CHAPTER 18 PROJECT FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

CHAPTER 18

PROJECT FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

18.1 General

(1) Methodology

The principal objective of the project financial analysis is to evaluate the financial viability of the implementation of the construction and operation of the proposed Gresik - Driyorejo Toll Road Project (a part of the toll road in Route-1).

This analysis has been performed based on estimations in terms of revenues and construction and operation / maintenance costs. Additionally, financial conditions of the required funds have been examined and assumed.

Based on the said estimations and assumptions the profit and loss statement and the cash flow were tabulated, and the first year of continuous annual surplus and continuous accumulated surplus were examined. As the evaluation indicators of financial viability, the financial internal rate of return (FIRR) and net present value (NPV) are demonstrated.

For calculation of FIRR, Return on Investment (ROI) and Return on Equity (ROE) were examined. ROI is an indicator which measures a return on the total investment regardless of fund raising conditions, while ROE is an indicator in which a return on equity invested is estimated taking fund raising conditions into account.

(2) Basic Assumptions

The following assumptions were made:

1) Management Body

The construction and operation of the Toll Road will be performed by a joint venture corporation comprising private investors and Jasa Marga with a BOT (Build, Operate and Transfer) scheme.

2) Implementation Schedule

The implementation schedule is assumed to be 1998 to 2003:

Design : 1 year
Land acquisition : 2 years
Construction : 3 years
Total : 6 years

3) Project Life

The start of operation of the whole of the Toll Road is scheduled to be 2004. The project life is assumed to be 30 years after inauguration of the whole operation of the Toll Road.

18.2 Revenue Estimation

18.2.1 Tariff and Tariff Collection System

Two toll roads are now in operation in Surabaya. One is Surabaya-Gempol Toll Road and the other is Surabaya-Gresik Toll Road. The former comprises different operation systems, i.e. an open system between Tg. Perak and Waru (about 16 kilometers) at a flat tariff of Rp. 1,000 per Category I vehicle, and a closed system between Waru and Gempol at a distance proportional tariff of Rp. 2,000 per Category I vehicle (about 26 kilometers). The latter is also operated with the combination of open and closed systems at a flat tariff of Rp. 500 for Dupak - Tandes section (about 3.5 kilometers) and a closed system for Tandes - Kebomas section at a distance proportional tariff of Rp. 2,500 (about 16 kilometers).

Besides these presently operating toll roads, some toll roads projects are being developed in Surabaya and its surrounding area. These are the Eastern Surabaya Ring Toll Road, the Surabaya - Mojokerto Toll Road and the Central North - South Toll Road. Termini of the toll roads are closely located but are not directly connected to each other in order to enable the toll road operators to collect their toll revenue independently and exclusively.

The proposed Gresik - Driyorejo Toll Road is planned mostly inside Surabaya City and its corridor has been developed as a suburban area of Surabaya. Also the area is planned to expand further west to form the Surabaya Metropolitan Area together with a sub-city center in the toll road corridor area. In the urbanized area where large traffic demand and high land acquisition costs are assumed, it is convenient as well as economical for both toll road users and operators to apply the open system with a flat tariff. Accordingly, the open system with flat tariff has been adopted for the Gresik - Driyorejo Toll Road following discussions with Bina Marga. To keep operational independence and to avoid the complexity of revenue sharing among the toll roads operators, the toll road is planned to not directly connect with either Surabaya-Gresik Toll Road or Surabaya-Mojokerto Toll Road.

Tariffs for the toll roads being developed, such as the Eastern Surabaya Ring Toll Road and the Central North - South Toll Road has been determined as the result of negotiation between the toll road investor and the Government, and are Rp. 2,500 and Rp. 4,500 respectively for Category I vehicle. The latter is derived from the expensive construction cost of elevated toll road.

The existing Tg. Perak - Waru section of Surabaya-Gempol Toll Road is operated at the flat tariff of Rp. 1,000 for Category I vehicle. Compared to the level of toll tariff in Jakarta, that is the Intra-Urban Toll Road being operated at Rp. 3,000, the tariff of Rp. 1,000 is inexpensive for the Tg. Perak - Waru Toll Road Section. Recently, it has been planned by Jasa Marga to widen the existing 4-lane carriageway to a 6-lane carriageway. Through discussions with Bina Marga it has been agreed to assume that the tariff will increase to Rp. 2,500 after completion of the widening.

Taking the above into consideration, for Gresik - Driyorejo Toll Road a tariff of Rp. 2,500 for Category I vehicles was considered appropriate, and proportionally to the existing differential between vehicle categories, Rp. 3,750 and Rp. 5,000 for Category IIA and IIB vehicles respectively at 1997 price level.

Applying the most prevailing factor of tariff increase proposed by investors, which is mainly explained by the cost-push element anticipated for the future, the toll tariff is assumed to increase 17% every two years. The rate of increase up to the year of toll road operation from 1997 was assumed to be 8% per annum.

18.2.2 Toll Revenue

The toll revenue is calculated based on the tariff and the estimated number of toll road users /vehicles. The vehicle categories of sedan, truck and bus in the traffic assignment are not necessarily compatible with tariff categories I, IIA and IIB respectively. All the sedan type vehicles belong to Category I, but trucks and buses should be divided into further classifications. Pick-ups or mini-buses are classified as Category I, 2-axle trucks larger than pick-ups or medium buses as Category IIA, and 3-axle or larger trucks or large buses as Category IIB.

Based on traffic compositions observed which most closely resemble the planned toll road, the tariff categories corresponding to the estimated vehicle types were estimated as follows:

Vehicle Type	Category I	Category IIA	Category IIB
Sedan / Minibus	100%		t vitet j
Truck	20%	40%	40%
Large Bus		100%	

Accordingly the weighted average of the toll tariff for each vehicle type has been estimated as follows:

Vehicle Type W	<u>Veighted Average</u>	: Toll Ta	riff (at 199	97 price)
Sedan / Minibus	Rp. 2,500			
Truck	Rp. 4,000		100	
Large Bus	Rp. 3,750		·	

According to the traffic assignment results in the traffic demand forecast, there is no traffic volume of bus (regardless of minibus / large bus and public / private). Buses use a part of the arterial road in Route-1. (Actually, some tourism buses are anticipated on the Toll Road. However, the number of such buses is considered negligibly small. As a result, in this financial analysis, buses were excluded in the revenue calculation.)

Based on the results of the traffic assignment and the assumed tariff, the toll revenues for the planning years have been estimated as follows:

Year	:	Passenger Car	: :	Truck	. (Joit: Million R Total Reven	,	
2008	:	135,877 (63,096)		16,443 (4,793)		152,320	(67,889)	
2018	:	359,382 (75,739)		90,993 (12,043)	-1.1	450,375	(87,782)	
Note: F	igures in () stand for the number	of to	I users (vehicle basis).				

Regarding the traffic volumes, the following assumption were made:

The traffic volumes in the intermediate years during 2008 - 2018 were interpolated and those during 2004 - 2008 and after 2018 were estimated using the growth rate during 2008 - 2018, and those after 2025 were held constant.

18.3 Project Financial Costs

18.3.1 Project Costs

Based on the study results of cost estimates (refer to Chapter 16), the project financial costs related to the initial investment at 1997 constant price has been estimated as summarized in Table 18.3.1.

Table 18.3.1 Financial Initial Investment Costs at 1997 Constant Price

	(1	Million Rp. at 1997 Prices)
Design	T	18,003
Construction		600,113
Toll Equipment		3,328
Supervision		42,008
(Subtotal)		(663,452)
Land Acquisition		53,136
(Total)		(716,588)

Source: Estimated by the Study Team.

Price escalation of 6% per annum was assumed for each cost item, and the financial escalated annual initial investment costs in accordance with the implementation schedule is shown in Table 18.3.2.

Table 18.3.2 Financial Escalated Annual Initial Investment Cost

(Million Rp.)

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	Total
Design	19,083			, ,	4.5		19,083
Construction				252,543	267,696	283,756	803,995
Toll Equipment						4,721	4,721
Supervision				17,678	18,739	19,862	56,279
(Subtotal)	(19,083)			(270,221)	(286,435)	(308,329)	(884,078)
Land Acquisition		29,852	31,643	- :	1 1 2 2 1		61,495
TOTAL	19,083	29,852	31,643	270,221	286,435	308,339	945,573

Source: Estimated by the Study Team.

Regarding the toll equipment cost and the overlay cost, reinvestment was assumed every ten years with a price escalation rate of 6% per annum. The estimated financial operation and maintenance costs in 1997 constant prices are Rp. 4,642 million, and the annualized operation and maintenance costs were estimated using a price escalation rate of 6% per annum.

18.3.2 Assumption on Options for Initial Investment Costs

Here, some options regarding the initial investment costs are discussed.

The Gresik - Driyorejo Toll Road has sections of access roads as below:

a) Northern part : about 4.8 Km b) Southern part : about 0.5 Km

These access roads function both as the access road to the toll road and as the arterial road. Management of the access roads will be transferred to the proper authority concerned after completion.

One option regarding the initial investment costs is conceived as the case in which the initial investment costs (construction and land acquisition costs) related to such access roads are

excluded from the Project cost. (The Project costs mentioned previously in Section 18.3.1 include such access roads.) Such option has the effect that the cost burden of the initial investment related to the access roads will be relieved for the joint venture corporation. That is, such a cost relief is considered as a kind of incentive to the joint venture corporation. In this financial analysis, two options are assumed as below:

a) Option case-1;

Excluding half of the costs of construction and land acquisition related to the sections of access roads (arterial roads) to the toll road.

b) Option case-2:

Excluding all the costs of construction and land acquisition related to the sections of access roads (arterial roads) to the toll road.

While the option case-1 is the case of 50% exclusion of the construction and land acquisition costs related to the sections of access roads (arterial roads) to the toll road, the option case-2 is the case of 100% exclusion. A comparison of the initial investment costs among the base case, option case-1 and option case-2 is summarized in Table 18.3.3.

The above cases are examined later in Section 18.4.3.

Table 18.3.3 Comparison of Initial Investment Costs among Base Case, Option Case-1 and Option Case-2 at 1997 Constant Prices

	Base Case	Option Case-1	Option Case-2
Design	18,003	15,543	13,082
Construction	600,113	518,087	436,06
Toll Equipment	3,328	3,328	3,328
Supervision	42,008	36,266	30,524
(Subtotal)	(663,452)	(573,224)	(482,995
Land Acquisition	53,136	48,486	43,830
TOTAL	716,588	621,710	526,831

Source : Estimated by the Study Team.

18.4 Cash Flow Analysis

18.4.1 Profit and Loss Statement

For the cash flow analysis of the Project the profit and loss statement has been estimated based on the following assumptions:

1) Toll Revenues

For toll revenues refer to Section 18.2.2.

2) Revenue Sharing to Jasa Marga

The revenue sharing to Jasa Marga is assumed as below:

a) 1st - 10th year (2004 - 2013) : 0% of the toll revenues
b) 11th - 15th year (2014 - 2018) : 5% of the toll revenues
c) 16th - 20th year (2019 - 2023) : 10% of the toll revenues
d) 21st - 25th year (2024 - 2028) : 15% of the toll revenues
e) 26th - 30th year (2029 - 2033) : 20% of the toll revenues

3) Other Income

Other Income includes billboard advertising revenue and commercial space rental at the rest areas adjacent to the toll road. Other Income is conservatively estimated to be Rp. 2 billion and is constant.

4) Buy Out Revenue

The buy out revenue means the bought value of the toll road facilities by Jasa Marga at the final year of the concession period. In this financial analysis, however, no buy out revenue is assumed at the final year of the concession period.

In this case the investor will transfer the assets to Jasa Marga almost free of charge except for small amounts of toll equipment and overlay works paid in the year 2033 at the end of concession period. Though the investor may wish to transfer the assets to Jasa Marga based on appraised costs due to improved profitability of this BOT project, the value of the corporate assets will not be appraised at the end of the concession period.

5) Operation and Maintenance Costs

For operation and maintenance costs refer to Section 18.3.

6) Overhead Costs

Overhead costs are assumed at 20% of the annual operation and maintenance costs.

7) Property Tax

Property tax is charged both for the land of the carriageway of the toll road and for the buildings / structures related to the toll road. The annual value of the property tax has been estimated based on the actual data of property tax of the existing Surabaya - Gempol Toll Road. According to information obtained from Jasa Marga the actual 1997 property tax of the Tg. Perak - Waru section of the Surabaya - Gempol Toll Road (total length of about 16 Km with a carriageway of about 31 m) is Rp. 600 million, that is equivalent to about Rp. 1,200 per square meter.

Applying this unit rate of property tax per square meter, the 1997 property tax of the Gresik - Driyorejo Toll Road is estimated to be Rp. 614 million (Rp. 1,200×length of 15.5 Km× width of carriageway of 33m).

8) Depreciation

Depreciation follows the straight line method. The life expectancy for each facility is assumed as follows:

a) Toll Road : 20 years
b) Toll Equipment : 5 years
c) Overlay : 5 years
d) Land : 5 years
e) Interest during Construction : 30 years

9) Interest (Long-term Loan)

Payment of interest for the long-term loan is assumed to be made for the average of the beginning balance and the ending balance of the loan. Details of the loan conditions are described later in the following section.

10) Interest (Short-term Loan)

Payment of interest for the short-term loan is assumed to be made for the remaining balance of the loan. Details of the loan conditions are described later in the following section.

11) Foreign Currency Loss

The Rupiah devaluation rate is assumed to be 4% per annum. Foreign currency losses are estimated at the amount of 4% of the remaining balance of the off-shore loan.

12) Corporate Tax

Corporate tax is assumed to be charged after the accumulated profit (after depreciation) becomes positive. In this case, an annual loss is assumed to be carried over for the ensuing five years. The tax ratio is assumed to be 30% of the profit after depreciation.

18.4.2 Financial Cash Flow Analysis

(1) Assumption of Financial Source and Use

1) Financial Source

The items of financial source has been assumed as follows:

- a) Equity
- b) Long-term loan
- c) Toll revenue
- d) Other income

2) Financial Use

The items of financial use have been assumed as follows:

- a) Investment costs (initial and additional)
- b) Interest during construction
- c) Principal repayment of long-term loan
- d) Interest payment of long-term loan
- e) Foreign currency loss
- f) Principal repayment of short-term loan
- g) Interest payment of short-term loan
- h) Operation and maintenance costs
- i) Overhead costs
- i) Revenue sharing to Jasa Marga
- k) Property tax
- 1) Corporate tax

3) Assumption of Short-term Loan

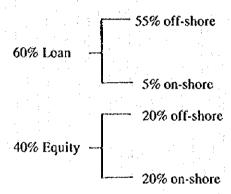
It has been assumed that in the case of a cash flow deficit of the total financial source against the total financial use, the deficit is financed by a short-term loan. The repayment of principal and payment of interest have been assumed to be made in the year following the borrowing. The interest rate of short-term loan has been assumed to be 20% per annum.

(2) Assumption on Fund Raising (Equity / Loan Ratio)

Sources of cash flow for the initial investment costs are provided by equity and loan (long-term loan). The equity is drawn down to finance the initial investment costs, mainly consisting 100% of the land acquisition cost and some portion of the construction costs from the year 1998 through 2002. The long-term loan is drawn down to finance the initial investment costs mainly consisting of major portion of the construction costs from the year 2001 through 2003.

1) Equity / Loan Ratio

The equity / loan ratio has been assumed as equity: 40% and loan: 60%. Regarding the details of equity and loan on-shore / off-shore, the following assumption has been made:



As indicated in the above chart, 75% (55% offshore debt + 20% offshore equity) of the investment costs of the Gresik - Driyorejo Toll Road is assumed to be funded offshore.

2) Long-term Loan Condition

The long-term loan is assumed to comprise an off-shore loan and an on-shore loan as follows:

a) Off-shore Loan

55% of the total financial source (about 92% of the total loan) is expected to be from offshore sources, such as mainly export-import banks, denominated in US\$, at an interest rate of 10% per annum. The grace period is assumed to be 3 years, and the principal repayment period 10 years.

b) On-shore Loan

5% of the total financial source (about 8% of the total loan) is expected to be from onshore sources at an interest rate of approximately 20% per annum. The grace period is assumed to be 3 years and the principal repayment period 10 years as for the off-shore loan.

As a result, the weighted average interest rate of the off-shore and on-shore loans is

estimated to be approximately 11% per annum.

18.4.3 Cases to be Examined and Analysis Results

(1) Cases to be Examined

As mentioned previously in Section 18.3.2 the following cases are examined in the financial analysis:

- a) Cost Base Case: Full scale costs regarding the access roads
- b) Cost Option Case-1:

Excluding half of the costs of construction and land acquisition related to the sections of access roads (arterial roads) to the toll road

c) Cost Option Case-2:

Excluding all the costs of construction and land acquisition related to the sections of access roads (arterial roads) to the toll road

In addition, cases of an equity / loan ratio of 30%: 70% are also examined for each of the above cases. As a result, six cases are examined in the financial analysis for the combination of the three cases for the initial investment costs and the two cases for the equity / loan ratio as shown below:

Cases of Financial Analysis

Cost	Equity / Loan Ratio	Case No.
Cost Base Case	40% : 60% 30% : 70%	(a) (b)
Cost Option Case-1	40% : 60% 30% : 70%	(c) (d)
Cost Option Case-2	40% : 60% 30% : 70%	(e) (f)

(2) Analysis Results

Table 18.4.1 shows a summary of the analysis results for the above cases.

The FIRR calculations for the "cost base case" and "cost option case-1" give about 17 - 18% for ROI and about 17 - 19% for ROE. Only in the "cost option case-2" is FIRR about 20% for ROI and 21% for ROE.

The 40%:60% equity/loan ratio case in the "cost base case" shows that the first year of annual surplus is 2009 and the first year of accumulated surplus is 2013 in the profit and loss statement. In the "cost option case-1", the first year of annual surplus is 2008 and 2009 for equity/loan ratio of 40%:60% and 30%:70% respectively; and the first year of accumulated surplus is 2011 and 2013 for equity/loan ratio of 40%:60% and 30%:70% respectively. In the "cost option case-2", the first year of annual surplus is 2007 and 2008 for equity/loan ratio of 40%:60% and 30%:70% respectively; and the first year of accumulated surplus is 2009 and 2010 for equity/loan ratio of 40%:60% and 30%:70% respectively. In the "cost option case-2", the first year of annual surplus in cash flow is 2004, i.e. the first year of operation of the Toll Road, resulting in no requirement for a short-term loan.

Table 18.4.1 Summary of Financial Analysis Results

printer describe all'anticolor	Maria Arrivani, A., San Arrivani, A. (1990). S	Cost B	ase Case	Cost Opt	on Case-1	Cost Option	on Case-2	
Equity /	Loan Ratio	40%:60%	30%:70%	40%:60%	30%:70%	40%:60%	30%:70%	
Case No.		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	
FIRR	ROI (%)	16.9%	16.9%	18.2%	18.2%	19.9%	19.9%	
	NPV (Million RP.) (15% discount rate)	118,010	118,010	182,597	182,597	247,186	247,186	
FIRR	ROE (%)	16.7%	17.4%	18.4%	19.1%	20.6%	21.5%	
	NPV (Million Rp.) (15% discount rate)	65,591	85,708	117,875	129,435	170,206	178,823	
First Yea	er of Surplus (Year)							
	al Surplus in Profit & Loss	2009	2011	2008	2009	2007	2008	
	nulated Surplus in Profit & Loss	2013	2016	2011	2013	2009	2010	
3) Annu	al Surplus in Cash Flow	2012	2017	2004	2012	2004	2004	
Maximu	m Annual Short-term Loon (Million Rp.)	76,692	334,836	•	97,696	-		
	Maximum Short-term Loan	2009	2011		2009	-	-	

Source: Estimated by the Study Team.

As an example, the calculation results for the case of equity / loan ratio of 40%:60% in the "cost base case" have been tabulated. Appendix 18.1 to 18.3 show the profit and loss, the cash flow and FIRR (ROI and ROE) respectively.

18.5 Financial Evaluation

18.5.1 Consideration of Cost Option Case

As shown in Table 18.4.1, to improve the financial soundness of the proposed Toll Road, regarding the initial investment costs, "cost option case-2" is the most desirable, followed by "cost option case-1" and "cost base case".

When considering the characteristics of the access roads of the proposed Toll Road, which also function as arterial roads, it is regarded unreasonable that the joint venture corporation will bear all the costs related to the said access roads ("cost base case"). On the other hand, it is considered unrealistic that all the costs related to the access roads will be exempted for the joint venture corporation ("cost option case-2").

Accordingly, cost halving such as "cost option case-1" is considered practical. Consequently, "cost option case-1" is recommended from a financial soundness viewpoint.

18.5.2 Sensitivity Analysis

(1) Sensitivity to Cost and Revenue

1) Cases for Sensitivity Analysis

A sensitivity analysis was carried out for variations of the cost (initial investment cost) and revenue for the case of equity / loan ratio of 30%:70% in the cost option case-1, that is Case No. (d). The following cases are assumed:

Case 1: A cost overrun of 10%.

Case 2: A 10% decrease in revenue.

Case 3: Combination of Case 1 and Case 2 above.

2) Analysis Results

The results of the sensitivity analysis are summarized in Table 18.4.2. As can be seen, a 10% decrease in revenue would have a slightly greater effect than a 10% increase in cost.

(2) Sensitivity to Interest Rate

1) Cases for Sensitivity Analysis

A sensitivity analysis was carried out altering the weighted average interest rate of long-term loan to 15% and 20% by changing the composition ratio of on-shore loan and off-shore loan for the case of equity / loan ratio of 30%:70% in the cost option case-1, that is Case No. (d).

2) Analysis Results

The results of the sensitivity analysis are summarized in Table 18.4.2. In case of interest rate of 15%, the first year of accumulated surplus in the profit and loss statement and the first year of annual surplus in the cash flow appear in 2016 and 2017, respectively.

In case of interest rate of 20%, the first year of accumulated surplus in the profit and loss statement and the first year of annual surplus in the cash flow both appear in 2023.

Table 18.4.2 Summary of Financial Sensitivity Analysis Results

			-				
				Cost Opti	on Case-1	<u> </u>	
Equity / Loa	an Ratio	30%:70%	30%:70%	30%:70%	30%:70%	30%:70%	30%:70%
		Base Case of (d)	Cost +10%	Revenue -10%	Cost +10% and	Weighted Average Interest	Weighted Average Interest
					Revenue -10%	Rate = 15%	Rate = 20%
Case No.		(d)	(d-s1)	(d-s2)	(d-s3)	(d-s4)	(d-s5)
FIRR	RO1 (%)	18.2%	17.4%	17.2%	16.4%	18.2%	18.2%
	NPV (Million RP.) (15% discount rate)	182,597	144,052	117,679	79,134	182,597	182,597
FIRR	ROE (%)	19.1%	18.1%	17.8%	16.8%	17.3%	15.4%
	NPV (Million Rp.) (15% discount rate)	129,435	103,401	85,441	61,156	78,024	14,480
First year of	Surplus (Year)						1
	urplus in Profit & Loss	2009	2010	2010	2012	2011	2016
2) Accumul Loss	lated Surplus in Profit &	2013	2015	2015	2018	2016	2023
3) Annual S	urplus in Cash Flow	2012	2015	2016	2018	2017	2023
Maximum Amount (M	Annual Short-term Loan illion Rp.)	97,696	217,990	239,735	462,685	393,602	1,321085
	aximum Short-term Loan	2009	2010	2011	2013	2011	2016

Source: Estimated by the Study Team.

18.5.3 Financial Evaluation

As mentioned in Section 18.4.3, FIRR for the "cost base case" and "cost option case-1" is about 17 - 18% for ROI and about 17 - 19% for ROE. Only in the "cost option case-2", is FIRR about 20% for ROI and 21% for ROE. These rates are similar to or lower than the prevailing level of interest

rates on loans in commercial banks in Indonesia which range from 18% to 20%.

The above comparison shows that the results of the financial analysis are not so optimistic while the prevailing level of interest rates remains.

Consequently, it is required to raise a loan fund with a possibly lower level of interest rate. To achieve this, the most likely alternative way is fund raising not domestically but off-shore.

For promoting the above, it is recommended that the Government arranges a more incentive investment environment for encouraging foreign investors.

For BOT (Build, Operate and Transfer) projects, one of the ways to achieve the above is "including a security package" in the BOT contract.

The concept of "security package" is summarized below:

In a BOT contract, both private investors and Jasa Marga make an agreement regarding such conditions as land acquisition, tariff formula, tariff approval and approval from the Indonesian Offshore Borrowing Committee.

In case that some items of agreement are not satisfied, the private investors can request some compensation from Jasa Marga.

Details of "security package" are given in the following section.

18.5.4 Security Package

The following describes suggestions for improvement of investment conditions for Indonesian toll roads to introduce foreign funds.

There are no BOT laws in Indonesia but BOT guidance (involved in tender documents) is provided by Jasa Marga. BOT guidance seems to include little security for introducing foreign investments and borrowing. The following points might be useful as a reference for Jasa Marga to diversify fund raising for this sector and to promote the introduction of new foreign funds:

(1) Land Acquisition

- 1) Land acquisition for a project should be completed by Jasa Marga within around two (2) years from the date of opening of the authorization agreement between Jasa Marga and the joint venture company (JVC).
- 2) In the event that Jasa Marga, for whatever reason, fails or is unable to acquire the necessary land for the project within the stated period as provided in 1) above, the JVC might have the option to request Jasa Marga to promptly buy out the project covering all costs and expenses incurred from the project, including, but not limited to, the land acquisition cost, all costs related to financing, the cost of the feasibility study and design work, the accrued interest paid by the JVC, and all other costs related to the project.

(2) Tariff Formula

The Study Team suggests the incorporation of the following factors into the tariff formula:

- 1) An adjustment formula for US\$/Rp. exchange fluctuation with respect to the foreign debt portion and foreign equity, and
- 2) Material adverse changes in Indonesian economic indicators (for example, Consumer Price Index, etc.) might be the trigger event for extraordinary adjustment.

(3) Tariff Approval

In the event that the projected tariff is not the tariff approved by the Government or proposed adjustment to the tariff is not allowed or delayed in any manner whatsoever, Jasa Marga might have the following options, either:

- 1) to promptly provide a fully subordinated loan to the project to fully compensate for the differential amount between the actual revenue and projected revenue, under terms and conditions which will not cause any adverse impact on the projected economics of the project debt and equity; or
- 2) to promptly buy out the project covering all costs and expenses incurred from the project, including but not limited to:

outstanding debt plus actual accrued interest payable by the JVC to its lenders, all other liabilities arising out of or in connection with the project, the equity committed and accrued interest on such equity commitment, and consideration to account for loss of profit on equity.

(4) Approval from the Indonesian Offshore Borrowing Committee

As indicated previously in Section 18.4.2, 75% (55% offshore debt + 20% offshore equity) of the investment costs in the case of equity / loan ratio: 40% and 60%, is planned to be funded offshore. It might be necessary for the JVC to obtain approval from the Indonesian Offshore Borrowing Committee ("Approval"), which Approval is crucial to implement the project as scheduled. The JVC might request Jasa Marga to assist in obtaining such Approval. In case of failure to obtain the Approval, the JVC might require Jasa Marga to promptly buy out the Project covering all costs and expenses incurred from the project, including but not limited to:

outstanding debt plus actual accrued interest payable by the JVC to its lenders, all other liabilities arising out of or in connection with the project, and the equity committed and the accrued interest on such equity commitment.

In order to avoid risks, the project might be required to devise such security packages as explained above rather than obtaining a letter of awareness issued to the Paiton project. This is because the legal effectiveness of this letter as a governmental guarantee seems to be in doubt as shown in Appendix 18.4 "Privately-funded Infrastructure Businesses in Asia and Hedge Against Risks".

CHAPTER 19 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

CHAPTER 19

IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

19.1 General

For implementation of the project roads it is imperative to examine the executing bodies and fund sources which are considered most appropriate to the existing situation. Possible executing bodies of the project roads can be either government agencies or private investors. Fund sources will be able to be diversified among domestic and overseas capital, including governmental budget, international lending agencies and private investors.

19.1.1 Executing Bodies

(1) Toll Road

According to actual practices of toll road development in Indonesia there are three possible alternatives for selecting an executing agency. These are:

- Public Corporation Method by Government Subsidiary Finance
- Joint-venture Method by Government Subsidiary Finance and Private Investor
- Build Operation and Transfer (BOT) Method by Private Investor

In order to minimize government expenditure on infrastructure development, the policy of Indonesia's Sixth Five-Year Development Plan indicates it is best to utilize the private sector by allowing that sector to participate in public sector projects. Currently the BOT method is the most prevalent in developing toll road projects in Indonesia.

(2) Public Roads

In general, the Directorate General of Highways (Bina Marga), Ministry of Public Works is responsible for the execution of the construction of national roads which include primary arterial and primary collector roads, and roads that assure strategic value of national interests.

Local governments, such as Kotamadya Surabaya, Kabupaten Sidoarjo and Kabupaten Gresik are responsible for the execution of the construction of secondary roads within their jurisdiction. However, urban roads under the jurisdiction of Bina Marga are excluded from the responsibility of the local governments.

The Ministry of Public Works has authority over the design and construction as well as the maintenance of primary arterial and collector roads. It may, nevertheless, delegate its duties (for

the maintenance of primary arterial roads) to level I (provincial) governments and (for the design and construction of primary collector roads) to level I or level II local governments, in respect of the administrative status of the roads.

As the urbanization progresses and it extends beyond the original administrative boundary, the responsibility to coherently execute such urban road construction or maintenance becomes unclear. Current pressure on the expansion of the urban road network is steadily increasing, but the required funds and personnel of level II government are too small to satisfy the demand. Improvement of fund raising capacity through diversified revenue sources and quality personnel are essential in the mid-term or long-term aspects for local government. In the short-term aspect, however, central government (Bina Marga) should help develop the secondary system, especially in metropolitan areas such as Jabotabek and Gerbang Kertosusila.

Delay of secondary road development in metropolitan areas will eventually bring about not only a great loss to the urban economies but also serious social problems. Therefore, important metropolitan roads, though the roads are secondary functions of inter-Kabupaten roads, should in the initial stage be either constructed or maintained by Bina Marga in order to maintain vigorous metropolitan activities.

19.1.2 Fund Sources

(1) Toll Road

Private investors including PT. Jasa Marga are entirely responsible for funding, construction, operation and maintenance, if the toll road is implemented by the BOT method. In this case, loans and/or equity investment from international lending agencies such as the Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund of Japan (OECF), the Export Import Bank of Japan (EXIM Bank), the Asian Development Bank (ADB), the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and local banking companies are considered as possibilities to be introduced.

(2) Public Road

Funding sources for public road development are mainly funds originated from the national revenue, foreign loans through international lending agencies as mentioned above, and bilateral government aid.

In lieu of the combined sources of national revenue and foreign loans, public road development by private investor is now emerging in large scale housing developments, such as Citra Land covering about 2000 hectare to the west of Surabaya. Public road development is not confined to local service roads within the estate, but includes arterial road development to secure access to the central area of Surabaya.

For new arterial road construction in developing areas, private investors of new housing developments can be an alternative source of funds. Following the principle of "Beneficiaries Pay", the cost of the arterial road construction can be transferred to the cost of houses or commercial facilities, etc. in the development area. After construction of the road it is transferred to the appropriate level II government for future maintenance.

In this case, there will be some options in allocating the required fund to private and public sectors, for example, the private sector may be responsible for land acquisition and the public

sector for the construction. Negotiation between government and the private investor is possible to attain the same objective.

19.2 Implementation of Project Roads

19.2.1 Route-1

Route-1 consists of a toll road and its parallel arterial road. The toll road portion should be constructed by a private investor by the BOT scheme. The Right of Way (ROW) required for the toll road is 103 meters in width to provide on/off ramps in the at-grade system.

The toll road crosses the property of Citra Land, where only 55 meters of ROW are reserved for the arterial road construction. Furthermore, part of the area adjacent to the designated 55 meters ROW has already been sold to the public. Therefore, it is almost impossible to widen the existing 55-meter ROW to 103-meter ROW. This section has inevitably been designed as a structural toll road without on/off ramp services.

The toll road corridor meets several areas of private housing developers. Actual construction, however, has not started yet in most of the area except for the Citra Land area and Low Cost Housing (Perumnas) in the Driyorejo Housing Development area (KASIBA Project). In order to acquire the land, a strong initiative by the toll road investor will be a key to involve the related housing developers, and to reduce the financial burden of the initial investment cost.

Construction of the parallel arterial portion should be the responsible of Bina Marga, since this arterial portion functions as an alternative route to the parallel toll road and also the frontage road. Furthermore, the road lies across the three local government administrations of Kotamadya Surabaya, Kabupaten Gresik and Kabupaten Sidoarjo. Therefore a strong coordination body like Bina Marga is required at the actual implementation phase.

It is desirable and essential to carry out the detailed design of the toll road and the arterial road at the same time. The construction timing may differ between the two roads, but the arterial portion should be constructed first with the toll road portion following soon after. Coordination between Bina Marga and the private investor is imperative to achieve a smooth operation for Route-1 Project.

19.2.2 Route-2

Route-2 lies within the administrative boundary of Kotamadya Surabaya. This road should be implemented by Kotamadya Surabaya as a secondary arterial road using the existing ROW of 20 meters.

Funds can be derived from a combination of available sources such as a subsidiary from the national budget, the development budget of Kotamadya Surabaya, or a two-step loan from international or bilateral lending agencies.

19.2.3 Route-3

This project road lies across the administrative boundary of Kotamadya Surabaya and Kabupaten Sidoarjo. The project is intended to upgrade the capacity and service level by widening and realigning the existing road to a 4-lane road. This will function as a primary collector road before

the Eastern Ring Road is completed and ultimately as a secondary arterial road.

Accordingly, it is recommended that the national budget is applied for the betterment of the project road and that Bina Marga delegates authority of executing the project to the provincial public works office (Dinas PU) in coordination with the public works regional office (Kanwil PU).

19.2.4 Route-4

This project road has a strategic purpose in changing the present urban structure of the Surabaya Metropolitan Area, that is, the project is intended to: (1) connect the eastern and western parts of SMA which are physically separated by Surabaya River, the Railway and Surabaya-Waru Toll Road, and further (2) foster the planned eastern and western sub-centers of Surabaya by assuring access to the urban center of Surabaya. In this sense, the project should be implemented under the responsibility of Bina Marga. The project road contains a busway in its western section from Wonokromo and therefore coordination with the Directorate General of Land Transport will be necessary.

Improvement of Wonokromo Roundabout can be identified as an independent project separate from Route-4 project, since the improvement will have a significant effect not only on the east-west connection but also on the north-west connection in Surabaya.

In addition, currently emerging projects such as the LRT plan by SITNP and the Central North-South Toll Road approved by the Government are effective here along with Route-4 project.

Various fund sources should be applied for the project implementation. Cooperation with housing developers will help reduce the investment cost of the western part of the project, where many development permits have been issued. The national budget and foreign loans should be fully utilized to realize the project under the execution responsibility of Bina Marga.

19.2.5 Route-5

This project road has a characteristic similar to Route-4, connecting the eastern and western part of Surabaya with an exclusive busway in the center of the western part (from Jl. Achmad Yani) of the project corridor. Therefore, Bina Marga is the most appropriate government agency to execute construction of the project road.

Among others, improvement of Jemur Sari Intersection can be identified as an independent project, since it contributes to not only the east-west connection but also to the north-south connection in SMA. Like Route-4 project, this intersection involves other development plans of the LRT and CNS Toll Road. Therefore, a tough initiative is required to lead the planning as well as to coordinate implementation among the various related agencies with different interests.

CHAPTER 20 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FEASIBILITY STUDY

CHAPTER 20

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FEASIBILITY STUDY

20.1 Feasibility of the Projects

The selected project roads are technically and economically feasible. Gresik-Driyorejo Toll Road in Route-1 is not so optimistic in financial viability, indicating an ROI (Return on Investment) of 18.2%, an ROE (Return on Equity) of 19.1%, and the annual surplus in profit and loss falling in the 5th year from the opening year of 2004. Efforts to reduce the cost, such as sharing the cost of access road construction with housing developers adjacent to the Toll Road, or preparing a security package to attract more foreign investors/bankers are essential to keep the toll road operation financially sound in the long term.

20.2 Implementation Plan

Most important elements for implementation of the projects are fund sources and executing agencies. These elements are summarized for the respective projects as follows:

Project Roads	Fund Source	Executing Body
Route-1 (Toll Road)	Private Sector / Housing Developer	Private Sector
(Artery)	APBN/Housing Developer	DGH
Route-2	APBD / Two-step Loan	Kotamadya Surabaya
Route-3	APBN / Foreign Loan	DGH
Route-4	APBD / Foreign Loan /	DINAS PU-Bina Marga/
•	Housing Developer / (APBN)	DGH
Route-5	APBN / Foreign Loan /	DINAS PU-Bina Marga/
	Housing Developer / (APBN)*	DGH

Note: (APBN): The Project can be supported by APBN.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

APPENDIX TO	CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	
APPENDIX 1.1	STEERING AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE MEMBERS AND INDONESIAN COUNTERPARTS	A-1
	CHAPTER 3 PRESENT TRANSPORT PROFILE	
APPENDIX 3.1	ROAD INVENTORY SURVEY	. A-3
APPENDIX TO	CHAPTER 4 EXISTING TRANSPORT DEVELOPMENT PLANS AND PROGRESS	
APPENDIX 4.1	ZONE SYSTEM	A-15
APPENDIX TO	CHAPTER 6 TRAFFIC DEMAND AND ROAD NETWORK MASTER PL	AN
	PRELIMINARY RING ROAD PROPOSALS	
	CHAPTER 15 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STUDY	
	PRESENT CONDITION OF THE STUDY AREA	A-26
	CHAPTER 16 PROJECT COST ESTIMATE	
	BREAKDOWN OF ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COSTS	A-44
	Breakdown of Land acquisition and Compensation Costs	
	CHAPTER 17 PROJECT ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	
	EQUATIONS FOR VEHICLE OPERATING COSTS.	A-53
APPENDIX 17.2	PROJECT ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	A-55
APPENDIX 17.3	ECONOMIC SENSITIVITY FOR DELAY OF IMPLEMENTATION	À-60
APPENDIX TO	CHAPTER 18 PROJECT FINANCIAL ANALYSIS	
APPENDIX 18.1	PROFIT AND LOSS	A-61
APPENDIX 18.2	Cash Flow	A-64
APPENDIX 18.3	CASH FLOW	A-67
	PRIVATELY FUNDED INFRASTRUCTURE BUSINESS IN ASIA AND HEDGE AGAINST RISKS	: 1.

Appendix 1.1 Steering and Technical Committee Members, and Indonesian Counterparts

(1) STEERING COMMITTEE

Chairman

Ir. Gandhi Harahap

(Director of Urban Road Development (BINKOT), DGH)

(Formaer Chairman: Ir. Sunaryo Sumadji)

Secretary

Ir. Janeydi R. Juni

(BINKOT)

Member

Dr. Sudjana Royat

(Bureau of Urban Settlement/Housing/Spatial Plan, BAPPENAS)

Dr. Suyono Dikun

(Bureau of Transportation, BAPPENAS)

Ir. Arie Dj. Djoekardi MA (Ministry of Environment) Ir. Haryo Sasongko MSc.

(DG of Regional Development, Ministry of Home Affairs)

Ir. Iskandar Abubakar

(DLLA, DG of Land Transport, Ministry of Communications)

Ir. Bambang S. Priyohadi MPa

(DG of Cipta Karya)

Ir. Muksin (BINKOT)

(2) TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

Chairman

Ir. R.M.A Amirullah S.S

Chief of BAPPEDA TKI, East Jawa Province

Secretary

Ir. Mohammad Irian

Chief of Planning Project and Technic Supervisor Surabaya Roads

Development

Member

Ir. Chaerul Djaclani

Dinas of PU Bina Marga Tk I, East Java Province

Ir. Priyo Darmawan, Msc. BAPPEDA Tk I East Java

Ir. Slamet Soesilo

Dinas of PU Bina Marga Tk. I, East Java Province

Ir. Bagus Ngurah Raka Wibawa Province Kanwil PU East Java

Ir. Wahid Wahyudi

BAPPEDA Tk.I, East Java Province

Ir. Gatot Suryantono

BAPPEDA Tk.I, East Java Province

Bambang Suryo Manggolo DLLAJR Tk.I East Java Province Ir. Hendah Sunugrobo, Msc.

Kanwil of Transportation East Java Province

Ir. Sadjarwo Soekardiman

BAPPEDA of Kotamadya Tk.II Surabaya Ir. Alisjahbana, MUM
BAPPEDA of Kotamadya Tk.II Surabaya Ir. Warsito
BAPPEDA of Kabupaten Tk.II Sidoarjo Ir. Fikri Setyawan, SH
BAPPEDA of Kabupaten Tk.II Sidoarjo Ir. Kurtini Hanafifa, Msp.
BAPPEDA of Kabupaten Tk.II Bangkalan Sastro Suwito, SH
BAPPEDA of Kotamadya Tk.II Mojokerto Ir. Adam Bachtiar
BAPPEDA of Kabupaten Tk. II Lamongan Drs. A Jachya
BAPPEDA of Kabupaten Tk. II Lamongan

(3) COUNTERPARTS

Project Manager

Ir. Bernaldy(BINKOT)

(Former Project Manager: Ir. Lilla Noerhayati)

Project Officer

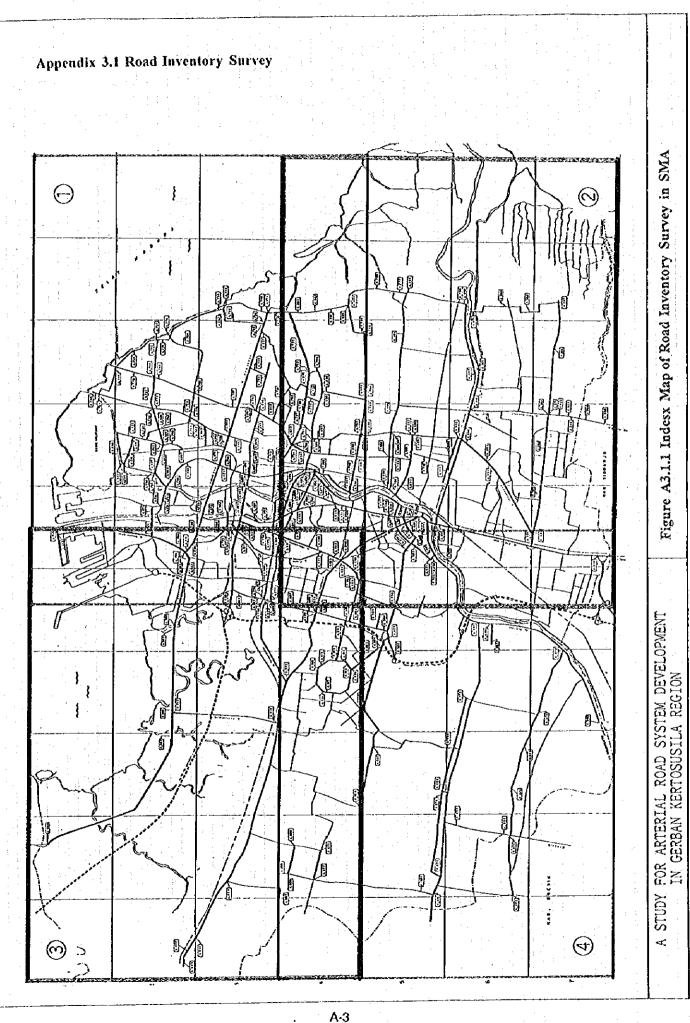
Ir. Palgunadi (BINKOT)

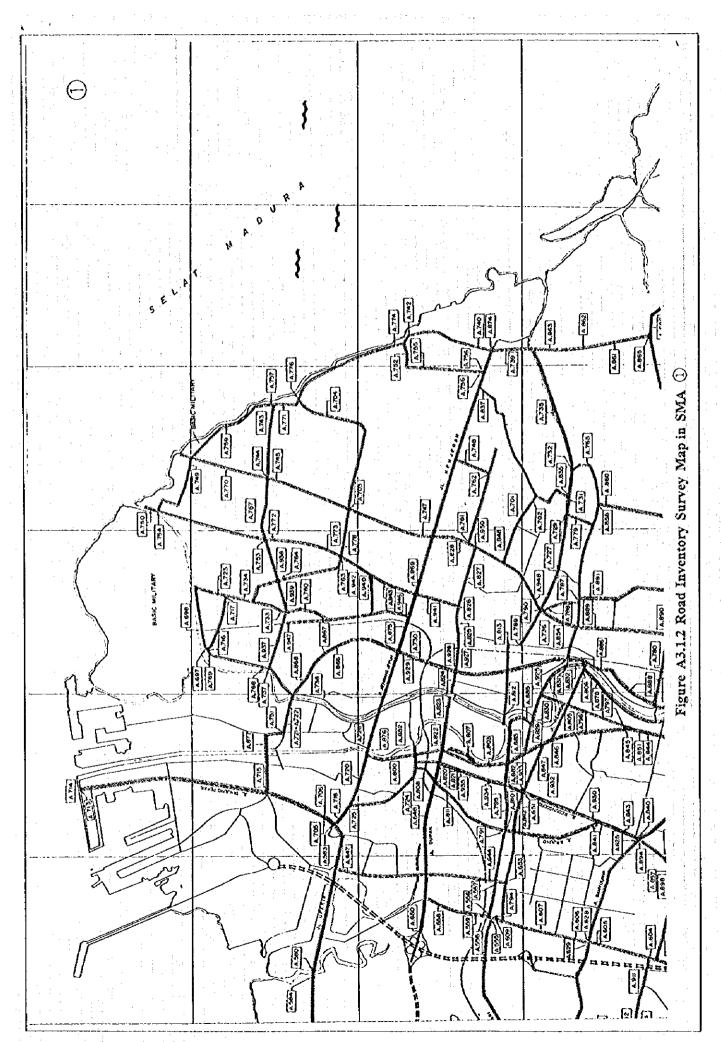
Engineer/Planner

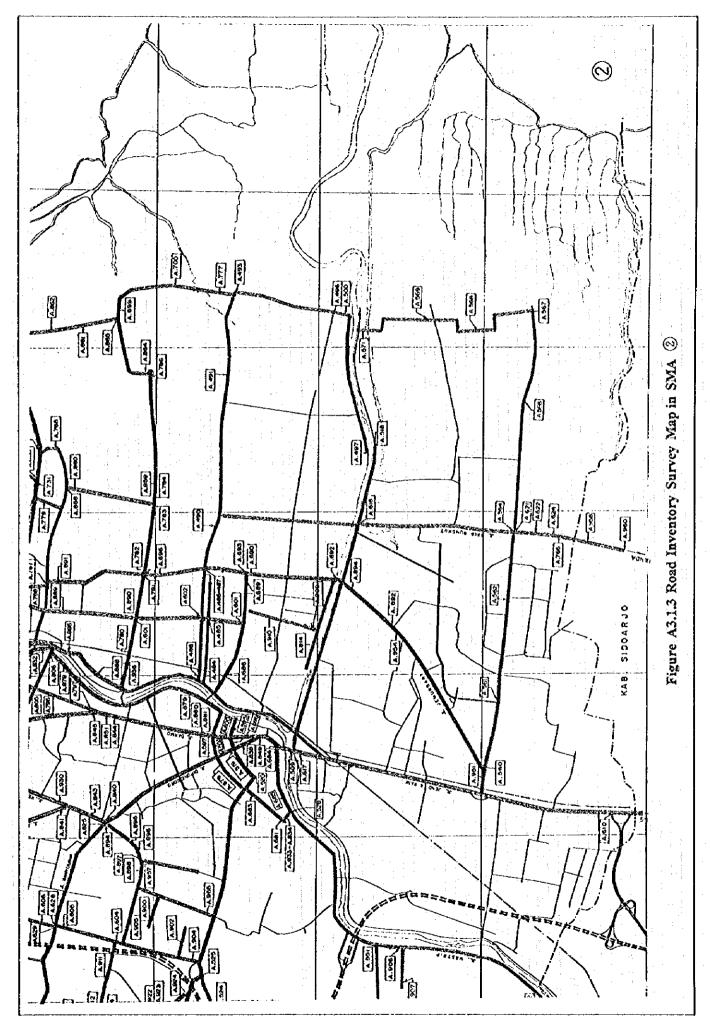
Ir.Bisma (BINKOT)

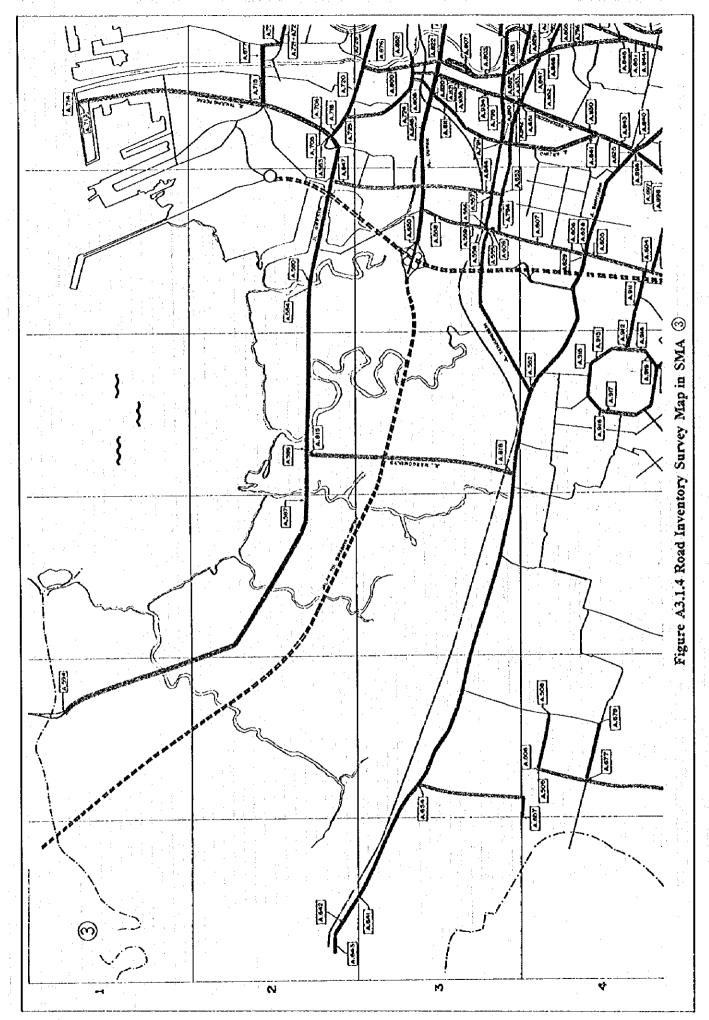
Local Counterparts

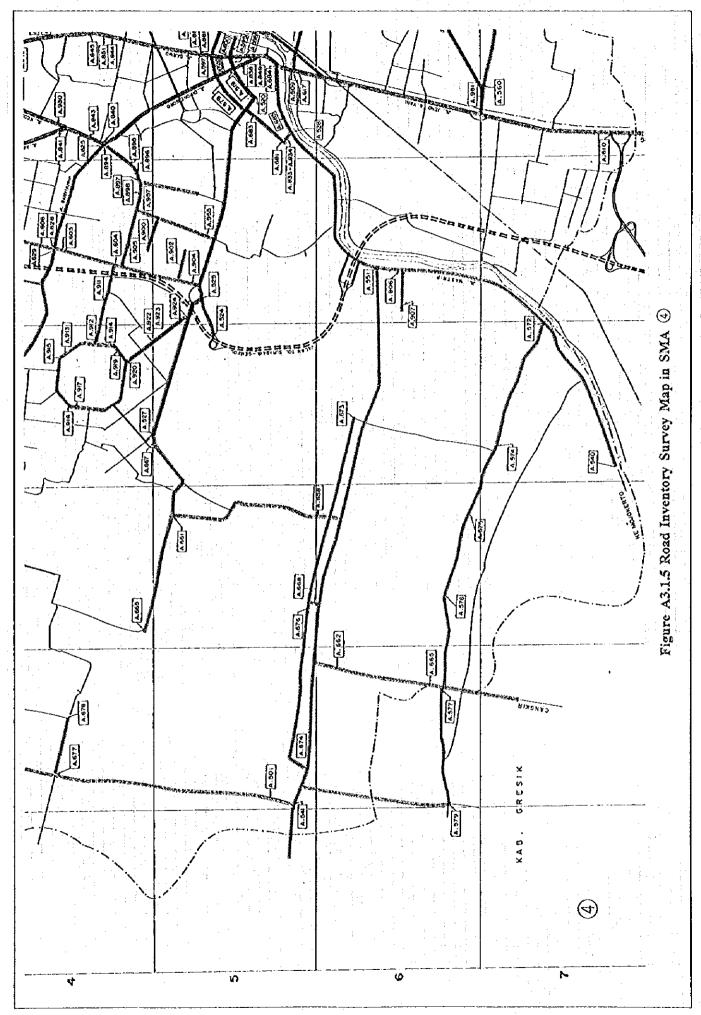
Technical Committee members functioned as part-time counterparts as required in the Study.

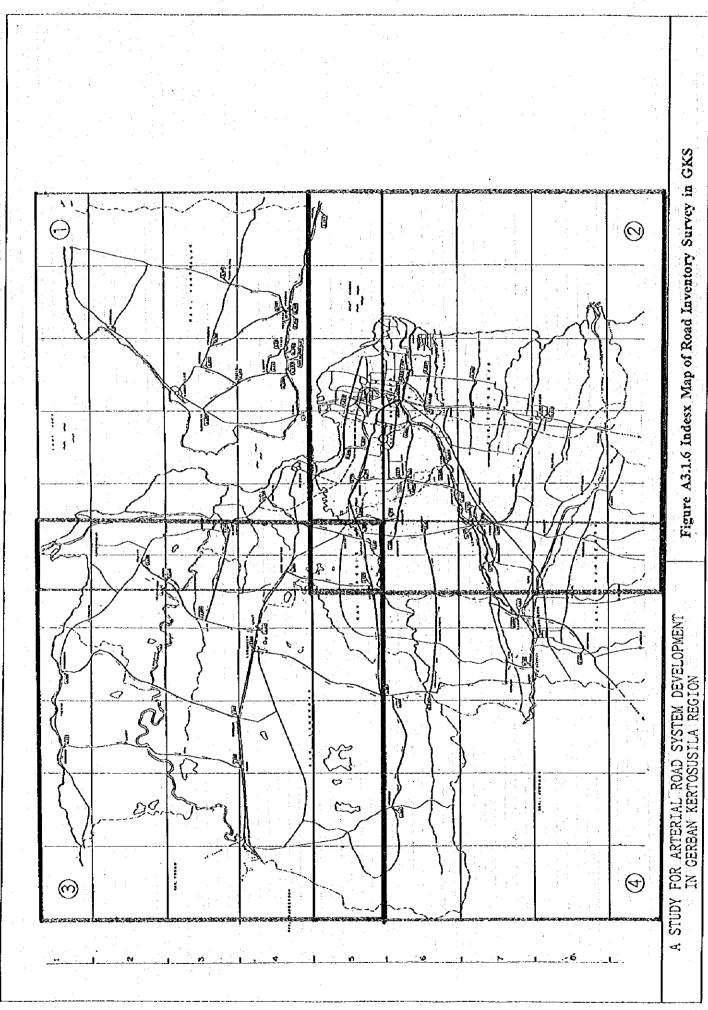


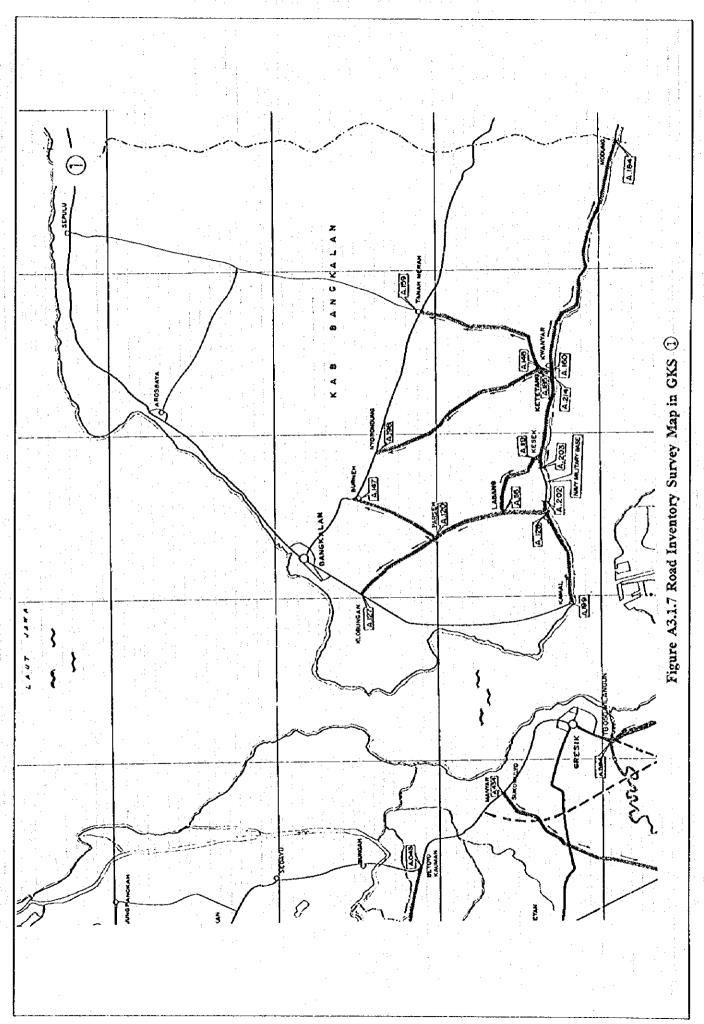


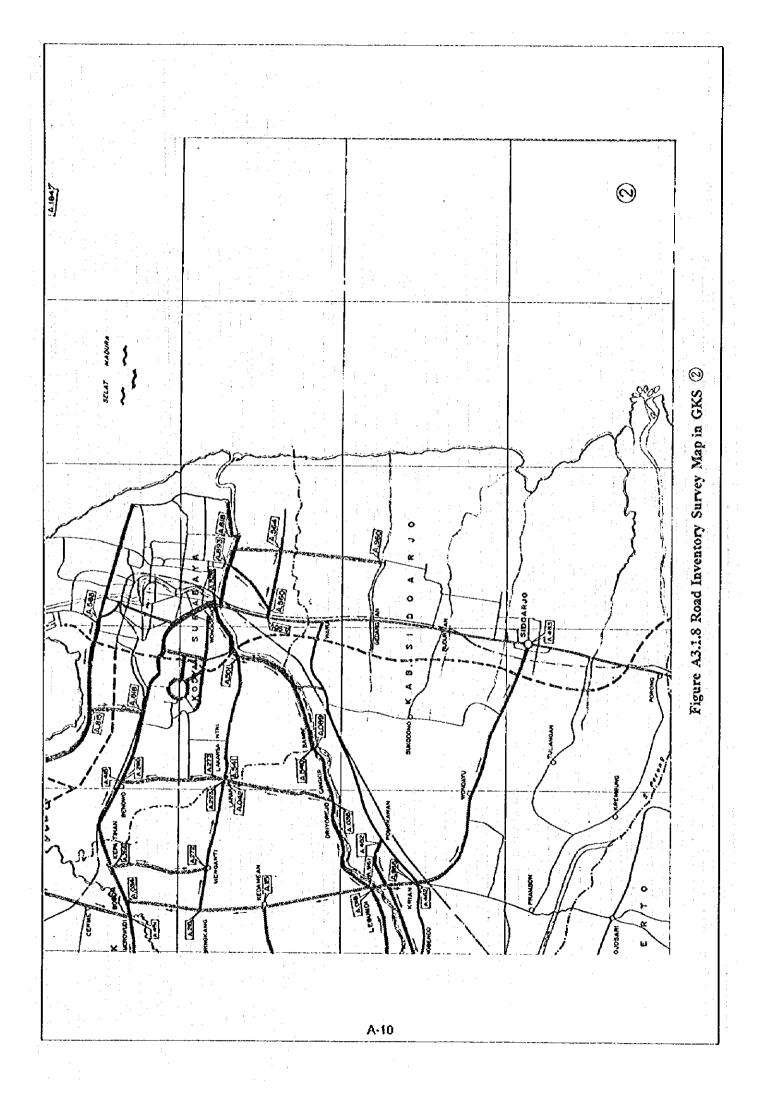


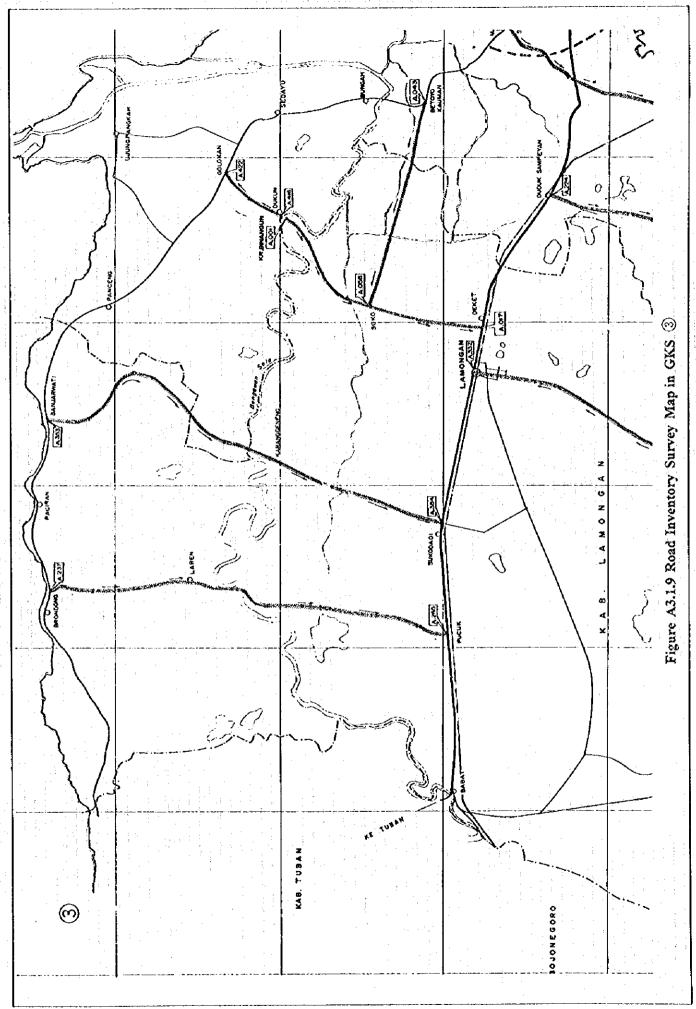


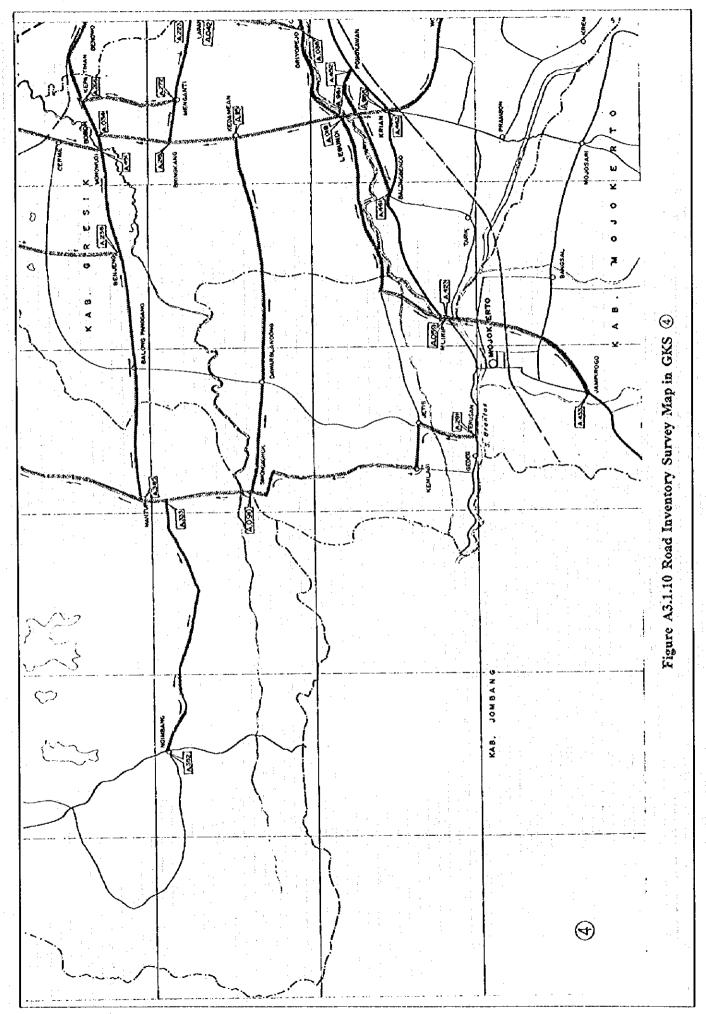












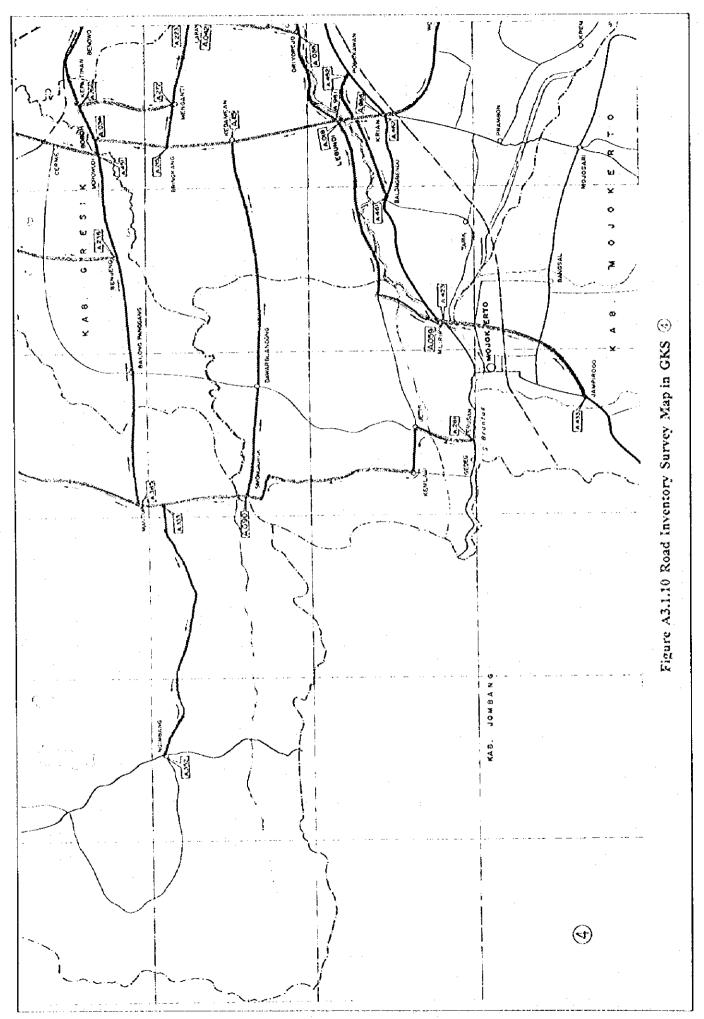


Table A3.1.1 Result of Road Inventory Survey

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Table A3.1.1 Result of Road Inventory Survey

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056 (1923	P. ARUM	PACET	422		18		Asomorowo		0.95	4.0	5.6
	LEGUNDI DRIYOREJO	MURIP;	18.1Q 6.01		19. 27	■ 2 A 12 Ta 1.	Rungkut Madya Kebraon II	Wonorejo	6 40	Karlon S	153
151 702	MONOKROMO :	DRIYOREJO	25.04	56	28		Gresik	Bankingan	6.40 2.60	4.4 11.0	8.7 3.5
	LEGUNDI	KRIAN	293	,	25	1.5 - 1.5	Kalianak		2 90	93	2.8
081	SEPANJANO .	TAMAN	1.86	7.6	20	A587	Tambakoso	JI. Wilangun	6 30	8.2	4.8
081	MOJOSARI	GEMPOL	1396	59	2.4		Ngagel Jaya	Pucang Anom	1.75	10B	32
€142√ 143	KAMAL BANGKALAN	BANGKALAN TORJUN	ं्1 5.94 43.04	61	ે 1.9 / 1.9		Simogurung Somomulyo		0.90	40	40
148	BANGKALAN	KETAPANG	47.05	48	37		Raya Rungkut	Raya Wadung Asri	0.75 2.10	4.8 67	. <i>7.7</i> - 40
162	MURIP	JAMPIROGO	1026	9.0	20	1 m 10	Валуи Илр		2.40	7.5	23
200	JI.D ponegoro	JI Demak	1094	(IA	24	A629	Raya Tandes	in the second second	14 00	72	3.5
201	JI. Wonakromo	Jl. Pemuda	622	109	1.8		Domak			10.1	5.3
202 203	JI, KENCANA	JIKBANDSA JIKENJERAN	8.38 7.33	107 109	22	A648	Dupak	an jeyejaarkinj	A CONTRACTOR	103 80	40 7.1
# 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	JI, T. PERAK	舞りを見てる 新 新 いいまめ (またな) ご	ેં 8.42	5 1 24 WW	1.8	A654	Kedung Benowo	New Western (1997) (1995)	2.40	4.5	57
205	JIR RUNGKUT	JIANDAYANI	7.87	12.7	2.1	A658	Udah Kulon	Lontar	2.80	5.5	7.8
A001	Karangbinargun				i	A662	Lidah Kulon	Lontar	2.13	66	
ANIS	Legundi Gangkir s	Boboh	1600 7.00	2 - 0 mil	59				0,60		28
A.043		Cakacsanto	1470		65	A668		Dukuh Karangan	4.90 1.30	25 25	89
A.090	Simongaerok						Made Wetan	ne ko ku u bwyku na wy	1.00	36	66
A 116	Labang	Kesek	2 50	5.7	122		Kutai		0.65	10.1	3.7
A 120	Parsen	Kobungan	6.85				Hayamwruk	Grand Windowski (1981)	1.65	72	35
A 128		Burneh Tanamarah	1820 1646		54		Joyoboyo Bung Tomo			10.3	32
		Modung	23.90	4.5			Manyar	Nginden - Salasa	1377 (4.357)	13.5	36 36
A.185	Keletang	Nyorendong		1. 11 11 11 A.	Carrier 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		Menur		263		63
	Batporon	Kuanyar Studyar entrage	10.15		9.2		Wongarum		2.40		3.4
	Borgkang		. 800		4.5		Kewajan Putih	No. 1815 Bandon	1.25	38	2 P
	Dukusampean Brondong	Benjeng Bunk	1300 (2820		59		T. Perak Sising Mangaraja	un ar kodora ki eliki	4.60 0.80		3,5
	Kepatihan		600		246		Bulak Sari			30	3.7
h						& series and					C bear mining

Tabel A3.1.1 Result of Road Inventory Survey (Continued)

Code	From	То	Length	Migh	IRI	Code	From	To	Length	Miệth	IRI
No.		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	(km)	<u>(m)</u>		No.		Productive Comment of Comment and Section Comments	(km)	(m)	
FXY78	i Rijavali		Dan K	118	37.	A 828	Potro Agung	.	0.70	82	39
	Danakarya		0.70	140	3.0		Ye kula usta ab	4462 KEE	2516	LINE C	
	Bujak Banteng	NG STATES OF THE	0.0	*:J0	2.9	A 831	Gubeng Pojok	more a ser i ser ser i ser ser i	0.80		3.7
	Indrapura	Andrews at the ter-	1.35	183	3.1	T 52.0	Cash Magaelica	Bellik K	0.80	83	59
	Kristonk Vegeln		0.75		13	A 835	Kalijudan	regional de la company de la c	2.85	40	3.4
F 12 C 2 2 7	Kaliwaron	i Kanaratan	130		3.3 9*303	A 845	Une Simonario		2.081	(118)	30
	Kapasan Mulyorejo		्र (d 95 1.30	.173 7.0	49		Basuki Rachmat Brongzalan II		1.45	16.5	32
	Tenggundang We		18130	433	3.8		Raya Darmo	eregalente en en en 	£k 5 1/93 2:20	11.8	2 9
A735	Sutorejo	#*************************************	1.00	7.0	3.7		Kebon ฝืก	HARIN VARIONAL	LING	OF COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE	3
A 138	Terrbargboyo		, Ó.	213			Mustopo		2.10	9.7	8.1
	Karang Tembok	erkazor erdek	0.95	3.0	10.3	A 859	A		2 11.30	2.06	3[0]
# // www.	Tempor Rejo	KARDAK	ု ၉ဆိ	(\$ - \$	Kalisan	rana ese saas	0.70	6.0	3.0
R5 - 34 L 25 at	Sukotilo Nancarigan	i Ingreso	1 80 1 30	45 15	33	A 862	Mulyosin Kejawan Putih		2.0.10	.60	83
,	Redung Cowek	ereliakiili 	.≋∴	6.5	3.9		Garlengkili 200		120 0.080	50 -103	3.1
	Tarebak West	na Constant	× 100	35	32		Darmawangsa	e ALCOE TE COMP	.₹₹55¥ £ 9. 1.10	11.5	3.7
A753	Dukuh Bulakban	teng	1.85	3.3	-	A 892	Reya Preden 147	and saketa	41125	125	89
TEN AZ	Ulifon J.	18 5 3 7 7 7	0.85	£130			Girilaya	no kao kaomina amin'ny faritr'i S	070	5.5	8.4
A.757	Nambangan Pera	ik essatoransa	0.80	3.5	28090	I Eindo-S⊆	Anx describ				
	Tergrungang	più etavaise	1110	S.4.5	i vin		Pulat Jaya Dukuh Kedani XX		0.50	4.5	8.4
A 763	Karang Asem IV Randu 114 12	autore i	1 50 2 1 30	3.5 4.6	 Si 151	A 904	Dukuh Kupang Bari		1.00	100	8.2 149
4 4 t . E	Mulyorejo Barat		0.85	28	12.7	A 808	Baratalaya			6.3	
A 789	Raya Secati		3 1 20	100	2201	A 911	Raya Kupang Jaya		1.08	9.2	9.6
	Kedinding Lor		1.00	4.5		A	Rea Damo Pema	iller der Sa	ka lát	128	212
	Womossin Lorini	wichous.	110	1.00	\$ 8.7	A 920	Darmo Baru Barat		1.10	5.8	6.7
	Kali Kedinding Tanàn Morah	reideckeen.	1.30	3.0	l Gerran		Kupang Indalis		> 200	183	3.0
And the second	Tambak Deres		28.125	2.0		and the second	Kedungdoro	en ambyete	1.30	132	43
to make man	Ke awan Gobara		215 31000	3.9	243	J 145 695 45	Wonokusumo	terrantainet	6 3 J 55 0.75	4.4	8.2
A.778	Pogot	6 8 5 12 7 8 5 5 5 5 6 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	0.80	4.5	5.9	A 838	Kedungmanag sas	8331.WELLO	8 4 20	30	37.5
LA SECTION	Qamahusada 🔾	化组织数据	\$ 645	1744	50	1L	Platuk	\$ 1.5 m 1.5	0.55	40	103
100000	Kertajaya	Service of the service of the service of	1.40	CONTRACTOR OF	7.0		Tetelyee		0.70	1.52	
	Manyar Kertoan	onelskehit	1.120		6 B	The State Contract	Kapas Jaya	en en van de voer en	1.20	2.7	3.5
A.784	Kertajaya Indah Kedungsroka		2.00	9.0	3.6	A 949	Sidotopo Wetin		\$\frac{1}{2}\tag{1}{2}\tag{2}	1	3.5
A.791	Kalibutuh	Pacarketing	2.60 1.90	0.4	148 5.4	7.854	Bronggalan Karang Asem	 	0.90	2.9	4.2
A 795	Kerreen,	JAN BA	2 10 M	65		A.951	Jemursari		3.00	10.8	4.7
A 796	Panglima Sudim Yos Sudarso	nan	1.10	18.0	-	A 955	REVA DUSLIN KLEAN		: iii	85	138
A 793	Yos: Siderso	stando	÷ 050	153	343	A 958	Sedati		230		112
A.801	Pahlawan Gendlergan	i	110	20.2	20	{					
			050	200	33.	-				ļ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A 804	Tunjungan Temuda 33 55		100 35 100	180	33					 -	
A 807	Kramat Gantime		0.70	120	-	<u> </u>					
ABIO	Semarane /	MURRING	3 0.90	160	77		· 			 	
A.812	Ambangan		120	10.0	40	[]				İ	l
Kei4	Banwiya XVI	Asia: Ali	2.055			.					
A815	Margomulyo	 		6.8		 	. 		ļ	ļ	<u> </u>
A 823	Tembakan Jagalan) (0.80 0.50	11.5		\		*·*· · · · · · · ·-	<u>-</u>		
A 1925	National	HOAMA	U 50		37	} -				 	
A 826	Kapas Krampuni					}					
	a: IICA Study		1:19	: FY.		* · L	***********	L	·	*	1

Tabel A3.1.1 Result of Road Inventory Survey (Continued)

Code No.	From	То	Length Width (km) (m)	IRI	Code No.	From	То	Length Wid	duh IRI n)
A718 F	الديداد		100 129	3,5	A 828	Potro Agung	alter or real vession " of A', Alley dr.	0.70 8	32 39
)anakarya	, mar i stata di Mali,	0.70 14.0	30		Walikota ustajab		. i.io ii	aren de la companya de
	Julak Banteng		0.50 3.0	291	A 831	Gubeng Pojok			18 37
تنفق البائم تماج	ndrapura	i Desarranta	1.35 18.3	3.1	A	Qajah Mada	iku istawa	0.50 8	3 59
	erbang Jepun	, izlikin e ida	075 167	32	40.50	Kalijudan Yor Agricus asa san	 	自由的物品的有多种的	0 34
and the state of	(aliwaron	erengana.	130 63	33		Urio Sumotario Basuki Rachmat	\$2) \$5\$ \$54 (\$45); 	1	(B) 30
	Gepasan Aulyorejo	a silijaki, bekt	0.95 17.3 1.30 7.0	49 49		Basuki Hachmat Bronggalan II		1.45 16 0.55 3	好しいの ことがき
2 5	enggumuhg We	tan	1.30 33	381		Raya Danno	్రామ్ కాటాకి స్టార్ కాట్లో స్ట్రికి స్ట్టికి స్ట్రికి స్ట్టికి స్ట్రికి స్ట్రికి స్ట్రికి స్ట్రికి స్ట్రికి స్ట్రికి స్ట్టికి స్ట్రికి స్ట్	2.20 11	
A735 S			100 7.0	3.7	A 852	Keborrojo	MANAGE PARTIES	0.50	1 . 1 . 1 × 1 x 1.
A 738 T	ambangboyo		060 73	49		Mustopo		1	7 81
A737 K	arang Tembok	: اد د درویههای خود	.095 30	10.3		Dannehusada Indal	· 美国的证据。	ો 🕸 . (6 31.0
	empur Reio		0.90 6.7	y + A		Kalisari Waliozio della		N / S / S / S / S / E	0 30
A740 S	lukolilo lambangan		180 45		91.1 (2.242)	Mulyosari Kejawan Putih			0 53
	iampangan () ledung Cowek	ald Killard, Luki, I	130 4.5 290 6.5	33 <u>1</u> 39		Gentengkali		1 20 0.80 - 10	0 31 3 34
1. 5 - 2 - 5	embak Wedi		100 35	32	and the contract	onturateuru 14.54 (Darmawangsa	යෙන ගැනමා සං විශ්ය එරුවේ 1975රේ	1.10 11	
A753 D	lukuh Bulakban	leng	185 33	- 1		Raya Prapen	好价值强制	1.25 12	经分分分配
A755 U			0.85 13.0	234	300 m = 2000	Girifaya	in de división con a bec	070 5	5 8.4
A 757 N	lanbangan Pera	K Tanggarangan	080 35	- - 1002 T	* * * * *	Jarak		1.00 - 4	
	enggumung		1.00 4.4			Putat Jaya SAFAY VI SAYARISA	TOTOS POR TOTOS TOTOS	くぎとグラマスとうしゃださいく	15 8.4
A.763 R	Grang Asem IV	Promision (c	150 35	- 33574	A 904	Dukuh Kupang XX Dukuh Kupang Bar	Carai Biri diring	0.55	. 1
987, 837	ulyorejo Barat		1.30 4.0 085 28	127	A 908	Baratajaya	n SONTHOMAR	1.00 10 2.00 (6	
	Raya Sedati		いっかんしょ かいじんきゅう	7.4		Raya Kupang Jaya	Palacento III Tallo de Petrojo Palac	1	2 96
A.767 K	(edinding Lor	FA FOX 20- 2000 #14 *10	100 45	-	A 917	Raya Darmo Perma	india de Lacia	化化物化物化物	6: 72
	Yonosan Lor		1.10 1:50	871	A 920	Darmo Baru Barat	-Frontostatata	1.10 5	8 67
2. 6 4 5 5 5 6	fali Kedinding	: Store Wybneri	130 30	* 57 % }* \$	****	Kucang Indah	经经验证据	1	3 6.6
18.07	anah Merah Sambak Deres		125 40		V. 2 45 4 1.2	Kedungdoro Bubutan	STEANANTE NEWS	1.30 13 (3.53)	STUDIES OF STREET
	lejawan Gebang		215 39 090 45	43	20 1 4 4 2 5 6 C	Wonokusumo	SER LANGER	0.75 4	0 4.1 14 82
A.778 F	_o ogor jelawan <i>c</i> isosu s	i plino kriter i silate i	080 45	.∻. 4.⊅ ∃ .59.		Kedungmangu (8)	3国经历月新 园		0 73
A.719 D) Parmahusada		0 45 1 73	59	A 940	king timbaranga mengahanga	වේ කිරීම නිස්තුම් වෙන් බහිත්වෙන්නම් ලක් වි 		10 103
A 780 K	and the second of the second		1.49 100	7.0	A 941	Tambakrejo		0.70	5
A 782 N	Vanyar Kertoan	•	1.20 9.0	8.8		Kapas Jaya	in a a muse maning a a cycle to the	1.20 2	7 35
	Keitajaya Indah	AstoWessia is	200 9.0	3.6	A 948	Sidotopo Wetan		``{] ,20 ,₹4	
5 5 5 6	(edungsroko 🗀 (alibutuh	Pecarkeling	260 8.4	48		Bronggalan Karang Asem	1940 (1943) Mac (2012)	100 Laboratory 2 1 1 1 1 2	29 42 25 611
A795 K	and the second second		1.90′ 8.6 0.70 `8.5	5.4		Jemursari		0.55 E	
H 4	anglima Sudirm	i i nazri in sivre. Nan	1.10 180	សេសមន្ត រក់		Raya Dukuh Kupan		156	
	os. Sudarso	The secretary and the second	0.50 ± 15.3	48		Sedati	See (1997), Takine Terest State Facility Liebert.		10 112
	Pahlawan		1.10 20.3	39	•				
	Semblongan		0.50 20.0	3.3	1				
A 804 T	lunjungan	g i protesta ka	100 180	33					
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	remusa Gamat Gantung			3.61	1.			1	
	tramat Gantung Semarang		070 120 090 160					1	•
3.7	Ambengan	អូនលោក គម្រាន់ សំ សេដ្ឋា	1.20 100	:55.पराह. इ. 4.0 इ		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	
A814	Baretajaya XVI		(2年15年15年2月17日)	653					
A 815 A	dargomulyo		255 68	49					
	iembakan 🦠 '	#U.S.Eh	111 coso	7				E. E.	
A 823 A		AND FRAN	0.50 11.5	37 i			·		ı
	1464105) S.B.Ch. : Kapas Krampung	usayawi ,	0.60 160 1.50 130	5.7				·	
	sapas isrampong - HCA Stock		1.50, 150	. 3.,	:	1			

Table A4.1.1 Zone Code List

ode_2 Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec	Code_4 Kel_Desa	Shirtons 1	raffic-Zone
78 Kod.Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	01 Bangkingan	SMA	
78 Kod.Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	02 Sumur Welut	SMA	
78 Kod.Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	03 Lidah Wetan	SMA	
78 Kod.Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	04 Lidah Kulon	SMA	
78 Kod.Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	05 Jeruk	SMA	
78 Kod Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	06 Lakarsantri	SMA	1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
78 Kod Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	07 Made	SMA	
78 Kod Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	08 Beringin	SMA	
78 Kod.Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	09 Sambi Kerep	SMA	
78 Kod Surabaya	010 Lakarsantri	10 Lontar	SMA	10
78 Kod Surabaya	020 Karang Pilang	01 Warugunung	SMA	1
	020 Karang Pilang	02 Karang Pilang	SMA	i
78 Kod Surabaya		04 Kebraon	SMA	1:
78 Kod Surabaya	020 Karang Pilang		SMA	14
78 Kod.Surabaya	020 Karang Pilang	05 Kedurus		
78 Kod Surabaya	021 Wiyung	01 Balas Klumprik	SMA	1:
78 Kod Surabaya	021 Wiyung	02 Babadan	SMA	10
78 Kod.Surabaya	021 Wiyung	03 Wiyung	SMA	11
78 Kod Surabaya	021 Wiyung	04 Jajar Tunggal	SMA	18
78 Kod Surabaya	022 Dukuh Pakis	01 Gunung Sari	SMA	1:
78 Kod Surabaya	022 Dukuh Pakis	02 Dukuh Pakis	SMA	20
78 Kod Surabaya	022 Dukuh Pakis	03 Pradah Kalikendal	SMA	2
78 Kod.Surabaya	022 Dukuh Pakis	04 Dukuh Kupang	SMA	2.
78 Kod Surabaya	030 Wonocolo	04 Siwalankerto	SMA	2.
78 Kod Surabaya	030 Wonocoto	10 Jemur Wonosari	SMA	2
78 Kod.Surabaya	030 Wonocolo	11 Margorejo	SMA	2.
78 Kod Surabaya	030 Wonocolo	12 Bendul Merisi	SMA	20
78 Kod Surabaya	030 Wonocolo	13 Sidosermo	SMA	2
78 Kod Surabaya	031 Jambangan	01 Pagesangan	SMA	2
78 Kod Surabaya	031 Jambangan	02 Kebonsari	SMA	2
78 Kod Surabaya	031 Jambangan	03 Jambangan	SMA	3
78 Kod Surabaya	031 Jambangan	04 Karah	SMA	3
78 Kod Surabaya		01 Dukuh Menanggal	SMA	3.
	032 Gayungan	02 Menanggal	SMA	3.
78 Kod Surabaya	032 Gayungan		SMA	3.
78 Kod Surabaya	032 Gayungan	03 Gayungan		3:
78 Kod Surabaya	032 Gayungan	04 Ketintang	SMA	
78 Kod Surabaya	040 Rungkut	06 Medokan Ayu	SMA	3
78 Kod Surabaya	040 Rungkut	07 Rungkut Kidul	SMA	3
78 Kod Surabaya	040 Rungkut	12 Kali Rungkut	SMA	3
78 Kod Surabaya	040 Rungkut	13 Kedung Baruk	SMA	3.
78 Kod Surabaya	040 Rungkut	14 Penjaringan Sari	SMA	4
78 Kod Surabaya	040 Rungkut	15 Wenoreje	SMA	4
78 Kod.Surabaya	041 Tenggilis Mejoyo	01 Kutisari	SMA	. 4.
78 Kod Surabaya	041 Tenggilis Mejoyo	02 Kendangsari	SMA	. 4,
78 Kod Surabaya	041 Tenggilis Mejoyo	03 Tenggilis Mejoyo	SMA	. 4
78 Kod Surabaya	041 Tenggilis Mejoyo	04 Prapen	SMA	. 4
78 Kod Surabaya	041 Tengeilis Mejoyo	05 Panjang Jiwo	SMA	4
78 Kod Surabaya	042 Gunung Anyar	02 Rungkut Menanggal	SMA	4
78 Kod Surabaya	042 Gunung Anyar	03 Rungkut Tengah	SMA	4
78 Kod Surabaya	042 Gunung Anyar	04 Gunung Anyar	SMA	4
	042 Gunung Anyar	05 Gunung Anyar Tambak		5
78 Kod Surabaya	050 Sukolilo	01 Nginden Jangkungan	SMA	5
78 Kod Surabaya	•	02 Semolowaru	SMA	5.
78 Kod Surabaya	050 Sukolilo			5
78 Kod Surabaya	050 Sukolilo	03 Medokan Semampir	SMA	
78 Kod Surabaya	050 Sukolilo	04 Keputih	SMA	5
78 Kod Surabaya	050 Sukolilo	05 Klampis Ngasem	SMA	5

$Code_2$	Kab_Kod	Code_3	Kec	Code_4	Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS Tra	ffic-Zone
78	Kod Surabaya		Sukolilo		Gebang Putih	SMA	57
78	Kod Surabaya	051	Mulyorejo		Manyar Sabrangan	SMA	58
78	Kod.Surabaya	051	Mulyorejo		Mulyorejo	SMA	59
78	Kod.Surabaya	051	Mulyorejo	03	Kejawen Pulih Tambak	SMA	60
	Kod Surabaya	051	Mulyorejo	04	Kalisari	SMA	61
	Kod.Surabaya		Mulyorejo	05	Dukuh Sutorejo	SMA	62
	Kod Surabaya		Mulyorejo	06	Kalijuđan	SMA	63
	Kod Surabaya		Gubeng		Baratajaya	SMA	- 64
	Kod Surabaya		Gubeng		Pucang Sewu	SMA	65
	Kod Surabaya		Gubeng		Kertajaya	SMA	66
	Kod Surabaya	4 4	Gubeng		Gubeng	SMA	67
	Kod Surabaya	and the second second	Gubeng		Airlangga	SMA	68
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Gubeng		Mojo	SMA	69
	Kod.Surabaya	and the second second	Wonokromo		Sawung Galing	SMA	70
	Kod Surabaya				Wonokromo	SMA	71
	3 Kod.Surabaya		Wonokromo			and the second s	72
	3 Kod.Surabaya		Wonokromo		Jagir	SMA	73
	Kod Surabaya		Wonekromo		Ngagel Rejo	SMA	
	3 Kod Surabaya		Wonokromo		Ngagel	SMA	74
	3 Kod Surabaya		Wonokromo	· -	Darmo	SMA	75
	3 Kod.Surabaya		Tegalsari		Keputran	SMA	76
78	3 Kod Surabaya		Tegalsari		D.R. Sutomo	SMA	77
78	8 Kod.Surabaya	080	Tegalsari		Tegalsari	SMA	78
78	8 Kod.Surabaya	080	Tegaisari	04	Wonorejo	SMA	79
78	8 Kod Surabaya	080	Tegalsari	05	Kedungdoro	SMA	80
	8 Kod Surabaya	090	Sawahan	01	Pakis	SMA	81
	8 Kod.Surabaya	090	Sawahan	02	Putat Jaya	SMA	82
	8 Kod Surabaya	020	Sawahan		Banyu Urip	SMA	83
	8 Kod.Surabaya	the state of the s	Sawahan		Kupang Krajan	SMA	84
	8 Kod.Surabaya		Sawahan		Petemon	SMA	85
and the second second	8 Kod.Surabaya		Sawahan	and the second s	Sawahan	SMA	86
	8 Kod.Surabaya		Bubutan	the state of the s	Tembok Dukuh	SMA	87
	8 Kod Surabaya		Bubutan		Bubutan	SMA	88
	8 Kod Surabaya		Bubutan		Alun-Alun Contong	SMA	89
	8 Kod Surabaya		Bubutan		Gundih	SMA	9(
			Bubotan		Jepara	SMA	91
	8 Kod Surabaya				Embong Kaliasin	SMA	92
	8 Kod Surabaya		Genteng		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SMA .	93
	8 Kod Surabaya		Genteng	· ·	Retabang	SMA	94
	8 Kod Surabaya		Genteng		Genteng	the state of the s	9.
	8 Kod Surabaya		Genteng		l Peneleh	SMA	9:
	8 Kod Surabaya		Genteng		Kapasari	SMA	
	8 Kod Surabaya		Tambak Sari		Pacar Keling	SMA	97
	8 Kod.Surabaya		Tambak Sari		Pacar Kembang	SMA	98
	8 Kod Surabaya		Tambak Sari		3 Ploso	SMA	99
	8 Kod.Surabaya		Tambak Sari		Tambak Sari	SMA	100
	8 Kod Surabaya		Tambak Sari	A Committee of the Comm	S Rangkah	SMA	101
	8 Kod.Surabaya		Tambak Sari		5 Gading	SMA	102
	8 Kod.Surabaya		Simokeno		l Kapasan	SMA	10.
	8 Kod Surabaya		Simokento		2 Tambak Rejo	SMA	10-
7	8 Kod Surabaya	130	Simokerto		3 Simokerto	SMA	10:
Ż	8 Kod.Surabaya	130	Simokerto	0	1 Sidodadi	SMA	100
7	8 Kod Surabaya	130	Simokerto	0:	Simolawang	SMA	10
	8 Kod Surabaya		Kenjeran	0	l Sukotito	SMA	10
	8 Kod Surabaya		Kenjeran	0.	Komplek Kenjeran	SMA	10
	8 Kod Surabaya		Kenjeran	the state of the s	3 Kenjeran	SMA	11
	8 Kod Surabaya		Kenjeran		1 Bulak	SMA	11
	8 Kod Surabaya		Kenjeran		7 Tanah Kalikedin.	SMA	11:
	8 Kod.Surabaya		Kenjeran Kenjeran		5 Sidotopo Wetan	SMA	11:
	8 Kod.Surabaya		Kenjeran Kenjeran		7 Bulak Banteng	SMA	114
		. 141	I LECTIFICADA	U	, iniar implicity	DAIM	114

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ode_2 Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec	Code_4 Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS	Traffic-Zone
78 Kod.Surabaya	140 Kenjeran	09 Kedung Cowek	SMA	116
78 Kod Surabaya	150 Semampir	01 Ampel	SMA	117
78 Kod Surabaya	150 Semampir	02 Sidotopo	SMA	118
78 Kod Surabaya	150 Semampir	03 Pegirian	SMA	119
78 Kod.Surabaya	150 Semampir	04 Wonokusumo	SMA	120
78 Kod.Surabaya	150 Semampir	05 Ujung	SMA	121
78 Kod.Surabaya	160 Pabean Cantikan	01 Bongkaran	SMA	122
78 Kod Surabaya	160 Pabean Cantikan	02 Nyamplungan	SMA	123
78 Kod.Surabaya	160 Pabean Cantikan	03 Krembangan Utara	SMA	124
78 Kod.Surabaya	160 Pabean Cantikan	04 Perak Timur	SMA SMA	125 126
78 Kod.Surabaya	160 Pabean Cantikan	05 Perak Utara	SMA SMA	127
78 Kod Surabaya	170 Krembangan	01 Dupak 02 Morokrembangan	SMA	128
78 Kod Surabaya 78 Kod Surabaya	170 Krembangan 170 Krembangan	03 Perak Barat	SMA	129
78 Kod.Surabaya	170 Krembangan	04 Kemayoran	SMA	130
78 Kod.Surabaya	170 Krembangan	05 Krembangan Selatan		131
78 Kod.Surabaya	180 Tandes	06 Gedangasin	SMA	137
78 Kod Surabaya	180 Tandes	07 Tandes Kidul	SMA	13.
78 Kod Surabaya	180 Tandes	08 Tandes Lor	SMA	134
78 Kod Surabaya	180 Tandes	09 Tubanan	SMA	135
78 Kod.Surabaya	180 Tandes	10 Gadel	SMA	130
78 Kod.Surabaya	180 Tandes	11 Karangpoh	SMA	13:
78 Kod.Surabaya	180 Tandes	12 Balongsari	SMA	131
78 Kod Surabaya	180 Tandes	13 Bibis	SMA	139
78 Kod Surabaya	180 Tandes	14 Manukan Wetan	SMA	140 14
78 Kod Surabaya	180 Tandes	15 Manukan Kulon	SMA SMA	14.
78 Kod Surabaya	180 Tandes 180 Tandes	16 Banjar Sugihan 17 Buntaran	SMA	14.
78 Kod Surabaya 78 Kod Surabaya	181 Sukomanunggal	01 Putat Gede	SMA	14
78 Kod.Surabaya	181 Sukomanunggal	02 Sonokwijenan	SMA	14:
78 Kod.Surabaya	181 Sukomanunggal	03 Simomulyo	SMA	140
78 Kod Surabaya	181 Sukomanunggal	04 Sukomanunggal	SMA	14
78 Kod Surabaya	181 Sukomanunggal	05 Tanjungsari	SMA	143
78 Kod.Surabaya	182 Asemrowo	01 Tambak Langon	SMA	149
78 Kod.Surabaya	182 Asemrowo	02 Greges	SMA	150
78 Kod Surabaya	182 Asemrowo	03 Asemrowo	SMA	15
78 Kod Surabaya	182 Asentrowo	04 Genting	SMA	15.
78 Kod Surabaya	182 Asemrowo	05 Kalianak	SMA	15. 15
78 Kod Surabaya	190 Benowo	01 Benowo	SMA SMA	15:
78 Kod Surabaya	190 Benowo 190 Benowo	02 Pakal 03 Babat Jerawat	SMA	150
78 Kod.Surabaya 78 Kod.Surabaya	190 Benowo	04 Sememi	SMA	15
78 Kod.Surabaya	190 Benowo	05 Klakarejo	SMA	153
78 Kod.Surabaya	190 Benowo	06 Kandangan	SMA	15:
78 Kod Surabaya	190 Benowo	07 Tambakoso Wilangui		169
78 Kod.Surabaya	190 Benowo	08 Romo Kalisari	SMA	16
78 Kod Surabaya	190 Benowo	09 Tambak Dono	SMA	16:
78 Kod Surabaya	190 Benowo	10 Sumber Rejo	SMA	16.
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	1 Karangtan	SMA	210
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	2 Sumorame	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	3 Ngampelsa	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	4 Balonggab	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	5 Bolongdow	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	6 Kendalpec	SMA SMA	21: 21:
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	7 Kedungpel 8 Kalipecab	SMA	210
15 Sidoarjo 15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi 70 Candi	9 Klurak	SMA	21
15 Sidearjo	70 Candi	10 Kebonsari	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	11 Gelam	SMA	210

de_2 Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec	Code_4 Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS Traff	c-Zon
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	12 Candi	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	13 Sugihwara	SMA	2!
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	14 Kedungken	SMA	2!
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	15 Durungban	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	16 Durungbed	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	17 Jambangan	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	18 Sidodadi	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	19 Sepande	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	20 Sumokali	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	21 Tenggulun	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	22 Blingo	SMA	21
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	23 Wedoloklu	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	70 Candi	24 Larangan	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	1 Simoketaw	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	2 Popoh	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	3 Jimbaran	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	4 Ketimang	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	5 Pilang	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	6 Sumberejo	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	7 Mojoranga	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	8 Wonokasih	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	9 Ploso	SMA	2
	90 Wonoayu	10 Jimbaran	SMA	: 2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	11 Wonoayu	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo		12 Semambung	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu		SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	13 Simo Angi	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	14 Tanggul	· ·	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	15 Wonokalan	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Woncayu	16 Pagerngum	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	17 Plaosan	SMA	2
15 Sidosrjo	90 Wonoayu	18 Mulyodadi	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	19 Lambangan	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wопоауи	20 Sawocangk	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	21 Becironge	SMA	. 2
15 Sidoanjo	90 Wолоауи	22 Karangour	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	90 Wonoayu	23 Candinego	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	1 Wilayut	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	2 Kebonagun	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	3 Anggaswan	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukedono	4 Jumputrej	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	5 Surch	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	6 Pekarunga	SMA	1
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	7 Pademoneg	SMA	1
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	8 Cankrings	SMA	2
15 Sidearjo	100 Sukodono	9 Jogosatru	SMA	12
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	10 Ngaresrej	SMA	. 1
15 Sidearjo	100 Sukodono	11 Sambungre	SMA	
15 Sidearjo	100 Sukodono	12 Plumbunga	SMA	1
15 Sidearjo	100 Sukodono	13 Sukodono	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodeno	14 Keloposep	SMA	
15 Sidearjo	100 Sukodono	15 Masangan	SMA	- 1 2
	100 Sukodono	16 Suko	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17 Masangan	SMA	4
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	17 Masangan 18 Panjunan	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono		SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	100 Sukodono	19 Bangsri		
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	1 Lebo	SMA	į,
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	2 Suko	SMA	2
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	3 Banjarben	SMA	9
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	4 Lemahputr	SMA	
100				
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			4.4	
· ·		A-18		

Code_2 Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec	Code_4 Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS Tra	affic-7
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidearjo	5 Sidokare	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	6 Celep	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	7 Sekardang	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	8 Gebang	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	9 Rangkah K	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	10 Bulusidok	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	11 Pucangano	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	12 Kauman	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	13 Sidoklump	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	14 Sidokumpu	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	15 Blurukidu	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	16 Kemiri	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	17 Pucang	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	18 Magersari	SMA	
The second secon			SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	19 Jati		:
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	20 Cemeng Ka	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	21 Cemeng Ba	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	22 Urangagun	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	23 Sarirogo	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	110 Sidoarjo	24 Sumput	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	1 Entalsewu	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	2 Pagerwojo	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	3 Sidokerto	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	4 Sidokepun	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	5 Sukorejo	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	6 Buduran	SMA	+
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	7 Siwalanpa	SMA	. ' -
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	8 Sidomulyo	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	9 Prasung	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	10 Sawohan	SMA	٠.
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	11 Damarsi	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	12 Dukuhteng	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	13 Bánjarsar	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	14 Wadungasi	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	120 Buduran	15 Banjar Ke	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	12 Pabean	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	11 Sedatiged	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	13 Semampir	SMA	٠.
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	14 Pranti	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	15 Segorotam	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	10 Sedatiagu	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	9 Bandara J	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	9 Betro	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	1 Kwangsan	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	2 Peoe	SMA	
15 Sidearjo	130 Sedati	3 Buncitan	SMA	
		4 Kalangany	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	_ ,	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	5 Tambakeem		
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	6 Gisik Cem	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	7 Cemandi	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	8 Pulungan	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	130 Sedati	16 Banjarkem	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	9 Tambakoso	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	10 Tambaksum	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	11 Wadungasr	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	12 Berbek	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	14 Wedoro	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	15 Janti	SMA	
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	16 Kedungrej	SMA	
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Code_2 Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec	Code_4 Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS Traffic	:-Zone
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	17 Bungurasi	SMA	171
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	2 Medaeng	SMA	172
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	1 Pepelegi	SMA	173
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	3 Waru	SMA	174
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	4 Kureksari	SMA	175
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	5 Ngingas	SMA	. 176
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	13 Kepuhkiri	SMA	177
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	6 Tropodo	SMA	178
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	7 Tambaksaw	SMA	179
15 Sidoarjo	140 Waru	8 Tambakrej	SMA	180
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	14 Sawotrata	SMA	189
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	15 Bangah	SMA	189
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	13 Semambung	SMA	190
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	12 Wedi	SMA	191
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	11 Ketajen	SMA	192
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	1 Ganting	SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	2 Karangbon	SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	3 Tebel	SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	4 Kragan	SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	5 Gemurung	SMA	193
	150 Gedangan	6 Punggul	SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	7 Sruni	SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	8 Keboan An	SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo		9 Keboansik	SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan		SMA	193
15 Sidoarjo	150 Gedangan	10 Gedangan		
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	24 Sepanjang	SMA	181
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	23 Bebekan	SMA	182
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	22 Wonocolo	SMA	183
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	21 Ngelom	SMA	184
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	7 Geluran	SMA	185
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	11 Ketegan	SMA	185
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	13 Klijaten	SMA	185
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	12 Taman	SMA	186
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	8 Kedungtur	SMA	187
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	9 Wage	SMA	187
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	10 Bohar	SMA	187
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	1 Kramatjeg	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	2 Sidođadi	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	3 Bringinbe	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	4 Sambibulu	SMA	189
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	5 Sadang	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	6 Jemundo	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	14 Kletek	SMA	188
15 Sidearjo	160 Taman	15 Gilang	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	16 Tanjungsa	SMA	- 188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	17 Trosobo	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	18 Pertapan	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	19 Krembanga	SMA	188
15 Sidoarjo	160 Taman	20 Tawangsar	SMA	188
15 Sidearjo	170 Krian	1 Tropodo	SMA	207
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	2 Katerunga	SMA	207
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	3 Jerukgamp	SMA	207
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	4 Sedenganm	SMA	207
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	5 Gamping	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	6 Terik	SMA	207
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	7 Junwangi	SMA	207
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	8 Terungkul	SMA	207
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	9 Terungwet	SMA	207
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	10 Jatikalan	SMA	207

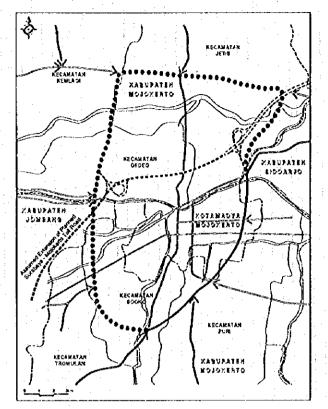
ode_2 Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec	Code_4 Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS Traft	ic-Zone
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	11 Keboharan	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	12 Ponokawan	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	13 Kremasan	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	14 Krian	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	15 Kraton	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	16 Sidomulyo	SMA	20
15 Sidoanjo	170 Krian	17 Tambak Ke	SMA	20
15 Sidoarje	170 Krian	18 Sidomojo	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	19 Watugolon	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	20 Tempel	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo	170 Krian	21 Barengkra	SMA	20
	170 Krian	22 Sidorejo	SMA	20
15 Sidoarjo		1 Krikilan	SMA	21
25 Gresik	20 Drivorejo	2 Driorejo	SMA	21
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo		SMA	21
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	3 Cangkir		27
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	4 Bambu	SMA	22
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	5 Mulung	SMA	
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	6 Tenaru	SMA	22
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	7 Petiken	SMA	27
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	8 Kesambenw	SMA	27
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	9 Sumput	SMA	. 2
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	10 Tanjungan	SMA	2
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	11 Banjaran	SMA	2
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	12 Karangand	SMA	2
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	13 Mojosarir	SMA	2
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	14 Wedoroano	SMA	2
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	15 Randegans	SMA	2
25 Gresik	20 Driyorejo	16 Gadung	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	1 Pranti	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	2 Bringkang	SMA	2
		3 Mojotenga	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti		SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	4 Menganti	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	S Hulakan		2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	6 Sidowungu	SMA	
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	7 Setro	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	8 Laban	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	9 Pengalang	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	10 Radupadan	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	11 Drancang	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	12 Palemwatu	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	13 Sidojangk	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	14 Domas	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	15 Gadingwal	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	16 Beton	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	17 Putatlor	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	18 Boteng	ŚMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	19 Boboh	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti	20 Gempelkur	SMA	2
	60 Menganti	21 Kepatihan	SMA	2
25 Gresik		22 Hendrosar	SMA	2
25 Gresik	60 Menganti		SMA	2
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	1 Dadapkuni		
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	2 Ngembung	SMA	2
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	3 Sukoanyar	SMA	2
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	4 Morowudi	SMA	2
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	5 Gurangany	SMA	2
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	6 Датразл	SMA	2
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	7 Dooro	SMA	2
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	8 Lengkong	SMA	2
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	9 Kandangan	SMA	2

Code_2 Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec	Code_4 Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS Traffi	c-Zone
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	10 Dungus	SMA	237
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	11 Ngabetan	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	12 Betiting	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	13 Iker-Iker	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	14 Cermekidu	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	15 Pandu	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	16 Jono	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	17 Tambakber	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	18 Cermetor	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	19 Cagakagun	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	20 Semampir	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme			
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	21 Kambingan	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	22 Wedani	SMA	238
the state of the s	70 Cerme	23 Godangkul	SMA	238
25 Gresik		24 Padeg	SMA	238
25 Gresik	70 Cerme	25 Banjarsar	SMA	238
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	1 Kedanyang	SMA	239
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	2 Prambanga	SMA	239
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	3 Gulomantu	SMA	240
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	4 Sukorejo	SMA	240
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	5 Segoromad	SMA	240
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	6 Tenggulon	SMA	241
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	7 Karangker	SMA	242
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	8 Indro	SMA	243
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	9 Singosari	SMA	243
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	10 Sidomoro	ŠMA	243
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	11 Gending	SMA	243
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	12 Ngargosar	SMA	243
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	13 Kawisanya	SMA	243
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	14 Sidamukti	SMA	243
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	15 Giri	SMA	244
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	16 Klangonan	SMA	245
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	17 Sekarkuru	SMA	245
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	18 Kembangan	SMA	245
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	19 Dahanrejo	SMA	245
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	20 Randuagun	SMA	246
25 Gresik	90 Kebomas	21 Kebomas	SMA	247
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	1 Ngipik	SMA	248
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	2 Tlogopatu	SMA	248
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	3 Sidokumpu	SMA	248
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	4 Kramat In	7.1.4	248
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	5 Sidorukun	SMA SMA	
25 Gresik				248
25 Gresik	100 Gresik 100 Gresik	6 Sumengko	SMA	248
		7 Gapuro Su	SMA	249
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	8 Tlogobend	SMA	249
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	9 Pekauman	SMA	249
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	10 Sukorame	SMA	250
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	11 Karangtur	SMA	250
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	12 Trate	SMA	250
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	13 Karangpoh	SMA	250
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	14 Bedilan	SMA	251
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	15 Kebungson	SMA	251
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	16 Pekelinga	SMA	251
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	17 Kemuteran	SMA	251
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	18 Sukodono	SMA	251
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	19 Kroman	SMA	251
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	20 Lumpur	SMA	251
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	21 Tlogopojo	SMA	251
25 Gresik	100 Gresik	22 Tepen	SMA	251

Code_2	Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec	Code_4 Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS Traffic-Zo	one
	Gresik	10 Wringinan	1 Kedungany	· ·	225
	Gresik	10 Wringinan	2 Sumberram		220
	Gresik	10 Wringinan	3 Wringanom	GKS	226
	Gresik	10 Wringinan	4 Lebanisuk	GKS	227
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	5 Lobaniwar	GKS	227
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	6 Sumengko	GKS	227
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	7 Pasinanle	GKS	227
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	8 Watestanj	GKS	227
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	9 Pedaganga	GKS	228
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	10 Sembung		228
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	11 Sumberwar		228
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	12 Kepuhklag	GKS	228
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	13 Sumberged		229
. 25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	14 Mondoluku	The state of the s	229
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	15 Kesambenk		229
25	Gresik	10 Wringinan	16 Soko		229
1 to 1 to 1	Gresik	30 Kedamean	1 Mojowuku		230
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	2 Sidorahar		230
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	3 Slempit		231
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	4 Belahanre		231
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	5 Menunggal		232
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	6 Banyuurip		232
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	7 Ngepung		232
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	8 Kedamean		232
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	9 Tanjung		232
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	10 Katimoho		232
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	the contract of the contract o		232
	Gresik	30 Kedamean	11 Turirejo		
	Gresik		12 Tulong		232
Annual Control	and the second s	30 Kedamean	13 Glindah		232
	Gresik	30 Kedamean 30 Kedamean	14 Lampah		232
	Gresik Bangkalan	10 Kamal	15 Cermenler		232
					261
	Bangkalan	20 Jabang			262
	Bangkalan	110 Bangkalan			270
	Sidoarjo	10 Tarik		The second secon	208
	Sidoarjo Sidoarjo	20 Prambon			209
		30 Krembung			211
	Sidoarjo	40 Porong		•	213
	Sidoarjo	50 Jabon			214
	Sidoarjo	60 Tanggulangin			215
	Sidearjo	80 Tulangan			212
	Sidoarjo	180 Balongbendo	***************************************		210
	Gresik	40 Balongpanggang			259
	Gresik	50 Benjeng			260
	Gresik	80 Duduksampeyan			258
	Gresik	110 Manyar			252
	Gresik	120 Bungah			253
	Gresik	130 Sidayu			254
	Gresik	140 Dokon			255
	Gresik	150 Panceng			256
	Gresik	160 Ujungpangkah			257
	Bangkalan	30 Kwanyar			263
	Bangkalan	40 Modung			264
26	Bangkalan	50 Biega			265
	Bangkalan	60 Konang			266
	Bangkalan	70 Galis			267
	Dangkalan				,
26	Bangkalan	80 Tanahmerah			
26 26				GKS	268 269

Code_2 Kab_Kod	Code_3 Kec Code_4 Kel_Desa	SMA/GKS Traffic-Zone
26 Bangkalan	120 Burneh	GKS 27
26 Bangkalan	130 Arosbaya	GKS 27.
26 Bangkalan	140 Geger	GKS 27
26 Bangkalan	150 Кокор	GKS 27
26 Bangkalan	160 Tanjungbumi	GKS 27
26 Bangkalan	170 Sepuluh	GKS 27
26 Bangkalan	180 Klampis	GKS 27
24 Lamongan	10 Blubuk	GKS 28
24 Lamongan	11 Sukorame	GKS 28
24 Lamongan	20 Ngimbang	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	30 Sambeng	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	40 Mantup	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	50 Kambangbahu	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	60 Sugio	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	70 Kedungpring	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	80 Modo	GKS 29
24 Lamongan 24 Lamongan	90 Babat	GKS 29
	100 Sukodadi 1	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	101 Sukodadi 2	GKS 29
24 Lamongan		GKS 29
24 Lamongan	110 Lamongan	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	120 Tikung	GKS 25
24 Lamongan	130 Deket	GKS 25
24 Lamongan	140 Glagah	
24 Lamongan	150 Karangbinangun	
24 Lamongan	160 Kalitengah	
24 Lamongan	170 Turi	GKS 25
24 Lamongan	180 Karanggeneng	GKS 29
24 Lamongan	190 Sekaran	GKS 25
24 Lamongan	200 Laren	GKS 3(
24 Lamongan	210 Brondong	GKS 30
24 Lamongan	220 Paciran 1	GKS 30
24 Lamongan	221 Paciran 2	GKS 30
76 Kod Mojokerto	10 Prajurit Kulon	GKS 28
76 Ked Mojokerto	20 Magersari	GKS 28
16 Mojokerto	10 Jatirejo	GKS 2
16 Mojokerto	20 Gondang	GKS 28
16 Mojokerto	30 Pacet	GKS 25
16 Mojokerto	40 Trawas	GKS 28
16 Mojokerto	50 Ngoro	GKS 2
16 Mojokerto	60 Pungging	GKS 25
16 Mojokerto	70 Kutorejo	GKS 28
16 Mojokerto	80 Mojosari	GKS 25
16 Mojokerto	90 Bangsal	GKS 28
16 Mojokeno	100 Dlanggu	GKS 28
16 Mojokerto	110 Pari	GKS 28
16 Mojokerto	120 Trowulan	GKS 2
16 Mojokerto	130 Soeko	GKS 2
16 Mojokerto	140 Gedek	GKS 2
	150 Kemlagi	GKS 2
16 Mojokerto	160 latic	GKS 2
16 Mojokerto 16 Mojokerto	170 Damarblandong	GKS 2

Appendix 6.1 Preliminary Ring Road Proposals



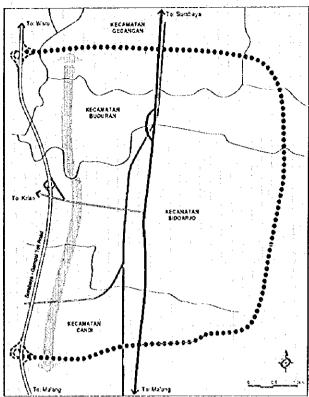


Figure A6.1.1 Preliminary Proposal of Mojokerto Ring Road Preliminary Proposal of Sidoarjo Ring Road

Figure A6.1.2

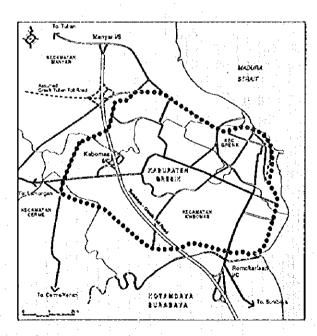


Figure A6.1.3 Preliminary Proposal of Gresik Ring Road

Proposed Pang Road Existing National Road