranjeiras	9,386	9,386	0
			Aracaju	9,802	9,802	0
			N. S. do Socorro	4,104	4,104	0
			Total	22,200	18,159	4,041
Agreste	Total Jacareica II Dam/SR Cajuiba, Ribeira VR	26,640	Total	4,861	4,669	192
		14,440	Area Branca	2,220	0	2,220
		12,200	Campo do Brito	13,878	13,490	388
			Itabaiana	415	0	415
			Macambira	825	0	825
Xingo Dam	SFR: Xingo Dam Conduit	52,799	Total	43,999	11,901	32,098
			Caninde do S. F.	18,184	0	18,184
			N. S. da Gloria	13,473	6,697	6,776
			Carira	3,033	180	2,853
			Frei Paulo	3,031	28	3,003
			N. S. Aparecida	831	831	0
			Pedra Mole	186	0	186
			Pinhao	797	0	797
			Ribeirópolis	2,064	2,064	0
			Sao Miguel do A.	226	226	0
			Moita Bonita	1,873	1,873	0
			Total	76,611	32,126	44,485
			Area Branca	8,601	8,260	341
			Campo do Brito	3,928	0	3,928
			Itabaiana	24,553	23,866	687
	Macambira	734	0	734		
	Sao Domingos	1,460	0	1,460		
	Poco Verde	1,231	0	1,231		
	Simao Dias	3,032	0	3,032		
	Logarto	29,792	0	29,792		
	Riochão do Dantas	1,280	0	1,280		
Sertaneja	SFR: Direct Intake at Porto da Folha	7,792	Total	6,493	917	5,576
		New Dev. 0	Feira Nova	1,891	917	974
			Gararu: (half of large Rural)	133	0	133
			Gracho Cardoso	416	0	416
			Itobi	387	0	387
			Aquidaba	2,202	0	2,202
			Cumbe	287	0	287
			Amparo de S. F.	126	0	126
			Canhoba	0	0	0
			N. S. de Lourdes	1,050	0	1,050
Independent System (Total)	Surface Water	47,581	-	39,650	6,703	32,947
	Groundwater	17,696	-	14,745	14,654	91
Independent System (Inside)	Surface Water	5,270	-	4,808	4,808	0
	Groundwater	17,679	-	14,731	14,640	91
Independent System (Outside)	Surface Water	41,811	-	34,842	1,895	32,947
	Groundwater	17	-	14	14	0
Nossa Senhora das Dores Malhador	Pinol R./ Siriri R. JR	3,963	Nossa Senhora das Dores	3,302	1,862	1,440
	Vermelho R./ SR	1,162	Malhador	968	968	0
Divina Pastora	Deep Well: 6/6 wells	491	Divina Pastora	409	409	0
	Deep Well: 4/4 wells	575	Divina Pastora	479	452	22
Santa Rosa de Lima	Deep Well: 4/4 wells	368	Santa Rosa de Lima	306	306	0
	Deep Well: 4/5 wells	111	Siriri	92	92	0
Marum	Deep Well: 19/19 wells	3,588	Marum	2,990	2,950	40
	Jacareica R./SR	4,608	Riachuelo	3,840	3,840	0
Riachuelo	Deep Well: 27/27 wells	4,710	Riachuelo	3,925	3,925	0
	Siriri R./ JR	8,280	Rosario do Cotete	6,900	9	6,891
Rosario do Cotete	Deep Well: 0/30 wells	17		14	14	0
	Deep Well: 3/3 wells	968	Santo Amaro das Brotas	807	778	29
Santo Amaro das Brotas	Deep Well: 12/13 wells	6,676	Barra dos Coqueiros	5,563	5,563	0
	Deep Well: 1/26 wells	192	Sao Cristovao	160	160	0
Sao Cristovao	Tejupeba R./ VR	7,280	Itaporanga d'Ajuda	6,067	6	6,061
	Fundo R./ PR	22,288		18,373	18	18,553
Small Rural Area	Groundwater	2,184	-	2,184	2,184	0
	Deep Well: 286 wells	2,184	-	2,184	2,184	0
Single Well System	Surface Water	94,742	-	94,742	94,742	0
	Jacareica II	94,742	-	94,742	94,742	0

Note: Italic characters mean outer water resources of this river basin.

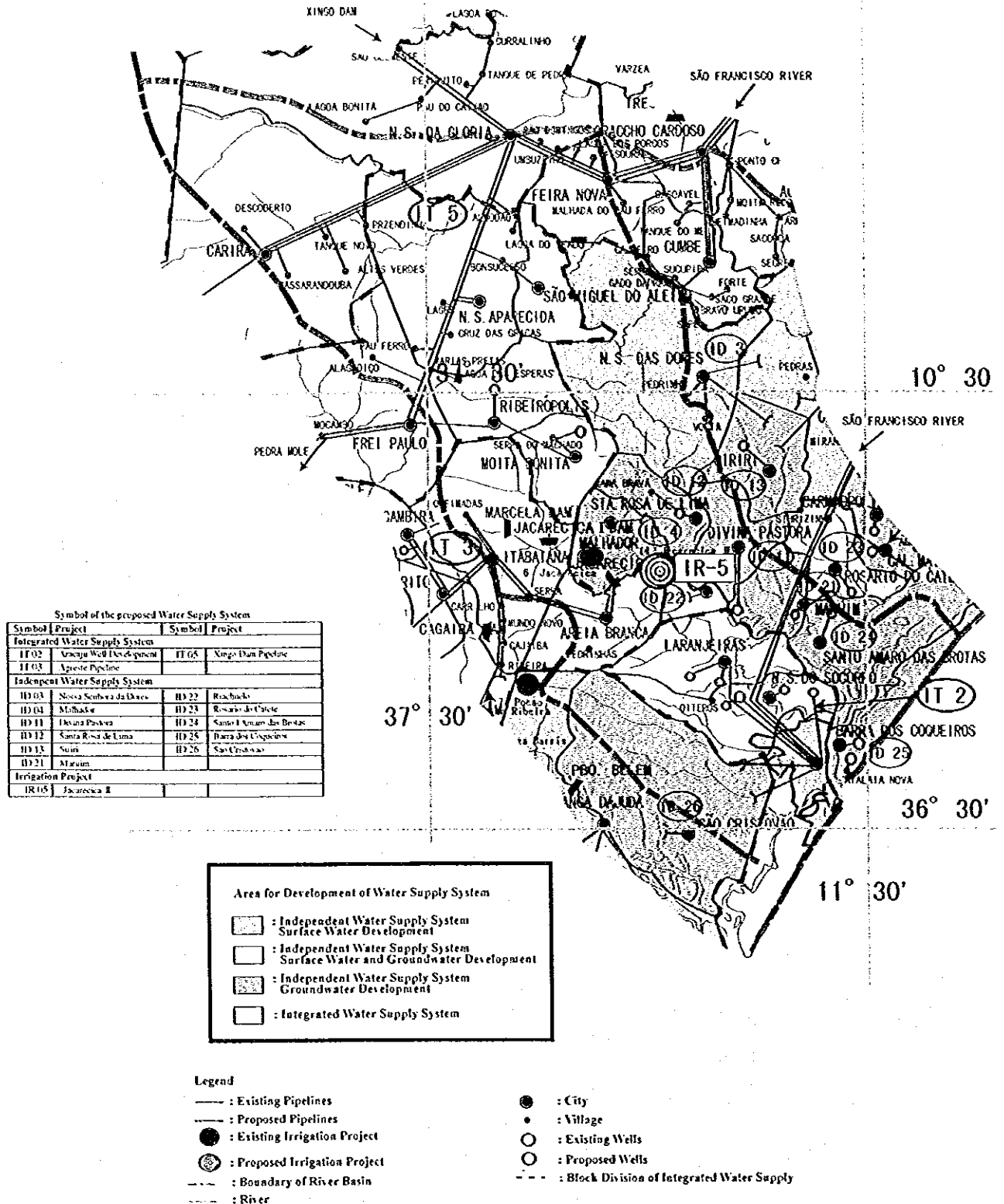


Figure-7.3 Water Resources Development Plan of Sergipe River Basin

## 7.4 Plan of Vaza Barris River Basin

### (1) Water Demand and Shortage

Water demand and shortage in Vaza Barris River basin is estimated as shown in Table-7.10.

**Table-7.10 Water Demand and Shortage in Vaza Barris River Basin**

River	Year	1997	1998	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Urban and Large Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	38,414	39,884	42,822	52,753	65,156	80,796	100,597
	Private Industrial Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	17,458	18,482	20,529	25,602	31,280	38,204	46,204
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	28,542	29,232	30,612	37,663	46,692	57,567	71,488
	Industrial Water	256	268	291	3,030	7,566	13,571	22,032
	Municipal Water: Urban Area	26,733	27,165	28,030	31,231	34,717	38,658	43,236
	Municipal Water: Large Rural Area	1,553	1,799	2,291	3,402	4,408	5,338	6,220
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	23,744	23,744	23,744	23,744	23,744	23,744	23,744
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	4,798	5,488	6,868	13,920	22,948	33,823	47,744
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	20	23	29	59	97	142	201
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	5,757	6,586	8,242	16,704	27,537	40,588	57,293
Small Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,326	1,325	1,325	1,327	1,334	1,345	1,361
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	974	984	1,004	1,058	1,118	1,185	1,260
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	417	408	389	344	299	254	208
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	558	577	615	714	819	931	1,051
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	134	142	158	208	274	367	505
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	974	984	1,004	1,058	1,118	1,185	1,260

### (2) Plan of Water Resources Development and Supply

Plan of water resources development and supply in Vaza Barris River basin for the target year 2020 is shown in Table-7.12 and Figure-7.4. Source water to be developed within the basin and supply water to be consumed inside of the basin are explained in Table-7.11 and summarized as follows:

- As for urban and large rural water supply, 97.3 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day of water is newly developed within the basin. Of this source water, 20.0 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (21 %) of water is supplied to the own basin and 77.3 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (79 %) to other basins. Supply water into the basin is supplied with 42 % from the own basin and 58 % from others.
- Surface water is main sources in the basin, accounting for 95 % in water supply for urban and large rural area and 98 % in total water sources.
- Irrigation water is supplied from the own basin by surface water, occupying 72 % of total inner source water.

**Table-7.11 Source and Supply Water in Vaza Barris River**

Item	U/L Rural			S Rural	Irrigation	Total		
	S/W	G/W	Total			G/W	S/W	S/W
Source water to inner basin	15,521	4,439	19,960	1,051	251,613	267,134	5,490	272,624
Source water to outer basin	77,323	0	77,323	-	-	77,323	0	77,323
Total inner source water	92,844	4,439	97,283	1,051	251,613	344,457	5,490	349,947
Supply water from inner source	15,521	4,439	19,960	1,051	251,613	267,134	5,490	272,624
Supply water from outer source	27,663	121	27,784	-	-	27,663	121	27,784
Total supply water	43,184	4,560	47,744	1,051	251,613	294,797	5,611	300,408

Note: Source water in U/L rural is expressed as supply water base.

**Table-7.12 Water Resources Development Plan of Vaza Barris River Basin**

Project	Water Resources	Source Water Development (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Benefited Municipality	Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)		
				Total	Inner Water Source	Outer Water Source
Municipal/Industrial Water Supply	Surface Water	227,089	-	189,241	43,184	146,057
	Groundwater	16,468	-	13,898	5,611	8,287
Urban and Large Rural Area (Total)	Surface Water	227,089	-	189,241	43,184	146,057
	Groundwater	15,417	-	12,847	4,560	8,287
Urban and Large Rural Area (Inside)	Surface Water	111,412	-	92,845	15,521	77,324
	Groundwater	5,327	-	4,439	4,439	0
Urban and Large Rural Area (Outside)	Surface Water	115,677	-	96,396	27,663	68,734
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	121	8,287
Integrated System (Total)	Surface Water	197,521	-	164,601	18,880	145,721
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	121	8,287
Integrated System (Inside)	Surface Water	104,132	-	86,778	9,537	77,241
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Integrated System (Outside)	Surface Water	93,389	-	77,823	9,343	68,481
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	121	8,287
Agreste	Total	26,640	Total	22,200	4,010	18,160
	<i>Jocarecica II Dam SR</i>	<i>14,410</i>	Areia Branca	4,861	192	4,669
	<i>Cajaiba, Ribeira I/VR</i>	<i>12,200</i>	Campo do Brito	2,220	2,220	0
			Itabaiana	13,878	388	13,490
			Macambira	415	415	0
			Sao Domingos	825	825	0
Piauitinga	Total	36,240	Total: Surface Water	21,791	314	21,477
	<i>Piaui R. and Dam PR</i>	<i>26,150</i>	Total: Groundwater	8,408	121	8,287
	<i>Deep Well (PR)</i>	<i>10,090</i>	Poco Verde	925	0	925
			Simao Dias	4,070	169	3,901
			Lagarto	24,099	266	23,833
			Riachao do Dantas	1,035	0	1,035
Xingo Dam	<i>SFR: Xingo Dam Conduit</i>	52,799	Total	43,999	6,839	37,160
			Caninde do S. E.	18,484	0	18,484
			N. S. da Gloria	13,473	0	13,473
			Carira	3,033	2,853	180
			Frei Paulo	3,031	3,003	28
			N. S. Aparecida	831	0	831
			Pedra Mole	186	186	0
			Pinhao	797	797	0
			Ribetropolis	2,064	0	2,064
			Sao Miguel do A.	226	0	226
			Moita Bonita	1,875	0	1,875
			Vaza Barris Dam	VR (Vaza Barris Dam)	91,932	Total
Areia Branca	8,601	341				8,260
Campo do Brito	3,928	3,928				0
Itabaiana	24,553	687				23,866
Macambira	734	734				0
Sao Domingos	1,460	1,460				0
Poco Verde	1,231	0				1,231
Simao Dias	5,032	209				4,823
Lagarto	29,792	328				29,464
Riachao do Dantas	1,280	0				1,280
Independent System (Total)	Surface Water	29,568	-	24,640	24,304	336
	Groundwater	5,327	-	4,439	4,439	0
Independent System (Inside)	Surface Water	7,280	-	6,067	5,984	83
	Groundwater	5,327	-	4,439	4,439	0
Independent System (Outside)	Surface Water	22,288	-	18,573	18,320	253
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Sao Cristovao	Deep Well: 25/26 wells	5,327	Sao Cristovao	4,439	4,439	0
Itaporanga D'Ajuda	Tejupeba R/ VR	7,280	Itaporanga d'Ajuda	6,067	5,984	83
	<i>Fundo R. PR</i>	<i>22,288</i>		<i>18,573</i>	<i>18,320</i>	<i>253</i>
Small Rural Area	Groundwater	1,051	-	1,051	1,051	0
Single Well System	Deep Well: 140 wells	1,051	-	1,051	1,051	0
Irrigation W. Supply	Surface Water	251,613	-	251,613	251,613	0
Vaza Barris	VR: Vaza Barris Dam	251,613	-	251,613	251,613	0

Note: Italic characters mean outer water resources of this river basin.

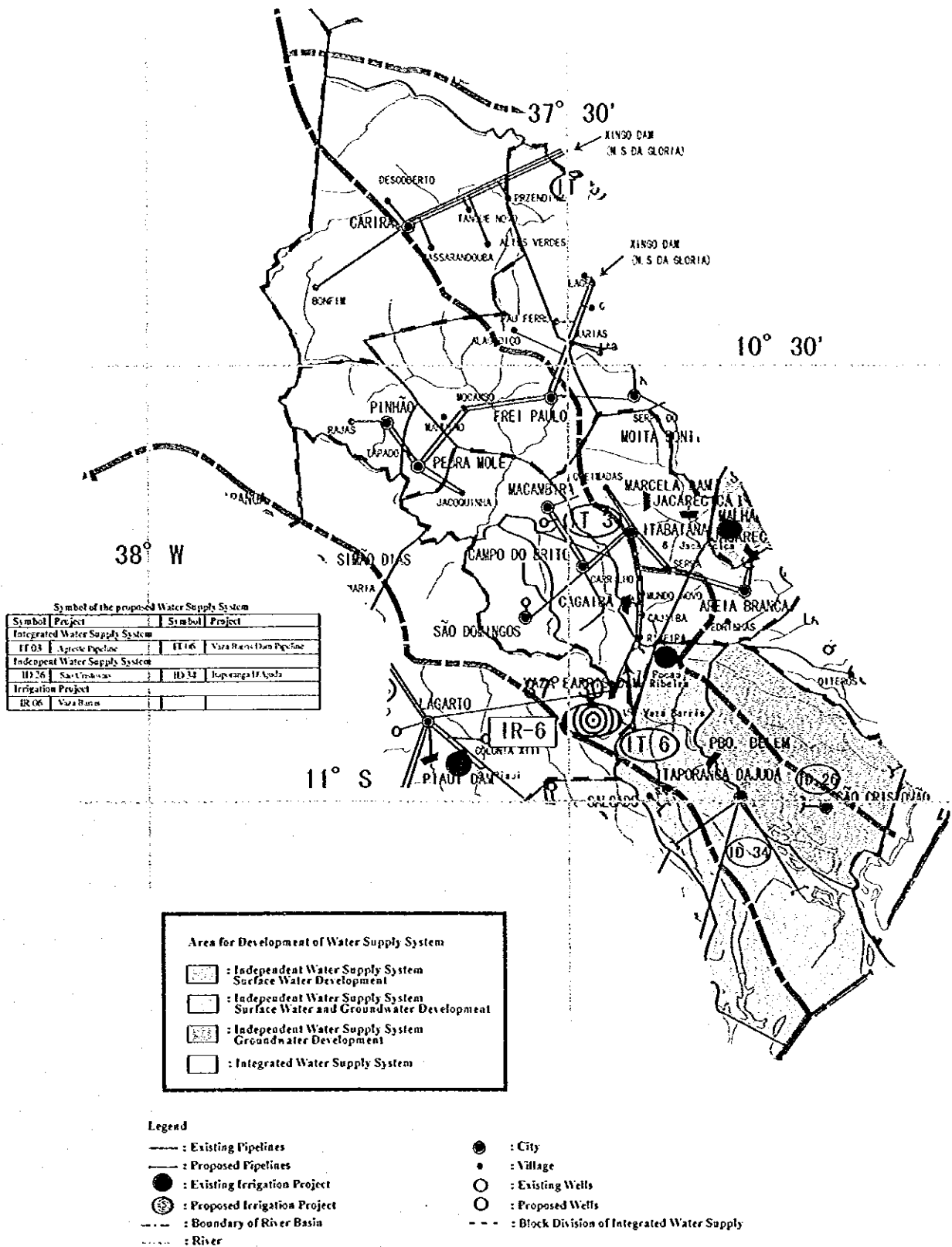


Figure-7.4 Water Resources Development Plan of Vaza Barris River Basin

## 7.5 Plan of Piauí River Basin

### (1) Water Demand and Shortage

Water demand and shortage in Piauí River basin is estimated as shown in Table-7.13.

**Table-7.13 Water Demand and Shortage in Piauí River Basin**

River	Year	1997	1998	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Urban and Large Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	56,118	57,819	61,222	76,388	95,727	120,580	152,577
	Private Industrial Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	20,789	22,008	24,446	30,902	38,006	45,167	52,327
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	47,198	47,933	49,403	62,282	78,936	101,493	131,329
	Industrial Water	104	109	118	6,116	15,637	30,502	51,771
	Municipal Water: Urban Area	41,368	41,664	42,256	47,178	52,520	58,542	65,526
	Municipal Water: Large Rural Area	5,727	6,161	7,029	8,988	10,780	12,449	14,032
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	24,752	24,752	24,752	24,752	24,752	24,752	24,752
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	22,447	23,181	24,651	37,530	54,185	76,741	106,577
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	91	94	100	152	219	310	431
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	26,936	27,818	29,581	45,036	65,022	92,090	127,893
Small Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	2,819	2,825	2,838	2,878	2,929	2,992	3,069
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,473	1,524	1,627	1,897	2,188	2,501	2,842
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	626	613	585	517	449	381	313
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	847	912	1,042	1,380	1,738	2,120	2,529
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	135	149	178	267	387	556	808
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,473	1,524	1,627	1,897	2,188	2,501	2,842

### (2) Plan of Water Resources Development and Supply

Plan of water resources development and supply in Piauí River basin for the target year 2020 is shown in Table-7.15 and Figure-7.5. Source water to be developed within the basin and supply water to be consumed inside of the basin are explained in Table-7.14 and summarized as follows:

- As for urban and large rural water supply, 99.6 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day of water is newly developed within the basin. Of this source water, 70.8 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (71 %) of water is supplied to the own basin and 28.9 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (29 %) to other basins. Supply water into the basin is supplied with 66% from the own basin and 34 % from others.
- Surface water is main sources in the basin, accounting for 87 % in water supply for urban and large rural area and 85 % in total water resources.
- Irrigation water is supplied from the own basin by surface water, occupying 17 % of source water to the own basin.

**Table-7.14 Source and Supply Water in Piauí River**

Item	U/L Rural			S Rural	Irrigation	Total		
	S/W	G/W	Total	G/W	S/W	S/W	G/W	Total
Source water to inner basin	57,897	12,868	70,765	2,529	20,956	78,853	15,397	94,250
Source water to outer basin	28,414	437	28,851	-	-	28,414	437	28,851
Total inner source water	86,311	13,305	99,616	2,529	20,956	107,267	15,834	123,101
Supply water from inner source	57,897	12,868	70,765	2,529	20,956	78,853	15,397	94,250
Supply water from outer source	35,812	0	35,812	-	-	35,812	0	35,812
Total supply water	93,709	12,868	106,577	2,529	20,956	114,665	15,397	130,062

Note: Source water in U/L rural is expressed as supply water base.



Table-7.15 Water Resources Development Plan of Piauí River Basin

Project	Water Resources	Source Water Development (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Benefited Municipality	Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)		
				Total	Inner Water Source	Outer Water Source
Municipal/Industrial Water Supply	Surface Water	213,386	-	177,820	93,709	84,111
	Groundwater	18,496	-	15,834	15,397	437
Urban and Large Rural Area (Total)	Surface Water	213,386	-	177,820	93,709	84,111
	Groundwater	15,967	-	13,305	12,868	437
Urban and Large Rural Area (Inside)	Surface Water	103,575	-	86,311	57,897	28,414
	Groundwater	15,967	-	13,305	12,868	437
Urban and Large Rural Area (Outside)	Surface Water	109,811	-	91,509	35,812	55,697
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Integrated System (Total)	Surface Water	134,067	-	111,722	63,077	48,645
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	7,971	437
Integrated System (Inside)	Surface Water	42,135	-	35,112	27,693	7,419
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	7,971	437
Integrated System (Outside)	Surface Water	91,932	-	76,610	35,384	41,226
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Piauítinga	Total	36,240	Total: Surface Water	21,791	20,657	1,134
	Piauí R. and Dam/PR	26,150	Total: Groundwater	8,408	7,971	437
	Deep Well (PR)	10,090	Poco Verde	995	10	985
			Simão Dias	4,070	3,887	183
			Lagarto	24,099	23,833	266
			Riachão do Dantas	1,035	898	137
Vaza Barris Dam	VR (Vaza Barris Dam)	91,932	Total	76,610	35,384	41,226
			Areia Branca	8,601	0	8,601
			Campo do Brito	3,928	0	3,928
			Itabaiana	24,553	0	24,553
			Mocambira	734	0	734
			São Domingos	1,460	0	1,460
			Poco Verde	1,231	5	1,226
			Simão Dias	5,032	4,806	226
			Lagarto	29,792	29,464	328
			Riachão do Dantas	1,280	1,109	171
Itabaianinha	Guararema R./PR, Indiaroba R./PR	15,985	Total	13,321	7,036	6,285
			Itabaianinha	6,735	3,580	3,155
			Tomar do Geru	2,646	0	2,646
			Umbauba	3,940	3,456	484
Independent System (Total)	Surface Water	79,319	-	66,098	30,632	35,466
	Groundwater	5,877	-	4,897	4,897	0
Independent System (Inside)	Surface Water	61,440	-	51,199	30,204	20,995
	Groundwater	5,877	-	4,897	4,897	0
Independent System (Outside)	Surface Water	17,879	-	14,899	428	14,471
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Tobias Barreto	Jobiberi R. / PR (Jobiberi Dam)	9,273	Tobias Barreto	7,727	46	7,681
Araua	Camboata R./ Araua R./ PR	1,128	Araua	940	940	0
	Deep Well: 18/18 wells	888		740	740	0
Boquim	Gaiangal R./ Araua R./ PR	3,515	Boquim	2,929	2,929	0
Cristinápolis	Itamirim R./ PR	3,186	Cristinápolis	2,656	0	2,656
	Tributary/ Araua R./ PR	1,480	Pedrinhas	1,233	1,233	0
Pedrinhas	Deep Well: 9/9 wells	497		414	414	0
	Grilo R./ Piauítinga R./ PR	2,496	Salgado	2,080	2,080	0
Salgado	Deep Well: 16/16 wells	992		826	826	0
	Estandia	Piauítinga R./ PR. PR (Main River)	25,010	Estandia	20,841	20,841
Deep Well: 50/50 wells		3,500		2,917	2,917	0
Indiaroba	Paripe R. / RR: Expansion	1,326	Indiaroba	1,105	305	800
Itaporanga d'Ajuda	Tejupeba R. / VR	7,280	Itaporanga d'Ajuda	6,067	77	5,990
	Fundo R./ PR	22,288		18,573	234	18,339
Santa Luzia do Itanhý	Ariquitiba R./ Guararema R./ PR	2,337	Santa Luzia do Itanhý	1,947	1,947	0
Small Rural Area	Groundwater	2,529	-	2,529	2,529	0
Single Well System	Deep Well: 330 wells	2,529	-	2,529	2,529	0
Irrigation W. Supply	Surface Water	20,956	-	20,956	20,956	0
Entre Rios	Quebrados R. and Piauítinga R./PR: Direct Intake	15,576	-	15,576	15,576	0
Estandinha	Piauítinga R./PR: Direct Intake	5,380	-	5,380	5,380	0

Note: Italic characters mean outer water resources of this river basin.

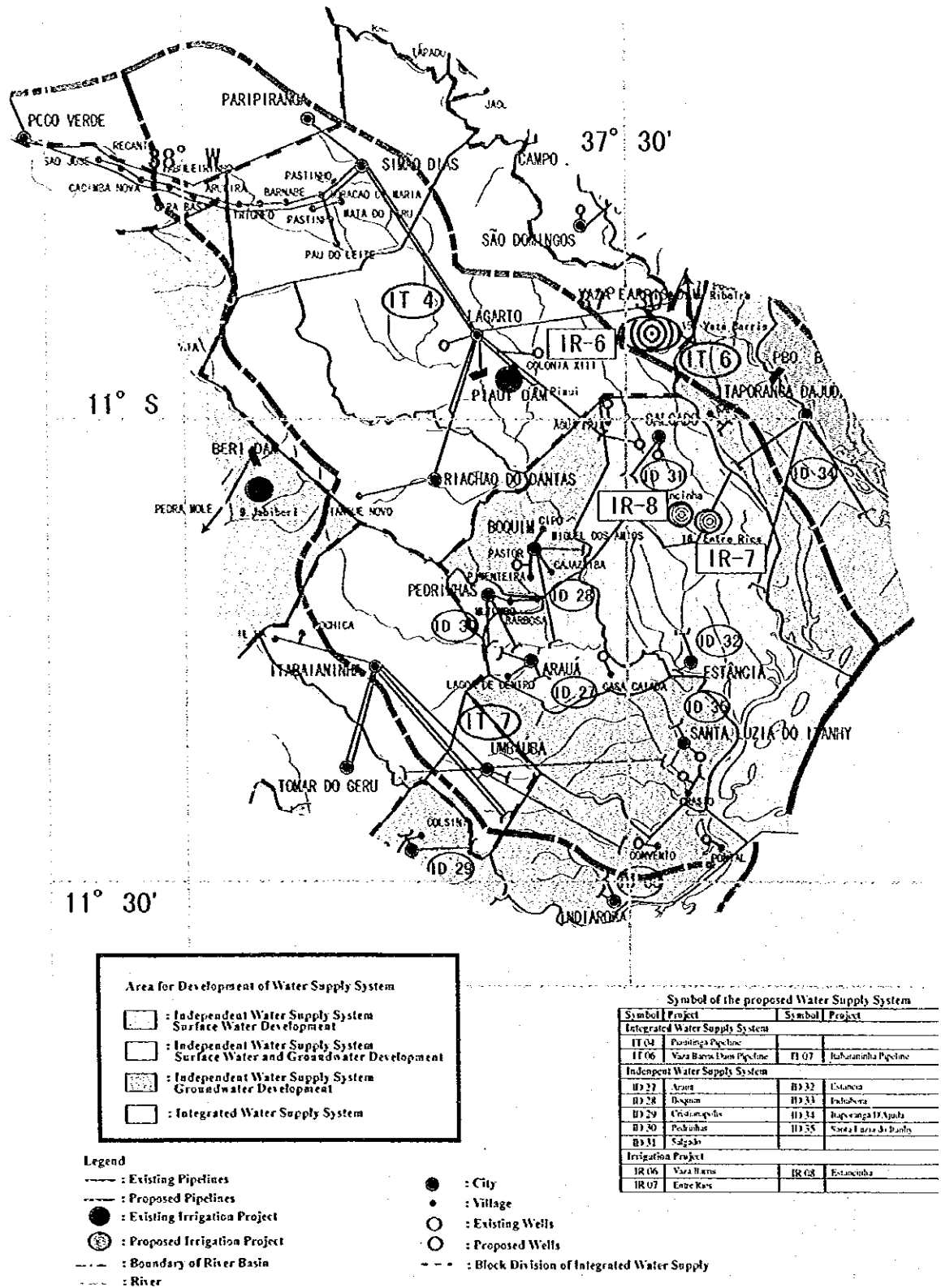


Figure-7.5 Water Resources Development Plan of Piauí River Basin

## 7.6 Plan of Real River Basin

### (1) Water Demand and Shortage

Water demand and shortage in Real River basin is estimated as shown in Table-7.16.

**Table-7.16 Water Demand and Shortage in Real Basin**

River	Year	1997	1998	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Urban and Large Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	14,402	14,706	15,312	16,912	18,895	21,332	24,330
	Private Industrial Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	679	718	798	900	999	1,060	1,068
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	16,535	16,995	17,916	20,202	22,868	26,044	29,860
	Industrial Water	36	38	41	268	577	1,032	1,665
	Municipal Water: Urban Area	15,279	15,496	15,929	16,812	17,978	19,444	21,258
	Municipal Water: Large Rural Area	1,220	1,462	1,946	3,123	4,314	5,568	6,937
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	9,888	9,888	9,888	9,888	9,888	9,888	9,888
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	6,648	7,108	8,028	10,315	12,981	16,156	19,972
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	67	72	81	104	131	163	202
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	7,977	8,529	9,634	12,378	15,577	19,387	23,967
Small Rural Area	Water Demand (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,210	1,218	1,233	1,281	1,343	1,421	1,518
	Necessary Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	684	702	740	854	998	1,179	1,405
	Current Water Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	297	290	277	245	213	181	148
	Supply Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	387	412	462	609	785	998	1,257
	Supply Water Shortage Rate (%)	131	143	167	248	369	553	848
	Source Water Shortage (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	684	702	740	854	998	1,179	1,405

### (2) Plan of Water Resources Development and Supply

Plan of water resources development and supply in Real River basin for the target year 2020 is shown in Table-7.18 and Figure-7.6. Source water to be developed within the basin and supply water to be consumed inside of the basin are explained in Table-7.17 and summarized as follows:

- As for urban and large rural water supply, 8.8 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day of water is newly developed within the basin. Of this source water, 8.5 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (96 %) of water is supplied to the own basin and 0.4 thousand m<sup>3</sup>/day (4 %) to other basins. Supply water into the basin is supplied with 42 % from the own basin and 58 % from others.
- Only surface water is the water source in the basin for water supply in urban and large rural area, and occupying 88 % of total water sources if including small rural water supply sources.

**Table-7.17 Source and Supplied Water in Real River**

Item	U/L Rural			S Rural	Irrigation	Total		
	S/W	G/W	Total	G/W	S/W	S/W	G/W	Total
Source water to inner basin	8,481	0	8,481	1,257	-	8,481	1,257	9,738
Source water to outer basin	351	0	351	-	-	351	0	351
Total inner source water	8,832	0	8,832	1,257	0	8,832	1,257	10,089
Supply water from inner source	8,481	0	8,481	1,257	-	8,481	1,257	9,738
Supply water from outer source	11,175	316	11,491	-	-	11,175	316	11,491
Total supply water	19,656	316	19,972	1,257	0	19,656	1,573	21,229

Note: Source water in U/L rural is expressed as supply water base.

**Table-7.18 Water Resources Development Plan of Real River Basin**

Project	Water Resources	Source Water Development (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	Benefited Municipality	Supply Water (m <sup>3</sup> /day)		
				Total	Inner Water Source	Outer Water Source
Municipal Industrial Water Supply	Surface Water	147,852	-	123,211	19,656	103,555
	Groundwater	11,347	-	9,665	1,573	8,092
Urban and Large Rural Area (Total)	Surface Water	147,852	-	123,211	19,656	103,555
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	316	8,092
Urban and Large Rural Area (Inside)	Surface Water	10,599	-	8,832	8,481	351
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Urban and Large Rural Area (Outside)	Surface Water	137,253	-	114,379	11,175	103,204
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	316	8,092
Integrated System (Total)	Surface Water	134,067	-	111,723	8,519	103,204
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	316	8,092
Integrated System (Inside)	Surface Water	0	-	0	0	0
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Integrated System (Outside)	Surface Water	134,067	-	111,723	8,519	103,204
	Groundwater	10,090	-	8,408	316	8,092
Piauítinga	<i>Total</i>	<i>36,240</i>	<i>Total: Surface Water</i>	<i>21,791</i>	<i>820</i>	<i>20,971</i>
	<i>Piauí R. and Dam PR</i>	<i>26,150</i>	<i>Total: Groundwater</i>	<i>8,408</i>	<i>316</i>	<i>8,092</i>
	<i>Deep Well (PR)</i>	<i>10,090</i>	<i>Poco Verde</i>	<i>995</i>	<i>985</i>	<i>10</i>
			<i>Simão Dias</i>	<i>4,070</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>4,056</i>
			<i>Lagarto</i>	<i>24,099</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>24,099</i>
			<i>Riacho do Dantas</i>	<i>1,035</i>	<i>137</i>	<i>898</i>
Vóca Barris Dam	<i>VR (Vóca Barris Dam)</i>	<i>91,932</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>76,611</i>	<i>1,414</i>	<i>75,197</i>
			<i>Areia Branca</i>	<i>8,601</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>8,601</i>
			<i>Campo do Brito</i>	<i>3,928</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>3,928</i>
			<i>Itabaiana</i>	<i>24,553</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>24,553</i>
			<i>Mocambira</i>	<i>734</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>734</i>
			<i>Sao Domingos</i>	<i>1,460</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1,460</i>
			<i>Poco Verde</i>	<i>1,231</i>	<i>1,226</i>	<i>5</i>
			<i>Simão Dias</i>	<i>5,032</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>5,015</i>
			<i>Lagarto</i>	<i>29,792</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>29,792</i>
<i>Riacho do Dantas</i>	<i>1,280</i>	<i>171</i>	<i>1,109</i>			
Itabaianinha	<i>Guorarema R. PR, Indiaroba R. PR</i>	<i>15,983</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>13,321</i>	<i>6,285</i>	<i>7,036</i>
			<i>Itabaianinha</i>	<i>6,735</i>	<i>3,155</i>	<i>3,580</i>
			<i>Tamar do Geru</i>	<i>2,646</i>	<i>2,646</i>	<i>0</i>
			<i>Umbaúba</i>	<i>3,940</i>	<i>484</i>	<i>3,456</i>
Independent System (Total)	Surface Water	13,785	-	11,488	11,137	351
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Independent System (Inside)	Surface Water	10,599	-	8,832	8,481	351
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Independent System (Outside)	Surface Water	3,186	-	2,656	2,656	0
	Groundwater	0	-	0	0	0
Tobias Barreto	Jabiberi R./RR (Jabiberi Dam)	9,273	Tobias Barreto	7,727	7,681	46
Cristinápolis	Itamirim R. PR	3,186	Cristinápolis	2,656	2,656	0
Indiaroba	Paripe R./RR: Expansion	1,326	Indiaroba	1,105	800	305
Small Rural Area	Groundwater	1,257	-	1,257	1,257	0
Single Well System	Deep Well: 165 wells	1,257	-	1,257	1,257	0

Note: Italic characters mean outer water resources of this river basin.

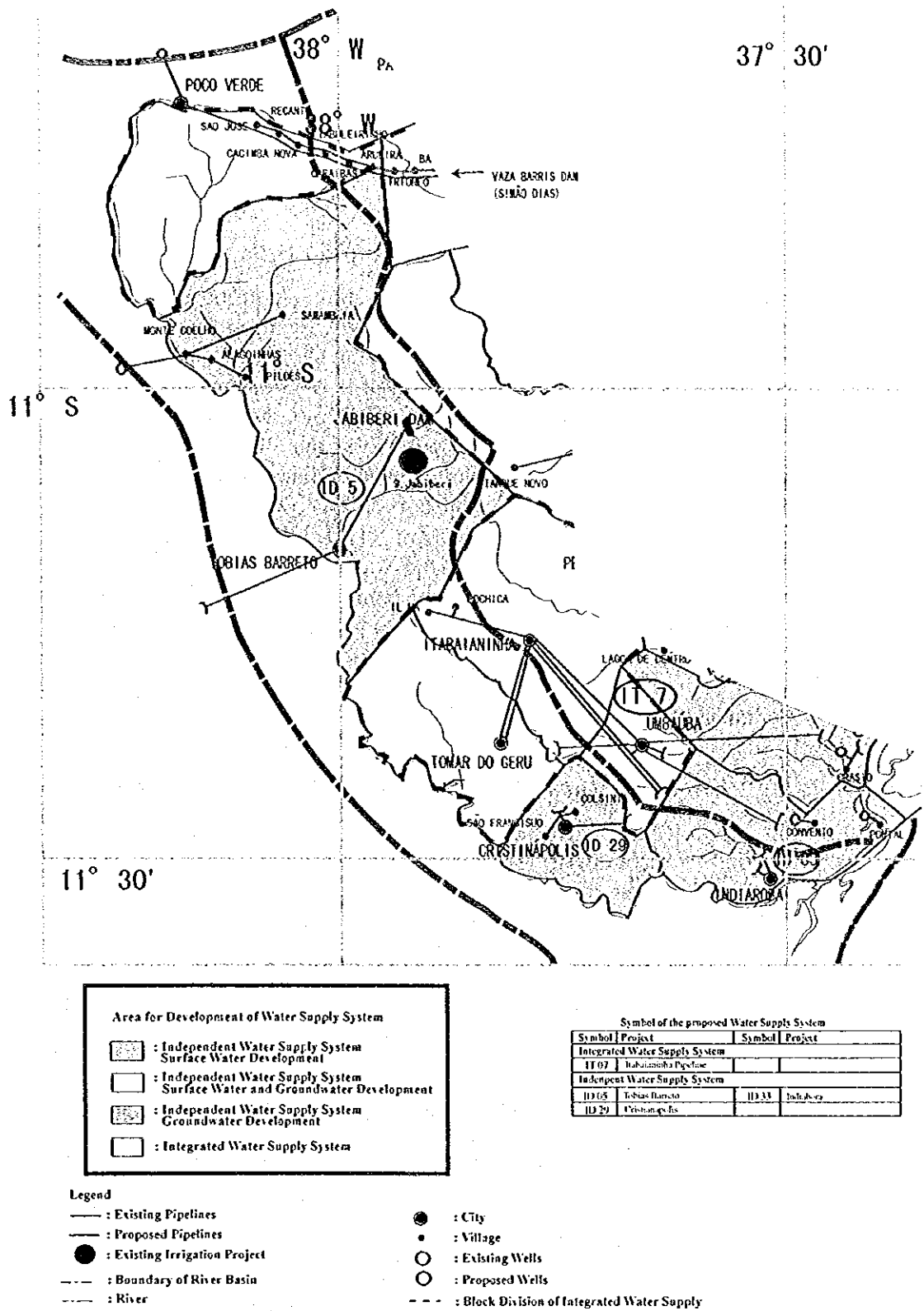


Figure-7.6 Water Resources Development Plan of Real River Basin

## **CHAPTER 8 IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE**

### **8.1 Water Resources Development Projects**

Implementation schedule of the projects for domestic and industrial water supply and irrigation water supply is shown in Table-8.1. The following distinctions were set to give high priority to the projects proposed in the Master Plan: 1) Large water shortage and rate of beneficiaries, 2) Long period for plan and construction, 3) Large construction volume, and 4) Multi-purpose project.

#### **(1) Integrated Water Supply Projects for Urban and Large Rural Area**

On-going projects and existing planned projects proposed to PROAGUA, such as 1) Expansion Project of Sao Francisco Pipeline System, 2) Aracaju Well Development Project, 3) Project Expansion of Agreste and Piauitinga projects, should firstly be completed. As Xingo Dam Pipeline Project and Vaza Barris Dam Project are expected to take long period and as these projects supply water to the area of large water shortage and rate, these should start as soon as possible. These projects should divide into two phases to develop water according to the increase of water demand. Since the area covered by Project Expansion of Itabaianinha Pipeline Project also have large water shortage and rate but water demand is gradually increasing, this project was divided into three phases. The first phase of this project should start earlier. As the water shortage and rate of the other projects are relatively small, these project have not so high priority. These projects should divide into two phases to develop water according to the increase of water demand.

Water supply programs of the blocks of Piauitinga (Lagarto), Agreste (Itabaiana) and Sertaneja [3] are shown in Figure-8.1.

#### **(2) Independent Water Supply Projects for Urban and Large Rural Area**

The 35 projects of independent water supply should complete within 20 years until the year of 2020. According to water shortage and water shortage rate of benefited area, priority was put to each project. Depending on the increasing rate of water demand, some projects were divided into two phases. Deep well development projects should be implemented in line with increased demand.

Water supply programs of Maruim (deep well), Rosario do Catete (weir and deep well) and Itaporanga D'Ajuda (weir only) are shown in Figure-8.2.

#### **(3) Water Supply Projects for Small Rural Area**

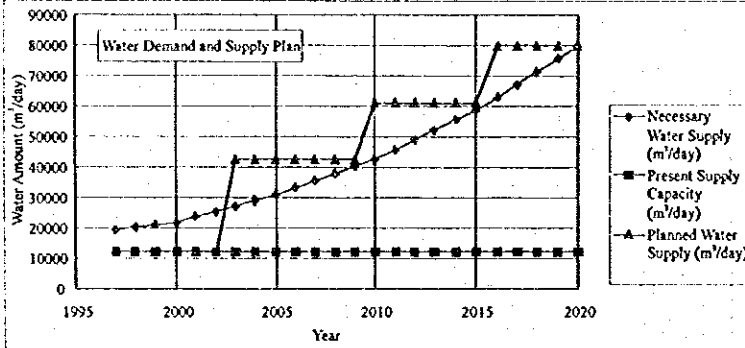
Deep well development projects for small rural area should be implemented step by step in line with increased demand.

#### **(4) Irrigation Water Supply Projects**

As Jacare-Curitiba and Jacarecica II irrigation projects are on-going, these projects should firstly be completed. Sao Francisco irrigation project has large irrigation area and project period of 10 years is necessary to be implemented. Vaza Barris irrigation project should commence after completion of Vaza Barris dam.

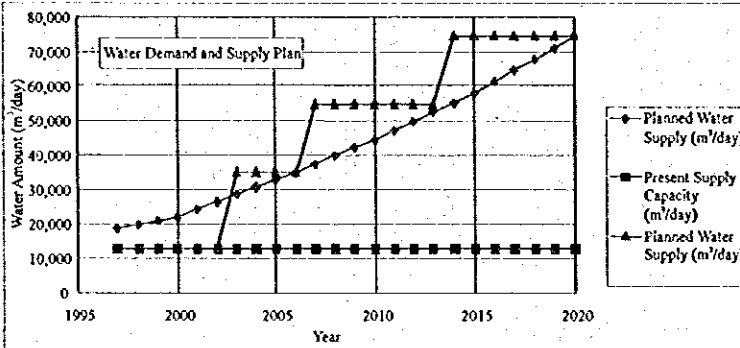


WATER SUPPLY PROGRAM						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Present Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	12,130	12,130	12,130	12,130	12,130	12,130
(1) Expansion of Piauitinga P.	0	0	30,200	30,200	30,200	30,200
(2) Vaza Barris Dam Project Phase-I	0	0	0	18,667	18,667	18,667
(3) Vaza Barris Dam Project Phase-II	0	0	0	0	0	18,667
Planned Water Supply (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	12,130	12,130	42,330	60,997	60,997	79,664



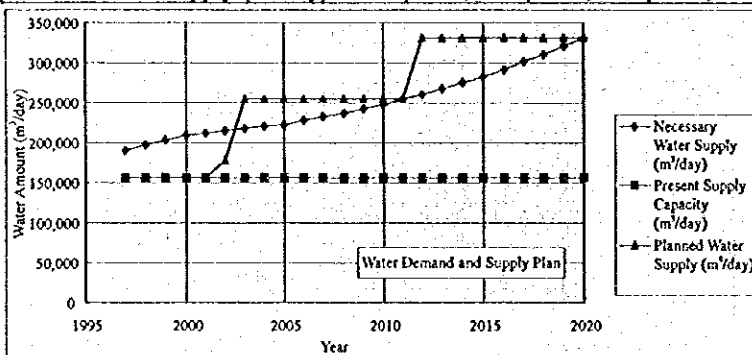
Piauitinga Block  
(Lagarto)

WATER SUPPLY PROGRAM						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Present Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	12,810	12,810	12,810	12,810	12,810	12,810
(1) Expansion of Agreste P.	0	0	22,200	22,200	22,200	22,200
(2) Vaza Barris Dam Project Phase-I	0	0	0	19,638	19,638	19,638
(3) Vaza Barris Dam Project Phase-II	0	0	0	0	19,638	19,638
Planned Water Supply (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	12,810	12,810	35,010	54,648	74,286	74,286



Agreste Block  
(Itabaiana)

WATER SUPPLY PROGRAM						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Present Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	155,315	155,315	155,315	155,315	155,315	155,315
(1) Expansion of Sao F. P. Phase-I	0	0	75,800	75,800	75,800	75,800
(2) Expansion of Sao F. P. Phase-II	0	0	0	0	75,800	75,800
(3) Aracaju Well Development	0	0	23,292	23,292	23,292	23,292
Planned Water Supply (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	155,315	155,315	254,407	254,407	330,207	330,207

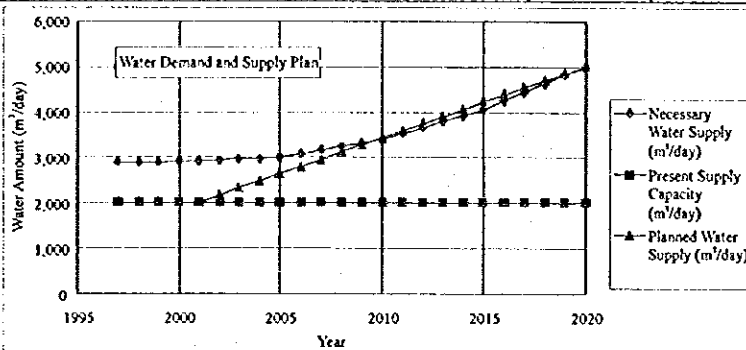


Aracaju Block

Figure-8.1 Water Supply Program of Integrated Pipeline System

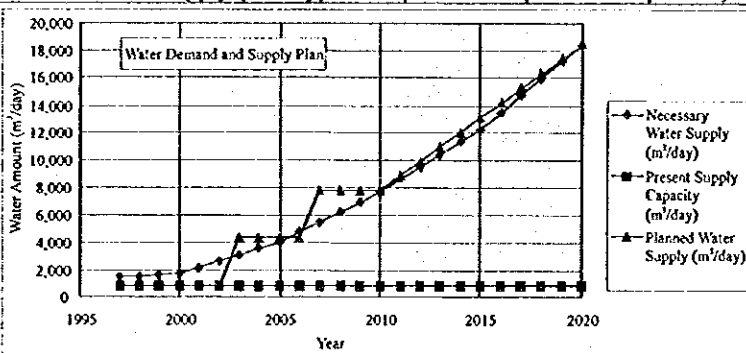


WATER SUPPLY PROGRAM						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Present Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	2,015	2,015	2,015	2,015	2,015	2,015
(1) Deep Well development	0	0	629	1,416	2,203	2,990
Planned Water Supply (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	2,015	2,015	2,644	3,431	4,218	5,005



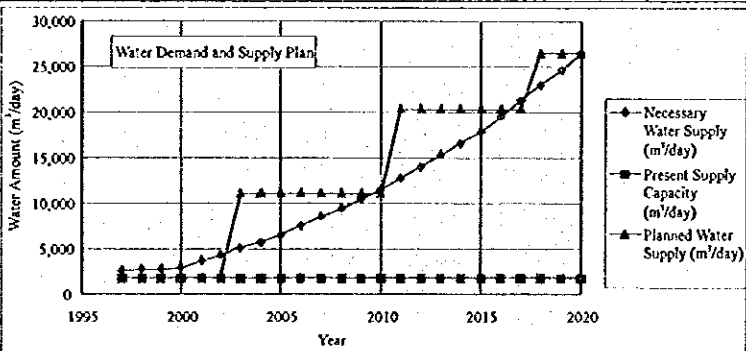
Marim

WATER SUPPLY PROGRAM						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Present Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	880	880	880	880	880	880
(1) Siriri R. Development Phase-I	0	0	6,900	6,900	6,900	6,900
(2) Siriri R. Development Phase-II	0	0	0	0	17,250	34,500
(3) Deep Well Development	0	0	0	0	10,631	
Planned Water Supply (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	880	880	7,780	7,780	35,661	42,280



Rosario do Catete

WATER SUPPLY PROGRAM						
Items	1997	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Present Supply Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,773	1,773	1,773	1,773	1,773	1,773
(1) Fundo R. Development Phase-I	0	0	9,287	9,287	9,287	9,287
(2) Fundo R. Development Phase-II	0	0	0	9,286	9,286	9,286
(3) Tejupeba R. Development	0	0	0	0	0	6,067
Planned Water Supply (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	1,773	1,773	11,060	20,346	20,346	26,413



Itaporanga d'Ajuda

Figure-8.2 Water Supply Program of Independent Pipeline System

**JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY**

**STATE SECRETARIAT OF PLANNING, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
THE STATE OF SERGIPE, THE FEDERATIVE REPUBLIC OF BRAZIL**

**THE STUDY  
ON  
WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT  
IN THE STATE OF SERGIPE  
IN  
THE FEDERATIVE REPUBLIC OF BRAZIL**

**FINAL REPORT  
SUPPORTING  
(VOLUME I)  
MASTER PLAN STUDY**

**[H] FACILITY DESIGN AND COST ESTIMATE**

**MARCH 2000**

**YACHIYO ENGINEERING CO., LTD. (YEC)**

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IN THE STATE OF SERGIPE  
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**SUPPORTING REPORT (H)  
FACILITY DESIGN AND COST ESTIMATE**

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## **CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION**

This supporting report (H) covers the details of Plan, Design and Cost Estimate of the Projects included in the Master Plan Study.

## **CHAPTER 2 FACILITY DESIGN**

### **2.1 Design Criteria**

#### **2.1.1 General**

##### **(1) Codes and Standards**

Facilities to be required in the Master Plan Study shall be designed in accordance with the Codes and Standards published and authorized by federal, regional, state, municipal and/or any other public organizations or authorities in Brazil.

When applicable Codes and Standards are not specified by the related organizations mentioned above, the Codes, Standards and Regulations in Japan shall be used with some adjustment in accordance with the local conditions in the State of Sergipe.

##### **(2) Units of Measurements**

Units of measurements in design shall be in SI/MKS metric system.

##### **(3) Method of Design of Facilities**

In principle, allowable stress design method shall be applied for all structural design of the facilities.

##### **(4) Materials to be Used**

All materials to be used for construction of facilities required in the Master Plan shall be in accordance with Brazilian Technical Standards (ABNT) or equivalent Japanese Industrial Standards (JIS) or other internationally accepted standards.

#### **2.1.2 Design of Dams**

##### **(1) Codes and Standards**

Unless otherwise specified by the related organizations, the following codes and standards shall be used for the design of dams:

- Design Criteria for Dams, Japanese National Committee on Large Dams, Japan
- Manual for river works in Japan, River Bureau, Ministry of Construction, Japan
- Manual of small dam, SUDENE, Brazil

##### **(2) Loads to be Considered**

In principle, the following loads are considered in the design of dams:

- Dead weight of dam
- Hydrostatic pressure

- Pore pressure
- Silt pressure
- Uplift pressure
- Seismic body force : Not to be considered.
- Hydrodynamic pressure : Not to be considered.

### **(3) Selection of Type of Dam**

The full consideration shall be given to various requirements such as topographical, geological and hydrological conditions of the dam site, dam materials and others.

### **(4) Determination of Dam Size**

The size of dam shall be determined on the basis of the design flood run-off for dam, water levels used for design of dam such as normal water level, surcharge water level and design flood level. Consideration shall also be given to the structural aspects of dam body and its base ground in order to determine the size of dam. Largest flood run-off shall be supposed to occur in every 200 to 1,000 years. The rate of sediment discharge shall be 12.7 m<sup>3</sup> per year per one km<sup>2</sup> of catchment area.

### **(5) Spillway and Other Discharge Installations**

The concrete dam should be equipped with the following discharge installations:

- Spillway
- Low water discharge installation to control the normal flow of water in the river

Fill dam should be equipped with a discharge installation which can lower the water level of the reservoir in addition to the above.

### **(6) Safety Requirements**

#### **1) Fill Dams**

- Safety against sliding failure
- Safety against seepage

#### **2) Concrete Dams**

- Safety against shear failure of the contact plane between dam body and bedrock as well as of the weak zone within the bedrock
- Safety on stress in concrete
- Stability of bedrock

## **2.1.3 Design of Water Supply Facility**

### **(1) Codes and Standards**

Unless otherwise specified by the related organizations, the following codes and standards shall be used for the design of water supply facilities:

- Japan Water Works Association (JWWA)
- American Water Works Association (AWWA)
- Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS)
- American Standard of Testing Materials (ASTM)



**(2) Loads to be Considered**

In principle, the following loads are considered in the design of structures in the Water Supply Systems:

- Dead Weight
- Floor loads
- Live loads
- Equipment loads
- Earth pressure
- Groundwater pressure
- Hydrostatic pressure
- Uplift pressure
- Wind loads
- Seismic body force : Not to be considered.
- Hydrodynamic pressure : Not to be considered.

**(3) Design Parameters and Water Supply Volume**

- Estimated population at the target year, P (person)
- Design daily water supply volume per capita, q (litter/day)
- Coefficient of daily maximum consumption : k1 = 1.2
- Coefficient of hourly maximum consumption : k2 = 1.5
- Rate of water loss : r<sub>L</sub> = 0.42 in 1998  
= 0.25 in 2020

- Daily maximum water supply volume, Q<sub>DM</sub> (litter/day)

$$Q_{DM} = \frac{P \times q \times k1}{1 - r_L}$$

- Hourly maximum water supply volume, Q<sub>HM</sub> (litter/day)

$$Q_{HM} = Q_{DM} \times k2 = \frac{P \times q \times k1 \times k2}{1 - r_L}$$

**(4) Design of Water Supply System**

**1) Raw Water Pump Station**

The required capacity of raw water pump to be installed in raw water pump station, RWPS, shall be determined based on Q<sub>DM</sub> when a water storage tank elevated (ET) or on the ground (AT) is installed in the system. The pump shall be selected using head-discharge curves of pump and system. Actual suction head shall be the difference in water levels between suction (intake) side and discharge side in meters. Fluctuation of water levels and siphon effect shall also be considered in determining the actual suction head. Although item 5.7.3 of Norm NBR1218 in July 1994 recommends to use Colebrook-White formula for calculation of head loss in pipeline, head loss in pipeline shall be calculated using Hazen-Williams formula because of the simplicity in calculation to deal with tremendous cases of water pipeline systems and because of the standard method in Japan for calculation of head loss. Materials of pipe shall be cast-iron or PVC.

**2) Water Main**

The water main from RWPS to the Water Treatment Station, WTS shall be capable of transfer of pumped-up water to WTS. Materials of pipe shall be steel or cast-iron.

- 3) **Water Treatment Station**  
Water treatment station, WTS, shall be a conventional type and have the capacity to meet  $Q_{HM}$ . The treated water distribution pump in treated water pump station, TWPS, shall have the capacity to meet  $Q_{HM}$ . Filter shall be direct ascending type. Desalinizer shall be portable REVERSE OSMOSIS type installed where pumped-up water is saline, especially in rural area in the State of Sergipe. The required capacity of storage tank shall be determined as one third of  $Q_{DM}$ .
- 4) **Distribution Main**  
The distribution main from TWPS or AT to the distribution network shall be capable of transfer of water to meet  $Q_{HM}$ . Materials of pipe shall be steel or cast-iron.
- 5) **Distribution Network**  
The distribution network shall be sufficient enough to supply water to each user.

## 2.2 Design of Independent Water Supply System

### 2.2.1 Design Concept

#### (1) Independent Surface Water Supply Systems

##### 1) Components included

The components included in the Surface Water Supply Systems are as follows:

- Dam or weir where required
- Intake and Raw Water Pump Station RWPS
- Pipelines (From Raw water intake to water treatment station)
- Water treatment station, WTS, composed of chemical house, filters, auxiliary water storage tank AT, elevated water storage tank ET, and treated water pumps TWP
- Distribution pipeline and network

Conceptual sketch of the system is as shown in Figure-2.1.

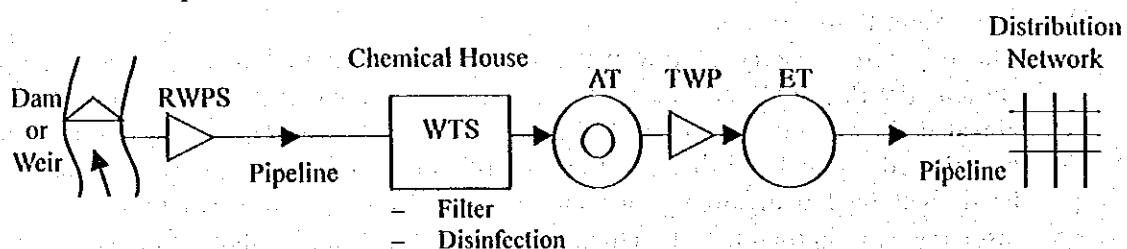


Figure-2.1 Conceptual Sketch of Integrated Surface Water Supply System

##### 2) Design Conditions

In addition to the design criteria specified in Section 2.1.3, the following design conditions are followed:

- Water to be supplied for industrial consumption and domestic consumption in urban and large rural areas
- Water supply volume per capita
 

Urban	:	160 liter/day
Large Rural	:	120 liter/day

(2) Independent Groundwater Supply Systems

1) Components included

The components included in the Groundwater Supply Systems are as follows:

- Wells
- Raw Water Pump RWP
- Pipelines (From Raw water pump to water treatment station)
- Water treatment station WTS, composed of disinfection unit DIU, auxiliary water storage tank AT, elevated water storage tank ET, and treated water pumps TWP
- Distribution pipeline and network

Conceptual sketch of the system is as shown in Figure-2.2.

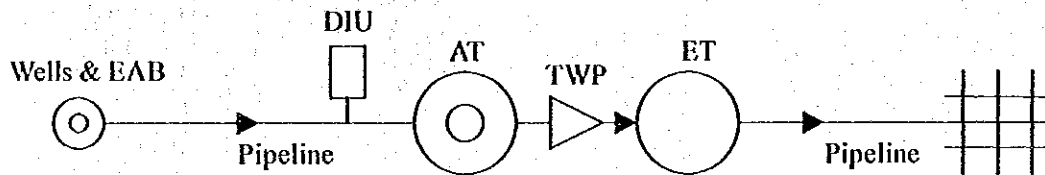


Figure-2.2 Conceptual Sketch of Integrated Groundwater Supply System

2) Design Conditions

Design conditions are as same as for Independent Surface Water Supply System except described below.

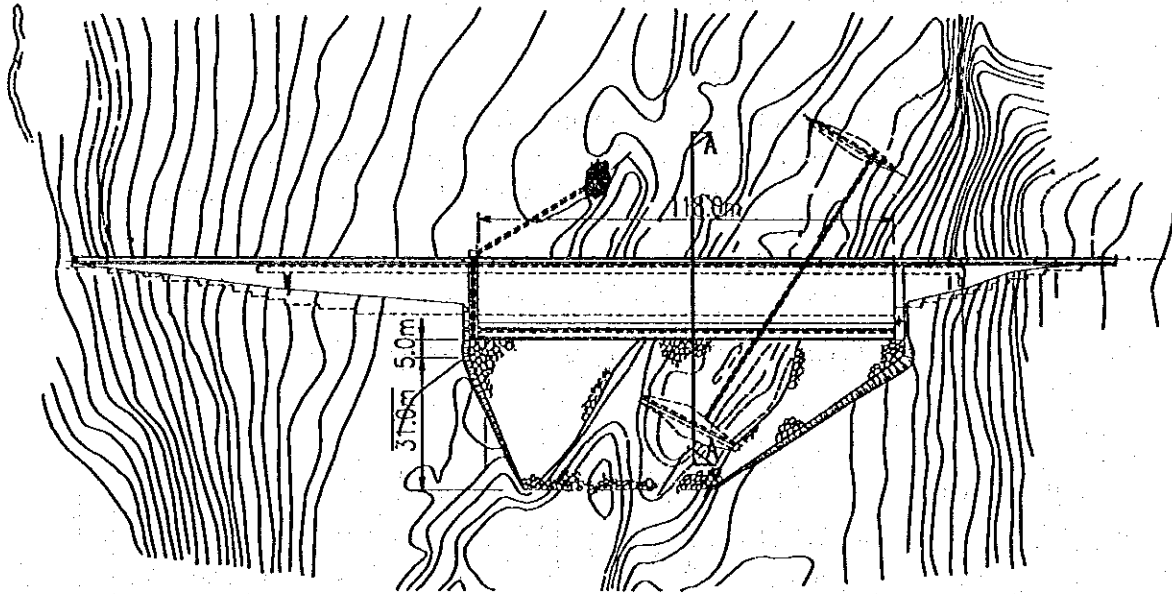
- Depth of well to be 100 m
- Number of drilling to be the required number of wells divided by expected success rate and fresh rate of groundwater
- Desalination unit not to be provided even if water in the drilled well contains high salinity. Additional drilling to be performed until to find acceptable well

2.2.2 Specific System Design

<Jabiberi Dam Raising Project for the Municipality of Tobias Barreto>

Jabiberi Dam was constructed in 1986 as a concrete gravity dam for the purpose of irrigation water supply. The main specifications are 118 km<sup>2</sup> in catchment area, 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>/s of development discharge, 21.5 m in dam height, 290 m in dam length, 4,300,000 m<sup>3</sup> in reservoir volume and 605,000 m<sup>2</sup> in reservoir area. To meet the future source water shortage (9,273 m<sup>3</sup>/day) in the year 2,020 for the municipality of Tobias Barreto, Jabiberi Dam Raising Project is proposed. Raise in 3 m of dam height can develop 1.8 million m<sup>3</sup> of additional reservoir volume, providing approximately 10,000 m<sup>3</sup>/day of water supply during 6 months of drought period in each year. General profile of raise of dam height is shown in Figure-2.3.

PLAN S=1:2000



SECTION A-A S=1:250

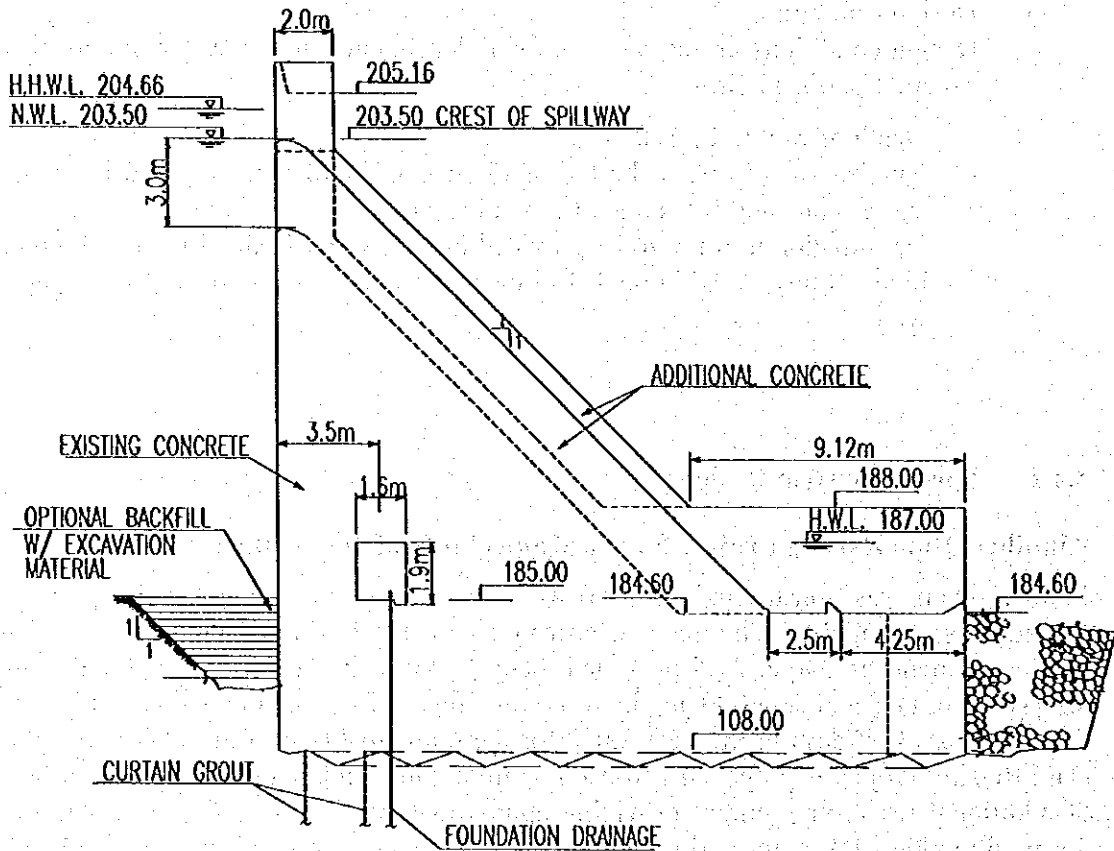


Figure-2.3 General Profile of Raise in Dam Height of Jabiberi Dam

## **2.3 Integrated Water Supply for Urban and Large Rural Area**

### **2.3.1 Selection of Optimum Plans**

#### **(1) Selection Method**

Optimum plan is selected by evaluating each alternative plan based on the results of design and cost estimation of component projects. The concept of Annual Expense is introduced for economical evaluation of alternative plans.

#### **(2) Definition of Annual Expense**

Annual expense is defined as the expense expected annually, after completion of construction of integrated water supply system and during operational period, and consists of the followings;

##### **- Expense for Reimbursement, $A_{Ec}$**

- expense for reimbursement of loans for construction of the system
- depreciation of constructed facilities in the system

##### **- Expense for Operation and Maintenance of the System, $A_{Eo}$**

- expenses for operation and maintenance of the facilities in the system, including expenses for personnel, consumable materials, electricity and other expenses required for operation and maintenance of the system

#### **(3) Basic Cost Parameters**

The basic cost parameters required for evaluation of annual expense for water supply system are as follows;

- 1) The basic cost parameters are calculated in US dollar
- 2) Construction cost for dam,  $C_d$  (R\$)  
 $C_d$  is made up of the construction cost of dam, spillway, check dam, low flow diversion channel and other auxiliary facilities .
- 3) Construction cost of pipeline,  $C_{pl}$  (R\$)  
 $C_{pl}$  can be given by multiplication of unit cost for construction of pipeline per linear meter (R\$/m) and length of pipeline (m).
- 4) Construction cost of pump stations  
This cost can be divided into the construction cost for civil works,  $C_{pfc}$  (R\$) and for electrical and mechanical works,  $C_{pfe}$  (R\$).
- 5) Construction cost of common projects and other required facility  
The construction cost for additional water treatment facility, water storage facility and water distribution facility are not considered in evaluation of alternative plans, because these costs are nothing to do with the route of proposed pipelines and are the same for every alternative project. Land acquisition cost is also disregarded because depreciation of land is not necessary to be counted.

The following enlargement or improvement projects are common in all alternative plans and are not covered in this evaluation because the enlargement or expansion of each system involved can be done within its system and does not affect the costs of proposed alternative projects.

- Enlargement Project of Propria Pipeline System
- Enlargement Project of Itabaianinha Pipeline System
- Jabiberi Dam Raising Project near Tobias Barreto
- Independent Water Resources Development Project in Leste Sergipano
- Water Resources Development Plan for Small Rural Area
- Irrigation Water Supply Projects

6) Interest and depreciation rate of constructed facility

The followings are the rates of interest and depreciation considered in this evaluation:

- Interest for loan, r : 0.025
- Depreciation rate
  - for civil works,
    - m1 dam : 0.0125 (80 years)
    - m2 RC structures : 0.0250 (40 years)
    - m3 steel pipeline : 0.0667 (15 years)
  - for electrical and mechanical works,
    - m4 pump facility : 0.0667 (15 years)

7) Cost for electricity,  $f_e$  (R\$/kWh)

Operation cost of pump facility is evaluated as cost for energy consumption of pump and unit cost of electricity is given as 0.0499 R\$/kWh determined from the data presented by ENERGIPE.

8) Unit Cost for Operation and maintenance,  $f_o$  (R\$/m<sup>3</sup>)

Unit cost for operation and maintenance, except for electricity and depreciation, is given by the following expression obtained by analysis of O & M cost presented by DESO:

$$f_o = 9,075.74 \times e^{2.08655E-05Q} \times \text{R\$ } 1.18/\text{US\$}$$

where Q : Daily production capacity of pump station (m<sup>3</sup>/day).

(4) Annual Expense

1) Annual expense AEC

$$\begin{aligned} AEC &= AEC_d + AEC_{pfc} + AEC_{pl} + AEC_{pfe} \\ AEC_d &= C_d \times (r + m1) \\ AEC_{pfc} &= C_{pfc} \times (r + m2) \\ AEC_{pl} &= C_{pl} \times (r + m3) \\ AEC_{pfe} &= C_{pfe} \times (r + m4) \end{aligned}$$

2) Annual expense AEo

$$\begin{aligned} AEo &= AEoe + AEoo \\ AEoe &= f_e \times P \times 24 \times 365 \\ AEoo &= f_o \times Q \times 365 \end{aligned}$$

where P : Power of pump units (kW).

(5) Construction Cost of Dam

1) Facilities included

The dam includes dam body, spillway, check dam, low flow diversion channel and other auxiliary facilities.

- Dam :Rock fill dam.
- Spillway :Free overflow reinforced concrete open channel. To be constructed apart from dam body. Design flood discharge to be 1,600 m<sup>3</sup>/s.
- Check dam :Concrete dam. To be constructed for regulation of water level at water inflow for low flow diversion channel. To be located 30 km upstream of main dam.
- Low flow diversion channel :Open channel of inverted-trapezoidal section with concrete lining. To be constructed for prevention of high salinity river flow go into the reservoir. To be constructed on river terrace.

2) Development Discharge, Dam Specification and Construction Cost  
 Among all alternative plans, construction of dam is included in the Cases-XV1, XV2, XV3, VV1, VV2 and VV3. Development discharge and dam specification for each case is shown in Table-2.1.

**Table-2.1 Development Discharge and Dam Specification**

Case	Unit	Case XVI-3	Case VV1-3	Single Purpose			
				Water Supply		Irrigation	
				Case A	Case B		
Development Discharge	Domestic	m <sup>3</sup> /s	0.518	1.064	0.518	1.064	-
	Irrigation	m <sup>3</sup> /s	2.912	2.912	-	-	2.912
	Total	m <sup>3</sup> /s	3.430	3.976	0.518	1.064	2.912
Dam Specification	N.W.L.	EL.m	47.6	49.4	43.0	45.6	45.8
	Crest Elevation	EL.m	54.0	56.0	49.0	52.0	52.0
	Dam Height	m	34.0	36.0	29.0	32.0	32.0
	Reservoir Area	km <sup>2</sup>	15.0	16.0	12.4	14.0	14.0
	Dam Material Volume	x10 <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup>	533	633	331	445	445
Construction Cost	Dam Body	M.R\$	12.18	16.63	6.30	8.26	8.26
	Spillway	M.R\$	35.55	35.55	35.55	35.55	35.55
	Low Flow Diver. Channel	M.R\$	6.51	6.51	6.51	6.51	6.51
	Check Dam	M.R\$	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.21
	Land Acquisition	M.R\$	1.06	1.13	0.87	0.99	0.99
	Total	M.R\$	57.51	62.03	51.45	53.52	53.52
Cost Allocation	For water supply system	M.R\$	28.19	31.02	51.45	53.52	0.00
	For irrigation system	M.R\$	29.32	31.02	0.00	0.00	53.52

Note:

- 1) N.W.L.: Normal Water Level
- 2) Cases-XX1, XX2 and XX3 is for water supply to Vaza Barris Irrigation Project only.
- 3) Cases-XV1, XV2 and XV3 is for domestic water supply to Lagarto only and for irrigation water supply to Vaza Barris Project.
- 4) Cases-VV1, VV2 and VV3 is for domestic water supply to Itabaiana and Lagarto in addition to irrigation water supply to Vaza Barris Project.
- 5) Ratio of allocation of dam construction cost for water supply and irrigation for Cases XVI to XV3 is given by the ratio of dam construction cost for single purpose of water supply in Case A and dam construction cost for single purpose of irrigation..
- 6) Ratio of allocation of dam construction cost for water supply and irrigation for Cases VV1 to VV3 is given by the ratio of dam construction cost for single purpose of water supply in Case B and dam construction cost for single purpose of irrigation..

Construction costs are also shown in Table-2.1. The construction cost of Multi-purpose dam for water supply and irrigation purposes can be allocated in proportion to the following dam construction cost;

- Construction cost of dam developed solely for water supply purpose
- Construction cost of dam developed solely for irrigation purpose

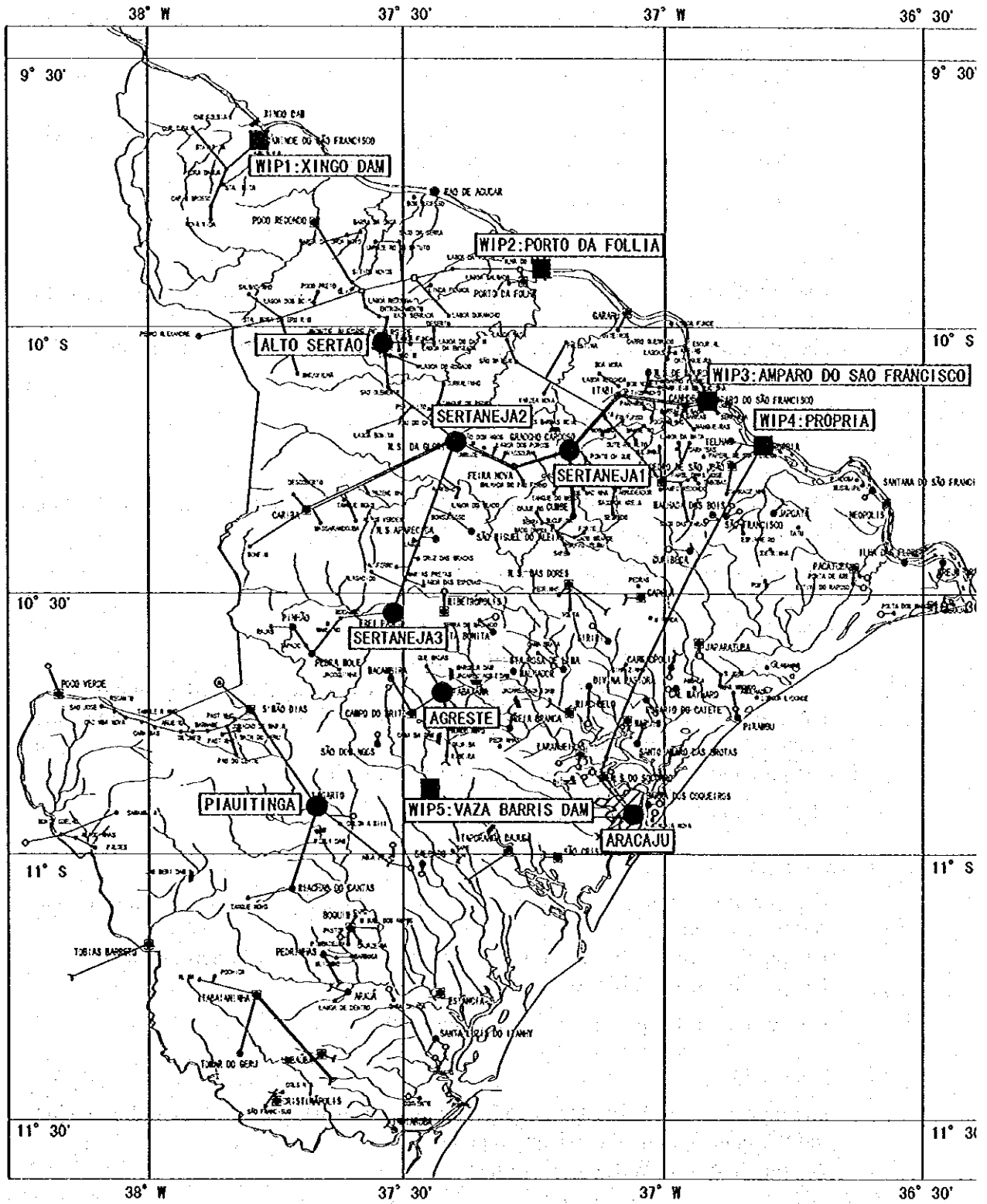
Cost allocation of construction of dam for irrigation and domestic water supply is taken as 51% for irrigation and 49% for domestic water supply for Cases-XV1 to XV3 and as 50% for each water supply for Cases-VV1 to VV3.

#### **(6) Conditions for Design and Cost Estimation of Water Supply Pipelines**

The following conditions are applied to the economic evaluation of water supply system;

- 1) The total water demand and supply for each water supply block is concentrated at the center of each block and distribution of water from the center of block to any other place of consumption in the block is neglected.
- 2) Full capacity of existing water supply facility is used for current water supply. Additional water supply facility shall be provided for additional supply of water in any blocks of consumption.
- 3) A segment of pipelines is composed of single continuous pipe with single diameter, starting from a water intake point or a center of block to another center of block. Material of pipe is steel. Most economical diameter for each segment is selected based on the results of annual expenses for different diameters in 10 cm pitch.
- 4) Water intake points and centers of blocks are as shown in Figure-2.4.
- 5) Flow volume,  $Q$  ( $m^3/s$ ), to be transported through a segment of pipeline is determined by the volume of demand in future minus current water supply capacity.
- 6) One pump station for one segment of pipeline.
- 7) Actual suction head and friction head loss,  $h_f$ , are considered for calculation of total head loss,  $H$ , and other miscellaneous head losses are neglected.
- 8) Construction cost of a pump station is proportional to the potential of pump.
- 9) Potential of pump,  $P$  (kW)  
Potential of pump can be obtained with flow volume and total head.  
Friction head loss can be calculated by Hazen-Williams formula.





LEGEND : ■ WATER INTAKE POINT  
● CENTER OF BLOCK

Figure - 2.4 Water Intake Points and Center of Blocks for Integrated Water Supply

**(7) Description of Alternative Projects**

**1) Case-XX1**

- The pipeline from Xingo dam, WIP1, led directly to Agreste and went to Piauitinga
- The pipeline from Porto da Folha, WIP2, to Alto Sertao along the existing Alto Sortie pipeline
- The pipeline from Amparo do Sao Francisco, WIP3, to Sertaneja3 via Sertaneja1 and Sertaneja2 along the existing Sertaneja pipeline.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.5.

**2) Case-XX2**

- The pipeline from Xingo dam, WIP1, led directly to Sertaneja2 and went to Piauitinga
- The pipeline from Porto da Folha, WIP2, to Alto Sertao along the existing Alto Sertao pipeline

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.6.

**3) Case-XX3**

- The pipeline from WIP1 led poco Profundo to Piauitinga via Alto Sertao, Sertaneja2, Sertaneja3 and Agreste along the existing pipelines.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.7.

**4) Case-XV1**

- The pipeline from WIP1 led directly to Agreste
- The pipeline from WIP2 to Alto Sertao along the existing Alto Sertao pipeline
- The pipeline from WIP3 to Sertaneja3 via Sertaneja1 and Sertaneja2 along the existing Sertaneja pipeline.
- The pipeline from Vaza Barris Dam, WIP5, to Piauitinga.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.8.

**5) Case-XV2**

- The pipeline from WIP1 led directly to Sertaneja2 and went to Agreste via Sertaneja3 along the existing pipelines.
- The pipeline from WIP2 to Alto Sertao along the existing Alto Sertao pipeline
- The pipeline from WIP5 to Piauitinga.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.9.

**6) Case-XV3**

- The pipeline from WIP1 led poco Profundo to Agreste via Alto Sertao, Sertaneja2 and Sertaneja3 along the existing pipelines.
- The pipeline from WIP5 to Piauitinga.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.10.

**7) Case-VV1**

- The pipeline from WIP2 to Alto Sertao along the existing Alto Sertao pipeline
- The pipeline from WIP3 to Sertaneja3 via Sertaneja1 and Sertaneja2 along the

existing Sertaneja pipeline.

- The pipeline from WIP5 to Agreste.
- The pipeline from WIP5 to Piauitinga.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.11.

8) Case-VV2

- The pipeline from WIP1 led directly to Sertaneja2 and went to Sertaneja3.
- The pipeline from WIP2 to Alto Sertao along the existing Alto Sertao pipeline
- The pipeline from WIP5 to Agreste.
- The pipeline from WIP5 to Piauitinga.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.12.

9) Case-VV3

- The pipeline from WIP1 led to Sertaneja3 via Poco Profundo, Alto Sertao and Sertaneja2.
- The pipeline from WIP5 to Agreste.
- The pipeline from WIP5 to Piauitinga.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.13.

10) Case-SS1

- The pipeline from WIP2 to Alto Sertao along the existing Alto Sertao pipeline
- The pipeline from WIP3 to Sertaneja3 via Sertanejal and Sertaneja2 along the existing Sertaneja pipeline.
- The pipeline from Propria, WIP4, to Piauitinga via Aracaju and Agreste along the existing Sao Francisco Pipeline.

The system of this plan is shown in Figure-2.14.

**(8) Results of Calculation of Annual Expenses for Each Alternative Plan**

Calculation results of annual expense for each alternative project are attached in Table-2.3 to Table-2.12. The summary of the results is shown in Table-2.2.

**Table-2.2 Summary of Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Alternative Plans**

Unit: Million R\$

Alternative Plan	Construction Cost					Annual Expense		
	Dam	Pipeline	Civil Works	Equipm't	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
XX1	0.0	129.8	4.1	15.9	149.9	13.6	5.9	19.5
XX2	0.0	135.5	4.1	16.5	156.1	14.1	8.8	22.9
XX3	0.0	138.1	5.2	21.5	164.7	14.9	12.1	27.0
XV1	28.8	97.8	3.2	12.3	142.1	11.3	4.7	16.0
XV2	28.8	96.5	2.8	11.2	139.4	11.1	4.8	15.9
XV3	28.8	97.9	3.5	14.2	144.4	11.5	6.0	17.5
VV1	31.6	45.5	3.1	11.7	91.9	6.6	4.3	10.9
VV2	31.6	51.9	2.6	10.3	96.4	7.0	3.7	10.7
VV3	31.6	61.4	2.5	10.3	105.7	7.9	4.0	11.9
SS1	0.0	137.2	4.4	17.0	158.6	10.6	6.2	16.8

- 1) Construction costs and annual expenses for alternative plans with dam, Cases-XV1, XV2, XV3, VV1, VV2 and VV3 are lower than those for alternative plans without dam, Cases-XX1, XX2, XX3 and SS-1. This result means that the cost for water transportation from any places of Sao Francisco River down to Itabaiana and Lagarto is quite high compared with the cost for water development in the vicinity of Itabaiana and Lagarto. It suggests that, in the economical point of view, the water development in central and south eastern regions in Sergipe State shall be conducted in their respective river basin.
- 2) In case of long distance water transportation by pipeline from Xingo dam to Itabaiana and Lagarto, annual expense for Case-XX1 is lower than those for Cases-XX2 and XX3. This is because the pipelines in Cases-XX2 and XX3 pass through the existing water supply facilities located in high land cities and villages.
- 3) In comparison of Cases-VV1, VV2 and VV3, water transportation from Xingo dam to Frei Paulo, the center of block of Sertaneja3, without passing through the existing high land water supply facilities, is lower than from Amparo do Sao Francisco to Frei Paulo along the existing pipeline route. The pipeline route from Xingo dam is advantageous for water transportation to Frei Paulo
- 4) Comparison of the results of Cases-XV1, XV2, XV3, VV1, VV2 and VV3 shows that if Vaza Barris Dam is constructed, the water to Itabaiana shall be supplied from the Vaza Barris Dam as well and not from Sao Francisco River.

(9) Conclusion of Evaluation of Alternative Plan

It is concluded that the alternative project VV2 is most economical than any other projects in their annual expense basis.

Outline of alternative plan VV2 is shown in Figure-2.15.

Table-2.3 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-XX1

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	1.065	138.0	285.0	147.0	122.5	1.0	209.0	356.0	82.7	2.2	8.7	93.7	8.50	2.82	11.32
Alto Sertao	0.022	18.0	410.0	392.0	54.5	0.2	180.0	572.0	2.1	0.1	0.2	2.5	0.22	0.21	0.44
Sertaneja 1	0.499	0.0	260.0	260.0	38.6	0.7	92.0	352.0	13.8	1.1	4.0	18.9	1.69	1.31	3.00
Sertaneja 2	0.410	242.0	322.0	80.0	28.3	0.7	46.9	126.9	10.1	0.4	1.2	11.7	1.06	0.59	1.65
Sertaneja 3	0.125	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	0.4	111.0	185.5	5.2	0.1	0.6	5.9	0.53	0.32	0.85
Frei Paulo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Itabaiana	0.519	200.0	250.0	50.0	35.0	0.8	46.8	96.8	15.8	0.2	1.2	17.2	1.57	0.66	2.23
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Piaui	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>									<b>129.8</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>149.9</b>	<b>13.57</b>	<b>5.91</b>	<b>19.48</b>

**Table-2.4 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-XX2**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	1.564	138.0	322.0	184.0	78.0	1.2	111.5	295.5	73.0	2.7	10.7	86.5	7.81	4.80	12.61
Alto Sertao	0.022	18.0	410.0	392.0	54.5	0.2	180.0	572.0	2.1	0.1	0.2	2.5	0.22	0.21	0.44
Sertaneja 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 3	1.190	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	1.1	52.0	126.5	31.6	0.8	3.5	36.0	3.27	2.14	5.40
Frei Paulo	1.065	288.0	288.0	0.0	19.0	1.0	32.4	32.4	12.9	0.2	0.8	13.9	1.26	0.98	2.24
Itabaiana	0.519	200.0	250.0	50.0	35.0	0.8	46.8	96.8	15.8	0.2	1.2	17.2	1.57	0.66	2.23
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Piaui	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>									<b>135.5</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>156.1</b>	<b>14.14</b>	<b>8.79</b>	<b>22.93</b>

**Table-2.5 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-XX3**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	1.586	138.0	410.0	272.0	53.9	1.2	79.1	351.1	50.4	3.2	12.9	66.4	5.96	5.35	11.30
Alto Sertao	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 2	1.510	273.5	322.0	48.5	29.3	1.2	39.3	87.8	27.4	0.7	3.1	31.2	2.83	2.95	5.78
Sertaneja 3	1.190	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	1.1	52.0	126.5	31.6	0.8	3.5	36.0	3.27	2.14	5.40
Frei Paulo	1.065	288.0	288.0	0.0	19.0	1.0	32.4	32.4	12.9	0.2	0.8	13.9	1.26	0.98	2.24
Itabaiana	0.519	200.0	250.0	50.0	35.0	0.8	46.8	96.8	15.8	0.2	1.2	17.2	1.57	0.66	2.23
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Piaui	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>									<b>138.1</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>21.5</b>	<b>164.7</b>	<b>14.89</b>	<b>12.07</b>	<b>26.96</b>

**Table-2.6 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-XVI**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	0.546	138.0	285.0	147.0	122.5	0.8	180.1	327.1	55.5	1.1	4.1	60.7	5.51	1.36	6.87
Alto Sertao	0.022	18.0	410.0	392.0	54.5	0.2	180.0	572.0	2.1	0.1	0.2	2.5	0.22	0.21	0.44
Sertaneja 1	0.499	0.0	260.0	260.0	38.6	0.7	92.0	352.0	13.8	1.1	4.0	18.9	1.69	1.31	3.00
Sertaneja 2	0.410	242.0	322.0	80.0	28.3	0.7	46.9	126.9	10.1	0.4	1.2	11.7	1.06	0.59	1.65
Sertaneja 3	0.125	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	0.4	111.0	185.5	5.2	0.1	0.6	5.9	0.53	0.32	0.85
Frei Paulo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Piaui	0.519	50.0	190.0	140.0	24.5	0.8	32.8	172.8	11.1	0.5	2.1	13.7	1.24	0.87	2.11
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	28.8	0.0	28.8	1.09	0.00	1.09
<b>Total</b>									<b>97.8</b>	<b>32.0</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>142.1</b>	<b>11.34</b>	<b>4.66</b>	<b>16.00</b>

**Table-2.7 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-XV2**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	0.957	138.0	322.0	184.0	78.0	1.0	111.3	295.3	52.6	1.7	6.6	60.9	5.51	2.25	7.76
Alto Sertao	0.022	18.0	410.0	392.0	54.5	0.2	180.0	572.0	2.1	0.1	0.2	2.5	0.22	0.21	0.44
Sertaneja 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 3	0.671	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	0.9	47.9	122.4	22.1	0.5	1.9	24.4	2.22	0.93	3.15
Frei Paulo	0.546	288.0	288.0	0.0	19.0	0.8	27.9	27.9	8.6	0.1	0.4	9.1	0.83	0.48	1.31
Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Piaui	0.519	50.0	190.0	140.0	24.5	0.8	32.8	172.8	11.1	0.5	2.1	13.7	1.24	0.87	2.11
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	28.8	0.0	28.8	1.09	0.00	1.09
<b>Total</b>									<b>96.5</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>139.4</b>	<b>11.10</b>	<b>4.76</b>	<b>15.86</b>

**Table-2.8 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-XV3**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	0.989	138.0	410.0	272.0	53.9	1.0	80.2	352.2	36.3	2.0	8.0	46.4	4.17	2.60	6.76
Alto Sertao	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 2	0.913	273.5	322.0	48.5	29.3	1.0	37.6	86.1	19.8	0.5	1.8	22.1	2.01	1.11	3.12
Sertaneja 3	0.671	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	0.9	47.9	122.4	22.1	0.5	1.9	24.4	2.22	0.93	3.15
Frei Paulo	0.546	288.0	288.0	0.0	19.0	0.8	27.9	27.9	8.6	0.1	0.4	9.1	0.83	0.48	1.31
Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Piaui	0.519	50.0	190.0	140.0	24.5	0.8	32.8	172.8	11.1	0.5	2.1	13.7	1.24	0.87	2.11
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	28.8	0.0	28.8	1.09	0.00	1.09
<b>Total</b>									<b>97.9</b>	<b>32.3</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>144.4</b>	<b>11.54</b>	<b>5.99</b>	<b>17.53</b>

**Table-2.9 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-VV1**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alto Sertao	0.022	18.0	410.0	392.0	54.5	0.20	180.0	572.0	2.1	0.1	0.2	2.5	0.22	0.21	0.44
Sertaneja 1	0.499	0.0	260.0	260.0	38.6	0.70	92.0	352.0	13.8	1.1	4.0	18.9	1.69	1.26	2.95
Sertaneja 2	0.410	242.0	322.0	80.0	28.3	0.60	99.4	179.4	7.7	0.5	1.7	9.8	0.87	0.66	1.53
Sertaneja 3	0.125	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	0.40	111.0	185.5	5.2	0.1	0.6	5.9	0.53	0.30	0.83
Frei Paulo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	0.546	50.0	200.0	150.0	22.5	0.70	63.4	213.4	8.0	0.7	2.7	11.4	1.01	0.97	1.98
Vaza Barris-Piaui	0.519	50.0	190.0	140.0	24.5	0.70	62.8	202.8	8.7	0.6	2.5	11.8	1.06	0.90	1.96
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	31.6	0.0	31.6	1.19	0.00	1.19
<b>Total</b>									<b>45.5</b>	<b>34.7</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>91.9</b>	<b>6.58</b>	<b>4.30</b>	<b>10.88</b>

**Table-2.10 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-VV2**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	0.499	138.0	322.0	184.0	78.0	0.70	186.0	370.0	27.8	1.1	4.2	33.2	3.00	1.31	4.31
Alto Sertao	0.022	18.0	410.0	392.0	54.5	0.20	180.0	572.0	2.1	0.1	0.2	2.5	0.22	0.21	0.44
Sertaneja 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 3	0.125	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	0.40	111.0	185.5	5.2	0.1	0.6	5.9	0.53	0.30	0.83
Frei Paulo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	0.546	50.0	200.0	150.0	22.5	0.70	63.4	213.4	8.0	0.7	2.7	11.4	1.01	0.97	1.98
Vaza Barris-Piaui	0.519	50.0	190.0	140.0	24.5	0.70	62.8	202.8	8.7	0.6	2.5	11.8	1.06	0.90	1.96
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	31.6	0.0	31.6	1.19	0.00	1.19
<b>Total</b>									<b>51.9</b>	<b>34.2</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>96.4</b>	<b>7.02</b>	<b>3.68</b>	<b>10.70</b>

**Table-2.11 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-VV3**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	0.521	138.0	410.0	272.0	53.9	0.8	72.6	344.6	24.4	1.1	4.1	29.6	2.67	1.35	4.01
Alto Sertao	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sertaneja 2	0.444	273.5	322.0	48.5	29.3	0.7	56.3	104.8	10.5	0.2	1.1	11.8	1.07	0.58	1.65
Sertaneja 3	0.125	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	0.4	111.0	185.5	5.2	0.1	0.6	5.9	0.53	0.32	0.85
Frei Paulo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	0.546	50.0	200.0	150.0	22.5	0.8	33.1	183.1	10.1	0.6	2.4	13.1	1.18	0.93	2.11
Vaza Barris-Piaui	0.519	50.0	190.0	140.0	24.5	0.8	32.8	172.8	11.1	0.5	2.1	13.7	1.24	0.87	2.11
Sao Francisco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	31.6	0.0	31.6	1.19	0.00	1.19
<b>Total</b>									<b>61.4</b>	<b>34.1</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>105.7</b>	<b>7.88</b>	<b>4.05</b>	<b>11.93</b>

**Table-2.12 Construction Cost and Annual Expense for Case-SS1**

Intake	Flow Volume m <sup>3</sup> /s	Water Elevation m	Highest Elevation m	Geographical difference in Elevation m	Length of Pipeline km	Pipe Dia. m	Head Loss m	Total Head m	Investment (R\$: millions)				Annual Expense (R\$: millions)		
									Pipe line	Pump Civil	Pump Equip	Total	AEc	AEo	Total
Xingo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alto Sertao	0.022	18.0	410.0	392.0	54.5	0.2	180.0	572.0	2.1	0.1	0.2	2.5	0.22	0.21	0.44
Sertaneja 1	0.499	0.0	260.0	260.0	38.6	0.7	92.0	352.0	13.8	1.1	4.0	18.9	1.69	1.31	3.00
Sertaneja 2	0.410	242.0	322.0	80.0	28.3	0.7	46.9	126.9	10.1	0.4	1.2	11.7	1.06	0.59	1.65
Sertaneja 3	0.125	322.0	396.5	74.5	39.5	0.4	111.0	185.5	5.2	0.1	0.6	5.9	0.53	0.32	0.85
Frei Paulo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Itabaiana	0.519	200.0	250.0	50.0	35.0	0.8	46.8	96.8	15.8	0.2	1.2	17.2	1.57	0.66	2.23
Vaza Barris-Itabaiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaza Barris-Piaui	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sao Francisco	1.065	0.0	171.2	171.2	133.5	1.0	227.8	399.0	90.2	2.5	9.8	102.4	5.53	3.07	8.60
<b>Total</b>									<b>137.2</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>17.0</b>	<b>158.6</b>	<b>10.61</b>	<b>6.16</b>	<b>16.77</b>

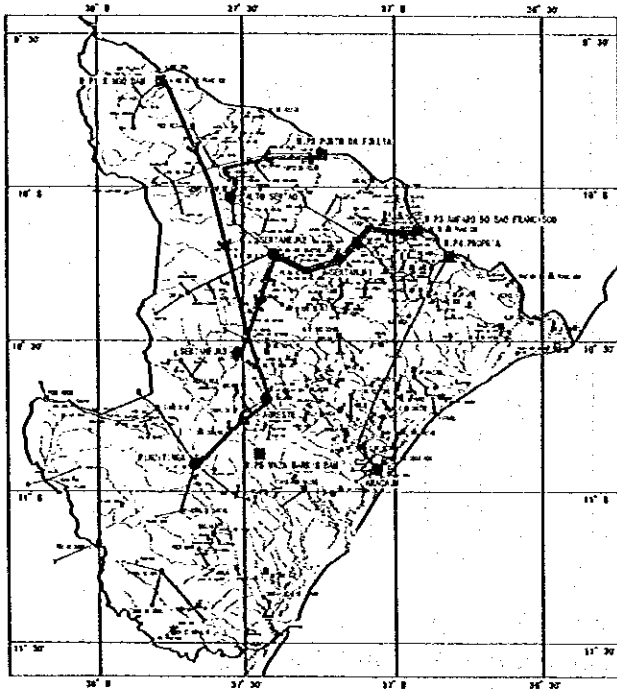


Figure -2.5 Conceptual Route Map of Case -XX1

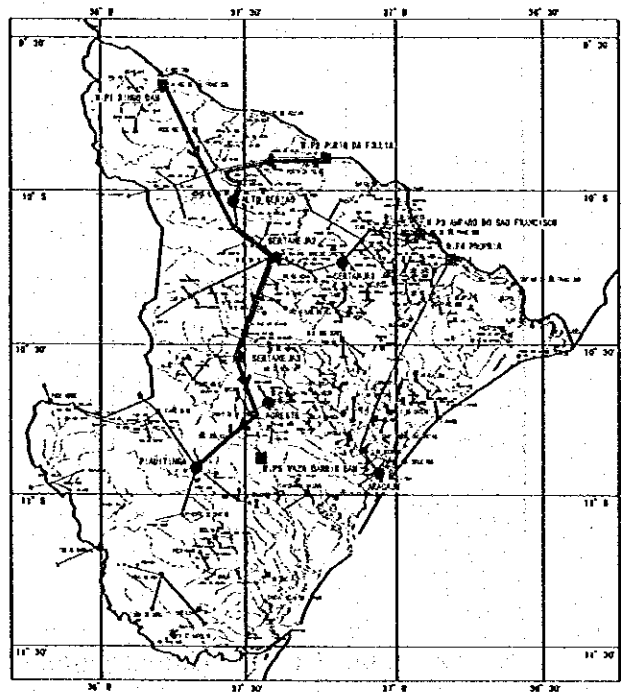


Figure -2.6 Conceptual Route Map of Case -XX2

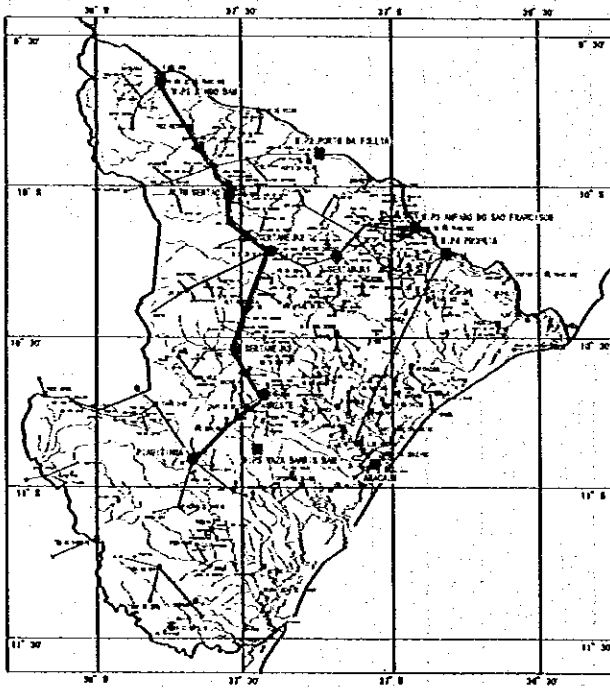


Figure -2.7 Conceptual Route Map of Case -XX3

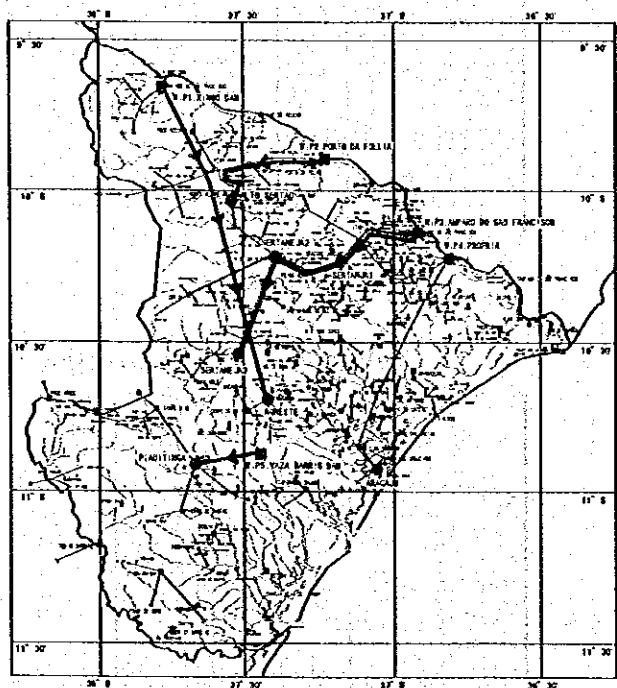


Figure -2.8 Conceptual Route Map of Case -XVI



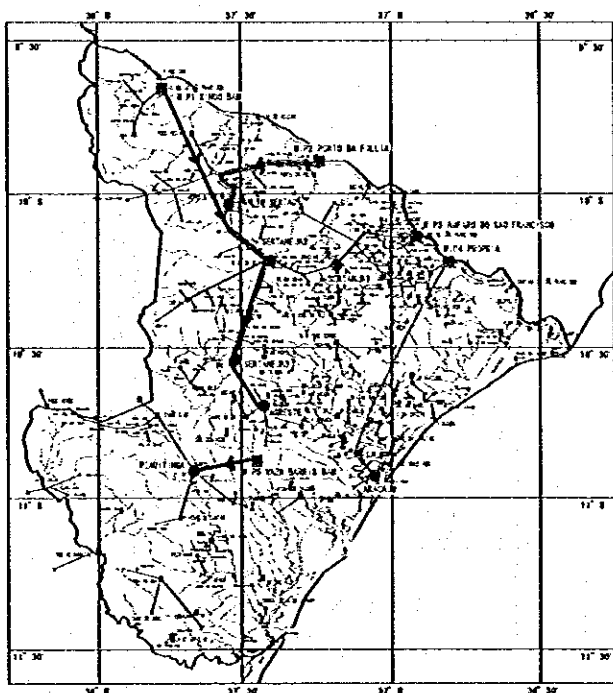


Figure -2.9 Conceptual Route Map of Case -XV2

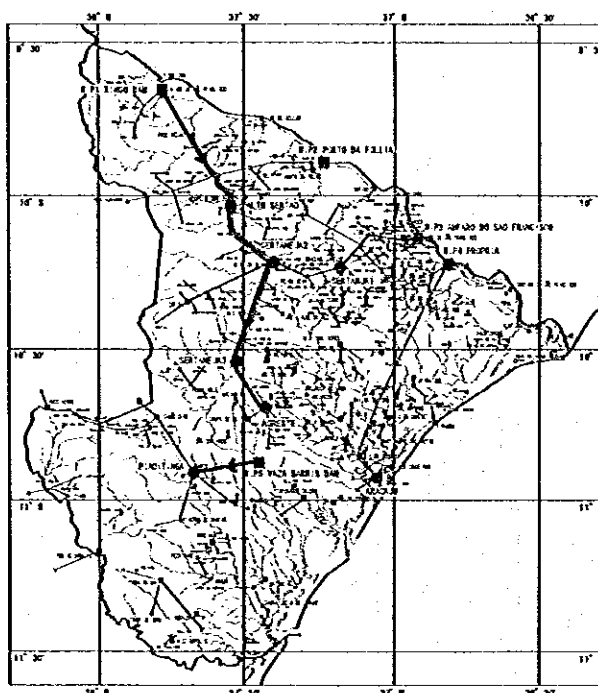


Figure -2.10 Conceptual Route Map of Case - XV3

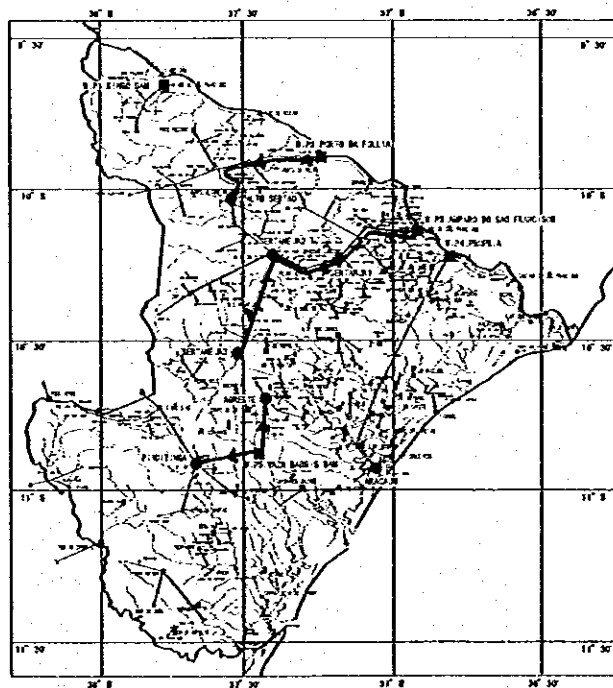


Figure -2.11 Conceptual Route Map of Case - VV1

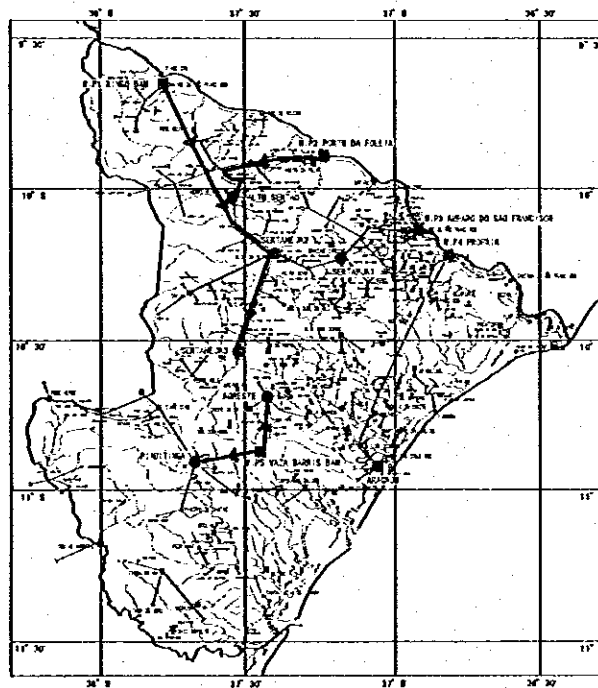


Figure -2.12 Conceptual Route Map of Case - VV2

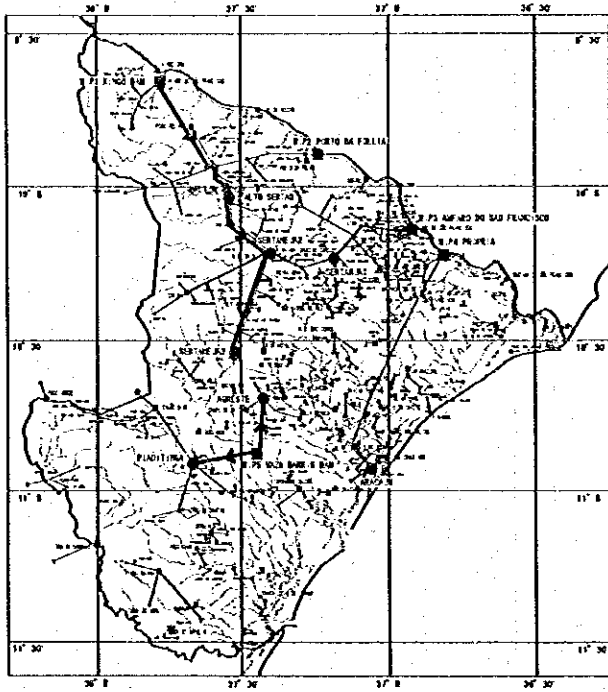


Figure -2.13 Conceptual Route Map of Case -VV3

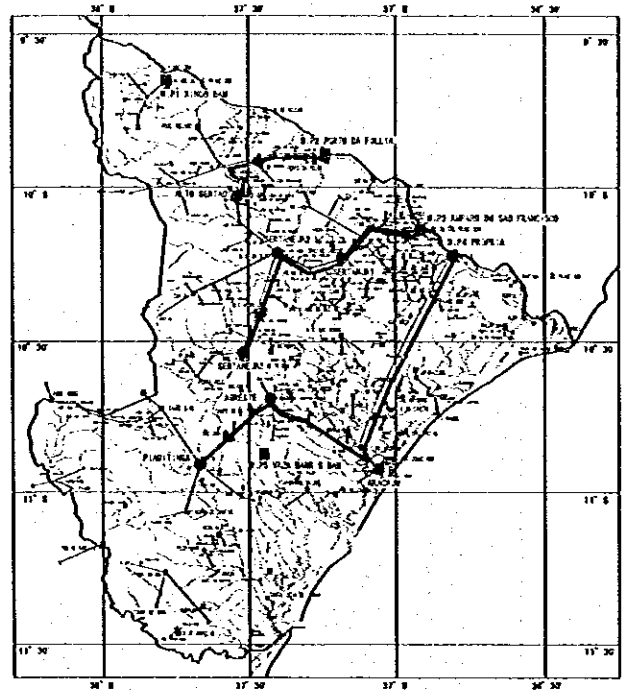


Figure -2.14 Conceptual Route Map of Case - SS1

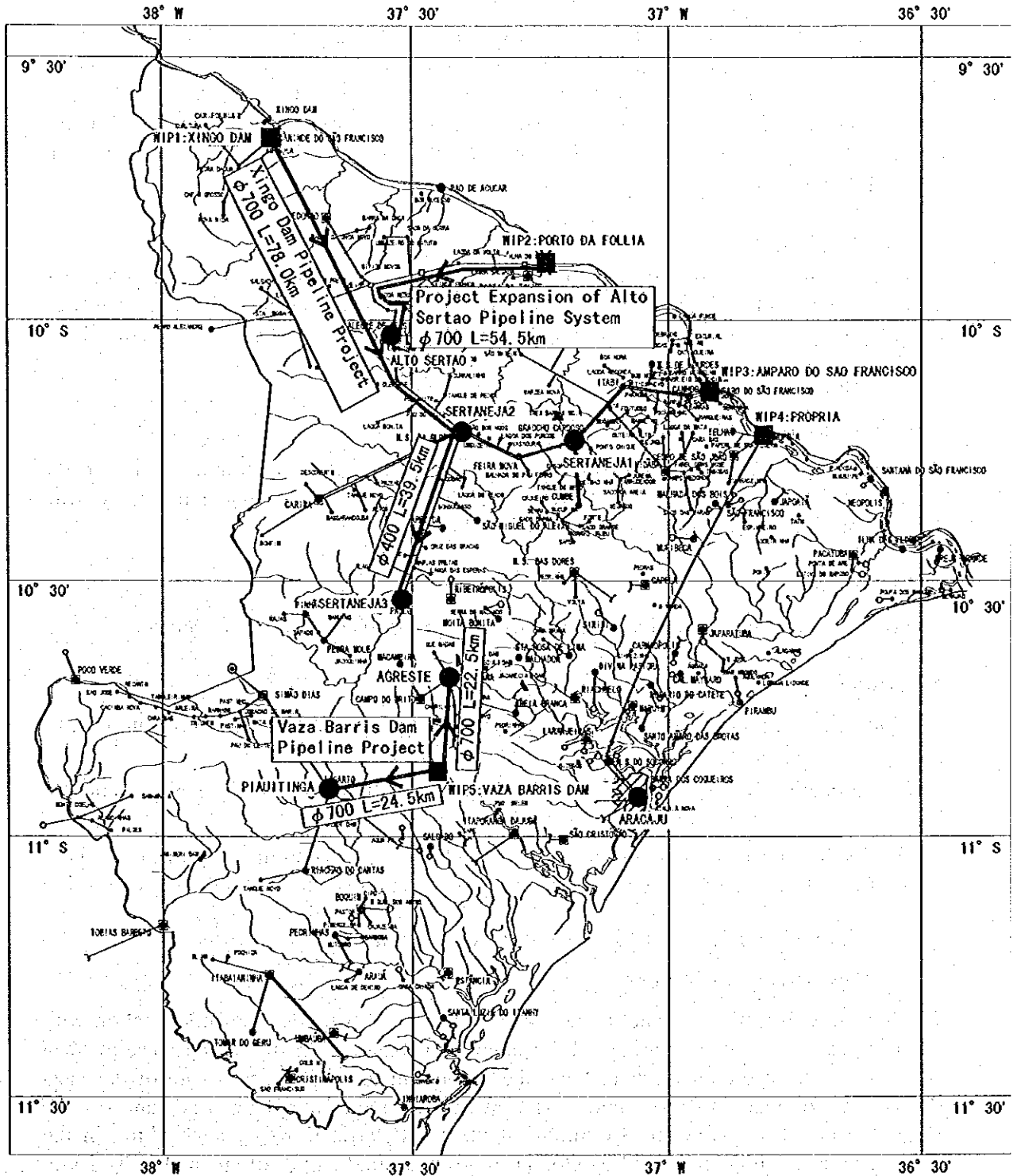


Figure - 2.15 Optimum Plan for Integrated Water Supply System (Case - VV2)