FINAL REPORT

ON

TÖPÖGRAPHÍC MAPPING OF LUMBINI ZÖNE IN NERAL

NOVEMBER 1993



JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

- 2	_ 3	<u> </u>		ં	1	_
	`\	• (١.	٠Ì	7	Ţ
ু	Ç)]	3	
1	Ţ,	ì.				
	J.	ij.	Y,	T	3	
\mathbf{r}	3	T	1	2	'n	
Ü	Ų,	()	Т	4	Ü	Į,

FINAL REPORT ON TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF LUMBINI ZONE IN NEPAL

1126715 [0]

PREFACE

In response to a request of His Majesty's Government of the Kingdom of Nepal, the Government of Japan decided to conduct the Topographic Mapping of Lumbini Zone in Nepal and entrusted the study to the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA).

JICA sent to Nepal a study team headed by Mr. Hiroyuki MATSUDA and comprised of members from the International Engineering Consultants Association and Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd., from November, 1990 to December, 1992.

The team conducted a field study including aerial photography in close cooperation with the concerned authorities of Nepal.

After the team returned to Japan, such works as aerial triangulation, stereoplotting, compilation, drafting and printing were carried out and original topographic maps on a scale of 1:25,000 and the present report were prepared.

I hope that this report together, with the above maps, will be used effectively for formulating regional development plans and contribute to the promotion of friendly relations between our two countries.

I wish to express our sincere appreciation to the officials concerned in His Majesty's Government of the Kingdom of Nepal for their close cooperation extended to the team.

November 1, 1993

Kensuke YANAGIYA

President

Japan International Cooperation Agency

Kenenka Ganaging

His Excellency Mr. Kensuke YANAGIYA President Japan International Cooperation Agency Tokyo Japan

Letter of Transmittal

Dear Sir:

In response to your request, we are pleased to formally submit herewith the final report on "Topographic Mapping of Lumbini Zone in Nepal" which has been conducted since F.Y. 1990.

This report generalizes the progress of study and the technical aspect. The study was undertaken by International Engineering Consultants Association in a joint-venture with Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd. from November 1990 to December 1993.

The outcome of study was 81 sheets at a scale of 1:25,000 topographic map for Lumbini zone on the basis of the 1:50,000 aerial photographs.

We are convinced that the report would, together with study results, be fully utilized as the basic materials for rural development in Lumbini Zone and contribute to the future development of Nepal.

We wish to express my sincere appreciation to the officials concerned with the Government of Japan for giving their appropriate direction during the study as well as to the officials concerned with His Majesty's Government of Nepal and the Japanese Embassy in Nepal for their close cooperation during the study.

Very truly yours,

松田牌等

Hiroyuki MATSUDA Team Leader Topographic Mapping of Lumbini Zone in Nepal

ネパール王国

ルンビニ県地形図作成調査対象地域

THE TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF LUMBINI ZONE

IN NEPAL



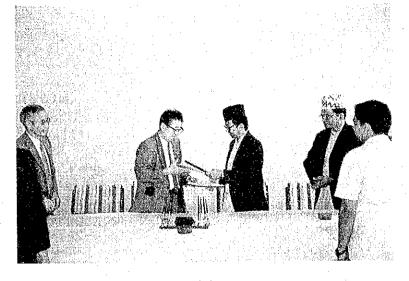
ネパール王国

ルンビニ県地形図作成調査対象地域

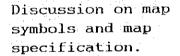
THE TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING OF LUMBINI ZONE

IN NEPAL

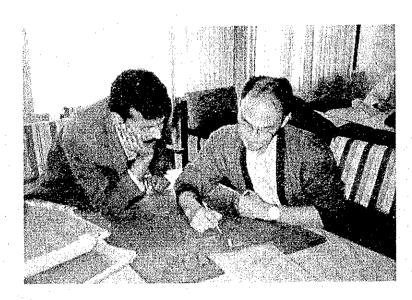




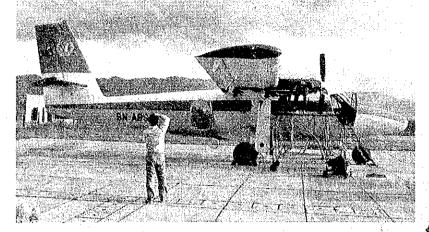
Signing on ninutes of discussion, 1990.



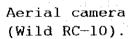




Technical transfer on formulation of annotation documents.

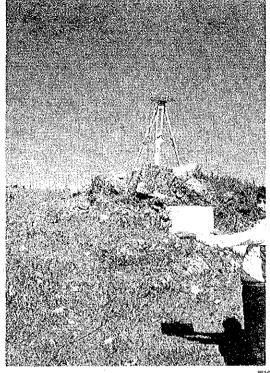


Aircraft (Twin Otter) for aerial photograpy.

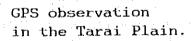




Arrangements for 2-times enlargentnt photos.



GPS observation in the mountainous area.



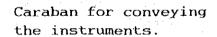




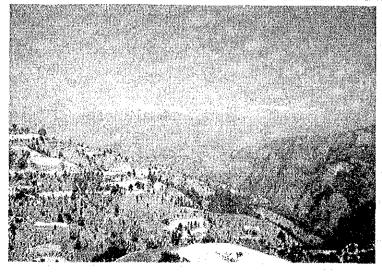
Technical transfer on GPS observation.



Helicopter used for access.



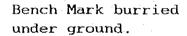


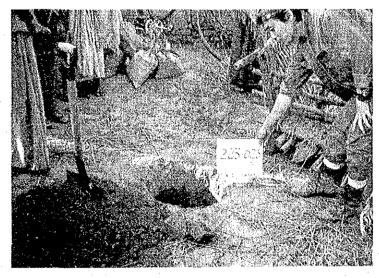


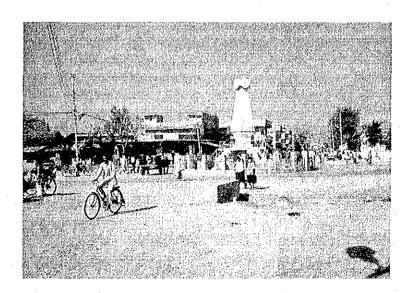
View of dry field and settlement (at Palpa).



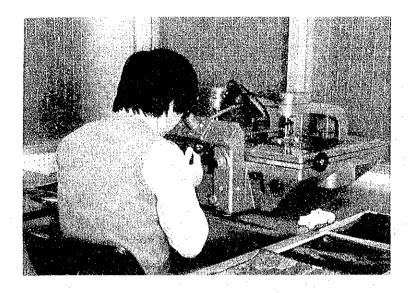
Leveling by both way.





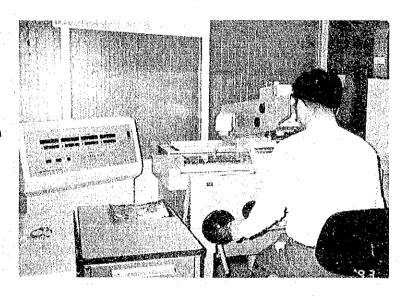


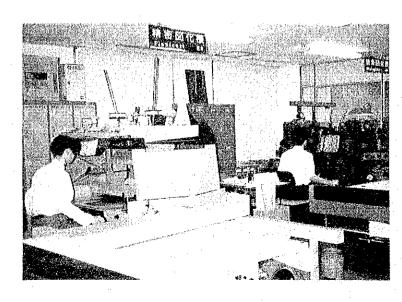
View of Siddhartha Nagar.



Aerial triangulation. Pricking Device (PUG-11).

Aerial triangulation Stereo Comparator (STECOMETER).

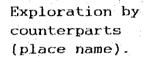


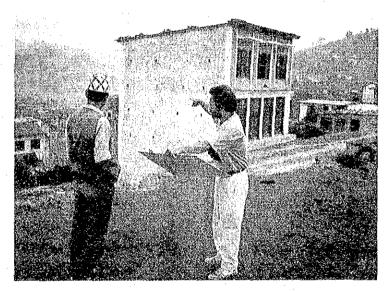


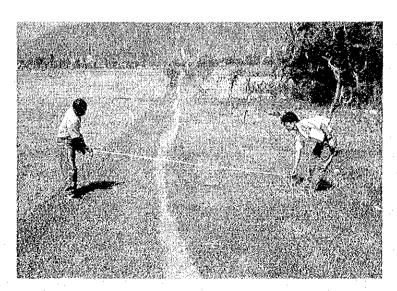
Stereo Plotter (STEREO PLOTTER A-8).



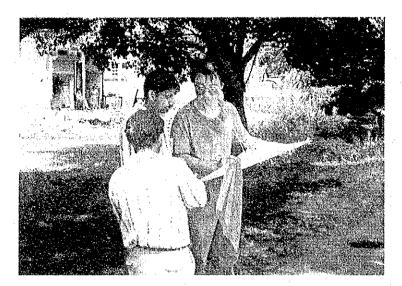
Compilation work.





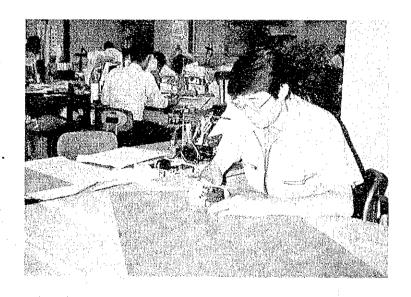


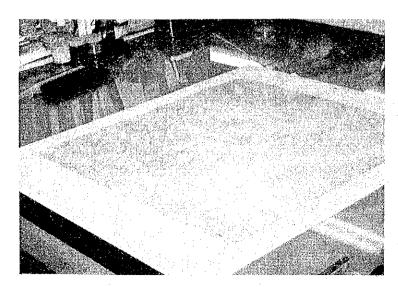
Exploration of road width.



Field identification.

Drafting (Scribing).



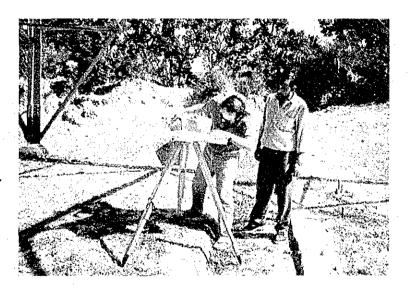


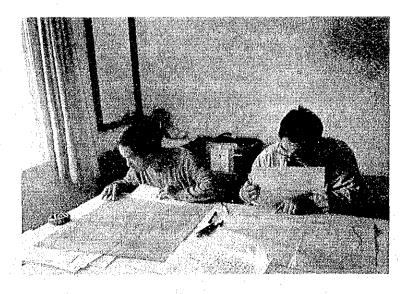
Original manuscript.



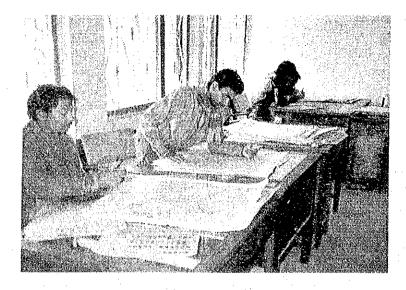
Field supplementary survey.

Technical transfer Field supplementarey survey (Plane table survey).





Arrangement of supplementary survey.



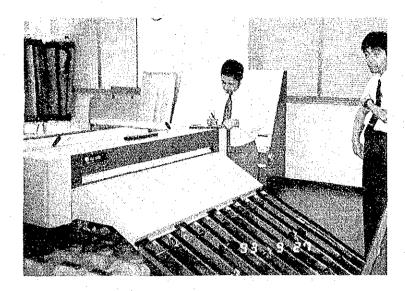
Formulation of annotation documents.

Inspection by Supervisory Committee Members.

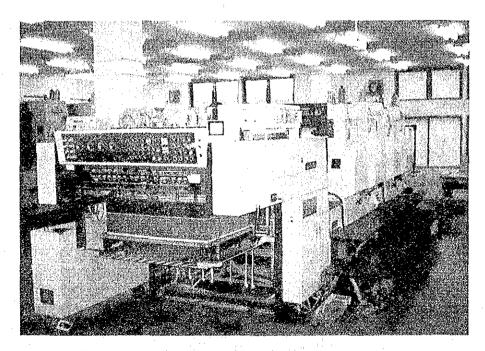




Inspection by Supervisory Committee Members.



Printing (Plate Making).



Printing machine (Bestech 40)

CONTENTS

PREFACE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL LOCATION MAP PHOTOGRAPHS

1.	OUTLI	NE OF STUDY	1
	1-1	Background of the request	1
	1-2	Ovjectives of the Study	1
	1-3	Outline of Study area	1
• :	1-4	Scope of the Study	2
. /	1-5	Outline of survey activities	4
	1-6	Outline of implementation work	6
	1-7	Supervision of field work	7
	1-8	Outline of Each Year Work	7
	1-8-1	First year work (F.Y. 1990)	7
	1-8-2	Second year work (F.Y. 1991)	11
<u></u> '	1-8-3	Third year work (F.Y. 1992)	14
	1-8-4	Fourth year work (F.Y. 1993)	17
2.	TECHN	NICAL REPORT	
41.1	2-1 A	erial Photography	19
	2-1-1	Flight plan	19
14.5	2-1-2	Base for aerial photography	19

2-1-3	Aircraft and camera	19
2-1-4	Photographic work	19
2-1-5	Photo processing	22
2-1-6	Printing and inspection	22
2-1-7	Amount of work	22
2-2 G	round Control Survey	24
2-2-1	Plan and implementation	24
2-2-2	GPS observation	24
2-2-3	Main equipment	24
2-2-4	Inspection of GPS observation results	24
2-2-5	Precise computation	29
2-2-6	Adjustment of 2nd order triangulation points	29
2-3 L	eveling	35
2-3-1	Ordinary leveling	35
2-3-2	Indirect leveling	35
2-3-3	Main equipment	3 5
2-4 P	ricking	35
2-4-1	Pricking of ground control points	35
2-4-2	Pricking of bench marks and spot heights	38
2-5 O	bservation and its Results	38
2-6 F	ield Identification	38
2-6-1	Outline	38
2-6-2	Preparation of field work	39
2-6-3	Identification of places and political boundaries	39
2-6-4	Arrangement of results of field identification	39
2-6-5	Accuracy control	40
2-7 A	erial Triangulation	40
2-7-1	Outline	40
2-7-2	Main instrument and camera	40

2-7-3	Technical details of aerial triangulation	42
2-7-4	Accuracy control	•
2-8 Ple		
2-8-1	Outline	44
2-8-2	Stereoplotter and paper	44
2-8-3	Neat lines of topographic maps	44
2-8-4	Plotting	44
2-8-5	Work volume	44
2-8-6	Orientation	45
2-8-7	Accuracy	45
2-8-8	Detail plotting	45
2-8-9	Accuracy control	46
2-9 Co	mpilation	46
2-9-1	Outline	46
2-9-2	Base sheet	46
2-9-3	Plotting	46
2-9-4	Map symbols and map specification	46
2-9-5	Work volume	46
2-9-6	Compilation	46
2-9-7	Matching	47
2-9-8	Extension	47
2-9-9	Accuracy control	49
2-10 Fi	eld Completion	49
3-10-1	Outline	49
2-10-2	Preparatory work in Japan	49
2-10-3	Field completion	50
2-10-4	Details of field completion	50

	2-11-1 Outline	51 51
		51
	2-11-3 Scribing	
	_	51
:	2-11-4 Surprints	52
	2-12 Printing	52
** •	2-12-1 Outline	52
14	2-12-2 Instrument and materials for plate making	52
	2-12-3 Plate making	52
+1	2-12-4 Proof printing	53
	2-12-5 Color tone of printing	53
	2-12-6 Printing	53
3.	REVIEW	:
	3-1 Aerial Photography	54
<i>i</i> .	3-2 Ground Control Point Survey	54
	3-3 Field Identification	55
	3-4 Aerial Triangulation	55
	3-5 Plotting and Compilation	55
	3-6 Field Completion	55
	3-7 Drafting	56
	3-8 Plate making and Printing	56

1. OUTLINE OF STUDY

1-1 Background of the request

Lumbini Zone, located near the center of Nepal, is an important agricultural area occupied by 9.6% (approximately, 6 millions) of whole population of Nepal.

His Majesty's Government of Nepal has been promoting the following regional development plans to enhance the economic development of Lumbini Zone.

- (1) Irrigation Project
- (2) Groundwater Development Project
- (3) Overall Regional Development Plan (Traffic, Communication, Watersupply, Education, etc.)
- (4) Bridge Construction Project
- (5) Regional Development Plan of City Zones

With these purposes, His Majesty's Government of Nepal requested a technical cooperation programme on the Topographic Mapping of Lumbini Zone to the Government of Japan.

1-2 Objectives of the Study

Objectives of the Study are as follows.

- (1) To prepare 1/25.000 topographic maps covering the Lumbini Zone.
- (2) To transfer technology to the counterparts of Survey Department through the implementation of the works,

1-3 Outline of the Study Area

Lumbini Zone located near the center of the land of Nepal constitutes a part of the Indian Tarai Plain (altitude approx. 150 m) and the Himalaya Mountains (altitude approx. 1.000~3,000 m). It belongs to subtropical zone with only two seasons, the rainy and dry seasons.

Its industry is mainly agriculture in both Plain and Mountains. In the Plain, where Bhairahawa and Butwal cities are located, the commerce and the food industry are also developed.

The lowland is almost covered with paddy fields, and the mountainous zone is also covered with step-liked dry fields near to the summits without a part of them.

1-4 Scope of the Study

This Study shall cover all of the technical fields of survey and mapping including Aerial photography, Ground control point survey, Pricking, Field idetification and Completion, Aerial triangulation, Stereo plotting and Compilation, Drafting, and Map-production.

The main technical specifications to achieve the above mentioned technical objectives are as followed.

anadolinas vaiste (kila) et 1895 gali a periodici nel medice allega esculto distillado esculto de la compaña d Al filo distribuida de la catalogo calego distribuida por la proposició de la compaña de la catalogo de la cat Al filosoficio de la catalogo calego distribuida por la catalogo de la catalogo de la catalogo de la catalogo

MAIN TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ITEMS	CONTE	7T	APPLICATIONS
FINAL RESULTS	AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH :	WIDE ANGLE(15cm) SCALE 1:50,000 APPROX. 9,000km ² OVERLAP 60 % SIDELAP 30 % CRAB 10° TIP AND TILT 3°	S/W, INDICATION NOTES, TECHNICAL MANUAL OF OVERSEAS SURVEYING
	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	SCALE 1:25,000 81 SHEETS APPROX. 9,000km ² 1,000s/each)	S/W, INDICATION NOTES
MAP SYMBOLS	1/25,000 MAP SYMBOLS AND I'BY SD. (Detailed application was discuss		DITTO
	REFERENCE ELLIPOIDE :	EVEREST 1830	TECHNICAL MANUAL OF OVERSEAS SURVEYING
SPECIFICATIONS	PROJECTION : (3° zone, Central meridian 84° E I	MODIFIED UTM ongitude)	S/W, INDICATION NOTES
	FORMAT:	12.5km x 12.5km (on the ground)	DITTO
	CONTOUR INTERVAL	MAIN 10m SUPPLEMENTARY5m	S/W, TECHNICAL MANUAL OF OVERSEAS SURVEYING
ACCURACY	MAPACCURACY:	A CLASS (Holizontal: 0.5mm) (Spot height: $\triangle h/3$) (Counterline: $\triangle h/2$)	S/W, TECHNICAL MANUAL OF OVERSEAS SURVEYING
APPLICATION RULE	TECHNICAL MANUAL OF OVE BY JICA	RSEAS SURVEYING	INDICATION NOTES BY JICA

1-5 Outline of survey activities

Outline of the survey and related activities for topographic mapping of Lumbini Zone were as follows:

Period	Item	Description
Apr. 10, '89	Request	Request for technical cooperation to Japanese Government
Feb. 1 ~ Mar. 5, '90 Feb. 28, '90	Preliminary survey Scope of Work	Discussion on the topographic mapping with SD Agreement on Scope of Work
Jul. 4 ~ Jul. 18, '90	JICA training	Mr. Buddhi N. Shrestha
Oct. 24 ~ Dec. 25, '90	1st year work	Discussion on plan of operation, aerial photography
Jul. 15 ~ Mar. 24, '91	1 1/1	Ground control point survey, leveling
Mar. 26 ~ May 3, '91	JICA training	Mr. Punya P. Oli
Jul. 12.~ Mar. 26, '92	2nd year work	Aerial triangulation, stereo plotting, compilation
Sep. 11 ~ Nov. 28, '91	"	Field identification
Jan. $12 \sim Mar. 11, '92$	JICA training	Mr. Toya N. Baral
	3rd year work	Stereo plotting, compilation, drafting
Oct. 9 ~ Dec. 9, '92	The section of	Field completion
Jan. 18 ~ Mar. 3, '93	JICA training	Mr. Krishna R. Adhikary, Mr. G. K. Karna
May 17 ~ Nov. 1, '93	4th year work	Drafting, printing
Sep. 6 ~ Oct. 19, '93	JICA training	S. P. Mahara

Work Schedule

	1990(PHASE 1)	1991 (PHASE 2)	1992 (PHASE 3) 1993 (PHASE	-
ITEMS	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2	23 4 56 7 8 9 10 1 1 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	11 12 1 2 3
AELIAL PHOTOGRAPHY				
GROUND CONTROL SURVEY				1.
LEVELLING PRICKING				
AERIAL TRIANGULATION				
FIELD IDENTIFICATION				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PLOTTING				
COMPILATION				
FIELD COMPLETION				
DRAFIING				
MAP PRODUCTION				
INSPECTION				
ANNUAL REPORT				
DELLUERY OF GOODS			4	٥
LEGEND: DP	PREPARATION FIELD	SURVEY WORK	WORK IN JAPAN A DELIVERY	

1-6 Outline of implementation work

The work implemented during the topographic mapping was outlined as follows:

	Amount	of Work	
Items	Original Plan	Result	Remarks
Aerial photography	$9,000 \text{ km}^2$	9,000 km ²	1:50,000 16 lines
Ground control point survey GPS observation	17 point	20 point	
Pricking	35 point	36 point	
Leveling	:		
Leveling	200 km	200 km	
Pricking	760 km	760 km	
Aerial triangulation	448 models	501 models	
Field identification	9,000 km ²	$9,000 \text{ km}^2$	
Plotting	$9,000 \text{ km}^2$	$9,000 \text{ km}^2$	81 sheets
Compilation	9,000 km ²	$9,000 \text{ km}^2$	/
Field completion	9,000 km ²	$9,000 \text{ km}^2$	/
Drafting	9,000 km ²	$9,000 \text{ km}^2$	"
Printing	81 sheets	81 sheets	5-color, 1,000 each

1-7 Supervision of Field Work

During the field work, JICA sent the following advisors to Nepal to coordinate technical meeting with SD and for supervision of the field study:

(First year)

Mr. Mitsuo IWASE

Staff, National Large Scale Mapping Division, Topographic Department,

Geographical Survey Institute, Ministry of

Construction

Mr. Kazuhide NAGASAWA

Staff, 1st Development Study Division, Social Development Study Department,

ЛСА

(Second year)

Mr. Mitsuo IWASE

Head, Survey Guidance Division, Planning

Department (Geographical Survey Institute)

Mr. Masayuki FUKUMURA

Staff, Hachioji International Training

Center (JICA)

(Third year)

Mr. Mitsuo IWASE

Same as above

Mr. Hiroshi TSUJINO

Staff, 1st Development Study Division,

(JICÁ)

1-8 Outline of Each Year Work

1-8-1 First year work (F.Y. 1990)

(1) Description of work

1) Outline

In the first year, the aerial photography, ground control point survey, leveling, pricking works necessary for the formulation of the 1:25,000 scale topographic map were carried out.

2) Aerial photography

Aerial photographs were taken at a scale of approximately 1/50,000 using a Twin Otter aircraft chartered from UNDP and a wide angled camera (15 cm focal length, 23 cm × 23 cm photo size).

3) Ground control survey

The existing 17 triangulation stations and leveling routes (700 km) were utilized as ground control points. Besides, GPS triangulation (16 points) and levelling (200 km) were newly carried out.

Computation and adjustment of existing trigrometrial points were carried out.

4) Pricking

The existing 17 triangulation stations and the newly surveyed 17 GPS triangulation stations were pricked. All of the bench marks in the existing levelling route were pricked, and the spot heights in the new levelling route were pricked at every 2 km.

(2) Amount of survey work

Items		Original Plan	Results
Aerial Photography	Coverage	9,000 km ²	9,000 km ²
· .	Scale	1:50,000	1:50,000
	Courses	16 courses	16 courses
	Sheets	468 sheets	536 sheets
Ground control point survey		17 points	20 points
Leveling		200 km	200 km
Pricking	Control points	35 points	36 points
	Levelling	760 km	760 km

(3) Technical meeting with SD

Technical meetings on the following were conducted with SD during the field survey work.

- 1) Data on road class and name.
- 2) Data on transmission, telephone and telegraph lines.
- 3) Data on under ground canal.
- 4) Geographical names.
- 5) River names.
- 6) Sample of marginal information and legend.
- 7) Sheet titles (map name) and sheet codes / number.
- 8) Meanings of colors applied for printing.

(4) Period of survey work in Nepal

Field work

(Headquarters)	24 October, 90 ~ 25 December 90 15 January, 91 ~ 24 March, 91
(Aerial Photography)	24 October, 90 ~ 25 December 90
(Photo Processing)	24 October, 90 ~ 25 December 90
Ground control survey (including Pricking)	15 January, 91 ~ 24 March, 91

Leveling (including Pricking) 15 January 91 ~ 15 March, 91

(5) Formation of study team in Nepal

Name	Assignment	Duration
Mr. Hiroyuki MATSUDA	Leader	24 Oct. ~ 3 Nov., 90 10 Mar. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Takehiko HIRANO	Deputy Leader	24 Oct. ~ 25 Dec., 90 15 Jan. ~ 20 Mar., 91
Mr. Mamoru MURATA	Mapping Planner	24 Oct. ~ 25 Dec., 90 15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Tomoharu YOKOTA	Chief Surveyor	15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Kazuhiro ISHIZUKA	Chief Surveyor	15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Tadaji KURATA	Mechanical Engineer	8 Nov. ~ 25 Dec., 90 15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Hayato TASHIRO	Cameraman	24 Oct. ~ 25 Dec., 90
Mr. Torahiko SUZUKI	Navigator	24 Oct. ~ 25 Dec., 90
Mr. Seisho TSUNODA	Photographer	24 Oct. ~ 25 Dec., 90
Mr. Masashi SUZUKI	Ground Control Survey and Pricking	15 Jan. ~ 24 Feb., 91
Mr. Yukio KOIKE	33	15 Jan. ~ 24 Feb., 91
Mr. Hironao TSUSHIMA	,,	15 Jan. ~ 24 Feb., 91
Mr. Shizuya TAKAYANAGI	"	15 Jan. ~ 24 Feb., 91
Mr. Masato KIKUCHI)	15 Jan. ~ 24 Feb., 91
Mr. Issei NAGUSA	,,	15 Jan. ~ 24 Feb., 91
Mr. Takashi TAKEMOTO	22 22 22 23 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15 Jan. ~ 24 Feb., 91
Mr. Masashi SUZUKI	,,	15 Jan. ~ 24 Feb., 91
Mr. Katuyuki KONDO	Ground Control Survey Leveling and Pricking	15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Hideki HIGASHI	,,	15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Tsuyoshi SEINO	"	15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Toshiaki KANEDA	***	15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Hiroshi ITO	"	15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91
Mr. Kazunori OBA	"	15 Jan. ~ 24 Mar., 91

(6) Cooperation of counterparts of SD

Headquarters

Mr. Punya P. Oli

Aerial Photography

Mr. Toya N. Baral

Mr. Balam K. Basnyat

Mr. Mahesh Rayamajhi

Ground Control Survey (including GPS analysis)

Mr. Gajendra K. Karna

Mr. Ramkanta Acharya Mr. Chan Syam Sukla

Mr. Samod L. Karna

Leveling and Pricking

Mr. Ram B. Manohar

Mr. Dhruba MS. Thapa

Mr. Segar Rokka

1-8-2 Second year work (F.Y. 1991)

(1) Description of work

1) Outline

Following the first year works, aerial triangulation, field identification and some plotting and compilation were carried out in the second year's work.

2) Field identification

The topographic features, land use, vegetation and other information necessary for terrain representation were identified in the field using the aerial photographs. Administrative boundaries and geographical names were also collected.

3) Aerial triangulation

Aerial triangulation was carried out using the analytical block adjustment method. 501 stereo-models were applied for aerial triangulation.

4) Plotting

Plotting was carried out at a scale of 1/25,000 with stereo plotters. As for Projection, UTM (3° zone) was applied. In the case of absolute orientation, height control points within the model scale were used as check points.