

Chapter 3 Laboratory Test

The collected core samples have been submitted to laboratory tests such as microscopic observation of rock thin sections and ore polished thin sections, chemical analysis of rocks and ores, and EPMA analysis for chromian spinel. The samples submitted to the laboratory tests are listed in Appendix 17.

3-1 Microscopic Observation

The ultrabasic rocks in the Project Area are more or less serpentinized in general. However, some are least affected by serpentinization and deformation, and preserve their original mineralogical nature. The result of the microscopic observation is tabulated in Appendix 20. Photo-micrographs are shown in Appendix 16.

(1) Harzburgite

Harzburgite comprises mainly olivine and orthopyroxene, containing small amounts of chromian spinel and clinopyroxene, and rarely minor tremolite. Its texture is protogranular in general, however, occasionally porphyroclastic with development of foliation. Minerals of olivine and pyroxene groups are often replaced by serpentine (chrysotile or lizardite) in part or entirely. Clinopyroxene altered to bastite is also observed occasionally.

(2) Dunite

Dunite comprises principally olivine, accompanying a minor amount of chromian spinel and occasionally very minor clinopyroxene or orthopyroxene. Its texture is protogranular in general. As is the case for harzburgite, the rock is often subjected to intense serpentinization. The chromian spinel content varies considerably, ranging from a minimal amount to a content comparable to that in chromitite.

(3) Chromitite

Chromitite consists principally of chromian spinel and olivine. Olivine group minerals are mostly altered to serpentine (chrysotile, lizardite or antigorite). The ratio olivine to chromian spinel varies considerably. Chromian spinel is deep reddish brown to opaque, and tends to be euhedral. Magnetite (ferritchromite in part) is often formed in the periphery or along fractures of chromian spinel. Inclusions are occasionally observed within chromian spinel crystals.

(4) Pyroxenite

Pyroxenite comprises mainly orthopyroxene and spinel, containing small amounts of olivine, clinopyroxene and hornblende. Orthopyroxene is altered to bastite and olivine, to serpentine.

3-2 Chemical Analysis

The cores of chromitite sections were longitudinally split in two halves, one of which was submitted to chemical analysis for 24 elements (Ag, Al, Ba, Be, Bi, Ca, Cd, Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, K, Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Ni, P, Pb, Sr, Ti, V, W, Zn) and Cr_2O_3 . The chromitite sections were divided into two or more sections for the chemical analysis according to the visual observation, where faults or other structural elements, possibly affecting textures of chromitite, were observed. In addition, representative rocks of 4 selected holes were also chemically analyzed for the same 24 elements. ICP-AES (Inductively-coupled plasma atomic emission spectroscopy) was adopted for elemental determination. The result of the chemical analysis is tabulated in Appendix 18.

Chromitite tends to be high in V content and low in Ni, Co, Fe and Mn contents, in comparison with dunite and harzburgite. Chromian spinel indicates the highest Cr content of all minerals, and therefore the Cr content of chromitite is much higher than those of dunite and harzburgite.

Comparing dunite with harzburgite, dunite is high in Ni content and low in Al, Ca, Mn, V and Cr contents. This is because Ni is partitioned more in olivine than in orthopyroxene and vice versa for the other elements.

In the correlation coefficients between Cr_2O_3 content of chromitite and the content of other 24 elements, Cr_2O_3 indicates a high positive correlation to Al, V and Zn and a high negative correlation to Ni, Mg, Co, Sr, Ca and Na.

Cr_2O_3 content of chromitite depends on the ratio of olivine to chromian spinel, ranging between 30 and 50% in massive ores and between 10 and 25% in disseminated ores. The ore section of MJAS-23 is composed of disseminated ores as a whole. However, the uppermost 0.60m and the lowermost 0.45m sections indicate Cr_2O_3 contents exceeding 30%. The olivine-chromian spinel ratio of disseminated ores is extremely variable, giving Cr_2O_3 content as high as that of massive ores in part where chromian spinel is highly concentrated.

The ratio Cr/Al of chromian spinel in chromitite ranges between 5.1 and 5.8 (ref. Appendix 18). This result is harmonious with the fact that the ratio Cr/Al in the eastern belt of Alban Inner Zone ranges between 5 and 6. The ratio Cr/Al in the western belt of Alban Inner Zone shows around 2. The chromitite in Shebenik area has the characteristic indicating the relatively high Cr/Al ratio of chromian spinel.

3-3 EPMA Analysis

The chemical composition of chromian spinel in the ultrabasic rocks and chromitite was examined by EPMA analysis with a purpose for the selection of

promising area in the First and Second Year Campaign. In this Third Year Campaign, EPMA analysis with a systematical sampling is carried out in two holes (MJAS-26 and MJAS-36) which encountered chromitite, then the geochemical anomaly (EPMA anomaly) is confirmed and the exploratory guideline for the future is examined.

(1) Sampling

Of the eight holes in the three target areas, which intersected chromitite, two holes of the two target areas (MJAS-26 of Ahu i Vetem and MJAS-36 of Hija e Zeze) were selected for EPMA analysis in order to study geochemical characteristics of elements contained in ore zones. A systematic sampling was carried out according to the following procedure (Table 2-3-1);

- 3 chromitite samples each for the ore section: from the uppermost, the central and the lowermost parts
- 2 dunite samples each at the upper and lower contacts of the ore section
- 2 dunite or harzburgite samples each at the points 1m apart from the upper and lower contacts of the ore section
- 1 or 2 harzburgite samples at the contacts to dunite envelopes
- one set of dunite and harzburgite samples (1 sample each) at the points sufficiently far apart from the contacts to dunite envelopes
- 1 dunite or harzburgite sample at the bottoms of the drill holes.

(2) The Conditions of Analysis

The target mineral for the EPMA analysis was chromian spinel. Unaltered portions of chromian spinel crystals, near their cores, were carefully chosen for analysis, because magnetite (or ferritchromite) was often formed along peripheries or cracks of the crystals. The analytical result is tabulated in Appendix 19.

The conditions of analysis, the same as in the First and Second year Campaigns, are as follows;

- Instrument : JEOL, JAX-733 (Wavelength Dispersion Type)
- Accelerating Voltage : 15 kV
- X-ray Take-off Angle : 40 degrees
- Probe Current : 12 nA
- Probe Diameter : 1 μ m
- Element for Analysis : Cr, Al, Fe, Mg, Ti, Mn, V

(3) Definition of EPMA Anomaly

The purpose of EPMA analysis is to appraise dunite or harzburgite containing

Table 2-3-1 EPMA anomaly

Drill hole No.	Sample No.	No. in figures	Rock type	Depth (m)	Results of EPMA analysis and EPMA anomaly						Note	
					Cr#	V ₂ O ₃ wt%	#1	Fe ³⁺ #	#2	TiO ₂ wt%		#3
MIAS-26	26-E-1	1/1H	Hz	19.5	0.736	0.304	×	0.017	○	0.02	×	without Cr contact with Du 1m apart from Cr contact with Cr Cr Cr Cr contact with Cr 1m apart from Cr bottom of hole
	26-E-2	2/2D	Du	28.2	0.746	0.178	○	0.021	×	0.11	—	
	26-E-3	3/3H	Hz	55.3	0.669	0.257	×	0.013	×	0.02	×	
	26-E-4	4/4H	Hz	85.7	0.783	0.278	×	0.021	○	0.05	○	
	26-E-5	5/5D	Du	85.9	0.771	0.217	×	0.015	×	0.05	—	
	26-E-6	6/6D	Du	113.0	0.755	0.135	○	0.019	×	0.12	—	
	26-E-7	7/7D	Du	113.9	0.769	0.081	○	0.041	○	0.16	—	
	26-E-8	8/8C	Cr	113.9	0.776	0.108	Cr	0.037	Cr	0.16	Cr	
	26-E-9	9/9C	Cr	117.9	0.796	0.059	Cr	0.043	Cr	0.13	Cr	
	26-E-10	10/10C	Cr	118.8	0.785	0.053	Cr	0.033	Cr	0.16	Cr	
	26-E-11	11/11D	Du	118.8	0.773	0.098	○	0.034	○	0.14	—	
	26-E-12	12/12D	Du	119.8	0.788	0.179	○	0.023	×	0.13	—	
	26-E-13	13/13D	Du	130.0	0.783	0.166	○	0.034	○	0.09	—	
MJAS-36	36-E-1	①/①H	Hz	4.6	0.719	0.267	×	0.015	○	0.03	×	without Cr 1m apart from Cr contact with Du contact with Cr Cr Cr Cr contact with Cr 1m apart from Cr contact with Du
	36-E-2	②/②D	Du	5.9	0.834	0.233	×	0.020	×	0.05	—	
	36-E-3	③/③H	Hz	33.7	0.674	0.233	×	0.018	○	0.03	×	
	36-E-4	④/④H	Hz	42.0	0.702	0.287	×	0.019	○	0.02	×	
	36-E-5	⑤/⑤H	Hz	42.4	0.738	0.324	×	0.022	○	0.05	○	
	36-E-6	⑥/⑥D	Du	43.0	0.777	0.213	×	0.027	×	0.08	—	
	36-E-7	⑦/⑦C	Cr	43.0	0.790	0.123	Cr	0.031	Cr	0.11	Cr	
	36-E-8	⑧/⑧C	Cr	43.5	0.791	0.132	Cr	0.030	Cr	0.12	Cr	
	36-E-9	⑨/⑨C	Cr	44.1	0.787	0.093	Cr	0.023	Cr	0.15	Cr	
	36-E-10	⑩/⑩D	Du	44.3	0.785	0.127	○	0.023	×	0.10	—	
	36-E-11	⑪/⑪D	Du	45.1	0.801	0.104	○	0.035	○	0.09	—	
	36-E-12	⑫/⑫H	Hz	46.1	0.692	0.258	×	0.017	○	0.03	×	
	36-E-13	⑬/⑬H	Hz	48.5	0.736	0.251	×	0.019	○	0.03	×	

Judgement (○ means EPMA anomaly)

#1 : Cr# ≥ 0.7, and V₂O₃ wt% ≤ 0.2#2 : Fe³⁺# ≥ 0.030 in dunite, Fe³⁺# ≥ 0.015 in harzburgite#3 : TiO₂ wt% ≥ 0.05 in harzburgite

sizable chromium ore bodies, based on the chemical composition of chromian spinel. The four standards for the EPMA anomaly (Matsumoto 1996, others) are defined as follows (the figures indicated in parentheses are thresholds obtained in the Second Year Campaign and are adopted in the Third Year Campaign as well);

- harzburgite indicating relatively low Cr # (0.4-0.6)
- harzburgite indicating high TiO₂ wt% (0.05 or higher)
- dunite and harzburgite indicating high Fe³⁺ # (0.030 or higher for dunite and 0.15 or higher for harzburgite)
- dunite and harzburgite indicating high Cr # and low V₂O₃ wt% (0.7 or higher in Cr # and 0.2 or lower in V₂O₃ wt% for both dunite and harzburgite).

Note: Cr # = Cr / (Cr+Al), Mg # = Mg / (Mg+Fe²⁺), Fe³⁺ # = Fe³⁺ / (Cr+Al+Fe³⁺)

The EPMA anomalies are summarized in Table 2-3-1.

The chromian spinel indicating high Cr # and low V₂O₃ wt% is presumed to be a halo of chrome mineralization. Cr-rich melt is created as a result that Cr-rich orthopyroxene is selectively dissolved into melt by the alternative reaction between melt and wall rock (harzburgite). Therefore, this alternative reaction is important for the creation of chromitite. As orthopyroxene does not include V₂O₃, the content of V₂O₃ in the melt after the reaction becomes less than that of the wall rock. The indication of high Cr # and low V₂O₃ wt% is presumed to reflect the composition of the melt which is created as a result of this alternative reaction (Matsumoto 1995, 1996).

(4) Classification according to the EPMA Analysis

It has become apparent by careful examination of the result of the EPMA analysis and the elemental ratios as shown in Appendix 19, that rocks can be classified into four groups according to the V₂O₃ wt% in chromian spinel contained as follows (ref. to Figure 2-3-3);

- a) chromitite: equal to or less than 0.15 wt% V₂O₃
- b) dunite close to chromitite (less than 1m from the contact): equal to or less than 0.15 wt% V₂O₃ — the same V₂O₃ wt% range as for chromitite (hereinafter called "low vanadium dunite")
- c) dunite other than the above b): V₂O₃ wt% ranging between 0.15 and 0.24 — the intermediate range between that for chromitite and harzburgite (hereinafter called "high vanadium dunite")
- d) harzburgite: equal to or higher than 0.23 wt% V₂O₃.

Note: The only exception is the sample No. 36-E-6 from MJAS-36, which has been sampled close to the contact to chromitite, is grouped to the above c)

according to the analytical result (Ⓒ or Ⓓ in Figure 2-3-3).

Each rock type grouped according to the above criteria indicates common nature in contents of some of other elements and in elemental ratios.

The low vanadium dunite tends to be high in TiO_2 wt% and low in Mg #, in comparison with the high vanadium dunite. There is observed no difference of any significance in Cr # and Fe^{3+} # between the two types of dunite. The characteristics of these kinds are summarized in Table 2-3-2 below and shown in Figures 2-3-1 through 2-3-8.

Table 2-3-2 Relationship between results of EPMA analysis and rock type

Group	TiO_2 wt%	V_2O_5 wt%	Cr #	Mg #	Fe^{3+} #
a) Chromitite	high	low	high	high	high~ moderate
b) Low vanadium dunite	high	low	moderate ~high	low	low~ high
c) High vanadium dunite	moderate	moderate	moderate ~high	rather high	high~ moderate
d) Harzburgite	low	high	low	moderate	low

(5) Result of EPMA Analysis for the Samples from MJAS-26

In the First and Second Year Campaign many analytical samples of dunite and hartzburgite indicating EPMA anomalies in V_2O_5 -Cr # and Fe^{3+} # locate in Ahu i Vetem containing MJAS-26. In the Third Year Campaign dunite indicating V_2O_5 -Cr # EPMA anomaly and dunite and hartzburgite indicating Fe^{3+} # anomaly are recognized in the core samples (Table 2-3-1).

a) Cr

Cr # in hartzburgite ranges widely from 0.66 to 0.79, Cr # in dunite from 0.74 to 0.79, and in chromitite from 0.77 to 0.80 (Figure 2-3-1). Cr # tends to decrease in the order of chromitite, dunite and hartzburgite, but with a very subtle decreasing rate. The Cr # for hartzburgite considerably varies, while that for the other rock types is relatively stable. No EPMA anomaly in Cr # indicating from 0.4 to 0.6 have been detected in the hartzburgite samples (Figure 2-3-3).

b) TiO_2 wt%

TiO_2 wt% is less than 0.20% in all samples. It is high (equal to or more than 0.05%) in dunite and chromitite and low (less than 0.05%) in hartzburgite (Figure 2-3-1). No EPMA anomaly in TiO_2 (not less than 0.05%) is detected in the hartzburgite

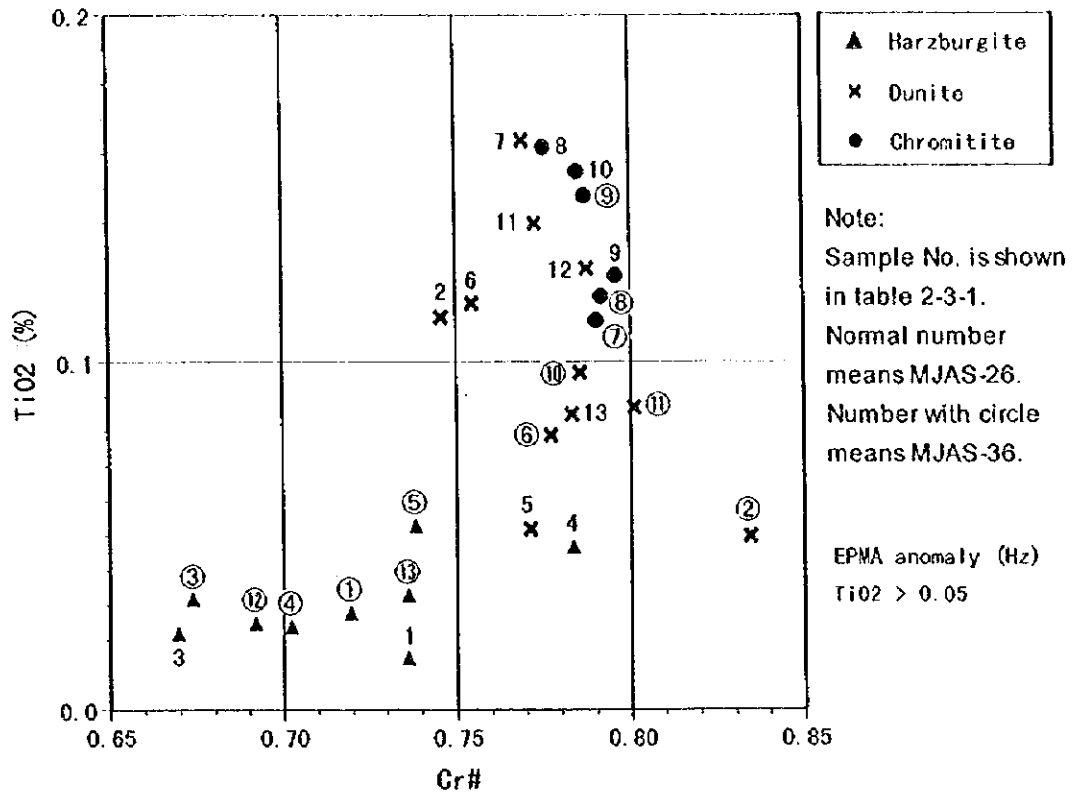


Figure 2-3-1 Correlation diagram of TiO₂ and Cr #

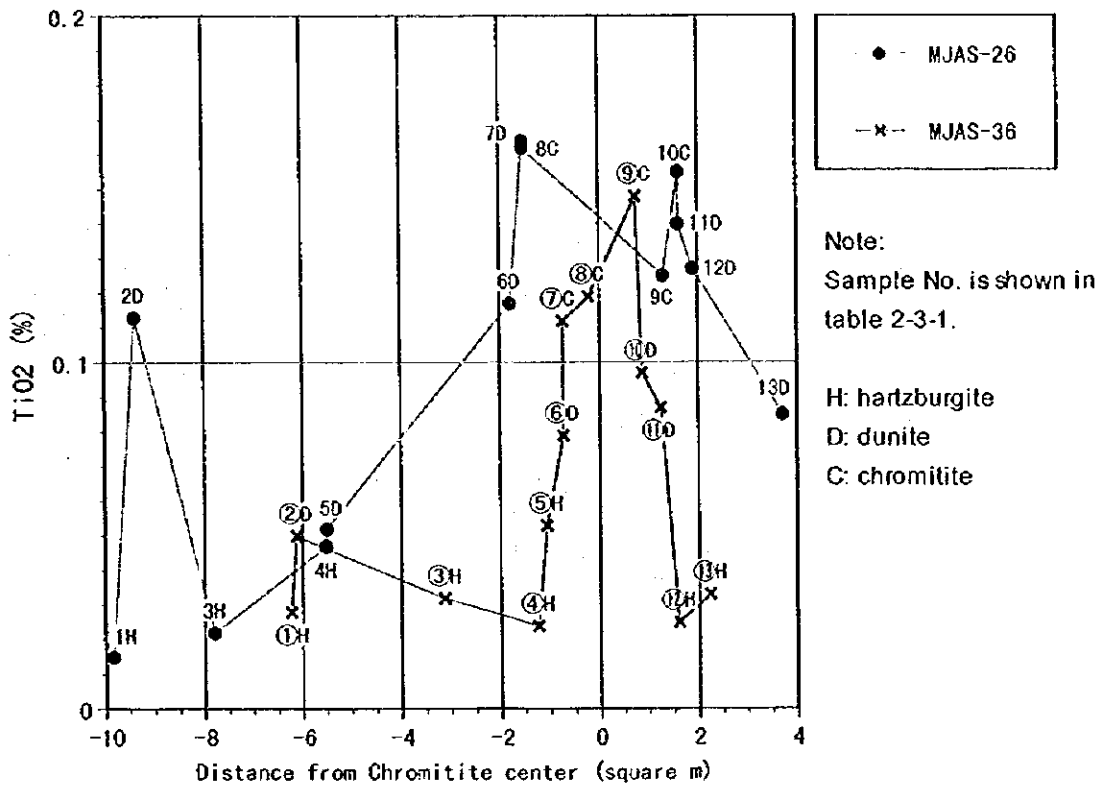


Figure 2-3-2 Relationship between TiO₂ and the distance from chromitite



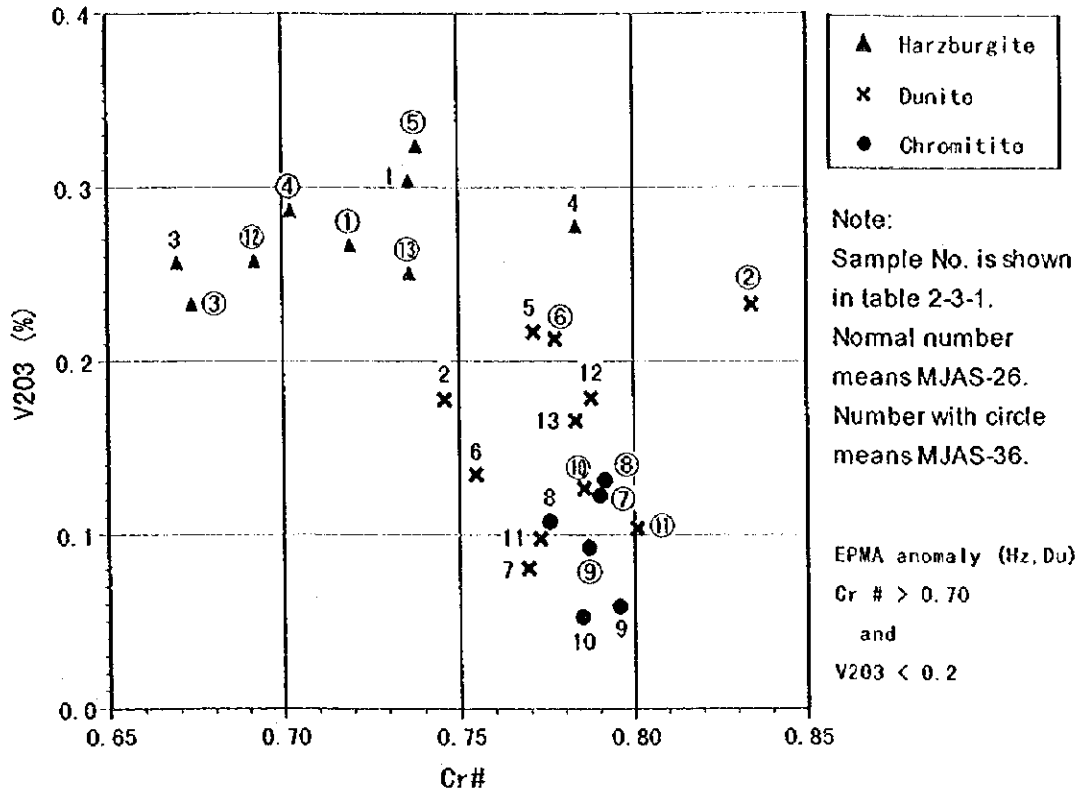


Figure 2-3-3 Correlation diagram of V_2O_3 and Cr #

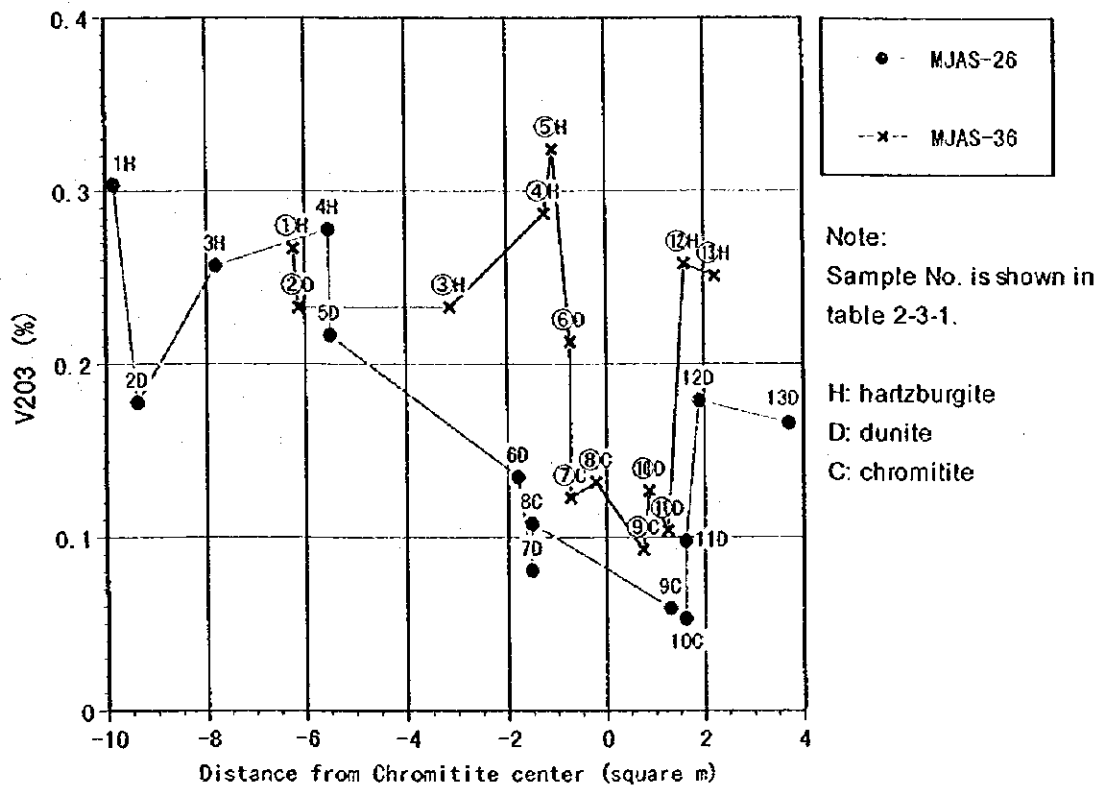


Figure 2-3-4 Relationship between V_2O_3 and the distance from chromitite



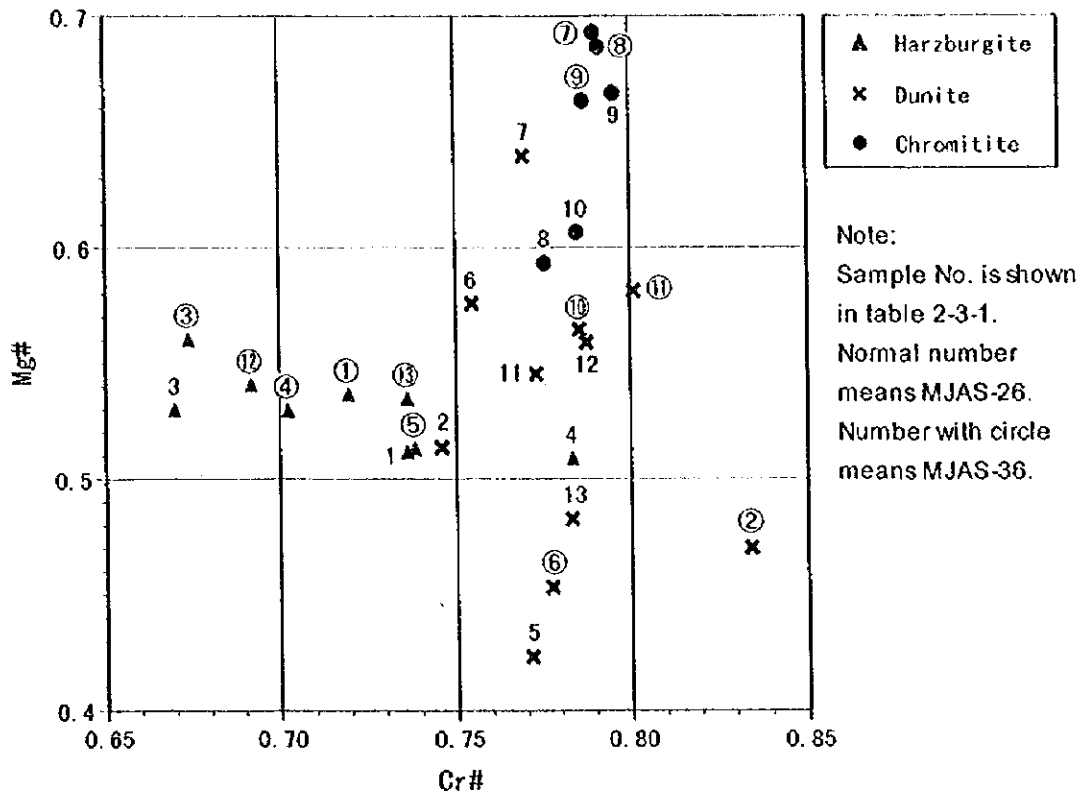


Figure 2-3-5 Correlation diagram of Mg # and Cr #

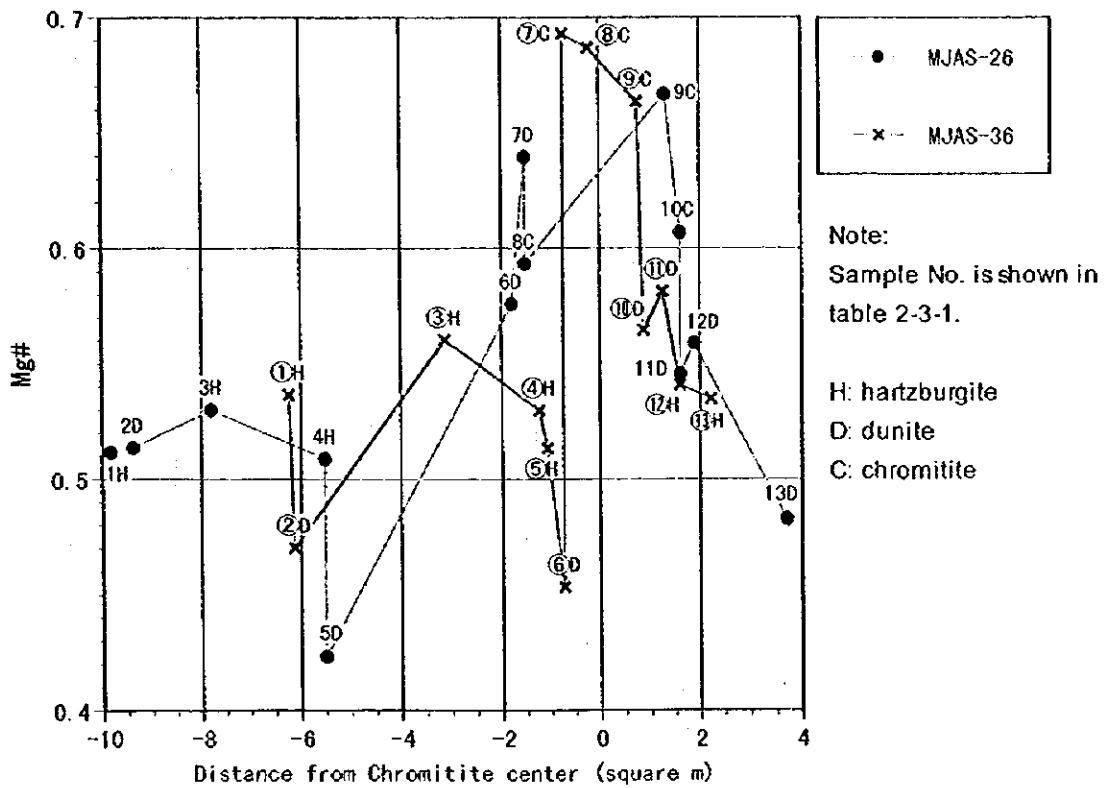


Figure 2-3-6 Relationship between Mg # and the distance from chromitite



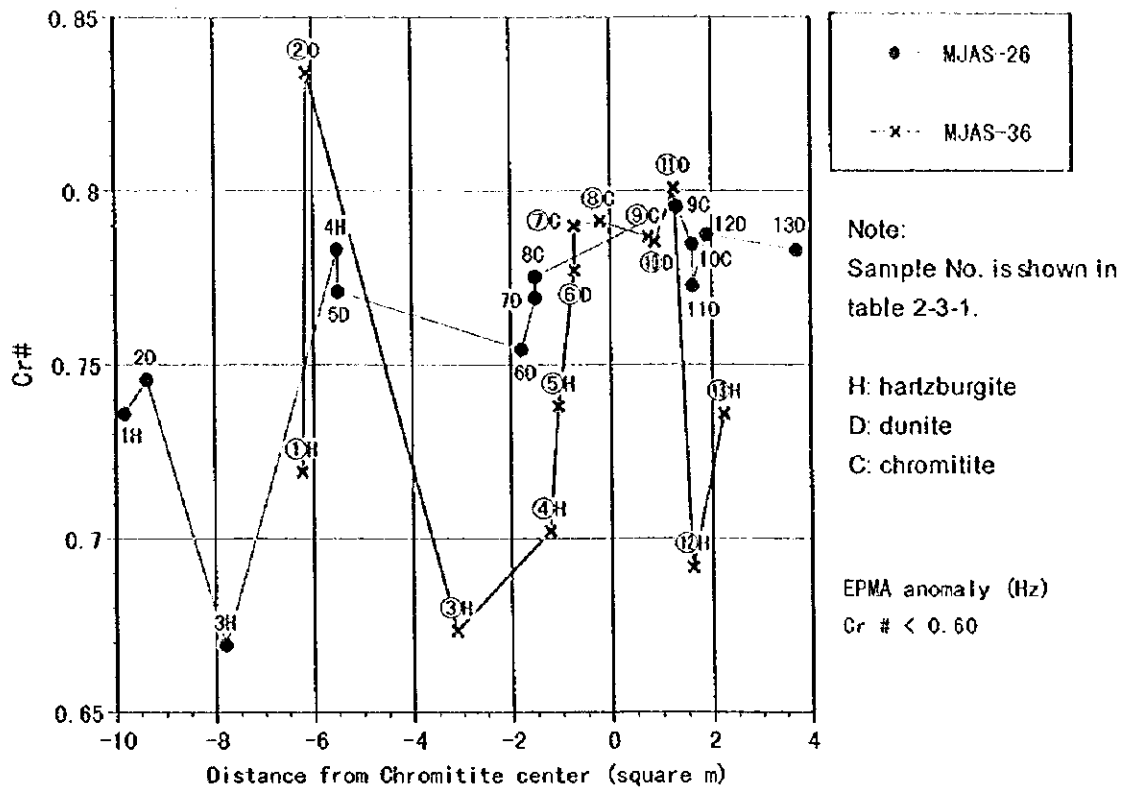


Figure 2-3-7 Relationship between Cr # and the distance from chromitite

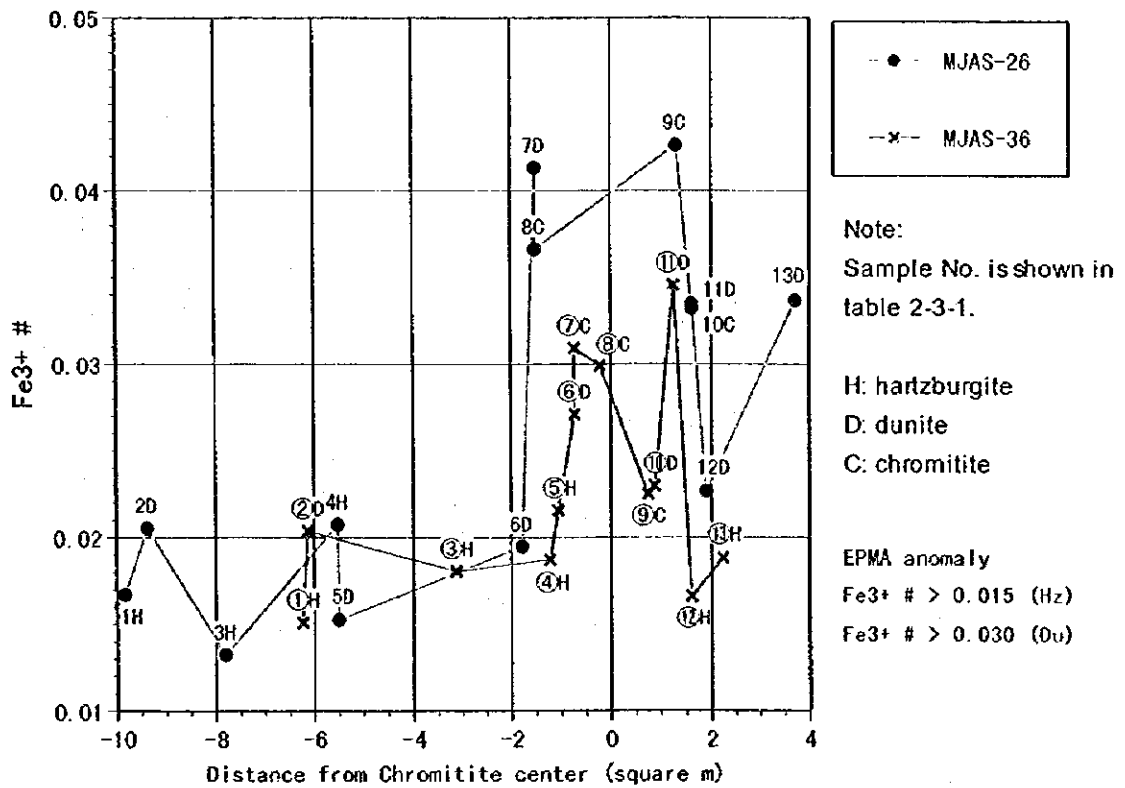


Figure 2-3-8 Relationship between Fe³⁺ # and the distance from chromitite



samples.

c) Mg #

Mg # ranges highly from 0.59 to 0.67 in dunite, from 0.50 to 0.54 in harzburgite, and widely from 0.42 to 0.65 in dunite (Figure 2-3-5).

d) Fe³⁺ #

Fe³⁺ # ranges highly from 0.033 to 0.043 in chromitite, from 0.015 to 0.041 in dunite, and lowly from 0.013 to 0.021 in harzburgite, with its values of dunite ranging between those of chromitite and harzburgite. Two harzburgite and three dunite samples have indicated EPMA anomaly in Fe³⁺ # (Figure 2-3-8). In the Second Year Campaign the samples of massive dunite-harzburgite suite in Ahu i Vetem also indicated rather high value in Fe³⁺ #.

e) V₂O₃ wt%

V₂O₃ wt% ranges highly from 0.25 to 0.31 in harzburgite, from 0.08 to 0.22 in chromitite, and lowly from 0.05 to 0.11 in dunite. V₂O₃ wt% tends to increase in the order of chromitite, dunite and harzburgite, being highly variable in dunite and less variable in the other two rock types. Six out of seven dunite samples have indicated EPMA anomaly in V₂O₃-Cr #. No harzburgite sample has indicated EPMA anomaly in V₂O₃-Cr # (Figure 2-3-3).

The harzburgite samples have been collected only in the shallow part of the hole MJAS-26 and are limited in number, because the dunite, including chromitite, is very thick and continues to the bottom of the hole.

The harzburgite sample 26-E-4, collected close to the upper contact of the dunite including chromitite, has indicated EPMA anomaly in Fe³⁺ # and TiO₂ wt%. The sample 26-E-3, collected in the shallower part apart from the dunite contact, has indicated no EPMA anomaly in any of the four criteria.

EPMA anomaly in V₂O₃-Cr # and Fe³⁺ # is detected in the dunite samples, 26-E-7 and 26-E-11, collected close to the upper and lower contacts to the chromitite, while the those collected 1m apart from these contacts have indicated EPMA anomaly only in V₂O₃ but not in Fe³⁺ #.

The dunite and harzburgite samples, 26-E-2 and 26-E-1 respectively, were collected in the shallow part of the hole. The former has indicated EPMA anomaly in V₂O₃-Cr # and the latter, in Fe³⁺ #, which may reflect the shallow chromitite identified by surface outcrops and in the hole MJAS-25.

The following characteristics are observed in the figures (Figures 2-3-2, 2-3-4 and 2-3-6 through 2-3-8) that display the relationship between the sample locations

(expressed in relative distance from the center of the chromitite) and the contents of various elements or the elemental ratios;

- 1) the relatively high values of TiO_2 wt%, Mg # and Fe^{3+} # in chromitite and dunite close to chromitite, form a chevron-like shape centering the chromitite and are distinguished from those in harzburgite and dunite apart from the chromitite,
- 2) on the contrary, the values of V_2O_3 wt% are low in chromitite and dunite close to the chromitite, and form a V-shape centering the chromitite, and
- 3) the values of Cr # are less prominent in terms of the relative distance from the chromitite, but are generally high in chromitite, gradually decreasing with increasing distance from the chromitite.

(6) Result of EPMA Analysis for The Samples from MJAS-36

EPMA analysis in Hija e Zeze had not been carried out in the previous survey. In this Third Year Campaign, dunite indicating EMPA anomaly in V_2O_3 -Cr # and dunite and hartzburgite indicating EMPA anomaly in Fe^{3+} # were identified (Table 2-3-1).

a) Cr

Cr # ranges lowly from 0.67 to 0.74, highly from 0.77 to 0.84, intensively around 0.79. The values of Cr # are high in chromitite and dunite, and low in harzburgite, being relatively variable in harzburgite. No EPMA anomaly in Cr # indicating from 0.4 to 0.6 is detected in the harzburgite samples (Figure 2-3-1).

b) TiO_2 wt%

TiO_2 wt% is less than 0.20% in all samples. It ranges highly from 0.11 to 0.17 in chromitite, from 0.05 to 0.10 in dunite and less than 0.06 in hartzburgite. TiO_2 wt% decreases in the order of chromitite, dunite and harzburgite. Only one harzburgite sample has indicated EPMA anomaly in TiO_2 wt% (Figure 2-3-1).

c) Mg

Mg # ranges intensively and highly from 0.67 to 0.69 in chromitite, narrowly from 0.50 to 0.56 in hartzburgite, but widely 0.47 to 0.58 in dunite (Figure 2-3-5).

d) Fe^{3+}

Fe^{3+} # ranges highly from 0.015 to 0.022 in hartzburgite, all of which indicate EPMA anomaly. It ranges from 0.020 to 0.035 in dunite and only one dunite sample indicates EPMA anomaly (Figure 2-3-8).

e) V_2O_3 wt%

V_2O_3 wt% ranges highly from 0.23 to 0.32 in hartzburgite, lowly from 0.10 to 0.24 in dunite and also lowly from 0.09 to 0.13. V_2O_3 wt% increases in the order of chromitite, dunite and harzburgite, being relatively variable in dunite (Figure 2-3-3).

Two dunite samples have indicated EPMA anomaly in V_2O_3 -Cr #.

The number of dunite samples collected from MJAS-36 is small, because the thickness of the dunite containing the chromitite is very limited. The sample, 36-E-4, collected 1m above the upper contact of the chromitite is not dunite but harzburgite, because the dunite is only 0.5m thick in this part (Table 2-3-1).

The sample, 36-E-5, collected from the harzburgite immediately above the dunite containing the chromitite, has indicated EPMA anomaly in Fe^{3+} # and TiO_2 wt%, while the harzburgite sample, 36-E-4, located above 36-E-5, is anomalous only in Fe^{3+} #, as well as two other shallower samples. The samples, 36-E-12 below the dunite and 36-E-13 at the bottom of hole, are also anomalous only in Fe^{3+} #.

No EPMA anomaly has been detected in the dunite sample, 36-E-7, immediately above the chromitite, while the sample, 36-E-10, immediately below, is anomalous in V_2O_3 - Cr #. The sample, 36-E-11, collected 1m below the contact, has indicated EPMA anomaly both in V_2O_3 - Cr # and Fe^{3+} #.

The following characteristics are observed in the figures (Figures 2-3-2, 2-3-4 and 2-3-6 through 2-3-8) that display the relationship between the sample locations (expressed in relative distance from the center of the chromitite) and the contents of various elements or the elemental ratios;

- 1) the relatively high values of TiO_2 wt%, Mg # and Fe^{3+} # in chromitite and dunite close to chromitite, form a chevron-like shape centering the chromitite and are distinguished from those in harzburgite and dunite apart from the chromitite,
- 2) on the contrary, the values of V_2O_3 wt% are low in chromitite and dunite close to the chromitite, and form a V-shape centering the chromitite, and
- 3) the values of TiO_2 wt% in the samples of MJAS-36 exhibit the most typical pattern in comparison with the other EPMA indices including those for the samples of MJAS-26 (Figure 2-3-2), decreasing with increasing distance from the chromitite or in the order of chromitite, dunite at the contact to the chromitite, dunite containing the chromitite, and harzburgite.

Chapter 4 Assessment of the Chromium Deposit

Drilling exploration was carried out in the six selected target areas in the general area from the central part of the Shebenik Ultrabasic Massif to the northern part of the Pogradec Ultrabasic Massif, in order to explore the lateral and down-dip extensions of the known ore bodies. The drill holes in the three target areas, Ahu i Vetem, Lugu i Batres and Hija e Zeze, intersected chromitite. The chromium deposit of each target area is assessed here-under, reviewing the drilling result.

(1) Ahu i Vetem

A low grade deep ore body, comprising mainly disseminated ores, and a high grade shallow ore body, comprising massive ores, have been identified in this target area. Five holes were drilled during the Third Year Campaign in order to verify the northern extensions of these ore bodies. All of the five holes intersected the deep ore body, however only two of these encountered chromitite correlated to the shallow ore body.

1) Deep Ore Body

The deep ore body is characterized by its appreciable thickness, being enveloped within a thick dunite, and by its relatively low Cr_2O_3 grade. The ores consist mainly of banded or disseminated chromitite, including high chromian spinel concentrations in part. It strikes in the NNE-SSW direction and dips westwards with 40 to 50 degrees, elongating to the north with a gentle plunge. Its dimension is more than 200m in length, more than 70m in width and 0.5 to 4m, averaging at 1.5 to 2.5m, in thickness. In the southeastern topographic depression, where a part of the deep ore body is exposed, the layered structure of ultrabasic rocks trends in the NNE-SSW direction and is conformable with the strike of the deep ore body. This trend is, however, oblique to the strike of the shallow ore deposit, which will be explained later in this section.

According to the existing data, the Cr_2O_3 grade of this ore body ranges from the maximum of 29.70% to the minimum of 14.55%, mostly between 19 and 24%. The average Cr_2O_3 grade of ore sections in the holes drilled in the current project ranges from the maximum of 26.10% to the minimum of 15.39%, with an arithmetic mean of 19.76%. The maximum and the minimum grades of single assay runs are 39.53 and 8.64% Cr_2O_3 respectively.

Assuming the average grade of 20% Cr_2O_3 , the average thickness at 2m for the length of 200m and the width of 70m, and the average specific gravity of 2.5, the ore resources can be estimated at approximately 70,000 tons containing 9,600 tons of

chrome in metal.

There will be a good possibility for the deep ore body to extend north-northeastwards and to widen its width towards the down-dip, because all the five holes have intersected the chromitite with the appreciable thickness exceeding some 2m.

Anomalous EPMA indices obtained in the samples from MJAS-26 are mostly associated with the dunite containing the chromitite or with the harzburgite in contact with this dunite envelope.

EPMA anomaly in V_2O_3 -Cr # has been recognized in five of six samples of the dunite containing the chromitite and that in Fe^{3+} #, in three samples. The three dunite samples above the chromitite increase in V_2O_3 wt% and decrease in Fe^{3+} # with increasing distance from the chromitite. The number of anomalous EPMA indices also decreases from three in the sample close to the chromitite and to zero in the uppermost sample, while the number of anomalous indices in the three dunite samples collected below the chromitite is counted at two in the one sample near the contact, at one in the second 1m apart from the contact and at two in the third at the bottom of hole.

No EPMA anomaly in V_2O_3 -Cr # has been detected in the three harzburgite samples. However, the uppermost sample has indicated EPMA anomaly in Fe^{3+} #, and the other close to the dunite contact, that in Fe^{3+} # and TiO_2 wt%.

As above described, the samples of dunite close to the chromitite and of harzburgite close to the dunite envelope are anomalous in two or more EPMA indices. A sample of dunite containing chromitite may show no EPMA anomaly in some cases, where it is located apart from the chromitite.

The present threshold for V_2O_3 -Cr # is more sensitive to define EPMA anomaly than that of Fe^{3+} #, or, in other word, less specific to characterize dunite with respect to chromium mineralization. As for harzburgite, the thresholds for V_2O_3 -Cr #, TiO_2 wt% and Fe^{3+} # become less specific in defining EPMA anomaly in this order.

The results of EPMA analysis indicate the existence of the interactive reaction between melt and wall rock (harzburgite). As the dunite confirmed by drilling survey is thick, a relatively large size of chrome deposit is expected to exist. The possibility, however, to occur the large scale ore deposit is low in this target area, because Cr # in harzburgite of the large ore deposit shows 0.4 to 0.5.

2) Shallow Ore Body

The shallow ore body is characterized by its thin thickness, being enveloped with in a thin dunite, and its appreciably high Cr_2O_3 grade, consisting of massive chromitite. Its continuation, however, is very limited. It strikes in the NNW-SSE direction and

dips to the northeast with 20 to 30 degrees, elongating northwards with a gentle plunge. The dimension of the ore body is more than 80m in length and more than 30m in width, with thickness ranging from 0.5 to 1.0m. In the northwestern topographic high, the layered structure of ultrabasic rocks trends in the NW-SW direction and is conformable with the shallow ore body. This trend is, however, oblique to the strike of the deep ore body. The continuation of the shallow ore body north-northwestwards may be limited, because three out of five holes have failed to intersect the ore body and the ore sections in the two holes, MJAS-25 and MJAS-26, are very thin, having the thickness of 0.01 and 0.05m respectively.

According to the existing data, the Cr_2O_3 grade of ores ranges between the maximum of 51.94% and the minimum of 19.31%, with most of ore samples indicating around 50% Cr_2O_3 . The analytical result of the ore section of MJAS-26, which is the only sample of the shallow ore body analyzed in the current Project, indicates the Cr_2O_3 grade of 35.41%. Assuming the average grade of 40% Cr_2O_3 , the average thickness of 0.8m for the length of 80m and the width of 30m and the average specific gravity of 3.0, the ore resources can be estimated at approximately 5,700 tons containing 1,600 tons of chrome in metal.

3) Relationship between the Deep and Shallow Ore Bodies

The configurations of the deep and shallow ore bodies are conformable with the structure of the ultrabasic host for each of them but are disharmonious to each other. The host ultrabasics for the deep ore body, exposing in the southeastern part, show the layered structure trending in the NNE-SSW direction, which is disharmonious with the regional structure in the Central Shebenik District. On the other hand, those for the shallow ore body, exposing in the northwestern part, show the layered structure trending in the NW-SE direction, which is harmonious with the regional structure.

The structural difference between the ultrabasics hosting the deep and shallow ore bodies, whether related to the genesis of ultrabasic massif or caused by later tectonic movements, has not been well interpreted to date. Regardless of the causes of the structural difference, it would be inconceivable that the two ore bodies, showing different modes of occurrence, had originally formed one ore body and were later dislocated to the present positions by faulting and folding. The ore bodies may have formed through different mineralization processes, judging from their structures, modes of occurrence, locations and also the regional structure of the Shebenik ultrabasic massifs.

(2) Lugu i Batres

The ore body identified by outcrops and trenches strikes in the E-W to WNW-ESE direction and dips to the south with 40 to 70 degrees, elongating in the WNW-ESE direction with a gentle plunge to the west. It is gradually shifted by some minor crosscutting faults and is terminated by a fault at the east end, forming a hook shape. The geometrical relationship between the surface indications and the ore section in the hole, MJAS-28, suggests its overall inclination of 55 degrees to the south.

The ore body consists mainly of massive ores, containing chromitite bands or clots in part. Its size is rather small, with the strike length of 80m, the dip length exceeding 20m and the thickness ranging between 0.1 and 2.0m. The length of ore section in MJAS-28 is 0.3m.

The chemical analysis of five samples has returned 38.0 to 52.5% Cr_2O_3 and 28.0% Cr_2O_3 respectively for the massive and banded ores in surface indications, and 39.75% Cr_2O_3 for the massive ore section in the hole, MJAS-28. The arithmetic mean of the five samples is estimated at 41.49% Cr_2O_3 .

No past exploration has confirmed the continuation of the ore body, neither to the east nor to the depth. This year's drilling intended to explore its continuation to the west and to the down-dip in its central and western parts. However, MJAS-29, which had been projected to pass through the down-dip continuation at the west end of the ore body, failed to intersect chromitite. In addition, the ore body tends to become less massive westwards and hence low in Cr_2O_3 grade. Therefore, its potential westwards is judged to be insignificant.

(3) Hija e Zeze

Two holes were drilled in order to explore the north-northwestern continuation of the ore body identified by the past exploration, and both intersected chromitite ores.

The ore body strikes in the NW-SE to NNW-SSE direction with a nearly vertical dip and elongates in the NNW-SSE direction with a plunge of about 10 degrees to the north-northwest. It is crosscut by some faults, some of which are observed in the drill holes as crushed zones, and, as a whole, extends in the NNW-SSE direction being crosscut by these faults.

The ore body, comprising mainly massive chromitite, is more than 100m in strike length and more than 15m in dip length (width) with thickness ranging between 0.7 and 2.2m. The average thickness may be estimated at around one meter, taking account of the ore sections in MJAS-36 and MJAS-37 which are measured at 1.1 and 0.2m respectively. The Cr_2O_3 grade ranges between 35.05 and 51.53% for the surface massive ore samples, and is averaged at 36.41 and 41.90% respectively for the massive

ore sections in MJAS-36 and MJAS-37, with an arithmetic mean of 41.90% for the analyzed six samples.

Assuming the average grade of 42% Cr_2O_3 , the average thickness of 1.0m for the length of 100m and the width of 20m and the average specific gravity of 3.0, the ore resources can be estimated at approximately 6,000 tons containing 1,700 tons of chrome in metal.

The drilling exploration in the current Project is the first instance carried out for this target area and has successfully confirmed the strike extension of the known ore body. The ore body, with an appreciable average thickness of about 1m and a relatively high average grade at around 42% Cr_2O_3 , is still open for the strike and dip extensions and is expected to substantially increase its resources by further drilling exploration.

According to the result of the EPMA analysis for the samples of MJAS-36, a number of the dunite samples below the chromitite and the harzburgite samples near the contact to the dunite envelope have indicated EPMA anomaly in various indices.

Two of the three samples of the dunite containing the chromitite have indicated EPMA anomaly in V_2O_3 -Cr # and one of the two is also anomalous in Fe^{3+} #. No EPMA anomaly in any indices is detected in the dunite sample immediately above the chromitite, though its value of V_2O_3 -Cr # is close to the threshold. Of the two dunite samples below the chromitite, the one close to the contact to chromitite has indicated EPMA anomaly only in Fe^{3+} # and the other 1m apart from the contact is anomalous both in V_2O_3 -Cr # and Fe^{3+} #.

No EPMA anomaly in V_2O_3 -Cr # is detected in the six harzburgite samples, while that in Fe^{3+} # is observed in all the six samples. One harzburgite sample has indicated EPMA anomaly in TiO_2 wt%. The sample immediately above the dunite envelope is anomalous both in Fe^{3+} # and TiO_2 wt%, while the sample immediately below the dunite envelope has indicated EPMA anomaly only in TiO_2 wt%.

The results of EPMA analysis in MJAS-36 indicate the existence of the interactive reaction between melt and wall rock (harzburgite) similarly in MJAS-26. As the dunite confirmed by drilling survey is thin and Cr # in harzburgite indicates more than 0.6, the possibility to occur the large scale ore deposit is low in this target area.

PART III



Part III Conclusion and Recommendation

Chapter 1 Conclusion

1-1 Result of Drilling Exploration

(1) Ahu i Vetem

There are two ore bodies, the shallow and the deep ore bodies, in this target area. The drilling exploration was carried out in order to investigate the northern extensions of both ore bodies and comprised a total of 5 holes (MJAS-23 through MJAS-27). All the drill holes intersected the deep ore body, while only two holes (MJAS-25 and MJAS-26) encountered the shallow ore body.

The deep ore body is rather thick within a very thick dunite envelope and consists of disseminated or banded chromitite ores with relatively low Cr_2O_3 grade. The shallow ore body is thin within a thin dunite envelope and consists mainly of massive chromitite ores with high Cr_2O_3 grade. The configurations of both ore bodies are conformable with the layering structures of their host ultrabasic rocks, which are oblique to each other trending in the NNE-SSW direction in the vicinity of the deep ore body and in the NW-SE direction in the vicinity of the shallow ore body. The latter trend is harmonious with the regional structure of the Shebenik ultrabasic massif.

The deep ore body is estimated to have a size of more than 200m in length and more than 70m in width with the average thickness of 2m and the average grade of 20% Cr_2O_3 . It may be expected that the ore body continues laterally further to the north-northeast and also to the down-dip, because all the five holes have intersected chromitite with thickness exceeding 2m. Although the ore grade is generally low, this ore body will be a significant target for the future exploration because it has a sizable dimension and contains high grade portions partly.

The shallow ore body is estimated to have a size of more than 80m in length and more than 30m in width with the average thickness of 0.8m and the average grade of 40% Cr_2O_3 . The lateral and down-dip continuity of this ore body may be doubtful, because only two holes have intersected a part of the down-dip extension in the north-northeastern part. However, the strike extension to the north-northwest has been unexplored and remains as a future exploration target.

(2) Lugu i Batres

The two holes, MJAS-28 and MJAS-29, were drilled to explore the down-dip extension of the known ore body in its central to western part. Although MJAS-28 intersected massive chromitite ores for a core length of 0.3m with Cr_2O_3 grade of

39.75%, MJAS-29 failed to intersect any chromitite.

The ore body strikes in the E-W to WNW-ESE direction with steep to moderate dip to the south and plunges to the WNW direction. The size of the ore body is rather small and estimated at about 80m in length and more than 20m in width with thickness ranging between 0.1 and 2m and with the average grade of about 40% Cr₂O₃.

No exploration result to date indicates the eastern and down-dip extensions of this ore body. In addition, MJAS-29 has not intersected any chromitite at the depth in the westernmost part. Accordingly, it is considered that the size of the ore body will be limited.

(3) Buzgare

The two holes, MJAS-30 and MJAS-31, were drilled to identify the down-dip and northwestern extensions of the known ore body, and both failed to intersect any chromitite.

The ore body may have been offset for a considerable distance at depth by a fault which dips with a gentle angle and has a thick crushed zone. Judging from the ragged topography in this area, it appears impractical to carry out drilling exploration looking for the offset part of the ore body.

(4) Pishkash-5

The two holes, MJAS-32 and MJAS-33, were drilled to identify the northern extension of the known ore body, and both failed to intersect any chromitite.

The ore body, striking in the NNW-SSE direction, must have been dislocated for a distance of several tens of meters by a fault running parallel to its strike. A number of drill holes have been put down in this target area and have failed to identify the offset portion of the ore body, which suggests that the dislocation may be considerably great beyond estimation.

(5) Bregu i Pishes

The two holes, MJAS-34 and MJAS-35, were drilled to explore the northwestern extension of the known ore body, and both failed to intersect any chromitite.

It is estimated that a number of faulted segments of the ore body are arranged an echelon westwards according to the exploration result to date. The reason why the two holes failed to intersect the ore body may be that one or more faults have dislocated the ore body for a great distance beyond estimation or that the extension of the ore body is limited. Follow-up exploration may be recommended to the west and at the depth of the two holes.

(6) Hija e Zeze

The two holes, MJAS-36 and MJAS-37, were drilled to explore the north northwestern extension of the known ore body identified by the past exploration, and

both intersected chromitite comprising massive ores with thickness of 1.1m and Cr_2O_3 grade of 36.41% in the former hole and with thickness of 0.2m and Cr_2O_3 grade of 41.62% in the latter.

The ore body, as a whole, has an average thickness of 1m for a dimension of more than 100m in strike length and 20m in down-dip length with an average grade of 42% Cr_2O_3 .

The drilling exploration of the current program is the first instance carried out for this target ore body and has successfully confirmed its continuations, which is still open to the north-northwest, being step-faulted by a number of cross-cutting faults. The target for the follow-up exploration will be the down-dip and north-northwestern extension of the mineralization identified by the two drill holes put down in the current program.

1-2 EPMA Analysis

An EPMA analysis was made for chromian spinel contained in the drill core samples systematically collected from MJAS-26 in Ahu i Vetem and from MJAS-36 in Hija e Zeze. The former drill hole intersected a sizable ore body with a relatively low Cr_2O_3 grade, and the latter, a relatively small ore body with a high Cr_2O_3 grade. The two groups of the samples are different from each other in some of mineralization characteristics but have common features in EPMA anomaly in various indices according to the result of EPMA analysis. Dunite containing chromitite has some kinds of EPMA anomalies and another dunite and hartzburgite have a few EPMA anomalies.

The V_2O_3 wt% of chromian spinel in dunite close to chromitite is apparently lower than that in dunite apart from chromitite, being nearly equal to that in chromitite. The low Vanadium dunite shows EPMA anomaly in V_2O_3 -Cr # and is higher in TiO_2 wt% and lower in Mg # than the high Vanadium dunite.

Almost all hartzburgite samples indicate EPMA anomaly in Fe^{3+} # but tend to decrease the value of Fe^{3+} # (or become less anomalous) with increasing distance from chromitite. No hartzburgite sample indicates EPMA anomaly in Cr # with the value less than 0.6.

In general, the chemical composition of chromian spinel in chromitite is similar to that in the dunite close to the chromitite, which may suggest that the chromitite and the dunite have formed coevally under the same physico-chemical conditions. In some cases, however, chromian spinel contained in a single dunite envelope indicates different chemical compositions in accordance with distance from chromitite.

The result of the EPMA analysis for the drill core samples in the current Project has identified that chromium mineralization is associated with the dunite containing

chromian spinel with V_2O_3 wt % lower than 0.150, and with harzburgite containing chromian spinel with the value of Fe^{3+} # higher than 0.020. Therefore, the chemical composition of chromian spinel contained will be effective to assess ultrabasics with respect to their potential for chromium mineralization.

The Cr # of chromian spinel in harzburgite indicates from 0.60 to 0.40 near the large scale chrome ore deposit of podiform type. The Cr # of chromian spinel in harzburgite in MJAS-26 and MJAS-36 is generally high and ranges from 0.66 to 0.79. Therefore, in both target areas of Ahu i Vetem and Hija e Zeze the possibility to locate large scale ore deposit comparable to those of the Bulqiza Mines appears to be rather limited based on the result of the EPMA analysis to date.

1-3 Consideration

EPMA anomalies of V_2O_3 -Cr # and Fe^{3+} # remarkably observed indicate the existence of the interactive reaction between melt and wall rock (harzburgite) which is an important phenomenon on the forming process of the podiform type chrome deposit. Especially in Ahu i Vetem near MJAS-26, the massive dunite suite is widely distributed and the dunite confirmed by drilling survey is thick and large, therefore the potentiality of chrome ore deposit in this target area is estimated to be high. The possibility, however, to occur the large scale ore deposit is low in this target area, because the large ore deposit accompanied by high Cr # harzburgite as existing in the area is rare.

Chapter 2 Recommendations for Future

As the result of the Third Year Campaign of the Project, the following recommendations will be made for exploration targets to be followed up in a subsequent stage;

1) Drilling Exploration in Hija e Zeze

- Down-dip Continuation of the Ore Body identified by the Holes, MJAS-36 and MJAS-37
- The Northern Strike-extension of the Same Ore Body

2) Drilling Exploration in Ahu i Vetem

- North Northeastern Extension of the Deep Ore Body (further to the north and the northeast of the hole, MJAS-27)
- Northwestern Extension of the Shallow Ore Body (further to the west and the

northwest of the hole, MJAS-27)

3) Drilling Exploration in Bregu i Pishes

- Lower Section of the Part explored by the Holes, MJAS-34 and MJAS-35
- Western Side of the Part explored by the Holes, MJAS-34 and MJAS-35

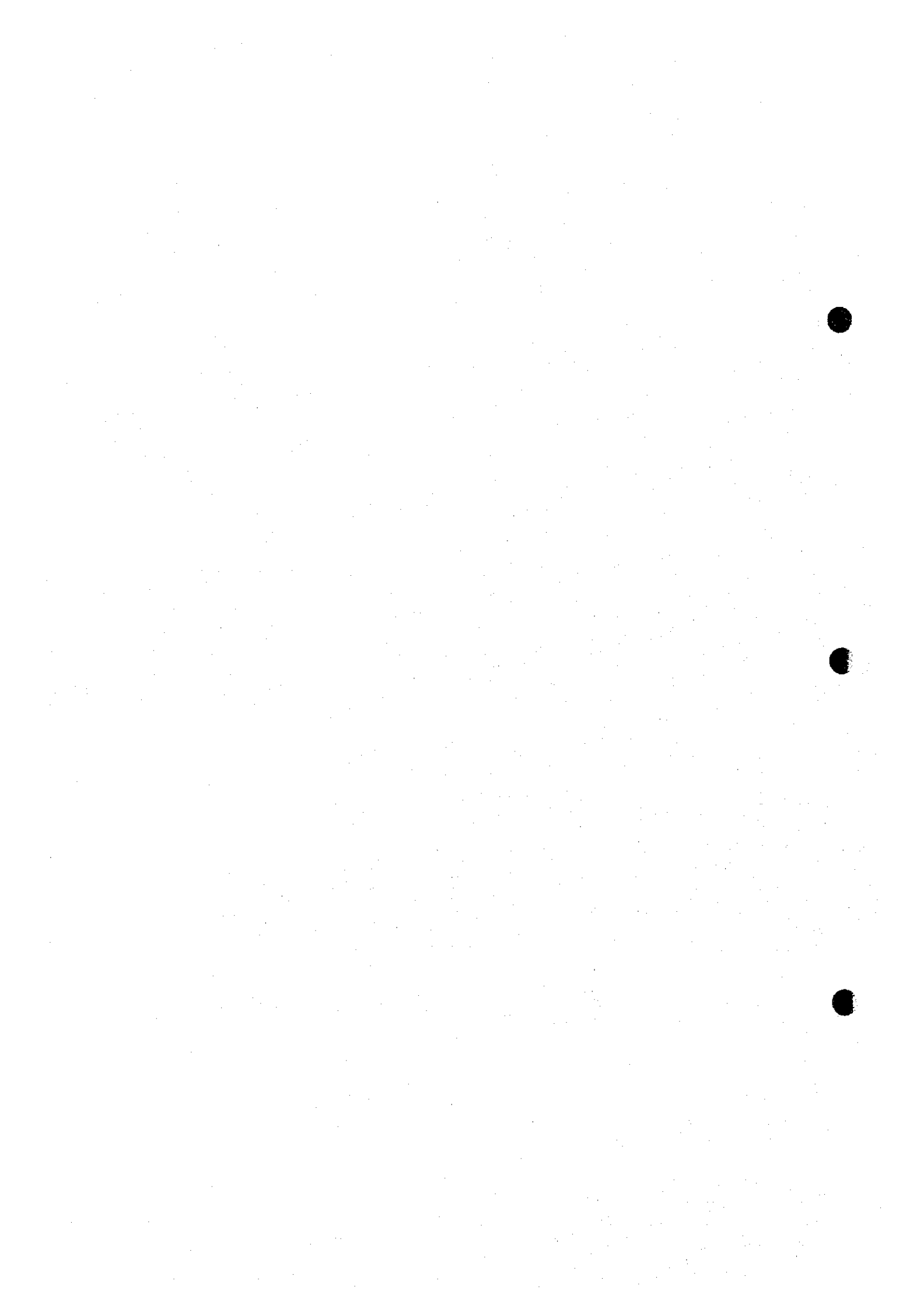


References

- Agency of Natural Resources and Energy, MITI., Japan (1994); Report on the rare-metal survey of the Dogoyama district, in Japanese.
- Agency of Natural Resources and Energy, MITI., Japan (1995); Report on the rare-metal survey of the Dogoyama district, in Japanese.
- Arai S. (1996); Origin of podiform chromite: How was Cr concentrated?. Abstracts with programs, The Society of Resource Geology Tokyo, in Japanese.
- Arai, S. (1980); Dunite-harzburgite-chromitite complexes as refractory residue in the Sangun-Yamaguchi zone, western Japan., *J. Petrol.*, **21**, 141-165.
- Arai, S. (1987); An estimation of the least depleted spinel peridotite on the basis of olivine-spinel mantle array, *Neues Jahrb. Mineral. Monatsh.*, 1987, 347-354.
- Arai, S. (1992); Petrology of peridotite as a tool of insight into mantle process: a review., *Jour. Minerl. Petrol. Econ. Geol.*, **87**, 351-363, in Japanese.
- Arai, S. (1994); Characterization of spinel peridotites by olivine-spinel compositional relationships: Review and interpretation., *Chemical Geology*, **113**, 191-204.
- Arai, S. and Abe, N. (1995); Reaction of orthopyroxene in peridotite xenoliths with alkali-basalt melt and its implication for genesis of alpine-type chromitite., *Am. Mineral.*, **80**, 1041-1047.
- Arai, S. and Okada H. (1991); Petrology of serpentine sandstone as a key to tectonic development of serpentine belts., *Tectonophys.*, **195**, 65-81.
- Arai S. and Yurimoto, H. (1994); Podiform chromitites of the Tari-Misaka ultramafic complex, South-western Japan, as mantle-melt interaction products., *Econ. Geol.*, **89**, 1279-1288.
- Arai S. and Yurimoto, H. (1995); Possible subarc origin of podiform chromitites., *The Island Arc*, **4**, 104-111.
- Blaceri, F., (1990); Geological map of the Shebenik Massif, 1:10,000.
- Cina A., Casli, H. and Goci, L. (1986); Chromites in the ophiolites of Albanides., *Unesco s IGCP-197 project metallogeny of ophiolites*, (Petrascheck, W. et. al. eds.), Theophrastus Pub. Athens 107-128.
- Irvine, T. N. (1975); Crystallization sequences in the Muskox intrusion and other layered intrusions(II). Origin of chromitite layers and similar deposits of other magmatic ores., *Geochim. Cosmo. chim. Acta*, **39**, 991-1021.

- Kravchenko, G. G. and Grigoryeva, I. I. (1986); The Kempirsaisky chromite-bearing massif in the Ural Mountains., In chromites. Unesco s IGCP-197 project metallogeny of ophiolites, (Petrascheck, W. et, al. eds.), Theophrastus Pub. Athens, 23-44.
- Leblanc, M and Violette J.-F. (1983); Distribution of Aluminum-Rich and Chromium-Rich Chromite Pods in Ophiolite Peridotites., *Econ. Geol.*, 78, 293-301.
- Lee, C. A. (1983); Trace and platinum-group element geochemistry and the development of the Merensky unit, western Bushveld Complex., *Mineralium Deposita*, 18, 173-190.
- Matsumoto, I. (1996); Degree of mantle-melt interaction and genesis of podiform chromitite in the dunite-harzburgite-chromitite complexes of the Sangun Zone, Southwest Japan., D. Sc. thesis, Univ. Kanazawa., p99.
- Matsumoto, I. (1996); Method of petrological exploration for podiform chromitite., Abstracts with programs, The Society of Resource Geology, Tokyo, in Japanese.
- Matsumoto, I., Arai, S., Muraoka, H. and Yamauchi, H. (1995); Petrological characteristics of the dunite-harzburgite-chromitite complex of the Sangun Zone, Southwest Japan, *Jour. Minerl. Petrol. Econ. Geol.*, 90, 13-26, in Japanese.
- Melcher, F., Stumpel, E. F. and Distler, V. (1994); Chromite deposits of the Kempirsai massif, southern Urals, Kazakhstan., *Trans. Instn. Min. Metall.*, 103, 107-120.
- Nicolas, A and Prinzhofer, A (1983); Cumulative or Residual Origin for the Transition Zone in Ophiolites:Structural Evidence. *Journal of Petrology*, 24, 188-206.
- Talkington, R. W. and Watkinson, D. H. (1986); Whole rock platinum-group element trends in chromite-rich rocks in ophiolitic and stratiform igneous complexes., In *Metallogeny of Basic and Ultrabasic Rocks*, (M. J. Gallagher, et al., eds.), Symp., 427-441.
- Yumul, G. P. Jr. (1992); Ophiolite-Hosted Chromite Deposits as Tectonic Setting and Melting Degree Indicators: Examples from the Zambales Ophiolite Complex, Luxon, Philippines., *Resource Geology*, 42, 5-17.
- Zhou, M.-F., Robinson, P. T. and Bai, W.-J., (1994); Formation of podiform chromitites by melt/rock inter-action in the upper mantle. *Mineralium Deposita*, 29, 98-101.
- Zhou, M.-F., Robinson, P. T., Malpas, J. and Li, Z. (1996); Podiform chromitites in the Luobusa ophiolite (Southern Tibet): Implications for melt-rock interaction and chromite segregation in the upper mantle., *J. Petrol.*, 37, 3-21

APPENDIXES



MJAS-23

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -71 DIRECTION: S78W ELEVATION: 1717.15m FINAL DEPTH: 140m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RGD (%)
0		0-3; surface soil				0
		3-3.2; serp Harzburgite px25% dark gray and green in color				0
		3.2-6.9; serp Dunite dark green and light brown in color		5.35; 23-R-1, Du		60
		6.9-7.15; broken serp possible fault				70
		7.15-15.2; serp Harzburgite dark gray, green and light brown in color, with Dunite (7.3-7.35)		8.20; 23-R-2, Hz		76
10		15.2-15.4; broken material, Harzburgite, possible tectonic fault				20
		15.4-17.83; Harzburgite, dark green and gray in color				37
		17.83-18.18; Dunite				74
		18.18-18.55; Harzburgite				84
		18.55-19.05; Dunite, compact				23
		19.05-19.5; Harzburgite, compact				50
		19.5-20.91; Dunite, compact, dark green to dark gray and light brown in color				100
		20.91-31.8; Harzburgite, px35%, partly serp, with Dunite (21.55-22, 22.1-22.35, 23.15-23.30, 23.7-23.8), serp brecciated zone (28.16-28.2)				83
		31.8-33.7; Dunite, partly serp				60
		33.7-34.9; Harzburgite, light brown in some parts, compact, px25%				91
		34.9-38.4; serp Dunite, with serpentine nets, px dykes (35.9-36, 37.6-38.9)		35.50; 23-R-3, Du		90
		38.4-39.1; serp Harzburgite, compact, px25%, gradual contact		38.4; 23-R-4, Hz		89
		39.1-39.7; Dunite, compact, light brown in color				100
		39.7-40.6; Harzburgite, px20-25%, compact				90
40						80
						80
						80
						90

INCLINATION: -71 DIRECTION: S78W ELEVATION: 1717.15m FINAL DEPTH: 140m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		39.7-40.6; Harzburgite, px20-25%, compact				100
		40.6-42.8; Dunite, dark green and light brown in color with calcite nets				70
		42.8-45.4; Harzburgite, px20-25%, with serpentine nets, some parts are light brown in color, medium hard				65
		45.4-46; Dunite, light brown in color, with very rare chromite grains, lower contact is possible fault and is filled with calcite				70
		46-50.2; Harzburgite, 20-25%, with serpentine nets, with calcite nets				60
		50.2-50.9; Dunite, compact, with very rare chromite grains, dark green in color				80
		50.9-63.4; Harzburgite, compact, very rare chromite grains, dark green in color, px35%				50
50						90
						100
						70
						80
						70
						100
						90
						30
						30
						100
60						100
						95
						80
						95
		63.4-63.7; brecciated zone, Harzburgite, core angle is 40				90
		63.7-71.6; Dunite, dark green and partly brown, very rare chromite grains, with brecciated zone (64.85-64.9, with calcite, compact) and Pyroxenite dyke (70.2-70.3)				95
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						90
		71.6-75.9; serp Harzburgite, px35%, some fractures are filled with calcite				90
						70
						100
						100
		75.9-76.5; brecciated zone, green, Harzburgite, core angle is 30				60
		76.5-76.55; Harzburgite				50
		76.55-76.75; Dunite				100
						70
80		76.75-83.9; Harzburgite, px35-40%, weak foliation with core angle of 40, with Dunite (77-77.1) and broken Harzburgite (773.95-78.15)				100

MJAS-23

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -71 DIRECTION: S78W ELEVATION: 1717.15m FINAL DEPTH: 140m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
80		76.75-83.9; Harzburgite, px35-40%, weak foliation with core angle of 40, with Dunite (77-77.1) and broken Harzburgite (773.95-78.15)				100
						100
						100
				83.6; 23-R-5, Hz		100
		83.9-116.3; Dunite, dark green, partly broken, with serpentine nets, with brecciated zones (84.3-84.6, 89.9-89.95, 90.25-90.7, 90.9-91.2, 100.45-101, 102.3-102.55, 111.35-112.05) and Pyroxenite dyke (95.65-95.85, 96.8-96.85, 106.45-106.75, 107.4-107.43, 109.9-110, 110.05-110.15, irregular contact)				90
						50
						65
						50
						80
90						100
						40
						70
						85
						100
						100
						62
						75
						85
						100
						75
						15
						90
						70
						95
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						70
110						100
						30
						70
				113.90; 23-R-6, Du		100
				118.60; 23-R-7, Hz		100
				119.10; 23-R-8, Du		70
		116.3-118.3; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px25-30%, compact		119.3-119.9; 23-C-1	30.38	70
						60
		118.3-119.3; Dunite, dark green in color, compact		119.9-120.55; 23-C-2	16.07	90
						100
		119.3-119.9; Chromite, banded ore, 35%				
120						
		119.9-120.55; Chromite, banded ore, 15-25%				

MJAS-23

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -71 DIRECTION: S78W ELEVATION: 1717.15m FINAL DEPTH: 140m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
120		119.9-120.55; Chromite, banded ore, 15-25%		120.55-121.6; 23-C-3	24.10	100
		120.55-121.6; Chromite, banded ore, 25%		121.6-122.05; 23-C-4	39.53	100
		121.6-122.05; Chromite, banded to massive ore, upper and lower contacts are very clear, core angle 30				90
		122.05-128.3; Dunite, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains, with fractures (123.85-123.9; serpentine, green, 40 core angle, 127-127.5; serpentine, 70-80 core angle)				100
		128.3-130; brecciated zone, Dunite, friable, partly serp.				80
		130-131; Dunite, with broken part (130.35-130.55)				60
130		131-131.2; Pyroxenite dyke				50
		131.2-131.7; Harzburgite				70
		131.7-132.3; Dunite				100
		132.3-136; Harzburgite, green in color, with Dunite (132.6-133.4, 134.2-134.4) and possible fault (135.2-135.3)		134.70; 23-R-9, Hz		90
		136-136.7; Dunite				33
		136.7-137; fault, friable, Dunite				100
		137-140; Harzburgite, with Dunite (137.5-137.7) and fault (138.5-138.7)				80
140						40
						30
						50
						15

MJAS-24

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -73 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1717.15m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
0		0-2.5; surface soil				0
		2.5-6.2; Dunite, light brown in color, some parts dark green in color, medium hard, rare chromite grains, transmitted with Harzburgite, filled with red materials				0
		6.2-9.1; serp Harzburgite, light green in color, some parts light brown in color, px25-30%				60
		9.1-9.2; broken material and fault				45
10		9.2-10.4; Dunite, light brown in color, many chromite grains, compact		10; 24-R-1, Du		80
		10.4-15.3; serp Harzburgite, dark green to dark gray in color, px35% in color, compact		11.7; 24-R-2, Hz		100
		15.3-15.4; Dunite, chromite grains				100
		15.4-19.6; Harzburgite, compact, px35%, dark green to dark gray in color, with Pyroxenite dyke (17.35-17.55)				70
20		19.6-20.55; Dunite, compact, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains, serp net				55
		20.55-25.8; Harzburgite, medium hard with fracture, px25%, some parts broken				100
		25.8-27.5; Fault material, brecciated, made up from Dunite and Harzburgite				80
		27.5-28.25; Dunite, dark brown in color, chromite grains, broken				100
30		28.25-30.3; Harzburgite, px20-25%				100
		30.3-31.65; Dunite, compact, very rare chromite grains, dark green in color				100
		31.65-47.4; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30-35%, hard, compact with Dunite (41.1-41.4)				100
40						80
						90
						100
						95
						100
						100

INCLINATION: -73 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1717.15m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)	
40		31.65-47.4; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30-35%, hard, compact with Dunite (41.1-41.4)				100	
						100	
					45.9; 24-R-3, Hz		100
							100
			47.4-48; Dunite, compact, dark green color, very rare chromite grains		47.9; 24-R-4, Du		100
50			48-48.9; Harzburgite, compact				80
			48.9-50.1; Dunite, compact				100
			50.1-50.55; Harzburgite, compact				100
			50.55-51.4; Dunite, compact				100
			51.4-59.3; Harzburgite, compact, fracture, px25-30				100
						80	
						90	
						100	
60		59.3-60.55; Dunite brecciated, filled with red materials				50	
		60.55-68.00; serp Dunite, compact, px35-40%, the size of px grain is 3-4mm with Pyroxenite dyke (64.55-64.60)				100	
						95	
						85	
						100	
						100	
						100	
		68-68.5; Fault, red material				100	
70		68.5-76.15; serp Dunite, compact, px35-40%, the size of px grain is 3-4mm				90	
						70	
						100	
						90	
						100	
						90	
		76.15-81.7; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, chromite grains, serp net		76.1; 24-R-5, Hz		100	
						90	
						100	
80						100	

MJAS-24

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -73 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1717.15m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
80		76.15-81.7; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, chromite grains, serp net				100
		81.7-82.2; broken Dunite				60
		82.2-88; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, chromite grains, serp net				80
						100
						100
						100
						100
		88-92.75; serp Dunite, compact, dark green in color				100
90						100
						100
		92.75-95.5; Dunite, compact, dark green in color				100
						100
		95.5-96; Brecciated zone				100
		96-100.2; Dunite, compact, dark green in color				100
						100
100		100.2-100.55; Banded ore (45%)		100.0; 24-R-6, Du		100
		100.55-101; Banded ore (10%)		100.20-100.55; 24-C-1	13.40	70
		101-101.3; Friable material, fault with chromite material, green and red in color		100.55-101.00; 24-C-2	16.16	100
		101.3-101.85; Banded ore (20%)		101.30-101.85; 24-C-3	16.66	50
		101.85-102.25; Banded ore (10%)		101.85-102.25; 24-C-4	14.16	90
		102.25-102.65; Banded ore (25%)		102.25-102.65; 24-C-5	18.47	100
		102.65-103; Banded ore (15%)		102.65-102.95; 24-C-6	11.82	30
110		103-104; Broken materials				40
		104-108.2; Dunite, compact, dark green in color, with chromite grains				90
		108.2-109.2; Fault, friable material, red and green				100
		109.2-113.2; Dunite, same above mentioned				100
		113.2-114.15; serp Dunite				100
		114.15-116.3; Dunite, compact, green in color, with chromite grains,				100
		116.3-118.4; serp Dunite				100
120		118.4-119.4; Harzburgite, compact, px25-30%				90
		119.4-119.6; Fault, green friable				70
		119.6-120; Harzburgite, compact, px35%				

MJAS-24

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -73 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1717.15m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	ROD (%)
120		120-121; Dunite, compact, dark green in color, with chromite grains				100
		121-121.3; Friable material				80
		121.3-124.6; Dunite, compact, dark green in color, with chromite grains				100
		124.6-124.8; broken Harzburgite				80
		124.8-125.1; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px25-30%, with Dunite (125.10-125.55)				100
130						90

MJAS-25

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -61 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1718.25m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
0		0-2; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains, broken				0
		2-2.9; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, px25-30%				0
		2.9-5.1; Dunite, light brown and dark green in color, broken, compact				55
		5.1-5.11; two chromite bands, banded and disseminated ore		5.1; 25-R-1, Du		80
		5.11-5.8; Dunite, light brown and dark green in color, broken, compact		5.85; 25-R-2, Hz		80
		5.8-11; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, px30-35%				100
		11-11.35; Dunite, dark green in color, compact				100
		11.35-16.6; Harzburgite, compact, px30-35%, dark green in color				100
		16.6-17; broken material, green in color, possible tectonic fault				100
		17-18.2; Dunite, light brown in color				95
		18.2-18.5; broken material, possible tectonic fault				95
20		18.5-20.5; Dunite, light brown in color				60
		20.5-27.8; Harzburgite, compact, hard, dark green in color, px30-35%, with pyroxenite dyke (25.0-25.2)				60
		27.8-28.45; broken material, possible fault				50
		28.45-29; Dunite, compact, dark green in color				100
30		29-32.2; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px35%				100
		32.2-36.5; Harzburgite dyke, px25-30%				80
		36.5-37.7; Dunite, compact, dark green in color				80
		37.7-43.2; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px25-30%				100
40						100

INCLINATION: -61 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1718.25m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		37.7-43.2; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px25-30%				100
		43.2-43.9; Dunite, compact				95
		43.9-45.1; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px25-30%				100
		45.1-47.1; Dunite, dark green and brown in color, medium hard, rare chromite grains		45.3; 25-R-3, Du		100
		47.1-48; serp Harzburgite, medium hard, broken, px20-35%		47.35; 25-R-4, Hz		100
		48-48.02; Harzburgite, filled with calcite				80
50		48.02-48.7; serp Harzburgite, medium hard, broken, px20-35%				90
		48.7-49; Pyroxenite bands				95
		49-53.8; serp Harzburgite, medium hard, broken, px20-35%				70
		53.8-53.85; broken material, possible tectonic fault				100
		53.85-55.2; serp Harzburgite, medium hard, broken, px20-35%				70
		55.2-55.4; broken rocks				80
		55.4-56.5; serp Harzburgite, medium hard, broken, px20-35%				60
		56.5-56.8; broken material, filled with calcite, possible tectonic fault				70
60		56.8-56.95; serp Harzburgite, medium hard, broken, px20-35%				90
		56.95-68.5; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px20-25%, filled with calcite, with Dunite (60.9-61.2)				100
						95
						85
						100
						100
						90
						90
70		68.5-69.2; broken material				90
		69.2-71.8; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px20-25%				90
		71.8-75.1; band with serpentine vein				85
						90
						100
		75.1-75.9; Pyroxenite dyke, compact, hard				80
		75.9-78.5; Dunite, dark and light green in color, medium hard, broken, filled with serpentine and calcite				90
		78.5-79.4; broken Dunite				100
80		79.4-80.2; Dunite, with serpentine and calcite				95
						50
						30

MJAS-25

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -61 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1718.25m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
80		79.4-80.2; Dunite, with serpentine and calcite				90
		80.2-80.5; Dunite, dark and light green in color, medium hard, broken, filled with serpentine and calcite				100
		80.5-93.8; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, hard, very rare chromite grains, with Harzburgite(87.25-88.05)				100
						100
						95
						100
						90
						90
						100
90						100
						100
				92.7; 25-R-5, Du		100
						100
		93.8-95.6; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, px25%				100
						100
		95.6-100.7; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, very rare chromite grains				90
						100
						100
100						100
		100.7-103.65; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, px30-35%				100
						100
		103.65-105.6; Dunite, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains, compact				80
						100
		105.6-106.2; Harzburgite, compact				100
		106.2-107.7; Dunite, compact				90
		107.7-108.3; Harzburgite				100
110		108.3-113.9; Dunite, with serpentine and calcite				60
						10
						100
						100
				113.9-114.2; 25-C-1	8.64	100
		113.9-114.2; Bounded ore, 10-15% Cr2O3				100
		114.2-115; Bounded ore, 25-30% Cr2O3		114.2-115.0; 25-C-2	23.42	100
						100
		115-115.15; Dunite, compact		115.15-115.65; 25-C-3	16.21	100
						100
		115.15-115.65; Bounded ore, 20% Cr2O3				100
		115.65-117.5; Dunite, compact dyke				100
120						100
		117.5-117.6; Pyroxenite dyke, compact				100
		117.6-119.6; Dunite, compact dyke				100
		119.6-130; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, hard, filled with serpentine and calcite, very rare chromite grains				100

MJAS-25

AREA: *Ahu i Vetem*

INCLINATION: -61 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1718.25m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
120		119.6-130; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, hard, filled with serpentine and calcite, very rare chromite grains				100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
130						

MJAS-26

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -59 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 456m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
0		0-0.5; surface soil				20
		0.5-1; no core				40
		1-3.5; serp Harzburgite, dark green and gray in color, compact, px25-30%		2.1; 26-R-1; Hz		90
		3.5-4.5; Dunite, compact, dark green, with Chromite grains				100
		4.5-5; no core		5.5; 26-R-2; Du		100
		5-7.1; Dunite, olive and dark green in color, compact, with chromite grains, serp nets.				100
		7.1-10.8; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px30%				85
10		10.8-10.85; Dunite envelope, compact, gradual contact with Harzburgite		10.85-10.90; 26-C-1	35.41	80
		10.85-10.9; Chromite, massive ore, 40%				100
		10.9-10.95; Dunite				100
		10.95-23.45; serp, Harzburgite, compact, hard, px dyke (-19.2, thickness 2cm, core angle 20-30)				80
						30
						80
						95
				19.5; 26-E-1; Hz		90
20						100
						100
						100
						100
		23.45-26.75; Dunite, light brown and dark green in color, compact, medium hard, with chromite grains, gradual contact with Harzburgite. px dyke (-25, thickness 0.15, core angle 90)				100
		26.75-27; no core				70
		27-29.7; Dunite				60
				28.2; 26-E-2; Du		60
		29.7-30; Harzburgite, compact				80
30		30-30.6; Dunite, compact, dark green in color				90
		30.6-31; no core				100
		31-36.9; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, py30-35%, with Dunite (31.85-31.95, 33-33.2, 34.2-34.85) and px dyke (33.7-34.4)				100
						100
						100
		36.9-37.6; Dunite, with fractures filled with serp and calcite				100
		37.6-37.8; broken Dunite, possible tectonic fault				75
40		37.8-38; no core				100
		38-44.4; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px30-35%, with Dunite (40.5-40.8, 42.8-43) and px dyke (43.2-43.45)				60

MJAS-26

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -59 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 456m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		38-44.4; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px30-35%, with Dunite (40.5-40.8, 42.8-43) and px dyke (43.2-43.45)				90 95 100 95
		44.4-49.4; Dunite, compact, dark green in color, with chromite grains		44.51; 26-R-3; Hz		100 100 95
		49.4-55.4; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px30-35%, with Dunite (50.6-51.3) and broken Harzburgite (53.8-54.3)		48.2; 26-R-4; Du		95 100 100 100
50		55.4-63.2; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, with chromite grains, some parts are light brown in color, with broken Dunite (57-57.3, 58-58.3)		55.3; 26-E-3, Hz		100 100 70 90 100 100 100 100
60		63.2-64.3; Harzburgite, px25-30%				75
		64.3-65.2; Dunite, compact				75
		65.2-70.5; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, py35%				100 100 95 100
70		70.5-74; Dunite, compact, dark green with Chromite grains				60 100 100 100
		74-79.85; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, py35%				100 100 90 100
80		79.85-80.25; Dunite				80 90

MJAS-26

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -59 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 456m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
80		79.85-80.25; Dunite				100
		80.25-85.8; Harzburgite, with Dunite (82.0-82.5), px dike (83.0-83.5; hard, compact), and broken part (82.4-82.7)				100
						70
						90
						100
		85.8-88.5; Dunite, light brown in color with serp nets		85.7; 26-E-4, Hz 85.9; 26-E-5, Du		90
						100
						90
90		88.5-113.9; Dunite, dark green in color with Chromite grains, with broken Dunite (94-94.6), Harzburgite (103.1-103.2, friable), px dyke (104.8-105), broken material (106.55-106.65)				90
						100
						100
						80
						100
						95
						95
						100
						90
						100
100						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						95
				113; 26-E-6, Du		90
				113.9; 26-E-7, Du		70
				113.9; 26-E-8, Cr		100
				113.9-114.8; 26-C-2	18.78	80
				114.8-115.9; 26-C-3	15.73	95
				115.9-116.5; 26-C-4	15.41	100
				116.5-117.1; 26-C-5	24.41	95
				117.1-118.5; 26-C-6	15.73	100
		113.9-114.8; Chromite, banded and partly massive ore, 35-38%		117.9; 26-E-9, Cr		100
		114.8-115.9; Chromite, banded ore, 35%		118.8; 26-E-10, Cr		90
		115.9-116.5; Chromite, banded ore, 25-30%, friable, tectonic fault?		118.8; 26-E-11, Du		100
		116.5-117.1; Chromite, banded and massive ore, 35%		119.8; 26-E-12, Hz		100
		117.1-118.5; Chromite, banded ore, 15-20%				100
120		118.5-130; Dunite, dark green in color with px dyke (124.3-125, 126.5-127), broken material (128.1-128.7 possible fault)				100

Appendix 4 (3) Geological logging (Ahu i Vetem: MJAS-26)

MJAS-26

AREA: *Ahu i Vetem*

INCLINATION: -59 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 456m FINAL DEPTH: 130m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
120		118.5-130; Dunite, dark green in color with px dyke (124.3-125, 126.5-127), broken material (128.1-128.7 possible fault)				100
						100
						100
						100
						80
						90
						80
						100
						50
130				130; 26-E-13, Du		100

MJAS-27

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -74 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1718.51m FINAL DEPTH: 150m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RGD (%)
0		0-1; Harzburgite light brown in color, hard, py25%				25
		1-2; Dunite, light brown in color, broken				30
		2-5.4; Dunite, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains		3.1; 27-R-1, Du		100
						95
						90
		5.4-6.0; Harzburgite dark green in color, compact, hard, px30%		5.7; 27-R-2, Hz		100
		6.0-6.1; Harzburgite				40
		6.1-6.5; Pyroxenite dyke, broken, possible tectonic fault				100
10		6.5-8.0; Harzburgite, very hard, compact, px20-30%				100
		8.0-8.1; Dunite				100
		8.1-15.9; Harzburgite, very hard, compact, px20-30%, with Dunite (12.5-12.6, 12.7-12.8) and pyroxenite dyke (15.2-15.3)				100
						90
						100
		15.9-18.1; serp Dunite, dark green in color, compact, medium hard, very rare chromite grains				90
		18.1-19.2; Harzburgite, hard, compact, px20-30%,				95
20		19.2-20.7; serp Dunite				60
		20.7-23.5; serp Harzburgite, compact, px35%				70
						100
						95
		23.5-24.2; Dunite, light brown in color, medium hard				70
		24.2-27.7; Harzburgite, compact, px30%				100
						90
						80
		27.7-28.5; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, very rare chromite grains				85
30		28.5-30.5; serp Dunite, compact, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains				90
		30.5-30.6; Pyroxenite dyke				100
		30.6-30.8; serp Dunite, compact, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains				100
		30.8-31.4; Harzburgite				100
		31.4-33.6; Dunite, compact, dark green in color, with Harzburgite (32.0-32.2)				95
		33.6-34.3; Harzburgite				100
				38.2; 27-R-3, Hz		100
40		34.3-36.6; Dunite, compact, with Harzburgite (35.8-35.9)				100
		36.6-38.6; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, px35%				70
		38.6-40.4; Dunite, light brown in color, medium hard, very rare chromite grains				

MJAS-27

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -74 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1718.51m FINAL DEPTH: 150m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		38.6-40.4; Dunite, light brown in color, medium hard, very rare chromite grains		40.2; 27-R-4, Du		50
		40.4-40.5; broken material				90
		40.5-43.0; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px35%		43.1; 27-R-5, Hz		100
		43.0-45.0; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, px30%				100
		45.0-45.5; serp Harzburgite, compact				100
		45.5-46.3; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, px30%				100
		46.3-49.2; Dunite, dark green in color, compact				100
50		49.2-49.4; friable material, green, possible tectonic fault				50
		49.4-53.3; ser Dunite				100
						100
		53.3-56.7; Dunite, dark green in color, compact		54.0; 27-R-6, Du		100
						100
		56.7-57.2; Harzburgite, compact, px35%				90
		57.2-59.2; Dunite, dark green in color, compact				95
60		59.2-60.0; serp Dunite				90
		60.0-62.5; Dunite, dark green in color, compact				100
						90
		62.5-70.3; Harzburgite, filled with serpentine and calcite				100
						90
						70
					100	
					100	
70	70.3-70.8; Dunite, dark green and light brown in color				95	
	70.8-76.2; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, px35%				100	
					100	
					100	
					100	
					100	
					100	
					100	
					100	
80		76.2-81.5; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, hard, very rare chromite grains			100	

Appendix 5 (2) Geological logging (Ahu i Vetem: MJAS-27)

MJAS-27

AREA: Ahu i Vetem

INCLINATION: -74 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1718.51m FINAL DEPTH: 150m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
80	[Dotted pattern]	76.2-81.5; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, hard, very rare chromite grains		83.3; 27-R-7, Du		100
		81.5-85.0; Dunite, green in color, compact, hard, chromite grains				100
		85.0-90.0; Pyroxenite dyke, hard, compact				100
90	[Dotted pattern]	90.0-94.8; Dunite, green in color, compact, hard, chromite grains				100
		94.8-101.7; Dunite				100
		101.7-104.5; serp Harzburgite, compact, hard, px25-30%				90
		104.5-104.6; friable material, fault				90
100	[Dotted pattern]	104.6-110; Harzburgite, dyke		102.1; 27-R-8, Hz		100
		110.0-110.1; Dunite, compact, hard, very rare chromite grains				100
		110.1-110.5; Harzburgite				100
110	[Dotted pattern]	110.5-116.85; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, hard, very rare filled with chromite grains		116.85; 27-R-10, Du		60
		116.85-117.65; Bounded ore, Cr2O3 25%				24.01
		117.65-118.55; Bounded ore, disseminated with chromite, Cr2O3 15%				18.08
		118.55-118.83; Bounded ore, Cr2O3 15-20%				25.37
		118.83-121.5; Dunite, ore band with chromite				100
120	[Dotted pattern]					

Appendix 5 (3) Geological logging (Ahu i Vetem: MJAS-27)

INCLINATION: -74 DIRECTION: N78E ELEVATION: 1718.51m FINAL DEPTH: 150m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
120		118.83-121.5; Dunite, ore band with chromite				100
		121.5-123.7; broken Dunite and friable materials, possible tectonic fault				50
		123.7-126.9; serp Dunite, compact, possible tectonic fault				0
						20
		126.9-128.1; Brecciated zone, friable, green, tectonic fault				60
		128.1-128.5; serp Dunite, green				40
		128.5-131.3; Dunite, compact, medium hard				50
130		131.3-131.7; Fault, brecciated zone, green, friable				80
		131.4-135.4; Dunite, deep green in color, compact, hard, with chromite grains				70
		135.4-140.6; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, px30-35%		135.5; 27-R-9, Hz		70
						100
						95
						100
						85
						100
						90
						90
140		140.6-140.9; fault				70
		140.9-142.0; broken Dunite				50
		142.0-143.4; Harzburgite, px35%				40
		143.4-143.7; fault, friable				40
		143.7-144.1; Harzburgite				20
		144.1-144.6; brecciated zone, friable, green				60
		144.6-145.5; Harzburgite, compact				60
		145.5-146.6; fault, brecciated zone				90
150		146.6-147.3; Harzburgite, compact				100
		147.3-147.4; brecciated zone				100
		147.4-149.4; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard				
		149.4-150.0; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, hard				

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: N16E ELEVATION: 1781.57m FINAL DEPTH: 60m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RGD (%)
0		0-2.5; surface soil				0
		2.5-3.5; Harzburgite, broken, dark green and gray in color, px30%				0
		3.5-4.25; Dunite, some parts are broken, light brown in color				10
		4.25-5.1; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, py30-35%, some parts are brecciated		5:28-E-1, Hz		50
		5.1-8.5; Dunite, dark green to light brown in color, some parts are broken, very rare chromite grains, fractures are filled with serpentine				80
		8.5-9.25; serp Harzburgite, py30%		8.65; 28-E-2, Hz		90
10		9.25-9.5; serp Dunite, dark green in color		9.2; 28-R-1, Hz		70
		9.5-9.8; Chromite massive ore to disseminated ore, 40%, core angle is 10-20, fracture are filled with material		9.3; 28-E-3, Hz		90
		9.8-10.3; Dunite, light brown in color		9.4; 28-E-4, Du		80
		10.3-15.3; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px20-30%, with Dunite (12.1-12.2, 12.7-12.8), broken part (14-14.2, possible fault, some parts are friable, core angle is 80)		9.4; 28-R-2, Du		80
		15.3-16.1; Dunite, light brown in color, broken, with serpentine nets		9.5; 28-E-5, Cr		100
		16.1-17.5; Dunite, broken, some parts are friable, green in color		9.5-9.8; 28-C-1	39.75	90
		17.5-18; Harzburgite		9.65; 28-E-6, Cr		40
		18-18.2; Dunite, broken		9.8; 28-E-7, Cr		0
		18.2-19.1; Harzburgite, broken		10; 28-E-8, Du		10
		19.1-19.2; brecciated zone, green, friable		10.4; 28-E-9, Hz		80
20		19.2-25.5; Harzburgite, dark green in color, py15-20%, fractures are filled with serpentine, with broken part (23.7-25)		10.8; 28-E-10, Hz		25
		25.5-29.7; friable material, green, some parts are Dunite, light brown in color		14.25; 28-E-11, Hz		50
		29.7-45.05; serp Harzburgite, dark green, py15-25%, with serpentine nets, Dunite (30.2-30.3, 36.5-37, 40.5-40.7)				100
30						90
						90
						90
						90
						90
						90
						90
						90
						90
						20
40						50

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: N16E ELEVATION: 1781.57m FINAL DEPTH: 60m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)	
40		29.7-45.05; serp Harzburgite, dark green, px15-25%, with serpentine nets, Dunite (30.2-30.3, 36.5-37, 40.5-40.7)				40	
						70	
							40
							45
			45.05-45.15; brecciated zone, green and red, core angle is 70				100
			45.15-46.3; Harzburgite				90
			46.3-50.2; Dunite, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains, with brecciated zone (48.2-48.5, green, friable)				100
							90
50			50.2-51.3; Harzburgite				10
			51.3-51.6; Dunite		51.95; 28-R-3, Du		0
		51.6-51.9; Harzburgite				30	
		51.9-53.4; Dunite, light brown and dark green in color, medium hard, very rare chromite grains				80	
		53.4-60; Harzburgite, dark green in color, hard, px30%		54.4; 28-R-4, Hz		80	
						70	
						100	
						90	
						90	
60						90	

MJAS-29

AREA: Lugu i Batres

INCLINATION: -50 DIRECTION: N16E ELEVATION: 1776.68m FINAL DEPTH: 70m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
0		0-3; surface soil				0
		3-3.5; serp Harzburgite, broken, px30-35%				0
		3.5-5.0; serp Dunite, light brown in color, many fracture				20
		5.0-5.6; brecciated zone				40
		5.6-6.5; serp Dunite, light brown in color, many fracture				40
		6.5-7.2; Dunite, light brown in color, compact				70
10		7.2-8.0; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px35%, many fracture				80
		8.0-9.2; Harzburgite, many fracture, px25-30%				30
		9.2-9.6; Brecciated zone, green, friable				40
		9.6-10.3; Dunite, medium hard, many fracture, filled with serpentine				80
		10.3-11.0; Harzburgite				30
		11.0-11.3; Dunite				30
		11.3-11.7; Pyroxenite dyke, compact, hard				20
		11.7-12.9; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px35%				70
20		12.9-13.2; Brecciated zone, green				85
		13.2-14.3; Dunite, light brown in color, medium hard		20.6; 29-R-1, Hz		100
		14.3-15.1; serp Harzburgite, hard, many fracture, px30%				70
		15.1-15.7; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains				30
		15.7-18.5; serp Harzburgite, compact, hard,		23.9; 29-R-2, Du		80
		18.5-18.7; Dunite, light green in color, compact				80
		18.7-22.5; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px15-20%				100
		22.5-24.0; Dunite, dark green in color, some parts are broken				90
30		24.0-24.7; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px30%				100
		24.7-25.2; Dunite, dark green in color				100
		25.2-33.9; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, px30-35%				90
		33.9-34.1; brecciated zone with Harzburgite, green				60
		34.1-34.7; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px30-35%				80
		34.7-35.8; Harzburgite, broken				50
		35.8-36.2; broken zone, possible fault				35
40		36.2-38.0; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px30-35%				100
		38.0-39.0; broken zone				60
		39.0-42.0; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px30-35%				0

Appendix 7 (1) Geological logging (Lugu i Batres: MJAS-29)

MJAS-29

AREA: Lugu i Batres

INCLINATION: -50 DIRECTION: N16E ELEVATION: 1776.68m FINAL DEPTH: 70m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		39.0-42.0; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px30-35%				60
		42.0-44.5; serp Dunite, dark green and light brown in color, compact, hard, very rare chromite grains				80
		44.5-48.0; serp Harzburgite, compact, px30-35%				100
						100
				47.0; 29-R-3, Hz		60
		48.0-50.5; Dunite, dark green in color, some parts are broken				60
50		50.5-53.0; Dunite dyke		50.15; 29-R-4, Du		30
						10
		53.0-54.0; Harzburgite				100
		54.0-54.1; brecciated zone, green, friable				90
		54.1-56.0; Dunite dyke				30
		56.0-56.7; Harzburgite				60
		56.7-60.3; Dunite, dark green in color, some parts are broken				90
60		60.3-61.7; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px30%				20
		61.7-62.3; Dunite, compact, hard				60
		62.3-62.7; Harzburgite, compact				70
		62.7-65.0; Dunite				100
		65.0-65.3; Fault, green, friable material				100
		65.3-68.4; Dunite dyke				50
70		68.4-70.0; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, px35%				70
						60
						90
						100
						90

MJAS-30

AREA: Buzgare

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: N45E ELEVATION: 1190.3m FINAL DEPTH: 40m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr203 %	RQD (%)
0		0-1.5; surface soil				0
		1.5-3.0; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, very rare chromite grains, px35%				30
		3.0-12.0; Harzburgite dyke				90
						45
						60
						100
						85
						95
10						95
						70
						30
		12.0-22.4; Harzburgite dyke, px35%				30
						90
						80
						95
						90
						100
						100
20				20.5; 30-R-1, Hz		100
						90
						80
		22.4-23.3; Harzburgite, dark green and dark gray in color, medium hard, px25-30%				50
		23.3-23.7; broken Harzburgite				65
		23.7-28.4; Harzburgite, dark green and dark gray in color, medium hard, px25-30%				80
						80
						100
						90
30		28.4-28.6; fault, green minerals				50
		28.6-30.5; Harzburgite, some parts are broken, dark green to dark gray in color				35
		30.5-36.0; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color				40
						60
						100
						90
						90
						60
		36.0-37.1; Harzburgite, some parts are broken, px30%				30
		37.1-37.2; brecciated zone, green in color, dyke				70
		37.2-40.0; Harzburgite, dyke				80
40				39.5; 30-R-2, Hz		40

MJAS-31

AREA: Buzgare

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: N45E ELEVATION: 1187.21m FINAL DEPTH: 50m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
0		0-1.5; surface soil				0
		1.5-3.0; broken zone, Harzburgite and Dunite, light brown in color				0
		3.0-6.9; serp Dunite, very hard, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains				20
						20
						10
						0
						0
		6.90-6.95; brecciated zone, green				70
		6.95-7.40; Dunite, dyke				20
10		7.4-8.0; brecciated zone, fault				50
		8.0-9.1; Dunite, some parts are broken, many fracture				40
		9.1-9.5; brecciated zone, Dunite, green				70
		9.5-10.1; Dunite, some parts are broken, many fracture				90
		10.1-10.2; Harzburgite, px25-30%				50
		10.2-11.7; brecciated zone, Dunite and Harzburgite, green				20
						80
		11.7-19.6; Dunite, dark green in color, serp Harzburgite, medium hard, very rare chromite grains		17.3; 31-R-1, Du		60
						40
20		19.6-23.6; Harzburgite, compact, hard, very rare chromite grains, px20-30%		19.7; 31-R-2, Hz		40
						10
						50
						60
		23.6-24.7; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, very rare chromite grains				80
						100
		24.7-31.1; Harzburgite, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains, px30-35%, with pyroxenite dyke (28.8-29.5)				100
						100
						90
						90
30		31.1-31.4; brecciated zone, compact				60
		31.4-32.7; Harzburgite, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains, px30-35%				80
		32.7-33.0; brecciated zone, green, compact				60
		33.0-35.7; Dunite dyke				30
		35.7-38.0; Harzburgite, dark green in color, medium hard, px20%				20
		38.0-38.5; brecciated zone, green in color, compact				70
						30
40		38.5-40.6; Harzburgite, dark green in color, medium hard, px20%				30
						20

MJAS-31

AREA: Buzgare

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: N45E ELEVATION: 1187.21m FINAL DEPTH: 50m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		38.5-40.6; Harzburgite, dark green in color, medium hard, px20%				10
		40.60-41.15; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%, compact,				80
		41.15-41.45; brecciated zone, fault				100
		41.45-44.00; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%, compact,		44.4; 31-R-3, Du		100
		44.0-45.2; Dunite, compact, dark green in color, compact		46.0; 31-R-4, Hz		70
		45.2-50.0; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains, px35%				90
						90
						80
50						40

MJAS-32

AREA: Pishkash-5

INCLINATION: -60 DIRECTION: S80W ELEVATION: 1243.5 FINAL DEPTH: 125m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr203 %	RQD (%)
0		0-3; surface soil				0
		3.0-8.2; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, some parts are broken, px30%				60
		8.7-11.1; broken zone, possible tectonic fault				50
10		11.1-11.4; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, some parts are broken, px30%				40
		11.4-14.2; broken zone, possible tectonic fault				60
		14.2-19.4; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, px35%				0
		19.4-20.0; brecciated zone, green				10
20		20.0-21.2; Harzburgite, some parts are broken				60
		21.2-25.5; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, very hard, px30-35%, with pyroxenite dyke (22.50-22.52)				50
		25.5-26.1; broken Harzburgite				100
		26.1-28.4; Harzburgite, compact, hard, very rare chromite grains, px30%				100
		28.4-29.1; brecciated zone, compact				90
30		29.1-39.4; serp Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, px35%				30
		39.4-39.5; brecciated zone, green				90
		39.5-40.9; Harzburgite, broken, many fracture				100
40						100

Appendix 10 (1) Geological logging (Pishkash-5: MJAS-32)

MJAS-32

AREA: Pishkash-5

INCLINATION: -60 DIRECTION: S80W ELEVATION: 1243.5 FINAL DEPTH: 125m


Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	ROD (%)
40		39.5-40.9; Harzburgite, broken, many fracture				90
		40.9-47.9; Harzburgite, compact, hard, dark green in color, px30%				100
						100
						100
						90
						100
		47.9-48.0; brecciated zone				90
		48.0-53.8; serp Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, px30%				100
50						100
						100
						80
		53.8-54.5; brecciated zone				60
		54.5-61.4; Harzburgite dyke				90
						100
						100
						100
60						90
		61.4-63.1; Harzburgite, weak brecciated zone, some parts are brecciated zone				100
		63.1-65.0; broken Harzburgite				90
						50
		65.0-71.0; Harzburgite, compact, hard, dark green in color, px30%, with pyroxenite dyke (67.85-67.90, 68.25-70.00)				50
						70
						100
						100
70						100
		71.0-80.4; Harzburgite, compact, hard, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains, px25-30%, with pyroxenite dyke (72.20-72.22, 72.60-72.64, 76.9-77.0)				90
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
						100
				77.7; 32-R-1, Hz		100
						100
80						100

MJAS-32

AREA: Pishkash-5

INCLINATION: -60 DIRECTION: S80W ELEVATION: 1243.5 FINAL DEPTH: 125m

Scale 1:200

Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr203 %	RQD (%)
120 	118.9-125.0; serp Harzburgite, hard, compact, dark green in color, px30-35%				90 70 60 90 90

MJAS-33

AREA: Pishkash-5

INCLINATION: -68 DIRECTION: S80W ELEVATION: 1243.5m FINAL DEPTH: 110m

Scale 1:200

Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
0	0-1.5; surface soil				0
	1.5-5.0; serp Harzburgite, dark green to light brown in color, compact, hard, very rare chromite grains, px20-25%				20
	5.0-5.3; brecciated zone, Harzburgite, possible tectonic fault				50
	5.3-10.8; Harzburgite, dark green in color, compact, hard, px30-35%				30
	10.8-11.7; broken Harzburgite, possible tectonic fault				30
	11.7-14.5; serp Harzburgite, compact, the fracture are filled with red materials, px30%				60
	14.5-15.2; broken Harzburgite, may be tectonic fault or brecciated zone, green				100
	15.2-15.6; broken Harzburgite				50
	15.6-23.4; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px25-30%				60
10	23.4-23.8; broken Harzburgite, possible tectonic fault				70
	23.8-24.1; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px25-30%				0
	24.1-24.4; brecciated zone, tectonic fault				60
	24.4-28.6; Harzburgite, compact, px30%				40
	28.6-31.8; broken materials, Harzburgite				20
	31.8-32.0; possible tectonic fault				0
	32.0-32.7; serp Harzburgite, compact, px20%				70
	32.7-33.1; Harzburgite, weak brecciated zone				100
	33.1-34.2; serp Harzburgite, compact, px20%				100
	34.2-34.3; Dunite, light brown in color, compact, hard, some parts are broken,				80
	34.3-36.7; Harzburgite				70
20	36.7-36.9; brecciated zone, Harzburgite, fault, some parts are friable				60
	36.9-38.9; serp Harzburgite, the fracture is filled with serpentine				50
	38.9-39.2; serp Harzburgite, px30-35%				20
	39.20-39.22; Pyroxenite dyke				100
	39.22-46.80; serp Harzburgite, px30-35%				100
30					10
					90
					100
					100
					80
					70
					60
					50
					20
40					100

Appendix 11 (1)
Geological logging
(Pishkash-5: MJAS-33)

MJAS-33

AREA: Pishkash-5


INCLINATION: -68 DIRECTION: S80W ELEVATION: 1243.5m FINAL DEPTH: 110m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		39.22-46.80; serp Harzburgite, px30-35%				100
						60
						70
						70
						60
						80
						70
			46.8-47.0; brecciated zone, friable, some parts are filled with calcite and red materials			100
			47.0-50.7; serp Harzburgite, compact, hard, px25-30%			100
50						100
			50.7-51.2; brecciated zone, green, Harzburgite			80
			51.2-51.7; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px30-35%			100
			51.7-57.0; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px35%			90
						90
						100
			57.0-59.0; Harzburgite, compact, hard, px30-35%			40
			59-68; serp Harzburgite, compact, with Pyroxenite dyke (61.7-61.9, 62.55-62.65, 62.90-62.92, 63.1-63.5, 64.7-65.0)			100
60						50
					100	
					100	
				64.4; 33-R-1, Py	100	
					100	
					100	
					80	
		68.0-71.0; weak serp Harzburgite, with calcite			90	
70					100	
		71.0-75.4; serp Harzburgite, compact, hard, dark green in color, px25-30%, with pyroxenite dyke (74.1-74.2, 74.3-74.8)			100	
					100	
					90	
					100	
		75.4-79.5; serp Harzburgite, green in color, compact, px35%			100	
					100	
					100	
					90	
80		79.5-79.7; Pyroxenite dyke			100	
		79.7-92.6; serp Harzburgite, green in color, compact, px35%			100	

MJAS-33

AREA: Pishkash-5

INCLINATION: -68 DIRECTION: S80W ELEVATION: 1243.5m FINAL DEPTH: 110m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
80		79.7-92.6; serp Harzburgite, green in color, compact, px35%				100 100 100 100 100 60 80 100 100 100
		92.6-95.4; serp Harzburgite, very rare chromite grains		92.5; 33-R-2, Hz		100 100
		95.4-95.6; brecciated zone				90 100
		95.6-96.5; Dunite, light brown in color				100
		96.5-100.8; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, very rare chromite grains			97.2; 33-R-3, Du	100 100 100
100		100.8-100.9; Pyroxenite dyke				100
		100.9-101.4; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, very rare chromite grains				90 80
		101.4-106.2; Harzburgite				90 100
		106.2-107.8; Dunite, light brown in color, compact, very rare chromite grains				90 80
110		107.8-110.0; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30-35%			109.2; 33-R-4, Hz	80 100

MJAS-34

AREA: Bregu i Pishes

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: S60W ELEVATION: 1139.25m FINAL DEPTH: 80m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr203 %	RQD (%)
0		0-6.5; surface soil				0
		6.5-8.2; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%, some parts are broken				0
		8.2-8.4; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains				90
10		8.4-9.5; Dunite, brecciated zone				20
		9.5-9.9; friable material, fault, green				30
		9.9-10.9; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains, broken		13.9; 34-R-1, Hz		0
		10.9-11.4; fault, friable material, green		14.3; 34-R-2, Du		50
		11.4-14.0; serp Harzburgite, compact, px30-35%, dark green in color, very rare chromite grains				50
		14.0-14.2; fault, broken materials				0
20		14.2-14.7; Dunite, light brown in color, chromite grains, medium				0
		14.70-14.75; friable materials, green, fault				0
		14.75-17.00; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%				0
		17.0-17.2; friable materials, possible fault				0
		17.2-23.0; Dunite, light brown in color, broken, with chromite grains				0
		23.0-26.0; serp Harzburgite, broken, px30%, brecciated, with red materials				0
		26.0-26.5; Harzburgite, compact, px30-35%, dark green in color				20
		26.5-27.8; friable materials, green and red in color				50
30		27.8-28.6; Harzburgite, very compact, px30%				0
		28.6-29.1; fault, friable materials, green and red in color, with Dunite				30
		29.1-30.0; Dunite				0
		30.0-31.6; brecciated zone, green, friable, Dunite				0
		31.6-35.7; serp Harzburgite, broken, dark green in color				30
		35.7-37.6; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, px30-35%				40
		37.6-37.7; Dunite, rich chromite grains				50
40		37.7-37.9; Harzburgite, compact, dark green in color, px30-35%				100
		37.9-42.6; Harzburgite, dark green in color, broken, px30%, the fractures are filled with red materials				40

Appendix 12 (1) Geological logging (Bregu i Pishes: MJAS-34)

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: S60W ELEVATION: 1139.25m FINAL DEPTH: 80m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		37.9-42.6; Harzburgite, dark green in color, broken, px30%, the fractures are filled with red materials				0
		42.6-42.9; friable materials, green, tectonic fault, Harzburgite				10
		42.9-44.1; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px20-30%		43.6; 34-R-3, Hz		0
		44.1-44.9; Harzburgite, broken, dark green in color, px25%				30
		44.9-46.6; brecciated zone, green, serpentine				25
		46.6-47.2; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains		46.9; 34-R-4, Du		0
		47.2-48.5; friable, green, serp Dunite				0
50		48.5-48.8; Dunite, light brown in color, with chromite grains				20
		48.8-49.3; serp Harzburgite, broken, px30%				0
		49.3-58.3; fault, friable materials, green, Harzburgite and Dunite, some parts are filled with red material				0
						40
						10
						0
						0
						0
		58.3-58.5; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%				40
60		58.50-58.75; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains				30
		58.75-60.70; friable, Harzburgite and dunite, fault, green material				60
		60.7-60.8; Harzburgite				10
		60.8-61.2; Dunite				40
		61.20-62.15; brecciated zone, green				40
		62.15-62.20; Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%				10
		62.2-72.9; brecciated zone, green, friable, Harzburgite				0
						0
						20
70						20
						30
						40
						15
		72.9-73.3; serp Harzburgite, dark brown in color, compact		73.4; 34-R-5, Hz		90
		73.3-80.0; Harzburgite, light green in color, hard, compact, with very rare chromite grains, the fractures are filled with calcite		75.2; 34-R-6, Hz		100
						100
						100
				78.5; 34-R-7, Hz		100
80						100

MJAS-35

AREA: Bregu i Pishes

INCLINATION: -43 DIRECTION: S60W ELEVATION: 1137.72m FINAL DEPTH: 80m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
0		0-6; surface soil				0
		6.0-8.0; serp Harzburgite, broken, dark green in color, px30%, possible tectonic fault				0
		8.0-8.4; friable materials				15
10		8.40-11.05; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30-35%				30
		11.05-11.20; Dunite, light brown in color, compact				30
		11.2-12.1; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30-35%				100
		12.10-12.15; Dunite, light brown in color, compact				100
		12.15-12.90; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30-35%				25
		12.90-12.95; Dunite, light brown in color, compact				25
		12.95-13.80; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30-35%				20
		13.8-14.0; friable materials, green				70
20		14.0-16.5; Harzburgite, dyke, some parts are broken				70
		16.5-22.3; brecciated zone, green, friable, compact				20
		22.3-22.8; serp Harzburgite, px30%, light brown in color				20
		22.8-27.0; brecciated zone, green, friable, Harzburgite, compact				20
		27.0-27.2; serp Harzburgite, some parts are broken				50
		27.20-27.75; Dunite, compact				55
30		27.75-28.00; brecciated zone, green, compact				40
		28.0-30.5; serp Harzburgite, compact, some parts broken		30.5; 35-R-1, Hz		30
		30.5-30.9; broken Harzburgite				0
		30.9-33.8; serp Harzburgite, some parts broken (31.7-32.9)		34.0; 35-R-2, Du		40
		33.8-34.2; Dunite, light green in color, very rare chromite grains				50
		34.2-35.6; serp Harzburgite, broken, px20%, with Dunite (35.45-35.48)				40
		35.60-35.62; Dunite, compact, light brown in color		37.6; 35-R-3, Du		40
		35.62-37.40; serp Harzburgite, compact, broken, px20%				0
40		37.4-38.0; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains				10
		38.0-40.0; Harzburgite, broken, the fractures are filled with calcite				

Appendix 13 (1) Geological logging (Bregu i Pishes: MJAS-35)

INCLINATION: -43 DIRECTION: S60W ELEVATION: 1137.72m FINAL DEPTH: 80m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		40.0-40.1; Dunite, light brown in color				20
		40.10-40.85; Harzburgite, dark green in color, broken, the fractures are filled with calcite				0
		40.85-44.10; broken Harzburgite, friable, some parts are green, some parts are red materials				0
		44.1-44.4; Harzburgite dyke				20
		44.4-44.7; brecciated zone, green and red materials, Harzburgite				20
		44.7-49.4; serp Harzburgite, dyke				30
		49.4-50.15; brecciated zone, friable, green				10
50		50.15-50.50; Harzburgite, broken				0
		50.5-50.6; brecciated zone, green, Harzburgite				40
		50.6-51.4; Harzburgite dyke				90
		51.40-52.15; brecciated zone, Harzburgite, with Hz dyke (51.7-52.0)				60
		52.15-53.20; Harzburgite dyke				20
		53.20-53.95; brecciated zone, green, friable				0
		53.95-62.40; Harzburgite, broken, dark green in color, px30%, the fractures are filled with calcite and serpentine				20
60		62.4-65.0; brecciated zone, green, friable				0
		65.0-68.0; serp Harzburgite, broken, px30%, dark green in color				0
		68.0-69.5; brecciated zone, broken, some parts compact				10
		69.5-70.9; Harzburgite, broken				10
70		70.9-72.0; brecciated zone, Harzburgite, compact, friable				0
		72.0-72.8; Harzburgite, broken, dark green in color, px30%				40
		72.8-73.8; brecciated zone, Harzburgite				10
		73.8-74.2; Harzburgite, dark green in color				0
		74.2-75.5; brecciated zone, green, compact		75.65; 35-R-4, Du		55
		75.5-76.5; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains				25
		76.5-77.9; brecciated zone, green, with Dunite and Harzburgite				40
80		77.9-80.0; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%, broken, the fracture are filled with calcite		79.8; 35-R-5, Hz		55
						10

MJAS-36

AREA: Hija e Zeze

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: N60W ELEVATION: 1185.64m FINAL DEPTH: 50m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RGD (%)
0		0-3.5; surface soil				0
		3.5-4.6; serp Harzburgite, broken, dark green in color, px30%				0
		4.6-6.5; serp Dunite, light brown in color, broken, with very rare chromite grains		4.6; 36-E-1, Hz		10
		6.5-9.6; serp Harzburgite, px30%, dark green in color, with very rare chromite grains		5.9; 36-E-2, Du		15
		9.6-10.9; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains, some parts are broken				15
10		10.9-11; brecciated zone, green, some parts are broken				15
		11-14.7; serp Harzburgite, some parts are compact, dark green in color, py30%				10
		14.7-15.2; Dunite, light brown in color, broken, very rare chromite grains		14.3; 36-R-3, Hz		40
		15.2-20.5; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, medium hard with Dunite (15.5-15.55, 15.9-15.95, 16.3-16.34, 17.5-17.53, 17.8-17.9)		15; 36-R-4, Du		30
		20.5-22.2; brecciated zone, green, Harzburgite, some parts are compact				60
20		22.2-24; serp Harzburgite, some parts are broken, dark green in color, py15-20%				70
		24-24.4; broken material (Harzburgite?), possible tectonic fault				30
		24.4-25.5; serp Harzburgite, some parts are broken, dark green in color, px15-20%				10
		25.5-25.9; Dunite, light brown in color, compact, with chromite grains				30
30		25.9-29.8; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%, some parts are broken				0
		29.8-30.3; brecciated zone, Harzburgite?, green, friable, core angle is 10-20 in upper contact				50
		30.3-33.1; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%, some parts are broken		33.7; 36-R-5, Hz		70
		33.1-33.2; brecciated zone, green, compact, Harzburgite?		33.7; 36-E-3, Hz		100
		33.2-36.3; serp Harzburgite, some part are compact, dark green in color, px15-20%				100
		36.3-37; brecciated zone, green, Harzburgite		38; 36-R-6, Du		80
40		37-39.5; brecciated zone, green, Dunite, friable				60
		39.5-40.1; brecciated zone, green, Harzburgite, friable				50

Appendix 14 (1) Geological logging (Hija e Zeze: MJAS-36)

MJAS-36

AREA: Hija o Zeze

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: N60W ELEVATION: 1185.64m FINAL DEPTH: 50m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		39.5-40.1; brecciated zone, green, Harzburgite, friable		42; 36-E-4, Hz		50
		40.1-41; serp Harzburgite		42.4; 36-E-5, Hz		80
		41-41.2; brecciated zone, green, Harzburgite, friable		43; 36-E-6, Du	26.94	50
		41.2-42.3; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px25%		43.2; 36-C-1		80
		42.3-43; brecciated zone, green, friable, Dunite		43; 36-E-7, Cr	43.85	0
		43-44.1; Chromite body, dense disseminated to massive ore, some parts are friable, core angle of upper part is 10		43.5; 36-E-8, Cr	29.63	0
		44.1-45.4; Dunite, broken, soft, changes o serpentine and brecciated zone, very rare chromite grains		43.7; 36-C-2		10
50		45.4-50; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px25-30%, with brecciated zones (47.6-47.8, 48.2-48.7)		44.05; 36-C-3		15
				44.1; 36-E-9, Cr		70
				44.3; 36-E-10, Du		
				44.9; 36-R-7, Du		
				45.1; 36-E-11, Du		
				46.1; 36-E-12, Hz		
				48.5; 36-E-13, Hz		
				49.9; 36-R-8, Hz		

MJAS-37

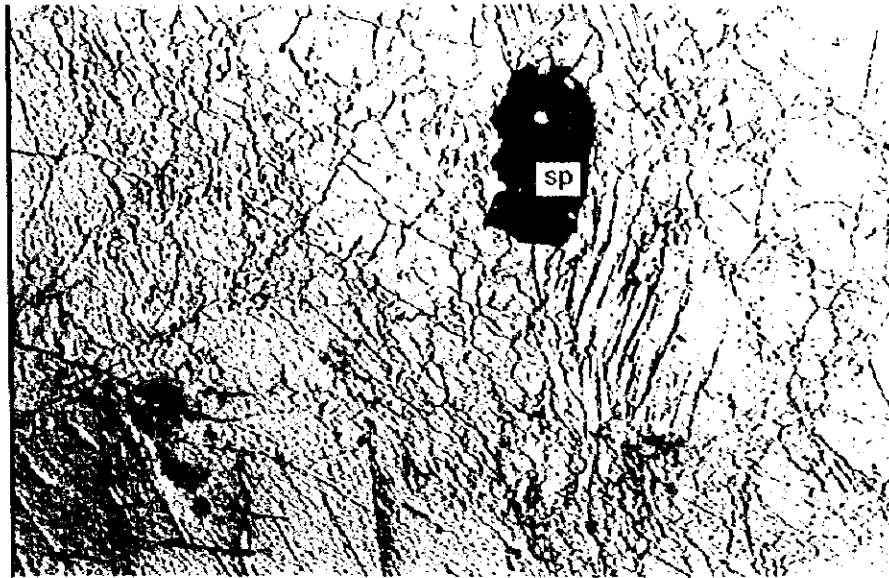
AREA: Hija e Zeze

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: S60W ELEVATION: 1185.64m FINAL DEPTH: 60m

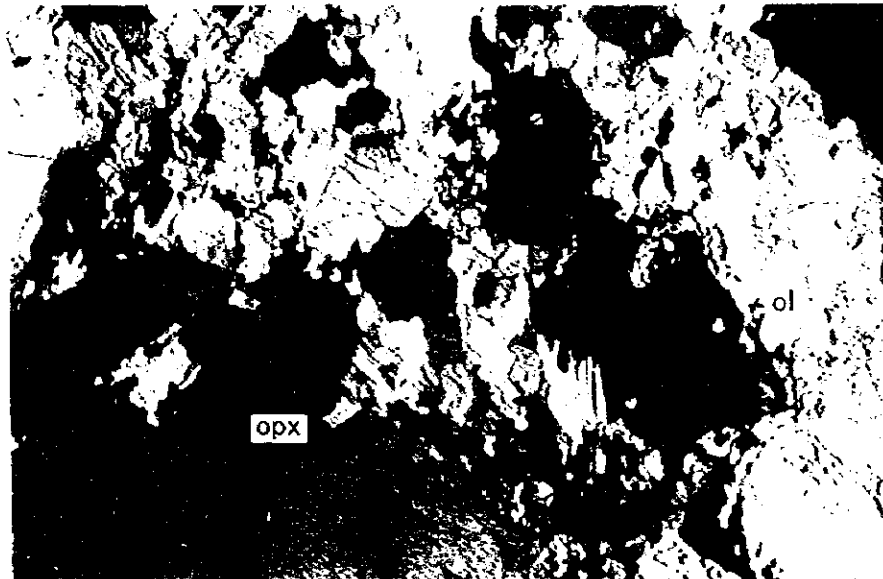
Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr203 %	RQD (%)
0		0-3; surface soil				0
		3.0-5.1; Dunite, light brown in color, with very rare chromite grains, broken		3.2; 37-R-1, Du		0
		5.1-6.8; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, broken, with Dunite (6.00-6.05, 6.50-6.53)				20
		6.8-8.0; serp Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains				20
		8.0-8.9; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px30%, broken				30
		8.9-9.4; Dunite dyke				10
10		9.4-10.0; Harzburgite		10.9; 37-R-2 Du		20
		10-11; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains		11.5; 37-R-3 Hz		20
		11.0-22.7; serp Harzburgite, broken, dark green in color, compact, with Dunite (12.00-12.03, 12.70-12.75, 13.20-13.25, 14.00-14.10, 15.20-15.40, 15.70-15.80, 16.20-16.25, 16.80-16.90, 18.00-18.05)				80
						100
						70
						80
						80
						60
						40
						90
						90
20						20
						15
						15
		22.7-28.5; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px25-30%, broken				20
						20
						40
						10
						80
						80
		28.5-29.0; Dunite, light brown in color, very rare chromite grains				50
30		29.0-30.6; Harzburgite				10
		30.6-30.65; brecciated zone, green				30
		30.65-40.90; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px25-30%, very rare chromite grains, some parts broken				60
						60
						40
						30
						20
						70
						50
40						40
						50

INCLINATION: -40 DIRECTION: S60W ELEVATION: 1185.64m FINAL DEPTH: 60m

Scale 1:200	Column	Description	deformation	Sample No.	Cr2O3 %	RQD (%)
40		30.65-40.90; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, px25-30%, very rare chromite grains, some parts broken		40.8; 37-R-4 Hz	41.62	60
		40.9-41.0; brecciated zone, green, friable		41.1; 37-R-5 Du		0
		41.0-41.5; Dunite, broken, compact, with chromite body		41.5-41.7; 37-C-1		0
		41.5-41.7; chromite body, disseminated to massive ore		44.1; 37-R-6 Hz		10
		41.7-42.1; Dunite, light brown in color				50
		42.1-42.7; Harzburgite				60
		42.7-43.4; brecciated zone, green, friable				50
		43.4-45.5; Harzburgite, very rare px grains, with brecciated zone (44.5-44.6)				30
		45.5-48.7; serp Harzburgite, dark green in color, with brecciated zone (47.0-47.1, 47.8-48.0)				50
		48.7-49.6; brecciated zone, green, friable				40
		49.6-56.0; serp Harzburgite, px20-30%, some parts broken				10
		56.0-59.3; brecciated zone, green, friable, with Dunite (57.2-57.5)				10
		59.3-60.0; Dunite, dark green in color, compact, with very rare chromite grains				30
60				59.8; 37-R-7 Du		30
				80		



open nicol



crossed nicols

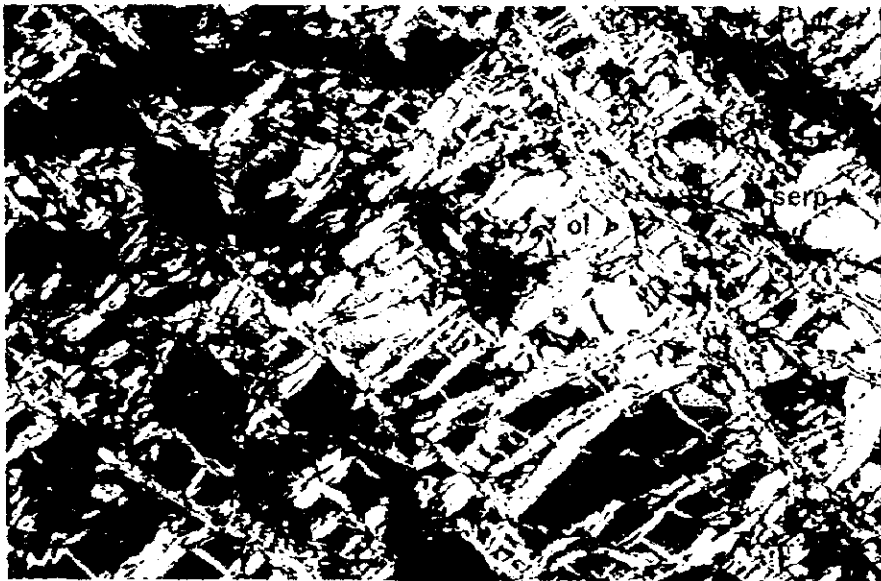
0.5mm

Drill No. ; MJAS-34
 Sample No. ; 34-R-7 (78.5m)
 Rock name ; Harzburgite
 Note ; Olivine shows deformed lamellae.
 Opx has cpx lamellae.





open nicol



crossed nicols

0.5mm

Drill No. ; MJAS-33

Sample No. ; 33-R-3 (97.2m)

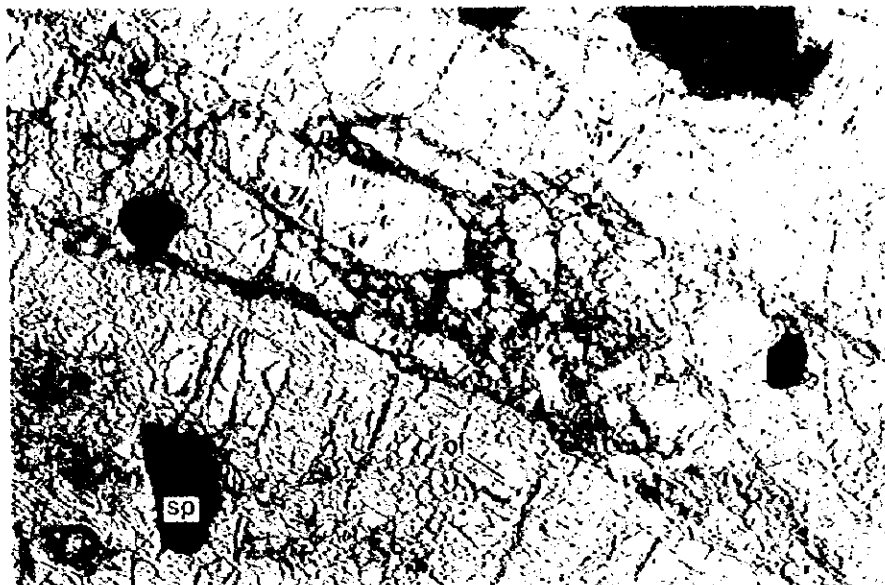
Rock name ; Spinel Dunite

Note ; Olivine has deformation lamellae.

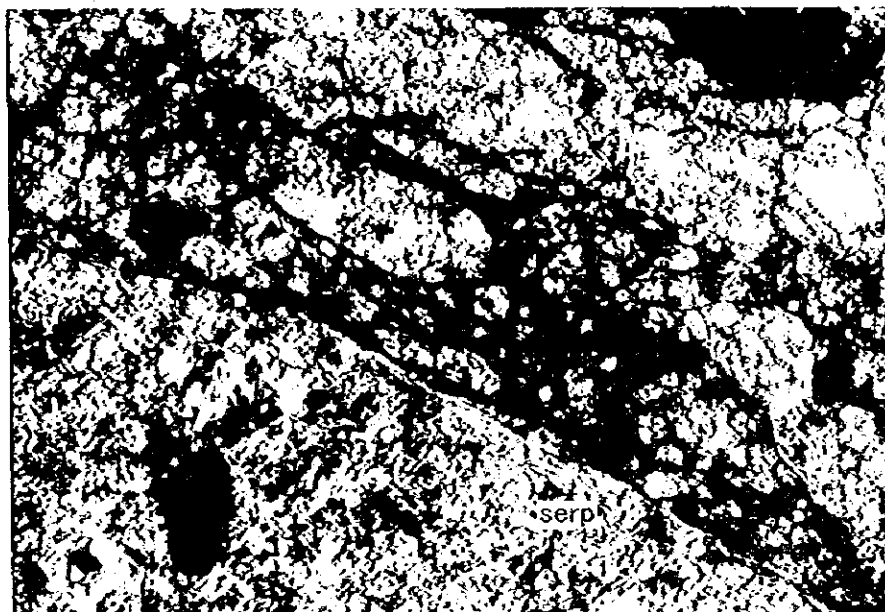
The olivine grains showing the similar
birefringence was possibly a single grain.

Spinel is highly euhedral in shape.





open nicol



crossed nicols

0.5mm

Drill No. ; MJAS-26

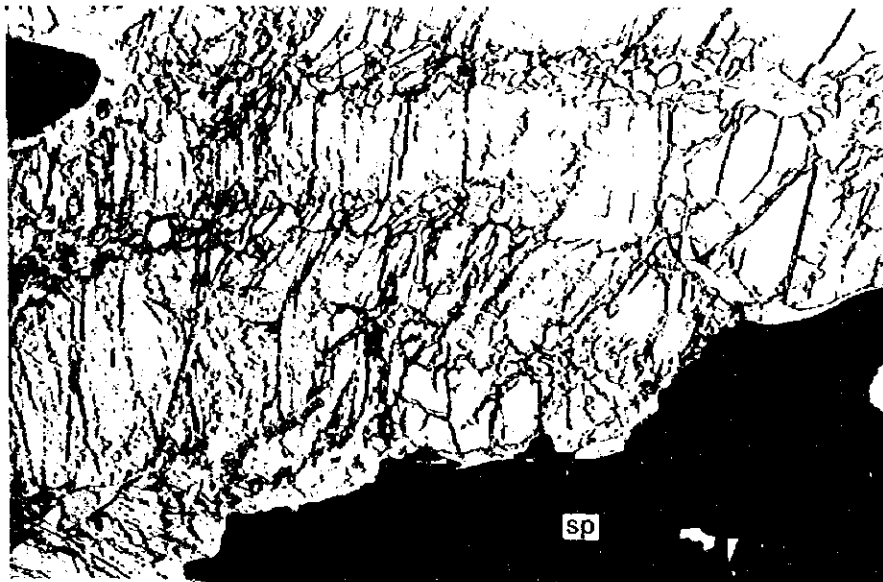
Sample No. ; 26-E-10 (118.8m)

Rock name ; Spinel-rich Dunite (Cataclasite)

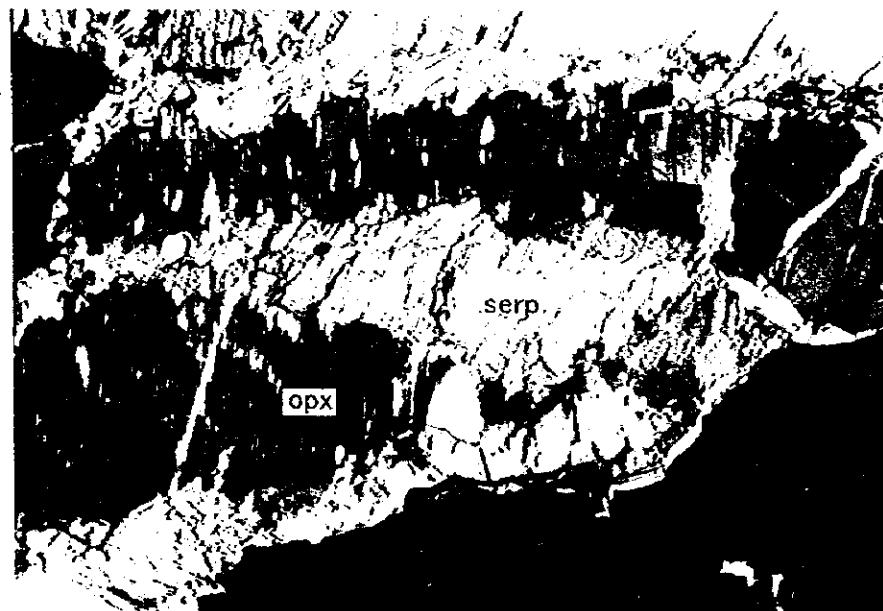
Note ; Olivine is intensively serpentinized.

Dunite partly undergoes cataclastic deformation.





open nicol



crossed nicols

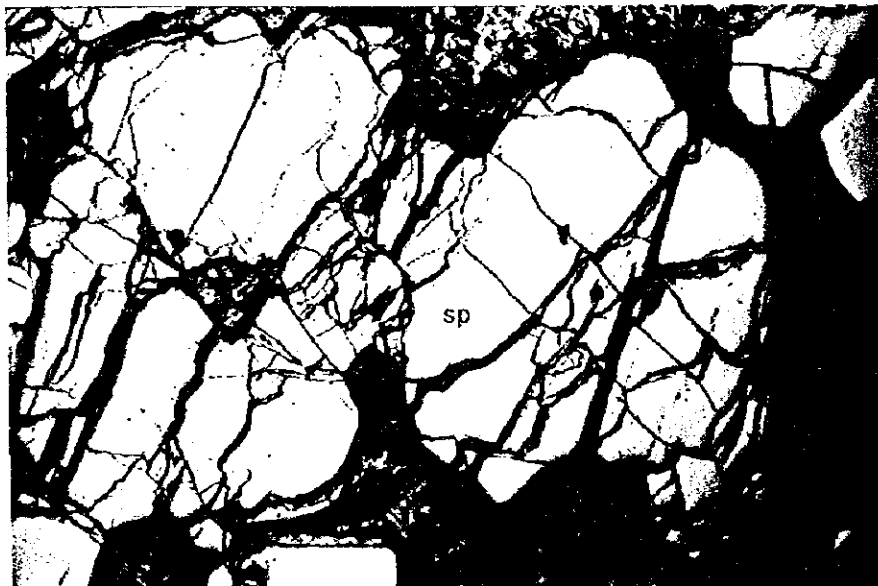
0.5mm

Drill No. ; MJAS-33
Sample No. ; 33-R-1 (64.4m)
Rock name ; Spinel orthopyroxenite
Note ; Opx with cpx lamellae is deformed.





open nicol

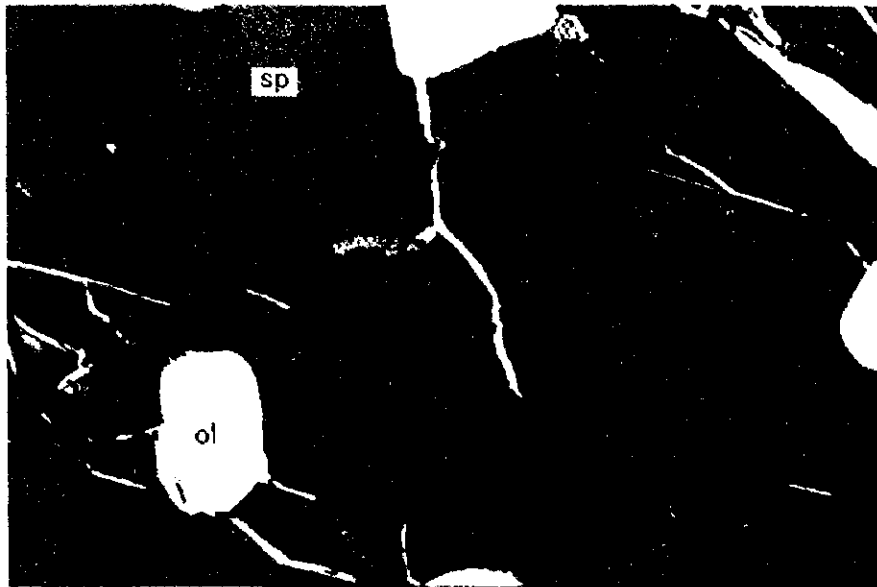


open nicol (reflection microscope)

0.5mm

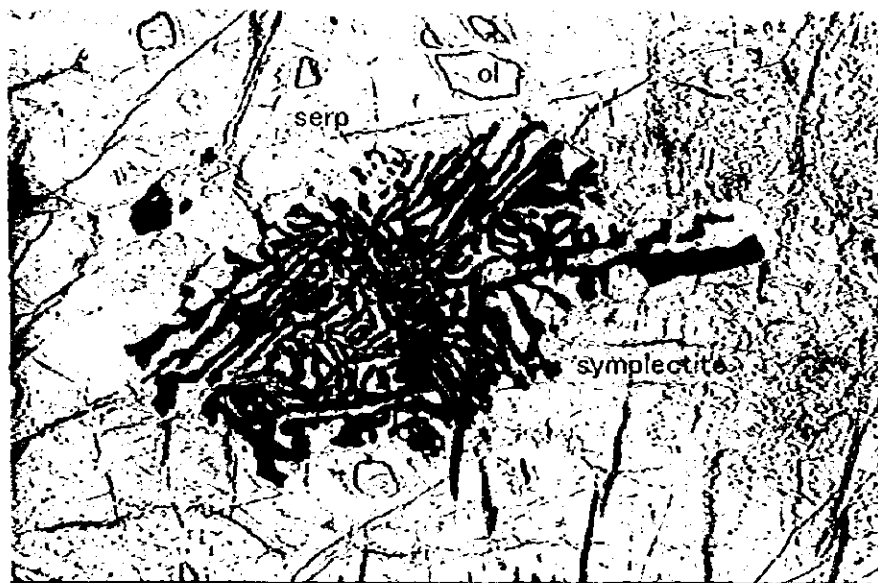
Drill No. ; MJAS-36
Sample No. ; 36-E-8 (43.5m)
Rock name ; Chromitite
Note ; Olivine is completely serpentinized.
Spinel is chemically homogeneous.





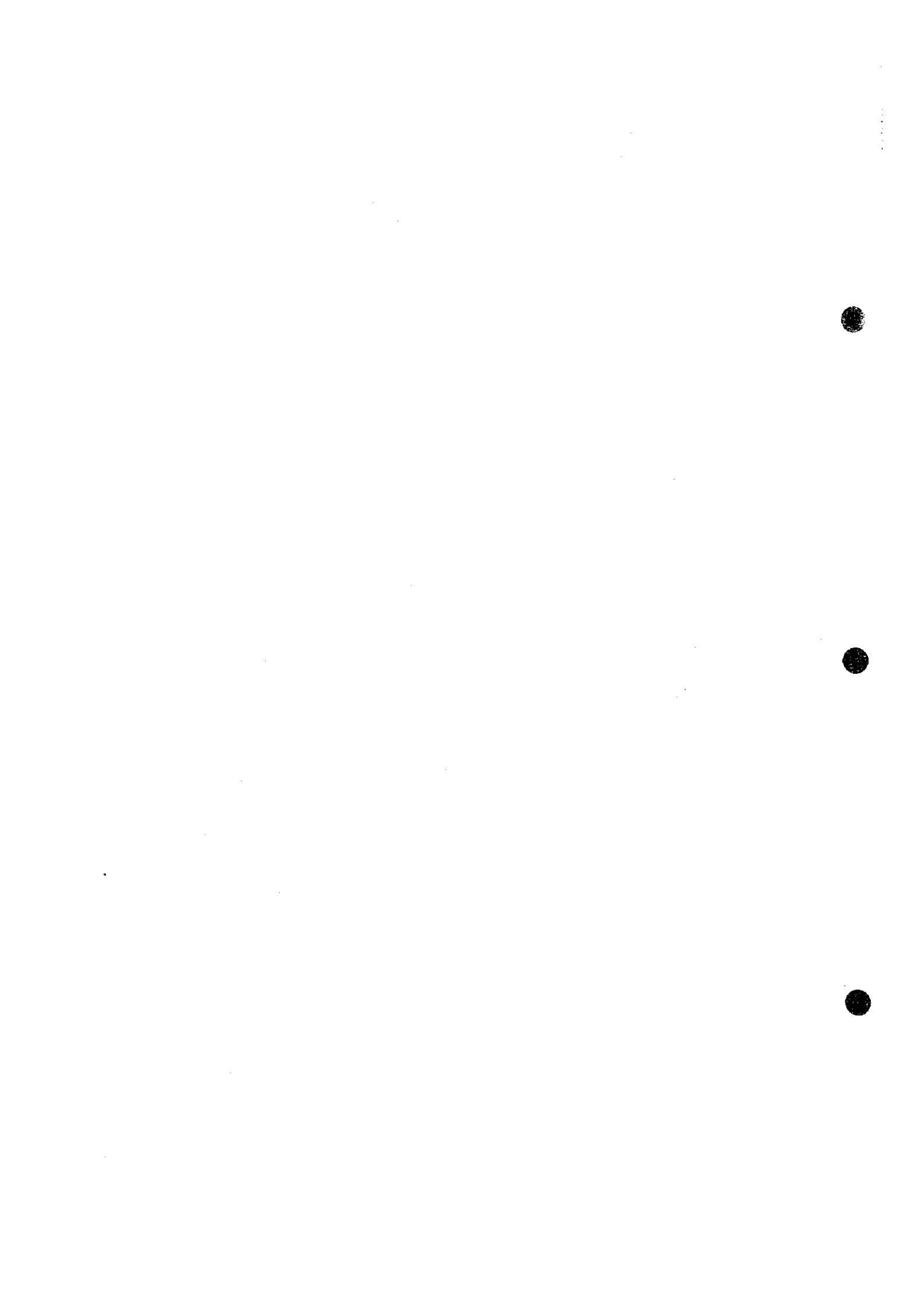
open nicol
0.5mm

Drill No. ; -
Sample No. ; BZM-3
Rock name ; Chromitite
Note ; Spinel including olivine shows tiny inclusion trails.



open nicol
0.5mm

Drill No. ; MJAS-26
Sample No. ; 26-E-13
Rock name ; Symplectite-bearing dunite
Note ; Symplectite comprises spinel and olivine.



Appendix 17

Sample list of laboratory tests

Area	Hole No.	Sample No.	Rock type	Depth	The number of sample				
					26	30	33	13	13
					EPMA	Analysis-ore	Polish	Analysis-rock	Thinsection
Ahu i Vetem	MJAS-23	23-R-3	Du	35.50				○	○
		23-R-4	H _z	38.40				○	○
		23-R-7	H _z	118.60				○	○
		23-R-8	Du	119.10				○	○
		23-C-1	Cr	119.30-119.90		○			
		23-C-2	Cr	119.90-120.55		○			
		23-C-3	Cr	120.55-121.60		○			
	MJAS-24	24-C-1	Cr	100.20-100.55		○			
		24-C-2	Cr	100.55-101.00		○			
		24-C-3	Cr	101.30-101.85		○		○	
		24-C-4	Cr	101.85-102.25		○			
		24-C-5	Cr	102.25-102.65		○			
		24-C-6	Cr	102.65-102.95		○			
	MJAS-25	25-C-1	Cr	113.90-114.20		○			
		25-C-2	Cr	114.20-115.00		○		○	
		25-C-3	Cr	115.15-115.65		○			
	MJAS-26	26-E-1	H _z	19.50		○		○	
		26-E-2	Du	28.20	○		○		
		26-E-3	H _z	55.30	○		○		
		26-E-4	H _z	85.70	○		○		
		26-E-5	Du	85.90	○		○		
		26-E-6	Du	113.00	○		○		
		26-E-7	Du	113.90	○		○		
		26-E-8	Cr	113.90	○		○		
		26-E-9	Cr	117.90	○		○		
		26-E-10	Cr	118.80	○		○		
		26-E-11	Du	118.80	○		○		
		26-E-12	Du	119.80	○		○		
		26-E-13	Du	130.00	○		○		
		26-C-1	Cr	10.85-10.90			○		
		26-C-2	Cr	113.90-114.80			○		
	26-C-3	Cr	114.80-115.90			○			
26-C-4	Cr	115.90-116.50			○				
26-C-5	Cr	116.50-117.10			○				
26-C-6	Cr	117.10-118.50			○				
MJAS-27	27-C-1	Cr	116.85-117.65			○			
	27-C-2	Cr	117.65-118.55			○			
	27-C-3	Cr	118.55-118.83			○			
Lugu i Batres	MJAS-28	28-C-1	Cr	9.50-9.80		○	○		
Pishkash-5	MJAS-33	33-R-1	Px	64.40				○	○
		33-R-2	H _z	92.50				○	○
		33-R-3	Du	97.20				○	○
Bregu i Pishes	MJAS-34	34-R-4	Du	46.90				○	○
		34-R-7	H _z (f)	78.50				○	○
Hija e Zeze	MJAS-36	36-E-1	H _z	4.60	○		○		
		36-E-2	Du	5.90	○		○		
		36-E-3	H _z	33.70	○		○		
		36-E-4	H _z	42.00	○		○		
		36-E-5	H _z	42.40	○		○		
		36-E-6	Du	43.00	○		○		
		36-E-7	Cr	43.00	○		○		
		36-E-8	Cr	43.50	○		○		
		36-E-9	Cr	44.10	○		○		
		36-E-10	Du	44.30	○		○		
		36-E-11	Du	45.10	○		○		
		36-E-12	H _z	46.10	○		○		
		36-E-13	H _z	48.50	○		○		
	36-C-1	Cr	43.00-43.40			○			
	36-C-2	Cr	43.40-44.00			○			
	36-C-3	Cr	44.00-44.10			○			
	MJAS-37	37-R-2	Du	10.90				○	○
		37-R-3	H _z	11.50				○	○
		37-R-4	H _z	40.80				○	○
37-R-5		Du	41.40				○	○	
37-C-1		Cr	41.50-41.70			○	○		
Buzgate	Outcrop	BZM-1	Cr			○			
		BZM-2	Cr			○			
		BZM-3	Cr			○	○		

Appendix 18 (1) Results of chemical analysis on rock and ore

Drilling Sample Hole No.	Rock type	Ag ppm	Al %	Ba ppm	Be ppm	Bi ppm	Ca %	Cd ppm	Co ppm	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe %	K %	Mg %	Mn ppm	Mo ppm	Na %	Ni ppm	P ppm	Pb ppm	Sr ppm	Ti %	V ppm	W ppm	Zn ppm	Cr ₂ O ₃ %
MJAS-23 23-R-3	Du	0.2	0.12	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.08	<0.5	111	462	<1	4.61	0.03	>15.0	720	<1	0.10	2430	Intf	14	15	<0.01	6	<10	58	—
23-R-4	Hx	<0.2	0.18	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.24	<0.5	101	1040	<1	4.59	0.04	>15.0	785	<1	0.08	2180	Intf	8	10	<0.01	20	<10	54	—
23-R-7	Hx	<0.2	0.15	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.16	<0.5	100	668	<1	4.45	0.04	>15.0	765	<1	0.10	2250	Intf	4	10	<0.01	12	<10	44	—
23-R-8	Du	<0.2	0.08	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.06	<0.5	97	251	<1	4.07	0.01	>15.0	665	<1	0.08	2610	Intf	2	11	<0.01	2	<10	32	—
23-C-1	Cr	0.4	0.15	<10	<0.5	<2	0.01	<0.5	29	—	3	1.15	<0.01	11.25	245	<1	0.05	1570	<10	2	3	<0.01	10	<10	42	50.38
23-C-2	Cr	<0.2	0.11	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.03	<0.5	45	—	<1	2.15	0.01	>15.0	330	<1	0.03	2140	Intf	<2	1	<0.01	5	<10	18	16.07
23-C-3	Cr	<0.2	0.13	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.01	<0.5	38	—	<1	1.81	0.01	>15.0	290	<1	0.04	1950	Intf	<2	7	<0.01	6	<10	16	24.10
23-C-4	Cr	<0.2	0.21	<10	<0.5	<2	0.01	<0.5	26	—	<1	1.24	<0.01	9.92	230	<1	<0.01	1375	<10	<2	<1	<0.01	15	<10	20	39.53
MJAS-24 24-C-1	Cr	<0.2	0.12	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.08	<0.5	64	—	<1	2.62	0.01	>15.0	420	<1	0.05	2350	Intf	<2	5	<0.01	7	<10	22	13.40
24-C-2	Cr	0.2	0.11	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.05	<0.5	52	—	<1	2.25	<0.01	>15.0	380	<1	0.01	2380	Intf	<2	2	<0.01	7	<10	18	16.16
24-C-3	Cr	<0.2	0.13	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.06	<0.5	52	—	<1	2.27	0.04	>15.0	385	<1	0.10	2350	Intf	<2	6	<0.01	5	<10	18	16.66
24-C-4	Cr	<0.2	0.14	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.09	<0.5	54	—	1	2.45	0.04	>15.0	395	<1	0.09	2240	Intf	<2	13	0.08	5	<10	16	14.16
24-C-5	Cr	<0.2	0.10	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.03	<0.5	46	—	<1	2.46	<0.01	>15.0	385	<1	<0.01	2250	Intf	<2	7	<0.01	12	<10	16	18.47
24-C-6	Cr	<0.2	0.11	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.07	<0.5	63	—	<1	2.55	0.03	>15.0	440	<1	0.06	2700	Intf	<2	11	<0.01	4	<10	18	11.82
MJAS-25 25-C-1	Cr	<0.2	0.11	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.04	<0.5	65	—	10	2.84	<0.01	>15.0	455	<1	0.05	2630	Intf	<2	8	<0.01	6	<10	18	8.64
25-C-2	Cr	<0.2	0.11	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.08	<0.5	40	—	<1	1.90	<0.01	>15.0	320	<1	<0.01	2060	Intf	<2	7	<0.01	8	<10	40	23.42
25-C-3	Cr	<0.2	0.16	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.05	<0.5	46	—	<1	2.15	<0.01	>15.0	375	<1	<0.01	2370	Intf	<2	7	<0.01	11	<10	18	16.21
MJAS-26 26-C-1	Cr	0.2	0.26	<10	<0.5	2	0.01	<0.5	38	—	7	2.14	<0.01	10.50	330	<1	<0.01	1140	<10	<2	6	<0.01	28	<10	32	35.41
26-C-2	Cr	<0.2	0.20	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.09	<0.5	48	—	<1	2.36	0.01	>15.0	390	<1	0.06	2240	Intf	<2	9	<0.01	13	<10	22	18.78
26-C-3	Cr	<0.2	0.18	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.01	<0.5	52	—	<1	2.48	<0.01	>15.0	380	<1	<0.01	2250	Intf	<2	6	<0.01	14	<10	22	15.78
26-C-4	Cr	<0.2	0.18	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.02	<0.5	50	—	<1	2.67	<0.01	>15.0	420	<1	0.03	2230	Intf	<2	8	<0.01	15	<10	18	15.41
26-C-5	Cr	<0.2	0.19	<10	<0.5	Intf	<0.01	<0.5	39	—	<1	2.08	<0.01	>15.0	330	<1	<0.01	1850	Intf	<2	3	<0.01	15	<10	20	24.41
26-C-6	Cr	<0.2	0.11	<10	<0.5	Intf	0.04	<0.5	50	—	<1	2.27	<0.01	>15.0	350	<1	0.01	2340	Intf	<2	9	<0.01	6	<10	16	15.73

Note: Intf represents high Mg contents interfere Bi and P contents.

Appendix 18 (2) Results of chemical analysis on rock and ore

Drilling Sample No.	Rock type	Ag ppm	Al %	Ba ppm	Be ppm	Bi ppm	Ca %	Cd ppm	Co ppm	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe %	K %	Mg %	Mn ppm	Mo ppm	Na %	Ni ppm	P ppm	Pb ppm	Sr ppm	Ti %	V ppm	W ppm	Zn ppm	Cr ₂ O ₃ %
MJAS-27 27-C-1	Cr	<0.2	0.11	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.04	<0.5	41	-	1	1.93	<0.01	>15.0	320	<1	<0.01	1955	Intif	<2	5	<0.01	12	<10	16	24.01
27-C-2	Cr	<0.2	0.12	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.06	<0.5	47	-	<1	2.14	0.01	>15.0	350	<1	0.02	2090	Intif	<2	8	<0.01	7	<10	14	18.08
27-C-3	Cr	<0.2	0.14	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.03	<0.5	39	-	<1	1.76	<0.01	>15.0	310	<1	<0.01	2240	Intif	<2	2	<0.01	9	<10	18	25.37
MJAS-28 28-C-1	Cr	<0.2	0.40	<10	<0.5	<2	<0.01	<0.5	30	-	<1	2.08	<0.01	8.96	345	<1	<0.01	1260	<10	<2	5	<0.01	57	<10	36	39.75
MJAS-33 33-R-1	PX	<0.2	0.31	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.69	<0.5	65	5650	<1	3.58	0.01	>15.0	825	<1	0.04	1050	Intif	<2	37	<0.01	37	<10	33	-
33-R-2	Hx	0.2	0.16	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.33	<0.5	95	751	<1	4.43	0.01	>15.0	790	<1	0.05	2120	Intif	<2	17	<0.01	17	<10	36	-
33-R-3	Du	0.2	0.10	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.07	<0.5	108	330	<1	4.71	0.05	>15.0	735	<1	0.12	2440	Intif	<2	17	<0.01	1	<10	36	-
MJAS-34 34-R-4	Du	<0.2	0.07	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.02	<0.5	111	464	<1	4.10	0.02	>15.0	650	<1	0.11	2830	Intif	<2	10	<0.01	1	<10	33	-
34-R-7	Hx	0.8	0.21	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.16	<0.5	123	694	<1	5.30	0.04	>15.0	910	<1	0.23	2770	Intif	<2	11	<0.01	9	<10	50	-
MJAS-36 36-C-1	Cr	<0.2	0.17	<10	<0.5	<2	0.07	<0.5	39	-	<1	2.17	<0.01	14.15	345	<1	<0.01	2060	<10	<2	12	<0.01	15	<10	20	26.94
36-C-2	Cr	<0.2	0.72	<10	<0.5	10	0.04	<0.5	33	-	4	2.30	<0.01	8.10	320	<1	<0.01	1515	90	2	5	0.01	61	<10	30	43.85
36-C-3	Cr	<0.2	0.18	<10	<0.5	2	0.01	<0.5	33	-	<1	2.35	<0.01	13.25	305	<1	<0.01	1925	<10	<2	3	<0.01	16	<10	16	29.63
MJAS-37 37-R-2	Du	<0.2	0.05	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.05	<0.5	111	255	<1	4.70	0.01	>15.0	775	<1	0.05	2620	Intif	<2	9	<0.01	1	<10	42	-
37-R-3	Hx	<0.2	0.09	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.11	<0.5	103	366	<1	4.35	0.01	>15.0	710	<1	0.07	2360	Intif	<2	8	<0.01	7	<10	34	-
37-R-4	Hx	<0.2	0.11	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.08	<0.5	104	415	<1	4.65	0.01	>15.0	735	<1	0.06	2260	Intif	<2	6	<0.01	9	<10	34	-
37-R-5	Du	0.2	0.08	<10	<0.5	Intif	0.03	<0.5	101	307	<1	4.23	0.01	>15.0	665	<1	0.09	2590	Intif	<2	13	<0.01	2	<10	36	-
37-C-1	Cr	<0.2	0.43	<10	<0.5	10	0.01	<0.5	34	-	<1	2.71	<0.01	9.52	390	1	<0.01	1170	60	2	<1	<0.01	86	<10	44	41.62
Buzgare BZN-1	Cr	<0.2	0.38	<10	<0.5	<2	0.01	<0.5	21	-	<1	1.68	<0.01	5.19	300	<1	<0.01	683	<10	<2	1	<0.01	41	<10	26	48.08
BZN-2	Cr	<0.2	0.79	<10	<0.5	2	<0.01	<0.5	43	-	<1	2.51	<0.01	6.70	425	<1	<0.01	732	<10	<2	<1	<0.01	101	<10	52	44.79
BZN-3	Cr	<0.2	1.18	<10	<0.5	12	<0.01	<0.5	50	-	<1	3.25	<0.01	6.08	505	1	<0.01	644	<10	2	<1	<0.01	227	<10	32	47.79

Note 1 : Buzgare is outcrop sample.

Note 2 : Intif represents high Mg contents interfere Bi and P contents.

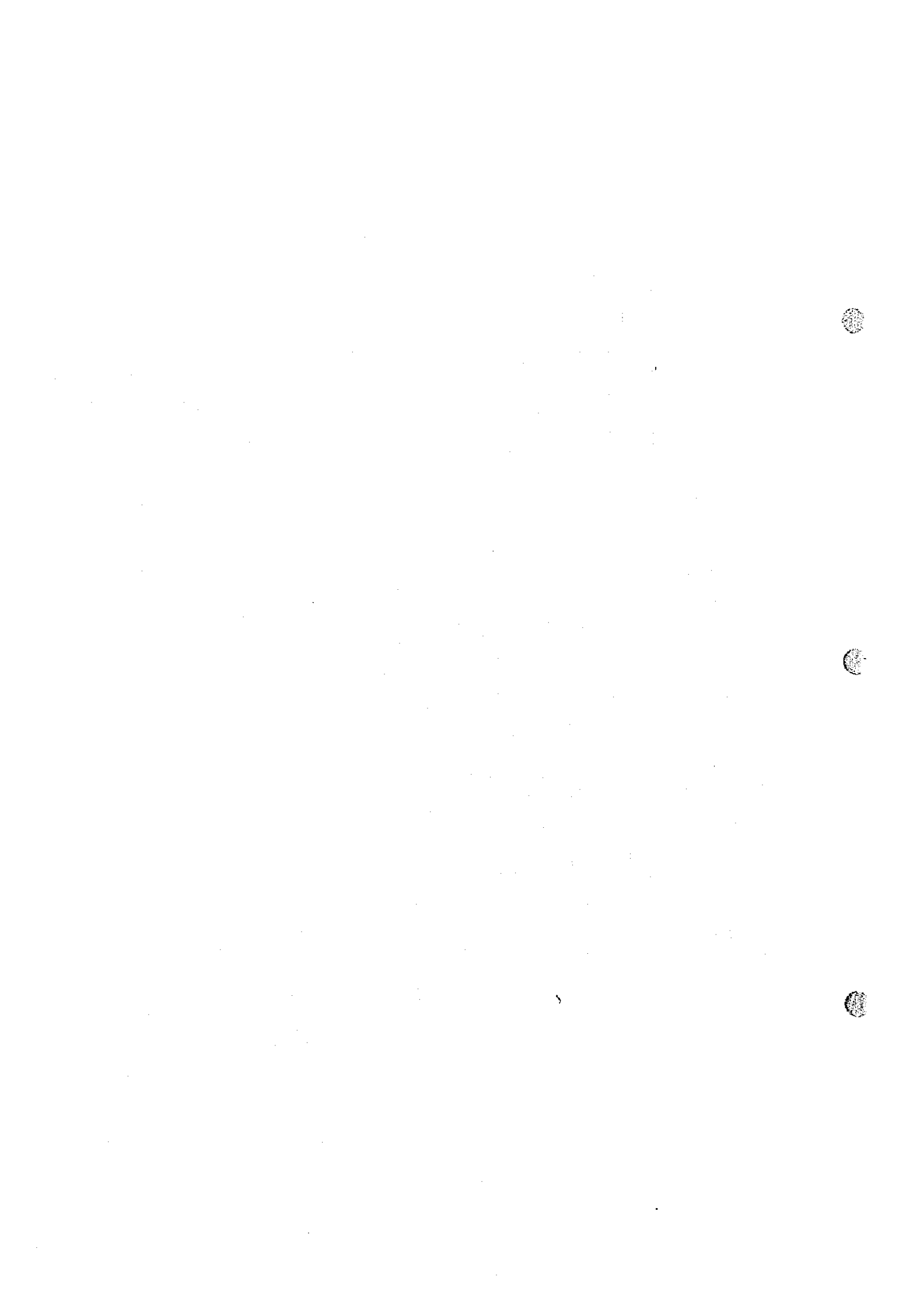
Appendix 19 Results of EPMA analysis

Sample No.	Rock type	TiO ₂		Al ₂ O ₃		Cr ₂ O ₃		V ₂ O ₅		FeO*		MnO		MgO		Total		Ti	Al	Cr	V	Fe*	Mn	Mg	Total	Fe ²⁺	Fe ³⁺	Cr#	Mg#	Fe ³⁺ #
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%													
26-E-1	HZ	0.02	13.57	56.38	0.30	19.12	0.34	10.53	100.39	0.000	0.517	1.441	0.008	0.519	0.009	0.507	3.000	0.484	0.033	0.736	0.512	0.017								
26-E-2	Du	0.11	12.99	56.81	0.18	19.36	0.34	10.58	100.54	0.003	0.495	1.454	0.005	0.527	0.009	0.510	3.000	0.483	0.041	0.746	0.514	0.021								
26-E-3	HZ	0.02	17.46	52.70	0.26	18.64	0.31	11.18	100.68	0.001	0.650	1.316	0.007	0.494	0.008	0.526	3.000	0.466	0.026	0.669	0.530	0.013								
26-E-4	HZ	0.05	10.91	58.79	0.28	19.23	0.34	10.32	100.08	0.001	0.422	1.527	0.007	0.531	0.009	0.505	3.000	0.487	0.041	0.733	0.509	0.021								
26-E-5	Du	0.05	11.42	57.35	0.22	21.56	0.40	8.43	99.55	0.001	0.449	1.512	0.006	0.604	0.011	0.419	3.000	0.571	0.030	0.771	0.423	0.015								
26-E-6	Du	0.12	12.67	58.05	0.14	17.16	0.30	11.98	100.57	0.003	0.479	1.473	0.004	0.463	0.008	0.573	3.000	0.422	0.039	0.755	0.576	0.019								
26-E-7	Du	0.16	11.71	58.24	0.08	16.56	0.27	13.42	100.78	0.004	0.430	1.486	0.003	0.482	0.009	0.591	3.000	0.359	0.082	0.769	0.640	0.041								
26-E-8	Cr	0.16	11.34	58.40	0.11	17.74	0.32	12.31	100.69	0.004	0.390	1.518	0.002	0.421	0.007	0.664	3.000	0.405	0.073	0.776	0.593	0.037								
26-E-9	Cr	0.13	10.35	60.04	0.06	15.59	0.27	13.93	100.72	0.003	0.414	1.511	0.001	0.462	0.008	0.604	3.000	0.332	0.085	0.796	0.667	0.043								
26-E-10	Cr	0.16	10.86	59.08	0.05	16.92	0.29	12.54	100.16	0.004	0.437	1.487	0.003	0.523	0.010	0.542	3.000	0.392	0.066	0.735	0.607	0.033								
26-E-11	Du	0.14	11.41	57.90	0.10	19.08	0.35	11.20	100.45	0.003	0.437	1.487	0.003	0.523	0.010	0.542	3.000	0.452	0.067	0.773	0.546	0.034								
26-E-12	Du	0.13	10.81	59.77	0.18	17.84	0.34	11.50	100.75	0.003	0.413	1.531	0.005	0.486	0.009	0.556	3.000	0.438	0.045	0.788	0.559	0.023								
26-E-13	Du	0.09	10.56	56.84	0.17	20.70	0.35	9.59	98.55	0.002	0.417	1.507	0.005	0.585	0.010	0.479	3.000	0.513	0.067	0.733	0.483	0.034								
36-E-1	HZ	0.03	14.49	55.37	0.27	18.18	0.29	11.09	99.84	0.001	0.551	1.411	0.007	0.492	0.008	0.533	3.000	0.460	0.030	0.719	0.537	0.015								
36-E-2	Du	0.05	8.17	61.28	0.23	20.13	0.37	9.31	99.70	0.001	0.323	1.627	0.006	0.583	0.011	0.466	3.000	0.525	0.041	0.834	0.470	0.020								
36-E-3	HZ	0.03	16.95	52.13	0.28	17.66	0.31	11.67	99.14	0.001	0.639	1.318	0.006	0.474	0.009	0.556	3.000	0.436	0.036	0.674	0.561	0.018								
36-E-4	HZ	0.02	15.46	54.36	0.29	18.87	0.29	11.05	100.51	0.001	0.582	1.372	0.007	0.506	0.008	0.526	3.000	0.467	0.037	0.702	0.530	0.019								
36-E-5	HZ	0.05	13.36	56.14	0.32	19.42	0.33	10.56	100.36	0.001	0.510	1.437	0.008	0.529	0.009	0.510	3.000	0.483	0.043	0.738	0.513	0.022								
36-E-6	Du	0.08	11.07	57.58	0.21	21.54	0.40	9.12	100.21	0.002	0.431	1.505	0.006	0.600	0.011	0.449	3.000	0.542	0.054	0.777	0.453	0.027								
36-E-7	Cr	0.11	10.88	61.01	0.12	13.91	0.21	14.66	101.16	0.003	0.405	1.525	0.003	0.371	0.006	0.691	3.000	0.306	0.062	0.790	0.693	0.031								
36-E-8	Cr	0.12	10.75	60.83	0.13	13.99	0.24	14.45	100.75	0.003	0.403	1.529	0.003	0.375	0.006	0.684	3.000	0.312	0.060	0.791	0.687	0.030								
36-E-9	Cr	0.15	11.04	60.76	0.09	14.27	0.25	13.92	100.66	0.004	0.415	1.531	0.002	0.382	0.007	0.661	3.000	0.335	0.045	0.737	0.664	0.023								
36-E-10	Du	0.10	10.96	59.83	0.13	17.72	0.28	11.66	100.85	0.002	0.418	1.529	0.003	0.482	0.008	0.562	3.000	0.433	0.046	0.735	0.565	0.023								
36-E-11	Du	0.09	10.01	60.03	0.10	17.85	0.32	11.93	100.61	0.002	0.383	1.541	0.003	0.489	0.009	0.577	3.000	0.416	0.069	0.801	0.581	0.035								
36-E-12	HZ	0.03	16.14	54.01	0.26	18.41	0.31	11.34	100.63	0.001	0.604	1.355	0.007	0.491	0.008	0.537	3.000	0.456	0.033	0.692	0.541	0.017								
36-E-13	HZ	0.03	13.51	56.16	0.25	18.41	0.32	10.99	99.83	0.001	0.516	1.439	0.007	0.501	0.009	0.531	3.000	0.461	0.038	0.736	0.535	0.019								

Appendix 20 Microscopic observation of thin section and polished thin section

Sample No.	Rock type	Rock-forming minerals				Alteration minerals				Remarks			
		olivine	obx	cpx	serpentine	hornblende	opq	serpentine	chlorite		quartz	talc	cm
23-R-3	Spinel Dunita	⊙					+	⊙					Equigranular texture
23-R-4	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ	+	Δ	⊙					Plagioclase is changed to basaltic
23-R-7	Spinel Dunita	⊙	⊙	+	Δ	+	Δ	⊙					Part of plagioclase is changed to basaltic
23-R-8	Spinel Dunita	⊙	⊙	+	Δ	+	Δ	⊙					Serpentine vein, carbonate minerals vein
23-C-4	Spinel-rich Dunita chromitite	Δ			⊙		+	⊙					Most part of olivine is serpentinized
24-C-3	Spinel-rich Dunita	⊙			⊙		+	⊙					Most part of olivine is serpentinized
25-C-2	Chromitite	⊙			⊙		+	⊙					Most part of olivine is serpentinized
26-E-1	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ	+	Δ	⊙	Δ				Equigranular texture, part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
26-E-2	Spinel Dunita	⊙			Δ		Δ	⊙					Equigranular texture
26-E-3	Spinel Harzburgite ~ Uherzoltite	⊙	⊙	Δ	Δ		+	⊙	+				Extension of olivine make foliation texture
26-E-4	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ		+	⊙	⊙	Δ			Equigranular texture, carbonate minerals and quartz vein
26-E-5	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ	+	+	⊙	+	+	Δ		Equigranular texture, most part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
26-E-6	Spinel Dunita	⊙			⊙		Δ	⊙					Equigranular texture, spinel is fine-grained
26-E-7	Spinel-rich Dunita	⊙			⊙		+	⊙	Δ				Equigranular texture
26-E-8	Spinel-rich Dunita	⊙			⊙		+	⊙	+				Equigranular texture
26-E-9	Spinel-rich Dunita ~ Chromitite	⊙			⊙		+	⊙	⊙				Partly friable zone
26-E-10	Spinel-rich Dunita	⊙			⊙		+	⊙	⊙	Δ			Partly friable zone
26-E-11	Spinel-rich Dunita	⊙			⊙		+	⊙					Equigranular texture
26-E-12	Spinel-rich Dunita	⊙			⊙		+	⊙					Equigranular texture, olivine is coarse-grained, spinel is fine-grained
26-E-13	Monocrystalline olivine	⊙			⊙		+	⊙					Many fluid inclusions, some symplectite
27-C-2	Chromitite	Δ			⊙		+	⊙					Most part of olivine is serpentinized
28-C-1	Chromitite	Δ			⊙		+	⊙					Most part of olivine is serpentinized
33-R-1	Spinel orthopyroxenite	Δ	⊙	+	⊙	Δ	+	⊙					Part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
33-R-2	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	⊙		+	⊙					Part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
33-R-3	Spinel Dunita	⊙			Δ		+	⊙					Equigranular texture
34-R-4	Serpentinite	⊙			Δ		+	⊙					Original rock is Spinel Dunita
34-R-7	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ		+	⊙					Panhypoclastic texture
36-E-1	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ		+	⊙					Most part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
36-E-2	Serpentinite	⊙			Δ		+	⊙					Original rock is Spinel Dunita
36-E-3	Spinel Harzburgite	Δ	Δ	+	Δ		+	⊙					Most part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
36-E-4	Spinel Harzburgite ~ Uherzoltite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ		+	⊙					Most part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
36-E-5	Serpentinite	Δ			Δ		+	⊙					Original rock is Spinel Harzburgite
36-E-6	Serpentinite	+			⊙		+	⊙					Original rock is Spinel Dunita
36-E-7	Chromitite	⊙			⊙		+	⊙					Spinel has inclusions
36-E-8	Chromitite	+			⊙		+	⊙					Olivine is inclusion of spinel
36-E-9	Chromitite	+			⊙		+	⊙					Spinel has friable texture
36-E-10	Serpentinite Cataclaste	Δ			Δ		+	⊙					Only spinel is primary
36-E-11	Serpentinite	Δ			Δ		+	⊙					Spinel is fine-grained
36-E-12	Serpentinite	Δ			Δ		+	⊙					Original rock is Spinel Harzburgite
36-E-13	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ		+	⊙					Most part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
37-R-2	Serpentinite	⊙			Δ		+	⊙					Original rock is Spinel Dunita
37-R-3	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ		+	⊙					Most part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
37-R-4	Spinel Harzburgite	⊙	⊙	+	Δ		+	⊙					Most part of orthopyroxene is changed to basaltic
37-R-5	Serpentinite	⊙			Δ		+	⊙					Original rock is Spinel Dunita
37-C-1	Chromitite	⊙			⊙		+	⊙					Strongly altered except chromian spinel
32M-3	Chromitite	⊙			⊙		+	⊙					Strongly altered except chromian spinel

Legend : opx, orthopyroxene, cpx, clinopyroxene, opq, opaque minerals, cm, carbonate minerals ⊙, abundant, ⊙, moderate, Δ, a few, +, rare



JICA