

第5章 次回調査の課題、懸案事項

第5章次回調査の課題、懸案事項

5-1 技術的課題、懸案事項

5-1-1 地下水

次回調査の主な課題は、下記のとおりと考えられる。

(1) モニタリング井戸の整備を前提とした調査

ワジスーク水系とワジジジ水系の地下水水質を系統立ててモニタリングするためには、現存の観測井を極力利用しても不十分である。下記観測井の追加が必要となる。

- ・ワジスーク水系とワジジジ水系とにおいて、帯水層の数を確認する調査ボーリングを各3本ずつ（上流、中流、下流）。
- ・ワジスーク水系沿いとワジジジ水系沿いに、中流域にそれぞれ2本、下流域にそれぞれ3本。仮に、帯水層が複数存在していることが確認されれば、前記の観測井をさらに帯水層毎に設置する必要がある。

したがって、帯水層の確認ができる柱状図等のボーリングデータの存在の有無と収集が必要。観測井設置工事費用の調査も望ましい。

(2) 重金属処理試験に関する調査

アルジャ鉱山およびラセイルウエスト鉱山の露天掘り跡の溜り水、廃滓堆積場直下のトレンチの水及び観測井から得られるモニタリング試料中に含まれる重金属イオンと塩分との関係を考慮した上での重金属対策立案の為の試験が必要となる。このために利用できる試験設備に関する調査（含費用）が必要。

(3) 汚濁地下水を処理した後、海洋投棄を検討するために必要な情報の収集。（オマーン湾の水質、水温、海流、海底地形等）

5-1-2 大気

次回調査の主な課題は、下記のとおりと考えられる。

(1) 亜硫酸ガス着地濃度測定の強化を前提とした調査

製錬所排煙の影響区域を特定するためには、現状の測定点および測定結果のみでは不十分である。従って、下記のような対策が必要と考えられ、これらを実施するための必要器材（含経費）および要員の調査が必要。

- ・測定区域の広域化

ワジ・スークおよびワジ・アル・ジジ流域の 20 (~ 25) km 地点まで、それぞれ 2 ~ 3 点の測定点を追加。

- ・製錬所近隣測定区域の設定

正門および周辺 1 ~ 2 km 以内の区域に 2 ~ 3 点の測定点を追加。

- ・1 時間値の測定追加

現状の日平均値測定に加えて、全ての測定点に於いて 1 時間値も測定。

(2) 降下ばいじんの測定に関する調査

降下ばいじんに関する測定実績はない。従って、前項 (1) の全測定点に於ける降下ばいじん量測定および成分分析の実施が望ましい。そのための必要測定器材 (含経費) および要員の調査が必要 (土壌のサンプリングおよび成分分析についても本項に準じた調査方針を適用) 。

(3) 製錬所主煙突排ガスのモニタリングの強化を前提とした調査

亜硫酸ガス着地濃度のシミュレーション実施のためにも、一定期間の連続測定データ (排ガス量、亜硫酸ガス濃度およびダスト濃度) 入手により、排煙の諸元・パターンの経時変化を把握する事が望ましい。従って、この測定のために必要な器材 (含経費) および要員の調査が必要。

(4) 増設計画の進捗状況の調査

増設完了後の主煙突放出ガスに関する諸元 (計画値) および脱硫設備関連の排水処理計画に重点を置いた情報収集が必要である。

5-2 政策的課題、懸案事項

オマーン国として、当該調査の結果を踏まえて地下水汚染及び大気汚染防止対策等の環境対策を進めていくのかについて、MCI、MRME、MWR 等関係政府機関の機関どうしのつながりが全く無いといってもおかしくない状況にあった。

また、鉱害防止対策事業資金の調達先、調達方法等については、オマーン国側の検討

事項であり、今回調査に關与する問題ではない旨の主張がなされるのみで、具体的な情報は得られなかった。

以上の事項について、予備（事前）調査団派遣までにはある程度目処がたたれていることが望まれる。

添付資料

資料1 要請書（TOR）及び追加要請

資料2 Questionnaire

資料3 面談記録

資料4 収集資料リスト

資料5 水質データ（TDS測定値）

MC:10671- 1

Unofficial Translation

MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
SULTANATE OF OMAN
1803/22245/12210/31757
October 4, 1998

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs (Economic and Technical Co-operation Department) of the Sultanate of Oman presents its compliments to the Embassy of Japan in the Sultanate of Oman and has the honour to inform that extraction treatment and refining of copper in Wadi Al Jizzi, which has started since 1983, has resulted in environmental damages in the surrounding regions, particularly water in Wadi Souq.

To know the volume of these damages, find suitable technical means to remove them, and estimate the ensuing financial cost in details, the Ministry of Commerce and Industry wishes to benefit from the expertise of the friendly government of Japan, represented by the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) by dispatching a qualified Japanese Technical team to prepare a comprehensive study dealing with all aspects of the subject. (Terms of Reference of the said project enclosed herewith).

It is requested to address the concerned authorities of Japan and inform the Ministry about the outcome.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Embassy of Japan the assurances of its highest consideration.

Khadija bint Hassan bin Salman
Counsellor

To: Embassy of Japan
Sultanate of Oman



MC:10671-2

Ref.

الرقم : ٣١٧٥٧/١٢٢١٠/٢٢٢٢٤٥/١٨٠٣

Date :

التاريخ : ١٩٩٨/١٠/٠٤

موافق : ١٩٩٨/١٠/٠٤

تهدي وزارة الخارجية (دائرة التعاون الإقتصادي والفني) أطيب
تحياتها إلى السفارة اليابانية الصديقة في مسقط.

تود الوزارة الإفادة بأن عمليات استخراج النحاس ومعالجة
وتصفية بوادي الجزري التي بدأت منذ عام ١٩٨٣م قد نجحت عنها بعض
الأضرار البيئية في المناطق المحيطة، خصوصا بالنسبة لمياه وادي سوق.

وللوقوف على حجم هذه الأضرار وإيجاد الطرق الفنية المناسبة
لإزالتها وتقدير التكلفة المادية المترتبة على ذلك بنى من الدقة،
فإن وزارة التجارة والصناعة ترفب في الاستفادة من خبرات الحكومة
اليابانية الصديقة، ممثلة في الوكالة اليابانية للتعاون الدولي
(JICA)، للقيام بإيفاد فريق فني ياباني مؤهل لإعداد دراسة متكاملة
تتناول الموضوع من جميع جوانبه. (مرفق بالطي الشروط العامة
للمشروع).

ترجو الوزارة من السفارة الصديقة مخاطبة الجهات اليابانية
المنعصة وموافاتها بالنتيجة.

تنتهز الوزارة هذه المناسبة لتعرب للسفارة الصديقة عن خال
الإحترام والتقدير.

ر/خديجة بنت حسن بن سلمان



• السفارة اليابانية في مسقط

RECEIVED - 5 OCT 1998

MC:10671-3

TERMS OF REFERENCE
FOR
A FEASIBILITY STUDY
ON
MINE POLLUTION CONTROL
IN THE SOHAR MINE AREA,
SULTANATE OF OMAN

1.0 PROJECT TITLE:

A Feasibility Study on Mine Pollution Control in the Sohar area, the Sultanate of Oman (hereinafter referred to as "the Study").

2.0 EXECUTIVE AGENCY:

The Director General of Minerals (hereinafter referred to as "DGM"), the Ministry of Commerce and Industry (hereinafter referred to as "MCI"), the Sultanate of Oman.

3.0 PROPOSED SOURCE OF ASSISTANCE:

Japan International Cooperation Agency, Japan (hereinafter referred to as "JICA").

4.0 PROJECT SITE:

A project site includes the Sohar Mine area, Wadi Suq, and Falaḥ al Qabail (10 x 30 km = 300 km²) located in the Sohar Municipality, the Sultanate of Oman, as shown in Annexure - 1.

5.0 BACKGROUND:

The Sohar Mine of Oman Mining Company LLC (hereinafter referred to as "OMCO") had operated a copper mine since 1982 at the Lasail and Bayda deposits by underground method. Consequently, the mineral dressing plant and the tailing dump area, which are located at the upper stream of the Wadi Suq in the area also started their operation and waste piling. Although the Aarja and Lasail West deposits were developed by open pit method after the Lasail and Bayda deposits were mined-out, the Sohar mine was closed in 1994 because of depletion of copper reserves.

The annual production was approximately 1,100,000 t. The production of copper ore from the deposits, including the Lasail, Bayda, Aarja and Lasail West deposits which are classified as a Cyprus type copper deposits, totalled to 15,000,000 t in the 11 years operation.

The mineral dressing plant consists mainly of the facilities of crushing, grinding, flotation-concentrates filtration, outdoor thickeners, etc. These facilities have been maintained at the plantsite after mine shutdown. Operation of the Sohar copper smelter and refinery, which were built adjacent to the dressing plant, started since 1983. The nominal capacity is 80,000 t of copper concentrate and 20,000 t of copper metal per year. Imported copper concentrate was partially used since 1992 and completely shifted after mine shutdown in 1994. The processing operation continues without any stoppage since 1983.

Before water well development in 1989, seawater was used as milling water between 1982 and 1989, and, after that, it was gradually changed to fresh water from the well. Eventually, a 5,000,000 m³ of seawater was used in the plant and disposed to the tailing dump area.

Mine pollution in the area mainly includes groundwater pollution by salty water seepage from the tailing dump area, a slope failure and land subsidence at the mined out area, water pollution of mine water at the mined out area, and air pollution by soot and dust with high SO_x concentrate from the smelter and refinery plant. In spite of pollution mitigation efforts taken by OMCO during its mining activities, the pollution in the area is seriously affected to the environment.

6.0 OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY:

The objective of the Study are to –

- (a) Prioritize the installation of an impervious dam capping membrane which incorporates seepage water collection / evaporation.
- (b) Identify contamination sources and their distribution.
- (c) Clarify contamination mechanism.
- (d) Forecast the dispersion of contamination and its impact on the environment in the future.
- (e) Carry out a feasibility study for restoration of the contaminated area; and
- (f) Propose a future monitoring system.

7.0 SCOPE OF THE STUDY:

The scope of the Study consists of –

- (a) Design an impervious capping method for the tailings dam along with a seepage water collection / containment and evaporation area which complies with the Ministry of Regional Municipalities and Environment criteria.
- (b) Liaise with the Ministry of Regional Municipalities and Environment to agree all aspects resulting from (a) above.

- (c) Collection and review of existing information and data, including laws, regulations and standards relevant to environment and mining, mining activities of the Sohar mine, the ore processing plant, the tailing dump area, the copper refining plant, current land use activities, socio-economic activities, etc.
- (d) Geological geomorphological and hydrogeological investigations in the Study area
- (e) Geotechnical investigation, including soil, wadi sediment and the plant,
 - > Soil – Hg, Cd, Cr, As, Pb, Cu, Mn, Fe, Ni, Sn, Zn, SO₄, Cl.
 - > Water including wadi and water well : Hg, Cd, Cr, As, Pb, Cu, Mn, Fe, Ni, Sn, Zn, SO₄, Na, Mg, Ca, Cl, HCO₃, temperature, EC, pH.
 - > Plant – Hg, Cd, Cr, As, Pb, Cu, Mn, Fe, Ni, Sn, Zn, SO₄, Cl.
- (f) Contamination source investigation at the tailing dump area and the copper refining plant, including sampling and chemical analyses of water and air:
 - > Soot and smoke – SO₂, Hg, Cd, Cr, As, Pb, Cu, Mn, Fe, Ni, Sn, Zn, Volume of stack gas.
 - > Tailing materials – Hg, Cd, Cr, As, Pb, Cu, Mn, Fe, Ni, Sn, Zn, SO₄, Cl.
 - > Water in the tailing dump area – Hg, Cd, Cr, As, Pb, Cu, Mn, Fe, Ni, Sn, Zn, SO₄, Na, K, Mg, Ca, Cl, HCO₃, Temperature, EC, pH.
- (g) Drilling investigation for groundwater contamination in the water course of Wadi Suq:
 - > All coring
 - > Groundwater – Hg, Cd, Cr, As, Pb, Cu, Mn, Fe, Ni, Sn, Zn, SO₄, Na, K, Mg, Ca, Cl, HCO₃, Temperature, EC, pH.
 - > Inserting strainer for water monitoring.
- (h) Geophysical investigation at the Wadi Suq:
 - > CSAMT method.
 - > Gravity survey.
- (i) Forecast of the dispersion of contamination and its impact to the environment.
- (j) Study on remedial countermeasures, including alternatives.
- (k) Construction of conceptual database for future monitoring, and
- (l) Economic and financial analyses.

Since DGM wishes to establish a pollution control system through introducing funds from international financial institutions as soon as possible, the Study should meet the requirements of international lending agencies.

8.0 EXPERTISE REQUIRED:

Geologists, Hydrogeologists, Geophysicists, Mining Engineers, Metallurgists (Mineral dressing and smelting), Civil Engineers, Environmental Engineers for all pollution and water contamination, Mechanical Engineers for plant planning and design, Economists (Including a specialist to evaluate the future damage).

9.0 STUDY TIMETABLE:

A tentative timetable for the study is presented in Annexure - 2.

10.0 EXECUTIVE ORGANISATION:

The Oman side will set up a steering committee, which monitors the Study progress, and a technical committee, which supervises technical activities required for the Study. The committees consists of -

Steering Committee : Ministry of Commerce & Industry (MCI), Ministry of Regional Municipalities & Environment (MRME), Ministry of Water Resources (MWR) and JICA.

Technical Committee : MCI, MRME, MWR and JICA.

OMAN MINING COMPANY LLC
OMCO MINING ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

SOHAR:

During a recent unofficial visit by OMCO to MRME, Muscat, it was ascertained that MRME are actively engaged in preparing a Hazardous Waste Management Environmental Legislation Policy. This would include such areas as the old Lasail and water evaporation pond disposal and, more recently, the re-treatment of the Refinery spent electrolyte evaporation ponds.

Since Hazardous Waste aspects of environmental control are not specifically featured in the Terms of Reference Feasibility Study by JICA, it is recommended that you pursue the matter directly during the course of your current Japan visit.

Further, the study may also be expanded to consider the most appropriate long term method for disposal of granulated copper slag arisings, in particular, reference to utilization of this material as feed stock for other industries e.g. slag wool, cement, and the criteria and specification of the slag most suited for their recommended applications.

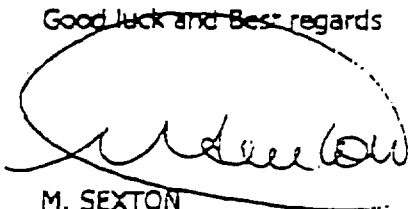
Finally, the issue of environmental remedial action for the mine waste dumps would also be worth assessment along with the open pits. In areas with regular rainfall, the standard practice is to re-introduce appropriate flora to the dumps and landscape accordingly. This would not be possible in Oman without major re-allocation of scarce water resources for forced irrigation. Disused open pits need careful environmental consideration and the Japanese approach should be ascertained. Utilization as landfill sites or water reservoirs are practices adopted elsewhere but are not considered suitable in the Oman environment.

RAKAH:

The Japanese study is limited to OMCO activities in the Sohar region. Since OMCO actively engaged in mining gold gossan in the Rakah region, it may be prudent for the Japanese study to incorporate OMCO's Rakah activities. In particular, the issue of the disposal of the accumulated cyanide tailings hazardous waste can be addressed together with the most appropriate environmental solution for any further gold gossan development e.g. Bishara.

The environmental issues associated with the Rakah Copper development remain unanswered in the recent feasibility review undertaken by MMAJ and in view of the marginal nature of this project it is important that a positive environmental position be established.

Good Luck and Best regards

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'M. Sexton', enclosed within a large, hand-drawn oval.

M. SEXTON
General Manager

PROJECT FORMULATION STUDY
ON
MINE POLLUTION CONTROL
IN
SOHAR MINE AREA
SULTANATE OF OMAN

QUESTIONNAIRE

A: Organizations related to the Project

1. The main responsible body for the Project

Org. Name: _____
Department: _____
Division: _____
Office Location: _____
Top-responsibility person: _____
Contact Person: _____

2. Co-operator and research manager of the field survey

Org. Name: _____
Department: _____
Division: _____
Office Location: _____
Top-responsibility person: _____
Contact Person: _____

3. Supporting organization to the Project

Org. Name: _____
Department: _____
Division: _____
Office Location: _____
Top-responsibility person: _____
Contact Person: _____

4. Member of the Steering Committee in Oman Side

<MCI>

Department: _____
Division: _____
Office Location: _____
Representative: _____

<MRME>

Department: _____
Division: _____
Office Location: _____
Representative: _____

<MWR>

Department: _____
Division: _____
Office Location: _____
Representative: _____

<OMCO>

Department: _____

Division: _____

Office Location: _____

Representative: _____

5. Member of the Technical Committee in Oman Side

<MCI>

Department: _____

Division: _____

Office Location: _____

Representative: _____

<MRME>

Department: _____

Division: _____

Office Location: _____

Representative: _____

<MWR>

Department: _____

Division: _____

Office Location: _____

Representative: _____

<OMCO>

Department: _____

Division: _____

Office Location: _____

Representative: _____

6. List of the organizations which the final report of the Project will be submitted

1) _____

2) _____

3) _____

4) _____

5) _____

6) _____

B: Laws, Regulations and Standars Relevant to the Project

• Environmental Standards:

--Surface(River,Lake and Sea) and Underground Water

--Drinking Water, Agricultural Water, Industrial Water etc.,

--Ambient Air

• Regulations for Waste Water, Gaseous Emission and Waste Disposal

• Environmental Control System

• Ohters relevant to Environment and Mining

C: Future extension plan and final goal of the Project

1. Main operation body of the pollution- monitoring system which will be proposed by the Project.
2. Source and type of the funds and its requirements which the Oman side need to meet to introduce.
3. The conceptual level of environmental recovery which is set as an final goal of the project.
<Water Pollution caused by the Tailings Dam>

<Air Pollution caused by the Smelter / Refinery Plant>

D: Meteorological. Environmental and Technical Data and Information on the Project Site

1. Climate

1-1 Annual Seasonal Variation

- Hot and Cold Seasons or Months
- Dry and Wet Seasons or Months

1-2 Meteorological Data

Meteorological Station: Name _____
 Location _____

1-2-1 Atmospheric Temperature

Period of Record: Years from _____ to _____

- Yearly and Monthly Max., Average and Min.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Monthly Mean of Daily Max.												
Monthly Mean of Daily Min.												
Monthly Mean of Daily Mean												

1-2-2 Atmospheric Humidity

Period of Record: Years from _____ to _____

- Yearly and Monthly Max., Average and Min.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Monthly Mean of Daily Max.												
Monthly Mean of Daily Min												
Monthly Mean of Daily Mean												

1-2-3 Precipitation

Period of Record: Years from _____ to _____

- Yearly and Monthly Max., Average and Min.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Monthly Mean of Daily Max.												
Monthly Mean of Daily Min.												
Monthly Mean of Daily Mean												

1-2-4 Wind

Period of Record: Years from _____ to _____

· Is there any steady direction? (Land Wind in the day time, Sea Wind in the night time)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<u>Daily Prevailing Direction</u> Number of Days or % N NNE NE ENE E ESE SE SSE S SSW SW WSW W WNW NW NNW.												
<u>Wind Velocity</u> Daily Max. of the Month Daily Min. of the Month Daily Means. of the Month												

2. Vegetation

Vegetation(or Land Use) Map illustrating the distribution of Broadleaf Forest, Savanna, Desert Vegetation, Agricultural Land, Town and Village etc.,

3. Population

	Present (Year _____)	Forecast Year 2000	Forecast Year 2005	Forecast Year 2010
Falaj al Qabail				
Sohar Mine Area				
Sihalt Area				
Other Area				
Total				

4. Existing Environmental Impact

Brief Categorization of Existing Environmental Impact caused by Mine and Smelter Pollution
(Water, Soil and Air Pollution)

Category	Existing Environmental Impact	Remarks
Land Use		
Socio-economic Profile (Population, Age Structure, Life Expectancy, Income, Labor Force etc.,)		
Economics		
Noise		
Aquatic Ecology (Sea and Surface Water)		
Surrounding Flora and Fauna		
Transportation		
Others		

5. Topography, Geology, Mineralog y

- Topographic Map
 - Site Location Information(Mine Site, Concentrator, Smelter, Refinery, Tailing Dump Area etc.,)
 - Access and Transportation to and fro Masqat, Available Port etc.,
 - Different Escalation including Surrounding Area(1/2500, 1/10000, 1/50000 etc.,)
- Geologic Map(Plan and Section)
- Drainage Network(Natural and Artificial)
 - Hydrology Map, Surface and Underground Water, Location of Water Basin etc.,
- Hydrogeologic Map(Plan and Section)(Tailing Dump Area and Wadi Suq)
- Remaining Ore Deposit Map and Underground Geologic Map(Mine Area)
- Mineral Assemblage(Major Ore Minerals and Gangue Minerals)
- Analytical Data or Metal Grade of Remaining Ore Deposit after mined-out(Open Pit and Underground)

6. Hydrology

6-1 Water Basin and Water Course(Surface and Wadi)

- Quantity of Water(Yearly and Monthly Max., Average and Min.) etc.,

6-2 Fluvial Water System

- Flow Rate or Volume of Water(Yearly and Monthly Max., Average and Min.) etc.,

6-3 Underground Water

- Hydrological Information

6-4 Evaporation Rate

- Yearly and Monthly Max.. Average and Min.

Area Name _____	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Monthly Mean of Daily Max.												
Monthly Mean of Daily Min												
Monthly Mean of Daily Mean												

7. Water and Soil Pollution

(Monitoring Elements)

- Surface Water -----pH, SS, EC, DO, COD, Na, Cl, Heavy Metals etc.,
- Underground Water -----pH, SS, EC, DO, COD, Na, Cl, Heavy Metals etc.,
- Soil -----Moisture, Na, Cl, Heavy Metals etc.,

(Monitoring Frequency)

- Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Yearly, Periodically, Random etc.,

(Flow Rate or Volume)

- Monthly Mean of Daily Max., Daily Min. and Daily Mean

7-1 Mined-out Area

- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Surface and Underground Water

- Flow Rate or Volume of Surface Water(and Underground Water, if available)
- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Soil
- Location Map of Monitoring Wells
- Location Map of Monitoring(Sampling)Points of Soil

7-2 Tailing Dump Area

- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Surface and Underground Water, Tailing Pond Water and Effluent of Tailing Pond
- Flow Rate or Volume of Surface Water(and Underground Water, if available)
- Estimated Volume and Analytical Data of Existing Tail and Pond Water
- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Surrounding Soil
- Location Map of Monitoring Wells
- Location Map of Monitoring(Sampling)Points of Soil

7-3 Concentrator, Smelter and Refinery Area

- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Surface and Underground Water
- Consumption and Analytical Data(Max., Min., Average) of Plant Supplied Water
- Flow Rate or Volume of Surface Water(and Underground Water, if available)
- Flow Rate, Analytical Data((Max., Min., Average) and Monitoring Frequency of Final Effluent
- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Surrounding Soil
- Location Map of Monitoring Points and Wells
- Location Map of Monitoring(Sampling)Points of Soil

7-4 Well for Living, Agricultural, Herd Breeding and Industrial Use

- Location Map of Major Existing Wells
- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Well Water

Well No. or Name	Utilization	Water Quality, Monitoring Frequency etc.,
Well _____		
Well _____		
Well _____		

7-5 Water Course of Wadi Suq

- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Surface and Underground Water
- Flow Rate or Volume of Surface Water(and Underground Water, if available)
- Analytical Data and Monitoring Frequency of Soil
- Location Map of Monitoring Wells
- Location Map of Monitoring(Sampling)Points of Soil

Monitoring Well No. or Name	Water Quality, Monitoring Frequency etc.,
M. Well _____	
M. Well _____	
M. Well _____	

7-6 Monitoring Method and Equipment

7-7 Monitoring Planning

7-8 Sampling and Analysis Methods

7-9 Availability of Existing Data Base

8. Air Pollution

8-1 Emissions from Smelter and Refinery

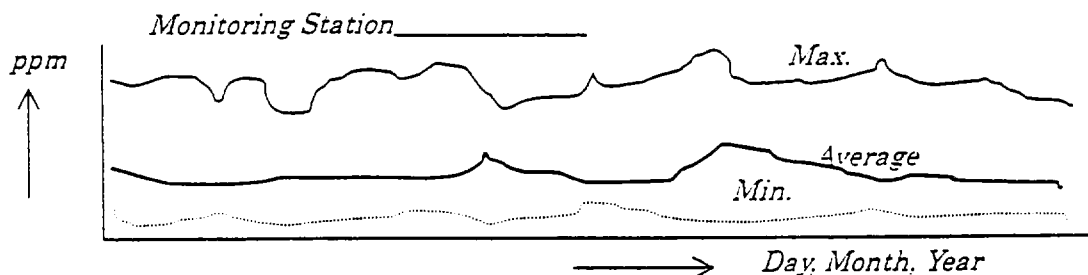
- Annual Stack Emissions
 - Volume (t/y) and Concentration (Min., Max., Average) of SO₂, Particulates or Dust, Pb and Heavy Metals
 - Velocity (m/s), Volume(Nm³/h) and Temperature of Stack Gas
- Estimated Annual Fugitive Emissions (t/y)
 - SO₂, Particulates or Dust, Pb and Heavy Metals

Period of Record: Year _____

Emissions	SO ₂			Particulates			Pb		
	Volume	Concentration		Volume	Concentration		Volume	Concentration	
		Min.	Max. Ave.		Min.	Max. Ave.		Min.	Max. Ave.
Stack		(ppm)			(μ g/Nm ³)			(μ g/Nm ³)	
Fugitive		- - -			- - -			- - -	

8-2 Atmospheric Concentration of Air Pollutants

- Location Map of Monitoring Stations
- 1-hour SO₂ Concentrations (ppm) at Monitoring Station
 - Total number of Observed Data, Period of Observation, Daily Min., Max. and Average, Monthly and Annual Min., Max. and Average



- 1-hour Concentrations (μ g/Nm³) of Particulates or Dust and Pb at Monitoring Station
 - Total number of Observed Data, Period of Observation, Daily Min., Max. and Average, Monthly and Annual Min., Max. and Average
 - Dust Constituents

8-3 Monitoring Method and Equipment

8-4 Monitoring Planning

8-5 Sampling and Analysis Method

8-6 Availability of Existing Data Base

9. Water Management (Mine, Concentrator, Smelter and Refinery Area)

9-1 Process Waste Water

- Flowchart of Process Effluent Streams (From Effluent sources to Final Disposal)
 - Daily Average Flow Rate, Water Quality etc.,
- Waste Water Treatment Facilities
 - Flowchart, Brief Description of Treatment Methods, Daily Average Flow Rate and Water Quality of Input and Output etc.,
 - Specification of Major Equipment

9-2 Site Run-off

- Map of Site Drainage System

9-3 Tailing Dump Area

- Map and Flowchart of Water Treatment or Recycling System
 - Daily Average Treatment volumes, Water Quality etc.,
 - Specification of Major Equipment

9-4 Total Water Balance

- Fresh Water, Process Water, Run-off Water and Tailing Dump Area Water, Effluent etc.,

10. Emission Gas Management (Smelter and Refinery Area)

10-1 Smelting Gases from Dryer, Smelting Furnace, Converters, Anode Furnaces etc.,

- Flowchart of Gas Collection, Gas Cleaning and Sulfur Recovery Systems (From Gas Sources to Stack or Final Emission)
 - Hourly Average Volumes, Gas Quality, Dust Concentration etc.,
 - Specification of Major Equipment
 - Methods of Dust Treatment collected in these systems

10-2 Fugitive Emissions

Fugitive emissions have a significant impact on air quality in the immediate vicinity of the site. However, the quantification of fugitive emissions is particularly difficult.

- Estimation of Contribution of different Furnace Area to Fugitive Emissions (if available)

	SO ₂		Dust		Pb	
Dryer		%		%		%
Smelting Furnace		%		%		%
Converters		%		%		%
Anode Furnaces		%		%		%
Others()		%		%		%
Total Fugitive Emissions	100	%	100	%	100	%

11. Mining and Mineral Processing

11-1 Mining Operation (Open Pit and Underground Methods) before Shutdown in 1994

- Operation Record
 - Daily, Monthly and Yearly
- Treatment of Waste Rock
- Water Consumption(Sea Water and Well Water)
- Mine Water Discharge Routes and their Treatment Methods
- Exploitation Map of Each Level

11-2 Mineral Processing before shifting to Imported Copper Concentrate in 1994

- Operation Record
 - Daily, Monthly and Yearly
- Mineral Processing Method
 - Bulk/Straight Differential Flotation etc.,
- Mineral Processing Conditions
 - pH, Grinding Size, Slurry Density,
 - Kind of Concentrates, Concentrate Grade and Recovery
 - Kind of Reagents used and their Consumptions
- Process Flowchart and Specification of Existing Major Facilities
- Water Consumption(Sea Water and Well Water) and its Recycling Rate
- Tailing and Waste Water
 - Treatment Methods and their Flowchart
 - Quantity and Quality of Tailings and Waste Water
- Existing Site Layout

12. Smelting and Refining Operation

12-1 Recent Typical Annual Operation Results (Year_____)

- Annual Operation Hour
 - Smelter _____ Refinery _____
- Annual Shut-down Period for Regular Maintenance
 - Smelter _____ Refinery _____
- Annual Material Balance(Smelter+ Refinery)
 - Sulfur Balance is especially important

	Volume	Cu		S		Pb		Remark
		Net	Distribution (%)	Net	Distribution (%)	Net	Distribution (%)	
<u>INPUTS</u>								
Concentrates								
Flux								
Reverts								
Others()								
Total (Input)			100		100		100	
<u>OUTPUTS</u>								
Cathode								
(Anode)								
Anode Slime								
Discard Slag								
Dust								
Stack/Fugitive Emissions								
Reverts								
Effluent								
Sludge(Water Treatment)								
Others()								
Total (Output)			100		100		100	

12-2 Concentrates and Raw Materials

- Sources of Concentrates, Annual Average Treatment Volumes, their Constituents etc.,

12-3 Discard Slag, Collected Dust and Sludge

- Volumes, Constituents, Environmental Protection Control of Deposit or Stock Areas etc.,

12-4 Site Layout

12-5 Process Flowchart and Specification of Major Facilities

13. Environmental Management of OMCO (The Sohar Mine of Oman Mining Company LLC)

13-1 Major Environmental Improvements so far undertaken

Items	Time (Year)	Effect	Remark
1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ _____ _____			

13-2 Company's Environment Policy

(The followings are general examples)

- Achieve compliance with all environmental laws and where appropriate, achieve limits of performance which go beyond the community's expectations ;
- Identify, monitor and manage risks from its operations ;
- Improve production processes, waste management, and use of resources as an ongoing part of operations ;
- Communicate regularly with employees about aims to improve environmental performance and about their individual responsibilities ;

13-3 Waste Management Strategy

- Recycling aiming to reduce the volumes of Waste and Effluent produced on Site
- Improvement of disposal methods etc.,

13-4 Site Management

- Environmental Services Department or Staff etc.,
- Organization Chart of Site Environmental Management and its Individual Function and Activity
- Communication with Residents

14. Others

14-1 Site Services

- Electricity, Natural Gas, Oil and Water Supply and their Annual or Monthly Consumptions

14-2 Employment

- Site Organization Chart
- Classification and Allotment of Employee

14-3 Transportation

- Raw Materials to Site (Transportation Means, Unit Volume, Monthly or Annual Frequency etc.,)
- Products and Shipping Materials from Site (Transportation Means, Unit Volume, Monthly or Annual Frequency etc.,)
- Pollution Protection Control during Transportation

オマーンプロ形対談記録

(1) 商工省鉱物局 Qassim 局長 (於: JICA 鉱調部会議室)

日時: 平成11年2月1日

対応者: JICA 資源開発調査課 永田課長、千葉課長代理、早川職員

MMA J 環境業務部 調査課 目次課長代理

面談概要

本件は、ワジ・スーク沿いに設置されている井戸の水が塩辛くて飲めない、という住民の苦情から端を発したものである。過去、対策工事を施したが、全く効果がない。また、オ国には、環境のエキスパートもおらず、日本の技術協力を要請した。

今回提示した追加要請については、MRME の圧力から生じている。日本側の予算の制約もあると思うので、全てを行う必要はない。例えば、精錬スラグを他産業に役立てるための素材とするという技術開発的調査などは、MCI の鉱業政策とは関係ない。OMCO の施設が汚染源となっている環境汚染の実態を解明し、その回復のために OMCO として採るべき対策の具体的な内容を明らかにしたい。過去の負を清算した上で、今後につながるような調査を行って欲しい。OMCO を民営化させることを考えており、その支援をお願いする。

具体的には、今回のプロジェクト形成基礎調査団と現地で協議するつもりだが、オ国に来る前に、日本側として何が出来るのか決めておいて欲しい。本プロジェクトで対象と出来ないと判断した部分については、別プロジェクトとして改めて日本政府へ要請することを検討する。

また、現在操業中のラカー金鉱山は、来年閉山の予定である。本地域はソハールと同様、鉱害が問題となると思われるので、今のうちに対策を練っておきたい。

なお、本日手交された質問票は、プロ形調査団がオ国に来るまでに回答出来るよう準備しておく。本プロジェクトのために、MCI 主導のもと、MWR、MRME そして OMCO のメンバーでコミッティーを設置する。将来の実際の鉱害防止対策工事等の財源としては、日本の資金協力を第一優先と考えている。

(2) 商工省鉱物局

日時: 平成11年2月27日 9:30~10:40

相手方: Mohammad H. Qassim Al Yafei 鉱物局長

Salim Omar Abdullah Ibrahi 鉱物局調査部長

Ryoichi Nobumoto JICA 専門家

面談概要

本調査の調査日程変更を提案する。3月6日予定の MCI 及び MRME のラボラトリー視察を明日2月28日に行い、ソハールへは3月1日に移動した方が効率的。(提案に従い、日程変更を行った。)

本プロジェクトについては、先般2月1日にJICA鉱工業開発調査部にて概要を説明したが、ワジ・スークの水質汚染問題に加えて、

製錬所からの排煙問題

精錬スラグの再利用計画

ラカー金鉱山の鉱害防止対策

についても、是非とも実行して欲しい。

(3) 在オマーン日本大使館

日時：平成11年2月27日 11:00～11:45

相手方：神長 善次（特命全権大使）

松本 敬一（一等書記官）

面談概要

本プロジェクトの件も、オ国側は実際は実態がつかめていないのではないかと思う。製錬所からの排煙は、風向きによって農作物にも影響を与える。また、廃さい堆積場からの地下水への塩水問題は、一部住民から苦情かでている。オ国政府の役人は、本件に関して危機感を持っているが、住民はまだよく知らないようだ。今後、問題がますます顕在化する可能性は大きい。現地踏査においては、地域住民に危機感をあおりすぎないように注意して欲しい。

ソハール地域は、日本で言えば京浜工業地帯の様なもので、今後大きく発展してゆくし、人口も増える。海岸沿いでは既に海からの塩の浸透による椰子林への被害が起きている。

また、オ国は銅に対する思い入れが強く、海外からの企業を誘致しようと努力している。探鉱案件と並び今回の鉱害汚染防止調査の役割は大きいし、国王は環境問題に強い関心を示しており、この点からも本プロジェクトの持つ意義は大きい。

(4) MCI Mineral Labo.

日時：平成11年2月28日

相手方：Barry Hepworth 分析部門長(Head of Analytical Service)

面談概要

チーフ1名、スタッフ4名で、原子吸光分析装置を主体に水分析を主体に実施している。3台の原子吸光分析装置の内、1台はJICAの供与機材である。コンピューターの基盤を焼損したので、入手手配し入荷待ちである。1台は老朽化しており使用していない。残る1台は独パーキネルマー社製の最新型で、現在、使用頻度が最も高い。

水分析の場合、分析能力は、成分数にもよるが、35件/日程度。現地出張サンプリングも行うが、その場合は、サンプリング費用実費が加算される。場所、資料数により別途見積もりとなる。

(5) MRME Environmental Labo.

日時：平成 1 1 年 2 月 2 8 日

相手方：Firdaus Al Harthy (分析所所長)

面談概要

本分析所は、地方自治環境省 (MRME) の管轄下であり、MRME から発注されたサンプルの分析をメインに行っている。その他 MCI 経由で OMCO のサンプルの一部の分析も行っており、OMCO の月刊報告に使用されている。

今回のプロジェクトが実施され、本分析所にサンプルの分析を依頼するのであれば、MRME を通して欲しい。ただし、総員 10 数名のマン・パワーでこれ以上の分析作業は困難である。職員の残業手当等を考えると、何らかの予算措置が受けられないのであれば、対応は困難。

(6) 商工省 鉱物局

日時：平成 1 1 年 3 月 1 日 9:00 ~ 10:40

相手方：Mike. Sexton (General Manager of OMCO)

Najeeb Al Barwani (Environmental Metallurgist)

面談概要

本件の直接のカウンターパートである OMCO と商工省 鉱物局で対談を行った。調査団から事前に送っていただいた質問票に対する回答票を受領、主として、同回答内容に関しての質疑応答を行った。要旨は以下の通り。

OMCO の環境保全に対する考え方は、データは全て公開しており、OMCO としても本鉱 害の改善方法を検討中。

OMCO は水理地質データを持っておらず、水資源省や地方自治環境省がデータを持っている。

OMCO は、現地 (ソハール) に分析所を持っており、設備は充実している。

鉱害対策としては、水質汚濁の方が煙害問題よりも優先度が高い。

製錬プラントは、始まって以来の定期修繕により休止中、ただし電解プラントは稼働中。

水質汚濁の主要因は塩害であり、重金属イオン汚染は今のところ把握されていない。

(7) 地方自治環境省

日時：平成 1 1 年 3 月 1 日 11:20 ~ 12:00

相手方：Ahmed Al Sabahi (Head of Water & Waste Pollution Control)

Paul Sharples (Chief Inspector of Water & Waste Pollution Control)

面談概要

オ国における環境政策の概要としては、1982年に環境基本法を制定し、以後何度も見直しを行っている。本プロジェクトに関しては、鉱山設立当初は煙害問題解決が最優先と考えられていたが、現在は地下水汚染問題が優先と考えられている。水質汚濁の住民への健康、農作物、家畜への影響等のデータは、本省では持っていないので、水資源省に照会して欲しい。

環境関連の法律、基準等を提供するので参考にして欲しい。

(8) Sohar Development Office

日時：平成11年3月3日 11:30 ~ 13:00

相手方：Khadeem Ali Al-Omrani (Director of Water Dept., SDO)

面談概要

ソハール地区の上水供給を管理している機関。給水状況聞き取り調査要旨は以下の通り。

- ・ Wadi Jiji 下流域に給水用井戸を8本 (+ 家畜用1本) 所有。他に MOD (Ministry of Defence) が5本、OMCO が5本設置している。
- ・ 地下水位は、-19m (~ -55m Max)。
- ・ Wadi Jiji からの揚水量は、6,000~7,000 ・ /日 (夏場、冬場は需要減少のためもっと少ない)
- ・ 淡水化プラントはない。
- ・ 供給人口は4,700世帯 (約5万人 : Sohar 人口の約半分) であるが、井戸を所有している住民が多くいる。
- ・ タンクローリーによる供給も行っている。対象は、Wadi Suq 下流の Falaj Al Qabail 及びその周辺の5,800人。同地区は井戸水が飲めないため飲料水を運んでいるが、水道を引く計画が拳がっており、近年中に工事着手する見込み。
- ・ 現在のところ、Wadi Jiji が Wadi Suq の水で汚染されている兆候はない。

(9) MWR Sohar Branch

日時：平成11年3月3日 13:20 ~ 14:00

相手方：Fahed Ali Alsadi (Section Chief of Network & Study Section, MWR S.B.)

Ahmed Moosa Al Farji (Technician of N & S.S., MWR S.B.)

面談概要

マスカットで行えなかった、地下水関係不足資料の補完収集を行った。資料提供には、MWR 本省の正式レターが必要であるため手続方ありたい、とのコメントがあった。

(1 0) OMCO

日時：平成 1 1 年 3 月 3 日 1 0 : 0 0 ~ 1 4 : 3 0

3 月 4 日 9 : 1 0 ~ 1 0 : 3 0

相手方： Mike. Sexton (General Manager of OMCO)

面談概要

OMCO は、現在製錬所の増設を計画しており、本プロジェクト対象にこの増設計画を含めて欲しい。増設計画は現在、日本のトーマングループが立案中であり、近日中にそのレポートが提出される見込みである。増設計画の骨子は、

- ・現状 20,000t/y 40,000t/y (60,000t/y への含みを折り込む)
- ・硫酸工場、除塵設備の新設
- ・ I S A 炉の設置
- ・ I S A 法電解への全面切替

である。

現状プラントの水系統は、

- ・ Smelter 内は完全な Closed Circuit でプロセス水の排水はない
- ・ Refinery の最終排水は、電解廃液 (1 ~ 2 ・ / 日) でこれは石灰中和後、Bayda 鉱山跡近くの蒸発池へ廃棄
- ・ 事務所、分析所等からの排水は、タンクローリーでソハール市処理施設へ運搬

となっている。

現状プラントからのスラグ、アノードスライムは、

- ・スラグはプラスト用として売却
- ・アノードスライムは缶に封入後売却

されている。

現状プラントの排ガス、ダスト処理については、

- ・ S O 2 及びダストのメインソースである電気炉、転炉からの排ガスはバルーン煙道経由で主煙突へおくっている
- ・ 洩れガス、スクラバー、ペレットドライヤー、精製炉、回収ダストドライヤー用に各 1 カ所、計 5 カ所に小煙突を設けている

(1 1) 在オマーン日本大使館 (現地踏査結果報告)

日時：平成 1 1 年 3 月 6 日 9 : 0 0 ~ 9 : 3 0

相手方：松本 敬一 (一等書記官)

面談概要

本プロジェクトは、環境影響の分野に偏りすぎては良くない。オ国にとっては、脱石油産業を育成することが、本来の目的である。従って、本プロジェクトも新規鉱山開発を妨げるようなことにならないようにしたい。

また、オ国の官庁は横のつながりが全くないため、本プロジェクト実施の暁には、MCI 鉱業局が中心となり、各省庁等の関係機関がその支援を行うような体制を作るべきである。

鉱業局長は、近年、その発言力が低下してきているようなので、次官に出てきてもらうことも考えなければいけない。

(1 2) 商工省鉱物局

日時：平成 1 1 年 3 月 6 日～ 9 日

相手方：Mohammad H. Qassim Al Yafei 鉱物局長

Salim Omar Abdullah Ibrahi 鉱物局調査部長

面談概要（詳細は、協議結果参照）

調査結果概要説明、今後の方針打ち合わせ。

M/M 内容討議、素案作成

M/M 署名

(1 3) 在オマーン日本大使館

日時：平成 1 1 年 3 月 9 日 1 1 : 0 0 ~ 1 1 : 4 5

相手方：神長 善次（特命全権大使）

松本 敬一（一等書記官）

面談概要

調査結果概要説明。今後の取り組み打ち合わせ。ラカー鉱山案件の扱い検討。港湾整備案件との兼ね合いについて大使館意見確認。

調査団に対する大使館便宜供与に関するお礼。帰国のための挨拶。

収集資料リスト

1 . 国勢一般

- 1.1 オマーン国概要 (平成11年1月 在オマーン日本国大使館)
- 1.2 国家行政主要組織図
- 1.3 商工省及び鉱物局組織図
- 1.4 地方自治・環境省組織図

2 . 法規等

- 2.1 PETROLEUM AND MINERALS LAW (MCI)
- 2.2 REFORM OF THE REGULATORY FRAMEWORK AND FISCAL REGIME FOR THE MINERAL SECTOR IN THE SULTANATE OF OMAN Volume2: Mining Law, Mineral Rights Regulations & Model Prospecting and Mining Contract. (DRAFT:MCI)
- 2.3 ROYAL DECREE 10/82 WITH AMENDMENTS AS PER ROYAL DECREE 63/85(MRME)
- 2.4 REGULATIONS FOR WASTEWATER RE-USE AND DISCHARGE(MRME)
- 2.5 REGULATIONS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF HAZARDOUS WASTE(MRME)
- 2.6 REGULATIONS FOR NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL IN PUBLIC ENVIRONMENT(MRME)
- 2.7 REGULATIONS FOR NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL IN WORKING ENVIRONMENT(MRME)
- 2.8 REGULATIONS FOR THE CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS(MRME)
- 2.9 REGULATIONS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES AND THE RELEVANT PERMITS(MRME)
- 2.10 REGULATIONS FOR AIR POLLUTION CONTROL FROM STATIONARY SOURCES(MRME)

3 . その他

- 3.1 JICA QUESTIONNAIRE Feb.1999 (OMAN MINING COMPANY LLC)
- 3.2 GROUND WATER POLLUTION AND REMEDIATION IN WADI SUQ
(MWR Water Protection Dept. Apl 1996)
- 3.3 SOHAR COPPER PROJECT,NORTHERN OMAN & HYDROGEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF WADI SUQ
- 3.4 MONTHLY ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT Jan.'98~Nov.'98 (OMAN MINING COMPANY LLC)

- 3.5 GEOLOGY AND MINERAL WEALTH OF THE SULTANATE OF OMAN 1995(Ministry of Petroleum and Minerals)
- 3.6 FIELD GUIDE TO THE GEOLOGY OF OMAN(Samir S Hanna)
- 3.7 OMAN'97(日本語版 情報省)

3.5 GEOLOGY AND MINERAL WEALTH OF THE SULTANATE OF OMAN

1995(Ministry of Petroleum and Minerals)

3.6 FIELD GUIDE TO THE GEOLOGY OF OMAN(Samir S Hanna)

3.7 OMAN'97(日本語版 情報省)

Weekly Assay Record of TDS (mg/l) for underground water at Sohar Mine and Wadi Suq

Date	Rainfall	PS1	Trench1	Trench2	MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4	MW11	MW12	KM14	KM14U	KM14D	J&P4/5	
1984	Sep 3	0													
	9	0	17,358		3,874	4,546	1,115	13,742			2,109				
	15	0													
	19	0	19,506		3,144	3,016	888	13,043			1,899				
	29	0	17,829		3,046	2,928	1,152	14,157			2,129				
	Oct 9	0	18,745		3,095	2,544	1,223	12,045			1,997				
	16	0													
	22	0	18,831		3,225	2,953	1,144	15,987			2,046				
	30	0	20,910		3,455	2,671	1,278	15,081			2,211				
	Nov 7	0	20,371		4,023	4,206	1,130	17,686			2,013				
	14	0	20,611		4,365	3,298	1,228	15,522			2,156				
	22	0	23,377		4,744	4,579	1,279	18,208			2,256				
	28	0	21,011		3,414	2,858	1,027	16,606			1,973				
	Dec 8	2.4	21,397		3,685	3,266	1,126	16,480			2,226				
	14	2.4													
	20	2.4	25,834		4,799	4,363	1,347	20,989			2,310				
	26	2.4	25,887		4,904	4,710	1,375	16,169			2,391				
1985	Jan 2	0	27,111		4,965	4,712	1,476	22,485			2,460				
	9	0	22,350		4,844	4,992	1,740	17,371			2,362				
	17	0	26,514		4,954	4,910	2,085	20,761			2,443				
	23	0	28,179		5,132	5,141	2,602	22,313			2,579				
	31	0	28,155		5,212	5,274	3,561	16,086			2,474				
	Feb 7	0	26,838		4,877	4,627	3,385	20,763			2,400				
	14	0	27,590		4,564	4,554	3,324	19,800							
	20	0	27,000		4,863	4,864	3,412	21,100			2,120				
	27	0	22,289		4,789	4,405	3,184	18,716			2,172				
	Mar 6	3	24,012		4,580	4,598	3,416	17,522							
	14	3	22,848		4,272	4,161	3,135	17,773							
	20	3	23,450		4,378	4,124	3,006	17,980			2,141				
	27	3	28,200		4,938	5,268	3,914	25,358			2,500				
	Apr 4	0	26,266		4,626	4,438	3,304	20,910			2,186				
	10	0	25,557		4,778	4,581	3,345	21,177			2,145				
	17	0	25,736		4,494	4,333	3,175	21,106			2,162				
	25	0	27,260		4,754	4,603	3,420	22,056			2,216				
	May 2	1.4	26,900		4,444	4,080	3,295	21,818			2,241				
	9	1.4	26,934		4,529	4,327	3,344	21,125			2,228				
	15	1.4	28,057		5,622	4,563	3,677	22,832			2,157				
	22	1.4	30,675		3,512	4,607	3,573	24,725			2,229				
	29	1.4	29,323		6,289	4,475	3,290	23,836			2,193				
	Jun 10	0	32,164		5,174	4,713	3,540	25,843			2,167				
	15	0	30,834		4,996	4,371	3,455	17,342			2,144				
	24	0	29,873		5,062	4,510	3,757	18,087			2,345				
	29	0	31,374		5,738	4,864	3,363	24,356			2,388				
	Jul 6	0	33,286		5,179	4,751	3,721	26,632			2,339				
	15	0	35,091		8,576	5,220	4,007	27,890			2,284				
	21														
	28	0	36,939		5,815	5,389	3,814	27,203			2,411				
	Aug 8	0	31,890		6,156	4,936	3,456	23,234			2,792				
	14	0	33,725		5,246	4,809	3,408	23,838			2,404				
	22	0	32,297		5,308	4,586	3,376	21,063			2,282				
	29														
	Sep 5														
	12	0	40,315		5,679	4,870	3,585	28,305			2,331				
	17	0	32,796		5,210	4,768	3,534	23,166			2,330				
	22	0	37,274		5,619	5,028	3,553	27,687			2,627				
	Oct 5	0	42,143		5,622	5,101	3,790	26,020			2,380				
13	0	41,828		6,168	5,033	3,748	29,144			2,386					
18															
23	0	38,511		5,733	5,026	3,364	26,237			2,648					
30	0	44,067		6,139	5,224	3,799	29,972								
Nov 9	0	40,258		5,892	4,915	3,845	34,062			2,338					
17	0	39,815		5,761	4,859	3,400	26,529			2,344					
23	0	41,891		6,335	4,947	3,830	31,446			2,383					
27	0	56,501		6,766	6,004	3,959	37,664			2,376					
Dec 3	15	39,018		6,440	5,447	3,861	33,422			3,000					
12	15	50,212		7,015	5,107	3,734	36,369			2,263					
17	15	42,111		7,077	5,034	3,502	34,312			2,378					
28	15	44,190		6,991	5,029	3,475	36,012			2,335					
1986	Jan 3	21.5	41,939		7,325	5,232	3,411	35,076			2,517				
	7	21.5	40,341		8,907	5,635	3,503	36,204			2,269				
	23	21.5	52,045		9,557	5,959	3,704	40,881			2,095				
	29	21.5	45,246		9,331	5,969	3,352	41,363			2,094				
	Feb 8	8.2	46,796		9,477	7,364	3,914	42,030			2,064				
	15	8.2	44,958		11,231	6,620	3,804	41,111			2,490				
	22	8.2	48,106		12,701	7,850	4,244	42,211			2,095				
	29	8.2													
	Mar 6	14.2	47,244		14,668	8,487	4,472	42,053			2,404				
	14	14.2													
	23	14.2	40,909		12,200	7,344	4,123	34,634			2,737				
	30	14.2	46,751		15,581	9,151	4,648	44,750			2,135				
	Apr 10	1.4	44,234		14,026	9,191	4,592	41,261			1,938				
	14	1.4													
	21	1.4	49,284		16,904	9,443	4,765	46,067			1,919				
	28	1.4	47,361		15,265	9,635	4,361	44,101			1,854				

Weekly Assay Record of TDS (mg/l) for underground water at Sohar Mine and Wadi Suq

Date	Rainfall	PS1	Trench1	Trench2	MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4	MW11	MW12	KM14	KM14U	KM14D	J&P4/5	
1997	Nov 5	509	751					32.319	1.214	20.784	11.538	11.608			
	12	509	719					32.917	23.923	19.811	16.546	10.986			
	19	50.9	731					32.008	27.330	20.012	11.378	11.255			
	29	50.9	833					32.413	18.027	20.591	11.312	11.299			
	Dec 3	0	856					32.278	19.463	20.028	11.116	11.665			
	10	0	749					33.979	30.087	20.259	11.334	11.129			
	17	0	799					32.655	12.200	19.703	11.316	10.981			
	24	0	778					32.473	31.486	20.418	12.125	11.104			
	31	0													
	1998	Jan 7	37.2	815	31.782	38.231	39.749	41.852	33.928	22.392	20.922	12.686	11.420		
14		37.2	776	35.672	35.584	40.493	41.761	35.720	32.244	21.332	13.748	12.293			
21		37.2	764	37.875	32.463	38.926	42.272	35.929	40.514	21.802	15.026	11.865			
29		37.2	647	34.190	29.467	35.859	39.852	32.092	13.194	19.926	15.207	11.140			
Feb 4		47.3	785	21.682	12.794	38.781	41.072	32.847	12.185	19.975	15.583	11.235			
11		47.3	793	26.036	22.099	37.153	41.672	33.734	16.131	19.246	15.102	11.811			
18		47.3	780	33.294	26.852	38.751	40.780	32.907	26.723	19.230	18.438	11.692			
25		47.3	739	22.014	16.060	36.733	39.996	32.308	4.290	19.624	5.755	11.141			
Mar 4		0	705	25.540	21.502	37.563	42.190	32.819	10.220	20.761	6.252	11.048			
11		0	799	29.963	25.729	37.486	41.074	32.246	14.231	20.080	5.463	11.452			
18		0	764	29.403	25.670	40.867	42.962	33.757	12.903	20.203	5.246	11.277			
25		0	802	32.467	27.661	38.801	41.650	32.897	29.640	19.764	5.531	11.175			
Apr 1		33	770	31.363	29.850	39.508	42.572	32.764	25.485	19.767	5.068	11.266			
8		33													
15		33	763	31.824	30.215	38.013	42.369	34.053	29.266	20.272	5.366	11.747			
22		33	701	33.283	29.789	38.209	41.430	34.011	32.939	20.410	5.354	11.752			
29		33	692	17.858	16.733	38.364	42.589	34.327	9.474	20.514	3.883	11.869			
May 6		0		29.540	25.975	38.633	41.830	33.778	14.983			11.873			
13		0													
20		0	757	33.010	28.844	38.716	42.511	34.636	25.656	19.833	3.804	11.859			
28		0	769	32.872	30.037	38.632	40.966	34.208	31.141	18.433	3.612	11.753			
Jun 3		0		32.604	30.571	39.662	40.632	34.861	32.082			11.416			
10		0	777	31.802	28.676	38.518	40.284	39.856	35.864	19.781	3.701	11.503			
17		0	703	32.758	29.495	37.943	40.228	34.885	33.016	18.562	3.501	11.200			
26		0	1,111	30.318	27.625	36.509	40.086	34.567	35.884	18.348	3.559	11.136			
Jul 1		0	629	29.603	27.276	35.900	39.714	33.714	36.003	17.071	3.392	11.047			
8		0	763	31.269	27.647	35.959	39.232	33.246	35.249	17.948	3.589	11.423			
15		0	727	30.927	28.436	36.799	40.948	34.377	36.393	18.041	3.629	11.776			
22		0	728	30.955	28.145	36.576	40.481	34.965	35.920	17.559	3.621	11.156			
29		0													
Aug 5		0	678	31.698	30.014	38.223	41.411	35.245	37.499	18.053	4.109	12.010			
12		0	624	29.729	29.553	38.702	41.302	35.543	38.459	17.333	4.127	12.405			
19		0	705	31.283	27.942	37.151	39.725	34.592	37.297	17.531	15.630	11.746			
26		0	702	31.841	29.598	38.046	41.564	36.157	37.876	18.192	5.632	12.280			
Sep 2		0	629	30.908	28.791	36.676	40.377	34.857	37.847	17.682	6.038	11.730			
9		0	731	32.339	29.911	37.107	42.020	35.979	38.144	18.228	5.736	12.068			
16		0	698	30.755	28.404	35.961	39.884	34.201	38.219	18.288	5.805	11.866			
23	0	677	30.271	28.255	37.030	40.312	35.848	38.278	16.701	13.141	11.408				
30	0														
Oct 7	0	704	31.109	28.204	36.110	40.717	37.012	38.842	16.704	16.386	12.131				
14	0	730	30.360	27.926	36.837	41.379	37.773	39.153	17.779	17.177	11.755				
21	0	722	31.377	30.172	38.742	40.620	36.373	38.747	16.626	16.570	12.091				
29	0	726	32.107	30.806	38.013	40.613	37.320	40.061	17.633	16.973	11.898				
Nov 2	0	722	30.009	29.793	36.901	41.340	36.956	40.764	17.661	16.804	11.977				
11	0	789	29.817	29.421	36.211	39.341	36.127	40.779	17.642	16.918	11.856				
18	0	751	29.733	29.221	36.201	39.377	35.291	40.553	17.539	16.829	11.901				
25	0	787	35.982	32.707	37.298	40.432	35.400	41.029	17.294	17.475	12.511				
Dec 2	5	738	34.503	30.048	37.117	42.348	35.398	41.690	17.956	17.716	12.380				
12	5	852	35.721	30.744	36.957	41.560	37.066	41.395	16.951	17.069	12.165				
17	5	848	32.432	29.758	37.718	42.364	36.553	40.479	17.148	17.620	11.827				
23	5	870	31.741	32.391	37.422	40.181	36.606	40.355	17.456	17.073	11.984				
30	5														

4.392

TDS,EC,Na&Cl Analytical Data of Ynderground Water at Sohar Area

Location	Sampling Date	pH	TDS(mg/l)	EC(μ S/cm)	EC/TDS	Na(mg/l)	Cl(mg/l)
Trench 1	30/01/1999		32772	45000	1.3731	6064	
	02/12/1998		34503	48000	1.3912	5834	
	12/12/1998		35721	50000	1.3997	6470	
	17/12/1998		32432	46000	1.4184	5314	
	23/12/1998		31741	46000	1.4492	4878	
Trench 2	30/01/1999		29589	42000	1.4194	5328	
	02/12/1998		30048	44000	1.4643	4956	
	12/12/1998		30744	44000	1.4312	4976	
	17/12/1998		29758	42000	1.4114	4894	
	23/12/1998		32391	48000	1.4819	5284	
PS 1	30/01/1999		792			188	105
MW 1	30/01/1999		37049			7876	
MW 2	30/01/1999		39681			8266	
MW 3	30/01/1999		34836			6474	
MW 4	30/01/1999		38679	55000	1.4220	8272	
MW 5	30/01/1999		3717	5500	1.4797	810	
MW 6	30/01/1999		3572	5100	1.4278	1066	
MW 7	30/01/1999		723	1000	1.3831	196	
MW8	30/01/1999		13734	20000	1.4562	2915	
MW9	30/01/1999		9242	14000	1.5148	1459	
MW 11	30/01/1999		16712	24000	1.4361	2644	
MW 12	30/01/1999		17971	25000	1.3911	2364	
MW 13	30/01/1999		11771			2564	
MW 14	30/01/1999		4308			545	
WS 1	02/02/1999		3327	4800	1.4427	581	1200
WS 2	02/02/1999		399	580	1.4536	61	97
WS 3	02/02/1999		4498	6400	1.4229	1066	1980
WS 4	02/02/1999		5910	8600	1.4552	910	4220
WS 5	02/02/1999		2181	3100	1.4214	565	444
WS 6	02/02/1999		854	1200	1.4052	223	201
WS 7	02/02/1999		2760	4000	1.4493	724	1090
WS 8	02/02/1999		2748	3800	1.3828	644	602
WS 9	02/02/1999		10477	15000	1.4317	1782	6200
WS 11	02/02/1999		900	1400	1.5556	212	188
WS 12	02/02/1999		2703	3700	1.3688	973	695
TS-6	30/07/1983	8.18		1506	#DIV/0!	360	182.2
	11/06/1986	8.40		3171	#DIV/0!	630	711
J&P 4/2	16/07/1987	7.71	1982	3171	1.5999	706	556
	01/12/1987	7.95	2390	3570	1.4937	719	556
J&P 4/5	23/04/1984	7.91	2958	4630	1.5652	1020	770
	31/07/1984	7.46	3044	4305	1.4143	1030	748
	11/06/1986	7.50		4095	#DIV/0!		647
	16/07/1987	7.43	2575	4221	1.6392	990	800
	01/12/1987	7.41	3100	4778	1.5413	1007	826
	30/07/1988	7.71	2220	3465	1.5608	687	533
	11/11/1989	7.15	2690	4200	1.5613	340	712
	04/09/1993	8.48		4520		947	723
	08/06/1995	8.30		4720		921	798
	02/02/1999		4392	6200	1.4117	1355	1600
Falai	02/02/1999		591	820	1.3875	104	132
HS-10A	30/09/1985	8.12	344	546	1.5872	65	70.7
	11/06/1986	7.50		504		50	65
	16/07/1987	6.77	340	525	1.5441	58	75
HS-10B	01/10/1985	7.46	328	525	1.6006	50	67.5
	16/07/1987	8.27	382	588	1.5393	55	78
HS-10C	02/10/1985	8.74	372	577	1.5511	54	73.7
	16/07/1987	7.33	323	514	1.5913	49	72
HS-11	16/07/1987	7.80	734	1165	1.5872	177	184
	30/07/1988	7.92	690	1102	1.5971	152	187
	11/11/1989	7.15	2690	4200	1.5613	840	712
	04/09/1993	8.30		1390		188	225
	13/06/1994	8.27		1360		168	213
HS-13	10/02/1986	8.55	1740	2810	1.6149	490	500
	04/05/1986	8.40	1890	3120	1.6508	690	550
(d=11m)	11/06/1986	9.00		3412		657	546
(d=8.6m)	11/06/1986	8.20		3174		730	600
	01/12/1987	7.83	3880	6090	1.5696	1272	991
	30/07/1988	7.90	3300	5460	1.6545	1137	914
	22/01/1989	7.79	3400	5271	1.5503	1049	890
	11/11/1989	7.63	3800	5922	1.5584	1250	966
	09/08/1992	8.42		4420		905	604
	05/12/1992	7.83		4070		835	614
	30/03/1993	8.51		4250		888	639
	04/09/1993	9.26		4280		888	657
	08/06/1994	8.72		4410		951	841
Lasail Well No.1	13/12/1998		674		0		215
Lasail Well No.1B	13/12/1998		812		0		338
Lasail Well No.2	13/12/1998		678		0		170
Lasail Well No.3	13/12/1998		476		0		155
Lasail Well No.3A	13/12/1998		598		0		123
Lasail Well No.3B	13/12/1998		491		0		103
Lasail Well No.3C	13/12/1998		378		0		93
Bayda Well No.1	13/12/1998		2226		0		205
Bayda Well No.1A	13/12/1998		2394		0		230
Bayda Well No.2	13/12/1998		2485		0		215
Aaria Well A4	13/12/1998		2139		0		288

