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FIRR (Phase 1 only)

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FIRR (Loan) 2/5 - Phase 1 only

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FIRR (Loan) 4/5 - Phase 1 only

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FIRR (Grant) 1/5 - Phase 1 only

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		0.20	0		0		
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363.667	0.170	0.20	49,459	15,000	64,459	50,000	-14,459
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13.6 Conclusion and Recommendation

13.6.1 Tariff Structure for Sewer Services

(1) Introduction

This appendix outlines the various considerations in preparing a tariff structure for sewer services, which is particularly important in ensuring that the community is able to pay.

(2) Revenue Sources

In general, there are three main sources of revenue for sewer systems. Sometimes a single source meets all requirements, but more frequently, a combination of two and, sometimes, all three is used. They are as follows:

- 1) A direct charge to consumers
- 2) Allocations from the municipality
- 3) Subsidies from the national government and/or district governments

Even though a tariff system may be the preferred method, it may be necessary to rely on subsidies so as to stay within the community's capacity to pay.

Financing the revenue requirements of sewer services with municipal funds is a widespread practice throughout the world, at least as far as domestic connections are concerned. The major benefit is that no separate billing and revenue collection services are required. Moreover, one of the arguments often raised in favor of this is that improved overall public health is a community benefit which all members of the community benefit from, regardless of whether they are connected to the sewer system. Its major drawback, however, is that revenues from the community are often raised from property taxes or other non-buoyant sources which make it difficult for the community to raise its total revenue very rapidly without a strong public backtash. Moreover, other services provided by the community are also subject to expansion, and require equal amounts of revenue so as to provide consistent service. Consequently, municipal revenues often cannot keep up with the pace of growth, necessitating the use of outside funding, i.e., from the national government. Thus, use of the second revenue source—municipal funds—can often lead to reliance on the third, i.e., those from the national government.

A tariff system has other functions besides being a source of revenue. One is to economize use of the system—to minimize usage—while at the same time providing general access to it so as to preserve public health. The general public welfare benefits brought about by a sewer system are covered at a fairly low level of service, i.e., the transport and treatment of solid waste matter and other contaminating material. Any use above this, such as the drainage of bath water or water used to wash clothes, is a service which should be paid for in proportion to the volume used. A progressive tariff is thus a way to encourage use of the sewer system in moderation. This particularly holds true for industrial users, for charges in proportion to volume of use are method of encouraging such users to economize their operations through either the advent of higher technology or recycling.

(3) Criteria for Setting Tariffs

A system of criteria is necessary when creating a tariff system, such as equity of tariffs, sufficiency of revenue, and economic efficiency.

1) Equity of Tariffs

The term equity, as used here, means that charges should be fevied in proportion to the benefit received by the user. However, for public health services, it is difficult to measure the actual level of benefits received. Thus, another method of calculating this is working from the costs imposed upon the system by the user. For example, if the waste generated by one user is similar in nature to that generated by another, they will both be charged in proportion to the volume of waste produced. However, if the nature of the waste is more extreme, such as that generated by industry, cost may also be derived from the composition of the waste. In addition, another factor to be considered is the user's ability to pay. Accordingly, any tariff system should take into account the existence of these users. Preventing from utilizing the sewer system with tariffs beyond their ability to pay would result in harm to both the individual and to the general level of public health.

2) Sufficiency of Revenue

A tariff system is sufficient when it is able to raise enough revenue to meet financial objectives. These objectives are two-pronged: 1) covering the initial costs of the system; and 2) having sufficient funds to be able to adapt to changing needs.

However, sufficiency of revenue must also take the user's ability to pay into account. If rates are set to an extent that it discourages use of the sewer system or makes it such that users are unable to pay, the tariff system would then be counter-productive.

3) Economic Efficiency

It is a given that any tariff system should promote the efficient use of the service provided. Levying tariffs in proportion to the user's impact on the system, especially in the case of industry, would help promote the use of more efficient industrial processes, and in more extreme examples, actually influence the location of the industry itself, for example, in areas with more lenient tariff systems.

(4) Tariff Systems

In the following section, we examine three systems of raising revenue.

1) In Proportion to Volume

This is probably the most widely used method at present. When water usage is being metered and charged on a volume basis, adjusting rates to cover the amount of usage is fairly easy. A major benefit of this method is that it satisfies the concept of equity, for the costs imposed on the sewer system are almost directly proportional to the volume used. Another is simplicity, for covering the volume of water used for sewage purposes would merely involving adding another item to the water tariff. Economic efficiency is also satisfied, for tariffs are levied in proportion to the user's impact on the system, which would encourage use in moderation.

However, this method can lead to difficulties in terms of ensuring sufficient revenue, for charging an overly high tariff could lead to user backlash, and setting tariffs too low would lead to insufficient funds.

2) Flat Tariff

A flat tariff refers to when all connections are charged the same set monthly rate, or when various flat rates are set according to the type of end user, such as residences, businesses, and industry. The greatest benefit of this system is simplicity, for it requires little administration, which makes it attractive to nations without a sophisticated administrative structure. However, this system ignores the concept of

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equity because it gives no consideration to the user's ability to pay. Moreover, it does little to encourage efficient use of the sewer system.

3) Revenue via Taxes

While this is not a direct charge on usage, many nations use property taxes as means of raising revenue for sewer services. While this does not always hold true, water use tends to increase in conjunction with increases in property value. Thus, this method is an efficient method of satisfying the condition of equity. Moreover, it does not have the effect of discouraging low-income users from using the sewer system, and thus avoids any potential drops in general public health. However, it does have a drawback in that it does not promote efficient usage, since charges are not being levied on the actual amount used.

(5) Recommendations

The ideal tariff system, especially in terms of equity and efficiency, is to charge users based on the amount of use and the degree of waste being discharged. As mentioned above, users who discharge highly contaminated waste would be charged at a higher rate than those who discharge low-grade waste. Moreover, this method would encourage use in moderation, since the more the user consumes, the more he will be charged.

However, this method also necessitates the installation of meters, which unto itself requires a substantial investment. As a consequence, while the ideal system would be one that charges in proportion to volume, the most feasible alternative would most likely to set sewer tariffs as a part of water supply charges at a flat percentage. While this may lead to some inequity in charges, at present, given Albania's circumstances, it remains the most feasible method. Moreover, given that the water supply in Tirana is currently not sufficient enough to meet consumer demand, continuing with the present system of no sewer tariffs is not feasible, especially if one wants to encourage use in moderation. Therefore, levying a charge as a part of water supply is the most simple method of encouraging moderation while also providing a revenue source for the government.

CHAPTER 15 PROJECT EVALUATION

15.4 Project Evaluation

15.4.1 Effect on Improvement of Water Quality in the Lana River by Implementation of Project

Effect of the proposed project for improvement of water quality in the Lana River was verified through water quality simulation based on the water quality examination results.

- (1) Conditions and assumptions on water quality simulation
 - 1) Parameters of water quality simulation and their comparison

BOD is adopted as key parameter for water quality simulation and is estimated for the present and target years of 2001 and 2010 when the river has low flow conditions that can be observed for 275 days or 75 % of days in a year. For 2001 and 2010, future water quality is estimated for two cases whether or not the proposed project is implemented.

2) Reference points for water quality simulation in the Lana River

The following three reference points were selected for water quality simulation:

- a. Shetitorja Deshmort bridge at the center of Tirana City
- b. Rruga e Kavajes bridge located at the most downstream of the Lana North and Lana South interceptor mains.
- c. Crossing point of Durres road over the Lana River (sampling point of water quality examination)

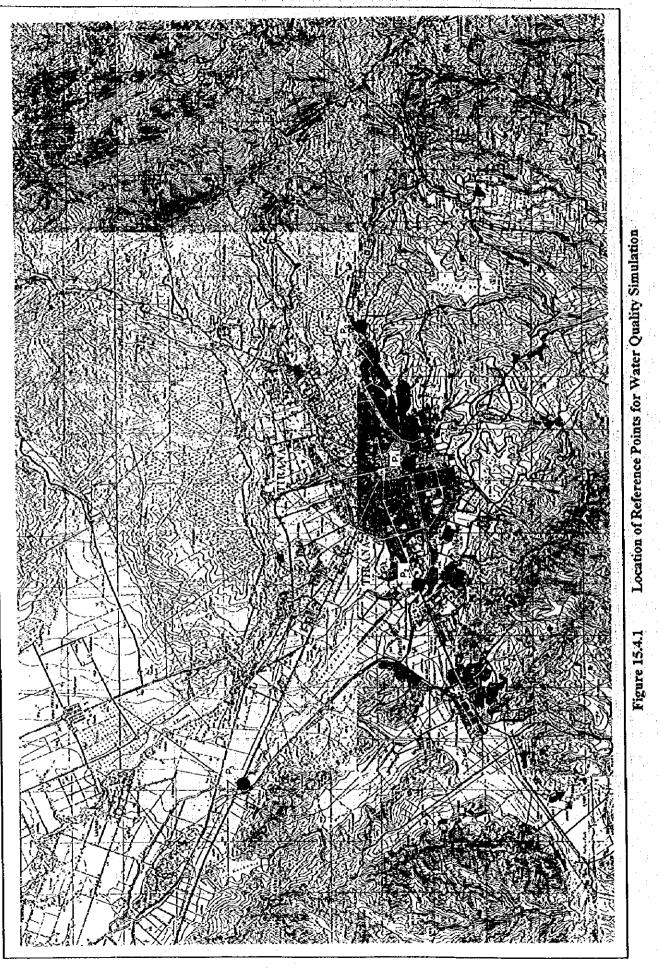
Location of these reference points are indicated in Figure 15.4.1.

3) Estimation of low flow in the Lana River

Monthly river flow measurement data for the past 20 years at Shetitorja Deshmort bridge in the Lana River as shown in Table 2.1.3 in the Main Report were referred to estimate the low flow.

As a base figure of the Lana River, 0.287 m^3 /sec which was average figure for 6 month period in dry season (May to November) was adopted. The low flow at 0.167 m^3 /sec was then established deducting 0.120 m^3 /sec of present sewage flow from the above base figure.

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Specific low flow (7.61 x 10^{-5} m³/sec.ha) of the Lana River at the Shetitorja Deshmort bridge was obtained dividing the above low flow by the river basin area (2,200 ha). The low flow at respective reference points of water quality simulation was then calculated by multiplying this specific low flow and their river basin area.

4) Natural pollution load

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Natural pollution load at the Lana River was estimated as follows:

- Run-off natural pollution load (40.7 kg/day) at the most upstream of the Lana River was calculated by multiplying the water quality examination data (1.5 mg/l) as agricultural wastewater and the flow rate measurement (0.314 m³/sec).
- b. Net run-off natural pollution load (36.0 kg/day) was then calculated by deducting pollution toad of domestic sewage (4.7 kg/day) from the above run-off natural pollution load.
- c. Specific run-off natural pollution load (0.0333 kg/day.ha) was established by dividing the above net run-off natural pollution load with the river basin area (1,080 ha).

Run-off natural pollution load at respective reference points in the Lana River was then obtained by multiplying the said specific run-off natural pollution load and river basin area.

5) Sewage volume discharged into the Lana River

Present per capita unit domestic sewage volume in the sewerage service area is estimated as follows:

- Per capita sewage volume (100 lpcd) was estimated considering commercial and institutional consumption (30 %) to the per capita domestic sewage volume (70 lpcd).
- b. A sum of 20 % to the per capita sewage volume (100 lpcd) was considered as leakage of sewage from sewer pipes and groundwater infiltration into sewer pipes to obtain the sewage volume being discharged into the Lana River (80 lpcd).
- c. Per capita sewage volume at outside of the existing sewerage service area was assumed at 50 % of the inside of the service area.

The above mentioned sewage flow is summarized as follows:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Unit:	liter/capita/day
Area Classification	Present	2001	2010
Sewered Area	80	200	200
Unserved Area	40	100	100

Table 15.4.1 Per Capita Sewage Volume

6) Pollution load concentrated into the Lana River

The calculation of concentrated pollution load into the Lana River was made as, follows:

- a. The pollution load of nightsoil and gray water being concentrated into the Lana River from the existing sewerage service area was estimated by deducting 35 % of generated per capita unit pollution load as leakage from sewer pipes.
- b. The pollution load generated in the outside of sewerage service area is separately calculated by such pollution load concentrated from septic tank and cesspool that:
 - Composition of septic tank and cesspool are assumed at 50 5 : 50 % in terms of number of households.
 - Households located within the proposed expansion area of the sewerage system are considered to be septic tanks.
 - Treatment efficiency of septic tank is assumed at 50 % of the generated pollution load.
 - Concentration ratio of pollution load from septic tank and cesspool to the Lana River is assumed to be 50 % of the discharged pollution load.

Generated and concentrated per capita unit pollution load are summarized below.

				Unit: g/	capita/day
	Category		Present	2001	2010
		Nightsoil	18	18	18
Generated Unit	Pollution Load	Gray Water	17	22	27
		Total	35	40	45
Concentrated	Sewered	l Area	22.75	26	29.25
Unit Pollution	II	Septic Tank	13	16	18
Load	Unserved Area	Cesspool	9	11	14

Table 15.4.2 Per Capita Unit Pollution Load

(2) Results of water quality simulation

When the priority project and the entire project are implemented in accordance with the proposed implementation program, the water quality (BOD) in the Lana River will be steadily improved based on the water quality simulation as shown in below.

Table 15.4.3	Results of Water	Quality Simulation
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	•					Unit: B	OD mg/l
Tar	get Year		2001			2010	
,	nce Point of er Quality	Upstream	Middle	Down- stream	Upstream	Middle	Down- stream
Wat	ated Present er Quality y Season)	5.7	122	120	5.7	122	120
Estimated Future	Without Project	-	87	87	-	102	106
Water Quality	After Implementation	-	20	19	-	17	15

Upon implementation of the project, approximately 80 % of pollution load will be reduced in 2001, while about 85 % in 2010, respectively.

For furtherance of environmental improvement in the Lana River, the following measures are deemed inevitable for those households (approximately 24,000 persons) being located within the drainage basin of the Lana River:

- 1) Appropriate maintenance of septic tanks
- 2) Introduction of advanced biological treatment unit for individual houses
- 3) Implementation of small community sewerage system

Details of the above water quality simulation are shown in Table 15.4.4.

Table 15.4.4 Details of Water Quality Simulation in the Lana River

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15.4.1-6

(1) General

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During the Preparatory Study undertaken by the JICA Preparatory Study Team in March, 1996, "Screening" and "Scoping" of the anticipated environmental impacts were carried out to identify the need of the Environmental Impact Assessment (hereinafter referred to as "EIA"). In this Preparatory Study, the environmental pollution in the Study Area was preliminary foreseen that:

"Owing to the mountainous topographic feature of Tirana and its surrounding area, rainfall is drained into the river system in a short time resulting turbid aquatic environment in the Tirana River and the Lana River. These natural conditions have restrained the utilization of surface water and conceated water pollution being caused by human activities. Resultant from this, the potential environmental pollution has not been visualized in the Study Area."

The items and contents of environmental impact as identified in the above mentioned study were then further verified during the Stage 1 field work in collaboration with the Albanian authorities, particularly the Ministry of Health and Environmental Protection, the sole national agency responsible for environmental legislation and monitoring.

The outcome of this preliminary study was reflected on the "Scope of Work" for the EIA study which was subsequently conducted in the Stage 2 field work in January to February, 1997. Major subjects on EIA were such impacts on aquatic environment in the Tirana River by discharge of effluent from the proposed sewage treatment plant, treatment/disposal of excess sludge to be generated at the sewage treatment plant, and traffic jams which would occur during the construction work of sewer lines.

An overall evaluation on environmental impacts was then carried out in the Stage 2 domestic work and countermeasures to minimize the anticipated impacts were prepared toward the successful and smooth implementation of the proposed project.

(2) Screening and scoping results

- 1) Screening results
 - a. Social environment

With regard to social environment, the sewerage system improvement is principally contribute to the improvement of current urban environment, particularly flooding and water pollution. However, some "side-effects" are anticipated during and after implementation of the project. The following items are those which to be taken into account in the detailed evaluation of alternative plans for sewerage system improvement.

i. Relocation of local residents

This particular subject may be considered for the proposed site of sewage treatment plant and, if required, sewage pumping station. Especially in the recent change of economic system in Albania, most of land ownership are being transferred to the private persons or entities.

ii. Economic activities

The sewerage system improvement project is considered to have positive economic impact. Firstly, residents in Tirana City will have an opportunity to enjoy better urban living environment and sanitary conditions ever than before. Secondary, the improvement of urban sanitation will largely contribute to the country's tourism development to attain better international trade balance. The project will not cause any significant change on economic activities in Tirana City and neighboring towns, and not trigger significant loss on opportunity for economic development, since most of sewerage facilities will be placed underground and sewage treatment plant will be located considerably far away from city center.

iii. Transportation and social facilities

During the installation and rehabilitation of sewer lines, traffic jams may be irresistible social problems. When such routing of sewer line is indispensable, temporary rerouting of daily traffic will be firstly considered to minimize unnecessary social problems. Alternative technical solutions may be considered, but are subject to cost-benefit evaluation. When the burden cost sharing is acceptable by the Albanian government and by the beneficiaries, shield tunneling method and the like may be considered to tessen the traffic jams. It shall also be taken into account that the recent economic development has caused rapid increase of urban traffic and certain part in Tirana City is now encountering this problem everyday.

Impact to social facilities, such as hospitals, schools, etc., is considered minimal at this moment. However, when such facilities are subject to connect sewer lines through the project implementation, individual countermeasures shall be taken up on the case-by-case basis.

iv. Separation of local society

The project will not cause this kind of problem by nature of configuration of the sewerage system.

v. Ruins and cultural assets

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In the proposed project site, especially sewage treatment plant and its vicinity, no ruins and cultural assets have been confirmed to present.

vi. Water right and right of common

As of now, no water right has been established within the project area. Even if established, especially at downstream of the Tirana River, such water right will have better benefit ever than before through the project implementation.

Right of common will not be appeared, since most of the area is privately owned for agricultural purpose.

vii. Public hygiene

By nature of project, the present situation of public hygiene will be drastically improved. Final disposal of excess sludge may, however, have certain concern to this particular subject depending on manner of disposal and location of disposal site.

viii. Wastes from project

Any waste to be generated from the project shall be subject to follow prevailing laws and regulations. Excess sludge to be generated from the sewage

treatment plant shall be the same.

ix. Natural disaster

Any large scale landscaping is not considered which may trigger natural disaster.

b. Natural environment

As it is mentioned in the above, the nature of project is to improve urban environment and aquatic environment in the Tirana River and the Lana River, and is principally "environmental friendly" project. The degree of improvement in aquatic environment is already discussed in the preceding subsection 15.4.1 of this Supporting Report.

i. Topography and geology

No significant change of landscape is considered.

ii. Soil erosion

No large scale landscaping is proposed.

iii. Groundwater

Utilization of shallow groundwater is minimal in the Study Area. There is deep well field for water supply in the vicinity of the proposed site of sewage treatment plant. Influence to deep aquifer is minimal since the shield tunneling method will not take such depth, even if it is introduced. Treated sewage will be discharged into the Tirana River, but it will not cause direct pollution of aquifer, in appreciation of presence of thick impermeable layer above the aquifer.

iv. River, lake and pond

Although the Tirana River will be the receiving water body of treated sewage, the total pollution load will be definitely decreased from present situation.

v. Coast and sea

No coastal line exists in the Study Area.

vi. Flora and fauna

The proposed site for sewage treatment plant is mostly agricultural land or grass land. No endangered species is confirmed in the subject area.

vii. Climate

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No large scale facility is considered to cause significant climatic change.

viii.Scenery

The proposed sewerage facilities will not have a height to interfere the harmony of scenery.

c. Public nuisance

Public nuisance is also considered negative at this project owing to its nature.

i. Air pollution

No incineration is considered for sludge treatment.

ii. Water pollution

Although treated sewage itself is pollution load to the receiving water body, the overall pollution load will be drastically decreased by the sewage treatment plant and aquatic environment will be improved accordingly. The recovery of aquatic environment in the Lana River and impact to the downstream of the Tirana River have been verified through water quality simulation in the preceding subsection 15.4.1 of this Supporting Report..

iii. Soil pollution

Except for disposal of excess sludge, no soil pollution is anticipated in the project. Manner of final disposal of excess sludge is subject for further verification.

iv. Noise and vibration

During the implementation, certain noise and vibration will happen during sewer pipe installation. For sewage treatment plant, these problems are not anticipated due to its isolated location away from densely populated area.

v. Land subsidence

No groundwater utilization which may trigger land subsidence is planned in the project.

vi. Odor

Certain degree of smell may occur from the sewage treatment plant. Wind direction and magnitude in relation to its location are subject to further verification.

d. Overall evaluation

Some sign of environmental impact through implementation of the sewerage system improvement are anticipated. However, it shall be noted that the proposed project aims at thorough improvement of urban environment in Tirana City including the Tirana River and the Lana River and its potential benefit is considered far important rather than the negative impact/s on environment.

2) Scoping results

Scoping of environmental impact was prepared based on the aforementioned screening results. However, the details of scoping shall be further determined through in depth study of the alternative plans for sewerage system improvement. The following are the results of scoping confirmed in the Stage 1 field work.

15.4.2-6

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			* ~	t the Stage 1 Field Survey
Item			Score	Basis of Scoring
Social Environment	1	Relocation of Local Residents	В	Location of sewage treatment site for land acquisition
	2	Economic Activity	D	No negative impact foreseen
	3	Transportation & Social Facilities	В	Traffic jam during implementation
	4	Separation of Local Society	D	No separation foreseen
	5	Ruins & Cultural Assets	D	No presence confirmed
	6	Water Right & Right of Common	D	No right confirmed yet
	7	Public Hygiene	В	Depending on disposal manner of excess studge
	8	Wastes from Project	В	Same as above
	9	Natural Disaster	D	No large scale landscaping planned
Natural Environment	10	Topography & Geology	D	No significant change planned
	11	Soil Erosion	D	No large scale landscaping planned
	12	Groundwater	D	No discharge to aquifer planned
	13	River, Lake & Pond	В	Treated sewage be discharged to Tirana River
	14	Coast & Sea	D	No coastal line exists
	15	Flora & Fauna	D	No endangered species confirmed yet
	16	Climate	D	No significant change imposed
	17	Scenery	D	No significant change of scenery imposed
Public Nuisance	18	Air Pollution	D	No pollutant to be emitted
	19	Water Pollution	В	Treated sewage to be discharged into Tirana River
	20	Soil Pollution	В	Manner of disposal of excess sludge
	21	Noise and vibration	В	During pipe installation work by open cut method
	22	Land subsidence	D	No groundwater utilization planned
	23	Odor	В	Some smell anticipated from the sewage treatment plant

Table 15.4.2.1 **Results of Scoping at the Stage 1 Field Survey**

Score; A-Significant impact anticipated. B-Slight impact anticipated Note:

C-Unknown (subject to further verification)

D-Almost no impact anticipated and not subject for IEE (Initial Environmental Evaluation) and EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment)

3) Scope of EIA

The scope of EIA Study to be undertaken by the Albanian consultants is shown below and details of specifications are contained in Supporting Report 15.4.3.

- 1) Laws and regulations on EIA, environmental protection and sewerage project
 - Review of the existing laws and regulations pertaining to the EIA, environmental protection and sewerage project,
 - Clarification of legislative requirements

The above review work shall entail to not only existing ones, but also those which being considered or proposed ones.

- 2) Itemized assessment of environmental impact
 - Itemized assessment of environmental impact/s with their magnitudes for those identified impact items based on the results of initial environmental evaluation as shown in Table 15.4.2.1.
- 3) Preparation of recommendations and proposed countermeasures
 - Recommendations and proposed countermeasures to mitigate environmental impact/s.

(4) Results of EIA

The results of EIA study, which is contained in Supporting Report 15.4.4, indicate possible occurrence or doubt of some environmental impacts through implementation of the proposed project. Anticipated problems which may affect the operation and maintenance of sewerage system are also discussed. Those identified impacts and problem areas are summarized below.

1) Possible environmental impacts

a. Groundwater contamination

The proposed site of sewage treatment plant is situated in the area of potential groundwater resource along the Tirana River. Deepwells of the Tirana water supply system are located in the vicinity of the proposed site.

In this regard, appropriate countermeasures to prevent groundwater contamination by infiltration of sewage from the treatment plant will be necessary, if hydro-

geological conditions of the proposed site allow such infiltration.

- b. Water pollution of the Tirana River by inflow of sewerage sludge If the treatment facility is destroyed or damaged, the sewerage sludge may flow into the Tirana River and cause unexpected water pollution. Appropriate fail-safe measure shall be considered in the facility design.
- c. Water pollution of the Tirana River by disposal of effluent from treatment plant Downstream of the Tirana River may encounter water pollution by disposal of effluent in large quantity from the sewage treatment plant, while the aquatic environment in the upstream of the Tirana River and the Lana River will be improved by implementation of the proposed project. If significant amount of pollution load is planned to be discharged into the Tirana River, proper treatment level shall be attained to prevent further water pollution.
- d. Possible emission of offensive odor and growth of undesirable insects
 If there is a possibility on emission of offensive odor and growth of undesirable
 insects at the sewage treatment plant, necessary countermeasures shall be taken up.
- 2) Problem areas relevant to implement public sewerage service
 - a. Discharge of undesirable quality and quantity of commercial and industrial wastewater

Discharge of undesirable wastewater shall be restricted by appropriate regulations to protect sewerage system and public water body.

b. Obligation of residents and business establishments to connect with the public sewerage system

Presently, many commercial establishments, such as restaurants, bars and kiosks, located on the banks of he Lana River are mostly discharging their untreated wastewater directly into the Lana river resulting serious water pollution.

The legislative arrangements shall be made to oblige residents and business establishments located within the sewerage service area to connect with sewer network.

- (5) Preventive measures to identified environmental impacts and problem areas Preventive measures are hereby presented to cope with identified environmental impacts and problem areas relevant to implement public sewerage service.
 - 1) Preventive measures to anticipated environmental impacts
 - a. Groundwater contamination

As it is described in the report of EIA study, the proposed site is situated on the thick impermeable clay layer and the depth of potential aquifer is far beneath the impermeable layer. Under this hydrogeological condition, the infiltration of sewage will hardly occur.

In addition, the aerated lagoon and other treatment facilities will have clay lining to prevent seepage/infiltration of sewage.

In view of the above mentioned condition and preventive measure, it is considered that the groundwater contamination to deep aquifer is controlled under quite low risk of occurrence.

 Water pollution of the Tirana River by inflow of sewerage sludge In appreciation of quite stable geological conditions at the proposed site of sewage treatment plant, damage or destruction of treatment facilities will hardly occur as a result of natural disaster, i.e. earthquake.

Owing to the nature of treatment method, the generation of sewerage sludge is very minimal in comparison to the conventional activated sludge method. Fail-safe measure is considered in the facility design that effluent will be drained from surface of the final sedimentation basin.

Likewise, this particular environmental impact will not occur under the normal and foreseeable situation.

c. Water pollution of the Tirana River by disposal of effluent from treatment plant As It has been discussed on the results of water quality examination, present water quality at the proposed discharge point of effluent into the Tirana River is 20 to 23 mg/l of BOD. This is more or less equivalent to the planned effluent quality at 25 mg/l of BOD and actual water quality in the Tirana River will be maintained better than the effluent quality through dilution by the river water from the upstream.

If proposed project is not implemented, the water quality in the Tirana River will, on the other hand, become worse ever than before due to discharge of untreated wastewater into the river system. Prediction of future water quality, if proposed project is not implemented, has been conducted in this study.

As a whole, water pollution of the Tirana River will not occur upon implementation of the proposed project, provided however the relevant legislative arrangements and their proper enforcement are prerequisite to realize effectiveness of the proposed project.

d. Possible emission of offensive odor and growth of undesirable insects
 The anticipated emission of offensive odor will be controlled and maintained
 within permissible and tolerable level by following reasons and measures:

- Sewage in the aerated lagoon treatment process will be continuously stirred under aerobic conditions and will not emit strong offensive odor.
- Proposed site of treatment plant is located sufficiently away from the populated area.
- The perimeter of the treatment plant will be provided with green belt and trees to maintain aesthetic view and to avoid unnecessary dispersion of sewage odor.

Possible growth of undesirable insects is considered to be minimal owing to the following conditions and preventive measures:

- Continuous circulation of sewage in the aerobic treatment process will prevent growth of undesirable insects.
- Upper part of slopes of each basin will be lined by concrete blocks o prevent growth of grasses and insects.
- Flat ground surface in the treatment plant will also be maintained to prevent growth of grasses and insects.

Thus, anticipated emission of offensive odor and growth of undesirable insects will be controlled at minimal and considered within permissible and tolerable level.

2) Legislative arrangements to problem areas relevant to implement public sewerage system

Aside from preventive measures to anticipated environmental impacts, legislative arrangements and their proper enforcement are indispensable to assure effectiveness of the proposed project. The following legislation are deemed the minimal requirements in this respect.

a. Restriction of undesirable quality and quantity of commercial and industrial wastewater

There are different types of undesirable wastewater in terms of quality and quantity as enumerated below.

- i. Toxic and/or hazardous substances contained in the wastewater which affects biological treatment of sewage and may biologically concentrated in the sewerage sludge:
 - Heavy metals from leather tanning process,
 - Mineral oil from machinery factory,
 - Chemical wastes

ii. High organic pollution load contained in the wastewater from:

- Food processing factory,
- Slaughter house,
- Laundry shop which includes nutrient salts for eutrophication, such as phosphorus,

- Restaurants,

- Livestock breeding, particularly pig and cow,

iii. Low organic pollution load which can be discharged into stormwater drainage without treatment or after primary treatment:

Cooling water of air conditioning system,

- Wash water for product cleaning.

Through proper legislation on the above mentioned wastewater, treatment process and public water body will be protected from water pollution. Necessary legislation will be, but not limited to, the following:

- Legislation on wastewater quality standards which specifies allowable limit of wastewater quality to be discharged from respective factories/establishments into the public sewerage system or public water body.
- Legislation on public sewerage service and wastewater quality standards to obligate factories/establishments to install pretreatment facility within their factories/establishments at their own expense prior to discharge wastewater into public sewerage system or public water body.
- Local government authority and executing agency of public sewerage service shall be obliged by pertinent legislation to inspect the above mentioned factories/establishments to wit conformity with the wastewater quality standards including sampling and water quality examination.
- The above mentioned legislation shall have penalty clause for fine, temporary closure of factories/establishments and criminal prosecution, and shall have legal basis to enforce corrective measures to respective factories/establishments to meet with the wastewater quality standards.

 Legal obligation of households and business establishments to connect public sewerage system
 Commercial establishments, i.e. restaurants, bars and kiosks, factories and individual households within the service area of public sewerage system shall be obliged to discharge their wastewater/sewage into the public sewerage system.

Those establishments and residents presently utilizing private on-site disposal/treatment facilities may have certain grace period to connect with the public sewerage system. Violation on this tegal requirements shall be subject to pertinent tegal penalty.

(6) Overall evaluation on environmental impacts of proposed project

As discussed in the previous subsections on the anticipated environmental impacts of the proposed project and preventive measures to minimize such impacts and associated legislative arrangements, the environmental impacts are considered minimal to the surrounding environment and the public water body.

It shall be noted that the expected effects of the proposed project will be maximized only when the associated legislative arrangements are properly instituted and enforced. In enforcement of such legislation, campaign and implementation of public education on health and hygiene aspects shall also be taken up to attain proper awareness of residents and community participation toward realization of the principal objectives of the proposed project.