

MASALANI (1/1)

**Urban Water Supply System Survey** 

General

Name of Urban Centre: Masalani

Community Organisation/Water Undertaker: District: Garissa Location: Masalani

Co-ordinates X: 40° 10' E Y: 01° 43'S Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 168/1

Orainage Sub-basin:

**Existing facilities** 

Pontoo Tana River Elevation: 50 m Type of Intake n Source:

Pumping - INH: 10 m Dia: 80 mm Raw water system:

Treatment Process: Composite filter @ 60m3/hr. Coagulation, Flocculation, Sedimentation, Filtration, Disinfection.

No chemical dosage carried out at present. Due to poor state of the Composite Filtration Unit and lack of

dosage, untreated water is supplied to the residents.

Designed Capacity: 720 m3/d

Area covered : 3.5 km<sup>2</sup> Treated water/Distribution system -

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 50 mm

Total length : 1.0 km

UFW (Estimated):

Consumers - Total no: Working Meters:

> Metered: Unmetered:

Water production: 480 m<sup>3</sup>/d Remark:

Service area population: 8,000

Population served: Financial/Revenue O & M costs :Kshs Revenue earned :Kshs Revenue collected: Kshs

Kshs Rehabilitation required/costs

4,000,000 Rehabilitation of the 20m<sup>3</sup>/hr composite filtration unit 900,000 ii) Replacement of distribution network

iii) N) V)

VI) Total estimated cost 4.900,000

Future development plan

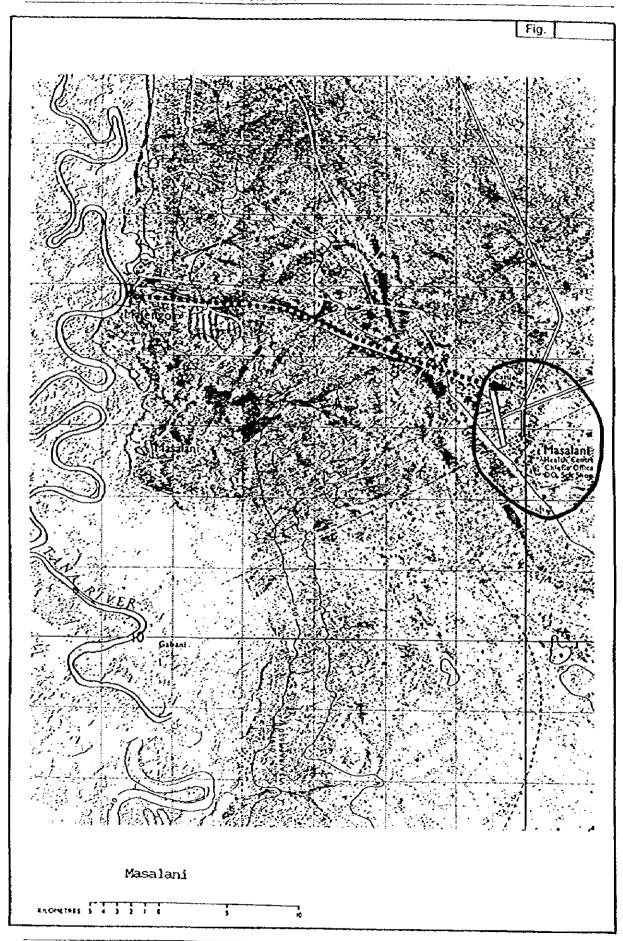
Source : Tana River & Boreholes

 $m^3/d$ Treatment: Capacity:

Design year: Design population:

Remarks

The scheme was constructed in 1968 and since then no rehabilitation of the components carried out. At present, the composite filtration unit is in very poor condition, producing untreated water for distribution. The distribution network is old and prone to frequent breakdowns. The hospital too is being supplied with untreated raw water.



GARISSA (1/1)

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Garissa

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

Sankuri District: Garissa Location:

Co-ordinates X: 39° 39' E Y: 00° 26'S Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 126/3

Drainage Sub-basin: 4GC

**Existing facilities** 

Type of Intake Pontoo Elevation: 148 m Source: Tana River

Dia: 150 mm H: 10 m Raw water system: Pumping

Treatment Process: Full Treatment

2 No. Treatment systems: 1) Conventional, but with hopper bottom sedimentation and rapid filtration basins. 2) Composite Filter. The hopper bottom system is facing recurrent breakdowns and untreated water is pumped into the distribution. Chlorine and Alum are dosed at rates of 7kg/d and 200 kg/d respectively.

Designed Capacity:

Area covered :35 km² Treated water/Distribution system -

Distribution mains (80mm and above): mm to mm

Total length : km

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no: 2867 Working Meters:

Metered: 958

Unmetered: 1909

Remark Only about 60% of the population are Water production: 1440 m<sup>3</sup>/d served by the Garissa W/S. The rest rely Service area population: 57,930 on private boreholes or alternative

Population served: 34,758

Financial/Revenue

:Kshs 5,200,000 (1996) O & M costs Revenue earned :Kshs 2,900,000 (1996) Revenue collected: Kshs 2.400,000 (1996)

Rehabilitation required/costs\_

500,000 ) Replacement of filter media 100,000 in Desludging of clear water sumps 150,000

iii) Chemical Store and Pump House re-flooring

iv)

V) vi)

Total estimated cost 750,000

Kshs

Future development plan

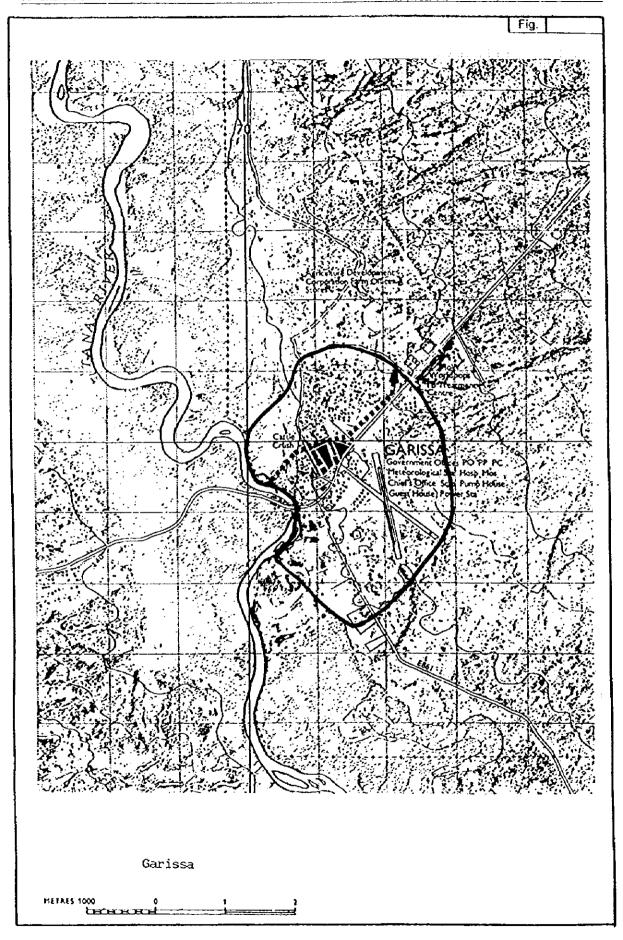
Source : Tana River

 $m^3/d$ Treatment Full conventional Capacity:

Design yeatreatment Design population:

Remarks

The stalled so-called Adler project needs to be revitalised upto completion. This will ensure sufficient supply to Garissa and environs. The project stalled due to financial constraints and the site is currently covered with overgrown vegetation. 30% of the works have been constructed to date. Due to high demand and inefficient filtration units, untreated water is fed into the distribution network.



Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan

MANDERA (1/1)

Urban Water Supply System Survey

**General** 

Name of Urban Centre: Mandera

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

District: Mandera Location: Mandera

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: Co-ordinates X: 41° 51' Y: N03° 58'

Drainage Sub-basin: 5GB

**Existing facilities** 

Source: Boreholes 6 No. Type of Intake: Borehole Elevation: 1000 m

Raw water system: Pumping H: m Dia: 317 mm

Treatment Process: Chlorine Dosing only. This is done on a daily basis

Designed Capacity:

Treated water/Distribution system - Area covered : km²

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm to 150 mm

Total length : 27.7 km

UFW (Estimated): m³/d

Consumers - Total no : 1,600 - 1996 Working Meters: No meters - Consumers are charged

Metered: flat rate

Unmetered: 1,600 - 1996

Water production: 500 m<sup>3</sup>/d Remark: Information on population incomplete

Service area population : Population served : Financial/Revenue

O & M costs :Kshs 850,000 - 1996 Revenue earned :Kshs 2,500,000 - 1996 Revenue collected :Kshs 700,000 - 1996

Rehabilitation required/costs Estimated Cost Kshs

i) Construction of 3 No. 50 m³ storage tanks
ii) Expansion of distribution system
iii) Rehabilitation of boreholes - 6 No.
iv) Rehabilitation of transmission and distribution system
10,000,000

Total 23,900,000

Future development plan

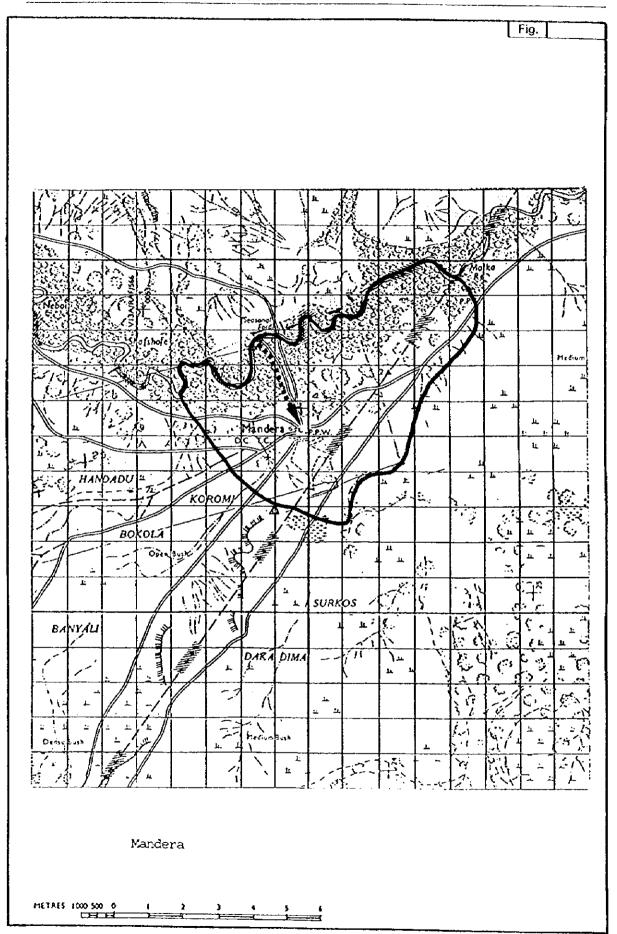
Source : Boreholes

Treatment: Capacity: 840 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Design year: 2020 Design population: 25,000

**Remarks** 

This scheme has been adversely affected by the El-Nino floods. Rehabilitation of the facilities is therefore required as above. Revenue collection rate is very low, only about 28% of total revenue earned for 1996. Billing system should be changed from that rate to metering to enhance revenue collection and hence scheme sustainability.



**ELWAK (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

Genera		
Name o	f Urban Centre:	Elwak

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Community Location: Elwak District: Mandera

Y: 02° 48 Map (1/50.000) Ref. no : Co-ordinates X: 40° 59°

Drainage Sub-basin: 5GA

**Existing facilities** 

Type of Intake: Borehole Elevation: 1000 m Source: Borehole C4628

H: ពា Dia: 203 mm Raw water system: Pumping

Treatment Process: Chlorination only - However, this is not properly done, resulting in varying dosage levels

and inadequate disinfection Designed Capacity:

km² Treated water/Distribution system -Area covered

Distribution mains (80mm and above):

km - Details not available Total length •

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no : N/A Working Meters: None - Community Water Supply and the

Management charges flat rate to consumers

Metered: N/A Unmetered: N/A

Water production: N/A m3/d Remark: Details not available

Service area population: N/A Population served: N/A

Financial/Revenue

O&M costs :Kshs

Revenue earned :Kshs Details not available

Revenue collected: Kshs

Estimated Cost Kshs Rehabilitation required/costs

Details not available

Total

Future development plan

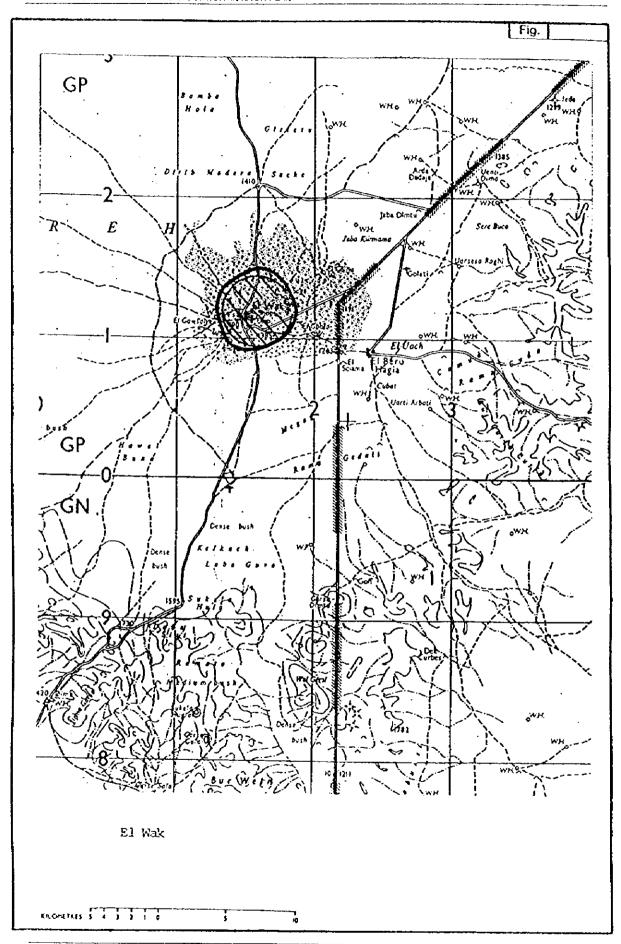
Source m<sup>3</sup>/d Capacity:

No information available Treatment:

Design year: Design population:

Remarks

Full details on this scheme were not available. The scheme is managed by Community Water Users Association (CWUA). Chlorine is supplied by Ministry of Water Resources District Office in Mandera. Good record keeping should be developed and sustained, along with proper metering system to enhance collection. Chlorine dosing method is poor and needs to be improved by use of proper dosing equipment. To enhance metering, the poor and haphazard distribution system needs to be improved and developed. Kiosks should be built for poorer people.



RHAMU (1/1)

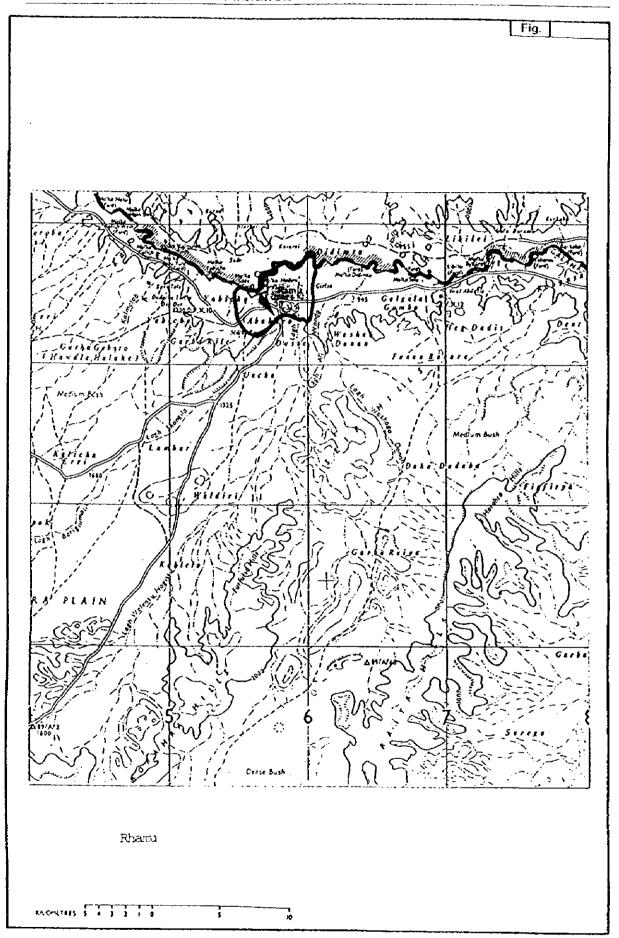
Urban Water Supply System Survey

	•			
<u>General</u>				
Name of Urban Centre: Rhamu				
Organisation/Water Undertaker: Community				
District: Mandera Location: Rhar				
Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: NA-37-4	Co-ordinates	X: 41° 13	Y: 00° 54	
Drainage Sub-basin: 5H				
Existing facilities				
Source: Borehole C10426	Type of Intake:	<i>Borehole</i> Ele	vation: 1000 m	
Raw water system: Pumping	H: 1.95 m	Dia: 317 mm	1	
Treatment Process: Chlorination is rarely done				
Designed Capacity:				
Treated water/Distribution system -	Area covered	: km²		
	Distribution mai	ns (80mm and a	above): somm to 100 mm	
	Total length	: 1.55 km		
UFW (Estimated): m <sup>3</sup> /d				
Consumers - Total no : N/A	Working Meters	Si Non	e · Water kiosks and few individ	ual
Metered: N/A		cont	nections are charged flat rate	
Unmetered: N/A				
Water production: 140 m <sup>3</sup> /d - 1996		Remark :		
Service area population: 16,000				
Population served: 8,000				
Financial/Revenue				
O & M costs :Kshs	)			
Revenue earned :Kshs	) Details not available			
Revenue collected :Kshs	)			
Rehabilitation required/costs		Estimated Cos	t Kshs	
Rehabilitation of service mains			1,000,000	
ii) Protection of borehole from flooding and bank ero	sion		500,000	
		Tol	al 1,500,000	
Future development plan				
Source :		)		
Treatment: Capacity:	m³/d	) No information	available	
Design year :		)		

**Remarks** 

Design population:

This scheme is run by Community Water Users Association (CWUA), with technical assistance of Mandera District Water Office. The District Water Engineer also supplies chemicals for chlorination. A proper metering system needs to be put in place to enhance revenue collection. Record keeping, especially in relation to revenue and operation and maintenance costs should be developed and sustained diligently. Chlorine dosing is rarely done. Daily dosing should be encouraged by purchase of proper dosing equipment, establishment of regular supply of chemicals for chlorination from DWE Mandera, and establishment of public health awareness on the part of the scheme management.





Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan **WAJIR (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Wajir Organisation/Water Undertaker:

District: Wajir

Location: Wajir

Map (1/250,000) Ref. no: NH - 37 - 11

Co-ordinates X40° 03' Y S 01° 44'

Drainage Sub-basin : SEA

**Existing facilities:** 

Source: Shallow well, yield =3.6m3/hr

Type of Intake:

H: 20m

Elevation:790m

Raw water system: Pumping

Dia: 50 mm

Treatment Process: None

Chlorination started in Dec. 1997 at approximately 1/4 kg of chlorinated lime/day, chemicals for chlorine is always in short supply due to inaccessibility by road to Wajir from other large urban

centres.

Designed Capacity: 48 m3/day(pumping capacity).

Treated water/Distribution system

Area covered: 1.5 km<sup>2</sup>

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm

Total length: 0.5 km

UFW (Estimated):  $m^3/d$ 

Consumers - Total no

: 74

Working Meters:

All connections are on flat rate

Metered

Unmetered: 74

Water production

: 20 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Remark:

Service area population : Population served : 1500 Financial/Revenue: 1996 O & M costs : Ksh 5,147,748

Revenue earned : Kshs 130,015 Revenue collected: Kshs 202,925 Rehabilitation required/costs

Kshs Estimated

i) Ewaso Nyiro supply( Wajir is one of the towns wehich will benefit from the scheme).

ii) Storage tanks

iii) Distribution system

Total

12,000,000 22,000,000

10,000,000

Future development plan

Source: Ewaso Nyiro river

Treatment:

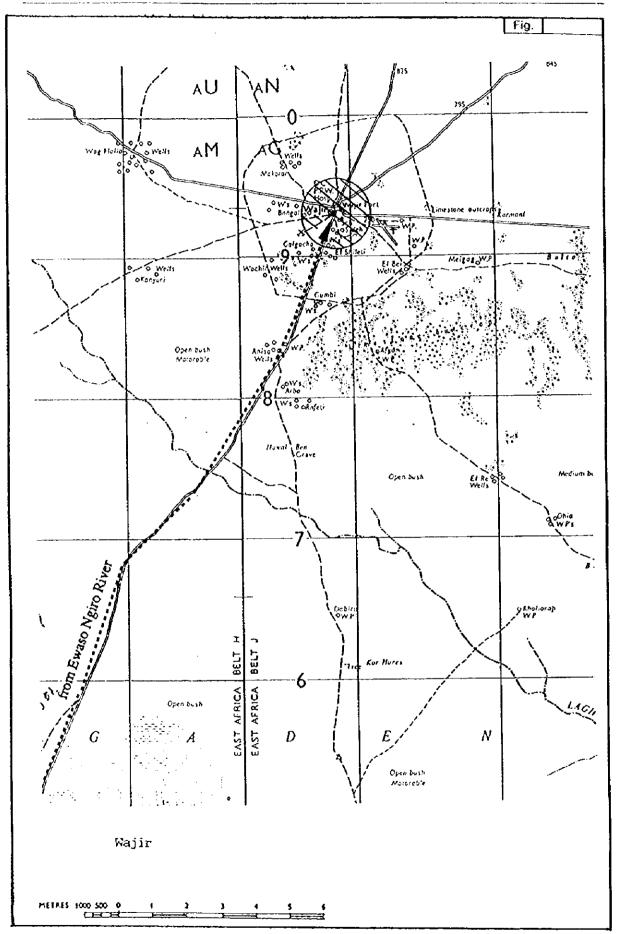
Capacity:

 $m^3/d$ 

Design year: Design population:

<u>Remarks</u>

The existing Wajir W/S serves the administration areas/ housing only. The remaining Township population rely on the shallow wells for domestic water. Shallow wells abstraction is contaminated and chlorination is only done at the MOWR premises.



**BUNA (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply System Survey** 

General

Name of Urban Centre: Buna

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources.

District: Waiir

Location:

Map (1/250,000) Ref. no: NA - 37 - 7

Co-ordinates X 39 31' Y S 02 47'

Drainage Sub-basin : 5 EA

Existing facilities:

Source: Borhole 1 No.

Type of Intake:

H: m

Elevation:700m

Raw water system: Pumping

Dia: mm

Treatment Process: None

In 1970 the original source dried and new system was to be constructed in 1989 but even that was

abandoned due to vandalism and theft.

Designed Capacity: m3/day

Treated water/Distribution system

Area covered: 0.5 km² Uaani/Tawa

Distribution mains (80mm and above): mm to mm

Total length: km

UFW (Estimated):

 $m^3/d$ 

Consumers - Total no

Working Meters:

Metered Unmetered:

Water production  $: m^3/d$ .

Service area population : Population served

Financial/Revenue:

O&M costs :Ksh

Revenue earned : Kshs Revenue collected: Kshs

Rehabilitation required/costs

i) Shallow wells ii)Electrical generators and pumps

iii) Distribution pipe works

w) Chlorination etc.

Kshs Estimated

2,000,000

4,400,000

2,000,000

5,000,000

Total

Remark: Scheme not functioning

8.000.000

Future development plan

Source: Borehole

Treatment:

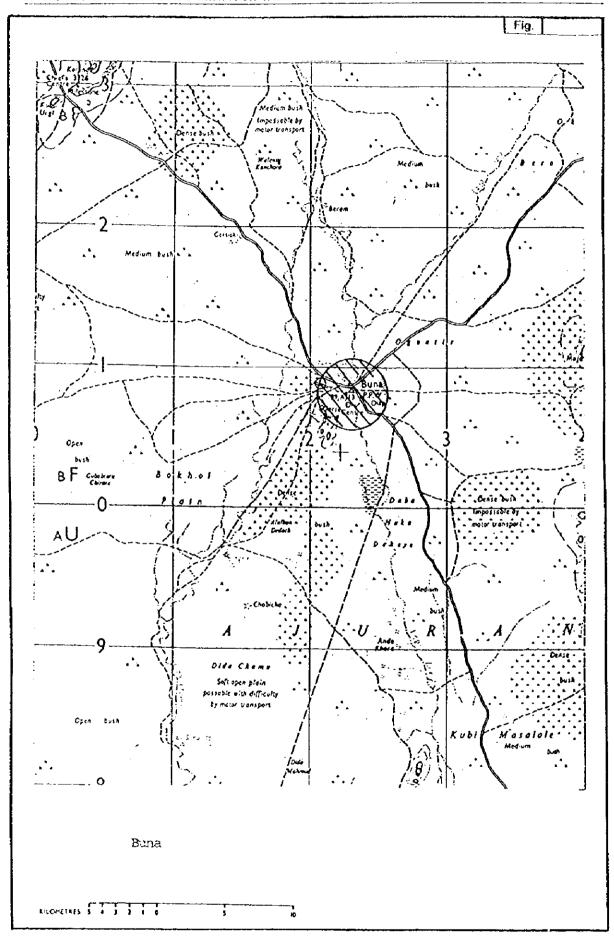
Capacity:

 $m^3/d$ 

Design year: Design population:

Remarks

Currently people depend on shallow well dug by themselves. Buna being in the remote inaccessible area it suffers from insecurity. Vandalism is rife. The second scheme initiated by the Ministry of Water Resources in late 1980's after it was left incomplete,



**BUTE (1/1)** 

Urban Water Supply System Survey

mm

General

Name of Urban Centre: Bute

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Wajir Location:

Map (1/250,000) Ref. no: NA-37-7

Drainage Sub-basin:

**Existing facilities** 

Source: 3 No. Rarchales
Raw water system

2 No. Pumping @

Treatment Process : No Treatment

Ministry of Water Resources

Bute

Co-ordinates X: 39° 33'E Y: 03° 02'N

Type of Intake: Boreh: Elevation: 610 m

H: 90 m Dia: 150 mm

Designed Capacity: 201.6 m3/day

Treated water/Distribution system -

: 0.5 km² Area covered

Remark:

Distribution mains (80mm and above): mm to

Total length km

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no : N/A

Working Meters:

Metered: N/A Unmetered: N/A

Water production: m3/d

Service area population: Population served:

Financial/Revenue Information not available.

O&M costs :Kshs Revenue earned :Kshs

Revenue collected: Kshs

Kshs Rehabilitation required/costs

1,500,000 i) Rehabilitation of Borehole originally serving centre 800,000 ii) Equipping Borehole to serve Police Station

iii) N) V) vi)

Total estimated cost 2,300,000

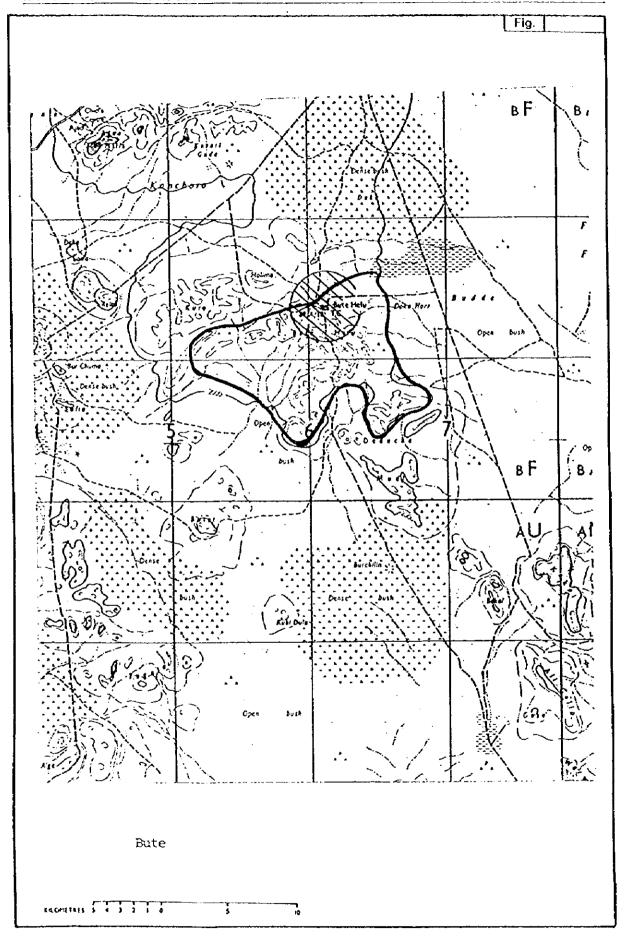
Future development plan

: Borehole/Shallow wells Source

 $m^3/d$ Particulars not Capacity: Treatment: available. Design year: Design population:

Remarks

Bute was originally served by borehole which collapsed in 1987. The residents now depend on shallow wells. The only operating borehole serves Bute Arid Zone Primary School and is managed by School. Another Borehole sank for Police Station in 1997 is not operational as it is not equipped yet.



**MANGA (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply System Survey** 

General

Name of Urban Centre: Manga

Organisation/Water Undertaker: MOWR

District: Nyamira

Location: Manga

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 130/2

Co-ordinates X34° 51' Y 8 00° 36'

Drainage Sub-basin : 1HE Existing facilities:

Source: Spring

Type of Intake:

H: 90m

Elevation:1893m

Raw water system: Pumping

Treatment Process: None

Dia: 50 mm

No chlorination

Designed Capacity: m3/day

Treated water/Distribution system

Area covered: 3 km2

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm to mm

Total

Remark:

Total length: 1.0 km

UFW (Estimated):

Consumers - Total no

: 109 - 1996

m³/ď

Working Meters:

Metered : 26 Unmetered:83

Water production

; m3/d

Service area population : 9,444 - 1996

Population served : 2,500 Financial/Revenue: 1995 O & M costs : Ksh 212,000

Revenue earned : Kshs 48,112 Revenue collected: Kshs 23,873

Kshs Estimated

Rehabilitation required/costs ) Rising main ii) Distribution system extension.

1,000,000 iii) Additional storage tank. 1,000,000 iv) Standby pumps

Future development plan

Source: Bonyunyan

Treatment:

Capacity:

 $m^3/d$ 

Design year: Design population:

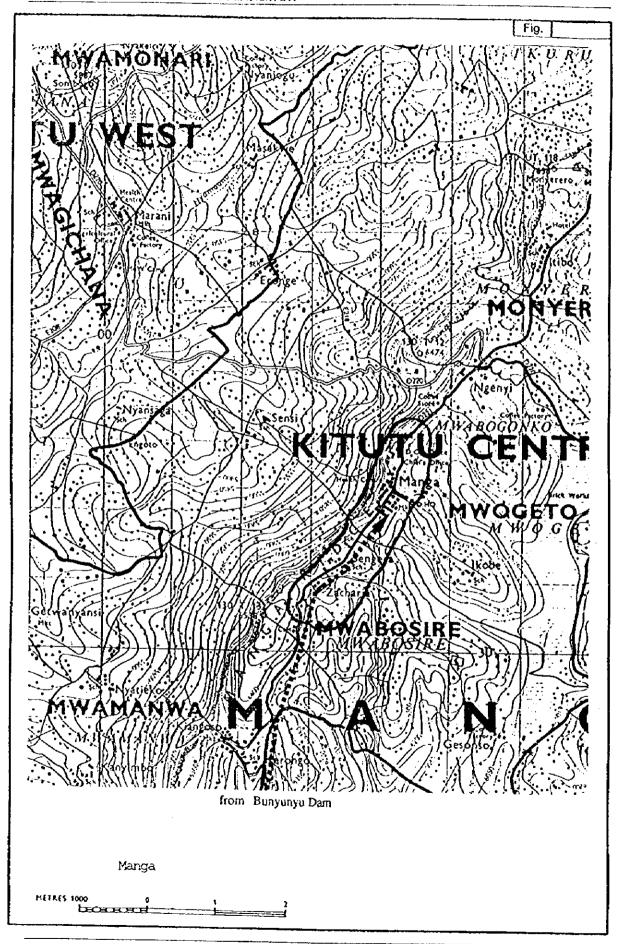
Remarks

Manga has very poor distribution system which needs to be extended.

3,000,000

10,000,000

25,000,000





NYAMIRA (1/1)

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Nyamira

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources District: Nyamira Location: East Mugirango

Y: 00° 32' Co-ordinates X: 34° 53 Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 130/2

Drainage Sub-basin: 1HD

**Existing facilities** 

Type of Intake: Weir Elevation: 1905 m Source: River Eyaka

H: 190 m Dia: 200 mm GI Raw water system : Pumping - 3 No. @ 40 m3/hr

Treatment Process:

Full Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorine. Out of 3 dosers, only one

is operational. The dosage rates are:- Chlorine = 15 kg/d, Alum = 100 kg/d, Soda Ash = 35 kg/d

Designed Capacity: 700 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Treated water/Distribution system -

km<sup>2</sup> Area covered

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm to 150 mm

Total length : 77 km

m³/d UFW (Estimated):

Consumers - Total no: 1098

Working Meters:

Metered: 802 Unmetered: 296

Remark: System not operating at full Water production: 466 m<sup>3</sup>/d capacity due to frequent pump

Service area population: 40,000 breakdown at intake

Population served: 17,000

Financial/Revenue

O&M costs :Kshs 7,471,325 Revenue earned :Kshs 1,612,839 Revenue collected: Kshs 1,296,756

Kshs **Estimated Cost** Rehabilitation required/costs

2,500,000 i) Provision of standby generator set 6,000,000 ii) Expansion of treatment works 5,000,000 iii) Rehabilitation of distribution system 2,000,000 M) Rehabilitation of storage reservoir 500,000 v) Operation and maintenance equipment 500,000 Vi) Repair of vehicles Total 16,500,000

Future development plan

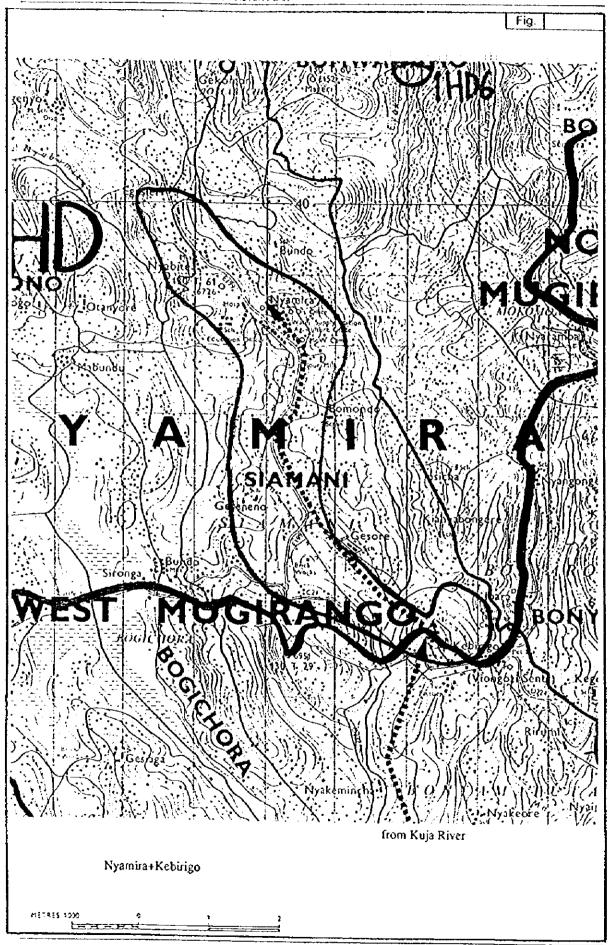
Source : Boreholes around Siranga Valleys

m<sup>3</sup>/d Capacity: Treatment:

Design year: Design population:

<u>Remarks</u>

The present scheme was constructed in 1976 and only distribution extensions have been carried out thereafter. There are frequent power fluctuations causing interruptions in treated water production. This results in only about 40% of the population served. Standby diesel generator required for continuous pumping, necessary to attain the scheme's capacity. Though sources for future development have been identified, no substantial studies have been carried out to date.



+ PARTNERS

MANGAT, I.B. PATEL AND PARTNERS, Consulting Engineers, Nairobi, Kenya. III-175

**KEROKA (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Keroka

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

District: Kisii Location: East Kitutu

Co-ordinates X: 34° 57 E Y: 00° 45'S Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 130/4

Drainage Sub-basin: 1KB

**Existing facilities** 

Type of Intake: Sump Suction Elevation: 1759 m Source: River Chirichiri

Raw water system: Pumping - 2 No. @ 20 m3 H: 100 m Dia: 250 mm

Treatment Process:

Full Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation Tanks, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorination. All dosers are non-functional. Dosing controlled manually at following rates:- Chlorine = 0.5 kg/d, Alum = 16 kg/d, Scda Ash = 6 kg/d

Designed Capacity: 960 m³/d

: - km<sup>2</sup> Area covered Treated water/Distribution system -

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 90 mm to 100 mm

Total length : 16 km

UFW (Estimated): - m<sup>3</sup>/d

Working Meters: Consumers - Total no: 155 No records

> Metered: 144 Unmetered: 11

Remark: Water production: 150 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Service area population: 27,349 Population served: 5,000

Financial/Revenue

O&M costs :Kshs 1,781,210 Revenue earned :Kshs 576,309 Revenue collected: Kshs 182,559

**Estimated Cost** Kshs Rehabilitation required/costs

3,000,000 i) Rehabilitation at treatment works ii) Repair of distribution mains / extensions 1,500,000 1,000,000 iii) Miscellaneous 1,500,000 N) 2 No. additional 225 m<sup>3</sup> storage tanks

Total 7,000,000

Future development plan

Source : River Chirichiri

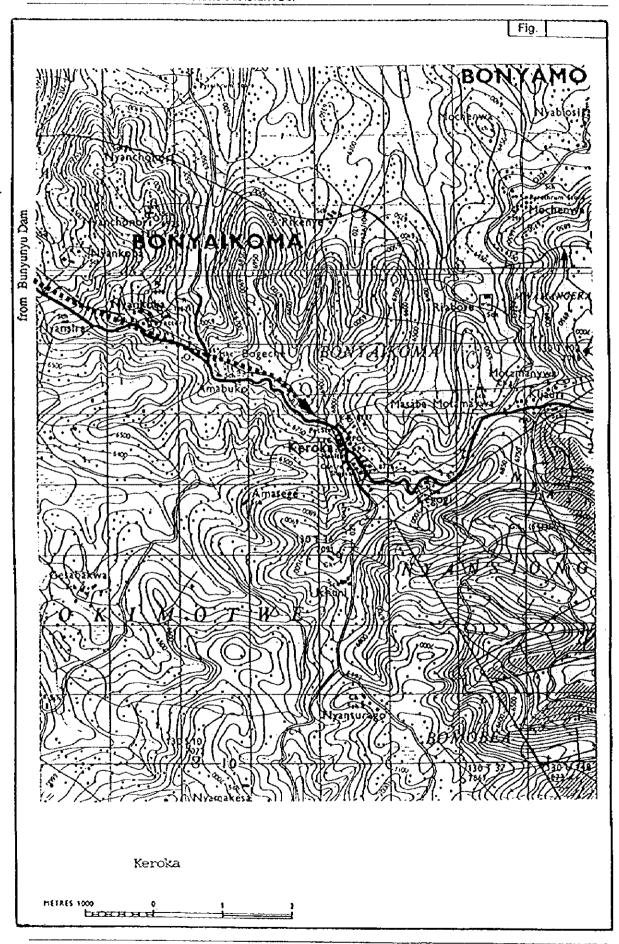
Capacity: 2,628 m<sup>3</sup>/d Treatment: Full Treatment

Design year: 2017 Design population: 58,399

Remarks

The raw water main was augmented with a 250mm G.S. in 1990, but has not been effective since. Pumping of treated water is only done for about 4 hours a day due to power blackouts and fluctuations.

Consumers complain of high water bills even when there has been very little water.





Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan KISII (1/1)

Urban Water Supply System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Kisii

Organisation/Water Undertaker: National Water Conservation & Pipeline Corporation

District: Kisii Location: Kisii Municipality

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 130/2

Co-ordinates X: 34° 48'

Y: 00° 39

Drainage Sub-basin: 1KA

**Existing facilities** 

Type of Intake: Weir Source: River Gucha

Elevation: 1798 m

Raw water system: Pumping

Treatment Process:

Full Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation Tanks, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorine. Dosing is carried out

H: 20 m

using FRO dosers. Dosage rates:- TCL = 20 kg/d, Alum = 250 kg/d, Soda Ash = 50 kg/d

Designed Capacity: 6000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Treated water/Distribution system -

: 18 km² Area covered

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 100 mm to 350 mm

Dia: 315 mm

Total length : 138.5 km

UFW (Estimated): - m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no: 4864

Working Meters:

No records

Metered: 3074

Water production: 2974 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Unmetered: 620

Remark: Production is below capacity due

Service area population: 120,000 Population served: 44,000

to breakdown of raw water pumps and siltation at intake works

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs

:Kshs 11,450,369

Revenue earned :Kshs

Revenue collected: Kshs

8.113.387 8,045,156

Rehabilitation required/costs

**Estimated Cost** Kshs

2,400,000

Provision of 2 No. high lift pumps ii) Repair of 2 No. Land Rover vehicles

400,000

iii) Additional reservoir near town

800,000 2,000,000

iv) Rehabilitation and treatment works

1,000,000

V) Operation and maintenance equipment

1,000,000

VI) Miscellaneous

Total 7,600,000

Future development plan

Source : River Awach

Treatment:

Capacity:

 $m^3/d$ 

Design year:

Design population:

Remarks

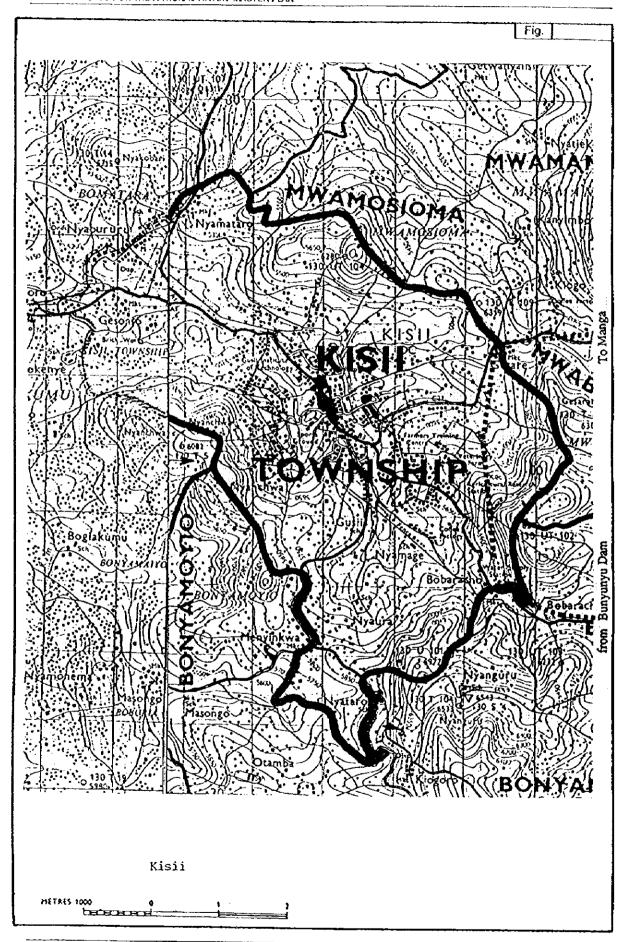
production.

Treatment works capacity is higher than the production due to problems of sittation at the intake and frequent

breakdown of pumps. Disconnections of power are common due to non-payment of electricity bills.

The present water scheme was constructed in 1974/75, designed to serve Kisii Municipality. Production is much lower than capacity, largely due to only 3 No. functional pumps rather than the 5 No. necessary to achieve design

> The Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan





MANGAT, 18. PATEL AND PARTNERS, Consulting Engineers, Nairobi, Kenya.

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**OGEMBO (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Ogembo

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Gusii County Council District: Gucha Location: Majoge Chache

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 130/3

Co-ordinates X: 34° 44' E

Y: 00° 46' S

Drainage Sub-basin: **Existing facilities** 

Source: Springs, River

Type of Intake:

Elevation:

m

Raw water system: Pumping @ 4 m3/hr

H: 15 m

Dia: 63 mm

Treatment Process: Only filtration is done

There are three sources, River Gucha used for cattle and washing purposes, 5 No. springs used for drinking and washing

purposes, and 1 No. borehole

**Designed Capacity:** 

 $m^3/d$ 

Treated water/Distribution system -

Area covered

km<sup>2</sup>

km

Distribution mains (80mm and above):

mm to

Total length

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no:

Working Meters:

Metered: Unmetered:

Water production: m<sup>3</sup>/d

Remark: Institutions have their own water

springs

sources like boreholes and

Service area population: Population served: Financial/Revenue

O&M costs :Kshs :Kshs Revenue earned

Revenue collected: Kshs Rehabilitation required/costs

Estimated Cost

Kshs

i) Completely new water supply proposed for Ogembo Municipal Council

Total

Future development plan

Source : River Gucha

Treatment: Full

Capacity: 1800

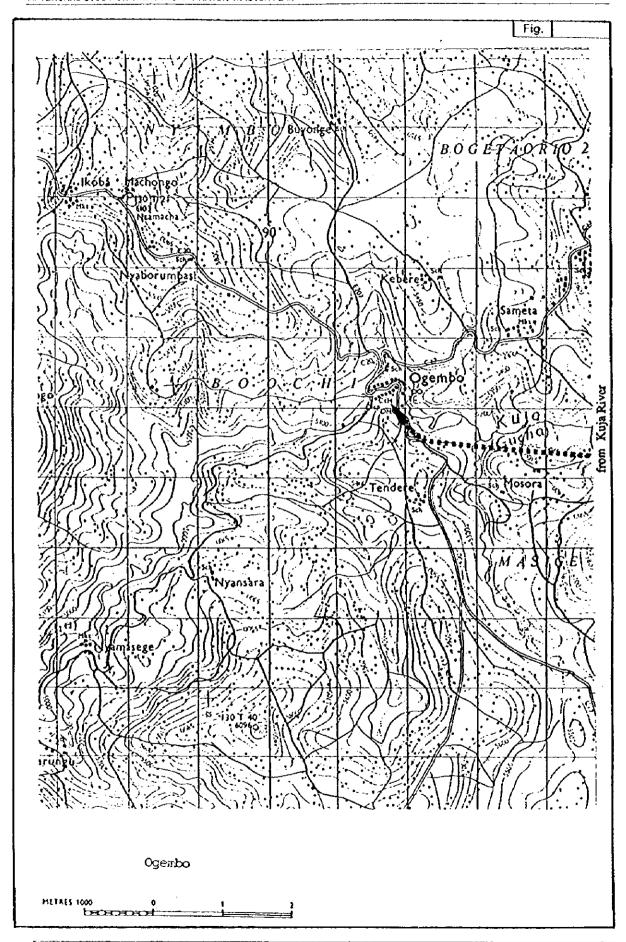
Design year: 2018

Design population: 45,000

Remarks

The existing supply system is not functional. Consumers draw water from the river or springs. The Hospital seems to have its own independent system with pumping from River Gucha, filtration and distribution mains to staff houses and the Hospital.

m³/d



Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan **KISUMU (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Kisumu

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Kisumu municipal council.

District: Kisumu Location: Kisumu

Co-ordinates X34° 46' Y S 00° 04' Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 116/2

Drainage Sub-basin : 1 HB

Existing facilities:

Source: a). Lake Victoria. Type of Intake: Weir (Kibos River) direct abstra Elevation: 1280mm Kibos river-1130m.

Raw water system: Pumping(L. Victoria) 2. Kobo: H:5 m Dia: 150mm&1225mm Kibos

Treatment Process: Full Conventional 150mm&225mm L.Victoria.

Full conventionabl treatment is provided at Kajulu and L. Victoria T/Works (16,800m<sup>3</sup>

Designed Capacity: m3/day

Treated water/Distribution system -Area covered: 180 km²

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 350 mm to 80 mm pumping and gravity.

Total length: 109 km

UFW (Estimated):  $m^3/d$ 

Consumers - Total no Working Meters:

> Metered : Data not available

Unmetered:

Water production Water main from T'works at Kajulu ( : 16,800 m<sup>3</sup>/d Remark:

Kibos River) is 10km long and supplies Service area population : 330,000 residents along its route by (gravity). A Population served large number of kiosks are built along its

Financial/Revenue: O & M costs : Ksh 45,044,268

Revenue earned : Kshs 101,240,000

Revenue collected: Kshs

Rehabilitation required/costs Kshs Estimated i) Appurtance on distribution system 12 000 000 i) Distribution mains - augmentaion and extension 80,000,000 iii) Pumps and pipe works 50,000,000 iv) T' works extension. 50,000,000 v) Storage tanks. 10.000.000

Total 202.000.000

Future development plan

Source: L. Victoria, Awach river, Sondu and Kibos rivers. Treatment: Full conventional Capacity: 106,6 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Design year: 2015

Design population: 690,628

Raw and clear water pumping is done to frequent beakdown of motors a. The 24 hrs. Clear water rialso acts as distribution main between T' works and Watson Bank Reservoir. A master plan to augmi Remarks L. Victoria T' Works:-

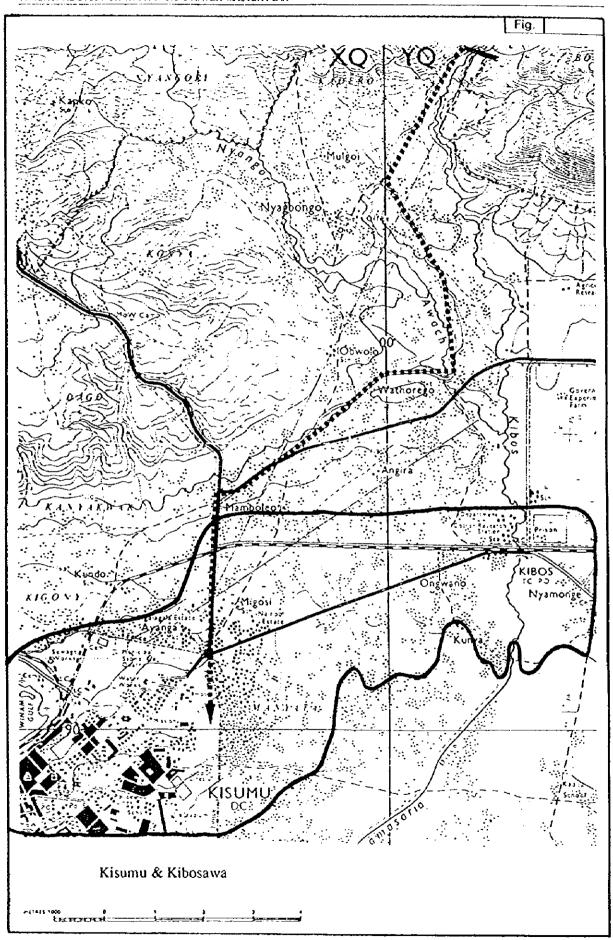
Kisumu Water Suply is being prepared by JiCA. Kajulu T' Works (Kibos River).

This is an old system but still cater for residents in the pre-urban area of Kisumu.

L. Victoria T' Works involves pumping of both raw and treated water. Maintanance costs are high. Ma

route.

to augment water supply the township is under preparatin by JICA.



**AHERO (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply System Survey** 

General

Name of Urban Centre: Ahero

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ahero Catholic Church Location: 623.2 - South East Kano District: Kisumu

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 116/2

Co-ordinates X: 34° 56'E Y: 00° 09'S

Drainage Sub-basin:

**Existing facilities** 

Source: Borehole

Type of Intake:

Elevation: 1160 m

Dia: 100 mm m Raw water system: Pumping

Treatment Process: No Treatment

Designed Capacity: 22.5 m3/hr

Treated water/Distribution system -

: 0.5 km<sup>2</sup> Area covered

Remark:

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm to 225 mm

Total length

 $m^3/d$ UFW (Estimated):

Consumers - Total no: 91

Working Meters:

Info. not provided

Metered: 91 Unmetered:

Water production: m<sup>3</sup>/d

Service area population: Population served:

Details Not Available.

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs :Kshs

Revenue earned :Kshs

Details Not

Revenue collected: Kshs

} Available.

Rehabilitation required/costs

Kshs 750,000

i) Chlorine mixing Tank and Dosing Equipment

ii) Installation of Standby Pump - 1 No.

iii) W)

V) VI)

Total estimated cost

1,050,000

300,000

Future development plan

Source

Treatment:

Capacity:

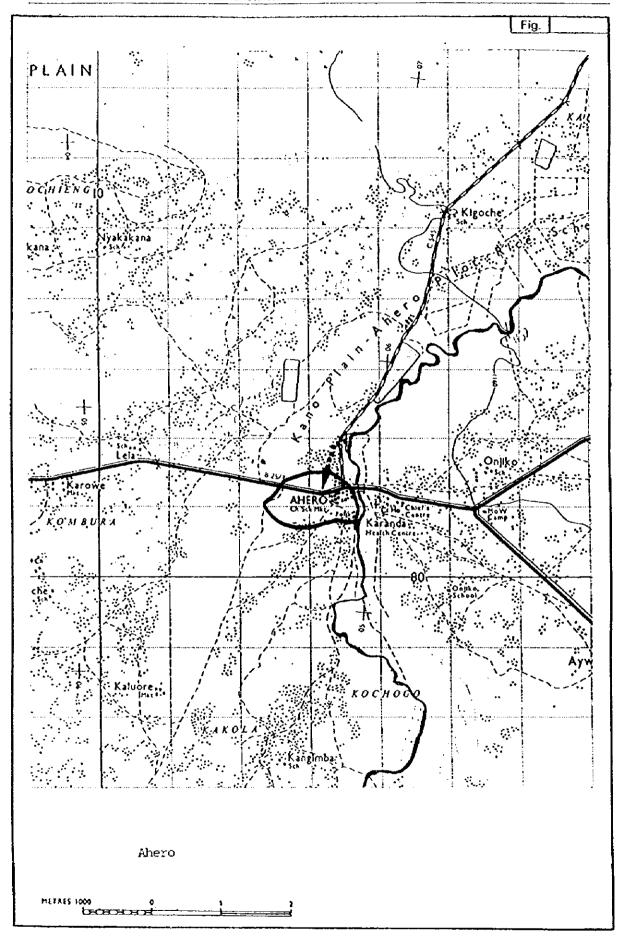
 $m^3/d$ 

Design year:

Design population:

Remarks

The existing Water Supply system was constructed in 1992 and is managed by Ahero Catholic Church. The supply is not adequate to meet the demand of the growing urban population. Most consumers draw contaminated/saline water from shallow dug wells.



**MUHORONI (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Muhoroni

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

District: Kisumu

Location: Muhoroni

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 117/1

Co-ordinates X: 35° 12'

Y: 500° 08'

Drainage Sub-basin: 160

**Existing facilities** 

Source: Nyando River

Type of Intake: Weir

Elevation: 1300 m

Raw water system: Pumping

H: m Dia: 25 mm

Treatment Process:

Full Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorine (TCL).

Chemical dosing is done on daily basis at these rates: TCL = 2 kg/d, Alum = 20 kg/d and Soda Ash = 10 kg/d. However, delays in purchase/delivery of chemicals which is very common results in water supply interruption for several days or supply of untreated water to consumers. Most consumers often complain about the quality of water being supplied.

Designed Capacity: 720 m³/d

Treated water/Distribution system -

Area covered

2.0 km<sup>2</sup>

Distribution mains (80mm and above): somm to 100mm

Total length

: 2.6 km

Remark:

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no: 120

Working Meters:

Metered: Nil Unmetered: 120

Water production: 600 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Service area population: 10,000

Population served: 5,000

Financial/Revenue

O&M costs

:Kshs

Revenue earned :Kshs Revenue collected :Kshs

Rehabilitation required/costs - N/A

**Estimated Cost** 

Kshs

i) Installation of 1 No. treated water pump

900,000

Total

ii) Rehabilitation of intake works

1,800,000 2.700,000

Future development plan

Source :

Treatment: Full Conventional Capacity:

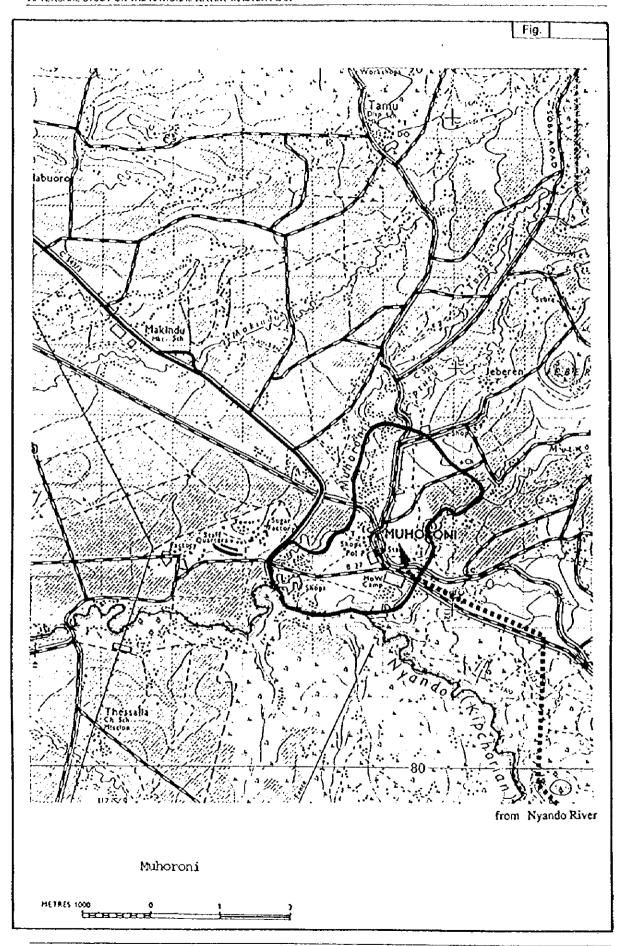
720 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Design year: 2008

Design population: 10,000

**Remarks** 

Production hindered due to frequent pump breakdowns. Numerous customers on the rising main at present. A parallel new main is being laid to act as the rising main while the previous one will be used as a service main.





Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan **BONDO (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Bondo

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources Location: 632.4 - West Sakwa District: Siava

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 115/2

Co-ordinates X: 34° 16' Y: \$ 00° 05'

Drainage Sub-basin:

Existing facilities

Source: Yala River

Type of Intake: Suction Pipes Elevation:

Kshs

Raw water system: Gravity

Dia:

75 mm - Twin Mains

Treatment Process: Full Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorine (TCL). Dosing of chemicals is done on daily basis. However, delay in purchase/delivery of chemicals

result in water supply interruption or supply of untreated water to consumers

Designed Capacity:

Treated water/Distribution system -

: 1.0 km<sup>2</sup> Area covered

Distribution mains (80mm and above): somm to 100mm

Total length : 7.5 km

m<sup>3</sup>/d UFW (Estimated):

Consumers - Total no: 361

Working Meters:

Metered: 232

Unmetered: 129 Water production:

m<sup>3</sup>/d

Remark:

Service area population: Population served:

Financial/Revenue

O&M costs :Kshs 726,840 :Kshs 495,103 Revenue earned Revenue collected: Kshs 434,391

**Estimated Cost** Rehabilitation required/costs

i) Replacing 2 No. treated water pumps

ii) Replacing existing 1 No. 100mm dia, bulk meter

iii) Rehabilitating filter unit and providing filter media

M Installation of chemical dosing equipment and chemical solution tanks - 3 No.

Total

Future development plan

Source : Yala River

Treatment: Full Conventional

Capacity:

m<sup>3</sup>/d

Design year: Design population:

Remarks

Bondo water supply was constructed in 1956. Rehabilitation works were carried out in 1982 by CiDA. According to the District Water Engineer Yala River source is adequate. However, the capacity of the treatment works cannot meet the water demand of the growing Urban population. 35% of the consumers are not metered. Inorder to control wastage of water, ensure equitable distribution of water to more consumers and enhance revenue collection, all consumers should be metered and all existing faulty meters repaired.



YALA (1/1)

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Yala

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources Location: 633.2 - East Gem District: Siava

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 102/3

Y: N 00° 07' Co-ordinates X: 34° 34°

Drainage Sub-basin:

**Existing facilities** 

Source: Yala River

Type of Intake: Suction Pipes / Open Inlet Side Chambers

Elevation: m

m

Raw water system: Pumping

H:

Dia: 100 mm

Treatment Process: Full Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorine. Dosing of chemicals is done daily. However, detays in purchase/delivery of chemicals which is very common result in interruption of water supply for several days or supply of untreated water to consumers

**Designed Capacity** 

Treated water/Distribution system -

Area covered

1.0 km2

Distribution mains (80mm and above): somm to 150mm

Total length

: 2.5 km

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no: 111

Working Meters:

Metered: 31

Unmetered: 80

Water production:

m<sup>3</sup>/d

Remark:

Service area population: Population served:

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs

:Kshs

:Kshs Revenue earned

Revenue collected: :Kshs

Rehabilitation required/costs

**Estimated Cost** 

Kshs

i)

ii)

Total

Future development plan - N/A

Source

Treatment:

Capacity:

 $m^3/d$ 

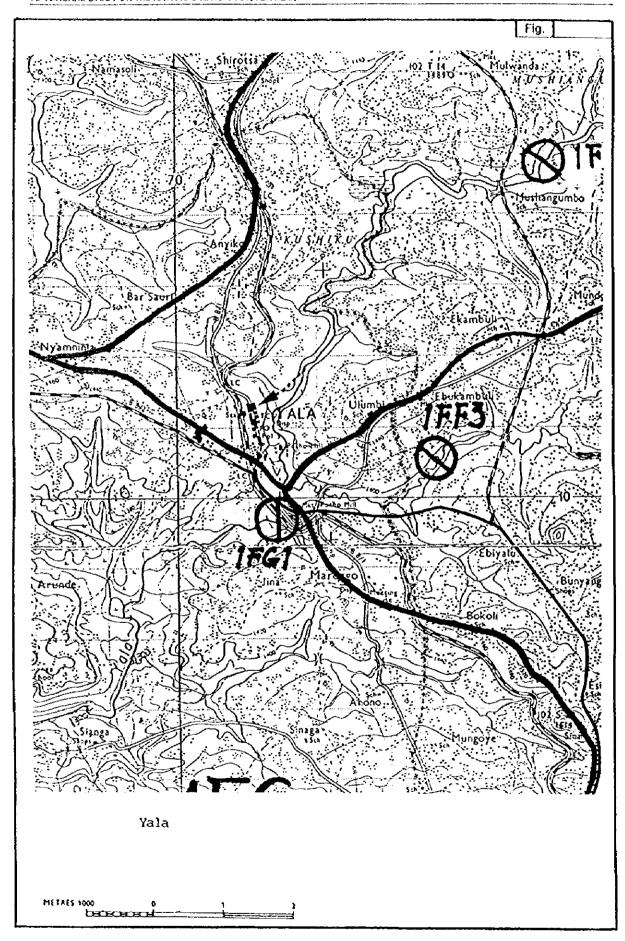
Design year:

Design population:

Remarks

Yala water supply project was constructed in 1975 and no rehabilitation works or expansion has been carried out. The supply is quite unreliable and inadequate to meet the demand of the growing Urban population . In 1984 the existing distribution system was interconnected with Sididi Malanga water supply project which is a rural water supply scheme. 72% of the consumers are not metered. Inorder to control wastage of water, ensure equitable distribution of water to more consumers and to enhance revenue collection, all consumers should be metered and all existing faulty meters

There are no records available / kept on the service connections, financial status.



## Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan

**SIAYA (1/1)** 

Urban Water Supply System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Siaya

Organisation/Water Undertaker: National Water Conservation & Pipeline Corporation

District: Siaya Location: 634.1 East Alego

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 1044 Co-ordinates X: 34° 18' Y: N00° 04'

Drainage Sub-basin:

**Existing facilities** 

Source: Nyamwin River - Abura Dam Type of Intake: Weir Elevation: 1252 m AOD

Raw water system: Pumping H: m Dia: 150 mm

Treatment Process: Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorine (TCL)
The treatment works comprises of 1 No. vertical flow sedimentation tank, 2 No. rapid gravity sand filters, 2 No. clear water tanks, chlorination arrangement which is carried out at the clear water tanks

Designed Capacity: 437 m<sup>3</sup>/day - Subsequent improvements and augmentation of pumping units have resulted in

capacity being increased to 840 m<sup>3</sup>/day

Treated water/Distribution system - Area covered : 12 km<sup>2</sup>

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm to 150 mm

Total length : 9.46 km

UFW (Estimated): m3/d

Consumers - Total no: 1890 Working Meters: 615

Metered: 1710 Unmetered: 180

Water production: 770 m<sup>3</sup>/d Remark: Data based on studies carried out by

Service area population: 20,384 Mangal, I.B. Patel & Partners in 1995

Population served: 11,340
<u>Financial/Revenue</u> - 1996/97
O & M costs :Kshs

Revenue earned :Kshs 299,500 Revenue collected :Kshs 185,500

Rehabilitation required/costs Estimated Cost

i) Rehabilitation of Existing Filters, Distribution System, Treated Water Rising Mains,

Buildings and Ancillary Works

ii) Rehabilitation of Existing Pump House, Replacing 2 No. Pumping Units

iii) Individual and Bulk Metering and Institutional Strengthening

Total 17,664,000

Kshs

Future development plan

Source: Wuroya River

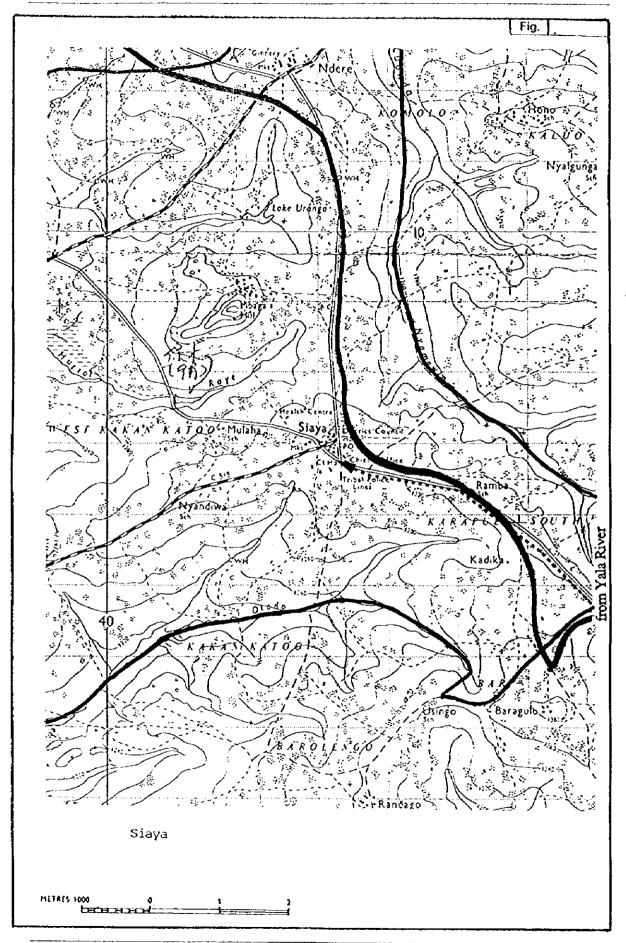
Treatment: Conventional Capacity: 15,787 m³/d

Design year: 2020

Design population: 144,553

**Remarks** 

The Existing Scheme is primarily a pumping scheme and the operational cost is far much more than revenue generated. The present source i.e. Abura Dam is not adequate to meet the present demand of the area of supply. Preliminary Design for an alternative source, rehabilitation of existing water supply system and institutional strengthening have been done by Consultants.



Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan

**UKWALA (1/1)** 

Urban Water Supply System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Ukwala

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

District: Siaya Location: 635.4 · North Ugenya

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 101/3

Co-ordinates X: 34° 36' Y: Noo" 15'

Drainage Sub-basin:

**Existing facilities** 

Source: Boreholes - 3 No.

Type of Intake:

Raw water system: Pumping

H: m

Type of Intake: Boreholes Elevation: m

H: m Dia: mm

Remark:

Treatment Process: No Treatment - Consumers do complain about the quality of water being supplied

**Designed Capacity:** 

Treated water/Distribution system -

Area covered : 0.8 km²

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80mm to 100mm

Total length : 0.92 km

UFW (Estimated): m³/d

Consumers - Total no: 210 Working Meters:

Metered: 116 Unmetered: 94

Water production: 214 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Service area population: 25,000 Population served: 13,000

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs :Kshs

Revenue earned :Kshs 319,746 Revenue collected :Kshs 284,302

Rehabilitation required/costs Estimated Cost Kshs

i) Construction of 1 No. storage tank 1,500,000
ii) Rehabilitation of existing 1 No. pump 300,000

Total 1,800,000

Future development plan

Source : Additional 1 No. Borehole

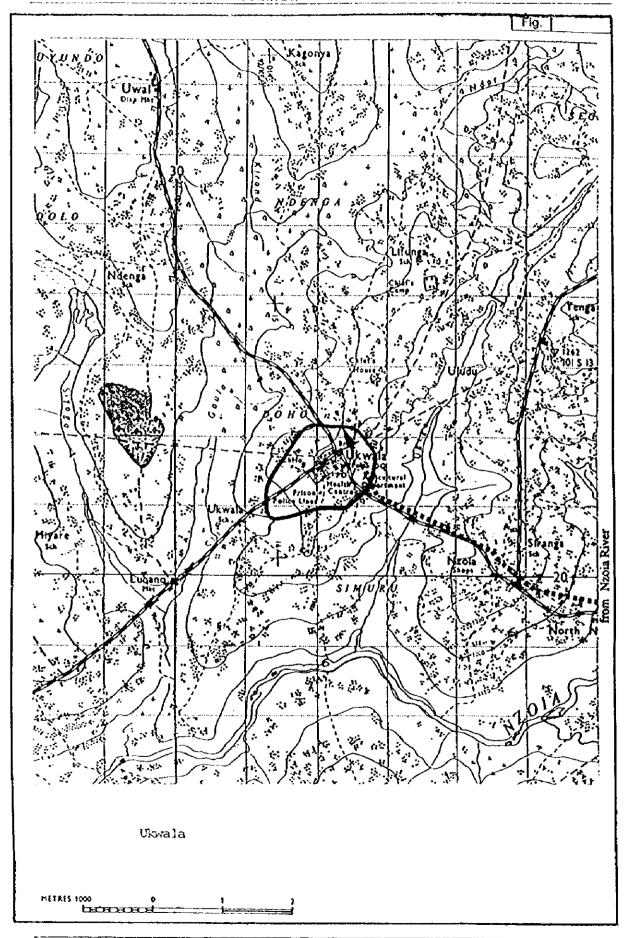
Treatment: Disinfection by Chlorine Capacity: 25 m3/d

Design year: 2010

Design population: 20,000

Remarks

Ukwala water supply was constructed in 1952 and rehabilitation/expansion works carried out in 1989. The water supply is not adequate to meet the demand of the growing urban population. According to the District Water Engineer the elevated steel tank is seriously leaking and approximately 40% of the water stored go to waste. 45% of the consumers are not metered. Inorder to control wastage of water, ensure equitable distribution of water to more consumers and to enhance revenue collection, all consumers should be metered and all existing faulty meters repaired.



## Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan

**HOMA BAY (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Homa Bay

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources District: Homa Bay Location: Kanyada West

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 129/2

Co-ordinates X: 34° 28'

Y: 00° 31'

Drainage Sub-basin: 1HF

**Existing facilities** 

Source: Lake Victoria

Type of Intake: Direct Suction

Elevation: 1120 m

Raw water system: Pumping

H: 10 m

Dia: 200 mm

Treatment Process:

Full Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorine

Dosage Rates: Chlorine = 3 kg/day, Alum = 150 kg/day and Soda Ash = 17 kg/day

Designed Capacity: 1500 m3/d

Treated water/Distribution system -

Area covered

: 40 km<sup>2</sup>

km

Distribution mains (80mm and above):

mm to

22,683,850

Total length

m<sup>3</sup>/d UFW (Estimated):

Consumers - Total no: 1498

Working Meters:

Data not available

Metered: 1488 Unmetered: 10

Water production: 1231 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Remark: Figures for 1996

Service area population: Population served: 43,000

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs :Kshs 3,056,000 Revenue earned :Kshs 1,917,646

Revenue collected: Kshs 1,496,308

**Estimated Cost** Kshs

Rehabilitation required/costs 2,652,400 i) Rehabilitation and expansion ii) Completion of intake works 8,000,000 1,200,000 iii) Storage reservoirs 9,040,000 New pumps and meters V) Rehabilitation and extension of distribution mains 1,634,000

157,450 Vi) Laboratory for tests

Total

Future development plan

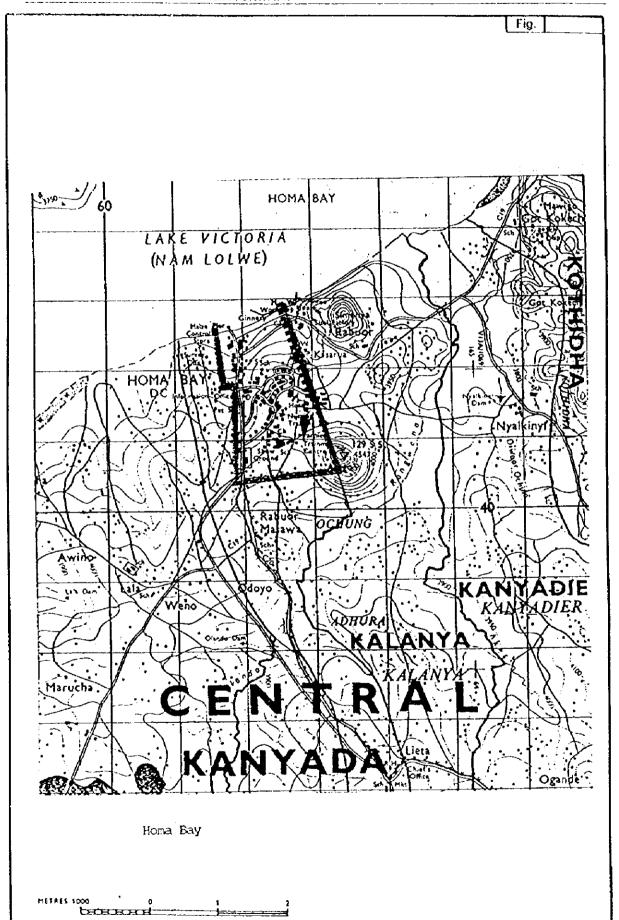
Source : Boreholes

Capacity: 4,000  $m^3/d$ Treatment: Full

Design year: 2007 Design population: 58,044

Remarks

The existing intake on Lake Victoria is choked with 'water hyacinth' causing problems in the supply of water. The existing pumps are also not adequate with no standby arrangements. Customers have constantly complained about water shortages, bursts, estimated high quantities of bills (as meters are non-functional), irregular delivery of bills etc. Boreholes are being considered as future source for development.



Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan

MIGORI (1/1)

Urban Water Supply System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Migori

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

District: Migori Location: 644.3

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: Co-ordinates X: 34° 32' E Y: 00° 01'

Drainage Sub-basin: Existing facilities

Source: Boreholes - 7 No. Type of Intake: Elevation: m

Raw water system: Pumping H: 190 m Dia: 75 mm

Treatment Process: None

Disintection by Chlorination @ rate of 5 kg/day

Designed Capacity: 960 m³/d

Treated water/Distribution system - Area covered : km²

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80mm

Total length : 1.5 km

UFW (Estimated): m3/d

Consumers - Total no : 830 Working Meters: Majority of meters do not function

Metered: 450 Unmetered: 380

Water production: 220 m³/d Remark: Out of 7 No. Boreholes, only

Service area population: 2 No. are functional

Population served : Financial/Revenue

O & M costs :Kshs 1,113,125
Revenue earned :Kshs 1,003,410
Revenue collected :Kshs 700,000

Rehabilitation required/costs Estimated Cost Kshs

 i) Pumps for 5 No. Boreholes and Associated Works
 1,000,000

 ii) Replacement of old AC pipe (size 80mm) - 0.6 km
 1,000,000

 iii) Maintenance Equipment and Vehicles / Motorbikes
 5,000,000

 iV) Chlorine Mixing and Dosing Equipment
 750,000

 V) Repair of Meters
 1,000,000

 Vi) Miscellaneous
 Total
 9,750,000

Future development plan

Source : Oyani River and Boreholes

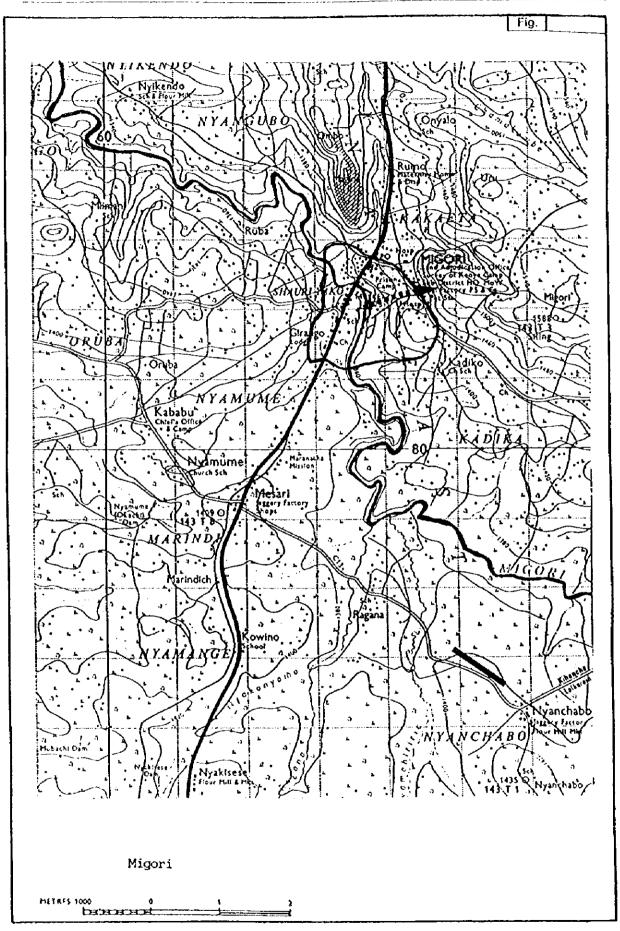
Treatment: Full Capacity: 7,250 m3/d

Design year: 2018

Design population: 145,000 (Including Rural Areas)

Remarks

The existing water supply system based on boreholes requires activating 5 No. boreholes to meet present demand. Operation and Maintenance requires to be strengthened including repair of meters and billing of consumers. Preliminary Designs for extensions were done a long time ago by Consultants, but no further progress.



## Data Book III Result of Survey on

Existing Urban Water Supply Systems

Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan **AWENDO (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Awendo

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

District: Migori

Location: South Sakwa

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 130/3

Co-ordinates X: 34° 32 E

Dia:

Y: 00° 54' S

Drainage Sub-basin: 1KB

**Existing facilities** 

Source:

Type of Intake: m

Elevation:

m

Raw water system: Treatment Process: H:

No existing water supply

Designed Capacity:

km<sup>2</sup>

mm

Treated water/Distribution system -

Area covered

Distribution mains (80mm and above): mm to

Total length km

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no:

Working Meters:

Metered: Unmetered:

Water production: m<sup>3</sup>/d Remark:

Service area population:

Population served:

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs :Kshs Revenue earned :Kshs

Revenue collected: Kshs

**Estimated Cost** 

Kshs

15,450,000

Rehabilitation required/costs

i) New scheme proposed

Total

16,450,000

Future development plan

Source :

Treatment:

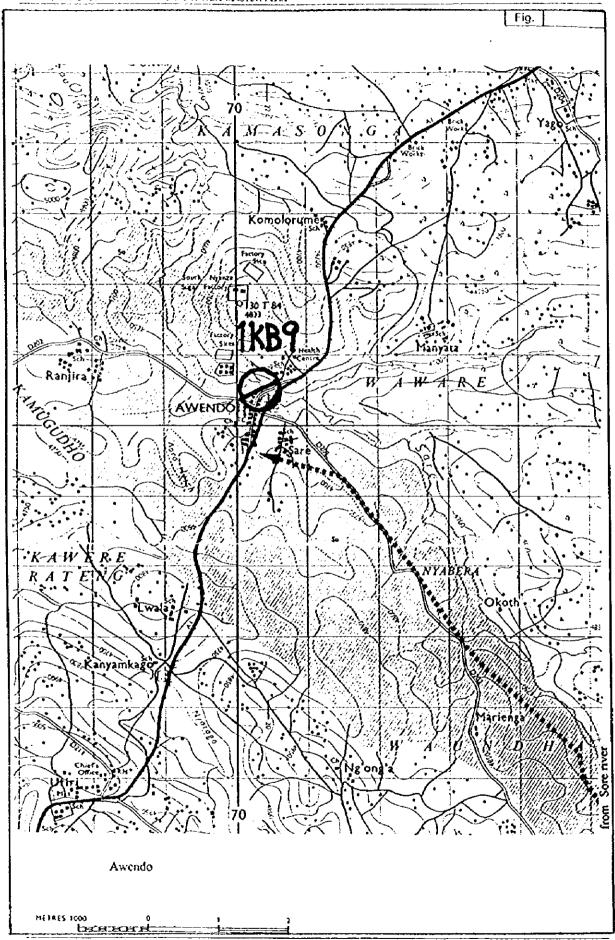
Capacity:

m³/d

Design year: Design population:

Remarks

There is no existing water supply system in Awendo. A scheme with River Sare is under design with full conventional treatment. Estimated cost KShs. 14,650,000. The Institutions like Schools, etc., get water from their own boreholes and large factories (Sony Sugar Company) has own river intake.



+ PARINERS

MANGAT, 18. PATEL AND PARTNERS. Consulting Engineers, Nairobi, Kenya. III -201

Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan

KEHANCHA (1/1)

Urban Water Supply System Survey

**General** 

Name of Urban Centre: Kehancha

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

District: Kuria Location: Bukira East

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 144/1 Co-ordinates X: 34° 37' E Y: 01° 10' S

Drainage Sub-basin: 1KC

**Existing facilities** 

Source: Orawe Dam / River (under construction)

Type of Intake: Direct Abstraction

Elevation: 1440 m

H: 30 m

Dia: 80 mm

Treatment Process: None at present

A composite filtration unit is under construction; expected to be commissioned in 1998

Designed Capacity: 358 m<sup>3</sup>/d (once commissioned)

Treated water/Distribution system - Area covered : km²

Distribution mains (80mm and above): mm to mm

Total length : km

UFW (Estimated): m3/d

Consumers - Total no : Working Meters:

Metered : Unmetered :

Water production: 44 m³/d Remark:

Service area population: 9,000 Population served: 3,800

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs :Kshs 334,660 Revenue earned :Kshs 122,000 Revenue collected :Kshs 61,920

Rehabilitation required/costs Estimated Cost Kshs

i) Rehabilitation and expansion is currently going on together with the composite filtration unit

ii)

iii)

W)

Total

Future development plan

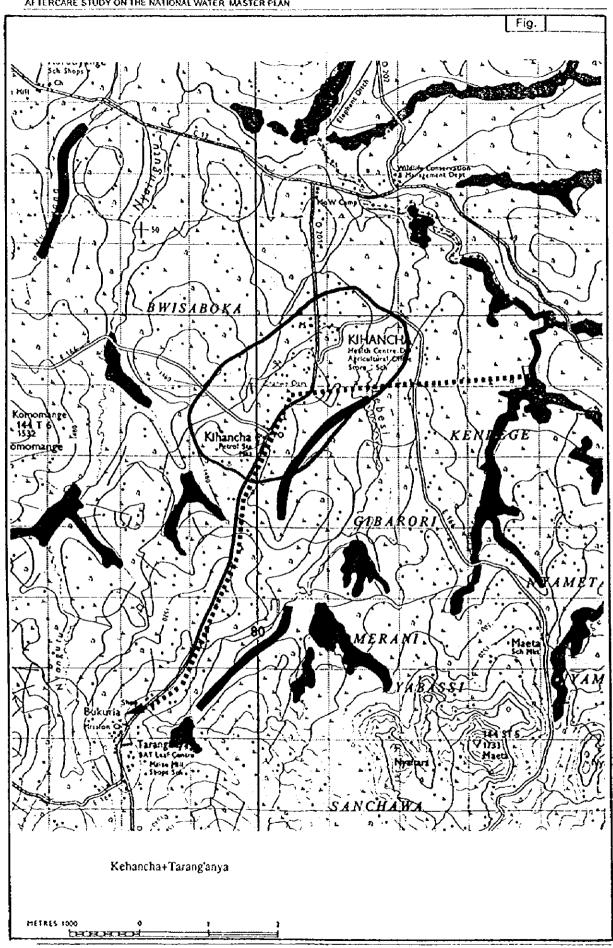
Source : River Tebesi

Treatment: Composite Filtration Unit Capacity: 358 m³/d

Design year: 2017 Design population: 8,251

Remarks

Once the on-going construction of the Composite Filtration Unit and rehabilitation is complete, production will increase from 44 m³/day to 358 m³/day. The distribution network will require to be extended too.



MBP PARTNERS

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Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan ISEBANIA (1/1)

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Isebania

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources Location: Bugembe West District: Kuria

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 143/2

Co-ordinates X: 34° 29'E Y: 01° 14'S

Drainage Sub-basin: **Existing facilities** 

Source: River Ragana

Elevation: 1595 m Type of Intake : Weir

Raw water system: Pumping

Treatment Process: None

H: 150 m

Dia: 80 mm

Raw water is directly distributed to the consumers.

**Designed Capacity:** 

Treated water/Distribution system -

:₃ km² Area covered

Distribution mains (80mm and above): so mm to so mm

Total length

: 0.4 kt (No records available)

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no: 8

Working Meters:

Metered:-Unmetered: 8

Water production : - m3/d

Remark:

Service area population: Population served:

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs

:Kshs 201,180

Revenue earned :Kshs Revenue collected: Kshs

Rehabilitation required/costs

Kshs

i) Rising Main, T. Works, Pumping and distribution

ii) iii)

iv)

v)

vi)

Total estimated cost

6,000,000

6,000,000

Future development plan

Source : River Ragana

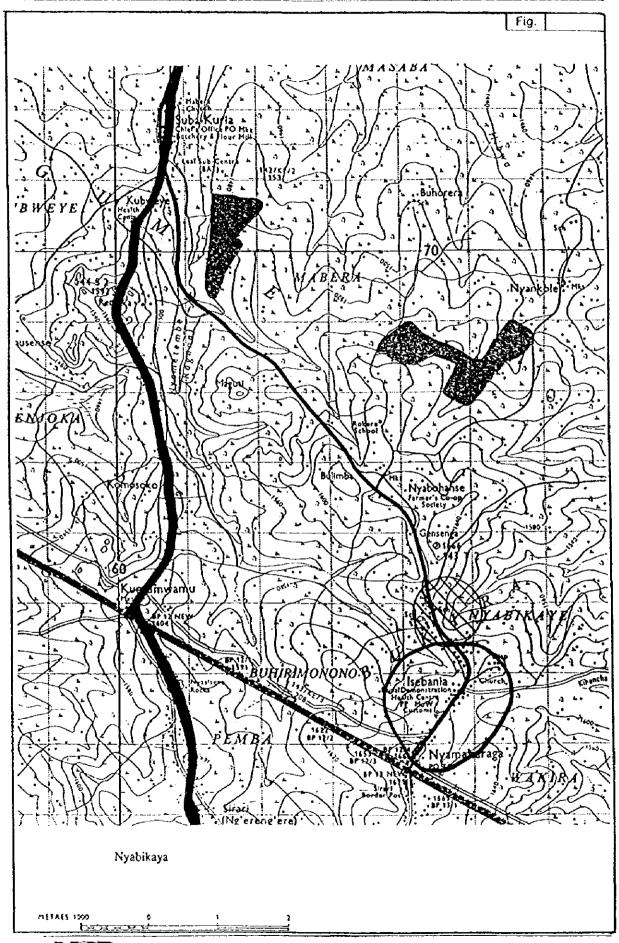
Treatment: Full Treatment

Capacity: 270 m3/d

Design year: 2017 Design population: 8,000

**Remarks** 

Isebania together with Nyabikaye and Nyamaharaga area supplied from one common source. This scheme was constructed in 1978. During 1996/97, 1.5 km. of additional 75 mm dia. pipe laying began, but is yet to be completed. Treatment is of utmost necessity since raw water quality is not good and prone to contamination.



MBP + PARTNERS MANGAT, I.B. PATEL AND PARTNERS, Consulting Engineers, Nairobi, Kenya III - 205

Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan **OYUGIS (1/1)** 

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Oyugis

OrganisationWater Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources District: Rachuonyo Location: Central Kasipul

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 105/4

Co-ordinates X: 34° 42' E

Y: 00° 30' S

Drainage Sub-basin: 1HD

**Existing facilities** 

Source: River Awach

Type of Irdake: Swamp

Elevation: 1480 m

Raw water system: Pumping Main

**H**: m

Dia: 300 mm

Treatment Process:

Full Conventional Treatment - Coagulation, Sedimentation Tanks, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorination.

Dosage Rates:- Chlorine = 2 kg/day, Alum = 50 kg/day, Soda Ash = 20 kg/day

Designed Capacity: 5760 m3/d

Treated water/Distribution system -

Area covered

: 4 km<sup>2</sup>

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 100 mm to 200 mm

Total length : 22 km

UFW (Estimated): N/A m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no:

Working Meters:

No records

Metered: Unmetered:

Water production:

 $m^3/d$ 

Remark:

Service area population: Population served:

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs

:Kshs 2,065,880

Revenue earned :Kshs Revenue collected: Kshs

Rehabilitation required/costs

**Estimated Cost** 

Kshs

Storage tanks - 2 No. of 225 m 3 capacity ii) Extensions to distribution mains - 6 km

1,000,000 3.500.000

iii) Operation and maintenance equipment

1,000,000 1,000,000

N) Meters - repair and new

1,500,000

V) Miscellaneous

Total

8,000,000

Future development plan

Treatment: Full

Source : River Awach

Capacity:

m<sup>3</sup>/d

Design year:

Design population:

Remarks

There are plans to change intake from pumping to gravity by moving it upstream. Minimum rehabilitation works are necessary to operate the scheme efficiently. A lot of revenue is lost due to faulty meters.



Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan KENDU BAY (1/1)

**Urban Water Supply System Survey** 

General Name of Urban Centre: Kendu Bay District: Rachuonvo

Organisation/Water Undertaker: Ministry of Water Resources

Location: 648.1

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 116/3 Co-ordinates X: 34° 39 E Y: 00° 20°

Drainage Sub-basin: 1HD

Existing facilities

Source: Awach River Type of Intake: Weir Elevation: m H: 15 m Dia: 75 mm

Raw water system: Pumping Treatment Process:

Full Conventional Treatment - Coaquiation, Sedimentation, Filtration and Disinfection by Chlorine.

Dosage Rates:- Chlorine = 1 kg/d, Alum = 30 kg/d, Soda Ash = 10 kg/d

Designed Capacity: 720 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Treated water/Distribution system -

km<sup>2</sup> Area covered

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm to 100 mm

Total

6,800,000

Total length : 6.8 km

UFW (Estimated): m<sup>3</sup>/d

Consumers - Total no: Working Meters:

Metered: No records

Unmetered:

Water production: m³/d Remark:

Service area population: Population served:

Financial/Revenue

O & M costs :Kshs )

Revenue earned :Kshs ) No details

Revenue collected :Kshs)

Rehabilitation required/costs Estimated Cost Kshs Expansion of treatment works 2,000,000 Provision of vehicles 1,500,000 ii) iii) Operation and maintenance equipment 300,000 Rehabilitation / extension of distribution mains M) 2,000,000 Miscellaneous 1.000,000 v) vi)

Future development plan

Source: River Awach m<sup>3</sup>/d Treatment: Capacity:

No details provided Design year:

Design population:

Remarks

The existing water supply is inadequate to cater for present population. Rationing is done 7 days a week. The. no communal water points, nor records available / kept of service connections. The existing production capacit given is 30 m<sup>3</sup>/hr i.e. 720 m<sup>3</sup>/day.

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Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan OLOTTOKITOK (1/1)

**Urban Water Supply** System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Oloitokitok

Organisation/Water Undertaker: National Water Conservation & Pipeline Corporation

Location: Odomongi District: Kajiado

Y: 02° 55 S Co-ordinates X: 37° 30' E Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 182/3

Drainage Sub-basin: 3G

**Existing facilities** 

Elevation: 1514 m Source: Nol Turesh Springs Type of Intake: Sump

Raw water system: Two Stage Pumping H: 327 m Dia: 200 mm

Treatment Process: Only preventative chlorination is applied to the spring water before being pumped to the

intermediate pump station which then boosts the water to the high level reservoir. The raw spring water has been found to be well mineralised and thus only chlorination is done

Designed Capacity: 2400 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Treated water/Distribution system -

: 40 km<sup>2</sup> Area covered

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm to 200 mm

Total length : 8.1 km

UFW (Estimated): 575 m<sup>3</sup>/d - 1995

Consumers - Total no : 1491 - 1995

Working Meters:

Data not available

Metered: 1491 Unmetered:

Water production: 1440 m<sup>3</sup>/d - 1995

Service area population:

Remark Water production is obtained from the

pumping rate on the basis of both pumps running for 23 hrs per day @ 100 m3/hr

Financial/Revenue

:Kshs 4,919,000 O & M costs

Revenue earned :Kshs Revenue collected: Kshs

Population served: 20,000

**Fstimated Cost** Kshs Rehabilitation required/costs

i) 2 No. pumps with 50 m<sup>3</sup> /hr @ 170m head capacity ii) 1 No. pump (booster) 50 m3/hr @ 170m head capacity 1,000,000 500,000 iii) Service of 2 No. master meters - 200mm dia. 100,000 1,600,000 Total

Future development plan

Source : Not Turesh

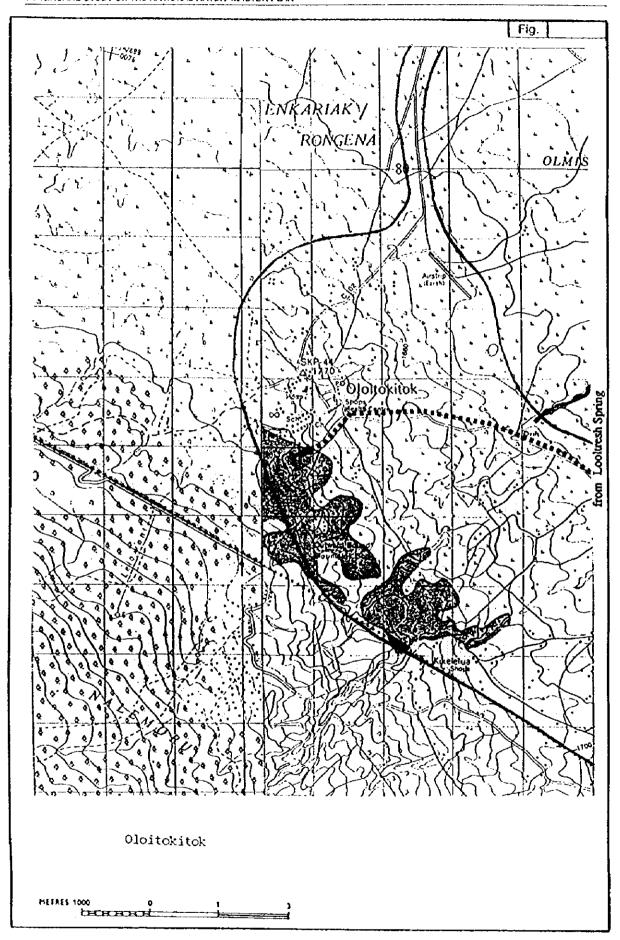
Treatment: Chlorination Capacity: 7,478 m3/d

Design year: 2010 Design population:

Remarks

Loitokitok was previously supplied from a spring emanating from Tanzania, across the border. This spring has since been impounded by the Tanzanians and Nol Turesh was harnessed to supply Loitokitok as well as Machakos and

The existing source is already providing to be inadequate and plans are underway to identify sources to supply Loitokitok Township.



Aftercare Study on the National Water Master Plan

**NGONG (1/1)** 

Urban Water Supply

System Survey

General

Name of Urban Centre: Ngong

Organisation/Water Undertaker: MOWR
District: Kajiado Location: Ngong

Map (1/50,000) Ref. no: 148/3 Co-ordinates X 36° 38' Y S 01° 21'

Drainage Sub-basin : 2H

Existing facilities:

Source: 3 No boreholes Type of Intake: Boreholes Elevation: 2020m

Raw water system (Pumping H: m Dia: 100mm

Treatment Process: None.

3 No boreholes No. C2500, C3937, C588 transmit directly to consumer and 2 No. pump water to

distribution tank. From this tank water is boosted to higher area distribution tank.

**Designed Capacity:** 

Treated water/Distribution system - Area covered: 19km² of Isiolo urban

Distribution mains (80mm and above): 80 mm to mm

Total length: 6 km

UFW (Estimated): m³/d

Consumers - Total no : 2076year 1996 Working Meters: 150

Metered : 300 removed Unmetered : 1776

Water production : 1260 m³/d - 1996 Remark : Many illegal connections were reported.

Service area population : 45,000 Population served : 6,000 Financial/Revenue 1996

O & M costs: Ksh 991,889

Revenue earned: Kshs 1,382,628

Revenue collected: Kshs 888,171

Rehabilitation required/costs Kshs Estimated

i) Dam on river Mbagathi and new treatment works 50,000,000

 ii) distribution system
 30,000,000

 iii) Storage
 5,000,000

Total 85,000,000

Future development plan

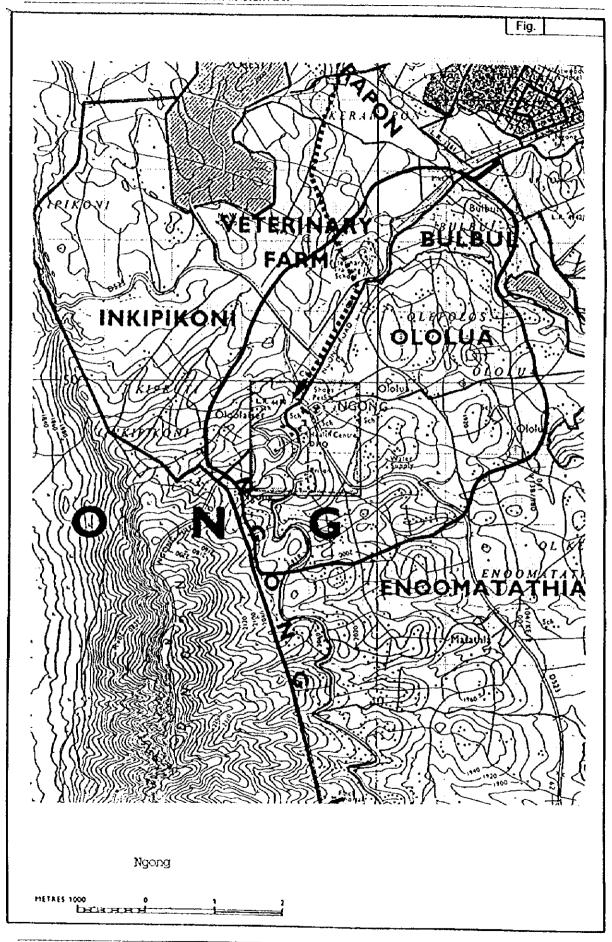
Source: River Mbagathi

Treatment: Full Capacity: 6,100 m³/d

Design year : Design population:

**Remarks** 

Current water supply is not able to serve the large population boreholes will not be able to supply the demand. A completely large supply system is required.



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