CHAPTER 3 ENVIRONMENTAL SURVEY

3.1 WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS

Table 3.1.1 Results of Groundwater Analysis in Almaty

Name	Date of					Pla	Places of Groundwater Sampling	Iwater Samp	ling				
of Tadioes	sampling	Compost			Illegal Dumpsites	mpsites			Transfer		Settl. Ozet	Ozet	
under study		Plant Well	D.Zetysu	D.Zetysu	B. Place.	Other.	Other.	Other.	Station	Well N.3	New well	Well N.2	Well N.1
•		Weighing	Place. Cluster	Place. Cluster	Well in ADK	Cluster well	Cluster	Cluster					
		Station	well	well	Village	N.19	N.21	N.41					
		G2*	G3	5.5	SS	g	6	89	65	G10	115	G12	G13
NO, mg/dm³	24/3/99	2.9.1	20.2	18.8	3.3	3.3	22.0	8.5	2.3*!	1.6	3.6	1.8	2.0
	29/3/99	3.62	29.5	17.6	3.6	4.4	24.8	5.2	2.8.2	2.7	3.2	2.4	2.7
	27/7/99	4.1.3	32.8	21.0	1.95	2.80	4.40	2.80	Z.A. *	4.25	Z.A.	3.30	2.25
	30/7/99	4.0**	30.4	19.2	3.65	4.25	21.6	4.10	N.A.	2.7	N.A.	2.4	2.7
Average		3.7	28.2	19.2	3.1	3.7	18.2	5.2	2.6	2.8	3,4	2.5	2.4
NO ₂ , mg/dm³	24/3/99	<0.01	<0.01*5	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
	29/3/99	<0.01*2	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01*2	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	40.01
	27/1/99	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	Z.A.	<0.01	Z.A.	<0.01	40.01
	30/7/99	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	N.A.	<0.01	N.A.	<0.01	<0.01
Average		<0.01	<0.0>	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Cl, mg/dm ³	24/3/99	7.0*1	17.75	17.75	5.33	7.10	39.05	14.20	7.10"	7.10	7.10	5:33	5.33
	29/3/99	7.10*2	17.75	17.75	5.33	7.10	39.05	14.20	7.102	7.10	7.10	5.33	5.33
	66/1/17	7.13	17.75	24.85	7.10	7.105	39.05	17.75	Z.A.	7.10	Z.A.	7.10	7.10
	30/7/99	5.33*4	17.75	24.85	8.88	7.10	39.05	17.75	N.A.	7.10	N.A.	7.10	7.10
Average		9.9	17.75	21.3	6.7	7.1	39.05	16.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.2	6.2
Coliform Group	24/3/99	<3*1	\$	\$	₽	\$	\$	8	1.6	₹3	\$	\$	\$
Number	29/3/99	33	ζ,	\$	♡	\$	♡	۵.	Ç?	\$	♡	\$	8
	27/7/29	\$3	8	15	>1100	٥	₽	43	N.A.	٥	N.A.	۵	۵.
	30/6/66	23~	4	43	43	43	1100	4	Z.A.	23	Z.A.	\$	\$
Average													

Name of Indices	s Date	75	3	5	3	3	5	3	;)			
													•
General Bacterial	11 24/3/99	18*!	<10	<10	~ 10	12	×10	12	19-	~ 10	010	V I0	O. V
Population	29/3/99	<10.5	<10	<10	<10	~ 10	01v	<10	<10.5	<10 <10	<10	V 10	~ 10
	27/7/99	<10.3	~ 10	~ 10	8	<10	<10	23	N.A.	0I v	N.A.	<10	×10
	30/1/99	<10.	<10	v 10	<10	<10	<10	<10	N.A.	<10	N.A.	<10	65
Average													
CN, mg/dm ³	24/3/99	LQ/N	NO.	QN	QX	QX	QX	QX	N/D-1	Q/N	N/N	QZ	ΩŽ
)	29/3/99	Z.Q/N	QX	QX	QX	QX	QX	QX	NON	Q/N	QX	Q Z	S S
	27/7/99	S.Q/N	QX	QN	QX	QX	QX	QV	N.A.	Q/N	Z.A.	QX	Q Z
	30/1/99	, Q/N	Q Q	QX	Q	Q	Q/X	Q/N	Z.Ą.	QΝ	N.A.	QN QN	Q Z
Average	5	QN	SN ON	Q/N	QX	QX	QX	Q	QX	Q/N	Q/N	ΩX	ΩN
Hg, mg/dm	24/3/99	<0.0001*1	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001*	<0.01	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
))	29/3/99	<0.00012	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.00017	<0.01	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
	27/7/29	<0.0001"	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	Z.A.	<0.01	N.A.	<0.0001	<0.0001
	30/1/99	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0,0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	Z.A.	<0.01	N.A.	<0.0001	<0.0001
Average		<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.01	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Cu, mg/dm³	24/3/99	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002*1	<0.02	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
•	29/3/99	<0.002*2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002*2	<0.02	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
	27/7/29	<0.002"3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	Z.A.	40.02	Z.A.	<0.002	<0.002
	30/7/99	<0.002**	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	N.A.	<0.02	N.A.	<0.002	<0.002
Average		<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.02	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
Fe, mg/dm3	24/3/99	<0.01*	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
	29/3/99	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01 2	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
	27/7/29	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	Z.A.	0.03	N.A.	<0.01	<0.02
	30/7/99	~0.02**	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.03	<0.01	N.A.	40.0×	Z.A.	<0.01	\$0.0
Average							-						
Mn, mg/dm³	24/3/99	<0.01*1	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01*1	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
	29/3/99	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01*2	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
	27/7/99	<0.01*3	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	N.A.	<0.01	N.A.	<0.01	<0.01
	30/7/99	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	N.A.	<0.01	N.A.	<0.01	<0.01
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 $(x,y,y,z,z) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2$

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Name of Indices	Date	G2	3	2	33	95	67	85	හි	G10	Gil	G12	G13		
Zn, mg/dm³	24/3/99	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.02	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002		
	29/3/99	<0.002"2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002*2	<0.02	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002		
	27/7/99	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	N.A.	<0.002	N.A.	<0.002	<0.002		27
	30/7/99	<0.002**	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	N.A.	<0.02	Z.A.	<0.002	<0.002		
Average		<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	Triber - Marie Marie Marie Allen des Campanatheres	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002		
Pb, mg/dm3	24/3/99	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005*1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005		
	29/3/99	<0.005*2	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005*2	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005		
	27/1/99	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	N.A.	<0.005	N.A.	<0.005	<0.005		
	30/7/99	<0.005**	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	N.A.	<0.005	Z.A.	<0.005	<0.005		
Average		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005		
Cr6*, mg/dm3	24/3/99	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		
	29/3/99	<0.01 2	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	~0.0 1	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		
	27/7/89	<0.01*3	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	N.A.	<0.01	N.A.	<0.01	<0.03		-
## - 1 4	30/7/99	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	Z.A.	<0.01	Z.A.	<0.01	<0.01	:	
Average		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	10.0>	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		
Cd, mg/dm³	24/3/99	<0.002*1	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002*	<0.02	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002		
	29/3/99	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002*2	<0.02	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002		
	27/7/99	<0.002*3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	N.A.	<0.02	N.A.	<0.002	<0.002		-
	30/7/99	<0.002*	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	N.A.	<0.02	N.A.	<0.002	<0.002		
Average		<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.02	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002		
As, mg/dm3	24/3/99	<0.005*	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.000>	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005		
	29/3/99	<0.005*2	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005*2	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005		
	27/7/99	<0.005*3	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	Z.A.	<0.005	N.A.	<0.005	<0.005		
	30/7/99	<0.005*	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	Ä.Ä.	<0.005	N.A.	<0.005	<0.005		
Average		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005		
F, mg/dm³	24/3/99	0.54*1	0.48	89.0	0.80	0.72	0.54	99.0	0.74*1	0.74	0.54	0.74	0.74		-
	29/3/99	0.54*2	0.45	0.62	0.74	99.0	0.48	0.68	0.62*2	0.68	0.48	0.68	89:0		
	27/7/99	0.8	0.52	1.02	1.02	0.82	0.64	1.0	Z.A.	0.82	Z. Ą.	1.0	8:0		
	30/7/99	0.74*4	09.0	0.80	0.74	0.48	99:0	0.68	N.A.	0.68	N.A.	89.0	0.68		
Average		99.0	0.51	0.78	0.83	290	050	7.0	0.40	550		000			

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1.3	213	2.04	2.04	4.05	2.04	2.54	3.65	÷.86	3.65	1.86	1.26	04.1	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.48	34.0	0.70	25.0	13.0	107	ΩŽ	5007	Q	0.005		<0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	7.85	2.90	8.30	8.26	80.8	
-	4														1							QZ		1	ND ON		×0.01										
-	$\frac{1}{2}$:				. •									
į	-{				. munudo i										La							NON					<0.01	Ö	Ż	Z	<0.0	7.8	7.8	Z	Z	7.8	
	2	24.05	. 26.05	24.05	26.05	25.05	3.65	3.65	4.86	3.65	3.95	1.50	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.58	108.0	101.0	145.0	135.0	122	QX	QZ	QΧ	QX		<0.01	40.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	7.80	7.80	8.29	8.20	8.02	
	3	26.05	24.65	N.A.	N.A.	25.35	2.43	3.652	N.A.	N.A.	3.04	1.50*1	1.50*2	N.A.	N.A.	1.5	134.0"	126.02	N.A.	N.A.	130	N/D*1	0.005*2	N.A.	N.A.		<0.01*1	<0.01	Z.A.	N.A.	<0.01	7.75"	7.81.2	N.A.	N.A.	7.78	
i i	8	30.06	28.06	26.05	28.06	28.06	9.73	10.94	13.38	10.94	11.25	2.90	2.30	2.40	2.30	2.48	234.0	217.0	288.0	245.0	246	Q/N	Ş	άχ	ΝΌ		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	7.75	7.85	8.20	8.28	8.02	
	Ğ7	102.20	90.18	104.21	90.18	69.96	25.54	36.48	25.54	36.48	31.01	7.20	7.50	7.30	7.50	7.38	683.0	672.0	642.0	612.0	652	QΝ	0.005	QX X	0.004		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	7.96	8.00	7.87	7.71	7.89	
	99	28.06	28.06	28.06	28.06	28.06	80.9	80.9	7.30	80.9	6.39	1.90	1.90	2.00	1.90	1.93	130.0	129.0	148.0	137.0	136	Q/N	0.00	QX	0.005		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	7.84	7.80	8.27	8.20	8.03	
	GŞ	26.05	26.05	26.05	26.05	26.05	4.86	4.86	7.30	4.86	5.47	1.70	1.70	1.90	1.70	1.75	103.0	91.0	113.0	110.0	192	QV	QX	QX	QN		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	7.82	7.82	8.25	8.30	8.05	
	G4	66.13	64.13	56.11	60.12	61.62	14.59	14.59	20.67	18.24	17.02	4.50	4.40	4.50	4.50	4.48	329.0	327.0	397.0	383.0	359	ΩX	QX	<0.01	Q/N		<0.01	<0. 01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	7.92	7.95	8.0	7.88	7.94	
	<u> </u>	92.18	90.18	92.18	92.18	91.68	12.16	13.38	14.59	14.59	13.68	5.60	5.60	5.80	5.80	5.70	370.0	332.0	460.0	404.0	392	QX	Q'X	Q/N	Q/N	·	<0.01	~0.0 1	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	7.88	7.75	7.85	7.76	7.81	
	G2	28.06*		: -			3,65*1	4.86"	3.65	4.86	4.26	1.70*1	1.80*2	1.70*3	1.90	1.78	119.0*1	101.02	191.0	151.0*	141	-QX	NO.	ND.3	N/D.		-10.0>	<0.017	<0.01"	<0.01	<0.01	7.85*1	7.852	7.90*3	8.36	7.99	
	te	24/3/99 2				-	24/3/99					24/3/99					24/3/99 1					24/3/99	. :				24/3/99 <	29/3/99				24/3/99			. 45 E	:	
	Name of Indices Date	_		77	30			٠.,	12) S		١.		27.	30			g/dm³		99				77	30				77	, S		24	29	27	30	100 a	
	Name of	Ca. mg/dm	•		÷.	Average	Me. me/dm	ò	1 + 2 +	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Average	Total hardness	mg/eq.			Average	Distillation	residues, mg/dm3		· .	Average	Phenol, mg/dm ³			10 10 20	Average	NH, mg/dm				Average	Ή	4			Average	
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Name of Indices	Date	625	63	25	SS	95	<u>G7</u>	89	65	010	611	G12	G13
Taste	24/3/99	no taste*1	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste						
	29/3/99	no taste ²	no taste	no taste"2	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste					
	27/7/89	no taste"	no taste	N.A.	no taste	N.A.	no taste	no taste					
	30/7/99	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	N.A.	no taste	N.A.	no taste	no taste
Average		no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste	no taste
Aroma	24/3/99	no aroma*1	no aroma	no aroma*1	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	No aroma					
	29/3/99	no aroma*2	no aroma	no aroma 2	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	No aroma					
	27/7/99	no aroma*3	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	no arorna	no aroma	Z. A.	no aroma	N.A.	no aroma	No aroma
	30/7/99	no aroma*4	no aroma	N.A.	no aroma	N.A.	по аготта	No aroma					
Average		no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	по агота	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	no aroma	No aroma
Color	24/3/99	colorless"	colorless	coloriess	coloriess	coloriess	colorless	coloriess	colorless*1	colorless	colorless	coloriess	colorless
	29/3/99	colorless"2	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless"2	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless
-	27/7/99	colorless	colorless	colorless	coloriess	colorless	coloriess	coloriess	Ż.	colorless	N.A.	coloriess	coloriess
	30/7/99	colorless"	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	coloriess	N.A.	colorless	N.A.	coloriess	colorless
Average		colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	colorless	coloriess	colorless	coloriess	colorless	colorless
Turbidity	24/3/99	.QZ	QX	Q/N	Q/N	QX	QN	Q/N	ľď/N	Q/N	Q/N	QX	QN
	29/3/99	Z/Q	QX	QX N	Š	Q/N	QX	QX	NO.	ρχ	Q/N	S S	Q
	27/7/99	QZ	QX	S S	QX	Q	Q	QX	Z. Ą.	QZ	N.A.	QΧ	Q Z
	30/7/99	, Q/Z	Š	QN	QX	N/O	Q N	ρχ	N.A.	Ω	Z.A.	QX	QΧ
Average		QV	Q/N	QV	QX	Q/N	Q/N	Q/N	Q/N	O/N	QN	ΩN	ΩX
Sulfides, mg/dm3	24/3/99	.Q/Z	Q/N	Q/N	Q/N	Q/N	QΧ	Q/N	N/D.1	Q/N	α'n	QX	ΩN
	29/3/99	Z/Q	QX	QX	QX	QX	Q	QX	N/D.	QX	QX	ΩX	QX
	27/7/99	C/N	QN	QΝ	QX	Q	Q	Q Z	N.A.	QΝ	N.A.	Q	Q/X
	30/7/99	ŽQZ	QN	QX	QX	QX	Q.	Ş	N.A.	QX.	N.A.	Ş	Qχ
Average		Q/N	QV	QN	QN	QX	QN	Q/N	Q/N	Ω⁄Ω	QΝ	QX	Q/N
SO,2mg/dm3	24/3/99	7.82*	30.45	35.39	9.05	11.11	202.05	54.32	7.41*	8.23	10.29	8.23	8.64
	29/3/99	5.88.6	34.15	40.33	88.6	13.58	199.58	52.67	17.762	9.05	9.88	9.46	7.82
	51/1/60	7.0-3	34.15	42.38	9.05	12.76	169.54	55.55	Z.A.	1.65	N.A.	9.46	6.58
	30/7/99	5.76	32.92	40.74	10.29	13.17	158.43	53.50	Z.A.	8.64	Ϋ́	9.05	7.41
Average		7.62	32.92	39.71	9.57	12.66	188.40	54.01	12.59	6.89	10.09	9.05	7.61
COD, O, mg/dm	24/3/99	0.42	0.64	1.06	0.50	0.50	0.1	0.64	1.06*1	0.21	0.21	0.64	1.06
	29/3/99	0.61*2	0.81	1.22	0.41	0.41	0.10	0.82	0.82*2	0.41	0.10	0.82	0.82
	27/7/99	0.35*3	1.07	0.86	0.65	0.4]	0.1	0.41	ď.	0.35	N.A.	0.64	98.0
	30/7/99	0.41*4	0.86	0.64	0.43	0.50	0.1	0.50	N.A.	0.21	N.A.	0.50	1.06
Average		0.45	0.85	0.95	0.50	0.46	0.1	0.59	0.94	0.30	0.16	0.65	0.95

Name of Indices Date	Date	<u>G</u> 2	3	G4	જ	99	67	85	65	G10	G11	G12	G13
BOD. O. mg/dm ³	24/3/99	0.31*1	0.42	0.82	0.31	0:0	0.25	0.42	0.76*1	0.10	0.10	0.50	0.88
7	29/3/99	0.4"2	0.66	0.98	0.25	0.0	0.31	0.55	0.61	0.31	0.0	0.55	0.61
	27/7/99	0.24"	0.88	0.72	0.50	0.21	0	0.24	Y.Y	0.24	N.A.	0.41	0.65
	30/7/99	0.24	0.65	0.41	0.35	0.35	0	0.35	N.A.	0.1	N.A.	0.24	0.86
Average		0.30	0.65	0.73	0.35	0.1	0.1	0.39	69.0	0.19	0.05	0.43	0.75
Suspended Solids, 24/3/99	24/3/99	QX	QZ	QX	QX	ďχ	QX	QX	N/D-1	ΩX	S/S	Q/Z	Q Z
mg/dm ³	29/3/99	Z.Q.N	QZ	QX	QZ	S	QX	QX Z	N/D.	Q Z	Q.X	QZ	Q
	27/7/99	Z/Q	QZ	QX	Q/Z	Š	QΧ	Q Z	Z.A.	Q Z	Ϋ́Z	QX	QZ
	30/1/99	Qχ	QX	QX	QX	QX	Q	QX	N.A.	Q Z	ΥZ	QX	Q X
Average		S	e S	QX	QX	S/S	QΧ	QV	Q/X	Q/N	O/N	QX	QX
Electric	24/3/99	0.16*	0.48	0.42	0.16	0.18	0.81	0.31	0.15"	0.14	0.16	0.16	0.15
Conductivity,	29/3/99	0.152	0.50	0.44	0.16	0.23	0.82	0.34	0.16"2	0.18	0.17	0.16	0.16
mCm cm-1-8	27/7/99	0.17	0.46	0.42	0.16	0.18	0.73	0.30	, X	0.14	Z.	0.16	0.15
	30/7/99	0.16	0.44	0.41	0.16	0.17	29.0	0.15	N.A.	0.14	N.A.	0.14	0.13
Average		0.16	0.47	0.42	0.16	0.19	0.78	0.28	0.16	0.15	0.17	0.16	0.15
Oxidation-	24/3/99	265*1	228	222	270	267	201	230	268"	272	265	366	267
Reduction	29/3/99	2602	220	215	760	260	196	226	262"2	760	260	270	270
Potential, mV	27/7/29	258*3	235	227	270	275	210	240	Z.A.	279	N.A.	280	283
	30/7/99	265*	230	283	231	366	207	271	N.A.	271	N.A.	273	276
Average		262	228	237	258	267	204	242	265	271	263	272	274
Note:													

This sample was measured in 25/3/99.
This sample was measured in 30/3/99.
This sample was measured in 28/7/99.

< means that something is not detected or less than the specified value. This sample was measured in 3/8/99.

N.A. means anot applicable, because the wells were no longer in use.

N/D means «not detected»

mC m cm⁻¹ means Ω⁻¹ cm⁻¹ 10⁻³

G2, G3, indicates site location as shown in Figure 3.3.1, Section E of Supporting Report.

Table 3.1.2 Results of Surface Water Analysis in Almaty

		· ·						~~	· · · ·					ì														i
Total content of phosphorus mg/dm³	14	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01	menter of the state of the stat	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01	2001	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	<0.01	. 6	700	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Total content of nitrogen mg/dm³	13	3.13	2.72	1.56		1,41		2.21	3.18	2.32	1.63		1.35		2.12	0.87	1.56	1.26		0.74		1.11	38.77	80 77	07:44	17:101	111.60	73.97
Suspended solids mg/dm ³	12	32.20	44.6	451.8		525.95		263.6	40.95	72.85	434.6		415.15		240.9	41.10	69.30	72.45		26.80		59.91	42.80	70 06) ii ()	46./5	43.35	51.46
BOD O ₂ mg/dm³	11	5.96	5.86	3.86		5.64	-	5.33	10.15	3.76	5.68		6.75	***	6.59	23.84	21.34	6.07	5	6.27		14.4	33.70	23.41	7 4 6 4	65.50	52.34	40.75
COD O ₂ mg/dm³	10	. 6.34	7.14	4.76		6.53		6.19	11.62	5.10	6.34		7.17		7.56	26.40	25.50	7.70		8.06		16.9	39.60	30 78	07:00	67:14	57.43	46.02
Dissolved oxygen	6	10.14	9.97	6:36		9.12		99.6	10.28	10.14	9.12	*.	9.12	3	29.6	3.47	3.20	3.05		3.35		3.27	2.08	5.43	i i	4.31	4.17	4.75
Coliform Group Number	8	23800	28000	>23800		>28000			23800	23800	>23800		>23800			06	23800	>23800		>23800			06	23000	20007	00857<	>23000	
Electric Conductivity mCm/cm ⁻¹	7	0.42	0.40	0.16		0.16		0.29	0.84	0.42	0.17		0.17		0.40	13.5	13.I	12.0	Ž.	13.0		12.9	7.5	00	2 .	16.0	16.0	12.2
ь́н	. 9	8.18	7.90	7.80		8.27		8.04	8.20	7.90	7.85		8.35		8.08	7.70	7.75	8.11		8.15	***************************************	7.93	7.97	778	2 6	67.8	8.40	8.10
Turbidity mg/dm³ SiO ₂	S	47.0	77.0	450.0		330.0		226	51.0	83.0	200.0		430.0		266	53.0	0:09	76.0		62.0		62.8	63.0	040	2.0	0.56	83.0	81.3
Color	4	coloriess	colorless	colorless		colorless			colorless	colorless	colorless		colorless			daffodil	daffodil	daffodil		daffodil			faintly	yallow -diro-	o di la	-011(O	-ditto-	
Temperature Water/ Air	3	4.4	6.4	13.4	26.0	12.2	24.2		3.2	9.6	13.6	22.8	12.6	22.2		9.2	5.5	25.8	28.8	24.0	28.7		10.4	3,6	2.6	S:82 8:83	<u>26.4</u>	
Date of Sampling	2	25/3/99	30/3/99	28/7/99		3/8/99	3		25/3/99	30/3/99	28/7/99		3/8/99			25/3/99	30/3/66	28/7/99		3/8/66			25/3/99	30/3/66	20,000	66/1/07	3/8/99	
Places of surface water sampling	7	Compost plant	Vesnovka River	(upstream of the	refuse dump)			age	Compost plant	Vesnovka River	(downstream of	the reruse dump)			age	Ex. Disposal Site	Pond (below	setting basin)				age	Ex. Disposal Site	Setting dasin.				age
ĝ	:	S1.2	•			i. 		Average	\$2				·		Average	S	-					Average	8					Average

Š	1	2	6	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	[13	
SS	Illeral dumosite	23/3/99	5.4	colorless	191.0	8.28	0.55	>1100000	8.63	13.01	10.85	160.20	5.60	
	Place A	26/3/99	7.0	colorless	0.49	8.10	0.70	23800	8.05	5.10	3.85	54.20	5.84	
· .	(Ostroumov st.)	26/7/99	15.4	colorless	20.0	8.40	0.63	>23800	8.14	11.29	9.03	35.30	2.83	
	Karasu Kiver		23.5	1				2				•	i	
	(upstream of the refuse dump)	29/7/99	15.6 22.4	coloriess	20.0	8.35	0.64	>23800	8.32	10.61	8.11	44.40	7.24	
Ave	Average				81.3	8.28	0.63		8.29	10.0	7.96	73.53	5.38	
88	Illegal dumpsite	23/3/99	5.1	colorless	420.0	8.35	0.52	>1100000	9.71	11.92	9.18	456.60	5.59	
	Place A	26/3/99	6.0	colorless	0.69	8.15	0.62	23800	10.14	5.10	4.17	68.35	5.48	
· .	(Ostroumov st.)	26/1/99	15.7	colorless	1000.0	8.50	0.30	>23800	8.07	12.37	9.84	824.50	1.74	
·.	Karasu River		25.6		• •									
	(downstream of the refuse dump)	29/7/99	15.8	colorless	1000.0	8:30	0.39	>238000	7.98	11.75	9.38	518.65	3.77	
Ave	Averace		0:57		622	8.33	0.46		868	10.29	8.14	467.0	4.15	1
S	Illegal dumpsite	23/3/99	0.4	colorless	112.0	8.30	09:0	>1100000	9,46	8.67	7.25	93.50	10.30	
7 i. * -	Place B (ADK)	26/3/99	7.4	colorless	25.0	8.05	09.0	23000	9.20	4.59	3.26	13.00	8.24	
	Unknown rivulet	26/1/99	14.2	colorless	29.0	8.35	0.20	>23800	8.85	6.29	5.37	43.90	2.06	
-	(upstream of the		25.1								1.			
	refuse dump)	29/7/99	14.3	colorless	53.0	7.82	0.19	>238000	8.61	4.81	3.55	23.75	2.31	
			23.0			<i>.</i>						-		ŧ
Ave	Average				62.3	8.13	0.40		9.03	60.9	4.86	43.54	5.73	
88	Illegal dumpsite	23/3/99	5.3	coloriess	82.0	8.18	0.58	>1100000	9.74	7.59	6.53	69.95	9.71	
· · ·	Place B (ADK)	26/3/99	11.2	colorless	27.0	8.03	0.59	23000	9.35	3.06	1.87	20.70	7.42	
	Unknown rivulet	26/1/99	14.6	colorless	350.0	8.45	0.22	>23800	8.63	90.9	5.49	232.40	1.96	
	the refuse dump)	56/1/66	14.8	colorless	210.0	7.90	0.24	>238000	8.36	4.59	3.68	42.65	3.21	
			26.0								:	٠		
Ave	Average				167	8.14	0.41		9.02	5.33	4.39	91.43	5.58	i
8	Illegal dumosite	23/3/99	8.5	colorless	36.0	8.16	0.65	24000	8.65	4.34	3.99	25.75	5.00	
	Place C (Horse	26/3/99	9.8	colorless	23.0	8.17	69.0	1300	8.90	3.06	2.12	16.10	5.25	
	race field).	26/7/99	17.8	colorless	56.0	8.50	0.58	>23800	8.25	2.87	2.05	48.55	2.39	
	Sultanka River		24.0											
	(upsucani oi une refuse dumo)	29/7/99	17.2	coloriess	63.0	8.00	0.59	>238000	8.07	3.11	2.59	38.80	4.84	
:	June 1		21.0			-								
Average	rape			- A-1	44.5	8.21	69.0		8.47	3.35	2.69	32.3	4.37	

22/2/00 2 2	0.0	26/3/99	26/7/99	C:C7	the retuse dump) 29/7/99 17.4 colorless	24.2	Average	psite	Farabi st.)	26/7/99	(upstream of the 20.7 refuse dump) 29/7/99 15.6 colorless	Average	Illegal dumpsite 23/3/99 3.2 colorless	Farabi st.) 26/3/99 1.6 coloriess	56/1/95	(downstream of 20.8) the refuse dump) 29/7/99 15.8 colorless 22.8	Average	Illegal dumpsite 23/3/99 0.2 daffodil 6	Farabi st.) Brook along the road	30/3/99 7.8 colorless	Average	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			53.0 8.55		26.0 8.07		43.5 8.20	68.0 8.20	96.0 8.00	150.0 8.67	200.0 8.45	128 8.33	480.0 8.06	520.0 8.18	125.0 8.65	150.0 8.44	318.8 8.33	6050.0 7.60		67.0 7.90		:
- .	-		0.58 >23800		0.60 >238000		0.64	0.54 >1100000	0.74 23800	0.34 >23800	0.34 >238000	0.49	0.54 >1100000	0.63 23800	0.35 >23800	0.34 >238000	0.47	0.74		0.64 9200	69.0	
7	8.91	9.18	8.07		7.84		8.50	9.84	9.75	8.31	8.24	9.04		10.05	8.07	8.07	90.6	6.30		9.18	7.74	
\dashv			2.95 2.01		2.95 2.43		3.33 2.57	8.67 7.48	5.10 4.68	10.73 9.25	8.35 6.97	8.21 7.10			10.54 9.43	9.65 7.11	8.22 6.98			3.08 2.70	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
-	٠	8 11.20	1 52.40		3 29.90		7 33.85	8 72.95				0 97.33			3 125.35	1 84.40	8 250.6	7112.50		0 44.70	3579	
13	2.66	5.22	1.51		5.41		4,45	4.74	6.45	2.09	2.65	3.98	4.65	2.17	2.16	2.56	2.89	4.07		9.80	6.94	
4 6	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	<0.01	40.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	40.01	40.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		40.0	<0.01	

No.	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	01	11	12	13	14
\$14 Transfer station.	23/3/99	6.4	colorless	56.0	8.10	0.58	23800	8.93	7.39	6.27	48.35	8.35	<0.01
Terenkara River		• .											
(upstream of the											:		
	30/3/99	7.8	colorless	0.79	7.90	0.64	9200	9.18	3.08	2.70	44.70	08.6	<0.01
	28/7/99	17.4	coloriess	62.0	8.20	0.54	>23800	8.07	6.29	4.97	52.20	9.49	<0.01
		22.2											
	3/8/99	18.9	colorless	29.0	8.55	0.54	>238000	7.91	9.53	7.88	13.35	5.88	*0.0 1
		22.8											
Average				61.0	8.19	0.58		8.52	6.57	5.46	39.65	8:38	<0.01
S15 Transfer station.	23/3/99	4.0	colorless	50.0	8.10	09:0	23800	9:36	8.45	6.53	39.75	8.57	<0.01
Terenkara River	1. 1.							-			:		
(downstream of													
	30/3/99	9.9	colorless	71.0	7.85	09.0	2300	9.27	7.65	6.04	38.00	9.22	<0.01
	28/7/99	18	colorless	26.0	8.16	0.54	>23800	8.25	7.18	5.38	31.90	8.96	<0.01
		22.6											
	3/8/99	19.4	colorless	53.0	8.47	0.54	>238000	7.80	86.6	7.70	12.95	6.45	<0.01
		23.0									-	delighber and base has made as one in temperature	
Average				57.5	8.15	0.57		8.67	8.32	6.41	30.65	8.30	<0.01

Note:

-: c means that something is not detected or less than the specified value

-: S1, S2, indicates site location as shown in Figure 3.3.1.

Table 3.1.3 Depth of Surveyed Wells

Well location	Well depth, m
Compost Pant	
Well at the Weighing Station	160
Illegal Dumpsites	
Place D (Zhetysu)	165
Cluster water intake N.3 (well N.4)	165
Cluster water intake N.4 (well N.6)	
Place B	
Well in settl. ADK	not available
Others	
Cluster water intake N.19 (well N.5)	215
Cluster water intake N.21 (well N.9)	163
Cluster water intake N.41 (well N.1)	500
Transfer Station	
Well	165
Settl. Ozet	
Well N.1	160
Well N.2	200
Well N.3	300
New well	not available

Table 3.1.4 Discharge of Surface Watercourse Flows

Watercourse name	Sample date	Discharge of Flow, m³/sec
Illegal Dumpsites		
Place A (Ostroumov St.), Karasu River*	23.03.99	2.324
	26.03.99	0.458
	26.07.99	0.26
	29.07.99	0.20
Place B (ADK), unknown brook*	23.03.99	0.030
	26.03.99	0.017
	26.07.99	0.061
	29.07.99	0.059
Place C (Horse race field), Sultanka River*	23.03.99	0.714
	26.03.99	0.264
	26.07.99	0.21
	29.07.99	0.15
Place E, Upstream of the refuse dump*	23.03.99	0.039
(Al-Farabi St.) Upstream of the refuse dump	26.03.99	0.011
Downstream of the refuse dump	26.03.99	0.084
	26.07.99	0.093
	29.07.99	0.087
Transfer Station		
Terenkara River: Upstream of the refuse dump	25.03.99	0.359
Downstream of the refuse dump	25.03.99	0.245
Upstream of the refuse dump	30.03.99	0.297
Downstream of the refuse dump	30.03.99	0.359
	28.07.99	0.27
	03.08.99	0.24
Compost Plant		
Vesnovka River: Upstream of the refuse dump	25.03.99	0.577
Downstream of the refuse dump	25.03.99	0.961
Upstream of the refuse dump	30.03.99	0.889
Downstream of the refuse dump	30.03.99	1.049
	28.07.99	4.6

Note:* Observation shows that watercourse discharge of the upstream of the dumpsite is equal to that of the downstream.

TYPICAL COMPOSITION OF LEACHATE IN JAPAN AND UK 3.2

1) Japan

Planning and Designing Guidelines for Final Disposal of Solid Waste issued by the Japan Waste Management Association in March 1989 shows typical composition of leachate in Japan. The composition has two types, which are categorized into noncombustible waste or incineration residue and combustible waste, as shown in Table 3.2.1.

Table 3.2.1 Typical Composition of Leachate in Japan

Item	Main Component	
	Combustible Waste	Non-combustible or Incineration Residue
BOD*	1,200 mg/l	250 mg/l
SS*	300 mg/l	300 mg/l
COD*	480 mg/l	100 mg/l
NH ₄ '-N (T-N)	480 mg/l	100 mg/l
рН	If perishable organic matter is dominant, leachate is acid.	If the ignition loss of ashes is low, leachate is alkaline.
TDS*	Sometimes it will be the order of	of 10 ³ to 10 ⁴ mg/l.
Coliform Group Number	Sometimes more than 3,000	
Fe ²⁺	Usually 10 mg/l	
Mn ²⁺	Usually only traced	
Other heavy metal	Usually not detected	
Color	Brown to light yellow	

Source: Japan Waste Management Association, "Planning and Designing Guidelines for Final Disposal of Solid Waste," March 1989, p.147. Note: *These acronyms stand for the following:

- 1) BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- 2) SS: Suspended Solids
- 3) COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
- 4) TDS: total dissolved solids

Conditions of landfill are assumed to be the following:

- 1) Aerobic landfill type is applied.
- 2) Length of operation is 5 years.
- 3) Thickness of landfill is 4 m.
- 4) Ignition loss of ashes is 8%.

2) UK

Department of the Environment in UK made a technical paper whose name is Waste Management Paper No 26 in 1986. This paper represents typical composition of leachate as shown in Table 3.2.2.

Table 3.2.2 Typical Composition of Leachate in UK

Item	Leachate from recent waste	Leachate from aged waste
pН	6.2	7.5
COD	23,800	1,160
BOD	11,900	260
TOC*	8,000	465
Fatty acid	5,688	5
NH ₄ +-N	790	370
NO	3	1
PO ₄ ³⁻	0.73	1.4
Chloride	1,315	2,080
Na	960	1,300
Mg	252	185
K	780	590
Ca	1,820	250
Mn	27	2.1
Fe	540	23
Ni	0.6	0.1
Cu	0.12	0.3
Zn	21.5	0.4
Pb	8.4	0.14

Source: Department of the Environment, "Waste Management Paper No 26," 1986, p.25. Note: *TOC stands for Total Organic Carbon.

All figures in mg/l except pH.

CHAPTER 4 INITIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EXAMINATION

그리고 그리는 얼마 얼마를 받는 일본 그리고 하는 사람들은 그를 받았다.	
이 사람들 어떻게 되는 물이 되어 되었다면서 중력했다. 이 이를 하셨다면서 있을 때로 하다는	
그 보고 있는 얼마는 아름을 하면 그렇게 하는 후, 작은 사람이 있는 것이 들었다. 본 본 경	
그리는 항 소문으로 들었는데 이렇다는 경기를 받아 다리는 그릇을 만든데 없었다.	
되고 있는 말 그는 어린 바람에는 그리다는 얼마를 어디면 되었다. 이렇게도 안 많았다면	
민준이 많아 본학 내는 사람과 이 아이는 한 사람이 되는 현실이 회장 중심을 받았다. 그림	
HONERS :	
아이는 물에게 있었다. 얼마는 그는 그를 내려 들어 살아 들었다는 그렇게 되었다. 그렇게 되었다.	
중요한 회장에는 이번 성관이 있었다. 하는 사람들은 하는 것은 사람들은 가장 없는 것을 다 없었다.	
그리네 아들은 사이 사람들이 되는 사람들이 되는 사람들이 되었다면 가득 모양을 하였다.	
있는 그 시간 동일 이 얼마님의 하는데 하는데 하고 말을 하는데 하다면 되었는데 되었다.	
한 교회 마른 제대로 마음이 나를 하는 그리고 살아 보는 바라 나를 때문에 보고 때문다.	
프리아이트 시민들은 회사는 이 있는 일본만 된 등은 회사에 되어 살았다면서 하셨다. [2] [2]	
그리고 그는 아이들은 그는 아이들을 하고 아니다고 하는 것들은 사람들이 들었다. 아름이 없었다는	
나는 말하는 전 기는 동안 보면 여름이 모임하게 되는 것이 말했다. 우리 등으로 있다니다.	
하는 그리다 네트를 가고 있다면서 그 등을 살고 있다. 그는 계속 모양 하는 이 집안이다.	
그렇다. 그리는 그는 그를 지말하는데, 물로를 몰라고 싶어요? 한 것이는 일을 모르는 말한 것이다.	
나는 발생하다 여름다는 말을 모으면 그 모양하다 하는데 되었다. 하는데 바로 사용 수 없다.	
그리는 얼마는 그 아무리는 그는 돈 나는 사람들이 모르는 얼마를 하고 있다.	
물이 걸으면 시간 하는 아들이 들었다. 그리아 아이는 아이는 아이는 아이를 모양하는 것 같아요.	
근데 이 시간을 하는데요. 그리는 그리는 그리는 나는 사람들은 그리는 그리는 살아왔다.	
네트로의 이름 [발문학생] - 시간 사람은 사람들 등 사람들은 경기 전환 경험 연극 등 관계 급하였다.	
그렇지 그리즘 하고 있다. 그리는 여기 가득하는 불빛 그리즘은 아침 회사가 의밀하고 있다. 말했다.	
그렇게 그런 하면 하는 아이들이 하는 것 같아. 이 그리고 한 경험을 하는 것은 모든 사람들이 모든 사람들이 없었다.	
그 등이 말한 발표를 받고 있다. 그렇게 하고 말했다는데 모든 사람들이 많은 그래, 모습을 하고 있다.	
. 그리는 사람이 되는 것 이 아마시아 하고 보다 가는 그들은 사고를 하는 것은 가장 없는 것이다.	
- [- [- [- [- [- [- [- [- [- [
하는데 그는 것이 하고 있는데 이 이렇게 이렇게 하는데 모든 사람들이 되었다. 그리는	하면 보기하다 !
이보다 () 그는 마음을 하여보다 말이 말했다고 있는데 말했다. 발표를 만들었다. 가는 물을 되었	
그는 말이 많은 살아 있었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들이 얼마를 하는 것이 없다면 하는데 되었다.	
보다 하고의 인데 하고 있다고 말하셨다는 하는 것이 한 경험을 모르겠다는 것이 되었다.	
가는 사람들도 있다면 하는 것이 없는 것이 되는 사람들이 모르는 사람들은 살이 많아 살아서 사용하다.	
이 기가는 아이들은 얼마가 되는 것은 아이가 아이들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람	
이 이 보는 이 등으로 이 집에 가는 살을 보고 있다. 그렇게 되는 것 같아 나를 보고 있다.	
요마 그리는 사람이 보면 있다. 그는 학생들의 중에 받아 되어 목표를 모르는 모르는 무료를 받다.	
마르트 (1985년 1987년) - 1985년 전 1일 전 1일	
나는 어린 아이는 아이를 열려면 하는 소리를 가는 사고 나를 맞았다면서 살고하는 하다.	
지나님이 아이지는 이 모든 이 전에 만들었다면 보고 말을 보고 있다면 없는데 되었다.	
그 본 성인 경기 방안 보면 하는데 하면 없는 사람들은 중 하는데 하는데 하는데 되었다.	
일 면서 그림에 있는데, 소문의 병원 전 가는 사람들은 보고를 잃었다. 하는 말이 불어나를 하는데 없다.	
그는 어느께서는 아내이의 어느로만 가는 것이 되는 사고 있는 학생인 가장을 위한다면 회사를 통해?	
어마는 이는 현생님 그러지 않는 경험을 하는 보다 하는 회로를 하고 있는 것 때문을 다 하다 살았다.	
나라는 그 지수 있다. 나는 이 이 살아서 시간을 함께 하시고 있는 그렇게 하는 것을 수 있다.	
and the control of th	the second of th

Table 4.1.1 Site Description for the Construction of Transfer Station near the HES-#2

	Item	Description
	Project Name	Construction of Transfer Station near the HES-#2
	Inhabitants: (residents / indigenous people / their views on the project, etc.)	The residents living nearest in the site are people in Kainar village, which is located 1.6 km south-east of the site. There is a heat-and-electric-supply station (HES) 1 km west of the site. Except these areas, no residents live within 2 km.
Land Use: Social (urban area / farmlands / historic site / scenic spot / hospitals, etc.)		
	Economy / Transport: (commerce, agriculture, forestry / bus terminals, etc.)	There is no commercial area around the site. A place to store the construction materials is located at approximately 500 m south of the site. Several large trailer truck are therefore coming in and out of this place. The access road to the site is 5-6 m in width that is just capable for vehicles to pass through each other.
Natural Environment	Topography, Geology: (steep slopes / soft ground / wetlands / faults, etc.)	The site is located on a sloping mountain plain of the northern hillside of the Zailiisky Alatay. The geological structure is formed by Neogenic and Quaternary rocks. The lithological composition is characterized by sand and clay deposits. The site is confined to an outlayer formed by Early Quaternary deposits represented by low-filtration loam 110 m in thick. The loam in this interval is unsaturated. The groundwater is leveled at 15.0 m in depth whose variation range is 2.17-3.32 m. The groundwater level rises in the period from September to April.
	Fauna and Flora, and Their Habitats: (national parks / habitats of rare species, etc.)	It seems that the site does not have any habitats of rare species.
Pollution	Complaints: (pollution of the utmost concern, etc.) Measures taken: (industrial measures / compensation, etc.)	There is lack of information regarding complaints by the residents or anyone else. No information.
Others		

Source: Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection, "Report of State Ecological Examination,

A System for Processing of Solid Domestic Waste for Almay City (Waste Transfer Station)," January 4, 1997.

Note: This description was filled in on the basis of the available existing data and information.

Table 4.1.2 Site Description for the Construction of Transfer Station near the Horse Race Field

	Item	Description		
I	Project Name	Construction of Transfer Station near the Horse Race Field		
	Inhabitants: (residents / indigenous people / their views on the project, etc.)	The site is located along Sultanka River and in north side of Kulagher residential area. There are many houses along the river and at least 20-30 detached houses exist 50-100 m close to the site.		
Social Environment	Land Use: (urban area / farmlands / historic site / scenic spot / hospitals, etc.)	The site used to be a temporary transfer station. There are some amount of construction debris and old waste still remaining on the site. The upstream of the site, south-west of the site, is a vacant lot where the waste were dumped.		
	Economy / Transport: (commerce, agriculture, forestry / bus terminals, etc.)	There is no commercial area around the site. Industrial facilities exist in the opposite bank of the river. The access road to the site will be passing through Zhansugirov Street, which is one of the main roads laying from north to south.		
Natural Environment	Topography, Geology: (steep slopes / soft ground / wetlands / faults, etc.)	The site is a flat land which is sandwiched between Sultanka River and its tributary. It seems that the alluvial soil are deposits while there is no information associated with geology and hydrogeology of the site.		
	Fauna and Flora, and Their Habitats: (national parks / habitats of rare species, etc.)	It seems that the site does not have any habitats of rare species. There are silver birches vegetating along the river.		
	Complaints: (pollution of the utmost concern, etc.)	The site is very closely situated to a residential area and might require a good view from the residents. However, there is lack of information regarding complaints by the residents or anyone else.		
Pollution	Measures taken: (industrial measures / compensation, etc.)	No information.		
Others				

Note: This description was filled in on the basis of the available existing data and information.

Table 4.1.3 Site Description for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at NIKA

	Item	Description
	Project Name	Improvement of Final Disposal Site at NIKA
	Inhabitants: (residents / indigenous people / their views on the project, etc.)	The place is located at 3 km west from the city boundary and about 4 km north from a highway to Kaskelen. There is Aksai River 800 m to west. Algabas and Put Ilicha villages are located at 1 km south and 2 km south west of the site, respectively. There is a heat-and-electric-supply station (HES) 2 km north-east of the site.
Social Environment	Land Use: (urban area / farmlands / historic site / scenic spot / hospitals, etc.)	The northern to western side of the site is used for cultivation of rye or wheat. There is no other land use around the site. Here is on-going dumping site.
	Economy / Transport: (commerce, agriculture, forestry / bus terminals, etc.)	There is no commercial area around the site.
Natural Environment	Topography, Geology: (steep slopes / soft ground / wetlands / faults, etc.)	The area topography is a V-shaped ravine laying from the Aksai River in west to east. The depth and width of the ravine decreases to east and gradually comes to zero. The difference of elevation between the site and the west high ground is about 7-8 m. The ground is made of layers of sand and sandy loam with gravels and pebbles. The groundwater level is 10 m deep.
	Fauna and Flora, and Their Habitats: (national parks / habitats of rare species, etc.)	It seems that the site does not have any habitats of rare species.
Pollution	Complaints: (pollution of the utmost concern, etc.) Measures taken: (industrial measures /	The site is located at 1km from the nearest village and might require a good view from the residents. There are smoke and offensive odor already generated in the site. These may make the residents unpleasant because of the direction of the wind. However, there is lack of information regarding complaints by the residents or anyone else. No information, but it seems that there is nothing to take any measures at all on the site.
Others	compensation, etc.)	The site is approved as a final disposal site by the State Ecological Examination, Certificate No. 3-1127 dated 2 October 1998.

Source: Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection, "Report of State Ecological Examination, The Dumpsite for Solid Waste Disposal by NIKA Company in Oktybar Selsky Okrug, Karasai Rayon of Almaty Oblast," October 2, 1998. Note: This description was filled in on the basis of the available existing data and information.

Table 4.1.4 Site Description for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at BARYS

	Item	Description
P	roject Name	Improvement of Final Disposal Site at BARYS
	Inhabitants: (residents / indigenous people / their views on the project, etc.)	The place is located at 10 km west from the city boundary and approximately 3.5 km north from a highway to Kaskelen. The area is situated in the land of Kazakhstan Agricultural Institute (KIZ) at a distance of 1.3 km north-east of Poliotdel village of Karasai Rayon. There is the Zhalpasai water reservoir 400 m further to the east. Behind the reservoir, 1 km from the site, holiday cottages are located.
Social Environment	Land Use: (urban area / farmlands / historic site / scenic spot / hospitals, etc.)	The site is actually situated from north to south. The eastern to western side of the site is used for cultivation of rye or wheat. The site is a suburb and used for cultivation of rye or wheat. A cemetery is located at 300-400 m west of the site. The training station of the Ministry of Internal Affairs i located 300 m north-east. Here is on-going dumping site.
	Economy / Transport: (commerce, agriculture, forestry / bus terminals, etc.)	There is no commercial area around the site.
	Topography, Geology: (steep slopes / soft ground / wetlands / faults, etc.)	The area is a natural shoe-like ravine extending from the south to the north and intersected by the existing approach road. The depth of the ravine is 5 6 m on the average, and the average width is 20-25 m. The bottom of the ravine slopes to the north. The ground is medium and heavy loam and underlying semigravel. The groundwater is at the depth of 4.5-5.0 m from the bottom of the ravine. There is a pond where wastewater from surrounding residence is flowing into at 400-500 m far from the road.
	Fauna and Flora, and Their Habitats: (national parks / habitats of rare species, etc.)	It seems that the site does not have any habitats of rare species.
	Complaints: (pollution of the utmost concern, etc.)	The site is located at 1.3 km from the nearest village and might require a good view from the residents. There are smoke and offensive odor already generated in the site. These may make the residents unpleasant because of the direction of the wind. However, there is lack of information regarding complaints by the residents or anyone else.
Pollution	Measures taken: (industrial measures / compensation, etc.)	No information, but it seems that there is nothing to take any measures at on the site.
Others		The site is approved as a final disposal site by the State Ecological Examination, Certificate No. 3-84 dated 28 January 1999.

Source: Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection, "Report of State Ecological Examination, The Dumpsite for Solid Waste Disposal by BARYS Company in Oktybar Selsky Okrug, Karasai Rayon of Almaty Oblast," January 28, 1999. Note: This description was filled in on the basis of the available existing data and information.

Table 4.1.5 Site Description for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at ENBEK

	Item	Description Improvement of Final Disposal Site at ENBEK		
Ì	Project Name			
	Inhabitants: (residents / indigenous people / their views on the project, etc.)	The place is located at 21 km north of the city boundary, along the highway to Kapchagai, Illi Rayon. There are about 20 houses at approximately 1 km south of the site. Another 20 houses are located in the opposite side of the highway.		
Social Environment	Land Use: (urban area / farmlands / historic site / scenic spot / hospitals, etc.)	The site is a suburb and actually does not like to be used for any specific purposes. The reservoir that may be a tributary of Malaya Almantika River exists 1.5 km south of the site. There is a raido station beside the reservoir Here is on-going dumping site.		
	Economy / Transport: (commerce, agriculture, forestry / bus terminals, etc.)	There is no commercial area around the site.		
Natural Environment	Topography, Geology: (steep slopes / soft ground / wetlands / faults, etc.)	The area is used for one of three or four natural ravines extending from the east to the wast. The depth of the ravine is 2-4 m on the average, and the average width is 5-15 m. The north side of the site is a hilly area. There is no geological nor hydrogeological data.		
	Fauna and Flora, and Their Habitats: (national parks / habitats of rare species, etc.)	It seems that the site does not have any habitats of rare species. It looks lik 4-5 eagles living in the site although it cannot be judged whether or not these are rare species.		
	Complaints: (pollution of the utmost concern, etc.)	The site is located at about 1 km from the nearest village and might require a good view from the residents. There are smoke and offensive odor already generated in the site. These may make the residents unpleasant because of the direction of the wind. However, there is lack of information regarding complaints by the residents or anyone else.		
Pollution	Measures taken: (industrial measures / compensation, etc.)	No information, but it seems that there is nothing to take any measures at a on the site.		
Others				

Note: This description was filled in on the basis of the available existing data and information.

Table 4.2.1 Evaluation Result for Screening of the Construction of Transfer Station near the HES-#2

No.	Environmental Item	Description	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
	l Environment			
	Resettlement	Resettlement due to land occupancy (transfer of rights of		The land owner is unknown.
		residence/land ownership)	?	
2.	Economic Activities	Loss of bases of economic activities, such as land, and change of economic structure	Y	The site is used for cultivation of rye or wheat.
3.	Traffic and Public Facilities	Impacts on schools, hospitals and present traffic conditions, such as the increase of traffic congestion and accidents	?	Impacts on traffic conditions of the access road are unknown.
4.	Split of Communities	Community splits due to interruption of area traffic	N	The site is a suburb of the city.
5.	Cultural Property	Damage to or loss of value of churches, temples, shrines, archaeological remains or other cultural assets	N	No cultural property exists near the site.
6.	Water Rights and Rights of Common	Obstruction of fishing rights, water rights, rights of common	N	There is no mountains nor rivers near the site.
7.	Public Health Condition	Deterioration of public health and sanitary conditions due to generation of garbage and the increase of vermin	Y	A large amount of garbage will be gathered.
8.	Waste	Generation of construction waste, debris and ash	N	These waste will not be produced so much.
9.	Hazards (Risk)	Increase in danger of landslides, cave-ins, etc.	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
Natu	ral Environment			
10.	Topography and Geology	Changes of valuable topography and geology due to excavation or filling work	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	Topsoil erosion by rainfall after reclamation and deforestation	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
12.	Groundwater	Pollution by leachate	?	Leachate will be generated, but the amount will be very few.
13.	Hydrological Situation	Changes of river discharge and riverbed condition due to landfill and drainage inflow	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
14.	Coastal Zone	Coastal erosion and change of vegetation due to coastal reclamation and coastal changes	N	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	Obstruction of breeding and extinction of species due to changes of habitual conditions	774	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
16.	Meteorology	Changes of temperature, precipitation, wind, etc. due to large-scale land reclamation and building construction	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
17.	Landscape	Changes of topography and vegetation due to reclamation, deterioration of aesthetic harmony by structures	Y	Existing site area is hilly land and has no strucutures around it.
Poll	ıtion			
18.	Air Pollution	Pollution caused by exhaust gas or toxic gas from vehicles and factories	Y	The number of collection vehicles will come to the site.
19.	Water Pollution	Pollution caused by inflow of silt, sand and drainage from treatment plants into rivers and groundwater	?	Leachate will be generated, but the amount will be very few.
20.	Soil Contamination	Contamination of soil be leakage and diffusion of ash and incombustible refuse	?	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	Noise and vibration generated by collection cars and treatment plants	Υ	Collection vehicles will visit to the site.
22.	Land Subsidence	Deformation of land and land subsidence due to lowering of groundwater table	N	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offersive Odor	Generation of exhaust gas and offensive odor from treatment plants and dumped waste	Y	Offensive odor will be generated from the garbage.
1	rall Evaluation Either IEE or EIA is ne	cessary for the project implementation?	Yes	Many influence items.

^{?:} The influence cannot be evaluated.

Table 4.2.2 Evaluation Result for Screening of the Construction of Transfer Station near the Horse Race Field

No.	Environmental Item	Description	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
iocia	l Environment	:		
1.	Resettlement	Resettlement due to land occupancy (transfer of rights of residence/land ownership)	?	The land owner is unknown.
2.	Economic Activities	Loss of bases of economic activities, such as land, and change of economic structure	N	There is no economic activities o the site.
	Traffic and Public Facilities	Impacts on schools, hospitals and present traffic conditions, such as the increase of traffic congestion and accidents	?	Impacts on traffic conditions of the access road are unknown.
4.	Split of Communities	Community splits due to interruption of area traffic	N	The site is a suburb of the city.
	Cultural Property	Damage to or loss of value of churches, temples, shrines, archaeological remains or other cultural assets	N	No cultural property exists near t site.
	Water Rights and Rights of Common	Obstruction of fishing rights, water rights, rights of common	Y	There are rivers near the site.
	Public Health Condition	Deterioration of public health and sanitary conditions due to generation of garbage and the increase of vermin	Y	A large amount of garbage will b gathered.
	Waste	Generation of construction waste, debris and ash	N	These waste will not be produced so much.
	Hazards (Risk)	Increase in danger of landslides, cave-ins, etc.	N	No large scale of construction wo will be done.
Vatu	ral Environment			
10.	Topography and Geology	Changes of valuable topography and geology due to excavation or filling work	N	No large scale of construction we will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	Topsoil erosion by rainfall after reclamation and deforestation	N	No large scale of construction we will be done.
12.	Groundwater	Pollution by leachate	?	Leachate will be generated, but it amount will be very few.
1	Hydrological Situation	Changes of river discharge and riverbed condition due to landfill and drainage inflow	N	No large scale of construction wo will be done.
14.	Coastal Zone	Coastal erosion and change of vegetation due to coastal reclamation and coastal changes	N	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	Obstruction of breeding and extinction of species due to changes of habitual conditions	Y	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
16.	Meteorology	Changes of temperature, precipitation, wind, etc. due to large-scale land reclamation and building construction	N	No large scale of construction wo will be done.
17.	Landscape	Changes of topography and vegetation due to reclamation, deterioration of aesthetic harmony by structures	Y	Existing site area is flat land and has no strucutures around it.
'ollu	tion			
18.	Air Pollution	Pollution caused by exhaust gas or toxic gas from vehicles and factories	Y	The number of collection vehicles will come to the site.
19.	Water Pollution	Pollution caused by inflow of silt, sand and drainage from treatment plants into rivers and groundwater	?	Leachate will be generated, but the amount will be very few.
20.	Soil Contamination	Contamination of soil be leakage and diffusion of ash and incombustible refuse	?	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	Noise and vibration generated by collection cars and treatment plants	Y	Collection vehicles will visit to th site.
22.	Land Subsidence	Deformation of land and land subsidence due to lowering of groundwater table	N	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offersive Odor	Generation of exhaust gas and offensive odor from treatment plants and dumped waste	Y	Offensive odor will be generated from the garbage.

1: There is some influence on the environmental item. At There is no influence on the environme

^{?:} The influence cannot be evaluated.

Table 4.2.3 Evaluation Result for Screening of the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at NIKA

No.	Environmental Item	Description	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
1 Socia	l Environment	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O		L
1.	Resettlement	Resettlement due to land occupancy (transfer of rights of residence/land ownership)	Y	Until year 2001, NIKA rent the land from Rayon.
2.	Economic Activities	Loss of bases of economic activities, such as land, and change of economic structure	N	Very few economic activities like recycling in the site.
	Traffic and Public Facilities	Impacts on schools, hospitals and present traffic conditions, such as the increase of traffic congestion and accidents	N	Thereis no public facilities near the site.
4.	Split of Communities	Community splits due to interruption of area traffic	N	The site is a suburb of the city.
5.	Cultural Property	Damage to or loss of value of churches, temples, shrines, archaeological remains or other cultural assets	N	No cultural property exists near the site.
6.	Water Rights and Rights of Common	Obstruction of fishing rights, water rights, rights of common	N	There is no mountains nor rivers near the site.
7.	Public Health Condition	Deterioration of public health and sanitary conditions due to generation of garbage and the increase of vermin	Y	A large amount of garbage will be gathered.
8.	Waste	Generation of construction waste, debris and ash	N	These waste will not be produced.
9.	Hazards (Risk)	Increase in danger of landslides, cave-ins, etc.	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
Natu	ral Environment			
10.	Topography and Geology	Changes of valuable topography and geology due to excavation or filling work	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	Topsoil erosion by rainfall after reclamation and deforestation	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
12.	Groundwater	Pollution by leachate	Υ	Leachate will be generated.
13.	Hydrological Situation	Changes of river discharge and riverbed condition due to landfill and drainage inflow	N .	No large scale of construction work will be done.
14.	Coastal Zone	Coastal erosion and change of vegetation due to coastal reclamation and coastal changes	N	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	Obstruction of breeding and extinction of species due to changes of habitual conditions	Υ	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
16.	Meteorology	Changes of temperature, precipitation, wind, etc. due to large-scale land reclamation and building construction	N	No large scale of construction work will be done.
17.	Landscape	Changes of topography and vegetation due to reclamation, deterioration of aesthetic harmony by structures	Y	A large amount of garbage will be gathered.
Poll	ition			
18.	Air Pollution	Pollution caused by exhaust gas or toxic gas from vehicles and factories	Υ	The number of collection vehicles will increase.
19.	Water Pollution	Pollution caused by inflow of silt, sand and drainage from treatment plants into rivers and groundwater	Y	Leachate will be generated.
20.	Soil Contamination	Contamination of soil be leakage and diffusion of ash and incombustible refuse	?	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	Noise and vibration generated by collection cars and treatment plants	Y	Collection vehicles and heavy machine will work in the site.
22.	Land Subsidence	Deformation of land and land subsidence due to lowering of groundwater table	N	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offersive Odor	Generation of exhaust gas and offersive odor from treatment plants and dumped waste	Y	Offensive odor will be generated from the garbage.
Ove	rall Evaluation			
ì	Either IEB or EIA is no	ecessary for the project implementation?	Yes	Many influence items.

Legend Y: There is some influence on the environmental item. N: There is no influence on the environmental item.

^{?:} The influence cannot be evaluated.

Table 4.2.4 Evaluation Result for Screening of the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at BARYS

No.	Environmental Item	Description	Evaluation	Remarks (Reaso
Soci	al Environment		and the state of t	
ī.	Resettlement	Resettlement due to land occupancy (transfer of rights of residence/land ownership)	Y	Until year 2001, BARYS land from Rayon.
2.	Economic Activities	Loss of bases of economic activities, such as land, and change of economic structure	N	Very few economic activities recycling in the site.
3.	Traffic and Public Facilities	Impacts on schools, hospitals and present traffic conditions, such as the increase of traffic congestion and accidents	N	Thereis no public facilities site.
4.	Split of Communities	Community splits due to interruption of area traffic	N	The site is a suburb of the
5.	Cultural Property	Damage to or loss of value of churches, temples, shrines, archaeological remains or other cultural assets	Ŋ	No cultural property exist site.
6.	Water Rights and Rights of Common	Obstruction of fishing rights, water rights, rights of common	?	There is a pumping station water supply near the site.
7.	Public Health Condition	Deterioration of public health and sanitary conditions due to generation of garbage and the increase of vermin	Y	A large amount of garbage gathered.
8.	Waste	Generation of construction waste, debris and ash	N	These waste will not be pr
9.	Hazards (Risk)	Increase in danger of landslides, cave-ins, etc.	N	No large scale of construction will be done.
Nati	ral Environment			
10.	Topography and Geology	Changes of valuable topography and geology due to excavation or filling work	N	No large scale of construction will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	Topsoil erosion by rainfall after reclamation and deforestation	N	No large scale of construction will be done.
12.	Groundwater	Pollution by leachate	Y	Leachate will be generated
13.	Hydrological Situation	Changes of river discharge and riverbed condition due to landfill and drainage inflow	?	Influence on the dried up r unknown.
14.	Coastal Zone	Coastal erosion and change of vegetation due to coastal reclamation and coastal changes	N	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	Obstruction of breeding and extinction of species due to changes of habitual conditions	Y	Some of insects and roden appear.
16.	Meteorology	Changes of temperature, precipitation, wind, etc. due to large-scale land reclamation and building construction	N	No large scale of construct will be done.
17.	Landscape	Changes of topography and vegetation due to reclamation, deterioration of aesthetic harmony by structures	Y	A large amount of garbage gathered.
Polli	tion			
18.	Air Pollution	Pollution caused by exhaust gas or toxic gas from vehicles and factories	Y	The number of collection v will increase.
19.	Water Pollution	Pollution caused by inflow of silt, sand and drainage from treatment plants into rivers and groundwater	Y	Leachate will be generated
20.	Soil Contamination	Contamination of soil be leakage and diffusion of ash and incombustible refuse	?	Existence of hazardous and waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	Noise and vibration generated by collection cars and treatment plants	Y	Collection vehicles and hea
22.	Land Subsidence	Deformation of land and land subsidence due to lowering of groundwater table	N	There is no plan to use the volume of groudwater at the
23.	Offensive Odor	Generation of exhaust gas and offensive odor from treatment plants and dumped waste	Y	Offensive odor will be gen from the garbage.
	rall Evaluation Sither IEE or EIA is ne	cessary for the project implementation?	Yes	Many influence items.

^{?:} The influence cannot be evaluated.

Table 4.2.5 Evaluation Result for Screening of the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at ENBEK

No.	Environmental Item	Description	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
ocia	l Environment			
1.	Resettlement	Resettlement due to land occupancy (transfer of rights of residence/land ownership)	?	The land owner is unknown.
2.	Economic Activities	Loss of bases of economic activities, such as land, and change of economic structure	N	Very few economic activities like recycling in the site.
	Traffic and Public Facilities	Impacts on schools, hospitals and present traffic conditions, such as the increase of traffic congestion and accidents	N	Thereis no public facilities near th site.
4.	Split of Communities	Community splits due to interruption of area traffic	N	The site is a suburb of the city.
5.	Cukural Property	Damage to or loss of value of churches, temples, shrines, archaeological remains or other cultural assets	N	No cultural property exists near th site.
6.	Water Rights and Rights of Common	Obstruction of fishing rights, water rights, rights of common	?	There is a river approx. 2 km sout of the site.
7.	Public Health Condition	Deterioration of public health and sanitary conditions due to generation of garbage and the increase of vermin	Y	A large amount of garbage will be gathered.
8.	Waste	Generation of construction waste, debris and ash	N	These waste will not be produced.
9.	Hazards (Risk)	Increase in danger of landslides, cave-ins, etc.	И	No large scale of construction wor will be done.
Yatu	ral Environment			
10.	Topography and Geology	Changes of valuable topography and geology due to excavation or filling work	N	No large scale of construction wor will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	Topsoil erosion by rainfall after reclamation and deforestation	N	No large scale of construction wo will be done.
12.	Groundwater	Pollution by leachate	Y	Leachate will be generated.
13.	Hydrological Situation	Changes of river discharge and riverbed condition due to landfill and drainage inflow	?	There is a river approx. 2 km sout of the site.
14.	Coastal Zone	Coastal erosion and change of vegetation due to coastal reclamation and coastal changes	Ŋ	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	Obstruction of breeding and extinction of species due to changes of habitual conditions	Y	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
16.	Meteorology	Changes of temperature, precipitation, wind, etc. due to large-scale land reclamation and building construction	N	No large scale of construction wo will be done.
17.	Landscape	Changes of topography and vegetation due to reclamation, deterioration of aesthetic harmony by structures	Y	A large amount of garbage will be gathered.
Poll	ition			
18.	Air Pollution	Pollution caused by exhaust gas or toxic gas from vehicles and factories	Y	The number of collection vehicles will increase.
19.	Water Pollution	Pollution caused by inflow of silt, sand and drainage from treatment plants into rivers and groundwater	Y	Leachate will be generated.
20.	Soil Contamination	Contamination of soil be leakage and diffusion of ash and incombustible refuse	i	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	Noise and vibration generated by collection cars and treatment plants	Y	Collection vehicles and heavy machine will work in the site.
22.	Land Subsidence	Deformation of land and land subsidence due to lowering of groundwater table	N	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offensive Odor	Generation of exhaust gas and offensive odor from treatment plants and dumped waste	Y	Offensive odor will be generated from the garbage.
Ì	rall Evaluation Either IEE or EIA is no	ecessary for the project implementation? ence on the environmental item. N: There is no influence on the environ	Yes	Many influence items.

^{?:} The influence cannot be evaluated.

Table 4.3.1 Evaluation Result for Scoping of the Construction of Transfer Station near the HES-#2

No.	Environmental Item	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
ocia	al Environment		
1.	Resettlement	С	Although there is no resident in the site, the land owner is unknown.
2.	Economic Activities	В	The site is used for cultivation of rye or wheat.
3.	Traffic and Public Facilities	С	Thereis no public facilities near the site. However, some impact is expected in traffic condition on the access roads.
4.	Split of Communities	D	The site is a suburb of the city.
5.	Cultural Property	D	No cultural property exists near the site.
6.	Water Rights and Rights of Common	D	There is no mountains nor rivers near the site.
7.	Public Health Condition	В	A large amount of garbage will be gathered and will affect to health of the site workers/operators and residents near the site.
8.	Waste	D	The waste will not be produced so much since incinerators or other facilities that may produce the waste like ash are not designed.
9.	Hazards (Risk)	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
latu	ral Environment		
10.	Topography and Geology	·/ D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
12.	Groundwater	С	Leachate will be generated, but the amount will be very few.
13.	Hydrological Situation	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
14.	Coastal Zone	D	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	В	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
16.	Meteorology	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
17.	Landscape	В	Existing site area is flat land and has no strucutures around it.
olli	ıtion		
18.	Air Pollution	В	The number of collection vehicles will come to the site.
19.	Water Pollution	С	Leachate will be generated, but the amount will be very few.
20.	Soil Contamination	С	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	В	Collection vehicles will visit to the site.
22.	Land Subsidence	D	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offensive Odor	В	Offersive odor will be generated from the garbage.

B: Some impact is expected.

C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).

D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.3.2 Evaluation Result for Scoping of the Construction of Transfer Station near the Horse Race Field

No.	Environmental Item	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
Socia	l Environment		
1.	Resettlement	С	Although there is no resident in the site, the land owner is unknown.
2.	Economic Activities	D	There is no economic activities on the site.
	Traffic and Public Facilities	С	Thereis no public facilities near the site. However, some impact is expected in traffic condition on the access roads.
4.	Split of Communities	D .	The site is a suburb of the city.
5.	Cultural Property	D	No cultural property exists near the site.
6.	Water Rights and Rights of Common	В	There are rivers near the site. The area is sandwiched between the two rivers.
7.	Public Health Condition	В	A large amount of garbage will be gathered and will affect to health of the site workers/operators and residents near the site.
8.	Waste	D	The waste will not be produced so much since incinerators or other facilities that may produce the waste like ash are not designed.
9.	Hazards (Risk)	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
Natu	ral Environment		
10.	Topography and Geology	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
12.	Groundwater	С	Leachate will be generated, but the amount will be very few.
13.	Hydrological Situation	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
14.	Coastal Zone	D	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	В	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
:	Meteorology	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
17.	Landscape	В	Existing site area is flat land and has no strucutures around it.
Poll	ution		
18.	Air Pollution	В	The number of collection vehicles will come to the site.
19.	Water Pollution	С	Leachate will be generated, but the amount will be very few.
20.	Soil Contamination	С	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	В	Collection vehicles will visit to the site.
22.	Land Subsidence	D	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offensive Odor	В	Offersive odor will be generated from the garbage.

B: Some impact is expected.

C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).

D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.3.3 Evaluation Result for Scoping of the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at NIKA

No.	Environmental Item	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
Socia	l Environment		
1.	Resettlement	В	Until year 2001, NIKA rent the land from Rayon. If the site is used for an official disposal site, issues concerning land occupancy will arise.
2.	Economic Activities	D	Very few economic activities like recycling in the site.
	Traffic and Public Facilities	D	Thereis no public facilities near the site.
4.	Split of Communities	D	The site is a suburb of the city.
5.	Cultural Property	D	No cultural property exists near the site.
6.	Water Rights and Rights of Common	D	There is no mountains nor rivers near the site.
7.	Public Health Condition	В	A large amount of garbage will be gathered and will affect to health of the site workers/operators and residents near the site.
:	Waste	D	The waste will not be produced so much since incinerators or other facilities that may produce the waste like ash are not designed.
∶9.	Hazards (Risk)	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
Natu	ral Environment		
10.	Topography and Geology	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
12.	Groundwater	В	Leachate will be generated.
13.	Hydrological Situation	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
14.	Coastal Zone	D	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	В	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
	Meteorology	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
17.	Landscape	В	A large amount of garbage will be gathered.
Pollu	ition		
18.	Air Pollution	В	The number of collection vehicles will increase.
19.	Water Pollution	Α	Leachate will be generated.
20.	Soil Contamination	С	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	В	Collection vehicles and heavy machine will work in the site.
22.	Land Subsidence	D	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offersive Odor	Α	Offensive odor will be generated from the garbage.

B: Some impact is expected.

C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).

D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.3.4 Evaluation Result for Scoping of the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at BARYS

No.	Environmental Item	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
ocia	l Environment	<u> </u>	
1.	Resettlement	В	Until year 2001, BARYS rent the land from Rayon. If the site is used for an official disposal site, issues concerning land occupancy will arise.
2.	Economic Activities	D	Very few economic activities like recycling in the site.
3.	Traffic and Public Facilities	D	Thereis no public facilities near the site.
4.	Split of Communities	D	The site is a suburb of the city.
5.	Cultural Property	D	No cultural property exists near the site.
6.	Water Rights and Rights of Common	С	There is a pumping station for water supply near the site.
7.	Public Health Condition	В	A large amount of garbage will be gathered and will affect to health of the site workers/operators and residents near the site.
8.	Waste	D	The waste will not be produced so much since incinerators or other facilities that may produce the waste like ash are not designed.
9.	Hazards (Risk)	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
Natı	iral Environment		
10.	Topography and Geology	В	Existing site seems to be built in a dried up river.
11.	Soil Erosion	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
12.	Groundwater	В	Leachate will be generated.
13.	Hydrological Situation	С	Influence on the dried up river is unknown.
14.	Coastal Zone	D	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	В	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
16.	Meteorology	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
17.	Landscape	В	A large amount of garbage will be gathered.
Poll	ution		
18.	Air Pollution	В	The number of collection vehicles will increase.
19.	Water Pollution	Α	Leachate will be generated.
20.	Soil Contamination	С	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
21.	Noise and Vibration	В	Collection vehicles and heavy machine will work in the site.
22.	Land Subsidence	D	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offensive Odor	A	Offensive odor will be generated from the garbage.

B: Some impact is expected.

C. Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).

D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.3.5 Evaluation Result for Scoping of the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at ENBEK

No.	Environmental Item	Evaluation	Remarks (Reason)
Socia	al Environment		
1.	Resettlement	С	Although there is no resident in the site, the land owner is unknown.
2.	Economic Activities	Đ	Very few economic activities like recycling in the site.
3.	Traffic and Public Facilities	D	Thereis no public facilities near the site.
4.	Split of Communities	D	The site is a suburb of the city.
5.	Cultural Property	D	No cultural property exists near the site.
6	Water Rights and Rights of Common	С	There is a river approx. 2 km south of the site.
7.	Public Health Condition	В	A large amount of garbage will be gathered and will affect to health of the site workers/operators and residents near the site.
8.	Waste	D	The waste will not be produced so much since incinerators or other facilities that may produce the waste like ash are not designed.
٠.	Hazards (Risk)	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
Natu	ıral Environment		
10.	Topography and Geology	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
11.	Soil Erosion	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
12.	Groundwater	В	Leachate will be generated.
13.	Hydrological Situation	С	There is a river approx. 2 km south of the site.
14.	Coastal Zone	D	There is no coastal area.
15.	Fauna and Flora	В	Some of insects and rodents will appear.
16.	Meteorology	D	No large scale of construction work will be done.
17.	Landscape	В	A large amount of garbage will be gathered.
Polli	ution		
18.	Air Pollution	В	The number of collection vehicles will increase.
	Water Pollution	A	Leachate will be generated.
20.	Soil Contamination	С	Existence of hazardous and toxic waste is unknown.
	Noise and Vibration	В	Collection vehicles and heavy machine will work in the site.
	Land Subsidence	D	There is no plan to use the large volume of groudwater at the site.
23.	Offensive Odor	A	Offersive odor will be generated from the garbage.

B: Some impact is expected.

C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).

D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.4.1 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Construction of Transfer Station near the HES-#2

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Resettlement	С	Friction between the landowner and the contractor or user in terms of the conditions of agreements	Mutual understanding through good communication each other Identification and clarification of the contents of agreements	Confirmation of the ownership and its status	The site had been considered as a new transfer station and got an approval by the government.
Economic Activities	В	Loss of opportunities for economic activity by rye or wheat cultivation	Resettlement site for a substitute Compensation	Findings of resettlement site Present financial situation of the farmers	
Traffic and Public Facilities	c	Traffic congestion on narrow roads and an increased risk of accidents caused by traffic concentration around the site	 Improvement of roads around the site Installation of turnouts in front of the site Proper arrangement of collection vehicles and routes to average peak hours Rearrangement of traffic system Installation of traffic safety facilities 	Land use and traffic conditions Future land use and transportation plan Regional development plan	City planning section has been conducting the study on general development plan for Almaty City up to year 2020, including a plan for transportation system.
Public Health Condition	B	1. Animals and insects which gather on wastes would become vectors of disease. 2. Health hazards of workers and residents near the site may occur if the transportation work is conducted inadequately.	 Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for effluent and exhaust Prevention of vermin by pesticides Examination of transportation methods Public education on sanitation for the inhabitants and workers to avoid infection 	Public health condition of the area Habitation and propagation of rodents and insects Meteorological data, such as precipitation, humidity, and wind speed and direction Topography and geology of the area	And the second s

Table 4.4.1 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Construction of Transfer Station near the HES-#2 (cont'd)

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Groundwater	C	Groundwater polluted by penetration of leachate and hazardous substances would affect the health of inhabitants who use the water for drinking.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of concrete for the ground and proper drainage system Substitutional water supply Installation of wastewater treatment plant	Condition of groundwater Topography and geology of the area Water use around and downstream of the site	
Fauna and Flora	В	Outbreak of flies, birds and rats that may obstruct the breeding of other species and would affect public health condition.	Reexamination of the site location Relocation of plants and animals Prevention of vermin by pesticides Examination of transportation methods	Fauna and flora Ecological system Food chain	
Landscape	В	Valuable scenery in the region would be destroyed or deteriorated by land reclamation, vegetation change and construction of the facility.	Reexamination of the site location Careful consideration of the facility design Public hearings and provision of necessary information for the residents	Public awareness survey Future land use plan	
Air Pollution	В	Health hazards, such as asthma, due to vehicular emission and dust Obstruction to growth of plants	Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for effluent and exhaust Careful consideration of construction planning and management	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

Table 4.4.1 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Construction of Transfer Station near the HES-#2 (cont'd)

	Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
	Water Pollution	C	 Water use, fishery, landscape and recreation in the downstream would be affected by pollution of rivers and lakes. Obstruction to growth of aquatic life due to water quality aggravation by inflow of polluted water 	Reexamination of the site location Installation of wastewater treatment plant Proper drainage system Careful consideration of construction planning and management	Meteorological data Hydrological data Topography of the area Water use	
_	Soil Contamination	C	Contaminants in surrounding farmland would be absorbed by crops and affect human health.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of concrete for the ground Separation of waste that may bring elution of toxic substances	Topography and geology of the area Water use	
2	Noise and Vibration	В	 Inhabitants along the route would be affected by noise. Cracks in buildings on soft ground caused by vibration Obstruction to breeding of cattle and habitats of wildlife 	Reexamination of the site location Installation of acoustic walls and buffer zone Examination of construction hours	1. Land use 2. Distribution of schools, hospitals and inhabitants 3. Living condition of inhabitants 4. Topography and geology of the area	
	Offensive Odor	В	Inhabitants near the site would complain about the odor. Land use demand in the vicinity would decrease thereby decreasing the land value.	Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for effluent and exhaust Examination of transportation methods	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

A: Serious impact is expected.

B: Some impact is expected.
C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).
D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.4.2 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Construction of Transfer Station near the Horse Race Field

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Resettlement	С	Friction between the landowner and the contractor or user in terms of the conditions of agreements	Mutual understanding through good communication each other Identification and clarification of the contents of agreements	Confirmation of the ownership and its status	The site use to be a transfer station temporarily.
Traffic and Public Facilities	C	Traffic congestion on narrow roads and an increased risk of accidents caused by traffic concentration around the site	 Improvement of roads around the site Installation of turnouts in front of the site Proper arrangement of collection vehicles and routes to average peak hours Rearrangement of traffic system Installation of traffic safety facilities 	Land use and traffic conditions Future land use and transportation plan Regional development plan	City planning section has been conducting the study on general development plan for Almaty City up to year 2020, including a plan for transportation system.
Water Rights and Rights of Common	В	Pollution of river water may affect the water use of the downstream.	Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for wastewater Proper drainage system	1. Water use and the rights	
Public Health Condition	В	 Animals and insects which gather on wastes would become vectors of disease. Health hazards of workers and residents near the site may occur if the transportation work is conducted inadequately. 	 Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for effluent and exhaust Prevention of vermin by pesticides Examination of transportation methods Public education on sanitation for the inhabitants and workers to avoid infection 	 Public health condition of the area Habitation and propagation of rodents and insects Meteorological data, such as precipitation, humidity, and wind speed and direction Topography and geology of the area 	

Table 4.4.2 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Construction of Transfer Station near the Horse Race Field (cont'd)

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Groundwater	C	Groundwater polluted by penetration of leachate and hazardous substances would affect the health of inhabitants who use the water for drinking.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of concrete for the ground and proper drainage system Substitutional water supply Installation of wastewater treatment plant	Condition of groundwater Topography and geology of the area Water use around and downstream of the site	
Fauna and Flora	В	Outbreak of flies, birds and rats that may obstruct the breeding of other species and would affect public health condition.	Reexamination of the site location Relocation of plants and animals Prevention of vermin by pesticides Examination of transportation methods	Fauna and flora Ecological system Food chain	
Landscape	B	Valuable scenery in the region would be destroyed or deteriorated by land reclamation, vegetation change and construction of the facility.	Reexamination of the site location Careful consideration of the facility design Public hearings and provision of necessary information for the residents	Public awareness survey Future land use plan	
Air Pollution	В	Health hazards, such as asthma, due to vehicular emission and dust Obstruction to growth of plants	Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for effluent and exhaust Careful consideration of construction planning and management	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

Table 4.4.2 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Construction of Transfer Station near the Horse Race Field (cont'd)

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Water Pollution	C	Water use, fishery, landscape and recreation in the downstream would be affected by pollution of rivers and lakes. Obstruction to growth of aquatic life due to water quality aggravation by inflow of polluted water	Reexamination of the site location Installation of wastewater treatment plant Proper drainage system Careful consideration of construction planning and management	Meteorological data Hydrological data Topography of the area Water use	
Soil Contamination	C	Contaminants in surrounding soil would elute to the nearest rivers and affect the downstream conditions.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of concrete for the ground Separation of waste that may bring elution of toxic substances	Topography and geology of the area Water use	
Noise and Vibration	В	 Inhabitants along the route would be affected by noise. Cracks in buildings on soft ground caused by vibration Obstruction to breeding of cattle and habitats of wildlife 	Reexamination of the site location Installation of acoustic walls and buffer zone Examination of construction hours	Land use Distribution of schools, hospitals and inhabitants Living condition of inhabitants Topography and geology of the area	
Offensive Odor	В	Inhabitants near the site would complain about the odor. Land use demand in the vicinity would decrease thereby decreasing the land value.	Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for effluent and exhaust Examination of transportation methods	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

A: Serious impact is expected.

B: Some impact is expected.
C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).
D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.4.3 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at NIKA

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Resettlement	В	Friction between the landowner and the contractor or user in terms of the conditions of agreements	Mutual understanding through good communication each other Identification and clarification of the contents of agreements	Confirmation of the ownership and its status	Until year 2001, NIKA will rent the land from Rayon.
Public Health Condition	B	Animals and insects which gather on wastes would become vectors of disease. Health hazards of workers and residents near the site may occur if the landfill work is conducted inadequately.	Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Prevention of vermin by pesticides Public education on sanitation for the inhabitants and workers to avoid infection	 Public health condition of the area Habitation and propagation of rodents and insects Meteorological data, such as precipitation, humidity, and wind speed and direction Topography and geology of the area 	
Groundwater	В	Groundwater polluted by penetration of leachate and hazardous substances would affect the health of inhabitants who use the water for drinking.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of impermeable layer, such as clay for the foundation Proper drainage system Substitutional water supply	Condition of groundwater Topography and geology of the area Water use around and downstream of the site	
Fauna and Flora	B	Outbreak of flies, birds and rats that may obstruct the breeding of other species and would affect public health condition.	Reexamination of the site location Relocation of plants and animals Prevention of vermin by pesticides Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil	Fauna and flora Ecological system Food chain	

Table 4.4.3 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at NIKA (cont'd)

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Landscape	В	Valuable scenery in the region would be destroyed or deteriorated by land reclamation, vegetation change and construction of the landfill site.	Reexamination of the site location Careful consideration of the landfill design Public hearings and provision of necessary information for the residents	Public awareness survey Future land use plan	
Air Pollution	В	Health hazards, such as asthma, due to emission of smoke and dust Obstruction to growth of plants	Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Careful consideration of construction planning and management, as well as daily operation	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	
Water Pollution	A	Water use, fishery, landscape and recreation in the downstream would be affected by pollution of rivers and lakes. Obstruction to growth of aquatic life due to water quality aggravation by inflow of polluted water	Reexamination of the site location Installation of leachate treatment plant Proper drainage system Careful consideration of construction planning and management, as well as daily operation	Meteorological data Hydrological data Topography of the area Water use	
Soil Contamination	C	Contaminants in surrounding soil would elute to the nearest rivers and affect the downstream conditions.	 Reexamination of the site location Placement of impermeable layer, such as clay for the foundation Separation of waste that may bring elution of toxic substances 	Topography and geology of the area Water use	

Table 4.4.3 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at NIKA (cont'd)

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Noise and Vibration	В	Inhabitants along the route would be affected by noise. Obstruction to breeding of cattle and habitats of wildlife	Reexamination of the site location Installation of acoustic walls and buffer zone Examination of construction hours	Land use Distribution of schools, hospitals and inhabitants Living condition of inhabitants	
Offensive Odor	A	Inhabitants near the site would complain about the odor. Land use demand in the vicinity would decrease thereby decreasing the land value.	Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Careful consideration of daily operation and management	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

Legend ..

A: Serious impact is expected.

B: Some impact is expected.

C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed: Impacts may become clear as study progress.).

D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.4.4 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at BARYS

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Resettlement	В	Friction between the landowner and the contractor or user in terms of the conditions of agreements	Mutual understanding through good communication each other Identification and clarification of the contents of agreements	Confirmation of the ownership and its status	Until year 2001, BARYS will rent the land from Rayon.
Water Rights and Rights of Common	C	Pollution of groundwater may affect the water use of the nearest pumping station.	 Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for leachate Placement of impermeable layer, such as clay for the foundation Proper drainage system 	1. Water use and the rights	
Public Health Condition	В	1. Animals and insects which gather on wastes would become vectors of disease. 2. Health hazards of workers and residents near the site may occur if the landfill work is conducted inadequately.	 Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Prevention of vermin by pesticides Public education on sanitation for the inhabitants and workers to avoid infection 	 Public health condition of the area Habitation and propagation of rodents and insects Meteorological data, such as precipitation, humidity, and wind speed and direction Topography and geology of the area 	
Groundwater	В	Groundwater polluted by penetration of leachate and hazardous substances would affect the health of inhabitants who use the water for drinking.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of impermeable layer, such as clay for the foundation Proper drainage system Substitutional water supply	 Condition of groundwater Topography and geology of the area Water use around and downstream of the site 	

Table 4.4.4 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at BARYS (cont'd)

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Hydrological Situation	С	Change in regime of rivers by filling up the dry ravine would damage plants, animals and other use of the water.	Reexamination of the site location Proper drainage system Substitutional water supply	Water use around and downstream of the site Topography and geology of the area	
Fauna and Flora	B	Outbreak of flies, birds and rats that may obstruct the breeding of other species and would affect public health condition.	Reexamination of the site location Relocation of plants and animals Prevention of vermin by pesticides Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil	Fauna and flora Ecological system Food chain	
Landscape	В	Valuable scenery in the region would be destroyed or deteriorated by land reclamation, vegetation change and construction of the landfill site.	Reexamination of the site location Careful consideration of the landfill design Public hearings and provision of necessary information for the residents	Public awareness survey Future land use plan	
Air Pollution	В	Health hazards, such as asthma, due to emission of smoke and dust Obstruction to growth of plants	Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Careful consideration of construction planning and management, as well as daily operation	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

Table 4.4.4 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at BARYS (cont'd)

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Water Pollution	A	 Water use, fishery, landscape and recreation in the downstream would be affected by pollution of rivers and lakes. Obstruction to growth of aquatic life due to water quality aggravation by inflow of polluted water 	Reexamination of the site location Installation of leachate treatment plant Proper drainage system Careful consideration of construction planning and management, as well as daily operation	Meteorological data Hydrological data Topography of the area Water use	
Soil Contamination	C	Contaminants in surrounding soil would elute to the nearest rivers and affect the downstream conditions.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of impermeable layer, such as clay for the foundation Separation of waste that may bring elution of toxic substances	Topography and geology of the area Water use	
Noise and Vibration	В	Inhabitants along the route would be affected by noise. Obstruction to breeding of cattle and habitats of wildlife	Reexamination of the site location Installation of acoustic walls and buffer zone Examination of construction hours	Land use Distribution of schools, hospitals and inhabitants Living condition of inhabitants	
Offensive Odor	A	 Inhabitants near the site would complain about the odor. Land use demand in the vicinity would decrease thereby decreasing the land value. 	Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Careful consideration of daily operation and management	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

- A: Serious impact is expected.
 B: Some impact is expected.
 C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).
 D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.

Table 4.4.5 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at ENBEK

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Resettlement	C	Friction between the landowner and the contractor or user in terms of the conditions of agreements	Mutual understanding through good communication each other Identification and clarification of the contents of agreements	Confirmation of the ownership and its status	
Water Rights and Rights of Common	c	Pollution of the nearest river may affect the water use of the downstream.	Reexamination of the site location Installation of treatment facilities for leachate Placement of impermeable layer, such as clay for the foundation Proper drainage system	1. Water use and the rights	
Public Health Condition	B	Animals and insects which gather on wastes would become vectors of disease. Health hazards of workers and residents near the site may occur if the landfill work is conducted inadequately.	 Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Prevention of vermin by pesticides Public education on sanitation for the inhabitants and workers to avoid infection 	 Public health condition of the area Habitation and propagation of rodents and insects Meteorological data, such as precipitation, humidity, and wind speed and direction Topography and geology of the area 	
Groundwater	В	Groundwater polluted by penetration of leachate and hazardous substances would affect the health of inhabitants who use the water for drinking.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of impermeable layer, such as clay for the foundation Proper drainage system Substitutional water supply	 Condition of groundwater Topography and geology of the area Water use around and downstream of the site 	

Table 4.4.5 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at ENBEK (cont'd)

Environmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Hydrological Situation	**** C ********************************	Change in regime of rivers by filling up the dry ravine would damage plants, animals and other use of the water.	Reexamination of the site location Proper drainage system Substitutional water supply	Water use around and downstream of the site Topography and geology of the area	
Fauna and Flora	B	Outbreak of flies, birds and rats that may obstruct the breeding of other species and would affect public health condition.	Reexamination of the site location Relocation of plants and animals Prevention of vermin by pesticides Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil	Fauna and flora Ecological system Food chain	
Landscape	В	Valuable scenery in the region would be destroyed or deteriorated by land reclamation, vegetation change and construction of the landfill site.	Reexamination of the site location Careful consideration of the landfill design Public hearings and provision of necessary information for the residents	Public awareness survey Future land use plan	
Air Pollution	В	Health hazards, such as asthma, due to emission of smoke and dust Obstruction to growth of plants	Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Careful consideration of construction planning and management, as well as daily operation	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

Table 4.4.5 Overall Evaluation Results of IEE for the Improvement of Final Disposal Site at ENBEK (cont'd)

Envir	onmental Item	Evaluation	Possible Environmental Impacts	Possible Measures	Related Study Subjects	Remarks
Water P	ollution	A	Water use, fishery, landscape and recreation in the downstream would be affected by pollution of rivers and lakes. Obstruction to growth of aquatic life due to water quality aggravation by inflow of polluted water	Reexamination of the site location Installation of leachate treatment plant Proper drainage system Careful consideration of construction planning and management, as well as daily operation	1. Meteorological data 2. Hydrological data 3. Topography of the area 4. Water use	
Soil Cor	ntamination	C	Contaminants in surrounding soil would elute to the nearest rivers and affect the downstream conditions.	Reexamination of the site location Placement of impermeable layer, such as clay for the foundation Separation of waste that may bring elution of toxic substances	Topography and geology of the area Water use	
Noise ar	nd Vibration	В	Inhabitants along the route would be affected by noise. Obstruction to breeding of cattle and habitats of wildlife	Reexamination of the site location Installation of acoustic walls and buffer zone Examination of construction hours	Land use Distribution of schools, hospitals and inhabitants Living condition of inhabitants	
Offensiv	e Odor	A	 Inhabitants near the site would complain about the odor. Land use demand in the vicinity would decrease thereby decreasing the land value. 	Reexamination of the site location Introduction of sanitary landfill, eg. covering soil Careful consideration of daily operation and management	Meteorological data, such as wind speed and direction, air temperature distribution Topography of the area	

A: Serious impact is expected.

B: Some impact is expected.

C: Extent of impact is unknown (Examination is needed. Impacts may become clear as study progress.).

D: No impact is expected. EIA is not necessary.