

**THE AFTERCARE STUDY ON
THE NATIONAL WATER MASTER PLAN
JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY**

**Figure -
Existing Water Supply Schemes
(630 SIAYA District)**

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Baraton Location / District: Nandi
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: University of EA Baraton Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1988 Phase II: 1990 Phase III 1998
 Constructed By: Contract Funded By: Seventh Day Adv. Mission
 Total Construction Cost N/A
 Year Operation Started: N/A

Existing Facilities

Water source: Kimondi river, Spring and B/Hole Intake Facilities Weir/ B-hole
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping
 Treatment Facilities 1 No. Receiving basin, 1 No. Mixing chamber, 2 No. Sedimentation basins,
 2 No. Rapid sand filters and 1 No. Clear water tanks
 Chemicals Dosed Chlorine, Alum, Soda ash

Master Meter Details

None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	100mm				
Length	1km				
Materials	UPVC				

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	1200m ³ elevated R.C. tank			
-------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--

Pump Details

1 No. pump for raw water, Q=30m³/hr; 3 No. booster pumps, 1 No. borehole pump (not operational)

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
135		135

Customers Metered

yes _____ Metered 50 Unmetered 85

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

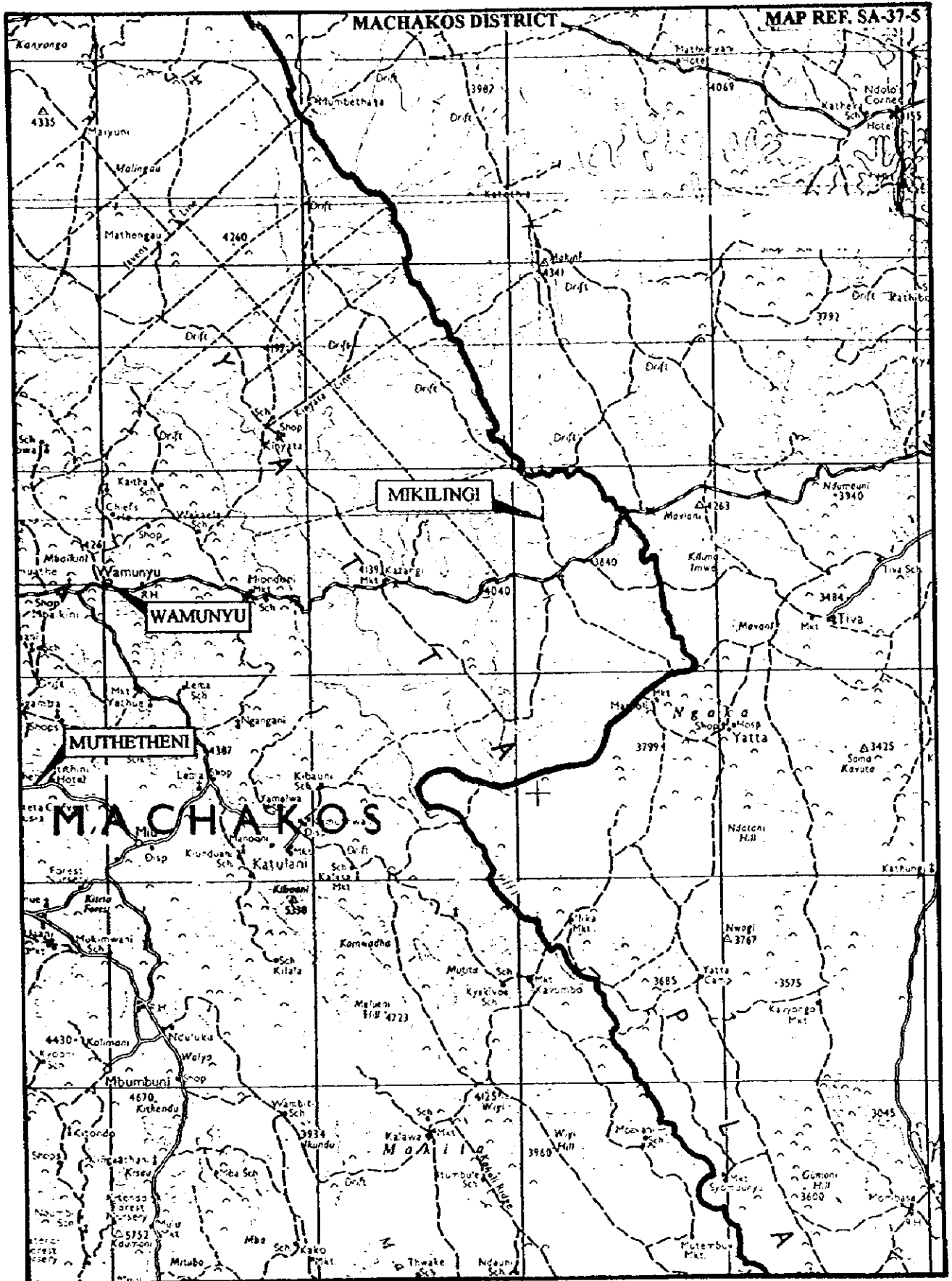
	Production	H.H Served
1993	300m ³ /d	127
1994	300m ³ /d	130
1995	350m ³ /d	135
1996	350m ³ /d	135
1997	350m ³ /d	135

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
<i>Information unavailable</i>				

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- This is a University of East Africa, Baraton institutional scheme, but it serves the surrounding communities also*
- 1. Borehole source is not operational due to financial constraints*
 - 2. Alum and Chlorine dosing is not being properly done as dosers are not working*
 - 3. The scheme was adversely affected by the El-Nino floods*



General

Name of Rural water Supply: Wamunyu Location / District: Machakos
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1973-75 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: MOWR
 Total Construction Cost Approx. Ksh 45,000,000
 Year Operation Started: 1975

Existing Facilities

Water source: Athi River at Ndeiri Intake Facilities: Intake box
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping 150mm G.S pipe 100m long
 Treatment Facilities Full treatment

Chemicals Dosed Alum, Soda ash, Chlorine dosing as per tests carried out on site

Master Meter Details Meter in good condition

Distribution Mains

Diameter	150-37mm	100-37mm	50-37mm	37-25mm	
Length	8.5 km	11 km	4 km	3.8 km	
Materials	uPVC	uPVC	uPVC	uPVC	

Service Reservoirs 2x90m³, 1x50m³, and 2x25m³ all masonry

Pump Details 2 No. booster pumps each Q=7.91l/s H=136

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
300		300

Customers Metered No/Yes Metered about 150 Unmetered about 150

Operation & Maintenance

	Production	H.H Served			
Water Production	1993 300m ³ /d	N/A	Service Area about 12m ²		
	1994 252m ³ /d	N/A			
	1995 1542m ³ /d	N/A			
	1996 4310m ³ /d	N/A			
	1997				
Water Consumption	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
	70%	20%			100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- Problems include:
1. Frequent bursts in rising main
 2. Old pumps require frequent repairs. This affects the continuity of supply
 3. Poor payments by consumers Large numbers of consumers are disconnected
 4. Intake, backwash tank, sedimentation chambers and sluice valves need repairs. Treatment units need augmentation

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Konza Location / District: Machakos
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1968-92 Phase II: 1992 Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR/Contractor Funded By: MOWR
 Total Construction Cost Ksh. 724,691,000
 Year Operation Started: 1968- Boreholes; then Nol Turesh after 1992

Existing Facilities

Water source: Before 1992- Borehole, later pipe off-take Intake Facilities: pipe off-take
from Nol Turesh W/S
 Raw Water Transmission Now Gravity
 Treatment Facilities Nol Turesh Treatment works

Chemicals Dosed Chlorinated supply from Nol Turesh

Master Meter Details None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	<u>75mm-63mm</u>				
Length	<u>7.74 km</u>				
Materials	<u>G.I. and uPVC</u>				

Service Reservoirs

No storage for Nol Turesh supply

Pump Details

No pumping. Comes under adequate pressure

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
<u>N/A</u>		<u>N/A</u>

Customers Metered

Yes _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Large organisations and institutions are metered

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served	Population served is about 3500 mostly by kiosks	
1993			Service Area is about 25m ² including farms	
1994				
1995	<u>358m³/d</u>			
1996				
1997				

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
<u>80%</u>	<u>20%</u>			<u>100%</u>

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- Distribution system needs improvement
- Nol Turesh Supply is not reliable. A standby borehole supply should therefore be developed

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Muthetheni Dam W/S Location / District: Machakos
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Muthetheni Community Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1984 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR/MIDP Funded By: MIDP (Machakos Integrated
 Total Construction Cost Ksh. 15,000,000 Development Programme)
 Year Operation Started: 1985

Existing Facilities

Water source: Dam on Kyethivu stream Intake Facilities: Chamber
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping 75mm dia. uPVC 3 km long to elevated tank on Mbaari Hill
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details 1 No. located at pump outlet

Distribution Mains

Diameter	100mm-60mm				
Length	13km				
Materials	uPVC				

Service Reservoirs

1 No. 50m ³ and 4No. 25m ³ tanks			
--	--	--	--

Pump Details

3 No. pumps coupled to diesel Lister engines. Only 1 No. is operating

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
9000 people		9000 people and domestic animals

Customers Metered

Yes _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Information not available

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served	
1993			Service Area about 12m ² 19 No. kiosks sell water to the public
1994			
1995	100m ³ /d	N/A	
1996	100m ³ /d	N/A	
1997	100m ³ /d	N/A	

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
95%	5%			100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

1. Treatment required
2. There is lack of trained operators
3. Engines and pumps need repair
4. The rising main needs augmentation

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Muthetheni Girls Institute Location / District: Machakos
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Institution Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1958 Phase II: 1972 Phase III _____
 Constructed By: Initially Catholic Mission Funded By: Catholic father
 Total Construction Cost Unknown
 Year Operation Started: 1958

Existing Facilities

Water source: 3 No. Boreholes Intake Facilities: B/Hole
 Raw Water Transmission 2 No. pumps one at Institution, one at Sisters' residence
 Treatment Facilities None. Only drinking water is boiled

Chemicals Dosed

None

Master Meter Details

None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	50mm-12mm				
Length	750m				
Materials	G.S				

Service Reservoirs

1 No. elevated steel tank 8m³, 1 No. corrugated and other small domestic tanks

Pump Details

3 No. diesel generators, only two working: OLIMPIAN GE 40kw and Lister 32 hp

Customer Details

Households Served

(population)

Members	Other H.H's	Total
860		860

students and staff

Customers Metered

No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered All

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996		
1997		

No records of production are kept

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
90%		4%	6%	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

1. The supply is entirely for institutional use. It is subsidised by contributions from parents of students
2. It is well run but needs at least chlorination at storage before use.
3. The institution is in the course of increasing student enrolment so there is need to augment the supply
4. There is a separate water supply for the surrounding community - see details under Muthetheni Dam

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Mekilingi W/S Location / District: Machakos
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1981 Phase II: 1984 Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MIDP (Machakos integrat Funded By: MOWR/EEC
 Total Construction Cost Ksh 6,950,000 MIDP- Machakos Integrated
 Year Operation Started: 1983 Development Programme

Existing Facilities

Water source: Mekilingi river Intake Facilities: Dam
 Raw Water Transmission Gravity 150mm UPVC pipe 4189m long The dam has useful storage of 100,000m³
 Treatment Facilities No treatment (Partial filtration at dam intake not functioning due to siltation)

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details N/A

Distribution Mains

Diameter	75mm	63mm	50mm	40mm	32mm
Length	3,155.m	21,038m	7,580m	7,193m	5,600m
Materials	UPVC/GS	UPVC/GS	UPVC/GS	uPVC 'D'	uPVC 'E'

Service Reservoirs 100m³, 150m³, 50m³, 30m³, 25m³, 10m³ all masonry

Pump Details 2 No. Lister diesel engines coupled to KSB centrifugal pump Q=6.5l/s H=135m
One engine is broken down and is beyond economical repair

Customer Details

Households Served (population)

Members	Other H.H's	Total
10,000		10,000

Customers Metered

Yes _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Information not available

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served	
1993	100m ³ /d	15	In addition, 15 No. kiosks- 400 persons are served
1994	100m ³ /d	16	
1995	120m ³ /d	18	
1996	124m ³ /d	18	
1997			

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
45%	40%		15%	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

Problems include:

1. Lack of funds for purchasing of new pumping set to replace the one broken down beyond economical repair
 2. Lack of funds to overhaul pumpset currently in use
 3. Water quality is very poor. Treatment is urgently required
 4. The partial filtration system and dam scour are clogged. Desiltation is necessary
- Future expansion is not envisaged as the system is good apart from the problems outlined above

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Manyatta W/S Location / District: Machakos
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Manyatta Secondary School Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1984-1985 Phase II: 1988 - Extension to public kiosk
 Constructed By: School Funded By: MOWD + Self Help
 Total Construction Cost KShs. 1,700,000 Originally public were allowed to use
 Year Operation Started: 1986 1985 this supply. As they do not share the
expenses, the kiosk supply is cut off

Existing Facilities

Water source: Borehole C3066 Borehole at Kyaana River Intake Facilities: Borehole
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping 75mm dia. uPVC pipe about 1 km long to storage tank
 Treatment Facilities None - only disinfection

Chemicals Dosed Only chlorine about 2 kg chlorinated lime a day

Master Meter Details

Distribution Mains				
Diameter	50mm			
Length	150m to School			
Materials	uPVC			

Service Reservoirs 1 No. 100 m³ masonry (1 No. + 65 m³ for rain water collection)

Pump Details None on distribution system

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
<u>Only School population</u>		<u>500</u>

Customers Metered Yes / No Metered No Unmetered Yes

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production		Production	H.H Served
1993			
1994	100 m ³ /d	-	
1995	100 m ³ /d	-	
1996	100 m ³ /d	-	
1997	100 m ³ /d	-	

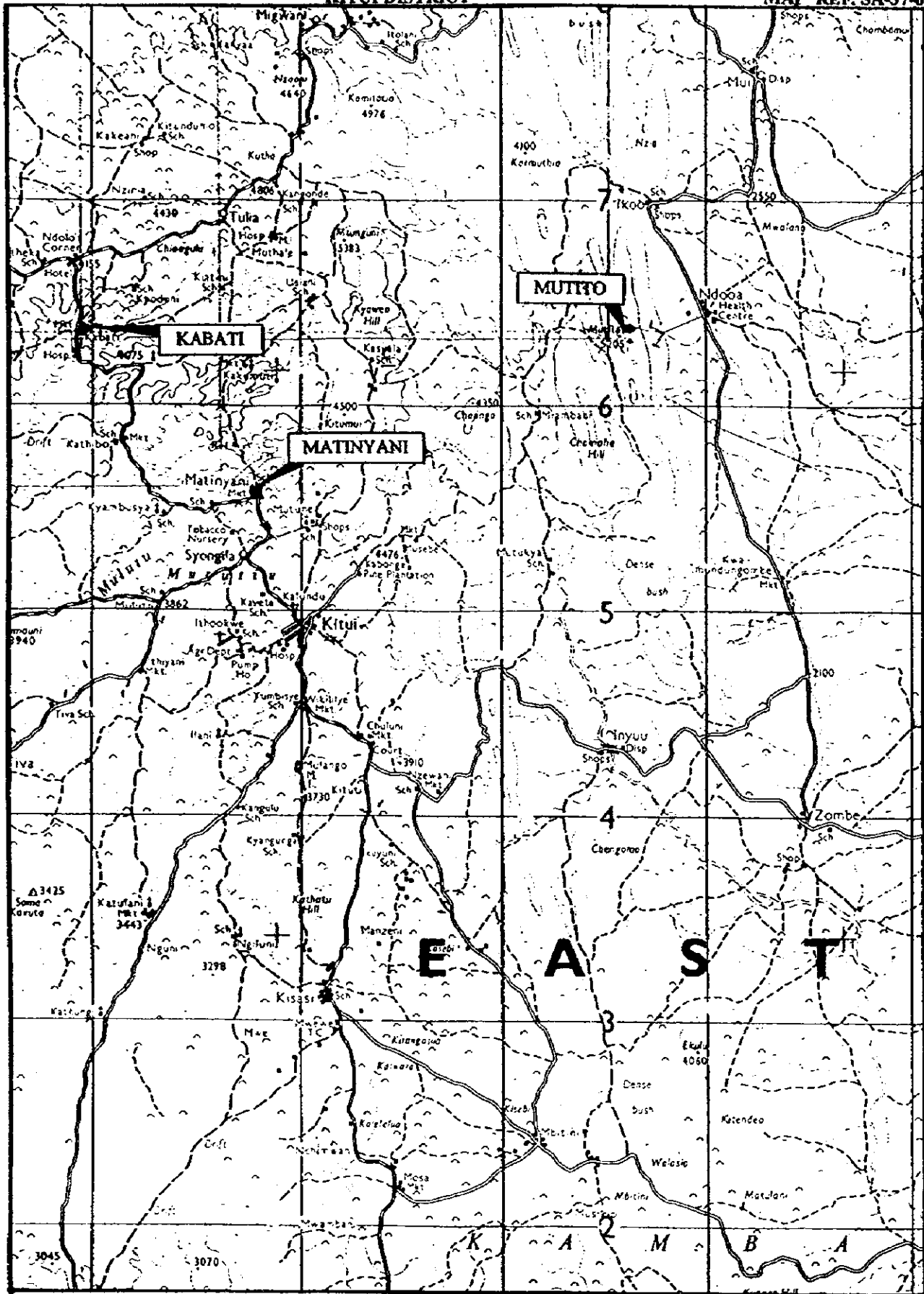
Water Consumption		Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
			100%	-	-	100%

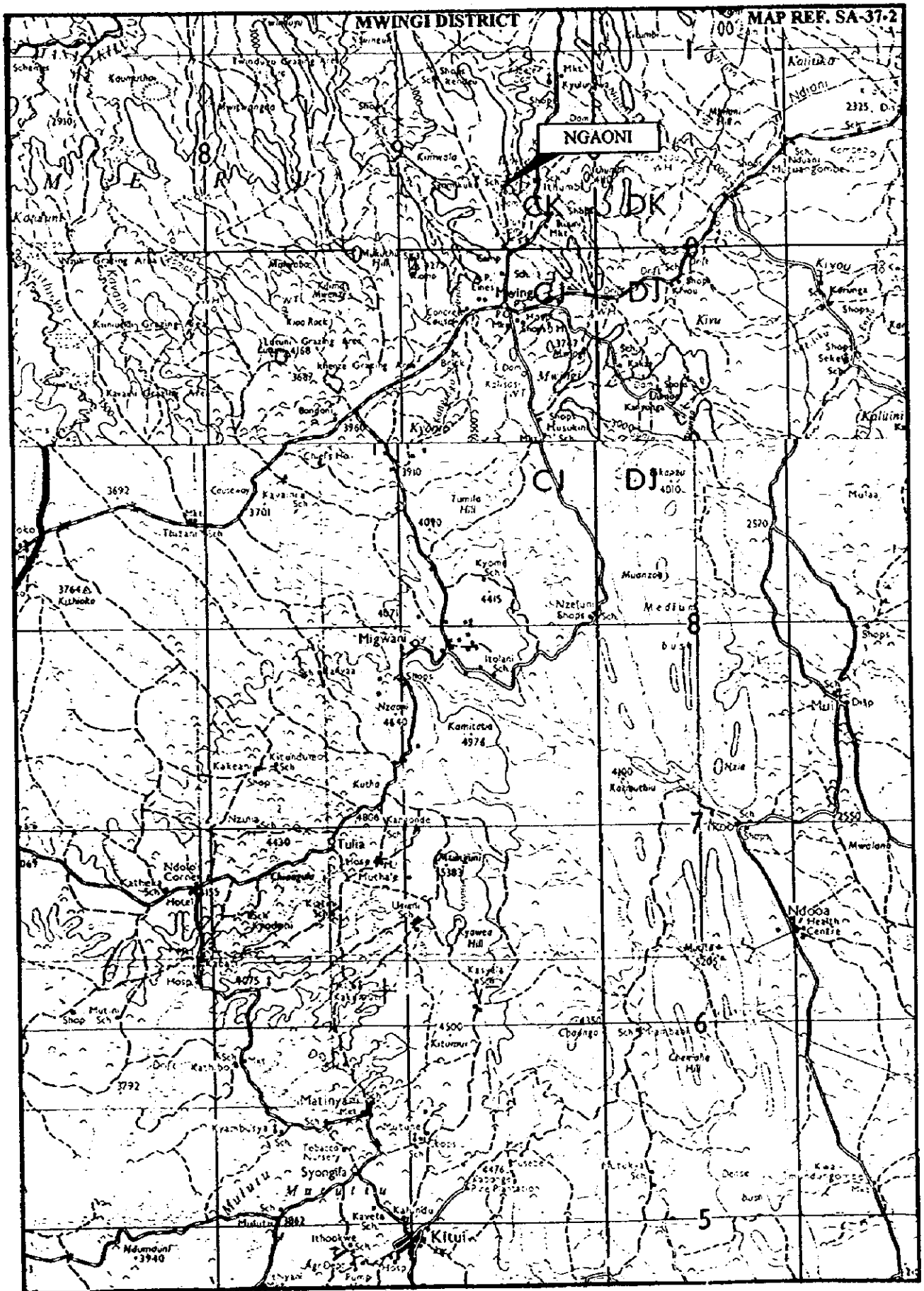
Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- 1). Replacement of generator diesel engine for borehole
- 2) Chlorination required

KITUI DISTRICT

MAP REF. SA-37-6





General

Name of Rural water Supply: Nguni Water Supply Location / District: Krui District
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources Map Ref. 1:250,000 - SA-37-2
 Drainage Sub Basin: _____ Co. Ords. X: 38° 19' E Y: 01° 48' S

Construction Details

Year of Construction: Phase I: 1981-1983 Phase II: _____ Phase III: _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: MOWR
 Total Construction Cost: 2.0 million (1981)
 Year Operation Started: 1983

Existing Facilities

Water source: Hand dug well on River Enziu's bank Intake Facilities: Direct abstraction
 Raw Water Transmission: Pumping - southern cross pump - 5 m³/hr

Treatment Facilities: None

Chemicals Dosed: None

Master Meter Details: No master meter

Distribution Mains

Diameter	40mm				
Length	5 km				
Materials	GI				

Service Reservoirs: 1 No. 50 m³ masonry tank + 2 No. 7 m³ elevated tanks

Pump Details: _____

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
120 HHs	80	200 HHs

Customers Metered

Yes / No Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996		
1997		

Water Consumption

	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
	80%	20%	-	-	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

Nguni Water Supply was abandoned some time in 1984 due to high sulphide content of the borehole water. The above details were as of when the supply was operational. For future, a new borehole(s) need to be drilled to produce 150 m³/d

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Mutomo Water Supply Location / District: Kitui District
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources Map Ref. 1:250,000 - SA-37-6
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: 38° 12' E Y: 01° 51' S

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1973 Phase II: 1976 Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: MOWR
 Total Construction Cost _____
 Year Operation Started: 1976

Existing Facilities

Water source: Tira Borehole Intake Facilities: _____
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping - 1 No. pump - KSB, 12 m³/hr
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details Master meter in poor condition

Distribution Mains

Diameter	80mm				
Length	17 km				
Materials	uPVC				

Service Reservoirs 4 No. masonry tanks with total capacity of 146 m³

Pump Details 3 No. pumps within distribution at 8 m³/hr

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total

Customers Metered

Yes / No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993	5,100	
1994		
1995		
1996		
1997		

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
75%	20%	-	5%	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

The borehole yield has dropped considerably. Costs of Operation & Maintenance very high compared to revenue collected. Operations are normally suspended due to delay in repairs. This is caused by inadequate funds

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Mutito Water Supply Location / District: Kitui District
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR Map Ref. _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1958-59 Phase II: 1974-75 Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: Government of Kenya
 Total Construction Cost 5,000,000
 Year Operation Started: 1959

Existing Facilities

Water source: Ngulini / Muthua Springs Intake Facilities: Weir
 Raw Water Transmission Gravity - 8 km 75mm diameter pipe

Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed Chlorination done during epidemics

Master Meter Details Master meter not functioning

Distribution Mains

Diameter	75mm	75mm			
Length	4 km	4 km			
Materials	uPVC	GI			

The gravity main (8 km - 75mm dia.) also acts as the distribution main

Service Reservoirs 1 No. but abandoned 20 years ago due to rusting

Pump Details No pumps

Customer Details

Members	Other H.H's	Total
	500	500

Customers Metered Yes / No Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

	Production	H.H Served
Water Production 1993		
1994	11,460	-
<i>Not available</i> 1995	17,460	-
1996	17,460	-
1997	17,460	-

Water Consumption	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
	80%	10%	5%	5%	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

Since the scheme is unmetered, there is a high tendency of leaving taps open and thus heavy wastage. Repairs are delayed largely due to lack of funds.

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Kabati Water Supply Location / District: Kitui District
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref. 1:250,000 - SA-37-6
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: 37° 55' E Y: 01° 14' S

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: _____ Phase II: 1992-93 Phase III: _____
 Constructed By: British Army Funded By: British/Kenya Army and DANIDA
 Total Construction Cost _____
 Year Operation Started: Before 1940

Existing Facilities

Water source: 2 No. Boreholes Intake Facilities: _____
(1 No. operational, 1 No. abandoned)
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping - 8.2 m³/hr (operational until August 1997)
Pumping - 4.9 m³/hr (abandoned)
 Treatment Facilities None. DPD tablets are given to residents to sterilise the raw water

Chemicals Dosed _____
 Master Meter Details _____
 Distribution Mains _____

No master meter

Diameter	50mm	38mm			
Length	1.5 km	4 km			
Materials	uPVC	uPVC			

Service Reservoirs 3 No. masonry tanks of 100 m³, 50 m³ and 50 m³
 Pump Details _____

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
1,000	300	1,300

Customers Metered Yes / No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996		
1997		

Not available

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
75%	10%	-	20%	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

Of the two boreholes, one has been abandoned a long time back. The pump in the operational borehole fell into the borehole and attempts to retrieve have failed to date. The Masinga-Kitui pipeline is the viable source of water for Kabati.

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Matinyani W/S Location / District: Kitui
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Committee Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1993-94 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: DANIDA
 Total Construction Cost KShs. 6,400,000
 Year Operation Started: 1994

Existing Facilities

Water source: Borehole at Kafia Intake Facilities: Borehole
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping - 63mm dia.GS pipe 1.9 km to distribution tank and 12 m²/h
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details 63mm master meter in good condition

Distribution Mains

Diameter	75mm	63mm	32mm	25mm	
Length	1.1 km	2.0 km	7.0 km	2.0 km	
Materials	30% GS, 70% uPVC		uPVC	uPVC	

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	100m ³ masonry tank			
-------	--------------------------------	--	--	--

Pump Details None on distribution

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
50	Kiosk 19	69

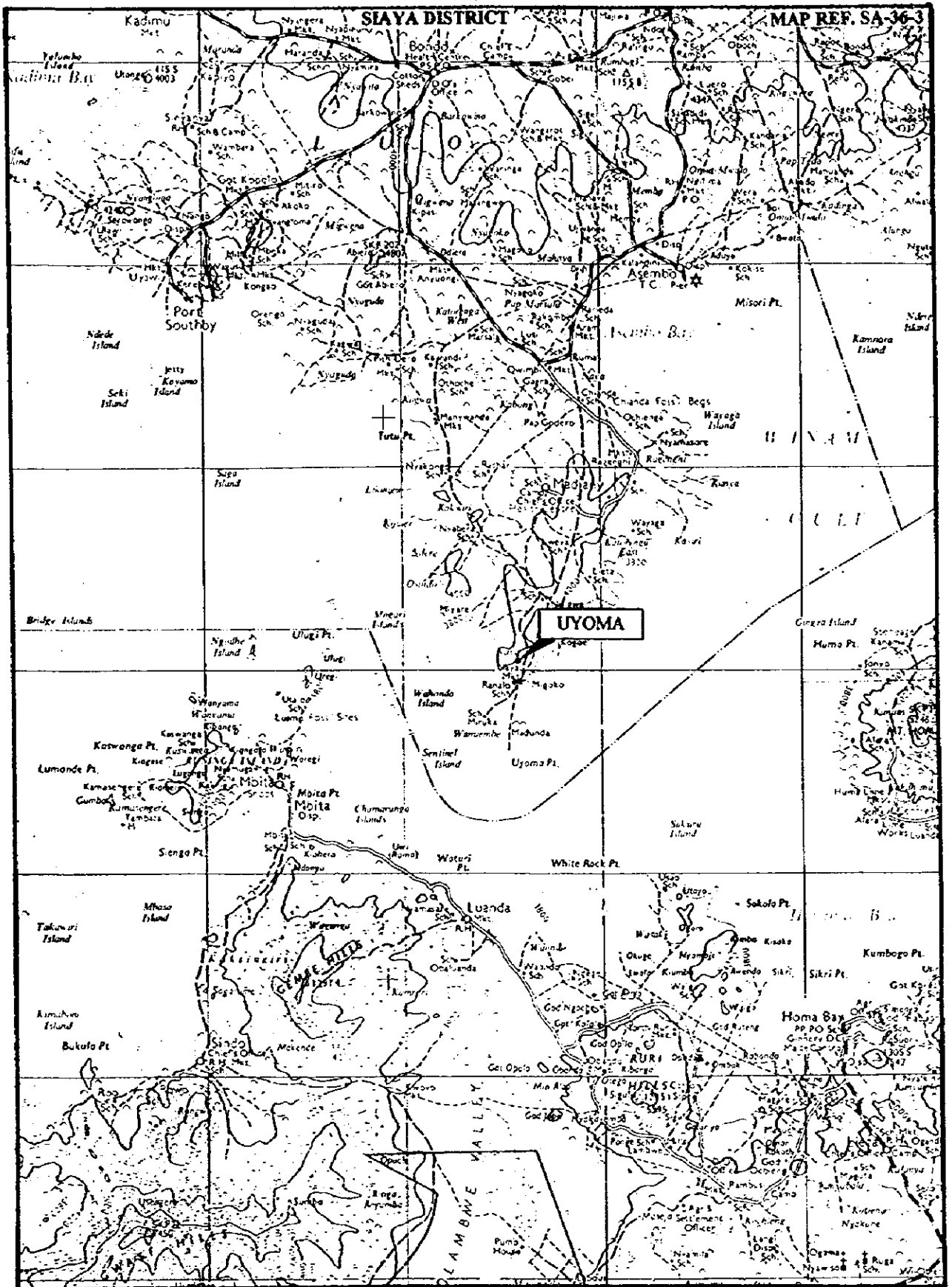
Customers Metered Yes / No _____ Metered Yes _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

	Production	H.H Served			
Water Production	1993				
	1994				
	1995	120 m ³ /d	During day session		
	1996		12 m ³ /h x 14 hrs pumping = 168 m ³ /d		
	1997				
Water Consumption	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
	80%	10%	10%		100%

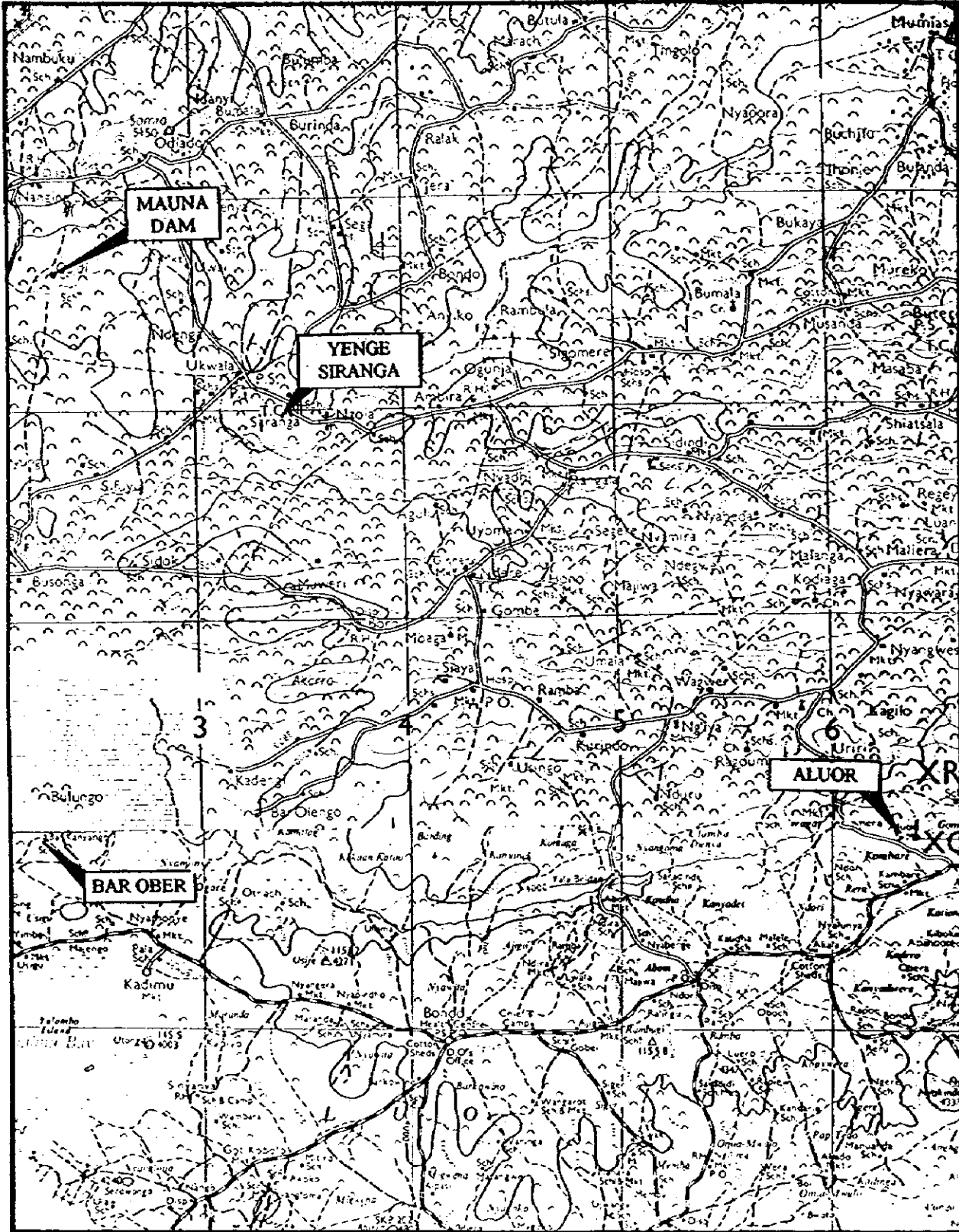
Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- 1) This is a good example of well run rural scheme making profit
- 2) The supply is also used a lot by other rural centres through kiosks in Matinyani
- 3) Chlorination required



SIAYA DISTRICT

MAP REF. NA-36-15, SA-36-3



General

Name of Rural water Supply: Uyoma Location / District: Siaya
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR+Community Map Ref SA-36-3
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: 38° 1E Y: S00° 22'

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1970-1973 Phase II: 1988-1989 Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: MOWR+ Community
 Total Construction Cost N/A
 Year Operation Started: 1973

Existing Facilities

Water source: Lake Victoria Intake Facilities: Direct Suction
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping 100mm uPVC pipe 100m long: 2 No. pumps each 25m³/hr driven by lister engines
 Treatment Facilities Filtration and Chlorination

Chemicals Dosed

Tropical Chloride of Lime (TCL)

Master Meter Details

None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	200mm-75mm	75mm		
Length	1500m	22km		
Materials	G.I.	G.I./uPVC		

Service Reservoirs

4 No.	80m ³ masonry tanks		
-------	--------------------------------	--	--

Pump Details

3 No high lift pumps coupled to 43HP Lister engines

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
1000		1000

Customers Metered

No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994	394,200m ³	271
1995		
1996		
1997		1000

Service area 25km²

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
70%	20%		10%	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

1. Pumping equipment is very old and delapidated
2. Poor access to the scheme makes diesel delivery difficult

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Aluor W/S Location / District: Siaya
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR Map Ref SA-36-3
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: 34° 28' Y: S00° 00' 30"

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1971-1972 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: Self help and MOWR Funded By: MOWR
 Total Construction Cost _____
 Year Operation Started: 1972

Existing Facilities

Water source: Ogomo River Intake Facilities: Chamber
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping 37mm uPVC/G.I. pipe 4 km long; lister engine driven 12HP, pump 90 m head
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	60mm	50mm			
Length	6km	4km			
Materials	G.M.S.	uPVC			

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	90m ³ steel tank			
-------	-----------------------------	--	--	--

Pump Details

1 No. pump	Q = 6m ³ /hr H=90m
------------	-------------------------------

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
2000 people		2000 people

Customers Metered

Yes _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____ No records available

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served			
1993			2000 people currently being served		
1994					
1995					
1996					
1997					
Water Consumption	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- All pumping equipment needs replacement
 - Chlorination is required
- Lack of funds has resulted in scheme stopping operations since 1992

Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master Plan

YENGA SIRANGA (1/1)

Rural Water Supply
System Survey

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Yenga Siranga Location / District: Siaya
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref NA-36-15
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: 34° 15' E Y: 00° 12' S

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1980-1983 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR + Self Help Funded By: N/A
 Total Construction Cost Ksh. 1,260,000
 Year Operation Started: 1983

Existing Facilities

Water source: Yenga river Intake Facilities: Small Dam
 Raw Water Transmission 2 No. pumps each Q=40m³/hr, H=122m, 100mm G.I./uPVC pipe
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	50mm				
Length	N/A				
Materials	uPVC				

Service Reservoirs

3 No. R.C 48m ³ each				
---------------------------------	--	--	--	--

Pump Details

Raw water pumps only

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
N/A		N/A

Customers Metered

Yes/No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Information unavailable

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996		
1997		

Service Area 36m²

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
100%				100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

1. The scheme is not operational due to lack of funds and poor management
2. Chlorination will be required when the scheme becomes operational

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Mauna Dam Location / District: Siaya
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR Map Ref: NA-36-15
 Drainage Sub Basin: _____ Co- Ords. X: 34° 07' Y: N 00° 14'

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1970-1977 Phase II: _____ Phase III: _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: MOWR
 Total Construction Cost: N/A
 Year Operation Started: 1977

Existing Facilities

Water source: Mauna Dam and Spring Intake Facilities: sump
 Raw Water Transmission: Pumping
 Treatment Facilities: Only Chlorination - At present no chlorination is being done as dosers have broken down
 Chemicals Dosed: None currently

Master Meter Details: Installed but not functioning

Distribution Mains

Diameter	100mm	100mm	80mm	50-20mm	50-20mm
Length	6.8 km	1.4km	2km	14.7 km	22.3km
Materials	uPVC	G.S.	G.S	G.I.	uPVC

Service Reservoirs: 1 No 136m³ masonry tank

Pump Details: 2 No pumps- only one operational when scheme last worked in 1992

Customer Details

Households Served:

Members	Other H.H's	Total
2500		2500

 1997

Customers Metered: Yes _____ Metered 10 Unmetered 2490

Operation & Maintenance

	Production	H.H Served
Water Production 1993		
1994		
1995		
1996		
1997		

Area covered is about 80km²

Water Consumption	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

The scheme has been inoperational since 1992 due to lack of funds.
Needs replacement of 1 No. pumpset, repairs to storage tanks, cattle troughs and some pipes.

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Bar Ober Location / District: Siaya
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref SA-36-3
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: 34° 07' Y: S00° 01'

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1976-1981 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: MOWR and Community
 Total Construction Cost Ksh. 1,200,000
 Year Operation Started: 1981

Existing Facilities

Water source: Spring at Bar Ober Intake Facilities: Sump
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping: 80mm dia. G.S pipe - 2 No. pumps to elevated tank
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed

None

Master Meter Details

None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	<u>80mm</u>				
Length	<u>N/A</u>				
Materials	<u>N/A</u>				

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	<u>30m³ elevated tank</u>			
-------	--------------------------------------	--	--	--

Pump Details

Raw water pumps

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
<u>2000 people</u>		<u>2000 people</u>

Customers Metered

No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		<u>2000 people currently</u>
1996		<u>to be served served when operational</u>
1997		

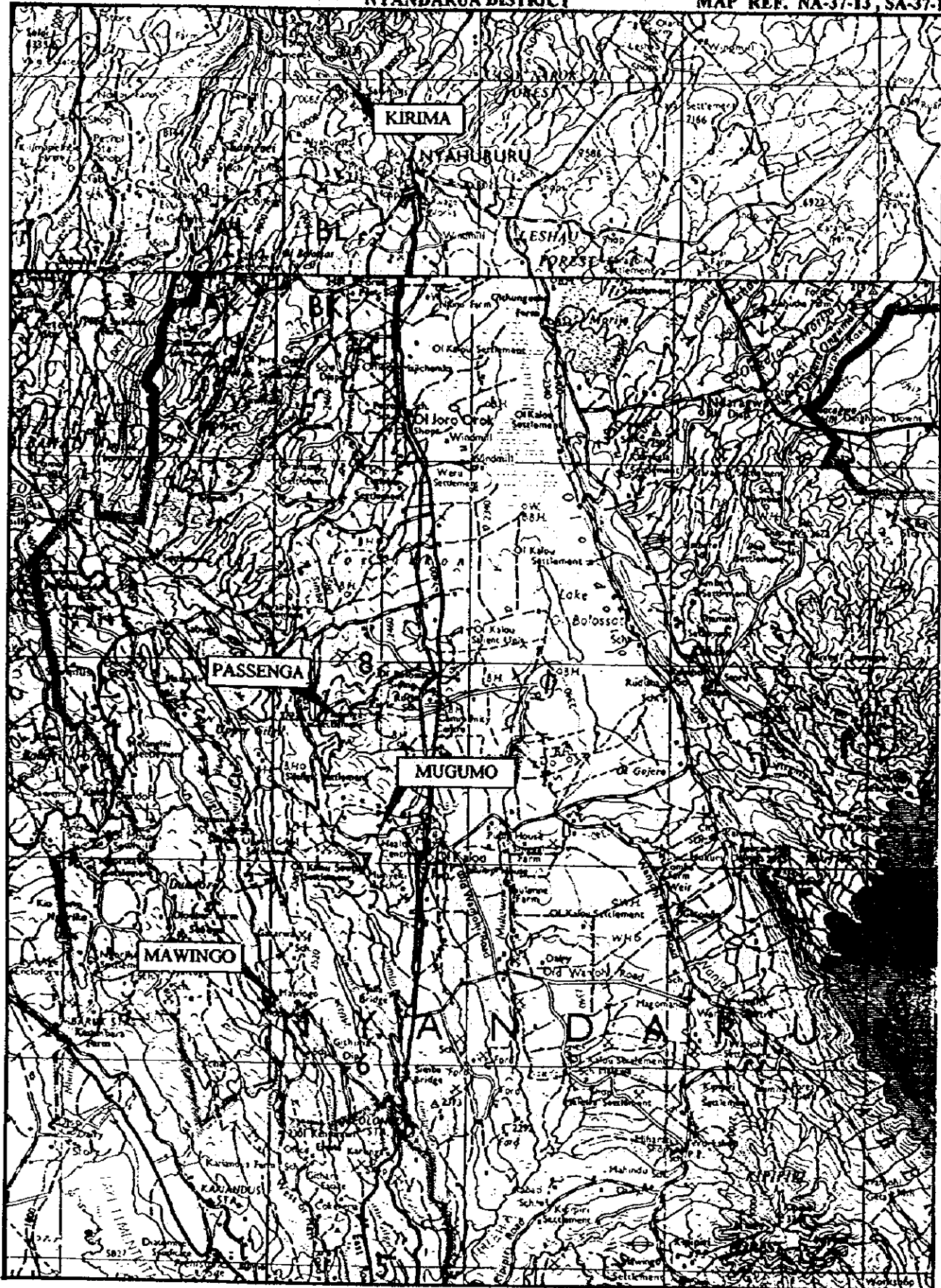
Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

1. Scheme is not operational due to lack of funds
 2. Chlorination required when the sceme is functional
-
-
-
-

NYANDARUA DISTRICT



Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master Plan

HUHIRIO W/S (1/1)

Rural Water Supply
System Survey

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Huhirio W/S Location / District: Nyadarua
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1991-95 Phase II: 1996-97 Phase III: 1998
 Constructed By: Self help and MOWR Funded By: Community, Red Cross 3, Catholic Mission
 Total Construction Cost Kshs. 1,400,000
 Year Operation Started: 1996

Existing Facilities

Water source: River Malewa Intake Facilities: Sump
 Raw Water Transmission: Gravity 100mm G.S pipe 200m long
 Treatment Facilities: None

Chemicals Dosed: None

Master Meter Details: None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	100mm	80mm	60mm	40mm	
Length	Total 25km		UPVC		
Materials	UPVC	UPVC	UPVC	UPVC	

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	300m ³ Reinforced concrete tank		
-------	--	--	--

Pump Details

Gravity

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total	Member have to pay 3,000/= to connected about 10% have not paid
150	30	180	

Customers Metered

Yes / No _____ Metered No _____ Unmetered Yes _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996	44m ² /d	
1997		

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
70%	30%			100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Passenga W/S Location / District: Nyadarua
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Passenga Secondary school Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords, X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1967 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: Contractor under MOWR Funded By: _____
 Total Construction Cost _____
 Year Operation Started: 1968

Existing Facilities

Water source: Nyairoko river Intake Facilities: WEIR
 Raw Water Transmission: Pumping, 37mm UPVC pipe for 1km long Q+ 12.6m3/hr, head 26m driven by lister engine
 Treatment Facilities: None

Chemicals Dosed: None

Master Meter Details: None but tests are carried out twice a year

Distribution Mains

Diameter	<u>50mm-25mm</u>				
Length	<u>10Kkm total</u>				
Materials	<u>UPVC</u>				

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	<u>80m³ masonry and 50m³ masonry tank</u>	
-------	---	--

Pump Details

Raw water pumps delivery to distribution tanks

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
<u>Serving only Passenga Secondary School</u>		

Customers Metered

Yes / No _____ Metered No _____ Unmetered Yes _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		<u>349</u>
1994		<u>547</u>
1995		<u>612</u>
1996		<u>650</u>
1997	<u>8-10m²/d</u>	

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
	<u>100%</u>			<u>100%</u>

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

1). Originally the community was managing the scheme tank failed to run it effeciently. Currently the school is running it water directly

3) Need full treatment

Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master Plan

KIRIMA W/S

Rural Water Supply
System Survey

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Kirima W/S Location / District: _____
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co-Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1968 Phase II: 1980-82 Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: Community
 Total Construction Cost _____
 Year Operation Started: 1968

Existing Facilities

Water source: River Pesikarurumaand Kahaho Intake Facilities: WEIR
 Raw Water Transmission Gravity, 150mm- 100mm - 80mm UPVC pipe for 3.5 km
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None but tests are carried out twice a year

Distribution Mains

Diameter	80,50mm				
Length	26k				
Materials	UPVC				

Service Reservoirs

5 No.	100m ³ tanks			
-------	-------------------------	--	--	--

Pump Details

distribution by gravity

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
659		

Customers Metered

Yes / No _____ Metered No _____ Unmetered Yes _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993	166m ² /d	349
1994	233m ² /d	547
1995	256m ² /d	612
1996	258m ² /d	650
1997		

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
60%	40%			100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- 1). Treatmnt required
- 2). Repairs to burst pipes

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Mawingo Location / District: Nyandarua
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1988-95 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: Self-help Funded By: Community, Rural Developmentfund
 Total Construction Cost 3,800,00
 Year Operation Started: 1996

Existing Facilities

Water source: Kiriundu spring Intake Facilities: Dam
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping 100m, and GS pipe 400m long Q 20m3, Head 200m, pump GRUNDFOSS CR 30
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	100mm				
Length	650m				
Materials	CS				

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	100m ³ Masonary tank			
-------	---------------------------------	--	--	--

Pump Details

Raw water pump delivers water to distribution tank

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total

Customers Metered

Yes / No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996	7m ³ /d	
1997	7m ³ /d	

Service area 0.3 km²

Water Consumption

	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
		100%			100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- 1) The scheme is only serving the dispensary at Mawingo
- 2) Requires chlorination
- 3) Lack of funds prevents supply to public

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Mugomo Location / District: Nyandarua
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: Pre independence Phase II: 1992-96 Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR+Direct labour Funded By: Community, MOWR, DDC.
 Total Construction Cost _____
 Year Operation Started: 1996

Existing Facilities

Water source: Borehole C3066 Intake Facilities: B/H
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping 50mm pipe 20m long to tank
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None

Distribution Mains

	75mm	32mm	25mm		
Diameter	75mm	32mm	25mm		
Length	1.6km	1.6km	1.65km		
Materials	GI/UPVC	UPVC	UPVC		

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	6m ³ area	bohole	100m ³		Reinforced tank
-------	----------------------	--------	-------------------	--	-----------------

Pump Details

From tank pumping to distribution tank pump Q 16m³/head/200., GRUNDFOS CR 16 motor 15kw

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
29	Hospital	30

Customers Metered

Yes / No _____ Metered Yes _____ Unmetered No _____

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

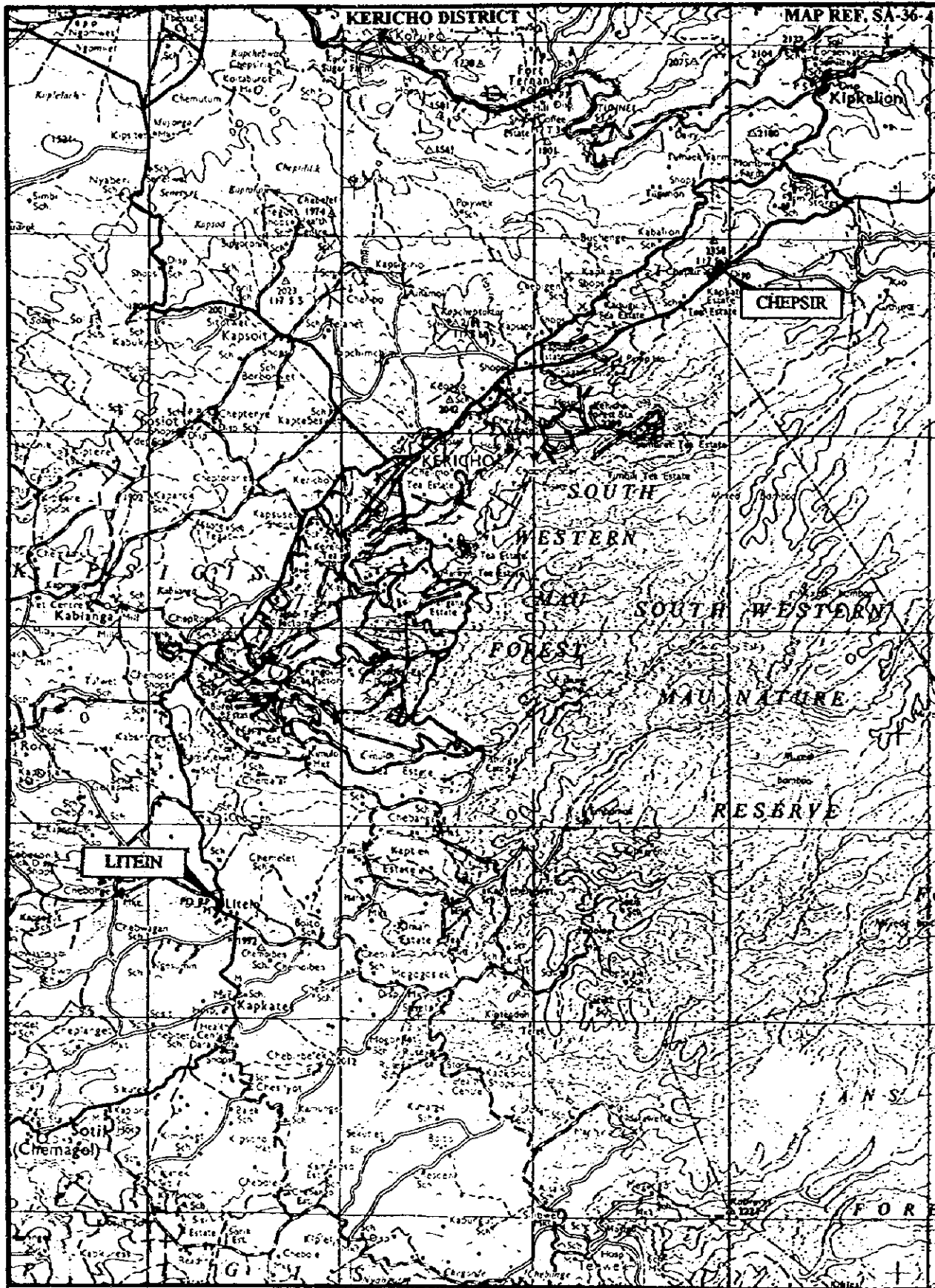
	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996	53m ³ /d	
1997	53m ³ /d	

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
30%	70%			100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- 1). Requires chlorination
 - 2). Repairs to pipes bursts
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____



General

Name of Rural water Supply: Tegunot/Nyakinyua W/S Location / District: Kericho
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref 1:250,000 SA-36-4
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: Before 1988-91 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: District Development Committee
 Total Construction Cost - Community
 Year Operation Started: 1991

Existing Facilities

Water source: Dam Intake Facilities: Dam
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping - 100mm dia. GS pipe 1 km long. Pump Q = 16 m³/hr
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed

None

Master Meter Details

None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	32mm				
Length	3.6 km				
Materials	uPVC				

Service Reservoirs

1 No. 135 m³ masonry tank

Pump Details

Raw water pump deliver to distribution tank

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
13	-	13

Customers Metered

Yes / No Metered No Unmetered Yes

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995	<u>No records</u>	
1996		
1997		

Service area 6 km²

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- 1) Phase II of the scheme
 a) New rising main
 b) Storage tank
 c) Distribution main

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Litein Location / District: Kericho
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: NWCPC Map Ref: SA-36-4
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X:35° 1 Y: 500° 35'

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1979 - 1980 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: Zakhim International Funded By: MQWR
 Total Construction Cost Kshs. 50 million
 Year Operation Started: 1980

Existing Facilities

Water source: Iare River Intake Facilities: Weir
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping - 2Nos duty, 1No. standby - capacity 70m³/hr each
 Treatment Facilities Conventional full treatment with capacity of 8,000 m³/day

Flow measurement, mixing, coagulation, sedimentation, filtration & disinfection by chlorine (TCL)

Chemicals Dosed Alum @ 150kg/d and 100 kg/d in wet and dry season respectively Soda ash @ 25kg/d and TCL @ 10kg/d

Master Meter Details**Distribution Mains**

Diameter	450	400	350	300	250	200
Length	1465	4480	1315	2639	7465	16892
Materials	uPVC	Steel				
Diameter	150	100	80	50		
Length	25210	10172	4480	135		
Materials	uPVC	Steel				

Service Reservoirs

8 No. with a total capacity of 3,455m³

Pump Details

3Nos. raw water pumps with capacity of 70m³/hr and 5 Nos. treated water pumps - capacity 100m³/hr each

Customer Details**Households Served**

Members	Other H.H's	Total
		5639

Customers Metered

Yes / No Metered 425 Unmetered 5214

Operation & Maintenance**Water Production**

	Production	H.H. Served
1993		
1994		
1995	6850m ³ /d	5,639
1996		
1997		

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
65%	20%		15%	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

The existing scheme is managed by NWCPC and is not able to meet the demand in the area of supply due to various constraints. The constraints are lack of operation and maintenance funds, facilities were constructed to meet the 1983 water demand of 7,940m³/day whereas the present water demand is 17,750m³/day, wastage of water due to taps left open as majority of consumers are on flat rate. Preliminary design for rehabilitation of existing scheme and expansion including bulk and individual metering has been carried out by a firm of Consulting Engineers.

Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master Plan

CHEPSIR ZONE A AND B (1/1)

Rural Water Supply
System Survey

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Chepsir Zone A&B Location / District: Kericho
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR Map Ref SA-36-4
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: 35° 25' Y: S 00° 17'

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1979-1989 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: Self Help Funded By: GOK (Rural Dev. Fund)
 Total Construction Cost N/A
 Year Operation Started: 1989

Existing Facilities

Water source: Zone A- Small Dam; Zone B-spring Intake Facilities: Small Dam/Sump
 Raw Water Transmission Zone A and B- Lister engines coupled to Grundfos pumps Q=27m³/hr each
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None

Distribution Mains

	Zone A	Zone B			
Diameter	37mm	37mm			
Length	7km	7km			
Materials	uPVC	uPVC			

Service Reservoirs

1 No. 135m³ tank in each zone and 225m³ tank in zone A, all masonry

Pump Details

2 No. raw water pumps deliver untreated water to storage tanks, Q=27m³/hr each

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
10-A, 9-B		19

Customers Metered

No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered All consumers

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served			
1993			Service Area 21m ² Information unavailable		
1994					
1995					
1996					
1997					

Water Consumption

	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

1. Some of the customers have defaulted on payment and have been disconnected
2. Treatment required urgently.
3. The dam in zone A requires desilting

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Ngecherok Location / District: Kericho
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref 1:250,000 SA-36-4
 Drainage Sub Basin SK Co- Ords. X: Y:

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1978-87 Phase II: Phase III
 Constructed By: Self Help Funded By: Rural Development Fund
 Total Construction Cost - MOWR
 Year Operation Started: 1987

Existing Facilities

Water source: Kiboi River Intake Facilities: Weir
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping - 150mm dia. PVC - 24 km long electrically operated - Pump GRUNDFOS
Q = 27 m³/h Head 153m
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	<u>75,50,37,25mm</u>				
Length	<u>Total 18 km</u>				
Materials	<u>PVC & GS</u>				

Service Reservoirs 1 No. 135 m³ masonry

Pump Details Raw water pump deliver to distribution tank

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
<u>360</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>360</u>

Customers Metered Yes / No Metered No Unmetered Yes

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
<u>1993</u>		
<u>1994</u>		
<u>1995</u>		
<u>1996</u>		
<u>1997</u>		

Water Consumption

	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- 1) *Storage tank to be rebuilt*
- 2) *Treatment required*

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Bargeywet W/S Location / District: Kericho
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR Map Ref 1:250,000
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1989 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: MOWR
 Total Construction Cost _____
 Year Operation Started: 1989

Existing Facilities

Water source: Bargeywet Spring Intake Facilities: Sump
 Raw Water Transmission Gravity 80mm dia. GI/PVC pipe - 4 km long
 Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None

Distribution Mains

Diameter	<u>50,37,20mm</u>				
Length	<u>Total 4 km</u>				
Materials	<u>uPVC</u>				

Service Reservoirs None

Pump Details Gravity

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
<u>60</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>60</u>

Customers Metered

Yes / No Metered No Unmetered Yes

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
<u>1993</u>		
<u>1994</u>		
<u>1995</u>	<u>No records</u>	
<u>1996</u>		
<u>1997</u>		

Water Consumption

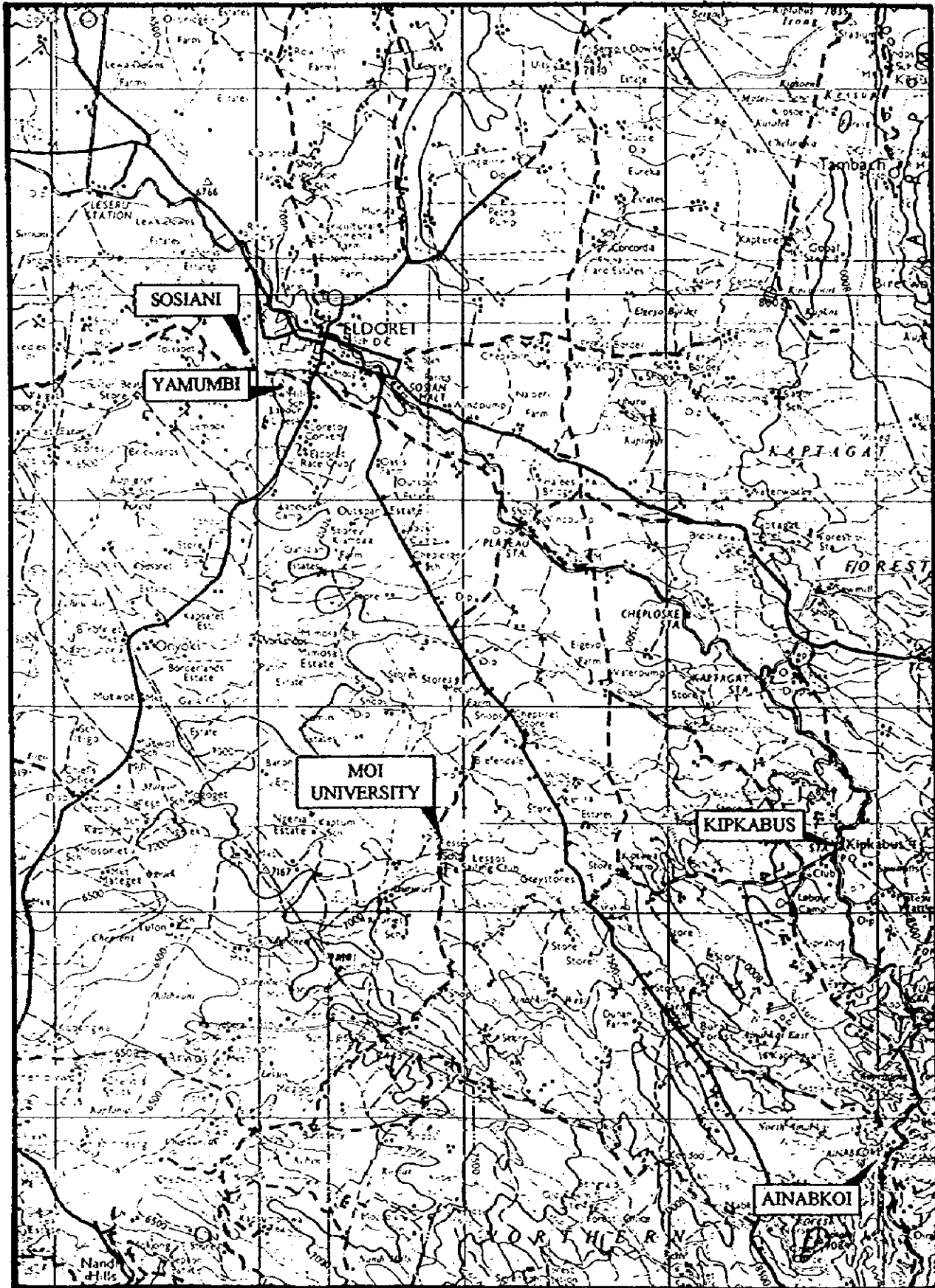
Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
<u>80%</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>100%</u>

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

- 1) Treatment works required
- 2) Protection of intake required
- 3) Desilting of the sump area

UASIN GISHU DISTRICT

MAP REF. NA-36-16



Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master Plan

KIPKABUS (1/1)

Rural Water Supply
System Survey

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Kipkabus Location / District: Uasin Gishu
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Community Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1985 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Direct Labour Funded By: GOK
 Total Construction Cost Ksh 13,044,000/-
 Year Operation Started: 1988

Existing Facilities

Water source: Lolgarini Springs Intake Facilities: dam
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping
 Treatment Facilities None. The treatment works are incomplete

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None installed

Distribution Mains

Diameter	100mm	75mm	50mm		
Length				Total length 10km	
Materials	UPVC	UPVC	UPVC		

Service Reservoirs 2 No. Masonry tanks each 100m3

Pump Details Raw water pumps delivery to distribution tanks by 1 No pump Q=30m3/hr, H=100m

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
390		390

Customers Metered

No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered 390

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996	1397m3	390
1997		

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
100%				100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

No treatment is being done as the treatment works is not complete

The immediate need now is to complete the treatment works

Prepared by POM

Date: 5/3/98

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Yamumbi Location / District: Uasin Gishu
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Passenga Secondary school Map Ref: _____
 Drainage Sub Basin: _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1981 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Funded By: EEC Micro Projects
 Total Construction Cost: Ksh 2.5 million
 Year Operation Started: 1984

Existing Facilities

Water source: river Intake Facilities: WEIR
 Raw Water Transmission: Pumping
 Treatment Facilities: None

Chemicals Dosed: NoneMaster Meter Details: None**Distribution Mains**

Diameter	160mm-40mm			
Length	17.5km			
Materials	UPVC with G.I.sections			

Service Reservoirs

1 No.	2m ³ elevated steel tank			
-------	-------------------------------------	--	--	--

Pump Details

1 No.	Lister engine-driven high lift pump Q=33m ³ /hr, H=120m
-------	--

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
1500		1500

Customers Metered

No _____ Metered _____ Unmetered 1500**Operation & Maintenance**

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995		
1996		
1997		

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
100%				100%

Problems / Future Expansion / RemarksThe scheme has no treatment facility, even chlorination!Eldoret Municipal Council has agreed to supply the community from its water supply system but the community must supply the necessary pipes and fittings for an off-take

Prepared by POM

Date: 5/3/98

Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master Plan

MOI UNIVERSITY W/S (1/1)

Rural Water Supply
System Survey

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Moi University W/S Location / District: Kesses/Uasin Gishu
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: Moi University Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Old W/S _____ 1985 Phase1A _____ 1988 Ph 1B,II _____ 1990
 Constructed By: Self help Funded By: Local community
 Total Construction Cost Ksh. 86 millin (original)
 Year Operation Started: 1990

Existing Facilities

Water source: Samul River Intake Facilities: Lesses dam
 Raw Water Transmission Old W/S - gravity/pumping; Ph 1A, 1B-gravity
 Treatment Facilities Coagulation, Sedimentation, Filtration and Chlorination

Chemicals Dosed

At new T/works only - Alum, Soda Ash, Chlorine

Master Meter Details

Not yet installed

Distribution Mains

Diameter	315mm-75mm			
Length	10km			
Materials	UPVC/GI			

Service Reservoirs

1 No. 6250m³ R.C.; 1 No. 328m³ elevated steel tank

Pump Details

1 No. raw water pump Q=20l/s H=90m; 2 No. distribution pumps at new T/works
 Q=125l/s H=90. (2 No. backwash pumps not yet installed)

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
150		150

(Population)

Customers Metered

Yes _____ Metered 150 Unmetered _____

Only staff quarters are metered

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993	584,000m ³	150 staff houses and 3500 students
1994	584,000m ³	150 staff houses and 3500 students
1995	584,000m ³	150 staff houses and 3500 students
1996	584,000m ³	150 staff houses and 3500 students
1997		

Water Consumption

Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
	90%	5%	5%	100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

This an institutional water supply scheme serving the University students and staff. The total population served is estimated to be 4,700

Major problems include:

1. Power supply interruptions
 2. Incomplete Phase 1B and II whereby backwash pumps are not yet installed and treatment works are incomplete
- These problems have resulted in inadequate supply and the scheme is not operating to optimal design capacity

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Sosiani Location / District: Uasin Gishu
 Organisation / Water Undertaker: MOWR Map Ref _____
 Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1978 Phase II: _____ Phase III _____
 Constructed By: MOWR Direct Labour Funded By: GOK
 Total Construction Cost Ksh. 3,209,000
 Year Operation Started: 1981

Existing Facilities

Water source: 2 No. Boreholes Intake Facilities: B/Hole
 Raw Water Transmission Pumping
 Treatment Facilities No treatment

Chemicals Dosed

None

Master Meter Details

1 No. 75mm dia. Kent meter

Diameter	75mm	50mm			
Length	Total length 8 km				
Materials	UPVC	UPVC			

Service Reservoirs

1 No. 45m³ elevated steel tank

Pump Details

2 No. borehole pumps, each Q=3m³/hr. H=190m

Customer Details

Households Served

Members	Other H.H's	Total
104		104

Customers Metered

No/Yes Metered _____ Unmetered _____
 Information not available

Operation & Maintenance

Water Production

	Production	H.H Served
1993		
1994		
1995	1,814m ³	104
1996	680m ³	104
1997		

Water Consumption

	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
	100%				100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

Pumps break down very frequently. This is probably the reason for the low production in 1996

Chlorination t should be carried out as a priority

General

Name of Rural water Supply: Arangai Location / District: Ainabkoi/ Uasin Gishu

Organisation / Water Undertake Community self help Map Ref _____

Drainage Sub Basin _____ Co- Ords. X: _____ Y: _____

Construction Details

Year of Construction Phase I: 1969 Phase II: 1983 Phase III _____

Constructed By: MOWR Direct Labour Funded By: GOK

Total Construction Cost _____

Year Operation Started: 1989 (Ph. II)

Existing Facilities

Water source: River Rongai Intake Facilities: WEIR

Pumping: 300m of 150mm dia G.I pipe; 1620m of 150mm dia. uPVC pipe

Treatment Facilities None

Chemicals Dosed None

Master Meter Details None installed

Distribution Mains

Diameter	150mm	100mm	100mm	80mm	
Length	2400m	3300m	3060m	2830m	
Materials	uPVC 'B'	uPVC 'C'	uPVC 'B'	uPVC 'B'	

Service Reservoirs 2No. masonry 50m³; 1No. masonry 100m³

Pump Details 1 No. pump, Q=50m³/hr, H=150m

Customer Details

Members	Other H.H's	Total
5290	N/A	5290

Customers Metered No Metered _____ Unmetered _____

Operation & Maintenance

	Production	H.H Served	
1993			} No records
1994			
1995			
1996			
1997			

Water Consumption	Domestic	Institutional	Irrigation	Others	Total
	40%	60% KCC			100%

Problems / Future Expansion / Remarks

It is noted that no treatment at all is being done. As an immediate measure, chlorination should be carried out.
The main problems are lack of community organisation and management
Arangai is one of the 7 shemes under the Ainabkoi complex
A new sceme is proposed with lake Narahsa as source

DATA BOOK V

**RESULT OF SURVEY ON EXISTING SEWERAGE
SYSTEMS**

**THE AFTERCARE STUDY
ON THE NATIONAL WATER MASTER PLAN**

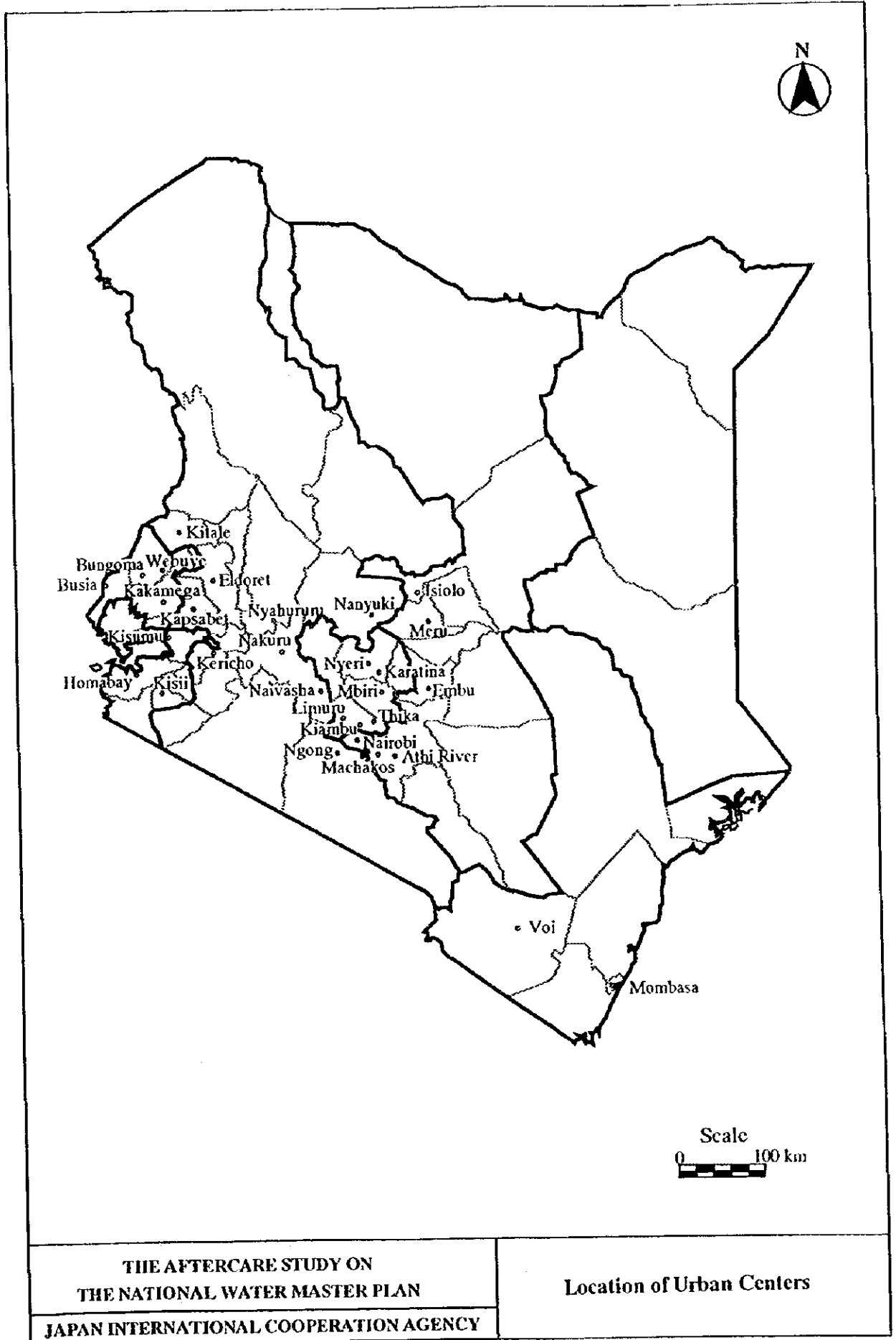
DATA BOOK

DATA BOOK V : RESULTS OF SURVEY ON EXISTING SEWERAGE SYSTEMS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
1. Bungoma	V-2
2. Busia	V-5
3. Eldoret Conventional.....	V-8
4. Eldoret Ponds	V-11
5. Embu.....	V-14
6. Homabay.....	V-17
7. Kakamega Kambi somali.....	V-20
8. Kakamega Shirere.....	V-23
9. Kapsabet.....	V-26
10. Kericho.....	V-29
11. Kiambu.....	V-32
12. Kisii.....	V-35
13. Kitale Conventional.....	V-38
14. Kitale Ponds	V-41
15. Limuru.....	V-44
16. Machakos	V-47
17. Mavoko (Athi River)	V-50
18. Mombasa Island.....	V-53
19. Mombasa Changanwe.....	V-55
20. Muranga	V-57
21. Nairobi Conventional.....	V-60
22. Nairobi Ponds.....	V-63
23. Naivasha.....	V-66
24. Nakuru Njoro	V-69

25.	Nakuru Town.....	V-71
26.	Nanyuki.....	V-73
27.	Ngong.....	V-76
28.	Nyahururu	V-79
29.	Nyeri Conventional.....	V-82
30.	Nyeri Kiganjo	V-85
31.	Thika	V-88
32.	Webuye.....	V-91



Name of Urban Center	Bungoma				
District	Bungoma	Coordinates			
Province	Western	Elevation			
		1,405m			
Mean Annual Precipitation (mm)	Temperature max & min °C				
	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010
Population Projections		70,000			
Urban Area (ha)		5,500.0			
Population Density (ppha)		12.7			
Water Supply	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010
Domestic water demand (m3/d)					
Total water consumption (m3/d)		2,620			
Area served (estimated net (ha))					
Raw water Source	Borehole				
Sewerage Facilities	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010
Population Served		12,600			
Service coverage ratio %		5%			
Area served (estimated net (ha))		275.0			
Population Density (ppha)		45.8			
Wastewater volumes (m3/d)					
Sewerage connections		260			
Treatment process					
<p style="text-align: right;">F, Facultative M, Maturation</p>					
Description & dimensions	Size		Area	Depth	Volume
Facultative pond 1	30.0	30.0	900.0		
Facultative pond 2	30.0	80.0	2,400.0		
Maturation Pond 1	30.0	30.0	900.0		
	Design Capacity		Actual flow		
	Dry weather	Population	Min	Max	Avg
BOD Loading					
Hydraulic loading					
	BOD	COD	SS	N.P	FC
influent	550	1936	700	-	-
effluent	-	-	-	-	-
receiving water body u.s	-	-	-	-	-
receiving water body d.s	-	-	-	-	-
Receiving water body	Khufaba River				

	Treatment Method	Disposal
Sludge Processing	No treatment	Municipal garbage dump
Operation & Maintenance		Treatment Works
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Maintenance has been neglected: the first pond is full of sludge and grass 2. Due to the persisting water shortage in the town all the sewage is directed to the smaller facultative pond. There is no overflow from this pond. The other two ponds are dry and are fully covered with vegetation 3. The inlet to the first pond has clogged and the sewage overflows overland to the smaller facultative pond 4. Interponds connections, outlet from the maturation pond and outfall are covered with soil and grass. 5. About 2/3rd of the site has been fenced out for a school and it was planned that the new sewage works would have been in operation by now. However the contractor abandoned the site in 1996 and the council is doing appraisal for re-tender. 6. Only pond excavation in the new ponds site has been carried out. 		
Sewers		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Most of the 100mm diameter sewers are permanently blocked due to size and prolonged water shortage in town. 2. Most trunk sewers are small 150mm diameter which are prone to frequent blockage resulting in overflows onto the streets. 83% of the total sewers in the town are 150 and 100 mm dia. in size. About one blockage per day has been reported. 3. 70 % of the planned 7km long new sewers under the 1996 project have been laid without manholes. 4. Most sewers discharge into open drains or nearby fields creating a significant health hazard. 		



Waste stabilization Pond: note sludge accumulation near outlet pipe



Waste stabilization Pond: pond is dry and area is used for cattle grazing.

On-going projects

Construction of a new treatment works was started in 1992 under ADB but stalled because of non-performance by contractor. Arrangements for re-tendering are underway.

Management

Staffing			
	Skilled	Unskilled	
Sewage works	1	2	
Sewer maintenance	1	5	
Bye-law enforcement	-		
Other	-		

Resources Available		Comments
1 No. rodding machine		In good condition
1 set of sewer rods		In good condition
Wheelbarrow/Jembes etc.		In good condition

Sources of Revenue	
Sewer charges	
Connection fees	

Annual Cash Flow, kshs.	Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus
	1995	200,000	562,240	(362,240)
	1996	211,000	571,040	(360,040)
	1997	232,500	607,840	(375,340)

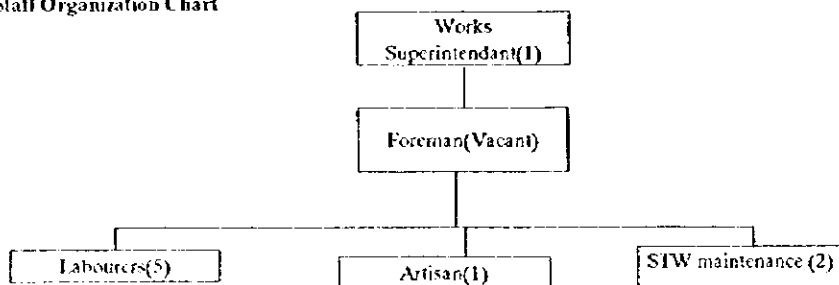
Financial Problems	
The sewer charges are collected by NWCPC and are based on flat rate	
Consumer failure to pay bills	
Lack of other sources of revenue	

Investment Budget Plan	Type of activity	Target Year
	Complete the work on the new sewage works	

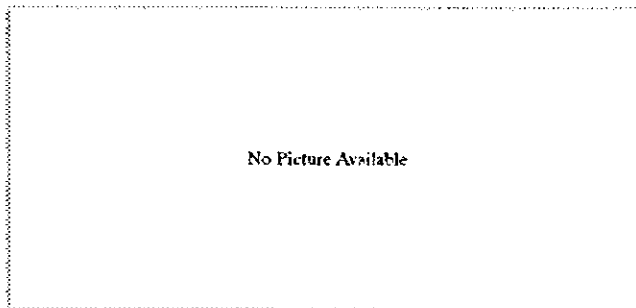
On - Plot Sanitation

% Population with on plot sanitation	75%
Method of desludging facility	Exhauster from Ministry of Public works
Quantity of sludge m ³ /year	not known
Location of disposal point	Solid waste dumping site

Staff Organization Chart



	Treatment Method	Disposal
Sludge Processing	No treatment	Municipal garbage dump
Operation & Maintenance		Treatment Works
1. Screens are not attended to and there is no grit removal facility. The inlet chamber is full of grit and grass.		
2. A section of the embankment between the first and third pond is seeping and needs attention.		
3. Slabs lining the second maturation have collapsed		
4. All chambers are full of grit and grass. Most chambers do not have covers		
5. Scum floating in the ponds. No evidence of removal.		
6. Grass is not regularly cut around the ponds		
Sewers		
1. Trunk sewer through Zone G has a gentle slope thus causing frequent blockages		
2. Approximately 200 blockages per year and 50 overflows lasting 3 days each		
3. Most manhole covers missing due to vandalism (approx. 150 stolen)		
4.		
5.		



On-going projects	None

Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master Plan

BUSIA (3/3)

Management

Staffing			
	Skilled	Unskilled	
Sewage works	-	2	
Sewer maintenance	4	4	
Bye-law enforcement	-	1	
Other (watchmen)	-	2	

Resources Available	Comments
1 No. Exhauster lorry	Good condition
1 No. Hand Ratchet	Good condition
38 No. Sewer rods	Good condition
1 No. Rodding machine	Good condition

Sources of Revenue	
Sewer charges	
Exhauster fees	
Connection fees	
Blockages charges	

Annual Cash Flow, Kshs.	Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus
	1995	281,166	702,580	(421,414)
	1996	372,434	1,016,760	(644,326)
	1997	323,753	1,127,500	(803,747)

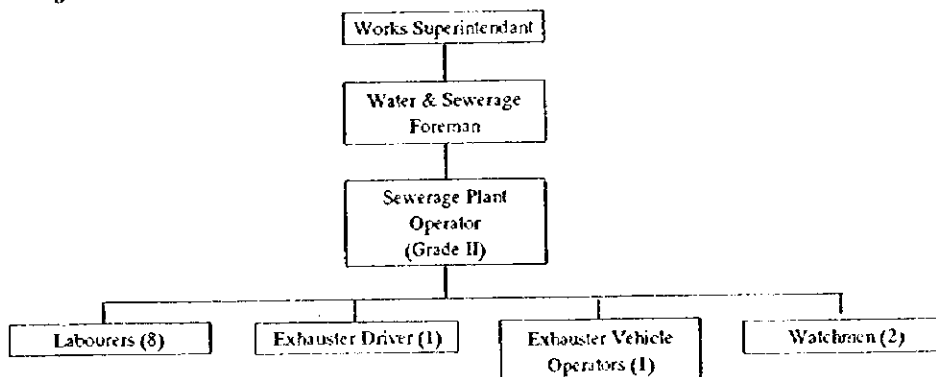
Financial Problems	
	Inaccurate billing due to lack of service to meters
	Consumer failure to pay bills
	Insufficient funding to complete sewer extensions

Investment Budget Plan	Type of activity	Target Year
	None	

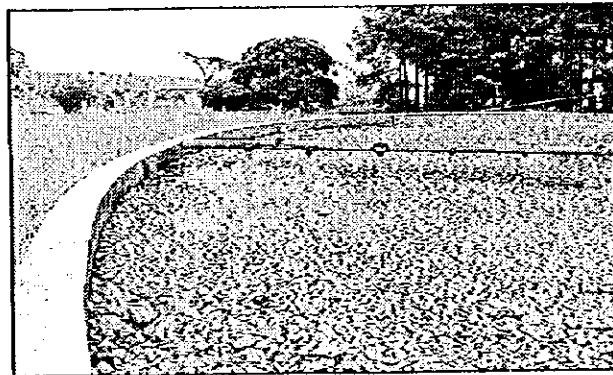
On - Plot Sanitation

% Population with on-plot sanitation	80%
Method of desludging facility	Municipal Council Exhauster
Estimated Quantity of sludge m ³ /year	700
Location of disposal point	Sewage treatment works

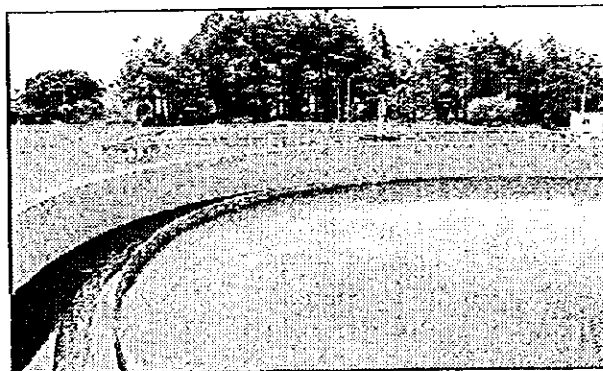
Staff Organization Chart



	Treatment Method	Disposal
Sludge Processing	Sludge digestion tank & drying beds	Sold at 15shs/ton
Operation & Maintenance		Treatment Works
1. Facility treats mostly domestic waste		
2. The facility receives far in excess of its design flow (6000 m ³ /d as compared to design flow of 1575 m ³ /d)		
3. The inlet works are well maintained, raked manually		
4. Flow is recorded hourly at the partial flume by the operator		
5. Replacement of distribution arms in the two filters is required		
6. Replacement of filter media in the sludge drying beds		
		Sewers
1. Existing sewers are in good operation		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		



Trickling Filter: note rotating arm stalled in one location, rock media is saturated with silt & debris



Primary clarifier: note floating chunks of dark scum indicating anaerobic activity and process overloading

On-going projects

New treatment facility proposed at new site, currently under design. Funded by KfW (Germany)
Existing works will be rehabilitated and kept in operation

Management

Staffing			
	Skilled	Unskilled	
Sewage works	8	9	
Sewer maintenance	5	9	
Bye-law enforcement	6	1	
Other	-	-	

Resources Available		Comments
3 No. Exhausters - 9000 litres		In good condition
Winching machine		In good condition
Sludge pump		In good condition
Wheelbarrow/Jenibes/ lawn mowers etc.		In good condition

Sources of Revenue	
Sewer charges	
Connection fees	
Water charges	

Annual Cash Flow, kshs.	(Revenue and expenditure figures same for both systems)			
Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus	
1995	61,175,834	656,927,281	(595,751,447)	
1996	145,843,260	42,241,768	103,601,492	
1997	155,340,595	67,605,203	87,735,392	

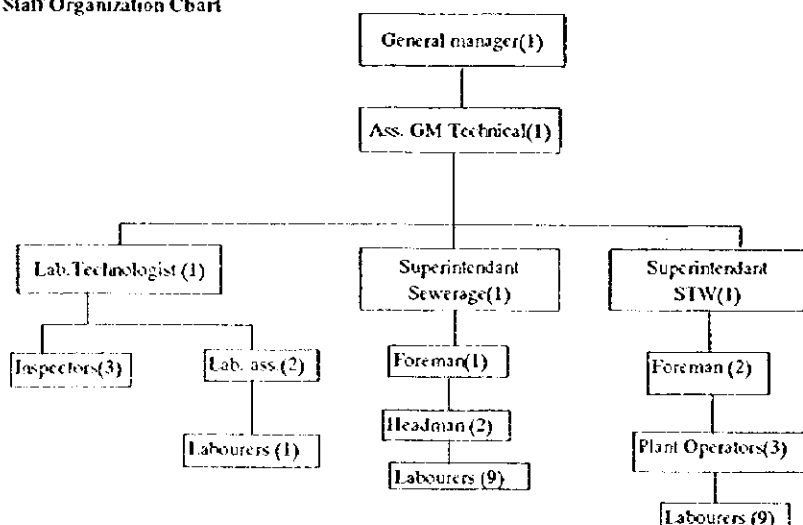
Financial Problems	
Only where connections are not covered in the block mapping.	

Investment Budget Plan	Type of activity	Target Year
	Design and implementation of a new sewage works	

On - Plot Sanitation

% Population with on plot sanitation	68%
Method of desludging facility	Council exhausters
Quantity of sludge m ³ /year	7605 (485 trips /year)
Location of disposal point	Nearest manhole or at sewage works

Staff Organization Chart

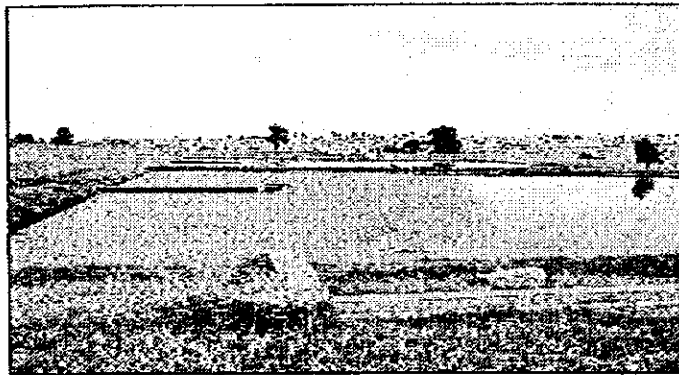


Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master Plan

ELDORET (1/3)

Name of Urban Center	Eldoret		x	y	
District	Uasin Gishu	Coordinates	35° 14'	0° 33'	
Province	Rift Valley	Elevation	approx. 2,084m		
Mean Annual Precipitation (mm)	Temperature max & min °C				
	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010
Population Projections	148,204	220,000	247,286	378,415	450,629
Municipal Area (ha)	858	14,700.0			
Population Density (ppha)		15.0			
Water Supply	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010
Domestic water demand (m ³ /d)					61,096
Total water consumption (m ³ /d)	25,000	25,000			
Area served (estimated net (ha))	843.0		2,035.0		3,635.0
Raw water source	Twin River dam Elginna Dam Boreholes				
Sewerage Facilities	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010
Population Served	16,907	70,400	49,497	113,524	180,252
Service coverage ratio %	11%		20%	30%	40%
Area served (estimated net (ha))					
Population Density (ppha)					
Wastewater volumes (m ³ /d)					
No. of sewer Connections					
Treatment process	<p>A, Anaerobic SF, Secondary facultative T, Tertiary Pond M, Maturation</p>				
Description & dimensions	Size		Area	Depth	Volume
Anaerobic pond 1	61.0	61.0	3,750.0	3.00	11250.0
Anaerobic pond 2	61.0	61.0	3,750.0	3.00	11250.0
Anaerobic pond 3	61.0	61.0	3,750.0	3.00	11250.0
Anaerobic pond 4	61.0	61.0	3,750.0	3.00	11250.0
Facultative pond 1			26,500.0	1.75	46375.0
Facultative pond 2			26,500.0	1.75	46375.0
Tertiary Pond 1			11,840.0	1.75	20720.0
Tertiary Pond 2			11,840.0	1.75	20720.0
Maturation pond 1			14,290.0	1.30	18577.0
Maturation pond 2			14,290.0	1.30	18577.0
	Design Capacity		Actual flow		
	Dry weather	Population	Min	Max	Avg
Hydraulic loading	4,800		6,544	8,096	7,320
BOD loading	2,160				
	BOD	COD	SS	N/P	FC
influent	370	670	800		
effluent	85	296	650	8/3.4	500
receiving water body u/s	4	40	240		
receiving water body d/s	10.5	40	250		
Receiving water body	Sosiari river				

Sludge Processing	Treatment Method	Disposal	
	No treatment	Municipal garbage dump	
Operation & Maintenance			
1. Flows into the pond are far in excess of design capacity, and ponds are hydraulically and organically overloaded.			
2. Peak flows are diverted at the inlet works to one of the secondary facultative ponds, by-passing anaerobic ponds.			
3. Peak flows are frequently caused by industrial discharges and since pre-treatment in the anaerobic ponds is by-passed the first facultative pond is severely overloaded.			
4. Inlet channel and screens are too small resulting in frequent by-pass of anaerobic ponds.			
5. The ponds occasionally receive large amounts of petroleum oil creating scum problems, fouling channels, inlets & outlets.			
6. The absence of a grit removal system has resulted in sludge accumulation in the anaerobic ponds.			
Sewers			
1. Sewers are operating satisfactorily			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			



Anaerobic Pond: note heavy scum and accumulation of sludge & debris at inlet structure



Maturation Pond: note accumulation of debris at inlet & oily appearance of surface

On-going projects

New treatment facility proposed at new site, currently under design. Funded by KfW (Germany)
 Existing works will be rehabilitated and kept in operation

Management

Staffing			
	Skilled	Unskilled	
Sewage works	8	9	
Sewer maintenance	5	9	
Bye-law enforcement	6	1	
Other	-		

Resources Available		Comments
3 No. Exhausters - 9000 litres		
Winching machine		In good condition
Sludge pump		In good condition
Wheelbarrow/Jembes/ lawn mowers etc.		In good condition

Sources of Revenue	
Sewer charges	
Connection fees	
Water charges	

Annual Cash Flow, kshs.	(Revenue and expenditure figures same for both systems)			
	Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus
	1995	61,175,834	656,927,281	(595,751,447)
	1996	145,843,260	42,241,768	103,601,492
	1997	155,340,595	67,605,203	87,735,392

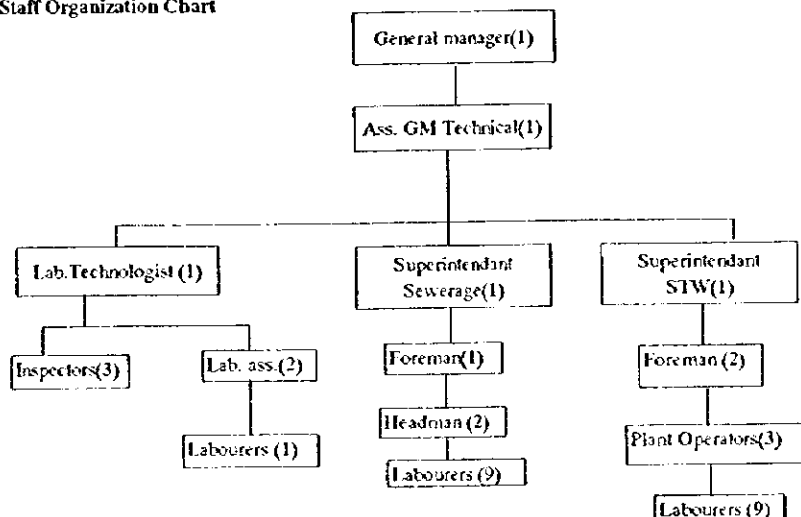
Financial Problems	
	Only where connections are not covered in the block mapping

Investment Budget Plan		Target Year
Type of activity		
Design and implementation of a new sewage works		

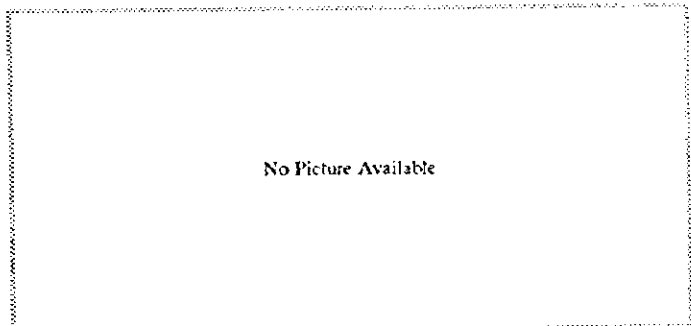
On - Plot Sanitation

% Population with on plot sanitation	68%
Method of desludging facility	Council exhausters
Quantity of sludge m ³ /year	7605 (485 trips /year)
Location of disposal point	Nearest manhole or at sewage works

Staff Organization Chart



	Treatment Method	Disposal
Sludge Processing	Drying on the ground	Disposed on site
Operation & Maintenance		
Treatment Works		
1. Sludge accumulation in facultative pond		
2. Overloaded		
3. New outlet constructed for maturation pond due to problems with effluent quality		
4. Removal of grit from grit chamber required		
5. All chambers require minor rehabilitation		
6. Screens at inlet in poor condition and are not regularly cleaned.		
7. General lack of maintenance at the treatment works and evidence of vandalism.		
Sewers		
1. No cleaning operations		
2. Frequent blockages on the network		
3. 18m concrete pipes collapsed in 1997		
4		
5		



On-going projects

Project for new treatment works has been designed and tender documents are ready
HCA was approached for funding but no commitments.

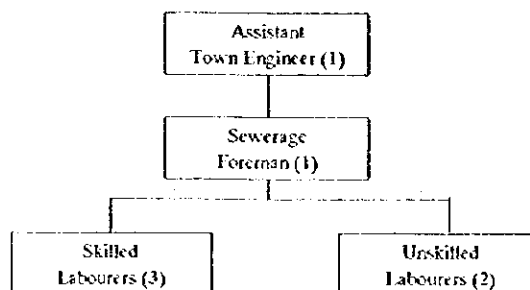
Management

Staffing				
	<i>Skilled</i>	<i>Unskilled</i>		
Sewage works and sewer maintenance	5	2		
Bye-law enforcement	-	-		
Other (watchmen)	-	-		
Resources Available				
			<i>Comments</i>	
	1 No. Exhauster lorry		Good condition	
	1 No. Council pick-up		Good condition	
	Sewer rods		Good condition	
	Tools		Good condition	
Sources of Revenue				
	Sewer charges			
	Connection fees			
Annual Cash Flow, Kshs.				
	<i>Year</i>	<i>Revenue</i>	<i>Expenditure</i>	<i>Surplus</i>
	1995			-
	1996			-
	1997			-
Financial Problems				
	Inaccurate billing due to lack of service to meters			
	Consumer failure to pay bills			
	Insufficient funding to repair customer meters			
Investment Budget Plan				
	<i>Type of activity</i>		<i>Target Year</i>	
	Embu Sewerage Project - Ministry of local Government (Runji & Partners, 1994)		Looking for funding agency	

On - Plot Sanitation

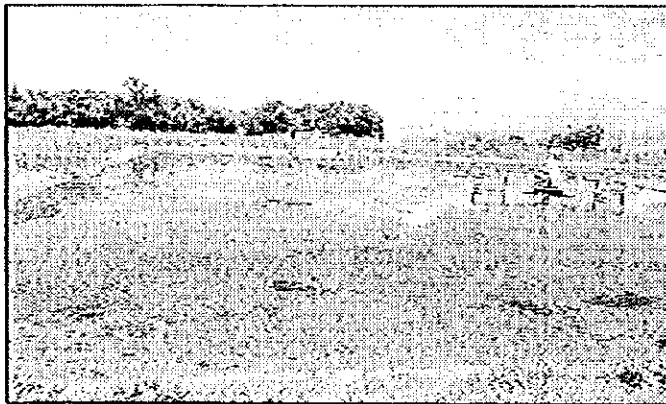
% Population with on-plot sanitation	85%
Method of desludging facility	Municipal Council Exhauster
Estimated Quantity of sludge m ³ /year	450
Location of disposal point	Sewage treatment works

Staff Organization Chart

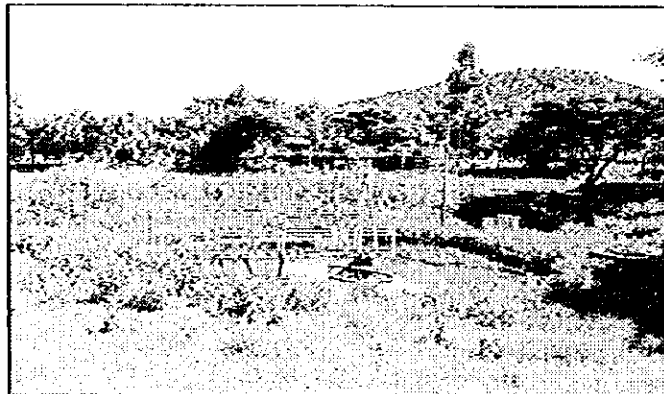


Name of Urban Center	Homabay		x	34° 28'	y	0° 31'
District	Homabay		Coordinates			
Province	Nyanza		Elevation	1135m		
Mean Annual Precipitation (mm)	Temperature max & min °C					
	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010	
Population Projections	30,995	75,000	46,428	64,065	71,860	
Municipal Area (ha)	115	19,700.0				
Population Density (ppha)		3.8				
Water Supply	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010	
Domestic water demand (m ³ /d)					9,740	
Total water consumption (m ³ /d)	819	1,230				
Area served (estimated net (ha))	172.0	4,000.0	363.0		552.0	
Raw water source	Lake Victoria					
Sewerage Facilities	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010	
Population Served	2,912	15,000	6,964	12,813	17,965	
Service coverage ratio %	9%	19%	15%	20%	25%	
Area served (estimated net (ha))		1,950.0				
Population Density (ppha)		7.7				
Wastewater volumes (m ³ /d)		1,043				
No. of connections		2500				
Treatment process						
<pre> graph TD A[AL] --> B[ST] B --> C[M] D[AL] --> E[ST] E --> F[M] </pre> <p>AL, Aerated lagoon ST, Sedimentation tank M, Maturation</p>						
Description & dimensions	Size		Surface Area	Depth	Volume	
Oxidation lagoon 1	46.0	36.0	1,650.0	3.00	2800.0	
Oxidation lagoon 2	46.0	36.0	1,650.0	3.00	2800.0	
Sedimentation Tank	Dia = 9.0		63.6	2.25	143.1	
Sedimentation Tank	Dia = 9.0		63.6	2.25	143.1	
Maturation Pond 1	136.0	36.0	4,900.0	1.80	7500.0	
Maturation Pond 2	135.5	36.0	4,900.0	1.40	5800.0	
Sludge thickening tank	4.0	4.0	16.0	3.65	58.4	
Sludge drying beds - 12 No.	6.0	1.0	72.0			
Design Capacity						
	Dry weather	Population	Min	Max	Avg	
Hydraulic loading	750			450	370	
BOD loading	BOD	COD	SS	TN / TP	TC	
influent	250	675	400			
effluent	40	168	40	36.4 / 13.0	25600	
receiving water body u's						
receiving water body d's						
Receiving water body	Lake Victoria					

	Treatment Method	Disposal
Sludge Processing	Sludge thickener + drying bed	Sold as manure
Operation & Maintenance		
Treatment Works		
1. Inlet pipe is blocked and an overflow of sewage noticed on site		
2. Automatic flow recorder was vandalised in 1997		
3. 1 No. aerator not working. However, aerators have not been used since 1997 due to accumulation of sludge in the sedimentation tanks. The aerated lagoons are being used as anaerobic ponds and require desludging.		
4. Both sedimentation tanks not operational due to the accumulation of sludge. Motors and cables for the scrapers have been vandalised.		
5. Slabs on one side of maturation pond 1 have collapsed		
6. Pump house for sludge not operational. 2 No. centrifugal pumps not repairable.		
7. Stormwater from road nearby is flowing into the maturation ponds.		
8. Grass growing in sludge drying beds		
9. General lack of maintenance on site and vandalism rampant. Treatment works not functioning as per design.		
Sewers		
1. Frequent blockages		
2		
3		
4		
5		



Note: Oxidation lagoons are used as anaerobic ponds



Note: Sludge thickener is overgrown and has collapsed

On-going projects	None

Management

Staffing			
	Skilled	Unskilled	
Sewage works and sewer maintenance	7	4	
Bye-law enforcement	-	-	
Other	-	-	

Resources Available	Comments
1 No. Vehicle	Good condition
1 No. Rodding machine	Out of order
Tools	Good condition

Sources of Revenue	KShs.
Sewer charges	
Connection fees	

Annual Cash Flow, KShs.			
Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus
1995			-
1996			-
1997			-

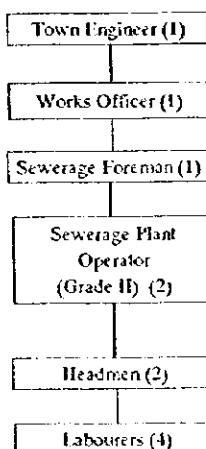
Financial Problems

Investment Budget Plan	Type of activity	Target Year

On - Plot Sanitation

% Population with on-plot sanitation	84%
Method of desludging facility	Ministry of Public Works Exhauster
Estimated Quantity of sludge m ³ /year	No information
Location of disposal point	Sewage treatment works

Staff Organization Chart



Name of Urban Center	Kakamega					x	y
District	Kakamega					Coordinates	
Province	Western					Elevation	
Mean Annual Precipitation (mm)						approx. 1508	
						Temperature max & min °C	
	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010		
Population Projections	77,306	110,000	123,558	177,064	202,516		
Municipal Area (ha)		5,100.0					
Population Density (ppha)		21.6					
Water Supply	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010		
Domestic water demand (m3/d)					27,431		
Total water consumption (m3/d)	2,760						
Area served (estimated net (ha))	16.0		40.0		60.0		
Raw water source	Isiukhu River						
Sewerage Facilities	1995	1998	2000	2005	2010		
Population Served	5,445	51,700	18,534	35,413	50,629		
Service coverage ratio %	7%	11%	15%	20%	25%		
Area served (estimated net (ha))		560.0					
Population Density (ppha)		92.3					
Wastewater volumes (m3/d)		2,400					
No. of connections		500					
Treatment process							
<pre> graph LR In[] --> PF[PF] PF --> M[M] M --> Out[] </pre> <p>PF, Primary facultative SF, Secondary facultative M, Maturation</p> <p>Facility name: Kambi Ponds</p>							
Description & dimensions	Size	Area	Depth	Volume			
Primary Facultative Pond	36.0	55.0	1,980.0				
Maturation Pond	42.0	68.0	2,856.0				
		Design Capacity		Actual flow			
		Dry weather	Population	Min	Max	Avg	
Hydraulic loading				200			
BOD loading							
		BOD	COD	SS	TN/IP	FC	
influent		300	1000	200			
effluent		-	-	-	-		
receiving water body u/s		-	-	-	-		
receiving water body d/s		-	-	-	-		
Receiving water body		Isiukhu River					

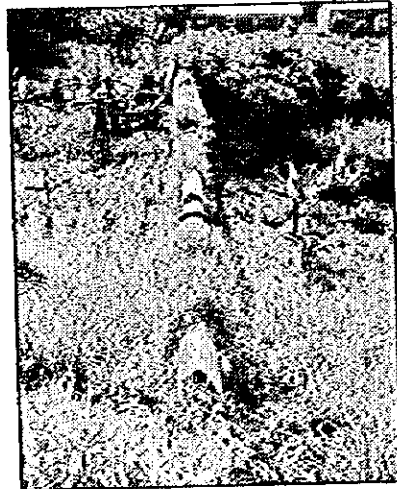
Aftercare Study on
the National Water Master plan

KAKAMEGA(2/3)

	Treatment Method	Disposal
Sludge Processing	No treatment	
Operation & Maintenance		
Treatment Works		
1. Ponds serve a small site and service housing development built by NHIC		
2. Screens are not cleaned and there is no grit removal facility; primary facultative pond needs desludging and is overgrown with aquatic plants		
3. All chambers are full of grit and scum		
3. The flow of sewage into the ponds is very low probably due to leakage or blockage of sewers. Sewage from part of the network is leaking straight into the river from the aerial crossing.		
4. The maturation pond is overgrown with weeds and aquatic plants and has a huge collection of debris in the middle.		
5. Maturation pond outlet chamber has totally collapsed due to embankment erosion.		
6. No effluent to River.		
7. No maintenance at treatment works		
Sewers		
1. The flow to the ponds increases substantially during storms indicating high infiltration		
2. Silting of pipes due to stormwater entry is common.		
3. Frequent blockages due to lack of water.		
4. Manholes require raising in order to prevent stormwater entry.		
5. Sewer lines overloaded		
6. No manhole covers due to vandalism and garbage is dumped into the manholes.		
7. Slum areas using water downstream from leak.		



Primary Facultative Pond: note sludge accumulation & plant growth.



Trunk Sewer: cast iron main crossing river, note complete failure & discharge of sewage to river

On-going projects	None

Management

Staffing			
	Skilled	Unskilled	
Sewage works	-	-	
Sewer Maintenance	4	7	
Bye-law enforcement	-	-	
Other	-	-	

Resources Available		Comments
1 No. rodding machine		Good condition
Sewer rods		Good condition
Tools		Good condition

Sources of Revenue		
Sewer charges		
Connection fees		

Annual Cash Flow, Kshs. (Includes revenue and expenditure figures for Shirete Treatment works)			
Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus
1995	Not available	659,063	-
1996	484,069	726,730	(242,661)
1997	1,430,651	674,530	756,121

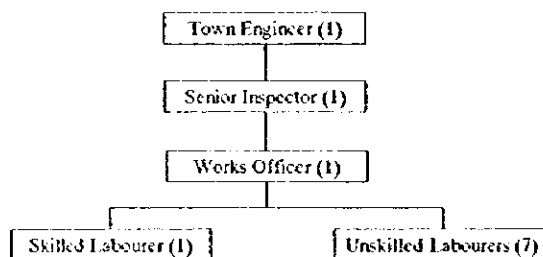
Financial Problems	
	Inaccurate billing due to lack of service to meters
	Consumer failure to pay bills
	Insufficient funding for rehabilitation and maintenance
	Bad Debts

Investment Budget Plan	
Type of activity	Target Year
None	

On - Plot Sanitation

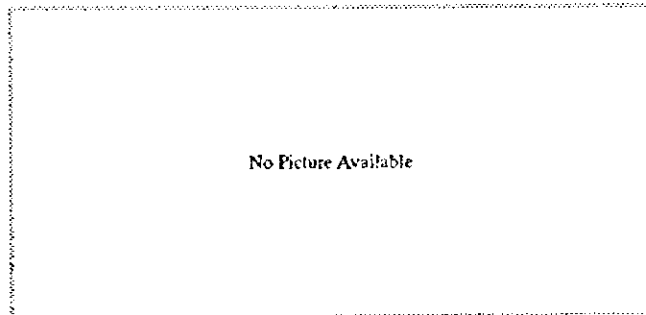
% Population with on-plot sanitation	53%
Method of desludging facility	Ministry of Public Works Exhauster
Estimated Quantity of sludge m ³ /year	Information not available
Location of disposal point	Sewage treatment works

Staff Organization Chart



Note: The same staff are used for both Kambi and Shirete Treatment works

	Treatment Method	Disposal
Sludge Processing	No treatment	
Operation & Maintenance	Treatment Works	
1. Surface water enters pond due to poor site grading		
2. Screens at inlet in poor condition and grass growing in grit chamber. By-pass is blocked.		
3. The flow of sewage into the ponds is very low probably due to leakage or blockage of sewers and inlet pipe to first pond destroyed.		
4. Pond requires desludging and has grass/weeds growing in it.		
5. Slabs lining all ponds are missing due to vandalism		
6. No flow to maturation pond due to low level in the secondary facultative pond.		
7. All chambers etc. are in poor structural condition.		
8. No maintenance at treatment works.		
Sewers		
1. The flow to the ponds increases substantially during storms indicating high infiltration		
2. Main trunk lines in the town center are only 150mm and are frequently blocked and silting occurs frequently		
3. The condition of the sewer lines is questionable considering the age and lack of maintenance.		
4. One trunk line crossing a ravine has completely failed and sewage is flowing into a small stream		
5. No manhole covers due to vandalism and garbage is dumped into chambers		
6. Staffing levels of 7 for TW and sewers is insufficient to cover the operational and maintenance requirements.		



On-going projects	None

Management

Staffing			
	Skilled	Unskilled	
Sewage works	-	-	
Sewer Maintenance	4	7	
Bye-law enforcement	-	-	
Other	-	-	

Resources Available	Comments
1 No. rodding machine	Good condition
Sewer rods	Good condition
Tools	Good condition

Sources of Revenue	
Sewer charges	
Connection fees	

Annual Cash Flow, Kshs.	(Includes revenue and expenditure figures for Kambi Treatment works)			
	Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus
	1995	Not available	659,063	-
	1996	484,069	726,730	(242,661)
	1997	1,430,651	674,530	756,121

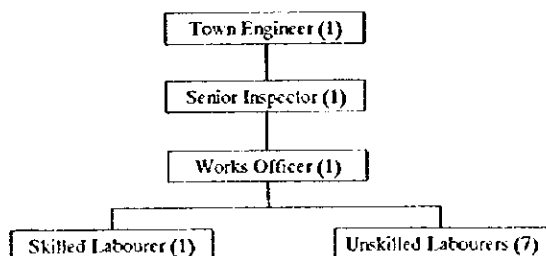
Financial Problems	
	Inaccurate billing due to lack of service to meters
	Consumer failure to pay bills
	Insufficient funding for rehabilitation and maintenance
	Bad Debts

Investment Budget Plan	Type of activity	Target Year
	None	

On - Plot Sanitation

% Population with on-plot sanitation	53%
Method of desludging facility	Ministry of Public Works Exhauster
Estimated Quantity of sludge m ³ /year	Information not available
Location of disposal point	Sewage treatment works

Staff Organization Chart



Note: The same staff are used for both Kambi and Shirere Treatment works