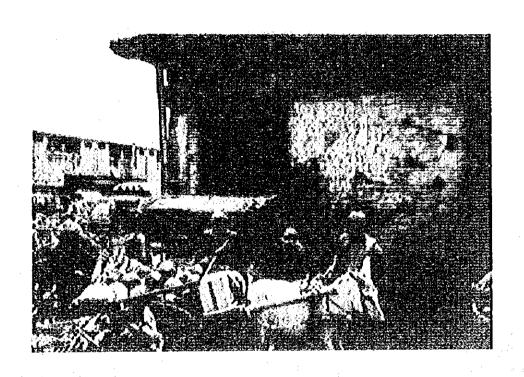
# Annex F Agro-economy



# ANNEX F

# AGRO-ECONOMY

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#### ANNEX F AGRO-ECONOMY

#### F.1 OVERVIEW

The importance of agriculture in Balochistan is well realized the higher potential existing in agriculture compared to other sectors. Generally, the province is well known for its delicious variety of deciduous fruits. The share of agriculture in provincial GDP is close to 50 % with the significance of employing 70 % of the population. The share of agriculture, livestock and fishery sub-sectors to the total agricultural products in Balochistan is about 54%, 37% and 9%, respectively.

Balochistan, the largest province has a wide scattered area of 34.7 million ha. Of which, cultivated area and cropped area are only 1.7 million ha and 0.9 million ha, respectively. While, the larger area of 4.7 million ha remains cultivable waste. Such less cultivated area is basically for the reasons of lack of water resources and quite low speed of land reclamation.

The province is not self sufficient in food. The production of wheat, pulses, oilseeds and vegetables particularly lags behind its rapidly increasing demand. Recently a big change is occurring in cultivation trend in form of switching from crops and vegetables towards fruits in area of karezes where the discharge of water is declining and tubewells and open wells emerging. Fruits are providing to be giving comparatively higher returns in such areas.

The deciduous fruit production is a rapidly growing activity in the economy of the Study Area. The orchard land extends in the rural area, where tribal or religious leaders traditionally have a role to play in the decision making and settlement of disputes. Education level of the farmers is so low that they do not easily accept new knowledge and technology. Generally, they only follow the activity producing their individual profit in near future. The farmers have opened orchard land for their profits without care for sustainable use of water and land resources. The farm management as well as marketing practices has been left behind for the decades.

All of marketing systems, post-harvest facilities and agricultural credit services is not sufficient in capacity and still traditional in operation in the Study Area. The post-harvest losses and physical losses during trading is considerably large, but most of the farmers or rural societies are not aware of their invisible losses so far.

#### F.2 AGRO-ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN THE STUDY AREA

#### F.2.1 Outline of Agriculture

The Study Area can be defined as fruits and vegetables exporter as well as cereal crops importer. The staple food of the people is wheat flour in the area. The farm land serves 118,600 ton of wheat and barley for 1,778,100 inhabitants. The cereal production per capita comes to 66.5 kg/year, which equals to a half of national average of 135 kg/year. Only Kalat district is close to national average of unit cereal production. The demand of food crop seems to be higher than 135 kg, because Pakistan used to import wheat flour from international market. The big deficit of cereal in the area is procured from the outside.

Per Capita Cereal Production in the Study Area

. :	Population (person)	Production of Wheat and Barley (ton/year)	Per Capita Cereal Production (kg/person/year)
Study Area	1,778,100	118,636	66.5
Quetta District	676,900	6,734	9.9
Pishin District	584,400	51,070	87.4
Kalat District	516,800	60,467	117.0

Notes: Population: Estimates as of 1995 by the JICA Study Team.

Production: Five-year average from 1990/91 - 1994/95.

"Pishin District" includes Pishin and Qila Abdullah districts, as well as "Kalat

District" includes Mastung and Kalat districts.

Source: Population Census.

Agricultural Statistics of Balochistan.

The fruits and vegetables are substantial sources of cash income for the farmers. The shares of cropped areas of major commodity groups are shown in the following table. In the Study Area, cereal crops are grown in 51% of total cropped area, which is smaller than national average of 56%. The shares of orchard and vegetable farm are about 18% and 24%, respectively. The area ratio of orchard is 7.5 times to national average of 2.4%. Since the area has no cotton and sugarcane, the area ratio of vegetable also seems to be much higher than other areas.

Share of Cropped Areas of Major Agricultural Commodity Groups

		1		(Unit: %)
	Coreal	Fruits	Vegetables	Fodder
Study Area	50.8	18.1	24.3	6.8
Quetta District	28.7	42.5	25.3	3.6
Pishin District	53.9	22.7	21.2	2.1
Kalat District	52.2	10.7	26.9	10.2

Notes: Cropped area: Five-year average from 1990/91 - 1994/95.

"Pishin District" includes Pishin and Qila Abdullah districts, as well as "Kalat

District" includes Mastung and Kalat districts.

Source: Agricultural Statistics of Balochistan.

As a result, there exists great marketable surplus of fruits and vegetables in the area. Asian Development Bank estimated the amount of the surplus based on the statistical data, as shown in the following table. Pishin Lora Basin, overlapping with the Study Area, produces about 460,000 ton of tradable agricultural commodities a year. Commodity group of fruits is dominant amounting to 262,000 ton or 57% of the total surplus. The vegetable group follows it at 185,000 ton a year. Pishin sub-basin is a leading area to export fruits, and Pishin and Quetta sub-basins are a major vegetable export area.

Estimated Marketable Surplus by Basin and Sub-Basin

				(Unit: ton/year)
Basin/ Sub-Basin	Fruits Melons	Vegetables Onion Potatoes	Other Crops	Total
Pishin Lora Basin	261,963	184,644	13,739	460,345
Mastung Sub-Basin	6,124	15,291	1,459	22,874
Mangocher Sub-Basin	3,080	7,279	562	10,921
Pishin Sub-Basin	143,197	46,430	3,375	193,002
Quetta Sub-Basin	46,421	47,523	3,568	97,512
Other Sub-Basins	63,140	68,121	4,775	136,037

Notes: Other crops include all crops excluding fruits, melons, vegetables, onion, potatoes,

wheat, paddy, sugarcane, and fodder.

Source: Balochistan Groundwater Resource Reassessment, ADB, 1996

As of 1992-93, the average household income and expecuditure was Rs. 34,776 and Rs. 31,788 in Balochistan, respectively. The both were only 80 % of the national average. Regarding income source of rural people, crop production and livestock generates 26 % and 9 % of the total income, respectively. In the consumption expenditure, the share of food, beverage and tobacco is as high as 56 % (refer to Table F.2.1.1 and F.2.1.2).

#### F.2.2 Farm Labor

The number of all households in the Study Area was 132,000 reported by the Agricultural Census in 1990. The agricultural households approximately amounted to 65,000, which consisted of 17,000 livestock holders and 48,000 farm households. In the farm households, the shares of owner, owner-cum-tenant and tenant households were about 86%, 8% and 5%, respectively. Almost one half of the farm households operated only 1.0 to 5.0 ha of agricultural land.

The population density to the cropped area was calculated at 6.34 person/ha in the Study area, based on the 1990 Census (refer to Table F.2.2.1). The population of farm households per unit cropped area amounted to 2.56 person/ha. The labor force for farming, which was defined as family workers and permanent hired workers engaged in agricultural work on their holdings, was 0.51 person/ha to cropped area. Quetta district has much higher population density, but average labor intensity to farm land. Kalat district shows lower densities of all population, agricultural population and agricultural workers to cropped area. Quetta and Pishin districts tend to the labor intensive agriculture, compared with Kalat district.

Agricultural Population Per Cropped Area

<u> </u>			(Unit: person/ha)
	All	Agricultural	Agricultural
	Population	Population	Worker
Study Area	6.34	2.56	0.51
Quetta District	16.44	2.51	0.51
Pishin District	5.85	3.74	0.64
Kalat District	2.48	1.81	0.17

Notes: "Pishin District" includes Pishin and Qila Abdullah districts, as well as "Kalat District" includes Mastung and Kalat districts.

"Agricultural Worker" indicates family workers engaged in agricultural work on their holdings and permanent hired workers engaged in agricultural work on their holdings.

Source: 1990 Census of Agriculture, Vol. II Part-4 Baluchistan.

#### F.2.3 Agricultural Credit Services

The farmers generally need some external monetary budget for farming, purchasing machinery, installing tubewells, and so on. According to Census of Agriculture in 1990, the number of farm households under debt was 95,813 or 39% of total farm households in Balochistan province. The share of the farm households under debt was almost constant with increasing of farm size, but the share was sensitive to the type of land ownership; e.g., 37% for land owners and 48% for owner-cum-tenants and tenants. The owner-cum-tenant and tenant farmers might show higher intention to credit services on their farm or life. In the Study Area, the share of farmers under debt was low as only 21% in total 5 districts (refer to Table F.2.3.1).

As of 1990, the total amount of debt in Balochistan was Rs. 3,342 million, of which Rs. 2,395 million or 72% was for farm households. The institutional source supplied less than 20% of the loan amount. The non-institutional source, such as family or individuals of the same tribal group or from money lenders, played greater role in Rs.884/acre in Balochistan and Rs.713/acre in the Study Area, according to the 1990 Census. The average debt amount per household was Rs.9,862 in Balochistan and Rs.7,146 in the Study Area. Taking farm size into account, the smaller farmers' group rent higher amount per area but lower amount per household.

The institutional agricultural loans are distributed to farmers through 3 major channels. First, Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan (ADBP) under State Bank of Pakistan provides agricultural loans to individual farmers as their request. ADBP has at least one branch office in each district of the Study Area. The loans can be divided into production loan, development loan, short-, medium- and long-term loans. The predominant types of loans in Balochistan are development loan and long tern loan which are mainly used to purchase farm machinery and to install tubewell (refer to Table 2.3.2).

Second channel is Balochistan Cooperative Bank Ltd, which provides agricultural loan to the cooperative societies. The bank was established in Quetta in 1971. Since the establishment of Federal Bank of Cooperatives in 1978, the provincial bank has been funded by the federal bank. The two types of loans are generally advanced. One is short term loan for the purchase of seeds, fertilizer and pesticides to be recovered within a year. The maximum loan amount is Rs. 1.5 million with 14 % mark-up for each cooperative society. Another is medium term loan for installation of tubewells and purchase of tractors with repayment period of 5 to 10 years. The upper limit of loan is Rs. 1.5 million with 16 % mark-up per society. The members of farmers' associations share the farm inputs and equipment under their own responsibility and then they return the loan amount from their farm outputs. The amount of agricultural credit provided by Balochistan Cooperative Bank ranges Rs. 10 to 15 million in the province.

Finally, commercial banks also supply agricultural loans, as short term production loans, to individual farmers. This loan is returnable at the end of the crop. The loans by the three channels amount to about Rs. 300 million in Balochistan province or Rs. 400/ha of cropped area. This amount is so small as to make the farmers apply the advanced farming technologies to their farms.

#### F.2.4 Marketing of Farm Products

In agricultural marketing system, the public sector plays of fair price control, price support and regulation of marketing activities. In this area, only wheat and some authorized commodities is procured by Pakistan Agricultural Storage and Supplies Corporation at the support prices under control by Provincial Food Department. While, the private sector primarily acts as functionaries in various stages of marketing of common farm products.

Most of deciduous fruit crops and some kinds of vegetables are marketed through some functionaries, while cereal crops such as wheat are consumed or sold in the local market. Specially deciduous fruits such as Apples, Apricots and Grapes are exported to other provinces in Pakistan. The quantitative marketing direction of the fruits are roughly expected as follows.

Apple: Quetta (25%), Karachi (25%), Lahore (40%), Islamabad (10%)

Apricot: Quetta (50%), Karachi (20%), Lahore (20%), Islamabad (10%)

Grapes: Quetta (50%), Karachi (20%), Lahore (20%), Islamabad (10%)

In harvest time of the fruits, a large amount of fruits is exported to other provinces. After several months of storage there, the fruits are re-imported to Balochistan during the higher price season, because the capacity of cold storage in Balochistan is very limited.

Typical stream of the fruit is as follows:

Farmers -->
Pre-harvest Contractor (Commissioner) -->
Wholesaler -->
Retailer -->
Consumers

Most farmers make contract with so-called "Pre-harvest Contractors" at the blooming of fruits or before harvesting. The pre-harvest contractors, who are generally local people, manage the orchards by their own expenses up to the harvest and market of fruits. The analysis of fruits price structure shows more than 30 % of the wholesale prices are occupied by the pre-harvest contractor, as shown in Fig. F.2.4.1

#### F.2.5 Marketing of Farm Inputs

Private sector plays great roles in distribution of farm inputs such as seeds, fertilizer and agrochemicals. Fertilizer is marketed by fertilizer manufacturers through their appointed dealers, while pesticides are marketed by manufacturers/formulators and importers through their appointed dealers. The dealers generally handle fertilizer, pesticides, and traditional and HYV

seeds. The dealers normally combine the function of input dealers as well as wholesalers and commission agents for the agricultural products.

The dealers normally supply these inputs to farmers on credit, along with some cash advances to meet consumption needs. The borrowers are obliged to sell their produce through the dealer/commission agent against a pre-determined rate, or commission charged on the sale proceeds sold on their behalf.

Five public and private organizations supply fertilizer in Balochistan. In the year of 1994-95, National Fertilizer Marketing Limited offered several kinds of fertilizer at 58% of total amount of 69,000 ton in the province. Fauji Fertilizer Company also supplied 30% of fertilizer. Agriculture Department was also a supplier of inputs, selling 8% of fertilizer. Supply amount of other 2 organizations, Engro Chemical Pakistan Limited and Dawood Corporation Limited was small.

#### F.2.6 Post-Harvest and Marketing Facilities

The physical post-harvest facilities, such as transportation, cold storage warehousing, processing and packing are not sufficient in Balochistan. Traditional practices of post-harvest are common, even though Department of Agriculture of Balochistan and international agencies have experimented and disseminated post-harvest technologies.

A cold storage facility for fruits and vegetables is available at Quetta, although the storage capacity of the private facility is very limited to production volume of fruits in the province. There were two private cold storage facilities in Quetta city. The Quetta Cold Storage, which was established in 1967, has closed because of high operation and maintenance cost compared with the charge on storage of Rs. 20 /crate/month for fruits and vegetables. Another Safina Cold Storage was established in 1983 with a financial assistance of Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan. The capacity is 20,000 crates for its three rooms kept their temperature at 5-7 C. This cold storage is operated for multi-purpose but the temperature of each storage room is controlled at the same level. The monthly charge for apple is Rs. 20 /crate and it for eggs is Rs. 18 /crate.

The Government of Balochistan insists installation of cold store for fruit and vegetable under productivity enhancement program. The public storage will have a capacity of 600 tons and be located in Loralai outside the Study area. The facilities have been completely furnished then it will be operated by the public sector.

The FAO supported project of Outreach and Transfer of Fruit Technology in Balochistan is ongoing. One of the objectives is improvement of harvesting, handling, marketing, storage, transportation of deciduous fruit in order to minimize pre and post harvest losses and improve quality and availability of fruit to the consumers. Its activity includes a) drying of fruits, b) development of modern fruit boxes, and c) development of marketing information system in relation to fruit marketing.

There is only a public-controlled wholesale market at Quetta city in Balochistan. The handling capacity is limited and the facilities of the market are old-fashioned. The wholesale market is subjected to shift to a new wholesale market on the outskirts of Quetta, which is under construction in Fruit and Vegetable Marketing Project Balochistan supported by ADB, UNDP and Government of Balochistan. The new market will be furnished with 255 big shops and 55 small shops in its land of 15 ha.

Besides, another wholesale market is planned to be established at Dera Murad Jamali of Nasirabad supported by ADB, but it is outside the Study area.

#### F.2.7 Livestock Economy

In Balochistan, livestock is one of the most important economic sub-sector, which provide about 16 % of the provincial GDP. The province has wide vegetated rangelands in semi-arid climate, while crop area is very limited due to low water resources. Therefore, the sub-sector of livestock provides 85 % motive power and farm yard manure to crop sub-sector and coordinates the use of family labor along with other advantage.

In the 5 study districts, sheep and goats are dominant animals amounting to 1.14 million and 1.39 million heads, respectively. The population of cattle and buffaloes is 72,000 and 10,000, respectively.

Assuming unit requirement of feed is 0.9 kg/day for small animals and 6.0 kg/day for large animals<sup>1</sup>, the fodder demand of animals, excluding nomad-held animals, comes to 680,000 ton per annum at least. While, the 5 districts produce 230,000 ton of fodder crops a year. When straws of wheat and barley count into feed, total amount of feed is tentatively estimated at 350,000 ton in total. Roughly speaking, more than half of livestock feed is fulfilled by natural

Animals can be described as sheep unit based on feed requirement, such as: Sheep=1.00, Goats=0.83, Cattle=5.00, Buffalocs=7.70, Camels=10.00, Hourse=6.60, Donkeys=3.00 sheep unit.

vegetation of rangelands. The feed is commonly exported from other warmer areas, especially in winter season.

The marketing practices of livestock is much less developed compared to the marketing of other crops. The marketing channel of livestock can be generally classified into the following 4 main routes.

- a) Marketing through buying agents
  (Producer -> Buying agent -> Agent -> Wholesaler -> Retailer/Factory ->
  Consumer)
- b) Marketing through wholesalers (Producer -> Wholesaler -> Retailer/Consumer)
- c) Marketing through retailer (Producer -> Retailer -> Consumer)
- d) Marketing through open market (Producer -> Consumer)

Open market, the most primitive marketing system, is most popular in the area. The open livestock markets are held once a week on a fixed day. The markets in close area are usually held on a different weekday to ensure buyers and sellers to visit several markets in a week. Daily livestock market is available only in Quetta area. The rural market is normally is a simple open air space with no facilities available. The common location of the market is at a distance from settlement area, usually on a hilltop. Only one livestock market in Quetta adjoins a slaughterhouse.

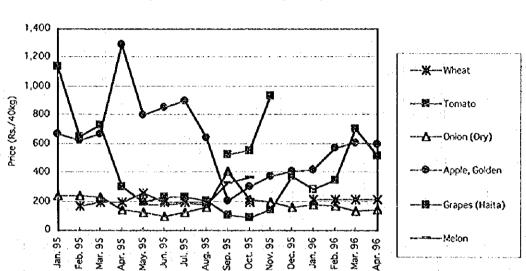
#### F.3 PRICES

#### F.3.1 Prices of Agricultural Products

All agricultural products except wheat and some others are marketed under free market prices in the Study Area. Wheat is subjected to a support price which is fixed at much lower price than free market price by Agricultural Prices Commission, a federal government authority.

The wholesale prices of agricultural commodities at Quetta are reported monthly by Department of Agriculture. The seasonal price fluctuation of fruits and vegetables are very significant, as shown in the following chart. The prices of them are much higher in the off-season. For example, wholesale price of golden apples rises to about Rs. 1,000 per 40 kg during off-season, while the price is only Rs. 200 per 40 kg during harvesting season of September to October. On the other hand, wheat and potatoes show relatively stable price trend because

storage of them is easier bioligically, technically and economically (refer to Table F.3.1.1 and Fig. F.3.1.1 to F.3.1.4).



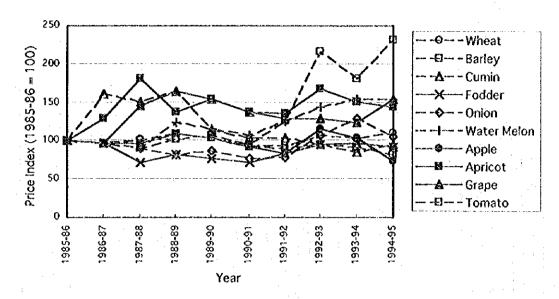
Monthly Wholesale Prices of Major Crops in Quetta

Source: Review of Price Trends of Agricultural Commodities in Balochistan, Agriculture Department

Month

The annual average prices at Quetta wholesale market is studied for 10 years from 1985-86 to 1994-95. The price level is adjusted to 1994-95 price using a deflator of general Wholesale Price Index of Pakistan (refer to Table F.3.1.2). The price index for the 10 major crops in the beneficiary areas are shown in the following chart (refer to Fig. 3.1.5).

# Price Index of Major Agricultural Commodities at Quetta at Constant Price



Note: The prices are at Quetta wholesale market prices converted to 1994-95 prices Source: Agricultural Statistics in Balochistan.

The average wholesale prices are calculated at 1994-95 price and 1995-96 average prices are estimated by the general WPI, as shown in the following table.

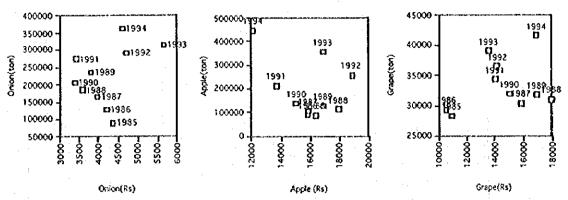
		100	(Unit: Rs./ton)
Crop	10-year average price (at 1994-95 price)		1995-96 price (estimate)
Wheat	4,467		4,950
Barley	4,717		5,230
Cumin	39,230		43,480
Fodder	724		800
Onion	4,311		4,780
Watermelon	2,650		2,940
Apple	16,119	1.00	17,870
Apricot	9,399		10,420
Grape	14,359		15,910
Tomato		et la	6,750

Note The prices are at Quetta wholesale market prices.

The prices of each year are converted to 1994-95 prices using the general WPL

Source: Agricultural Statistics in Balochistan.

The prices generally stand on the balance of demand and supply. For the representative 4 crops, the relationship between the adjusted prices and production volume within Balochistan is illustrated below. The prices of vegetables and fruits are commonly going down upon the production increasing, as they are traded at open market prices.



Note The prices are at Quetta wholesale market prices converted to 1994-95 prices

Production amount in Balochistan.

Source: Agricultural Statistics in Balochistan.

On the contrary, wheat does not show such trend, because the government intervenes its trading. Pakistan Agricultural Services and Storage Corporation (PASSCO) procures wheat at the support price fixed by the federal government, then distributes at the price including a procurement cost. The support price of wheat is Rs. 4,325/ton as of 1996, and some Rs. 700-1,000/ton of marketing costs will be added on it at market.

#### F.3.2 Production Costs

Production costs of crops will be used for economic benefits of irrigation water as well as farm-based financial analyses. The studied production costs for dominant crops in the beneficiary areas consist of; seed or seedling, fertilizer, farm chemicals, irrigation water charge, machinery costs and labor costs.

Unit labor cost for farming works is Rs.50-100/manday depend upon work load. Machinery cost for land preparation by tractor is Rs.100/hr in average. The average 1994-95 prices and recent 1996 market prices of major fertilizer are as follows.

	·	(Unit: Rs./bag or Rs./50kg)
	1994-95 price	Recent price
Urea	290	336
DAP	556	567
TSP	418	415
NPK (10:20:20)	564	567
SOP	300	537

The input prices together with information of input amount made budgetary analysis of major crop productions. The results are shown in Table F.3.2.1.

In addition, the provincial government has recently issued "Agriculture Income Tax Amended Ordinance 1996". The announced tax rates are Rs.300, 200 and 25/acre for orchard, vegetables and wheat, respectively. For vegetables and wheat lands, only farmers holding more than 25 acres will be charged. The area of "Sailaba" or "Khushkaba" will be exception of agriculture tax.

#### F.3.3 Marketing Costs

Marketing costs of major agricultural products in the Study Area is studied in order to estimate their farmgate prices from wholesale prices. The marketing costs from farm to wholesale market consist of the following items:

Transport and holding cost
Containers and packing
Commission charge
Octroi (municipal tax)

Transportation cost by truck is Rs.1,000/truck for Mastung-Quetta (45km) and Rs.8000-10,000/truck for Quetta-Lahore (900km) in the latest season. The unit cost derived from the rates at Rs.20/km/truck for a short distance and Rs.10/km/truck for a long distance. The average loading capacity of truck is 450crate/truck, which is equivalent to 11,250kg in case of 25kg-crate of apples. As the average net weight of apple is 18kg/crate, the transportation cost of apples is eventually estimated at Rs.2.47/km/ton for a short distance and Rs.1.23/km/ton for a long distance.

Holding cost is Rs.1/crate for loading at a farm area, and Rs.1/crate for unloading at a market place. Container of potatoes and onion is gunny bag with a capacity of 90-100kg, which is provided at Rs.25/bag. Labour charge for packing is Rs.5/bag. In case of tomatoes, a 25kg-

crate at Rs.10/crate is used with a labor cost of Rs.10/crate. For apples, additional cost of packing material is required at Rs.10/crate. Commission charge is 10% of a wholesale price for each commodity. Octroi, a municipal tax of Quetta is 3% of a wholesale price.

As a conclusion, farm gate prices can be estimated, as shown in Table F.3.3.1.

#### F.4 FARM ECONOMY IN THE STUDY AREA

#### F.4.1 Cropping Pattern

The farm household survey which was conducted by the JICA Study Team under sub-contract under the phase I and II field survey period provided the primary data on the farm economic condition in the beneficiary areas. The 131 sample farmers offered applicable answer to the farm economic analysis (refer to Fig. F.4.1.1 and F.4.1.2). The following matrix table shows the number of sample farmers by gross cropped area and copping pattern.

Number of Farmers by Cropped Area and Cropping Pattern

Cropping		Gross Cropped Area	a (ha)		Total
Pattern	A<2	2<=A<5 5<=A<10	10<=A<25	25<≔∧	
Fruit Growers	19	23 3	10	4	59
Food Grain Producers	4	10	5	5	25
Mixed Cultivators	9	19 9	7	3	47
Total	32	52 13	22	12	131

Source: Farm Household Survey by the JICA Study Team

Regarding to the cropped area, its mode was 2 to 5 ha among the sample farmers. About two third farmers lives by the less than 5 ha cropped area. Share of large farmers cropped more than 25 ha is less than 10 % in number. Cropping pattern can classify them into three groups of fruit growers, food grain producers and mixed cultivators. The number of fruit growers, who cropped deciduous fruit trees on 50 % or more of their total cropped area, was 59 households or 45% of total. The food grain producers, who cultivated wheat and barley on 67% or more area amounted for 25 households or 19% of total. The rest 47 farmers were mixed cultivators cropping fruits, cereals, vegetables, spices and so on. The most small farmers were classified into the fruit growers or mixed cultivators due to higher profitability of fruits and vegetables.

There are two categories of agriculture, subsistence agriculture and marketing agriculture, in the Study Area. Subsistence farmers assuming with annual agricultural income less than Rs. 25,000 are at about 33%, while remaining majority perform marketing agriculture.

#### F.4.2 Labor Input

The JICA Study Team also surveyed the labor input in the farm land within the beneficiary areas of the study DADs. The average labor input of the 150 farmers surveyed is 592 manday/household/year. More than a half of labor input is acquired by outside of the household. The unit labor input to gross cropped area is 62 manday/ha/year in average, although it widely ranges from 20 to 300 manday/ha/year by the various farming styles (refer to Fig. F.4.2.1).

Labor Input to Farm Land in the Beneficiary Area

	Family Labor	Hired Labor	Total
Number of Labor (person/household)	1.9	3.5	5.4
Labor Input (manday/household/year)	258	334	592
Labor Input Per Cropped Area (manday/ha/year)	27	35	62

Note: Number of sample farmers is 150.

Source: Farm household survey conducted by the JICA Study Team

#### F.4.3 Farm Income

The farm income, which was defined as net income from annual and perennial crops on farm lands, was Rs.168,000/year/household in average of 131 sample farmers, although the farm income significantly varied by cropped area and cropping pattern, as shown in the following table. The larger farmers generally earned more profits of their products. Considering cropping pattern, the average farm income was Rs.260,000 for fruit growers, Rs.26,000 for food grain producers and Rs.168,000 for mixed cultivators. The small fruit growers as well as mixed cultivators could make larger profit than average food grain producers.

Average Farm Income by Cropped Area and Cropping Pattern

Cropping		Gross	Cropped Area	(ha)	Marie Company of the	ear/household Average
Pattern	Λ<2	2<=A<5	5<=A<10	10<=A<25	25<=A	
Fruit Growers	50,000	200,000	300,000	491,000	990,000	260,000
Food Grain Producers	7,000	12,000	70,000	18,000	69.000	26,000
Mixed Cultivators	27,000	80,000	50,000	148,000	930,000	128,000
Average	38,000	120,000	109,000	274,000	591,000	168,000

Source: Farm Household Survey by the JICA Study Team

The farm economic condition of individual farmers significantly differed from others. The following chart shows the relationship with gross cropped area and farm income of the individual farmers involved in this study. It was clear that the fruit growers could get higher income than other types of farmers, because the dots of fruit growers took higher positions. The food crop producers could not achieve higher income even larger area cropped. Mixed cultivators stood on a middle situation between them (refer to Fig. F.4.2.1).

Table F.2.1.1 Annual Household Income by Source and Income Group in Balochistan

			S	eil Employmen	t	
Area	Total	Wages and Salaries	Farming Crop Production	Farming Livestock	Other Activities	Other Income
Balochistan						
All Areas	-		•			
All Groups	34,776	14,032	-	2,890	4,775	
<=1000	8,088	1,784		2,251	132	•
1000-1500	15,480	4,076	•	3,063	862	•
1500-2000	21,276	10,802	-	1,906	2,074	3,230
2000-2500	27,288	14,959		1,763	3,711	3,556
2500-3000	32,964	17,329		2,522	4,335	
3000-3500	39,432	20,233		3,135	3,017	
3500-4000	45,780	22,290		1,579	4,216	•
4000-5000	53,532	19,122	•	5,160	8,940	
5000-6000	65,976	20,340	•	4,275	13,749	•
6000-7000	77,064	17,524	26,911	1,426	18,742	
7000<	117,816	27,392	36,641	10,922	21,619	21,242
i lata da Ana a a						,
Urban Areas	50.056	00.004	805	4 064	15 005	6.004
All Groups	52,356	28,084		1,361	15,995	* T
<=1000	7,692	4,581	95	490 223	1,152 2,800	
1000-1500	15,624	14,088		* :	•	
1500-2000	21,756	16,696		50	4,158	
2000-2500	27,768	23,403	175	22	2,482	and the same of th
2500-3000	33,528	24,073		50	4,369	
3000-3500	39,384	24,123	the second secon	130	10,677	
3500-4000	45,876	31,636		211	6,602	
4000-5000	54,192	27,405		206	22,555	
5000-6000	66,492	30,653	and the second second	379	25,560	
6000.7000	76,956	27,142	1 1	31	38,293	
7000<	128,292	55,833	872	9,301	42,234	20,052
Rural Areas						
= =	32,652	12,333	9 500	3,076	3,419	5,303
All Groups					68	
<=1000	8,112	1,610	1,226	2,361		
1000-1500	15,468	3,813		3,137	812 1,959	3,511
1500-2000	21,252	10,479		2,010 1,960		3,381
2000-2500	27,228	14,090		and the second s	3,850	and the second s
2500-3000	32,892	16,505		2,822	4,329 2,071	4,190
3000-3500	39,444	19,757	7,258	3,507		6,851
3500-4000	45,768	20,916	and the second second	1,780	3,863 5,990	
4000-5000	53,388	17,330	and the second second	5,584	8,886	
5000-6000	65,772	16,088	24,428 35,489	5,887 1,928	11,619	
6000-7000	77,100	14,024				And the second second
7000<	113,184	14,838	52,438	11,647	12,507	21,754
Pakistan						
All Areas	43,080	14,337	3,899	6,001	7,940	
Urban Areas	59,712	27,671	358	1,517	15,722	14,444
Rural Areas	36,840	9,332	5,228	7,685	5,021	9,575

Source:

Table F.2.1.2
Annual Household Consumption Enpenditure by Income Group in Balochistan
(Unit: Rs./year)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>			Init: Rs./year)
Area	Total	Food, Beverage and Tobacco	Apparel, Textile and Footwear	House Rental	Fuel and Lighting	Other Consumption Expenditure
Balochistan			-			
All Areas						منمه
All Groups	31,788		2,184		2,661	4,918
<=1000	23,232		1,550		2,086	3,002
1000-1500	22,512		1,481	3,062	2,028	
1500-2000	23,124		1,341		2,456	
2000-2500	25,680	and the second s	1,618		2,386	
2500-3000	28,308		2,146		2,324	4,314
3000-3500	37,368	and the second s	2,791		2,986	
3500-4000	40,788		3,202		2,982	
4000-5000	39,168	21,914	2,855		3,208	
5000-6000	50,448		3,950		3,774	9,827
6000-7000	60,372	32,673	4,057	and the second s	4,196	10,372
7000<	74,100	38,954	4,898	10,478	4,424	15,346
Urban Areas		٠,				
All Groups	45,624	23,766	3,399	6,415	3,203	8,842
<=1000	28,464		2,388	3,660	2,098	5,587
1000-1500	18,780		1,386		1,653	2,207
1500-2000	22,368		1,843	3,382	2,232	2,150
2000-2500	28,356	* *	2,155	4,151	2,441	3,896
2500-3000	32,880	the state of the s	2,436		2,752	4,399
3000-3500	40,536	and the second second	3,101	5,022	3,085	7,102
3500-4000	43,968	and the second second second second	2,590	8,002	2,625	8,750
4000-5000	48,204		3,630		3,538	8,040
5000-6000	59,124		4,582	7,219	4,411	12,026
6000-7000	64,152		4,766	A A	4,022	13,940
7000<	87,600	and the second second	6,517	11,721	4,774	22,776
Rural Areas	the contract of					
All Groups	30,108	16,942	2,035	4,095	2,592	4,444
<=1000	22,908		:		2,085	2,845
1000-1500	22,608		1,483		2,037	3,088
1500-2000	23,160		1,313		2,467	3,175
2000-2500	25,368	and the second s	1,558		2,377	
2500-3000	27,744				2,269	and the second second
3000-3500	36,984		- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	and the second second	2,974	
3500-4000	40,308		3,289		3,031	and the second s
4000-5000	37,212	and the second s	The state of the state of		3,137	
5000-6000	46,884	the state of the s			3,512	
6000-7000	58,992				4,259	
7000<	68,136		S 1		4,265	
Pakislan		1:				
All Areas	41,820		3,538	5,913	2,572	
Urban Areas	54,50				2,932	
Rural Areas	37,05	6 19,158	3,283	3 4,269	2,435	7,911

Source:

Table F.2.2.1
Workers and Cropped Areas in the Study Area (1/2)

			Permanent	Number of	Number of	Number of	Family	Family	Family	Family	
			Hired	Family Modern	Family Workers	Family Workers	Members	Members	Members	Members	
ŀ		Number of	Workers	Workers Engaged in	Engaged in	Engaged in	Engaged in	Engaged in	Engagedin	Engaged in	Family
	Number of	Household	Engaged in	Agricultural	Agricultural	Agricultural	Work of Their	Work of Their	Work of Their	Work of Their	Workers
	Households	Members	Agricultural	Work on	Work on	Work on	Households	Households	Households/	Households/	Economica:
			Work on	Their	Their	Their	Only	Only	Agency Only	Agency Only	Inactive
			Their Holdings	Holdings	Heldings	Holdings	(Mainly Agriculture)	(Mainly Non- Agricultura)	(Mainly	(Mainly Non- Agriculture)	
			no anga	(IIotal)	(Full Time)	(Part Time)	a.gncontoie)	Agricultural	Agriculate)	Agriculture)	
Balochistan Province										·	
VII Households	476,331	3,900,800				ļ	582,900	215,100	71,400		959,00
von Aori. Households	145,247	1,064,100				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	81,200	15,200		342,40
Agricultural Households	331,084	2,836,600	23,586	582,870	357,076	225,794	582,900	134,900	56,200		516,50
Livestock Holders	88,217	700,700	924	116,885	31,758	85,127	116,900	39,500	18,000	73,100	146,30
Farm Households	242,867	2,135,000	22,762	465,988	325,318	149,670	465,000	95,400	38,200		470,30
<1.0acre	3,209	25,800	30	3,308	2,044	1,264	3,300	900	600	2,800	5,00
1.0-2 5	24,462	195,000	793	34.803	23,602	11,201	34,800	9,700	3,500	15,800	42,90
2.5-5.0	26,326	212,800	716	42,657	29,450	13,207	42,700	10,500	5,000	13,200	45,30
5.07.5	31,854	257,600	1,473	55,449	39,411	17,038	56,500	11,600	4,800	13,400	55,30
7.5-12.5	52,401	432,100	2,314	100,971	72,414	28,557	101,000	17,900	8,000	50,000	90,90
12 5-25 0	48,862	441,800	2,878	100,969	71,695	29,273	100,900	19,900	7,400	18,900	95,40
25.0-50.0	31,609	311,200	4,511	68,339	46,740	21,599		13,900	5,200	14,900	70,70
50.0-150.0	19,681	205,200	5,741	44,826	30,440	14,386	44,800	8,800	2,800	11,060	49,50
150.0 and above	4,463	54,500	4,366	13,666	9,521	4,145	13,600	2,200	900	2,500	13,30
Quelta District					<del></del>	~···································					
All Households	61,754	543,100		<del></del>		<del>-</del>	7,000	38,600	1,700	98,700	193,10
Non Agri. Households	56,045	483,500	<del></del>					35,200	1,100	80,800	175,30
Agricultural Households	5,709	59,700	2,295	7,284	3,800	3,484	7,000	3,400	600	5,900	17,80
Livestock Holders	2,570	26,500		2,871	656	2,205	2,900	2,000	500	2,700	7.90
Farm Households	3,139	33,100	2,289	4,413	3,134	1,279	4,100	1,400	100		9,90
<1.0acre	713	6,600	2	350	270	80	400	200			1,80
1025	343	4,000	153	360	243	117 98	300	100		500	1,30
2.5-5.0	358	3,400	21	359	563		300	200	·	300	1,10
5.0-7.5	293	2,700	57	439	930	109	400	100		200	90
7.5-12.5	420	3,500	80	579	480	99	500	100	9	300	1,10
12.5-25.0	357	3,600	104	621	432	189	003	200	0	300	1,00
25.0-50.0	326	3,700	525	688	468	550		200	100	500	1,10
50.0-150.0	247	3,800	971	745	423	355	700	200	0	400	90
150 0 and above	105	1,800	376	272	225	47	300	100	0	100	70
Pishin District		400.000		·			60.000				
All Households	35,262	400,900					50,900	44,000	10,000	23,100	87,00
Non Agri, Households	6,663	57,600	0.056	50 300	20 506	10.000	60.000	9,000	1,700	6,300	14,70
Agricultural Households	28,599	343,400	2,356	50,732	32,506	18,226	50,900	35,000	8,300	16,800	72,30
Liveslock Holders Farm Households	7,719	84,100	13	9,391 41,381	3,230	6,161	9,400	8,700	2,900	7,200	17,80
<1.0acra	20,880 48	259,300 500	2,343		29,276	12,105 25	41,500	26,300 100	5,400	9,500	54,50 10
1025	2,299	21,400	103	78 3,516	52 2,614	902	3,500	5 000	700	1,100	4,20
2.5-5.0	3,192	33,200	151	5,597	4,224	1,373	5,600	3,300	1,400	1,500	6,40
5075	3,850	43,700	235	7,454	5,310	2,144	7,500	3,800	1,000	1,500	8,70
7.5-12.5	4,321	51,500	490	8,512	6,096	2,418	8,500	5,000	900	1,900	10,70
12.5-25.0	3,738	52,500	412	7,747	5,142	2,605	7,800	6,100	800	1,800	10,80
25.0-50.0	1,988	32,400	393	4,735	3,187	1,548	4,700	3,500	400	1,000	7,10
50.0-150.0	1 272	20,500	337	3,185	2,237	948	3,200	2,100	200	700	5,30
150.0 and above	162	3,600	555	557	414	143	600	400	0	100	1,20
Kaiat District	· · · · · ·					<del>-</del>	1				
All Households	34,984	274,300			and the second second second		52,900	7,900	4,900	17,300	68,30
Von Agri. Households	4,607	31,300	-:			l	<u>**</u> -**/	1,500	900	5,400	10,60
Agricultural Households	30,377	243,000	3,144	52,929	36,683	16,246	52,900	6,400	4,000	11,900	57,70
Livestock Holders	6,441	43,300	183	8,194	2,871	5,323	8 200	1,700	900	4,000	9,10
Farm Households	23,936	199,700	2,961	44,735	33,812	10,923	44,700	4,700	3,100	7,900	48,60
<1,0acre	25	\$00	9	23	3	20		0	0	0	
1.02.5	2,089	14,100	51	2,827	2,017	810		\$00 0	100	1,200	3,20
2550	2,388	17,700	42	3,780	2,831	949	3,800	700	400	800	4,00
5.0-7.5	3,684	27,300	108	6,195	4,717	1,478	6,200	800	600	1,000	6,70
7.5-12.5	5,003	33,000	315	8,953	6,769	2,184	9,000	800	600	1,200	9,10
12.5-25.0	4,849	41,900	485	9,281	7,267	2,014	9,300	700	800	1,300	10,40
25 0-50.0	3,723	34,900	774	8,020	5,876	2,144	8,000	800	500	1,400	8,20
50.0 150.0	1,896	20,600	815	4,630	3,476	1,154	4,600	600	100	900	5,60
150.0 and above	279	4,000	371	1,026	858	170	1,000	100	0	100	1,30
tudy Area							L				
di Households	132,000	1,218,300					110,800	90,500	18,600	137,100	348,40
ion Agri. Households	67,315	572,400					0	45,700	3,700	92,500	200,60
gricultural Households	64,€85	€46,100	7,795	110,945	72,989	37,956	110,800	₹4,800	12,900	34,600	147,80
Livestock Holders	16,730	153,900	202	20,455	6,767	13,689	20,500	12,400	4,300	13,900	34,80
Farm Households	47,955	492,100	7,593	90,529	66,222	24,307	90,300	32,400	8,600	20,700	
<1.0aore	786	7,300	2	451	325	126	500	300	9	900	2,00
1.0-2.5	4,731	39,500	307	6,703	4,874	1,829	6,600	2,300	800	2,800	8,70
2 5-5.0	5,938	54,300	214	9,736	7,318	2,418	9,700	4,200	1,800	2,600	11,50
50-7.5	7,837	73,700	400	14,088	10,357	3,731	14,100	4,700	1,600	2,700	16,30
7 5 12 5	9,724	94,000	285	18,044	13,345	4,699	18,000	5,900	1,500	3,400	20,90
12.5-25.0	8,944	98,000	1,001	17,649	12,841	4,808	17,700	7,000	1,600	3,400	22,20
25.0-50.0	6,037	71,000	1,692	13,443	9,531	3,912	13,300	4,500	1,000	2,600	16,40
50.0-150.0	3,415	44,900	2,123	8,560	6,136	2,424	8,500	2,900	300	2,000	11,80
150.0 and above	543	9,400	969	1,855	1,495	360	1,900	600	0	300	3,20

Note: Pishin district includes Pishin and Olia Abdullah districts, as well as Kalat district Includes Kalat and Mastung district. Source: 1990 Census of Agriculture, Vol. II Párt-4 Baluthistan

Table F.2.2.1 Workers and Cropped Areas in the Study Area (2/2)

	Cropped Area, Total (acre)	Croppped Area, Irrigated (acre)	Kharif Crops Area, Total (acre)	Kharif Grops Area, Irrigated (acre)	Rabi Crops Area, Total (acre)	Plabi Crops Area, Irrigated (acre)	Orchard Area, Total {acre}	Orchard An Irrigated (acre)
alochistan Province								
Il Households	/ ]						I	I
ion Agri, Households								1
oricultural Households								
Livestock Holders	1							I
Farm Households	2,709,871	1,604,588	932,695	511,628	1,574,139	994,364	103,046	
<1.0ecre	969	944	158	153	417	395	392	j3
1.0-2.5	31,091	23,891	6,547	4,992	18,785	13,194	5,758	
2.5-5.0	67,137	49,348	15,389	10,943	14,495	30,208	7,261	7,2
5.07.5	126,487	85,989	33,369	24,459	82,628	52,185		
7,5-12 5	378,018	265,793	123,366	91,936	239,646	158,339	16,007	
12 5-25 0	558,886	366,466	185,887	125,463	358,980	225,622		
25 0-50 0	515,420	294,245	176,718	94,402	321,455	183,589		
50.0-150.0	545,380	266,285	177,956	82,498	348,025	165,887		
150.0 and above	486,483	251,627	213,325	76,782	262,708	154,945	10,454	9,8
uetta District			<del> </del>	l		<del></del>		
Il Households						_ <del></del>	ł—	<b></b>
on Agri. Households			l	ŀi	l		ļ	
gricultural Households					<u>`</u>	ļ	ļ	<b>!</b>
Uveslock Holders		<del></del> -	ļ —— <u>— — —</u>	<b></b>			L	<del> </del>
Farm Households	33,026	27,213	8,244	4,820	18,291	15,698		6,4
<1 Cacre	111	110				3		
1.0-2.5	304	295	3	3	74	65	227	
2550	562	522	45		293	255		
5.07.5	995	905	68		728	650		4
7.5-12.5	2,210	1,853			1,612	1,338		
12.5-25.0	3,779	3,194			2,185	1,835		
25.0-50.0	6,402	4,904	1,267	494	2,933	2,214	2,195	
50.0-150.0	6,684	6,030			2,949	2,649		
150.0 and above	11,979	9,400	3,832	1,867	7,504	6,889	643	6
ishin District				<b></b>			ļ	<u> </u>
Ul Households							<b> </b>	<b></b>
ion Agri. Households				Ii			l	I L.
loricultural Households								ļ
Livestock Holders	<del></del> -						l	l
Farm Households	171,321	97,976			121,683	53,749	28,074	27,9
<1 Oacre	17	17	0		l	4 000	19	<u> </u>
1.0-2.5	3,069 8,347	2,861		195 782	1,715	1,333		
2550 5075	14,799	6,978 12,121			4,964 9,413	3,661 6,890	2,542	
7.5-12.5	25,296	20,114	3,660		16,445	11,876		
12.5-25.0	31,718	19,952			22,199	11,522		
25.0-50.0	28,171	15,428	4,677		19,544	8,558		
50 G-150 O	43,446	14,720			34,421	7,335		
	16,458	5,985						
1500 and above	19,430	2,303	1,049	931	12,975	2,570	2,435	2.4
Il Households				<del> </del>	j		<del> </del>	1
in ricusanoids			<del> </del>	<del> </del>		<b></b>		1
on Agg. Households			1		i	<b> </b>	1	t
Livestock Holders							İ	† <i>-</i>
Farm Households	276,234	155,322	54,956	40,268	213,211	107,126	8,069	7,9
<1.0acre	13		* · · · · · ·			1		
1.0-2.5	2,774	1,542			2,357	1,134		
25-50	6,445	3,763				3,002		ļ
5.0-7.5	14,783	7,131			12,432	5,100		
7.5-12 5	33,151	14,631	5,239			9,974		
12 5-25 0	52,300					18,692		
25.0-50.0	69,048					29,485		
50.0-150.0	64,443					25,628		
150.0 and above	33,277	19,339				14,109		
tudy Area	I		I	1		I	1	T
li Households	l		1			L	1	1
ion Agri. Households .	L	1	1	1	[	[	1	
oricultural Households	L		1	1	]	l	1	L
Livestock Holders	I		1	L	L:	I	I	
Farm Households	450,581	280,511	84,759	61,369	353,185	176,773	42,634	42,3
<1.0ecre	111	140	. 0			11		
10-25	6,147	4,498		453		2,529		
2.5-5.0	15,354	11.263				6,918	2,901	2.6
	30,577	20,157				12,640		4,1
			3.503					
5.0-7.5 7.5-12.5	60,657	36,598					6,093	6.6
5.0-7.5			9,135	7,358	45,429	23,185	6,093	6.6
5.0-7.5 7.5-12.5	60,657	36,598 48,649	9,135 13,432	7,358 10,228	45,429 67,978		6,093 6,381	6.6

Note: Pishin district includes Pishin and Qila Abdullah district, as well as Kalat district includes Kalat and Mastung district. Source: 1990 Census of Agriculture, Vot. II Part-4 Baluchistan

Table F.2.3.1
Debt Status in the Study Area (1/3)

	Number of Households, All Households, Total	Number of Households, All Households, Under Debt	%•	Number of Households under Debl, Owner Households, Total	Number of Households under Debt, Owner Households, Under Oebt	*	Number of Households under Debt, Owner-Cum- Tenant Households, Total	Number of Households under Debt, Owner-Curn- Tenant Households, Under Debt	*	Number of Households under Debt, Tenant Households, Total	Number of Households under Debt, Tenant Households, Under Debt	*
Balochistan Province		445.004	330/				ļ	<b> </b>		ł		ļ
All Households Non Agri. Households	476,305 145,247	145,094 21,121	30% 15%							<u> </u>	l- <i></i>	
Agricultural Households	331,058	123,973	37%							<b>}</b>		†
Livestock Holders	88,217	28,160								1		
Farm Households	242,841	95,613		196,085	73,193	37%	11,936	5,745	48%	34,833	15,867	
<1.0acre	3,503	1,101	34%	3,104	1,090	35%	<del></del>	6	87%	95	} <u>-</u>	59
1.0-2.5 2.5-5.0	24,462 26,925	9,241 10,167	38%	23,626 23,931	8,816 9,105	37%	138	113	46%	695 2,097	312 928	
5.0-7.5	31,853	12,350	39%	27,187	9,905	36%	1,036	382	37%	3,630	2,066	
7.5-12.5	52,400	21,643	41%	33,392	14,672	37%	1,895	958	51%	11,114	6,014	54%
12 5-25 0	48,858	19,650	40%	35,024	13,084	37%	3,263	1,612	49%	10,572	4.951	
25.0-50.0 50.0-150.0	31,607 19,675	12,176 7,561	39%	23,705 16,139	8,619 6,058	37% 38%	2,986	1,395 987	47% 49%	1,514	1,962	
150.0 and above	4,452	1,924	43%	3,975	1,644	41%	286	158	55%	193	120	·
Quelta District										1	İ	1
All Households	61,746	4,706	8%				<b>!</b>			ļ		ļ
Non Agri. Households	56,045	3,706	7%			i			<del> </del>		ł	<del></del>
Agricultural Households Liveslock Holders	5,701 2,570	1,000 322	18%					- <del></del>			<del> </del> -	
Farm Households	3,131	678		3,043	527	21%	27	16	59%	61	34	56%
<1.0acre	713		1%	713	5	1%	. 0	0		0	0	
1.0-2.5	343	73	21%	342	73	21%	0	0			<u>•</u>	
2550	358	119	33%	349 273	113	32%	3	0	0% 0%	19		
5.0-7.5 7.5-12.5	293 399	50 107	17%	381	103	27%	2	9	0%	15	12	+
12.5-25.0	357	135	38%	344	123	36%	5	5	100%	8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	85%
25 0-50.0	325	92	28%	311	85	27%	3	1	33%	- 11	5	45%
50.0-150.0	244	76	31%	233	57	29%	11	9	82%	0	0	
150 0 and above Pishin District	99	21	21%	97	20	21%	2	1	50%		º	<del> </del>
All Households	35,262	4,781	14%				l <del></del>			l		t
Non Agri. Households	6,653	316	5%									
Agricultural Households	28,599	4,465	16%									
Livestock Holders Farm Households	2,719	477	6%	20,080	0.042	19%		80	34%	567		11%
<1.0acre	20,880	3,988 16	19% 38%	20,080	3,847 18	38%	234	i	3576		60	
1.0-2.5	2,299	649	28%	2,299	649	28%	0	ŏ		Ö		
2550	3,192	536	17%	3,165	530	17%			0%	22	6	
5.0-7.5	3,860	647	17%	3,776	644	17%	3	0	0%	83	3	
7.5-12.5 12.5-25.0	4,321 3,738	830 651	19%	4,139 3,455	800 617	19%	37	14	38% 24%	144	16	1
25.0-50.0	1,988	397	20%	1,864	364	50%	44	17		81	16	
50.0-150.0	1,272	237	19%	1,178	203	12%	57	28	49%	38	. 6	
150.0 and above	162	23	14%	155	55	14%	7	1	14%	0	0	l
Kelet District All Households	34,978	7,718	22%			<u></u>					<del></del>	
Non Agh. Households	4,607	712	15%			<del>-}</del> -				- <del></del> -		<del> </del> -
Agricultural Households	30,371	7,006	23%									
Livestock Holders	6,441	5,€48										
Farm Households <1.0scre	23,930 25	5,358 0	22%	18,267 23	3,474 0	19%	3,760 0	1,214	35%	1,906	670	
1.02.5	2,089	368	18%	1,827	247	14%	<u>0</u>	0		262	121	
25-50	2,387	496		2,055	396	19%	40	10	25%	291	91	
5075	3,683	775		2,730	532	19%	452	72		492	171	
7.5-12.5	5,003	1,168	23%	3,991	895	22%	683	167	25%	341	108	
12.5-25.0 25.0-50.0	4,848 3,723	1,029 941		3,836 2,957	445	17%	781 1,155	263 435	34%	232 211	101	
50 0-150.0	1,895	496		1,236	257	21%	591	221	37%	69	17	
150 D and above	277		31%	212	37	17%	6.3	4.5	73%		2	100%
Study Area										i		
All Households Non Agri. Households	131,986 67,315	17,205 4,734	13% 7%									
Apricultural Households	64,671	12,471	19%									
Livestock Holders	16,730	2,447										
Farm Households	47,941	10,024	21%	41,390	7,948	19%	4,021	1,310	33%	2,534	764	30%
<1.0acra 1.0-2 \$	788	1 000	3%	783	23 969	222	0	0		263	0	0%
25-50	4,731 5,937	1,090 1,151	23% 19%	4,468 5,570	1,039	19%	47	10	21%	320	121 104	33%
5.07.5	7,836	1,472		6,779	1,214	18%	465		15%	594	186	31%
7.5-12.5	9,723	2,105	55%	8,511	1,798	21%	707	181	25%	503	125	25%
12.5-25.0	8,943	1,815		7,636	1,405	18%	869	288	33%	438	121	
25.0-50.0 50.0-150.0	6,036	1,430 809		4,532 2,647	694 527	20%	1,202 659	453 258	33%	303 107		27%
	3,411 538		24%	464	79		72		67%	2		100%

Note: Pishin district includes Pishin and Olfa Abdullah district, as well as Kalat district includes Kalat and Mastung district. Source: 1900 Consus of Agriculture, Vol. II Part 4 Baluchistan

Table F.2.3.1 Debt Status in the Study Area (2/3)

	Amount of Debt, All Households, Total (Rs. 000)	Amount of Debt, All Households, Institutional (Rs.'000)	%	Amount of Debt, All Households, Non- Institutional (Rs. 1000)	%	Amount of Debt, Owner Households, Yotal (Rs.1000)	%	Amount of Bebt, Owner Households, Institutional (Rs.'000)	%	Amount of Debt, Owner Households, Non- Institutional (Rs. 1000)	%	Amount of Debt, Owner-Cum- Tenent Households, Total (Rs.'000)	*	Amount of Debt, Owner-Cum- Tenant Households, Institutional (Rs. '000)	*
Balochistan Province	L											l			
All Households	3,341,940	\$60,757	17%	2,781,183					ļ						
Non Agri, Households Agricultural Households	493,444 2,858,496	62,506 498,251	13%	420,938 2,360,245	87% 83%										<del> </del> -
Liveslock Holders	463,397	43,904	9%	419,493											- 1
Farm Households	2,395,099	454,347	15%	1,940,752		2,037,616	85%	417,439		1,620,177	80%	135,328	5%	31,311	23%
<1.0acre	28,005	389	1%	27,616		27,706	99%	389		27,317	99%	103	0%	0	
1.025 25-5.0	199,613 215,906	19,966	5% 9%	189,609 195,940	95% 91%	195,372 206,171	98%	9,821 19,801	10%	185,551 186,370	95%	1,666 1,762	1%	32	
5 0.7.5	259,308	33,422	13%	225,886	87%	230,196	83%	32,295	14%	197,901	86%	5,394	5%	812	15%
7.5-12.5	422,894	59,906	14%	362,938	86%	337,311	80%	57,846	17%	279,455	83%	17,595	4%	1,147	
12.5.25.0 25.0-50.0	425,130 352,489	60,084 76,264	14% 22%	365,046 276,225	86% 78%	331,147 286,436	78%	57,033 69,032	17%	274,114 217,404	83% 76%	28,330	7% 8%	2,541	20%
50.0-150.0	334,008	112,755	34%	221,253	66%	288,412	81% 86%	97,879	34%	190,533	66%	28,245 32,282	10%	5,757 12,952	40%
150.0 and above	157,746	81,557	52%	76,189		134,865	85%	73,343		61,522		20,951		8,054	
Quetta District														<u></u>	ļ
All Households	197,693	43,175	22%	154,518	78%		~				i	ļ			
Non Agd, Households Apriquityral Households	168,726 28,967	39,569 3,606	12%	129,157 25,351	88%							}i			
Livestock Holders	6,331	0,000	0%	6,331	100%									[·	1
Farm Households	22,636	3,606	16%	19,030		21,122	93%	3,540		17,582	83%	719	_3%	66	
<1.0acre 1.0-2.5	498 1,097	30 267	6% 24%	468 830	94%	1,097	100%	30	-6%	468	94%	0	0%	} <u>-</u> 9	
25-5.0	3,368	129	4%	3,239	76% 95%	3,147	93%	267 129	24%	830 3,018	76% 96%	0	0%	9	
5075	993	8	1%	985	99%	768	77%	8	1%	760		0	0%	Ó	f
7.5-12.5	2.345	779	33%	1,567	67%	2,311	99%	779		1,532	65%	0	0%	Q	
12.5-25.0 25.0-50.0	3,874	422	_0%	3,874	100%	3,751	97%	122	0%	3,751	100% 87%	55	12		
50.0-150.0	3,597 3,275	303	12%	3,175 2,972	88% 91%	3,318 3,153	96%	303	13%	2,896 2,850		93 122	1% 4%	0	0%
150.0 and above	3,588	1,668	46%	1,920		3,079	85%	1,602		1,477	48%	509	14%	66	
Pishin District															ļ
Alt Households Non Agri. Households	178,766 6,887	37,909 263	21% 4%	140,877 6,624		i				··			}		
Agricultural Households	171,899	37,646		134,253		i									
Livestock Holders	9,562	1,419	15%	8,143											
Farm Households	162,337	36,227	22%	126,110		157,102	97%	34,845	22%	122,257	78%	3,431	2%	1,286	37%
<1.0acre 1.0-2.5	225 13,845	0	0%	225 12,268	100% 89%	225 13,845	100%	0	0%	225	100% 89%	<u> </u>	0%	9	
25-50	12,620	1,577 1,063	11%	11,557		12,416		1,577	11%	12,268 11,353	91%	0	_0% 0%	0	Ì
5075	24,233	904	4%	23,329		24,146		904	1%	23,242	96%	0	0%	0	1
7 5-12 5	30,227	8,799	29%	21,428	71%	29,263	97%	8,780	30%	20,483	70%	760	3%	0	0%
12 5-25 0 25 0-50 0	35,636 26,721	9,246 7,764	26% 29%	26,390		34,946	98%	9,038	26%	25,910		280	1%	140	
50 0-150 0	15,617	5,008	32%	18,957 10,609	71% 68%	24,762 14,326	93% 92%	6,849 4,770	33%	17,913 9,556	72% 67%	1,564 787	5%	916 230	
150.0 and above	3,213	1,866		1,347	42%	3,173		1,866		1,307	41%	40	1%	o	
Kalat District			11.7.												
Ali Households Non Agri, Households	199,145	53,385 2,675	27%	145,760 10,531		]						ļ			;
Agricultural Households	185,939	50,710		135,229						[	- :		<u> </u>		1-4:0
Livestock Holders	28,230	11,107	39%	17,123	61%										1
Farm Households	157,709	39,603		118,106		99,558		24,699	25%	74,860		40,921	26%	14,164	
<1.0scre 1.0-2.5	2,845			0 2,845	93%	2,143		500	9%	0 1,943			0%	0	
25-50	7,204	0	0%	7,204	100%	5,368		200	0%	5,368		150		0	
5075	17,116	5,990	17%	14,126	83%	10,518	61%	2,178	21%	8,340	79X	1,413	8%	812	57%
7.5-12.5 12.5-25.0	32,190			22,075 22,203		27,563		9,802	36%	17,761	54%	2,839		313	
25.0-50.0	25, <u>56</u> 5 32,662	3,362 5,962		26,700		13,743		2,112 3,708		11,631 17,579	85%	6,807 9,010		1,250 1,543	
50.0-150.0	24,147	8,818		15,329		13,994	58%	4,343		9,651		9,734		4,475	
150 0 and above	15,950	8,156	51%	7,824	49 X	4,942	31%	2,355		2,587		10,968			
Study Area All Households	\$75,624	134,459	23%	441,155	77%	ļ									
Non Agri. Households	168,819	42,507	23%	146,312											
Agricultural Households	386,805	91,962	24%	234,843	76%	ļ				[					1.
Livestock Holders	44,123	12,526	26%	31,597			-								
Farm Households <1.0acra	342,682 723	79,436 30		263,246 693		277,782	81%	63,083 30		214,699		45,071	13%	15,516	
1.025	17,787	2,044		15,743		17 085		2,044		693 15,041		0	0% 0%	o	
25-50	23,192	1,192	5%	55,000	95%	20,931	90%	1,192	6%	19,739	94%	150	1%		0%
5.07.5	42,342	3,902		38,440	91%	35,432	84%	3,090	9%	32,342	91%	1,413	3%	812	57%
7.5-12.5 12.5-25.0	64,763 65,075	19,693 12,608		45,070				19,361		39,776		3,599	_ <u>6%</u>		- 93
16.4'54 Y				52,467		52,440		15,148		41,292		7,142		1,330	
25.0-50.0	62,980	14,148	22%	45,832	107	49,367	78%	10,979	22%	38,388	78%	10,607	17%	2,459	23%

Note: Pishin district includes Pishin and Qila Abdullah districts, as well as Kalat district includes Kelat and Wastung district. Source: 1990 Census of Agriculture, Vol. II Part-4 Baluchistan

Table F.2.3.1 Debt Status in the Study Area (3/3)

	Amount of Debt, Owner-Cum- Tenant Households, Non- Institutional (Rs. 1000)	%	Amount of Debt, Tenant Households, Total (Rs. '000)	%	Amount of Debt, Tenant Households, Institutional (Rs. 1000)	%	Amount of Debt, Tenant Households, Non- Institutional (Rs. 1000)	%	Amount of Oebt Per Cropped Area, Total (Rs Jacre)	Amount of Debt Per Cropped Area, Institutional (Rs./acre)	Amount of Debt Per Gropped Area, Non- Institutional (Rs./acre)	Amount of Debt Per Household, Total (Rs./HH)	Amount of Debt Per Household, Institutional (Rs JHH)	Amount of Oet/ Per Household, Non- Institutional (Ra /HH)
Balochistan Province	<b></b>												ļ	
All Households Non Agri, Households							<b> </b>							
Aprioutural Households														
Livestock Holders														
Farm Households	105,017	77%	221,161	9%	5,598	3%	215,563	97%	884	168	716	9,862	1,871	7,991
<1.0acre 1.0-2.5	1,634	100% 98%	196 2,574	1%	0 150	0% 6%	2,424	100% 94%	28,901 6,420	401 322	28,499 6,099	8,727 8,160	121	8,606 7,751
2550	1,745	99%	7,973	4%	149	2%	7,824	98%	3,216	297	2,919	8,201	758	7,443
5075	4,582		23,715	9%	313	1%	23,402	99%	2,050	264	1,786	8,141	1,049	7,091
7.5-12.5	16,448	93%	67,993		915 511	1% 1%	67,078 65,141	99%	1,119 761	158 108	960 653	8,070 8,701	1,143	6,927 7,471
12.5-25.0 25.0-50.0	25,789 22,488	91% 80%	65,652 37,809	15%	1,476	4%			684	148	536	11,152	2,413	8,739
50.0-150.0	19,330		13,319	4%	1,925	14%	11,394	86%	612	207	406	16,971	5,729	11,242
150 0 and above	12,897	62%	1,930	1%	159	8%	1,721	92%	324	168	157	35,345	18,274	17,071
Quetta District All Households												<del></del>		
Non Agri. Households Agricultural Households	}	ļ ;					·			<u>-</u>	<del> </del>		}	
Livestock Holders							<u> </u>						1	
Farm Households	653	91%	795	4%	0	0%		100%	685	109	576	7,211	1,149	6,062
<1.0ecrs	0		0	_ <u>0%</u>	0				4,485	270 878	4,216	698	778	856 2,420
1.0-2.5 2.5-5.0	0		0 221	0% :7%	0	-0%	f	100%	3,609 5,893	230	2,730 5,763	3,198 9,408	350	9,047
5.0-7.5			225	23%	0	0%	225	100%	998	8	990	3,389	27	3,362
7.5-12.5	0		35	1%	0	0%	*	100%	1,062	352	709	5,865	1,948	3,918
12.5-25.0 25.0-50.0		100%	68 246	2%	0	0% 0%	68	100%	1,025 562	65	1,025 496	10,852	1,294	10,852
50.0-150.0		100%	0	C%	0			11007	190	45	445	13,259	1,227	12,032
150.0 and above	443		0	0%	0		0		300	139			16,353	18,824
Pishin District	ļ													
All Households Non Agri. Households												·	l	
Agricultural Households					[							1		
Livestock Holders				-1:27										
Farm Households <1.0acre	2,145	63%	1,809	1%	98 0	_ 5%	1,711	95%	948 13,235	2:1	736 13,235	7,775 4,688	1,735	6,040 4,688
1.025	i o		0	0%	ō		0		4,511	514	3,997	6,022	686	5,336
2.5-5.0	0		205	2%	0	0%	1	100%	1,512	127	1,385	3,954	333	3,621
5.0-7.5 7.5-12.5	0	100%	87 205	0% 1%	19		97 186	100% 91%	1,637 1,195	61 348	1,576	6,278 6,995	2,036	6,044 4,959
12 5-25 0	140		410	1%	70		340		1,124	292	832	9,533	2,474	7,060
25 0-50 0	648	41%	397	1%	0	0%	397	100%	949	275	673	13,441	3,905	9,536
50.0-150.0	557		505	3%	9	2%	496	95%	359 195	115 113	244	12,278	3,937	8,340
150.0 and above Kalat District	10	100%	0	0%	0				193		8.2	19,833	11,519	8,315
All Households								l						
Non Agri. Households								ļ					<b>!</b>	
Agricultural Households Uvestock Holders	·				ļ		ļ	ļ			l	ł		
Farm Households	26,757	65%	17,229	11%	741	4%			571	143	428			4,934
<1.0acre	0		0		0		0		0		0			
1.0-2.5 2.5-5.0	150	100%	702 1,685	25%	Q	- 0% 0%		100%	1,026 1,118	72	953 1,118	1,362 3,017	96	1,266 3,017
5075	601		5,185	30%		0%			1,158	202	956	4,646	812	3,834
7.5-12.5	2,526	89%	1,788	6%	0	0%	1,788	100%	971	305	656	6,434	2,022	4,412
12.5-25.0	5,557		5,015	20%	0	30%			489 473	64 85	425 387	5,272 8,773	693 1,601	4,579 7,172
25.0-50.0 50.0-150.0	7,467 5,259	83% 54%	2,365 419	7 <u>%</u> 2%	/11	30%		76%	375	137	238	12,735	4,651	8,085
150.0 and above	5,197								480		235			28,043
Study Area			}								<b>}</b>	<b> </b>		
Ali Households Non Apri, Households													1	
Agricultural Households Livestock Holders	1		<b>!</b>					·			<del>-</del>			
Farm Households	29,555	65%	19,833	6%	839	4%	18 994	96%	713	165	548	7,146	1,656	5,489
<1.0a0ie	10		0	0%	G		]	<u> </u>	5,128	213	4,915	920	38	382
1.0-2.5	150		702 2,111	1.4%	0	0%		100%	2,894	333 78	2,561 1,433	3,760 3,905	432	3,928 3,705
2.5-5.0 5.0-7.5	601	100%	2,111 5,497	13%		0%	2,111 5,497		1,510 1,385	128	1,257			4,905
7.5-12.5	3,286		2,028	3%	19	13	2,009	99%	1,068	325	743	6,660	2,025	4,635
12 5-25 0	5,752	81%	5,493	8%	70	1%	5,423	93%	741	144	598	7,276	1,410	
25.0-50.0	5,148		3,008	. 5%		24%	2,297 915		608 376	137	471 252	10,432	2,344	8,089 8,466
50.0-150.0 150.0 and above	5,933 5,680		924	5%		43%		57%	369		180			

Note: Pishin district Includes Pishin and Oila Abduliah districts, as well as Kalet district Includes Kalet and Mastung district. Source: 1990 Census of Agriculture, Vol. II Part-4 Baluchistan

Table F.2.3.2 Outline of Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan

Description	Pakistan	Punjab	Sindh	NWFP	Balochistan	Others
Total Loan Portfolio	48,036	29,419	11,392	3,124	2,675	1,426
Total Credit Disbursed	14,576	9,980	3,049	713	623	211
General Credit Disbursed	14,139	9,678	2,942	707	623	189
Project Loan Disbursed	437	302	107	6	0	22
Kisan Banking	7,153	4,629	1,405	599	377	143
Loan to Subsistence Farmers	7,226	4,647	1,352	639	405	183
Tractor Financed	5,030	4,251	666	70	35	8
Awami Tractors	602	373	203	8	12	6
Total Recovery	9,810	7,595	1,226	546	249	194
Cumulative Recovery	90%	92%	89%	82%	68%	
No. of MCOs	1,376	729	315	193	87	52
No. of Regional Offices	51	21	12	9	6	3
No. of Branches	345	154	85	50	39	17
No. of Staff	8.611	3.003	1.638	943	49 i	2,536

<ul> <li>B.1 Number of Branch Offi</li> </ul>						
			District			Balochistan
	Qila Abdullah	Pishin	Quetta	Mastung	Kalat	Province
Nurshar of Branch Offices	1	1	2	1	1	41

Type of Loan		Condition									
	Main Purpose	Loan Period	Max. Arnount (Rs. '000)	Mark-up Rate	Remarks						
Production Loan	Seasonal farm inputs	6 - 18 months	200/500	14%							
Development Loan	Machinery, Tubewell	5 - 10 years	500/1000	14%							
Medium Term Loan	Livestock, Tubeweli	5 years	500/1000	14%							
Long Term Loan	Machinery, Tubewell	8 - 10 years	500/1000	14%							

Type of Loan			Year	4		Remarks
	1991/92	1992/93	1993/94	1994/95	1995/96*	
Production Loan	31,808	38,629	25,081	76,640	46,924	
Development Loan	167,574	188,189	239,376	532,786	88,516	
Medium Term Loan	25,526	37,283	38,761	69,832	12,884	
Long Term Loan	142,048	150,906	200,615	462,254	75,632	

Type of Loan	*	District							
	Qila Abdullah	Pishin	Quella	Mastung	Kalat				
Production Loan		75		155	989	1,219			
Development Loan	1,657	5,240	4,291	12,247	3,514	26,949			
Short Term Loan	4.2		5,569			5,569			
Medium Term Loan	1 ×		113	25	702	840			
Long Term Loan	1,657	5,240	419	12,222	2,812	22,350			

Source: Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan, Quetta Regional Office

Table F.3.1.1 Monthly Average Wholesale Prices of Agricultural Commodities in Quetta

No	Commodities												·			(Unit:	Rs/40kg)
	Wheat	Jan. 95	Feb. 95	Mar. 95	Apr. 95 200	May. 95 260	Jun. 95 200	Jul. 95 200	Aug. 95 200	Տ <b>գ</b> ր. <u>95</u>	Oct. 95 200	Nov. 95	Dec. 95	Jan. 96 216	Feb. 96 215	Mar. 96 216	Apr. 96. 216
2	Wheat Flour (Alta)		234	200 240	238	240	240 240	250	243		200			230	232	216	239
3	Maida		290	580	283	280	280	290	290		293			287	286	555	289
4	Suji		308	310	296	310	320	280	285		282			287	291	298	296
5	Rice, Basmati 385	511	498	494	572	530	499	540	547	570	565	570	580	580	599	€17	631
6	Rice, IR-6	228	535	247	252	260	290	500	295	315	310	312	316	315	317	318	320
7	Maize		321	330	305	903	300	340	544		332			296	297	277	\$65
8	Gram, White (Kabil)	957	943	1,258	1,320	1,340	1,335	1,600	1,454	1,065		1,158		1,453	1,343	1,177	1,010
9	Gram (Split Washed) Mash (Split Washed)	687 712	£63 : 832	609 924	877 589	880 935	580 820	800	803 926	820 1,000	756 955	750 882		658 1,200	661 1,185	1,190 879	1,195 950
11			609	600	632	662	560	\$50	831	840	1,020	712		772	847	652	702
12	and the second of the second o	660		685	563	555	515	580	718	640	537	607		€80	580	570	546
	Rape & Mustard Oil		1,297	1,307	1,394	1,€65	1,600	1,640	1,604	1,525	1,588			1,560	1,560	1,538	1,580
10	Chities, Dry Whole		3,032	3,150	3,113	3,948	2,800	2,950	3,103	3,000	2,467			2,166	2,664	2,583	2,559
15	Turmeric (Haldi)		1,190	1,168	1,461	1,568	1,440	1,200	1,195		1,198			1,233	1,197	1.336	1,639
	Cumin Seed (Zera) White		1,444	1,520	1,687	1,795	1,295	1,350	1,250	, 1,145	1,244			1,238	1,543	1,710	1,585
17			3,574	3,687	4,036	4,224	4,060	3,050	3,295		3,937			3,227	3,470	4,070	3,961
	Gariic Beef with Bones	1,058	,	1,048	572	588 1,600	505	180	1,580	460	551 1,500		718	1,163 726	1,073	1,905	2.000
	Mutton		1,485 2,685	1.608 2.845	1,618 2,818	2,800	1,460 2,800	1,700 2,900	3,020		5,100			3,100	3,137	3,200	3,250
21	and the second second	472		-	472	475	520	580	499	560	540	540	540	540	540	540	540
	Broiter (Live) *	4.6		4.6	50	52	42	50	52	53	50	48		48	51	5 6	56
2	Eggs (Farm) **	682	600	547	612	592	410	552	539	470	512	687	762	726	611	569	612
24	Sugar, Refined		506	. 499	511	542	550	610	582		573			598	645	713	711
	Gur		353	347	350	340	370	420	473		495			468	480	530	555
	Pumpkin		212	550							151						
	Lady Finger	686	539	687	736	358	285	540	293	125	309	435	570	670	907	1,170	608
	8itter Gourd Bottle Gourd		246	855 250	632 277	3\$5 225	510 160	555 112	305 125	210	321	500 207		590 205	1,228	1,165	332
21	Cucumber		588	463	280	305	210	200	134	245	165	201		539	606	439	295
	Cabbage	214		200	243	345	195	303	354	300	168	223	289	212	129	152	178
	Tomato	1,140	655	733	300	200	230	230	208	105	8 9	147	372	288	346	707	517
33	Carrot		74	199	162	:	360				124			135	162	165	238
3 (	Turnip without Leaves	112		151	128		100			160	114	9.0	105	138	145	131	177
	Tinda		312	263	376	360	280				197	100			1 (2.	.400	335
	Ra-Jish		134	154	154	560	180				110		674	116	156	200	264
	f ,Caulificwer L Chilles (Shimfa)	216	1,42\$	201 715	303 558	412	465				240 363		334	242	274 951	277	708
	Spinach	16	4.4	84	80	77	80				105		151	186	191	71	. 99
	Gawar Beans	• • • •	533	548	392		694				246					459	445
41			142		371						: 125			555	3 7 7	222	1 1
142	Brinjal .		283	246	253	305	237				92	:		225	306	255	216
. 43	Arum (Arvi)		347	356	338		405				345		e de la composición dela composición de la composición dela composición de la compos	357	343	347	378
4 9					467	306	230				208		-		1.0		597
4.9		1,261	2,128	1,324	630		380	400	279	275	372		. :	543	1.097	1,543	629
46			3,354	3.486	3,474		3,000	3,100	3,136	***		. 41 (	100	242		2.850	2.817
4 7		170	266 140	152	102	225	3 ( S 200	273	206 237	145 533	137	495	427	307	168	157	303
	Potatoes (Red)	154	138	159	187	245	240	252	240	605	428	554	399	312	303	340	402
	Onion (Dry)	239	239	231	146	122	95	124	157	410	210	196	164	177	169	34	143
5 1	Ginger	1,740	2,627	2,470	1,588	1,750	1,520	1,800	1,768	1,800	1,913	1,997	1.991	2,285	2,342	2.692	2.644
5 2	Sweat Lemon								244		320						
	Lima		1,120	1,250	1,250				498		1,090				1.487	1,383	
	Apple, Mashadi										252		11				
	Apple, Golden Apple, Red	671	622	659	1,290	800	860	900	640	205	: 300 711	376	412	952	571 1,110	603	594
	Apple, Amri										384	9		370	577	. 1	
	Basana ***	147	121	127	197	206	135	150	184		144		157	192	189	183	252
	Grapes (Sandu Khani)	• • •				•			711	590	706					. , 17	· · · · ·
	Grapes (Common)								506		595					1	
81	Grapes (Haita)									525	556	932		-			
	Peaches								275	150			• !				
	Pomegranate (Kandhari)										427	546		634			*
	Pear Color (Chainne)								A4.0		210						24.2
	Dates (Khajoor) Persimmon	521	548	443	410	400	250	260	296	305	347 248	398	334	398	560	368	352
	Maton					180	177	185	176	330	367					'	
	Water Malon					280	785		1,679		1,132					_	
		* Prices a												_ ~			

Notes:

Source:

Review of Frice Trends of Agricultural Commodities in Balcohistan, 1995, Directorate of Agriculture-Balochistan

<sup>\*</sup> Prices are in Rs kg

<sup>\*\*</sup> Prices are in Ra/30kg

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Prices are Rs/16dozena

Table F.3.1.2

Annual Average Wholesale Prices of Agricultural Commodities in Quetta (At Current Prices)

(At Current Prices)

`			·								
No.	Commodities	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95
Cros	9				··· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
. 1	Wheat	2,000	2,000	2,250	2,500	2,750	2,750	3,000	3,750	4,000	4,841
2	Rice	5,000	5,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,250	7,000	12,800	13,855
_ 3	Jowar	2,250	2,250	2,500	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,125	3,625	4,000	4,800
. 4	Barley	2,250	2,250	2,500	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,250	3,750	4,000	4,000
5	Maize	2,500	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,250	3,750	4,000	4,050
6	Gram	8,000	5,000	8,000	8,000	8,125	8,125	8,250	9,000	9,000	12,000
7	Matter Pulse	7,500	7,500	7.500	8,750	10.000	10,000	10,250	10,750	11,000	13,245
8	Masoor	10,000	8,750	10,000	11,250	11,250	11,250	11,250	12,000	15,250	16,895
9	Mung	7,500	7,000	7,500	10,000	11,250	11,250	11,250	12,000	14,800	16,085
10	Mash	8.000	8,750	10,000	11,250	11,250	11,250	11,250	12,000	14,400	21,922
	Moth	8,000	8.000	8,000	8,125	8,125	8,125	8,250	9,000	9,000	13,500
	₿ajra	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,250	3,750	4,000	4,800
	Rape/Mustard	5,000	5.000	5,000	5,000	5,625	5,625	5,750	6,250	6,250	7,500
14	Sesama	10,000	10,000	8,000	11,250	11,250	11,250	12,500	13,000	14,000	15,365
	Caster Seed	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	6,250	6,300	6,250	7,000	7,000	10,000
	Cursin	15,000	25,000	25,000	30,000	22,000	22,500	25,000	25,000	25,000	31,500
	Fooder	375	375	300	37,005	375	390	500	625		
18	Onion	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,250				700	750
	Potalo	2.000		2,500			2,250	2,500	3,750	5,000	4,610
10.7 - 3			2,250		2,500	2,500	2,500	3,500	3,500	4,000	6,545
	Water Melon	1.000	1,000	1,000	1,500	1,500	1,550	2.000	2,500	3,000	3,373
	Musk Melon	2,000	2,250	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,575	2,750	3,000	3,000	5,100
·	Sarda	2,000	2,500	2,500	3,000	3,125	3,150	3,250	3,750	4.000	5,000
23	Gama	2,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	3,125	3,140	3,250	3,750	6.000	7,000
	Cucumber	2,000	2,250	2,250	2,500	2,500	2,500	3,000	3,750	3,750	4,000
1	Chi	10,000	12,000	12,500	37,500	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	35,000
	Corriander	8,750	10,000	10,000	12,500	12,500	12,700	12,750	13,000	4,700	5,625
	Gartic	10,500	11,250	8,000	12,500	13,000	13,300	13,750	14,000	15,600	16,331
	Guar Seed	3,000	3,125	3,000	3,125	2,000	2,050	2,250	2,500	2,500	3,750
	Tobacco	5,000	6,250	6.250	7,500	10,000	10,000	11,250	11,750	11,750	15,000
30	Sugarcana	875	875	2,000	1.500	1,500	1,500	2,000	2,500	2,800	3,500
	Cotton	6,250	7,500	7,500	7,750	10,000	10,000	11,250	11,750	12,000	15,000
Frui	ts										
1	Armond	22,500	33,993	24,383	40,000	37,250	40,500	56,250	62,500	62,500	67,500
2	Apple	7,500	7,500	8,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10.000	15.000	15,000	12,140
3	Apricot	3,000	4,000	6,000	5,000	6,000	6,000	6,500	8,750	8,750	9,444
. 4	Cherry	22,500	25,000	40,000	45,000	50,000	50,000	60,000	62,500	62,500	65,000
5	Citrus	2,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,250	3,750	3,750	6,020
6	Dates	3,750	4,000	6,000	7,500	8,000	8,000	9,000	9,250	9,650	9,725
7	Fig	7,000	4,000	6,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,250	10,750	11,000	16,500
8	Grape	5,000	5,000	8,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,250	11,250	12,000	16,893
9	Guava	2,000	3,250	5,000	3,750	4.000	4,000	4,500	5,000	5,000	5,200
1	Loquat	3.000	4,250	5,000	5,000	10,000	10,300	10,500	11,250	11,250	• -,
11	Mango	5,000	6,000	8,000	8,000	8.000	8,000	9.000	9,500	11,250	16,875
	Peach	3,000	4,000	6,000	7,500	7,500					14,625
	Pear				31-10-		7,500	7,750	8,250	8,250	9,300
		3,000	4,000	6,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,750	8,750	6,400
	Pistachio Plum	35,000	40,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,500	62,500	90,000	100,000	10,000
		3,000	3,250	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,500	7,000	7,000	6,867
	Pomegranata	5,000	5,250	8,000	8,000	6,000	6,000	6,500	7,000	7,000	9,650
	Papaya	5,000	6,250	7,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,500	9,000	9,000	13,500
	Chikoo	10,000	8,750	9,000	10,000		10,500	10,750	11,250	12,000	
	Other Fruits	5,000	5,000	5,000	6,250	6,000	6,000	6,250	6,750	6,750	9,825
	elables				<u></u>						
	Okra	3.750	3,750	3,750	3,750	4,500	4,550	5,000	6,000	6,950	6,100
	Tinda	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,750	3,000	3,000	3,750	4,000	8,500	6,593
	Brinjal .	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	3.000	3,000	3,250	3,500	3,750	4,600
	Bitter Gourd	4,000	3,750	3,750	4,000	5,000	5,650	5.500	5,850	15,000	11,300
	Sottle Gourd	3,125	3,250	3,250	3,500	4,000	4,080	4,250	4,500	5,000	5,952
. 6	Pumpkin	3,125	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,750	3,800	4,000	4,250	4,250	4,112
. 7	Tomato	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,500	2,750	2,800	4,000	7,500	7,000	10,140
	Luffa	2,500	2,500	2,500	3,000	3,500	3,600	3,750	4,250	10,000	8,250
9	Cathaga	4,000	3,750	3,750	3,750	4,250	4,280	4,500	5,000	3,750	6,425
10	Carrot	1,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	2,000	2,060	2,250	2,500	2,500	4,050
11	Cauliflower	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	4,000	4,020	4,250	4.750	4,750	7,750
12	Peas	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,500	5 500	5,550	6,000	7,500	7,500	7,500
	Racish	1,000		1,500	1,500	2,000	2,060		2,500	2,500	3,575
	Spinash	1,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,080	2,250	2,500	2,500	2,463
	Turnio	1,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	2,000	2,050	2,250	2,500	3.000	2,904
	Reet Root	2,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	2,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	3,000	4,342
	Broad Bean (Bagla)	4,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,750	3,800	4,000	4,500	4,500	6,850
	Other Vegetables	2,000		1,500	1,750		2,000	2,250	2,500	3.000	4,500
	L										
Sour	ce: Agricultural Statis	ics of Bala	histan				····		J		
4.50		USIV									

Table F.3.1.2 Annual Average Wholesale Prices of Agricultural Commodities in Quetta (At 1994-95 Constant Prices)

No.	Commodities	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88	1000.00	1080-00	1002-01	1991-92	1002.03	1002.04	1994-95	Avorage	1005 0
Cros		(137.57)			(167.23)			(218.99)				Average	1995-91
	Wheat	4,367	4,215	4,461	4,490	4,658	4,135	4,115	4,708			4,467	4,95
	Rice	10,917	10,538	11,897	10,777	10,163	9,021	8,573	8,788	14,454	13,855	11,281	12,50
3	Jowar	4,913	4,742	4,957	5,388	5,082	4,511	4,286	4,551	4,517	4,800	4,797	5,32
4	Barley	4,913	4,742	4,957	5,388	5,082	4,511	4,458	4,708		4,000	4,717	5,23
_5	Maize	5.458	6,323	5,948	5,388	5,082	4,511	4,458	4,708		4,050	5,113	5,67
6	Gram	17,467	10,538	15,862	14,369	13,763	12,216	11,316	11,299	10,163	12,000	12,989	14,40
. 7	Matter Pulse	16,375	15,807	14,871	15,716	16,938	15,035	14,059	13,495	12,421	13,245	14,621	16,21
8	Masoor	21,834	18,441	19,828	20,207	19,056	16,914	15,431	15,065	17,220	18,895	18,301	20,28
	Mung	16,375	14,753	14,871	17,961	19,056	16,914	15,431	15,065	16,712	16,085	16,092	17,84
	Mash	17,467	18,441	19,828	20,207	19,056	16,914	15,431	15,065	16,261	21,922	18,263	20,24
	Moth	17,467	16,861	15,862	14,594	13,763	12,216	11,316	11,299	10,163	13,500	13,995	15,51
	Bajra	6,550	6,323	5,948	5,388	5,082	4,511	4,458	4,708		4,800	5,343	5,92
	Rape/Mustard	10,917	10,538	9,914	8,981	9,528	8,457	7,887	7.845	7,058	7,500	8,901	9,87
	Sesame	21,834	21,076	15,862	20,207	19,056	16,914	17,145	16,320	15,809	15,365	17,923	19,87
	Caster Seed	10,917	10,538	9,914	8,981	10,587	9,472	8.573	8,788	7,904	10.000	9,564	10,60
	Cumin	32,751	52,689	49,569	53,884	37,265	33,829	34,290	31,385	28,230	31,500	39,230	43,48
	Fodder	819	790	595	674	635	586	686	785	790	750	724	80
	Onion	4,367	4,215	3,966	3,592	3,811	3,383	3,429	4,708	5,646	4,610	4,311	4,78
	Potato	4,367	4,742	4,957	4,490	4,235	3,759	3,429	4,394	4,517	6,545	4,721	5,23
	Water Melon	2,183	2,108	1,983	2,694	2,541	2,330	2,743	3,139	3,388	3,373	2,650	2,94
	Musk Melon Sarda	4,367 4,367	4,742	4,957	4,490	4,235	3,872	3,772	3,766	3,388	5,100	4,335	4,80
	Ganna	4,367	5,269 4,215	4,957 4,957	5,388 5,388	5,293 5,293	4,736 4,721	4,458	4,708	4,517	5,000	4,868 5,265	5,40
	Cucumber	4,367	4,742	4,957	4,490	4,235	3,759	4,458 4,115	4,708 4,708	6,775 4,235	7,000 4,000	5,266	5,84
	Chill	21,834	25,291	24,785	67,356	50,815	45,105	41,148	37,662	33,876	35,000	4,345 36,364	4,82
**	Cornander	19,105	21,076	19,828	22,452	21,173	19,094	17,488	16,320	5,307	5,625	16,101	17,85
	Garlic	22,926	23,710	15,862	22,452	22,020	19,997	18,860	17,576	17,616	16,331	19,559	21,68
	Guar Seed	6,550	6,586	5,948	5,613	3,388	3,082	3,086	3,139	2,823	3,750	4,686	5,19
	Tobacco	10,917	13,172	12,392	13,471	16,938	15,035	15,431	14,751	13,268	15,000	13,501	14,96
	Sugarcane	1,910	1,844	3,966	2,694	2,541	2,255	2,743	3,139	3,162	3,500	2,809	3,11
	Cotton	13,646	15,807	14,871	13,920	16,938	15,035	15,431	14,751	13,551	15,000	14,573	16,15
Fruit								-,;		2002.2.2.3			
	Armond	49,126	71,642	48,346	71,846	63,096	60,692	77,153	78,463	70 576	67,500	64,799	71,82
2	Apple	16,375	15,807	15,862	17,961	16,938	15,035	13,716	18,831	16 938	12,140	16,119	17,87
	Apricot	6,550	8,430	11,897	8,981	10,163	9,021	8,915	10,985	9,881	9,444	9,399	10,42
4	Cherry	49,126	52,689	79,311	80,827	84,692	75,175	82,297	78,463	70.576	65,000	68.896	76,36
_ 5	Citrus	4,367	6,323	5,948	5,388	5,082	4,511	4,458	4,708	4,235	6,020	5,187	5,75
_6	Dates	8,188	8,430	11,897	13,471	13,551	12,028	12,345	11,613	10,897	9,725	10,781	11,95
. 7	Fig	15,284	8,430	11,897	17,961	16,938	15,035	14,059	13,496	12,421	16,500	13.878	15,38
	Grape	10,917	10,538	15,862	17,961	16,938	15,035	14,059	14,123	13,551	16,883	14,359	15,91
9	Guava	4,367	6.850	9,914	6,736	6,775	6,014	6,172	6,277	5,646	5,200	6,375	7,07
	Loquat	6,550	8,957	9,914	8,931	16,938	15,486	14,402	14,123	12,704	16,875	11,699	12,97
1	Mango	10,917	12,645	15,862	14,369	13,551	12,028	12,345	11,926	12,704	14,625	13,135	14,56
	Peach	6,550	8,430	11,897	13,471	12,704	11,276	10,630	10,357	9,316	9,300	10.075	11,17
	Pear	6,550	8,430	11,897	14,369	13,551	12,028	10,973	10,985	9,881	6,400	10,067	11,16
	Pistachio	76,419	84,303	118,966	107,769	101,631	90,952	85,726	112,987	112,921	10,000	89,291	98,97
7	Plum	6,550	6,850	11,897	10,777	10,163	9,021	8,915	8,788	7,904	6,867	8,582	9,51
	Pomegranate	10,917	11,065	15,862	14,369	10,163	9,021	8,915	8,788	7,904	9,650	10,947	12,13
	Papaya Chikoo	10,917 21,834	13,172	13,879	14,369	13,551	12,028 15,787	11,659	11,299	10,163	13,500 18,000	12,416	13,76
	Other Fruits	10,917	18,441 10,538	17,845	17,961	16,938 10,163	9,021	8,573	14,123 8,474	7,622		9 692	10,74
	etables	10011		9,914	11,660	10,103	9,021	0,313	- · · · · · ·	1,454	8,023	3,037	J. 18465
	Okra	8,188	7,903	7,435	6,736	7,622	6,841	6,858	7,532	7,848	6,100	7,323	8,12
	Tinda	5,458	5,269	4,957	4,939	5,082	4,511	5,144	5,022	9,598	6,593	5.793	6,42
	Brinjal	5,458	5,269	4,957	4,490	5,082	4,511	4,458	4,394	4,235	4,600	4,739	5,25
	Bitter Gourd	8,734	7,903	7,435	7,185	8,469	7,593	7,544	7,344	16,938	11,300	9,304	10,31
	Bottle Gourd	6,823	6.850	6,444	6,287	6,775	6,134	5,829	5,649	5,646	5,952	6,223	6,90
	Punckin	6,823	6,850	6,444	5,837	6,352	5,713	5,486	5,336	4,799	4,112	5,739	6,35
	Tomato	4,367	4,215	3,966	4,490	4,658	4,210	5,486	9,416	7,904	10,140	6,088	6,75
	Luffa	5,458	5,269	4,957	5,388	5,928	5,413	5,144	5,336	11,292	8,250	6,420	7,12
	Cabbage	8,734	7,903	7,435	6,736	7,199	6,435	6,172	6,277	4,235	6,425	6.772	7,51
	Carrol	2,183	3,161	2,974	2,694	3,358	3,097	3,086	3,139	2,823	4,050	3,015	3,34
	Caufillower	8,188	7,903	7,435	6,736	6,775	6,044	5,829	5,963	5,364	7,750	6,923	7,67
	Peas	8,734	8,430	7,931	8,083	9,316	8,344	8,230	9,416	8,469	7,500	8,363	9,27
	Radish	2,183	3,161	2,974	2,694	3,388	3.097	3,086	3,139	2,823	3,575	2,956	3,28
	Spinash	2,183	4,215	3,966	3,592	3,388	3,127	3,086	3,139	2,823	2,463	3.189	3,53
	Turnip	2,183	3,161	2,974	2,694	3,388	3,082	3,086	3,139	3,388	2,904	2,941	3,26
	Seet Root	4,367	3,161	2,974	2,694	3,388	3,007	3,429	3,766	3,388	4,342	3,462	3,84
	Broad Bean (Bagia)	8,734	6.323	5,948	5,388	6,352	5,713	5,486	5,649	5,081	6,850	6.211	6,88
	Other Vegelables	4,367	3,161	2,974	3,143	3,388	3,007	3,086	3,139	3,388]	4,500	3,460]	3,83

Table F.3.2.1 Crop Budget Per Hectare (1/5) Wheat

Item	Description	Value, Market Price (Rs/ha)
Cost		
1. Land preparation		
<ul> <li>a) Ploughing and leveling</li> </ul>	5 hours rent of tractor, @ Rs 100/hr	500
b) Labor (Family)	2 man-day, @ Rs 50/man-day	100
c) Labor (Hired)	3 man-day, @ Rs 50/man-day	150
2. Seed		
a) Seed	110 kg/ha, @ Rs 4/kg	440
b) Labor (Family)	2 man-day, @ Rs 50/man-day	100
c) Labor (Hired)	2 man-day, @ Rs 50/man-day	100
3. Fertilizer		
a) Farm yard manure	5 truck load every 3 years, @ Rs 700/truck	1,170
b) Fertilizer application	2.5 Urea, @Rs336	840
	2 DAP, @Rs567	1,134
c) Labor (Family)	5 man-day, @ Rs 50	250
d) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @ Rs 50	
4. Irrigation		
a) Labor (Family)	8 man-day, @ Rs 50	400
b) Labor (Hired)	10 man-day, @ Rs 50	500
5. Weeding, earthing, hoeing, etc.	5.	
a) Labor (Family)	6 man-day, @ Rs 50	300
b) Labor (Hired)	6 man-day, @ Rs 50	0
6. Plant protection		
a) Chemicals		750
b) Labor (Family)	1 man-day, @ Rs 50	50
c) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @ Rs 50	0
7. Harvesting		
a) Labor (Family)	10 man-day, @ Rs 50	500
c) Labor (Hired)	15 man-day, @ Rs 50	750
b) Threshing	2500kg/ha * 3 kg/40kg, @ Rs 4/kg	750
8. Miscellaneous		800
Total Cost of Production		9,584
Gross Return		12,813
a) Seed	2500 kg/ha, @ Rs 4/kg	10,000
b) Wheat straw	3750 kg/ha, @ Rs 0.75/kg	2,813
Net Return		3,229

Table F.3.2.1 Crop Budget Per Hectare (2/5) Onlon

Item	Description	Value, Market Price (Rs/ha)	
Cost			
1. Land preparation	•		
a) Ploughing and leveling	5 hours, @Rs100/hour	500	
b) Labor (Family)	7 man-day, @Rs50	350	
c) Labor (Hired)	5 man-day, @Rs50/man-day	250	
2. Seed			
a) Seed	30 kg, @200	6,000	
b) Labor (Family)	2 man-day, @50	100	
c) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @50	0	
3. Fertilizer			
a) Farm yard manure	5 truck load every 3 years, @Rs700/truck	1,170	
b) Fertilizer application	2.5 Urea, @Rs336	840	
b) remizer application	2 DAP, @Rs567	1,134	
c) Labor (Family)	5 man-day, @ Rs 50	250	
d) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @ Rs 50	0	
d) Labor (rined)	o man day, o mo do		
4. Irrigation			
a) Water fee	15 time, @Rs550	8,250	
b) Labor (Family)	10 man-day, @Rs50	500	
c) Labor (Hired)	20 man-day, @Rs50	1,000	
0, 2000. (1.1103)			
5. Weeding, earthing, hoeing, etc.			
a) Labor (Family)	20 man-day, @Rs50	1,000	
b) Labor (Hired)	30 man-day, @Rs50	1,500	
6. Plant protection			
a) Chemicals		750	
b) Labor (Family)	5 man-day, @Rs50	250	
c) Labor (Hired)	3 man-day, @Rs50	150	
7. Harvesting & Drying		4 000	
a) Labor (Family)	20 man-day, @50	1,000 1,000	
c) Labor (Hired)	20 man-day, @50	1,000	
8. Miscellaneous		3,000	
		00.004	
Total Cost of Production		28,994	
Gross Return	22000kg/ha, @Rs3.48/kg	76,560	
Net Return		47,566	

Table F.3.2.1 Crop Budget Per Hectare (3/5) Tomato

İtem	Description	Value, Market Price (Rs/ha)
Cost		
1. Land preparation		
a) Ploughing and leveling	5 hours, @Rs100	500
b) Labor (Family)	6 man-day, @Rs50	300
c) Labor (Hired)	4 man-day, @Rs50	200
2. Seed		
a) Seed	1.5 kg, @Rs800	1,200
b) Labor (Family)	6 man-day, @Rs50	300
c) Labor (Hired)	6 man-day, @Rs50	300
3. Fertilizer		
a) Farm yard manure	2 truck load every 3 years, @Rs700	:1,170
b) Fertilizer application	2.5 Urea, @Rs336	840
	2 DAP, @Rs567	-1,134
c) Labor (Family)	6 man-day, @Rs50	300
d) Labor (Hired)	2 man-day, @Rs50	100
4. Irrigation		
a) Water fee	10 time, @Rs550	5,500
b) Labor (Family)	15 man-day, @Rs50	750
c) Labor (Hired)	20 man-day, @Rs50	1,000
5. Weeding, earthing, hoeing, etc.		
a) Labor (Family)	5 man-day, @Rs50	250
b) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @Rs50	0
6. Farming materials		
a) Sticking & Lope		5,000
7. Plant protection		
a) Chemicals		750
b) Labor (Family)	8 man-day, @Rs50	400
c) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @Rs50	0
oy eason (i mooy	o many oxyy o riodo	
8. Harvesting & packing		
a) Labor (Family)	30 man-day, @Rs50	1,500
c) Labor (Hired)	20 man-day, @Rs50	1,000
9. Miscellaneous		3,000
Total Cost of Production		25,494
Gross Return	15000kg/ha, @Rs5.1/kg	76,500
Net Return		51,006

Table F.3.2.1 Crop Budget Per Hectare (4/5) Fodder

ltem	Description	Value, Market Price (Rs/ha)
Cost	·	
1. Land preparation		•
<ul> <li>a) Ploughing and leveling</li> </ul>	5 hours, @Rs100/hour	500
b) Labor (Family)	2 man-day, @ Rs 50/man-day	100
c) Labor (Hired)	3 man-day, @ Rs 50/man-day	150
2. Seed		
a) Seed	100 kg, @Rs3/kg	300
b) Labor (Family)	2 man-day, @ Rs 50/man-day	100
c) Labor (Hired)	2 man-day, @ Rs 50/man-day	100
3. Fertilizer		
a) Farm yard manure	0 truck loads, @Rs700/truck	. 0
b) Fertilizer application	0 Urea, @Rs336	0
	0 DAP, @R\$567	0
c) Labor (Family)	0 man-day, @ Rs 50	0
d) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @ Rs 50	0
4. Irrigation	"我们就是我们的事情,这种是	
a) Labor (Family)	5 man-day, @Rs50/mari-day	250
b) Labor (Hired)	5 man-day, @Rs50/man-day	250
5. Weeding, earthing, hoeing, etc.		
a) Labor (Family)	0 man-day, @Rs50/man-day	<b>0</b>
b) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @Rs50/man-day	0
6. Plant protection		•
a) Chemicals	OD-FOLLAND days	0
b) Labor (Family)	0 man-day, @Rs50/man-day	0
c) Labor (Hired)	0 man-day, @Rs50/man-day	U
7. Harvesting		
a) Labor (Family)	10 man-day, @Rs50/man-day	500
c) Labor (Hired)	12 man-day, @Rs50/man-day	600
8. Miscellaneous		600
Total Cost of Production		3,450
Gross Return	Production 26000kg/ha, @0.42/kg	10,920
Net Return		7,470

Table F.3.2.1 Crop Budget Per Hectare (5/5)

Apple			_											(Un	il: As Ma
Item	Description	1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	<b>6</b> year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year	11 year	12 year	13-40 year	Average Markat Price
Land Freparation		20,300	. 0	o	0	o	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	50
Ploughing Pit Making	10 hours, @Rs210/hr	2,100													5
Labor (Family)	10 mandays, ORs100/md	1,000													2
Labor (Hired)	10 mandays, @Rs100/md	1,000													2
Tree Plantation	120 tresha, ORS40/tree	4,800													12
(abor (Family)	10 mandays, @Rs100/md	900													2
Labor (Hired)	6 mandays, @Rs100/md	600											•		1
Farm Yard Manure	12 truck load, @Rs700-truc	8,400													21
Labor (Family)	9 mandays, @Rs100/md	900													2
Labor (Hired)	6 mandays, @Ra100/md	600													11
Ferlikter		. 0	1,798	1,798	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595	9,595	3,595	3,41
DAP	3 bag, @Rs567/bag(50kg)		851	851	1,701	1,701	1,701	1,701	1,701	1,701	1,701	1,701	1,701	1,701	1,61
Urea	4 bag, @ Ps336/bag		672	672	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,344	1.27
Transportation	1 414		25	25	50	50	50	50	50	5 9	50	50	50	. 50	41
Labor (Family)	5 mandays, @Rs100/md		250	250	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	47
Labor (Hired)	0 mandays, @Rs100/md														. (
Irrigation		7.750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7.750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,75
Water Charge	5 times, @ Rs750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3.750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,75
Labor (Family)	20 mandays, @Rs100/md	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2.000	2.000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,00
Labor (Hised)	20 mandays, @Ra100/md	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	5,000	\$,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	5,000	2,000	2,000	2,00
Plant Protection		e	0	0	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2.18
Chemicals	1500/year				750	750	750	750	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,31
Labor (Family)	10 mandays, @Rs100/ind				500	500	500	500	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,600	67:
Labor (Hired)	o mandays, @Rs100/md													1	1
Training & Pruning		٠		. 0	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	46
Labor (Family)	O mandays, ORs100/md			1 1	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	46
Labor (Hired)	5 mandays, © Rs 100/md			: .	•										
Picking & Harvesting				. 0	. 0		٥	. 0	2,500	3,000	3,500	4,000	4,500	5,000	3,93
Labor (Family)	20 mandays, @Rs100/md								2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	1.65
Labor (Hired)	30 mandays, @Rs100/md	100		100					- 500	1,000	1,500	2,000	2.500	3,000	2,28
Miscellandous		3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3.00
Total Cost of Produc	tion	31,050	12,548	12,548	16,095	t8,095	16,095	16.095	19.845	20,345	20,845	21,345	21.245	22,345	21.26
Gross Return	@12.2 Rs/kg		o		ó	: 0	0	0	61,000	85,400	122,000	158,600	176,900	189,100	147,46
Production (kg)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 0	٥	0	0	0		o	5,000	7.000	10,000	13,009	14,500	15,500	
Net Peturn		1													126,20

Table F.3.3.1
Wholesale Price, Marketing Cost and Farm Gate Price (1/4)
Wholesale Price, Marketing Cost and Farmgate Price
Apple

Item	Description	Amount (Rs/ton)
Wholesale Price		17,870
Marketing Cost		5,649
Transport and Handling Cos	l	210
Transportation	Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km	99
Handling charge	Rs.2/crate, 18kg/crate	111
Container and Packing		2,222
Container	Rs.20/crate, 18kg/crate	3,111
Packing material	Rs.10/crate	556
Labor charge	Rs.10/crate	556
Commission Charge	10% of price	1,787
Octroi	3% of price	536
Miscellaneous	5% of price	894
Farmgate Price		12,221

#### Apricot

ltem	Description	Amount (Rs/ton)
Wholesale Price		10,420
Marketing Cost		5,174
Transport and Handling Cost		299
Transportation	Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km	99
Handling charge	Rs.2/crate, 10kg/crate	200
Container and Packing		3,000
Container	Rs.20/crate, 10kg/crate	2,000
Packing material		0
Labor charge	Rs.10/crate	1,000
Commission Charge	10% of price	1,042
Octroi	3% of price	313
Miscellaneous	5% of price	521
Farmgale Price		5,246

Table F.3.3.1
Wholesale Price, Marketing Cost and Farm Gate Price (2/4)
Grape

Item	Description	Amount (Rs/ton)
Wholesale Price		15,910
Marketing Cost		6,963
Transport and Handling C	ost	349
Transportation	Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km	99
Handling charge	Rs.2/crate, 8kg/crate	250
Container and Packing		3,750
Container	Rs.20/crate, 8kg/crate	2,500
Packing material		0
Labor charge	Rs.10/crate	1,250
Commission Charge	10% of price	1,591
Octroi	3% of price	477
Miscellaneous	5% of price	796
Farmgate Price		8,947

Source: Agriculture Department, Balochistan

#### Onlon

Item	Description	Amount (Rs/ton)
Wholesale Price		4,780
Marketing Cost		1,299
Transport and Handling Cost Transportation Handling charge	Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km Rs.4/Bag, 100kg/bag	139 99 40
Container and Packing Container Packing material Labor charge	Rs.25/bag, 100kg/bag Rs.5/bag	300 250 0 50
Commission Charge	10% of price	478
Octroi	3% of price	143
Miscellaneous	5% of price	239
Farmgate Price		3,481

Source: Agriculture Department, Balochistan

Table F.3.3.1
Wholesale Price, Marketing Cost and Farm Gate Price (3/4)
Melon (Watermelon)

Item	Description	Amount (Rs/ton)
Wholesale Price		2,940
Marketing Cost		968
Transport and Handling Cos	it .	139
Transportation	<ul> <li>Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km</li> </ul>	99
Handling charge	Rs.4/Bag, 100kg/bag	40
Container and Packing		300
Container	Rs.25/bag, 100kg/bag	250
Packing material		0
Labor charge	Rs.5/bag	50
Commission Charge	10% of price	294
Octroi	3% of price	88
Miscellaneous	5% of price	147
Farmgate Price		1,972

Source: Agriculture Department, Balochistan

### Tomato

Item	Description	Amount (Rs/ton)
Wholesale Price		6,750
Marketing Cost		1,654
Transport and Handling Cost		139
Transportation	Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km	99
Handling charge	Rs.4/Bag, 100kg/bag	40
Container and Packing		300
Container	Rs.25/bag, 100kg/bag	250
Packing material		0
Labor charge	As.5/bag	50
Commission Charge	10% of price	675
Octroi	3% of price	203
Miscellaneous	5% of price	338
Farmgate Price		5,096

Source: Agriculture Department, Balochistan

Table F.3.3.1
Wholesale Price, Marketing Cost and Farm Gate Price (4/4)
Cumin

Description	Amount (Rs/ton)
	43,480
	8,265
t ,	139
Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km	99
Rs.4/Bag, 100kg/bag	40
	300
Rs.25/bag, 100kg/bag	250
	0
Rs.5/bag	50
10% of price	4,348
3% of price	1,304
5% of price	2,174
	35,215
	t Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km Rs.4/8ag, 100kg/bag Rs.25/bag, 100kg/bag Rs.5/bag 10% of price 3% of price

Source: Agriculture Department, Balochistan

## Fodder

<u>Item</u>	Description	Amount (Rs/ton)
Wholesale Price		800
Marketing Cost		383
Transport and Handling Cost Transportation Handling charge	Rs. 2.47/km/ton * 40km Rs.4/100kg	139 99 40
Container and Packing Container Packing material Labor charge	Rs.5/100kg Rs.5/100kg	100 50 0 50
Commission Charge	10% of price	80
Octroi	3% of price	24
Miscellaneous	5% of price	40
Farmgate Price		417

Source: Agriculture Department, Balochistan

# Prices, Marketing Costs and Margins in Fruit Marketing Channel in Rupee/Crate

Apples	Aprilcot	Grapes		
Farmer	Farmer	Farmer		
123.00 123.00	37.35 37.35	81.50 81.50		
	[]			
123.00	37.35	81.50		
Pre-Harvest Contractor	Pre-Harvest Contractor	Pre-Harvest Contractor		
294.66 171.66	104.35 67.00	179.35 97.85		
97.64	41.80	42.65		
74.02	25.20	55.20		
294.66	104.35	179.35		
Commission Agent	Commission Agent	Commission Agent		
315.00 20.34	112.50 8.15	192.50 13.15		
13.83	4.00	4.36		
<b>}</b>		: : :		
6.51	4.15	8.79		
		[ 100.50		
315.00	112.50	192.50		
Wholesaler	Wholesaler	Wholesaler		
369.25 54.25	138.20 25.70	219.00 26.50		
13.75	9.00	10.50		
40.50	16.70	16.00		
	[ 100 00 ]			
369.25   Retailer	138.20	219.00 Retailer		
	Retailer			
476.75 107.50	216.00 77.80	311.50 92.50		
45,60	37.50	28.00		
61.90	40.30	64.50		
Remarks:	Unit: Rs/Crate of			
<del></del>		: 18 kg net		
Price Received		ot: 10 kg		
Functionaries	Grapi	e: 8 kg		
Price at Func. Gross Margin				
Marketing Cost				
Net Margin				

Source: Outreach and Trasfer of Fruit Technology in Balochistan, Marketing Costs and Margins of Deciduous Fruits (Apples, Apricots & Grapes) in Balochistan, FAO & Department of Agriculture and Cooperative, 1994

Fig. F.2.4.1
Prices, Marketing Costs and Margins in Fruit Marketing Channel (In Rupee/Crate)

# Prices, Marketing Costs and Margins in Fruit Marketing Channel in Percentage of Wholesale Price

App	iles		Apricot  Farmer			Gra	pes
Farr	ner	ſ			Farmer		
26%	26%		17%	17%		26%	26%
. [							
26%		[	17%			26%	
Pre-Harvest	Contractor	[	Pre-Harves	Contractor		Pre-Harves	Contractor
62%	36%	-	48%	31%		58%	31%
	20%	•		19%			14%
	16%			12%	-		18%
				•		<b></b>	ı
62%		j	48%			58%	
Commissi				ion Agent			ion Agent
66%	4%	Į	52%	4%		62%	4%
	3%			2%			1%
: [	1%			2%		-	3%
66%			52%	: "·		62%	
Whole	saler		Whole	esaler		Whole	esaler
77%	11%		64%	12%		70%	9%
	3%	Ì		4%			3%
	8%		1000	8%			5%
					•		
77%			64%		*.*1	70%	1 .
Reta	ailer		Ret	ailer		Ret	ailer
100%	23%	- 1	100%	36%		100%	30%
	10%		!	17%			9%
	13%			19%		1, 4 %	21%

#### Remarks:

Price Received
Functionaries
Price at Func. Gross Margin
Marketing Cost
Net Margin

Unit: Percentage to Wholesales Price

Source: Outreach and Trasfer of Fruit Technology in Balochistan, Marketing Costs and Margins of Deciduous Fruits (Apples, Apricots & Grapes) in Balochistan, FAO & Department of Agriculture and Cooperative, 1994

Fig. F.2.4.1
Prices, Marketing Costs and Margins in Fruit Marketing Channel (In Percentage of Wholesale Price)

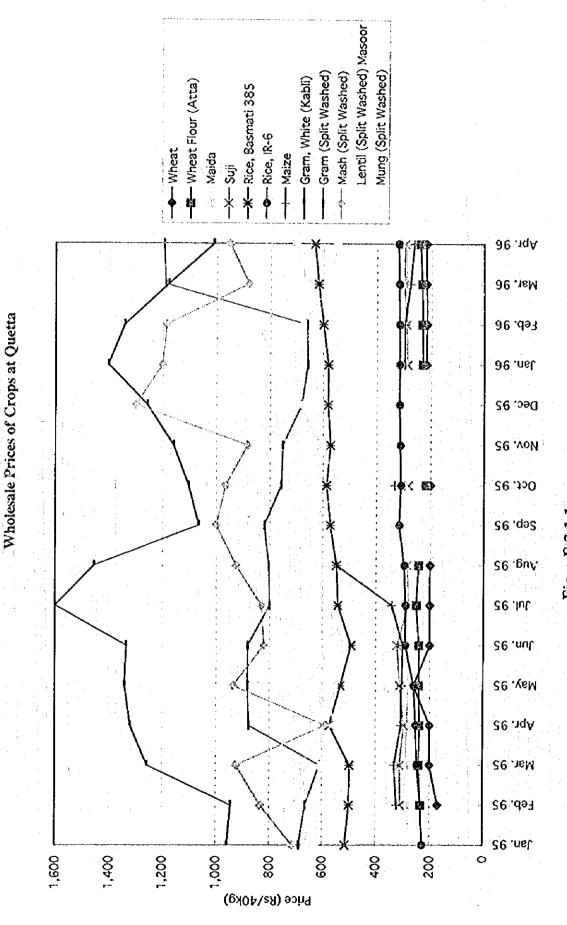


Fig. F.3.1.1 Wholesale Prices of Crops at Quetta

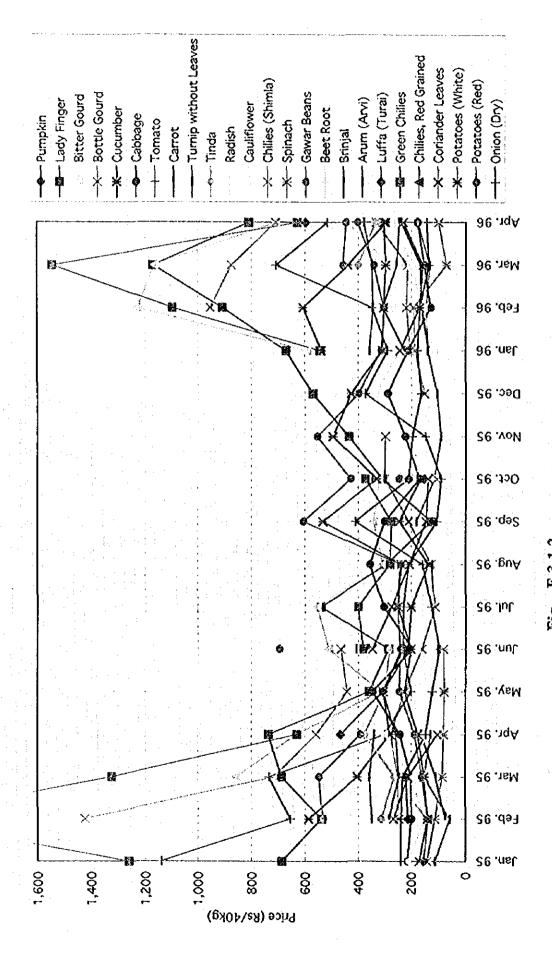
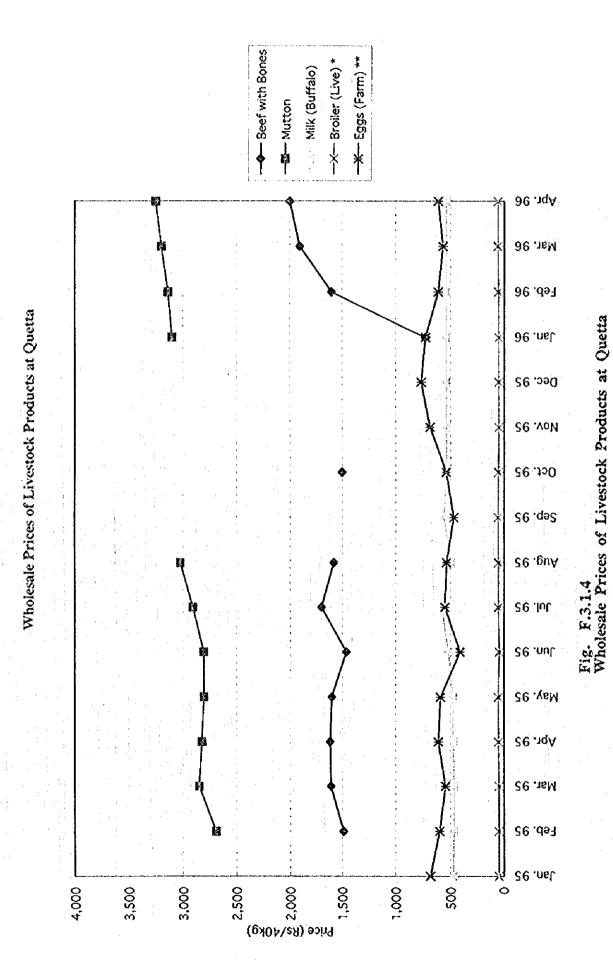


Fig. F.3.1.2 Wholesale Prices of Vegetables at Quetta

Fig. F.3.1.5 Wholesale Prices of Fruits at Quetta

Wholesale Prices of Fruits at Quetta

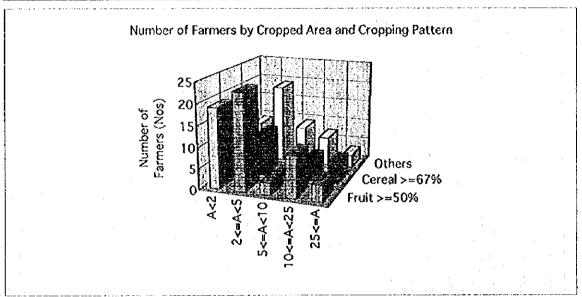
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### Number of Farmers by Cropped Area and Cropping Pattern

Cropping		Gross	Cropped Are	a (ha)		Total
Pattern	A<2	2<=A<5	5<=A<10	10<=A<25	25<=A	
Fruit >=50%	19	23	3	10	4	59
Cereal >=67%	4	10	1	5	5	25
Others	9	19	9	7	3	47
Total	32	52	13	22	12	131



Average Farm Income by Cropped Area and Cropping Pattern

	•				(Rs./\	rear/Family)
Cropping		Gross	Cropped Are	a (ha)		Average
Pattern	A<2	2<=A<5	5<=A<10	10<=A<25	25<=A	
Fruit >=50%	50,000	200,000	300,000	491,000	990,000	260,000
Cereal >=67%	7,000	12,000	70,000	18,000	69,000	26,000
Others	27,000	80,000	50,000	148,000	930,000	128,000
Average	38,000	120,000	109,000	274,000	591,000	168,000

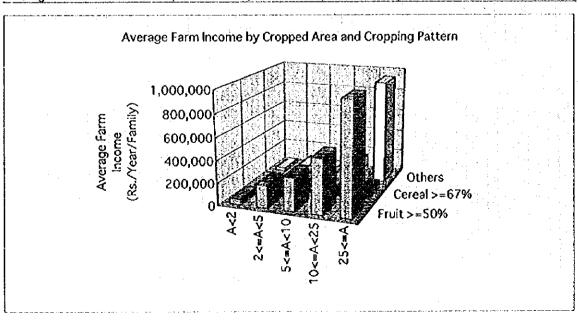
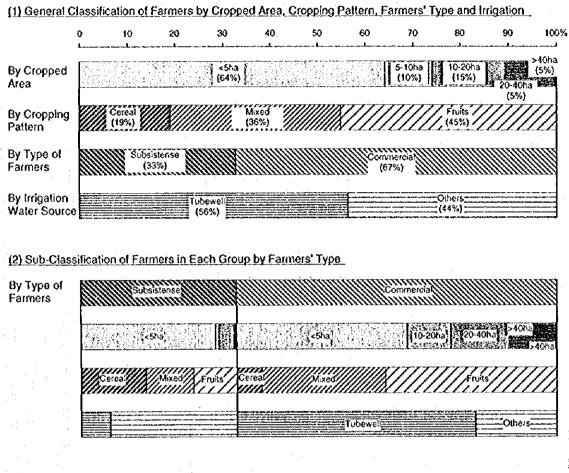
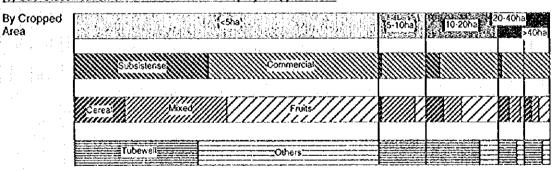


Fig. F.4.1.1 Farming Practice and Income of Farmers in the Study Area



(3) Sub-Classification of Farmers In Each Group by Cropped Area

Area



Note: 131 farmers of total 150 samples are applicable in this figure. Commercial farmers are defined as those who earn more than Rs. 25,000/year as farm income. Source: Farm Household Survey conducted by JICA Study Team

Fig. F.4.1.2 Classification of Farmers in the Study Area

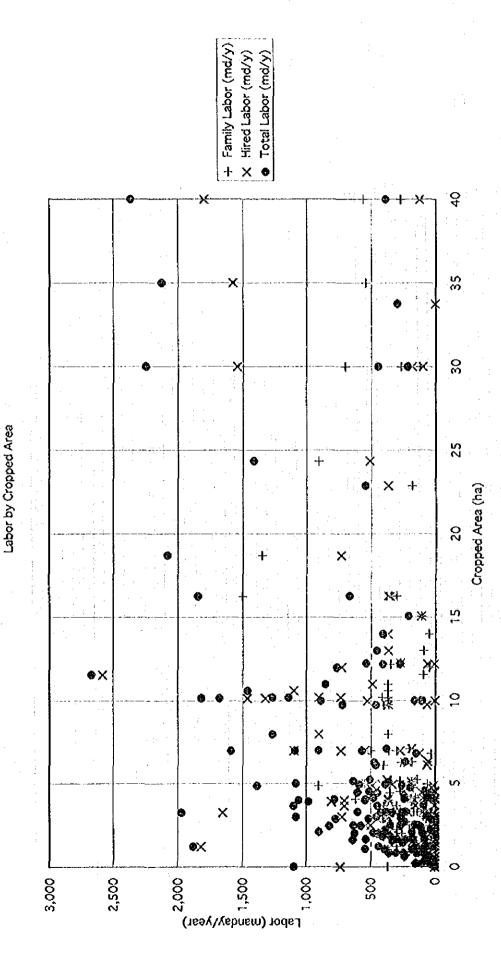


Fig. F.4.2.1 Labor Imput and Cropped Area in the Study Area

Fig. F.4.3.1 Farm Income and Cropped Area in the Study Area