BASIC DESIGN STUDY
ON
THE PROJECT
FOR
THE SUPPLY OF EQUIPMENT
FOR
COLLEGE OF MEDICINE,
AL-QUDS UNIVERSITY
IN
THE PALESTINIAN INTERIM
SELF-GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY

MARCH 1999



JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY
SYSTEM SCIENCE CONSULTANTS INC.

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PREFACE

In response to a request from the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority, the Government of Japan decided to conduct a basic design study on the Project for the Supply of Equipment for College of Medicine, Al-Quds University in the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority and entrusted the study to the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA).

JICA sent to the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority a study team from September 3 to October 12, 1998.

The team held discussions with the officials concerned of the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority, and conducted a field study at the study area. After the team returned to Japan, further studies were made. Then, a mission was sent to the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority in order to discuss a draft basic design, and as this result, the present report was finalized.

I hope that this report will contribute to the promotion of the project and to the enhancement of friendly relations between our two countries.

I wish to express my sincere appreciation to the officials concerned of the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority for their close cooperation extended to the teams.

March, 1999

Kimio Fujita

President

Japan International Cooperation Agency



LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

We are pleased to submit to you the basic design study report on the Project for the Supply of Equipment for College of Medicine, Al-Quds University in the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority.

This study was conducted by System Science consultants Inc., under a contract to JICA, during the period from August 24, 1998 to March 31, 1999. In conducting the study, we have examined the feasibility and rationale of the project with due consideration to the present situation of the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority and formulated the most appropriate basic design for the project under Japan's grant aid scheme.

Finally, we hope that this report will contribute to further promotion of the project.

Very truly yours,

Hiroshi Abo

Project manager,

Basic design study team on

Hr do

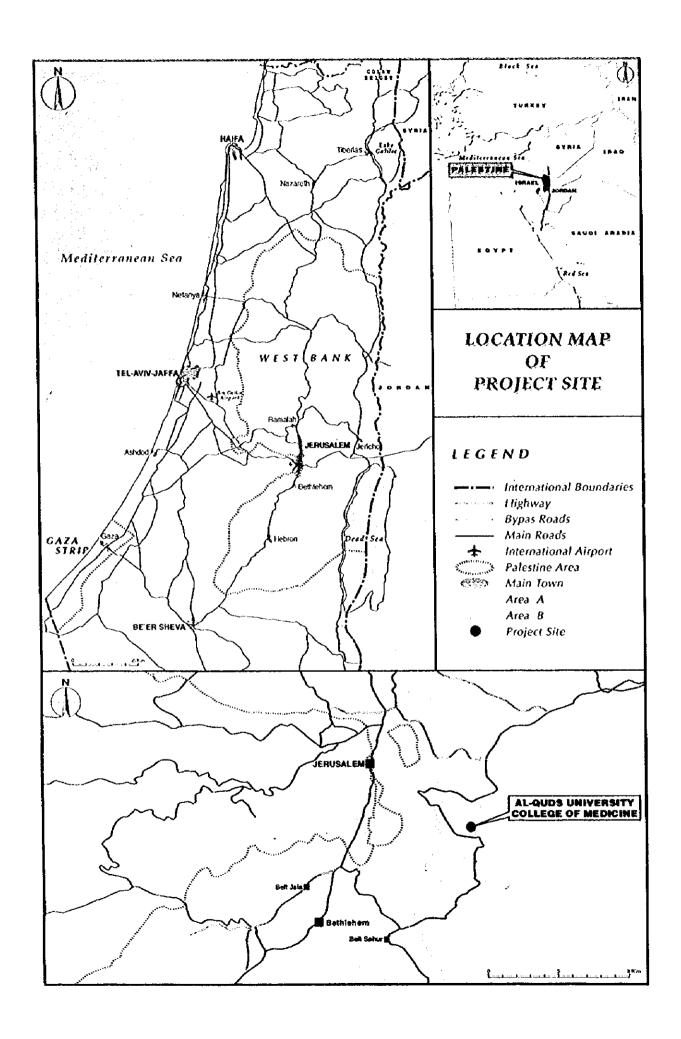
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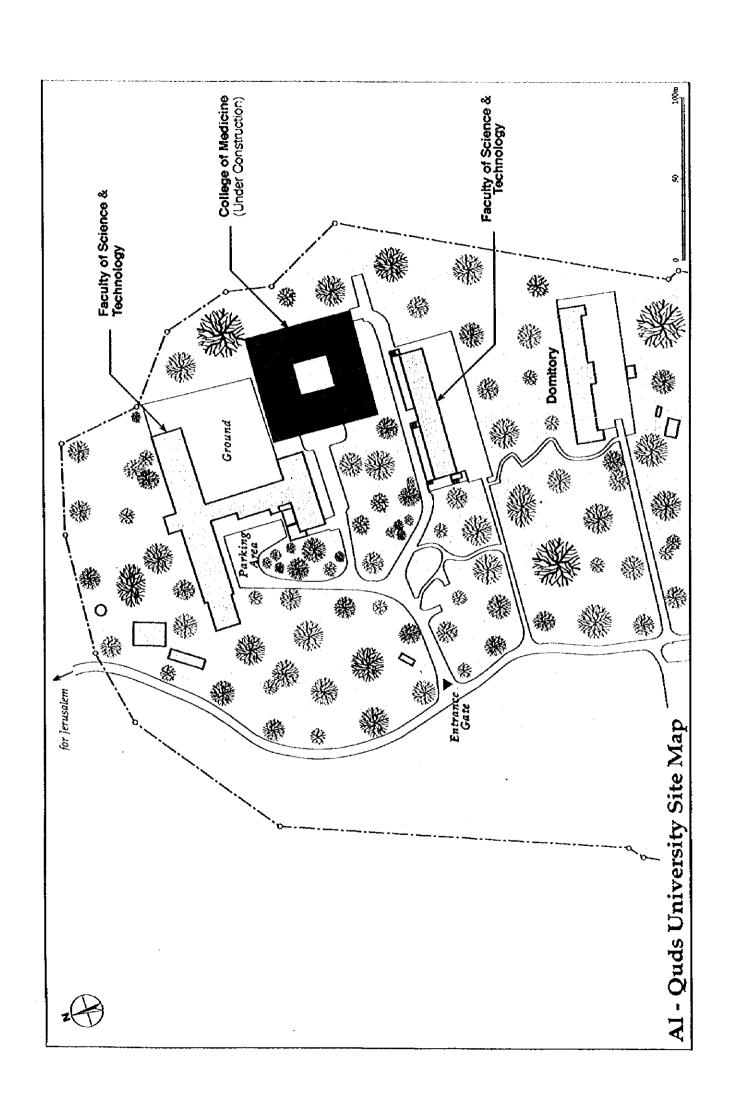
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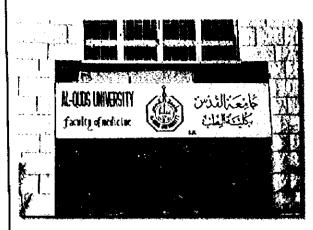
Authority

System Science Consultants Inc.





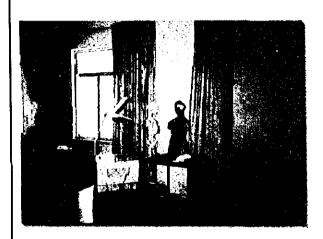
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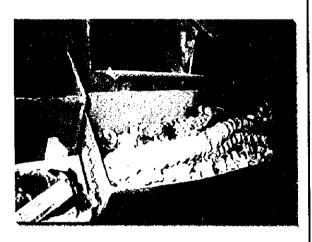
■ Enterance of Existing Building



■ Technical Meeting with Committee



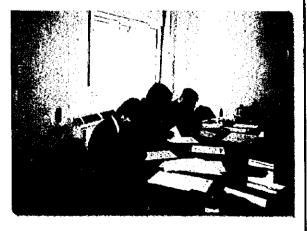
■ Existing Classroom



■ Existing Anatomy Samples



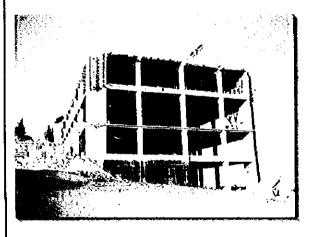
Signing of Minutes (Basic Design Study)



Signing of Minutes (Oraft Basic Design)



■ Under Construction of New College of Medicine Building (December, 1998)



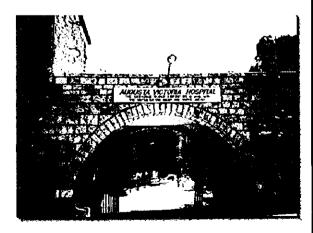
■ Side Section of New Building



Access Road to New Building



■ Training Hospital (Makasaad)



■ Training Hospital (Victoria)

Abbreviation

B/A Banking Arrangement

E/N Exchange of Notes

GDP Gross Domestic Product

JICA Japan International Cooperation Agency

MOPIC Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation

NIS New Israel Shekel
OJT On the Job Training

PA Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority

PHC Primary Health Care

PLO Palestine Liberation Organization

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

UNRWA United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the

Near East

UPS Uninterruptible Power Supply

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Chapter 1 Background of the Project

Chapter 1 Background of Project

1-1 Summary of the Background

The Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority (hereinafter referred to as "PA") is located on the east coast of the Mediterranean Sea. It is a narrow strip of land surrounded by Lebanon, Syria, Jordan, Egypt, and the Sinai Peninsula and the region is separated into the Gaza Strip bordering the Mediterranean Sea and the West Bank of the Jordan River.

The Project site is located in the Jerusalem area in the West Bank of the Jordan River. Blessed with a Mediterranean climate with a comparatively long, dry summer season and a short rainy winter season, it located about 900m above sea level. Due to an annual rainfall volume of less than 600mm, the air is dry even in the summer which contributes to a relatively pleasant climate.

According to 1996 estimates, the total population was 22.7 million people, with 9.53 million people residing in the Gaza Strip and 13.17 million living in the West Bank. The annual population growth rate was 3.7 percent. The youth population of under 15 years comprised 48 percent of the entire population and only 5.2 percent of the population was over the age of 60 years.

As a result of the Third Middle East War (June War) in 1967, the Israeli occupied Palestinian Territories. However, in September 1993, the "Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangement" was agreed on between the Israeli government and the PLO (Palestine Liberation Organization). Consequently, the "the Agreement on the Gaza Strip and Jericho Area" were signed in May 1994, the Gaza Strip and Jericho area began its interim self-government, and the autonomous rule in the five areas of direct taxes, culture, social welfare, tourism, and education was begun in the West Bank in August of that same year.

In September 1995, the government entered its second stage of interim self-government and its jurisdiction was expanded to include the West Bank. "The Oslo II Interim Accord" was established which sanctioned to implement "Palestinian Legislative Council" elections. The Palestinian Legislative Council

elections were held in January 1996 and PLO Chairman Arafat was elected as the first president of the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority.

Due to its situation under Israeli occupation, the PA faces various problems such as regional disparities, unequal technical levels, limited health care services, a shortage of physicians and health care personnel, etc. and it has been unable to reach the level of health care achieved by its neighboring countries. In particular, the PA has only 8.1 physicians per 10,000 people (1996), a comparatively low figure in contrast to 24.4 physicians and 13.0 physicians per 10,000 people in neighboring Israel and Jordan, respectively, and there is a need to foster physicians. In addition, the infant mortality rate is 40 to 45 deaths per 1,000 births which is an extremely high value in contrast to the WHO standard for developing countries of 20 deaths per 1,000 births. Improvements in this area are needed.

A comparison of the health statistics of the PA, Israel, and other countries is shown in the table below.

Table 1 Health Indicators

	West Bank	Gaza Strip	All Palestine	Israel	Jordan	Japan
Population (million)	131.7	95.3	227	510	430	12,450
Total Number of Physician	906	930	1,836	12,400	5,580	204,000
(per 10,000 population) Physician in the Ministry of	6.9	9.8	8.1	24.4	13	16.4
Health	475	627	1,102			
(per 10,000 population)	3.6	6.6	4.9			
Life Expectancy (Year)	65	65	65	76	68	79
Infant Mortality Rate (per thousand)	40~45	45	40~45	9	25	4
Population Growth Rate	3.70%	3.30%	3,70%	2.30%	3.20%	0.50%

Source: The Status of Health in Palestine Annual Report 1996, Ministry of Health World Development Report 1993, UNDP

In view of these circumstances, the Ministry of Health has created the "National Health Plan for the Palestinian People" which focused on strengthening Primary Health Care (PHC) and establishing a health care system. In particular, an important policy of increasing the number of PHC level physicians of health care facilities from 910 in 1992 to 1,229 by 2002 was implemented, in order to raise the level of regional health care which has tended to trail behind urban areas.

In addition, there is a need to raise the number of physicians to the standards of neighboring countries (especially in the rural areas) in order to improve the overall health care environment in the PA. Therefore, fostering physicians is an urgent issue.

Despite the urgency of this issue which is vital to improving health conditions in the PA, the fostering of physicians has had to rely on medical studies undertaken abroad due to the lack of a medicinal university within the country. However, the departure of Palestinians abroad has been under the strict jurisdiction of Israel and due to other reasons such as the inordinately high educational costs required for medical students studying abroad, efforts to establish a system of fostering physicians by creating its own medicinal university within the PA has become a priority issue.

The College of Medicine, Al-Quds University (hereinafter referred to as the "College of Medicine") created the country's sole seven-year program aimed at fostering physicians in 1994 based on earnest national aspirations to establish its own university of medicine in the PA. The program consists of an educational curriculum of language, basic science, etc., for the first and second years, a basic medical education curriculum for the third and fourth year, and basic clinical medicine from the fifth to seventh years. In principle, the undergraduate course is comprised of the first four years and an educational and training curriculum at a training hospital is carried out in the fifth to seventh years.

Al-Quds University which was established on the West Bank in the PA (Abu-Dies near Jerusalem) in 1984 aims to become the future center of higher education of the PA and presently, there are a total seven faculties – the College of Medicine, Faculty of Science and Technology, Faculty of Da'wa and the Principles of Religion, Faculty of Arts, Faculty of Law, Faculty of Health Professions and Faculty of Qur'an and Islamic Studies.

Presently, the College of Medicine is currently using the rooms in the Faculty of Science and Technology building and a separate building for the College of Medicine is under construction with the financial assistance of the Islamic Development Bank which is scheduled to be completed in January 2000. Due to the lack of basic science equipment and specialized equipment from the third year medical curriculum, it has been impossible to conduct practical and training activities.

Due to these circumstances, the PA formulated an educational equipment plan in order to enable practical medical education needed to foster physicians to be conducted at the College of Medicine and requested the Government of Japan for Grant Aid assistance to implement this plan.

1-2 Summary of the Request

The content of the equipment requested by PA for this Project is shown below.

(1) Project site:

College of Medicine, Al-Quds University, Abu-Dies (in the suburb of Jerusalem)

(2) Equipment Requested

The Equipment which was requested for this Project is comprised of laboratory and training equipment as shown below (general science equipment, basic science educational equipment, basic medical educational equipment, analysis and measuring equipment for medical education), audiovisual equipment, computer, transportation facilities, furniture, and books.

Table 2 Contents of Requested Equipment

Item	Name of Equipment					
Equipment and Tools						
General Science Equipment	Autoclave, Distillator, Centrifuge, Refrigerator, Fume-Hood					
Basic Science Educational Equipment	Devices for Chemistry Equipment (Titration, Chemical Analysis), Devices for physics Equipment (Dynamics, Optics, Electronic, Magnetic Field),					
Basic Medical Educational Equipment	CRT Training Manikins, Dissection Training Instrument, Microscope, Electrocardiograph					
Analysis & Measuring Equipment	Chemical Analyzer, High Performance Physiograph					
Audio-Visual	Television set, Video Cassette Recorder, OHP, Personnel Computer					
Transportation Facilities	4-Wheel Drive Pick Up, Mini-Bus					
Furniture & Books	Shelving, Desk, Textbook, Reference Book					
Total Item Number	1,009					

Chapter 2 Contents of the Project

Chapter 2 Contents of the Project

2-1 Objectives of the Project

The PA faces a host of issues in the health care sector such as regional differences and unequal technical levels, limited health care services, a shortage of physicians and health care personnel, and others, due to its political circumstances as an occupied territory of Israel. Consequently, health care standards have not reached those of its neighboring countries. In particular, the per capita ratio of physicians in the PA is 8.1 physicians per 10,000 people (1996). It is low in comparison to the ratio of physicians in Israel which is 24.4 physicians and 13.0 physicians in neighboring Jordan; and there is a demand to foster physicians.

As a result, priority was placed on creating a system of fostering physicians within the PA itself and a medical university was established within the country due to such reasons as the hitherto nonexistence of a medical university in the PA, the dependence on overseas medical studies, strictly enforced immigration controls by Israeli authorities on entering and departing Palestinians, the inordinately high cost of fostering physicians abroad.

The College of Medicine, Al-Quds University was established in 1994 as the PA's sole college of medicine in answer to the earnest demands of the Palestinian people. Presently, the College of Medicine is located in buildings of Faculty of Science and Technology and the College of Medicine's own building is currently under construction with the assistance of the Islamic Development Bank. Nearly all basic medical educational equipment that is needed for specialty courses after the third year, in addition to basic science equipment for the first and second year levels is nonexistent which has made experiment and practical training activities impossible.

This Project will provide the educational equipment that is in deficient in accordance with the needs of the curriculum, the number of students, the number of lecturers, etc. at the College of Medicine. The objectives are to directly establish a system of medical education at this institution by strengthening and improving the quality of medical education.

In addition, the super goal is to contribute to improving the health care system in the PA by enabling a steady cultivation of much needed physicians.

2-2 Basic Concept of the Project

2-2-1 Basic Concept of the Project

This Project will provide medical educational equipment for the new building currently under construction for the College of Medicine, in order to enable practical medical education that is needed to foster physicians.

The National Health Plan for the Palestinian People was created in 1994 to improve the health conditions in the PA and strengthening PHC was targeted through the creation of a health care system. In particular, an important policy was enacted to increase the number of physicians in health care facilities at the PHC level in order to develop regional health care which is lagging in comparison to urban areas.

The College of Medicine is a seven year university which is the sole institution in the PA that aims to foster physicians. The first and second years of its educational curriculum are dedicated to the study of languages, basic science, etc., the third and fourth years provide a curriculum in basic medical education, and the fifth to seventh years completes the seven year course with a curriculum in basic clinical medicine. Basically, the first to fourth years are instructed in the University and the fifth to seventh years provide education and practical training at a hospital.

However, as mentioned earlier, despite the existence of excellent lecturers and students, educational equipment is nearly nonexistent. As a result, practical medical education within the College of Medicine in the areas of experiments and practical training can not be implemented and the institution is forced to rely on mainly classroom lectures and this has also negatively affected the practical training courses at the hospital.

Therefore, the most important objective of this Project is to provide basic science and basic medical educational equipment that is essential to implementing practical medical education at the College of Medicine, in order that it may foster physicians that are greatly needed to improve health care conditions in the PA. In view of the lack of an exigency for research equipment that is not directly related to the education of physicians, such equipment has been excluded from this Project.

2-2-2 Content of the Equipment Requested

(1) List of Requested Equipment

In accordance with the list of equipment submitted with the request for cooperation from the PA in January 1998, deliberations were held on the content of the equipment requested with the College of Medicine and the Committee organized by relevant University personnel during the Basic Design Study and a confirmation of the final proposed equipment list was made. The major items of equipment that have been included in the final list are shown in Table 3.

A total of 631 items of laboratory and training equipment have been included in the final list which is comprised of basic science equipment (physics, chemistry, biology), medical educational equipment (pharmacology, anatomy, physiology, pathology, microbiology, immunology, forensic medicine, biochemistry, molecular biology, etc.), and audio-visual equipment.

Table 3 Major Equipment Requested

Item	Name of Equipment							
Audio-Visual	Television Set, Over-Head Projector, Video Cassette Recorder, Personnel Computer, Laser Printer, Camera with Zoom Lenses, Maintenance Workshop 4 Wheel Drive Pick-Up, Mini-Bus							
Transportation Facilities								
Equipment and Tools								
Pharmacology	Double Beam Spec., Water Bath, Centrifuge, Bunsen Burner, Flame Photometer, Drug Level Analyzer							
Anatomy/Pathology	Autoclave, Top Load Balance, Microscope, pH Meter, Staining Set, Incubator, Fume-Hood, Centrifuge							
Physiology	Incubation Set, Analytical Balance, Centrifuge, Refrigerator, Glassware Washer, Blood Gas Analyzer, Electrocardiograph, Urinometer Deep Freezer, Autoclave, Lyophelizer, Incubator, Water Bath, Refrigerator, Staining Set, ELIZA Reader, Fume-Hood, Microscope, Electrophoresis Deep Freezer, Autoclave, Double Beam Spec., Analytical Balance, Centrifuge, Flame Photometer Autoclave, Double Beam Spec., Analytical Balance, Centrifuge, Glassware Washer, Pipette, pH Meter							
Microbiology/Immunology /Haematology								
Forensic Medicine								
Biochemistry								
Molecular Biology	Analytical Balance, Sonicator, Water Bath, Tissue Centrifuge, Microscope, Electrophoresis							
Basic Science	Analytical Balance, Optical Pumping, Sonicator, Kjeldahl apparatus, pH Meter Distillator, Ice Maker, Ultra Centrifuge Slide set for microbiology, Slide set for normal histology, Color slide(transparency) set for medical microbiology							
Common Use								
Teaching Materials								
Anatomic Models	Thoracic Spinal Column, Lumber Special Column, Super Muscle Torso, Brain, Heart, Dressing Scissors, Dissecting Forceps							
Physiology and Pharmacology Teaching and Research	Pulmomator, Reaction Timer, Rats Ventilator, Bull Dog Clamp, Alm Retractor, Hernostatic Forceps, Michel Suture Applicator							

2-2-3 Review of the Request

(1) Review of the Request

The requested equipment which will be provided in this Project was reviewed and categorized largely according to its use and it is summarized below.

1) General Science Equipment

(Example) Autoclave, distillator, centrifuge, freezer, fume hood

- The equipment will be used in the third and fourth year basic medical curriculum. They are the minimal essential equipment needed to effectively implement basic medical experiments.
- The equipment will require no special technical maintenance and the maintenance costs will be relatively minor.
- If the maintenance personnel is clearly designated and the practice of registering users of the equipment is adopted, it will be possible to use the equipment jointly between courses and different floors of the building.

2) Basic Science Educational Equipment

- (Example) Devices for chemistry experiments (titration, chemical analysis), devices for physics experiments (dynamics, optics, electronic, magnetic field)
- Equipment that will enable basic experiments that will be carried out in the first and second year educational curriculum courses are included in this category.
- Basic scientific knowledge is essential in medical education. However, due to the lack of an opportunity to participate in science experiments in the PA until matriculating to a university, equipment that is essential in acquiring scientific knowledge and the ability to handle scientific equipment will be selected.

3) Basic Medical Educational Training Equipment

(example) CRT training manikins, dissection training instruments, slide set, microscopes, electrocardiograph

- Equipment will be provided that will enable the third and fourth year basic medical curriculum to provide basic training to medical students before going into hospital training in the fifth year to seven year.
- Due to the nonexistence of a university hospital at the present time, equipment that will enable medical students to enter into hospital training without hesitation and will prevent damage to hospital equipment and instruments by enabling students to be trained in their handling and use during daily medical examinations will be selected.

4) Analysis and Measuring Equipment for Medical Education

(example) Chemistry analyzer, electroencephalograph, HPLC, gas chromatography

- It is important to learn the basic science education curriculum for first
 and second year students include biology, chemistry and physics,
 but there is a need to learn the basic operating procedures of each
 analysis equipment, etc. that will be used in the practice and training
 in the basic medical curriculum of third year students and above.
- The aim of the basic science courses for third and fourth year students
 is to instill the knowledge needed to decide which testing methods are
 applicable and the ability to interpret analytical data and to foster
 diagnostic skills through measurement and analysis of actual samples.
- In order to prevent damage to hospital equipment and loss of samples
 during the hospital training curriculum which is conducted in the fifth
 to seventh years, there is a need to teach medical students the
 handling techniques for analysis and laboratory equipment.
- Due to these reasons, it is essential that analysis and measuring
 equipment for the first to fourth year curriculums are introduced in
 order to achieve the goals of the university's training program.

5) Audio Visual Equipment

(example) Television set, OHP, camera

- The educational impact of audio visual equipment in medical education is large and the equipment is commonly used for educational purposes.
- Similar existing facilities (nursing school, etc.) have installed a television set, OHP, and video cassette recorder in each classroom which are used frequently during lectures.

 Audio visual equipment is frequently used in university seminars, public lectures, research presentations, etc.

6) Computer Equipment

(example) Personal computers, computer network

- A computer network system itself within the university is a supplementary infrastructural facility.
- Basic computer education is an essential course in the curriculum.
 computer equipment is necessary in medical education since it is a vital item of equipment for physicians today.

7) Transportation Facilities

(example) Four wheel drive pick-up, mini-bus

- Motor vehicles that have been requested will be used as a means of travelling to training courses at the hospital and the health center.
- Medical students are required to obtain individual permits in order to
 pass the Israeli check points on their field trips. However, if they
 travel using a university-owned motor vehicle, they are exempted
 from obtaining individual permits.
- Presently, the university utilizes a privately leased motor vehicle.
 Furthermore, students are required to pay for the permits individually when they travel alone.
- Due to the existence of a developed public transportation network and a good infrastructure of roads, there is presently no major obstacles to student commuters travelling to the university.
- A driver and maintenance personnel have not been assigned and vehicle maintenance costs have not been secured at the present time.

(2) Equipment Selection Review

The degree of priority, quantity, specifications, etc. of the final list of equipment requested will be carefully reviewed and selected according to the following policy and evaluation criteria.

1) Policy on Equipment Selection

- a. The objective of the Project is to provide equipment that will help foster physicians.
- b. The equipment which will be provided in this Project will enable the curriculums and educational programs of the College of Medicine to be coordinated.
- c. The equipment which will be provided in this Project will be, in principle, equipment that will be used in the first and second year basic educational curriculum (pre-medical) and the third and fourth year basic medical education curriculum (pre-clinical).
- d. The equipment which will be provided in this Project will be able to operate and maintain technically.
- v. The equipment which will be provided in this Project will require appropriately maintenance and control costs.
- e. The installation area for each equipment in the new building for the College of Medicine will be clearly delineated and the person-in-charge of the equipment will be clearly designated.
- f. Duplication of existing equipment will be avoided and equipment that has been provided or are in the process of being provided by other donors and sources will not be included in this Project.
- g. A policy of rational and joint use of the equipment will be pursued. Therefore, the equipment which will be provided in this Project will be kept essentially to a minimum both in type and quantity.

2) Evaluation Criteria of Equipment Selection

Degree of Priority:

In view of the importance placed on coordinating the educational program and curriculum of the College of Medicine, the highest priority will be given to urgently needed basic science (pre-medical) equipment for the first and second year curriculum and basic medical (pre-clinical) educational equipment for the third and fourth year curriculum. In addition, priority will be given to highly cost-effective equipment.

Quantity:

In the event the equipment requested in this Project overlaps with existing equipment or has been provided under assistance programs of other donors, its priority will be decided after a review of the request. In addition, if equipment provided by this Project overlaps with existing equipment, the quantity requested will be adjusted to allow for joint use between courses and floors, the possibility of alternative equipment, interchangeable use of consumables, parts, etc.

Operation and Maintenance:

Equipment which is financially and technically easy to maintain, with easy specifications, where its installation site in the new building has been clearly decided, and the personnel-in-charge of equipment has been appointed will be given priority in the selection process.

The major criteria for equipment which has been excluded from this Project or where the quantity has been adjusted for rationalization are explained below.

- Requested equipment which overlaps with existing equipment or equipment such as the distillator, bunsen burner, autoclave, manikin and refrigerator which have been requested in duplicate will be reviewed based on their specifications and their quantity will be adjusted accordingly.
- It is possible to utilize an ordinary centrifuge in place of a cell washer centrifuge which can be substituted by other types of instruments will be omitted from the list.
- 3) Equipment such as the stomacher and chemostat where the party responsible for its maintenance is not clear or for equipment where the installation site is not definite will be omitted from this project due to maintenance and management problems.
- 4) Infrastructural improvements such as computer networking will not be included in this Project.

- 5) In view of the fact that public transportation can be used for travelling and due to the lack of an appointed driver, maintenance personnel, and maintenance costs, transportation facilities will be excluded from this Project.
- 6) Computers for the office staff will be excluded from this Project in view of the fact that computers are required in the basic computer course in the educational curriculum.

The evaluation results of the equipment review based on the three criteria of "Priority", "Quantity" and "Operation and Maintenance" and in accordance with the policy explained above, is shown in Table 4. In addition, the results of the review according to the three criteria are explained below.

In addition, the results of the review based on the three criteria are shown as follows.

• No problems found : Blank

• Problems found : X

The overall review of the equipment (Final Evaluation) is shown as follows.

• Equipment judged to be appropriate : O

• Equipment excluded from this Project : X

Table 4 Review of the Equipment Selection

AUDIO-VISUAL

1.00	O-VISUAL.	Q'ty	E	valuation Cr	iteria	Final	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
A-I	Television set	18				O:	
A-2	Video Cassette Recorder	12				<u> </u>	
A-3	Electronic Projector	13				O :	
A-4	Over- head Projector	12			<u> </u>	Ö	
A-5	Screens (for Projectors)	12			ļ	0	
A-6	Stides Projector	12			<u> </u>	0	
A-7	Decto- Phone	10		ļ	ļ	 8 -	
A-8	Tape- Recorder	2	×	ļ	 	$\frac{1}{x}$	0.55
A-9	Paper Shredder	2	-	ļ	 	 	Office equipment
A-10	Fax- Machine	10		 -		1 0	Office equipment
A-11 A-12	Scanner - Color LCD	12			 	l ŏ	
A-13	Photocopier	10		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	l ŏ	
A-14	Unix Server	. 2	×	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	×	Substitute Ethernet for this item
A-15	NT Server	5	×			×	Unnecessary for the system in Computer Lab.
A-16	Backup Tape Drive	2	X	 		×	ditto
A-17	Router	2	Х		1	×	ditto
A-18	Communication Cards	145	×			×	ditto
A-20	16 Port Hub	8	×			×	ditto
A-21	Inter-Site Connection (Radio Modern)	6	×		<u> </u>	×	Build in computer
A-22	Remote Class (25 seats)	3	×			×	Indirect relation with medical education in the College of Medicine
A-24	Sun Workstation	1	×			×	Possibility to cover by the system of computer Lab.
A-25	N.M.R.	1	×			×	Unnecessary for the system in classroom
A-26	Networking	l let	×	T		×	Infrastructure equipment
A-27	Software	145				0	
A-28	PC	145					
A-29	Laser Printer color	7		ļ		Ö	
A-30	Laser Printer Black & White	12			ļ <u>.</u>	0	
A-31	Laser Printer for Staff	50	×	<u> </u>		×	Out of educational purpose
A-33	Spectrum Analyzer	1	×	<u> </u>	_	×	No-person in chorage of this item
A-34	Video camera	3		1	↓	Ò	
A-35	Camera with zoom lenses	2	 	1		0	ļ
A-36	Audio -Visual Machine for integration of slide audio Cassette lectures on an individual basis in library	ı	×			×	Library equipment
A-37	Computer assisted Teaching Slide Maker	I				0	
A-38	Maintenance Workshop (Electro Mechanical)	1				0	

TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES

	Q'ty	Evaluation Criteria			Final		
No.	Equipment Name	Requested		Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
B-i	4 Wheel drive pick-up	l l	×		×	×	Possibility to use public transportation
B-2	Mint-Bus	3	×		×	×	ditto

EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

LGOI	PMENT AND TOOLS	Q'ty Evaluation Criteria					
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
E-1	Amino Acid Analyzer	1			·	O	
E-2	Deep Freezer	Requested				0	
E-3	Beta Counter	I				0	
E-4	Big Size Autoclave	2	-			0	
	Midium Size Autoclave	2				O	
	Small Size Autoclave	2				0	
E-5	HPLC	3				0	
E-6	Gas Chromatograpgy	2		T			
E-7	LC Mass Spectroscopy	!				()	
E-8	GC Mass Spectroscopy	L]		0	
E-9	Double Beam Spec.	4		L		0	
E-10	ICE Maker	3				0	
E-11	Atomic Absorption	1		<u> </u>		0	
E-12	Lyophelizer	2		<u> </u>		0	
E-13	DNA Sequencer	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0_	
E-14	Large Refregerator	3	ļ	<u> </u>	.	0	
E-15	Ultra Centrifuge	1	ļ	ļ		0	
E-18	TDX Analyzer	11		×		×	Duplication with E-261
E-19	Blood Bank Refrigerator	1		ļ.,,		0	
E-20	Electrophoresis	3	<u> </u>	×		×	Duplication with E-368
E-21	Electron Microscope	1		<u> </u>		0	
E-22	Facs: (Fluorescent Activated Cell Sorter (Control)	1	×	<u> </u>	×	×	Substitute with E-22
E-23	Flouro-s-Imager: Flouro Scannar	1		 		0	
E-24	Phosphoimager	. L	×	<u> </u>		×	Substitute with E-22
E-25	Anatomical Charts	2	-	<u></u>		9	
E-27	Film Projector 16 mm	1		 ; -		×	
E-29	CPR Training doll	1	 	×		×	Substitute with E-88, E-89
E-30	Ostomy Model	1		ļ		<u> </u>	
E-31 E-32	Intubation Set	2	· · · · ·	ļ		0	
E-32 E-33	Emergency Trolley Ear Syringe Trainer	 		 		0	
E-34	Instrumusclar Injection	 	1	╁───		 	
E-35	Pediatric Injection Head Simulator		 	 		 0	
E-37	Series Showing Pregnancy	1	-	1	 	Ö	
E-38	Enema Administration Simulator	1		1		0	
E-39	Peritoneal Dialysis Simulator	1		 		ŏ	
E-40	Surgical Bandaging Simulator	ī		1	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	ŏ	
E-41	Model of a Set of Teeth	ī	ļ	1		ŏ	
E-42	Pediatric injection Ann Simulator	1		1		Ö	
E-43	UV-Visual (compound with data station & microprocessor + software)	2		×		х	Duplication with E-9
E-44	FT - IR	2		1		0	
E-45	Ion- Chromatography	1		1		Ö	
E-46	C, H, N, O, S Analyzer	1		1		Ö	
E-47	TGA (Thermal Gravimetric Analyzer)	1				0	
E-48a	Analytical Balances Sensitivity - Five D.P	8				0	
E-48b	Analytical Balance Sensitivity -Four D.P	10				. 0	
E-49	Heating- Cooling Circulators	18	1	· · ·	<u> </u>	0	
E-50	Centrifuge - Low Speed Bench Top	10	1	1	1	Ö	
E-51	Distillator	3	1	1		0	

	,	Q'ty Evaluation Criteria				Final	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
E-52	Sonicator	4				0	
E-53	Optical Microscope fitted with Camera	2	×	×		х	Substitute with other microscope (e.g. E-112) for this item
E-54	Liquid Nitrogen Maker	1				0	
E-56	Dry Ice Maker	1				0	
E-57	Top Load Balance	10				0	
E-58	Flow Meter	2	×	×	,	×	Component of analysis equipment such as Gas Chromatography
E-59	Ambient Air Analyzer	2				0	
E-60a	Water Bathes (Regular Type)	10				0	
E-60b	Water Bathes (Shaking Type)	2		İ		. 0	
E-61	Kjeldahl Apparatus	. 2	L			0	
E-62	Gerber Machine with all accessories	2			İ	0	
E-63	Refractometer	5	l	l		0	
E-64	Polarometer	5	L			0	
E-65	Tensiometer	5				0	
E-66	Digital Bomb Calorimeter	2	1	ļ		0	
E67	Laboratory Steam Boiler	1				0	
E-68	Rising Film Evaporator	1	<u> </u>	<u>. </u>	<u> </u>	0	
E-69	Reverse Osmosis Ultrafiltraion Unit	2	<u> </u>			0	
E-76	Fluid Friction Apparatus	1				0	
E-77	Tray Driet	ì				0	
E-78a	Sonictator, Probe	2				-0	
E-78b	Super Critical Fluid Extractor Unit	1				. 0	
E-79	Sound Level Meter	4			<u> </u>	0	
E-84	Respiratory System Model	2			<u> </u>	0	
E-85	Digestive System Model	2	<u> </u>			.0	
E-86	Circulatory System Model	2			<u> </u>	0	
E-87	Urinary System Model	2	<u> </u>	1	ļ	0	<u> </u>
E-88	Adult CPR Training Manikin	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	
E-89	Child CPR Training Manikin		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
E-90	Ear Model	2	ļ		ļ	0	
E-91	Eye Model	2	ļ	×	<u> </u>	×	Duplication with M-14
E-92	Bunsen Burners	40	ļ	_	<u> </u>	O	
E-93	Biological Safety Cabinet	10				0	
E-95	Flame Photometer	2	 		 -	0	
E-96	Incubators	5	ļ		<u> </u>	0	
€-97	Dark Field Microscope	1		 	ļ	<u> </u>	
E-98	Rotary Microtome	3	_	1	 	0	<u> </u>
E-99	Sledge Type Microtome	3	╂	 	 	0	<u> </u>
E-100	Tissue Centrifuge Floating Out Bath for Paraffin	1	 		 		
E-101	Sections	3	ļ			0	
E-102	Tissue Processor	3	1	ļ	 	<u> </u>	
E-103	Research microscope plan Apochromat Objectives x2; x10; x25; x100, oil with Fully automatic photo system					0	
E-104	Embedding Center	2	1	1		0	
E-105	Wax Dispenser	3	†	1	1	×	Substitute with E-104
E-106	Furne- Hood	. 13	T	1	T	0	
E-107	Stide Cabinet for Stide Storage	4	1	1	1	Ť	<u> </u>
E-108	Binocular Microscope for Students Plan : x2; x10; x25; x40; x100; Objectives Eye Pieces x 100, Safty Cabinet	60				0	
1				4			1

	Remarks
E-111 Autoclave 2 × Duplicat	
	tion with E-4
E-112 Binocular Polarizing Microscope 1	j
E-113 Automatic Stainner 3	
E-114 Deep Freezer- Cabinet Type (large) 3	
E-H5 Refrigerator (Home Type) 10 ()	
E-116 Safety cabinet : 10	
Teaching Microscope with Television Video Output via Camera - 3CCD; E-118 Plan Apochromat Objectives Plan , 4 [x2;x10;x25;x40;x100;wide field x 100] Eyepieces,	
included	m is changed to "monitor" and d E-118
E-120 Dissecting Microscopes 30 O	
E-121 pH Meter 24 O	
E-125 Basic Current Balance 4 O Basic sc	tience education equipment
	ged to 7 kinds of experimental ent sets which included
Optical Pumping 4 O E-123	E-260
~ Free Fall 0	
One Dimensional Motions R Truck on 4 the Linear Truck	
KERR Effect 4 O	
E-260 Torsion Pendulum 4 O	
E-135 Magnetic Spectroscopy 1 O	
E-213 Stop Watch, Interruption Type 10 O	
E-261 Drug Level Analyzer 1 O	
E-262 Glass Ware Washer 4 O	
E-263 Tablet Dissolution Tester 1 O	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
E-264 Tablet Hardness, Thickness 1 O	
E-265 Tablet Control System 1 O	
E-267 Particle Counter 1 O	
E-268 Nitric Oxide Detector 1 O	
E-269 Jacket Organ Bath 5	
E-270 Dual Impedance Research Stimulator 2 X Substitu	ute with E-314
Set	
O 277 Million Option of the Control	4 - 31 F 031
a treat physicogram executing table	ute with E-27)
	m is component of E-271
E-274 Rat Holder 2 O	
	
E-277 I.C.PMS 1 0 E-278 High Speed Centrifuse 5 0	
5277 ROOM 0031	
E-280 GSA 5	
E-281 Gamma Counter 1 O	
E-282 Melting Point Apparatus 2	
E-287 Ovens 8 O	
E-288 Orbital Shaker 4 O	
	son in-charge of this item
E-290 Micro Centrifuge 8 O	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
E-291 Blood Gas Analyzer 1 O	
E-292 Tissue Homograizer 3 O	
E-293 Calorimeter 2	<u></u>

		Q'ty	Ev	aluation C	riteria :	Final	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
E-294	Evaporators	4				Q	
E-295	Conductivity Meter	4				0	
E-296	Multi-Teaching Microscopes	4				0	
E-297	Slide Warmer	2				0	
E-298	Staining set	10				0 '	
E-299	X-Ray film Illuminator	2				0	
E-302	Cellulose Acetate Electrophoresis Apps	3		×		×	Duptication with E-368
E-303	Multi Channel Recorder Electrocardiograph	4				0	
E-304	Audiometer	2		×		×	Include E-79
E-305	Resuscitation Unit	2				0	
E-307	Kymograph with Basic Stimulator Set	1				.0	
E-308	Hemodynamic Measuring System	1	<u> </u>			0	
E-310	Inverted Microscope	2	l	t		ŏ	
E-311	Micro Manipulators	2	· ··—	†	 -	ŏ	
E-313	Axopatch Amplifiers	3	 	1	<u> </u>	ŏ	
E-314	Electrical Stimulator Set	3		İ		Ö	
E-315	Oscilloscopes	3	<u> </u>		l	Ö	
E-318	Tissue Slicer (chopper)	2	 	1		Ö	
	Work Station PC based with digitizer			ļ	İ		This item is not correlation with
E-319	and plotting device	· L :	×	1		×	curriculuns
E-321	Hematocrit centrifuge	7				0	
E-323	Spirometer Set	6				0	
E-324	Cylinder Sets with Outlets & Regulators	4				: 0	
E-325	Cycle Ergometer	6				0	
E-326	Gas (volume) Meter	2				0	
E-327	CO ₂ Meter	2		1		0	
E-328	O, Meter	2				0	
E-330	Douglas Bags	10		1		0	
E-331	Flexible Tubes	20	1			0	
E-332	Stop Watch	10	1	×		×	Duplication with E-213
E-333	Sphygmomanometers	40				0	
E-334	Weighning Scale	5			<u> </u>	0	
E-335	Tread Mill	ı		1		0	
E-336	Recorder Multichannel	2		1		0	
E-341	Refrigerated Table Top Certifuge	10				. 0	
E-342	Pulsed Field Gel Electrophoresis System	2				0.	
E-343	Washing Machine (Large)	1-1-	1	1	<u> </u>	10	
E-344	Distillation Unit (Large)	1	1	1	<u> </u>	ŏ	
E-345	PCR Thermal Cycler	3	1	 		0	
E-346	Glassware for Microbiology Laboratory	5		×		×	Included Glass Ware Set (E-314 °)
E-347	Laminar Flow Hoods	: 4	 	1	 	0	
E-348	Fluorescent Microscope	3	1	1	†	0	
E-349	Upright Freezer	6	1	1	1	1 8	
E-350	Eliza Readers	4		 		0	
E-351	Chemistry Analyzer	2	1 -		 	0	
E-352	Blood Cell Counter: automated	3	1	+-	1	0	
E-353	Mechanical Stirrer	20	1	+	1	1 0	<u> </u>
E-354	Sealer	2	 	 	 	1 6	
	Double Jacketed Open Kettles with		1		1	T	
E-355	electrical heater	10				0	

		Q'ty	Ev	aluation C	riteria	Final	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
E-356	Titrator	2				0	
E-357	Lovibond Tintometer	1		<u> </u>		0	
E-358	Hydrogenation autoclave	1		l		0	
E-359	Gel Ducumentation Reader	2	L	<u> </u>		0	
E-360	Chemostat	2		I	×	×	No person in charge of this item
E-361	Counter: Manual White Blood Cell Differential	20				0	
E-362	Cryogenic Tanks/Incubators	2				0	
E-363	Culturing Millipore System	I		ļ		0	
E-364	Cupboards for Microscopes	10	~~~~~~~	×		×	Included E-108, E-120
E-365	Cuvette Waster	2		<u> </u>		0	
E-366	Densitometer: for get	2				0	
E-367	Dispensers	1]		0	
E-368	Electrophoresis	3				0	
E-369	Evaporator: Rotating	2	T	×		×	Duplication with E-294
E-370	Evaporator: Using Nitrogen Gas	ı				0	
E-371	Fibrometer	1	T	T		0	
E-373	Gel Dryer	4		×		×	Included with E-368
E-374	Glass Head Cell Homogenizer	2				0	
E-375	Hematocytometer Set	20	f	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	
E-376	Hetovac Centrifuge	3		 		Ō	
E-377	Hot Plate with magnetic stirrer	32	†	1	†	Ö	
E-378	Immunoblotter	1	†	 	<u> </u>	ō	
E-379	Incubator: Shaking	2	 	 	 	ő	
E-381	Microscope: Interphased with TV screen with phase contrast adapter, double head	2				0	
E-382	Mixer: Blood Tube	5		<u> </u>		0	
E-383	Nephlometer	2	L	<u> </u>		0	
E-384	Opaque Viewer	4	<u> </u>	J	×	×	No person in charge of this item
E-385	Osmometer: Freezing Point	2				0	
E-386	Osmometer: Vapor Pressure Point	2	1	1		0	
E-387	Phospholipid Analyzer	1	l	.L		0	
E-388	Pipette Cleaning System	8	l		<u></u>	0	
E-389~ E-390	Pipettes Set	50				0	
E-391	Plasma Extractor	2				0	
E-393	Power Compensation System	1	T		T	0	
E-395	Safety Cabinet: for Mycology	i	1		T	0	
E-396	Selective Ion Electrodes: Na', K', NH ₄ , NO ₃ , CO ₂ , CO	12				0	
E-397	Serofuge	2	1	 	1	0	
E-398	Shaker: Slide Shaker with Semicircular Motion	6				0	
E-399	Slide Shaker	2	1			0	
E-400	Slide Stainer: Automated	2	1	×		×	Duplication with E-113
E-402	Stomacher	3			×	×	No person in-charge of this item
E-403~ E-404		20				0	
E-405	TLC system	5	1	1	1	0	
E-406	Trays: Staining	8	1	1	1	0	
E-407	Conical Glass Tubes	200	1	T		ŏ	
	Urinometer	15	1		1	0	
E-408		 		<u> </u>	T	0	
E-409	UV Transilluminator	4	1			1 0	
_	UV Transilluminator Vacuum Pumps	8	 		 	0	

		Q'ty	Ev	raluation C	riteria	Final	
Nø.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
E-414 ~ E-450	Glass Ware Set	l lot				0	

TEACHING MATERIALS

		Q'ty		valuation (Final	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
T-1	Stide Set for Microbiology	20				0	
T-2	Slide Set for Normal Hisrology	20				0	
T-3	Color Stide(Transparancy) Set for Medical Microbiology	20				×	No existing equipment in market

ANATOMIC MODELS

WINW I	OMIC MODELS						
	<u> </u>	Q'ty	Ev	aluation C	riteria	Final	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation &	Evaluation	Remarks
1			1110103	Quantity	Maintenance		
M-L	Thoracic Spinal Column	1			[·	0	
M-2	Lumber Spinal Column	Requested				0	
M-3	6 Vertebrae	ı				0	
M-4	Arm Skelton	1				Ö	
M-5	Leg Skeleton				i	ŏ	
M-6	Advanced Medical Turso (28 part)	2		Ì		ŏ	
	Super Muscle Torso	<u>1</u>		 		_ Š _	
	Disc Torso-15 Tlices	 -			 	5	
					!		
M-9	Median (Forntal Section of Head	i				<u> </u>	
	Relief Models					<u> </u>	
	Larynx	·			ļ	<u> </u>	
M-12	Advanced Left Ear (6 parts)			ļ		<u> </u>	
	Eye in Orbit 4 Times Full Size	1		ļ		<u>O</u>	
	Skin section 200X	ŀ				0	
M-15	Relief Model	1			ļ	0_	
M-16	Brain - 4 - part	2		<u> </u>		0	
M-17	Brain - 2 - part	2	 _	I		×	Substitute with M-18
M-18	Brain with Arteries 10 Arts with Base	ı	l		1	0	
W1-18	of Head			L			
M-19	10 Part with Base of Head	ı	L	L		×	Substitute with M-18
M-20	Spinal Cord, 6 Times Full Size	i				0	
M-21	De-Luxe Heart-7 part	2	T	1		Ŏ	
M-22	Basic Heart - 1 part	2		ļ		Ŏ	
M-23	Heart - 4 part	3		×		X	Substitute with M-21
	Heart with Oesophagus Aorta &	•		1			
M-24	Windpipe	2]	0	
M-25	Heart with Thymus - 3 part	1	†	†		0	
	Lung -5 parts	2		 	 	ŏ	
M 27	Digistive System-3 parts	2		 		0	
M-28	Stomach with Duodenum +	2	l	 	1	ŏ	
M-29	Pancreas - 3 part	2	†	<u> </u>		ŏ	
M-30	Intel Prgans -2 parts	1	 	+		l ŏ	
M-31	Liver with Gall Bladder	2		 		ŏ	
M-32	Kidney with Adrenal Gland - 2 part	1		 		ŏ	
		 	 	 	 		
M-33	Kidney section - Basic version	 '		ļ	 	0	{
M-34	Liver with Gall Blander Pancreas and	2	l .			10	
	Duodenum	2	ļ	 	 	ļ	
M-35	Pancreas and Duodenum			×	 	<u> </u>	Substitute with M-34
M-36	Kidney Nephrons Blood Vessels	2		ļ	1	0	
M-37	Renal Corpuscle	1		<u> </u>		×	Substitute with M-38
M-38	Complete Urinary System Dual Sex 6	2				0	
M-38	parts	l -			İ	1 9	•
M-39	Dual Sex- 6 part	1	T	×		×	Substitute with M-40, M-41
	Female Pelvis-2 parts	2	T i	1		0	
	Male Pelvis-2 parts	2	1		T	Ŏ	
	Embryonic Development(12 stages)	1		T :	1	Ö	
	S/J. STR	1	 	1	†	 ŏ -	
	Pregnancy Series - 8 medels	1	1	†	 	1 6	
	S : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	I		1			
	Dressing Scissors	7		1	T		1
	Sharp -str. 14cm	2	†	 	-	1 8	
	Sharp -str. 18cm	2	1	 	 	<u> </u>	
	Mayo Scissors-Chamfered blades	1	 	1	 	1 8	
	Mayo Scissors Flat blades Str.	2	 	 	+	0	
	Metzenbaum Scissors Str.	2	 	1	 	 0	
		-	+	 	 		
M-S3		L	L	_	<u> </u>	1 0	
FORCE		1	1	·r		1	
M-54	Dissecting Forceps Block End	2	1	_	ļ	0	
M-55	Disseting Forceps Fine Points	1		1	1		
<u></u>	Teethed 1x2						
M-56	Dissecting Forceps. 2x3 Teeth	1	1		<u> </u>	0	
M-57	Bonney Dissecting Forceps. Ix2 Teeth	2	1			0	
M-58	Treves dissecting Forceps.1x2 Teeth	1			1	0	
	The state of the s	·	4			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

[. ,	Q'ty	Ev	aluation C	Triteria	Fina!	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
M-59	Fixation dissecting Forceps.1x2 Teeth	l				. 0	
ARTERY	FORCEPS			L			
M-60	Kilner Artery Forceps	2				0	
M-61	Sefrated B/J Cof	2				<u> </u>	
M-62	Spencer Wells Aftery Forceps S/J. Serrated, S/J. STR	2				. 0	
M-64 NEEDLE	Listersinus Forceps B/J. Sarrated HOLDERS		l	<u> </u>		0	
M-65	Higgs Needle Holders Cross Serrated Jaws B/J	1		<u></u>		0	:
M-67	Kilner Needle Holder Cross Serrated Jaws B/J	1				0	
RETRAC							
M-68	West Retractor Self Retaining 3 x 4 Teeth Blunt Points	1	.			0	
M-69	Liston amputation Knife	1		l		0	
M-70	B.P.Standard Scalpel Handle No.3	3				0	
M-71	B.P. Standard Scalpel Handle No.4	3	L	<u> </u>		-0	<u> </u>
BLADES					·	·	i.
M-72	Blades 6	2	×	ļ		<u>×</u>	Discontinue of manufacturing
M-73	Blades 10	2		 		<u> </u>	
	Blades 15 Blades 20	2	-		 -	<u> </u>	
M-75 M-76	Blades 21	2	 	 	 	0	
M-77	Blades 23	$-\frac{z}{2}$	<u> </u>	 	 	ŏ	
M-78	Blades 24	2	 	ļ	 	ŏ	
M-79	Silver Probe with eye.	1	 	 	<u> </u>	O.	
M-80	Macdonald Dissector Double Ended	1	 	f		ŏ	
M-81	Syme Dissector double ended blunt/Sharp.	2				Ö	
M-82	Aneurysm Needie Small	1	1	†	1	0	
M-83	Syme Aneurysm needle	i i				0	
M-84	ltis Dissecting Forceps, 1x2 Teeth,STR	1				0	
M-85	Walsgrave Tubing Clamps Box Joint Heavy Pattern	2				0	
M-86	Giertz RIB Shears	1				0	
M-87	Thudicum Nasal Speculum, Size 1	1				0	
M-88	Laryngel Mirror Handles	ì				0	
	Laryngeal Mirror without Handle	3		Ī		Ŏ	
	Head Mirror, Fibre Forehead Band	ī	Ţ	1	1	0	
M-91	Paton Bone Cutting Forceps.	1		1		0	
	Toothed Bone Rongver.	i				0	
	Satterlee Amputation Saw	1			<u> </u>	0	
	Bristow Periosteal Elevator	1 1	<u> </u>	ļ		0	
	Mallet, Stainless steel	1 1	↓		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
M-96	Engel Saw	 	 	<u> </u>		0	
M-97	Farabeuf Rugine, Chisel Edge Straight End.	1	<u> </u>			O.	
M-98	Pennybacker Probe Dissector, Double Ended					0	
M-99	Meindoe Seissors.	l l	1	 		0	
	Kilner Scissors	1	<u> </u>	1	ļ <u>-</u>	0	
	Gillies Dissecting Forceps, 1x2	I	1			0	
M-102	Sprague Bowles Stereoscope	2				0	
	National Hospital Percussion Hamer	2				0	
M-104		1				0	
M-105	Medical Jig Saw	1				0	

PHYSIOLOGY TEACHING AND RESEARCH

	IOLOGY TEACHING ANI	Q'ty		aluation C	riteria	Finat	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested		Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	!!	Remarks
K-1	Triple Beam Balance with Animal Box.	2	×			×	
	Pulmometer	6					
K-3 K-4	Reaction Timer	6	x			O ×	
	Unidirectional Valve	6	- <u>-</u> -			-	
	Operating Light Spiro Analyzer		×	 		-	
	pH/blood Gas Analyzer		×	×		×	
K-8	Rapid freezing Biopsy Drill Sampler	-	×	<u> </u>		×	
K∙9	Small Animal Decapitator	i	×			×	
K-10	Small Animal Clipper Set (Shaving Machine)	2	×			×	
K-11	Stellar Rat Stereotaxic Enstrument	11	×			×	
K-12	High Speed Micromotor Drill with alt bits and foot pedal	1	×			×	
K-13	Therm adapter temperature controller	4	×			×	
K-14	Heating Pads (2 small size, 2 large size)	4	×			×	
K-15	Micro Perfusion Pump (injection of small volumes to the brain)	I	×			×	
K-16	Water Circulating Pump with Temp. Regulator	1	×	×		×	
K-17	Fraction Collector with Racks	2	×	I		×	
K-18	Manifold vacuum filtration, with vacuum pump	1	×			×	
K-19	Micro - superfusion with temp. regulator	1	×			×	
K-20	Vibratome with Nitrogen Liquid Cylinders	1	×			×	
K-21	Scintillation Vials(glass 20ml with covers)	5	×			×	
K-22	Scintillation vials (Plastic 5ml with covers)	5	×			×	
K-23	Rodent Electro Surgical Cautery Unit (small vessel cauterizer)	2	×			×	
K-24	Rats Ventilator	2				0	
K-25	Fiber Optic Itluminator system(2 arms)	2	×			×	
K-26	Tissue Slice Recording Chamber	2	×			×	
	ETE DISSECTING SET FOR MEDI		ENTS		т	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Stainless Steel Instrument Case	15	 	 	 	8	
K-29	Gross Anatomy Probe Bull Dog Clamps (slight curve)	15 30	}	 		1 ŏ	
K-30	Afm Retractor	15	 	 	1	l ŏ	
K-31	Fine Iris Scissors	15	<u> </u>	 	 	ŏ	
K-32	Standard Surgical Scissors	15		 		0	
K-33	Scissors	15				0	
K-34	Hemostatic Forceps, cur. 14cm	15		ļ		0	
K-35	Hemostatic Forceps, str. 14cm	15	<u> </u>			Ö	
K-36	Michel Suture Applicator	15	 	ļ		0	
K-37	Michel Suture Clips	5	<u> </u>	-		 8 -	
K-38 K-39	Spatura Scalpel Handles 3 Sold	15 15	 	+	1	 ŏ -	
K-40	Scalpel Handles 4 Sold	15	 	 	 	l ŏ	
K-41	Blades for Scalpel for 3 Solid	5	 	 	 	1 0	
K-42	Blades for Scalpel for 4 Solid	5				0	
K-43	Narrow Pattern Dressing Forceps, 12cm str.	15				0	
K-44	Narrow Pattern Dressing Forceps, 16cm str.	15				0	
K-45	Narrow Pattern Dressing Forceps, 12cm cur.	15	T			0	
K-46	Narrow Pattern Dressing Forceps, 16cm cur.	15	1	1		0	

		Qʻiy	E	valuation C	Tritoria	Final	
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance		Remarks
	OPHYSIOLOGY LAB.			·	r	<u> </u>	
K-47	Piezo-Injector and Controller		×		ļ	^	**************************************
K-48	Microscope Tissue Chamber with Temp! Controller	1				0	
K-49	Precision Stereo Zoom Microscope & Optional Boom Stand	ł				0	·
K-50	Stimulator (for constant current stimulation 50-1000 μ A)	t	×		1	×	,
K-51 K-52	Stimulus Isolation Units Constant Current Pulse Generators	<u>2</u>	×			×	
K-53	EEG (Polygraph) Experiments with Rats	l	×			×	
K-54	High Performance Physiograph with Different Transducers for Measuring ECG, EEG, EMG, BR, HR	1				0	
K-55	Nano- Liter Injector, Stepper Motorized	ı	×			×	
K-56	Dual Microprobe System, (2 channels Intracellular and Extracellular Amplifier)	2	×			×	
K-57	Magnetic Stand with Adjustable Mounting Bar	4	×			×	
K-58	Magnetic Stand with adjustable articulated arm	4	×	·		×	
K-59	Plus Master, Multi-Channel Stimulator	1	×			×	
K-60 K-61	Isostim Stimulator/Isolator Pneumatic Pump	1	×	ļ		X	
K-62	Micropipette Beveler for Sub Micron Tips	<u> </u>	×			×	
K-63	Photon Counting Microspectrofluori- metric Systems with accessories needed for Ca ^{**} Counting	1	×	×		×	Common use with other department
K-64	Micropipette Puller	ı	×			×	
K-65	Vibration isolation Table with 2 air cylinders and isolation Cage	ı	×	1		×	
K-66	Fluovac Isoflurance/Halothane Scavenger	1	×			×	
K-67	Digitimer (recording and analyzing of Data)	, I	×			×	
K-68	Cerebral Function Monitor (complete with Header Amplifier and Needle Electrodes)	1	×			×	·
SYSTE	MATIC PHYSIOLOGY LAB.						
K-69	Microwave Fixation System	1	×			T ×	
K-70	Lab-Animal Exercis Set	1				0	
K-71	Computerized Animal Activity Monitor (with horizontal and vertical activity sensor and for 4-8 animals)	1	×			×	
K-72	Convulsion Meter (4 rats) with Printe	r 1	×			×	
K-73	Animal Tremor Monitor (for 8 rats) with Monitor Scopes, Animal Cages and Printer	. 1	×			×	
K-74	Apparatus for Studying Rotational Behavior of Rats, (4rats) with Harnes for Rats, and Printer		×			×	
K-75	Cardiac Output Measurements in Rat- with Accessories	S 1	×			×	
K-76	Isolated Organ Baths	1			1	0	
ANMIM	AL NEUROTRANSMITTERS						
K-77	HPLC Complete Set with all the accessories Fluorescence Detector for HPLC(for	1		×		×	Common use with other department
L	amino acid analysis)	<u> </u>		<u>l</u>			<u></u>

		Qʻty		aluation (Final	AND THE STATE AND A STATE STATE AND A STAT
No.	Equipment Name	Requested	Priority	Quantity	Operation & Maintenance	Evaluation	Remarks
ANIMAL	, UNIT						
K-78	Animal Cages Set	30					
K-79	Animal Cages, Small size with all the accessories	30	×			×	
K-80	Metabolic Cages with Special Stands	12	×			×	
K-81	Racks for Solid Bottom Cages (Small Size)	2	×			×	
K-82	Racks for Solid Bottom Cases (Large Size)	2	×			×	
K-83	Shelf Style Racks	2	×			×	
K-84	Plastic Guinea Pig Cage Rack with 5 special cages and accessories	1	×			×	
K-85	Cabinet Washer (190 x 95 x 165) One door	1	×			×	
K-86	Bottle Washer	1	×			×	
K-87	Spring loaded Pop Up Cage Dispenser	1	×	<u> </u>		×	
K-88	Ventilated Bench	1	×			×	
K-89	Filter Cabinet (114 cm high)	1	×	<u> </u>		×	
K-90	Contamination Control Unit		×		<u> </u>	×	
K-91	Work Station	1	×	ļ <u>.</u>		×	
K-92	Air Conditioner with strong ventilation system	1				0	

2-3 Basic Design

2-3-1 Design Concept

(1) Basic Structure

The College of Medicine, Al-Quds University has been newly established and unable to conduct practical medical education due to the lack of training and laboratory equipment. Therefore in order to resolve these issues, this Project is basically concerned with providing training and laboratory equipment that will enable practical medical education needed to foster physicians to be conducted by the said college. Specifically, the equipment will mainly consist of basic science equipment for the first and second year curriculums (pre-medical), and basic medical equipment for the third and fourth year curriculums (pre-clinical).

(2) Design Policy

The design policy pertaining to specific equipment is explained below.

1) Policy on Equipment Scope, Grade, and Quantity

a. Rationalization

Learning efficiency is the first priority factor in determining the quantity of equipment which will be provided by the Project and equipment such as the large refrigerator and ice maker that will be shared between departments and floors. In addition, a shared laboratory will be created for analysis equipment, etc. which can be commonly used by each course and only the required minimum quantity will be provided.

Moreover, the quantity of equipment whose use can be substituted by other laboratory equipment will be rationalized.

Consumables and equipment specifications will be coordinated in order to reduce the cost of spare parts; and the same type of equipment with the same specifications will be selected whenever possible.

An example of the common use of equipment between different courses is shown below.

Table 5 Example of Common Use Equipment

Distillator	Common use among all department								
Large Refrigerator, Ice Maker	Common use among Biochemistry, Pharmacology and Physiology	Common use among Histology (Pathology), Haematology, Microbiology, Immunology and Porensic Medicine	Common use among Physics, Chemistry and Biology						
HPLC	Common use among Chromatography. Biology and Chemistry	Missabiology	Common use between Pharmacology. Biochemistry and Physiology						

Remarks: Equipment installed laboratories are underlined.

b. Establishing the Quantity

The number of students for one academic year is estimated at 60 students by the College of Medicine. In view of the number of students which can be accommodated in one lecture and the capacity of the laboratory in the new building, the optimum method is to divide the experiment and training sessions into two shifts. Therefore, 30 students in one laboratory is judged to be the most appropriate (30 students per class, with one (1) lecturer and two (2) to three (3) assistants) in determining the quantity of equipment needed.

The criteria for determining the quantity of equipment is the effective and common use of equipment by placing students in groups during training and laboratory courses. Examples of how the equipment may be used in a lecture course have been provided below in cases A through G.

A: One unit of equipment is used in an experiment/training session in one classroom or used in a demonstration by a lecturer (manikin, electricphoresis, etc.)

One unit per classroom

B: For separate training sessions for male and female students (electrocardiograph, etc.) or in sessions where the equipment is used comparatively frequently by the entire class (analytical balance, etc.)

Two units per classroom

C: One unit of equipment which is used by groups of eight students in an experiment/training session (slide specimen microscope, etc.)

Four units per classroom

D: Two units of equipment which are used on the experiment table by groups of four students in experiment/training sessions (hemetocytomeeter, etc.)

Eight units per classroom

E: Equipment which is used jointly by groups of two students (e.g. to gain proficiency in using the microscope)

15 units per classroom

F: Equipment which can be shared between floors and courses (distillator, etc.)

One unit per floor

The specifications of equipment for the basic science curriculum which is needed in the structural system to implement one experiment or training session will be reviewed and the relevant equipment will be viewed as one general set (e.g. free fall, etc.).

It is essential that one computer per student is provided in view of the training course content. The number of computers that will be provided by the Project will be 30 units based on an estimation of 30 students per class.

one unit per one student : G

c. Determining Equipment Content

The equipment plan of this Project aims to provide equipment that will coordinate with each course within the curriculum provided by the College of Medicine, as well as to provide equipment that is needed in training, laboratory, and lecture courses. The equipment will fundamentally consist of basic science equipment (biology, chemistry, physics, computer science) for the first and second year curriculum, basic medical equipment (pharmacology, anatomy, physiology, pathology, microbiology, immunology, haematology, forensic medicine, biochemistry, molecular biology) for the third and fourth year curriculums, and audio-visual equipment for lectures. The aim is to enable students to effectively participate in the fifth-year hospital training program by contributing to a good preliminary training curriculum during their first four years.

In addition, high grade equipment that is difficult to operate or which require high technical maintenance service will be omitted in view of the fact that the end-users of the equipment are students. Equipment that is relatively structurally simple, easy-to-operate, quickly repaired in the event of an operational error, and which do not incur high repair costs will be selected. The installation site of the equipment must be clearly defined and the personnel-in-charge of its maintenance must be designated. Furthermore, duplication with existing equipment will be avoided.

The curriculums of the College of Medicine are given in Table 6 on the following page.

The overall educational curriculum is largely divided between training and lecture courses. In particular, the lecture courses consist of organic chemistry, mathematics, English for the first year and public health, epidemiology, statistics, sociology, and psychology for the second year. The third and fourth year curriculums consist entirely of training courses and the hospital training program is the major curriculum for the fifth year and above. The specific curriculum content of training and laboratory courses given in the first to fourth years which are targeted by this Project and all the courses offered by the College of Medicine are shown in Table 6.

Table 6 Curriculum of the College of Medicine

1. All the Courses Curriculum

1	Subject	Unit	Note
-	Biology	8	Experiment
(41)	Chemistry	8	Experiment
	Organic Chemistry	.5	Lecture
	Physics I	8	Experiment
	Mathematics	6	Lecture
	English for Science	6	Lecture
2	Biochemistry	7	Experiment
(39)	Human Biochemistry I	,	Experiment
(39)			•
	Molecular Cell Biology I	j	Experiment
	Endocrinology	1	Experiment
	Phisical Chemistry	3	Experiment
	Physics II	3	Experiment
	Computer	6	Experiment
	Public Health	3	Lecture
	Epidemiology	2	Lecture
	Genetics	3	Lecture
	Statistics	3	Lecture
	Sociology	3	Lecture
	Psychology	3	Lecture
	Molecular Cell Biology II	3	Experiment
3-4	Anatomy	1 18	Experiment
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.8	-
(36)	Forensic Medicine I		Experiment
	Physiology	14	Experiment
	Human Biochemistry II	8	Experiment
	Pathology	12	Experiment
	Histopathology		Experiment
	·Haematology		Experiment
	Chemical Pathology		Experiment
	· Clinical Immunology	ŀ	Experiment
	Microbiology	10	Experiment
	Pharmacology	8	Experiment
5	Medicine (Junior)	18	Hospital Training
(44)	Surgery (Junior)	18	Hospital Training
	Clinical Pathology	2	Hospital Training
	Clinical Pharmacology	2	Hospital Training
	Parasitology	·	Hospital Training
	Occupational Medicine	1	Hospital Training
	Medical Genetics	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Hospital Training
	Psychology / Medical Sociology	-	Hospital Training
0	Pediatrics (Junior)	8	Hospital Training
(46)	Obstetrics I Gynecology (Junior)	- 8	Hospital Training
	Ophthalmology	2	Hospital Training
	Ear.Nose.Throat (Otorhinolaryngology)	2	Hospital Training
	Dermatology	2	Hospital Training
	Orthopedics	3	Hospital Training
	[Neurology	2	Hospital Training
			1 Manufact Western
	Neurosurgery	2	Hospital Training
	Neurosurgety Urology	2 2	Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Neurosurgety Urology	2	Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery	2 2	Hospital Training Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation	2 2 i	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine	2 2 i 3	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine Epidemiology Forensic Medicine II	2 2 1 3 3	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine Epidemiology	2 2 1 3 3 2 3	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
7	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine Epidemiology Forensic Medicine II Elective Training Medical Ethics	2 2 1 3 3 2 3	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
7 (46)	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine Epidemiology Forensic Medicine II Elective Training Medical Ethics Medicine (Senior)	2 2 1 3 3 2 3 1	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
7 (46)	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine Epidemiology Forensic Medicine II Elective Training Medical Ethics Medicine (Senior) Surgery (Senior)	2 2 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 12	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine Epidemiology Forensic Medicine II Elective Training Medical Ethics Medicine (Senior) Surgery (Senior) Pediatrics (Senior)	2 2 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 2 1 2 8	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine Epidemiology Forensic Medicine II Elective Training Medical Ethics Medicine (Senior) Surgery (Senior) Pediatrics (Senior) Obstetnics / Gynecology (Senior)	2 2 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 2 1 2 8 8 8	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training
	Neurosurgery Urology Cardiothoracic Surgery Rehabilitation Community Medicine Epidemiology Forensic Medicine II Elective Training Medical Ethics Medicine (Senior) Surgery (Senior) Pediatrics (Senior)	2 2 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 2 1 2 8	Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training Hospital Training

Note: Lecture - Lecture takes a leading part.

Experiment - Practice and experiment are compulsory.

Hospital Training - Practice in the hospital is compulsory.

2. Curriculum of Courses Targeted by the Project

No.	T.		211.
Subject	Biology	Chemistry	Physics I · II
Grade	1	1	1 · 2
Aim	Study of structure and function from DNA level to individual living creature.	Study of basic technique of measurement by statistical analysis	Confirmation and understanding of motion theory by measurement
Outline	Organism and individual	Structure and state of materials	Physics and measurement
	Variety and structure of cell	Chemical reaction	Characteristic of liquid and circumstance of solid matter
	Tissue and organs	Characteristic of materials	Ion statement
	Cell and DNA	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Alternative electricity
			Frequency
			Action and reaction
Contents 1	Grouping of animal and plant	Identification of ions of silver, lead and mercury	Density, force and acceleration
2	Classification of animal cell and Plant cell	Identification of iron of aluminium and zinc	Buoyancy and Archimedes' Principle
3	Punction of organs	Identification of alkaline earth and alkali-metal ions	Viscosity
4	Transmission of substance	Qualitative analysis of some common anions	Ohm's Law
5	Nucleus and DNA	Qualitative analysis of unknown	Resistance in series and in parallel
ć	DNA and heredity	The enthalpy of combustion of vegetable oil	RC circuit oscilloscope
7	,	The enthalpy changes in chemical reaction: Hess' Law	RLC series
8	3	Chemical equilibrium: Le Chatelier's Principle	Standing waves on a string
9)	Ksp of calcium iodate: Ca(IO3)2	Resonance
10)	The pH scale: acid base titration	Simple harmonic motion
1	1	Ka of a weak acid	Laws of refraction (Image formation) and lenses
1:	2	Oxidation : reduction	Diffraction of waves
1:	3	Electrochemical cells	
14	4	Rates of chemical reactions I	
1.	5	Rates of chemical reactions II	
1:	6	The chemistry of Vitamin C	
L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

No.	IV.	V.	VI.
Subject	Physical Chemistry	Biochemistry	Molecular Cell Biology I-II
Grade	2	<u> </u>	2
Aim	Study of the law by the chemical and dynamic analysis	Study of structures and components of vital tissues in molecular level	Study of basic molecular cell biology to integrate medical stage, and study of function of cellular ornaments
Outline	Figure and characteristic of materials	Introduction of biochemistry	Structure and related function of cells
	Vital energy	Function and structure of protein	Homeostasis
	Dynamics of biochemical reaction	Enzyme as functional protein and its reaction	Genetic biochemistry
		Introduction of gene and cell synthesis	Biochemical analysis of animal cell
		Mechanism of transcription, homeostasis and suppression	Introduction of cellular and inter- cellular
			Chemical substance for homeostasis
Contents	l Viscosity	Water, acids and bases	Cellular Evolution
	2 Surface tension	Amino acid	Membranes
	3 Determination of equilibrium absorption of an organic acid by activated carbon in aqueous medium	Protein	Nucleus
	4 Electrical conductance	Thermodynamics and free energy of reactions	Cell surface
	5 Transference numbers: Hittorf method	High and low energy compounds	Signal transaction
	6 Reaction kinetics: Alkaline hydrosis of unester	Enzyme	Cytoskeleton
	Reaction kinetics: Effect of temperature on reaction rate	Enzyme kinetics	Cell cycle regulation and cell division
	8 Reaction kinetics: the bromination of acetone		Pertilisation and activation
	9 Polarimetry: Determination of specific rotation of sucrose	Protein targeting and processing	Development and differentiation
	O Determination of the order on reaction in solution	Membrane bound protein	Situmini-recognition and trans membrane
	1 EMF measurements for determination of solubility product		Nervous structure
1	2 Inversion of sucrose	Blood proteins	The eye structure
1	3 Solubility activity coefficient	Biochemical bases of oxidative stress	Muscle contraction
1	4 Hydrolysis of methyl acetate	Biochemistry of nucleic acids	
1	Phitohydrolysis of monochloroacetric acid	Transcription	
1	16	Translation	
1	17	Gene expression regulation	
	18	Recombinant DNA technology	
			1

No.	VII.	VIII.	. 7.1
Subject	Human Biology I-II	Endocrinology	Microbiology
Grade Aim	2 · 3 Study of bioenergetics cycle and role of related substance	individual hormones and to	Study of effecting for human by agent on microbiology, bacteriology and virology
Outline	Introduction of bioenergetics	Introduction of endocrinology	Classification of micro-organism
	Structure of functional protein	General principles of synthesis, storage, secretion and blood transport of hormones	Symbiosis and pathogenesis between human and micro- organism
	Reaction of enzyme as functional protein	Meaning of "cell and tissue specificity" and describing the organisation and function of "receptors"	Symptom of bacteria cause disease
	Introduction of gene and cell	Positive and negative Feed-back mechanism	Transmission and spread of micro- organism
	Metabolism in each organ	Classification and various assay method	Prevention and chemotherapy for micro-organism
			Bioassay and techniques
Contents	Bio-energetic	Introduction of endocrinology	Classification of micro-organism
	Basic concept of metabolism	Chemical classes. Synthesis and mechanisms of action of peptide hormones	Cultivation and growth micro- organism
-	Carbohydrates (CHO's) metabolism	Hypothalamus, Anterior and posterior pituitary	Bacterial genetics
	Lipid metabolism	Endocrine pancreases	Normal flora
	Nitrogen metabolism	Thyroid hormones and growth hormones	Transmission and spread of micro- organism
,	Organs inter relationship in metabolism	Synthesised mechanisms of action on steroid hormones	Sterilisation and dis-infection
	7 Nutrition	Adrenal cortex	Bacteria cause disease
	8	Hormonal control of energy metabolism Anabolic and catabolic states	Host response to infection
	9	Parathyroid hormones, calcitonin, vitamin D	Fungi, parasitic disease
1			Introduction of morphology and classification of viruses
1	1		Viruses and the community
1	2		Antimicrobial agents
1	3		Antiviral agents
2	.1		
<u></u>	<u> </u>		<u>.L</u>

No.	X.	XI.	XII.
Subject	Histopathology	Haematology	Chemical Pathology
Grade Aim	Study for morphologic aspect of cellular degeneration in various disease	Basic pathphysiology of the blood and bone marrow	Cell injury and cell death, acute and chronic inflammation. Hearing and repair. Vascular lesions including shock. Mechanism of extracellular pathology
Outline	Degeneration of cell	Disorders and related blood component	Symptoms of internal medicine
	Adaptation and cell injury	Iron metabolism and anaemia	Functional examination for specific disease
	Immunisation	role of vitamin B12 and folic acid in haematological disorders during Coagulation and haemolysis	Cardiae insufficiency Metabolic disorder
		Blood transfusion	Maignocytoma
Contents	Cell injury and cell death as the basis of disease	introduction)	Changes in proteins in plasma and other body fluids in disease
	Acute inflammation, cells and process	Microcytic hypochromic anaemia	Patho-physiology of shock
·	Chronic inflammation, cells and process	Megaloblastic anaemia	Pathology of plasma lipids and lipoproteins in relation to disease of blood vessels
,	4 Granulomatous inflammation, exemplified by tuberculosis	Pancytopenia	Principles of chemical pathology of endocrine disorders
	5 Chemical mediators of inflammation	Haemolytic Anaemia	Principles of chemical pathology of diabetes mellitus, including structural effects of altered
	6 Tissue repair and regeneration	White blood cells: Bnign disorders	Chemical pathology of plasma enzyme, modelled on myocardial and liver disease
	7 Extra cellular tissue and disease	Myeloproliferative disorders	Pathology of heam, its digression and jaundice
	8 Vascular disease and disorders of the circulation	Leukaemia	Systematic chemical effects of neoplasm, including tumour
	9 Neoplasm and disorders of cell growth	Lymphoid malignancies	
1	0	Homeostasis: diagnostic approach	
1	1	Bleeding disorders	
1	2	Thrombosis and anti-thromnotic drug	
1	.3	Immuno-haematology	
1	14	Blood transfusion I	
1	15	Blood transfusion I	
	16	Haematological disorders during pregnancy	
	17	Sickle cell disease	
	18	Thalassaemia	
L			

No.	XIII.	XIV.	XV.
Subject	Clinical Immunology	Anatomy	Pharmacology
Grade	4	3 · 4	4
Aim	Study for immunology process in cellular and molecular level those advanced medical treatment	Study for the structure of human body and its functions and relations	Study for effectiveness of pharmatherapy using main affection and considering side-affect
Outline	Process of immino-reaction	Systematic anatomy for phylogenesis	Determination of chemotherapy
	Natural and acquired immunity	systematic anatomy for organ formation	Prescription with safety, effectiveness, difficulty and
	Function of immune reaction	Systematic anatomy for skeleton, muscle and joint	Informed concept: information, explanation and warning
	Antigen and antibody	Systematic anatomy for brain and spinal cord	Therapeutic drug monitoring: steady state, side-effect
	Immuno-globlin	Observational analysis by microscope	Study of monitoring
			Determination for pharmacology of the autonomic nervous system
Contents	tissue structures of the immune	Introduction to fross anatomy	Introduction of pharmacology
	2 The chemical processes underlying natural and innate immunity		Introduction of pharmacology of the autonomic nervous system
	3 the cellular mechanisms underlying recognition of self and non-self and the reactions which follow such recognition	Bones and joints	Pharmacology of the cardiovascular system
	4 The major role of immune processes in initiating and perpetuating acute and chronic inflammation	Connective tissue and skin	Pharmacology of the respiratory system
	5 The immuno- pathology of hypersensitivity and auto-immune disorders	Nervous system	Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (monopioid analgesics): drugs used in gout
	6 Primary and secondary immunodeficiency	Introduction of embryology	Renal pharmacology
I	7 Immunology of transplantation	Heart, conducting system	Agent used in treatment of hyperlipidemias
	8 Immunological aspects of malignancy	Arteries of thorax	Agent used in treatment of anaemia
	9	Veins and lymphatic of thorax	Drug used in treatment of coagulation
1	10	Nasal cavity and parallels sinuses	Drug used in treatment of immuno-modulation
	11	Pharynx	Drug used in treatment of gastrointestinal disease
1	12	Larynx	Neuromuscular junction blockers
1	13	Thoracic wall	Histamine, serotonin and their antagonists and the ergot alkaloids
	14	Mechanism of breathing	Drugs that act on the central nervous system
!	15	Mediastinum	Ocular pharmacology
1	16	Trachea	Endocrine pharmacology
1	17	Lungs and pleura Posterior mediastinum	Drugs affecting uterine motility Dermatological pharmacology
1	19	Nervous of thorax	Chemotherapy of microbial
	20	Visional sensation	disease Chemotherapy of nepotistic
1	21	Visional sensation Vestibular sensation	disease
		Contoural Schoation	<u> </u>

No.	XVI.	XVII.
Subject	Physiology	Forensic Medicine
Grade	3	4
Aim	Integration of the individual functions of all body's different cells, organs and systems with anatomy, pharmacology and biochemistry	Study for medical regulation under medial ethics and to learn skill for post-mortem examination
Outline	Excitability of cell	Introduction of forensic medicine
	Salutatory condition	Post-mortem appearance and injury
	Transmission	Endogenous sudden death, traffic accident, asphyxia, burn, electrothanasia, frostbite and poisoning
	Motion and tension	Fetus, infant
	Organs and system	Chemical analysis, identification, blood type and blood analysis
		Medical examiner system, medical regulation, medical ethics, transplantation and brain death
Contents	General physiology	Analysis of mineral and soils
	2 Cardiovascular physiology	Analysis of drugs and poisons
3	Respiratory physiology	Analysis of documents
	Renal physiology and body fluids	Hair analysis
-	Gastrointestional physiology	Analysis of fingerprint
	Neuro-physiology with the special senses	Introduction to
	7 Endocrine physiology	Toxicology
:	8 Reproductive physiology	
	9 Applied physiology	

2) Policy on Maintenance Capabilities

Technical Factor

The capabilities of lecturers to operate the equipment have been judged as adequate and no problems in this area are foreseen. But some equipment may require time to master or may produce confusion regarding its operation. Therefore, equipment with specifications and operational capacity that will allow lecturers to utilize it immediately will be selected. In addition, when the equipment provided by the Project is officially transferred to the PA side, technical transfer in the form of on-the-jobtraining (OJT) pertaining to equipment operation and maintenance will be implemented.

b. Maintenance Costs

In order to enable the uninterrupted use of the equipment, a budget to purchase parts and consumables must be secured. Therefore, it is necessary to select equipment with minimal maintenance costs, in order to avoid burdening the College of Medicine with large maintenance costs.

In addition, another important criterion in equipment selection is the availability and supply of parts from the local agencies.

3) Policy on Natural Environmental Conditions

The Project site which is located in the area of Jerusalem is located on the West Bank of the Jordan River The climate is Mediterranean and the site is about 900m above sea level with less than 600mm of annual rainfall. The humidity is not high and adverse effects on the equipment which will be provided by the Project are not anticipated. Moreover, the classroom and the laboratory of adjacent the Faculty of Science and Technology also do not have special air conditioning facility installed. Therefore, it was judged that the equipment provided by the Project will not require air conditioning.

4) Policy on Infrastructural Conditions

a. Electricity

The electricity (230V, 50Hz) that is supplied to the site is relatively stable. However, in preparedness for power failures and other emergencies, the possible use of an UPS (uninterruptible power supply) is under consideration for the computers and analysis equipment in order to avoid breakdowns stemming from such emergencies. In order to prevent the loss and deterioration of specimen quality and diluted samples of an experiment or long-term storage due to a power failure, an emergency back-up generator will be provided for the refrigerator on the condition that a power line will be installed specifically for the generator.

b. Water Quality

Public water service which is source from well water is piped to the site. However, the tap water is hard water containing large amounts of magnesium, calcium, etc. Therefore, it is necessary to install a water softener for the distillator and equipment that directly utilizes tap water.

c. Drainage, Wastes

Generally, the university laboratories and training facilities, unlike hospitals and research centers, generate minimal experimental/test wastes and the use of special hazardous substances is infrequent. As a result, the total volume of drainage water and wastes is low. In addition, since the specimens used in experiments and training classes are all sterilized prior to disposal, a special apparatus for disposing biohazardous wastes is not needed. Wastes and treated drugs that are generated in large amounts during the anatomy experiment will be disposed by a contracted private company.

5) Policy on Equipment Delivery

An important factor in effectively maintaining the equipment is to ensure that spare parts can be supplied locally, as well as the existence of a repair and after service system in the PA. Therefore, the existence of local suppliers

and branch sales offices as well as the existence of an after service system will be an important factor in the selection process.

6) Avoid duplication of Equipment by Other Donors

The College of Medicine is also a recipient of assistance from Kuwait for research equipment, books, etc. The amount of funds that have been committed is about US\$150,000. Basically, duplication of equipment from Kuwaiti assistance and this Project is not anticipated, but careful consideration is required in formulating the equipment plan to avoid such duplication.

2-3-2 Basic Design

(1) Equipment that is Targeted for Each Course

The results of the review on equipment selection explained in the previous section, "2-2-3 Review of the Request", and the results of the review on equipment coordination with the curriculum given in section, "2-3-1 Design Concept", and equipment targeted for each course are shown in the Table 7 on the following page.

In addition, the method by which the quantity was established, as shown in A through G, are in accordance with the criteria outlined in section "2-3-1 Design Concept, (2) Design Policy, 1) Policy on Equipment Scope, Grade and Quantity, b. Establishing the Quantity" (pages 27 - 28).

Table 7 Equipment Target for the Project

AUDIO-VISUAL

	O VIOONE						, ₋	r										
No.	Equipment Name	Q'ty	Quantity Criteria	Computer	Spectroscopy.	Спотабравну	Cheminary	Physics	Biology	Microbiology/ Immunology/Haematology	Molecular Biology	Anatomy/Pathology	Pharmacology	Physiology	Forensic Medicine	Biochemistry	Halls	Class Room
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A-1b	Mobile TV	5	F						1	2	<u> </u>		.!					ا ـــــا
A-2	Video Cassette Recorder	12	Ä						<u> </u>			<u> </u>						12
A-3	Electronic Projector	5	F			L	1	L	l	,.		1			L			4
[A-I	Over-Head Projector	12	A			<u> </u>	2	<u> </u>	!	3	1			1				
A . 5	Screen (for Projector)	12	Α	Ĺ	L	L	2	1		3	_!_	2		<u> </u>	11			\sqcup
A-6	Stides Projector	12	۸			<u> </u>	3	1	· · ·	3	<u> </u>	2	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ļ
A-7	Decto- Phone	10	F			L		1	L	3		2	1	ļ <u>.</u>	1			\sqcup
A-3	Tape- Recorder	5	F			l		L	!	1		1	1	1.	<u> </u>		ļ	<u> </u>
A-II	Scanner - Color	6	F	2	L	L	—	L	1		L	2	L.,	! !	 		1	
A-12	LCD	12	F	2		ļ	1	L		3	<u> </u>	2	<u> </u>	 	1	1	 	
A-13	Photocopier	6	F		<u> </u>	ļ		 	ļ <u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	6	├ ──
A-27	Software	31	G	31	<u> </u>	!	ļ	├	ļ	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	}	⊢ -		├ -{
A-28	PC	31	G	31		ļ	<u> </u>	L	ļ			 -		 	ļ <u> </u>	ļ	├	
A-29	Laser Prioter Color	6	F	4	L	ļ	 -	ļ	1	<u>. </u>		⊢'		 '				
A-30	Laser Printer Black & White	3	F	3	ļ		 	!	ļ		 	 	 	╁╌┌╴		 	 	
A-34	Video camera	3	F	<u> </u>	 		ļ	ļ	ļ	_	ļ	 -		 - 	 	 	 	1
A-35	Camera with Zoom Lenses	2	F		—		4	I	I		.	 -	 		├─ -	 		1
A-37	Computer assisted Teaching Stide Maker	1	F	1											<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
A-38	Maintenance Workshop (Electro Mechanical)	1	F	ı							<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u></u>		

EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

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E-107	Slide Cabinet for Slide Storage	4	8	L	ļ	 	 -	 	 	2	 -	 ' -		 		 	ļ	
E-108	Binocular Microscope for Students Plan 1 x2; x10; x25; x40; x400; Objectives Eye Pieces x 100; Safty Cabinet	60	Ε						15	15		15				15		
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E 113	Automatic Stainner Deep Freezer-Cabinet Type (large)	3	À		 	1	 		1 1	╁╌	 	 	\vdash	1	 	 		
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E-118	Teaching Microscope with Television Video Output via Camera - 3CCD 1 Plan Apochroma Objectives Plan		F						,		1					. I		
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E-121	pH Meter	24	A, B, C			1	4	-	1	4	1	2	3	3_	<u> </u>	3	 	ļ
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E-213	Stop Watch, Interruption Type	30	A, B, C			1-			-4-	3	+-	+	11	4	- 2	4	 	
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E-287		8	Α	1	17		1	1	1							1		.1
E-288	Orbital Shaker	4	A		上		1.,	4_	1!		1	+-	1 !	 		4:		
E-290		8	A			1	- 1	-	1 1	1		1	+-	1		++	+-	+
E-291		. 3	 	+	+	+-	-		+-			+	+-	+-;			\top	+
E-293		- 2	8	<u> </u>		_	2			╧								
E-294	Evaporator	6	c	1			6]_							<u> </u>
E-295		4	C		-		4				 	+-	+-		+		+	
E-296 E-297		- 4				+	+			-			+-		+-'	十		
E-299		10		-	+		+-			4		2		2	2		1.	
	X-Ray film Illuminator	2	A	T			T		Л.			1						

Na.	Equipment Name	٨١٥	Quantity Criteria	Computer	Spectroscopy	Chromatograghy	Chemistry	Physics	Biology	Microbiology/ Immunology/Heamatology	Molecular Biology	Anatomy/Pathology	Pharmacology	Physiology	Forensie Medicine	Biochemistry	Halls	Special Place
E-303	Multi Channel Recorder Electrocardiograph	4	C											4	ļ			
E-305	Respectation Unit	Σ	В											2				
E-307	Kymograph with Basic Stimulator	1	A											1				
E-308	Set Hemodynamic Measuring System	7,7	A											1				├ ──-{
E-310	Inverted Microscope	5	F			<u> </u>								-1/2				
E-311	Micro Manipulator	5	B											2				
E-313	Axopatch Amplifier	3	B			 -								3_	<u> </u>		 	
E-314 E-315	Electrical Stimulator Set Oscilloscope	-;-	В											3	1		 	
E-318	Tissue Sticer (Chopper)	2	Α						1					l l				
	Hematocrit Centrifuge		A		}	ļ	ļ		l		<u> </u>	1		l l	1	!	<u> </u>	!
E-323	Spirometer Set Cylinder Set with Outlet &			· !				<u> </u>						-'-	ļ		<u> </u>	1
E-324	Regulator	1	F		L									l				<u> </u>
E-325	Cycle Ergometer	6	C B		ļ	ļ		 						6			ļ	
E-326 E-327	Gas (Volume) Meter CO. Meter	2	В			 	 	 	<u> </u>					2		<u> </u>	⊢—	├ ─┤
E-328	O. Meter	2	В		<u> </u>				<u> </u>					2				
E-330	Douglas Rag	20	Đ		 	├ —	 -	 		L				10				<u> </u>
E-331	Flexible Tube Sphygmomanometer	40	C,G		 	\vdash	 -	 		 -	-		- 5	20 35		 		├ -{
€-334	Weighning Scale	5	A				1	1	1				. 1	II.				
€-335	Tread Mill	1	A 8		ļ	i	 		<u> </u>					1 2	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	
€-336 €-341	Recorder Multichannel Refrigerated Table Top Certifuge	10	A, B		 -		├		1	2	1	2	ı	 	t			11
E-342	Pulsed Field Gel Electrophoresis	2	A				 		1							i		\Box
	System		F		ļ	ļ <u> </u>	ļ	├	<u> </u>	ļ				ļ	 			
E-343 E-344	Washing Machine (Large) Distillation Upit (Large)		F	<u> </u>	 	 	.	 -				<u> </u>		 -	 	ł	ļ	1-1-
E-345	PCR Thermal Cycler	; 3	A			<u> </u>					ī				1	1		
E-347	Laminar Flow Hood	3	A F		ļ		1	L	<u> </u>	 				<u> </u>				
E-348 E-349	Fluorescent Microscope Upright Freezer	6			 		 	 -		1		-		 				
E-350	Eliza Reader	4	A			L	1			1			1		1	ī		
E-351	Chemistry Analyzer	3	F	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	 	-	 		_		<u> </u>	 	ļ	<u> </u>	나는니
E-352 E-353	Blood Cell Counter: Automated Mechanical Stirrer	20	A, B, D	 -	1-3-	 _ 2-	8	-	2	╁╌╌	<u> </u>	 		2	1	1	 	
E-354	Sealer	2	A				ļ	İ		1			ī					
E-355	Double Jacketed Open Kettle with	2	В				2				Ì					l		1 1
E-356	Electrical Heater Titrator	2	A	 	╁	+ -	1	┼─	├──	 			┢──		 	 	{	1
E-357	Lovibond Tintorneter	Ţ	A				Ī										1	
E-358	Hydro Genation Autoclave	2	F	 	 	-	I	 	} , -	ļ	ļ	 	 	1	╂	1	1	 -
E-359	Gel Ducumentation Reader Counter: Manual White Blood Cell		 	\vdash	1	 		1	╁	-	 	-		8	1	├ ╌┶╌	 	
E-361	Differential		A,D	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L.	L.	<u></u>	11	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l °	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1
E-362	Cryogenic Tank / Incubator	2	A F	 	 	↓	 -	 	 - !-	ļ	<u> </u>	 	ļ	-	 	1-1-		1
E-363 E-365	Culturing Millipore System Cuvente Waster	2	A	 	┼	╁		1	1	 	 	{	<u> </u>	1	 			1
E-366	Densitometer for gel	2	A				1	1	ī			1				1		
E-367	Dispenser	1 7	A A, B	-	 			\vdash			2	ļ <u>.</u>			 -,-	1 2	┼	┼╌╌╏
E-368 E-370	Electrophoresis Evaporator: Using Nitrogen Gas	1	F	\vdash	 	1-	1	1	 	† ' -	╁		 ' -	1	+ •	 	+-	+-+
E-371	Fibrometer	1	A				1							I				
E-374	Glass Head Cell Homogenizer Hematocytometer Set	20	B A, D	 	—		+	1	2	 	11	 	 	8	1-	 	 	-
E-375 E-376	Hematocytometer Set Hetovac Centrifuge	3	A	+-	+	+-	+	1	1	1 -	 	 	 	1	1	i	1	1
E-317	Hot Plate with Magnetic Stirrer	32	A, B, C			1	5	T	4	2	4	1	5	3	4	4	ļ	
E-378 E-379	Immunoblotter Incubator: Shaking	2	A	-	 		-		-		 		ł	 	+	 -	 	 -
E-319	Microscope: Interphased with TV	2	<u> </u>	 	1	1	┼	†	 	╁ᆣ	┢	1	1	 -	†	 '	†—	1
E-381	screen with phase contrast adapter, double head									'	}	1						
E-382	Mixer: Blood Tube	5	В				1	1		2		2			1		1	
E-383	Nephlometer	2	B	1	\perp	-	- 2	 	 	 -	1	_	ļ	 	 -	2	 	1
E-385 E-386	Osmometer: Freezing Point Osmometer: Vapor Pressure Point	1 2	B	┼	+	+	1 2	+		 	 	╂──	1	1	1	 	+-	+-+
E-387	Phospholipid Analyzer	1	A			1		1			1							
E-388		50	A.B B.C.D		1	2	4	 	1-4	10	↓	10	5	5	1 5	1 5		
E-389 E-391	Pipette Set Plasma Extractor	1 2	8		+	+-	+	1-	+-	2	 	 ~	1-	1-3	┪╌	† '	1-	
€-393	Power Compensation System	1	F		1	1_	1	1	 		1			1_	1		1	
E-395	Safety Cabinet: for Mycology	1	A	1	1		_L	-L	J	. 1	1	<u> </u>	<u>L</u>	┸		<u> </u>		

No.	Equipment Name	Øty	Quanty Creers	Computer	Spectroscopy	Chromatography	Chemistry	Physics	Biology	Microbiology/ Immunology/Heamatology	Molecular Biology	Anatomy/Pathology	Pharmacology	Physiology	Forensic Medicine	Biochemistry	Halk	Special Place
E-396	Selective Ion Electrodes: Nat. Kt. NIL NO. CO., CO	[3	c				6								6			
E-397	Serofuee	2	В							2								
E-398 :	Shaker: Stide Shaker with Semicircular Motion	6	A.B							1		ł	1		1	2	<u></u>	
E-399	Slide Shaker	2	A											L	1		L	
E-403	Phermometer	20	B, C				+			3		4	3	2]	4		
E-405	FLC System	5	A				1	l		t	<u> </u>							
E-406	Trays: Staining	8	C		L	L		 -			. 4				ļ	1		
E-407	Conical Glass Tubes	200	C			.	40		20	20		ł	50	50	ļ <u>.</u>	50		
E-408	Urinometer	15	A, E	ļ	ļ	-	ļ.—.		ļ	ļ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	14	 		-	
E-409	UV Transittuminator	4	A	<u> </u>	1	ļ	↓	<u> </u>	!	1	 	ļ	<u> </u>		 	╀╌┼╌		
E-410	Vacuum Pump	8	Α	ļ	L	 	1 3	L	i.			ļ	<u> </u>	 :	 	⊢:		
E-411	Fest Tube Mixer	12	A.B	 -	L	 	 	├ ─	l - l	l		 	3	 	 	 		
E-414	Glass Ware Set	<u> </u>	<u>c</u> _	L	$L \bot L$	1_1_	<u> </u>	L	┸╌┖┈	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	LI

TEAC	HING MATERIALS														<u>'</u>			
No.	Equipment Name	Qiy	Quantity Criteria	Computer	Ѕреспонсору	Chromatograghy	Chemistry	Physics	Biology	Microbiology/ Immunology/Heamatology	Molecular Biology	Anatomy/Pathology	Pharmacology	Physiology	Forensic Medicine	Biochemistry	Halls	Special Place
₹-1	Slide Set for Microbiology	20	E	1	1	1	T			20		1		L		1		
T-2	Slide Set for Normal Risrology	20	E.	T			l			L		20	<u>L</u>		1	<u>L</u>	L	L

No.	Equipment Name	O'ty	Quantity Criteria	Computer	Spectroscopy	Chromatograghy	Chemistry	Physics	Biology	Marobiology/ Immunology/Heamatology	Molecular Biology	Anatomy/Pathology	Pharmacology	Adopoisald	Forensic Medicine	Brochemistry	Halls	Special Place
MH	Thoracic Spinal Column		A									1						
M-2 M-3	Lumber Spinat Column 6 Vertebrae		$-\frac{\alpha}{\Lambda}$															
M 4	Arm Skelton	i	A															
M-5	Leg Skeleton	1	Λ															i
M-6	Advanced Medical Turso (28 part)	2	A									1						
M-7 :	Super Muscle Torso Disc Torso-15 Slices		A									1			<u> </u>			——
M-9	Median Forntal Section of Head	-i-	Ä									1						
M-10	Relief Models	1	Ä									1						
M-H	Laryax		۸									-			L			
M-12 M-13	Advanced Left Ear (6 parts) Eye in Orbit 4 Times Full Size	3	A A B									2		1	ļ			<u> </u>
M-14	Skin Section 200X	1	A								<u> </u>				-			
M-15	Relief Model	1	Α									1						
M-16	Brain - 4 parts	2	۸									_	ļ	1				
M-18	Brain with Arteries 10 parts with Base of Head	ŀ	Α									ı		ĺ				
M-20	Spinal Cord, 6 Times Full Size	i	Α									1		_				
M-21	De-Luxe Heart -7 parts	2	A									1		ī				
M-22	Basic Heart - I part	2	A									_1_		1	 		 _	
M-24	Heart with Ocsophagus Aorta & Windpipe	2	٨	:								1		1				
M-25	Heart with Thymus - 3 parts	l	Α							·		i						
M-26	Lung - 5 parts	2	٨											1				
M-27 M-28	Digistive System - 3 parts Stomach with Duodenum +	2	A								<u> </u>	-		1				<u> </u>
M-29	Pancreas - 3 parts	2	Ä	-							\vdash			 	 -		 	
M-30	Intel Prgans - 2 parts	1	٨									ì						
M-31	Liver with Gall Bladder Kroney with Autenai Grand - z	2	A								<u> </u>		L	j	.		ļ	
M-32 M-33	Kidney section - Basic version	- -	A		-	-		<u> </u>			 	1		ļ	 		ļ <u>.</u>	├
	Liver with Gall Blander Pancreas	2	A								 			 				
M-34	and Duodenum :		1				L			<u></u>	ļ	1		1			 	<u> </u>
M-36	Kidney Nephrons Blood Vessels Complete Urinary System Dual Sex	2	A	<u> </u>		-				<u> </u>	-	 -		1_1_		<u> </u>	 	├
M-38	- 6 parts	2	A									'		1	l			
M-40	Female Pelvis - 2 parts	2	A									<u> </u>						
M-41	Male Pelvis - 2 parts Embryonic Development (12	2	A		 -		 -	 -		 	ļ		 -	 '-	 	ļ		<u> </u>
M-44	stages)	ı	A									ι		l			l	l
M-45	S/J. STR	- 1	A					— —				1		ı	1			
M-46	Pregnancy Series - 8 medels	_ i	A									1				L		L
SCISO	RS Dressing Scissors	2	A	,			1				г		Т				, 	
M-48	Sharp -str. 14cm	2	A	 	 		 			├ ┈─	· · · · · · · ·	l i		╁┈─	 		 -	
	Sharp -str. 18cm	2	Α									1						
M-50	Mayo Scissors - Chamfered blades	2	A	 	<u> </u>	1				├—	₩	1	-	-	⊢. -	⊢	⊢ —	 -
M-51 M-52	Mayo Scissors Flat blades Str. Metzenbaum Scissors Str.	2	À	\vdash		1	 			\vdash		1	 		++	 -	\vdash	 -
M-53	Iris Scissors Sharp Cof Heavy	1	_					i				1	i	I^-				
1 ' '	weight	Ľ	<u> L^</u>	L	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	L		<u> </u>	l	<u> </u>	L	L	<u></u>	J	L	L
FORCE M-54	Dissecting Forceps Block End	2	T A			· · · · · ·	,			T		T-1		 -	T 1	r	·	_
_	Dissetting Forceps Fine Points	 	A	 	 	 	 	ļ		 	 		1	 	 - 			
M-55	Teethed 1x2		1				<u> </u>			<u></u>	<u> </u>	!	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	L
M-56	Dissecting Forceps 2x3 Teeth	1	^			.	├	 -	<u> </u>	 	⊢		 	 -	ļ	 	 	<u>-</u>
M-57	Bonney Dissecting Forceps 1x2 Teeth Treves dissecting Forceps 1x2	2				ļ						!	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ļ	<u></u>
M-58	Teeth	1		_	_	ļ	ļ			ļ		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
M-59	Fixation dissecting Forceps 1x2 Teeth Y FORCEPS	,	^	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>L</u>	<u></u>	<u>'</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L_</u>	<u>L</u>	<u></u>	<u>L</u>	<u> </u>
M-60	Kitner Artery Forceps	2	À	1	Τ	T	Γ		·	T^{-}	Γ	1	Г	Т	T	Γ	T	1
M-61	Sefrated B/J Cof	2	Ā									i		1	T:			
M-62	Spencer Wells Aftery Forceps S/J, Serrated, S/J, STR	2	A									1			1			
M-64	Listersinus Forceps B/J. Sarrated	1	A		L	Щ.	L	L	<u> </u>	1	L		1	1			<u> </u>	L
M-65	E HOLDERS Higgs Needle Holders Cross	ı	A		I	T	l			Ţ	Г	ι.					Π	
	Serrated Jaws B/J Kilner Needle Holder Cross	-	_	 	 	\vdash	1-		 	 	\vdash	1	 	+	 	1-	 	

[<u>-</u>]							· · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	т. Т		٠.			~—					[]
No.	Equipment Name	Á,Ö	Quantity Criteria	Computer	Зреспокору	Chromatograghy	Chemistry	Physics	Biology	Microbiology/ Immunology/Heamatology	Molecular Biology	Anatomy/Pathology	Pharmacology	Physiology	Forensic Medicine	Biochemistry	Halls	Special Place
RETRAC	CTOR		<u> </u>			i	L	L	•									
M 68	West Retractor Self Retaining 3 x 4 Teeth Blant Points	ı	A								:	1 -						
	Liston Amputation Knife		A															
M-70	B.P. Standard Scalpel Handle No.3	3	A. P						· ·		<u> </u>				<u> </u>			11
BLADES	B.P. Standard Scalpel Handle No.4	3	A, B		l	l	l	l	l	l		2	L		L. !	L	L	L
M-73	Bludes 10	2	A		í	·	· · · · · ·]							1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
M-74	Blades 15	3	A.B									2			1			
M-75	Blades 20	2	A			I									1	!		-
M-76	Blides 21	2	A						l			_1_			1	ļ		Ii
M-77	Blades 23	2	A		- :			ļ			ļ	1			1			J
M-78	Blades 24	2	A		<u> </u>		ļ .	 -				<u> </u>		l	1_1_	 -	ļ	
M-79	Silver Probe with eye		A		ļ	ļ	 	ļ	ļ		ļ	1	ļ	}	 	 	 	┼╌┤
11-80	Mocdonald Dissector Double Ended	ı	t		ļ		 			 		-		l ——	 			
M-81	Syme Dissector Double Ended Blunt /Sharp.	2	A	L <u>.</u>			<u> </u>					1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ		
M-82	Ancerysm Needle Small		A		ļ	ļ	 	ļ		ļ				 -	<u> </u>	ऻ—		-
M-83	Syme Aneurysm Needle	ī	A		<u></u>	.	 	L	ļ			1			 			
M-84	iris Dissecting Forceps, 1x2 Teeth,STR	1	A					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1		<u></u>	<u> </u>	 	ļ	<u> </u>
31-85	Walsgrave Tubing Clamps Box Joint, Heavy Pattern	2	٨	ŀ			1					-1			ļι			
34-86	Giertz RiB Shears	1	A	1	1	1	1	† — —				1				ľ <u>.</u>		
M-87	Thudicum Nasal Speculum, Size I	1	A							.[1				L	1	1
M-83	Languel Mirror Handles		A	ł		:			l	<u> </u>	L		<u> </u>	L	 	↓	ļ	↓
M-89	Laryngeal Mirror without Handle	3	A	l		↓	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		J	L	2	ļ	ļ	_!_	├		
M-90	Head Mirror, Fibre Forehead Band	1	A			-	.i	ļ	ļ	ļ	}	1	ļ	ļ	ļ			
M-91	Paton Bone Cutting Forcess	1	A	 		+	 	<u> </u>	-	+	 	1	 	 	 	-	-	4
M-92	Food ed Bone Ronguer	1	A	 			 	 	-	 		1	-	 	 	 	 	╁╌╌┨
M-93 M-94	Satterice Amputation Saw	 	1 2	 	╂	+	┪	┼	╂	 	 	++	 	 	\vdash	 	╁	┼╌┤
M-94 M-95	Bristow Periosteal Elevator Mallet, Stainless steel	1-;-	1 2	 	 	1	+	 	1	 	 	 	 	 	 	t	t	+
M-96	Engel Saw	1 🕆	T A	 -	╁┈	 	┪~~~	 	1	+	t	 	 	 	1	T	t^-	\top
M-97	Farabeuf Rugine, Chisel Edge Straight End	1	Ā			1	\top	T		1	 	i		1				
M-98	Pennybacker Probe Dissector, Double Ended	1	X		 	1	1	1		1	<u> </u>	1	1	T -	1	1	1	
M-99	Meindoe Seissors	1	 _	+	╁┈┈	┼─-	 	 	+	 	1	1	 	 	1	+-	+	1
M-100	Kilner Scissors	l i	Ä	 	1	+	+	 	+	 	 -	- i	1	T^-	1	†	1	
M-101	Gillies Dissecting Forceps, 1x2	Ηi	A	1	 	 	1	 	1	 	1	i	1	1	1	1-	1	1
21-105		1 2	A	1	1	1	1	\top	1	1	1	 	†	f^-	17			
M-103	National Hospital Percussion Harner	2	A		1	1	1	1		1		1	T		1			
M-104	Medical Saw (Rotary)	1 7	A	†	 	+	1-	+	+-	1	+-	+ -	\vdash	†	 	 	1	1
	Medical Jig Saw	1 ;	1 2	† -	 	 	 	+-	+	1	†	†÷	 	T	1	†	1	1
Circo	1. secured Jig daw																	

PHYS	PHYSIOLOGY TEACHING AND RESEARCH																	
No.	Equipment Name	۵٫۵	Quantity Criteria	Computer	Spectroscopy	Chromatography	Chemisury	Physics	Bology	Microbiology/ Immenology/Heamatology	Molecular Biology	Anatomy/Pathology	Pharmacology	Physiology	Forensic Medicine	Biochemistry	Halls	Special Place
K-2	Pulmometer	5	c							i				6		·		
K-3	Reaction Times	6	c					i		iI			l	6	i			
K 24	Rats Ventilator	2	В		i			ţ						2				11
COMPL	COMPLETE DISSECTING SET FOR MEDICAL STUDENTS																	
K-27	Stainless Steel Instrument Case	15	E			l	I	I	ì ——	1		I	1	13	·		Ĭ	$\overline{}$
K-28	Gross Anatomy Probe	15	E				i	t		11		1		15				11
K-29	Bull Dog Clamps (slight curve)	30	G				I	T		tI		1		30			i	1
K-30	Alm Retractor	15	E		1								l	15		†·		ii
K-31	Fine Iris Scissors	15	£		1			1	T			ļ		15	i			i
K-32	Standard Surgical Scissors	15	Ε				i	 -		1				15		t		
K-33	Scissors	15	E					f						15		ļ		t——i
K-34	Hemostatic Forceps, cur. 14cm	15	E	<u> </u>	i		 			1		l	i	15		! -	~	11
K-35	Hemostatic Forceps, str. 14cm	15	E			1	1	T -	i					15		f		11
K-36	Michel Suture Applicator	15	E		·					1		1		15	<u> </u>			1-1
K-37	Michel Suture Clips	15	E				1	 		11		!		15	 -	1		1 1
K-38	Spatura	15	E			<u> </u>	1	1				t		15		t	t	† -
K-39	Scalpel Handles 3 Solids	15	E				1	İ						15		1		1 1
K-40	Scalpel Handles 4 Solids	15	Ε		· · · · · · ·			<u> </u>				Γ	1	15	-	1		1
K-41	Blades for Scalpet for 3 Solids	15	E		1		1	ļ		1		1		15		1		
K-42	Blades for Scalpet for 4 Solids	15	E		t				i -				i — — —	15		t		
K-43	Namow Pattern Dressing Forceps, 12cm str.	15	F											15				
K-44	Narrow Pattern Dressing Forceps, 16cm str.	15	Ε.											15				
K-45	Narrow Pattern Dressing Forceps, 12cm cur.	15	E											15				
K-46	Narrow Pattern Dressing Forceps, 16cm cur.	15	E											15				
K-48	Microscope Tissue Chamber with Temp. Controller	t	A				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ					1				
K-49	Precision Stereo Zoom Microscope & Optional Boom Stand	<u> </u>	٨				<u>L_</u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u>. </u>		1		į		
ELECT	ROPHYSIOLOGY LAB.		,		γ								_					
K-54	High Performance Physiograph with Different Transducers for Measuring ECG EEG EMG BR.HR		A											1		ļ		
SYSTE	MATIC PHYSIOLOGY LAB.			.		-1					·				.L			
K-70	ILab-Animal Exercis Set	Τī	A	Т	Γ	T	1	1	1	1	1	T	1	1	T	η	T	T
K-76	Isolated Organ Bath	Τï	A	t	†	 -	†	 		1	\vdash	†	 	1 i		1	1	
ANIMA			1	•	4		•	L	1			-			1	•	•	
K-78	Animal Cages Set	Τī	A	1	1	T	1	T	T	T	Ι	l	1		Ι	1	Τ	T
	Air Conditioner with strong	1		† · · · ·	 	f	†	 		1	_	1	1	1	_	T .	 	<u> </u>
K-92	ventilation system	1	A			I	1		ł	1			1		1	1		'

(2) Specifications of the Equipment

The quantity, a summary of the specifications, and the use of the equipment which will be provided for each course in this Project and coordinated with the curriculum are shown in Table 8 on the following page.

The "Curriculum" column in Table 8 shows the equipment and its correlation to the curriculum and the figure in the column for course content and course in "Table 6 Curriculum, 2. Curriculums of Courses Targeted by the Project" (pages 31 - 36) was used.

(Example: "I. Biology, 1. Plant and Animal Categories" → I-1)

Equipment such as glassware and thermometers that is essential to training and laboratory work, and general equipment such as shakers, water bath and refrigerator that play a vital role in the preparation, adjustment and storage of samples have been defined as "Basic Equipment". In addition, equipment such as the centrifuge that is essential in the preliminary processing and preparation of samples has also been categorized as "Basic Equipment".

In contrast, equipment such as the distiller and the ice maker which can be used jointly by courses and floors have been categorized as "Common Equipment".

 Table 8
 Specifications for Equipment

Computer

Comp						
No.	I	Std.	Q'ty	Major Specification	Purpose	Corriculum
Audio \	Visual Equipment			~~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		y
A-11	Scanner - Color	F	2	Flatbed (Single-pass color and monochrome desktop), Resolution 1200 dpi, Scanning Size 216x356 mm,	Loading data of sample and specimen to take into PC process	Basic
A -12	LCD	I;	2	Desktop Type, LCD Panel 8.4" (A4), Resolution :640x480 pixels	Visual efficiency for study by OHP projection of PC processing	Basic
A-27	Software	G	31	MS Office 97 Professional, Windows 98, Media :CD	Study for operating of statistics and composition software	Basic
A-28	PC	G	31	I. Student: IBM Compatible Desktop (233 MHz, 32 K RAM, 3.2 GB HD, 15" Color Monitor, 32 Times CD, 3.5" 1.44 MB Disk Drive) II. Teacher: IBM Compatible Desktop (333 MHz, 64 K RAM, 6.4 GB HD, 15" color Monitor, 32 Times CD, 3.5" 1.44 MB Disk Drive, Zip Recorder) III. Net Working Material (Cables, Hub, etc.) for above computers, Router x1 for LAN		Basic
A-29	Laser Printer Color	F	4	Color Laser Beam Printer, Resolution 600x300 dpi, Paper Size A4	Print out of scanning pictures and processing data by PC	Basic
A-30	Laser Printer Black & White	F	3	Laser Beam Printer, Resolution 1,200x1,200 dpi, Paper Size A4	Printing out of documents, calculations and pictures produced by students	Basic
A-34	Video Camera	F	1	CCD, LCD Color Monitor 3.5", Optical Zoom and Digital Zoom, DV (Digital Video) Format	Taking photos of hospital training scenes for the lecture	Common
A-35	Camera with Zoom Lenses	F	1	35 mm Camera, Auto- focus/manual, Shutter Speed: 30 to 1/2,000, Speed Light, 35-105 Zoom Lens, Camera Bag, Tripod	Making a film of samples and medical treatments for experiment	Common
A-37	Computer Assisted Teaching Slide Maker	F	1	Digital Camera Back, Film Type: 35mm, 3 1/4×4 1/4", 4×3", 4×5"	Producing slides from the data (figure & table, etc.) to project on the screen	Common
A-38	Maintenance Workshop (Electro Mechanical)	F	1	Tool Set, Digital Multi - Mater, Tachometer, Work Bench :1,500x750xH900 mm	Initial maintenance of equipment and diagnosis machinery for long term usage	Common

Spectroscopy Laboratory

	oscopy Laboratory				: ·	
<u>No.</u>	Equipment Name		Q'ty_	Major Specification	Purpose	Curriculum
Experie E-11	nent and Training Equipment Atomic Absorption	F	1	Optics: Double Beam(190 - 900 nm), Resolution: 0.1 - 5 nm	Basic operation and study for principle on 1st - 2nd grade. Multipurpose measuring for samples upper 3rd grade. Quantitative measurement for metals (Ca Mg Sr Fe Cu Zn Mn Se Cr Cd Hg) in the blood sample as common use.	Common , II-1, II-2, II-3, V-5
E-21	Electron Microscope	F	ı		Basic operation and study for principle on 1st ~ 2nd grade. Multipurpose measuring for samples upper 3rd grade. Search for the super structure of virus, cell and tissue by higher analysability than optical microscope	Common , 1-2, 1X-10,
E.45	Ion- Chromatography	F	1	Measuring Range: 0.05 - 50 μ s/cm	Basic operation and study for principle on 1st ~2nd grade. Multipurpose measuring for samples upper 3rd grade. Diagnostics for inorganic and organic ion	Common, 11-5, IV-10
E-46	C, H, N, O, S Analyzer	F	1	Multiple Analysis Mode: CHN, CHNS, Oxygen, Auto- sampler	Basic operation and study for principle on 1st ~ 2nd grade. Multipurpose measuring for samples upper 3rd grade. Measurement of increasing mass of absorbed portion of element (O N C S H) by flame	Common , II-5, V-11
E-47	TGA (Thermal Gravimetric Analyzer)	A	1	Temperature range: Ambient to 1,500°C, Weight measuring range: 200mg	Basic operation and study for principle on 1st ~ 2nd grade. Multipurpose measuring for samples upper 3rd grade. Measurement of entropy	Common , II-6, V-5
E-48a	Analytical Balance Sensitivity - Five D.P	В	2	Max. capacity : 200g, Readability : 0.1mg, Canopy	Measurement of micro dry chemistry and reagent for making buffer	Basic
E-48b	Analytical Balance Sensitivity - Four D.P	В	2 .	Max. capacity: 400g, Readability: 0.001g, Canopy	Measurement of dry chemistry and reagent for making buffer	Basic
E-61	Kjeldahl Apparatus	A	1	Temperature range: 100~400°C, Accuracy: 1deg., Test Tube: 20 pcs, Evaporating rate: 40 mVmin	Chemical analyse of nitrogen and protein in sample	H-5, V-5, XII-3
E-62	Gerber Machine	A	1	Fat Separate Centrifuge; 1,100 rpm, Gerber Test tubes	Extraction and analyse of lipids and protein of milk	1-2. 11-5
E-92	Bunsen Burner	В	3	Butane gas, 120mm Height, 1 m Rubber hose and safety bands	Heating and sanitation	Basic
E-106	Fume - Hood	В	3	Air volume: 20m³/min, Dimension: Approx.1,500(W) x 800(D) x 2,300(H)mm, Material: Chemical Proof	Ventilation of poison gas by negative pressured air	Basic
E-116	Safety Cabinet	A	1	Chemical and solvent proof painting, Size: 850×400×800(H)mm	Preservation of reagent	Basic

No.	Equipment Name	Std.	Q'ty	Major Specification	Purpose	Curriculum
E-121	pH Meter	A	1	Glass electrode method, Digital pH/mV, Temp. Display, pH:0 to 14(Accuracy: 0.01pH), mV: 0 to 1,999mV, Temp.:0 to 100°C	pH level measurement for preparation of reagent and solution	Basic
E-277	LC.PMS	A	ı		Basic operation and study for principle on 1st ~ 2nd grade. Multipurpose measuring for samples upper 3rd grade. Measurement of toxic metals of samples	Common, II-1, II-2,
E-287	Oven	A	1	Forced air-circulation type, Working temperature: RT to 250°C, Capacity: 10 Litters	Sterilisation by dry heating for metal, glass, ceramic ware and dry chemistry	Basic
E-353	Mechanical Stirrer	В	3	Speed: Max. 1,200 rpm, Stand, Blade and Paddle	Dissolution and mixing of solid body	Basic
E-414	Glass Ware Set	С	l lot	Test tube, Flask, reagent bottle, Beaker, Glass tube, Bullet, Cylinder glass, Watch glass, Petri glass	Glass ware for experiment, measurement, preservation	Basic