# ANNEX G

## **ENVIRONMENT/SOIL**

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### G.1 Soil and Land Use in Turkey

#### Definition of Soil Groups in Turkey

The 23 soil groups are distributed in Turkey and its characteristic following.

#### 1. Alluvial Soils (A)

These are stored by the rivers, usually the C profile earth (A) on the early sedimentary deposits. The alluvial soil form in; 1) River banks, 2) Alluvial range (The areas between high grounds to valley beds), 3) Deltas, 4) Gulfs, 5) Old river beds, 6) Old watering areas (Thick material layers caused by watering), 7) Barrier plateaus. The mineral compounds of alluvial earth depend on the characteristics and geology of river basin, erosion and deposit period. As the sediments in the wet and humid tropical regions consist of totally decomposed and washed materials, their fertility/efficiency is rather low. The soil in the volcanic and warmer regions are more fertile than the ones in the tropical regions. These lands on which every plantation can be cultivated due to the climates and which are of highest fertilization quality, can be found in plateaus of the rivers, coastal deltas and planes and in the old river banks. The alluvial in Turkey are young in age and soil formation is not observed in them. These are the most fertile soils in the country and some regions are subject to floods.

#### 2. Hydromorphic Alluvial Soils (H)

In the Turkish Developed Soil Map Studies, the alluvial soils subject to floods and that have high level subsoil water and gleyed profile are called hydromorphic alluvial soils. Their vegetation are meadow grass, reed, bulrush and plants that grow in wetlands. Their topographies are inefficient, subsoil waters are high leveled and sublayers are wet. The ups and downs of the subsoil waters, cause uplifting and descending of the soil layers. Thus, bluish gray descending and reddish uplifting stains occur. The rust stains are seen along the cracks and root channels. Sometimes concretions may occur. The layers below the subsoil waters are totally gleyed and they have block stains caused by the rotten plant roots. If these soils have depth, the layers that are gleyed limit the root part.

#### 3. Colluvial Soil (K)

By the gravity in the cliff edges, solifluctions, ground stream or accumulated from neighboring rivers formed on the material called coluvium are young (A) C profile soils. Their soil characteristics are similar to those of high land soils. The main material is not ranked or is wrongly ranked. Due to the precipitation and the stream intensity and the degree of slopes, the layers contain different piece size. The colluvial

soils have a slope on the condition that it is more than 2%. However, by the careful putting forth in especially the wet agriculture areas, this slope may be reduced from 2%. The slope is not complex, it is heterogeneous and it increases through the direction of the material. The color in these soils depend on the material from which they compose. They don't need a special climate to grow. The vegetation depends on the climate. The agricultural lands are very fertile. They can be found everywhere in Turkey.

#### 4. Salt - Sodium Affected Soils (C)

The electrical conductivity values of salty soils within saturation extracts are more than 4 millimhos. In sodic soils, exchangeable sodium are more than 15%. These are usually seen in arid climates where the vaporization is high and there is a drainage problem. The ones that are solonetz and solonchak can be recognized by particular profile characteristics.

### 5. Organic (Wet Turba) Soils (O)

They are AC profiled soils. They have a thick A horizon and high (20-95%) organic materials. If the thickness of organic materials layer is more than 30 cm and the organic clay quantity is 1) more than 50%, 2) clay do not exist and is more than 20%, 3) clay quantity is less than 50%, it should be between 20-30%. Due to the chemical weathering, they are called pit and mak. The organic material in pit is humus. The plant extracts forming the organic material in mak are totally distracted and their tissues can not be seen. The shallow organic soils have a depth of 30-50 cm.

#### 6. Red - Yellow Podzolic Soils (P)

These are deep soils observed in humid climates, being evolved, well drained, having acidic characteristics and ABC profiles. The vegetation is forests consisting of conifers or deciduous trees. The main material is rather silica and poor in calcium. O horizon is slight, it has organic mineral A1 horizon underneath A2 horizon occurs on light colored, containing more clay, red, yellowish-red or yellow B horizon. B horizon has a construction of blocks and clay membrane on ped surfaces. On the bottom horizon of these thick materialized soils, there are red, yellow, brown and light gray thick lines and dots as a characteristic.

#### 7. Gray - Brown Podzolic Soils (G)

These are slightly podzolized ABC profiled soils. The vegetation is usually forests consisting of plants that have leaf falls. On the surface, there are slight rotten leaf layers, underneath there are granules of dark grayish-brown and humus layer of 5-10 cm. The humus layer transforms into grayish-brown mineral A1 horizon. In A1 horizon the organic material is in the shape of mull. The A2 horizons are gray or yellowish brown and are 12.5-30cm. This alluvial horizon is characterized by a horizontal flaky structure. Despite the watering, calcium due to considerable differentiation exist in the colloid complexes. The upper part of B horizon varies from yellowish brown to light reddish brown. Due to the accumulation of silicate clays the characteristics are heavier than A horizon and usually block structured. The calcination of these soils and manuring by organic and chemical manure have efficient results.

#### 8. Brown Forest Soils (M)

These are soils that can be observed in hot humid sub-humid and dry climates, having A (B) C profiles. A horizon has a structure of highly developed cramp and granules. The organic material is mixed with mineral material. A horizon is on the B horizon which has a granular, round edged blocks structure. B horizon contains more clay than C horizon. These are usually silicate clays. On the B horizon the base saturation varies from the top to the middle. The boundaries between the horizons are transitive. The depth of the soil usually varies between 50-90 cm. The below parts of B horizon usually consists of calcium carbonate. The profile in the calcite brown forest soils of the Mediterranean climate is totally calcareous. The organic material is totally mixed with calcareous minerals.

#### 9. Non - Calcarious Brown Forest Soils (N)

These are the soils that have A (B) C profile. A horizon involves a porosity structure. The organic material in A horizon is usually acidic and it displays a separate or a minimum mixing. (B) horizon has a structure of granular or round edged blocks that are brown or dark brown. In (B) horizon clay accumulation is very low or it does not exist at all. The silicate clays are from kaolinite or illite groups. The horizon boundaries are transitive and gradual. Their depths are usually around 40-70 cm. The vegetation is forest trees that are deciduous trees. The climate is warm humid regions that do not have dry seasons. The annual precipitation amount is around 500-750 mm. The main material claystone belonging to Miocene and Pliocene, consist of calcarious, sandy clay or pebble deposits.

### 10. Non - Calcarious Brown Soils (U)

These are soils that have A (B) C profiles. They have brown or light brown diffusable upper soil and a heavier structured faded reddish brown B horizon. Watering usually exist, so upper part of the soil has a more acidic character than the below parts of the soil. Sometimes carbonates can be observed in the

below parts though little. The vegetation is a mixture of grass and grass-brush-wood. The climate is semiarid and subhumid and the precipitation is 400-750 mm. The main material is calcarious sandy clay and sandy clay stones and deposits of pebbles, sand and clay.

#### 11. Chestnut Colored Soils (C)

These are zonal soils formed as a result of calcification and they have ABC or A(B)C profiles. Their profiles are rich in calcium as a result of calcification and their base saturation are high. A Horizon is of 30-50 cm. thick, granular structured, having medium organic materials, diffusable form and dark brown. The organic material is mixed with the mineral material and is more than brown soils regarding the amount. The pH of A1 horizon is neutral and alkaline. The color of B horizon is either dark brown or reddish brown; the structure is prismatic and it displays a limestone accumulation. Underneath the B horizon usually limestone accumulation horizon exists. Under this horizon, gypsum accumulation horizon may exist. These soils are of medium calcarious and the amount of CaCO3 increases in the lower levels. As the precipitation is more, the lime accumulation exists in a deeper level than it exists in the Brown Soils. In the profile, the illicit group of silicate clays are dominant. The vegetation is short and tall bushes, grass and a few trees. They can be found in subhumid and semiarid climates where many months of the year are dry. When compared to Brown Soils the precipitation is summer is less, the temperature is higher and the annual average precipitation is around 370-620 mm. The main material is diffused limestone, gneiss, schist, basalt and other extrusive that are rich in lime.

#### 12. Red Chestnut Colored Soils (D)

Most of their characteristics are the same as or similar to the chestnut colored soils except their color. The color of A horizon is dark red brown, its reaction is neutral and alkaline.

B horizon has a heavier form and its color is reddish brown. It forms in the places where temperature and precipitation are more than the chestnut colored soils. The average annual precipitation is 450-700 mm. As exceeding heat oxidants the iron in the soil, their color is red and as the organic diffusion increases, the amount of organic material is low.

#### 13. Red Mediterranean Soils (T)

They have an ABC horizons they are red in color formed under 600 mm. and more precipitation on limestone in Mediterranean climates. On some occasions, they may form on main material without limestone. The top part of the soil is poor in material and A horizon has a uniform red color. The base

saturation on ped surfaces are more than 40%. The color has a high chromate (Red or yellow). The base saturation increases with the depth. In B horizon the structure is blocks or prismatic, in ped surfaces or caverns, thick clay membranes may be observed. The dominant clays in B horizon is 2:1 type clays. They have different depths. The vegetation is bushes, maquis and various forest trees. The climate is humid with dry seasons and subhumid. The soil is dry through most of the year. However, it is moist in cool and dry seasons. The annual average precipitation is about 500-1100 mm. The main material is hard limes particularly, limestone, dolomite, calcarious sand stone, calcarious sand and pebbles, calcareous clay stone, coral limestone , calcareous conglomerate, partially claystone and volcanic rocks.

#### 14. Red Brown Mediterranean Soils (E)

The soils are mainly a mixture of Red Mediterranean and Brown Mediterranean Soils. They have ABC profiles. Their A1 horizon is developed and has a medium organic material. The organic material is totally mixed with mineral material. A weak A2 horizon can be observed. The B horizon has a heavier and blocky, edged blocky and prismatic structure. Clay membranes can be observed on ped surfaces. These belong to illite and kaolinite groups. The base saturation is more than 35% and this increases as the depth increases. In dry seasons, A and B horizons have a severe condition. The vegetation is bushes, maquis and various forest trees. They can be found in dry seasoned, humid and subhumid climates. The soil is dry through most of the year. However, it is moist in cool and rainy seasons. The annual average precipitation is about 400-1000 mm. The main material being line, granite, clay stone, sand stone, various metamorphic, crystal rocks, fliche and limestone can be observed in rocky regions.

#### 15. Rendzina Soils (R)

They are involved in the calcimorphic group of intrerzonal soils. They own their characteristics to calcarious main material. Their horizons are weaker than zonal soils and they have AC profiles. A horizon is thin, granular structured, medium characterized, of various colors ranging from dark grayish brown to black, having alkaline reactions and is rich in organic materials. The organic material is totally mixed with mineral material. CaCO3 is diffused in the profile and the base saturation is high in the profile. The vegetation is bushes, meadows, and bush-heather. They can be found in cool, humid and semi-arid climates. The annual average precipitation is about 500-750 mm. The main material is limestone, dolomite, marl and chalk.

#### 16. Brown Soils (B)

These have calcification characteristics and are zonal soils of ABC profiles. If they were subject to erosion, calcium, high level of base saturation and AC horizon can be observed.

A horizon has a thickness of 10-25 cm., as a structure of definite porous and medium level of organic material. Its pH is neutral or alkaline and its color is gray-brown or brown.

B horizon has a color range of light brown to dark brown and its structure is rough round edged blocks. The vegetation is short, or medium height bushes or grass. These soils can be observed in climates varying from arid to semiarid. The soil is dry through the most of the year. The annual average precipitation is 340-520 mm. The main materials are marl, schist with clay, valley having calcarious or schist sublayers.

#### 17. Red Brown Soils (F)

All the characteristics are as same as the brown soils except the color. The color of A horizon is either reddish brown or red, B horizon is red or reddish brown. These can be found in warmer places than Brown Soils. For iron oxidation increases as the heat increases, their colors are redder. As high temperature causes organic material diffusion, their A horizons are poor in organic materials. The precipitation, vegetation or main material characteristics are as same as or similar to those of brown soils.

#### 18. Sierozem Soils (Z)

These soils are formed as a result of calcification and they are ABC profiled zonal soils. They can be found in arid climates varying from hot to cool-warm. The annual precipitation is 200-275 mm. AC profile can be observed in those subject to erosion. The vegetation is desert plants, grass and bushes. The main material can vary. A horizon has been weakly formed, it has a color range of light grayish brown to pale gray, a structure of weak scales and a low or medium degree of organic material. B horizon has a weak structure and it has a high amount of lime in it. Under this zone, a gypsum accumulation may exist. The fertility of these soils may increase when irrigated corps is applied.

#### 19. Vertisole Soils (V)

They are dark colored clay soils, having a heavy structure, contacted in dry seasons and expanded in rainy seasons. These have deep and wide cracks, gilga microrelief and shear grounds. These soils can be seen in tropical and subtropical countries. The lime contents are usually 40-60% and sometimes 80%. They are deep and usually dark colored AC profiled soils. The reason for the dark color of A layer is not

because they contain high organic material but because of this material's mixture with clay. The upper parts of A horizon has a granular structure when they are dry. The subparts have a prismatic structure. The vegetation is usually bushes, grass and savannah. They can be found in various climates having dry seasons and having an annual precipitation of 500-750 mm.

The main material of most of the vertisoles are accumulated material. Some of them form as a result of basalt or limestone diffusion.

#### 20. High Mountain Meadow Soils (Y)

These soils form in Alpine climates varying from cool-warm to freezing weather they can be found in high latitudes, altitudes and above the forest boundary. They are formed by various main materials in poor drainage and cold climatic conditions due to gley and calcifications. On the upper part there is A horizon 30-60 cm thick having a dark brown color. Underneath grayish, rust colored, lined and dotted soil prevails. The vegetation is grass, reed and plants with flowers. Their fertility is rather low as they exist in cool climates and they are usually used for pasturing in summers.

#### 21. Regosol Soils (L)

They are young soils in deep mineral deposits. They can be found in every climate, from humid to arid, from warm to hot. These soils are basically found in areas of sand, loess, and steep sloped glaciers. In Regosoles A and C horizons formed. The vegetation is grass, trees, little trees and bushes. The main material is as stated above deposits, volcanic tuffs and ashes.

#### 22. Basaltic Soils (X)

The characteristics of these soils are in a way similar to those that have been formed on limestone. These soils are usually of medium depth or shallow but there are some deeper than 1 m. These are heavy soils with clay and their profiles have not been developed fully. The structure of A horizon varies from granules to blocks. B horizon is usually heavier in structure and it has blocks. The physical characteristics of these soils are not as good as those formed from limestone rocks. In basaltic soils, there is no lime. The reaction varies between neutral and medium alkaline. The soils are poor in organic material. The cation exchangeable capacity is of medium height. The most important variable cation is calcium. As their physical characteristics are poor, the fertility of these soils are rather low. As most of these soils are stony, these should be cleaned when used for intense ploughing.

### 23. Coastal Alluvial Marsh (S)

These are soils that can be found near lake and sea shores, and are in a wet condition or turn into marsh due to the surface, lake and sea streams during all year. They can be salty or have a certain degree of sodium. These areas can not be used as agricultural areas so they can be used as a shelter for wild animals or as an entertainment place, also the reeds growing on can be used.

Soil Group	Area(ha)	Percentage
1. Alluvial Soils	4,512,087	6.47
2. Hydromorphic Alluvial Soil	319,005	0.46
3. Colluvial Soils	2,907,820	4.17
4. Salt-Sodium Affected Soils	54,347	0.08
5. Organic(Wet Turba) Soils	33,656	0.05
6. Red-Yellow Podzolic Soils	1,847,574	2.65
7. Gray-Brown Podzolic Soils	1,948,641	2.80
8. Brown Forest Soils	14,933,343	21.42
9. Non-Calcarious Brown Forest Soils	9,048,804	12.98
10. Non-Calcarious Brown Soils	4,953,162	7.11
11. Chestnut Colored Soils	2,802,272	4.02
12. Red Chestnut Colored Soils	578,554	0.83
13. Red Mediterranean Soils	1,450,024	2.08
14. Red Brown Mediterranean soils	1,626,039	2.33
15. Rendzina Soils	831,630	1.19
16. Brown Soils	11,713,909	16.80
17. Red Brown Soils	4,566,291	6.55
18. Sierozem soils	81,342	0.12
19. Vertisole Soils	598,693	0.86
20. High Mountain Meadow Soils(Alpine soils)	602,775	0.86
21. Regosol Soils	673,744	0.97
22. Basaltic Soils	3,593,607	5.16
23. Coastal Alluvial Marsh	30,171	0.04
Total	69,707,490	100.00

### Table G.1.1 Area of the Soil Groups in Turkey

Source: Topraksu Genel Mudurlugu, GDRS (1972)

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						Tabl	e G.1.2	Area o	f Soil	<u>Groups i</u>	n the F	rovince	<u>s of Tu</u>	<u>rkey</u>									(unit : ha)	
	1	2	, t	4	5	6	1	8	9 Non-	10	H	14	13	14	15	16	17	18	18	20	21	<u>25</u>	23	1
				Salt-Sodium					Calcarlous		Chastout	Red Chestnut	Red	Red Brown						High			A	1
	Allwirt	Rydromorphi c Alluviai	Colluvial	alfected Soils(Barra	Organic (Net		Gray-Brown Podzolic	Brown Forest	Brown Forest	Non- Calcarious	Chestnut Colored	Catored	Kediterrane	Mediterrane	Rendzina		Red Brewn	Sierozem	Vertisole	Nountain Neadow	Regosal	Basaltic	Coastel Alluvial	i
Province	Solls	Soils	Solls		Turba)Solla		Soils	Solls	50111	Brown Solls	50114	Solls	an Solls	an Solls	50118	Brown Sells	Soils	Soils	Sails	Soils	Sails	Soils	Kareh	Totel
DANA	343, 309	14, 388	84, 507	-	73	•		601, 956	395, 589	39, 928	•	412	47,082	79, 593	927	1,014	•	-	935	•	2, 576	3, 153	295	1.615.73
IYAMAN	4.012	1, 456	12, 864					90, 684	80, 863	120.035		•	•	12.758		208, 723	190,094						194	721.68
YON	141.304	15, 750	62, 642	-				237, 537	161.420	189, 521	32, 871	1.077		7. 140		460, 245	<u> 9, 403</u>							1.318.91
GRI	64,012	2, 291	42, 995	-		-	•		·	400, 436		39.110				542		· · · ·			5, 100			554, 48
MASYA	41,009	-	20, 038	-		1, 990	19, 611	233, 732		2, 592	112. 324	6, 278				81, 385	23, 236				-			542, 19
NKARA	16, 896	6, 610	104, 486	583				259, 174	252, 345	37, 412	-		600 361	176 (17	-	1.714,542	33, 568	-		-	22, 360		·	2.447.9
NTALYA	116, 715	1,413	60, 363	836	2.889	-	-	296.012	218.823		71.363	<sup></sup>	609, 751	236, 613	52, 581					1,814	6, 648	-	499	
RTVIN	1, 154		1.840			100, 426		447, 990	685		2,029	997	864	100, 790	36, 103					89, 814			•	643.93
YDIN	123, 187	585	66,751					18, 197	172, 643	219,830	1, 034	33/	35		79, 454					-	39, 310	-	2,549	
ALIKESIR	11, 285	1.622	27, 635	•	•	-		<u>199, 715</u> 267, 037	670, 340 125, 970	235, 675 3, 474				41.435	294	4, 541			63, 283	576	126		1, 578	1. 408, 7
	17, 493 7, 143		840 26, 213					77. 443		190.891	60,057	-		-		30, 929		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	259, 438		801.7
	19, 291	5, 831	5, 600			14.230		6,031	120, 422	223, 586	25.283		-	-	-	15, 350		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	92,038	235, 130		527.6
ITLIS OLU	62,001	2,031	18,004		476	105,993	128, 187	398, 425			38,154			-		-	_	<u> </u>			32,030			1, 088, 8
URDUR	37, 949	3, 359	55, 253	1. 184			120, 107	145.003	119.218		100,599		82,759	67.680				····	<u>-</u>	235	1.054			617.1
URSA	115, 308	1,903	32, 759		1, 744			245, 510	515, 705			-		29, 212	49, 875	; · · · ·			22, 943				1, 967	
ANAKKALE	62, 199	1, 982	20.840	120				198, 434	*	8, 606			2, 530	····	22.941				23, 305		2, 448		2, 210	
ANKIRI	44, 972	299	27,019		-	6, 525	2, 540	399, 160	57.506		58,865	- 1	- 1	-	-	- 216, 452	11, 203	-		.†	-	1		- 824.6
ORUM	102,022	753	41, 767	652	1			641, 959	7,832		38, 909	1	-	-	-	332, 965		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						- 1.261.4
ENIZLI	75.692			-	2, 132	29, 107		318, 896			16, 303		38,055	234.748	113,052					-	17, 328		. 37(	
XYARBAKIR	31, 551	-	25, 898	-		· ·	-	628, 816	<u> </u>				-	-		195, 391				-	-	215.20		1.480.0
DIRNE	87.570	14, 120	1				-	10.268	201.928	201.970			-	-	17				103, 13		- 1			- 619.0
LAZIG	17.315		25, 676	-			-	141, 899	10.04				·	-		- 333, 876	183, 968	-				· ·		- 712,7
RZINCAN	29,855		50.029		<u> </u>	-	-	135,031	14, 300		39, 61	5	·	-		- 712. 789	1,886	-			-	8, 19	3	- 1.088.2
ERZURUM	65, 561	1. 470	144, 291	+	390	) -	-	185, 842	6,240	5, 703	845, 89	1 42,25				133, 751				- 49, 761	-	916, 57		- 2.398.7
ESXISEHIR	92, 501	15,856	3, 624			-		359, 787	173, 18,	19,616		-			· ·	- 611, 494			··			· · · ·	-	- 1.283,3
GAZIANTEP	19,909	218			2.18			11, 360			·	··	45, 871		· · · ·	- 25, 572	310.613		·			112.87	<u>ı</u>	- 753.7
GIRESLIN	1,006	1	2, 272		·	- 1,630		110, 490	44, 66		9	5	·			- 18,997		·	·   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 87.625			-	- 641.0
GUMUSHANE	24, 696		20,005		·	-	31, 215	294, 362	1		49, 64		·		· · ·	- 305. 792	6, 595	·	- · · · ·	- 98,499	9		-	- 906. (
HAKKARI	9.231	· · · · ·		<u> </u>	·	- 71.912	<u> </u>	230, 175		266, 403	212.52				·	-	·  ·	·	·	<u>-i</u>			-	- 803.3
HATAY	90.073				· · ·		-	103,057				- -	47.12			-	·	·	·			29,03	1	- 524.9
ISPARTA	47,990					- 13.67		142, 150	61,08		115, 48	¥	- 68,93		+ <u> </u>		·	·		- 112			- 15	
KEL	78.933		47.865	·	1, 19		1	69, 34 20, 76					- 241.54	5 75.290	50, 54				- 64, 75		- <u>3, 884</u> - 683		- 47	
ISTANBUL IZMIR	21.919		2,514		43	4, 121		51,455			5, 15	7 1.24	6 30,50	100,098	·				- 69.15		- 1,642		- 2.29	
KARS	122. 332				-				-		73, 22			- 100,000	40.00	- 142.075	5	-	-1	- 86, 21		· · · ·		- 1.767.2
KASTAMONU	42, 694					- 85, 995	67.320	814, 30	126.47	5 -	129, 64				.†		·]			-	-			- 1.234.1
KAYSERI	115.956	-			7.82			82,55		the second se						- 611, 108	8 92.61	6	-	-	- 21, 125	5	- 98	13 1.500.7
KIRKLAREL	33, 317		- 101		•		-	33.23				•	-	-		-	-	-	- 101.44	3			- 37	
KIRSEHIR	27.89	( 7, 12	6 44, 596	12, 85	3	-	-  -	32, 55		- 9,174		-	-	-		- 337.99	4 139.20	4	-	-		•	-	- 611.
KOCAEU	16.49	4 .	7. 33	;	-	-	-	10, 95	5 294.81	5 9,678		-	-	- 1.79	54, 59	0	-	-	- 22	19	- 2.38	)	-	- 398.
KONYA	645,009	9 103, 44	3 289, 338	22.08	5 62	6 535, 43	۰ I	268,10	1 241, 18	3 62, 172	30, 15	5 326, 63	2 35, 17	6	-	- 846,11	5 779.79	4 78.88	6 19.58	33	- 85, 14	7	- 7.58	i9 4. 376.
KUTAHYA	68, 531	8 1.24			- 2.23	0	-	648, 91				2 17.59	0	- ·	11, 29			8	-	- 1.95	9	-	-	- 1.151.
MALATYA	21,94		- 28, 83		-	-		85, 48				-	-	-	-	- 525.41	1 237.91	2	-	-	-	- 44,6	5	- 1.134,
MANISA	142.89		- 90, 26			-	-	133, 76										-		-	- 20.02		-	- 1.279.
MARAS	68.41				- 8, 97	0	- <b> </b> ·	·	249,71		9, 15	57	11,43	2 85, 33	2	- 198, 38			-	-		- 52.2		- 885.
MARDIN	4.04		- 67,71		-	-		180.12			·	-	· <b> </b>	-		- 13.34	1 535.96	3				- 40, 51		- 1,172,
MUGLA	34,50				5	- 290, 92	3	- 80, 72					8 153,08	5 346,24	5 4.49	15	-			-	- 3.82		- 4, 5	
MUS	56, 18				<u>-</u>			·	- 107.37			[9]	· <b> </b>	-1		•	-	-	<u>- 71, 12</u>	50	- 7.57		31	- 812.
NEVSEHR	29.58						- :			- 10.42						- 228.31			<u>-</u>	-	- 155,28			- 530.
NIGDE	178, 93				<u>7 2.41</u>		-	- 56,98			4			-	- 1,25	58 564 77	<u>15 22. 79</u>	6 2.45	56 2.8		- 143.62	4		- 1. 331,
OROU	4, 30		- 62			- 69.42														- 22,88		-		- 594.
RIZE	1,25		- 27			- 180, 45	9 59,27	- 88,75	- 25.1					-						- 93, 35	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			- 360.
SAKARYA	88, 84 142, 57					- 4.13	- 256.31				1 100 2			<del>]</del> —	- 7.01	- 13	3.55	- 	-	00	<u>-</u> ]	- a		16 452. 87 938
SAMSUN			<u>- 9,47</u>		-	<u>-1 4.13</u>	- 400.31	- 703.43			125,6	-			<del>]</del> -	- 289.57		~	<u> </u>		- 14	-	<u>-</u>	
SHRT	6, 29 9, 97		- 9.47		<u>-</u>	- 23,63	- 31 109.83			21	- 23,9	53 1.6			-	- 289,57						- <b> </b>		- 1,008
SINOP	122.71						- 103.63	6 1.110.0								- 12,50		F.R.		- 4.6				- 572
SIVAS TEKIRDAG	54.26				50		-	- 103.3				_		_		- 1, 192, 02	- 100.01	-	- 124.0		<u>''</u>	1		- 612
TOKAT	54, 02					_	- 16.22				- 75, 8	67 49,6	22	<u>.</u>	-	- 8,5	10		- 127.0					- 977
TRABZON	34,02		- 2,2			- 87.9			- 122.9	-	- 13, 0	- 43.8				- 0, 3	_			- 63.9	68			- 436
TUNCEU	4.05		- 6.8		-	-1	- 201.11	- 150, 5	- 96 153.7	18 103.05	8				-	- 238.8	45		-1	- 03.3	-	- 23.1	20	- 430
URFA	3.84		- 20.3		<u> </u>		-	- 11,8		- 100,00	ž				-	- 167, 3		66		····  ································	- <u>-</u>	- 431.2		- 1.870
USAX	13, 1				-	-		- 202.6		6.94	3 1.6	48 29,2	57		- 20.6				-1	*	-		-	- 1.870
	67.5					-			- 22.9			-	-		-	- 285.0		-	_	-	- 19, 2	94	-	211 841
I VAN			78 94.8		-	-	-	- 488.0				16	-	-	-	- 620.8		74	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.379
VAN YOZGAT	58.34												·											
YOZGAT ZONGULDAJ	58.34 x 37.4		- 4.1		-	- 140, 9 55 1, 847, 5			14 62.4	56	- 13,8	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 840

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Table G 12 Area of Soil Groups in the Provinces of Turkey

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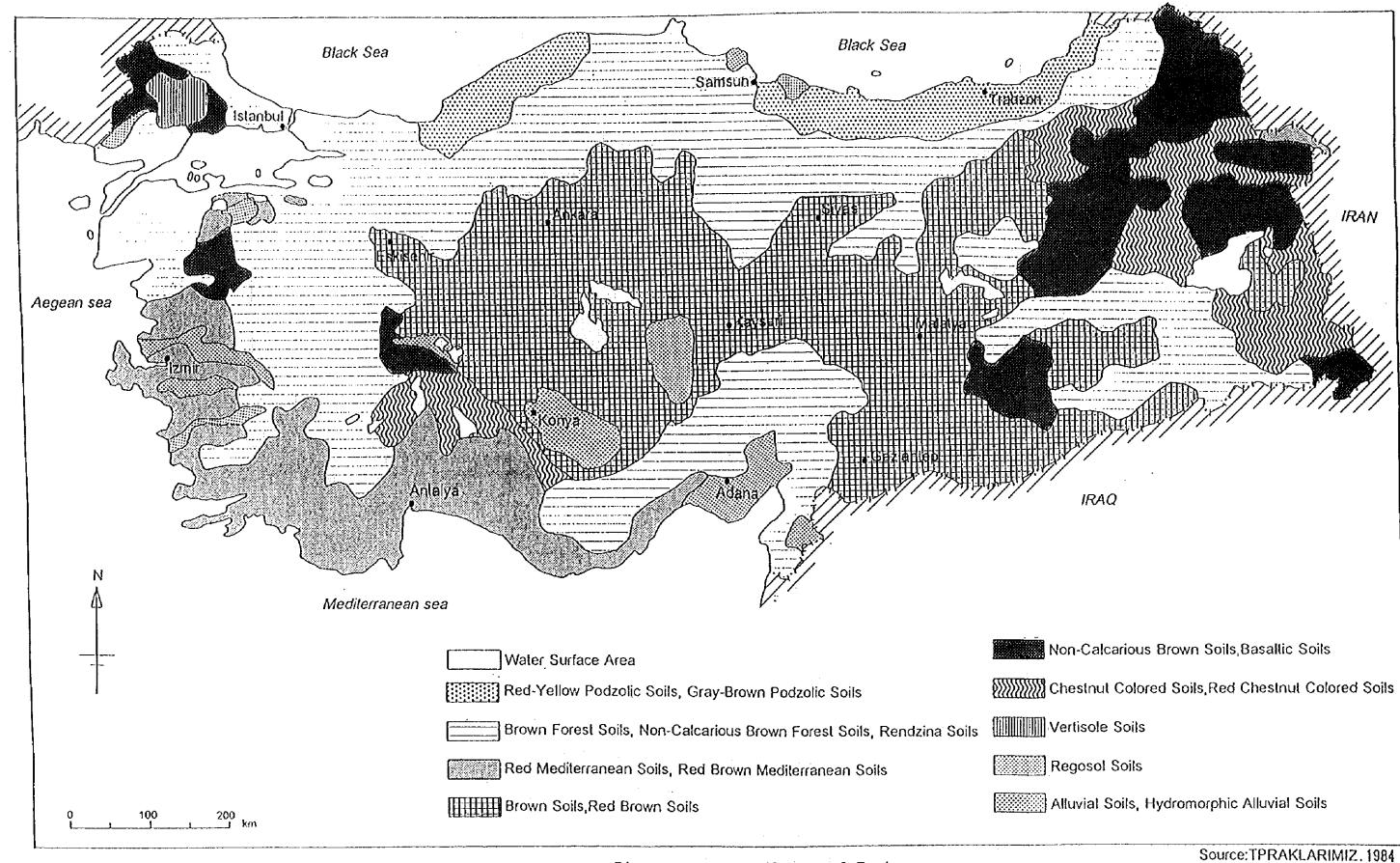


Figure G.1.1 Soil Map of Turkey

## Source: TPRAKLARIMIZ. 1984

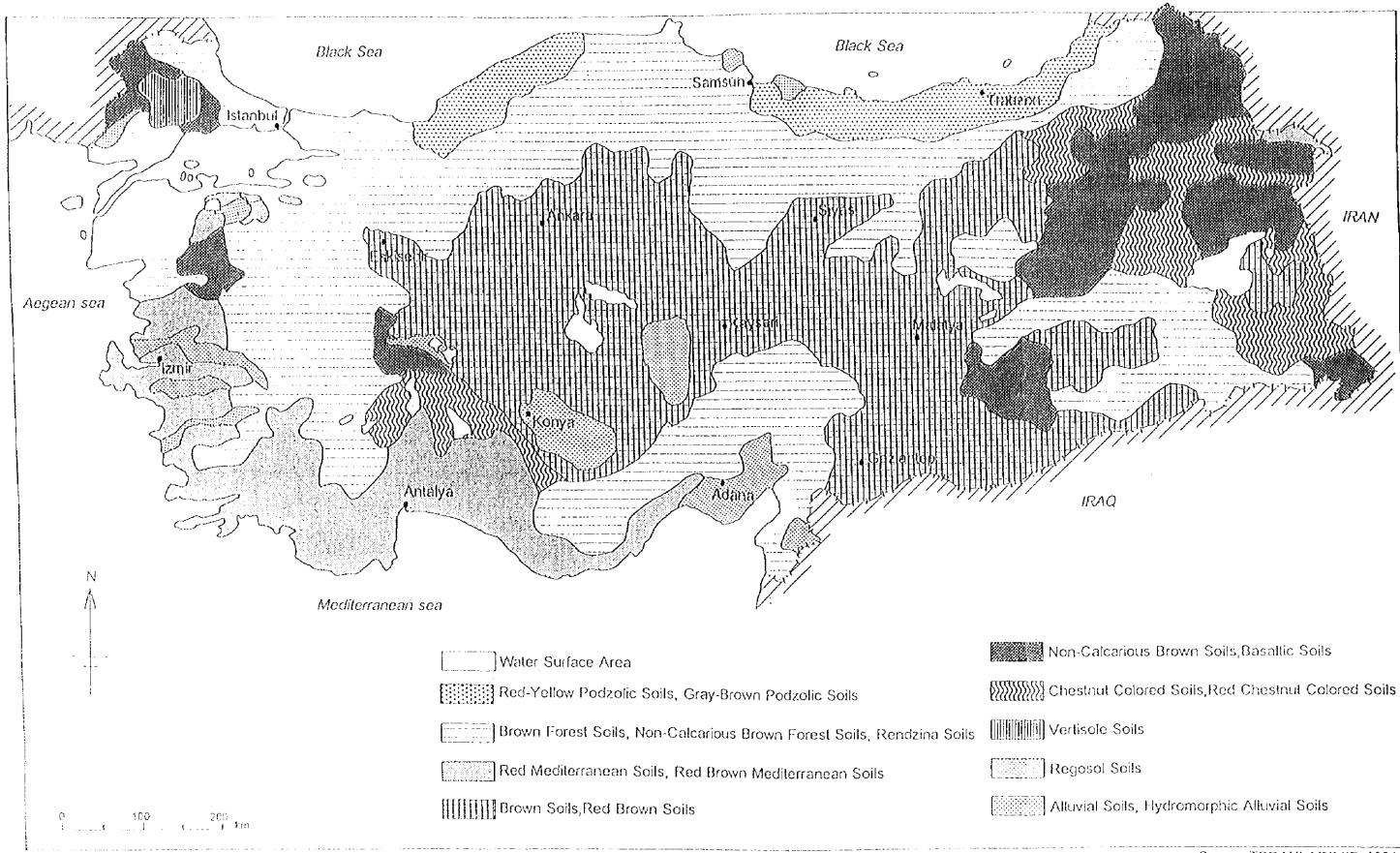


Figure G.1.1 Soil Map of Turkey

Source: TPRAKLARIMIZ, 1984

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Turkey
to Its Capability in
o Its O
according t
id Usage
Present Land
The Pre
Table G.1.3

					The Land Capability	oability (ha)					T	Percentage
Land Use	-		E		Subtotal		IN IN	- 15	Subtotal	IIA	10181	to total
	A 995 A42	590	6. 036. 224 4.	877.061	21.779.317	7, 969	3, 965, 201	2,301,020	6,274,190		28,053,507	36.
Agricultural land	_	-	3.774.460 3	508.127	11.671.270	4,412	2,469,711	873,975	3, 348, 098	•	15,119,368	(53.5)
		_	1 202 919	•	4, 612, 730	1,743	867.283	754,124	1,623,150	1	6, 235, 880	(22.)
Rain-fed field	000 110		DVD 000		2 488 144	1 661	83,095	19, 487	104.243		3,592,387	(12.
Irrigated field	1, 715, 478	973, 576	600, 307	-1	004 (0 141 (004 (0	100 (1	35 301	4 148		•	762.273	(2.7)
Partly irrigated field		239,851	126, 288		401.771 400 010	• 6	1000 .00	0.1.00			534 237	
Vineyard (rain-fed)	34,297	62, 882	110,744	-	312,257	27	101,023 676	30, 163			32,402	
Vineyard (irrigated)	14,477	9,615	4, 533			10		204 20	000 00		679 626	
Garden(rain-fed)	48,296	43, 567	40, 595	37,255		•	37,691	23, 238			236,046	
Garden(irrigated)	129,365	92,630	47,859			•	18, 744	6,445		•	220,000	
	5,959	17,721	16,543			•	16, 608	62,355		•	133, 814	· ب
	200	1, 233	1,413		12,485	•	44,059	31,807		•	88,351	(0.3)
	26 885	74,068	78.226		239,872	20	87,970	169, 552		•	497,444	<u> </u>
	2 656	10 5 00	24 544		117.570	1	162,526	234,963	397,489		515,059	(1.9)
Z	<b></b>	199		- fo	122	•	290	1.807		1	2,219	(tr.)
Chest nut	1 179	1 206	221		2.110	•	•	•	•	•	2,110	~ 
Banana	2) T C C T	10,010	107	63	26 962	1	1.059	44	1,103	1	28,065	(0.1)
Citrus fruits	12,231	016 '01	0,160			•	579	2.0		•	2,673	(tr)
Pine nut	•	•	- 100		100	3	) I	17,506		•	18,427	
61	0 0 0	4 615	"	626	11.099	•	7,790			1	26,073	(0.1)
Mulberry	140 151	4	č	1.641.	2:972,310	90,028	4,163,387	14,279,443	18, 532, 858	,	21,505,168	
Meadow - rasure	54.669		98,553	í 📃	384, 361	75,137	48,685				646,691	
Destive land	94,482		e	-	2,587,949	14,891	4,114,702	14,140,935	_		20,858,477	<u>(97.0)</u>
Ecrest - Heather(schub)	13.112		420,315		1,458,300	27, 970	2,624,014	19, 117, 691	_		23, 221, 913	
Forest land	7,708				-	9,447	1, 639, 313	<u>ှ</u>	7	•	- 15, 184, 879	(65.4)
Heath land(scrub)	5,404					18, 523	984,701		-	000 000	0,040,030	5
Non agricultural land	98,302	108,996	88, 924	60,	356,	1,967	73, 160			1		
National park	•					897	15/.		1001	070 TC		
Residential (compact)	18,243					280	5°.04					
Residential(not compact)	62,466		65,565	46,	స 	646	56, 365	0	~	Ŷ.		
Touristic area	1,428		106	238		49	/66		ч, ч Ч			
Industry area	6,268			2,127	20, 191	442	4, 375	1,577		<u>р</u>	······	
Military area	6,076					•	6, 652		, LJ,	40	., 	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (
Airport area	3,901	2,751	2,003			'	557	87	044	_	ſ	1
Other lands	•			,	•	•	'	*   	'	3,000,138	ົ່	
Water curface area		-		'   	•	•	•	•		1,158,109	9 1,158,109	
	-											

Degree of	Description	Area	Ratio to the
erosion		(ha)	country area(%)
OY	Flat Bottomland (improperly drained)	2,783,781	3.58
0	Flat Bottomland (Well drained)	2,382,846	3.06
1	Slightly Eroded	5,611,892	7.22
2	Moderately Eroded	15,592,750	20.04
3	Severely Eroded	28,334,933	36.42
4	Very Severely Eroded	17,366,463	22.32
CK	Rock Surfaces-Debris	2,930,933	3.77
Rı	Slight Wind Erosion	165,664	
R2	Moderate Wind Erosion	231,041	- - -
R3	Severe Wind Erosion	64,385	0.65
R4	Very Severe Wind Erosion	7,304	
SK	Coastal Dunes	37,915	
	Total	75,509,907	97.06
	The country area	77,797,127	

### Table G.1.4 Different Area of Erosion Types in Turkey

Source : Erosion map of Turkey, Ministry of Village Affairs and Cooperatives General Directorate of Topraksu, 1981

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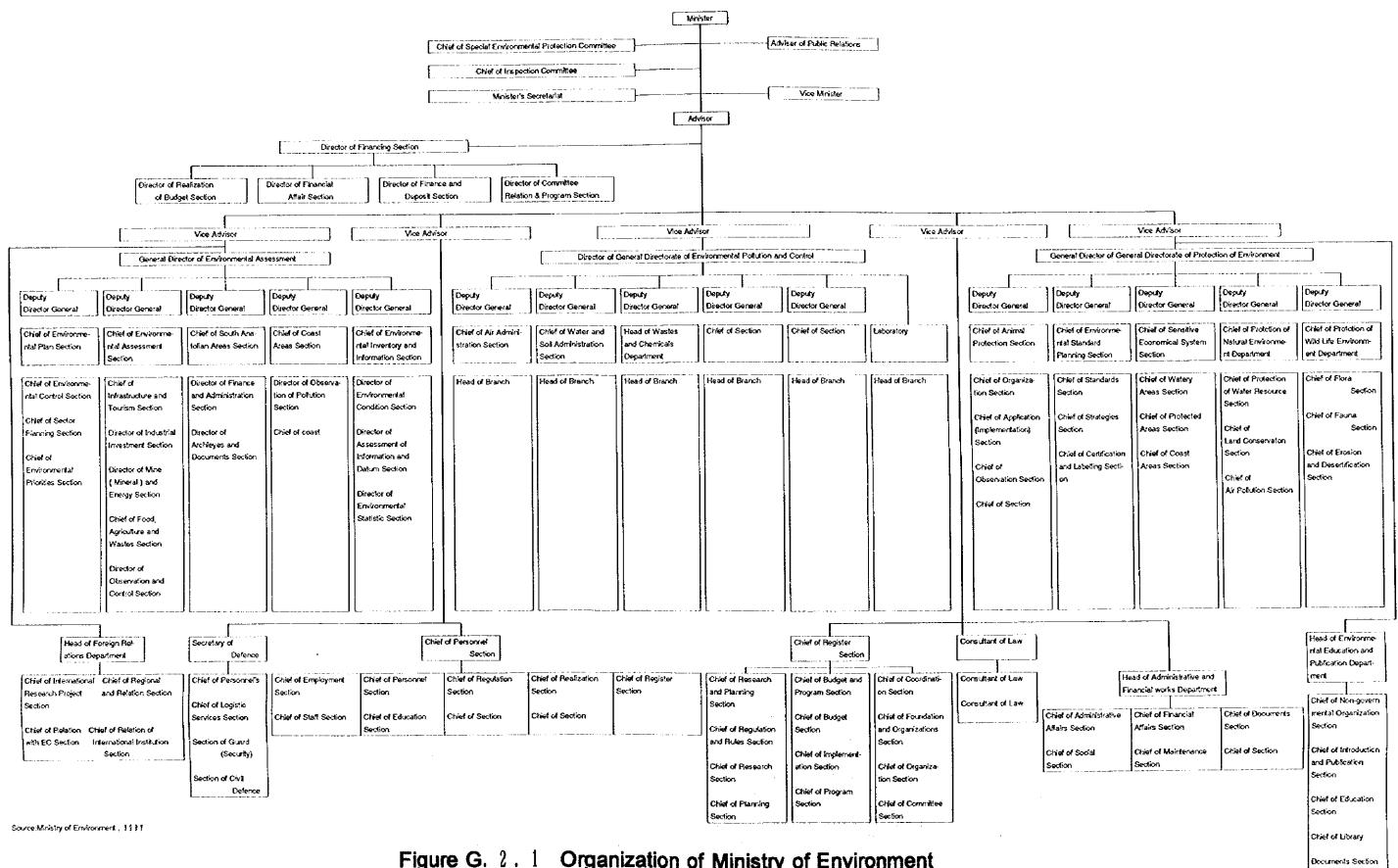


Figure G. 2.1 Organization of Ministry of Environment

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## Table G.3.1 Checklist for Proving Environmental Impact

Applicable columns with the following impact degree are marked with "X".

SEI : Significant Environmental Impact

- A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.
- B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.
- C: The SEI is not fully known.
- D: There is no possibility that the subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

Categories of	E	valu	uatio	on	
Environmental Impact	A	В	c	D	Evaluation Basis
1. Planned residential settlement					
2. Involuntary resettlement					
3. Substantial changes in the way of life					
4. Conflict among communities and people					·
5. Impact on native people	L.			<b>_</b>	
6. Population increase			<b>_</b>	_	
7. Drastic change in population composition					
8. Changes in bases of economic activities					
<ol> <li>Occupational change and loss of job opportunities</li> </ol>					
10. Increase in income disparities				<u> </u>	
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing (riparian) rights					
12. Changes in social and institutional structures					
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs					
14. Increased use of agrochemicals					
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases		<u> </u>	$\bot$	<u> </u> _	
16. Spreading of endemic diseases				1-	
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals				+-	
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes					
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultural assets					
20. Damage to aesthetic sites					

Categories of	E	valu	ati	on	
Environmental Impact	Å	В	С	D	Evaluation Basis
21. Impairment of buried assets					
22. Changes in vegetation					
23. Negative impact on important or indigenous fauna and flora					
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species					
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands					
27. Decrease of tropical rain forests and witd lands					
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests					
29. Degradation of coral reefs					
30. Soil erosion		ļ			
31. Soil salinization					
32. Deterioration of soil fertility					
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others					
34. Devastation or desertification of land					
35. Devastation of hinterland					
36. Ground subsidence					
37. Change in surface water hydrology					
38. Change in ground water hydrology					· · · ·
39. Inundation and flooding					
40. Sedimentation					
41. Riverbed degradation		۲			
42. Impediment of inland navigation					
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality					
44. Water eutrophication				Γ	
45. Sca water intrusion			Γ		
46. Change in temperature of water				Ī	
47. Air pollution	Τ		T		

#### Categories of Definition **Environmental Impact** Social Environment (1) Socio-economic issues (1)-1 Social issues New land settlement implemented in agriculture & rural development projects 1. Planned residential such as land clearing & leveling sea/swamp reclamation and irrigation settlement development; settlement expected for nomad, landless farmers or shifting cultivators. Forced resettlement of the inhabitants from their original dwelling places in the Involuntary resettlement 2. area that will be submerged with the development of the project. Changes in the way of life of the people in particular in the role of women in 3. Substantial changes in the family & society brought about by agricultural and rural development. way of life Friction due to conflicting interests between beneficiaries and non-beneficiaries, 4. Conflict among people in favor of and those against development, new settlers and host people, communities and people insiders and outsiders, people in a project area and those affected in the surrounding area. Adverse effects of development on local communities composed partly or 5. Impact on native people entirely of indigenous people (including tribal groups), low-caste groups, ethnic minorities, or nomads. (1)-2 Demographic issues Significant population increase in a project or surrounding area due to Population increase 6. development. Drastic change in population composition in a project or surrounding area due to 7. Drastic change in population composition development. (1)-3 Economic activities Forced or involuntary relocation of economic bases or means such as farmland, 8. Changes in bases of fishing grounds, etc., under a project due to land acquisition, changes in land use economic activities regulation, and deterioration or depletion of bases or means for economic activities. Forced or involuntary occupational change due to land acquisition and loss or 9. Occupational change and deterioration of means or bases of economic activities; it includes loss of job loss of job opportunities opportunities due to farm mechanization. Increase in income disparities among groups brought about by the development; 10. Increase in income it implies relative impoverishment of the economically weak. disparities (1)-4 Institutional and custom related issues Adverse development effects on water or fishing (riparian) rights and necessary 11. Adjustment & regulation adjustments or regulations. of water or fishing (riparian) rights Changes in social and institutional structures as a result of establishment of new 12. Changes in social and or modified rural organizations caused by development. institutional structures Changes in existing institutions and customs involved in or induced by 13. Changes in existing development activities. institutions and customs

### Table G.3.2 Definition of Environmental Impact Categories

	Categories of Environmental Impact	Definition
(2)	Health and sanitary issue	S
14.	Increased use of agrochemicals	Increased use of chemical pesticides due to intensification of agriculture; introduction of high-yielding species & new crops and irrigation.
15.	Outbreak of endemic diseases	Spreading of endemic diseases as a result of the adverse effects of development.
16.	Spreading of endemic diseases	Spreading of endemic diseases attributable to the adverse effects of development.
17.	Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	Accumulation in the natural environment (soil, water, etc.) of agrochemicals or chemical substances with high residual toxicity such as organo-chloric insecticides, etc.
18.	Increase in domestic and other human wastes	Increase in domestic and other human wastes due to the consequences of development such as population increase.
(3)	Cultural asset issues	
19.	Impairment of historic remains and cultural assets	Direct or indirect impairment or destruction of sites, structures, and remains of archaeological, historical, religious, cultural, or aesthetic value as result of development.
20.	Damage to aesthetic sites	Direct or indirect negative effects on aesthetic features as a result of development.
21.	Impairment of buried assets	Impairment or destruction of buried assets due to development activities.
Nat (4)	ural Environment Biological and ecological	issues
22.	Changes in vegetation	Direct or indirect deterioration or degradation of vegetation due to development activities including removal of vegetation cover, alternation of land use, encroachment into forest, alteration of environmental conditions, etc.
23.	Negative impact on important or indigenous fauna and flora	Adverse effects on important or indigenous animal & plant species due to destruction of or changes in habitats.
24.	Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	Degradation of ecosystems that allows the wild species of plants and animals to withstand external stress.
25.	Proliferation of exotic and/or bazardous species	Introduction of pathogenic agents or spreading of bazardous species due to creation of environment conductive to their propagation.
26.	Destruction of wetlands and peatlands	Extinction of wetlands or peatlands caused directly by development activities such as large-scale carth filling, or indirectly by changes of hydrological regime such as drying and decomposition.
27.	Decrease of tropical rain forests and wildlands	Decrease or disappearance of tropical rain forests due to direct or indirect effects of development.
28.	Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	Disappearance of mangrove forests attributable to direct destruction or deterioration of supporting environmental conditions.
29.	Degradation of coral reefs	Disappearance of coral reefs due to direct destruction, or damage to and deterioration of the supporting environment caused by sedimentation, etc.

ł	Categories of Invironmental Impact	Definition
(5) S	oil and land resources Soil resources	
30	Soil crosion	Washing or blowing away of soil from the earth surface by the action of water or wind.
31.	Soil salinization	Phenomena in which soluble salts accumulate in the surface layer of soil and crops growth is consequently affected.
	Deterioration of soil fertility	Deterioration of soil productivity due to leaching and decomposition of nutrients, nutrient absorption by plants, surface soil erosion, salinization, failure in soil management, etc.
	Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	Accumulation of agrochemicals in soil with high residual toxicity.
(5)-2	Land resources	
0	Devastation or desertification of land	Deterioration of land productivity or desertification caused by artificial or natural impacts.
35.	Devastation of binterland	Devastation of area surrounding a project area as a result of secondary or indirect impacts of development.
36.	Ground subsidence	Subsidence of ground caused by the dehydration or drying of wetlands, peat swamp, or reclaimed lands, or excessive exploitation of groundwater.
(6) (6)-3	Hydrology, water quality i Hydrology	y and air
37.	Change in surface water hydrology	Alteration of river discharge or water level as the effects of reservoir construction, irrigation water intake, or drainage.
38.	Change in ground water hydrology	Changes in the groundwater recharge mechanism or groundwater table caused by infiltration of irrigation water and exploitation of groundwater.
39.	Inundation and flooding	Overflowing of a river onto the surrounding land or the surrounding of sea water onto the coastal land. Inundation or flooding are caused by increased river or run-off discharge or poor water management.
40.	Sedimentation	Settlement of transported sediment in river, estuaries and reservoir.
41.	Riverbed degradation	Degradation of riverbed in lower basin areas due to insufficient sediment load to maintain riverbed level.
42.	Impediment of inland navigation	Adverse impacts on navigation due to development activities.
(6)	2 Water quality and ten	nperalure
43.	Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	Deterioration of water quality due to development activities.
44.	Water eutrophication	Accumulation in water of nutritive soluble salts such as nitrate and phosphate.
45.	Sea water intrusion	Intrusion of salt water wedge along the riverbed.
46.	Change in temperature of water	Adverse impact of low temperate irrigation water on crops.
(6)	-3 Atmosphere	
	Air pollution	Diffusion of agrochemicals, sand dust, stench and exhaust gas from vehicles an machines.

Table G.3.3	List of Initial Environmental Examination(IEE) Survey areas		
kara Regiona	Area(14 Areas)		 11

Ankara Regional i	Area(14 Areas)	· · · ·	
Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Ankara(6)	S.Kochisar	Seymenli	01-06-008
	Gudul	Gapipce	-040
	Beypazari	Acisu	-062
	Haymana	Calis	-066
	Polatli	Girmec	-068
	Haymana	Sogulca	-077
Bolu(1)	Sevan	Sebankoyleri	01-14-069
Cankiri(2)	Atkaracalar	Atkaraca-Mrk	01-18-070
	ligaz	Yuvasaray	-071
Kirikkale(5)	Merkez	Hacilar	01-71-072
	Karakecili	Sulubuk	-073
	Bahsili	Karaanmetli	-074
	Merkez	Anili	-075
	Keskin	Esatmuminti	-076

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1.Ankero n \_\_\_\_\_ A 100 

2.Konya Regional Area(62 Areas)

Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Konya(37)	Aksehir	Gozpinari	02-42-001
	Altinekin	Borukkuyu	-002
	Altinekin	Yenikuyu	-003
	Beysehir	Yenidogan	-004
	Cumra	Alibeyhuyugu	-005
	Cumra	Buyukaslama	-006
	Cumra	lefricumra	-007
	Cumra	Uruniu	-008
	Cumra	Surgue	-010
	Derebucak	Huglu	-011
	Eregli	Tasagil	-012
	Eregli	Yenizengen	-013
	Eregli	Kutoren	-014
	Emirgazi	Cinikyayl	-015
	Emirgazi	kizli	-016
	Guneysinir	M.Aliveorenboyali	-017
	Guneysinir	Merkez	-018
	llgin	Agalar	-020
	llgín	Argithani	-021
	ligin	Balki	-022
	Itgin	Mahmuihisar	-023
	Karapinar	Serpekyayl	-024
	Karapinar	Oymali	-025
	Karapinar	lslik	-026
	Karapinar	Akoren	-027
	Karapinar	Merkez	-028
	Karapinar	Taspinar	-029
	Karapinar	Sazlipinar	-030
	Karapinar	Sircali	-031
	Karapinar	Yavsancukuru	-032

Konya	Karapinar	Kucukaslama	02-42-033
(Continued)	Karatay	Kernerlikoica	-034
	Karatay	Buyukburnak	-035
	Sarayonu	Bashuyuk	-036
	Yunak	Merkez	-037
	Tuzlukcu	Kokluce	-038
	Cumra	Kapali	-039
Aksaray(10)	Agacoren	Oymaagac	02-68-039
	Eskil	Esmekaya	-040
*	Eskil	Besaran	-041
	Eskil	Sekeler	-042
	Merkez	Kargin	-043
	Ortakoy	Harmendali	-044
	Merkez	Kocpinar	-045
	Merkez	Altinkaya	-046
	Merkez	Uluirmak	-047
	Eskil	Eskil-Esmekaya	-048
Karaman(8)	Merkez	Sariveliler	02-70-049
	Merkez	Mesdiye	-050
	Merkez	Suleymanhaci	-051
	Kazimkarabekir	K Karabekir	-052
	Merkez	Coglu	-053
	Merkez	Karaman-Mrk	-054
	Merkez	Osmaniye	-055
	Karimlovabekir	Kizilkuyu	-056
Nigde(7)	Bor	8ayat	02-51-061
	Bor	Kaynarca	-062
	Cittuk	Azatli	-067
	Altunhisar	Ulukisla	-070
	Merkez	Aktas	-082
	Camardi	Beyazkislakci	-085
	Camardi	Pinarbasi	-088

### 3.Adana Regional Area(20 areas)

Idana Regional A Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Adana(10)	Tatsus	Yuregir(Drn II)	03-01-001
(dullu(10)	Karatas	Yuregir(Lc and Fd)	-002
	Tarsus	Yuregir(Drn IV)	-003
	Boztahta	Boztahta	-004
	Doganbeyli	Doganbeyli	-005
	Kalesekisi	Kalesekisi	-006
	Orcun	Orcun	-007
	Emelcik	Emelcik	-008
	Bakiali	Baklali	-009
	Bagtepe	Bagtepe	-010
lcel(6)	Merkez	Kosbucagi	03-33-011
	Merkez	Degirmendere	-012
	Merkez	Golpinari	-013
	Silifke	Akdere	-014

Icel (Continued)	Merkez Erdemli	Tascili Karakiz	03-33-015 -016
Hatay(4)	Karsu	Karsu	03-31-020
	Yenikoy	Yenikoy	-021
	Merkez	Erzin	-022
	Kirikhan	408 Evler	-023

#### 4.Kayseri Regional Area(13 areas)

Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Kayseri(10)	Tomarza	Kiziloren	04-38-001
	Talas	Kamber	-002
	Kocasinan	Mahzemin	-003
	Bunyan	Tuzhisar	-004
	Develi	Sarica	-005
	Pinarbasi	As.Karagoz	-006
	Pinarbasi	As.Borandere	-007
	Bunyan	Akmescit	-008
	Develi	Gazi	-009
	Develi	Cayirozu	-010
Kirsehir(1)	Kaman	Agapinar	04-40-011
Nevsehir(2)	Avanos	Hacibektas	04-50-012
	Urgup	Sahinefendi	-013

## 5.Sivas Regional Area(25 areas)

Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Sivas(19)	Yildizeli	A.Ekecik	05-58-001
	Hafik	Tavsankli	-002
	Yildizeli	Yildizeli-Yavu	-004
	Merkez	Gumusdere	-011
	Sarkisla	Baglararasi	-014
	Merkez	Akgoze	-015
	Yildizeli	Sariyar	-016
	Merkez	Durđulu	-021
	Merkez	Sugul	-023
	Hafik	Durutmus	-025
	Yildizeli	Kizilli	-032
	Merkez	Caypinar	-066
	Gurun	Gurun-Yesild	-096
	Gurun	Gobekoren	-097
	Kengal	Yaylacik	-110
	Koyulhisar	Akseki	-124
	Parkila	Alaman	-144
	Zara	Girit	-166
	Zara	Belentaria	-169
Tokat(6)	Camlibel	Camlibel	05-60-037
	Turhal	Yenikoy	-056
	Merkez	Guncali	-172
	Алоча	Mertekli	-187
	Sulusavay	Beyazit	-228

			The Shares	05-60-233
1	T - 1	Turhal	Kavacik-Haci	L 05 D0-233 L
	Tokat	Tumai	Truy u chi i la chi	00 00 200
	101(01			

## 6.Trabzon Regional Area(17 areas)

Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Artvin(8)	Merkez	Seyitler	11-08-016
	Savsat	Meydancik	-034
	Savsat	Velikoy	-038
	Ardanuc	Gumushane	-042
	Yusufeli	Alanbasi	-068
	Yusufeli	Celtikduzu	-074
	Yusufeli	Balaman	-077
	Ardanuc	Harmanli	-209
Bayburt(4)	Merkez	Polatli	11-69-103
24,001.(1)	Merkez	Guzeice	-106
	Merkez	Harmanozu	-107
	merkez	Nisantasi	-108
Giresun(3)	Camoluk	Gucer	11-28-112
Careson(o)	Alucra	Boyluca	-113
	Camoluk	Usluca	-132
Gumusharie(2)	Kose	Yuvacik	11-29-210
	kelkit	Gerdekhisar	-211

## 7.Samsun Regional Area(27 areas)

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amsun Regional. Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Samsun(7)	Bafra-Alacam	Bafra, Sahil	12-55-002
	Carsamra	Carsamba, Sahil	-003
	Bafra	Bafra, Ovasi	-004
	Carsamba	Sarsamba, Ovasi	-005
	Terme	Koziuk, Kusca	-006
	Tekkekoy	Gokcedere	-007
	Vezirkopru	As, Narli	-008
Amasya(11)	Merkez	Saraycik	12-05-009
	Merkez	Aybayrak	-010
	Goynucek	Sihilar	-011
	Tasova	Bol-Esencay	-012
	Tasova	Kumkuca	-013
	Tasova	Bol-Gungormus	-014
	Tasova	Bol-Dutluk	-015
	Merzifon	Caybasi	-016
	Goynucek	Yassikisla	-017
р. — До на С	Tasova	Golbeyli	-018
	Tasova	Caydebi	-019
Corum(9)	Alaca	Balcikhisar	12-19-020
	Alaca	Evei	-022
	Mecitozu	Figani	-028
	Mecitozu	Bayindir	-029
	Merkez	Derekoy	-032
	Sungurlu	Giftlik	-034

Corum	Sungurlu	Akderre	12-19-051
(Continued)	Osmancik	Ardic	-055
(********	Merkez	Hacibey	-058

8.Kastamonu Regional Area(14 areas)

Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Kastamonu(4)	Merkez	Ortabogaz	13-37-002
	Merkez	Kuskara	-004
	Cide	Baltaci	010
:	Taskopru	Goleti	-014
Sinop(6)	Boyabat	Boyali	13-57-038
	Boyabat	Eglence	-039
· ·	Boyabat	Carsak	-059
	Duragan	Yesilkent	-077
	Gerze	Beloren-Turkmen	-093
•	Boyabat	Karacaoren	-147
Karabuk(2)	Merkez	Bulak	13-78-105
	Safranibolu	Degirmencilik	-125
Bartin(2)	Merkez	Sarkoy	13-74-129
	Merkez	Dallica	-142

## 9.Eskisehir Regional Area(26 areas)

Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Eskisehir(14)	Alpu	Karakamis	14-26-001
	Alpu	Osmaniye	-002
	Inonu	Inonu	-003
	Merkez	Cukurhisar	-004
	Merkez	Beyazaltin	-005
	Mihaesazi	Bozanic	-006
	Saricakaya	Saricakaya	-007
	Alpu	Ozdenk	-008
	Beilikova	Beylikova	-009
	Sivrihisar	Okcu	-010
	Alpu	Yayikli	-011
	Alpu	Aktepe	-012
	Alpu	Guneli	-013
	Beylikova	Suleymaniye	-049
Afyon(5)	Ihsaniye	Akoren	14-03-022
	Bayat	Akpinar	-027
	Emirdag	Kurucakoy	-028
	Emirdag	E Akoren	-029
	Ihsaniye	Muratlar	-030
Kutahya(3)	Tavsanli	Ayvali	14-43-050
i columper(o)	Saphane	Kizilkoltuk	-051
	merkez	Kopruoren	-052
Usak(4)	Merkez	Sorkun	14-64-045
	merkez	Bolme	-046

Usak	Esme	Gullubag	14-64-047
(Continued)	Banaz	Kusdemir	-048

Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Antalya(8)	Merkez	Kovanlik	15-07-001
	Merkez	Cakirlar	-002
	Alanya	Sogukpinar	-007
	Alanya	Imamlidam	-008
	Elmali	Cukurelma	-016
	Elmali	Islamlar	-018
	Korkuteli	Kayabasi	-035
	Kumluca	Attinkaya	-040
Burdur(8)	Bucak	Camlikelsazi	15-15-050
	Merkez	Yazikoy-Akkaya	-051
	Cavdir	Ishal	-052
	Yesilova	Onacak	-053
	Karamanli	Kagilcik	-054
	Tefenni	Yuvalak	-055
	Yesilova	Doganbaba	-066
	Merkez	llyas	-067
Isparta(2)	Egirdir	Bademli	15-32-068
	Merkez	Bozanonu	-069

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## 10. Antalya Regional Area(18 areas)

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11.Izmir Regional Area(31 areas)	

zmir Regional Are Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Izmir(8)	Torbali	Turum	16-35-001
	Bergama	Aziziye	-002
	Torbali	Karakizlar	-003
	Menderes	Oglananasi	-004
	Bergama	Ahametbeyler	-005
	Bayindir	Elifi	-006
	Torbali	Aslanlar	-007
	Odernis	Konakli	-008
Aydin(5)	Kuyucak	Camdibi	16-09-009
	Karacasu	Atakoy	-010
	Karacasu	Isiklar	-011
	Buharkent	Kizildere	-012
Denizli(8)	Acipayam	Karahoyukavsari	16-20-014
	Acipayam	Yesiliyuva	-015
	Bozkurt	Cumali	-016
	Civril	lsíkli	-017
	Civril	Emirhisar	-018
	Guney	Camrak	-019
·	Merkez	Alaattin	-020
	Merkez	Karatas	-021
Manisa(5)	Sarigol	Ahametaga	16-45-023
	Sarigol	Cavuslar	-024

Manisa	Akhisar	Gokceahmet	16-45-025
(Continued)	Akhisar	Camonu	-026
	Kula	Kenger	-027
Mugla(6)	Ula	Gulagzi	16-48-028
	Koycegiz	Uzuncabuk	-031
	Koycegiz	Agla	-032
	Yatagan	Bozhoyuk	-033
	Ula	Sarayyani	-034
	Fethiye	Oren	-035

#### 12.Bursa Regional Area(14 areas)

Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Bursa(5)	Karacabey	Ariz	17-16-001
	Karacabey	Akcakoyun	-002
	Yenisehir	Demirboga	-003
	Erenler	Erenler	-004
	Iznik	Aydinlar	-005
Balikesir(3)	Erdek	Yukariyapici	17-10-006
	Havran	Havran	-007
	Burhaniye	Goruh	-008
Bilecik(1)	Merkez	Seloz	17-11-009
Canakkale(3)	Yenice	A-Cavus(3 villages)	17-17-010
	Bayramic	E-Cavuslu	-011
	Gelibolu	Kavakli	-012
Yalova(2)	Ciftlikkoy	llyaskoy	17-77-013
	Armutlu	Mecidiye	-014

## 13.Istanbul Regional Area(3 areas)

Istanbul Regional	Area(3 areas)		
Province	District	Name of the Project	Code Number
Kirklareli(3)	Luleburgaz	K.Karistiran	18-39-016
	Luleburgaz	Akcakoy	-017
	Luleburgaz	Ayvali	-018

1. Ankara Regional Area(14 Areas)					<u> </u>	1
Environmental Item			of Eval			Total
	<u>A</u>	B	C	<u>D</u>	Excluded	
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	14	0	14
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	0	14	0	14
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	0	14	0	14
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	1	0	13	0	14
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	14	0	14
6. Population increase	0	0	8	6	0	14
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	14	0	14
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	0	14	0	14
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	14	0	14
10. Increase in income disparities	0	0	0	14	0	14
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	0	0	14	14
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	0	14	0	14
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	14	0	14
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	0	5	9	0	14
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	14	0	14
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	14	0	14
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	9	5	0	14
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	1	13	0	14
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	14	0	14
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	14	0	14
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	14	0	14
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	0	14	0	14
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	14	0	14
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	14	0	14
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	4	10	0	14
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	14	0	14
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	Ð	0	14	14
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	14	14
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	14	14
30, Soil erosion	0	1	1	12	0	14
31. Soil salinization	0	0	1	13	0	14
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	14	0	14
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	0	4	10		14
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	14	0	14
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	0	14	0	14
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	14		14
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	2	12	0	14
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	2	12	0	14
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	14		14
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	14		14
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	14	0	14
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	0	14	14
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	0	0	14	0	14
44. Water eutrophication	0	0	0	14	0	14
45. Sea water intrusion	0	0	0	1	13	14
46. Change in temperature of water	0	0	0	14		14
47. Air pollution	0	0	0	7	7	14
Total	0	2	37	529	90	658
X SEI: Significant Environmental Impact						

Table G.3.4 Result of IEE for Proving Environmental Impact, Ankara Regional Area

1 Ankara Regional Area(14 Areas)

※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

8: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

Table G.3.5 Result	of IEE for Proving	Environmental Impact	Konya Regional Area
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2. Konya Regional Area(62 Areas)	r <del></del>					·
Environmental Item			of Eva			Total
	A 0	В 0	С 0	D 62	Excluded 0	62
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	62		62
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	43	19	0	62
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	55	7	0	62
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	30	32	0	62
5. Impact on native people	0	0	30	32	0	62
6. Population increase	0	0	30	<u>52</u> 61	0	62
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	62	0	62
8. Changes in bases of economic activities		0	1	61	0	62
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities			0	62	0	62
10. Increase in income disparities	0		0	60	1	62
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights		1				
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	49	13		62
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	24	38	0	62
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	60	0	2	0	62
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	62	0	62
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	62	0	62
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	61	0	1	0	62
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	1	61	0	62
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	62	0	62
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	62	0	62
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	62	0	62
22. Changes in vegetation	0	1	0	61	0	62
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	62	0	62
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	1	0	61	0	62
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	52	10	0	62
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	6	0	56	0	62
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	62	62
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	62	62
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	62	62
30. Soil erosion	0	0	1	61	0	62
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	62	0	62
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	62	0	62
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	60	0	2	0	62
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	62	0	62
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	1	61	0	62
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	62	0	62
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	0	62	0	62
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	0	62	0	62
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	61	1	62
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	13	49	62
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	.7	55	62
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	0	62	62
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	0	2	59	1	62
44. Water eutrophication	0	0	6	2	- 54	62
45. Sea water intrusion	0	0	0	2	60	62
46. Change in temperature of water	0		5	56		62
47. Air pollution	0	0	5	57		62
Total	0	190	306	1,948		

#### 2 Konya Regional Area(62 Areas)

※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

Table G.3.6 Result of IEE for	Proving	Environmental Impa	ct, Adana Regional Area
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3. Adana Regional Area(20 Areas)			. Cush		<u>.</u>	
Environmental Item		mber o				Total
	A 0	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	D 20	Excluded 0	20
1. Planned residential settlement		0	0	20	0	20
2. Involuntary resettlement	0					
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	15	5	0	20 20
4. Conflict among communities and people	0		14	6	0	
5. Impact on native people	0	0	11	9	0	20
6. Population increase	0	0	16	4	0	20
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	20	0	20
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	0	20	<u> </u>	20
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	. 0	0	1	-19	0	20
10. Increase in income disparities	0	0	0	20	0	20
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	0	_20	0	20
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	<u> </u>	0	15	5	0	20
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	2	18	0	20
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	20	0	0	0	20
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	20	0	20
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	20	0	20
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	20	0	0	0	
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	0	20	0	20
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	20	0	-20
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	20	0	20
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	20	0	20
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	1	-19	0	20
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	20	0	20
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	20	0	20
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	9	-11	.0	20
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	20	0	20
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	20	20
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	20	. 20
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	20	20
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	20	0	20
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	20	0	20
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	20	0	20
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	20	0	0	0	20
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	20	0	20
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	0	20	0	20
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	20	0	20
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	0	20	0	20
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	0	20	0	20
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	20	0	20
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	11	9	20
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	1	19	20
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	0	20	20
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	0	0	20	0	20
44. Water eutrophication	0	0	8	0	12	20
44. Water eutophication	0	0	0	0	20	20
45. Sea water influsion 46. Change in temperature of water	1 0	1 0	7	13	0	20
		0	0	20	0	20
47. Air pollution		60	99	641		930
Total	<u> </u>		4	T		J

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Total X SEI: Significant Environmental Impact SEI is unquestionable

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

able G.3.7 Result of IEE for Proving Environmental Impact, Kayseri Regional Area	

4. Kayseri Hegional Area(13 Areas)	r		<u></u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Environmental Item	······································		of Ev		r	Total
1. Disputed as identified as it is many	A	B	C	D 13	Excluded	10
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0		0	13
2. Involuntary resettlement	0			13	0	13
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	• 0	13	0	- 13
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	0	13	0	13
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	- 1	12	13
6. Population increase	0	0	13	0	0	. 13
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	13	0	13
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	0	13	0	13
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	13	· · 0·	13
10. Increase in income disparities	0	0	0	:13	0	13
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	0	13	0	13
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	0	13	0	13
13. Changes in existing Institutions and customs	0	0	0	13	0	13
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	0	13	0	0	<u> </u>
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	13	0	13
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	13	0	13
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	0	13	0	13
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	13	0	· 0.	13
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	13	0	13
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	13	0	13
21. Impairment of burled assets	0	0	0	· 0	13	13
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	0	13	0	13
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	0	13	13
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	13	: <u>0</u>	13
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	-0	0	13	0	13
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	0	13	13
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	13	13
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	13	13
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	13	13
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	13	0	13
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	13	<u>.                                    </u>	13
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	13	0	13
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	0	0	13	0	13
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	13	0	13
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	0	13	0	13
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	13	0	13
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	0	0	13	13
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	8	5	0	13
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	13	0	13
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	13	0	13
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	0	13	13
42. Impediment of Inland navigation	0	0	0	: 0	13	13
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	: 0	0	. 13	0	13
44. Water eutrophication	0	0	0	13	0	13
45. Sea water intrusion	0	0	0	0	13	13
46. Change in temperature of water	0	0	0	13	0	13
47. Air pollution	0	0	0	13	0	13
Total	0	0	47	422	142	611

## 4. Kayseri Regional Area(13 Areas)

※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

Table G 3.8 Result of IEE for Proving E	nvironmental Impact, Sivas Regional Area
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5. Sivas Regional Area(25 Areas)		Alumah			an I	······
Environmental Item			er or b C	valuati D	Excluded	Total
		<u>B</u> 0		25		25
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	25	0	25
2. Involuntary resettlement	0				0	25
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	- 0	0		25	0	25
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	0	25		25
5. Impact on native people	0	0		8	16	25
6. Population increase	0	0	1	24	0	
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	25	0	25
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	0	25	0	25
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	25	0	25
10. Increase in income disparities	0	0	0	25	0	25
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	0	25	0	25
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	0	25	0	25
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	25	0	25
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	0	23	2	0	25
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	25	0	25
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	25	0	25
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	1	24	0	25
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	22	3	0	25
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	25	0	25
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	25	0	25
21, Impairment of buried assets	0	0.	0	9	16	25
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	0	25	0	25
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	25	13	25
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	25	0	25
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	0	25	0	25
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	7	18	25
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	25	25
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	25	25
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	25	25
30. Soil erosion	0	0	16	9	0	25
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	25	0	25
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	25	0	25
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	0	1	24	0	25
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	25	0	25
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	0	25	0	25
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	4	21	25
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	1	8	16	25
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	1	24	0	25
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	25	0	25
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	25	0	25
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	25	13	25
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	1	24	25
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	0	0	25	0	25
44. Water eutrophication	0	0	0	25	0	25
45. Sea water intrusion	0	0	0	1	24	25
46. Change in temperature of water	0	0	0	8	17	25
47. Air pollution	0	0	0	25	0	25
Total	0	0	67	881	227	1,175
SEI: Significant Environmental Impact						

## 5. Sivas Regional Area(25 Areas)

※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEt is not fully known.

6. Trabzon Regional Area(17 Areas)	N	lumber	of Ev	aluatio	n	Tatal
Environmental Item	A	8	C	D	Excluded	Total
1, Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	17	0	17
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	0	17	0	17
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	• <b>O</b> •	0	17	. 0	. 17
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	0	17.	0	17
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	17	0	17
6. Population increase	0	0	0	17	0	17
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	-17.	0	. 17
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	Q	0	17	0	17
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	17	0	17
10. Increase in Income disparities	0	0	0 :	17	0	17
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	0	17	0	17
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	0	: 17	0	17
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	17	0	17
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	0	9.	- 8	0	17
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	17	0	- 17
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	17	0	17
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	0	17	0	17
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	. 0	17	0	17
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	. 17	. 0	17
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	17	0	17
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	17	0	17
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	0	17	0	17
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	17	0	17
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	17	0	17
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	0	: 17	0	17
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	17	0	17
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	17	17
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	17	17
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	17	. 0	17:
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	17	0	17
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	17	0	17
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	17	. 0	17
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	0	0	17	0	17
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	17	0	17
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	0	17	. 0	17
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	17	0	17
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	0	17	0	17.
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	0	17	0	17
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	17	- 0	17
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	17	0	17
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	17	0	17
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	17	0	17
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	0	0	17	0	17.
44. Water eutrophication	0	0	0	17	0	17
45. Sea water Intrusion	0	0	0	17	0	17
46. Change in temperature of water	<u> </u>	0		17	0	\$7
47. Air pollution	0	0	0	17	0	17
Total	0	0	9	756		799

## Table G.3.9 Result of IEE for Proving Environmental Impact, Trabzon Regional Area

※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

7. Samsun Regional Area(27 Areas)						
Environmental Item		······································	of Eval			Total
	<u>A</u>	B	C		Excluded	07
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	27		27
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	0	27	0	27
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	2	25	0	27
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	1	26	0	27
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	27	0	27
6. Population increase	0	0	0	27	0	27
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	27	0	27
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	1	26	0	27
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	5	22	0	27
10. Increase in income disparities	0	0	0	27_	0	27
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	2	1	24	0	27
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	5	22	0	27
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	27	0	27
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	3	1	23	0	27
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	27	0	27
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	27	0	27
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	0	27	0	27
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	0	27	0	27
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	27	0	27
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	27	0	27
20. Damage to assimilate sites	0	-0	0	27	0	27
	0	0	0	27	0	27
22. Changes in vegetation 23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	27	0	27
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	27	0	27
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	0	27	0	27
	0	0	0	27	0	27
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	0	27	27
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	Ŭ Ŭ	T O	0	0	27	27
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	27	0	27
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	27	0	27
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	27	0	27
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	27	0	27
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	- 0	0	27		27
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0			27	0	27
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	27		27
35. Devastation of hinterland	0		t o	27		27
36. Ground subsidence	0	1		26		27
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0		0	25	0	27
38. Change in ground water hydrology		2		27		27
39. Inundation and flooding	0			27	0	27
40. Sedimentation	0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27		27
41. Riverbed degradation	0		0			27
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0		27		27
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0			27		
44. Water eutrophication	0	0		27		27
45. Sea water intrusion	0			27		27
46. Change in temperature of water	0		0	27		27
47. Air pollution	0			27		27
Total	0	8	16	1,19	1 54	1,269

## Table G.3.10 Result of IEE for Proving Environmental Impact, Samsun Regional Area

※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

Environmental Item		Numbe				Total
Environmental liem	Α	В	C	D	Excluded	IUtai
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	14	0	- 14
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	0	14	0	<u> </u>
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	0	14	0	-14
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	0	14	0	14
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	14	0	14
6. Population increase	0	0	0	14	0	14
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	14	0	14
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	0	14	· · · 0	:14
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	14	0	14
10. Increase in Income disparities	0	0	0	14	0	14
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	0	14	· · 0	14
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	0	14	0	- 14
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	14	0	14
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	0	12	2	0	14
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	- 14 :	0	14
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	• 14	0	14
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	0	14	0	14
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	0	14	0	14
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	14	· · · O	14
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	14	0	14
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	14	0	14
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	0	14	· · 0	14
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	14	· · · 0 ·	14
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	14	0	14
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	0	14	0	- 14
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	14	0	14
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild fands	0	0	0	0	14	14
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	14	14
29. Degradation of coral reets	0	0	0	14	0	14
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	14	0	14
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	14	0	14
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	14	0	14
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	0	0	14	0	14
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	14	0	14
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	Ō	0	14	0	- 14
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	14	: 0	14
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	0	14	0	14
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	0	14	0	14
39. Inundation and flooding	0	Ō	0	14	0	14
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	14	0	14
41. Riverbed degradation	0	Ō	ŏ	14	0	14
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	14	0	14
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	0	0	14	0	14
44. Water eutrophication	0	0	0	14	0	14
45. Sea water intrusion	0	0	0	14	0	14
46. Change in temperature of water	0	0	0	14	0	14
40. Change in temperature of water 47. Air pollution			0	14	0	14
	<u> </u>	I	12	14	ι <u> </u>	<u>  14</u>

### Table G.3.11 Result of IEE for Proving Environmental Impact, Kastamonu Regional Area

X SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEt is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

Table G.3.12 Result of IEE for Provid	g Environmental Impact, Eskisehir Regional Area
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9. Eskisehir Regional Area(26 Areas)						
Environmental Item		Numbe		مد حد به دب	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total
	<u>A</u>	<u> </u>	C	D	Excluded	
1. Planned residential settlement		0	0	26	0	26
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	0	26	0	26
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	0	26	0	26
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	23	3	0	26
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	4	22	26
6. Population increase	0		19	7	0	26
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	26	0	26
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	17	9	0	26
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	26	0	26
10. Increase in income disparities	0	0	0	26	0	26
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	0	26	0	26
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	0	26	0	26
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	26	0	26
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	0	20	6	0	26
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	26	0	26
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	26	0	26
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	0	26	0	26
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	19	7	0	26
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	26	0	26
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	26	0	26
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	1	6	19	26
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	0	26	0	26
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	14	12	26
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	26	0	- 26
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	0	26	0	26
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	26	0	26
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	26	26
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	26	26
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	26	26
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	26	0	26
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	26	0	26
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	Ō	0	0	26	0	26
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	0	0	26	0	26
34. Devastation or desertification of land	Ŭ 0	 0	0	26	Ō	26
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	0	26	0	26
36. Ground subsidence	0	Ŭ Û	0	26	0	26
	0	0	0	26	Ŭ Ŭ	26
37. Change in surface water hydrology	<del>0</del>	0	13	11	2	26
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	0	26	0	26
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	26	0	26
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	26	0	26
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	6	20	26
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	26	0	26
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water guality			0	26	0	26
44. Water eutrophication	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		20		20
45. Sea water intrusion	0		0	26	21	
46. Change in temperature of water	0	0			0	26
47. Air pollution	0	0	0	26		26
Total	0	0	112	936	174	1,222

### Eckicobir Rogional Areas

Total X SEI: Significant Environmental Impact First SEI is unquestionably

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

10. Antalya Regional Area(18 Areas)	alya Regional Area(18 Areas) Number of Evaluation※							
Environmental Item		T	Totat					
	A	B	C	D	Excluded			
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	<u> </u>	18	0	18		
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	:0	18	0	18		
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	<u>:0</u>	. 5	13	0	18		
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	5	13	. 0	18		
5. Impact on native people	0	0	7	11	0	18		
6. Population increase	0	0	10	8	0	18		
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	18	0	18		
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	1	0	17	0	18		
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	18	0	18		
10. Increase in income disparities	0	0	0	18	0	18		
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	1	0	16	1	18		
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	8	10	0	18		
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	6	12	0	18		
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	17	0	. 1	0	18		
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	- 18	0	18		
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	18	0	18		
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	17	0	1	0	.18		
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	0	18	0	18		
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	18	0	18		
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	18	0	18		
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	18	0	18		
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	2	16	0	18		
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	18	0	18		
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	18	0	18		
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	2	16	0	18		
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	2	0	16	0	18		
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	18	18		
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	18	18		
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	18	18		
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	18	0	18		
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	18	0	18		
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	Ō	0	0	18	0	18		
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	17	0	1	0	18		
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	18	0	18		
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	Û	0	18	0	18		
36. Ground subsidence	Ō	0	0	18	Õ	18		
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	0	18	0	18		
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	0	18	0	18		
39. Inundation and flooding		0	0	18	0	18		
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	4	14	18		
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	0	14			
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	0	18	<u>18</u> 18		
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	0	0	18	0	18		
43. Water containington and detendration of water quality 44. Water eutrophication	0	0	3	18 0				
45. Sea water intrusion					15	18		
46. Change in temperature of water	0	0	0	<u>.0</u> .	18	18		
40. Change in temperature of water 47. Air pollution	0	0	3	15	0	18		
	0	0	· 0	18	0	18		
Total	0	55	51	602	138	846		

#### 10. Antalva Regional Area(18 Areas)

※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

1. Izmir Regional Area(32 Areas)	Number of 1					Total
Environmental Item	Α	8	C		Excluded	
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	32	0	32
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	0	32	0	32
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	0	32	0	32
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	0	32	0	32
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	32	0	32
6. Population increase	0	0	0	32	0	32
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	32	0	32
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	0	32	0	32
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	32	0	- 32
0. Increase in income disparities	0	0	0	32	0	32
1. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	2	4	26	32
2. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	0	32	0	32
3. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	32	0	32
4. Increased use of agrochemicals	18	9	1	4	0	32
5. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	32	. 0	32
6. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	32	0	32
7. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	0	32	0	32
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	0	32	0	32
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	0	32	32
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	32	0	32
20. Damage to aesthelic sites	0	0	0	32	0	32
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	32	0	- 32
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora		0	0	32	0	32
23. Negative impact of important latit and installed	0	0	0	32	0	32
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	0	32	0	32
25. Promeration of excluse and/or nazaroous species	0	0	0	0	32	32
20. Destruction of weitands and pear lands 27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	32	32
27. Decrease of itopical fail forest and wild rands 28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	32	32
	0	0	0	32	0	3:
29. Degradation of coral reefs	<u> </u>	0	0	32	0	3:
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	32	0	3:
31. Soil salinization	0		0	32	0	3:
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	32	0	3:
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	0	0	32		3:
34. Devastation or desertification of land		Ŏ	0	32		3
35. Devastation of hinterland			0	32		3
36. Ground subsidence		3	1	28		3
37. Change in surface water hydrology		T O	5	27		3
38. Change in ground water hydrology		T õ	0	32		3
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	32		3
40. Sedimentation		0	Ŏ	32		3
41. Riverbed degradation		0		0		3
42. Impediment of inland navigation		0		32		3
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality			0	32		3
44. Water eutrophication						3
45. Sea water intrusion			3	+		3
46. Change in temperature of water	0					3
47. Air pollution	0	1 0	0	1 0	32	-

## Table G.3.14 Result of IEE for Proving Environmental Impact, Izmir Regional Area

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※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEt is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

12. Bursa Regional Area(14 Areas)						
Environmental Item		Number				Total
	<u>A</u>	B	<u> </u>	D	Excluded	
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	14	0	14
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	0	14	0	. 14
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	0	14	0	14
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	0	14	0	- 14
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	14	0	14
6. Population increase	0	1	3	10	0	14
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	.14	0	14
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	- 0	0	14	Q	14
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	14	0	14
10. Increase in income disparities	0	0	• 0	- 14	0	14
11. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	- 3	6	5	14
12. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0.	0	14	. 0	14
13. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	14	0	14
14. Increased use of agrochemicals	7	4	3	0	0	14
15. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	14	0	14
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	14	0	14
17. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	0	14	0	14
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	<b>0</b> 1	14	0	14
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	0	14	14
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	14	0	14
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	14	0	- 14
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	O	14	0	14
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	14	0	14
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	14	0	14
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	0	14	0	14
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	Ō	0	14	0	14
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	14	14
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	Ū	0	-0	0	14	14
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	14	14
30. Soil erosion	0	0	5	9	0	14
31. Soil salinization	Ō	0	0	14	0	14
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	-14	0	14
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	1 0	ŏ	14	- ŏ	14
34. Devastation or desertification of land		0	ŏ	14		14
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	0	14	0	14
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	14	0	14
	0	0	1	13	0	14
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	0	13	0	14
38. Change in ground water hydrology		0			0	
39. Inundation and flooding	0			14	-}	14
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	14	0	14
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	14	0	14
42. Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0		14	14

#### Table G.3.15 Result of IEE Proving Environmental Impact, Bursa Regional Area

#### 12. Bursa Regional Area(14 Areas)

※ SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

46. Change in temperature of water

44. Water eutrophication

45. Sea water intrusion

47. Air pollution

Total -

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality

C: The SEI is not fully known.

D: There is no possibility that the subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

able G.3.16 Result of IEE for Proving Environmental Impact, Istanbul Regional Area

3. Istanbul Regional Area(3 Areas)	λ	lumher	of Eva	luation	*	
Environmental Item	A	8	C		Excluded	Total
1. Planned residential settlement	0	0	0	3	0	3
2. Involuntary resettlement	0	0	0	3	0	3
3. Substantial changes in the way of life	0	0	0	3	0	3
4. Conflict among communities and people	0	0	0	3	0	3
5. Impact on native people	0	0	0	3	0	3
6. Population increase	0	0	0	3	0	3
7. Drastic change in population composition	0	0	0	3	0	3
8. Changes in bases of economic activities	0	0	0	3	0	3
9. Occupational change and loss of job opportunities	0	0	0	3	0	3
0. Increase in Income disparities	0	0	0	3	0	3
1. Adjustment & regulation of water or fishing rights	0	0	0	0	33_	
2. Changes in social and institutional structures	0	0	0	3	0	3
3. Changes in existing institutions and customs	0	0	0	3	0	
4. Increased use of agrochemicals	0	3	0	0	0	
5. Outbreak of endemic diseases	0	0	0	3	0	;
16. Spreading of endemic diseases	0	0	0	3	0	
7. Residual toxicity of agrochemicals	0	0	0	3	0	
18. Increase in domestic and other human wastes	0	0	0	3	0	;
19. Impairment of historic remains and cultura assets	0	0	0	1	2	
20. Damage to aesthetic sites	0	0	0	3	0	
21. Impairment of buried assets	0	0	0	3	0	
22. Changes in vegetation	0	0	0	3	0	
23. Negative impact on important fauna and flora	0	0	0	3	0	
24. Degradation of ecosystems with biological diversity	0	0	0	3	0	
25. Proliferation of exotic and/or hazardous species	0	0	0	3	0	
26. Destruction of wetlands and peat lands	0	0	0	3	0	
27. Decrease of tropical rain forest and wild lands	0	0	0	0	3	
28. Destruction or degradation of mangrove forests	0	0	0	0	3	
29. Degradation of coral reefs	0	0	0	0	3	
30. Soil erosion	0	0	0	3	0	ļ
31. Soil salinization	0	0	0	3	0	<b></b>
32. Deterioration of soil fertility	0	0	0	3	0	Ì
33. Soil contamination by agrochemicals and others	0	0	0	3	0	ļ
34. Devastation or desertification of land	0	0	0	3	0	
35. Devastation of hinterland	0	0	0	3	0	<u> </u>
36. Ground subsidence	0	0	0	3	0	
37. Change in surface water hydrology	0	0	0	3	0	1
38. Change in ground water hydrology	0	0	3	0		
39. Inundation and flooding	0	0	0	3		<b></b>
40. Sedimentation	0	0	0	3	0	ļ
41. Riverbed degradation	0	0	0	3		<u> </u>
42 Impediment of inland navigation	0	0	0	0		<b>.</b>
43. Water contamination and deterioration of water quality	0	0	0	3		
44. Water eutrophication	0	0	0	3		-
45. Sea water intrusion	0	0	0	0	3	<b>_</b>
46. Change in temperature of water	0	0	0	3		
47. Air pollution	0	0	0	0		
Total	0	3	3	112	23	1

#### 12 Istanbul Regional Area(3 Areas)

X SEI: Significant Environmental Impact

A: The subject SEI is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject SEI is likely to be induced by the Project.

C: The SEI is not fully known.

Table G.3.17 Evaluated Numbers of IEE in the Provinces	•	

Province		Number	of	Evaluati	on	Total	Number of Survey -
Г	Å	B	C	D	Excluded		
Ankara	0	2	16	222	42	282	6
Bolu	0	0	3	38	6	47	$1 \le 1 \le 1 \le 1$
Cankiri	0	0	9	73	12	94	2
Kirikkale	0	0	9	196	30	235	5
Total	0	0	37	529	90	658	14
(%)	0	tr.	6	80	14	100	

### 2. Konya Regional Area

Province	-	Numbe	r of	Evaluati	Total	Number of Survey	
ſ	Å	B	C	Ď	Excluded		
Konya	0	116	196	1,150	277	1,739	37
Aksaray	0	29	36	329	76	470	10
Karaman	0	24	37	252	63	376	. 8
Nigde	0	21	37	217	54	329	7
Total	0	190	306	1,948	470	2,914	62
(%)	0	7	11	67	15	100	4

#### 3. Adana Regional Area

Province		Number	Total	Number of Survey			
ſ	A	B	C	D.	Excluded	<sup>1</sup> 1	
Adana	0	30	46	322	72	470	10
Icel	0	18	42	186	36	282	6
Katay	0	12	11	133	32	188	. 4
Total	0	60	99	641	140	930	20
(%)	0	6	11	69	14	100	

## 4. Kayseri Regional Area

Province		Number	r of l	Evaluati	Total	Number of Survey	
ſ	Å	B	C	D-	Excluded		
Kayseri	0	0	37	323	110	470	10
Kirsehir	0	0	3	33	11	47	1
Nevsehir	0	0	7	66	21	94	2
Yozgat	-	~	-		-	-	0
Total	0	0	47	422	142	611	13
(%)	0	0	8	69	23	100	

#### 5. Sivas Regional Area

	Numbei	r of E	valuati	Total	Number of Survey	
A	8	C	D	Excluded	·	
0	0	51	648	194	893	19
0	0	16	233	33	282	6
0	0	67	881	227	1,175	25
0	0	6	75	19	100	
	A 0 0 0	Number           A         B           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0	A         B         C           0         0         51           0         0         16	A         B         C         D           0         0         51         648           0         0         16         233           0         0         67         881	0         0         51         648         194           0         0         16         233         33           0         0         67         881         227	A         B         C         D         Excluded           0         0         51         648         194         893           0         0         16         233         33         282           0         0         67         881         227         1,175

## 6. Trabzon Regional Area

Province	Number of Evaluation					Total	Number of Survey
	Å	B	c	D	Excluded		
Trabzon	-	-	~		-	-	0
Artvin	0	0	0	360	16	376	8
Bayburt	0	0	4	176	8	188	4
Giresun	Ó	0	3	132	6	141	3
Gumushane	0	0	2	88	4	94	2
Rize	-	-	-	-	-		0
Total	0	0	9	756	34	799	17
(%)	0	0	1	95	4	100	<u>]</u>

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## 7. Samsun Regional Area

Province			of	Evaluati	ion	Total	Number of Survey
	A	В	C	D	Excluded		
Samsun	0	4	12	299	14	329	7
Amasya	0	0	3	492	22	517	11
Corum	0	4	· 1	400	18	423	9
Ordu	_	-	-	-	-	-	0
Total	0	8	16	1,191	54	1,269	27
(%)	0	tr.	1	95	4	100	

## 8. Kastamonu Regional Area

Province	the second se			valuati	on	Total	Number of Survey
	A	B	C	D	Excluded		
Kastamonu	0	0	2	178	8	188	4
Zonguldak	<u> </u>	-			-	-	0
Sinop	0	0	6	264	12	282	6
Karabuk	0	0	2	88	4	94	2
Bartin	0	0	2	88	4	94	2
Total	0	0	12	618	28	658	14
(%)	0	0	2	94	4	100	

## 9. Eskisehir Regional Area

Province				Evaluati	on	Total	Number of Survey
	A	B	C	0	Excluded		
Eskisehir	0	0	48	528	82	658	14
Afyon	0	0	24	177	34	235	5
Kutahya	0	0	16	99	26	141	3
Usak	0	0	24	132	32	188	4
Total	0	0	112	936	174	1,222	26
(%)	0	0	9	77	14	100	

10. Antalya Regional Area

Province		Number	r of	Evaluati	Total	Number of Survey	
Γ	Å	B	C	D	Excluded		
Antalya	0	24	22	268	62	376	8
Burdur	0	27	21	266	62	376	8
İsparta	0	4	8	68	14	94	2
Total	0	55	51	602	138	846	18
(%)	0	6	6	71	17	100	

# 11. Izmir Regional Area

Province		Number	r of	Evaluati	ion	Total	Number of Survey
	Å	B	C	D	Excluded		
Izmir	7	2	0	304	63	376	8
Aydin	0	3	1	189	42	235	5
Denizli	7	4	6	298	61	376	8
Manisa	3	i	3	188	40	235	5
Kugla	1	3	2	229	47	282	6
Total	18	13	12	1,208	253	1,504	32
(%)	1	1	1	80	17	100	

## 12. Bursa Regional Area

Province		Numbe	r of	Evaluati	ion	Total	Number of Survey
	A	B	C	D	Excluded		
8ursa 🛛	0	4	12	182	37	235	5
Balikesir	2	2	1	113	23	141	3
Bilecik	1	1	1	37	7	47	1
Canakkale	2	3	2	112	22	141	3
Yalova	2	0	2	76	14	94	2
Total	7	10	18	520	103	658	14
(%)	1	2	3	79	15	100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

#### 13. Istanbul Regional Area

Province		Number	r of	Evaluat	ion	Total	Number of Survey
	A	В	C	ጉ	Excluded		
Istanbul	-	-	-	~	-	-	0
Edirne	-	-	-	-	+	-	0
Kirklareu	0	3	3	112	23	141	3
Kocaeu	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Sakarya	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Tekirdag	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Total	0	3	3	112	23	141	3
(%)	0	2	2	80	16	100	

Table G.3.18The Projects of Contents, having Significant Environmental Impact

The projects which have impact upon environment, are listed as following.

	Project code	Particular of Influence
1.Ankara	01-06-008	Soil erosion(B)
	01-06-068	Conflict among communities and people(B)
2.Konya	02-42-001	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		<ul> <li>Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	02-42-002	Ditto
	02-42-003	• Ditto
	02-42-004	<ul> <li>Destruction of wetlands and peatlands(B)</li> </ul>
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	02-42-005	<ul> <li>Increased use of agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	02-42-006	• Ditto
	02-42-007	• Ditto
	02-42-008	• Ditto
	02-42-010	• Ditto
	02-42-011	Ditto
		<ul> <li>Destruction of wetlands and peatlands(B)</li> </ul>
	02-42-012	<ul> <li>Increased use of agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	02-42-013	• Ditto
	02-42-014	• Ditto
	02-42-015	Ditto
	02-42-016	• Ditto
	02-42-017	• Ditto
		Destruction of wetlands and peatlands(B)
	02-42-018	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	02-42-020	· Ditto
	02-42-020	• Ditto
	02-42-022	Ditto
	V2-42-022	Destruction of wetlands and peatlands(B)
	02-42-023	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
	02-42-020	Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	1	<ul> <li>Destruction of wetlands and peatlands(B)</li> </ul>
		Adjustment & regulation of water right(B)
		Changes in vegetation(B)
		<ul> <li>Degradation of ecosystems with biological</li> </ul>
		diversity(B)
	00 40 004	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
	02-42-024	Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(b)     Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	00 40 000	
	02-42-025	Ditto
	02-42-026	
	02-42-027	• Ditto
	02-42-028	• Ditto

Province	Project code	Particular of influence
2.Konya	02-42-029	• Ditto
Continued	02-42-030	Ditto
	02-42-031	Ditto
	02-42-032	• Ditto
	02-42-033	• Ditto
	02-42-034	• Ditto
	02-42-035	• Ditto
	02-42-036	• Ditto
	02-42-037	• Ditto
	02-42-038	• Ditto
	02-42-039	• Ditto
3.Aksaray	02-68-039	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	02-68-040	· Ditto
	02-68-041	· Ditto
	02-68-042	· Ditto
	02-68-043	Ditto
	02-68-044	· Ditto
	02.00.0	<ul> <li>Destruction of wetlands and peatlands(B)</li> </ul>
	02-68-045	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
	02-08-045	Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	02-68-046	Son contamination by agrochemicals(b)     Ditto
	02-68-046	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
	02-68-048	Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
	00.70.040	Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
4.Karaman	02-70-049	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	02-70-050	• Ditto
	02-70-051	Ditto
	02-70-052	• Ditto
	02-70-053	• Ditto
	02-70-054	
	02-70-055	• Ditto
	02-70-056	Ditto
5.Nigde	02-51-061	<ul> <li>Increased use of agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
•	02-51-062	• Ditto
	02-51-067	• Ditto
	02-51-070	• Ditto
	02-51-082	• Ditto
	02-51-085	• Ditto
	02-51-088	Ditto
6.Adana	03-01-001	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
	1	Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	03-01-002	Ditto
	03-01-003	· Ditto

.

Province	Project code	Particular of influence
6.Adana	03-01-004	• Ditto
Continued	03-01-005	• Ditto
	03-01-006	Ditto
	03-01-007	Ditto
	03-01-008	Ditto
	03-01-009	Ditto
:	03-01-010	• Ditto
7.lcel	03-33-011	<ul> <li>Increased use of agrochemicals(8)</li> </ul>
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
	· · ·	Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	03-33-012	Ditto
	03-33-013	• Ditto
	03-33-014	Ditto
	03-33-015	• Ditto
	03-33-016	• Ditto
8.Hatay	03-31-020	ncreased use of agrochemicals(B)
o.i iaiay	100-01-020	Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soit contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	03-31-021	· Ditto
	03-31-022	Ditto
	03-31-023	Ditto
9.Samsun	12-55-003	Change in surface water hydrology(B)
9.580500	12-33-003	Change of ground water hydrology(B)
	10 55 007	Change of ground water hydrology(B)     Change of ground water hydrology(B)
	12-55-007 12-55-008	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
10.0		Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
10.Corum	12-19-022	Adjustment & regulation of water right(B)
	12-19-034	Adjustment & regulation of water right(B)
	12-19-051	Adjustment & regulation of water right(b)     Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
	12-19-055	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
11.Antalya	15-07-001	Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	15-07-002	· Ditto
	15-07-007	Ditto
	15-07-008	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	15-07-016	• Ditto
	15-07-018	• Ditto
	15-07-035	Ditto
	15-07-040	· Ditto
12.Burdur	15-15-050	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	15-15-51	· Ditto
	15-15- 52	• Ditto
	15-15-053	• Ditto
	15-15-054	· Ditto
		<ul> <li>Adjustment &amp; regulation of water right(B)</li> </ul>
1		Changes in bases and economic activities(B)

Province	Project code	Particular of influence
12.Burdur	15-15-055	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
Continued		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
	15-15-066	• Ditto
		Adjustment & regulation of water right(B)
	15-15-067	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)
13.lsparta	15-32-068	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Residual toxicity of agrochemicals(B)
		<ul> <li>Soil contamination by agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Adjustment &amp; regulation of water right(B)</li> </ul>
14.lzmir	16-35-001	Increased use of agrochemicals(A) *
	16-35-002	• Ditto
	16-35-003	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Change in temperature of water(B)
	16-35-004	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)
	16-35-005	• Ditto
	16-35-006	• Ditto
	16-35-007	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)
	16-35-008	Ditto
15.Aydin	16-09-009	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16-09-012	• Ditto
	16-09-013	• Ditto
16.Deniz	16-20-014	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)
	16-20-015	Ditto
	16-20-016	• Ditto
	16-20-018	Ditto
	16-20-019	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
		Change in surface water hydrology(B)
	16-20-020	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)
	16-20-021	· Ditto
17.Manisa	16-45-024	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
TT Indiniou	16-45-025	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)
	16-45-026	Ditto
	16-45-027	- Ditto
18.Mugla	16-48-028	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
101110210	16-48-033	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)
	16-48-034	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
	16-48-035	Ditto
19.Bursa	17-16-001	Population increase(B)
10.00130	17-10-001	Increased use of agrochemicals(8)
	17-16-002	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)     Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
	17-16-002	Population increase(B)
	17-10-005	Change in temperature of water(B)
20 Ralikasir	17.16.001	
20.Balikesir	17-16-001	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)     Change in temperature of water(B)
	47 (0.000	Change in temperature of water(B)
	17-16-002	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)
	17-16-003	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)

Province	Project code	Particular of influence	
21.Bilecik	17-11-009	<ul> <li>Increased use of agrochemicals(A)</li> </ul>	
		Change in temperature of water(B)	
22.Canakkale	17-17-010	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)	
		Change in temperature of water(B)	
	17-17-011	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)	
	17-17-012	Ditto	
		Change in temperature of water(B)	
23.Yalova	17-77-013	Increased use of agrochemicals(A)	
	17-77-014	Ditto	
24.Kirklareu	18-39-016	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)	
	18-39-017	<ul> <li>Increased use of agrochemicals(B)</li> </ul>	
	18-39-018	Increased use of agrochemicals(B)	

• • • •

Note: \*: A or B is shown evaluation of environmental impact.

A: The subject significant environmental impact is unquestionably induced by the Project.

B: The subject significant environmental impact is likely to be induced by the Project.

#### G.4 Soil in the Priority Project Areas

#### The Result of Soil Survey in the Priority Project Areas

#### 1. The Hacilar Project In Kirikkale Province

(1) Date: 24, Jul., 1997

(2) Soil Group: Brown Soil mainly, Colluvial Soil

(4) Soil Erosion Class: 1

(5) Land Capability Class: I, II y, Clay (6) Land Use: Wheat, Sunflower,

(3) Soil Texture: Loam, Sandy clay loam, Silty clay, Clay

Rain fed Orchard

### Soil Description

#### NO.1 (Brown Soil)

- 0 30cm: Contain many gravels, 7.5YR4/4 (Brown, dry soil), 7.5YR4/4 (Brown, wet soil), Sandy clay loam. Shallow soil, Collect soil sample.
- 30 < cm : Parent material, weathered sand stone.

#### NO.2 (Colluvial Soil)

- 0 15cm: 10YR5/3 (Dull yellowish brown, dry soil), 10YR4/3 (Dull yellowish brown, wet soil). Silty clay, contain medium CaCO3, Collect soil sample.
- 15 < cm : Very hard layer in dry season.
- 2. The Uruniu Project in Konya Province

(1) Date: 11, Aug., 1997	(4) Soil Erosion Class: 1
(2) Soil Group: Alluvial Soil	(5) Land Capability Class: $I$ , $II$
(3) Soil Texture: Sandy clay loam	(6) Land Use: Bean, Sugar beet

#### Soil Description

- 0 30cm: Many gravels on the ground and surface, 1-10cm in diameter. 10YR6/3 (Brown, dry soil), 10YR4/4 (Dull yellowish orange, wet soil). Granular structure. Contain high CaCO3,Sandy clay loam.Collect soil sample.
- 30 60cm: Many gravels, about 1cm in diameter. Massive. Contain high CaCO3 Sandy clay loam.
- 60 90cm: Many gravels, about 1cm in diameter. Massive. Contain high CaCO3. Sandy clay loam, Very deep soit.

#### 3. The Kalesekisi Project in Adana Province

- (1) Date: 13, Aug., 1997(4) Soil Erosion Class: 4(2) Soil Group: Non Calcareous Brown Soil(5)Land Capability Class: VI
- (3) Soil Texture:Sandy loam; Sandy clay loam

# Soil Description

0 - 30cm: 5YR4/6 (Reddish brown, dry soil), 5YR4/4 (Dull reddish brown, wet soil). Sandy clay loam. Collect soil sample.

(6)Land Use: Wheat, Cherry, Grape

30 < cm : Contain CaCO3, Sandy and Clayey sist.

#### 4. The Camlibel Project in Tokat Province

(1) Date: 1, Aug., 1997	(4) Soil Erosion Class: 1
(2) Soil Group: Alluvial Soil	(5) Land Capability Class: I, II and V
(3) Soil Texture: Silty clay, Clay	(6) Land Use: Wheat, Sugar beet,
	Vegetables, Pasture

#### Soil Description

NO.1 (Alluvial Soil)

0 - 20cm : 7.5YR4/3 (Brown, dry soil), 7.5YR3/3 (Dark brown, wet soil), Stones scatters on the ground, Clay, Granular structure, Collect soil sample.

20 < cm: Contain gravels, very hard, Massive, Clay.

NO.2 (Alluvial Soil)

- 0 30cm : 10YR5/4 (Dull yellowish brown, dry soil), 10YR4/3 (Dull yellowish brown, wet soil). Clay, Salt accumulation on the ground, Blocky structure, Collect soil sample.
- 30 60 cm: Clay, wet.
- 60 90cm : Gley horizon, Contain Fe mottling, wet.

#### 5. The Kozluk Project in Samsun Province

- (1) Date: 29, Jul., 1997
- (2) Soil Group: Alluvial Soil mainly, Brown Forest Soil
- (3) Soil Texture: Loam, Clay toam, Clay

(4) Soil Erosion Class: Non - 1

(5) Land Capability Class: II , III

(6) Land Use: Hazelnuts, Maize, Wheat

#### Soil Description

NO.1 (Brown Forest Soil)

- 0 11cm : 10YR5/2 (Grayish yellow brown, dry soil), 10YR3/3 (Dark brown, wet soil), Sandy clay with course sand. Very hard, Collect soil sample.
- 11 35 cm: Contain many Mn mottlings, Clay.
- 35 70cm : Contain many Fe and Mn mottlings, Clay.
- 70 < cm: Contain gley mottling and Fe mottlings Deep soil.

#### NO.2 (Alluvial Soil)

- 0 25cm : 7.5YR4/4 (Brown, dry soil), 7.5YR3/2 (Brownish black, wet soil). Sandy loam, Many root, Contain Fe mottlings, Collect soil sample.
- 25 35 cm: Contain many Fe and Mn mottlings, Sandy loam.
- 35 < cm: Contain Mn concretion, Sand, Deep soil, Ground water table in 75cm depth.

#### 6. The Kuskara Project in Kastamonu Province

- (1) Date: 28, Jul., 1997
- (2) Soil Group: Brown Forest Soil
- (3) Soil Texture: Sandy clay loam, Clay loam
- (4) Soil Erosion Class: 2
  (5) Land Capability Class: II , III
  (6) Land Use: garlic, Sugar beet, Maize, Sunflower, Wheat

#### Soil Description

NO.1 (Brown Forest Soil)

- 0 30cm : 10YR4/6 (Brown, dry soil), 10YR4/6 (Brown, wet soil), Sandy clay loam, Glanular structure, Contain medium CaCO3, Contain gravels within 2cm in diameter, Collect soil sample.
- 30 < cm: Contain gravels within 2cm in diameter and CaCO3, Very hard.

## 7. The Ozdenk Project in Eskischir Province

- (1) Date: 9, Aug., 1997
- (2) Soil Group: Colluvial Soil mainly, Brown Soil
- (3) Soil Texture: Sandy clay loam, Clay loam

(4) Soil Erosion Class: 1 - 3
(5) Land Capability Class: I - IV
(6) Land Use: Sugar beet, Maize, Wheat Orchard, Vegetables

#### Soil Description

NO.1 (Colluvial Soil)

- 0 30cm : 10YR5/4 (Dull yellowish brown, dry soil), 10YR4/4 (Brown, wet soil), Clay loam,Contain high CaCO3., Contain debris on the surface and in the layer, Collect soil sample.
- 30 65 cm: Contain many debris, Sandy clay loam.
- 65 < cm: Contain many debris, Sandy clay loam, Deep soil.

NO.2 (Brown Soil at hilly area)

0 - 30cm : 7.5YR5/4 (Dull brown, dry soil), 7.5YR4/4 (Brown, wet soil). Clay loam,

Contain many debris on the ground, 1 - 30cm in diameter, Collect soil sample.

30 < cm: Contain high CaCO3, Sandy soil, Parent material, sandstone.

#### 8. The Aslanlar Project in Izmir Province

(1) Date: 6	, Aug.,	1997
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(2) Soil Group: Alluvial Soil, Colluvial Soil

(3) Soil Texture:Sandy loam, Loam, Clay loam

(4) Soil Erosion Class: 1
(5)Land Capability Class: I , II
(6)Land Use: Wheat, Cotton, Maize, Olive, Clover, Vegetables

Soil Description

NO.1 (Alluvial Soil)

- 0 30cm: 10YR5/2 (Grayish yellow brown, dry soil), 10YR4/2 (Grayish yellow brown, wet soil). Blocky structure. Clay loam. Collect soil sample.
- 30 90cm: Massive. Contain iron mottling Loam, Insufficient drainage, Very deep soil.
- NO.2 (Colluvial Soil)
- 0 60cm: 10YR5/2 (Grayish yellow brown, dry soil), 10YR4/2 (Grayish yellow brown, wet soil). Sandy loam/Loam. Well drainage, Collect soil sample, 0-30cm depth.
- 60 65cm: Very hard layer, Contain many stones, within 10cm in diameter.
- 65 < cm : Loam/Sandy loam, Very deep soil.

#### 9. The Ilyaskoy Project in Yalova Province

(1) Date: 5, Aug., 1997

(2) Soil Group:Brown Forest Soil in hilly area

(3) Soil Texture: Sandy clay, Clay

(4) Soil Erosion Class: 2(5) Land Capability Class: II , III(6) Land Use: Wheat

#### Soil Description

NO.1 (Brown Forest Soil)

0 - 30cm : 10YR4/4 (Brown, dry soil), 10YR3/4 (Dark brown, wet soil), Clay, Collect soil sample.

30 - 85 cm: Contain weathered gravels, Clay, wet.

85 < cm: Contain many weathered gravels, Sandy clay, toam, Deep soil.

NO.2 (Brown Forest Soil)

0 - 50cm : 10YR5/3 (Dull yellowish brown, dry soil), 10YR4/4 (Brown, wet soil). Clay, Collect soil sample.

50 < cm: Contain CaCO<sub>3</sub>, Clay.

#### 10. The K.Karistiran Project in Kirklareli Province

- (1) Date: 4, Aug., 1997
- (2) Soil Group:Vertisole Soil
- (3) Soil Texture:Clay

(4) Soil Erosion Class: 2

(5) Land Capability Class: II

(6) Land Use: Wheat, Sunflower, Water melon, Vegetables

#### Soil Description

0 - 30cm: 10YR3/2 (Brownish black, dry soil), 10YR2/1 (Black, wet soil). Granular structure. Clay. Collect soil sample.

30 - 60cm: Hard pan layer, Massive. Clay.

60 < cm : Parent materials layer, Marl and CaCO3 stone.

Project Conject	Coil Group	Slope	land	Soil Depth	Soil Erosion		Soil Limiting Factor	ig Factor	
Name of Froject		(%)	Capability	(cm)	· · ·	Alkalinity	Salinity	Drainage	Gravel
1.1.0.010-0	Brown Soil	4-20	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Slight	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing
	Collevial Soil	Š	well	Moderate	Slight, Moderate	Slight	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing
1 tructure	Alliwiat Soil	۵	Well	Deep	Slight	Slight	Nothing	Nothing	Moderate
Uluitu Kalosakisi	Noo Calcaraous Brown Soil 18-30	18-30	Severe	Moderate	Severe	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Moderate
Continue Continue	Althrial Soil	e G	Well. Severe	Deep	Slight	Slight	Nothing	Slight	Nothing
Camiloei Koshik	Alhiviat Soil	۵	Well	Deep	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Slight	Nothing
	Brown Forest Soil	0	Moderate	Moderate	Slight	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing
111	Brown Forest Soil	0-5	Well, Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Slight
NUSKara Dotation	Columiat Soil	y G	Well	Deep	Slight	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Slight
Ozaenx	Brown Snil	; 4	Well. Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Moderate
Aclantar	Alluvial Soil	5	Well	Deep	Slight	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing
	Colluvial Soil	5 5	Welt	Deep	Slight	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Slight
Ilvackov	Brown Forest Soil	4-15	Well, Moderate	Moderate	Moderate, Severe	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Slight
K Karistiran	Vertisole soil	3-5	Well	Moderate	Moderate	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Slight
Note: Soil limitir	Note: Soil limiting factor is divided into fore levels, nothing.	ore leve	ls, nothing, sl	ight, modera	slight, moderate and severe.				

Table G.4.1 Summary of Soil and Soil Limiting Factor

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Table G.4.2 Some Properties of Surface/Subsurface Soils in the Priority Project Area

	Saturated	Organic	Electric	CaCO3	Field	Particle	Particle Size Distribution	tribution		Permeability
Soil Layer	pH(H2O)	Material	Conduct.		Capacity	Clay	Sit	Sand	Soil Texture	
		(%)	(ECe, ms/am)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		(cm/hr.)
Surface	7.20-7.90	7	1	1.1-7.2	·	20-50	18-26	24-58	SL, SCL, CL, SiC, C	•
Subsurface	7.40-7.80	•	•	7.8-11.2	•	20-52	18-28	20-60	SL, CL, SC, SIC, C	-
Surface	7.80-8.10	0.73-1.22	1.25-1.52	33.9-47.0 45-50	45-50	24-30	19-27	46-54	r' scr	4.86-10.38
Subsurface	8.10	•	1.25-1.52	42:8-52.0 55	55	32-34	25-27	25-27 38-42	SCL, CL	2.17-7.73
Surface	7.35-7.55	1.81	ſ	1.9	50	11-23	24-27	49-65	sr' scr	0.95-3.16
Subsurface	7.55	•	-	1.9	50	15	22	63	SL	3.00
Surface	7.99-8.09	1.04-3.02	-	6.9-23.6	45-68	•	•	. <b>'</b>	sr' scr' c	\$
Subsurface	7.88-8.36	1.71-4.33	-	7.6-29.1 66-100	66-100	•	1		SCL, CL, SIC, C	
Surface	7.40	•	•	٩	45	1	B	•	sr, r, cl	ş
Subsurface	7.65	1	•	•	40	. •	•	•	sr, c	
Surface	8.40-8.48	0.79-1.38	,	4.9-13.7	53-57	•	k	•	sl, scl, cl	
Subsurface	8.46-8.48	0.79-0.99	-	4.9-15.2	55-64	۱	ŧ	•	sl, scl, cl	•
Surface	7.40-7.80	•	•	17.2-30.5 61-70	61-70	28-32	24-42	28-45	ц	3.10-5.50
Subsurface	7.70-7.80	•	•	12.9-31.3	54-79	25-40	22-34	25-51	SCL, CL, C	3.90-8.20
Surface	7.90-8.10	•	1.14-1.50	•	71-78	•		P	L, Sicl, CL	4.41-5.37
Subsurface	7.80-8.50	•	0.64-2.09	•	44-72	<b>-</b>	• <b>1</b>	;,	SL, SCL, SiC	2.83-12.43
Surface	6.10-7.40 2.11-3.80	2.11-3.80	1.56	0.0-20.0 60-81	60-81	27-53	22-36 22-37	22-37	cr, c	
ibsurface	Subsurface 6.60-7.70	0.58-2.00	2.40-3.12	0.0-34.7	52-90	34-84	0-35	16-38	cl, c	
Surface	5.80-7.35	1.21-2.29 0.11-0.23	0.11-0.23	0.0-9.6	58-68	22-45	17-42	24-61	SL, SCL, CL, C	1.82-3.92
osurtace	Subsurface 6.70-7.30	0.81-1.98 0.09-0.19	0.09-0.19	0.0-10.4 50-70	50-70	33-53	21-41 21-32	21-32	sci, ci, c	1.20-3.50

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Table G.4.3 (1) Chemical Properties of the Surface Soils in the Priority Project Areas

The chemical properties of the surface soils in the properties project areas were shown inthe Attachment. The analysis was done by JICA Study Team.

The followings can be pointed out from the analysis result.

- Soil pH is slightly acid to slightly alkaline

- Inorganic nitrogen contents are very low level
   Available phosphorus contents are very low level
   Exchangeable phosphorus contents are very high contents in Turkey, especially calcium and potassium
   Exchangeable basis was contained in very high contents in Turkey, especially calcium and potassium
   The salinity may become the problem at the Alluvial soil of Aslanlar and the part of Camlibel. In generally, salinity in the soil become more than 0.07 or

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V crops
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0 E
0.1% Obstacle of plant grouwth may occur in ordinary (
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pro 1
nani
č
Chet
1 %
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Alama at Dariat	Hacilar	ilar	Urunlu	Kalesekisi	Camlibel	bel	Kozluk	¥
Name of Project			Konva	Adanta	Tokat	cat .	Samsun	uns
Location (Province)					F CN	NO.2	NO.1	NO.2
Plot Number	NO.1	NO.2	NO.1					Alterial Cail
Soit Group	Brown Soil	Colluvial Soil	Altuvial Soil	Non calcareous Soil	Alluvial Soil	al Sol	Brown Forest Soli	
I and Canability Class	Ш	Ħ	п.1	M	п, г	ΛΠ	П	
Soil Fresion Class	2	1,2		4		-	-	Non
	4 - 8%	2-3%	Flat area	18 - 30 %	2-3%	0 - 1 %	10 %	0-2%
Stope	A5.70	70-75	7.5	7.0 - 7.5	7.0-7.5	7.5	6.5 - 7.0	6.5 = 7.0
pH(H2O)		70.75	02	6.0 - 6.5	6.5 - 7.0	7.0 - 7.5	5.0 - 5.5	5.5 - 6.5
pH(KCI)	0.0 - 0.0	· · · · ·	2.1		•		0 - 1	0-1
NH4-N, mg/100g soil %	0-1	0 - 1	0 - 1	L - 0				
ND2-N mo/100a soil	0-1	0 - 1	0 - 1	0 - 1	0 - 1	1-5	0-1	1-0
	50 - 75	50 - 75	50 - 75	0-5 -	50 - 75	5 - 10	0-5	0-5-
WARIADIS F203, 1111, 100			4000	400 - 600	1000 <	600 1000	100 - 200	100 - 200
Exchangeable CaO, mg/100g soil	400 - 000	· > 701	-> ->		50 75	, 011		1 - 10
Exchangeable MgO, mg/100g soil	10 - 25	150 <	150 <	1 - 10	c/ - 0c	> > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > >		
Evohanneahle KoO ma/100a soil	100 - 150	100 - 150	70 - 100	100 - 150	100 - 150	150 <	70 - 100	35 - 70
	0 - 5	10-25	25 - 50	5 - 10	0-5	25 - 50	25 - 50	5 -10
Excitatigeade with prov	0.5	0 - 5	0-5	0-5	0-5	0-5	10 - 25	25 - 50
Available r e, ppu: At redicate as NaCh %	000	0.005-0.015	0.015 - 0.05	0.00	0.005 >	0.15 - 0.20	0.00	0.0

Note: X Air dried soil is used. Extraction solution is used Morgan liquid (10%50000m Actuate, M14.0).

The analysis was done by JICA Study Team.

Name of Project	Klickara	C C	Ordent	Acla	Aclantar	lhra	hrackow	K Karictiran	· · · · ·
Location (Province)	Kastamonu	Eskisehir	sehir .	Izmir	oir	Yalova	ova ova	Kirklareli	
Plot Number	NO.1	NO.1	NO.2	L.ON	NO.2	NO.1	NO.2 -	NO.1	
Soil Group	Brown Forest Soil	Colluvial Soil	Brown-Soil	Brown-Soil - Alluvial-Soil - Colluvial Soil	Collunial Soil	Brown Forest S.	Brown Forest S.	Vertisole Soil	r
Land Capability Class	п. ш	ц, П	ы. Т	П	II	II	E	11	****
Soil Erosion Class	~	τ <del>-</del>	2.3	÷	t	2	3	2	
Slope	5-9%	0-6%	4+ %	2+ %	2+ %	4+ %	4 - 15 %	3 - 5 %	
pH(H2O)	6.5 - 7.0	7.5	7.0 - 7.5	7.0 - 7.5	5.2 - 0.2	6.5 - 7.0	2.0 - 7.5	7.0 - 7.5	
pH(KCI)	5.0 - 5.5	6.5	7.0 - 7.5	7.0 - 7.5	7.0 - 7.5	7.0 - 7.5	7.0 - 7.5	6.5 - 7.0	·
NH4-N, mg/100g soil ※	0 - 1	0 - 1	0 - 1	0 - 1	0 - 1 -	0-1	0 -:1:	0-1	r
NO3-N, mg/100g soit	0 - 1	1-0	0 - 1	10-20	0 - 1	0-1	1-0	0-1.	
Available P2O5, mg/100g soil	25 - 50	50 - 75	50 - 75	25 50	· · · · <b>S</b> - • 0:	0 - 5	0 - 5	25 - 50	
Exchangeable CaO, mg/100g soil	1000 <	1000 <	1000 <	1000 <	200 - 400	200 - 400	1000 <	400 - 600	
Exchangeable: MgO, mg/100g soil	1 - 10	150 <	25 - 50	2075	1 - 10	52 50	100150	10 - 25 ····	
Exchangeable K2O, mg/100g soil	100 - 150	100 - 150	70 - 100	35 - 70	100 - 150	70-1100-	70'- 100	100 - 150	
Exchangeable Mn, ppm	10 - 25	25 - 50	10 - 25	25 - 50	0 - 5	- 10	25 - 50	0-5	
Available Fe, ppm	0-5	0-5	0-5	0 - 5	0-5	0 - 5	05	0 - 5	
CI (indicate as NaCI), %	0.005 - 0.015	0.005 - 0.015 0.005 - 0.015 0.05 - 0.10	0.0050.015-	0.05 - 0.10	0.00	000	0.005 - 0.015 0.00	0.00	
		-				• .	:		

Table G.4.3 (2) Chemical Properties of the Surface Soils in the Priority Project Areas

Note: X Air dried soil is used. Extraction solution is used Morgan liquid (10%Sodium Acetate, pH4.8). The analysis was done by JICA Study Team.

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## 1. Hacilar Project Area in Kirikkale Province

## (Weight per Decare)

	Nt fortilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Eunciaidaa
Crop	N fertilizer	r teitiszei	A leiunzei	neibicides	msecucides	rungicides
	N Kg	P2O5 Kg	K₂O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Wheat	10	20	-	20	-	
Watermelon	25	-	-	-	500	-
Chick pea	-	-	-		-	-

### 2. Urunlu Project Area in Konya Province

## (Weight per Decare)

Crop	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	N Kg	P2O5 Kg	K2O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Wheat(1)	20	20	-	-	-	-
Wheat(2)	20	20	20	210	-	-
Sugar beet(1	<b>4</b> 5	75	-	-	-	-
Sugar beet(2	50	50	50	210	-	-
Watermelon	20	20	20	-	-	•
Melon	20	20	20	-	-	-
Beans	20	20	20	-	-	

## 3. Kalesekisi Project Area in Adana Province

					(Weight p	per Decare)
Crop	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	N Kg	P2O5 Kg	K <sub>2</sub> O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Grape	50	50	-	-	-	1330
Cherry(1)	35	35	-	-	-	-
Cherry(2)	50	50	50	60	500	-
Straw berry	50	50	-	-	-	
Watermelon	25	-	-	-	500	-

	·				(Weight p	er Decare)
Сгор	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	N Kg	P2O5 Kg	K₂O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Wheat	10	10	-	150	•	-
Barley	10	10	-	-		-
Sugar beet	50	50-75	•	-	150-200	-
Alfalfa	20	-	-	-		-
Oat	8		-		-	-
Cow vetch	7		-	-	-	•
Vegetables	5-10	-	-	-		-

## 4. Camlibel Project Area in Tokat Province

## 5. Kozluk Project Area in Samsun Province

## (Weight per Decare)

Crop	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	N Kg	P₂O₅ Kg	K₂O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Rice	50	-	-		-	-
Maize(1)	50	-	-	-	-	-
Maize(2)	25	20	-	-	-	-
Maize(3)	20-25	50-60	-		-	-
Hazelnut(1)	-	250-300 <b>g/tree</b>	-	-	-	-
Hazelnut(2)	20	30	-	-	2500	
Hazelnut(3)	50	15	-		150-200	2
Vegetables(1	20	-	-	-	-	-
Vegetables(2	2 tons by manure	<b>-</b> ·	-	-	-	

## 6. Kuskara Project Area in Kastamonu Province

### (Weight per Decare)

					(·····	
Crop	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	N Kg	P2O5 Kg	K₂O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Wheat	35	35	-	-	-	-
Maize	25	60	-	100	-	· •
Sugar beet	100-150	50	-	360-450	-	-
Garlic	0.1-0.13	0.03	-	300-600	50-650	250-300

7. Ozdeni	Project	Area in	Eskisehir	Province
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#### (Weight per Decare) P fertilizer K fertilizer Herbicides Insecticides Fungicides N fertilizer Crop K<sub>2</sub>O Kg N Kg P2O5 Kg gram gram gram 100 15-20 125 Wheat(1) 15-20 -\_ 110 Wheat(2) 15 15 \_ -. 130 Wheat(3) 20 15 . 15-20 15-20 125 100 Barley . 30-45 75 Sugar beet(1 . --. 600 Sugar beet(2 35 80 --Dry peas . ---\_ -Alfalfa(1) ---+ --20 Alfalfa(2) ----

## 8. Aslanlar Project Area in Izmir Province

(Weight per Decare)

Сгор	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	N Kg	P2O5 Kg	K₂O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Cotton	35-40	35	-	250	100	-
Watermelon	35	50	-	200	-	-
Tomato	30	70	-	330	-	-
egg plant	50	50	-	150		-
Pepper	40	50	-	250	-	-

## 9. Ilyaskoy Project Area in Bursa Province

					(Weight p	oer Decare)
Сгор	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	N Kg	P2O5 Kg	K2O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Wheat	11	12	-	200	-	-
oat	11	12	-	200	-	-
Barley	11	11	-	200	-	-
Sunflower	4.5	11.5	-	-	-	-
apple	0.6/tree	0.6/tree	0.6/tree	-	200	200
Peach	0.6/tree	0.6/tree	0.6/tree	-	200	200

10. K. Karistiran	Project	Area in	Kirlareli Province

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## (Weight per Decare)

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Crop	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	N Kg	P2O5 Kg	K₂O Kg	gram	gram	gram
Wheat	15	5	-	170	100	20
Maize	11	6	-	100	-	-
Sunflower	9	5	-	150	-	
Sugar beet	16	19	-	-	100	-
Alfalfa	•	50	-	100	400	-
Tomato	10	10	-	-	100	150
Potato	10	10	-	-	100	150
Beans	10	10	-	-	100	100

Crop	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
Wheat	- Urea(N:45%)		- Compound fertilizer	0	0	0
						<u>-</u>
	- DAP(N:18%)	- DAP(P2Os:46%)				
Barley	- CAN(N:26%)			0	0	
	- DAP (N:18%)	- DAP(P2O5:45%)				
Oat	- CAN(N:26%)			0	0	
Mairo	- CAN(N:26%)			0		
		- DAP(P2O5:46%)				
Sugar beet				0	0	
	- Compound fertilizer (N:8%)	- Compound fertilizer - Compound fertilizer (P2Os:24%)	- Compound tertilizer			
	- DAP(N:18%)	- DAP(P2Os:46%)				
Beans	- CAN(N:26%)		- Compound fertilizer		0	0
	- DAP(N:18%)	- DAP(P2O5:45%)				
Cow vetch	- CAN(N:26%)					
Affaffa	- CAN(N:26%)	- Compound fertilizer	- Compound fertilizer		0	0
Sunflower	. DAP(N:18%)	- DAP(P2O5:46%)		0		

Table G.5.1 Use Form of Agricultural Materials(1)

.

<u>[ ]</u>	Crop	N fertilizer	P fertilizer	K fertilizer	Herbicides	Insecticides	Fungicides
	Watermelon	- CAN(N:26%) - DAP(N:18%)	- DAP(P2O5:46%)	- Compound fertilizer	0	0	
	Melon	- CAN(N:26%) - DAP(N:18%)	- DAP(P205:46%)	- Compound fertilizer			
	Vegetables	- CAN(N:26%) - Ammonium Sulfate (N:21%)	- Compound fertilizer		0	0	0
<u> </u>	Grape	- Compound fertilizer - Compound fertilizer (N:15%) (P2O5:15%)	- Compound fertilizer (P205:15%)				0
	Cherry	- Compound fertilizer (N:15%)	- Compound fertilizer - Compound fertilizer - Compound fertilizer (N:15%) (N20:15%) (N20:15%)	- Compound fertilizer (K2O:15%)	0	0	0
	Apple	- Compound fertilizer (N:15%)	- Compound fertilizer - Compound fertilizer - Compound fertilizer (N:15%) (K2O:15%)	- Compound fertilizer (K20:15%)		0	0
<u>54.</u>	Peach	- Compound fertilizer (N:15%)	- Compound fertilizer - Compound fertilizer - Compound fertilizer (N:15%) (N:15%) (K2O:15%)	- Compound fertilizer (K2O:15%)		0	0
<u>*</u> *	Hazelnuts	- CAN(N:26%) - DAP(N:18%)	- DAP(P205:46%)			0	

Table G.5.1 Use Form of Agricultural Materials (2)

Note: CAN means nitrogen fertilizer of Ammonium Nitrate with lime. DAP is compound fertilizer. O shows use of agrochemical.

G.6 Environmental Recommendation

Source: Erosion Map of Turkey, Ministry of Village Affairs and Cooperatives General Directorate of Topraksu, 1981

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		Salt index	Sodium index	Hydrogen ion index *	
Salt	Common	Conductivity of	Exchangeable		
Condition	Term	Saturation extract	sodium	PH	Reclamation
		(ms/cm)	percentage		
Saline	White alkali	>4	<15	<8.5	Leaching
Saline-alkali		>4	>15	generally about 8.5	Leaching necessary
	_				and possible, but the
					sodium must be
					replaced to prevent
					dispersion of soil
					particles and
					reduction of
					permeability.
Alkali	Black alkali **	<4	>15	generally between	Low permeability due
				8.5 and 10.0	to dispersion of soil by
					the sodium requires
					replacing the sodium
					to improve the
					permeability so that
					leaching can proceed.

Table G.6.2 Characteristics of saline, saline-alkali, alkali soils and their reclamation

Note:

\*: Since a pH of 7 is neutral, pH values less than 7 indicate an acid soil, which is common in the non-arid regions.

Note that the larger the pH, the less the concentration of hydrogen ions, since pH is the logarithm of the reciprocal of the hydrogen ion concentration.

\*\*: A black crust forms on the surface of an alkali soil only if organic matter is present. Hence, the term may be misleading for soils of low organic matter.

Source Israelsen & Hansen (1962).

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Gray	Soil texture	e Li		Minimum	Minimum rooting depth (cm)	(uc) (	Soil fortility	š	Salt tolerance	eure		pH range	Logging (a)	water level during growth paried (cm)
	La aver	Medium	Licht	Deep	Medium (60-90)	Shallow (30-60)	Yigh	Madium	Gond	Moderate	Poor			(v)
Caroal			;		;		>		×			5.5-8.0	mochom	60
Barloy	×	× ×	<		( X		( <b>x</b>	-	, ,	x		6.0-7.5	motion	60
Rico	< ×	(				x	x			x		4.0-7.5	high	no limitation
Maizo		x			×		x				X :	5.5-7.3	low	75
Sorghum	×	×	×		<b>x</b>			×.			×	4.0-0.0	ugu or mutoett	200
Root										;		( () () ()		C e
Potata		x			x		×			<		· · · · · · ·		2
Cio 1			×								x	6.0-8.0		
Groundhut		×	×		x			x				5.5-7.0	low (c)	00
Soyboan		x	x		x			<b>x</b>		x	3	5.5-6.5	medium (d)	88
Saflower	<b></b>	×	x :		x		×				××	0.2.7.0	medium to low	201
Sesame Sundower		× ×	×		< x		<	×		×		2	medium	75
ſ	-		,									5.5.7.5		
Tern		x 	< ×		x			×			x	5.5-7.5	medium to low	30-50
Cowpen		×			×			×			x		medium to low	0 %
Sugar												5.0-8.0		
Sugar-cane	×	×		×			x		3			6.0-7.0	medium (e)	9 4 4 8 4
Sugar-bent	×	×			×		×		×				ugin or minoem	2
Varatables											<u>م</u>	5.0-7.0		4
Tomato		×			x :		x :				x	6.5-1.5	low	
Cucumber		x >			×	>	<			x	(	6.0-7.5	low	55
Onione		<				: ×	×				×		low	50
					-							(   		
Erut			x	>				×		×	x	5.0-8.0	low	80
Citrus		×		: x			×				×	6.0-7.0	low	130
Crope	×	x	x	x				x :		;		7.0	•	11
Olive			-	×			-	< 		< 			•	
Pibre						-		<del></del>			_	6.0-7.5		
Cotton	×	×			×		×		×				medium to low	100
Daverage			×								x	4.0-6.5		
Tea		x	x	×			x	:			×	5.0-7.0	low	8
Tobacco					×			×					MOT	2
Eoddor			×								x	6.5-7.5		C L
x x x		>	_	_	> 		-	x 				_	wo	R

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