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Japan International  
Cooperation Agency  
(JICA)

National Irrigation Administration  
(NIA)

**THE FEASIBILITY STUDY  
ON  
THE WESTERN LEGAZPI IRRIGATION AND  
RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT  
IN  
THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES**

Volume II

**ANNEXES**

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DECEMBER 1996

Nippon Koci Co., Ltd.  
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## LIST OF REPORTS

### Volume - I MAIN REPORT

### Volume - II ANNEXES

- ANNEX - A Meteorology, Hydrology, and Water Resource Development
- ANNEX - B Geology and Hydrogeology
- ANNEX - C Soil and Land Use
- ANNEX - D Irrigation and Drainage
- ANNEX - E Rural Infrastructure
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- ANNEX - H Environment
- ANNEX - I Cost Estimate
- ANNEX - J Project Evaluation



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**ANNEX A**

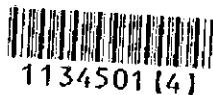
***METEOROLOGY,  
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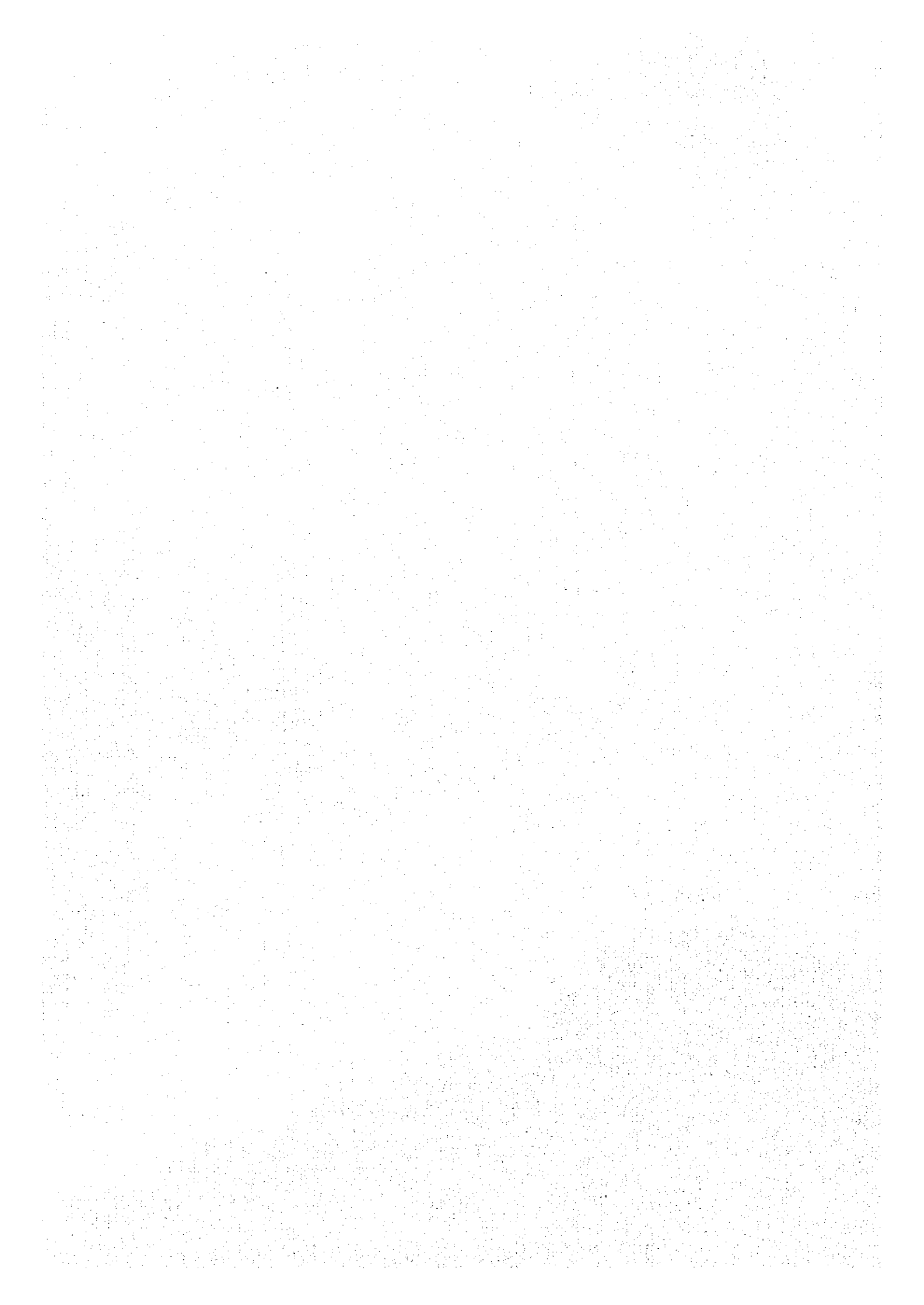
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***ANNEX A***

***METEOROLOGY,  
HYDROLOGY,  
AND  
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# ANNEX A METEOROLOGY, HYDROLOGY, AND WATER RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

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## **1. DATA COLLECTION**

Rainfall and meteorological data were collected from Philippine Atmospheric Geophysical and Astronomical Service Administration (PAGASA). In addition, rainfall data were also collected from Philippine Coconut Authority. It has available data for the period of 1956 to 1983 in Guinobatan.

Streamflow data have been compiled by Natural Water Resources Council (NWRC) from 1946 to 1973. This function was transferred to the Bureau of Research and Standards (BRS), DPWH. Further, NIA has conducted the river discharge measurements in the Study Area by use of a current meter. The data collected are compiled.

## 2. METEOROLOGY

### 2.1 Coronas Climate Classification

The Northeast Monsoon prevails from October to March, bringing significant amount of rainfall to the southern Luzon where the study area is located. The Southwest Monsoon prevailing from May to October originates in the Indian Ocean and affects the area. During this period, the study area is warm and very humid with increasing rate of rainfall.

The Philippine Atmospheric Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA) Utilizes the Coronas climate classification system in classifying the Philippine area into four (4) types (Ref. Fig. A.2.1).

The study area belongs to Type II climate which has no significant dry season with a very pronounced maximum rainfall under the influence of the Northeast Monsoon prevailing from November to January.

### 2.2 Meteorological Conditions in and around the Study Area

#### (1) Observation Stations

Meteorological observation stations in the vicinity of the Study area are shown in Figure A.2.2. The rainfall data and other meteorological data, such as temperature, relative humidity, wind speed have been observed at Legazpi and Buca, Guinobatan in Albay, and Pili, Camarines Sur stations maintained by PAGASA. The Buca meteorological station is located at the Bicol University, College of Agriculture and Forestry (BUCAF). Further, another Guinobatan rainfall station maintained by PCA and the Castilla rainfall station, Sorsogon are observed. The annual isohyet is given in Figure A.2.3.

#### (2) Rainfall

The annual rainfall in Albay Province varies from 2,500 mm on the western part to more than 3,000 mm on the eastern coastal area. The mean, minimum and maximum monthly rainfall in Legazpi and Guinobatan, located 6 km westward from Camalig, are presented below:

<u>Mean Monthly Rainfall</u>													
												Unit: mm	
Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Legazpi	307	181	183	157	175	239	259	262	266	329	478	483	3,319
Guinobatan	155	81	73	88	160	249	310	269	318	294	267	325	2,590
Buca	126	29	41	61	120	260	401	292	267	213	272	228	2,310
Pili	78	40	40	93	114	226	309	221	257	311	238	171	2,098
Source	Legazpi, PAGASA		(1949 - 1995)										
	Guinobatan, PCA		(1956 - 1983)										
	Buca, PAGASA		(1990 - 1995)										
	Pili, PAGASA		(1976 - 1989)										

On the mean monthly rainfall, the period from May to January is generally a rainy season and a large amount of rainfall occurs during the period from November to January. The relatively dry season appears from February to April, although over 150 mm rainfall is recorded in Legazpi. It can be noted that rainfall at Guinobatan in rainy season is less than that in Legazpi. The monthly rainfall data in Legazpi, Guinobatan, and Buca are shown in Tables A.2.1 to A.2.3.

The maximum and minimum annual rainfall are recorded at 4,262 mm in 1970 and 2,036 mm in 1968, respectively. The recorded maximum rainfall for the duration of 1-day is 484.8 mm at



Legazpi in November, 1967. 1-day maximum rainfall at Legazpi station is presented in Table A.2.4.

On the other hand, the Castilla rainfall gaging station, located east of the Study Area and faces Sorsogon Bay, has rainfall record of nearly consecutive 16 years. This rainfall data are shown in Table A.2.5 and outlined below.

Mean Monthly Rainfall in Castilla

													Unit: mm
Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Castilla	189	133	118	115	126	144	244	235	278	273	383	323	2,561
Source	PAGASA (1956 - 1971)												

### (3) Temperature

Temperature have been observed at Legazpi, Buca, and Pili. The mean monthly temperature in Legazpi ranges from 25.5°C in January to 28.2°C in May. Mean annual temperature is 27.0°C with the average maximum temperature of 30.7°C and the average minimum temperature of 23.4°C.

The following are monthly temperature data observed at Legazpi, Buca and Pili stations.

Mean Monthly Temperature at Legazpi

													Unit: °C
Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Max	28.6	29.1	29.9	31.1	32.1	32.2	31.6	31.5	31.5	31.0	30.0	29.0	30.7
Mean	25.5	25.7	26.4	27.4	28.2	28.2	27.7	27.7	27.6	27.2	26.6	26.0	27.0
Min.	22.4	22.3	22.9	23.8	24.3	24.2	23.8	23.9	23.6	23.3	23.3	22.9	23.4
Source	Legazpi PAGASA (1949 - 1995)												

Mean Monthly Temperature at Buca

													Unit: °C
Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Max	29.6	30.2	31.1	32.5	32.8	32.1	31.1	31.2	31.2	30.6	30.2	29.4	31.0
Mean	25.2	25.5	25.8	27.0	27.6	28.0	27.0	27.2	27.1	26.5	26.3	25.6	26.6
Min.	20.9	20.7	20.5	21.6	22.5	23.8	23.0	23.2	23.0	22.6	22.5	21.8	22.2
Source	Buca PAGASA (1990 - 1995)												

Mean Monthly Temperature at Pili

													Unit: °C
Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Max	29.6	30.3	32.1	33.3	33.9	32.9	32.0	31.7	31.7	31.5	30.9	30.2	31.7
Mean	25.3	25.4	26.6	27.8	28.8	28.6	27.8	28.0	27.7	27.4	26.7	26.1	27.2
Min.	21.0	20.6	21.1	22.3	23.7	24.2	23.8	24.2	23.6	23.1	22.6	21.9	22.7
Source	Pili PAGASA (1976 - 1989)												

Tables A.2.6 to A.2.8 show mean, maximum, and minimum temperature data of Legazpi. The records at Buca station are tabulated in Tables A.2.9 to A.2.11.

### (4) Relative Humidity

Relative humidity have been observed at Legazpi, Buca, and Pili as shown below. The relative humidity is generally high and fluctuates very slightly throughout the year. The Buca record indicates higher value than those at the other two stations.

Mean Monthly Relative Humidity

Month	Unit: %												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Legazpi	84	83	82	82	82	83	84	84	85	85	85	86	84
Buca	90	88	84	83	85	89	91	91	91	87	88	88	88
Pili	77	76	71	69	71	75	80	78	81	81	81	79	77

Source Legazpi, PAGASA (1949 - 1995)  
 Buca, PAGASA (1990 - 1995)  
 Pili, PAGASA (1976 - 1989)

The monthly relative humidity at Legazpi and Buca stations are presented in Tables A.2.12 and A.2.13, respectively.

(5) Evaporation

Evaporation rates are observed at Buca, and Pili and summarized below. It should be noted that the daily evaporation rate at Buca station seems to be high. Monthly evaporation in Buca station is shown in Table 2.14 .

Mean Monthly Evaporation

Month	Unit: mm/day												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Buca	9.1	10.5	11.7	12.4	10.3	10.2	8.6	10.1	9.8	9.1	9.6	8.7	3,649
Pili	4.2	4.9	6.0	6.5	6.9	5.4	4.9	4.8	4.3	4.1	3.6	3.9	1,805

Source Buca, PAGASA (1990 - 1995)  
 Pili, PAGASA (1976 - 1989)

(6) Wind Velocity and Direction

Wind speed were observed at Legazpi, Buca, and Pili. Wind is strong from November to April and weak from May to October. Average wind speed observed at Legazpi range from a minimum of 2.4 m/sec to a maximum of 3.6 m/sec as shown below. Monthly wind speed at Legazpi and Buca stations are tabulated in Tables A.2.15 and A.2.16, respectively.

Mean Monthly Wind Speed

Month	Unit: m/sec												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Legazpi	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.5	2.4	3.0	3.3	3.0
Buca	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2
Pili	5.2	6.0	5.7	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.6	4.6	4.6	5.4	6.4	5.3

Source Legazpi, PAGASA (1949 - 1995)  
 Buca, PAGASA (1990 - 1995)  
 Pili, PAGASA (1976 - 1989)

(7) Sunshine Duration

Cloudiness were observed at Legazpi station in oktas (0 to 8) and its mean annual value is 5.8. Monthly cloudiness data at Legazpi are shown in Table A.2.17 and summarized below.

Mean Monthly Cloudiness

Month	Unit: Oktas												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Legazpi	5.8	5.5	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.8	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8

Source Legazpi, PAGASA (1961 - 1993)

Mean daily sunshine hours were observed at Buca and Pili stations with both having an average of 5.8 hrs/day.

Daily Sunshine Hours

Unit: hrs/day

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Buca	5.7	6.5	6.2	8.6	7.5	6.8	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.3	5.3	5.4	5.8
Pili	5.8	5.5	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.8	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8

Source Buca, PAGASA (1990 - 1995)  
Pili, PAGASA (1976 - 1989)

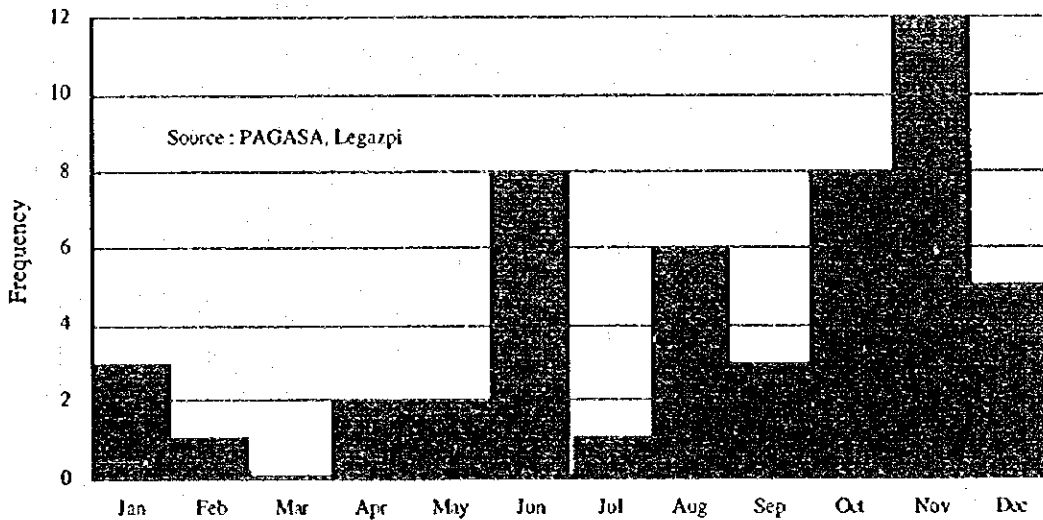
Monthly mean sunshine hours at Buca is given in Table A.2.18.

(8) Tropical Typhoon

Most of typhoons affecting the Philippines are formed in the Pacific Ocean between the Philippines and Carolines-Marianes Islands and move toward the west or northwest direction. They hit the study area any month of the year, especially from June to December.

The typhoon which move along the eastern end of the Luzon Island or cross the southern most end of the Luzon have caused heavy rain and extensive damage to lives, crops and properties. The frequency of typhoon having brought damages to the study area from 1970 to 1990 is illustrated below. The months of November, October and June show high frequency of typhoon in the study area.

**Frequency of Typhoon Affecting the Study Area (1970 - 1990)**



List of typhoons that affected Bicol is indicated in Table A.2.19.

**2.3 Statistical Data Analysis**

**2.3.1 Monthly Rainfall in the Study Area**

(1) Basic Approach

Since rainfall records are not available in the Study Area, the rainfall records are obliged to be estimated based on the near stations. Considering distance from the Study Area and observation period, monthly rainfall data are generated by use of the following formula;

$$RS = (RL + RG)/2$$

where; RS: Monthly rainfall in the Study area  
 RL: Monthly rainfall in Legazpi station  
 RG: Monthly rainfall in Guinobatan

(2) Correlation of Monthly Rainfall data

The observation records in Guinobatan rainfall station are from 1956 to 1983 while the Legazpi station has the rainfall record for the periods from 1949 to 1995. The correlation of two stations was attempted to interpolate the rainfall data in Guinobatan on monthly basis. Following are regression formula as well as the correlation coefficient for each month. The result shows that rainfall data observed at Guinobatan in have high coefficient with that of Legazpi in wet season. The correlation for each month is shown in Figure A.2.4.

Correlation of Monthly Rainfall Record between Legazpi and Guinobatan

Month	Regression Formula	Correlation Coefficient
January	$Y = 0.52 X - 7.41$	0.81
February	$Y = 0.44 X - 3.97$	0.65
March	$Y = 0.47 X - 10.48$	0.90
April	$Y = 0.75 X - 29.97$	0.86
May	$Y = 0.92 X - 23.65$	0.79
June	$Y = 0.67 X + 92.57$	0.62
July	$Y = 0.57 X + 175.48$	0.42
August	$Y = 0.67 X + 82.82$	0.67
September	$Y = 0.76 X + 96.96$	0.56
October	$Y = 0.62 X + 77.01$	0.50
November	$Y = 0.38 X + 92.14$	0.50
December	$Y = 0.74 X - 49.93$	0.90

Remarks: Y : Monthly Rainfall at Guinobatan Station  
 X : Monthly Rainfall at Legazpi Station

(3) Interpolated Monthly Rainfall Records of Guinobatan Station

Based on the formula described in (2), monthly rainfall record in Guinobatan were generated. The monthly records are shown in Table A.2.20 and summarized below.

Interpolated Monthly Rainfall Data in Guinobatan

													Unit: mm
Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
	153.7	75.4	75.5	90.5	137.8	249.1	314.3	257.8	299.3	281.5	273.7	306.8	2,517.3

(4) Monthly Rainfall Record in the Study Area

According to the formula discussed in (1), monthly rainfall record in the Study Area is estimated. The result is shown in Table A.2.21 and summarized below.

Monthly Rainfall in Study Area

													Unit: mm
Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
	230.3	128.1	129.1	123.9	156.2	244.1	285.6	260.0	282.4	305.2	375.6	395.0	2,917.9

2.3.2 Probable Annual Rainfall

The annual rainfall record at Legazpi station were plotted as shown in Figure A.2.5. The figure indicates the annual rainfall distributes with a normal probability. Probable annual rainfall are estimated using the method at the stations of Legazpi, Guinobatan, and estimated Study Area rainfall.

**Probable Rainfall**

Unit: mm/year

Return Period	Observation Station					
	Legazpi		Guinobatan		Study Area	
	Exceedance	Non-exceedance	Exceedance	Non-exceedance	Exceedance	Non-exceedance
2	3,319	3,319	2,554	2,554	2,917	2,917
3	3,555	3,085	2,762	2,346	3,104	2,731
5	3,779	2,861	2,961	2,147	3,282	2,554
8	3,947	2,693	3,111	1,998	3,416	2,420
10	4,018	2,622	3,174	1,934	3,473	2,363
15	4,138	2,502	3,280	1,828	3,568	2,268
20	4,216	2,424	3,350	1,758	3,630	2,206
25	4,274	2,366	3,401	1,707	3,676	2,160
30	4,319	2,320	3,442	1,667	3,712	2,124
40	4,388	2,252	3,502	1,606	3,766	2,069
50	4,439	2,201	3,548	1,561	3,807	2,029
100	4,588	2,052	3,680	1,429	3,925	1,911
150	4,668	1,971	3,751	1,357	3,989	1,846
200	4,724	1,916	3,800	1,308	4,033	1,803
Max annual rainfall	4,262		3,554		3,843	
Min. annual rainfall	2,037		1,660		2,084	
Observation period	1949-1994		1956-1982		1949-1994	
Number of observation years	44		24		46	

### 2.3.3 Evapotranspiration

Potential evapotranspiration is estimated by Penman method using the data of temperature, relative humidity, wind speed, and sunshine duration. Considering the location of the Study Area and data quality, the data at Buca station were adopted as parameters for estimation of the potential evapotranspiration except the relative humidity. As for the relative humidity, the data at Legazpi station were used because those at Buca station seems to be relatively high.

**Mean Monthly Temperature**

Unit: °C

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Buca	25.2	25.5	25.8	27.0	27.6	28.0	27.0	27.2	27.1	26.5	26.3	25.6	26.6

Source: Buca PAGASA (1990 - 1995)

**Mean Monthly Relative Humidity**

Unit: %

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Legazpi	84	83	82	82	82	83	84	84	85	85	85	86	84

Source: Legazpi, PAGASA (1949 - 1995)

**Mean Monthly Wind Speed**

Unit: m/sec

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Buca	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2

Source: Buca, PAGASA (1990 - 1995)

**Daily Sunshine Hours**

Unit: hrs/day

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Buca	5.7	6.5	6.2	8.6	7.5	6.8	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.3	5.3	5.4	5.8

Source: Buca, PAGASA (1990 - 1995)

By use of the above data, the potential evapotranspiration was calculated. The result is shown below.

Potential Evapotranspiration

	Unit: mm/day											
Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	3.5	4.1	4.4	5.5	5.1	4.8	3.8	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.2

### 3. HYDROLOGY

#### 3.1 River System

##### (1) General

As per zoning by the National Water Resources Board (NWRB), Region V is divided into two major river basins. One is the Bicol River Basin, which covers Camarines Norte, Camarines Sur, Catanduanes, and western part of Albay Provinces, and another is the Albay and Sorsogon River Basin, which includes eastern part of Albay and Sorsogon Provinces. The Study Area also covers two river basins. Northern part of the Study Area belongs to the upstream area of the Bicol River Basin, bordered by administrative boundary Daraga and Camalig in east, and by the Kikuinan Mountain Range, Camalig Centro in south. The remaining Study Area belongs to the Albay Sorsogon River Basin. The location of hydrological stations near the Study Area is given in Figure A.3.1. Further, the river system in the Study Area is shown in Figure A.1.1.

##### (2) Bicol River Basin

The Ligban River, is the major stream in the Study Area. The river consists of two tributaries. One named Iraya River rises at southern slope of the Mayon Volcano, where the altitude is approximately 300 m, and follows a southerly course joining another tributary named Tinago River near a bridge on the National Road (Daan Maharlika) at Camalig. The Tinago River has some tributaries which rise both at the Mayon Volcano side and the Kikuinan Mountain Range. The Ligban River flows southward until it reaches the Barangay Tagaytay. The river flows then, northwestward and joins some tributaries. It flows into the Quinali River, that flows into the Lake Bato.

Although no gaging station available within the Study Area, there are two stations near it. They are Nasisi Station, Ligao in the Nasisi River, and Benanuan Station in the Ugsong River both in Ligao, which have drainage area of 39 km<sup>2</sup>, and 11 km<sup>2</sup>, respectively. Monthly runoff at Nasisi and Ugsong Rivers are given in Tables A.3.1 and A.3.2.

*Mean Monthly Runoff*

Month	Unit: m <sup>3</sup> /sec												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Nasisi River	2.64	1.96	1.87	1.76	1.70	1.72	1.53	1.68	1.73	1.98	2.73	3.10	2.03
Ugsong River	1.13	0.93	0.81	0.82	0.97	1.23	1.07	1.08	1.33	1.77	1.74	1.46	1.19

Source Philippine Water Resources Summary Data, NWRB & BRS  
Nasisi (1952 - 1978)  
Ugsong (1956 - 1986)

Further, NIA conducted the discharge measurements in 1988 at the Ligban River, where its drainage area is 13 km<sup>2</sup>. The measurements were carried out once a month for one year. The records are shown below and the mean annual runoff is at 1.01 m<sup>3</sup>/sec.

*Discharge Measurement in Ligban River*

Month	Unit: m <sup>3</sup> /sec												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Ligban River	1.47	1.16	0.75	0.99	0.91	0.58	0.72	0.79	0.88	1.01	1.45	1.42	1.01

Source NIA PIO, Ligao, Albay (1988)

##### (3) Albay Sorsogon River Basin

The Study Area in the Albay - Sorsogon River Basin is categorized into four river basins. They are the Yawa River, the Donsol River, the Ogod River, and Kapantaran River. The Yawa River flows southward until it reaches the alluvial plain, follows a easterly course, and

discharges into the Tobacco Bay. The Donsol River and the Ogod River flow southward into the Burias Pass in Sorsogon Province.

The Donsol River has two major tributaries in the Study Area, such as the Taladong River and the Jovellar River. The Taladong River rises in Barangay Taladong where the altitude is approximately 300 m and follows a southwesterly course and joins the Abgao River at Barangay Comun. On the other hand, the Jovellar River rises in Barangay Namantao, where the altitude is approximately 70 m, and flows westwards. Joining two tributaries near Jovellar, the flow is named the Donsol River. The river flows southward, and discharge into the Burias Pass near Donsol.

The Ogod River drains in the southern part of the study area. The river rises in Barangay Anislag, where the altitude is approximately 90 m, and follows westerly course. Then, the river flows southward and discharges into the Burias Pass near Ogod.

The Kapantaran River rises in hilly area, where is located in the south of the Legazpi City and its altitude is approximately 260 m. The river drains in east part of the Study Area and follows a southerly course along the Daraga - Sorsogon National Road until it flows into the Tobacco Bay.

Although no gauging station is yet installed within the study area, following four stream flow data are available near the Study Area:

List of Gauging Station in Sorsogon

Name of River	Location		Drainage Area (km <sup>2</sup> )
	Barangay	Municipality	
Cumadcad River	Cumadcad	Castilla	13
Malbog River	Cumadcad	Castilla	8
Pili River	San Isidro	Castilla	18
Cawayan River	Basud	Sorsogon	15

Source: Philippine Water Resources Summary Data, NWRB & BRS

Those rivers rise in the hilly area in Sorsogon Province and flows southwards until they discharge into the Sorsogon bay. The mean monthly runoff are as follows:

Mean Monthly Runoff in Sorsogon

Month	Unit: m <sup>3</sup> /sec												Annual
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	
Cumadcad River	1.43	1.02	0.57	0.33	0.34	0.47	0.90	0.76	1.07	1.35	1.74	1.77	0.98
Malbog River	0.98	0.38	0.31	0.15	0.14	0.21	0.47	0.46	0.64	0.76	1.37	1.09	0.58
Pili River	2.41	1.15	0.97	0.32	0.25	0.18	0.30	0.40	0.52	0.78	2.08	2.80	1.01
Cawayan River	2.59	1.79	1.41	0.86	0.74	0.69	0.99	0.63	0.69	1.02	2.20	2.80	1.37

Source: Philippine Water Resources Summary Data, NWRB & BRS

Cumadcad (1957 - 1989)

Malbog (1955 - 1968)

Pili (1953 - 1972)

Cawayan (1954 - 1982)

The Monthly discharge records of the above stations are tabulated in Tables A.3.3 to A.3.6.

### 3.2 The Study Area

#### (1) General

Throughout the field investigations, six water resource sites were identified. The locations of them are illustrated in Figure A.1.1. The hydrological descriptions of each site are shown in proceeding sections.



(2) Camalig Diversion Dam Site

The identified Camalig Diversion Dam site is located at the Tinago River, approximately 50 m upstream from confluence with the Iraya River. The drainage area is 8 km<sup>2</sup>. The river has three tributaries upstream. Two of them rise from springs near the Daraga - Camalig National Road. The other rises from the Kikuinan Mountain Range and gathers water from some springs. The spring water contributes to the rather steady flow of Tinago River. Some 0.4 m<sup>3</sup>/sec of discharge is recorded by the JICA Study Team in November, 1995. The drainage area is consisted of coconut land, grass land, build-up area, and paddy field. Along the river, considerable sediment is observed.

(3) No.1 Dam Site

The No.1 Dam site is located in Barangay Taladong. The water source is Taladong Creek. It is also called Quibaris Creek in local name. The Taladong River, tributary of Donsol River, rises in Barangay Taladong and follows a southwesterly course and joins the Abgao River at Barangay Comun. The drainage area is 2.3 km<sup>2</sup>. It is covered with coconut land. Since because there of the existence of some spring upstream of the site, small amount of flows are observed even during dry season. The JICA Study Team estimated the base flow at about 60 lit/sec based on the discharge measurement.

(4) No.2 Dam Site

The Abgao River is the water resource of the No.2 Dam site, located in Barangay Inarado. The river rises at hilly area where the altitude is approximately 300 m and follows a southwesterly course and joins the Taladong River at Barangay Comun. The surface of the drainage area is mostly coconut land. The drainage area is 1.8 km<sup>2</sup>. Some springs are found upstream of the site. The base flow observed is estimated at 20 lit/sec by the JICA Study Team.

(5) No.3 Dam Site

The No.3 Dam is located at Barangay Gabowan. Its water resource in the Subok River, a tributary of the Kapantaran River. The river rises from the hilly area with an altitude of about 260 m. It flows westerly course for about 2.0 km and then take a southward course along the Daraga - Sorsogon National Road. The drainage area is 1.1 km<sup>2</sup>. Base flow caused by upstream spring is estimated at some 30 lit/sec based on the JICA Study Team's observation. The drainage area is mainly coconut land and some rainfed paddy fields at and near the dam site.

(6) No.4 Dam Site

The No.4 Dam site is located at Barangay Bascaran about 2.5 km downstream of No.3 Dam Site. The drainage area is about 4.9 km<sup>2</sup> and is mainly coconut land. The JICA Study Team estimates the base flow at about 100 lit/sec based on the discharge measurement. It flows southward for about 4 km and then, it flows a westward to join the Kapantaran River.

(7) No.5 Dam Site

The No.5 Dam site is located at Barangay San Ramon. The water resource is the Ogod River. The river is also called Caganaga Creek in local name. The river rises in Barangay Anislag at the altitude of about 90 m and flows southwesterly. The drainage area is 8.0 km<sup>2</sup> and mainly coconut land. Although some 170 lit/sec discharge was observed on October, 1995 by the JICA Study Team during the dry season flows are considered very little because of limited base flow due to the geological condition.

### 3.3 Surface Runoff

#### 3.3.1 Runoff in the Camalig Diversion Dam

##### (1) Basic Approach

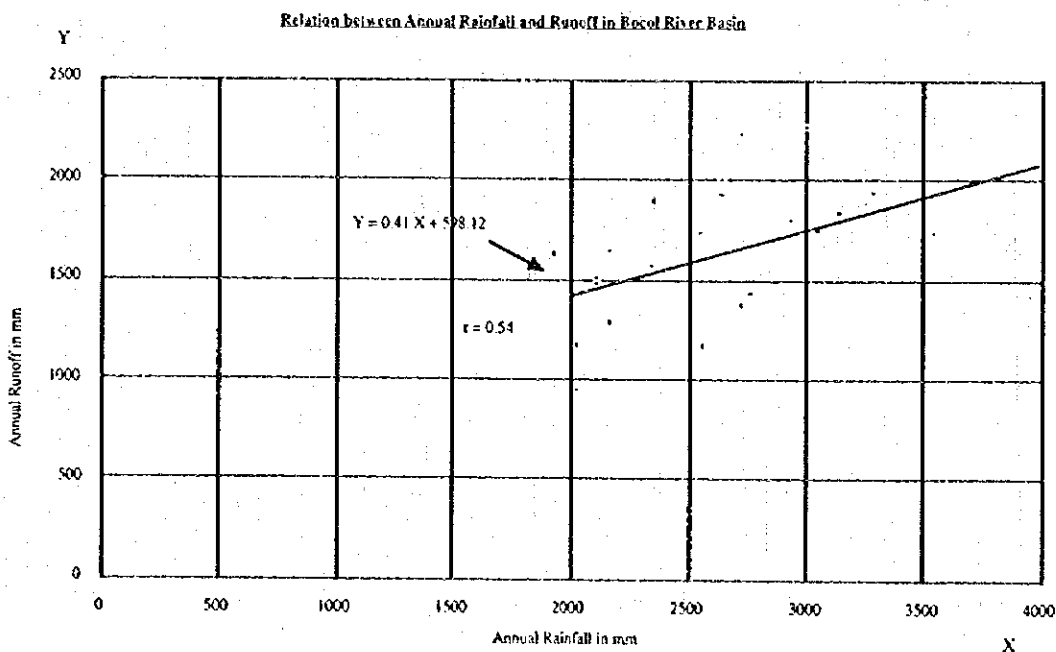
Although NIA have conducted discharge measurement at Ligban River in 1988, about a km downstream of the proposed site, those data are insufficient to analyze the hydrological characteristics of the Ligban River. Accordingly, JICA Study Team attempted to apply the rainfall - runoff relationship to the Ligban River with the data obtained from the adjacent rainfall and streamflow stations.

##### (2) Selection of Stations for Analysis

Two stream flow gauging stations, located in Nasisi River, and Ugsong River are selected because these areas appear to have similar characteristics with the Camalig diversion dam site in terms of drainage area size and vegetation. On the other hand, the Guinobatan rainfall gauging station, located in the west of the Study Area, has rainfall record of nearly consecutive 27 years and can be considered to represent the catchment rainfall in two stream flow gauging stations. Data in the stations described above are used to the analysis.

##### (3) Rainfall - Runoff Relationship

Based on annual rainfall data in Guinobatan, and stream flow data in two gauging stations, the relationship between rainfall and runoff is analyzed. First, years with available both the annual rainfall data and annual runoff data available are selected in each gauging station. Secondly, annual discharge data are converted to the depth in mm based on each drainage area. Finally, those data are plotted in the X - Y Plot graph, that indicates the annual rainfall depth in X axis, and the annual runoff depth in Y axis, respectively.



The above graph indicates that the annual rainfall and the annual runoff are correlative with the coefficient of 0.54. The relationship can be expressed as follows:

$$\text{Annual runoff (mm)} = 0.41x \text{ Annual Rainfall (mm)} - 598.12$$

#### (4) Generation of Annual Runoff at the Camalig Diversion Dam Site

As for generating the annual runoff for the Camalig diversion dam site, the estimated monthly rainfall records in the Study Area are used. Then, the formula mentioned in section (3) is applied to estimate the runoff in depth and then converted to runoff in cubic meters by multiplying the drainage area. The following table summarizes mean monthly runoff at the Camalig diversion dam site (see Table A.3.7):

Mean Monthly Runoff at Camalig Diversion Dam Site

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Camalig diversion dam	1,131	625	629	610	765	1,211	1,420	1,292	1,405	1,509	1,851	1,928	14,356

Unit: 1000 m<sup>3</sup>

### 3.3.2 Runoff in the Small Water Impounding Ponds

#### (1) Basic Approach

As for the southern part of the Study Area, where the small water impounding pond sites were identified, there has been no record of discharge. Accordingly, runoff in the proposed dam sites are estimated by generating the relationship between rainfall and runoff records near the sites.

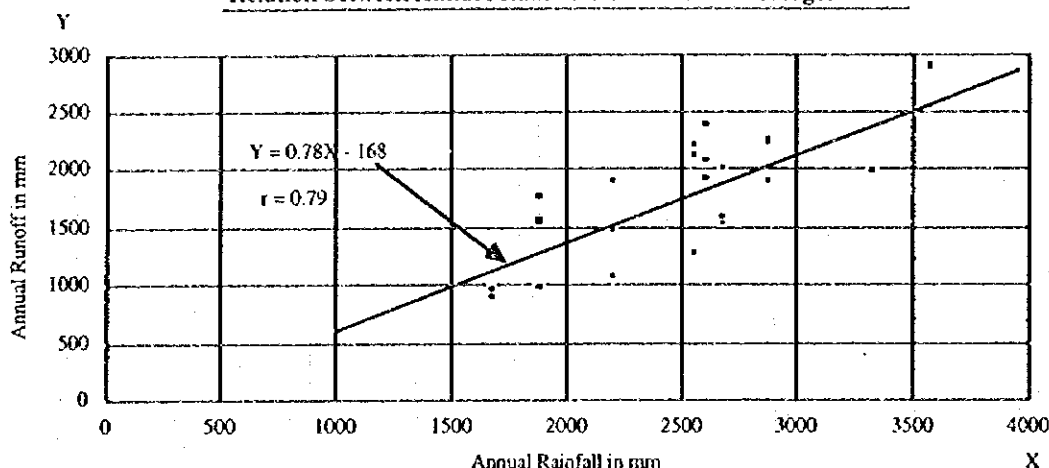
#### (2) Selection of Stations for Analysis

Three stream flow gauging stations, located in Cumadcad River, Malbog River, and Pili River in Castilla, Sorsogon, are selected because these areas appear to have similar characteristics with the identified sites in terms of drainage area size and vegetation. On the other hand, the Castilla rainfall gauging station, located in the east of the Study Area and faces the Sorsogon Bay, has rainfall record of nearly consecutive 16 years and can be considered to represent catchment rainfall in three stream flow gauging stations. Data in the stations described above are used to the analysis.

#### (3) Rainfall - Runoff Relationship

Based on annual rainfall data in Castilla, and stream flow data in three gauging stations, the relationship between rainfall and runoff is analyzed. First, years with available both annual rainfall data and the annual runoff data are selected in each gauging station. Secondly, annual discharge data are converted to depth in mm based on each drainage area. Finally, those data are plotted in the X - Y Plot graph, that indicating the annual rainfall depth in X axis, and the annual runoff depth in Y axis, respectively.

**Relation between Annual Rainfall and Runoff in Sorsogon**



The above graph indicates that the annual rainfall and the annual runoff are correlative with the coefficient of 0.79. The relationship can be expressed as follows:

$$\text{Annual runoff (mm)} = 0.78 \times \text{Annual Rainfall (mm)} - 168$$

**(4) Generation of Annual Runoff at Each Site**

As for generating the annual runoff for each dam site, the estimated monthly rainfall records in the Study Area are used. Then, the formula mentioned in section (3) is applied to estimate the runoff in depth and then converted to runoff in cubic meters by multiplying the drainage area. The following table summarizes mean monthly runoff at each dam site (see Tables A.3.8 to A.3.12).

**Mean Monthly Runoff at Each Dam Site**

Month	Unit: 1,000 m <sup>3</sup>												Annual
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	
No.1 Dam	383	213	215	206	260	405	473	431	468	506	624	657	4,848
No.2 Dam	300	167	168	161	203	317	371	337	366	396	488	515	3,794
No.3 Dam	183	102	103	98	124	194	226	206	224	242	298	314	2,319
No.4 Dam	632	352	355	340	429	669	782	712	773	837	1,031	1,086	8,010
No.5 Dam	1,331	742	748	716	904	1,408	1,647	1,499	1,627	1,762	2,170	2,287	16,863

**3.4 Flood Analysis**

**3.4.1 Procedure of Analysis**

The purpose of the flood analysis is to determine the design flood discharge for the design of various structures such as spillway, diversion tunnel, etc. Because of no enough flood records which can be used for the estimate of flood discharge on longer return periods, synthetic unit hydrograph method is employed to estimate the probable flood discharge and pattern of the flood in various return periods in this study.

**3.4.2 Design Rainfall**

**(1) Probable Rainfall Intensity**

Probable rainfall intensity duration frequency curves were calculated based on the probable rainfall at Legazpi station analyzed by the Hydrology and Flood Forecast Center, PAGASA.

**Rainfall Intensity Curve (Legazpi, Less than 60 minutes)**

Return Period	Duration							Intensity Curve (mm/hr)
	5 (min)	10 (min)	15 (min)	20 (min)	30 (min)	45 (min)	60 (min)	
2	176.4	129.6	109.2	95.1	78.4	62.7	52.4	$I=716/(t^{0.668}+1.423)$
5	270.0	186.0	157.2	136.8	113.2	90.8	76.6	$I=551/(t^{0.480}-0.116)$
10	331.2	223.8	188.4	164.4	136.2	109.5	92.7	$I=514/(t^{0.430}-0.438)$
15	366.0	244.8	206.4	180.0	149.2	120.0	101.8	$I=505/(t^{0.409}-0.547)$
20	391.2	259.8	218.8	191.1	158.2	127.5	108.1	$I=489/(t^{0.392}-0.624)$
25	409.2	271.2	228.4	199.5	165.2	133.1	113.0	$I=506/(t^{0.391}-0.633)$
50	466.8	306.0	258.0	225.3	186.8	150.7	128.0	$I=529/(t^{0.382}-0.719)$
100	524.4	341.4	287.6	251.1	208.2	168.0	143.0	$I=575/(t^{0.385}-0.782)$

Source: The Hydrology and Flood Forecast Center, PAGASA

**Rainfall Intensity Curve (Legazpi, More than 60 minutes)**

Return Period	Duration										Intensity Curve (mm/hr)
	60 (min)	80 (min)	100 (min)	120 (min)	150 (min)	3 (hrs)	6 (hrs)	12 (hrs)	24 (hrs)		
2	52.4	45.5	40.4	36.8	32.3	29.2	19.2	11.7	6.8	$I=94/(t^{0.818}+0.822)$	
5	76.6	67.5	60.6	55.3	48.8	44.4	31.1	19	10.6	$I=140/(t^{0.765}+0.855)$	
10	92.7	82.1	74.0	67.6	59.6	54.5	38.9	23.8	13.2	$I=178/(t^{0.774}+0.942)$	
15	101.8	90.4	81.5	74.5	65.8	60.2	43.4	26.5	14.6	$I=201/(t^{0.773}+0.998)$	
20	108.1	96.1	86.8	79.3	70.1	64.2	46.5	28.4	15.6	$I=213/(t^{0.767}+0.982)$	
25	113.0	100.6	90.8	83.1	73.1	67.3	48.8	29.9	16.4	$I=222/(t^{0.767}+0.982)$	
50	128.0	114.2	103.4	94.6	83.6	76.7	56.2	34.4	18.7	$I=253/(t^{0.758}+0.985)$	
100	143.0	127.9	115.9	106.0	93.8	86.1	63.5	38.8	21.1	$I=284/(t^{0.755}+0.999)$	

Source: The Hydrology and Flood Forecast Center, PAGASA

The point rainfall at each dam site is assumed to be the same with that at Legazpi station considering the size of drainage area.

**(2) Design Storm Pattern**

To estimate the design rainfall pattern in the Study Area, the probable hyetograph is produced from the probable rainfall depth - duration - frequency curve at Legazpi constructed in the previous section. To produce a hyetograph, the following assumptions are set up;

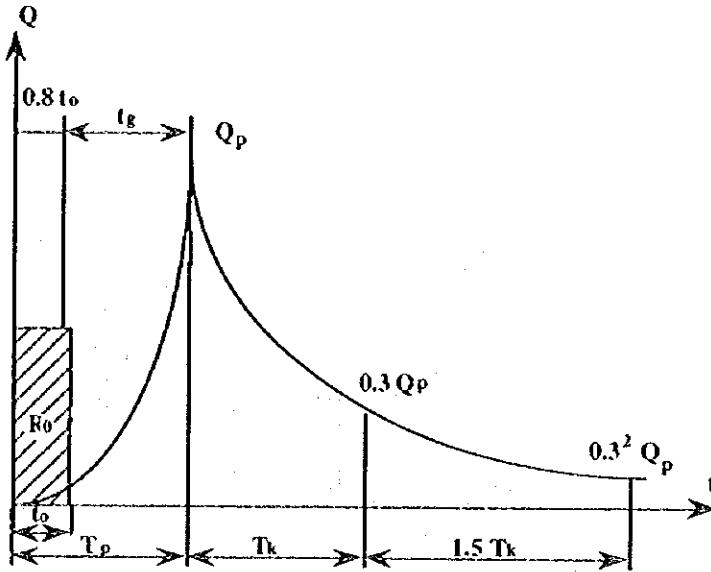
- the rainfall duration is 24 hours.
- the runoff coefficient in the flood time is 0.8.
- Peak hourly rainfall occurs at 12 hours after rain starts.

The probable hyetograph for each return period are shown in Figure A.3.2.

**3.4.3 Unit Hydrograph**

Because of insufficient hourly rainfall data corresponding with flood records, construction of the unit hydrograph from actual rainfall-runoff relationship is impossible. Therefore, the synthetic unit hydrograph method developed by Nakayasu is applied. It is broadly used in Japan. This method can be applied to rivers in the Study Area which have similar characteristics in terms of gradient and vegetations.

The Nakayasu's unit hydrograph is described as follows:



(a) Flood peak

$$Q_p = \frac{AR}{3.6} \cdot \frac{1}{(0.3 T_p + T_k)}$$

(b) Rising curve ( $0 \leq t \leq T_p$ )

$$Q/Q_p = (T/T_p)^{2.4}$$

(c) Recession curve

i)  $0.3 \leq Q/Q_p \leq 1$

$$Q/Q_p = 0.3^{(T-T_p)/T_k}$$

ii)  $0.09 \leq Q/Q_p \leq 0.3$

$$Q/Q_p = 0.3 \times 0.3^{(T-T_p-T_k)/1.5 T_k}$$

iii)  $Q/Q_p < 0.09$

$$Q/Q_p = 0.3^2 \times 0.3^{(T-T_p+2.5 T_k)/2.0 T_k}$$

where,  $Q$  : Discharge of unit hydrograph at time  $T$  ( $m^3/sec$ )  
 $Q_p$  : Peak discharge ( $m^3/sec$ )  
 $A$  : Catchment area ( $km^2$ )  
 $R_o$  : Unit rainfall in unit time (mm)  
 $T_p$  : Rising time from beginning to peak (hour)  
 $T_k$  : Recession time from peak to  $0.3 Q_p$  (hour)

$T_p$  and  $T_k$  are determined using the following empirical equations developed by Nakayasu.

$$T_p = T_g + 0.8 T_o$$

$$T_k = 0.47 \cdot (A \cdot L)^{0.25}$$

$$T_g = 0.4 + 0.058 \cdot L \quad (\text{if } L > 15 \text{ km})$$

$$T_g = 0.21 \cdot L^{0.7} \quad (\text{if } L \leq 15 \text{ km})$$

where,  $T_g$  : Basin lag time (hour)  
 $T_o$  : Duration of unit rainfall (hour)  
 $L$  : Length of river course (km)

Figures A.3.3 shows the unit hydrograph of each dam site for a storm with duration of 0.5 hour and intensity of 10 mm/hour.

### 3.4.4 Probable Flood

#### (1) Probable Flood for Camalig Diversion Dam

Probable floods with various return periods and probable maximum flood for the Camalig diversion dam are estimated using unit hydrograph method. The result is shown in Figure A.3.4 and peak flood discharges are summarized as follows:

Probable Peak Flood at Camalig Diversion Dam

Unit: m<sup>3</sup>/sec

Return Period (Year)	2	5	10	25	50	100
Probable Peak Flood	32	48	59	72	82	93

#### (2) Probable Flood for the Impounding Ponds

Probable floods with various return periods and probable maximum flood for the impounding ponds are estimated using unit hydrograph method as shown in Figures A.3.5 to A.3.9.

Probable Peak Flood at the Dam No.1 to No. 5

Unit: m<sup>3</sup>/sec

	Return Period (Year)					
	2	5	10	25	50	100
Dam No.1	9	13	16	20	23	26
Dam No.2	7	11	14	17	19	21
Dam No.3	5	7	9	11	12	13
Dam No.4	19	29	35	43	49	56
Dam No.5	31	47	58	71	81	91

#### (3) Examination of Result

Figure A.3.10 illustrates the 100 years probable flood discharge in Region V as well as the estimated flood discharge in the study. The calculated value are expected to be within a reasonable range.

### 3.5 Sedimentation Yield

#### 3.5.1 Previous Study

Sediment load is one of the major factors to define the reservoir dimension, such as dead storage capacity. In order to examine the sediment load, information provided by NIA is given below for specific annual sediment yield for rivers in Luzon.

Specific Annual Sediment Yield in Luzon

	Drainage Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Yield (m <sup>3</sup> /year/km <sup>2</sup> )	Record
Ibulao R., Hapid	606	292	1972-73
Siffu R., Munoz	686	292	1965-70
Chico R., Pasonglao	1,987	580	1963-70
Bokod R., Bokod	48	274	1963-69
Anbayoan R., Sta. Maria	281	379	1963-71
Agno R., Carmen Rosales	2,209	38	1964-71
Camaling R., Nambalan	142	131	1963-69
Pila R., Pacalay	126	31	1963-71
Purac R., Valdez	118	669	1963-71
Santor R., Cuyago	89	15	1965-72
Cabu R., Cabu	143	798	1963-72
Pampanga R., San Antonio	2,851	798	1963-72
Pampanga R., San Vicente	3,467	441	1963-72
Rio Chico R., Sto. Rosario	1,177	167	1963-72
Pampanga R., San Agustin	6,487	317	1963-71
Quinali R., Busac	233	442	1954-78

Source: NIA

As seen in the above table, the sediment load of the Quinali River in the Bicol River Basin is estimated at 442 m<sup>3</sup>/year/km<sup>2</sup>, that was analyzed by the Master Plan for Mayon Volcano Sabo and Flood Control Project, in 1981 and 1983, JICA.

On the other hand, in connection with small water impounding management (SWIM) projects, DPWH adopted empirical formula for sedimentation volume estimation expressed below:

$$\text{Sediment Volume (m}^3\text{)} = 20,900 (\text{DA})^{0.687} \text{ per 25 years}$$

Where: DA = drainage area (km<sup>2</sup>)  
0.687 is an exponential constant

### 3.5.2 Data Analysis

For the estimate of sediment transport at proposed dam sites, sediment load is divided into two (2) components of bed load and suspended load including wash load.

There are seven (7) actual measurements of suspended load at Cumadcad gauging station by BRS, DPWH, as shown below:

Measurement of Sediment Load at Cumadcad River

Sampling Date	Discharge (m <sup>3</sup> /sec)	Weight of sample (g)	Weight of sediment (g)	Concentration by weight (ppm)	Sediment discharge (ton/day)
June 9, 1994	0.6992	327	0.0023	7.033	0.42
Oct. 19, 1994	0.5695	357	0.0027	7.563	0.37
Nov. 16, 1994	0.3608	358	0.0028	7.821	0.24
March 12, 1995	4.2300	356	0.0014	3.932	1.44
June 16, 1995	0.1660	358	0.0009	2.513	0.04
Aug. 21, 1995	0.6253	360	0.0008	2.222	0.12
Sep. 19, 1995	1.2716	318	0.0034	10.691	1.17

Source: BRS, DPWH

The results of the measurement are plotted on Figure A.3.11 and an equation is obtain which indicates the relationship between the water discharge and the suspended load discharge as follows;



$$Q_s = 0.46 Q^{1.12}$$

where,  $Q_s$  : Suspended sediment discharge (ton/day), and  
 $Q$  : Water discharge ( $m^3/sec$ )

The annual suspended load amount is calculated by converting the daily discharge into the daily suspended load using the equation explained above and then, suspended load rating curve. The following table shows the annual sediment loads estimated based on the actual river conditions for the Cumadcad River for twelve (12) years:

Estimated Annual Sediment Load

Year	Suspend load (ton)	Sediment load (suspended + bed load)		Specific sediment load ( $m^3/year/km^2$ )
		(ton/year)	( $m^3/year$ )	
1956	130	156	130	10.0
1957	86	103	86	6.6
1958	89	107	89	6.9
1959	66	79	66	5.1
1961	114	137	114	8.8
1962	103	123	103	4.8
1963	63	76	63	4.9
1964	101	122	101	7.8
1965	167	200	167	12.9
1966	190	228	190	14.6
1967	169	203	169	13.0
1968	37	44	37	2.9
Average	110	132	110	8.2

Source: JICA Team's Estimate

The mean annual sediment loads are estimated at 132 ton/year at Cumadcad gauging station, that consists of 110 ton/year of the suspend load, and 22 ton/year of the bed load. The specific sediment load is  $8.2 m^3/year/km^2$ .

However, it should be taken into account that the data are not sufficient and the suspended load rating curves were on the data below  $4 m^3/sec$  water discharge. So, no sample data with large discharge is included, though the suspended load with large discharge easily affect the amount of total sediment load.

On the other hand, in accordance with the design standard of dam issued by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and fishery, specific standard load is estimated at 50 to  $100 m^3/km^2/year$  in case of drainage area of less than  $100 km^2$  with similar topography and vegetation. Taking this into consideration, the total sediment load at proposed dam site is estimated as  $100 m^3/km^2/year$  adding some safety allowance.

### 3.6 Water Quality

#### 3.6.1 Test and Analysis

The water quality survey was carried out so as to verify the availability of water applicable for irrigation and domestic water use. Thirty locations were selected and sampled: fifteen locations for surface water, and fifteen locations for groundwater. The survey including sampling, field test, and laboratory test, was entrusted to the local consultant. The water sampling and field test, such as measurement of pH, temperature, total dissolved solid, and electric conductivity, were carried out on November 13 and 14. The water sampling locations are presented in Figure A.3.12 and given below:

### Location of Water Sampling

<u>Surface water Sampling locations</u>		<u>Groundwater Sampling locations</u>		
<u>No.</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Barangay</u>	<u>Municipality</u>
1	Camalig Diversion Dam Site 1	1	Ligban	Camalig
2	Camalig Diversion Dam Site 2	2	Tagaytay	Camalig
3	Camalig Diversion Dam Site 3	3	Baligang	Camalig
4	Camalig Diversion Dam Site 4	4	Comun	Camalig
5	Ligban River in Tagaytay	5	Cotmon	Camalig
6	No.1 Dam Site 1	6	Del Rosario	Camalig
7	No.1 Dam Site 2	7	Inarado	Daraga
8	No.2 Dam Site	8	Tabon Tabon	Daraga
9	Abgao River in Comun	9	Namantao	Daraga
10	No.3 Dam Site 1	10	Anislag	Daraga
11	No.3 Dam Site 2	11	Mayon	Daraga
12	No.4 Dam Site	12	San Ramon	Daraga
13	No.5 Dam Site	13	San Ramon #	Daraga
14	Yawa River in Gapo	14	Anislag	Daraga
15	Jovellar River in Panoypoy	15	Del Rosario #	Camalig

Note: # (No. 13 and No.15 in groundwater sampling) means that water shall be sampled from bore holes of groundwater survey

Meanwhile, the laboratory test, such as Chloride, Fluoride, Calcium, Magnesium, Phosphorus, Total Nitrogen, Bacteria (Coliform), and so on, were carried out in Manila. All laboratory test were carried out into consideration the "Rules & Regulations of the National Pollution Commission (1978), Section 69 on water quality criteria. In order to assess surface water quality, the Class "D" category, which is for agriculture, irrigation and livestock use, was adopted. Meanwhile, with regards to groundwater assessment, the Class "GA" category for domestic use was applied. The water quality criteria for "GA" and "D" categories are given in Tables A.3.13 and A.3.14, respectively.

#### 3.6.2 Data Assessment

Data assessment on the water quality in the Study Area was based on the results of the physical and chemical analysis performed on the fifteen (15) surface water samples and fifteen (15) groundwater samples taken from rivers and wells.

##### (1) Surface Water

The water quality test result for surface water is shown in Table A.3.15. Since the standard for Class "D" water does not specify the limit except for fluoride, the nutrients - phosphates as phosphorous, and nitrate nitrogen, the remaining parameters were attempted to be compared to their equivalent standard limits for Class "GA" waters. All the three (3) parameters conform to the said limits and signify absence of active pollution in these surface waters as detected amounts are in mg/ml. Further, the other parameters were found to conform with them. It is, therefore, that all of the fifteen (15) surface water samples can be used as Class "D" water, meaning that they are fit for purposes in agriculture, irrigation, livestock, watering, and so on.

##### (2) Groundwater

The water quality test result for groundwater is shown in Table A.3.16. Most of the groundwater samples in the Study Area contain chloride which is a characteristic of groundwater in humid regions and where sedimentary and pyroclastic rocks comprise the parent rocks. The average chloride content of groundwater in sampled area is 27 mg/l which is tolerable and very much below the standard limit of 200 mg/l. The calcium content of groundwater in the Study Area is found not exceeding 75 mg/l standard limit for Class "GA"

waters except three (3) samples. The magnesium content of groundwater is also generally below the standard limit of 50 mg/l for Class "GA" waters except three (3) samples.

The bacteriological examinations for all samples show contamination with coliform bacteria. Especially, out of fifteen (15) wells, nine (9) well are reported to be contaminated by Fecal Coliform Bacteria in spite of the deep wells. Following measures can be taken in order to prevent the inhabitants from water borne diseases in the Study area:

- to instruct the inhabitants not to drink water from wells directly but to boil water before drinking;
- to provide of disinfection and chlorination facilities whenever the level II water supply systems are constructed or rehabilitated so as to ensure portability of the water at all times.

## 4. WATER BALANCE STUDY

### 4.1 Camalig Diversion Weir Site

#### (1) Location and Topography

The Camalig Diversion dam site is located at the Tinago River. At the right bank is the flat plain of the foot of Mayon Volcano and on the left bank a steep hill side.

#### (2) Water Resources

As described in Section 3.3.1, the mean monthly runoff at the Camalig Diversion Weir site is estimated as follows;

Mean Monthly Runoff at Camalig Diversion Dam Site

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Camalig diversion dam	1,131	625	629	610	765	1,211	1,420	1,292	1,405	1,509	1,851	1,928	14,356

Unit: 1000 m<sup>3</sup>

#### (3) Methodology for Water Balance Study

The water balance study is made by the following water balance condition:

$$I - O = B$$

Where,

- I : Total inflow to the reservoir during the monthly period (m<sup>3</sup>)
- O : Total outflow from the reservoir during the monthly period, consisting of water releases for all purposes, such as irrigation, hydropower, water supply, existing water rights, if any, river maintenance flow, end evaporation losses and spill out of the reservoir.
- B : Water balance during the monthly period (m<sup>3</sup>)  
 if B > 0 : Success  
 if B < 0 : Failure

#### 1) Inflow

Generated monthly discharge at the proposed dams for 46 years from 1949 to 1994 is used for the calculation.

#### 2) Irrigation water demand

The irrigation requirement in the beneficiary area is shown as follows. In this study, the cropping pattern is set up at 200% of cropping intensity (Paddy - Paddy) tentatively:

Irrigation Requirement

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	0.69	1.04	0.49	0	0.35	1.21	0.57	0.56	0	0	0	0.40

Unit: m<sup>3</sup>/sec/ha

Source: JICA Team's Estimate

The maximum potential irrigable area is set up at 130 ha considering the land potential.

Water Demand to meet 80% dependability of irrigation water reservoir capacity will be determined.

### 3) Other water demand

The other water demands, such as hydropower, domestic water supply, and inland fishery, are not taken into account. In the absence of record on the existing water rights downstream of the dam site, it is not considered in the balance study. Further, no river maintenance flow from reservoir is taken into consideration because the proposed dam site has the small drainage area and its storage may not affect the characteristics of whole river systems.

### (4) Result of Water Balance Study

The optimum development scale of proposed Camalig Diversion Dam coincided with the maximum development scale considering the agricultural development plan. By developing available water resources of the Tinago river through construction of the Camalig Diversion Weir, irrigation water can be supplied to the existing paddy field of 130 ha in net for the both seasons. The result of water balance study is given in Table A.4.1.

## 4.2 Small Impounding Pond Sites

### (1) Location and Topography

The location and general description of topography of each dam site are as follows:

Dam Site	Location and Topography
Dam No.1	Dam site is located at the Taladong River in the Barangay Taladong where is located on the hill side. At the dam site, the valley has a width of 10 to 20 m while both banks are approximately 6 to 7 m high from river bed.
Dam No.2	Dam site is located at Abgao River in Barangay Inarado, originating at the northern hilly area and flows through the gentle hills. The valley, where two creeks flow is developed with approximate width of 170 to 190 m.
Dam No.3	Dam site is located at the Subok River in Barangay Gabawan which flows through the north side of hilly area. The identified dam site is at a wide and shallow valley and about 30 m downstream from the confluence of three streams. The dam axis abuts on the south end of the thin ridge of the right bank, and on the moderate slope of the left bank.
Dam No.4	Dam site is located at the Subok River in Barangay Bascaran, and 2 km downstream of the No. 3 dam site. The site forms relatively steep hills in the east side, and moderate to gentle hills in the other side. The identified dam axis is located at the steep valley 40 to 60 m wide.
Dam No.5	Dam site is located at the Ogod River in Barangay San Ramon. The site is composed of gentle to moderately sloping hills. The identified dam axis connects the end of thin ridge on the left bank and at the slope of the gentle hill on the right bank. The river joins creek at 30 m downstream from the dam axis. The shallow valley 70 to 80 m wide at the dam axis could lead to secure very limited reservoir storage capacity.

### (2) Water Resources

As described in Section 3.3.2, the mean monthly runoff at the each dam site is estimated as follows;

Mean Monthly Runoff at Each Dam Site

Month	Unit: 1,000 m <sup>3</sup>												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
No.1 Dam	383	213	215	206	260	405	473	431	468	506	624	657	4,848
No.2 Dam	300	167	168	161	203	317	371	337	366	396	488	515	3,794
No.3 Dam	183	102	103	98	124	194	226	206	224	242	298	314	2,319
No.4 Dam	632	352	355	340	429	669	782	712	773	837	1,031	1,086	8,010
No.5 Dam	1,331	742	748	716	904	1,408	1,647	1,499	1,627	1,762	2,170	2,287	16,863

(3) Methodology for Water Balance Study

The water balance study is made by the following water balance condition:

$$I - O = S_{t+1} - S_t$$

$$S_{min} \leq S_{t+1}, S_t \leq S_{max}$$

Where,

- I : Total inflow to the reservoir during the monthly period (m<sup>3</sup>)
- O : Total outflow from the reservoir during the monthly period, consisting of water releases for all purposes, such as irrigation, hydropower, water supply, existing water rights, if any, river maintenance flow, and evaporation losses and spill out of the reservoir.

- S<sub>t+1</sub>, S<sub>t</sub> : Storage at times (t+1) and (t), (m<sup>3</sup>)
- S<sub>min</sub> : dead storage capacity, (m<sup>3</sup>)
- S<sub>max</sub> : maximum storage capacity subject to the specified crest elevation of spillway

1) Inflow

Generated monthly discharge at the proposed dams for 46 years from 1949 to 1994 is used for the calculation.

2) Reservoir storage curve

Reservoir storage curve with surface area is shown in Figures A.5.1 to A.5.4 in relation to the elevation at the proposed dam sites.

3) Irrigation water demand

The irrigation requirement in the beneficiary area by the impounding pond is shown below. In this study, the cropping pattern is set at 200% cropping intensity (Paddy - Paddy) tentatively:

Irrigation Requirement

Month	Unit: m <sup>3</sup> /sec/ha											
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	0.46	0.79	0.32	0	0.32	1.04	0.32	0.33	0	0	0	0.27

Source: JICA Team's Estimate

The potential irrigable area is set as follows considering the land resources for each beneficiary area:

Maximum Irrigable Area

Dam Site	Unit: ha
	Maximum land availability
No.1 Dam	33
No.2 Dam	240
No.3 Dam	85
No.4 Dam	110

Source: JICA Team's Estimate

Water Demand to meet 80% dependability of irrigation water reservoir capacity will be determined.

4) Other water demand

The other water demands, such as hydropower, domestic water supply, and inland fishery, are not taken into account. In the absence of record of the water rights at the downstream of the dam sites, it is not considered in the balance study. Further, no river maintenance flow from reservoir is taken into consideration because the proposed dam site has small drainage area and storage that may not affect the characteristics of whole river systems.

5) Evaporation losses

The evaporation from the reservoir surface can be assumed to be 110% of the potential evapotranspiration, which is calculated by the Modified Penman Method.

6) Spill out discharge of reservoir

Spill out discharge is the excess storage which exceeds the maximum storage of dam.

(4) Result of Water Balance Study

The result of water balance study for the respective dam is presented hereinafter.

1) No.1 Dam

The optimum development scale of proposed No.1 Dam coincides with the maximum development scale considering the tentative agricultural development plan. The optimum development scale is thus in line with the height of 5.5 m and effective storage capacity of 7,000 m<sup>3</sup>. The result of reservoir operation is shown in Figure A.5.5. By developing the water resource of Taladong Creek through construction of No.1 Dam, irrigation water can be supplied to the existing paddy field of 33 ha in net for both seasons.

2) No.2 Dam

The optimum scale of No.2 Dam is decided by the considering limitation offer topography and geological condition at the proposed site. The development scale is thus in line with the maximum height of 17.0 m and effective storage capacity of 636,000 m<sup>3</sup>. The result of reservoir operation is shown in Figure A.5.6. By developing available water resource of the Abgao River through construction of the No.2 Dam at the optimum scale, irrigation water can be supplied to existing paddy field of 190 ha in net for both season.

3) No.3 Dam

The optimum development scale of proposed No.3 Dam coincides with the maximum development scale considering the tentative agricultural development plan. The optimum development scale is thus in line with the height of 13.0 m and effective storage capacity of 230,000 m<sup>3</sup>. The result of reservoir operation is shown in Figure A.5.7. By developing available water resource of the Subok River through construction of No.3 Dam, irrigation water can be supplied to the existing paddy field of 85 ha in net for both seasons.

4) No.4 Dam

The optimum development scale of proposed No.4 Dam coincides with the maximum development scale considering the tentative agricultural development plan. The optimum development scale is thus in line with the height of 11.5 m and effective

storage capacity of 49,000 m<sup>3</sup>. The result of reservoir operation is shown in Figure A.5.8. By developing available water resource of the Patagok River through construction of No.4 Dam, irrigation water can be supplied to the existing paddy field of 110 ha in net for both seasons.



**THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON  
THE WESTERN LEGAZPI IRRIGATION AND  
RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT IN THE PHILIPPINES**

***TABLES***



**Table A.1.1 Discharge Measurement**

Date	Time	River Source & Location	Computed Discharge (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Remarks
1995/10/25	10:00 AM	Tinago River, Diversion Point, Camalig Site	0.461	
1995/10/26	10:15 AM	Tinago River, Diversion Point, Camalig Site	0.426	
1995/10/27	4:45 PM	Tinago River, Diversion Point, Camalig Site	1.169	Rainfall experienced at 3:00 pm
1995/11/8	4:00 PM	Tinago River, Diversion Point, Camalig Site	0.827	First measurement after Typhoon Rosing
1995/11/9	2:00 PM	Tinago River, Diversion Point, Camalig Site	0.801	
1995/11/15	1:00 PM	Tinago River, Diversion Point, Camalig Site	0.473	
1995/11/16	12:10 PM	Tinago River, Diversion Point, Camalig Site	0.435	
1995/10/25	10:15 AM	Ligban River (about 20 m D/S of confluence (Tinago + Iraya), Camalig Site	0.538	
1995/10/26	10:30 AM	Ligban River (about 20 m D/S of confluence (Tinago + Iraya), Camalig Site	0.612	
1995/11/8	4:20 PM	Ligban River (about 40 m D/S of confluence (Tinago + Iraya), Camalig Site	1.638	First measurement after Typhoon Rosing
1995/11/9	2:20 PM	Ligban River (about 40 m D/S of confluence (Tinago + Iraya), Camalig Site	1.081	
1995/11/15	1:20 PM	Ligban River (about 40 m D/S of confluence (Tinago + Iraya), Camalig Site	0.781	
1995/11/16	12:30 PM	Ligban River (about 40 m D/S of confluence (Tinago + Iraya), Camalig Site	0.751	
1995/11/9	2:45 PM	Ligban River (about 25 m U/S of Diversion Dam)	1.172	
1995/11/15	2:00 PM	Ligban River (about 25 m U/S of Diversion Dam)	0.964	
1995/11/16	1:15 PM	Ligban River (about 25 m U/S of Diversion Dam)	0.937	
1995/10/26	11:15 AM	Tinago River (about 500 m U/S of Diversion Point)	0.422	#1
1995/10/26	11:30 AM	Tinago River (about 30 m D/S of Confluence of 2 creeks draining to Tinago River)	0.212	#2
1995/10/26	11:45 AM	Creek from Yalla Gomar Resort, draining to Tinago River	0.093	#3
1995/10/26	12:00 PM	Creek from Safugan, draining to Tinago River	0.119	#4
1995/10/26	1:05 PM	No.1 Tafadong Creek (Quibanis Creek, Local Name) at Dam Axis, Barangay Tafadong	0.058	
1995/10/26	2:10 PM	Buntag River (about 50 m D/S of Tafadong - Comun Boundary Bridge)	0.122	
1995/10/25	2:00 PM	No.2-Abgao Creek at Dam axis, Barangay Inarado	0.014	
1995/10/26	3:10 PM	No.2-Abgao Creek at Dam axis, Barangay Inarado	0.053	
1995/10/26	4:00 PM	Abgao River at Comun Bridge, Barangay Comun	0.273	
1995/11/9	12:05 PM	No.3-Subok River (about 50 D/S of Dam axis), Barangay Gabawan	0.030	
1995/11/9	10:00 AM	No.4 - Patagek River (about 80 m D/S of Staff Gauge Center Line), Barangay Bascara	0.095	
1995/11/8	2:30 PM	No.5-Cagnanaga River (about 50 m U/S of Dam Axis), Barangay San Ramon	0.174	
1995/11/8	10:30 AM	No.6-Pagsabangan River (about 20 m D/S of Dam Axis), Barangay Panoypoy	0.629	

Source : JICA Team's Measurement

Table A.2.1 Monthly Rainfall Record in Legazpi

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual
1949	99.1	29.2	177.3	170.2	153.2	92.7	179.6	120.1	237.2	310.6	533.4	707.4	2,810.0
1950	579.1	228.1	394.7	81.5	107.2	259.3	137.4	141.2	533.6	222.0	416.0	222.0	3,322.1
1951	255.3	151.6	86.6	246.1	352.6	320.8	123.7	232.4	191.3	187.7	593.9	539.7	3,281.7
1952	498.9	309.4	212.3	186.2	46.5	132.8	259.8	359.7	92.7	279.4	289.1	638.8	3,305.6
1953	261.1	218.2	201.2	100.1	62.7	239.3	148.6	175.8	175.5	469.9	509.8	522.5	3,084.7
1954	238.5	133.3	651.3	97.0	306.3	141.5	149.1	258.1	105.9	226.6	572.5	891.5	3,771.6
1955	470.4	112.3	182.1	225.3	137.4	299.2	171.2	279.9	212.3	299.0	855.7	284.2	3,529.0
1956	267.5	220.5	325.1	497.6	259.1	87.1	173.7	261.6	516.1	211.1	493.3	829.6	4,142.3
1957	364.5	98.6	168.7	191.8	163.6	195.6	191.0	221.0	240.3	337.3	332.7	246.1	2,751.2
1958	312.6	236.0	310.6	74.9	145.0	200.4	235.2	320.3	187.2	768.9	432.8	96.5	3,350.4
1959	254.0	291.6	411.5	73.4	338.3	72.6	157.2	193.8	176.5	247.4	511.0	613.2	3,340.5
1960	197.1	252.5	83.1	310.4	296.2	396.2	192.8	196.8	308.9	483.4	516.4	236.5	3,470.3
1961	100.6	48.8	118.0	130.6	180.2	284.1	207.0	345.0	161.1	300.1	276.1	276.4	2,428.0
1962	280.1	181.3	163.8	91.8	405.1	142.5	393.0	343.0	462.0	174.9	410.0	173.3	3,220.8
1963	82.9	158.0	44.9	41.9	146.4	291.8	249.5	733.3	120.9	142.7	405.8	355.3	2,773.4
1964	305.0	253.3	96.6	435.2	166.1	151.2	247.0	257.2	295.3	210.1	359.8	642.2	3,419.0
1965		198.1	242.7	158.4	189.6	311.9	478.4	308.4	257.0	318.1	486.6	536.9	
1966	592.1	104.7	155.9	87.8	216.3	167.5	424.5	209.1	266.8	400.3	452.0	814.5	3,891.5
1967	490.5	148.9	215.3	139.5	47.2	122.2	124.0	388.2	193.9	219.8	723.4	281.1	3,094.0
1968	403.3	78.5	118.3	49.4	19.4	136.6	105.9	235.1	321.3	117.4	269.7	181.6	2,036.5
1969	48.2	24.1	73.1	143.7	31.6	149.7	203.3	168.1	443.5	158.5	333.7	541.4	2,318.9
1970	269.6	329.9	292.2	172.2	134.5	203.5	358.3	424.6	219.4	540.2	758.1	559.2	4,261.7
1971	391.3	307.6	423.3	137.9	407.8	189.9	394.2	169.3	173.0	473.9	322.0	836.0	4,226.2
1972	659.2	132.9	267.1	95.8	151.0	393.0	174.7	300.7	225.3	185.7	611.7	373.4	3,570.5
1973	169.2	101.2	83.0	108.0	98.7	183.3	317.3	316.6	185.2	511.0	773.6	978.3	3,825.4
1974	237.9	368.9	92.3	65.6	259.3	518.9	438.5	161.3	74.6	458.6	565.7	518.4	3,760.0
1975	356.7	210.7	122.0	376.1	151.4	154.2	196.5	228.5	318.6	139.3	372.9	1,548.8	4,175.7
1976	668.8	160.9	251.7	104.9	423.0	210.3	155.3	390.6	215.2	294.7	410.0	845.2	4,130.6
1977	239.3	217.3	141.9	114.1	245.3	107.3	378.1	233.7	391.6	219.7	657.2	175.6	3,121.1
1978	55.1	90.7	152.5	124.4	206.8	292.3	193.4	385.5	353.3	559.4	261.3	494.6	3,169.3
1979	137.7	241.2	69.9	272.7	129.3	302.3	244.8	148.4	464.6	234.9	321.8	248.4	2,816.0
1980	222.7	289.1	298.0	86.1	64.4	535.9	298.5	350.8	282.7	652.4	313.2	288.4	3,682.2
1981	463.6	168.5	61.8	150.2	138.6	349.5	238.8	255.6	352.6	491.2	862.8	477.7	4,010.9
1982	227.3	346.4	250.2	121.4	180.5	135.5	391.6	250.4	568.6	247.5	386.0	394.8	3,500.2
1983	137.2	11.4	33.4	52.2	22.0	283.5	532.9	112.8	269.5	271.9	466.9	471.0	2,664.7
1984	402.2	191.4	225.8	33.7	107.5	387.2	167.4	357.8	170.2	438.6	663.5	180.2	3,325.5
1985	305.9	182.2	181.7	181.8	140.4	263.5	313.2	68.9	240.9	386.5	417.9	261.2	2,944.1
1986	226.9	152.2	92.9	366.7	90.2	183.7		216.4	272.5	484.9	337.5	165.4	
1987	110.7	65.8	42.9	113.2	43.1	138.3	246.6	245.2	200.1	227.5	653.6	602.6	2,689.6
1988	266.3	119.6	85.9	287.2	118.8	186.7	174.1	93.2	147.0	693.5	897.1	295.2	3,364.6
1989	549.8	676.7	331.4	251.9	260.7	393.6	163.4	211.8	327.7	220.4	232.4	389.0	4,008.8
1990	447.1	104.9	32.9	63.4	266.4	384.9	199.2	276.2	207.2	442.7	396.0	358.3	3,179.2
1991	180.8	140.8	202.1	104.6	273.6	519.9	314.9	292.6	170.2	212.0	388.8	470.3	3,270.6
1992	233.2	134.5	54.2	46.9	128.0	120.5	327.7	275.7	209.3	184.4	294.5	351.8	2,360.7
1993	161.1	112.2	150.5	35.9	119.4	216.9	393.5	325.4	293.7	366.7	702.0	847.6	3,774.9
1994	590.4	76.0	169.0	277.7	134.2	195.7	377.2	65.1	253.8	170.5	127.9	464.2	2,901.7
1995	274.5	92.6	45.2	113.4	140.2	197.8	348.0	372.0	392.9	261.1			
Average	306.9	180.9	182.7	157.3	174.6	239.2	258.5	262.3	265.5	328.8	477.6	483.2	3,319.9
Max	668.8	676.7	651.3	497.6	423.0	535.9	532.9	733.3	568.6	768.9	897.1	1,548.8	4,261.7
Min	48.2	11.4	32.9	33.7	19.4	72.6	105.9	65.1	74.6	117.4	127.9	96.5	2,036.5

Source : PAGASA, Legazpi

**Table A.2.2 Monthly Rainfall Record at Guinobatan**

Unit: mm

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
1956	100.5	166.3	140.1	454.5	180.2	136.7	450.7	220.1	398.6	140.4	376.9	778.8	3543.8
1957	245.8	61.0	79.0	175.4	27.3	229.8	273.1	375.9	254.7	285.0	251.7	97.8	2356.5
1958	161.7	91.8	93.0	21.1	121.5	194.8	245.1	274.5	329.9	881.4	286.4	66.0	2767.2
1959	143.9	97.3	204.2	35.1	229.5	120.0	303.3	260.7	248.1	340.2	474.5	595.2	3052.0
1960	106.8	99.6	53.8	250.3	254.7	270.5	273.3	208.9	267.0	569.0	378.1	204.3	2936.3
1961	13.7	0.0	67.8	32.2	224.3	209.8	335.5	254.5	193.5	323.6	169.6	112.4	1936.9
1962	123.4	92.5	113.0	39.8	339.5	356.0	400.8	250.8	338.0	91.5	329.8	77.2	2552.3
1963	12.9	55.5	11.4	15.4	117.6	365.1	152.7	594.5	248.4	184.0	175.6	186.8	2119.9
1964	146.8	65.7	56.9	160.5	50.7	248.7	127.8	168.1	412.8	220.6	269.8	426.4	2354.8
1965	249.7	76.8	57.2	111.0	172.7	364.9	561.9	186.3	277.5	187.8	207.9	271.8	2725.5
1966	226.9	35.1	66.7	28.9	178.7	152.2	328.2	158.1	190.4	260.9	369.4	569.3	2564.8
1967	419.4	90.7	96.8	72.1	42.1	108.1	317.0	293.4	427.1	172.0	76.0	61.1	2175.8
1968	128.9	74.1	22.9	***	***	***	***	***	854.0	819.9	399.0	408.3	***
1969	180.8	97.5	10.4	16.4	68.3	220.6	328.0	179.1	315.4	81.3	190.1	342.0	2029.9
1970	125.1	215.3	104.2	66.2	43.6	110.6	506.5	376.8	269.3	568.4	528.6	221.8	3136.4
1971	255.6	170.7	210.4	120.2	460.9	217.3	429.3	107.6	135.8	400.1	180.6	593.6	3282.1
1972	480.7	33.8	141.4	21.5	134.9	364.0	275.1	372.1	248.2	75.2	228.4	273.4	2648.7
1973	116.9	11.3	21.9	10.2	60.2	157.7	144.3	417.8	252.8	545.9	492.4	745.2	3006.6
1974	57.9	120.7	39.0	71.7	80.5	473.6	***	98.3	98.4	445.0	356.7	359.1	***
1975	190.0	41.9	8.2	186.2	68.4	220.5	303.6	208.1	289.2	199.3	***	1006.4	***
1976	288.6	88.6	115.4	11.6	532.8	301.8	132.0	342.7	323.7	146.5	257.2	593.4	3134.3
1977	105.3	98.7	17.7	56.5	166.3	72.8	419.1	307.5	339.8	8.6	352.8	25.2	1970.3
1978	24.9	12.0	92.4	123.8	156.7	297.9	239.1	310.9	234.2	348.0	61.3	203.6	2104.8
1979	36.2	8.6	11.6	265.0	172.1	248.9	283.5	347.4	501.5	199.8	144.2	198.0	2416.8
1980	146.5	27.3	83.9	0.0	51.8	237.5	461.5	200.1	181.2	157.6	66.7	46.3	1660.4
1981	141.7	68.9	0.0	0.0	191.3	767.8	85.6	122.7	162.8	99.3	197.9	198.0	2036.0
1982	108.1	268.2	119.2	35.3	190.0	149.8	368.1	336.0	784.0	193.9	124.2	110.3	2787.1
1983	8.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	127.2	322.3	***	***	***	***	***	***
Average	155.3	81.1	72.8	88.2	159.9	249.1	310.3	269.3	317.6	294.3	267.1	324.9	2589.8

Source : PCA, Guinobatan

**Table A.2.3 Monthly Rainfall at Buca, Guinobatan**

Unit: mm

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
1990	180.1	18.4	12.0	20.9	175.9	438.8	293.4	253.8	159.9	262.8	319.4	127.3	
1991	36.6	14.7	116.8	51.2	65.1	376.0	296.1	340.1	236.8	154.6	292.0	164.3	
1992	100.2	21.7	12.5	35.7		146.7	356.6	177.1					
1993	70.8	55.0	48.4	25.6	40.8	152.7	563.4	531.5	315.2	269.3	450.2		
1994	294.9	22.1		181.1	206.0	242.9	497.6	154.8	354.2	164.8	28.0	392.5	
1995	72.5	43.4	17.5	54.1	113	201.6							
Average	125.9	29.2	41.4	61.4	120.2	259.8	401.4	291.5	266.5	212.9	272.4	228.0	2311

Source : PAGASA, Buca, Guinobatan

**Table A.2.4 Maximum Daily Rainfall at Legazpi Station**

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual
1961	39.9	11.7	39.9	34.0	43.7	64.3	42.4	83.8	44.2	54.6	43.5	55.4	83.8
1962	149.1	56.9	71.4	15.7	189.7	30.2	56.9	62.7	57.9	33.0	113.5	46.2	189.7
1963	20.6	39.6	8.4	25.4	43.2	125.0	74.9	432.3	17.3	28.2	68.3	96.3	432.3
1964	61.0	47.8	21.9	131.8	49.8	64.2	53.8	95.3	117.4	47.0	61.4	172.5	172.5
1965		50.1	50.6	42.0	68.8	89.3	174.0	50.5	62.8	41.2	89.5	84.8	174.0
1966	236.3	29.0	31.8	19.8	88.4	56.2	132.6	50.3	82.6	89.9	183.4	127.6	236.3
1967	85.7	33.9	71.6	73.7	19.8	39.2	21.7	133.8	40.1	75.6	484.6	73.3	434.6
1968	173.5	30.8	26.9	22.1	7.9	38.1	70.0	45.2	127.5	46.3	61.8	38.4	173.5
1969	8.7	5.4	27.2	45.0	10.9	31.2	36.1	26.4	61.0	33.5	74.2	116.2	116.2
1970	127.3	127.6	50.5	49.3	35.0	41.0	102.4	56.7	57.9	112.8	106.8	130.9	130.9
1971	163.1	52.6	209.2	51.3	120.9	53.3	92.7	31.8	26.7	108.7	59.4	203.9	209.2
1972	145.6	41.4	70.4	24.7	33.3	236.6	46.2	74.3	36.5	20.9	74.2	88.6	236.6
1973	38.1	26.4	39.1	26.9	23.6	58.4	45.7	82.1	36.0	92.3	190.8	128.3	190.8
1974	75.8	98.2	10.5	21.8	60.7	247.6	187.6	28.7	24.6	93.0	206.3	123.9	247.6
1975	91.0	52.0	48.5	107.9	25.4	46.0	55.2	45.5	107.3	28.2	147.4	458.6	458.6
1976	120.0	38.7	63.1	24.4	155.8	78.2	37.8	78.4	46.7	83.3	71.4	274.8	274.8
1977	51.6	76.9	27.2	29.5	55.4	42.4	113.1	47.2	102.8	44.4	137.2	37.5	137.2
1978	11.9	19.2	80.8	42.7	36.1	67.0	32.7	55.4	109.6	171.5	55.1	106.6	171.5
1979	52.7	130.4	32.3	86.8	33.0	49.2	31.4	29.6	161.2	44.6	86.4	99.0	161.2
1980	73.8	127.2	203.6	30.6	29.5	79.7	128.4	80.2	48.3	235.0	73.8	42.4	235.0
1981	170.4	58.0	26.1	23.4	35.2	220.4	84.4	129.6	50.6	172.4	114.4	95.0	220.4
1982	76.0	176.4	57.2	36.1	50.0	71.8	118.4	55.4	214.4	43.6	82.7	69.8	214.4
1983	24.0	6.0	9.0	13.8	4.2	92.0	239.4	26.0	47.6	39.3	174.8	105.8	239.4
1984	74.4	48.4	105.8	14.0	25.4	88.0	48.2	68.6	35.8	55.4	144.8	38.2	144.8
1985	69.4	64.4	38.2	56.2	32.6	48.0	73.0	12.6	57.0	68.0	81.8	48.0	81.8
1986	52.5	58.5	16.2	139.9	43.0	47.6	0.0	38.0	60.8	85.7	75.6	52.0	139.9
1987	28.6	14.6	7.4	35.4	18.8	29.0	109.4	97.6	45.4	70.2	111.0	94.4	111.0
1988	52.0	25.4	17.4	49.7	76.9	25.0	29.6	37.4	59.8	117.8	207.4	59.0	207.4
1989	194.8	254.4	55.3	146.9	92.2	107.4	34.2	81.4	103.2	114.0	77.4	73.1	254.4
1990	158.3	52.0	18.6	24.6	38.6	82.4	40.0	79.0	70.0	46.8	77.0	80.4	158.3
1991	51.4	32.7	124.6	27.6	67.5	111.0	105.2	60.7	72.9	59.8	112.0	180.0	180.0
1992	121.6	55.4	10.8	12.2	35.8	23.6	88.6	62.3	55.4	43.0	138.8	100.4	138.8
1993	34.4	17.5	28.2	14.2	37.2	51.6	123.2	86.0	72.8	70.4	81.8	147.9	147.9
1994	229.5	31.0	30.4	80.4	67.8	71.5	55.6	24.6	68.0	51.0	17.8	203.2	229.5
1995	65.4	22.8	10.0	28.4	39.4	72.6	107.0	43.1	69.4	34.8			107.0
Max	236.3	254.4	209.2	146.9	189.7	247.6	239.4	432.3	214.4	235.0	484.6	458.6	434.6

Source : PAGASA, Legazpi

**Table A.2.5 Monthly Rainfall at Castilla Station**

Year													Unit: mm
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual
1956	128.5	266.2	192.0	313.2	238.5	69.1	220.2	215.6	489.2	287.5	523.7	632.0	3575.7
1957	376.2	56.9	91.4	359.7	56.1	191.0	211.3	253.7	294.9	274.6	317.2	122.7	2605.7
1958	208.8	96.8	228.1	42.4	85.9	121.7	293.9	293.1	210.6	634.5	314.7	72.1	2602.6
1959	140.2	191.0	221.7	100.3	78.5	14.2	173.0	275.3	351.3	154.4	473.7	496.6	2670.2
1960	113.8	169.7	69.9	119.6	173.7	237.0	136.1	192.0	323.6	553.2	483.6	51.1	2623.3
1961	56.1	36.3	98.8	78.0	145.3	199.1	305.8	239.3	214.4	281.9	343.4	198.9	2197.3
1962	235.0	49.5	75.7	18.8	332.5	58.2	266.4	154.9	187.2	128.0	466.9	108.2	2081.3
1963	74.2	108.7	11.4	24.9	67.8	245.6	193.5	318.0	161.3	145.5	264.9	270.3	1886.1
1964	106.2	153.7	42.9	264.9	154.2	221.5	173.0	96.5	329.4	145.3	251.2	622.3	2561.1
1965	***	***	157.7	45.0	122.4	328.4	456.9	211.1	241.6	202.4	263.4	218.4	***
1966	163.3	114.8	114.3	19.6	186.2	97.0	301.8	213.1	116.3	363.2	***	574.3	***
1967	433.7	68.2	93.5	114.1	11.9	134.6	378.8	384.8	495.0	163.8	400.3	140.2	2878.9
1968	208.0	75.1	73.7	49.8	0.0	40.2	87.3	306.0	424.9	112.5	224.7	77.1	1679.3
1969	78.1	0.0	72.6	64.7	0.0	16.7	249.5	397.8	327.1	105.3	380.5	544.1	2236.4
1970	235.2	183.4	59.0	216.7	9.9	127.7	179.1	150.1	96.1	462.0	727.2	373.3	2825.7
1971	219.9	418.9	286.9	5.6	356.2	199.7	260.8	56.1	187.9	355.5	314.5	660.4	3322.4
Average	188.9	132.9	118.4	114.8	126.2	143.9	243.6	234.8	278.2	273.1	383.3	322.6	2,560.8

Source : PAGASA



**Table A.2.8 Minimum Monthly Temperature in Legazpi Station**

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual
1949		22.6	23.7	23.7	24.4	24.7	23.5	23.7	23.2	23.3	22.0	23.2	23.4
1950	22.8	22.1	23.1	24.0	23.9	23.8	23.9	23.9	23.3	22.8	23.2	22.6	23.3
1951	22.6	22.5	22.7	23.9	24.2	23.9	23.9	24.2	23.8	23.7	23.9	23.4	23.6
1952	22.7	23.4	23.1	23.8	25.2	24.2	24.4	23.9	23.3	23.2	22.9	22.9	23.6
1953	22.4	22.9	23.2	24.3	24.2	24.1	23.5	24.1	23.0	23.2	23.4	22.8	23.4
1954	22.2	22.7	22.7	23.8	23.9	23.4	22.7	23.3	23.0	22.1	22.2	22.5	22.9
1955	22.3	22.0	22.2	23.4	21.8	23.7	23.6	21.6	23.3	23.2	23.2	22.2	23.0
1956	22.2	22.2	23.0	23.6	24.0	24.0	23.6	21.6	23.4	23.0	23.2	23.1	23.2
1957	22.7	22.3	23.3	23.9	24.2	24.5	23.9	24.1	24.0	23.3	23.2	23.7	23.6
1958	22.8	22.3	22.9	23.8	24.6	24.5	24.1	23.9	24.3	23.7	23.4	22.4	23.6
1959	22.4	22.7	23.0	23.6	24.3	24.9	23.8	24.0	23.6	23.8	23.5	23.5	23.6
1960	23.3	22.9	23.5	24.1	24.7	24.3	24.4	24.8	23.5	23.3	23.3	22.7	23.7
1961	21.9	23.1	23.4	24.2	24.4	24.2	23.9	24.2	23.8	22.8	23.4	23.1	23.5
1962	22.3	22.0	23.4	23.6	24.2	23.8	24.0	23.5	23.3	23.7	23.1	22.9	23.3
1963	21.2	21.1	21.7	22.8	23.7	24.0	23.8	23.0	23.5	22.7	23.7	22.7	22.8
1964	22.4	22.6	22.6	23.5	24.1	24.0	23.8	24.3	23.6	23.3	23.2	22.6	23.3
1965		22.6	22.7	23.4	23.5	23.6	23.3	23.6	23.7	22.9	23.5	23.2	23.3
1966	22.4	22.6	22.6	23.7	23.8	24.1	23.4	23.7	23.7	22.9	23.3	23.3	23.3
1967	22.4	22.2	22.2	22.8	23.9	24.1	23.8	23.8	23.2	22.8	23.0	21.9	23.0
1968	21.6	20.8	22.7	22.8	24.1	23.5	23.8	23.8	23.3	22.1	23.4	22.1	22.7
1969	21.8	20.9	22.3	23.5	24.4	23.7	23.1	22.7	22.7	21.7	23.7	23.9	22.5
1970	21.3	21.6	22.3	22.8	23.4	23.1	23.4	23.0	23.0	23.1	23.0	23.2	22.7
1971	21.1	21.6	21.2	22.3	22.8	21.4	20.9	21.6	22.2	21.9	21.2	21.9	21.7
1972	21.6	22.1	20.5	21.0	21.6	22.8	23.8	22.9	22.3	22.1	22.7	22.6	22.2
1973	21.3	21.6	22.1	23.6	24.5	24.3	23.7	23.3	23.3	23.7	24.1	23.1	23.2
1974	21.7	22.2	22.4	23.4	24.1	23.8	23.4	24.2	23.5	22.9	22.7	22.7	23.1
1975	20.8	20.4	20.9	22.7	24.0	23.5	22.7	23.4	22.7	22.7	22.8	21.4	22.4
1976	22.0	21.6	22.9	23.3	23.7	23.8	23.8	23.2	23.5	23.8	23.0	23.1	23.1
1977	22.7	22.1	22.5	23.5	24.2	24.3	23.2	23.9	23.7	23.2	23.2	22.4	23.2
1978	21.9	21.7	22.9	23.7	24.3	24.3	24.3	23.9	23.7	23.4	23.3	23.1	23.4
1979	21.8	22.6	23.2	24.4	24.8	24.5	24.2	24.2	24.0	24.0	23.8	22.9	23.7
1980	22.8	22.7	23.2	24.1	24.6	24.3	24.2	23.9	24.1	23.5	23.7	23.4	23.7
1981	22.4	22.7	23.3	24.6	24.8	24.6	24.3	24.9	24.5	24.1	24.2	23.2	24.0
1982	22.5	22.9	23.7	24.4	24.5	25.1	24.3	24.1	24.6	24.1	24.3	23.7	24.0
1983	23.3	22.3	23.9	24.5	25.4	25.8	25.0	25.0	24.5	24.4	23.8	23.9	24.3
1984	23.6	23.7	24.1	25.1	25.1	24.6	23.8	24.6	23.8	23.6	23.9	23.5	24.1
1985	22.6	23.6	24.0	24.3	24.6	24.7	24.0	24.9	24.1	24.2	24.5	23.6	24.1
1986	23.7	22.5	23.7	24.6	25.0	24.7	24.8	24.8	24.1	24.1	24.3	23.5	24.1
1987	23.1	22.5	24.0	24.8	25.7	25.2	24.4	24.6	24.6	24.1	24.1	24.0	24.3
1988	24.7	24.2	24.4	24.8	25.9	24.7	24.8	24.7	24.3	23.9	23.8	22.8	24.4
1989	23.7	22.4	22.7	23.9	24.4	24.0	24.3	24.0	23.9	23.3	23.3	22.1	23.5
1990	22.9	22.9	23.0	24.1	25.0	24.1	24.1	24.2	23.2	23.3	23.4	23.4	23.6
1991	22.9	22.3	22.8	24.1	24.5	24.4	23.8	24.7	25.0	23.6	22.5	22.3	23.6
1992	21.8	21.6	23.3	24.0	24.7	24.6	23.6	24.5	23.9	23.4	22.8	23.0	23.4
1993	21.8	22.3	23.1	23.7	24.5	24.5	24.1	23.8	23.3	23.8	23.9	23.6	23.5
1994	22.9	22.5	23.8	24.5	25.2	25.0	24.5	24.7	24.3	23.7	23.7	23.4	24.0
1995	23.0	22.7	22.8	24.5	25.0	25.4	24.6	24.4	24.8	24.2	24.2	23.4	24.1
Average	22.4	22.3	22.9	23.8	24.3	24.2	23.8	23.9	23.6	23.3	23.3	22.9	23.4

Source: PAGASA, Legazpi

**Table A.2.9 Mean Monthly Temperature at Buca, Guinobatan**

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Average
1990	25.3	25.6	25.5	27.7	27.7	27.5	27.6	27.8	27.2	27.5	27.2	27.2	27.7
1991	25.9	25.3	25.4	26.4	27.7	27.6	27.1	27.0	27.4	26.1	25.6	25.4	26.4
1992	24.6	24.7	26.1	27.4	27.8	26.8	27.6	26.6	26.7	26.4	26.3	26.3	26.4
1993	25.4	25.3	25.5	26.4	27.2	27.9	26.9	26.6	26.7	26.4	26.3	26.3	26.4
1994	25.7	25.9	26.5	27.4	28.0	27.5	26.8	27.0	26.9	26.8	26.2	25.8	26.8
1995	24.6	26.1	25.9	26.9	27.7	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.5
Average	25.2	25.5	25.8	27.0	27.6	28.0	27.0	27.2	27.1	26.6	26.3	25.6	26.6

Source: PAGASA, Buca, Guinobatan

**Table A.2.10 Maximum Monthly Temperature at Buca, Guinobatan**

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Average
1990	30.1	31.0	31.6	32.4	32.5	31.8	31.4	31.7	32.2	31.5	30.6	29.1	31.0
1991	30.4	29.7	30.5	31.4	32.5	32.1	31.4	30.3	31.2	29.9	29.5	29.3	30.3
1992	28.8	29.8	31.6	32.2	32.4	30.9	32.0	32.0	31.2	29.9	29.5	29.3	30.3
1993	30.0	29.9	30.8	32.1	32.6	33.0	30.9	30.1	30.8	29.9	30.1	29.8	30.3
1994	29.8	31.1	31.2	32.5	33.5	32.5	30.7	31.9	30.8	31.4	30.7	29.8	30.3
1995	28.4	29.8	30.8	32.2	32.7	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1
Average	29.6	30.2	31.1	32.5	32.8	32.1	31.1	31.2	31.2	30.6	30.2	29.4	31.0

Source: PAGASA, Buca, Guinobatan

**Table A.2.11 Minimum Monthly Temperature at Buca, Guinobatan**

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Average
1990	20.4	20.2	19.4	22.0	22.9	23.1	23.8	23.9	22.7	22.9	23.9	22.2	22.2
1991	21.4	20.9	20.2	21.4	22.8	23.1	22.9	23.6	23.5	22.3	21.6	21.5	21.5
1992	20.3	19.6	20.6	21.6	22.2	22.7	23.2	23.2	23.2	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7
1993	20.8	20.7	20.2	20.7	21.8	22.8	22.9	23.0	22.6	22.9	22.6	22.6	22.6
1994	21.6	20.7	21.8	22.2	22.5	22.5	22.8	22.2	23.0	22.2	21.8	21.7	21.7
1995	20.8	22.4	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
Average	20.9	20.7	20.5	21.6	22.5	23.8	23.0	23.2	23.0	22.6	22.3	21.8	22.2

Source: PAGASA, Buca, Guinobatan



Table A.2.12 Mean Monthly Relative Humidity at Legazpi Station

Year	Unit: %												
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual
1949		82	84	82	82	82	84	86	82	85	83	85	83
1950	87	81	82	80	80	84	83	82	86	84	83	80	83
1951	84	82	81	85	85	85	85	85	83	86	87	90	85
1952	88	85	83	83	82	83	84	87	85	81	83	87	85
1953	84	84	84	82	81	84	86	86	85	86	85	87	85
1954	83	82	84	82	83	82	83	86	84	85	82	89	84
1955	85	81	81	82	82	82	82	81	83	85	86	84	83
1956	85	85	83	85	85	85	87	87	87	86	86	89	86
1957	88	81	81	85	82	84	85	81	85	84	82	83	84
1958	81	84	82	80	80	82	84	86	84	87	87	84	84
1959	85	84	84	81	84	80	84	86	86	85	85	85	84
1960	83	84	82	82	84	85	84	81	87	85	87	83	81
1961	80	81	82	83	83	82	83	85	83	85	84	84	83
1962	83	82	82	82	83	83	86	85	89	84	85	87	84
1963	85	84	83	81	81	83	86	88	88	85	87	86	85
1964	86	85	83	85	81	79	82	82	85	86	86	86	84
1965		80	83	83	81	84	85	84	85	86	86	86	84
1966	86	83	84	82	84	84	83	86	85	84	86	83	86
1967	83	80	79	81	79	81	83	83	84	84	82	83	82
1968	83	82	83	80	78	81	82	84	85	83	84	85	80
1969	83	82	80	81	79	77	80	82	86	85	83	87	82
1970	84	81	84	85	82	84	85	88	87	88	89	88	85
1971	84	87	82	85	86	87	85	84	86	88	87	91	86
1972	91	88	88	86	84	85	84	85	88	83	89	86	86
1973	81	81	77	80	78	80	83	84	86	85	85	89	82
1974	83	85	80	81	82	83	86	82	80	86	85	87	83
1975	85	84	82	86	83	83	85	84	88	86	83	87	85
1976	86	83	82	80	83	84	83	85	86	86	86	86	84
1977	86	85	81	83	82	82	85	82	87	84	88	84	84
1978	82	81	83	81	84	85	84	86	86	84	85	86	84
1979	80	81	78	81	81	84	84	85	84	83	85	83	82
1980	83	82	81	80	78	86	82	84	85	86	84	84	83
1981	82	82	79	82	81	82	84	81	83	85	87	85	83
1982	81	82	81	81	81	80	83	84	84	82	86	85	83
1983	83	77	77	75	75	77	82	81	83	86	85	86	81
1984	85	83	84	81	84	83	84	84	85	86	85	83	84
1985	82	83	83	84	83	82	86	84	86	87	87	85	84
1986	85	82	83	83	81	87	87	85	86	87	86	80	84
1987	82	81	81	80	79	80	83	82	84	83	87	87	82
1988	86	83	82	83	80	81	82	80	84	87	85	84	83
1989	85	88	86	84	82	84	85	83	85	84	83	84	85
1990	86	82	81	78	81	85	85	83	85	89	84	87	84
1991	85	86	82	82	84	85	85	85	84	86	85	86	85
1992	85	82	82	79	81	82	86	84	85	87	84	86	84
1993	84	84	83	80	80	82	87	87	88	86	89	89	85
1994	88	78	83	85	79	85	86	82	87	85	84	86	84
1995	86	84	84	83	85	83	87	88	89	87			86
Average	84	83	82	82	82	83	84	84	85	85	85	86	84

Source: PAGASA, Legazpi

Table A.2.13 Mean Monthly Relative Humidity in Buca, Guinobatan

Year	Unit: %												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Average
1990	89	83	78	77	79	86	87	83	72	80	85		
1991	85	81	81	80	82	86	89	91	88	87	86		
1992	88	85	79	82	83	83	88	88					
1993	90	88	86	84	86	92	91	93	93	93			
1994	94	95	92	93	92	93	95	96	97	95	94		
1995	93	93	90	84	86	91							
Average	89.9	87.9	84.3	83.1	85.1	88.5	90.8	91.1	90.7	87.2	87.7	88.3	87.9

Source: PAGASA, Buca, Guinobatan

Table A.2.14 Mean Monthly Evaporation at Buca, Guinobatan

Year	Unit: mm/day												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Average
1990	8.3	11.6	12.2	14.1	10.5	8.6	7.7						
1991							8.1	10.8	10.4	9.1	9.9	9.8	
1992	10.0	11.2	14.4	12.5		12.2	11.4	9.8					
1993	9.4	9.5	10.0					9.6	9.2	9.1	8.9		
1994	8.7	9.2	10.2	9.9	9.3	9.3	7.3			9.2	10.2	7.6	
1995	9.0	10.8	11.7	12.9	11.1	10.7							
Average	9.1	10.5	11.7	12.4	10.3	10.2	8.6	10.1	9.8	9.1	9.6	8.7	
mm/month	281	293	364	371	318	306	267	312	294	282	289	270	3619

Source: PAGASA, Buca, Guinobatan

**Table A.2.15 Mean Monthly Wind Speed in Legazpi Station**

Year	Unit: m/sec												Annual
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	
1952	4	4	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	4	3	4	3.2
1953	4	5	4	4	3	3	2	4	3	3	4	3	3.5
1954	4	4	4	4	3	2	2	4	4	3	5	5	3.7
1955	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	5	3.7
1956	4	4	5	4	4	3	3	3	4	3	4	4	3.8
1957	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3.3
1958	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	3.5
1959	4	4	4	3	4	2	2	3	2	3	4	4	3.3
1960	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	4	2	4	3	4	3.1
1961	5	6	3	4	3	4	4	3	3	3	4	5	3.9
1962	5	5	4	4	4	2	4	3	3	3	4	4	3.8
1963	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	4	3	3	3	3.6
1964	3	4	4	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	4	3.0
1965		4	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	2	3	4	3.2
1966	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	4	3	3	3	3.1
1967	4	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	4	4	3.6
1968	4	3	3	3	3	2	4	4	3	3	4	4	3.3
1969	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3.1
1970	3	4	4	4	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	3.3
1971	4	4	4	3	2	2	4	3	3	4	3	3	3.3
1972	4	3	3	3	2	2	4	2	2	2	3	3	2.8
1973	3	3	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2.5
1974	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	2.7
1975	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2.7
1976	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2.4
1977	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	2.6
1978	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2.7
1979	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2.7
1980	3	3	4	4	3	2	3	2	2	2	4	3	2.9
1981	4	3	3	3	2	3	2	4	3	2	3	4	3.0
1982	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2.9
1983	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	2	3	3	2.7
1984	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	4	2	2	3	2	2.7
1985	4	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2.4
1986	6	3	3	3	2	1		3	2	2	2	4	2.8
1987	4	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	4	2.8
1988	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	5	6	3.4
1989	5	4	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	4	4	3.2
1990	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	5	3	2	3	4	3.7
1991	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3.3
1992	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	3	2.5
1993	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2.3
1994	3	3	3	8	1	1	3	3	2	2	3	3	2.9
1995	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	2	1			2.1
Average	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	2.8	2.6	2.7	3.0	2.5	2.5	3.2	3.5	3.1
km/day	317	302	291	288	241	225	233	263	219	216	273	299	264

Source : PAGASA, Legazpi

**Table A.2.16 Mean Monthly Wind speed at Buca, Guinobatan**

Year	Unit: knot												Average
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
1990					2.4	1.5	0.5	1.5	0.7	0.5	2.5	3.3	
1991	4.5	6.3	2.7	2.2	2.7	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.1	3.2	2.7	
1992	2.2	2.2	3.1	1.9	1.6	1.6	0.9	1.8					
1993	4.2	5.4	5.1	6.0	2.4	1.5		0.5	5.1	4.9			
1994	4.7	5.1		2.6	2.5	4.7	2.3	0.7	1.3	2.3	2.7	2.1	
1995	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.3	3.4							
Average in knot	3.5	4.1	3.1	2.8	2.2	2.5	1.4	1.3	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.7	
Average in m/s	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2

Source : PAGASA, Buca, Guinobatan

Table A.2.17 Cloudness Record in Legazpi Station

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual
1949		7	7	7	7	8	8	9	9	9	8	8	7.9
1950	8	7	7	7	8	9	9	8	9	8	8	8	8.0
1951	9	8	7	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8.5
1952	8	9	8	8	7	9	9	9	9	8	9	9	8.5
1953	8	8	7	6	8	9	8	9	9	8	9	9	8.2
1954	7	8	8	7	7	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	8.2
1955	9	8	8	7	6	8	9	9	8	9	8	9	8.2
1956	8	8	7	8	8	8	8	9	9	8	9	10	8.3
1957	8	8	8	7	6	7	9	9	9	9	8	8	8.0
1958	8	8	6	6	6	8	8	10	10	9	8	7	7.8
1959	8	7	8	7	8	7	8	9	9	8	9	9	8.1
1960	8	8	7	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8.3
1961	7	6	6	6	6	6	7	8	7	6	6	7	6.5
1962	7	7	6	7	6	5	8	7	7	6	6	7	6.6
1963	6	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	6	7	6	6.9
1964	5	7	5	5	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	6.2
1965		6	7	6	6	6	7	6	7	6	6	6	6.3
1966	6	5	5	5	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5.8
1967	7	6	5	5	5	6	7	7	6	6	6	6	6.0
1968	6	5	5	5	5	6	6	7	6	5	6	6	5.7
1969	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	6	6	7	5.8
1970	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	7	7	6	6	6	6.1
1971	6	6	6	4	6	6	7	6	6	7	6	6	6.0
1972	6	5	6	5	4	6	7	6	6	4	5	5	5.4
1973	5	5	5	4	4	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	5.4
1974	6	6	5	4	4	5	6	6	5	7	6	6	5.5
1975	6	6	5	6	5	6	6	7	6	6	5	7	5.9
1976	6	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	7	6	5.7
1977	6	6	6	4	5	6	6	6	7	5	6	6	5.8
1978	6	6	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7	6	5	6.0
1979	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	7	6	6	5.7
1980	6	5	5	5	5	7	6	6	7	6	6	7	5.9
1981	7	6	4	5	6	7	7	6	6	6	7	6	6.1
1982	6	6	6	5	5	6	7	6	7	5	6	5	5.8
1983	5	3	4	4	3	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	5.1
1984	6	5	4	4	4	5	6	5	7	5	6	5	5.3
1985	6	5	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	5	5	5.3
1986	6	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	5	4	5.4
1987	5	5	4	4	4	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	5.3
1988	5	5	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	6	5.6
1989	6	6	6	5	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5.6
1990	5	4	4	3	5	6	6	6	5	6	6	5	5.1
1991	5	5	4	4	5	5	6	7	7	7	6	5	5.5
1992	5	4	4	4	5	6	6	7	6	6	6	6	5.4
1993	5	5	5	5	4	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	5.4
1994	6	5	5	4	5	5	7	6	7	6	5	6	5.6
1995	5	4	5	4	4	4	6	7	7	6			5.2
Average	5.8	5.4	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.8	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7

Remarks: 1949-1960-10  
 1961-199-0.8  
 Average from 1961 to 1995

Source : PAGASA, Legazpi

Table A.2.18 Mean Monthly Sunshine Hours at Buca, Guinobatan

													Unit : hrs
Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual
1990		8.1	8.3	9.7	7.1		4.6						
1991	6.9	6.6	7.8				4.4	3.7	4.5	3.3	4.9	6.1	
1992	5.6	7.0	8.5	8.8		6.6	4.7	4.9					
1993	5.5	4.9	6.2	8.7	9.0	6.6	4.5	3.9	4.5	4.1	4.4		
1994	4.9	6.1	0.0	7.2	7.2	5.1	3.0	5.8	3.5	5.4	6.5	4.8	
1995	5.6	6.3	6.4	8.4	6.7	8.7							
Average	5.7	6.5	6.2	8.6	7.5	6.8	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.3	5.3	5.4	5.8

Source : PAGASA, Buca, Guinobatan

Table A.2.19 List of Typhoons Affected Study Area

Year	Name of Typhoon	Occurance Date		Year	Name of Typhoon	Occurance Date	
1970	Atang	Feb-23	Feb-27	1985	Kuring	Jun-20	Jun-24
	Yoning	Nov-17	Nov-20		Daling	Jun-25	Jun-29
1971	Heriming	May-25	May-27		Saling	Oct-15	Oct-20
					Tasing	Oct-23	Oct-31
1972	Konsing	Jan-23	Jan-26		Unsing	Dec-16	Dec-23
1973	Luming	Oct-02	Oct-09	1986	Pasing	Oct-16	Oct-16
1974	Bising	Jan-08	Jan-11		Weling	Nov-18	Nov-20
	Hing	Jun-22	Jul-02		Aning	Dec-20	Dec-24
	Tening	Oct-14	Oct-17	Bidang	Dec-30	Jan-01	
	Aning	Nov-04	Nov-07	1987	Herming	Aug-12	Aug-13
1976	Huaning	Jun-22	Jul-02		Sisang	Nov-25	Nov-26
					Trining	Dec-16	Dec-17
1977	Unding	Nov-10	Nov-17	1988	Asiang	Jan-14	Jan-17
1978	Atang	Apr-18	Apr-26		Unsang	Oct-23	Oct-24
	Weling	Sep-24	Sep-28		Yoning	Nov-03	Nov-09
	Yaning	Oct-07	Oct-14	1989	Rining	May-15	May-19
	Kading	Oct-25	Oct-29		Kuning	Jun-04	Jun-08
1979	Bebeng	Apr-13	Apr-19	1990	Klaring	Jun-25	Jun-27
	Etang	Jun-30	Jul-01		Gading	Aug-15	Aug-20
	Pepang	Sep-16	Sep-20		Puping	Nov-12	Nov-13
	Yayang	Nov-04	Nov-07				
1980	Nitang	Jul-19	Jul-22				
	Osang	Jul-22	Jul-27				
	Yoning	Oct-28	Oct-30				
	Aring	Nov-01	Nov-07				
1981	Yeyeng	Nov-17	Nov-21				
	Dinang	Dec-23	Dec-27				
	Daling	Jun-28	Jul-02				
1982	Miding	Aug-11	Aug-15				
	Morning	Aug-20	Sep-04				
1983	Bebeng	Aug-11	Aug-15				
	Herming	Sep-24	Sep-26				
	Warling	Nov-23	Nov-26				
1984	Nitang	Aug-31	Sep-03				
	Undang	Nov-01	Nov-06				
	Welpring	Nov-14	Nov-16				
	Yoning	Nov-18	Nov-21				

Source : PAGASA, Legazpi

Table A.2.20 Interpolated Monthly Rainfall at Guisobatan

Year	Unit: mm												
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
1949	44.1	8.9	72.9	92.7	117.3	154.7	277.9	163.3	277.2	269.6	291.8	472.5	2251.8
1950	293.7	96.4	175.0	31.2	75.0	266.3	253.8	177.4	502.5	214.7	250.2	114.4	2450.5
1951	125.3	62.7	30.2	154.6	300.7	307.5	246.9	238.5	242.3	193.4	317.8	349.4	2568.7
1952	253.0	132.2	89.3	109.7	19.1	181.5	333.6	323.8	167.4	250.2	202.0	422.8	2473.7
1953	128.4	92.0	84.1	45.1	34.0	252.9	260.2	200.6	230.3	368.3	285.9	336.7	2318.6
1954	116.6	54.7	295.6	42.8	258.1	187.4	260.5	255.7	177.4	217.5	309.7	609.8	2785.9
1955	237.2	45.4	75.1	139.0	102.8	293.0	273.1	270.4	258.3	262.4	417.3	160.4	2534.3
1956	100.5	166.3	140.1	454.5	150.2	136.7	450.7	230.1	398.6	140.4	376.9	778.8	3543.8
1957	245.8	67.0	79.0	175.4	27.3	229.8	272.1	375.9	254.7	283.0	251.7	97.8	2156.8
1958	161.7	91.8	93.0	21.1	121.5	194.8	245.1	274.5	329.9	851.4	286.4	66.0	2767.2
1959	143.9	97.3	204.2	35.4	239.5	120.0	303.3	240.7	248.1	340.2	474.5	595.2	3052.0
1960	106.8	99.6	53.8	250.3	254.7	270.5	273.3	208.9	267.0	569.0	378.1	204.3	2936.3
1961	13.7	17.5	67.8	32.2	234.3	209.8	335.5	254.5	194.5	323.6	169.6	112.4	1954.4
1962	123.4	92.5	113.0	39.8	339.5	356.0	400.8	250.8	338.0	91.5	329.8	77.2	2552.3
1963	12.9	55.5	11.4	15.4	117.6	365.1	152.7	594.5	248.4	154.0	175.6	185.8	2119.9
1964	146.8	65.7	56.9	160.5	50.7	248.7	127.8	168.1	412.8	230.6	269.8	426.4	2354.8
1965	249.7	76.8	57.2	181.0	172.7	364.9	561.9	186.3	277.5	187.8	207.9	271.8	2725.5
1966	226.9	35.1	66.7	28.9	178.7	152.2	328.2	158.1	190.4	260.9	369.4	569.3	2564.8
1967	419.4	90.2	96.8	72.1	42.1	108.1	317.0	243.4	427.1	172.0	26.0	61.1	2175.8
1968	128.9	74.1	22.9	7.1	0.0	184.1	235.8	240.3	854.0	819.9	399.0	488.3	3374.5
1969	183.8	97.5	10.4	16.4	68.3	328.0	179.1	315.4	315.4	81.3	190.1	347.0	2029.9
1970	125.1	215.3	164.2	66.2	43.6	110.6	506.5	376.8	269.3	568.4	528.6	221.8	3116.4
1971	255.6	170.7	210.4	150.2	460.4	217.3	429.3	107.6	135.8	400.1	180.6	593.6	3283.1
1972	480.7	33.8	141.4	21.5	134.9	364.0	275.1	372.1	245.2	75.2	228.4	238.4	2548.7
1973	116.9	11.3	21.9	10.2	60.2	157.7	144.3	447.8	252.8	545.9	492.4	745.2	3006.6
1974	57.9	150.7	39.0	71.7	89.5	473.6	425.4	98.3	98.4	445.0	356.7	359.1	2526.3
1975	190.0	41.9	8.2	186.2	68.4	220.5	303.6	208.1	289.2	199.3	233.8	1006.4	2955.6
1976	288.6	83.6	115.4	11.6	532.8	501.8	132.0	342.7	323.7	146.5	257.2	593.4	3131.3
1977	105.3	98.7	12.7	56.5	166.3	72.8	419.1	307.5	339.8	8.6	352.8	25.2	1970.3
1978	21.9	12.0	92.4	124.8	156.7	297.9	239.1	310.9	234.2	348.0	61.3	204.6	2104.8
1979	36.2	8.6	11.6	265.0	172.1	248.9	283.5	347.4	501.5	199.8	141.2	198.0	2416.8
1980	146.5	27.3	83.9	34.6	51.8	237.5	461.5	309.1	181.2	157.6	66.7	46.3	1695.0
1981	181.7	68.9	18.6	82.7	191.3	767.8	85.6	122.7	162.8	99.3	197.9	198.0	2137.2
1982	108.1	268.2	119.2	35.3	190.0	149.8	368.1	336.0	784.0	195.9	124.2	110.3	2787.1
1983	8.6	1.0	5.2	9.2	0.0	127.2	322.3	158.4	301.8	245.6	269.6	298.6	1747.5
1984	201.7	80.2	95.6	0.0	75.3	353.0	270.9	322.5	226.3	348.9	344.3	81.4	2401.3
1985	151.7	76.2	74.9	106.4	105.5	269.1	354.0	129.0	280.0	316.6	280.9	143.4	2257.8
1986	110.6	63.0	33.2	245.1	59.3	215.6	283.2	227.8	304.1	371.6	220.4	72.5	2212.4
1987	50.2	25.0	9.7	54.9	16.0	185.2	316.0	247.1	249.0	218.1	340.5	396.0	2107.7
1988	131.1	48.7	29.9	185.4	85.6	217.7	274.7	145.3	208.7	507.0	433.0	168.5	2415.5
1989	228.5	293.8	145.3	159.0	216.2	356.3	268.6	224.7	346.0	213.7	180.5	237.9	2920.4
1990	180.4	18.4	12.0	20.9	175.9	438.8	293.4	253.8	159.9	262.8	319.4	127.3	2262.7
1991	36.6	14.7	116.8	51.2	65.1	376.0	296.1	340.1	236.8	154.6	293.0	164.3	2144.3
1992	100.2	21.7	12.5	35.7	94.1	146.7	356.6	177.1	256.0	191.3	284.1	210.4	1806.4
1993	70.8	55.0	48.4	25.6	49.8	152.7	563.4	531.5	315.2	269.3	450.2	573.3	3180.2
1994	284.9	22.1	69.0	181.1	206.0	242.9	497.6	154.8	354.2	164.8	28.0	392.5	2607.9
1995	22.5	43.4	17.5	54.1	113.0	201.6	373.8	332.1	395.6	238.9			
Average	153.7	75.4	75.5	90.5	137.8	249.1	314.3	257.8	299.3	281.5	273.7	306.8	2517.3

Source: JICA Team's Estimate

Table A.2.21 Estimated Monthly Rainfall in the Study Area

Year	Unit: mm												
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
1949	71.6	19.0	125.1	133.9	135.2	123.7	228.7	141.7	257.2	290.1	414.1	590.5	2530.9
1950	436.4	162.2	284.9	56.3	91.1	262.8	195.6	159.3	518.0	218.3	333.1	168.2	2886.3
1951	190.3	107.2	58.4	200.4	326.7	314.2	184.8	235.5	216.8	190.5	455.9	441.6	2925.2
1952	375.5	220.8	150.8	147.9	32.8	157.2	291.7	341.8	130.1	264.8	245.5	530.8	2889.6
1953	194.7	155.1	142.6	72.6	48.4	246.1	264.4	188.2	202.9	419.1	397.8	429.6	2701.6
1954	177.6	94.0	473.5	69.9	282.2	164.4	204.8	256.9	141.7	222.1	441.1	750.6	3278.7
1955	353.8	78.9	128.6	182.2	120.1	296.1	222.1	275.1	235.3	280.7	676.5	222.3	3031.7
1956	184.0	193.4	232.6	476.1	219.7	111.9	312.2	240.9	457.4	175.8	435.1	608.2	3813.1
1957	305.2	79.8	123.9	183.6	95.5	212.7	232.1	298.5	247.5	311.2	292.2	172.0	2553.9
1958	252.2	163.9	201.8	48.0	133.3	197.6	240.2	297.4	258.6	825.2	359.6	81.3	3638.8
1959	199.0	194.5	307.9	54.3	283.9	96.3	230.3	227.3	212.3	293.8	492.8	604.2	3196.3
1960	152.0	176.1	68.5	280.4	275.5	333.4	233.1	202.9	288.0	526.2	447.3	220.4	3203.3
1961	57.2	33.2	92.9	81.4	202.3	247.0	271.3	299.8	177.3	311.9	222.9	194.4	2191.2
1962	201.8	136.9	138.4	65.8	372.3	249.3	306.9	296.9	400.0	133.2	369.9	125.3	2856.6
1963	47.9	106.8	28.2	28.7	132.0	328.5	201.1	663.9	184.7	163.4	290.7	271.1	2446.7
1964	225.9	159.5	76.8	297.9	108.4	200.0	187.4	212.7	354.1	215.4	314.8	534.8	2886.9
1965	278.5	177.5	150.0	134.7	181.2	338.4	529.2	247.4	267.3	253.0	347.3	404.4	3259.4
1966	409.5	69.9	111.3	58.4	197.5	159.9	376.4	183.6	228.6	330.6	410.7	691.9	3228.2
1967	455.0	119.8	156.1	105.8	44.7	115.2	225.5	340.8	310.5	195.9	399.7	171.1	2634.9
1968	266.1	76.3	70.6	28.2	9.7	160.3	170.9	237.7	587.7	468.7	334.4	295.0	2705.5
1969	114.5	60.8	41.8	80.1	50.0	185.2	265.7	173.6	379.5	119.9	261.9	441.7	2174.4
1970	197.4	272.6	198.2	119.2	89.1	157.1	432.4	490.7	244.4	554.3	643.4	370.5	3699.1
1971	323.5	239.2	316.9	129.1	434.4	203.6	411.8	138.5	154.4	437.0	251.3	714.8	3754.2
1972	570.0	83.4	204.3	58.7	143.0	378.5	224.9	336.4	236.8	130.5	420.1	324.4	3109.8
1973	143.1	56.3	82.5	59.4	29.5	170.5	230.8	382.2	219.0	528.5	633.0	861.8	3416.0
1974	147.9	244.8	65.7	68.7	169.9	496.3	432.0	129.8	88.5	451.8	461.2	438.8	3193.2
1975	273.4	136.3	65.1	281.2	109.9	187.4	250.1	218.3	303.9	169.3	303.4	1277.6	3565.7
1976	478.7	124.8	183.6	58.3	477.9	256.1	143.7	366.7	269.5	220.6	333.6	719.3	3632.5
1977	172.3	158.0	79.8	85.3	205.8	90.1	398.6	270.6	365.7	114.2	505.0	100.4	2545.7
1978	40.0	51.4	122.5	124.1	181.8	295.1	216.3	348.2	293.8	453.7	161.3	349.1	2637.1
1979	87.0	124.9	49.8	268.9	450.7	275.6	264.2	247.9	483.1	217.4	273.0	223.2	2616.4
1980	184.6	158.2	191.0	60.4	58.1	386.7	380.0	275.5	232.0	405.0	190.0	187.4	2688.6
1981	302.7	118.7	40.2	116.4	165.0	558.7	162.2	189.2	257.7	295.3	520.4	337.9	3074.1
1982	167.7	307.3	154.7	78.4	185.3	142.7	379.9	293.2	676.3	220.7	255.1	252.6	3143.7
1983	72.9	6.2	19.3	30.7	11.0	205.4	427.6	135.6	285.6	258.7	368.2	384.8	2206.4
1984	302.0	135.8	160.7	16.9	91.4	309.6	219.1	340.2	198.3	393			

Table A.3.1 Monthly Discharge Data at Nasisi Station

RIVER : NASISIR		STA. ID 05SW131233PW026		LOCATION: NASISI, LIGAO		DRAINAGE AREA 39.00 KM2		ALBAY		Unit m <sup>3</sup> /sec			
Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Mean
1951	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	3.48	3.16	***
1952	2.16	2.58	2.06	1.49	1.18	0.93	0.86	0.87	2.37	2.53	1.20	2.35	1.72
1953	1.99	1.76	2.02	1.53	1.22	1.18	1.37	1.64	1.88	1.29	1.80	2.76	1.70
1954	2.06	1.35	1.74	1.31	1.01	0.76	0.91	1.11	1.10	1.34	3.29	2.99	1.58
1955	5.24	4.00	2.31	2.29	1.52	1.35	1.29	1.27	1.40	1.75	2.43	2.24	2.26
1956	1.99	2.06	2.26	2.02	1.26	0.99	1.30	1.49	2.53	2.00	2.72	5.01	2.14
1957	5.05	2.75	2.57	2.45	2.24	1.55	1.07	1.21	1.52	2.11	3.06	2.48	2.34
1958	2.26	1.80	1.64	1.38	1.45	1.62	1.83	1.95	1.65	2.88	1.43	1.32	1.77
1959	1.48	1.70	2.52	2.57	3.20	2.87	1.89	1.57	1.53	2.06	2.47	1.98	2.15
1960	1.01	0.87	0.90	1.65	1.98	5.06	1.92	1.74	2.45	2.89	3.25	2.98	2.23
1961	3.15	1.97	2.27	1.77	2.00	1.64	1.99	1.69	1.53	1.66	2.02	2.48	2.01
1962	2.33	2.12	2.18	1.80	2.51	1.76	1.85	1.90	1.81	1.66	3.78	2.03	2.14
1963	1.49	2.10	1.57	1.41	1.40	2.62	1.37	2.93	1.82	1.76	2.08	1.76	1.86
1964	2.42	1.65	1.44	1.43	1.39	2.04	1.69	1.75	2.63	1.29	1.75	3.85	1.94
1965	4.00	2.62	1.66	1.33	1.39	1.27	1.32	1.28	1.36	1.31	1.28	1.53	1.70
1966	1.46	1.31	1.29	1.25	1.28	1.29	1.32	1.46	1.27	1.18	1.48	2.74	1.44
1967	2.70	3.04	2.51	3.01	2.21	2.14	2.18	1.78	1.02	1.49	1.51	0.86	2.04
1968	1.76	1.76	1.44	1.41	1.19	1.39	1.39	1.51	2.44	1.41	6.61	1.64	2.00
1969	0.92	0.86	1.06	0.78	0.84	0.82	1.07	0.93	1.08	1.11	1.22	3.29	1.17
1970	0.93	0.90	0.81	0.68	0.66	0.61	0.60	***	0.60	2.02	0.71	0.73	***
1971	0.72	0.79	1.04	0.57	0.93	0.79	0.88	***	0.59	1.24	1.74	3.11	***
1972	11.42	1.14	1.18	0.85	0.70	1.11	0.91	1.82	2.00	2.09	2.78	3.67	2.47
1973	2.94	2.24	2.05	1.96	1.73	1.71	1.73	2.01	1.67	3.05	8.43	12.70	3.52
1974	4.60	3.87	2.36	1.68	***	***	3.35	2.02	1.79	2.33	4.59	5.27	***
1975	0.29	0.31	0.32	1.11	1.76	1.34	2.23	2.86	2.75	2.09	1.71	6.16	1.91
1976	1.27	1.29	1.08	1.17	1.03	1.14	1.26	2.09	2.84	***	***	***	***
1977	2.47	3.22	2.65	2.89	2.75	2.36	2.15	1.36	1.42	1.56	1.56	1.40	2.15
1978	3.14	2.74	5.55	5.86	5.34	4.41	***	***	***	5.40	5.36	***	***
Average	2.64	1.96	1.87	1.76	1.70	1.72	1.53	1.68	1.73	1.98	2.73	3.10	2.03

Source : NWRB

Table A.3.2 Monthly Discharge Data at Ugsong Station

RIVER : UGSONG R.		STA. ID 05SW131233PW028		LOCATION: BENANUAN, LIGAO		DRAINAGE AREA 11.00 KM2		ALBAY		Unit m <sup>3</sup> /sec			
Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Mean
1955	1.97	1.39	1.28	1.41	1.24	1.26	1.23	1.24	1.28	1.44	1.96	1.27	1.41
1956	1.02	1.16	1.36	1.88	2.04	1.78	2.29	0.82	3.80	8.09	4.67	2.90	2.65
1957	2.47	2.07	1.95	1.89	5.69	1.51	1.49	3.80	2.62	2.58	2.48	1.90	2.54
1958	2.07	1.80	1.99	1.99	1.46	1.80	1.77	1.82	2.21	3.20	2.60	1.42	2.01
1959	1.08	0.98	1.43	1.16	1.19	0.73	1.27	1.44	1.59	2.18	2.02	1.18	1.35
1960	0.45	0.53	0.51	***	***	6.01	1.36	2.01	4.34	5.40	4.25	0.94	***
1961	0.84	0.41	1.22	0.86	0.93	0.73	0.79	0.99	0.75	1.42	1.10	1.20	0.94
1962	1.03	0.87	0.21	0.28	1.04	5.21	1.52	1.08	0.53	0.67	1.24	0.50	1.18
1963	0.13	0.31	0.06	0.04	0.03	1.06	0.55	0.34	0.68	1.03	1.47	0.50	0.52
1964	1.68	0.14	0.57	***	0.62	0.26	0.07	0.20	0.28	1.84	1.43	1.12	***
1965	0.95	0.30	0.26	0.07	0.20	0.35	1.04	0.65	1.02	0.93	1.83	1.73	0.78
1966	2.41	2.85	0.19	0.05	0.37	0.55	0.86	0.57	0.56	0.22	0.68	0.73	0.84
1967	0.56	0.10	***	0.53	0.25	0.02	0.37	0.37	0.53	0.51	1.17	0.51	***
1968	1.01	0.50	0.52	0.57	0.64	0.28	0.05	0.07	1.54	1.75	2.15	1.85	0.91
1969	1.08	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.38	0.72	0.55	0.48	0.32	0.61	0.66	0.41
1970	0.07	1.00	0.06	0.09	0.08	0.06	0.25	0.69	0.27	0.79	0.75	0.76	0.41
1971	0.33	0.25	0.36	0.02	0.61	0.54	0.50	0.03	0.12	1.37	1.21	2.75	0.67
1972	0.93	0.02	0.14	0.38	0.33	1.00	0.87	1.02	0.89	0.80	0.97	0.68	0.67
1973	0.47	0.28	0.10	0.23	0.36	0.35	0.81	1.60	0.90	0.90	0.95	2.56	0.79
1974	0.63	1.36	0.82	0.33	0.40	1.43	1.33	0.59	1.43	1.93	2.49	***	***
1975	***	***	***	1.25	0.66	0.28	1.71	1.30	1.90	2.26	2.42	3.69	***
1976	0.80	0.50	0.25	0.36	0.34	0.58	0.49	0.82	0.67	0.34	0.59	1.93	0.64
1977	1.16	1.26	1.05	0.93	0.76	1.04	1.16	0.86	0.98	0.76	1.22	0.77	1.00
1978	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1979	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1980	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1981	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1982	***	1.69	1.40	1.48	1.61	1.73	1.94	1.86	2.06	2.08	2.14	1.84	***
1983	1.37	1.24	1.15	1.20	1.00	***	1.57	1.39	1.39	1.47	1.29	1.55	***
1984	1.52	1.32	1.37	1.16	1.32	1.48	1.44	1.61	1.64	***	***	***	***
1985	1.67	1.39	1.46	1.55	1.48	1.47	***	***	***	***	1.50	1.51	***
1986	1.59	1.47	1.45	1.48	1.42	***	1.54	1.56	***	***	***	***	***
1987	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1988	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1989	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Average	1.13	0.93	0.81	0.82	0.97	1.23	1.07	1.08	1.33	1.77	1.74	1.46	1.19

Source : NWRB

Table A.3.3 Monthly Discharge Data at Cumadcad Station

RIVER : CUMADCAD R. STA. ID 05SW125234PW034 LOCATION: CUMADCAD, CASTILLA		DRAINAGE AREA 13.00 KM2 SORSOGON											Unit:m <sup>3</sup> /sec
Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Mean
1957	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	1.07	0.93	1.27	0.35	***
1958	0.50	0.34	0.67	0.18	0.12	0.09	0.21	0.48	1.08	3.43	2.30	0.88	0.86
1959	0.58	1.15	1.37	0.27	0.16	0.11	2.10	0.23	0.31	0.19	1.11	2.38	0.83
1960	1.25	1.05	0.56	0.53	0.57	3.42	0.60	0.51	0.86	2.93	3.12	1.00	1.37
1961	0.46	0.20	0.11	0.07	0.10	0.44	1.02	0.18	0.99	1.06	1.70	0.96	0.61
1962	1.37	0.89	1.00	0.42	0.95	0.74	1.39	1.51	1.83	1.20	1.48	1.18	1.16
1963	0.64	0.65	0.30	0.16	0.13	0.25	0.66	1.68	0.97	0.85	1.51	0.97	0.73
1964	0.69	0.97	0.39	0.50	0.54	0.33	0.64	0.37	0.57	0.44	1.85	3.19	0.87
1965	0.96	0.88	0.69	0.24	0.50	0.62	0.89	0.73	0.47	0.85	1.50	2.18	0.88
1966	1.33	0.19	0.20	0.16	0.14	0.10	0.55	0.53	0.86	1.00	1.97	2.40	0.79
1967	4.83	0.77	0.76	0.10	0.06	0.06	0.14	0.94	1.42	0.55	1.09	0.36	0.92
1968	1.06	0.48	0.15	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.22	0.69	0.39	0.38	0.90	0.36	0.40
1969	0.06	0.08	0.05	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.10	0.36	0.93	0.38	1.08	***	***
1970	***	0.73	0.51	0.41	0.16	0.16	1.06	1.38	1.02	1.88	0.95	1.56	***
1971	1.21	1.73	0.52	0.09	0.43	0.32	0.98	0.10	0.44	0.73	0.59	2.68	0.82
1972	2.40	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1973	***	***	***	0.19	0.10	0.08	0.13	0.30	0.72	1.70	1.59	3.89	***
1974	1.31	1.04	0.41	0.26	0.28	0.92	1.08	0.78	0.57	0.98	***	***	***
1975	2.02	0.50	0.40	0.53	0.37	0.40	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1976	1.81	0.54	0.52	0.29	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1977	***	***	***	***	0.36	0.26	***	***	***	***	***	0.76	***
1978	0.88	0.28	0.22	0.17	0.12	0.83	0.62	***	***	***	***	***	***
1979	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1980	***	***	***	***	***	***	1.28	1.15	1.63	2.39	2.27	1.60	***
1981	1.92	0.68	0.24	0.14	0.16	0.20	1.92	1.47	1.15	2.29	3.92	***	***
1982	2.13	2.72	1.08	1.07	1.14	0.53	1.27	0.81	4.59	0.65	1.09	1.22	1.52
1983	0.31	0.15	0.06	0.02	0.03	0.07	1.20	0.49	0.87	1.23	3.16	4.75	1.03
1984	2.25	1.30	1.20	0.31	0.11	0.50	0.75	0.85	1.87	1.11	1.82	1.62	1.14
1985	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1986	2.99	2.05	0.56	1.29	0.67	0.71	2.46	1.47	0.52	4.05	2.94	2.16	1.82
1987	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1988	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1989	***	5.05	1.81	0.70	1.38	***	0.44	0.45	0.42	1.33	0.79	2.49	***
Average	1.43	1.02	0.57	0.33	0.34	0.47	0.90	0.76	1.07	1.35	1.74	1.77	0.98

Source : NWRB

Table A.3.4 Monthly Discharge Data at Malbog Station

RIVER : MALBOG R. STA. ID 05SW125234PW035 LOCATION: CUMADCAD, CASTILLA		DRAINAGE AREA 8.00 KM2 SORSOGON											Unit:m <sup>3</sup> /sec
Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Mean
1955	***	***	***	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.05	1.67	0.09	***
1956	0.54	0.75	0.70	0.52	0.20	0.19	0.36	0.49	1.21	0.53	1.64	1.66	0.73
1957	1.29	0.31	0.26	0.36	0.16	0.13	0.95	0.54	0.61	0.53	0.81	0.26	0.52
1958	0.31	0.25	0.34	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.26	0.45	0.75	1.64	1.17	0.50	0.49
1959	0.12	0.43	0.52	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.18	0.28	0.35	0.13	0.80	1.74	0.40
1960	0.77	0.55	0.18	0.11	0.13	***	***	***	1.00	1.51	1.85	0.98	***
1961	0.41	0.19	0.14	0.09	0.19	0.50	0.87	0.19	0.72	0.73	1.09	0.65	0.48
1962	0.69	0.36	0.52	0.12	0.34	0.24	0.65	0.82	0.96	0.80	1.11	0.78	0.62
1963	0.29	0.23	0.12	0.06	0.07	0.30	0.36	0.82	0.73	0.33	0.85	0.55	0.39
1964	0.29	0.43	0.09	0.13	0.16	0.18	0.48	0.12	0.26	0.28	1.56	2.77	0.56
1965	0.96	0.69	0.63	0.16	0.24	0.81	0.91	0.46	0.68	1.53	1.81	2.27	0.93
1966	2.06	0.19	0.14	0.10	0.13	0.12	0.92	0.80	0.67	1.95	2.48	2.56	1.01
1967	4.00	0.23	0.25	0.08	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.72	0.71	0.44	2.16	0.42	0.76
1968	1.05	0.34	0.11	0.06	0.07	0.02	0.07	0.27	0.23	0.19	0.20	0.09	0.23
1969	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1970	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1971	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1972	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Average	0.98	0.38	0.31	0.15	0.14	0.21	0.47	0.46	0.64	0.76	1.37	1.09	0.58

Source : NWRB

Table A.3.5 Monthly Discharge Data at Pilir Station

RIVER : PILIR		STA. ID 05SW125235PW036 LOCATION: SAN ISIDRO, CASTILLA SORSOGON											Unit m <sup>3</sup> /sec	
DRAINAGE AREA 18.00 KM <sup>2</sup>														
Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Mean	
1953	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	5.86	***
1954	3.58	1.34	3.06	0.40	0.21	0.10	0.15	0.24	0.78	1.32	3.82	4.75	1.65	
1955	5.28	0.94	1.04	0.46	0.23	0.12	0.21	0.27	0.45	0.73	3.27	2.11	1.26	
1956	1.07	1.34	1.81	1.04	0.33	0.18	0.36	0.86	1.96	1.00	2.74	4.66	1.43	
1957	6.54	1.47	0.80	1.16	0.52	0.19	0.80	0.63	0.88	0.90	1.27	1.13	1.36	
1958	1.39	1.35	***	0.45	0.19	0.11	0.19	***	0.36	3.91	2.38	1.57	***	
1959	1.55	0.78	1.72	0.46	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.01	0.52	5.61	0.90	
1960	2.11	1.16	0.52	0.04	0.05	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	
1961	1.38	0.40	0.12	0.08	0.12	0.28	0.33	0.22	0.33	0.63	1.83	1.60	0.61	
1962	1.20	***	2.16	0.30	0.80	0.35	0.23	0.62	0.34	0.33	1.01	1.07	***	
1963	0.83	1.17	0.05	0.02	0.04	0.21	0.18	1.62	1.10	0.25	0.67	0.59	0.56	
1964	0.42	1.16	0.58	0.24	0.85	0.37	0.36	0.09	0.30	0.80	0.80	2.76	0.73	
1965	2.42	1.21	1.16	0.23	0.60	0.50	1.42	0.31	0.70	0.76	1.23	3.09	1.14	
1966	4.09	0.45	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.14	0.18	0.65	3.95	4.16	1.16	
1967	4.26	1.27	1.46	0.16	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.27	0.27	0.27	4.75	0.19	1.08	
1968	0.21	***	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.17	0.01	0.04	***	***	***	
1969	***	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	***	0.02	0.08	0.06	0.10	***	***	***	
1970	***	1.07	***	***	0.14	0.18	0.40	***	***	***	0.89	***	***	
1971	2.22	3.25	***	0.40	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	
1972	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	
Average	2.41	1.15	0.97	0.32	0.25	0.18	0.30	0.40	0.52	0.78	2.08	2.80	1.01	

Source : NWRB

Table A.3.6 Monthly Discharge Data at Cawayan Station

RIVER : CAWAYAN R.		STA. ID 05SW125235PW037 LOCATION: BASUD, SORSOGON											Unit m <sup>3</sup> /sec
DRAINAGE AREA 15.00 KM <sup>2</sup>													
Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Mean
1954	1.55	1.16	2.71	0.67	0.50	0.39	0.32	0.31	0.30	0.31	1.03	8.10	1.45
1955	7.11	0.69	0.56	0.45	0.36	0.30	0.36	0.34	0.35	1.98	1.98	2.30	1.40
1956	1.30	3.09	2.69	1.88	1.11	0.89	0.96	1.01	1.46	1.42	1.43	3.94	1.77
1957	5.88	2.27	1.15	1.20	0.64	0.52	0.55	0.57	0.58	0.63	1.22	1.10	1.36
1958	1.92	1.92	2.76	0.98	0.68	0.51	0.53	0.53	0.64	2.48	6.21	3.89	1.92
1959	6.32	5.12	3.36	0.78	0.53	0.39	0.39	0.34	0.29	0.33	***	3.38	***
1960	1.51	1.21	1.04	0.75	0.82	1.62	0.50	0.47	0.47	3.27	3.17	2.92	1.48
1961	2.36	1.76	1.37	1.27	0.94	0.83	0.87	0.69	0.74	0.62	1.41	1.09	1.16
1962	1.49	1.45	1.16	0.72	2.09	2.02	***	2.52	2.51	1.83	2.29	2.40	***
1963	4.32	5.32	3.34	2.05	1.98	2.04	1.97	1.50	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.20	2.19
1964	1.37	1.48	1.36	1.58	1.62	1.10	1.28	0.94	0.87	0.82	1.78	4.32	1.54
1965	5.69	1.59	0.91	0.81	0.74	0.60	0.67	0.58	0.57	0.63	0.88	1.19	1.24
1966	1.57	1.05	0.89	0.89	0.55	0.52	0.58	0.68	0.62	0.60	0.75	0.98	0.81
1967	0.83	0.32	0.33	0.24	0.21	0.20	0.24	0.20	0.24	0.22	0.95	0.64	0.39
1968	0.68	0.65	0.70	0.65	0.61	0.44	0.41	0.46	***	0.18	0.21	0.24	***
1969	0.22	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.07	0.03	0.08	0.15	0.29	0.29	0.28	1.19	0.25
1970	***	***	0.95	0.95	0.82	0.75	0.79	***	0.77	0.86	0.92	0.10	***
1971	1.09	1.62	2.18	0.76	1.01	1.35	1.03	0.90	0.90	***	1.00	2.72	***
1972	2.83	0.51	0.39	0.36	0.33	0.38	0.22	0.22	0.09	0.08	0.15	0.21	0.48
1973	0.11	0.17	***	***	0.10	0.04	***	0.14	0.16	0.25	0.26	0.47	***
1974	0.19	0.78	0.60	0.69	0.32	0.19	0.16	0.17	0.06	0.13	0.75	0.80	0.40
1975	***	***	***	***	0.36	0.20	0.23	0.31	***	***	0.43	3.55	***
1976	6.01	1.95	0.93	0.32	0.54	0.52	0.24	0.40	0.23	***	***	***	***
1977	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1978	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1979	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1980	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
1981	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	1.10	1.50	3.64	7.07	4.81	***
1982	***	5.02	***	***	***	***	9.39	***	1.46	***	15.44	15.70	***
Average	2.59	1.79	1.41	0.66	0.74	0.69	0.99	0.63	0.69	1.02	2.20	2.80	1.37

Source : NWRB









**Table A.3.13 Water Quality Criteria for Class GA Water**

Quantity Parameter	Specification
1 Total Solids	500 mg/l
2 pH	6.5 - 8.5
3 Bacteria	Bacteria of the coliform group shall not exceed a monthly geometric average Most Probable Number (MPN) of 50 per 100 ml.
4 Phenolic Substances	0.001 mg/l
5 Radioactive Substances	
Ra-226	
Sr-90	
Beta Emitter	
6 Trace Elements	Not to exceed the following
Arsenic	0.05 mg/l
Barium	1 mg/l
Cadmium	0.01 mg/l
Chromium	0.05 mg/l
Copper	1 mg/l
Cyanide	0.05 mg/l
Fluoride	0.06 mg/l
Iron	1 mg/l
Lead	0.05 mg/l
Manganese	0.5 mg/l
Mercury	0.002 mg/l
Selenium	0.05 mg/l
Silver	0.05 mg/l
Zinc	5 mg/l
7 Organic Chemicals	
Synthetic Detergents (MBAS)	Nil
Oil and Grease	Nil
8 Persistent Pesticides	
Aldrin	0.001 mg/l
DDT	0.05 mg/l
Dieldrin	0.001 mg/l
Chlordane	0.003 mg/l
Endrin	0.0002 mg/l
Heptachlor	0.0001 mg/l
Lindane	0.004 mg/l
Toxaphane	0.005 mg/l
Methoxychlor	0.1 mg/l
2, 4-D	0.1 mg/l
2, 4, 5-TP	0.01 mg/l
PCB	Nil
9 Other Chemicals	
Calcium	75 mg/l
Chloride	200 mg/l
Magnesium	50 mg/l
Nitrate	30 mg/l
Sulfate	200 mg/l

Source : Rules & Regulations of the National Pollution Commissions (1978), Section 69

Remark : Values in bold follows the Philippine Standards for Drinking Water (1978)

**Table A.3.14 Water Quality Criteria for Class D Water**

Quantity Parameter	Specification
1 Temperature	The maximum rise above natural temperature shall not exceed 3 C outside the mixing zones as determined by the Commission.
2 Dissolved Oxygen	Not less than 3 mg/l
3 Transparaancy	1 m
4 Total Dissolved Soilds	Not more than 1000 mg/l
5 pH	6.0 - 8.5
6 Trace Elements	Not to exceed the following
Aluminium	5 mg/l
Arsenic	0.01 mg/l
Beryllium	0.01 mg/l
Boron	0.75 mg/l
Cadmium	0.01 mg/l
Chromium	0.1 mg/l
Cobalt	0.05 mg/l
Copper	0.2 mg/l
Cyanide	1 mg/l
Fluoride	5 mg/l
Iron	5 mg/l
Lead	2.5 mg/l
Lithium	0.2 mg/l
Manganese	0.01 mg/l
Molybdenum	0.2 mg/l
Nickel	0.02 mg/l
Vanadium	0.1 mg/l
Zinc	2 mg/l
7 Sodium Absorption Ratio (SAR)	8.0 - 13.0
8 Organic Chemicals Oil and Grease	5 ml/l
9 Nutrients	Shall not be present in amounts to cause delerious or abnormal biotic growth

Source : Rules & Regulations of the National Pollution COmissions (1978), Section 69

Table A.3.15 Results of Water Quality Test for Surface Waters

No.	Barangay Municipality	pH	Temperature	Electric Conductivity	Total Dissolved Solids	Chloride	Fluoride	Calcium	Magnesium	Dissolved Oxygen	NO <sub>3</sub> as N	PO <sub>4</sub> as P
			C	(ms/cm)	(g/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)
1	Centro	7.6	34.8	0.31	0.16	8	0.50	29.7	15.0	8.9	0.31	0.81
2	Tinago	7.4	31.1	0.31	0.15	9	0.10	31.3	10.7	7.9	0.30	0.72
3	Centro	7.4	36.2	0.34	0.17	12	0.07	32.9	13.1	9.1	0.30	0.84
4	Ligban	7.5	32.6	0.34	0.14	11	0.05	35.3	12.6	8.4	0.30	0.76
5	Tagaytay	7.6	32.3	0.34	0.18	11	0.40	36.9	13.6	8.1	0.31	0.75
6	Taladong	7.4	30.2	0.41	0.21	6	0.10	59.3	17.0	7.6	0.30	0.70
7	Taladong	7.4	32.9	0.10	0.05	8	0.20	53.7	12.6	8.4	0.30	0.76
8	Inarado	7.0	29.9	0.41	0.20	9	0.30	45.7	19.9	7.6	0.28	0.70
9	Comun	7.3	29.4	0.25	0.12	9	0.30	27.2	11.1	7.8	0.30	0.68
10	Gabawan	7.2	29.3	0.11	0.05	7	0.10	10.4	4.9	7.8	0.29	0.68
11	Gabawan	7.0	28.6	0.11	0.05	6	0.05	10.4	3.9	7.8	0.28	0.66
12	Bascaran	7.3	29.2	0.11	0.05	8	0.10	10.4	8.3	7.8	0.30	0.68
13	San Ramon	6.2	28.7	0.21	0.10	6	0.03	31.3	6.8	7.8	0.25	0.66
14	Gapo	7.4	29.3	0.12	0.06	7	0.40	15.2	2.9	7.8	0.30	0.68
15	Panoypoy	7.9	28.7	0.34	0.17	8	0.20	11.2	29.2	7.8	0.32	0.67
Standard Limit as per												
Class D		6.00-8.50		1.00		1				more than 3		Shall not be present
Standard Limit as per												
Class GA				250		75		50				
FAO Standards												
				0.7								

Source : JICA Team's Analysis

Remarks : Since Class D does not cover all test items, Class GA and FAO Standards are referred.

Table A.3.16 Results of Water Quality Test for Groundwater

No.	Barangay	Municipality	pH	Temperature	Electric Conductivity	Total Dissolved Solids	Chloride	Fluoride	Calcium	Magnesium	Dissolved Oxygen	BOD	Total Coliform Bacteria	Fecal Coliform Bacteria
				C	(ms/cm)	(g/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(MPN/100mL)	(MPN/100mL)
1	Ligban	Camalig	6.9	29.1	0.66	0.33	11	0.30	99.4	20.4	6.6	4.8	more than 16	more than 16
2	Tagaytay	Camalig	7.0	28.5	0.45	0.22	12	0.09	58.5	9.2	5.4	0.4	9.2	5.1
3	Baligang	Camalig	7.5	29.2	0.54	0.27	13	0.03	69.7	22.3	5.6	0.8	2.2	less than 2.2
4	Comun	Camalig	7.5	29.5	0.62	0.31	11	0.07	78.6	27.1	5.8	1.5	more than 16	16
5	Comun	Camalig	7.6	28.2	0.69	0.35	47	0.05	68.1	32.5	6.2	1.4	more than 16	more than 16
6	Del Rosario	Camalig	7.4	28.3	0.61	0.30	11	0.20	44.9	46.1	5.3	0.1	more than 16	more than 16
7	Inarado	Camalig	7.2	30.8	0.44	0.22	7	0.20	26.5	33.5	5.4	0.7	more than 16	5.1
8	Tabon Tabon	Daraga	6.9	30.2	0.44	0.23	25	0.09	22.4	18.0	8.5	1.2	more than 16	more than 16
9	Namantao	Daraga	6.9	29.6	0.62	0.32	20	0.01	97.8	24.7	8.4	0.2	more than 16	16
10	Anislag	Daraga	6.8	31.1	0.59	0.30	21	0.03	41.7	50.5	5.6	0.9	more than 16	more than 16
11	Mayon	Daraga	7.0	30.1	0.57	0.30	20	0.03	41.7	50.5	7.9	0.3	more than 16	more than 16
12	San Ramon	Daraga	7.1	29.5	0.60	0.31	18	0.01	23.2	180.2	5.1	0.6	more than 16	2.2
13	San Ramon	Daraga	6.2	29.2	0.22	0.11	9	0.03	26.4	4.9	4.1	0.4	more than 16	more than 16
14	Anislag	Daraga	6.6	31.1	0.80	0.41	68	0.01	66.5	52.4	5.3	0.3	more than 16	more than 16
15	Del Rosario	Camalig	7.7	28.6	0.78	0.39	29	0.03	26.4	76.8	11.9	4.6	more than 16	more than 16
Standard Limit as per														
Class AA 6.00-8.50 0.50 200 0.06 75 50 1 less than 2.2 less than 2.2														
Standard Limit as per														
Class D 250 75 50 more than 3														
FAO Standards 0.7														

Source : JICA Team's Analysis

Remarks : Since Class AA does not cover all test items, Class D and FAO Standards are referred.

Values in shade indicate that they exceed the standard value.

**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (1/10)**

RS Paddy 130 ha  
 DS Paddy 130 ha

Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m3)	Requirement Balance for Irrigation	
			(1000 m3)	(1000 m3)
1949	May	699.31	121.87	577.44
1949	Jun	639.55	407.72	231.83
1949	Jul	1,182.65	198.47	984.18
1949	Aug	732.64	194.99	537.65
1949	Sep	1,329.96	0.00	1,329.96
1949	Oct	1,499.95	0.00	1,499.95
1949	Nov	2,141.23	0.00	2,141.23
1949	Dec	3,053.10	139.28	2,913.82
1950	Jan	2,154.92	240.25	1,914.67
1950	Feb	801.15	327.08	474.07
1950	Mar	1,406.61	170.61	1,236.00
1950	Apr	278.13	0.00	278.13
1950	May	449.77	121.87	327.90
1950	Jun	1,297.66	407.72	889.94
1950	Jul	965.83	198.47	767.36
1950	Aug	786.65	194.99	591.66
1950	Sep	2,558.02	0.00	2,558.02
1950	Oct	1,078.05	0.00	1,078.05
1950	Nov	1,644.84	0.00	1,644.84
1950	Dec	830.42	139.28	691.14
1951	Jan	935.59	240.25	695.34
1951	Feb	526.81	327.08	199.73
1951	Mar	287.14	170.61	116.53
1951	Apr	984.89	0.00	984.89
1951	May	1,605.81	121.87	1,483.97
1951	Jun	1,544.31	407.72	1,136.59
1951	Jul	908.65	198.47	710.18
1951	Aug	1,157.49	194.99	962.50
1951	Sep	1,065.86	0.00	1,065.86
1951	Oct	936.66	0.00	936.66
1951	Nov	2,240.91	0.00	2,240.91
1951	Dec	2,185.43	139.28	2,046.15
1952	Jan	1,853.23	240.25	1,612.98
1952	Feb	1,089.76	327.08	762.68
1952	Mar	744.34	170.61	573.73
1952	Apr	730.22	0.00	730.22
1952	May	161.97	121.87	40.10
1952	Jun	775.79	407.72	368.07
1952	Jul	1,439.72	198.47	1,241.25
1952	Aug	1,686.89	194.99	1,491.90
1952	Sep	641.94	0.00	641.94
1952	Oct	1,307.12	0.00	1,307.12
1952	Nov	1,212.01	0.00	1,212.01
1952	Dec	2,619.94	139.28	2,480.66
1953	Jan	983.61	240.25	743.36
1953	Feb	783.53	327.08	456.45
1953	Mar	720.50	170.61	549.89
1953	Apr	366.72	0.00	366.72
1953	May	244.31	121.87	122.44
1953	Jun	1,243.09	407.72	835.37
1953	Jul	1,032.41	198.47	833.94
1953	Aug	950.64	194.99	755.65
1953	Sep	1,024.98	0.00	1,024.98
1953	Oct	2,117.05	0.00	2,117.05
1953	Nov	2,009.50	0.00	2,009.50
1953	Dec	2,170.02	139.28	2,030.74
1954	Jan	841.50	240.25	601.25
1954	Feb	445.46	327.08	118.38
1954	Mar	2,243.94	170.61	2,073.33
1954	Apr	331.24	0.00	331.24



**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (2/10)**

RS Paddy 130 ha  
 DS Paddy 130 ha

Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m3)	Requirement Balance for Irrigation	
			(1000 m3)	(1000 m3)
1954	May	1,337.57	121.87	1,215.70
1954	Jun	779.33	407.72	371.61
1954	Jul	970.55	198.47	772.08
1954	Aug	1,217.66	194.99	1,022.67
1954	Sep	671.44	0.00	671.44
1954	Oct	1,052.39	0.00	1,052.39
1954	Nov	2,090.52	0.00	2,090.52
1954	Dec	3,557.58	139.28	3,418.30
1955	Jan	1,718.87	240.25	1,478.62
1955	Feb	383.18	327.08	56.10
1955	Mar	624.80	170.61	454.19
1955	Apr	884.96	0.00	884.96
1955	May	583.38	121.87	461.51
1955	Jun	1,438.63	407.72	1,030.91
1955	Jul	1,079.19	198.47	880.72
1955	Aug	1,336.65	194.99	1,141.66
1955	Sep	1,143.18	0.00	1,143.18
1955	Oct	1,363.71	0.00	1,363.71
1955	Nov	3,092.34	0.00	3,092.34
1955	Dec	1,079.95	139.28	940.67
1956	Jan	832.62	240.25	592.37
1956	Feb	875.15	327.08	548.07
1956	Mar	1,052.54	170.61	881.93
1956	Apr	2,154.17	0.00	2,154.17
1956	May	993.94	121.87	872.07
1956	Jun	506.36	407.72	98.64
1956	Jul	1,412.73	198.47	1,214.26
1956	Aug	1,089.87	194.99	894.88
1956	Sep	2,069.55	0.00	2,069.55
1956	Oct	795.29	0.00	795.29
1956	Nov	1,968.87	0.00	1,968.87
1956	Dec	3,639.08	139.28	3,499.80
1957	Jan	1,572.63	240.25	1,332.38
1957	Feb	411.26	327.08	84.18
1957	Mar	638.28	170.61	467.67
1957	Apr	946.21	0.00	946.21
1957	May	491.91	121.87	370.04
1957	Jun	1,096.18	407.72	688.46
1957	Jul	1,195.90	198.47	997.43
1957	Aug	1,538.10	194.99	1,343.11
1957	Sep	1,275.52	0.00	1,275.52
1957	Oct	1,603.55	0.00	1,603.55
1957	Nov	1,505.89	0.00	1,505.89
1957	Dec	886.17	139.28	746.89
1958	Jan	1,221.50	240.25	981.25
1958	Feb	793.99	327.08	466.91
1958	Mar	977.58	170.61	806.97
1958	Apr	232.53	0.00	232.53
1958	May	645.51	121.87	523.64
1958	Jun	957.24	407.72	549.52
1958	Jul	1,163.36	198.47	964.89
1958	Aug	1,440.70	194.99	1,245.71
1958	Sep	1,252.50	0.00	1,252.50
1958	Oct	3,997.30	0.00	3,997.30
1958	Nov	1,742.02	0.00	1,742.02
1958	Dec	393.60	139.28	254.32
1959	Jan	950.39	240.25	710.14
1959	Feb	928.90	327.08	601.82
1959	Mar	1,470.62	170.61	1,300.01
1959	Apr	259.16	0.00	259.16

**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (3/10)**

RS Paddy 130 ha  
 DS Paddy 130 ha

Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m3)	Requirement Balance for Irrigation	
			(1000 m3)	(1000 m3)
1959	May	1,356.21	121.87	1,234.34
1959	Jun	460.03	407.72	52.31
1959	Jul	1,099.92	198.47	901.45
1959	Aug	1,085.59	194.99	890.60
1959	Sep	1,014.17	0.00	1,014.17
1959	Oct	1,403.50	0.00	1,403.50
1959	Nov	2,353.89	0.00	2,353.89
1959	Dec	2,886.30	139.28	2,747.02
1960	Jan	725.37	240.25	485.12
1960	Feb	840.42	327.08	513.34
1960	Mar	326.76	170.61	156.15
1960	Apr	1,338.32	0.00	1,338.32
1960	May	1,314.93	121.87	1,193.06
1960	Jun	1,591.33	407.72	1,183.61
1960	Jul	1,112.52	198.47	914.05
1960	Aug	968.36	194.99	773.37
1960	Sep	1,374.60	0.00	1,374.60
1960	Oct	2,511.95	0.00	2,511.95
1960	Nov	2,135.06	0.00	2,135.06
1960	Dec	1,052.14	139.28	912.86
1961	Jan	312.25	240.25	72.00
1961	Feb	181.13	327.08	-145.95
1961	Mar	507.58	170.61	336.97
1961	Apr	444.75	0.00	444.75
1961	May	1,105.01	121.87	983.17
1961	Jun	1,349.26	407.72	941.54
1961	Jul	1,482.03	198.47	1,283.56
1961	Aug	1,637.75	194.99	1,442.76
1961	Sep	968.72	0.00	968.72
1961	Oct	1,703.86	0.00	1,703.86
1961	Nov	1,217.59	0.00	1,217.59
1961	Dec	1,062.15	139.28	922.87
1962	Jan	996.18	240.25	755.93
1962	Feb	675.97	327.08	348.89
1962	Mar	683.37	170.61	512.76
1962	Apr	324.90	0.00	324.90
1962	May	1,838.30	121.87	1,716.43
1962	Jun	1,230.72	407.72	823.00
1962	Jul	1,959.76	198.47	1,761.29
1962	Aug	1,466.00	194.99	1,271.01
1962	Sep	1,975.07	0.00	1,975.07
1962	Oct	657.70	0.00	657.70
1962	Nov	1,826.45	0.00	1,826.45
1962	Dec	618.44	139.28	479.16
1963	Jan	250.79	240.25	10.54
1963	Feb	558.91	327.08	231.83
1963	Mar	147.39	170.61	-23.22
1963	Apr	150.00	0.00	150.00
1963	May	691.11	121.87	569.24
1963	Jun	1,719.67	407.72	1,311.95
1963	Jul	1,052.90	198.47	854.43
1963	Aug	3,475.99	194.99	3,281.00
1963	Sep	966.78	0.00	966.78
1963	Oct	855.25	0.00	855.25
1963	Nov	1,522.02	0.00	1,522.02
1963	Dec	1,419.14	139.28	1,279.86
1964	Jan	1,115.38	240.25	875.13
1964	Feb	787.53	327.08	460.45
1964	Mar	378.95	170.61	208.34
1964	Apr	1,470.63	0.00	1,470.63

**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (4/10)**

RS Paddy 130 ha  
 DS Paddy 130 ha

Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	Requirement Balance for Irrigation	
			(1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	(1000 m <sup>3</sup> )
1964	May	535.22	121.87	413.35
1964	Jun	987.25	407.72	579.53
1964	Jul	925.28	198.47	726.81
1964	Aug	1,049.95	194.99	854.96
1964	Sep	1,748.11	0.00	1,748.11
1964	Oct	1,063.28	0.00	1,063.28
1964	Nov	1,554.32	0.00	1,554.32
1964	Dec	2,638.09	139.28	2,498.81
1965	Jan	1,322.09	240.25	1,081.84
1965	Feb	652.62	327.08	325.54
1965	Mar	711.97	170.61	541.36
1965	Apr	639.56	0.00	639.56
1965	May	860.11	121.87	738.24
1965	Jun	1,606.74	407.72	1,199.02
1965	Jul	2,469.70	198.47	2,271.23
1965	Aug	1,174.43	194.99	979.44
1965	Sep	1,268.92	0.00	1,268.92
1965	Oct	1,201.02	0.00	1,201.02
1965	Nov	1,648.76	0.00	1,648.76
1965	Dec	1,919.87	139.28	1,780.59
1966	Jan	1,950.15	240.25	1,709.90
1966	Feb	332.88	327.08	5.80
1966	Mar	530.04	170.61	359.43
1966	Apr	277.88	0.00	277.88
1966	May	940.55	121.87	818.68
1966	Jun	761.25	407.72	353.53
1966	Jul	1,792.28	198.47	1,593.81
1966	Aug	874.35	194.99	679.36
1966	Sep	1,088.65	0.00	1,088.65
1966	Oct	1,574.40	0.00	1,574.40
1966	Nov	1,955.86	0.00	1,955.86
1966	Dec	3,295.01	139.28	3,155.73
1967	Jan	2,318.42	240.25	2,078.17
1967	Feb	610.50	327.08	283.42
1967	Mar	795.23	170.61	624.62
1967	Apr	539.16	0.00	539.16
1967	May	227.54	121.87	105.67
1967	Jun	586.80	407.72	179.08
1967	Jul	1,123.67	198.47	925.20
1967	Aug	1,736.71	194.99	1,541.72
1967	Sep	1,582.31	0.00	1,582.31
1967	Oct	998.31	0.00	998.31
1967	Nov	2,036.87	0.00	2,036.87
1967	Dec	871.92	139.28	732.64
1968	Jan	1,343.44	240.25	1,103.19
1968	Feb	385.21	327.08	58.13
1968	Mar	356.43	170.61	185.82
1968	Apr	142.57	0.00	142.57
1968	May	48.97	121.87	-72.90
1968	Jun	809.53	407.72	401.81
1968	Jul	862.67	198.47	664.20
1968	Aug	1,200.15	194.99	1,005.16
1968	Sep	2,966.82	0.00	2,966.82
1968	Oct	2,366.01	0.00	2,366.01
1968	Nov	1,688.01	0.00	1,688.01
1968	Dec	1,489.09	139.28	1,349.81
1969	Jan	627.53	240.25	387.28
1969	Feb	333.22	327.08	6.14
1969	Mar	228.81	170.61	58.20
1969	Apr	438.72	0.00	438.72

**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (5/10)**

RS Paddy 130 ha  
 DS Paddy 130 ha

Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	Requirement Balance for Irrigation	
			(1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	(1000 m <sup>3</sup> )
1969	May	273.76	121.87	151.89
1969	Jun	1,014.73	407.72	607.01
1969	Jul	1,455.92	198.47	1,257.45
1969	Aug	951.43	194.99	756.44
1969	Sep	2,079.61	0.00	2,079.61
1969	Oct	657.12	0.00	657.12
1969	Nov	1,435.37	0.00	1,435.37
1969	Dec	2,420.78	139.28	2,281.50
1970	Jan	902.59	240.25	662.34
1970	Feb	1,246.75	327.08	919.67
1970	Mar	906.48	170.61	735.87
1970	Apr	545.17	0.00	545.17
1970	May	407.28	121.87	285.41
1970	Jun	718.28	407.72	310.56
1970	Jul	1,977.61	198.47	1,779.14
1970	Aug	1,832.63	194.99	1,637.64
1970	Sep	1,117.55	0.00	1,117.55
1970	Oct	2,535.13	0.00	2,535.13
1970	Nov	2,942.40	0.00	2,942.40
1970	Dec	1,785.98	139.28	1,646.70
1971	Jan	1,473.18	240.25	1,232.93
1971	Feb	1,089.23	327.08	762.15
1971	Mar	1,443.12	170.61	1,272.51
1971	Apr	587.77	0.00	587.77
1971	May	1,978.28	121.87	1,856.41
1971	Jun	927.31	407.72	519.59
1971	Jul	1,875.35	198.47	1,676.88
1971	Aug	630.58	194.99	435.59
1971	Sep	703.23	0.00	703.23
1971	Oct	1,990.35	0.00	1,990.35
1971	Nov	1,144.57	0.00	1,144.57
1971	Dec	3,255.61	139.28	3,116.33
1972	Jan	2,746.46	240.25	2,506.21
1972	Feb	401.64	327.08	74.56
1972	Mar	984.23	170.61	813.62
1972	Apr	282.62	0.00	282.62
1972	May	688.84	121.87	566.97
1972	Jun	1,823.90	407.72	1,416.18
1972	Jul	1,083.74	198.47	885.27
1972	Aug	1,621.03	194.99	1,426.04
1972	Sep	1,140.84	0.00	1,140.84
1972	Oct	628.61	0.00	628.61
1972	Nov	2,024.12	0.00	2,024.12
1972	Dec	1,558.39	139.28	1,419.11
1973	Jan	669.58	240.25	429.33
1973	Feb	263.29	327.08	-63.79
1973	Mar	245.51	170.61	74.90
1973	Apr	276.63	0.00	276.63
1973	May	371.89	121.87	250.02
1973	Jun	798.07	407.72	390.35
1973	Jul	1,080.32	198.47	881.85
1973	Aug	1,788.98	194.99	1,593.99
1973	Sep	1,025.08	0.00	1,025.08
1973	Oct	2,473.54	0.00	2,473.54
1973	Nov	2,962.91	0.00	2,962.91
1973	Dec	4,033.64	139.28	3,894.36
1974	Jan	706.74	240.25	466.49
1974	Feb	1,169.78	327.08	842.70
1974	Mar	313.71	170.61	143.10
1974	Apr	328.04	0.00	328.04

Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (6/10)

RS Paddy 

	130
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 ha  
 DS Paddy 

	130
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 ha

Year	Month	Inflow	Requirement Balance for Irrigation	
		(1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	(1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	(1000 m <sup>3</sup> )
1974	May	811.87	121.87	690.00
1974	Jun	2,371.33	407.72	1,963.61
1974	Jul	2,064.13	198.47	1,865.66
1974	Aug	620.25	194.99	425.26
1974	Sep	413.34	0.00	413.34
1974	Oct	2,158.93	0.00	2,158.93
1974	Nov	2,203.85	0.00	2,203.85
1974	Dec	2,096.57	139.28	1,957.29
1975	Jan	1,263.41	240.25	1,023.16
1975	Feb	583.75	327.08	256.67
1975	Mar	300.89	170.61	130.28
1975	Apr	1,299.46	0.00	1,299.46
1975	May	507.95	121.87	386.08
1975	Jun	865.92	407.72	458.20
1975	Jul	1,155.72	198.47	957.25
1975	Aug	1,008.97	194.99	813.98
1975	Sep	1,404.61	0.00	1,404.61
1975	Oct	782.50	0.00	782.50
1975	Nov	1,402.17	0.00	1,402.17
1975	Dec	5,905.01	139.28	5,765.73
1976	Jan	2,200.72	240.25	1,960.47
1976	Feb	573.51	327.08	246.43
1976	Mar	843.83	170.61	673.22
1976	Apr	267.79	0.00	267.79
1976	May	2,197.04	121.87	2,075.17
1976	Jun	1,177.13	407.72	769.41
1976	Jul	660.40	198.47	461.93
1976	Aug	1,685.59	194.99	1,490.60
1976	Sep	1,238.74	0.00	1,238.74
1976	Oct	1,014.16	0.00	1,014.16
1976	Nov	1,533.65	0.00	1,533.65
1976	Dec	3,306.82	139.28	3,167.54
1977	Jan	889.00	240.25	648.75
1977	Feb	815.22	327.08	488.14
1977	Mar	414.74	170.61	244.13
1977	Apr	440.12	0.00	440.12
1977	May	1,061.85	121.87	939.98
1977	Jun	464.62	407.72	56.90
1977	Jul	2,056.63	198.47	1,858.16
1977	Aug	1,396.19	194.99	1,201.20
1977	Sep	1,886.87	0.00	1,886.87
1977	Oct	588.97	0.00	588.97
1977	Nov	2,605.61	0.00	2,605.61
1977	Dec	518.03	139.28	378.75
1978	Jan	203.78	240.25	-36.47
1978	Feb	261.60	327.08	-65.48
1978	Mar	623.82	170.61	453.21
1978	Apr	632.23	0.00	632.23
1978	May	925.93	121.87	804.06
1978	Jun	1,503.39	407.72	1,095.67
1978	Jul	1,101.69	198.47	903.22
1978	Aug	1,773.91	194.99	1,578.92
1978	Sep	1,496.51	0.00	1,496.51
1978	Oct	2,311.38	0.00	2,311.38
1978	Nov	821.74	0.00	821.74
1978	Dec	1,778.49	139.28	1,639.21
1979	Jan	444.21	240.25	203.96
1979	Feb	638.09	327.08	311.01
1979	Mar	208.18	170.61	37.57
1979	Apr	1,373.51	0.00	1,373.51

**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (7/10)**

RS Paddy 130 ha  
 DS Paddy 130 ha

Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m3)	Requirement for Irrigation (1000 m3)	Balance (1000 m3)
1979	May	769.90	121.87	648.03
1979	Jun	1,407.99	407.72	1,000.27
1979	Jul	1,349.50	198.47	1,151.03
1979	Aug	1,266.48	194.99	1,071.49
1979	Sep	2,467.82	0.00	2,467.82
1979	Oct	1,110.40	0.00	1,110.40
1979	Nov	1,190.36	0.00	1,190.36
1979	Dec	1,140.29	139.28	1,001.01
1980	Jan	934.02	240.25	693.77
1980	Feb	800.45	327.08	473.37
1980	Mar	966.15	170.61	795.54
1980	Apr	305.37	0.00	305.37
1980	May	293.97	121.87	172.10
1980	Jun	1,956.59	407.72	1,548.87
1980	Jul	1,922.69	198.47	1,724.22
1980	Aug	1,393.70	194.99	1,198.71
1980	Sep	1,173.60	0.00	1,173.60
1980	Oct	2,049.19	0.00	2,049.19
1980	Nov	961.09	0.00	961.09
1980	Dec	846.74	139.28	707.46
1981	Jan	1,463.78	240.25	1,223.53
1981	Feb	574.10	327.08	247.02
1981	Mar	194.35	170.61	23.74
1981	Apr	563.17	0.00	563.17
1981	May	797.79	121.87	675.92
1981	Jun	2,701.94	407.72	2,294.22
1981	Jul	784.49	198.47	586.02
1981	Aug	914.83	194.99	719.84
1981	Sep	1,246.38	0.00	1,246.38
1981	Oct	1,427.99	0.00	1,427.99
1981	Nov	2,565.07	0.00	2,565.07
1981	Dec	1,634.03	139.28	1,494.75
1982	Jan	805.31	240.25	565.06
1982	Feb	1,475.69	327.08	1,148.61
1982	Mar	886.95	170.61	716.34
1982	Apr	376.24	0.00	376.24
1982	May	889.59	121.87	767.72
1982	Jun	685.02	407.72	277.30
1982	Jul	1,824.08	198.47	1,625.61
1982	Aug	1,407.98	194.99	1,212.99
1982	Sep	3,247.66	0.00	3,247.66
1982	Oct	1,059.82	0.00	1,059.82
1982	Nov	1,225.02	0.00	1,225.02
1982	Dec	1,212.77	139.28	1,073.49
1983	Jan	397.23	240.25	156.98
1983	Feb	33.91	327.08	-293.17
1983	Mar	105.21	170.61	-65.40
1983	Apr	167.23	0.00	167.23
1983	May	59.94	121.87	-61.93
1983	Jun	1,118.95	407.72	711.23
1983	Jul	2,329.98	198.47	2,131.51
1983	Aug	738.87	194.99	543.88
1983	Sep	1,556.45	0.00	1,556.45
1983	Oct	1,409.89	0.00	1,409.89
1983	Nov	2,006.48	0.00	2,006.48
1983	Dec	2,096.79	139.28	1,957.51
1984	Jan	1,495.07	240.25	1,254.82
1984	Feb	672.47	327.08	345.39
1984	Mar	795.75	170.61	625.14
1984	Apr	83.43	0.00	83.43

**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (8/10)**

RS Paddy 

	130	ha
	130	ha

  
 DS Paddy 

	130	ha
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Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m3)	Requirement for Irrigation (1000 m3)	Balance (1000 m3)
1984	May	452.41	121.87	330.54
1984	Jun	1,829.91	407.72	1,422.19
1984	Jul	1,085.03	198.47	886.56
1984	Aug	1,684.23	194.99	1,489.24
1984	Sep	981.58	0.00	981.58
1984	Oct	1,949.60	0.00	1,949.60
1984	Nov	2,494.78	0.00	2,494.78
1984	Dec	652.60	139.28	513.32
1985	Jan	1,171.28	240.25	931.03
1985	Feb	661.46	327.08	334.38
1985	Mar	656.91	170.61	486.30
1985	Apr	737.70	0.00	737.70
1985	May	629.51	121.87	507.64
1985	Jun	1,363.42	407.72	955.70
1985	Jul	1,707.95	198.47	1,509.48
1985	Aug	506.55	194.99	311.56
1985	Sep	1,333.54	0.00	1,333.54
1985	Oct	1,799.94	0.00	1,799.94
1985	Nov	1,712.14	0.00	1,712.14
1985	Dec	1,035.61	139.28	896.33
1986	Jan	877.03	240.25	636.78
1986	Feb	559.25	327.08	232.17
1986	Mar	327.66	170.61	157.05
1986	Apr	1,589.82	0.00	1,589.82
1986	May	388.61	121.87	266.74
1986	Jun	1,037.82	407.72	630.10
1986	Jul	1,227.17	198.47	1,028.70
1986	Aug	1,154.40	194.99	959.41
1986	Sep	1,498.35	0.00	1,498.35
1986	Oct	2,241.57	0.00	2,241.57
1986	Nov	1,449.83	0.00	1,449.83
1986	Dec	618.16	139.28	478.88
1987	Jan	424.24	240.25	183.99
1987	Feb	239.43	327.08	-87.65
1987	Mar	138.68	170.61	-31.93
1987	Apr	443.43	0.00	443.43
1987	May	155.88	121.87	34.01
1987	Jun	853.29	407.72	445.57
1987	Jul	1,483.92	198.47	1,285.45
1987	Aug	1,298.41	194.99	1,103.42
1987	Sep	1,184.56	0.00	1,184.56
1987	Oct	1,175.13	0.00	1,175.13
1987	Nov	2,621.88	0.00	2,621.88
1987	Dec	2,633.71	139.28	2,494.43
1988	Jan	979.50	240.25	739.25
1988	Feb	414.74	327.08	87.66
1988	Mar	285.43	170.61	114.82
1988	Apr	1,165.02	0.00	1,165.02
1988	May	503.95	121.87	382.08
1988	Jun	996.73	407.72	589.01
1988	Jul	1,106.32	198.47	907.85
1988	Aug	587.81	194.99	392.82
1988	Sep	876.74	0.00	876.74
1988	Oct	2,959.15	0.00	2,959.15
1988	Nov	3,278.75	0.00	3,278.75
1988	Dec	1,143.05	139.28	1,003.77
1989	Jan	1,930.36	240.25	1,690.11
1989	Feb	2,261.75	327.08	1,934.67
1989	Mar	1,110.92	170.61	940.31
1989	Apr	957.52	0.00	957.52

**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (9/10)**

RS Paddy 130 ha  
 DS Paddy 130 ha

Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m3)	Requirement Balance for Irrigation	
			(1000 m3)	(1000 m3)
1989	May	1,111.43	121.87	989.56
1989	Jun	1,747.64	407.72	1,339.92
1989	Jul	1,006.84	198.47	808.37
1989	Aug	1,017.35	194.99	822.36
1989	Sep	1,570.12	0.00	1,570.12
1989	Oct	1,011.60	0.00	1,011.60
1989	Nov	962.17	0.00	962.17
1989	Dec	1,461.09	139.28	1,321.81
1990	Jan	1,580.09	240.25	1,339.84
1990	Feb	310.63	327.08	-16.45
1990	Mar	113.12	170.61	-57.49
1990	Apr	212.38	0.00	212.38
1990	May	1,114.28	121.87	992.41
1990	Jun	2,075.13	407.72	1,667.41
1990	Jul	1,241.00	198.47	1,042.53
1990	Aug	1,335.22	194.99	1,140.23
1990	Sep	924.83	0.00	924.83
1990	Oct	1,777.35	0.00	1,777.35
1990	Nov	1,802.29	0.00	1,802.29
1990	Dec	1,223.36	139.28	1,084.08
1991	Jan	548.64	240.25	308.39
1991	Feb	392.43	327.08	65.35
1991	Mar	804.80	170.61	634.19
1991	Apr	393.19	0.00	393.19
1991	May	854.77	121.87	732.90
1991	Jun	2,260.95	407.72	1,853.23
1991	Jul	1,541.96	198.47	1,343.49
1991	Aug	1,596.72	194.99	1,401.73
1991	Sep	1,027.13	0.00	1,027.13
1991	Oct	925.18	0.00	925.18
1991	Nov	1,718.11	0.00	1,718.11
1991	Dec	1,601.52	139.28	1,462.24
1992	Jan	929.61	240.25	689.36
1992	Feb	435.53	327.08	108.45
1992	Mar	185.98	170.61	15.37
1992	Apr	230.31	0.00	230.31
1992	May	619.30	121.87	497.43
1992	Jun	745.02	407.72	337.30
1992	Jul	1,908.01	198.47	1,709.54
1992	Aug	1,262.53	194.99	1,067.54
1992	Sep	1,297.46	0.00	1,297.46
1992	Oct	1,047.66	0.00	1,047.66
1992	Nov	1,390.09	0.00	1,390.09
1992	Dec	1,567.57	139.28	1,428.29
1993	Jan	541.71	240.25	301.46
1993	Feb	390.58	327.08	63.50
1993	Mar	464.63	170.61	294.02
1993	Apr	143.66	0.00	143.66
1993	May	374.22	121.87	252.35
1993	Jun	863.38	407.72	455.66
1993	Jul	2,235.30	198.47	2,036.83
1993	Aug	2,118.50	194.99	1,923.51
1993	Sep	1,422.38	0.00	1,422.38
1993	Oct	1,485.69	0.00	1,485.69
1993	Nov	2,691.52	0.00	2,691.52
1993	Dec	3,328.53	139.28	3,189.25
1994	Jan	2,220.76	240.25	1,980.51
1994	Feb	246.08	327.08	-81.00
1994	Mar	596.89	170.61	426.28
1994	Apr	1,150.89	0.00	1,150.89



**Table A.4.1 Simulation of Camalig Diversion Dam (10/10)**

RS Paddy 

	130	ha
	130	ha

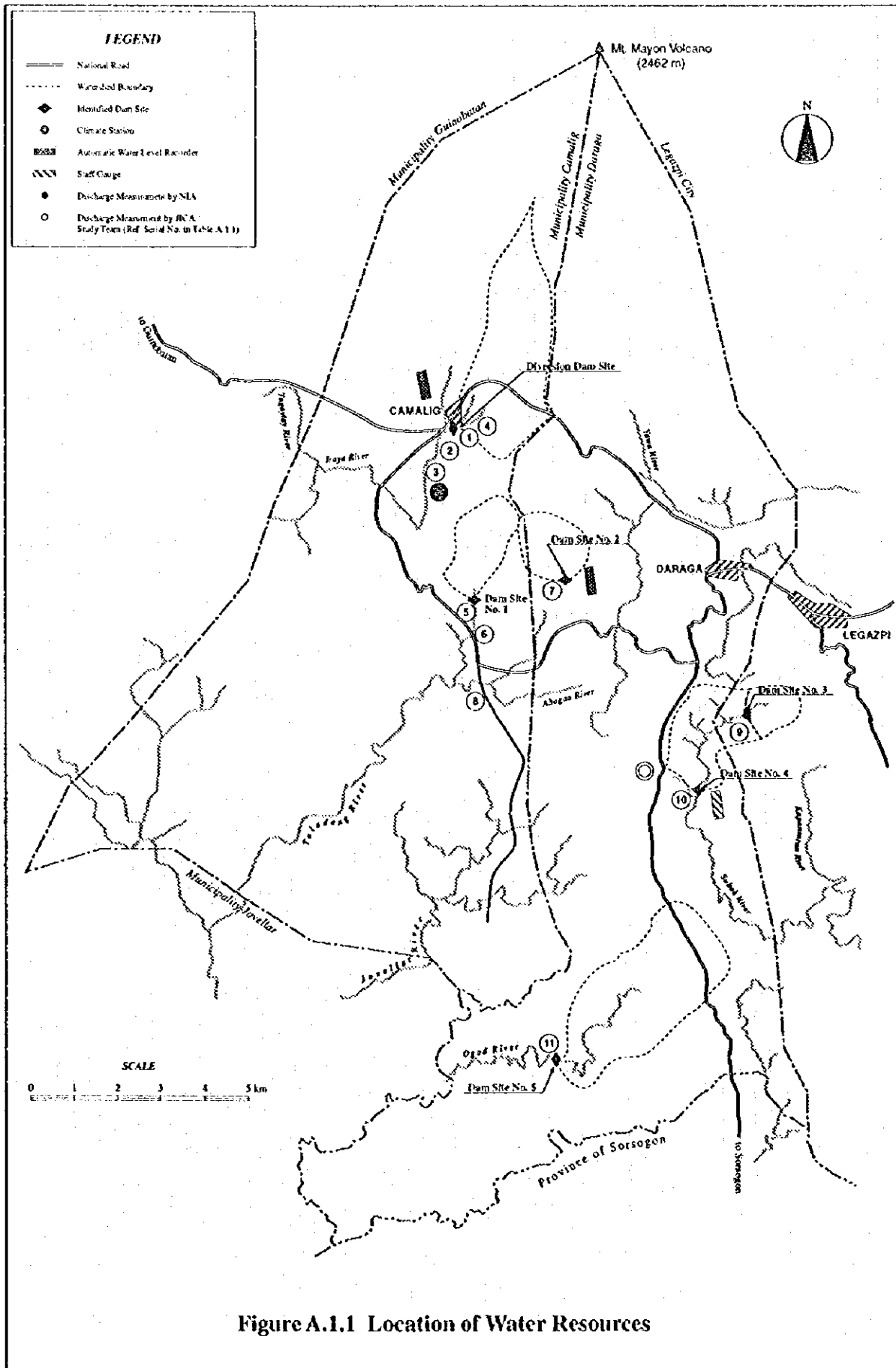
  
 DS Paddy 

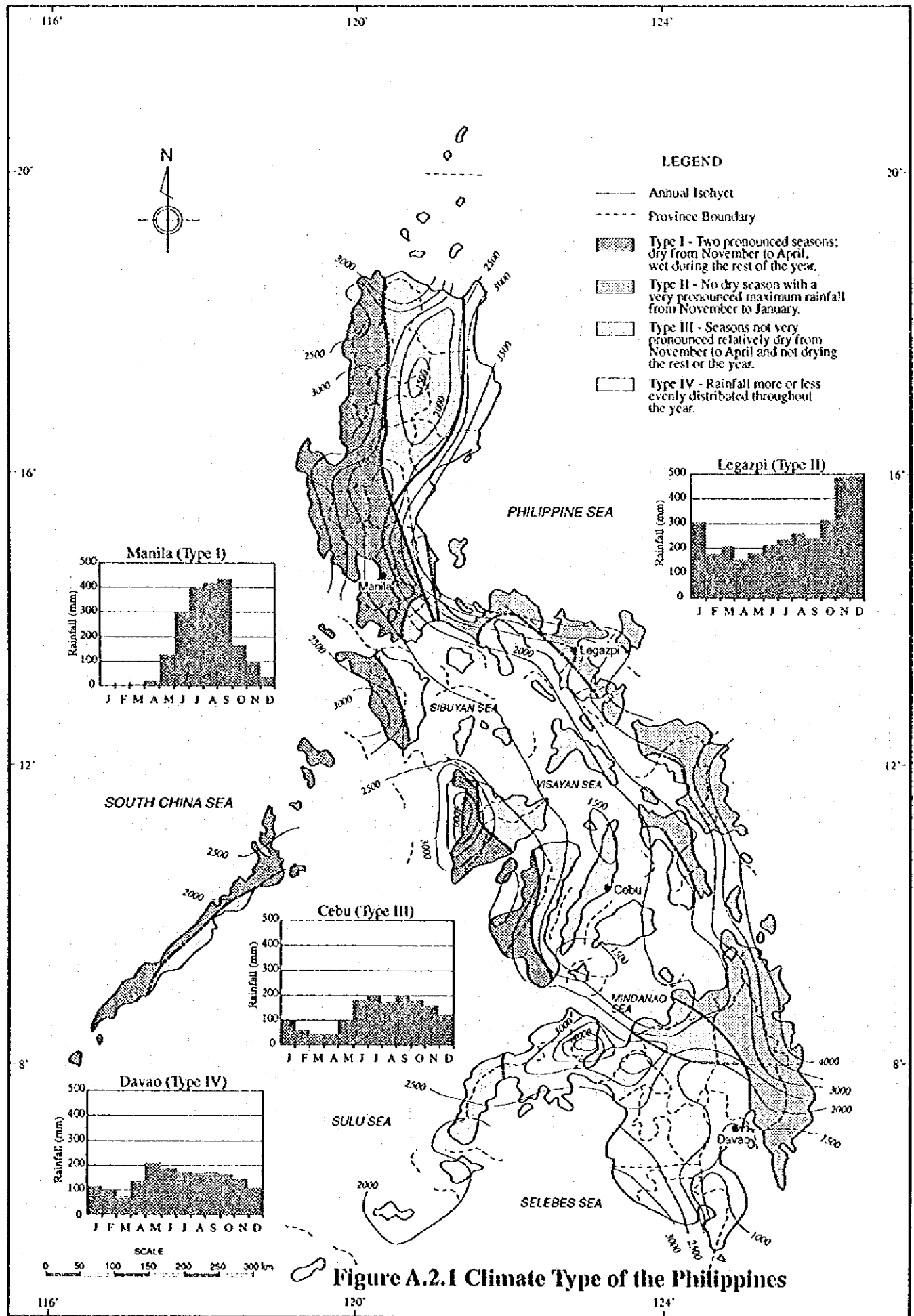
	130	ha
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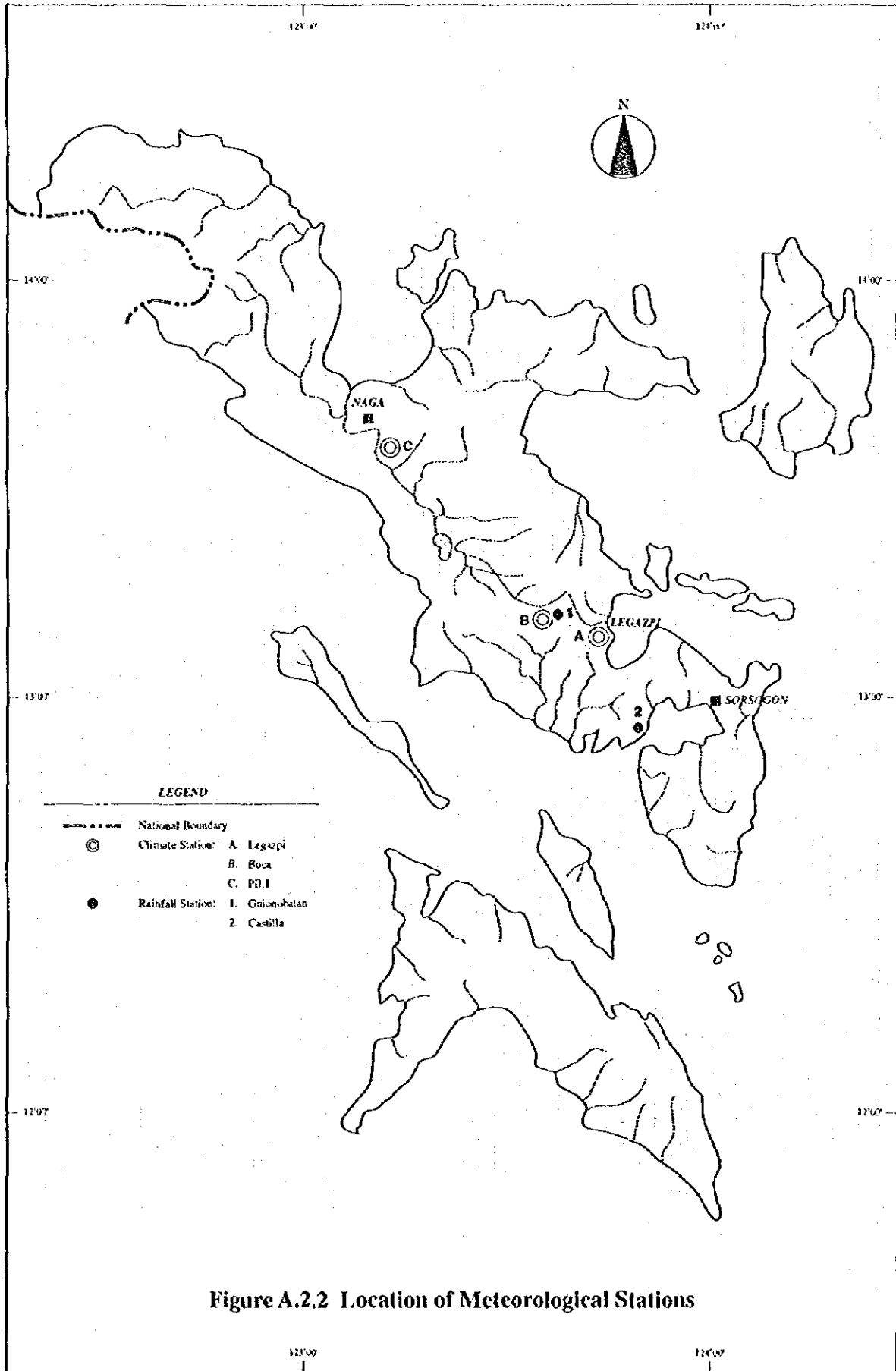
Year	Month	Inflow (1000 m3)	Requirement Balance for Irrigation	
			(1000 m3)	(1000 m3)
1994	May	853.39	121.87	731.52
1994	Jun	1,100.22	407.72	692.50
1994	Jul	2,194.42	198.47	1,995.95
1994	Aug	551.62	194.99	356.63
1994	Sep	1,525.16	0.00	1,525.16
1994	Oct	841.09	0.00	841.09
1994	Nov	391.07	0.00	391.07
1994	Dec	2,149.02	139.28	2,009.74
1995	Jan	976.02	240.25	735.77
1995	Feb	382.53	327.08	55.45
1995	Mar	176.36	170.61	5.75
1995	Apr	471.13	0.00	471.13

**THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON  
THE WESTERN LEGAZPI IRRIGATION AND  
RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT IN THE PHILIPPINES**

***FIGURES***







**Figure A.2.2 Location of Meteorological Stations**

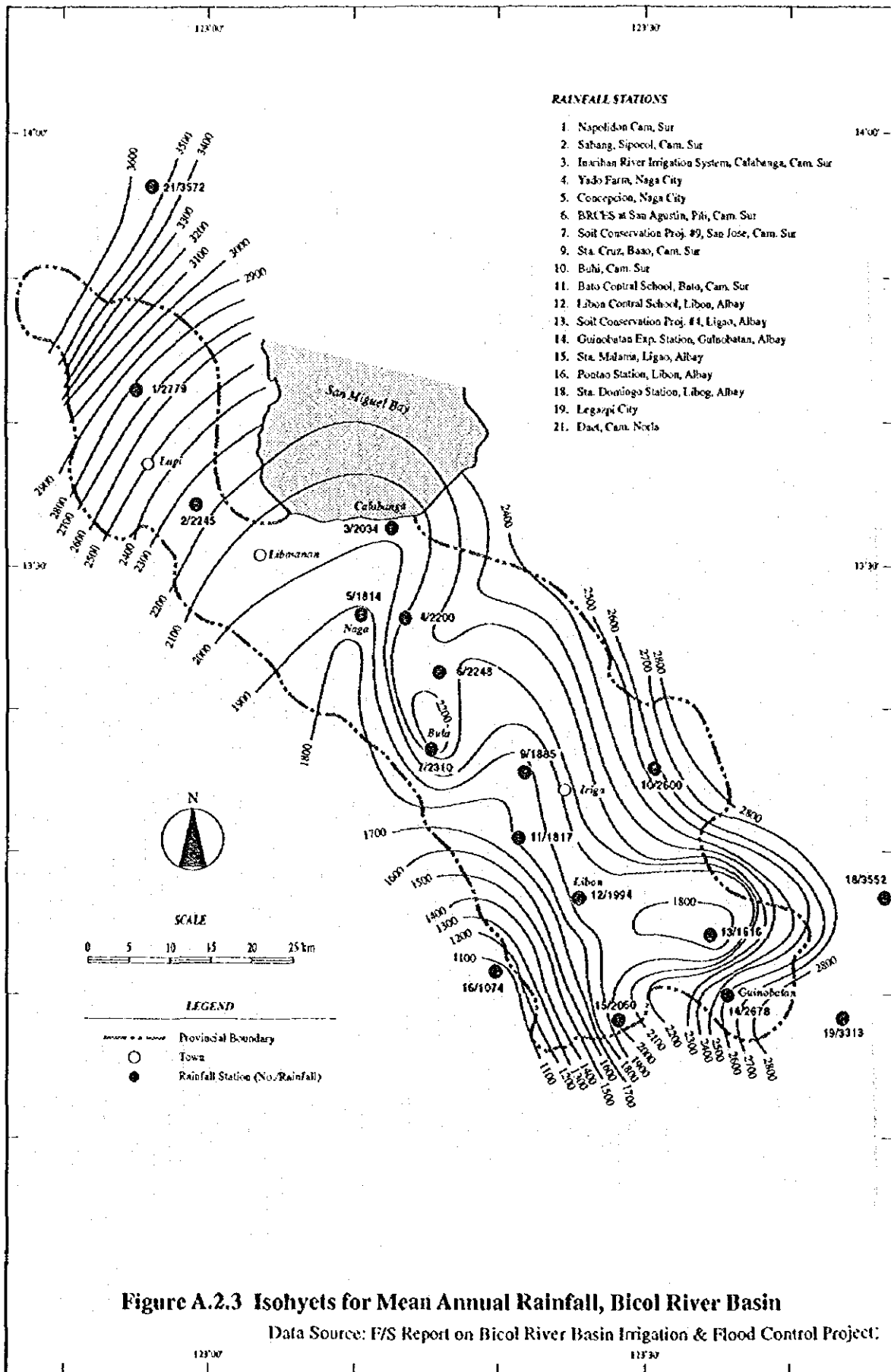


Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (1/12)  
January

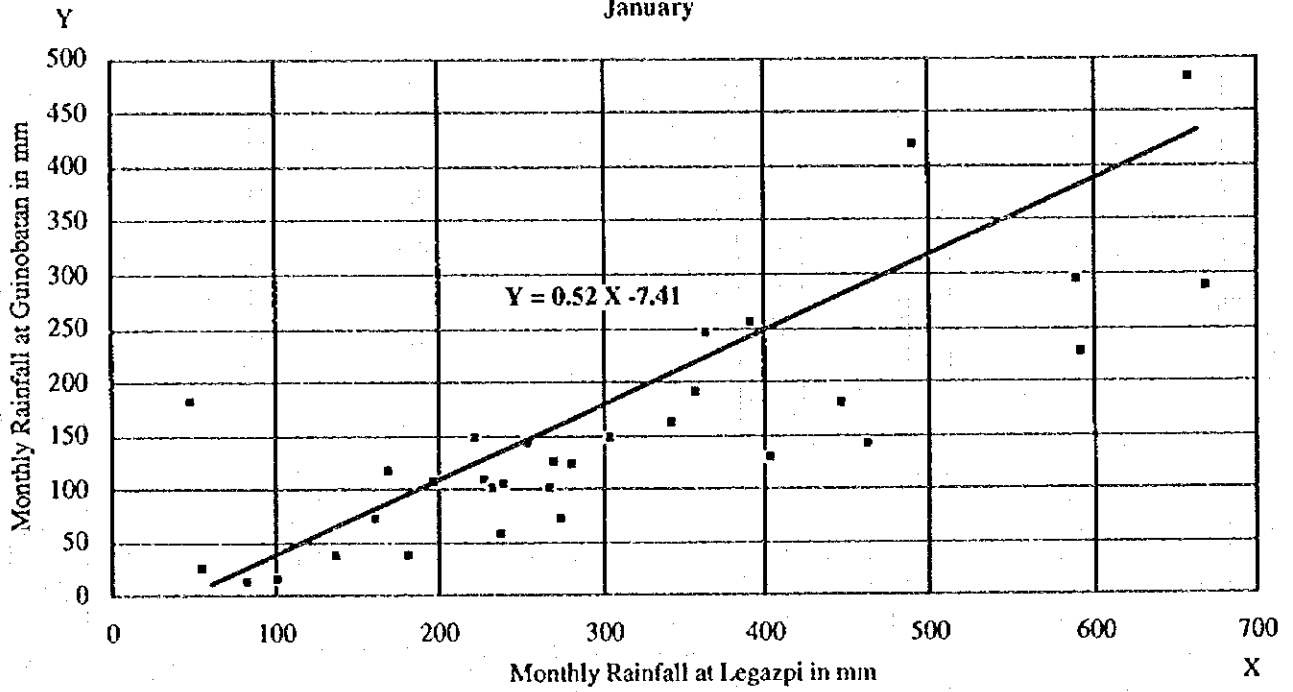
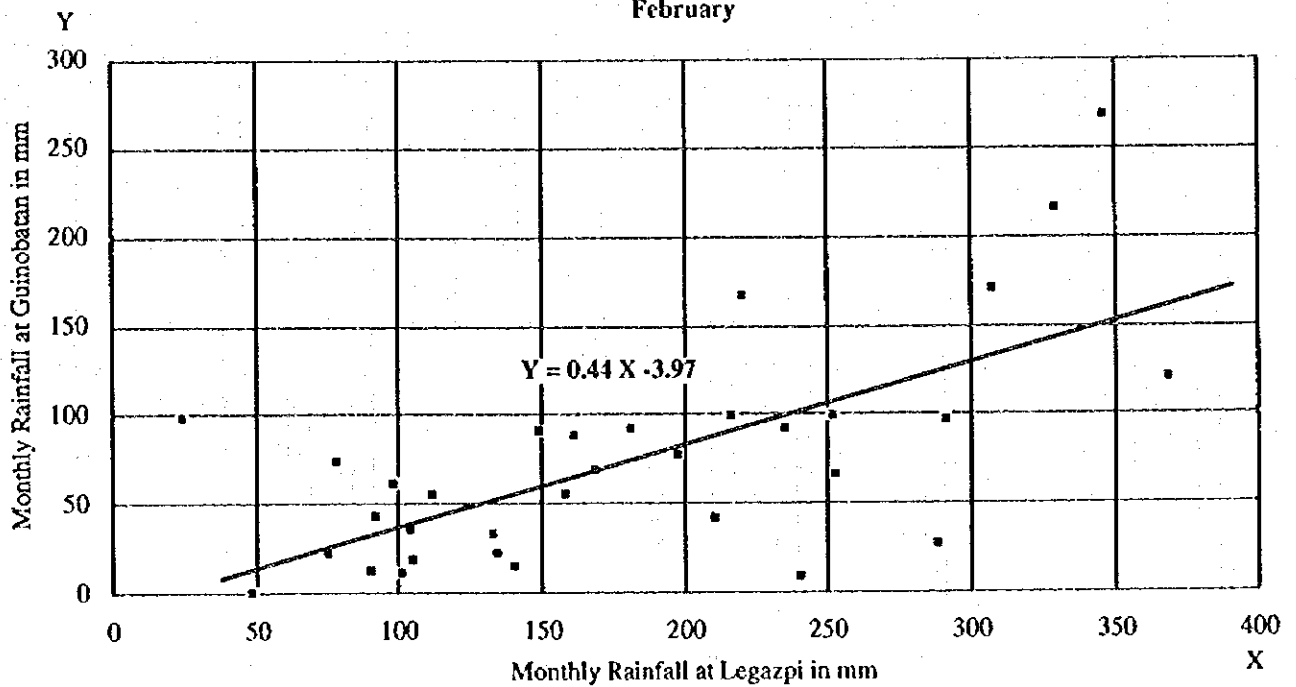
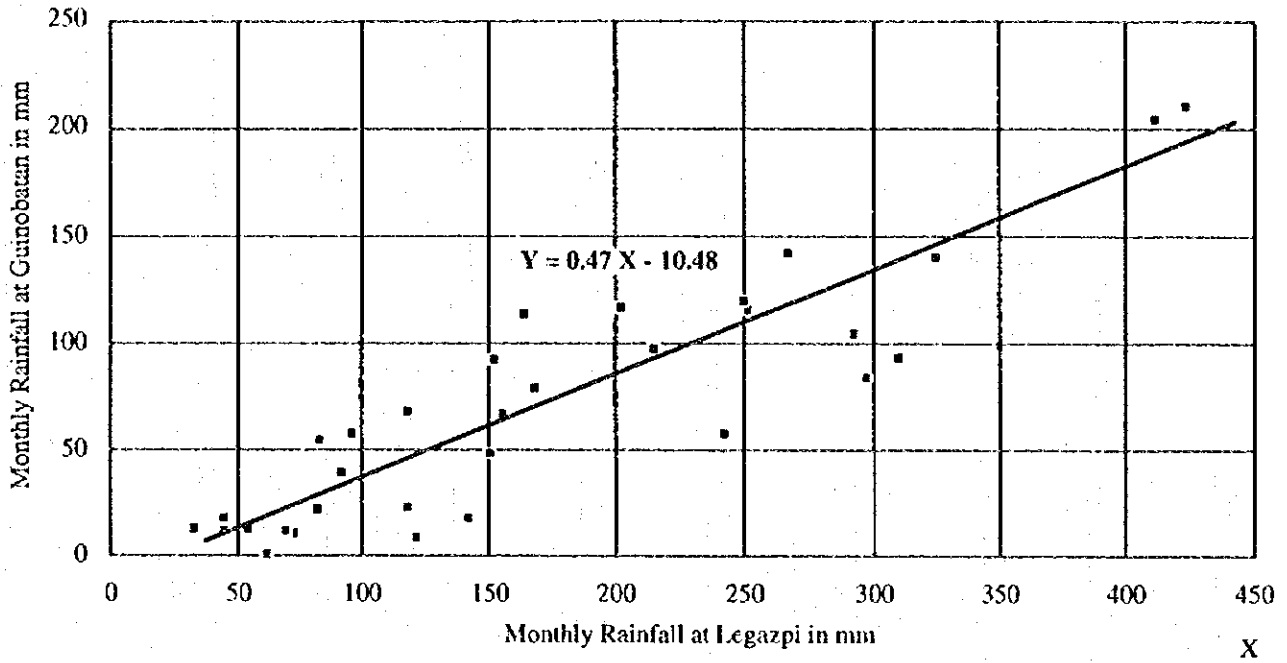


Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (2/12)  
February



Y Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (3/12)  
March



Y Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (4/12)  
April

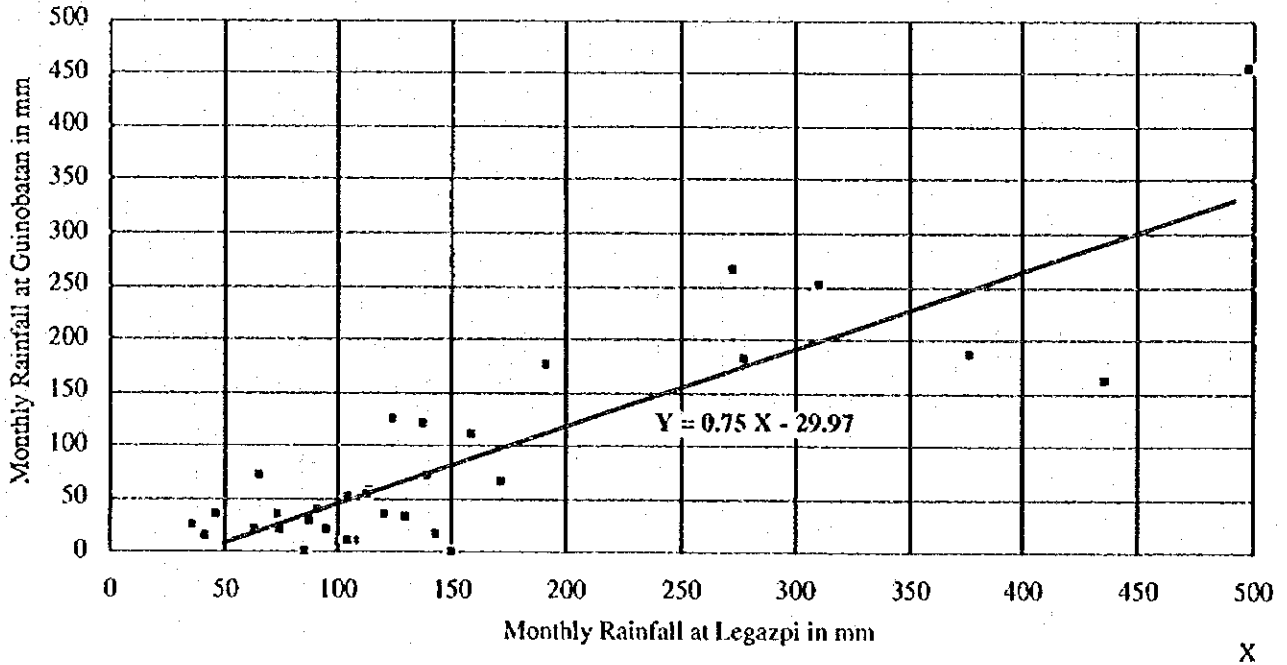




Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (5/12)  
May

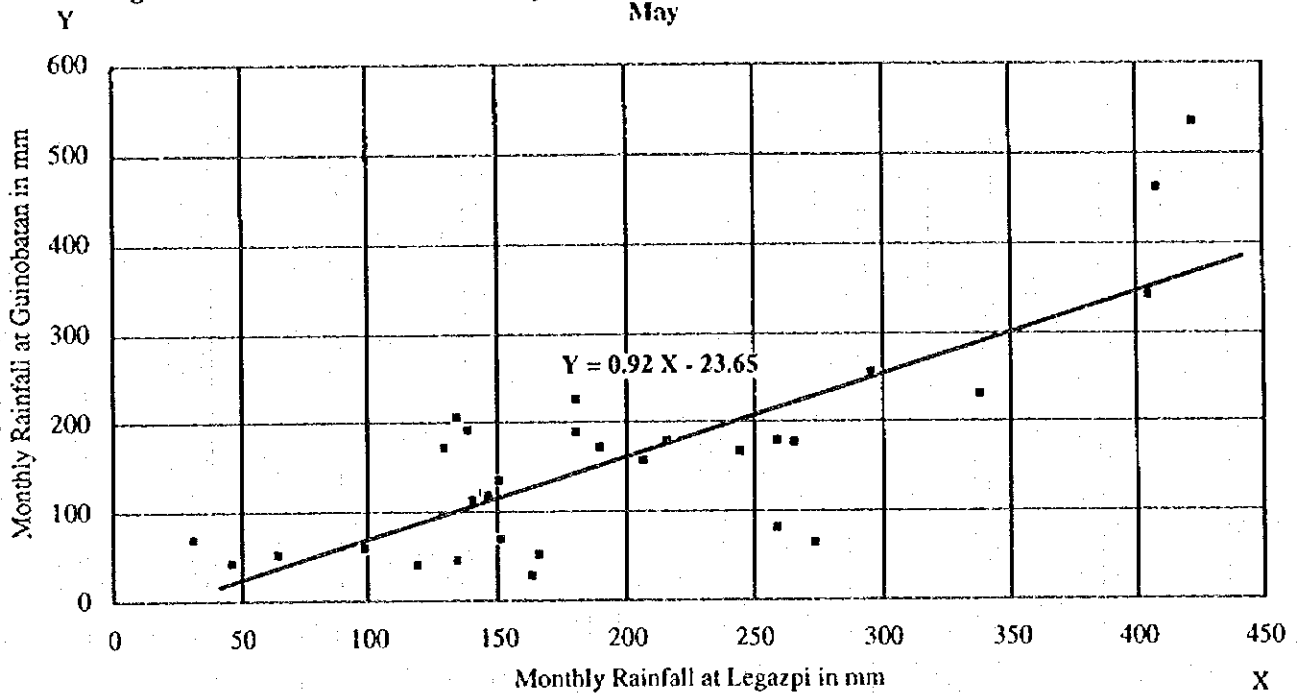


Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (6/12)  
June

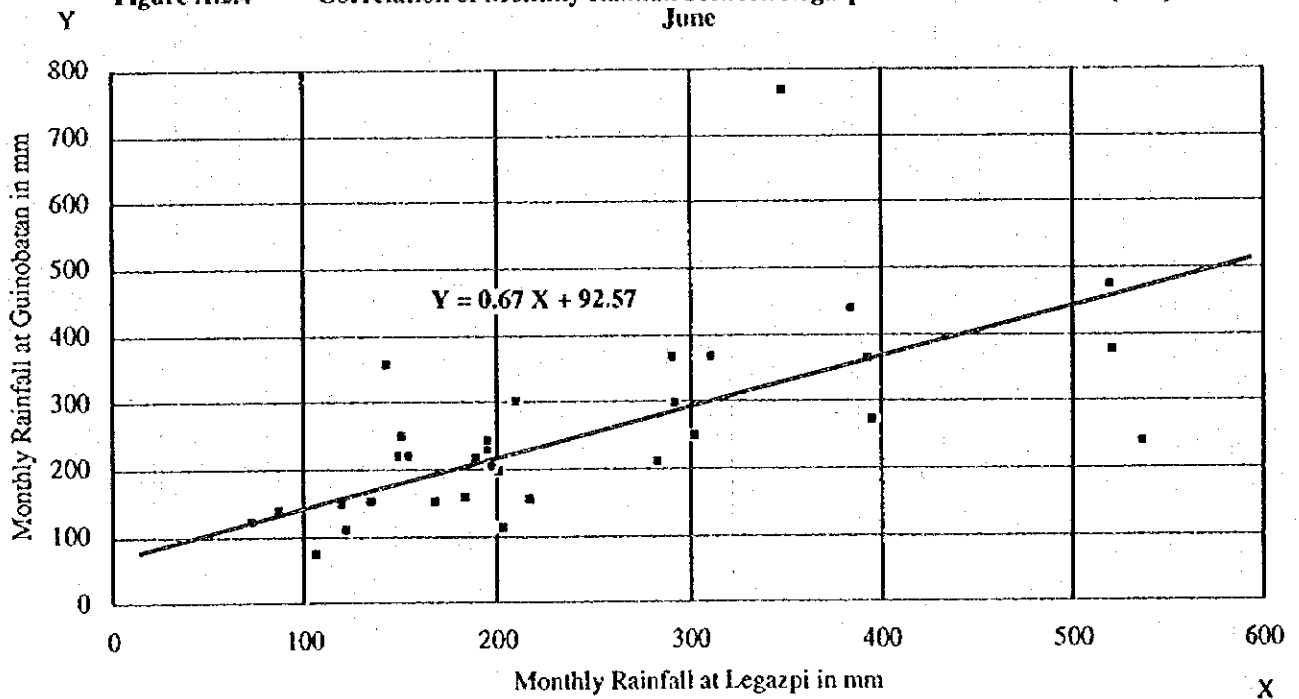


Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (7/12)

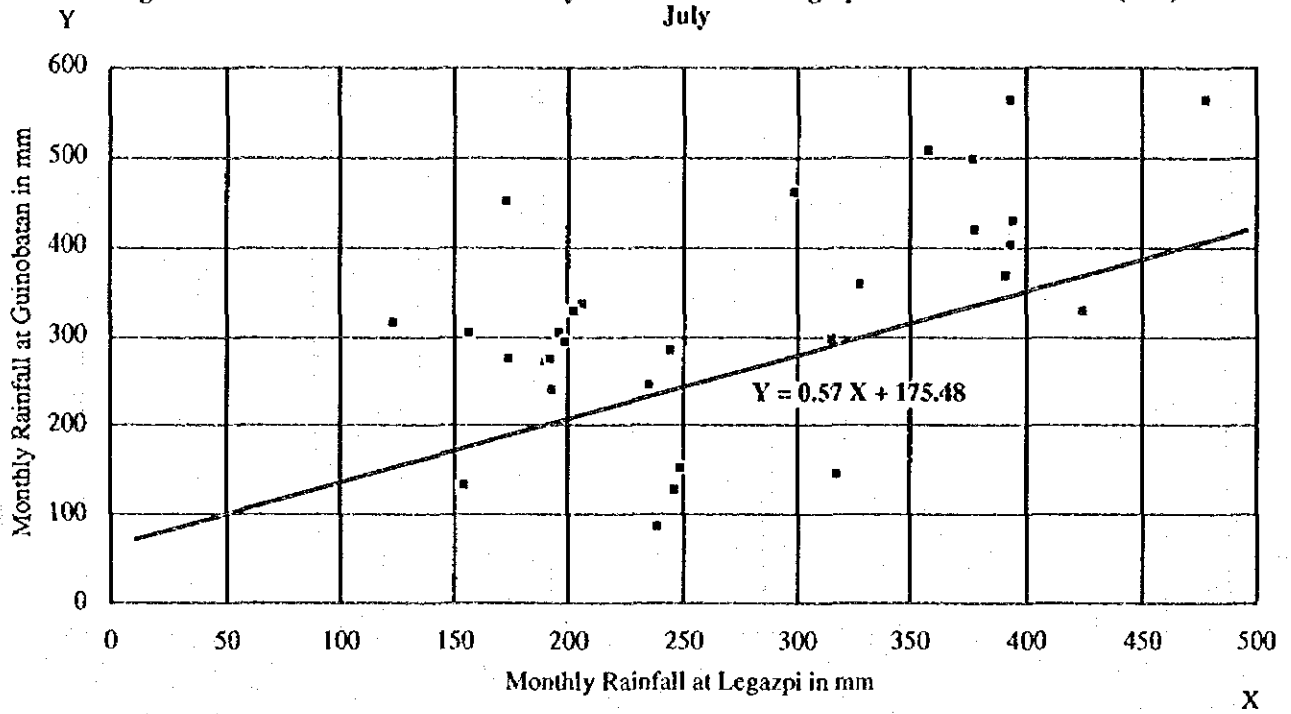


Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (8/12)

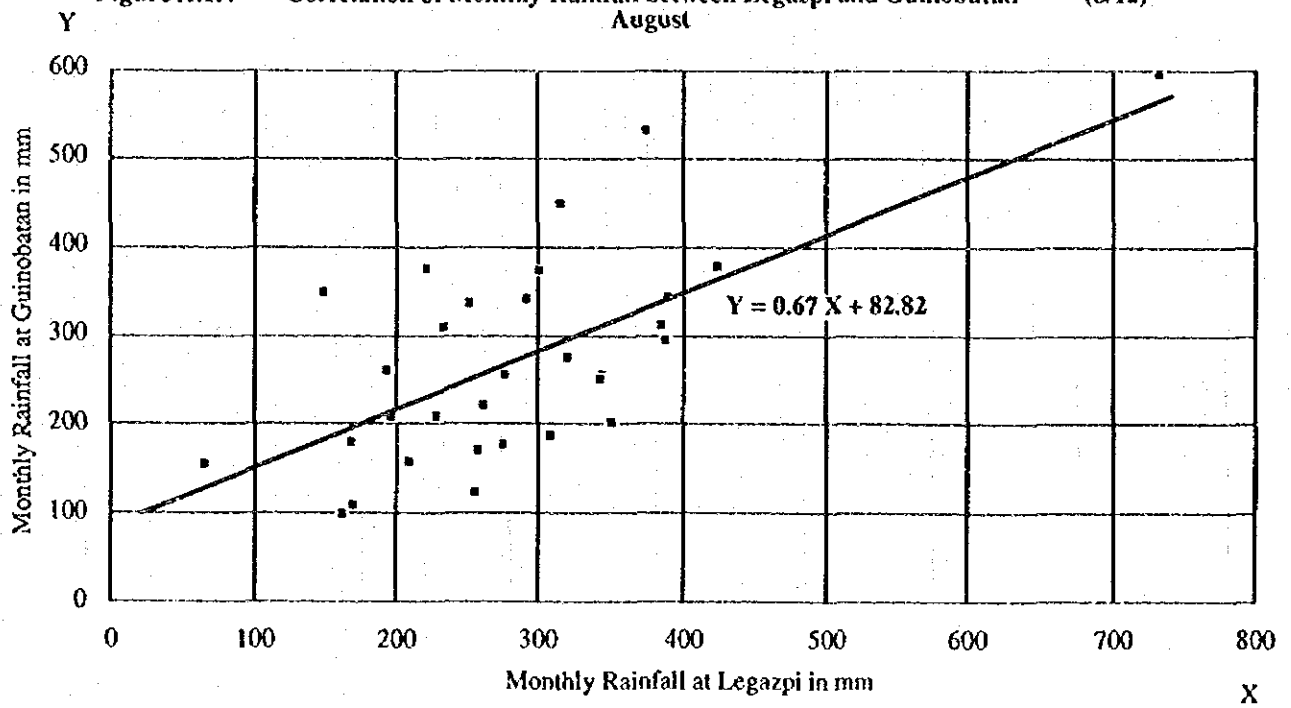


Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (9/12) September

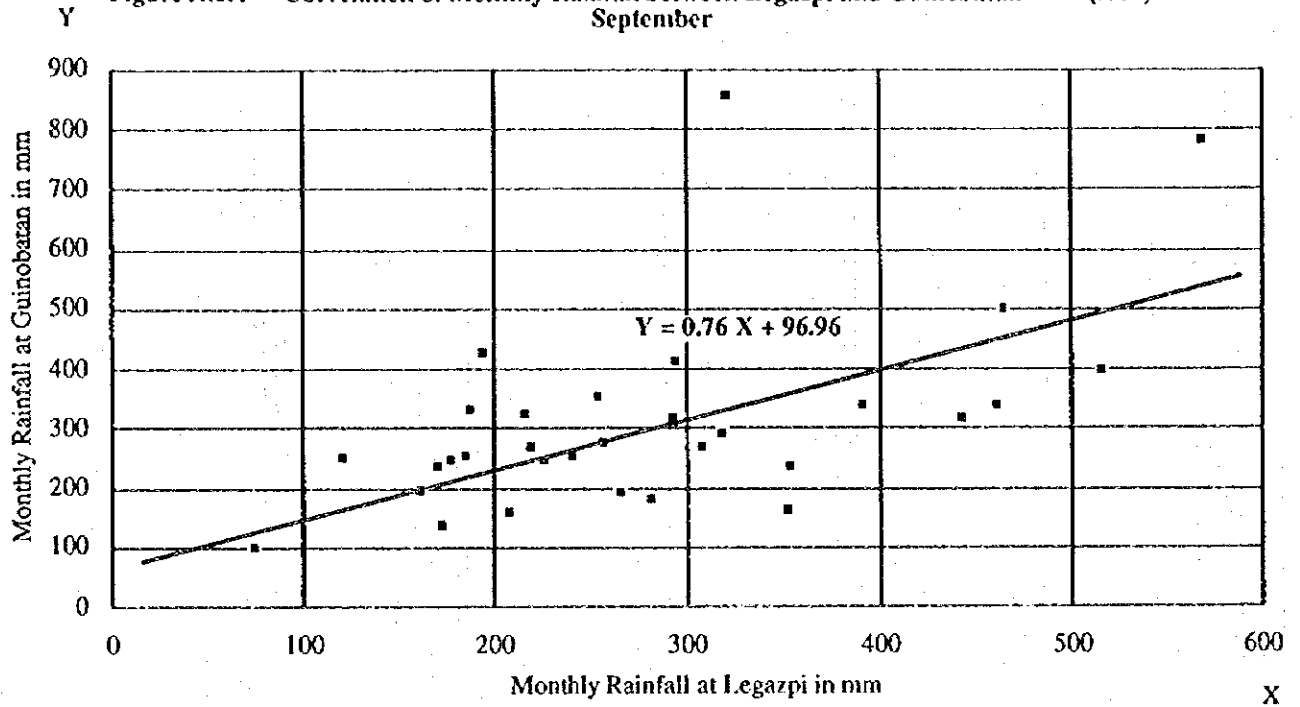
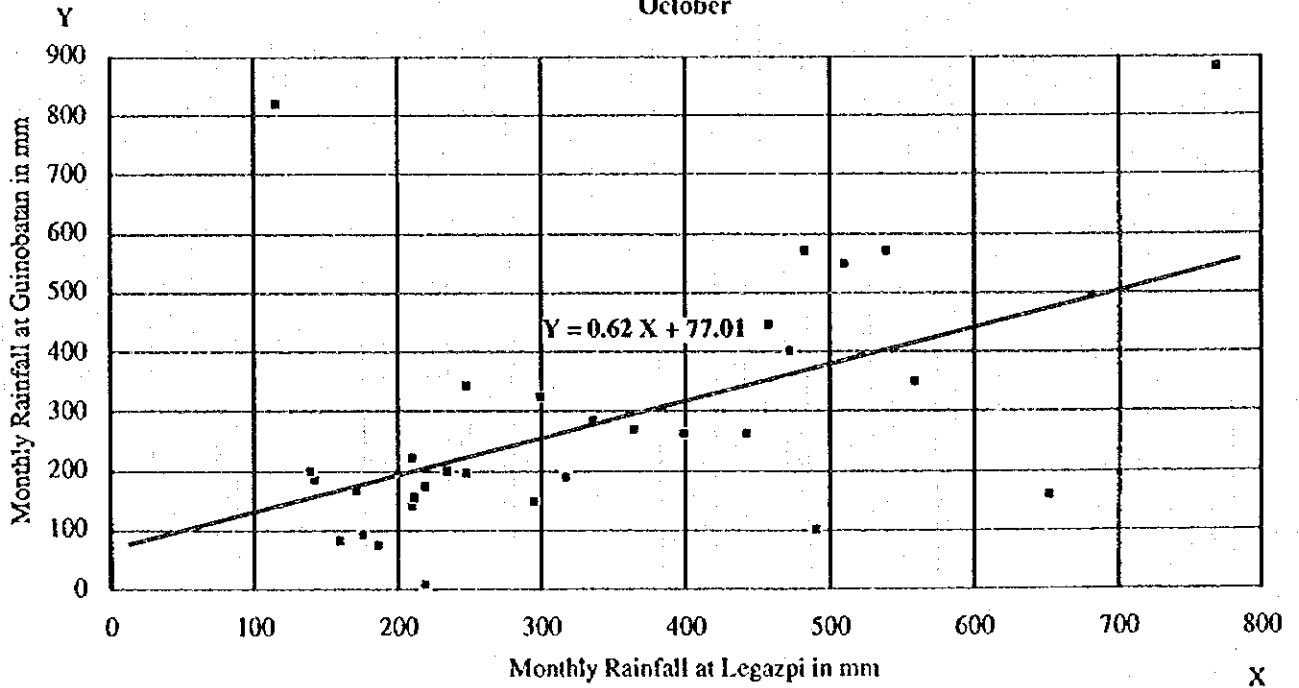
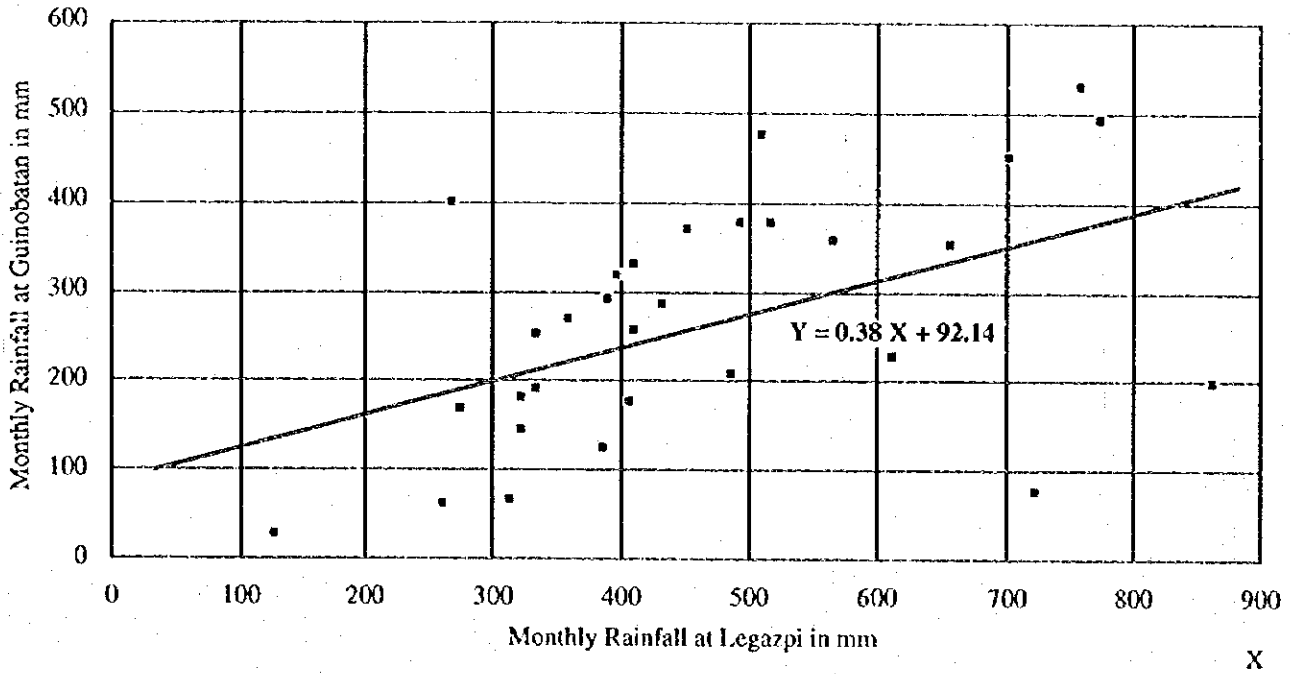


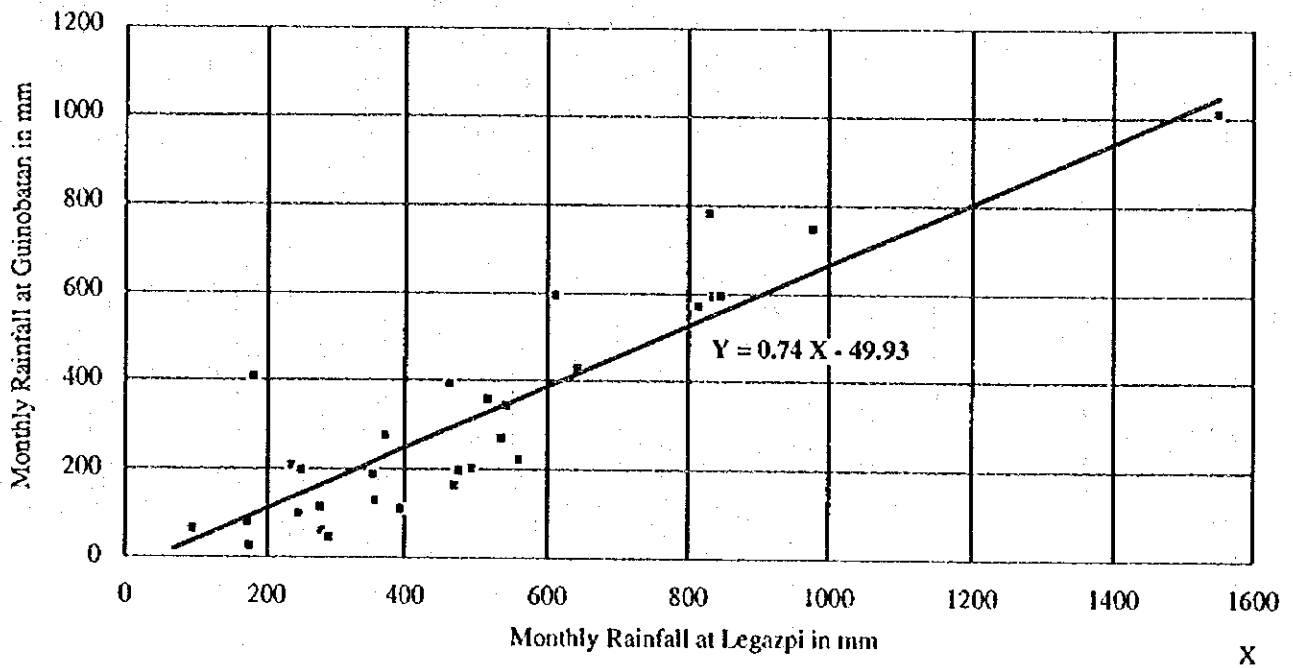
Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (10/12) October



Y **Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (11/12)**  
November



Y **Figure A.2.4 Correlation of Monthly Rainfall between Legazpi and Guinobatan (12/12)**  
December



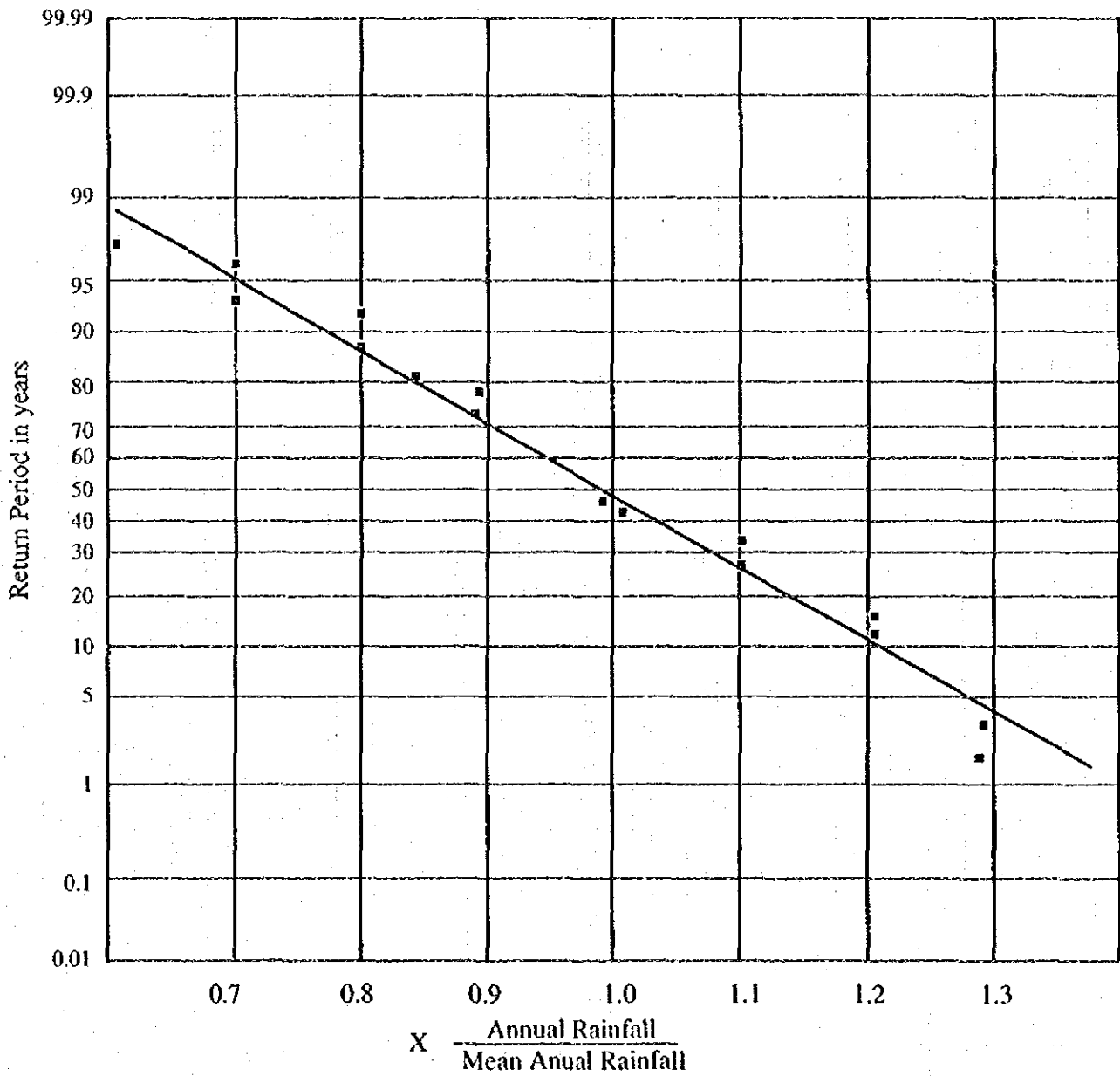


Figure A.2.5 Frequency for Annual Rainfall at Legazpi

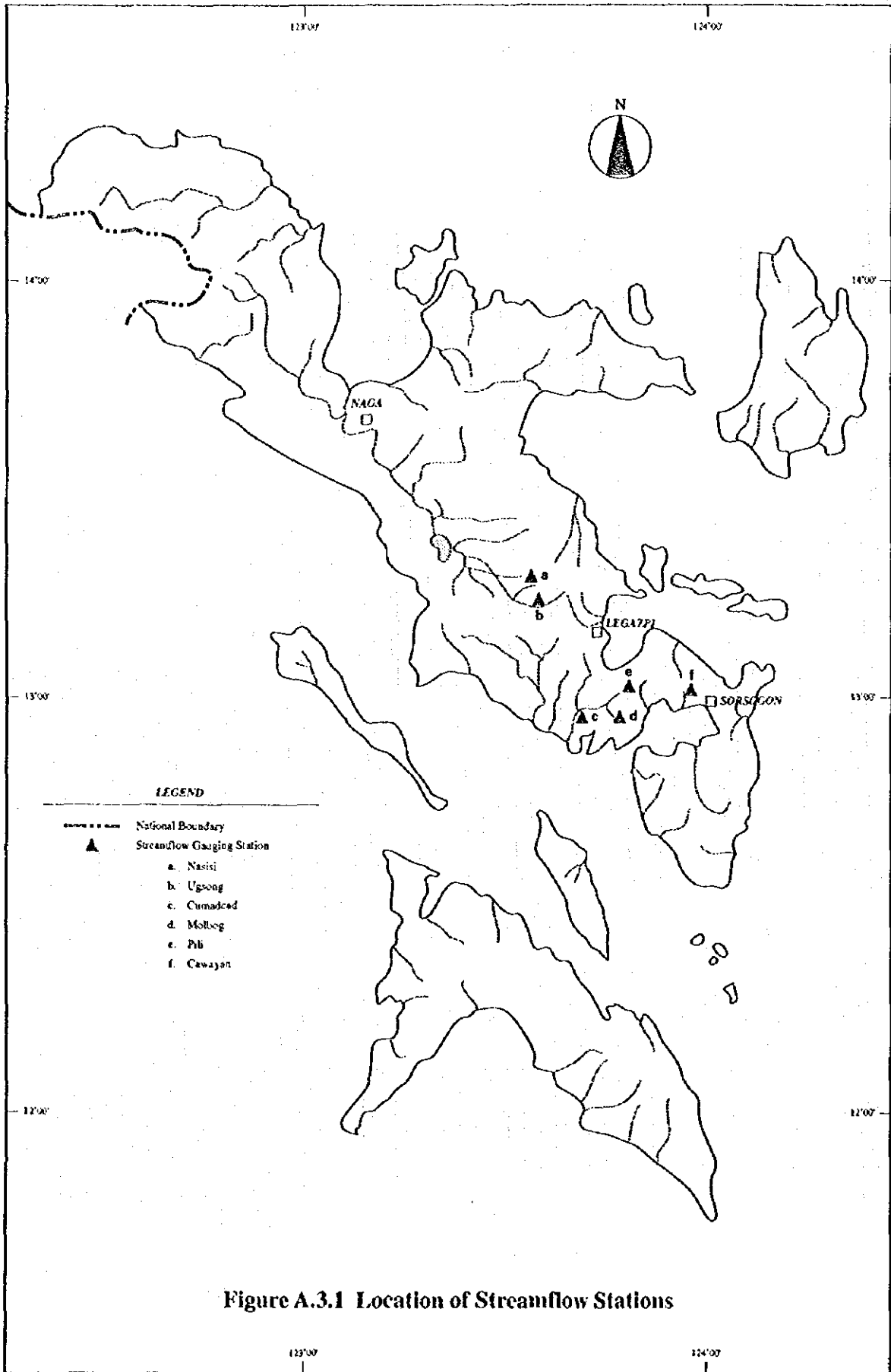


Figure A.3.1 Location of Streamflow Stations

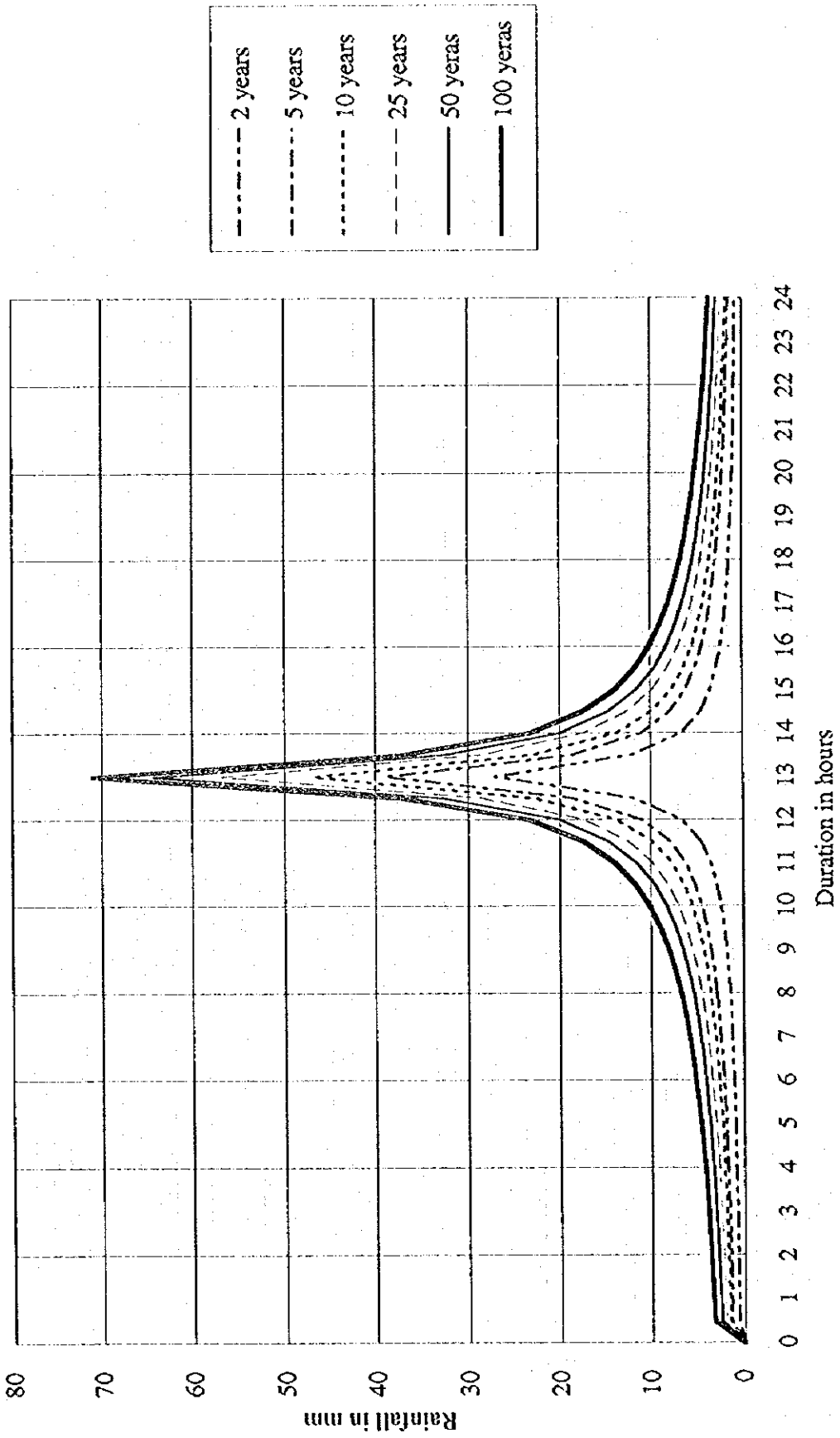


Figure A.3.2 Probable Hyetograph

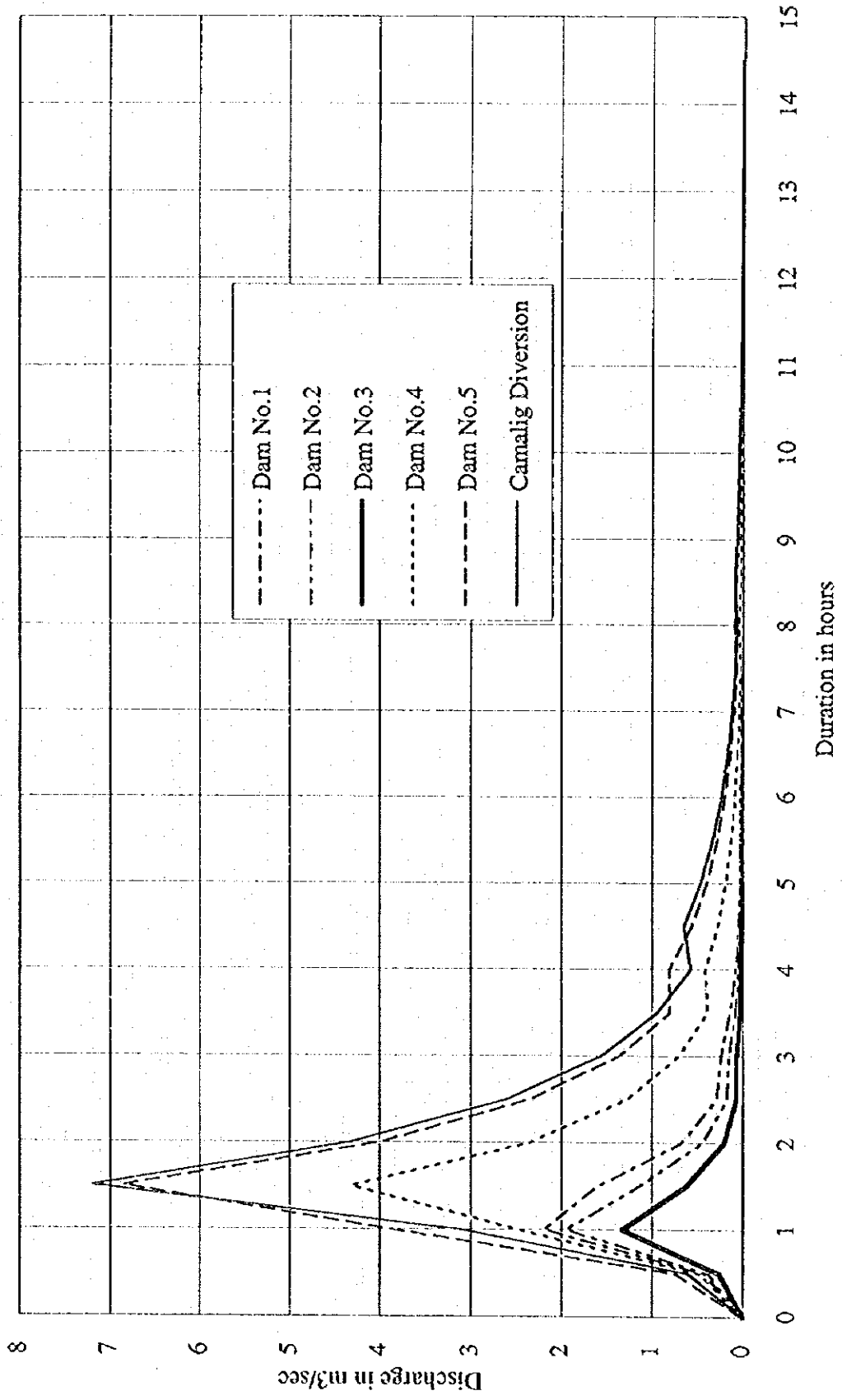


Figure A.3.3 Unit Hydrograph



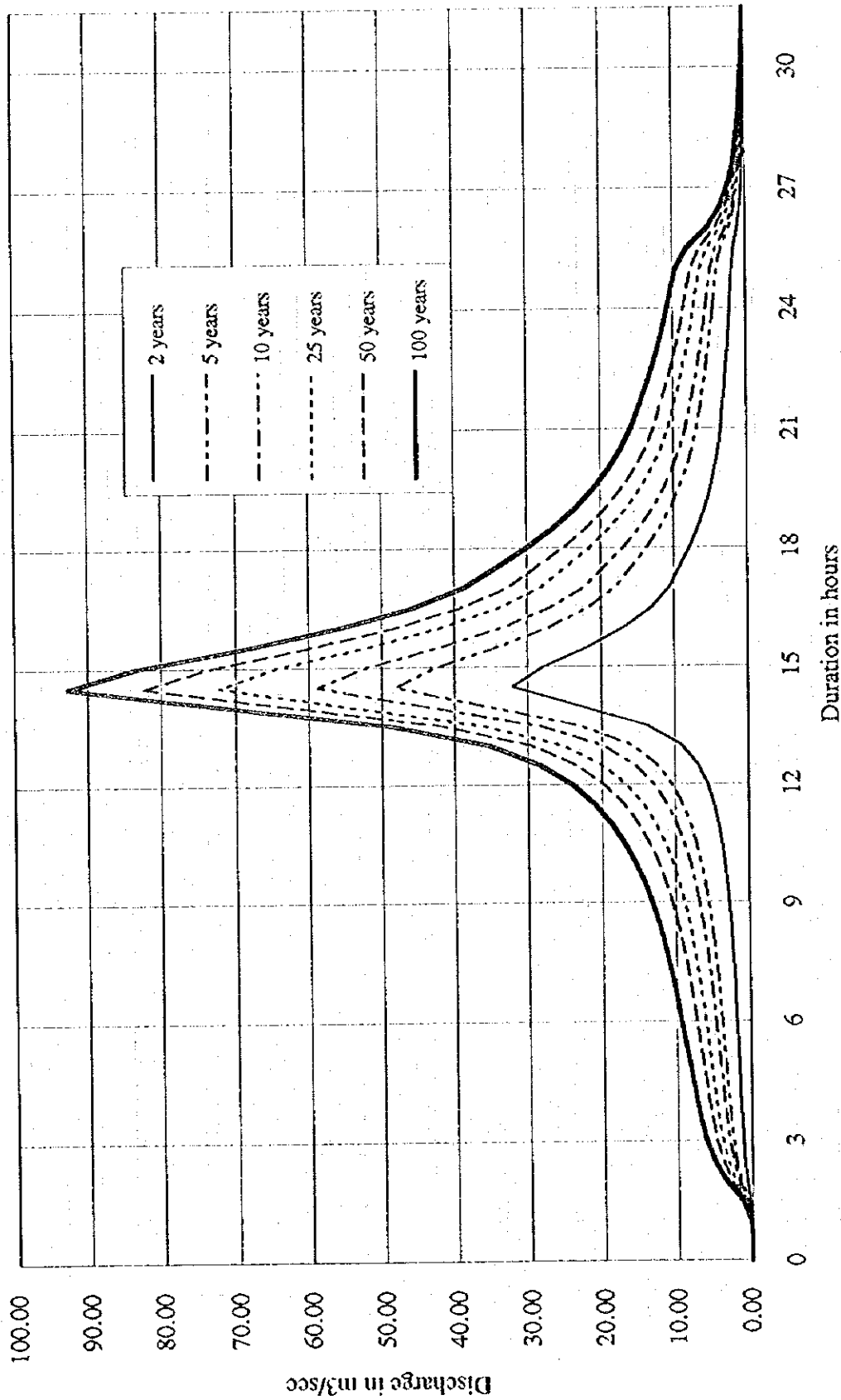


Figure A.3.4 Probable Flood at Camalig Diversion Dam

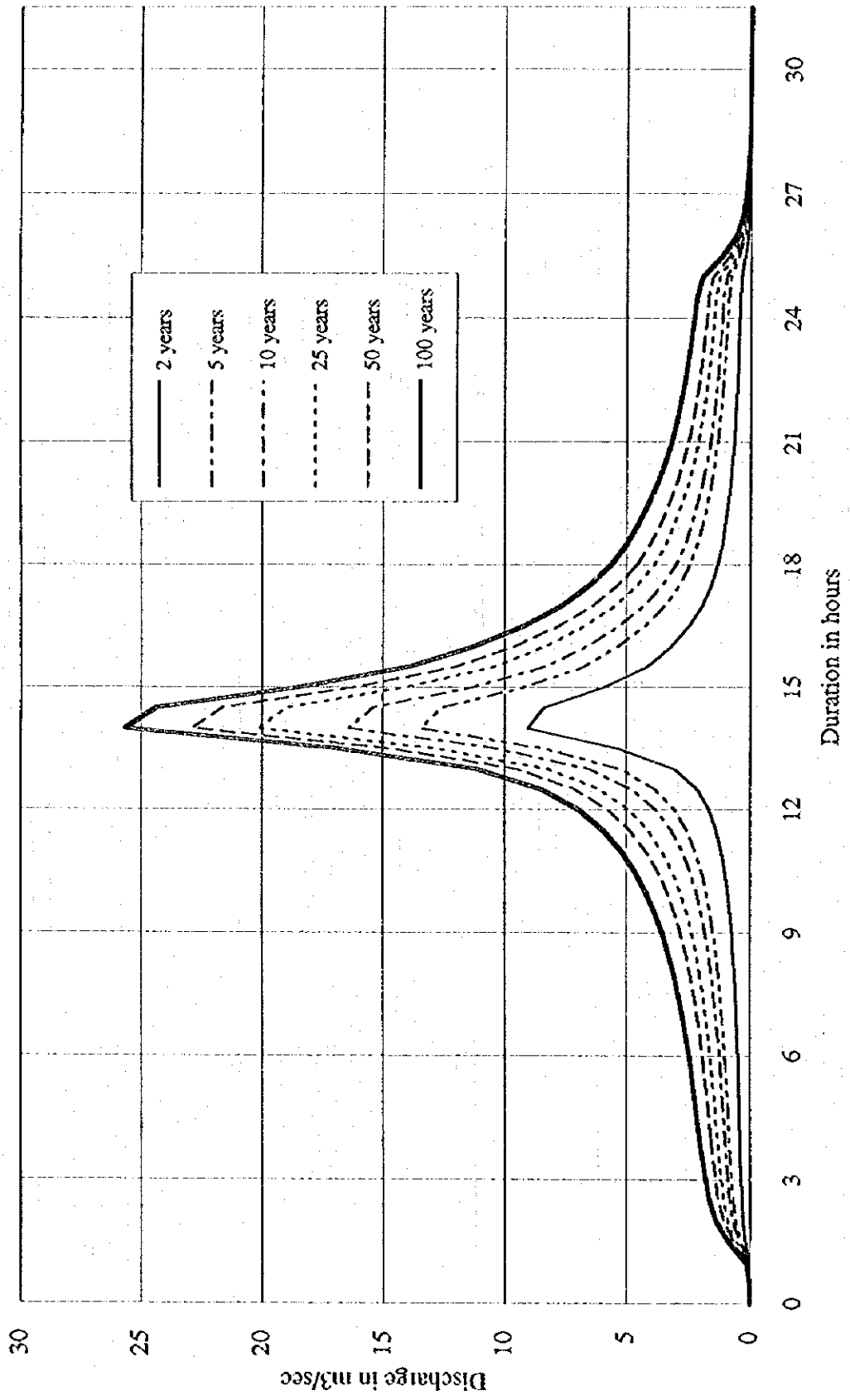


Figure A.3.5 Probable Flood at Dam No.1

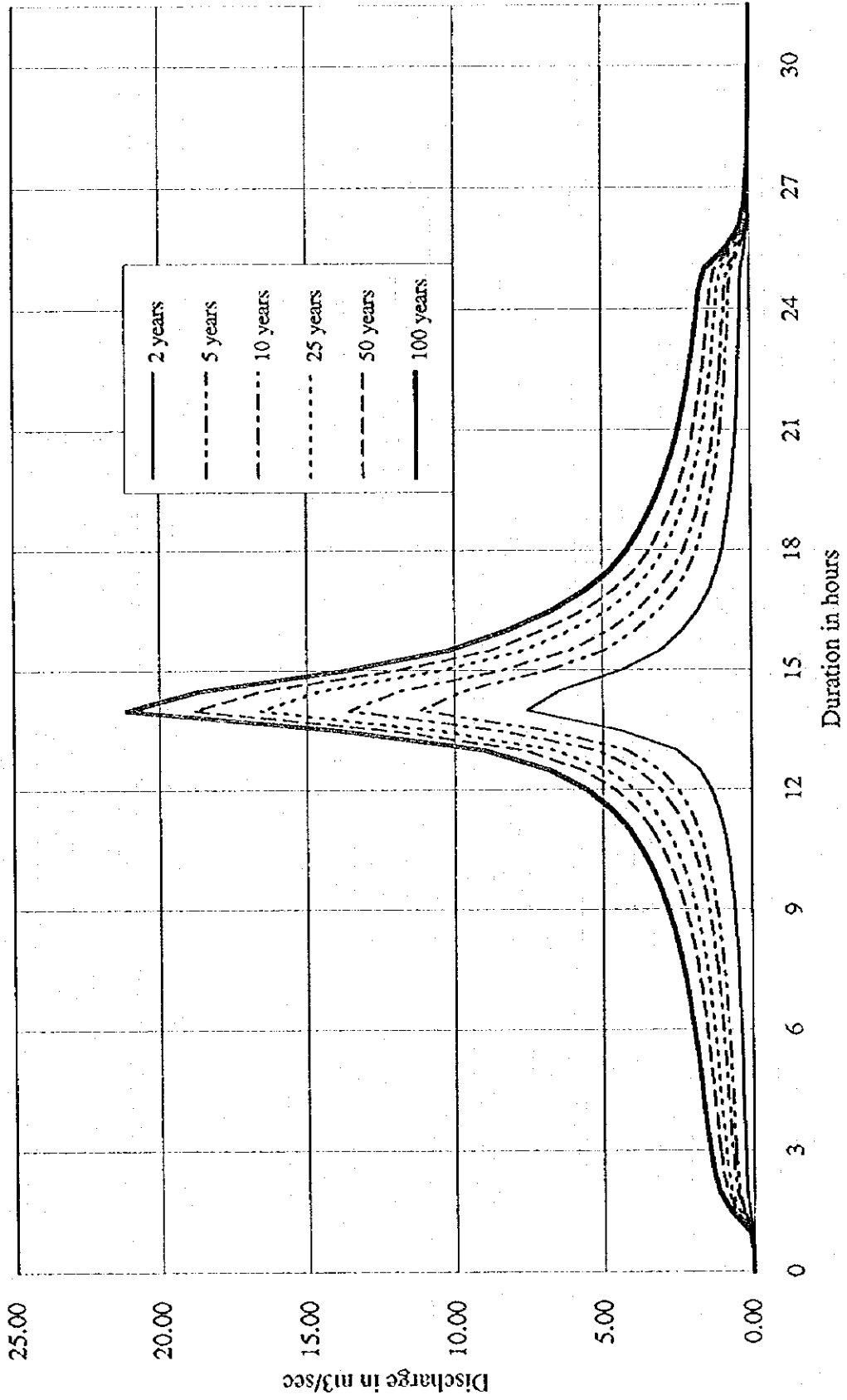


Figure A.3.6 Probable Flood at Dam No.2

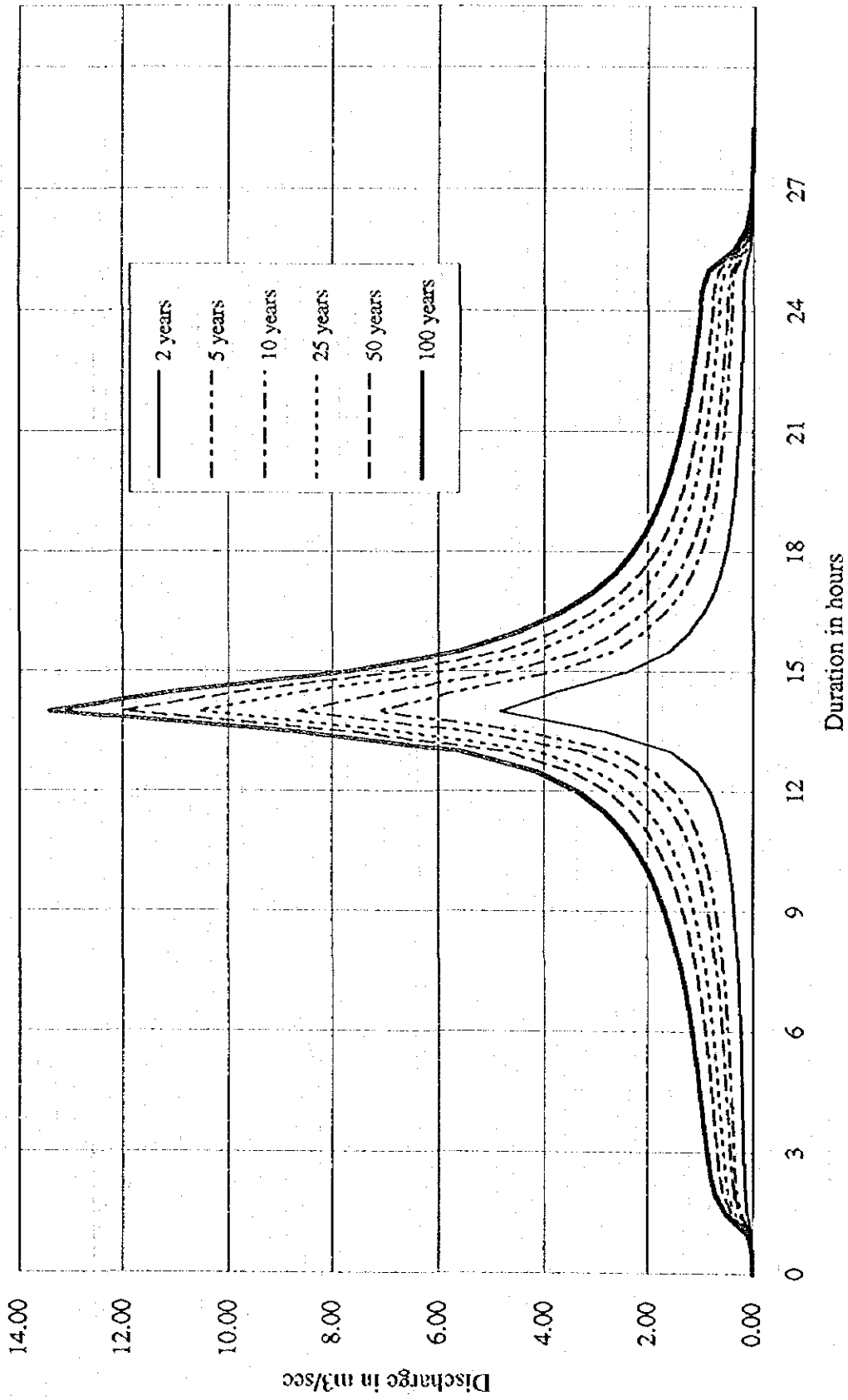


Figure A.3.7 Probable Flood at Dam No.5

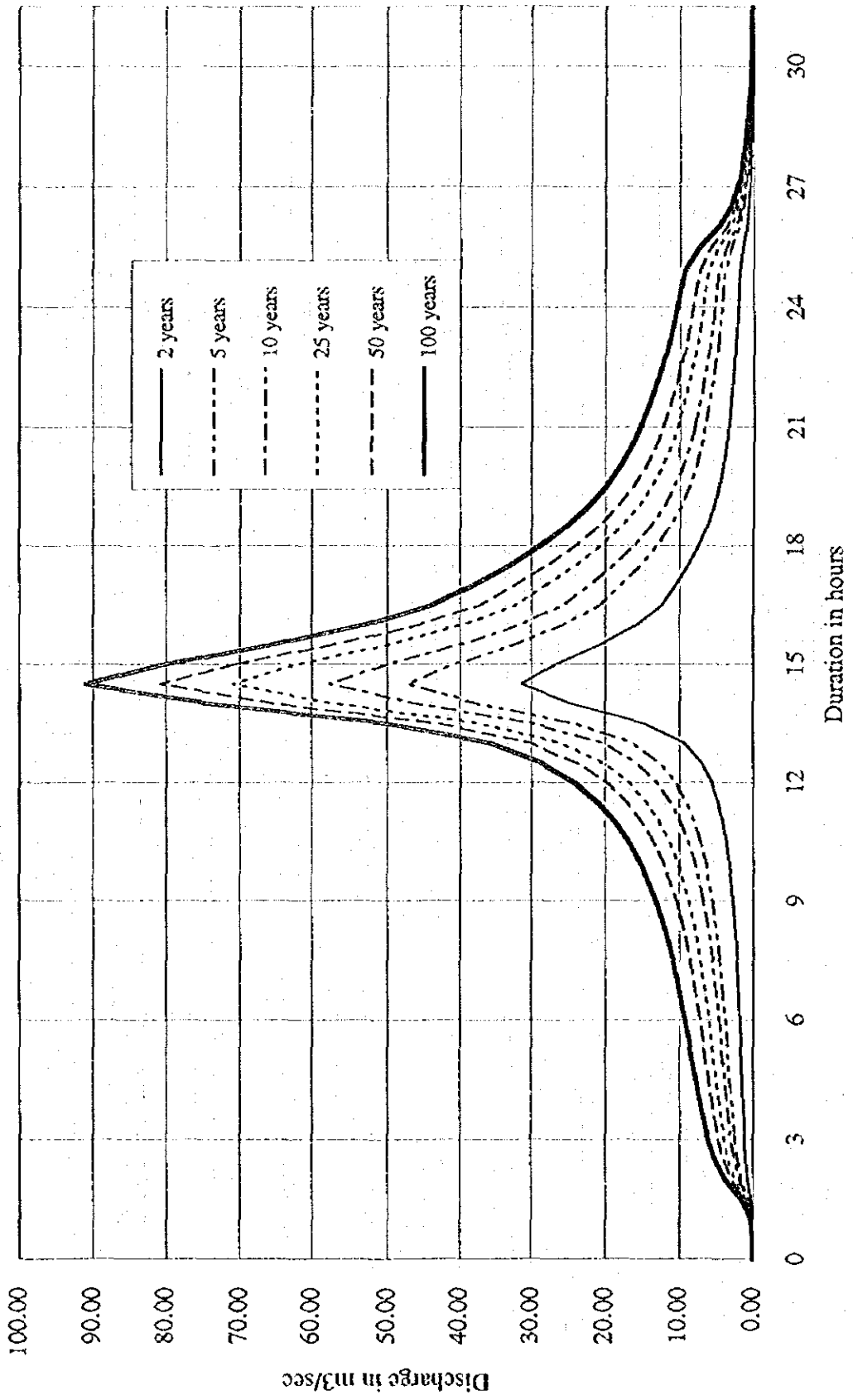


Figure A.3.8 Probable Flood at Dam No.4

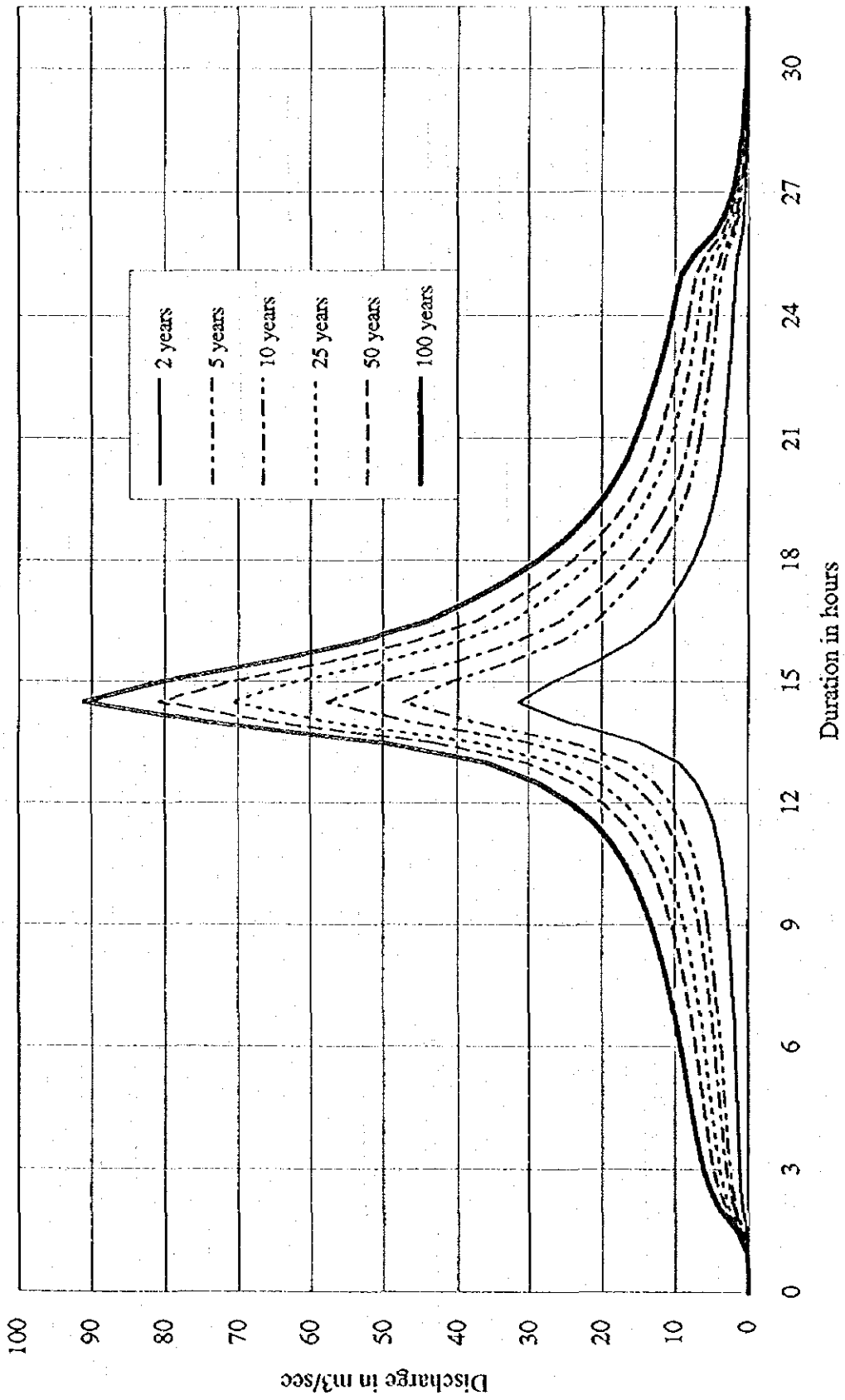


Figure A.3.9 Probable Flood at Dam No.5

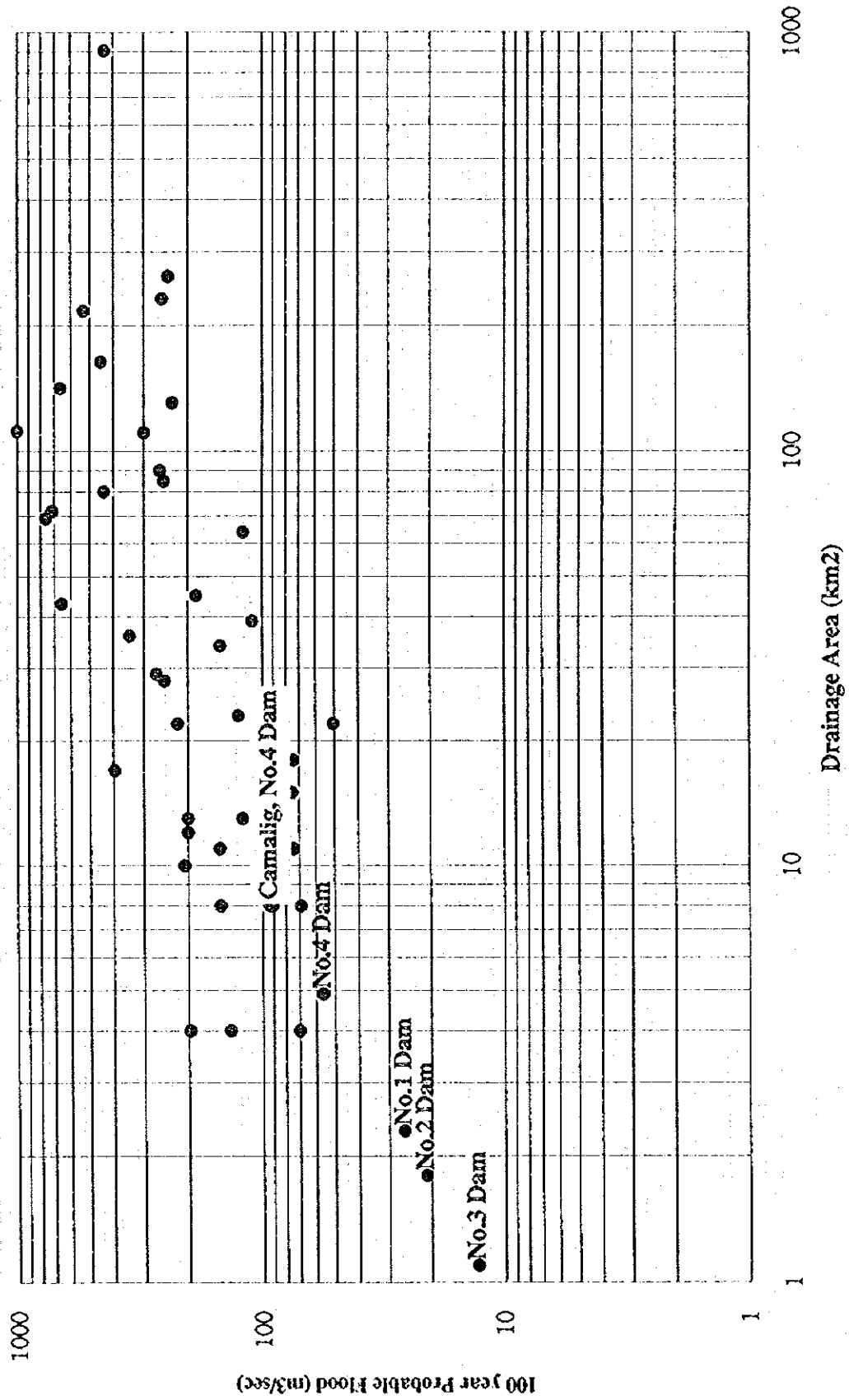
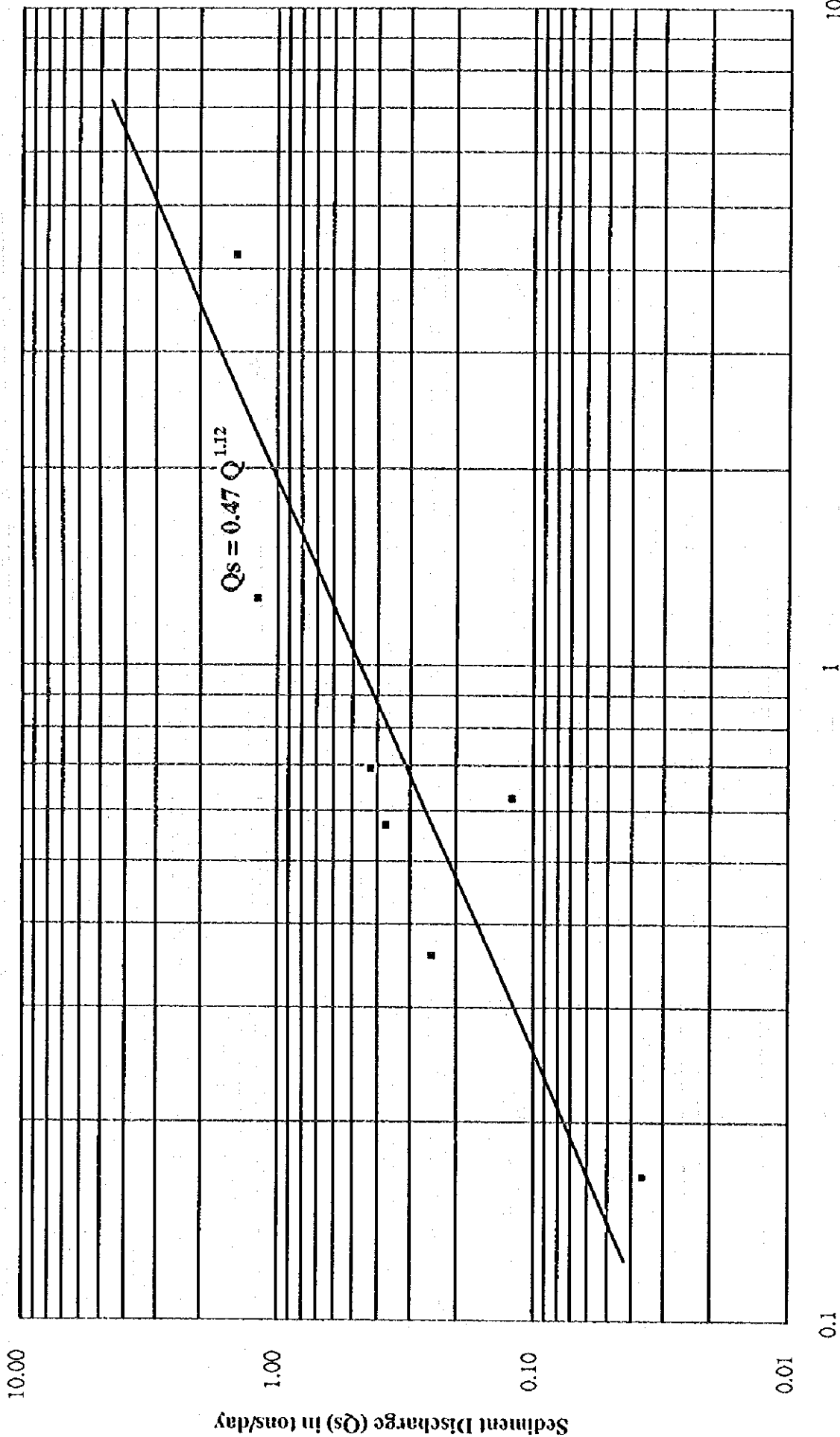


Figure A.3.10 100 Years Flood Discharge in Region V



10

1

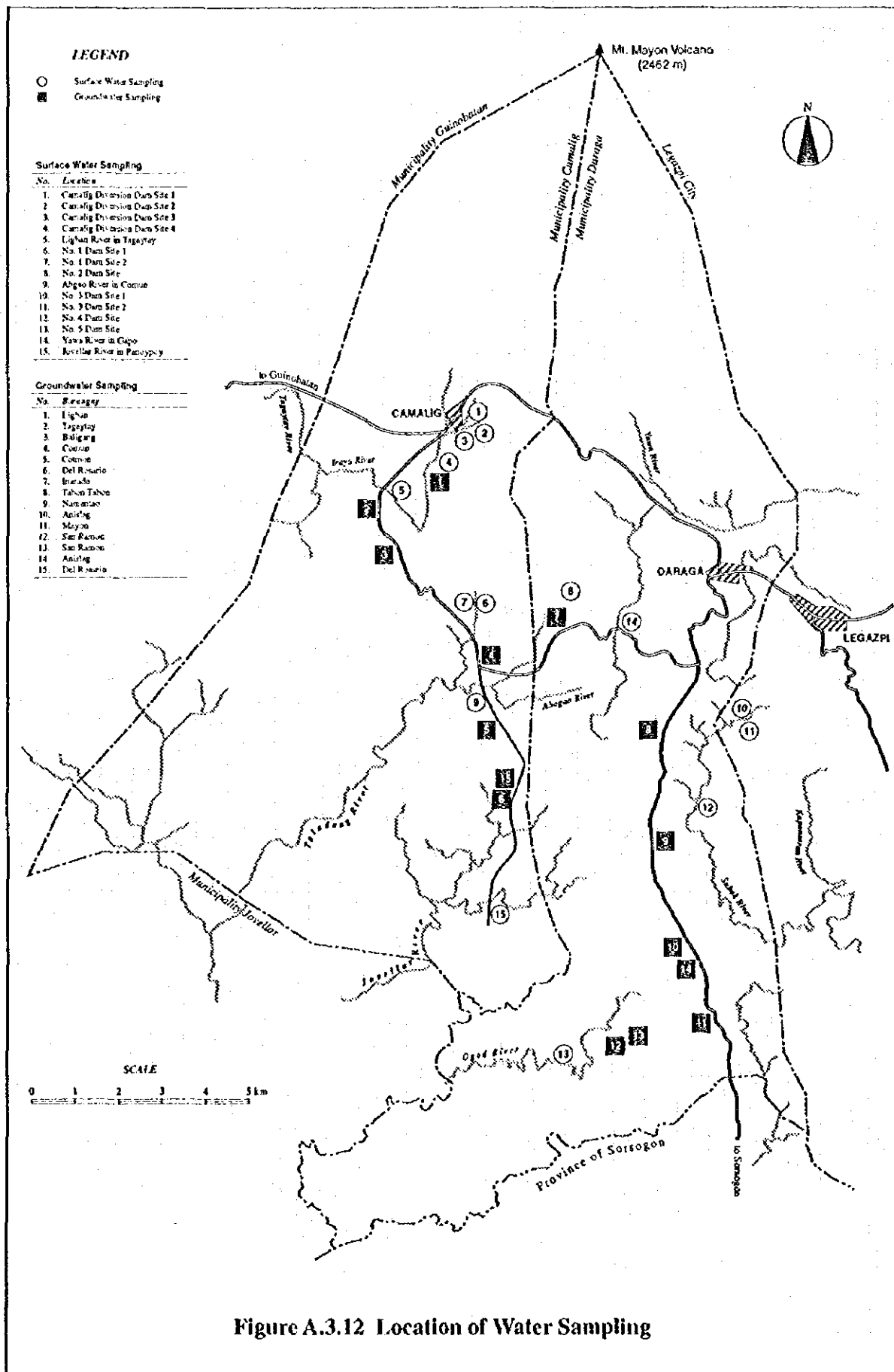
Water Discharge (Q) in m³/sec

0.1

Sediment Discharge (Qs) in tons/day

Figure A.3.11 Suspended Load Rating Curve for the Cumadcad River at Castilla





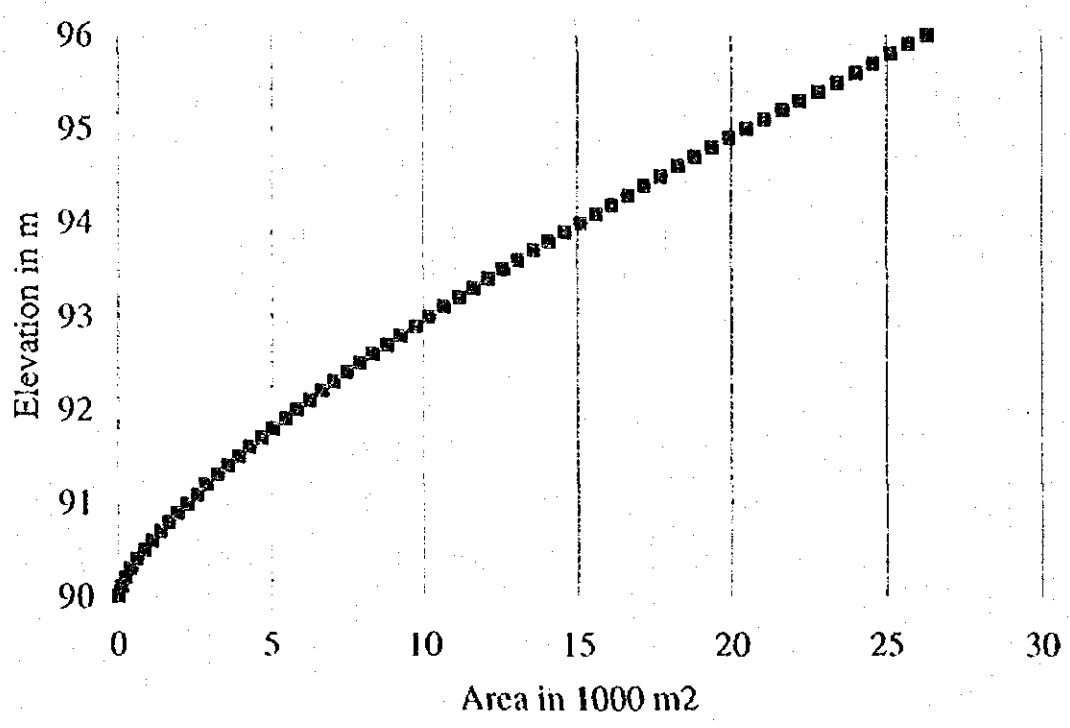
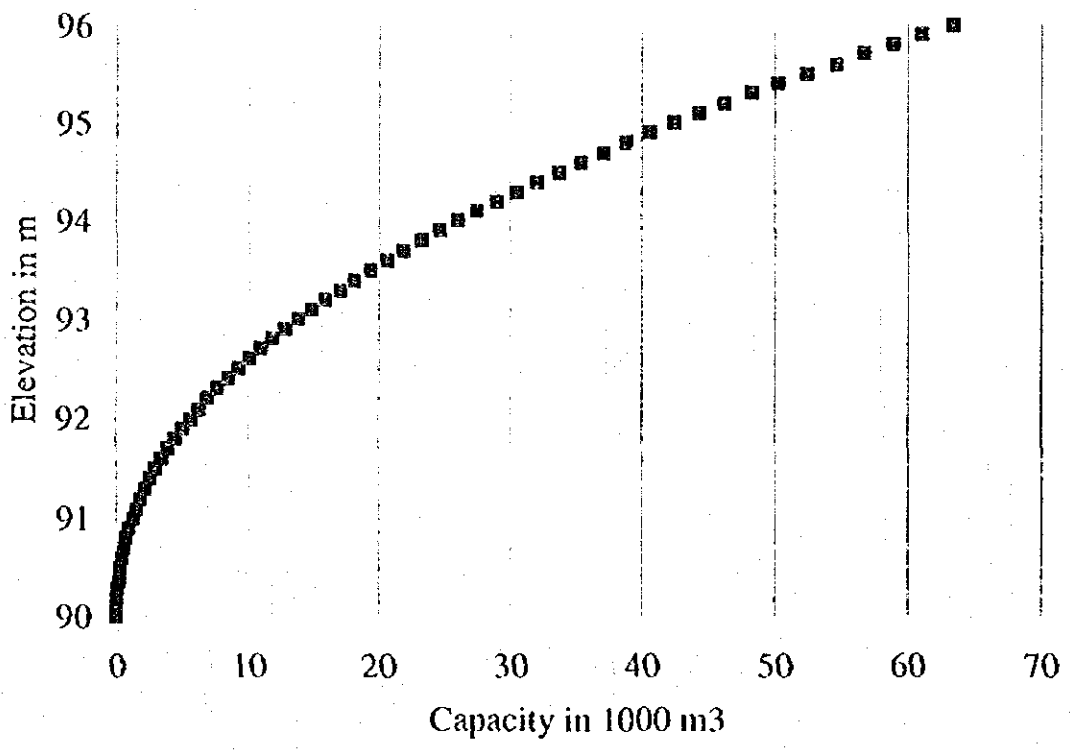
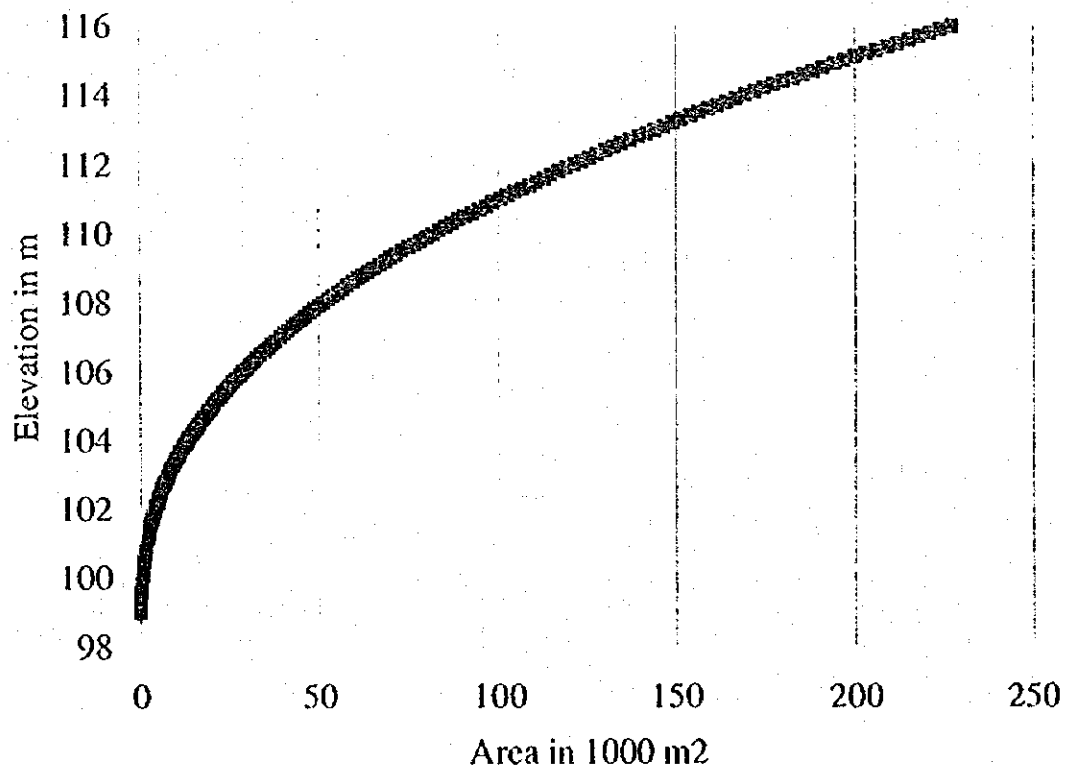
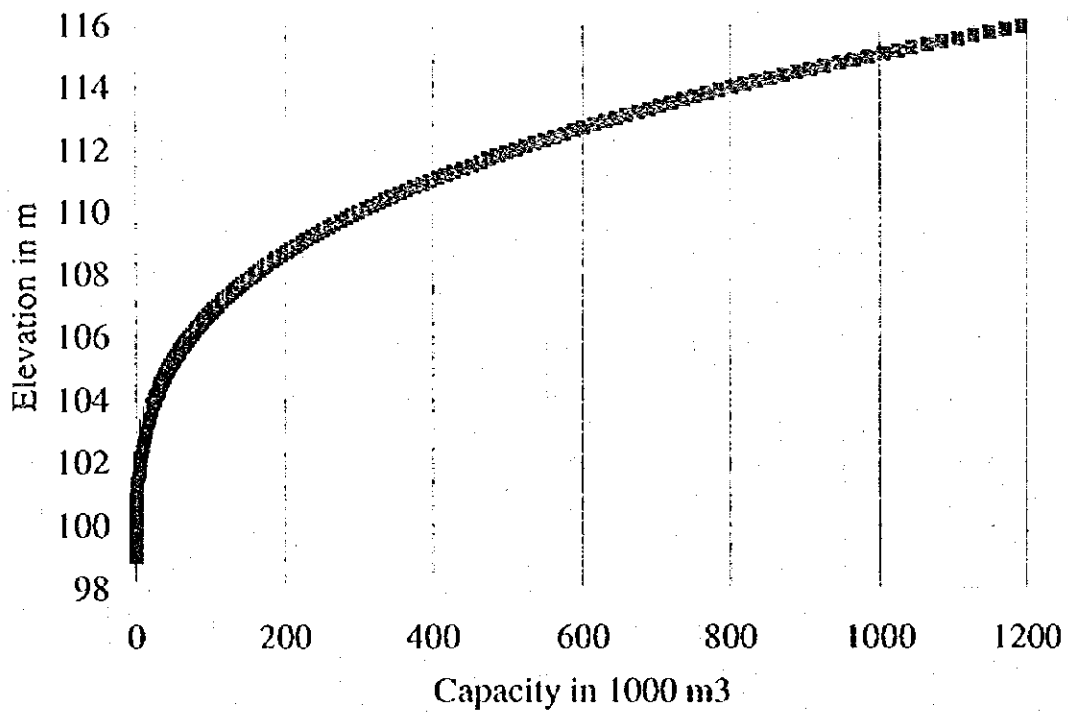


Figure A.5.1 Elevation - Capacity - Area Curve of No.1 Dam



**Figure A.5.2 Elevation - Capacity - Area Curve of No.2 Dam**

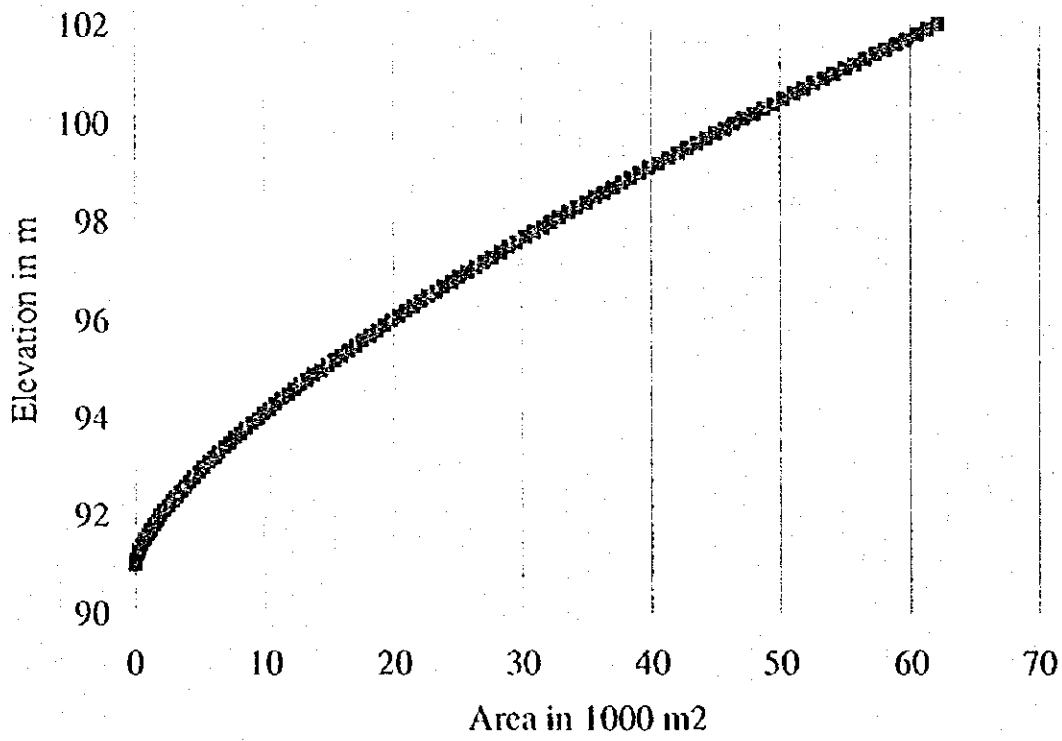
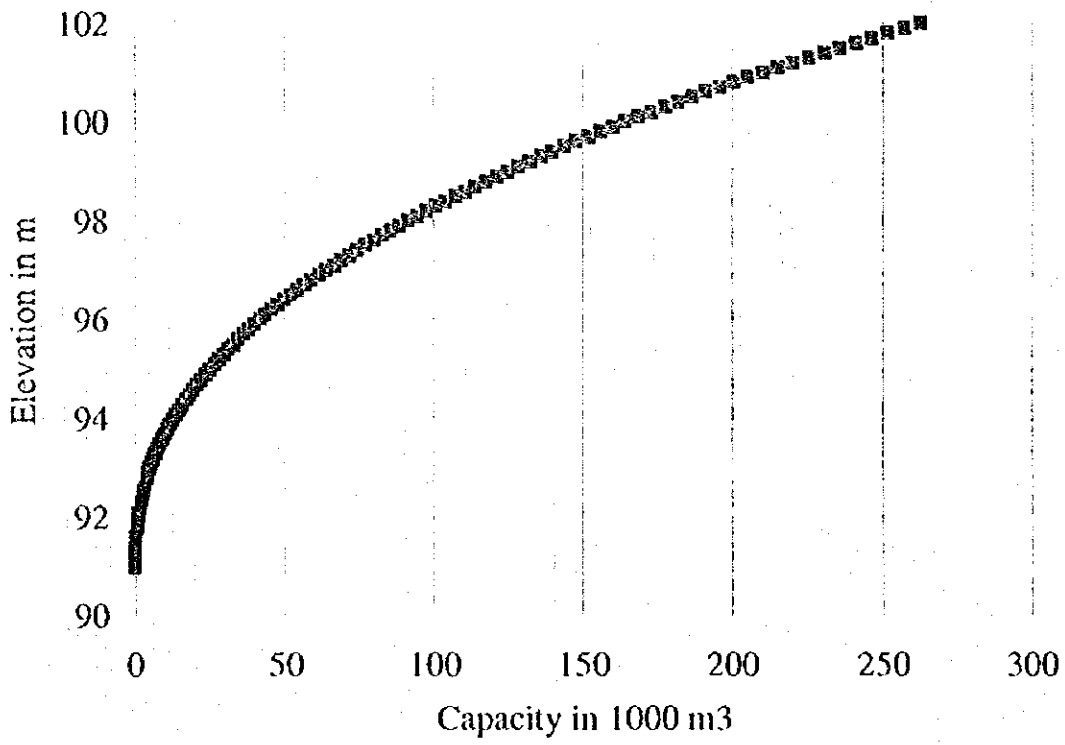


Figure A.5.3 Elevation - Capacity - Area Curve of No.3 Dam

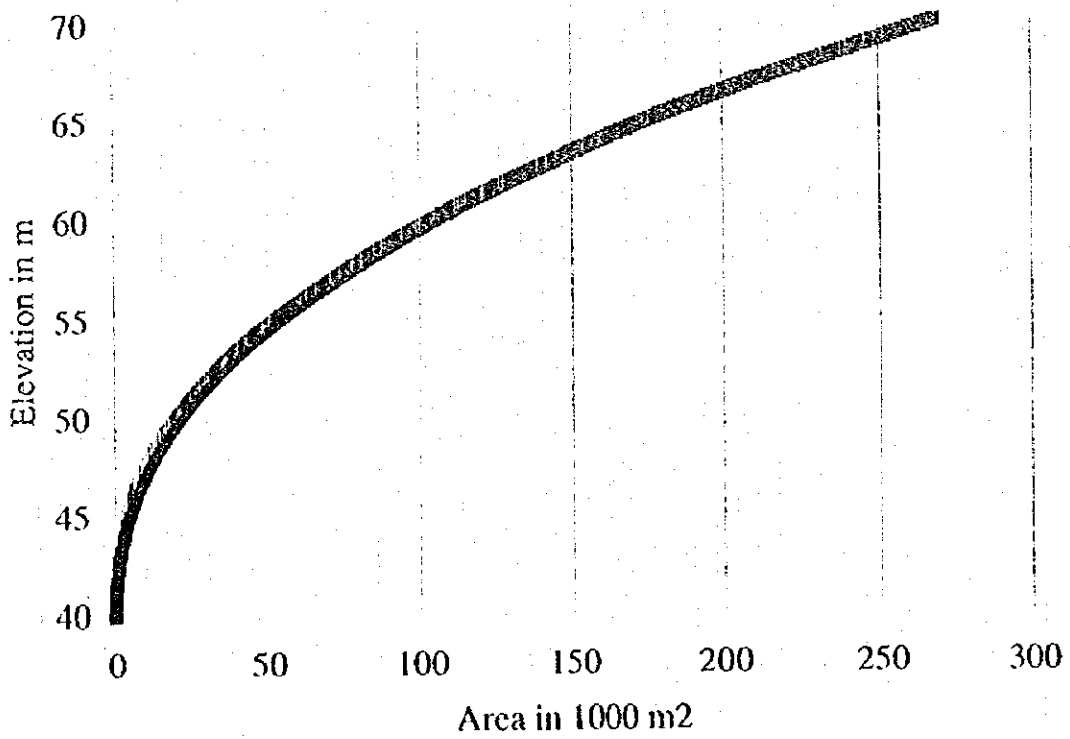
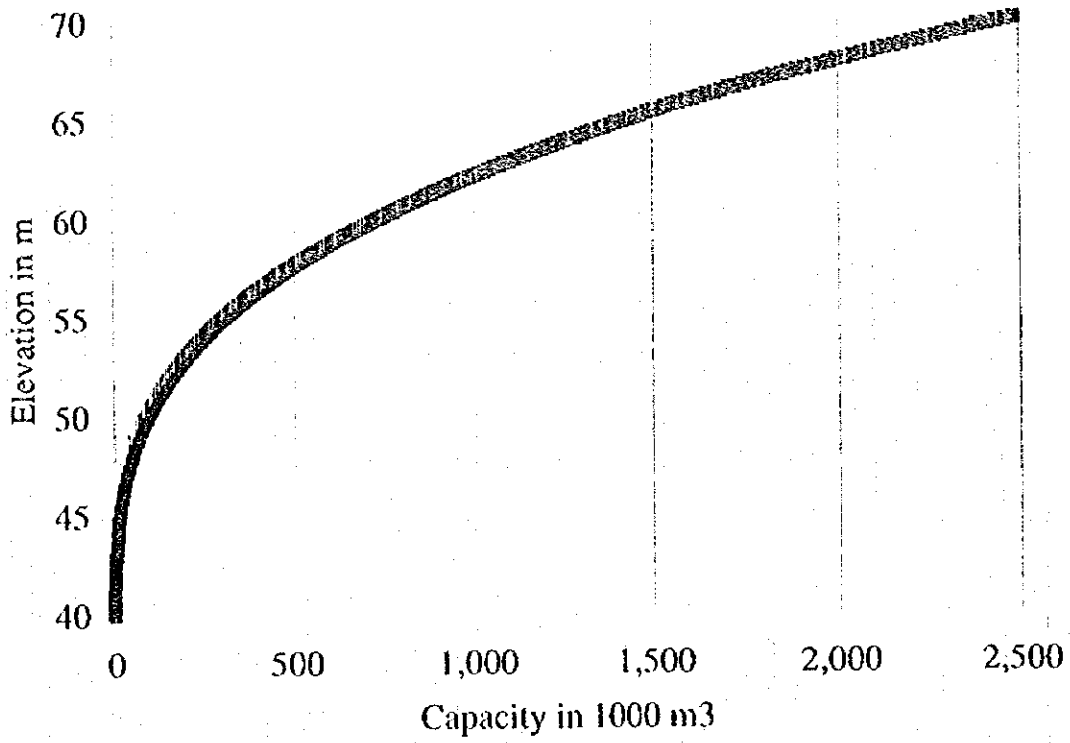


Figure A.5.4 Elevation - Capacity - Area Curve of No.4 Dam

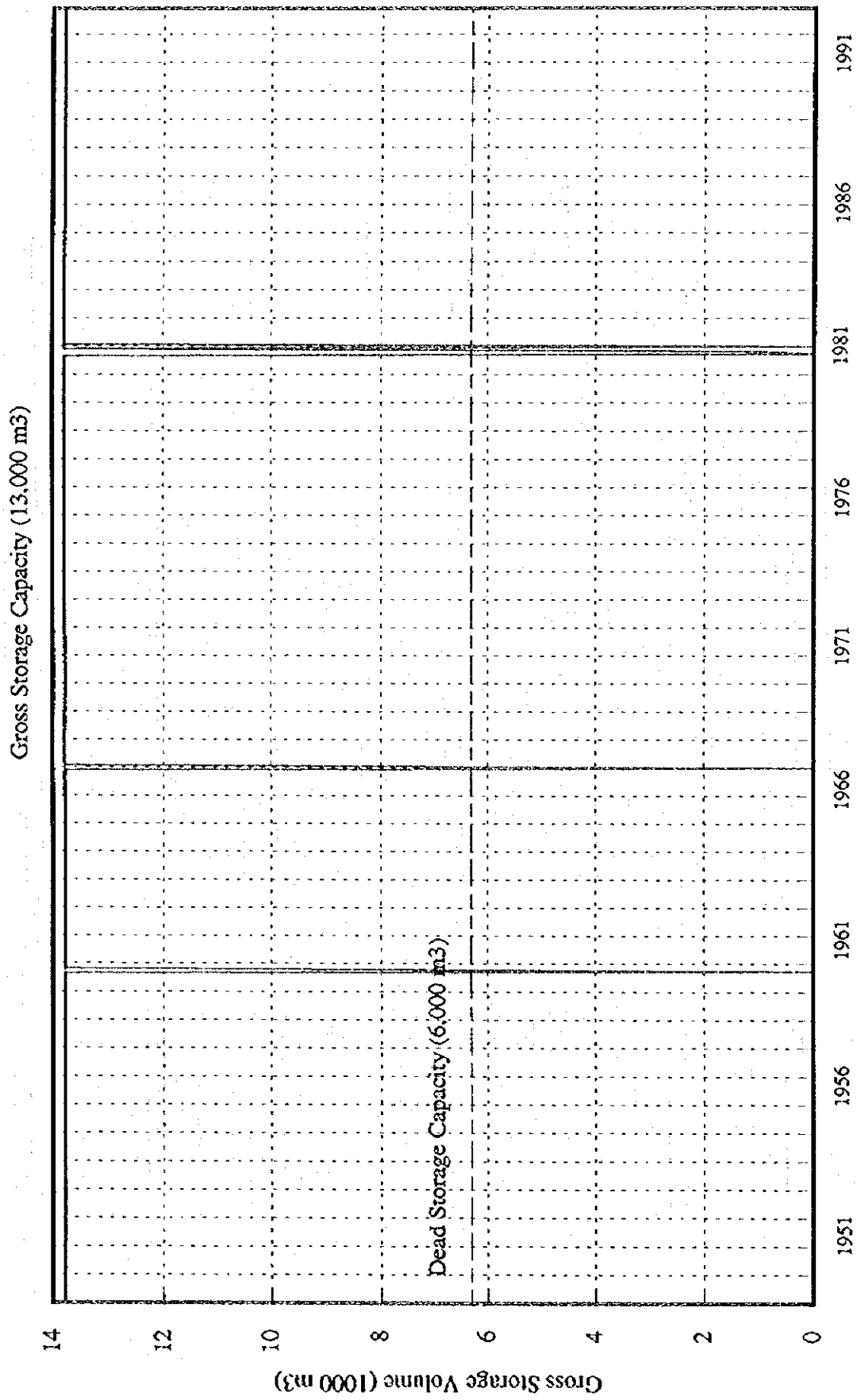


Figure A.5.5 Result of Reservoir Operation of No.1 Reservoir

Gross Storage Capacity (644,000 m<sup>3</sup>)

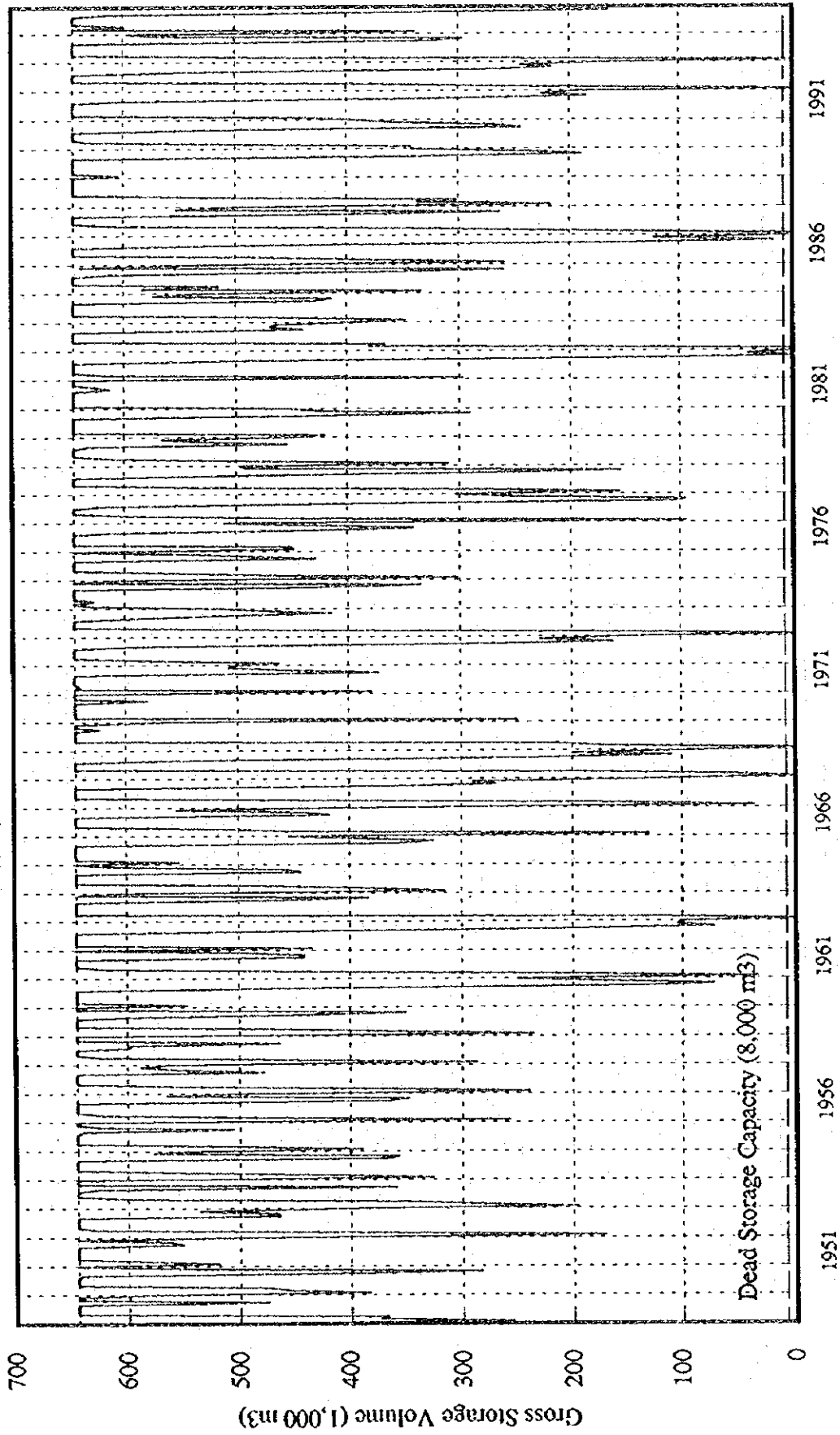


Figure A.5.6 Result of Reservoir Operation in No.2 Dam

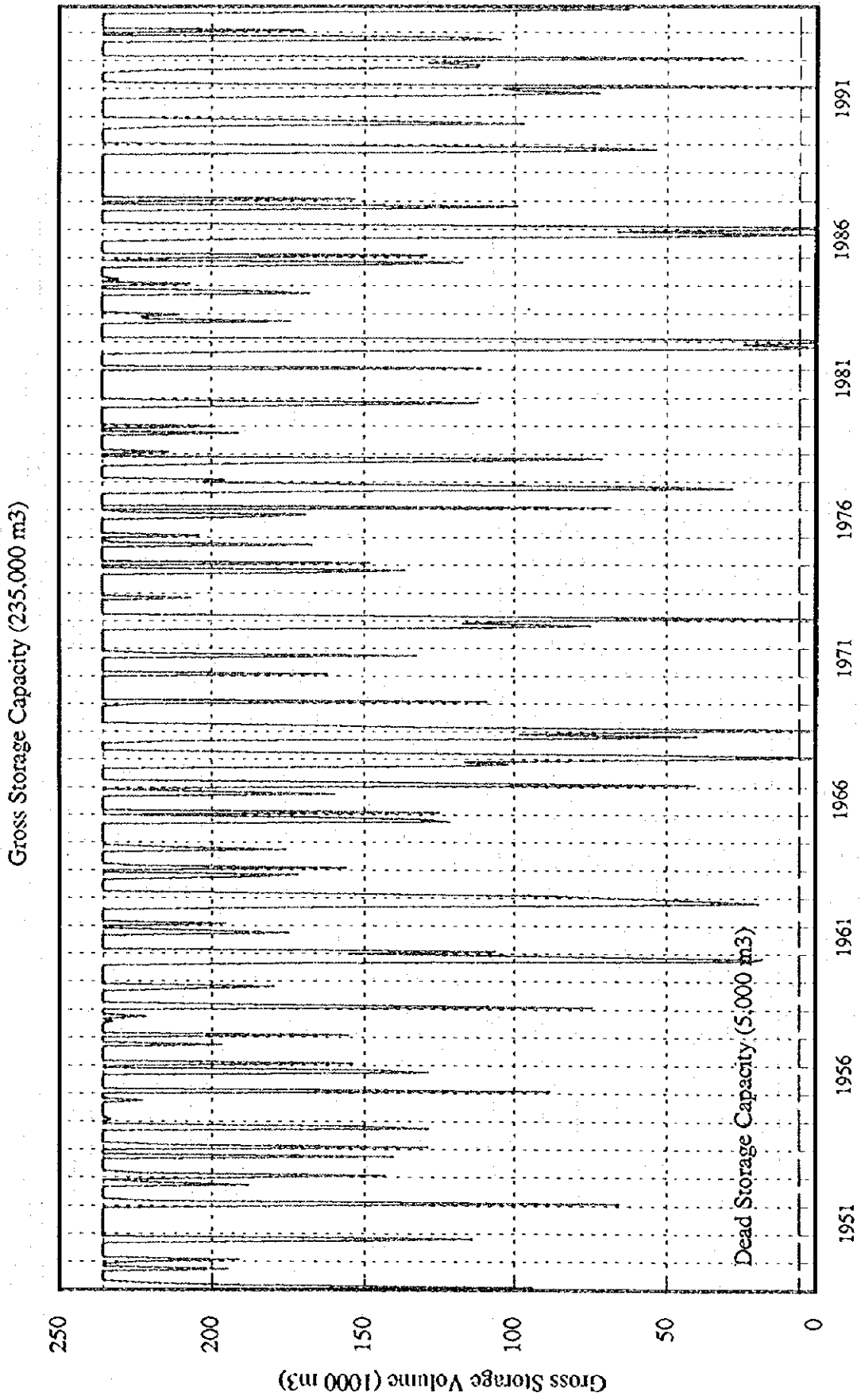


Figure A.5.7 Result of Reservoir Operation in No.3 Dam



Gross Storage Capacity (64,000 m<sup>3</sup>)

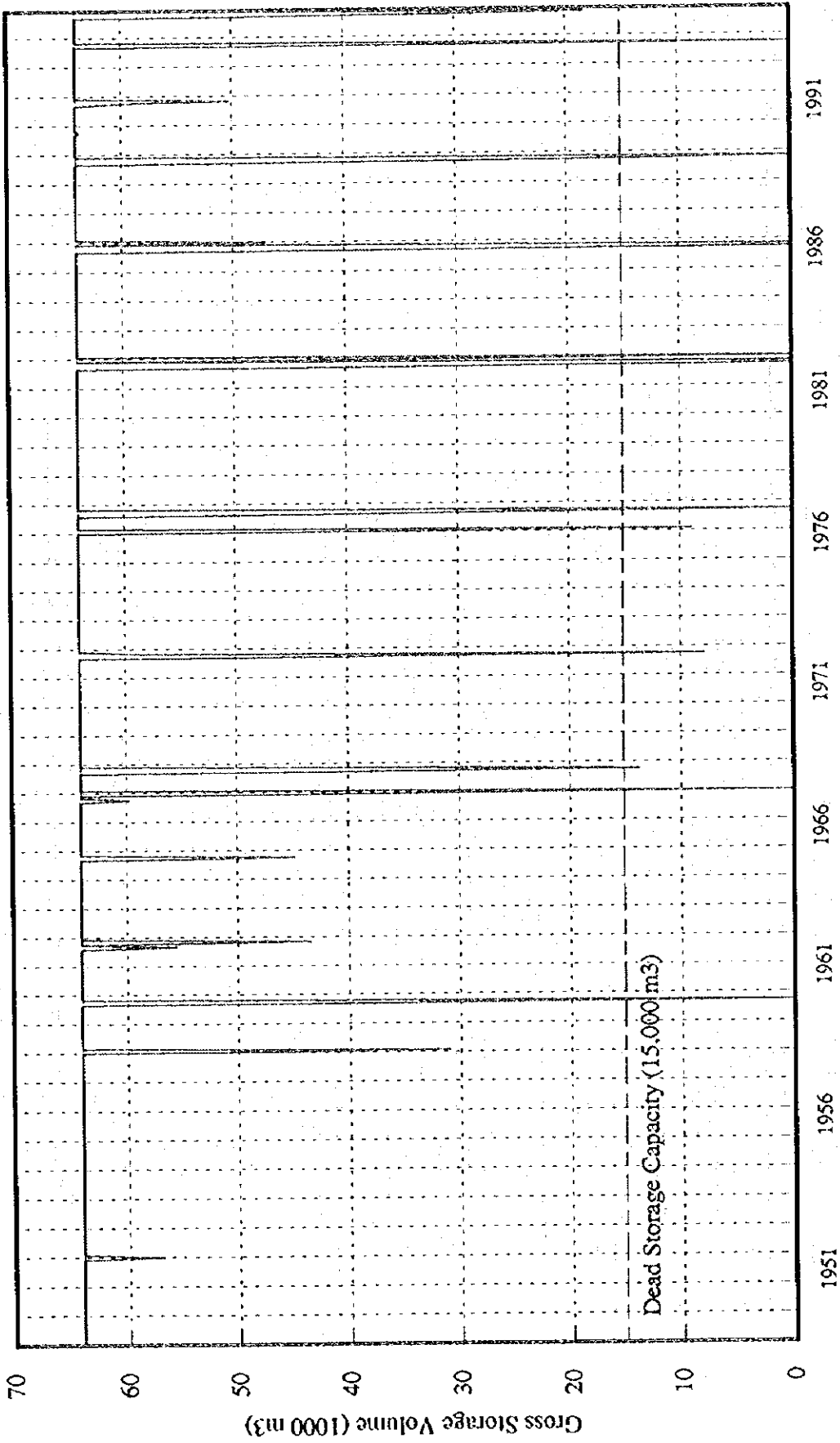
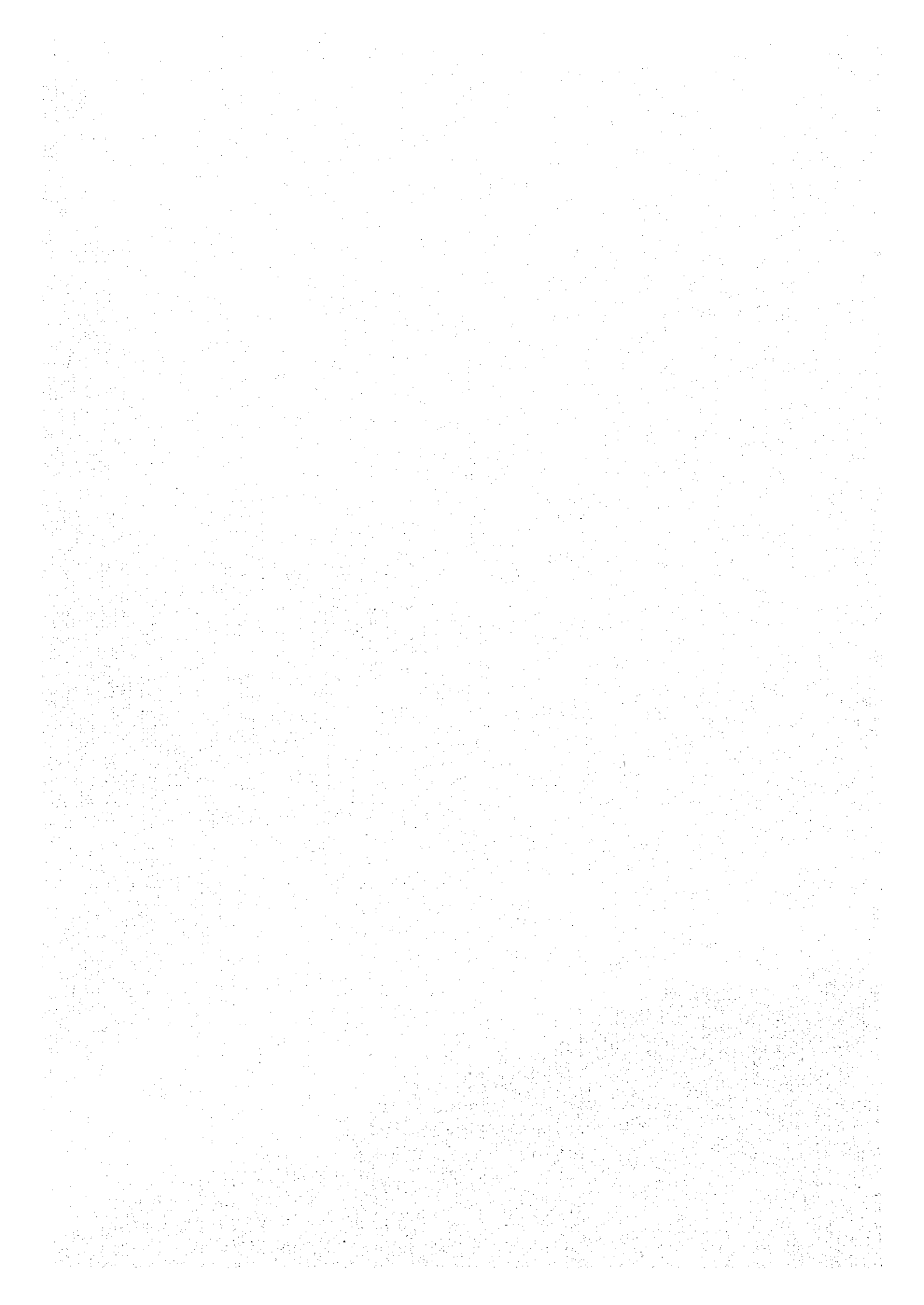


Figure A.5.8 Result of Reservoir Operation of No.4 Dam



**THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON  
THE WESTERN LEGAZPI IRRIGATION AND  
RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT IN THE PHILIPPINES**

***ANNEX B***  
***GEOLOGY***  
***AND***  
***HYDROGEOLOGY***



# ANNEX B GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

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## 1. GENERAL

This Annex B was prepared based on the results of geological, soil-mechanics and hydrogeological investigations which were carried out. The geological investigation is carried out through geological reconnaissance, core drilling associated with standard penetration tests and permeability tests, test pitting, aquifer tests and laboratory tests to prepare basic geotechnical data for the plan of water resource development.

### 1.1 Data Collection

The following reports and data were gathered to review the geology and hydrogeology in and around the Study Area.

Name of Study	Year	Agency Concerned
Mayon Volcano Sabo and Flood Control Project	1981/1993	JICA, DPWH
Legazpi City Water Supply Feasibility Study	1987	Local Water Utilities Administration
Proceedings of Geologic Hazards Seminar Cum Exposure Tour for Media People	1988	PHIVOLCS
Mineral Resources of the Bicol Region	1990	DENR
Geology and Dam Construction Materials of the Gabawan SWIP	1991	DPWH
Bicol River Basin Flood Control and Irrigation Development Project	1991	ADB/UNDP, RDC
Inventory of Artesian Well and Springs Development	1987-1992	DPWH

### 1.2 Survey and Investigation

In order to clarify the sub-surface geological conditions and characteristics, the following works were carried out.

#### (1) Geology

##### 1) Field reconnaissance

Field reconnaissance survey carried out at the proposed dam sites from view of geological aspect.

##### 2) Core drilling

Core drilling of 180 m in total was carried out. Furthermore, standard penetration tests and in-situ permeability tests were conducted at three dam sites by using bore hole as shown in Table B.1.1.1 and Figure B.1.1.1.

#### (2) Soil mechanics

Soil mechanical test of materials, such as rock materials, soil materials and filter materials were carried out through laboratory test.

##### 1) Test pitting

Six (6) test pits were provided to observe the subsurface geological conditions and collect samples for laboratory tests. (Ref. Table B.1.1.2 and Figure B.1.1.1)

2) Laboratory test

Test items and quantities conducted in laboratory are listed in Table B.1.1.3. Figure B.1.1.1 shows the location of those samplings.

(3) Hydrogeology

1) Data collection and field survey

In order to estimate the aquifer potential in the Study Area, existing data and maps on the geological and hydrogeological conditions were collected and reviewed through geological reconnaissance survey.

2) Aquifer test

Taking into account geological and hydrogeological conditions in the Study area, three (3) test well locations were selected. Depth of test well drillings is 30 m were. Aquifer test were conducted to determine the characteristics of the aquifers and to get information on the yield and drawdown of the well. The location of test wells and yield are shown in Figure B.1.1.1 and Table B.1.1.4, respectively.

### 1.3 Method of Investigation

(1) Equipment

1) Drilling rig

Rotary drilling machine with a capacity of 250 m in depth, with 89 mm and 73 mm diameter of metal crown and diamond bit.

2) Drilling pump

Reciprocating piston type with discharge capacity of 90 lit/min and capable pressure of 15 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

3) Packer

Pneumatically expanding type rubber packer.

4) Penetration test equipment

Raymond sampler and 63.5 kg drive hammer.

(2) Core drilling

Diameter of the drilling is 73 mm. All core samples taken at every depth of bore hole are kept in wooden cases. According to the recovery of core barrel, rock quality designation ( RQD ) is calculated.

(3) Standard penetration test

The tests were made in bore holes by counting the number of blows of a drop hammer with 63.5 kg of weight falling from 75 cm of height that was necessary to make a standard Raymond sampler penetrate 30 cm into the layer.

(4) Field permeability test

The tests were performed in bore holes by every 2 to 5 m stage as a rule, by means of Lugeon test ( pumping water injection method ) and open end test ( gravity pressure injection method ) in case of unconsolidated deposits.

(5) Test pit

The test pits were excavated to observe sub-surface geological conditions and taking samples for laboratory tests.

(6) Aquifer test

Well design is shown in Fig B.5.3.1. Pump is a 5 Hp submersible pump with a diameter of 101.6 mm. Pump is set at the depth of 27 m in each three wells. Diameter of the discharge orifice is 56.25 mm. The rate of discharge of the submersible pump is controlled by using a gate valve placed near the end of the discharge orifice. The proposed observation wells were not provided because the well is being used as a domestic water supply or clogged up by debris.

Although two type of tests, namely a) constant-discharge b) step drawdown were conducted. During conducting the step drawdown test, a well becomes dry within 25 minutes after starting pumping with the discharge of the minimum allowable discharge rate. In another test well, intrusion of sand-sized particles into the pump had the discharge capacity of the pump reduce, and the step drawdown test is not able to conduct.

(7) Laboratory test

1) Compacting test

Compacting tests were carried out to follow the ASTM standard. The compaction energy ( $E_c$ )=100 % is applied to the density of specimen for the mechanical tests as follows :

$$E_c = \frac{W \cdot H \cdot n \cdot L}{V}$$

- where,  $E_c$  : Compaction energy (  $E_c$  of 100 % = 5.625 kg•cm/cm<sup>3</sup> )  
W : Weight of rammer  
H : Fall height of rammer  
n : Number of compaction per layer  
L : Number of layer  
V : Volume of mould

2) Triaxial compression test

- (i) The lateral pressures ( $\sigma^3$ ) of the test are adopted 0.5, 1.0 and 2.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>
- (ii) The pore water pressure is measured during the compression test (CU test)

3) Test condition

Triaxial compression test and permeability test are carried out for the respective specimen to be prepared for the following conditions

- (i) At the optimum density and optimum water content ( $\gamma_{dmax}$  and  $W_{opt}$  )
- (ii) At 95 % of the optimum density and wet of the optimum water content ( $\gamma_{dmax} \times 0.95$  and  $WD 95$ )

- (ii) The pore water pressure is measured during the compression test (CU test)

**3) Test condition**

Soil mechanical tests such as triaxial compression test and permeability test are carried out for the respective specimen to be prepared for the following conditions

- (i) At the optimum density and optimum water content ( $\gamma_{dmax}$  and  $W_{opt}$ )
- (ii) At 95 % of the optimum density and wet of the optimum water content ( $\gamma_{dmax} \times 0.95$  and  $WD 95$ )

## 2. GENERAL GEOLOGY

### (1) Topography

Topography in the Study area is broadly divided into 3 categories such as: a) flood plain of Ligban rivers; b) flat terrace expanded southward from hills of Camalig - Daraga towns; and c) rolling hills.

Flood plain of Ligban river extends in the south eastern area of Camalig town, and has a gentle slope ranging 1/100 to 1/400 from north to southwest with an elevation ranging from 110 m to 99 m above mean sea level. The Ligban river flows down from the hillside of the northern mountain area to the central areas of the flood plain in Barangay Tagaytay.

Flat terrace expands at about 2 km south from the hills of Camalig - Daraga towns and is mainly covered by rainfed paddy field. The elevation of the terrace area ranges from 96 m to 86 m above mean sea level. A few streams that originate from the hills surrounding the terrace area flow down in the area.

The rolling hills extends from the edge of flat terrace to southern part of the Study area. The hills are relatively low, and the altitude ranges from about 40 m to 90 m above mean sea level. The main river is Jovellar river flowing out from the rolling hills to south westward.

### (2) Geology

Regional geology in and around the Study Area is mainly classified into Daraga, Bicol, Albay and Ligao formations of Miocene to Plio - Pleistocene epoch and volcanic clastics of Quaternary period as shown in Fig B.2.2.1 and Fig B.2.2.2. An active fault, namely, San Vicent - Ligao fault is located in northern areas from national highway, Camalig-Daraga extending WNW - ESE direction.

Daraga formation (Dpy) consists of mainly lava flow, agglomerate, volcanic breccia, tuff with interbedded clastic sedimentary rocks of Miocene epoch. These rocks are moderately consolidated and are cropped out as soft to hard rocks. The formation expands on the hills located in northern part of the Study Area.

Bicol and Albay formations (Cl1Cl2) are composed of sandstone, shale and conglomerate alternation of Miocene to Pliocene epoch. They are moderately consolidated soft to moderately hard rocks. These formations are developed on the rolling hill in the north and southeast of the Study Area. Albay formation unconformably overlies Bicol formation in eastern part of national road, Daraga - Sorsogon.

Ligao formation (Ls) consists of limestone of Plio - Pleistocene epoch, and located in the isolated hilly areas of the central and western parts of the Study Area.

Pyroclastic rocks (Py) appears as a lenticular body in the east part of the Study Area consisting of tuff and tuffaceous clastic rocks intercalated basaltic to andesitic lava of Pleistocene epoch. The formation is moderately consolidated and outcropped as soft to semi-hard rocks without thin lava.

Mt. Mayon area comprises volcanics (Mmf, Maf) such as lava flows, scoria and volcanic ash in higher slope area of the volcano, and predominantly mud flows in lower slope of the vast mountain skirt. Alluvial plain has formations consisting of volcanic ejecta.

Alluvium (Al) develops in northern part of the Study Area, where sand, gravel and clayey silt are predominant.