

transmission line is approximately 165 km, as shown in the attached drawing "General Map of Num Gam Basin", and will naturally result in a large voltage drop. Therefore, it will be necessary to install static condensers in order to maintain the voltage drop within 10%, to increase transmission capacity and to maintain a prescribed voltage at the consumer end. As a result of studies it was concluded that on the assumed load of Nakhon Phanon and Mukudahan, shown in the table below, about 500 KVA of static condensers would be needed.

<u>Sub-station</u>	<u>Assumed load in KVA</u>
Sakol Nakhon	1,700
Nakae	100
Nakhon Phanon	1,000
That Phanon	400
Mukudahan	600
Nam Pung Bridge site	1,000

Assuming that no static condensers will be installed and loads will be 100% power factor consisting mostly of lighting demand, the voltage drop at Nakhon Phanon, which is at the end of the line, is estimated to be about 15% of the assumed load.

#### D. Cost estimates

Field studies that the Team has conducted were principally investigations to formulate a development plan and to design necessary structures. Therefore, it must be pointed out that adequate studies which are necessary to estimate project costs have not been made. Cost estimates which are presented herewith were made from various data obtained in Tokyo, as well as, from assumptions. Consequently, cost estimates with a higher degree

of reliability may be prepared as a result of discussions with the Government of Thailand and the supplementary field investigations that the Team proposes to conduct,

Estimated Costs of Nam Pung Generation and Transmission Scheme

<u>Item</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Cost in US\$</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
a) Dam	744,000 m <sup>3</sup>	2,646,000	
b) Waterway			
Intake		92,000	
Headrace	572 m	384,000	
Surge tank		50,000	Simple surge tank
Penstock	400 m	132,000	
Powerhouse		184,000	Inclusive of switchyard and sub-station
Tailrace		44,000	
Generation equipment	3 units	556,000	
Transmission line	35 km	178,000	To Sakol Nakorn
Distribution sub-station	6,600 KVA	217,000	
Sub-total		1,837,000	
c) General administrative expenses		1,497,000	
Total costs		5,980,000	

Direct costs of generation and transmission plants which are the total costs less the cost of the dam and general administrative expenses are estimated to be \$1,837,000 or 12.2 cents per KWH. If 43.5% of general administrative expenses and 28% of the cost of the dam are allocated to power, the total cost of power will be \$3,183,000. Assuming interest costs at 6% per annum, power could be delivered to Sakol Nakorn at 2.0 cents per KWH.

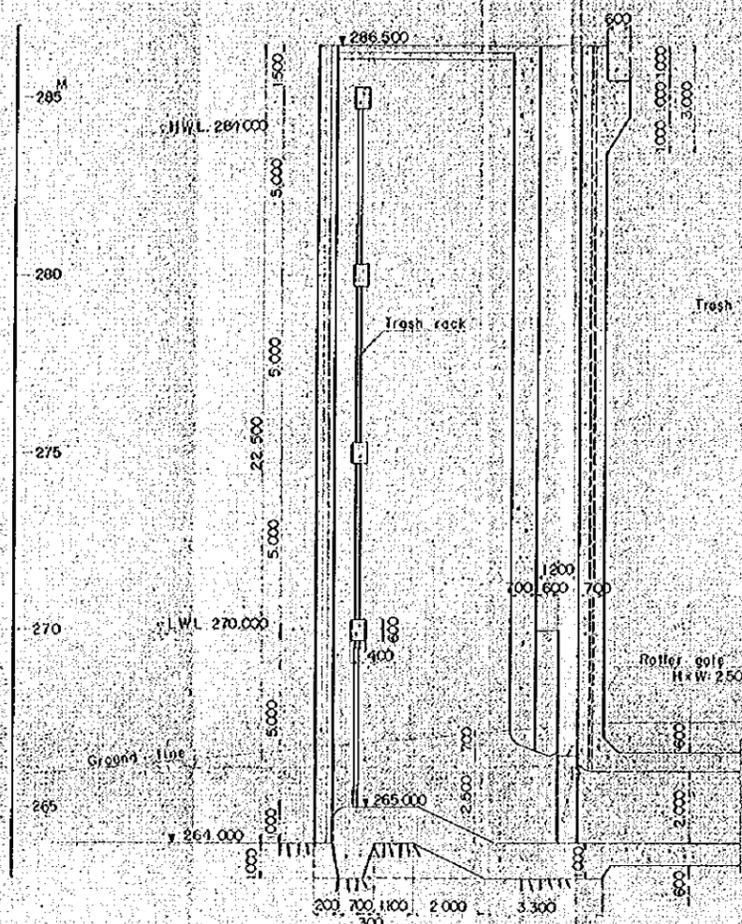
If power is to be delivered to Nakorn Phanom, That Phanom and Mukudahan, additional costs of approximately \$1,165,000 would be entailed to construct transmission lines and sub-stations. Then the total cost would be \$7,145,000.

# NAM PUNG PROJECT

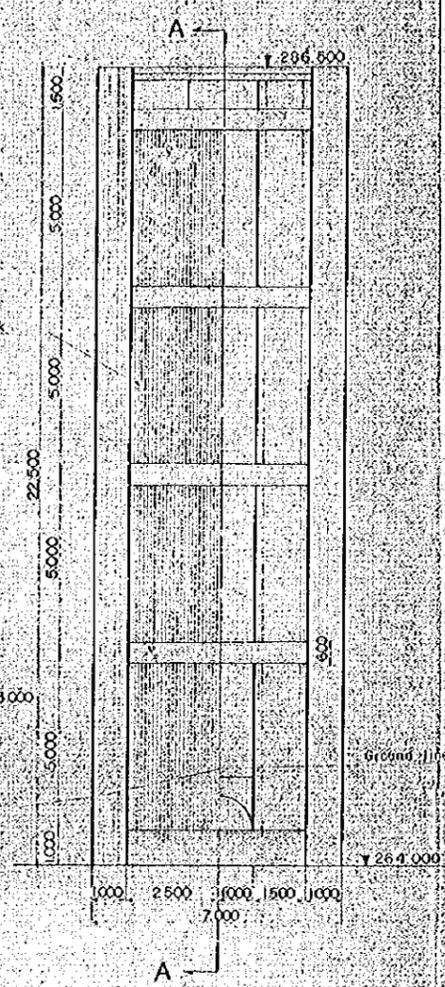
## LIST OF FIGURES

NAME	NO. OF FIGURE
✓ GEOLOGY AND LOCATION OF EXPLO- RATION (DAM)	201
✓ GEOLOGY AND LOCATION OF EXPLO- RATION (POWERPLANT)	202
✓ GEOLOGIC SECTION (DAM)	204
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✓ TYPICAL SECTION AND UPSTREAM ELEVATION OF DAM	1102
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✓ SECTION OF SPILLWAY	1602
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✓ SECTION OF INTAKE AND SURGE TANK	2001
✓ SECTIONAL PROFILE OF POWERPLANT	2401
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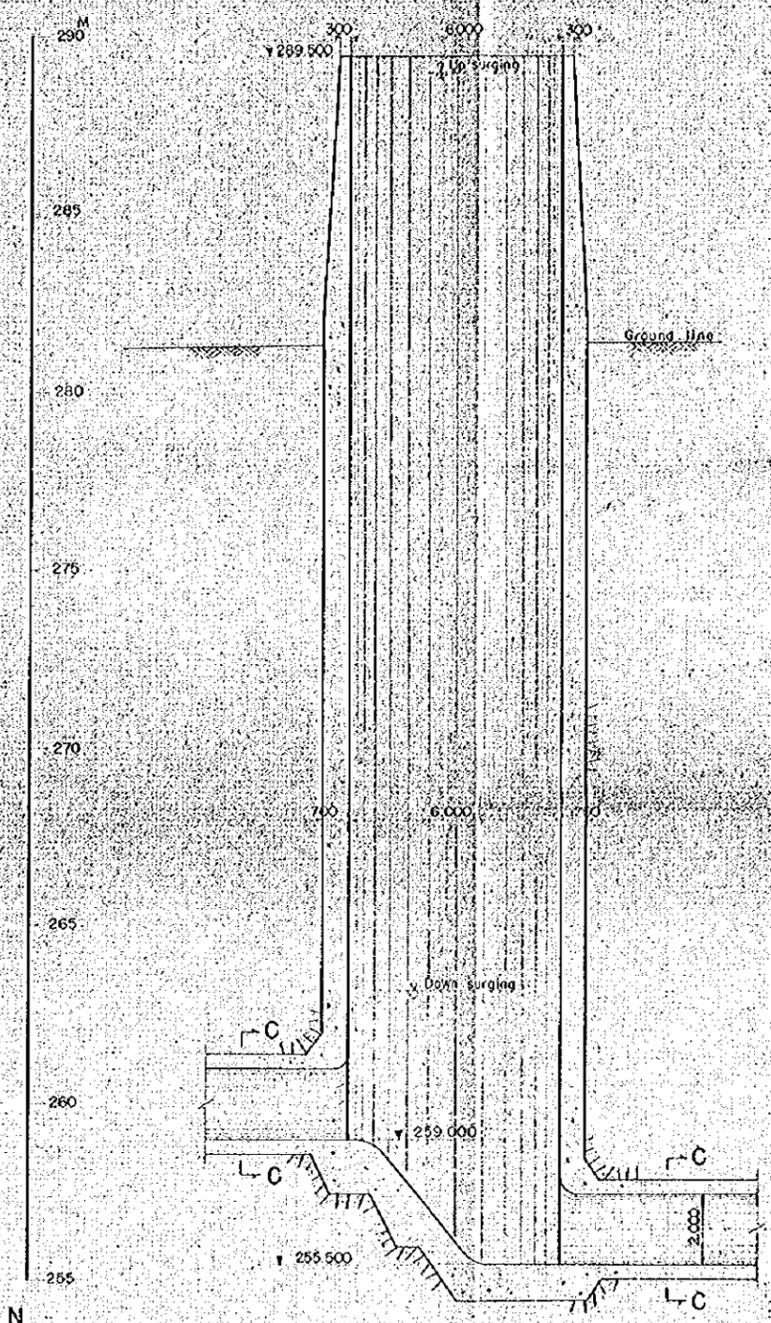
SECTION A-A



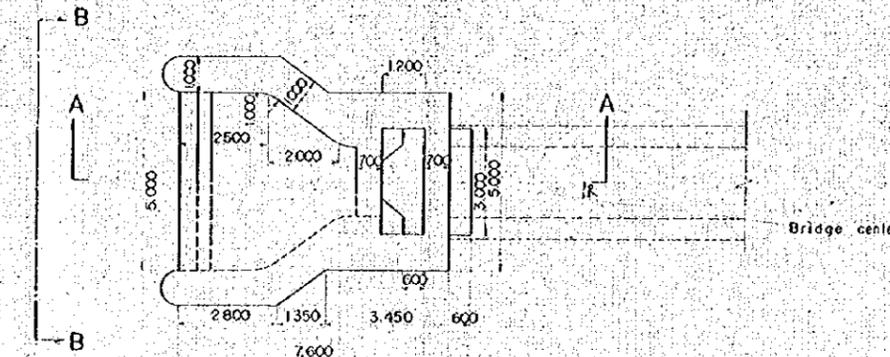
ELEVATION B-B



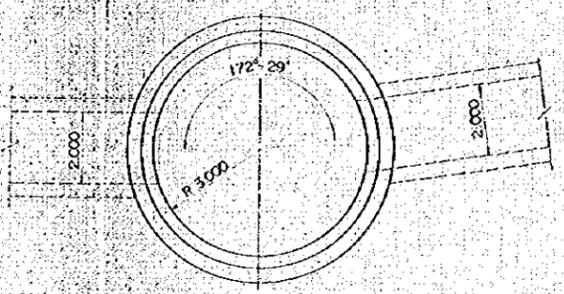
SECTION OF THE SURGE TANK



PLAN



PLAN



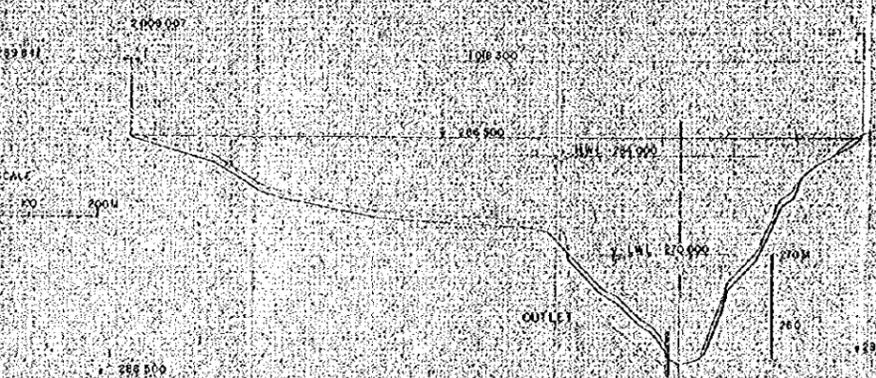
SECTION C-C



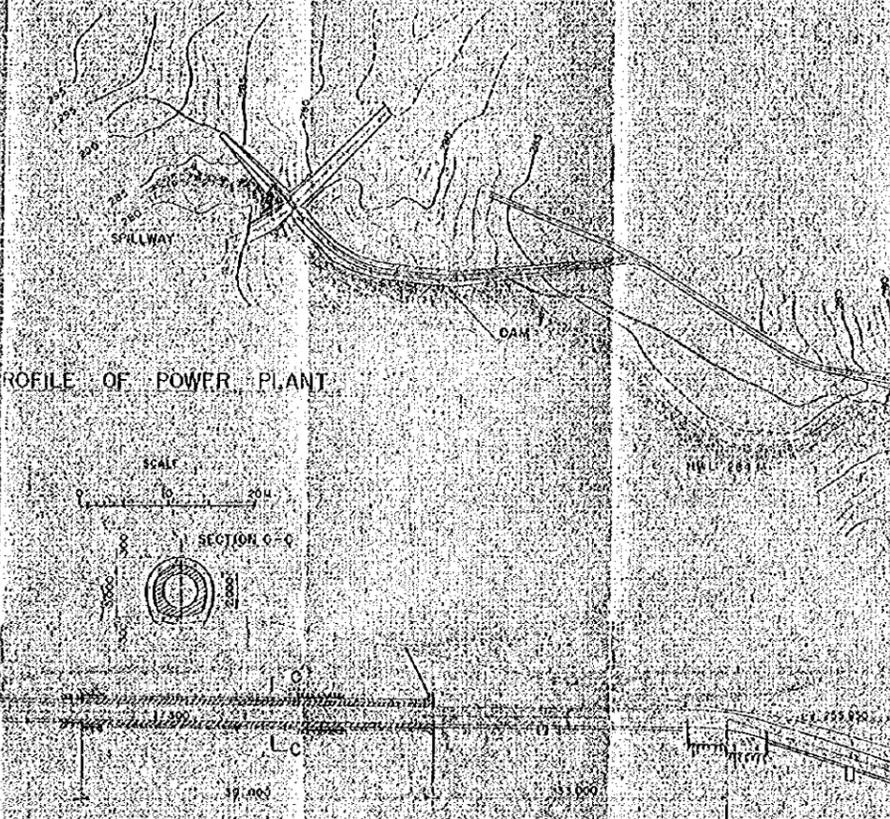
SCALE 5M

NAM PUNG PROJECT	
SECTION OF INTAKE AND SURGE TANK	
JAPANESE GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATION TEAM ON THE NAM GAM PROJECT TOKYO	
JULY 1962	2001

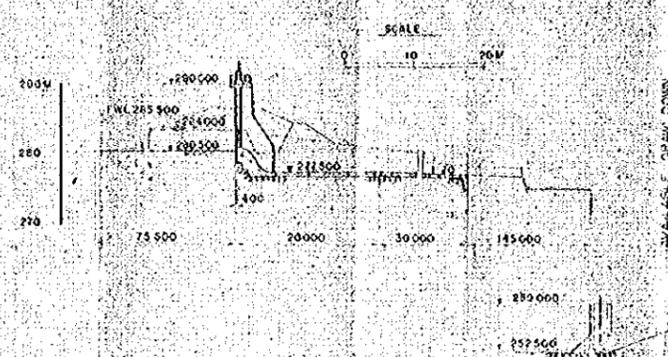
UPSTREAM ELEVATION



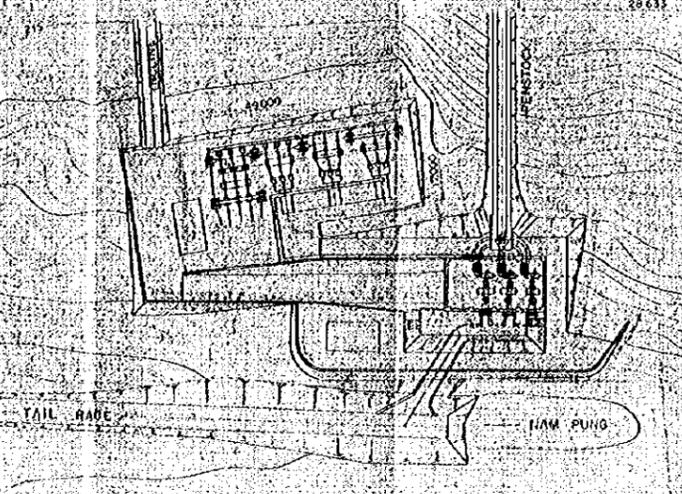
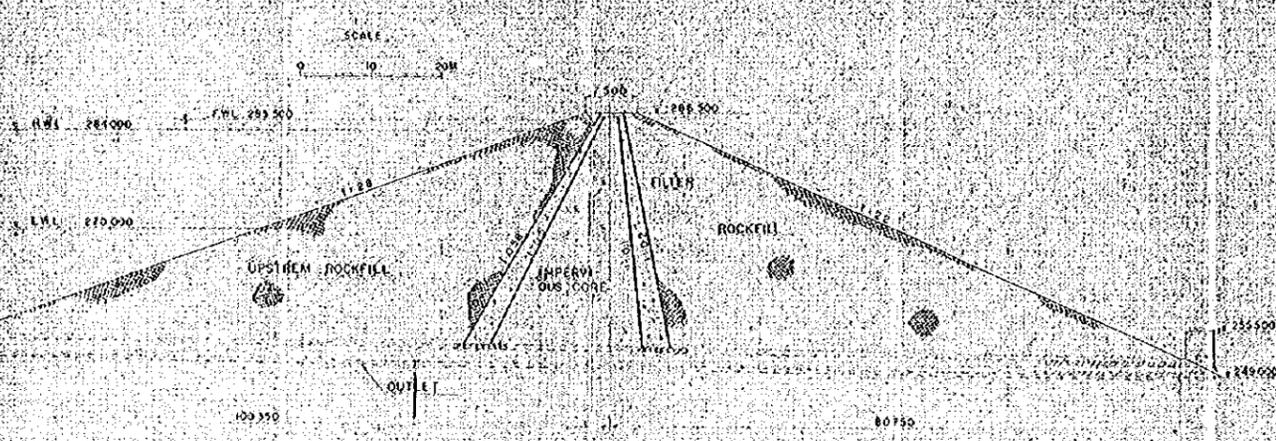
SECTIONAL PROFILE OF POWER PLANT



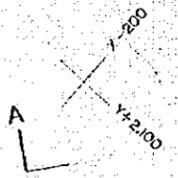
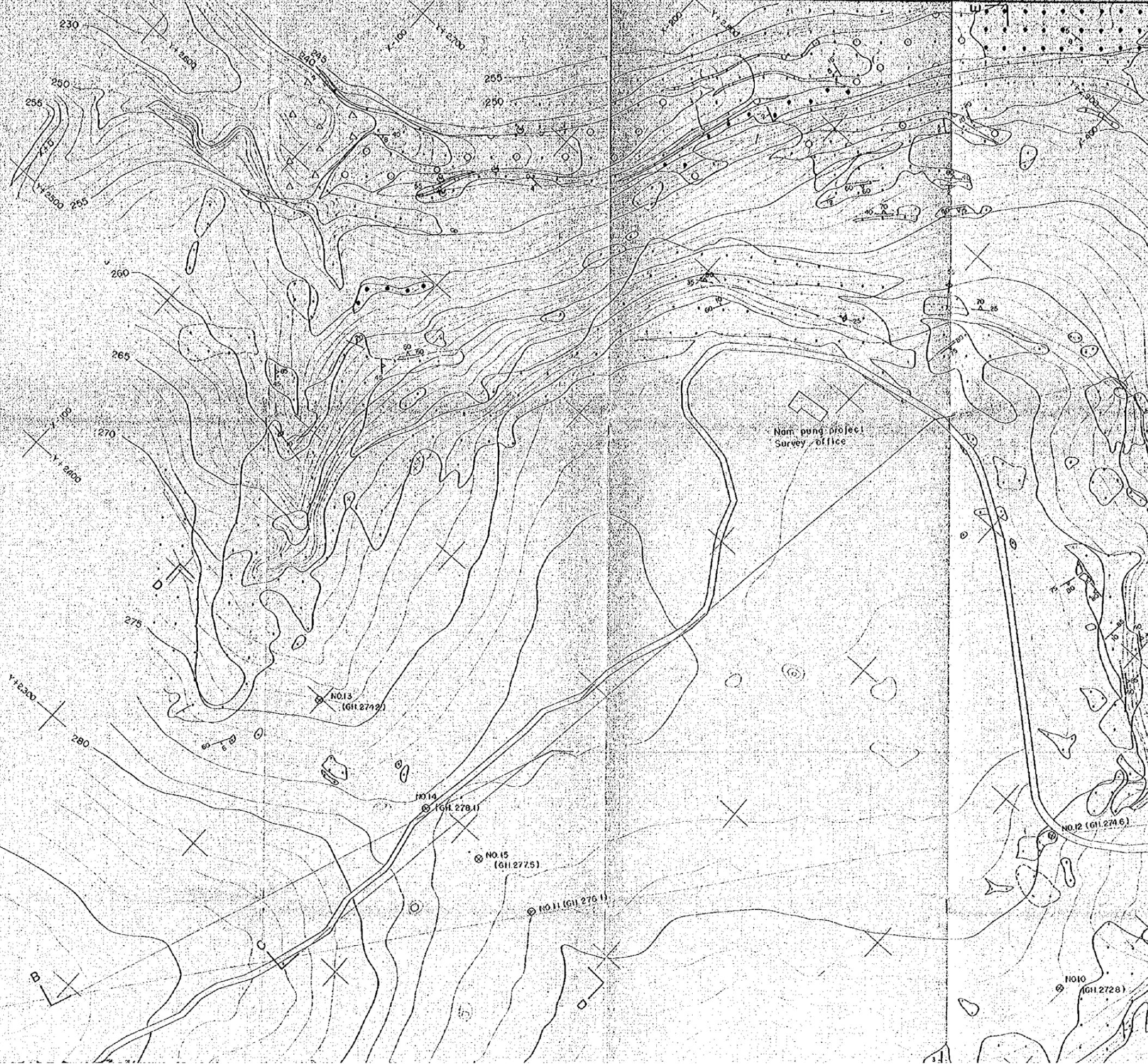
SECTIONAL PROFIL OF SPILLWAY

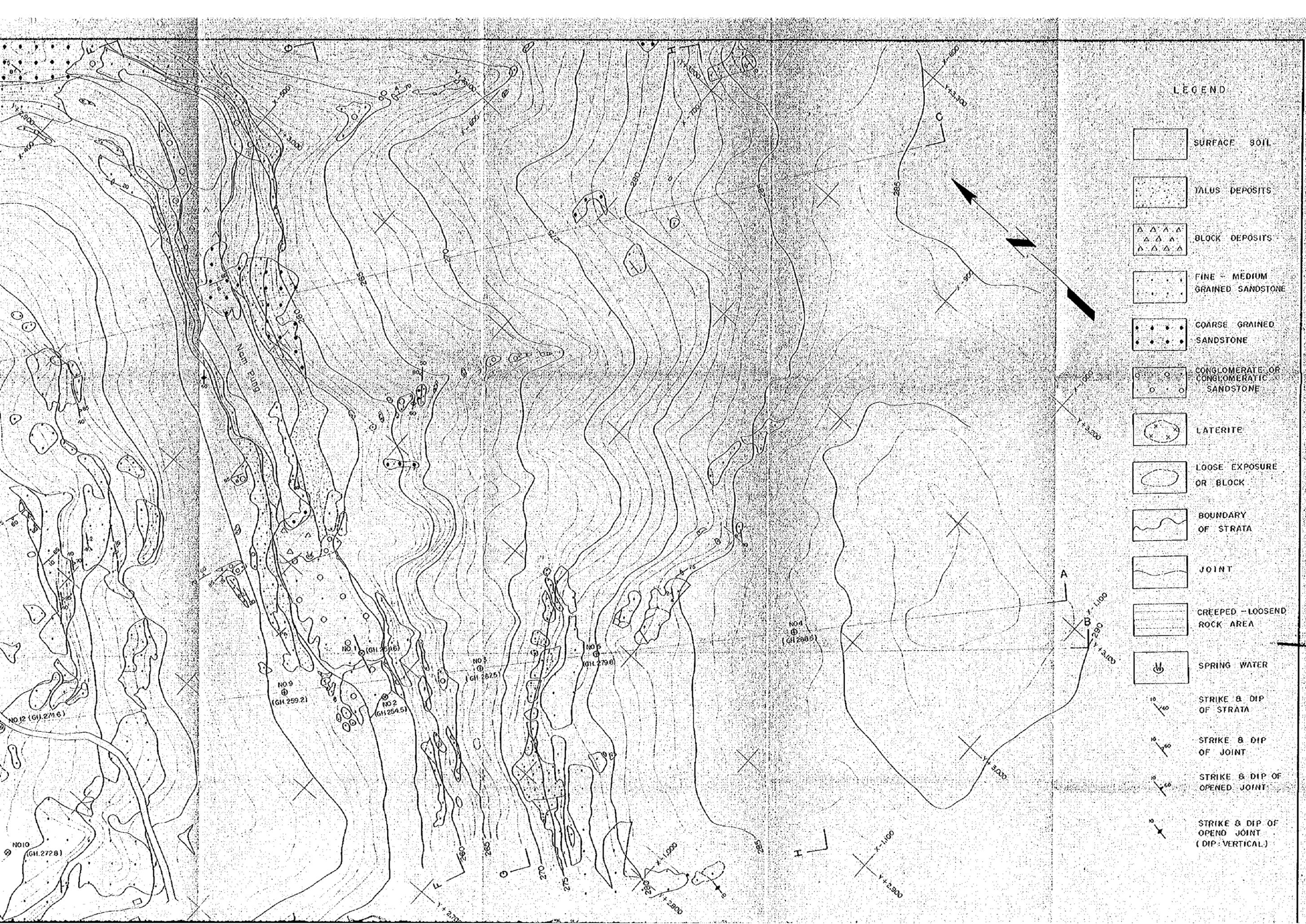


TYPICAL SECTION OF DAM

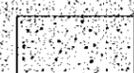
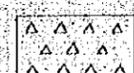
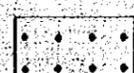
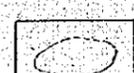
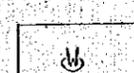
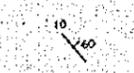
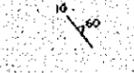
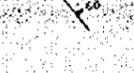


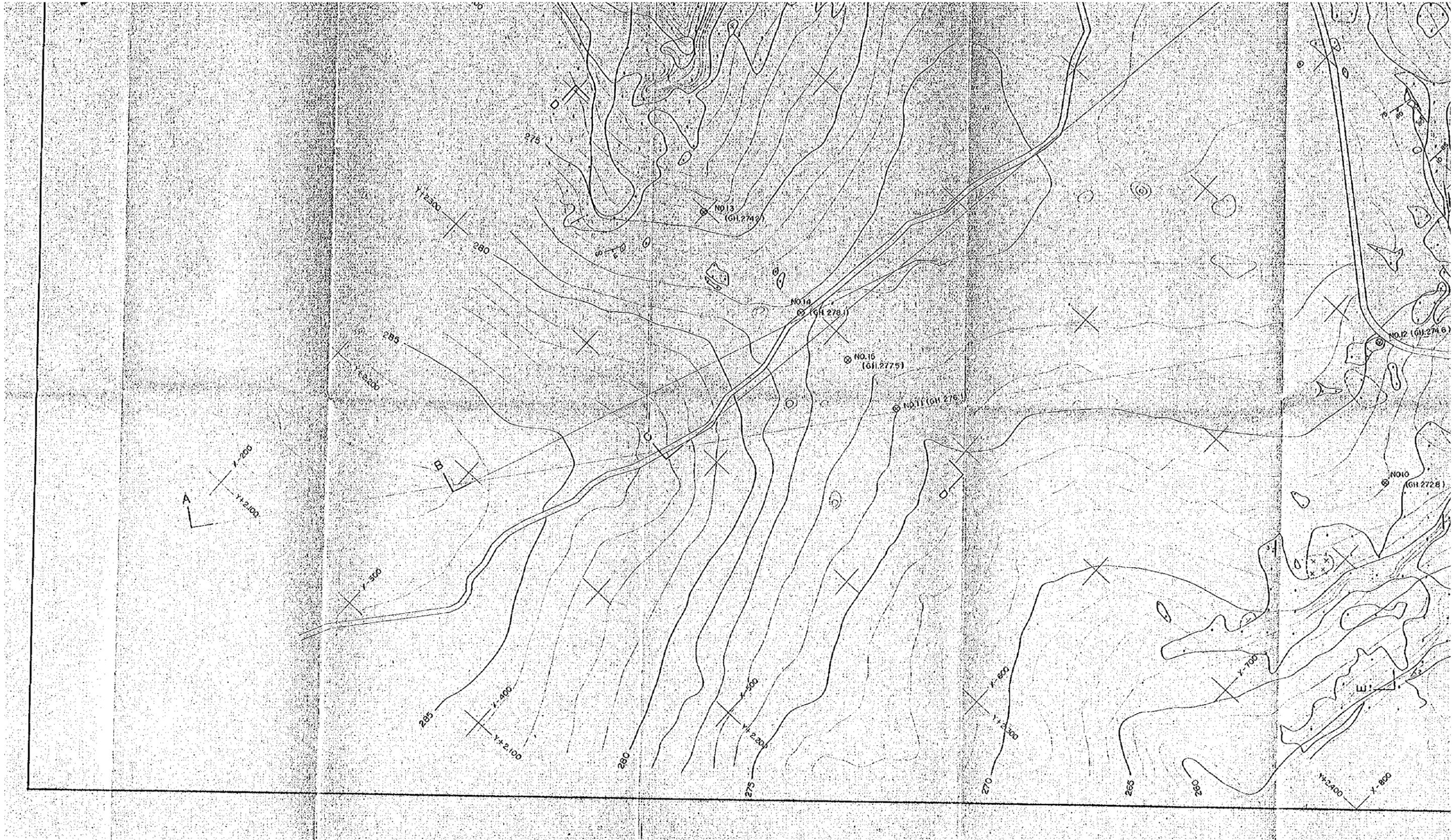


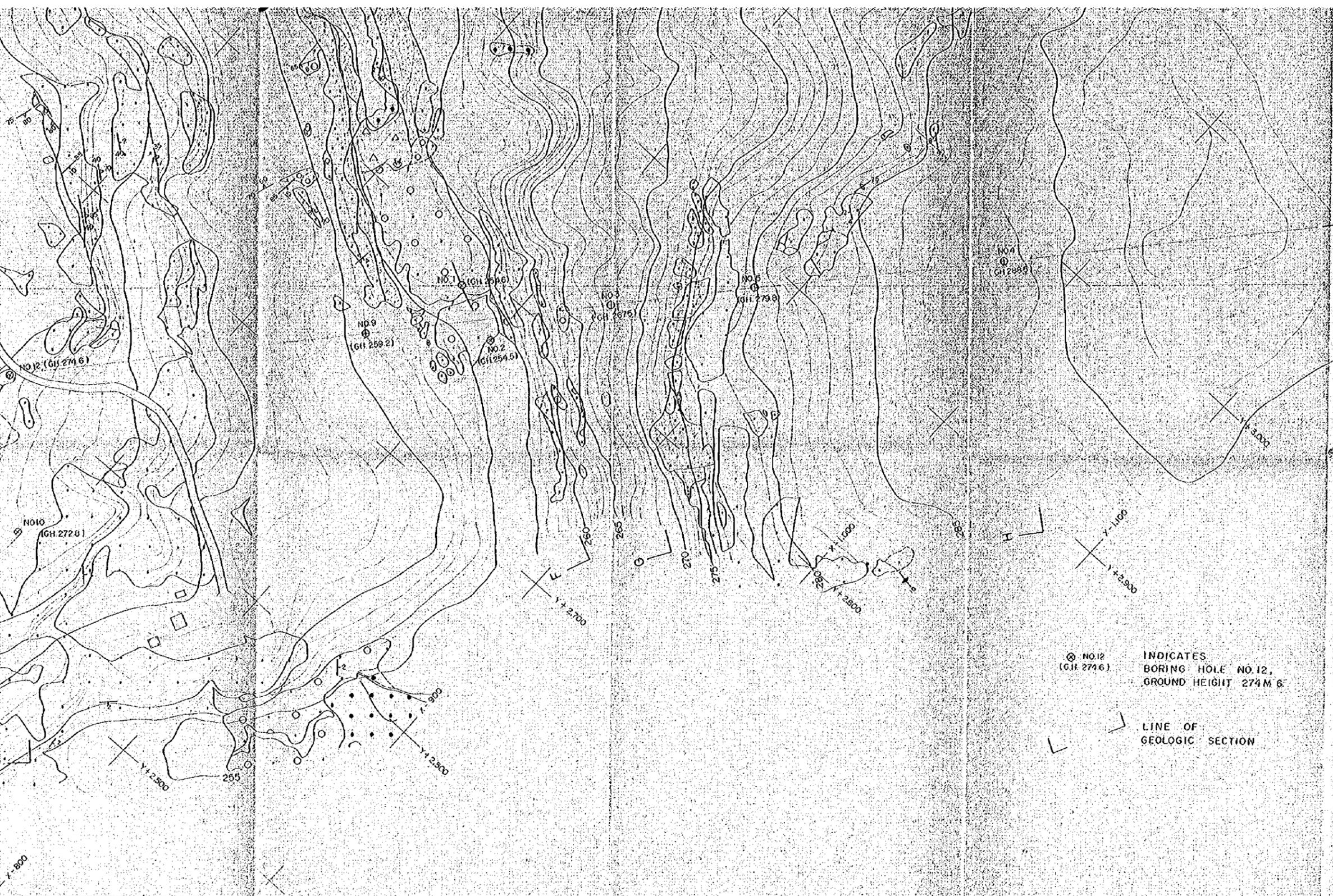




LEGEND

-  SURFACE SOIL
-  TALUS DEPOSITS
-  BLOCK DEPOSITS
-  FINE - MEDIUM GRAINED SANDSTONE
-  COARSE GRAINED SANDSTONE
-  CONGLOMERATE OR CONGLOMERATIC SANDSTONE
-  LATERITE
-  LOOSE EXPOSURE OR BLOCK
-  BOUNDARY OF STRATA
-  JOINT
-  CREEPED - LOOSEND ROCK AREA
-  SPRING WATER
-  STRIKE & DIP OF STRATA
-  STRIKE & DIP OF JOINT
-  STRIKE & DIP OF OPENED JOINT
-  STRIKE & DIP OF OPEN JOINT (DIP - VERTICAL)

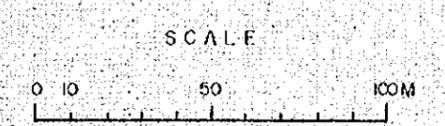




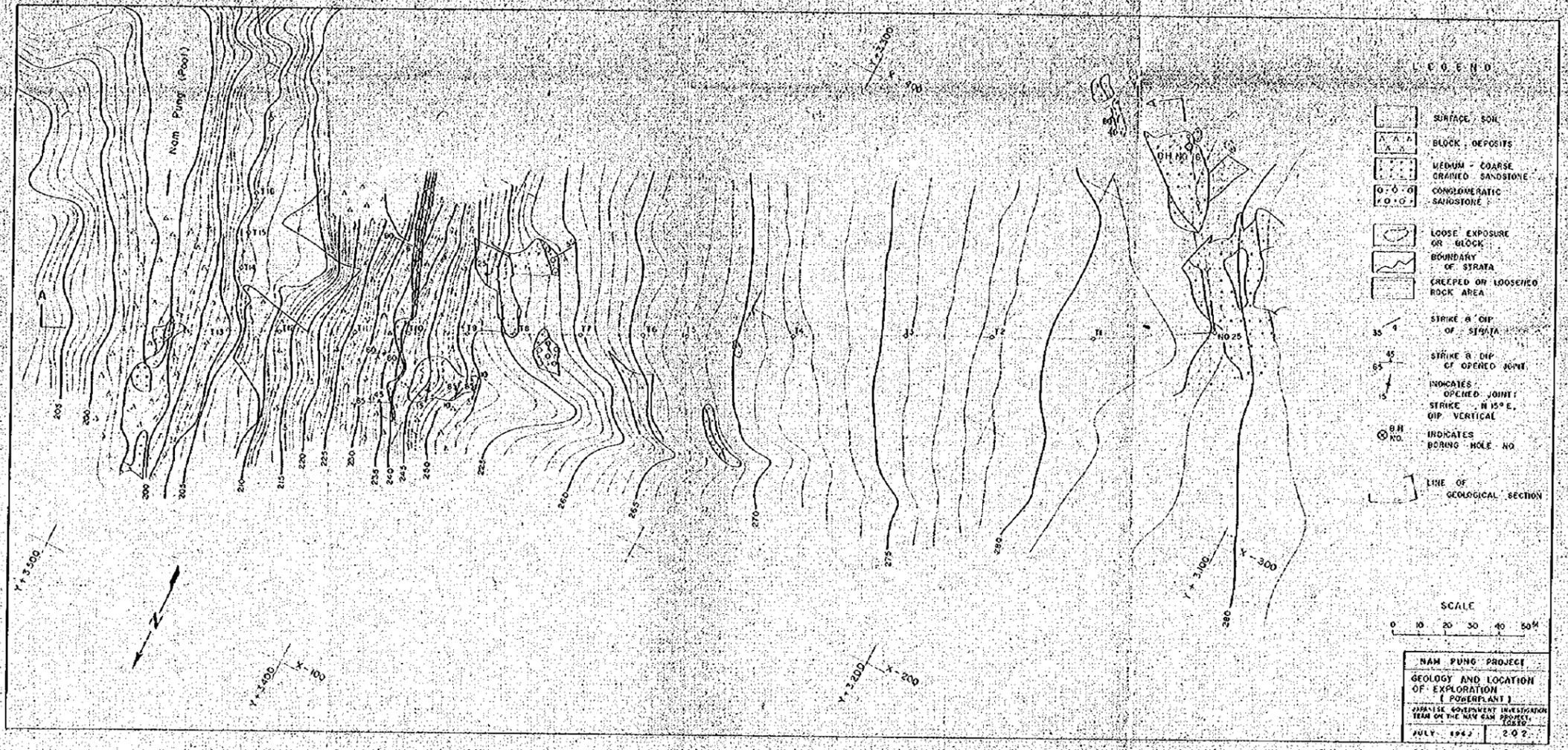
- LATERITE
- LOOSE EXPOSURE OR BLOCK
- BOUNDARY OF STRATA
- JOINT
- CREEPED-LOOSEND ROCK AREA
- SPRING WATER
- STRIKE & DIP OF STRATA
- STRIKE & DIP OF JOINT
- STRIKE & DIP OF OPENED JOINT
- STRIKE & DIP OF OPENED JOINT (DIP VERTICAL)

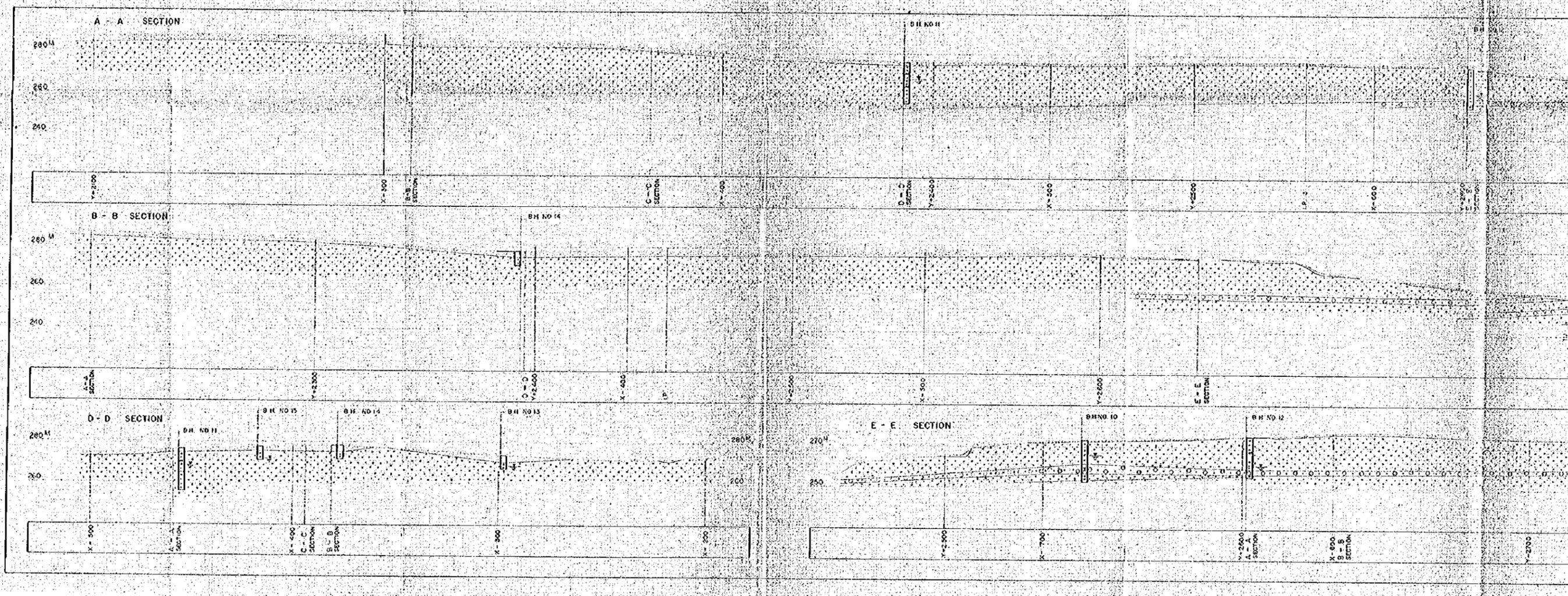
⊗ NO.12 (G.H. 274.6) INDICATES BORING HOLE NO.12, GROUND HEIGHT 274 M 6.

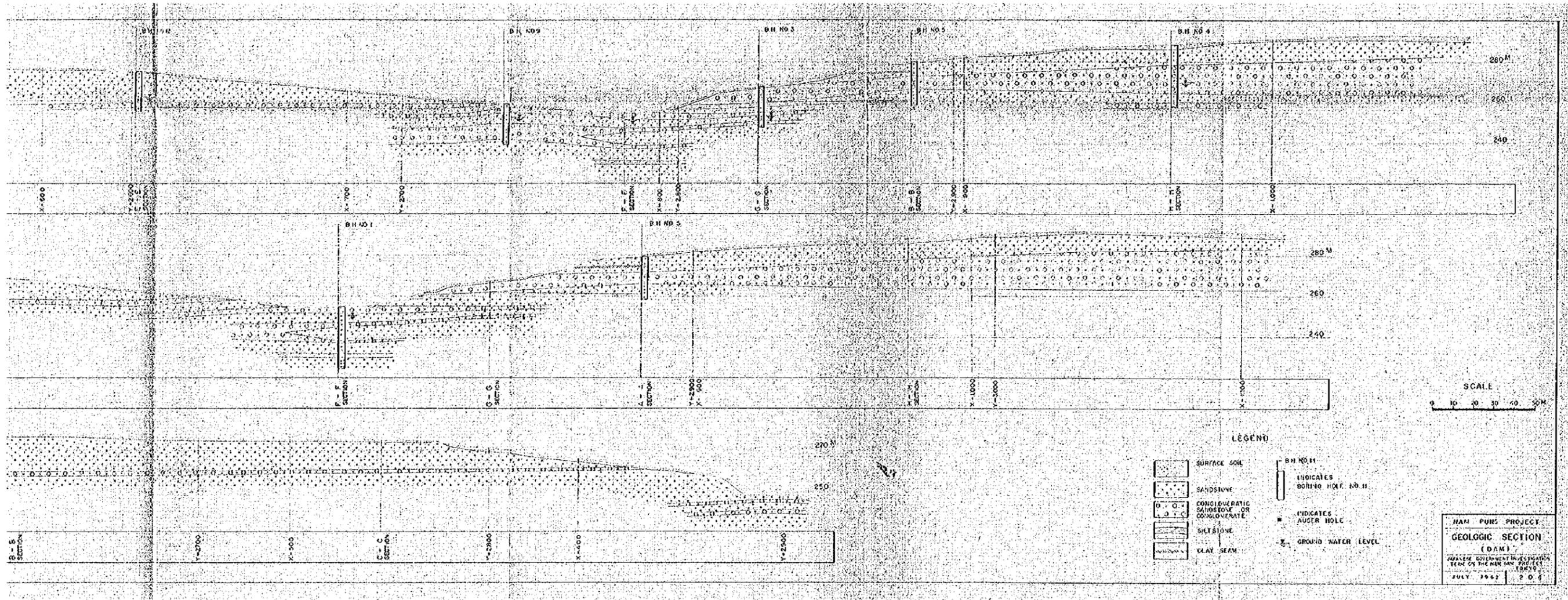
└┘ LINE OF GEOLOGIC SECTION



NAM PUNG PROJECT	
GEOLOGY AND LOCATION OF EXPLORATION (DAM)	
JAPANESE GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATION TEAM ON THE NAM GAM PROJECT TOKYO	
JULY 1962	201





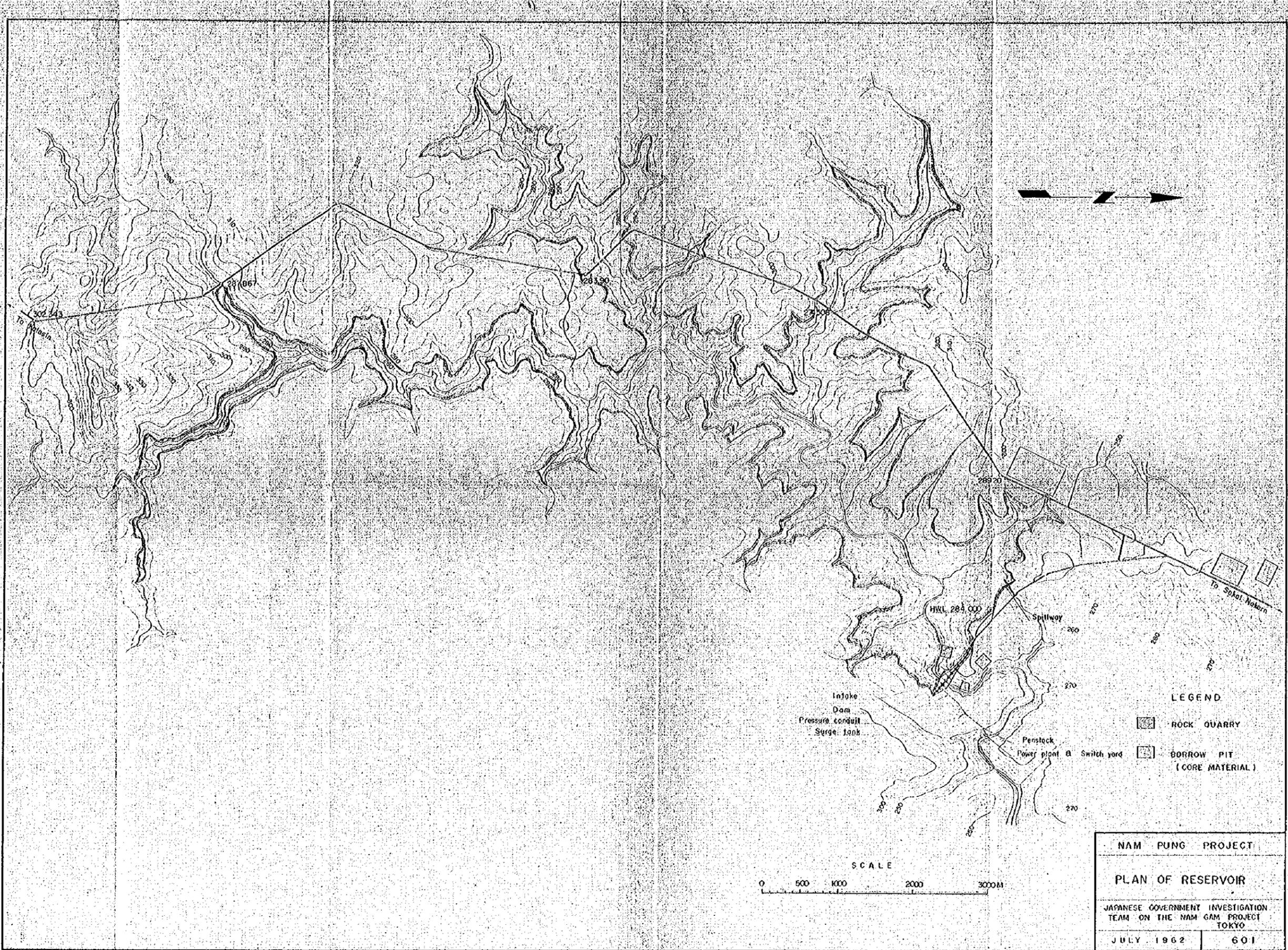


LEGEND

	SURFACE SOIL		BH NO. 11
	SANDSTONE		INDICATES BOREHOLE NO. 12
	CONGLOMERATIC SANDSTONE OR CONGLOMERATE		INDICATES AUGER HOLE
	SILTSTONE		INDICATES GROUND WATER LEVEL
	CLAY SEAM		

SCALE  
0 10 20 30 40 50 M

NAM PUNG PROJECT  
GEOLOGIC SECTION  
(DAM)  
JAPANESE GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATION  
TEAM OF THE NAR SAN DISTRICT  
JULY 1962 204

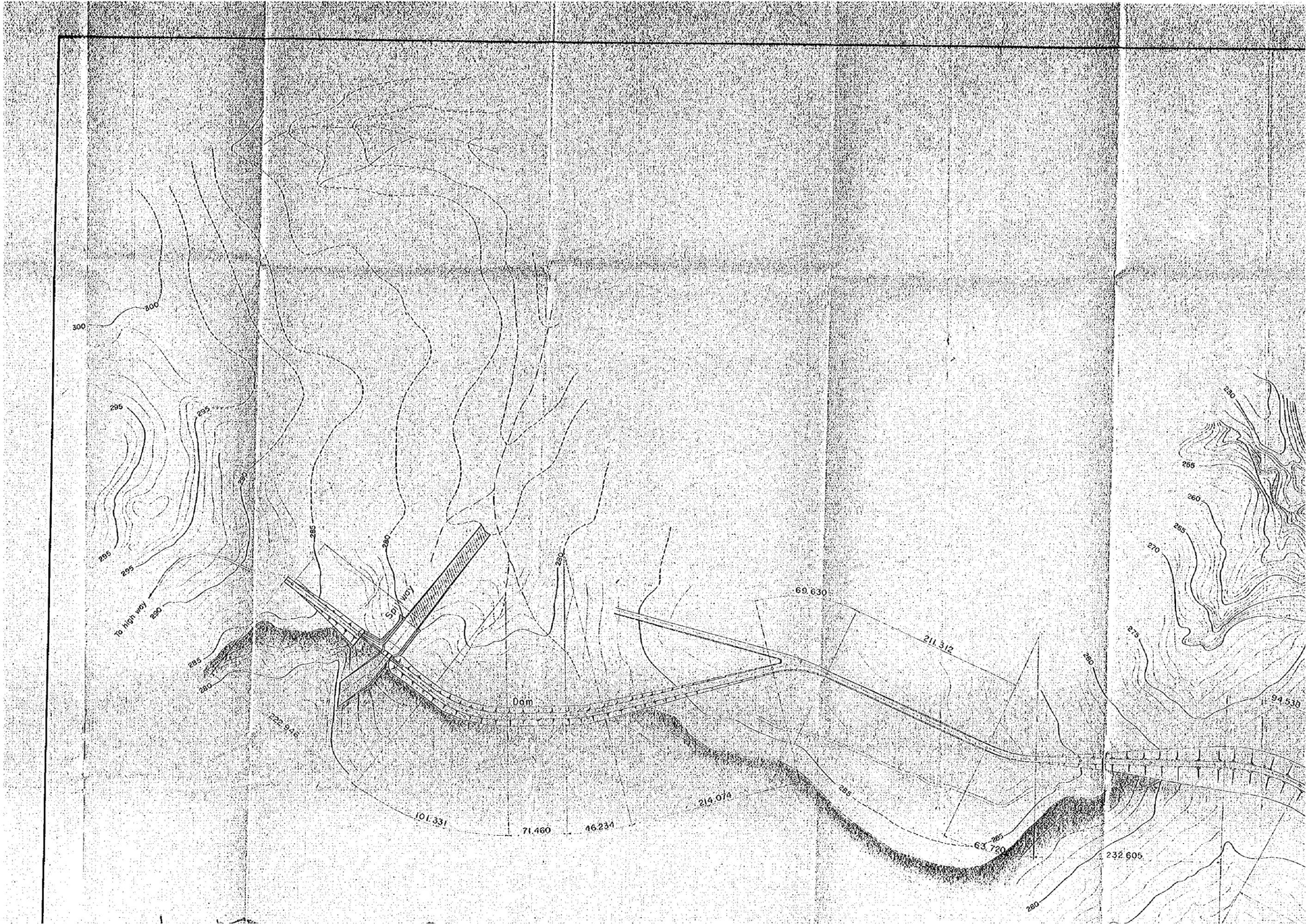


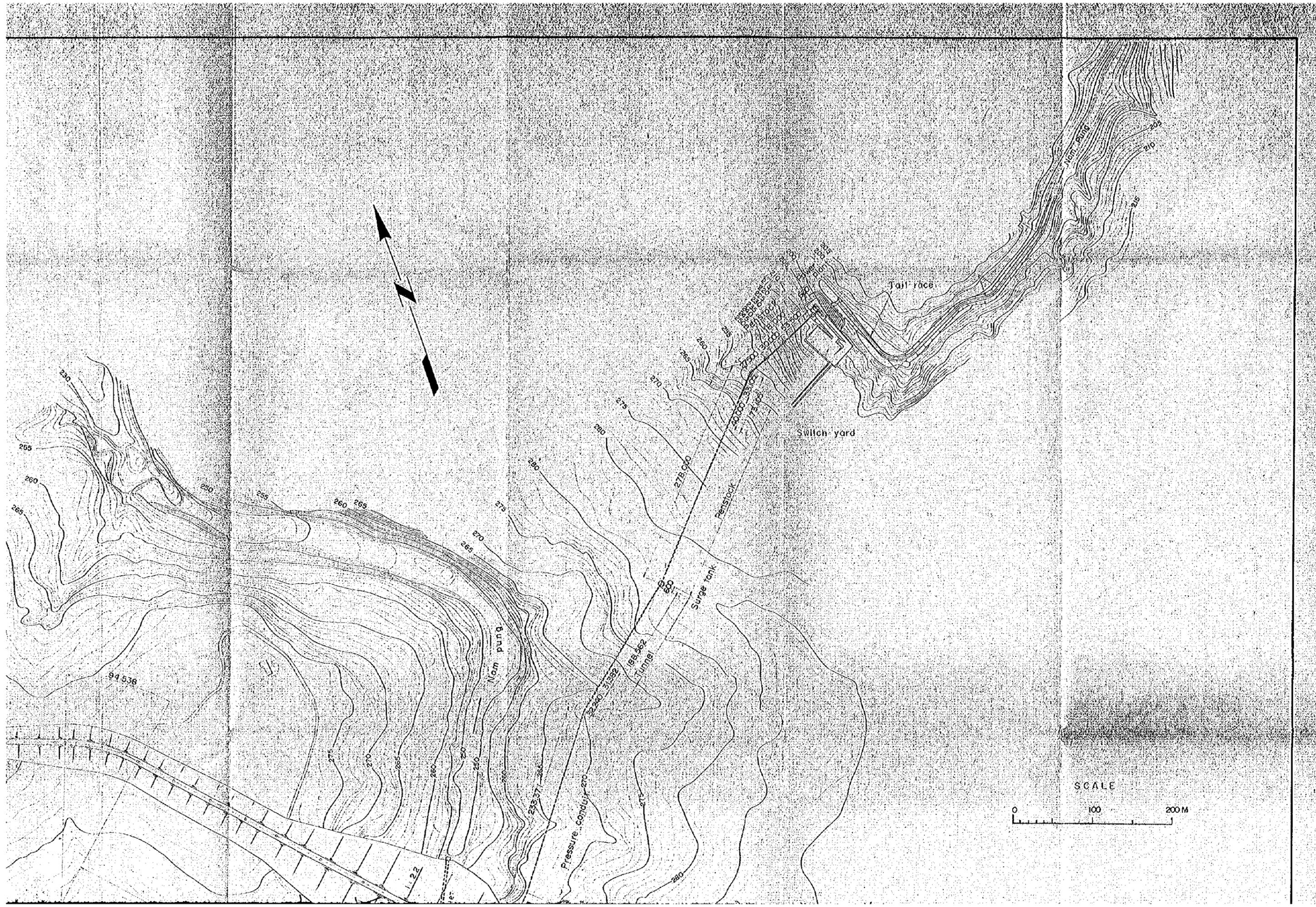
SCALE  
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LEGEND

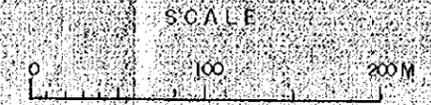
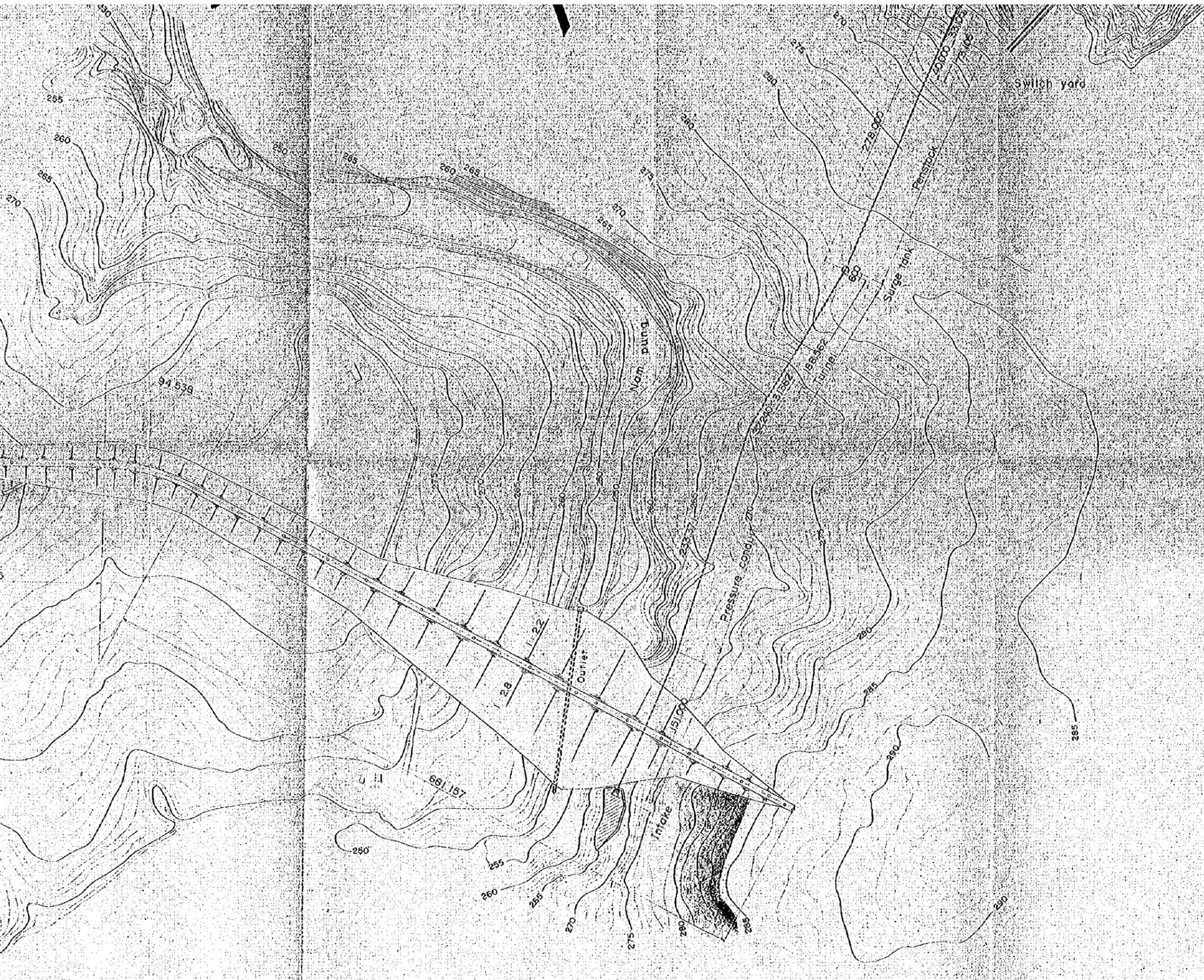
-  ROCK QUARRY
-  BORROW PIT  
(CORE MATERIAL)

NAM PUNG PROJECT	
PLAN OF RESERVOIR	
JAPANESE GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATION TEAM ON THE NAM GAM PROJECT TOKYO	
JULY 1962	601









NAM PUNG PROJECT

GENERAL PLAN

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATION  
TEAM ON THE NAM GAM PROJECT  
TOKYO

JULY 1962

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